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Mail

ALLEN'S INDIAN MAIL

AND OFFICIAL GAZETTE

FROM

BRITISH & FOREIGN INDIA, CHINA, & ALL PARTS OF THE EAST.

(WITH THIS PAPER "THE INDIAN NEWS" IS NOW INCORPORATED.)

VOL. XXIII.—No. 678.] LONDON, THURSDAY, JULY 6, 1865.

[PRICE 6d.]

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DATES OF ADVICES.

Bengal.....	June 2	Burmah (Rangoon) May 24
Madras	" 1	Bombay
Agra	" 2	Ceylon
		China (Hong Kong) May 13.

SUMMARY AND REVIEW.

THE Calcutta and Bombay mails arrived nearly together, and we publish an addition to our usual number of pages in consequence. The dates of the Calcutta mail are Calcutta, June 2nd, and Ceylon, June 6th; those of the Bombay mail are Bombay, June 8th, and Madras, May 29th.

The news from Calcutta is of no great importance. Owing to the complete stagnation of business, little or no demand was still the character of the money market. Uncertainty regarding the extent of the crisis, still slowly developing itself in Bombay, and the absence of any home demand for local produce, were said to be the principal causes.

The reported official changes in high places had received apparent confirmation. Sir Bartle Frere's resignation was announced by telegraph from Simla; whereupon the *Friend of India* passed a high eulogium upon his character and services, and declared that the loss of the latter was entirely owing to Sir Charles Wood, who nagged him, in common with his other subordinates, into a fever of irritation. The same writer also alluded to the rumours of Sir John Lawrence's resignation, and declared them due to the same cause—Sir C. Wood's offensive interference; adding, however: "Sir John Lawrence has doubtless felt the tone of the despatches which the Secretary of State signs as keen, as his predecessors; but he is made of too good material to

allow any cause but illness to take him away from his duty. Nor was he unaware, when first appointed, from his experience in the Indian Council, that such despatches are the rule rather than the exception." These remarks occur in the Overland edition of the 2nd of May. In the number of the 8th of June we find only the following curt allusion to the other story:—"There is no truth in the report of Sir B. Frere's resignation."

Sir Charles Wood insinuated as much the other night, so the *Friend's* latter assertion is probably correct.

The same journal has heard all about Mr. Massey's policy, which, it seems, is to do nothing. The income-tax is not to be reimposed; the salt tax is not to be increased; and the responsibility of meeting the deficit is to be left to the Home Authorities. The little reign of the Export Duties had already done harm, by doubling the price of rice in the ports of Burmah, where there was an extraordinary demand for that article at the time.

The Government of India has disapproved of Mr. Cust's one-sided report on the re-adjustment of Civil salaries; nor does the Viceroy, we are told, feel any sympathy with that gentleman's opinions upon the future of the Staff Corps. For all practical purposes, therefore, the report may be considered non-existent.

There had been an alarm of a "Second Insurrection in Assam," originated by the *Englishman*, but it had no more foundation than the eccentricities of a Fakier who laid claim to supernatural powers; his object seems to have been pecuniary rather than political, and the excitement to which he gave rise has subsided. The *Hindoo Patriot* declares the report which deceived the *Englishman* to be a hoax, concocted by the native head of a certain department, who, having reason to suspect that information "oozed out" from his office into the newspapers, took this means of securing the identification of his property. If this be the fact, the trick was a very pretty one, but too much like playing with fire to be recommended for official use as a general rule.

The accident to the *Nemesis* has again called public attention to the dangers of the Hooghly, and the necessity of removing the port to the Mutlah. The works at Canning Town, it seems, are progressing favourably; and a lengthened correspondence has taken place between the chairman of the Port Canning Company and the consulting engineer to Government, in re-

ference to the accommodation which must be provided by the Calcutta and South-Eastern Railway Company, the deficiency of rolling stock being a principal topic. In the mean time ten screw pile jetties have been ordered from England for the river frontage; and it is expected that in another two years the works will be in something like a state of completion.

Affairs in Bhootan remain quiet; but there are indications of intended future opposition on the part of the Bhootaahs. It is thought, however, that Tongsoo Penlow would be glad to agree to peace if he could be assured of his own safety; but he naturally supposes himself to be the main object of the wrath of the British Government. It is supposed, therefore, that there must be another advance into the country during the cold weather. This will be a relief to the troops after their sufferings during the hot weather, which appear to be very great.

Madras had been in danger of a reform in the Municipality, but had tided, happily, over the danger—for the present, at any rate. Ceylon continued to be engrossed by coffee and the new Governor. The one had met with an increase in exports; the other had neglected to drink the Queen's health at the Birthday celebration.

In Bombay the panic still continued, and with such intensity as to paralyse all business. Shares could be sold only at ruinous sacrifices, and the best securities could not be negotiated on any terms, or only by special favour. It was stated that the Supreme Government had ordered an inquiry into the management of the Bank of Bombay, especially as regards the part taken by Government directors. Several more failures had been announced, though none to a very large amount. It is satisfactory to know, however, that better accounts have since been received by telegraph.

Combined with the commercial gloom came the most intensely hot weather, prostrating both man and beast, and causing much sickness and mortality. The European guards, drivers, and others having exposed occupations had been great sufferers, and among all classes cholera continued its attacks. There was a great deal of talk, too, of a mysterious plague coming from Russia or elsewhere. The heat was unusually severe, not only in the West, but in all parts of India. It had been relieved in the Punjab by some severe thunderstorms, and in Bengal by heavy rains, which threatened great damage to the in-

digo crops. In Bombay, however, the public health had improved, and this notwithstanding that there had been a failure in the supply of ice, and that water was not more plentiful than it usually is in that city.

Two of the current military "rows" at Mhow were reported at an end. A certain medico, who had been reported incapable by a certain colonel, has been found efficient by a Court of Enquiry, and the colonel has received a wiggling from authority. In the Bushe-Stanley case a wiggling has been administered to both officers—Colonel Stanley's, it is said, being a severe, and Captain Bushe's a mild form of the attack. But people seemed to think that something more than a wiggling, however severe, is due to an officer who cuts down one of his own sepoy on parade. The public are dissatisfied, too, with the decision of the authorities in the matter of the "Fatal March," and declare that Major-general Green has been made the scapegoat.

A WEEK ago a Minister, suffering from bronchitis, made to a House suffering from indifference a statement of the financial affairs of a hundred and eighty millions of persons. Sir Charles Wood's throat was in a bad way, but his subject was in a worse; so he may be excused for having said as little as possible. Nor, indeed, did the number of his listeners encourage him to say more; for these are alleged to have been never more than twenty, and to have dwindled down to six long before the close of the debate. The leading facts will be found elsewhere. What they amount to is this:—That the revenue continues to increase, notwithstanding the uncertainty of opium and some other items, and that even the abandonment of the Income-tax would allow of a satisfactory surplus but for the calls upon expenditure, which augment at a still greater rate, and swamp all the ways and means at present resorted to. The Government will be able, it seems, to tide over the present difficulty—that is to say, the deficit which Sir Charles Trevelyan has left to his successor—by the issue of a few India Bonds, and some other arrangements; but the moral which Sir Charles Wood draws is that the most stringent economy must be exercised; and, in fact, that a reduction of expenditure is necessary for financial safety. This is what Sir Charles Trevelyan maintained when he opposed the Income-tax while Governor of Madras. And if not right then, he is surely right now; for it was at the military expenditure that he principally levelled; and, while it is only in this direction that any real impression is to be made, the present times are propitious for the purpose. We have now between 72,000 and 73,000 troops of the line in India—a force kept up upon the most costly conditions of service—and upon this great body of men there must be a material reduction before any good can be effected. A return to the

plan of a local force would be one measure of economy; another, which might be made separately or in conjunction, would be the establishment of a reserve equivalent to the militia at home, and adapted to a system of military colonisation so often proposed. But under whatever conditions it is clear that there must be some modification of the present mode of garrisoning the country. With regard to a simple diminution of the present strength of the Line force, high authorities are of opinion that there would be no danger in such a measure now that the railway system is so far advanced in development, and more especially as reinforcements and reliefs are to be sent overland instead of round the Cape.

THE DISSOLUTION OF PARLIAMENT.—The following is from her Majesty's Speech, delivered to-day:—"Her Majesty rejoices at the continued tranquillity and increasing prosperity of her Indian dominions; and she trusts that the large supply which those territories will afford of the raw material of manufacturing industry, together with the termination of the civil war in the United States of North America, will prevent the recurrence of the distress which long prevailed among the manufacturing population of some of the northern counties."

BOMBAY TELEGRAMS.—Very favourable telegraphic advices, dated the 29th June, were received on Tuesday, 4th inst., from Bombay. They announced that prices for imports were advancing; produce had risen considerably. A better feeling was everywhere apparent, and shares were moving upwards.

NEW COMPANIES.—Several companies of a financial nature, in connection with India, are being projected, and their promises are, of course, of a very pleasant character; but our readers need scarcely be warned that new schemes of the kind must be regarded with caution, unless they come out under the authority of good business names.

Casualties by Death in the Armies of India reported since last Publication.

H.M.'s FORCES.—Lieut. Hancock, H.M.'s 33rd Regt., in India, May. Lieut. col. Albany Troward, H.M.'s Invalid Establishment, at Daporio, May 26.

BENGAL.—Lieut. F. T. Ripley, attached to 29th P.N.I., at Runjed, Eastern Doonars.

BOMBAY.—Maj. W. Wilson, second in command of 13th Regt. N.I., at Ahmedabad, June 1. Lieut. E. A. Douglas, from Chitral, at Ahmedabad, May 27. Surg. maj. Cameron, Horse Art., Bombay Army, at the Grosvenor Hotel, London, June 24.

Passengers by the present Mail.

Per str. Ceylon.—For MARSHALLS.—From CALCUTTA.—Mr. Metcalf, Mr. Hamilton, Capt. Trekar, Lieut. Thomas, Maj. Langmore, Lieut. Col. Eyles, Lieut. Dugdale, Capt. Scott, and Mrs. Hawthorth, Dr. Carr, Lieut. Dugdale, Capt. Scott, Mr. Anshutzky, Mr. Taylor, Mr. Cogswell, Lieut. Mackay, Lieut. Perran, Mr. Garrard, Mr. Hailey, Mr. Kerr, Lieut. Steele, Mr. Mackay, Mrs. Fleming, Miss Reynolds. From MADRAS.—Dr. Wyndowe, Mrs. Phillips.

Expected at Southampton.

Per str. Syria, July 10.—From CALCUTTA.—Lieut. Thomas, Mr. and Mrs. Lawson, Col. and Mrs. Evans, Lieut. Marett, Mr. Vaux and three children, Mr. Fletcher, Maj. England, Mr. Forbes, Lieut. Palmer, the Rev. Mr. and Mrs. Winter, Col. and Mrs. Ferrers, Capt. H. B. Smith, Mrs. Sneyd, Mr. Story, Mr. and Mrs. Cockburn and three children, Miss Palmer, Miss Stumper, Mrs. Salkies, Mr. Span, From MADRAS.—Lieut. col. and Mrs. Chobany and two children, Miss Ives, Mr. and Mrs. Farnwell, Mr. Branson, Master Stevens, Maj. Tremain, Capt. Walpole, Capt. Carles, Dr. McEush, Mr. G. McDermott, Lieut. Atkinson.

Per str. Elora, July 10.—From BOMBAY.—Mr. J. Rawlinson, Maj. Symms, Lieut. Vibart, R. Dugley, Mrs. McKay and child, H. O'Donel, Mrs. Barty and infant, Lieut. Heath, Capt. and Mrs. Angove, Mrs. Douglas and two children, Capt. and Mrs. Ross and three children, Mr. Biven, Mr. G. S. Glover, Capt. Tanner, Mr. A. Aeklon, Mr. Marval, Mr. Parker, Mr. Peart, Mr. W. H. S. Crawford, Capt. Mildmay, Mr. Howes, Mr. Wilson, Mr. Gascoyne, Mr. Openshaw, Mr. Johnson, Mr. Cameron.

BENGAL.

OUR POSITION BEFORE BHOOTAN.

Our news from the British Doonars is rather more favourable than we had any reason to anticipate. With the month of May well nigh passed, and the great periodical rains set in, about thirty-five per cent. only of the troops quartered under the hills of Bhootan are reported to be suffering from sickness. This is very cheering. By July we may reasonably hope the number will have doubled, and in September, when the dank vegetation begins to decay and throw off its noxious gases, it will be remarkable if any one regiment of the Doon Field Force can muster two hundred hale and active soldiers, with a proportionate number of officers. The latter, however, can always be had from other sources to make good the vaunted advantages of the irregular system, and can always be ordered up from doing "general duty," or what not, to keep together an organisation altogether impossible without some such dry nursing. By the time active operations become possible against Bhootan, supposing they are not deferred until 1867, the force under General Tytler will, there can be no doubt, be in a highly efficient state, and quite fit for a hill campaign. In the meantime we have the satisfaction of knowing that our national honour has been upheld by the occupation of a country which a correspondent describes "what is not bush is grass, and what is not grass is bush," and from which the enemy has most sensibly retired.—*Hurkaru.*

A CORRESPONDENT writing from the Bhootan frontier says that it was known some time since that Paro Penlow and Anglo-Farang Jungpeen were anxious for peace. The obstacle to negotiations was Tounso Penlow, who wrote urgently protesting against negotiations for that object. Under such circumstances the fact mentioned by our correspondent becomes of considerable significance, viz., that the bridge over the Aur Mochu, which had been partially destroyed with a view of impeding our advance, has been restored.—*Ibid.*

THE "NEMESIS."

The *Friend of India* says:—The P. and O. Company's steamer *Nemesis* has been wrecked in the Hooghly. She left Garden Reach on the 23rd May, and about ten o'clock on the morning of the 25th was steaming down the Rungafullah channel, between Mud Point and Kedgeree. Though the river is here four miles broad, the navigable channel is little more than two hundred yards, and when crowded with shipping drawn by tugs the danger is great, while the tide rushes through it like a milldam. As the *Nemesis* sailed down she had no alternative but to come into collision with the *Pasasbourne* on her bow, or to take the ground. To avoid the former the pilot ordered the engines to be stopped and the helm to be put about. When she had veered to the westward, the pilot, thinking he would now avoid both ship and sand, sent her on full speed right up the bank. Captain Coleman acted with vigour; the ports and hatches were closed, but an effort to back the ship only sent her broadside on the sand, and there she lay. She is likely to be got off. The passengers and mails were transferred in boats to the *Columbus* steam-tug, not without danger in the state of the weather, and returned to Calcutta without baggage. They left on Sunday by the *Candia*, which saved the baggage and cargo on its way down. When is the *Mutlah* to be tried by the mail steamers? An accident like this will do as much to open the eyes of the great shipping companies to its value as the Cyclone.

The *Hurkaru* contains the following:—In connection with the wreck of the *Nemesis*, the

question seems likely to again arise of sending some of the mail steamers round to the Mutlah. Some time ago there was a report that the steamers of the Messageries Company would use the new port. If anything were wanted to show the absurdity of establishing a port at Diamond Harbour, it would be found in the circumstances attending the recent accident below that station. The fate of the *Nemesis* should be a warning of the actual necessity existing for a supplemental port easily and safely accessible by ships of large draught. The *Nemesis*, as our readers have learned by telegraph, has been since floated without injury.

THE GARRISON OF THE LOWER PROVINCES.

The *Hurkaru* says:—The Bengal Government has lately again agitated the question of the garrisoning of the Lower Provinces. This it has, to do it justice, never omitted doing as opportunity served. We cannot, however, quite agree with it, when it draws from certain facts the conclusion that the absence of European soldiers in many of the districts of these provinces betokens a disregard for their safety. Bengal is undoubtedly the largest, and richest by far of any of our Indian provinces, but the absence of troops within its borders is not so unaccountable as the local Government would wish to have believed. The Lower Provinces are inhabited by a race of men, perhaps the most unwarlike in the world, and they are again so intersected by streams as to make it only desirable to have bodies of troops collected at one or two points, from which they can be moved with the greatest ease in any direction. The Lieutenant-governor observes that there are no troops in the following large and rich districts, teeming with an industrious population, and full of European settlers,—districts which in point of wealth and importance will yield the palm to but few beyond the limits of his Government,—Chumparun, Sarun, Tirhoot, Purneah, Dinagepore, Rajshahye, Maldah, Pubna, Bograh, and Mymensingh. That is from the confines of Oudh to the banks of the Berhampooter. The population of this immense tract, 350 miles long from East and West, and embracing all the country between the Himalayas and the Ganges, from Patna to where it joins the Great river from the East is not less than twelve millions. Beyond these districts again, are those of Upper and Lower Assam, extending to the Eastward for another 300 miles, and yet before the breaking out of the Bhootan *jasco* there was not a single European soldier along the whole line of 650 miles. The absence of any body of troops in these districts has led to great trouble and greater expense now that a necessity has arisen for their services. But with all respect for Mr. Beadon's opinion we cannot regret the absence of troops in these districts of North Bengal. They have never been wanted, except to act against Bhootan or Nepal, or the Kookies and Cossyals, and probably never will be required to keep the inhabitants in order.

THE STORY OF A PAY BILL.

The English language boasts a "History of a Guinea," and the "Adventures of a Feather," and we would gladly see added to these the story of a pay bill. For incident, adventure, the crosses and delays of fiction, it would be necessary, however, to lay the plot in this country, since in England the life of this species of document is too brief and business-like to admit of that sentiment, the pains of disappointment, and the hopes of youth, so necessary to popular writing. The writer of such a history as we propose would naturally open the first volume with a glowing description of "India's coral strand," the tropical luxuriance of "a vegetation, the perfume of its flowers, the refined melody of the bulbul; the

profuse wealth of the inhabitants, and their effeminate modes of life. Having devoted so much, say ten pages, to introduce the English reader to the land we live in, and which a few words of indifferent Hindustani would materially assist, a regiment of British infantry is seen in course of disembarkation below Fort William; flags waving, band playing, and Hindoo virgins flying, whilst pariahs howl, and the gentle Bengali robs and loves the new arrivals, if not honourably, at least too well. Moving through the crowd, conspicuous among ten thousand, our hero first meets the reader. He is a man of Colossal statue, wears spectacles and huge collars, takes snuff, and Newton's "calculating eye" gives dignity to an after-dinner nose, induced, so it is rumoured, by profound arithmetical studies. Need we say Captain Cocker is Paymaster to H.M.'s 150th Regiment, that his heart is plighted to his cousin Jane, of Clapham-common, and that his corps marches immediately, after landing, from Calcutta to Fyzabad? The sympathetic lover of novel writing will doubtless have guessed all these things. Thus far all has been sunshine and happiness with our principal character. Cocker is surprised and charmed with the Oriental East, as gathered from the Pay and Audit regulations of the Bengal Presidency, but alas! the dream is transient. Those Pay Abstracts for March are the beginning of troubles which break the strong man's heart and rest, and drive him to seek in half-pay that quiet which a regimental Paymaster knows not in India. And thus it happened, to pass from the realms of fiction to those of fact. Having drawn out the Pay Abstracts of his regiment, showing precisely what each officer, sergeant, and private in it is entitled to receive, or he, the Paymaster, considers them entitled to, the documents in duplicate are forwarded to the Divisional Paymaster at Lucknow for first audit, the aggregate claim being, let us suppose, 80,000 Rs. In the course of a week, perhaps eight days, Captain Cocker receives a Treasury Bill for 70,000 Rs. wherewith to pay the 150th Regiment, and a statement of the grounds upon which the other 10,000 Rs. have been retrenched. Of these, two-thirds are found to turn upon the absence of trivial certificates, in no other country required. One certificate can only be supplied by Captain A —, on detached command; another by Lieut. B. — proceeded upon leave. Distressed by this unexpected difficulty the regimental paymaster remonstrates, writes, calls in all the documentary evidence he can command to substantiate his pay abstracts, and by this time the pay bills for another month have to be compiled. Meanwhile, whilst endeavouring to keep quite separate his monthly regimental accounts, Captain Cocker receives several re-audits from the Calcutta Audit Office. Many of the disallowances of the Lucknow official are not upheld by Majors Harrison or Aubert, and, again, sums passed by the divisional pay-masters are retrenched upon re-audit. Confusion becomes worse confounded, and each month intensifies the muddle so far as our friend of the 150th Foot is concerned. The unadjusted balances of the army accumulate, and no one person is benefited, whilst many suffer from a system complicated enough to be Chinese in its origin. Lucknow becomes the evil genius of our hero. Its decisions are not final, and they are sometimes faulty. This knowledge, in itself, is fatal to the rapid disposal of such questions as may naturally be supposed to arise in the course of paying 800 soldiers. Captain Cocker becomes captious, refers the most insignificant matters from the ruling of the divisional to the Calcutta audit office, thence on to the Controller of Military Finance, and finally to the Supreme Government. There is no exaggerating the atlas of correspondence which results from the uncertain and circuitous method of adjust-

ing the pay and allowances of H.M.'s army as at present practised in India. Its anomalies and absurdities are in the mouths of every officer who has served with a regiment in England. We require, first a more simple pay and audit code, and the cancelling of many little and vexatious regulations; secondly, the abolishment of divisional pay offices; and, lastly, the creation of an efficient audit office. At present the two pay examiners are over-worked, having to discharge the labour which falls upon six divisional paymasters. We know, practically, that the report of Messrs. Foster and Whiffen erred in reducing the strength of this office. The mistake into which the commissioners not unnaturally fell, was that of calculating as though a sharp, hard-working, and intelligent London clerk, at home, could not, and would not, discharge more work than a Bengal baboo. Or as though Grischunder and Khetter were ordinary samples of the latter class. Not until we possess one audit office, centrally located, whose decisions, under the controller of military finance, shall be final, and to whom all pay-bills, whatever would be submitted, can we hope to escape complications which, in sober truth, we have but glanced at in the preceding remarks. We hope to revert to the subject in the course of a few days.—*Hurkaru*.

MISCELLANEOUS.

THE REV. DR. MULLINS.—Our missionary readers will learn with regret that the Indian career of the Rev. Dr. Mullins is near an end. The directors of the London Missionary Society have requested him to return to England for the purpose of taking the place of colleague of Dr. Tidman, their secretary, who is now a very old man. The society has 200 missionaries abroad, and spends £80,000 a-year. Dr. Mullins will leave Calcutta in July, and visit all the society's stations in China and South India, reaching England next spring. Thus will end a life of twenty-one years in India, during which he has seen a large part of its provinces, made personal acquaintance with more than five hundred missionaries, and written many pamphlets and books. Few men have spent so active and useful a life as he, and his large and catholic experience will be of great use in England.—*Friend of India*.

RAWUL PINDEE, May 15.—The right wing and head-quarters of the 79th Cameron Highlanders left for Murree (Abbottabad road) last Tuesday morning. The left wing started the week previous. Two squadrons of the 20th Hussars have come in since. It is now expected the head-quarters of the Hussars will also move in, to enable Colonel Stannus to take command of the station on the departure of Brigadier Tucker, who proceeds almost immediately to Murree, on sick leave. The severe shock the old man received the other day when thrown from off his horse has been too much for him. Even though he recovers health and strength he does not return to the command of Pindée; being now the senior in the list, his promotion to Major-General is expected with every mail.

THE SUDDER COURT OF THE N. W. P.—We hear from the *Pioneer* that the Sudder Court of Agra seems determined to maintain its character for eccentricity to the end, for it has released Modhoo and Elahee, tailor, who were lately sentenced to death by the Session Judge of Allahabad for their share in a murder committed during the mutiny.

ODDH POLICE.—It is stated that the Government of India have resolved on the final abolition of the office of Deputy Inspector General of Odh Police. The Chief Commissioner advocates the appointment of a personal assistant to the Inspector General; some one to take charge of the office during his absence on duty.

THE SOONDERBUNS SCHEME AND THE GOVERNMENT.—The papers connected with the Soonderbuns Reclamation Scheme which have been published since our last despatch exonerate the Viceroy from the charge of having broken faith with the promoters. Had they been published at first, no such charge could ever have been made. It now appears that the Government of India have, from the commencement, throughout their official correspondence, limited their concession to the Soonderbuns attached to the 24-pergunnahs. The promoters were consequently informed that an application for that portion of the Soonderbuns would be favourably received. Such an application was made during the absence of Mr. F. Schiller, by his attorney, Mr. Kilburn, through the commissioner of the Nuddea division. This mistake was immediately rectified on Mr. Schiller's return, by a second letter to the commissioner, and by subsequent letters to his Excellency the Viceroy, and the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal. In consequence, it would appear, of the last-named letter, the Government of Bengal, as represented by their junior secretary, Mr. S. C. Bayley, took upon themselves the responsibility of ordering the inclusion of the Jessore Soonderbuns in the concession, in a letter to the Board of Revenue, a copy of which was furnished to the promoters. This action, on the part of the Government of Bengal, was the source of all the misapprehension that followed.—*Englishman*.

FRENCH POSSESSIONS IN INDIA.—The French Government possesses in various parts of India, in the neighbourhood of large cities, such as Patna, plots of ground, or Zemindaries which were formerly the sites of French factories or as they were termed "Lodges." Some time ago the authorities at Chandernagore claimed some land at Patna, in the possession of a Mr. Pigou, on the ground that it was formerly the site of one of these factories or lodges. As nothing could be found in the records of the Government offices here which threw light on the matter, the Chandernagore authorities were asked to furnish the local executive with any information they might possess on the subject. These estates would seem to have been very much neglected. There is on each one of them a chowkedar, who is remunerated by being invested with a small jagheer, and who in his own proper person represents the whole of the police arrangements. Situated as these "lodges" are in the centre of thickly peopled British districts, it may readily be supposed that they are resorted to chiefly by men whose characters render them obnoxious to British laws. Their very smallness prevents the establishment of anything like a proper system of police within their limits, and so we find that they are generally farmed out by not the most upright of people, and that the punishment inflicted for the majority of offences is a few hours in the stocks. The Chandernagore authorities can scarcely be expected to exercise any very strict or close supervision over a number of scattered estates. But then these estates are necessarily a thorn in the side of the neighbouring districts, from the fact of their being foreign territory, and the natural refuge as it were of those who may find a residence elsewhere disagree with them. It is greatly to be regretted that the arrangements for an exchange of lands to which we alluded some time ago should be delayed. The measure is one of the very few which are likely to give satisfaction to both parties.—*Friend of India*.

Mr. EDWARD H. LUSHINGTON, the secretary to the Government of India in the Financial Department, is suffering severely from an affection of the head, which has rendered the appointment of a *locum tenens* necessary. The Viceroy has appointed Mr. John Strachey, the president of the Sanitary Commission, to officiate as Financial Secretary until Mr. Lushington's recovery.—*Friend of India*.

GREAT STORM AT LAHORE.—Lahore was visited about two o'clock P.M. on the morning of the 25th with a brief but terrific gale, an outer ring of a hurricane. Half the trees on the mall are down; houses with their tilings and jhamps and tattees flung all over the compounds. The dust and turmoil and darkness, the crashing of window-panes, the thud of some heavy body, the up-lifting of the carpet, the feeble cry of people in the distance calling to each other, made an exciting and anxious time of it. Buggies were clean upset, and some of the railway carriages having got into motion sailed off, some down the Mooltan line, some down the road to Ataree. No serious accidents appear to have occurred, though many a native must have been frightened half out of his senses. A second gust occurred at six in the morning, but not so severe. Some places to the north-west of Lahore must have suffered greatly, as that was the dark part of the horizon. The air is a little cooler, but the heat has been very trying. The Lieutenant-Governor, who was expected this morning, has not arrived, having been delayed by the storm, no doubt. Strange is the scene in the Anarkullee bazaar, and as for the exhibition building, the only surprise is that so much of it is left. It was a regular case of Dibdin's old sea song, "My eyes what tiles and chimney-pots about their heads were flying." All round and in the city there are traces of the violence of the storm, of which we have certainly not seen the last.—*Delhi Gazette*.

THE MEENAS.—The Bheels are not alone in their reputation as hereditary brigands. Their outrages are often surpassed by those of a similar tribe called the Meenas. The Meenas were reported some time since as having committed several robberies in Kotah and Boondoe. We now hear they have extended their depredations to the States of Scindia. The Meenas are, as a rule, better organised for plunder than the Bheels, and are consequently more dangerous. They have a sort of robber pride, too, which induces them to spare solitary travellers. They assemble in numbers, each man being well armed and resolute, and frequently attack *kafilas* or caravans. These two tribes in former years, the Bheels and Meenas, supplied the major portion of the fierce predatory hordes that rode with Jeswant Rao Holcar, the Peishwa, or Scindia, and whose ravages were so terrible that whole districts like those of Candeish and Nimar have not yet recovered from the visitation. They are always ready for any enterprise which may promise loot and excitement, and, therefore, although bad soldiers, they make good marauders, and are dangerous, as offering a ready recruiting field to the arts of the designing.—*Hurkaru*.

THE ABKAREE LAW.—Information has been conveyed to the superintendent of the Cantonment Abkaree Mehal that the agents of Messrs. Waring Brothers and Hunt, Railway Contractors, had disposed of considerable quantities of wines and liquors without a licence. In answer to this charge the agents of the contractors stated that Messrs. Waring Brothers and Hunt had sent out a large stock of liquors for their staff of engineers and European workmen on the Jubbulpore line; that wines, &c., had been sold at actual cost price, and that no profit had been made by the transaction. The Cantonment magistrate has deferred his decision until it can be ascertained by reference to superior authority whether a transaction of this kind, which has not the features of a regular sale for the sake of gain, can be treated as a breach of the laws and rules of the Abkaree department.

A SECOND SONTHAL REBELLION.—The following paragraph, from the *Englishman*, has been received with incredulity, and some little ridicule, by the press generally:—"There have been serious disturbances in the Sonthal Pergunnahs, which might have turned out a

second insurrection. They have, however, been, by the management of the district authorities, put down quietly, and the leader is imprisoned." Its origin is "explained" by the *Hindoo Patriot* in the following terms:—"The *Englishman* states that there has been something like a second insurrection in the Sonthal districts, but that matters have been quietly put to rights by the local officials. We are in a position to state that there is not a tittle of truth in the above. For some time past official documents have been systematically purloined from the Bengal office, but this sham news was laid as a bait by the clever registrar of the Bengal sectariat, and it appears that his manoeuvre has proved completely successful. It is a regular 'sell.' It appears, however, that there was some excitement in some of the Sonthal districts, caused by a beggar professing supernatural powers, and who made his 'gifts' a means of swindling.

UNCOVENANTED SERVICE FAMILY PENSION FUND.—FUND OFFICE, April 29.—

WIDOWS' FUND.		
	R.	A. P.
Amount at credit of reserve fund, according to Mr. Finlason's valuations, as on May 1, 1864 ...	4,84,138	0 0
Amount of interest upon 4,84,138 rupees, at 6 per cent. per annum	29,048	4 0
Balance at credit of interest account, April 30, 1865 ...	512	0 0
Estimated net divisible sum during the year 1865-66 ...	29,560	4 0
which will admit of a dividend of 31 per cent. in the monthly subscription of 375 subscribers, who completed five years' consecutive payments below April 30, 1865.		

CHILDREN'S FUND.		
	R.	A. P.
Amount of credit of reserve fund, according to Mr. Finlason's valuations, as on May 1, 1864 ...	2,98,083	0 0
Interest at 6 per cent. upon 2,98,083 rupees for the year ...	17,884	15 0
Against this sum will have to be debited, to make up the deficit in the payment of one subscriber whose subscription is less than the rate laid down in the new tables of rates, as per Proposition 3 of Circular, dated Dec. 15, 1862 ...	49	2 0

Estimate net divisible sum for the year 1865-66 ... 17,835 13 0 which will admit of a dividend of 36 per cent. in the monthly subscription of subscribers who completed five years' consecutive payments before April 30, 1865.—Published by order of the directors, R. C. TULLOCH, Secretary, G. W. KELNER, Accountant and Controller.

COURTS-MARTIAL will probably take place on officers implicated in the disgraceful flight at Dewangiri:—The Dewangiri retreat, in which Colonel Campbell, with the 43rd N.I., acted so disgracefully, as we hear, likely to lead to one or two Courts-martial, as the Colonel has laid the blame of the disaster on two or three of the officers in charge of companies under his command; indeed, one or two have already been punished. Sir Hugh Rose, prior to his departure, having removed Captain Cunliffe, wing officer 12th N.I., from his appointment, on representations made by Colonel Campbell, Captain Cunliffe has rightly asked for a Court of Enquiry, as he is punished for obeying orders, or a Court-martial to remove the stigma cast on his character. Captain Cunliffe is a gallant officer, and did good service during the mutiny with the Kumaon Levy when attacking the rebel force under Nizam Allee Khan and Allee Khan Maiwatee, near Philibheet, in August, 1858, in which action our deputy-commissioner, Mr. Low, was also present.—*Central India Times*.

THE NEW SCREW MOORINGS FOR THE HOOGLEY.—The *Englishman* tells us that Mr. Wells, who had been sent out from England to look after the laying down of the screw

moorings, in lieu of the present buoys of the Hoogley, has at last arrived, and that one hundred screw moorings are daily expected. When these one hundred moorings are laid down a further indent will be sent to the Home Government for such a number as may be required.

SHIPPING.

ARRIVALS.

May 20. Str. *Burmah*, Bombay, &c.—31. Bolingbroke, London; Indomitable, Mauritius.—23. Astracan, —; Nestor, —; Arachne, —. 24. Pestoujee Bomanjee, Penang; Winfield, Liverpool; City of Brussels, Glasgow.—25. Caroline, —; str. *Moulmein*, Madras and Coast; str. *Arracan*, Rangoon; Marie, Nantes, &c.—26. Andromeda, Liverpool.—27. Puttuy Salaam, —; Sea Rover, Adelaide; Centaur, Gravesend.—28. str. *Coringa*, Singapore, &c.; Bianca, London; Charles Buckland, Cochin, &c.—29. str. *Mooltan*, Suez, &c.; Reine des Anges, Marseilles; La Reine Blanche, Mauritius, &c.—30. str. *Orissa*, —; Canning, London; Princess Royal, Liverpool; Como, —.—31. Jodel Manan, Bombay, &c.; Catharin, —; June 1. Tivoli, Lorb, Mauritius; Catharine Holbrook, Lawrence, Mauritius; North-East, Cope-land, Liverpool; Gunga, Talbot, Liverpool; Thunder, Taylor, Hong Kong.

PASSENGERS ARRIVED.

Per Bianca.—Mrs. and Miss Renney.
Per Arracan.—Lieut. Col. A. Fraser, R.E., Capt. E. Eales, Mr. W. Ridman, Mr. McGregor.
Per Canning.—Mr. and Mrs. Remnant, Messrs. Maling, Murphy, Williamson, Chambers, and Nicholson, Mrs. C. Carey.
Per Jodel Manan.—Mrs. Jarvis and child.
Per Tivoli.—Mr. Silvester.
Per Gunga.—Mr. C. Arnold, Mr. A. Lawrence.
Per Thunder.—P. Adoll, Mr. Holter.
Per str. *Mooltan*.—From SOUTHAMPTON.—Ens. C. Tuck, Mrs. W. Answorth and two children, Mr. P. Maxwell, Surg. and Mrs. Thompson, Asst. Surgs. A. Hall and D. Canny, Mr. G. Kemp, Ens. E. Crawdock, Mr. Griffen, W. White, Mrs. Snow, J. Cullen, J. Reid, J. Furdley, W. Knight, T. Hardle, From Marseilles.—Mrs. Campbell, Mr. and Mrs. Newburn and infant, Lieut. Norris, Mr. and Miss Hall, Lieut. Pearson, Capt. and Mrs. Robinson, From Suez.—Mr. J. W. Beauford, Mr. Macartur, From Hong Kong.—Mr. Henderson, From Bombay.—Mr. Orerton, Mr. Anthony, From Galle.—Mr. Hopkins, Mr. Gregor, Mr. G. P. Webb, Dr. Ohoireco, From Madras.—Mrs. Scott and infant, Lieut. Colquhoun, Mrs. Maynes.
Per Minam.—Messrs. Coutney, Kauffman, Fane Mayer, Bhin Grinberg, Isaac Grinberg, T. B. Malsoyet, M. Grigor.
Per Indomitable.—Mrs. Poynts and three children, Lieut. Pearson, 37th Regt., T. Bamber, R. Lowe, S. Sandford, Dr. Law.
Per Nestor.—Mr. and Mrs. Beard and child.
Per Pestoujee Bomanjee.—Mr. Krause.

DEPARTURES.

May 21. Str. *Clan Alpine*, Straits, &c.; Pride of Canada, Liverpool.—23. Puttuy Salaam, Mauritius; Victoria Bridge, Kenilworth Castle, London; Fernandez, Melbourne; str. *Nemesis*, Suez.—24. str. *Busheer*, Rangoon, &c.; Khersonese, London; Gitana, London; Tellus, Penang, &c.; City of Cashmere, London.—26. str. *John Bright*, Singapore, &c.; Arratoon Apar, Singapore, &c.; National Eagle, Boston; Shaw Allum, Mauritius.—27. Stier, Bourbon; Red Jacket, Liverpool; Ravensbourne, London.—28. Queen of Australia, London.—29. Audubon, Boston; Sophia Joakim, Mauritius.—30. Bianca, —; Joven Louis, Singapore.—31. str. *Candia*, Suez; Unrivalled, Mauritius; Hypatia, —; Patriot Queen, Liverpool; La Philaneme, —; June 2. Mail str., Suez.

PASSENGERS DEPARTED.

Per str. *Nada*.—For MADRAS.—Capt. Gillam, two ladies, and three children. For GALLE.—Mr. C. M. Alexander. For BOMBAY.—Mrs. A. Alone, Mr. and Mrs. Macguire, Mrs. N. E. Moorgault, Mr. M. B. Daly.
Per str. *Agra*.—Col. Stevens, Messrs. Famer, Driberg, Inglis, Schuller, Turnie, Lean, Hoessack, Mullins.
Per str. *Nemesis*.—For MADRAS.—Capt. Bruce, Mr. R. Barnes, Mr. Ainsbury. For GALLE.—Mr. Mackay, Mr. S. Whitt, Maj. and Mrs. Deane and child. For SUEZ.—Mr. Dickman, Col. Fytche, Mr. Gladstone, Mr. Nubuhr. For Marseilles.—Mr. Metcalfe, Mr. H. C. Hamilton, Capt. Trevor, Maj. Emerson, Lieut. Thomas, Maj. Langmore, Lieut. Col. Fooks, Mr. Dwell, Col. Snow, Mr. and Mrs. Howorth, Dr. Caird, Lieut. Dugdale. For SOUTHAMPTON.—Mr. G. C. Fletcher, Maj. Englund, Mr. Forbes, Lieut. Palmer, Mr. Tate, Capt. Holroyd, Rev. Mr. and Mrs. Winter, Mrs. Ferris, Mrs. Fleming.

COMMERCIAL.

Calcutta, June 2, 1865.

GOVERNMENT SECURITIES.

Rate of Interest.	Stock.	Selling Price
4 per Cent., Sa.	Sa. Rs. 90	Rs. 88 12 to 89 0
Do. Transfer Stock	Sa. Rs. 91	10 12 to 11 0
4 per Cent.	Co.'s Rs. 91	1 12 to 2 0 pm.
6 per Cent. P.W.	Co.'s Rs. 101	1 12 to 2 0 pm.
5 per Cent.	Co.'s Rs. 102	8 8 to 8 12
6 per cent., 66-67	Co.'s Rs. 109	102 2 to 103 8

EXCHANGE.

	On London.	Per Rupee.
Local Bank Bills	at 6 months' sight	1 11 2 to 3
First Class G-edit	at 6 months' sight	2 0 3-16
Bills with Docta	at 6 months' sight	2 0 4 to 2 0 8
Bank Post Bills	at 1 months' sight	2 0 to 2 0 8

JOINT STOCK SHARES.

Stock.	Paid-up. Rs. each.	Quoted at Rs.
Agra and Masterman's Bank	600	1250 to 1260
Alliance Tea Company	85	10 to 12 pm.
Assam Tea Company	200	525 to 530
Balaun Tea Company	100	135 to 140
Bank of Bengal	1000	1525
Deerbhoom Coal Company	4000	7900 to 8200
Bengal Coal Company	1000	840 to 845
Bengal Coal Company	200	Nom. to 175
Bengal Printing Company	1000	1100 to 1110
Bengal River Company	100	15 to 10 dis.
Bengal Tea Company	1000	650 to 660
Bengal Tea Company	500	337 to 340
Bengal Tea Company	100	165
Bengal Tea Company	100	150 to 160
Bengal Oil Company	250	par Nominal
Bengal Credit Mobilier (Lim.)	100	50 to 55 pm
Bishnauth Tea Company	200	252
Bonded Warehouse Association	445	645 to 650
Borokai Tea Company (Limited)	25	par
British India Tea	80	par
Brunton's Press Company (Limited)	50	2 to 3 pm.
Burdwan Stone Company	100	75 to 80
Burdwan Tea Company	200	185
Cachar and Assam Tea Company	115	15 to 16 dis.
Cachar Tea Company	600	700 to 710
Cachar Tea Company	450	50 to 55 pm.
Calcutta Docking Company	700	1350 to 1355
Calcutta Docking Company	600	570 to 575
Calcutta Steam Tug Association	52	52
Calcutta and South Eastern Railway	100	101
Central Assam Tea Company	200	250 to 255
Central Cachar Tea Company	200	260 to 262
Central Cachar Tea Company	25	5 to 10 dis.
Chatlawar Tea Company	100	par
Commercial Transport Association	100	90 to 92
Dehra Doon Tea Company	500	710
Delhi Bank Corporation	100	96 to 97
Joshi Teria Tea Company	100	96 to 97
Jooteriah Tea Company (Limited)	45	5 dis.
Durrug Tea Company	100	75 to 80
E. B. Indigo Company	100	30 to 32
East India Coal Company	218	217 to 218
East India Railway Company	100	116 to 120
East India Tea Company	80	12 to 13 pm.
Eastern Bengal Tea Company	50	55 to 56
Eastern Cachar Tea Company	100	125 to 130
Eastern Cachar Tea Company	85	20 to 22 pm.
Eastern Bengal Railway Company	218	216 to 218
Eastern Steam Tug Company	1000	1150 to 1200
Eastman and Company	250	220 to 225
Equitable Coal Company	250	215 Nominal
Ganges Steam Navigation Company	500	Nominal
Great Eastern Hotel Company	250	250 to 255
Gola Ghaut Tea Company	250	309
Gola Ghaut Tea Company	250	273 to 275
Goosery Cotton Mills	85	12 to 15 dis.
Hindustan, China, and Japan Bank	250	309
Hooghly Steam Tug Company	1000	1200
Hooghly Lighter Association	80	10 to 15 dis.
Hope Town Tea Association	100	105
Hope Town Equitable Tea Company	100	105
Howrah Docking Company	535	555
Hunter and Company	250	200 to 220
India General Steam Navigation Co.	1000	775 to 780
Jorehaut Tea Company	200	745 to 750
Kunchunore Tea Company	100	250
Karecong and Darjeeling Tea Co.	125	20 to 25 pm.
Karecong and Darjeeling Tea Co.	250	245 to 248
Landing Shipping	160	3 to 5 dis.
Leibong and Minchou Tea Company	65	20 to 25 dis.
Locton Screw Company	25	par to 5 pm.
Lower Assam Tea Company	35	par
Luckinore Tea Company	155	50 to 55 pm.
Mouacherra Tea Company	60	par
Moran Tea Company (Limited)	70	13 to 14 pm.
Muttuck Tea Company	50	par
Muttuck Tea Company	100	122
Muttuck Tea Company	70	16 to 18 pm.
National Bank of India (Limited)	250	290
New Fort Gloster Company	600	1400 to 1450
North-West Indigo Company	100	70 to 75
North-West Sewing Company	60	par
Oriental Gas Company	100	12 1/2 to 13
Peoples Bank of India	100	75 to 80
Port Canning Land Company	1000	400 to 450 pm.
Punjab Bank	100	120 to 122
Punjab Trading	75	10 pm.
Punjab Bank	100	100 duli
Punjab Bank	37	par Nomina
Ramghur Tea Company	100	par
Royal Bank of India	65	par
R. Scott Thomson and Company	200	142
Screwing Company (Limited)	495	495
Sea Salt Company	200	185
Seesaugor Tea Company	80	par to 10 pm.
Simla Bank	100	82
Simla Club and N. W. Wine Company	500	650 to 655
Soom Tea Company	90	par
Sooripore Tea Company	80	12 to 15 pm.
South Cachar Tea Company	1000	1500 to 1510
Spence's Hotel Company	750	450 to 480 pm.
Strand Pressing Company (Limited)	100	78 to 80
Srilhet and Cachar Tea Company	250	230
Tirhoot Indigo	62 1/2	9 to 10 pm.
Tuckvar Tea Company	200	165 to 170
Union Steam Tug Company	200	200 to 202
Upper Assam Tea Company	200	200 to 205
Union Steam Tug Company	70	par
Upper Assam Tea Company	250	220 Nominal
Upper Assam Tea Company	160	180 to 182

FREIGHTS.

	To London.	To Liverpool.
Saltpetre	£1 0 0 to 0 0 0	Nominal.
Sugar	1 0 0 to 0 0 0	£1 0 0 to 0 0 0
Rice	1 3 9 to 0 0 0	Nominal.
Seeds	1 13 9 to 1 15 0	1 5 0 to 0 0 0
Jute	1 10 0 to 1 12 6	1 5 0 to 1 10 0
Cotton	1 15 0 to 2 0 0	2 0 0 to 2 5 0

MADRAS.

MISCELLANEOUS.

THE MUNICIPALITY.—We take the following from the *Athenæum* and *Daily News* of May 29th:—The matter that has chiefly engrossed public attention at Madras of late is naturally enough the new Bill for re-organising the Municipality of the Town, and making better provision for its police, conservancy, and general improvement, as well as for the levying of fresh rates and taxes. It was introduced into the local council on the 29th ultimo, by the Hon. H. D. Phillips, but was not published until just before we last wrote, when we had not time to consider the merits of it, on account of its great length. Like the Bill for accomplishing similar objects in the Mofussil towns, which was brought in by the Hon. A. J. Arbuthnot at a previous sitting of the Council, the present draft is of a most elaborate and comprehensive description, and has been framed with the greatest care and pains by a Committee of Government appointment, consisting of the Advocate-General, the Honourable Mr. Ellis, Colonels Wilson and Temple, and Mr. Robinson, C.S., Inspector-general of Mofussil Police; than whom five gentlemen could not have been selected more competent to deal with the difficult and intricate questions which the Bill embraces. This, of course, is not the place in which to attempt anything like a review of their labours, but we may briefly mention the nature of the propositions made by them, which, generally speaking, command our approval. The leading feature of it entirely does so. After long deliberation, and guided by the experience of the other presidencies, the committee have wisely determined not to recommend the introduction of the popular element into the municipal body that will be hereafter established. The experiments made in that direction at Calcutta notoriously failed, and had to be abandoned. The elective principle was given up with common consent, and the later provision there and in Bombay of corporations composed of the Justices in Session is still on its trial, with doubtful promise as to the result. The Madras Committee are therefore of opinion, said Mr. Phillips in Council, "that it will be unwise to make any alteration, at present, in the agency by which the Municipal Funds of the town of Madras are administered, namely, by three commissioners appointed by the Government." The existing Board will consequently to all appearance remain unaltered, although one or two influential native nominees of the State may perhaps be added, as a considerable increase of civic taxation is to take place. This assurance relieves us of serious anxiety lest some so-called "popular" plan should have been suggested with public acclaim, which Mr. Ellis very justly told the council would "have been very transitory, because he ventured to say that when such a measure came to be applied, it would have been found to be unworkable, and would have necessarily required speedy amendment."

COURTS MARTIAL AT KAMPTEE.—A letter from the Central Provinces says that at Kamptee, a general Court-martial had commenced to sit on Captain Martin, commanding the D Battery 20th Brigade Royal Artillery, on charges arising from a signature to a bill, which signature Captain Martin denies; the case has been pending since December last. Colonel Galway, C.B., 36th Madras N.I., is president of the Court-martial. Lieutenant, R. D. Lowe, doing duty with the 12th Madras N.I., who has also been in arrest some time on charges made by Mr. Brereton, railway engineer, relating to a fracas at the hotel at Seetabuldi, is to be tried by the same Court-martial. Lieutenant F. Huddleston, of the late 1st Madras N.I., who left Cannanmore in October last to join the 1st M.N.I. at Ho-

shungabad, has not since been heard of. He has mysteriously disappeared, either by shipping himself off to America, or else met with foul play en route; it is generally thought the former surmise is the correct one.

THE DEPARTMENT OF PUBLIC WORKS.—At last the long-talked of reorganisation of the Department of Public Works has become an "accomplished fact." After a great amount of correspondence with the Supreme Government, dating so far back as March, 1864, the latter have "deferred" to the opinion of the Madras Government, and accordingly, from the 1st inst., the staff of the reorganised Department will stand as follows:—1 Secretary to Government, 1 Under Secretary, 8 Superintending Engineers, 1 Controller of the P.W. Accounts, 1 Deputy do., 1 General Superintendent of Presidency Stores and Workshops, 3 Executive Engineers of the 1st Class, 5 do. 2nd do., 6 do. 3rd do., 21 do. 3rd do., 12 do. 4th do., 6 Assistant Engineers of 1st Class, 20 do. 2nd do., 3 Sub-Engineers of the 1st Class, 2 do. 2nd do., 9 do. 3rd do., 11 Supervisors of the 1st Class, 30 do., 2nd do., 187 Taluq Overseers, 49 Apprentices. One point, however, in the above arrangement has not yet been finally settled, and that is, whether we are eventually to have 5 or 8 Superintending Engineers. The Supreme Government are in favour of the lesser number, but the local Government maintain that if the efficiency of the department is to be kept up there should not be less than 8. The question has been referred to the Secretary of State for settlement, pending whose reply the larger number has been sanctioned temporarily.—*Athenæum and Daily News*.

STOCK AND SHARE MARKET.—The demand for money continues slack, and the directors of the Bank of Madras reduced their rate of discount and interest one per cent. all round on the 23rd May. Government securities are in little demand, but have not fluctuated in value during the fortnight. We quote 5½ per Cents. 109½ to 110; 5 per Cents. 103½, and 4 per Cents. 90 to 90½. Bank of Madras Shares continue to be prejudicially influenced by forced sales in Bombay, and have declined nearly 10 per cent. during the fortnight. They are now quoted at 80 to 82 per cent. premium, nominal.—Exchange.—But little alteration in the rates has been visible during the fortnight. Credits have been placed for this Mail at 2s. 0½d., and Documentary Bills at 2s. 3d. to 3½. The banks are drawing at 2s. 3-16th.—Freights.—Our market is much depressed by the almost unprecedented quantity of tonnage now in our port.

PROPOSED MEMORIAL TO THE LATE COLONEL ELLIOT.—We hear that Mr. Temple, prior to his departure, was most anxious that a mural tablet should be put up in the station Church, in memory of our late esteemed Chief Commissioner, Colonel Elliot. It is to be hoped subscriptions will be raised for this purpose among the many friends Colonel Elliot had in these provinces, so as to have the work executed in England.—*Central India Times*.

THE IRREGULAR SYSTEM IN MADRAS.—It is understood that Sir Gaspard Le Marchant, the new Commander-in-Chief of Madras, has brought out with him instructions to introduce the irregular system into the Madras Army.

THE MASULIPATAM CYCLONE COMMITTEE has distributed about £19,000 in relief to the sufferers; the number of houses and huts destroyed was 19,181, and of dead bodies, men and animals, buried between 3,000 and 4,000.

"BLUE JACKETT," the well-known race-horse, the property of Mr. Minchin, c.s., has been carried off by a tiger at Kurnool.

SHIPPING.

ARRIVALS.

May 7. Mail str. Candia, Suez.—9. str. Cashmere, Baxter, Calcutta; mail str. Erymanthe, the Jehenne, Calcutta.—11. Jolar, Wright, Aden.—12. str. Bussan, Bombay.—14. mail

str. Bengal, Calcutta.—16. Peveril of the Peak, Ladies, Liverpool; Lord of the Isles, Graham, Greenock.—30. New Era, Chind, London.—21. Warwick, Trader, Sunderland.—23. Channel, London.

PASSENGERS ARRIVED.

Per str. Erymanthe.—For MADRAS.—Mr. Coqueiron, Mr. C. Forlong, Mr. J. Edmund, Mr. J. Farmer, Mr. Crawford, Mr. G. P. Webb, Mr. and Mrs. Jango St. Doeg, Mr. D. Traill, Mr. W. Grant, Mr. Moir. For PONDICHERY.—Mr. and Mrs. Davis. For SUZ.—Col. Stollord, Mr. J. Young, Mrs. Stollord. For MARSEILLES.—Mr. and Mrs. Cadell, Mr. Goodall, Mr. Grendon, Mr. J. Gillman, Lieut. J. Worron, St. A. Owen, Maj. Warowper, Mrs. Warowper, Mr. Derrisy, Mr. and Miss Fraser, Capt. and Mrs. Orr, Miss Dymes, Mrs. Maj. Orr, Mrs. Priestage, Mr. Williams, Mr. Ford, Mr. D. Darrett, Mr. A. Hantrive, Mr. Guthrie, Mr. Severn, Mr. J. Asten, Mr. P. Tickot, Mr. Vandeleur, Mr. E. Roquerbe, Mr. J. Campion, Capt. Trevenon, Mr. A. John.

Per P. and O. Co.'s str. Candia.—Mr. Joynham, Miss Vincent, Mrs. Willis, Gen. Smythe, Lieut. Neill.

DEPARTURES.

May 9. Mail str. Erymanthe, Galle.—6. H.M.S. Arracan, Rangoon; str. Candia, Calcutta.—19. Sir Robert Seppings, Coates, London.—26. Rockcliff, Drew, Penang.

PASSENGERS DEPARTED.

Per H.M.S. Arracan.—For RANGOON.—Capt. H. F. Stuart, Mrs. Bryant, Serg. Smith and three children.

Per str. Cashmere.—For NEGAPATAM.—Mr. T. Ballard.

For GALLE.—Major de Winton.

Per str. Bunnah.—For MASULIPATAM.—Capt. Smith, Maj. Baswell.

For COCANADA.—Mrs. Norior and two children, Mr. R. E. Norior.

Per P. and O. S. N. Co.'s str. Bengal.—For SOUTHAMPTON.

Dr. and Mrs. Adam and five children, Col. Marshall's child, Major Flint's two children, Mr. J. D. Sim, Mrs. Sim and three children, Capt. and Mrs. Roberts and four children, Mr. J. Smith, Capt. Foreman, Gen. Stevenson.

For MARSEILLES.—Mr. W. Elliott, De Shance, Mr. H. Maxwell, Mr. W. H. Crake, Mrs. Crake and three children.

For SUZ.—Mr. Minchin, Capt. Ewing.

For SINGAPORE.—Col. F. F. Warden.

For BOMBAY.—Mr. C. H. Reynolds.

COMMERCIAL.

Madras, May 29, 1865.

BANK OF MADRAS.

Interest on Loans and deposit of Govt. Securities...	7 per ct.
On Cash Credits on do. (subject to commission of ½ per cent. on the sum granted) on amount drawn.....	8 per ct.
Discount on Government Bills.....	9 per ct.
Do. on Private Bills, at or within 3 months.....	10 per ct.
Loans on deposit of Government paper.....	9 per ct.

EXCHANGES.

Document Bills, at 6 months' sight.....	2 0½
Credit to 6 months.....	2 0½
Agents' Bills on England, at 6 months ...	2 0
" " " at 3 months ...	1 11½
" " " at 1 month ...	1 11½
" " " at sight.....	1 11½
H.M.'s Treasury Bills.....	None.
Bank of England Post Bills.....	None.
Mauritius Government Bills.....	Nominal.
Ceylon ditto.....	"
Court of Directors' Bill on the Government of Bengal, 30 days' sight.....	Par.
Agents' Bills on Calcutta, 30 days.....	½ per ct. dis.
Do. on Bombay.....	1½ per ct. dis.

RATES OF ADVANCE.

On Govt. 5½ per cent. Promissory Notes.....	100 per ct.
Do. 5 ditto ditto.....	95 per ct.
Do. 4½ ditto ditto.....	90 per ct.
Do. 4 ditto Stock Receipts.....	80 per ct.
Do. 4 ditto Promissory Notes Sica.....	85 per ct.
Do. 4 ditto ditto Company's.....	85 per ct.
Do. 3½ ditto ditto ditto.....	per ct.
On Tanjore ditto ditto ditto.....	98 per ct.

GOVERNMENT SECURITIES

5½ per cent. Loan.....	1859... 9½ to 10 pm
5 per cent. ditto.....	1856-57... 3 to 3½ pm
4 per cent. ditto.....	1852-53... 9½ to 10 dis
Do. ditto.....	1853-54... 9½ to 10 dis
Do. ditto.....	1854-55... 9½ to 10 dis
5 per cent. Transferable Book Debt.....	No transaction.
Tanjore Bonds.....	80 to 82 p.c. pm.
Bank of Madras Shares.....	80 to 82 p.c. pm.

PRICE OF BULLION.

Sovereigns..... each Rs. 10-3-6

FREIGHTS.

Cotton to London and Liverpool.—£2. 5s. to £2. 7s. 6d.

BOMBAY.

THE ROUTE OF THE INDUS AND THE PORT OF KURRACHEE.

If the growth of the railway system in England has been so far beyond what its most sanguine supporters ever anticipated, if its development has been greater than the wildest visionary ever looked for, what shall we say of it in this country, where we see the gradual fulfilment of great projects for traversing the length and breadth of this wide land?

Perhaps the most favoured provinces in this

respect are, strange as it may seem, those most recently added to our rule. Thanks to the influence of a powerful advocate, thanks to the exertions of an eminent benefactor, the Punjab and Scinde have not been left behind in the race of progress; these territories that some twenty-five years ago were almost unknown lands, not only to Englishmen at home, but also to our own countrymen living in and administering the affairs of what then constituted British India, take an honourable place in the ranks with our older possessions. This week has witnessed the opening of upwards of 200 miles of railway, a link of a great system planned by the initiator and promoter of railway undertakings in the Punjab and in Scinde, for the purpose of not only strengthening and securing our power on the frontier, but to act as one of the most powerful agents in bringing about the resuscitation of the land of the five rivers.

Much yet remains to be accomplished, for what has been done is but a small portion of this great scheme. Let us not imagine that because the three great cities of the Punjab have been brought into daily communication with each other, that because we hold the certainty of witnessing in a few years the completion of an extension of that communication to Delhi, more is not required. We must not "rest and be thankful" while almost isolated from the sea. We must not stand by contentedly and see the development of our commerce delayed, and the full purpose of our inland railways retarded. Until the natural outlet for the cereal wealth and the varied products of the Punjab, as well as of the neighbouring tributary, and the independent States is secured by an unbroken line of railway, all else will be as nothing.

The day must soon come when a direct line traversing the valley of the Indus shall deposit with certainty—and in days instead of months—the superabundance of our harvests at the seaport of Kurrachee, while a returning stream of the manufactures of western Europe shall flow upwards, and becoming distributed, aid in carrying civilization throughout the Punjab and Central Asia.

What has been done, what is being done—whether in the introduction of railway communication, the development of commerce, the improvement of agriculture, the education and elevation of the people—are all sure aids to a great end. And when we see these enlightening and improving means willingly, nay eagerly, ratified by the people, we thankfully accept the signs of the times, and feel that we are ceasing to govern by the sword, but by the mind and by the heart instead.—*Lahore Chronicle*.

The ship *China*, Smith commander, from Glasgow, we learn, crossed the bar on April 27, drawing 20-6; the least water she had whilst crossing the bar was 26 feet. This is a fact well worthy of note, as it shows that if the harbour improvements now in progress have altered the channel into this harbour, and made it more tortuous, they have, at the same time, increased the depth of water very considerably. The largest line-of-battle ships can now enter the port at spring tides in perfect safety. This is in reality a piece of good news, which all interested in the commercial prosperity of Kurrachee will most assuredly receive joyously.—*Scinde paper*.

MISCELLANEOUS.

A MEETING OF THE SHAREHOLDERS OF THE BACK BAY RECLAMATION COMPANY was held on the 6th ult., when a rough statement of the accounts were presented, and a resolution passed that the premium realised on the sale of 400 shares of the company in June last, with interest, should be carried to a separate account, and be appropriated in such a manner only as the capital of the company is applicable.

DEATH OF MR. J. BALL.—We regret to learn that a very sad occurrence recently took place at a short distance from the Kussarah Railway station, which caused a most painful sensation amongst the European residents in that neighbourhood. It appears that Mr. John Ball, a permanent way inspector, who has resided for the last four years in an isolated cottage at a place called Mokonda, between Kussarah station and Kurdee, was missing from his home for several days, and, after a diligent search, his skeleton was found on the bank of the Rewtunda Nullah, in the heart of a very jungly country infested by wild animals, at a distance of about two and a half miles from the station, and about the same distance from his own home. The deceased was last seen alive early on the morning of Tuesday, the 9th May, when he was leaving the station unaccompanied by any one, and his remains were not discovered until the following Friday. Portions of the clothing, with the watch of the deceased, were found close to his remains, as also a small sum in copper. His hat was found amongst some bushes on a very steep bank forty or fifty feet above where the remains were lying. It is supposed that the deceased, on the morning of the day on which he met his death, had gone alone into the jungle in search of a pool of water, which the natives had informed him existed in the nullah in the vicinity of the spot where his remains were found, and that he had fallen over the precipice. The deceased was a faithful and hard working servant of his employers, and it would appear that in his zeal for their service he lost his life. There is a great scarcity of water this year at Kussarah for the railway engines, and the deceased is supposed to have been in the act of searching for a supply when he came by his death.—*Times of India.*

CASHMERE—OUTBREAK OF SHAWL MAKERS.—A Calcutta paper tells us that an outbreak has taken place among the shawl makers of Cashmere in consequence of the exactions of the Maharajah. They struck work, and the military had to be called out, but, strange thing to relate regarding an Asiatic populace, the malcontents paraded the streets *en masse*, and burnt the chief pundit in effigy for his supposed share in the tax which was to add to their difficulties. An up country paper adds:—A letter from Cashmere, of a later date than that which we inserted in our last issue, tells us that the shawl manufacturers had settled down quietly, and that the pundits were still in prison. The Maharajah shows no signs of moving from Jummoo.

THE INTERNATIONAL EXHIBITION.—It is understood that no attempt will be made to carry out the project of an International Exhibition until after the 1st July next. The Governor's interest in the scheme is undiminished; and many of the promoters of the original joint stock company are still anxious to fulfil their promise of guaranteeing the estimated expenses; but the expediency of postponing further operations while Bombay remains in its present prostrate condition is recognised by all. It is, indeed, unlikely that the ambitious idea of an International Exhibition will be proceeded with for some years to come: and the suggestion that a compromise might perhaps be effected in favour of a Local Exhibition next year is more in consonance with our now humble circumstances.

FEMALE SPECULATION AT BOMBAY.—A Bombay paper says that a curious fact has come to light in connection with the recent share depreciation. It appears that during the recent mania a large number of Parsee women dabbled in shares, and in order to do this raised loans on their jewels, and, where this was not practicable, sold them, in order to raise the requisite funds. Now that the crash has come, such a tearing of hair, beating of breasts, and gnashing of teeth as is now taking place in the Parsee quarter of Bombay has no parallel in the recollection of living man.

FAILURES IN BOMBAY.—The *Friend of India* says:—Failures in Hong Kong to the extent of £120,000, followed by the fall of Byramjee Hormusjee Cama of Bombay for three millions sterling, a fourth of which is unrepresented by assets, would at any time be alarming. The former were long expected, and will affect seriously only one young bank. But the latter is likely to have a most evil result in the present state of Bombay, where despairing speculators are so hard pressed that one is said to have offered a Bank of Bombay share at par, and the shareholders of mushroom Financial Associations indulge in uproarious recriminations disgraceful to human nature. We fear there is hardly a bank in Bombay which will not suffer heavily from this Cama failure. It renders fruitless all those compromises and expedients by which legitimate speculators had hoped to stave off the evil day till October and to lessen the crash when it came. The announcement of the Cama failure has caused a panic in Calcutta more serious than any yet experienced, but not fully justified by the state of the money market on this side. The Bombay Gazette, alluding to the same subject, says:—"The trust deed of Mr. Byramjee Hormusjee Cama's estate was sent home by last mail, a duly authenticated copy being kept in Bombay. The deed has been signed by all the principal creditors, by Mr. Cama himself, and by the trustees, with the exception of Mr. Muncherjee Franjee Cama, who has refused to act. Mr. Muncherjee is a distant relative, and not a brother of Mr. Byramjee. We hear that the Bank of Bombay is the largest creditor of all the local banks, and that Mr. Premchund Roychund has claims against the estate, chiefly in time-bargains, to the amount of seventy lakhs of rupees. The failure of Messrs Leckie and Co. is also announced. It was one of the oldest and most respectable firms in Bombay. The event was quite unexpected, as the house made a great deal of money in cotton in 1862-63, and has latterly taken no conspicuous part in the speculative enterprises of the day. The immediate cause of the failure of the Bombay house was the failure, announced by telegraph, of the London firm of Rimington, Cartwright, and Co., which consisted of the partners in the firm of Leckie and Co. The suspension of Messrs. Passmore and Co. was announced on the 6th of June."

DREADFUL EARTHQUAKE IN CABOOL.—The *Delhi Gazette's* correspondent in Cabool, writing on the 5th instant, says:—"The following letter was received to-day from Sirdar Fyz Mohamed, from Ukhcha in Toorkistan:—"A severe shock of earthquake has been felt here; almost the whole city of Ukhcha has been destroyed by it. The shock was felt all over Balkh, but not so severely as in Ukhcha. In Shiburghun about two thousand men were buried under their houses, while in Tukhta Bool and the Muzar Shurreef the shock was felt very slightly, and, consequently, the damage was not much."

OPENING OF THE BOMBAY GAS WORKS.—It is not yet quite two years since the works of the Bombay Gas Company were commenced, and the prophets of the time gave the company till July or December, 1865, to complete them. The vaticinations that accompany the commencement of most undertakings are generally over-sanguine in stating the period of their accomplishment, but those as to the completion of the Bombay Gas Works form an exception. The inauguration of the works took place on Friday evening, 26th May, and the interest of the occasion may be judged of by the fact that upwards of a thousand persons were present—European, Hindoo, Parsee, and Mahomedan—and among them the leading men of the various sections of the community in Bombay. The works were brilliantly illuminated, but their low situation at Chinchpogly—being somewhat below the level of the road—did not give the

illumination the commanding and striking appearance which it would have had if one could have seen the devices and lines of light from a distance instead of the radiance merely which the myriads of burners threw into the air. Opposite the entrance of the works, however, the whole of the illumination was very beautiful. The company undertake to supply gas at seven rupees per 1,000 cubic feet, which quantity we may mention for the sake of our native readers is equal to 6,232 English gallons. The average quantity consumed by one burner in one hour is not quite four feet, and any ready arithmetician can easily calculate from these data what it would cost him to light his house with gas, and compare the expense of the gas with the outlay for oil. The company are already prepared to supply gas in many parts of the native town and wait on the Municipal Commissioners erecting the lamps in its streets. The banquet was of the most sumptuous description, and the guests were legion. The native visitors stood in hundreds behind the tables, and looked on till the British lions had finished their meal, after which they joined heartily in the toasts of the evening. His Excellency the Governor was expected to have presided, but, at his Excellency's suggestion, the duty was entrusted to R. B. Barton, Esq., acting senior magistrate of police. The directors of the Bombay Gas Company entertained their European workmen to supper on Saturday night (27th May), on the completion of the works, in which they have been engaged during the last eighteen months. It would have been neglectful on the part of the directors if they had omitted to recognise in this simple but truly English fashion their gratification that the works had been brought to a favourable issue, and that their successful completion had been dependent on those clear European heads which had been drafted from among the artisans of England, not to superintend, but actually do work with which native workmen dared not be entrusted.—*Bombay Gazette.*

THE BISHOP OF CALCUTTA.—The Bishop of Calcutta reached Srinuggur in Cashmere on the 12th May. A day or two before the Rev. J. Handcock, of the Peshawur mission, was informed by the local representative of the Maharaja of Cashmeer that he must not preach the Gospel in the bazaars of the town as he had done once or twice! He proposes, in consequence, leaving Srinuggur. Should the bishop, following the example of his Right Reverend Brethren of London and Oxford, take to open-air preaching, would Dewan Kirparam venture on a similar prohibition?—*Delhi Gazette.*

A MILD DOSE OF JUSTICE.—In the Jeypore Raj justice seems to look kindly on criminals of tender age and of the tender sex. A news writer says that an extraordinary case of poisoning is said to have occurred here on the 14th instant. A girl about fourteen years of age, while in her father-in-law's house, mixed *dhutoora*, a kind of poison, in the day's meal, and poisoned her husband, her father-in-law, her mother-in-law, and her two brothers-in-law. The girl was apprehended, and, after the case had been thoroughly investigated, she was sentenced to five years' imprisonment.

MUTILATION.—The Chief of Jhubbooa in Central India having knowingly permitted a case of mutilation to occur at his capital, in which a person confined under suspicion of theft was deliberately deprived of a foot and hand, his Excellency the Governor-General in Council, in order publicly to mark the displeasure with which the British Government regard the conduct of the chief, directs that the salute of eleven guns to which he has been hitherto entitled be henceforth discontinued.

THE RAJASHS OF TRAVANCORE AND COCHIN have at length agreed to remove the fiscal restrictions on trade between British India and their own states, in the manner proposed by the Government of India.

THE COTTON FRAUDS ACT.—The Secretary of the Bombay Chamber of Commerce addressed a communication to Government, dated 27th ult., on the general results of the working of the Cotton Frauds Act during the past year, in which he states that the working of this Act was considered at a general meeting of the Chamber on the 23rd March, when the following resolution was agreed to:—"That though in the opinion of the Chamber there has been less admixture of foreign substances since the Cotton Frauds Act came into operation, the equally or even greater evil of mixing varieties of cotton has in no way diminished, and the cost of the working of the Act is disproportionate to any advantage derived from it." In placing this resolution before his Excellency the Governor in Council, the attention of Government is drawn to the fact that the Act is found to be inoperative when attempted to be put in force for the punishment of one of the principal evils which it was expected to cure.

SCINDE RAILWAY.—Since our last Mr. George Rawlinson, the agent of the Scinde Railway Company, has left Kurrachee for England, ostensibly for a year on sick leave, but really for good. Mr. D. McNeil, has, to the great delight of the whole of the railway subordinates, from first to last, been appointed acting agent; Mr. Ross to the post of traffic manager; Mr. Tavenor succeeded Mr. Ross. These nominations, are, to say the least of them, most judicious, for popular men always make the best leaders, and we have not the slightest doubt that Messrs. McNeil, Ross, and Tavenor will fully realize public expectation and render their department more comfortable to subordinates than unfortunately it has for some time past been.—*Our Paper.*

SUDDEN DEATH FROM CHOLERA.—We regret to announce the death of Lieutenant Hancock, of H.M.'s 33rd Regiment, which took place at this station from cholera yesterday morning. The deceased had dined at mess, and was attacked whilst sitting with a friend after dinner. He expired about two in the morning, and was buried last evening at half-past five. The deceased was a promising young officer, and his death will be deeply regretted by his numerous friends and acquaintances, to whom his genial and kind nature was well known, and with whom he was a general favourite.—*Poona Observer.*

THE TELEGRAPH IN INDIA.—The *Bombay Gazette* says:—We yesterday (30th ult.) published a telegram, dated London, May 17, a copy of which was forwarded to us by post from Reuter's agent at Kurrachee on the 23rd inst. The telegram itself came to hand yesterday about four P.M., having been despatched from Kurrachee on the 23rd inst., at 8.30 A.M., so that it was only seven days and seven hours in course of transit by the Government wire, and about two days, two hours, and thirty minutes longer than it took to come through from London to Kurrachee.

THE "STAR OF THE SOUTH."—Messrs. W. Nicol and Co., through the agency of Mr. Kessowjee Naik, have negotiated the sale to the Guicowar of Baroda of the celebrated diamond "Star of the South," for the sum of rupees eight lakhs and three-quarters. The "Star of the South" is, next to the "Koh-i-noor," the largest diamond in the world; weighing 125 carats, and is a gem of extraordinary purity and lustre.

COLONEL BRIGGS' MISSION TO ENGLAND.—Among the passengers who proceeded by a late mail was Lieut.-Colonel T. Briggs, R.A. This officer, we understand, has been deputed to England by Government in connection with a work on the Architectural Antiquities of Western India, which it is in contemplation to bring out under the management of a local committee. The work promises to be of great interest to the literary public of the Western Presidency.

THE ADVANCE OF RUSSIA.—There is a report that the Punjab Government have received information that a Russian force of 1,000 men, with a battery of artillery, has advanced as far as Yarkhand, close to the Cashmere frontier.

THE MURDERER OF MAJOR MAINWARING.—The native trooper, belonging to the Scinde Horse, who made such a desperate attempt on the life of Major Mainwaring at Jacobabad last month, has been tried by court-martial, convicted, and sentenced to be hanged.

PROPOSED RAILWAY FROM CAIRO TO A STATION ON THE RED SEA.—Sir H. Bulwer has been endeavouring to obtain the Viceroy's consent to a railway from Cairo to Ras Bennis, on the Red Sea, which would shorten by nearly two days the voyage to India.

SHIPPING.

ARRIVALS.

May 23. *Cara Linn*, McDougal, Aden; *Black Eagle*, Bassett, Liverpool.—25. *City of London*, Anderson, Glasgow.—26. *Bombay*, Miller, Aden.—27. *str. Carnatic*, Angrove, Suez; *Zambia*, Malini, Liverpool.—28. *Queen of the Lakes*, Shannon, Queensdown; *Western Empire*, Meiklejohn, Liverpool.—29. *G. T. O. Heyn*, Starke, Colombo; *Emily Smith*, Davidson, Adelaide.—31. *The Tweed*, Stuart, London; *Fattay Shaw Allum*, Phillips, Calcutta; *Sardinia*, Wilson, Rangoon; *Alsagar*, Peterson, Liverpool.—June 1. *Hougoumont*, Paris, Liverpool; *Mistress of the Seas*, Pan, Liverpool; *Premchand Royclund*, Scott, Liverpool; *Tornado*, Beard, Liverpool; *Oasis*, Parake, Hong Kong; *Mayuram Dayaram*, Scott, Calcutta; *Shakespeare*, Thomas, Shanghai; *Forest King*, Jones, Liverpool; *Arundel*, Whyte, Liverpool; *Royal Tar*, Marks, Liverpool; *Brockham*, Fletcher, Liverpool; *George Turner*, Higgins, Boston; *Rajpoot*, Gillett, London.—2. *Vortigern*, Heddstrom, Australia; *Arzilia*, Suila, Aden; *Sussanah*, Leech, Moulmein; *Rock Light*, Williams, Liverpool; *Margalen*, Minihelm, Moulmein; *Camperdown*, Cusens, London; *La France*, Fockenbeigh, Singapore; *Maldon*, Wright, Glasgow; *F. K. Dumas*, Wells, London; *Calabar*, Thompson, Calcutta.—3. *Eastham*, Kenzie, Mauritius; *Howden*, Jackson, Liverpool; *str. Bhima*, Bonfellow, Judda.—4. *Defiance*, Symons, London; *Glendower*, Jones, Liverpool.—6. *Countess of Minto*, McGuille, Liverpool.—7. *Babington*, Gwyther, London.

PASSENGERS ARRIVED.

Per P. and O. Co.'s *str. Carnatic*.—From Southampton.—Mr. and Mrs. Cresswell, Mr. R. Arthur, Mr. J. S. Riggs, Mr. B. Law, Mr. J. Murphy, Mr. R. Steadman, Miss Baddell, Mr. R. L. Orniston, Mrs. Warren, Mr. J. Cruddas, Mr. D. E. Gostling, Mrs. Gorrings and infant, Mr. Jones, Capt. and Mrs. Macdonnell, Mr. Davis, Mr. R. C. Henderson, Mrs. Wilcox and three children, Mrs. Tracey and two children, Mr. Bloxam, Mr. Louis Werner, Mrs. Gaynor, Mr. J. F. Evans, Mr. J. Davie, Mr. J. Houston, Mr. R. Mitchell, Mr. W. Redsell, From *MAARSEILLES*.—Mr. A. Ashley, Mr. Campbell, Mrs. and Miss Davey, Mr. A. Christie, Mr. W. Ritchie, Mr. D. Rose, Mr. and Miss de Michele, Mr. Sassoon, Mr. R. D. Sassoon, Mr. C. Sassoon, Mr. Levroy Sassoon, Maj. W. Gray, Mr. Storey, Mr. Wilkinson. From *ADEN*.—Mr. Greig.

DEPARTURES.

May 23. *Shah Jehan*, Rodgers, Mauritius; *Humber*, Mitchell, Liverpool; *Genii*, Carr, Calcutta; *Americana*, Potts, Hong Kong.—24. *Glenlee*, Dunn, Kurrachee; *Utage*, Munster, Liverpool; *Duncairn*, Finlay, Liverpool; *str. Benares*, White, Aden and Suez.—27. *Sam Mendel*, Murdock, Liverpool; *Asiana*, Shaw, Liverpool.—29. *Warrior Queen*, Catnach, Liverpool; *Silote*, Soule, Cairo; *Bulwark*, Kelly, Liverpool.—30. *str. Rangoon*, Grainger, China; *City of Tanjore*, Ferguson, Liverpool.—31. *John Stuart*, Lemon, Hong Kong; *Fez Rabanee*, Lowther, Hong Kong; *Moss Rose*, Bustin, Liverpool; *Latona*, Sedgwick, Calcutta.—June 1. *Hydree*, Crichton, Calcutta; *str. Margaret Crawford*, Jenkins, Bhowanigour.—2. *Becherdass Ambaidass*, Mossop, Liverpool.—3. *Trenton*, Walker, Liverpool.—5. *Almira*, Grose, Rangoon; *Pearl*, Brown, Calcutta; *Mofussilite*, White, Liverpool; *Phoenix*, Spillet, Singapore.—6. *Chippewa*, Lawson, Liverpool.—7. *Canova*, Brown, Liverpool.—8. *Mail str. Malta*, Angove, Suez.

PASSENGERS DEPARTED.

Per P. and O. Co.'s *str. Malta*.—For *ADEN*.—Mr. and Mrs. G. F. Luis and child, Mr. Edmonds. For *SUEZ*.—Mr. C. Johnson, Mr. P. Orvitz, Mr. H. Filderman, Mr. Parker, Capt. Tanner, Mr. and Mrs. Muller and infant, Mr. McLeod, Mr. Drynan, Mr. Cameron. For *MAARSEILLES*.—Mr. and Mrs. Meldrum, Lieut. J. Ducent, Mr. Howes, Mr. Peart, Mr. W. Abraham, Mr. Acklom, Mr. Gascoigne, Capt. Midway, Mr. Crawford. For *GIRKALTAR*.—Major Clanchy. For *SOUTHAMPTON*.—Capt. Sykes and child, Mr. Rawlinson, Capt. and Mrs. Ross and two children, Major Symons, Mr. and Mrs. West, Mrs. Glendenning and infant, Mr. R. Brooks, Mrs. Mackay and child, Lieut. Vibart, Mr. A. Lees, Mr. Biggles, Mr. Thomas, Mr. Mortimer, Mr. Worwick, Mr. O'Donel, Mrs. Bapty and infant, Lieut. Heath. Per mail *str. Benares*.—For *MAARSEILLES*.—Mr. M. C. Came, Mr. G. L. Young. For *SOUTHAMPTON*.—Mr. L. Farquharson, Mr. W. G. Izaak, Mr. A. Williams.

COMMERCIAL.

Bombay, June 7, 1865.

EXCHANGES.

On London Banks—at
6 months' sight, per rupee, 2s. 1-16d.
6 ditto ditto 2s. 4-5d. Cred. Bills.
6 ditto ditto 2s. 0-4d. Docts.

On Calcutta, at sight, per 100 103
Ditto at 30 days' ditto 101
Ditto at 60 days' ditto 100
On Madras, at 30 days' ditto 100½
On China, at 60 days' ditto Rs. 211 per 100 doles.

BANK AND OTHER SHARES

Agra Bank (Rs. 500) 125 pr. cent. pm
Asiatic Bank 10
Bombay Bank (Rs. 1,000) 35 do.
Bank of India (Rs. 25) 36 pm.
Broker's Banking Co. (Rs. 20) 12 pm.
Central Bank (Rs. 250) 120 do.
Chartered Bank of India, Australia, & China (Rs. 200) 100 do.
Commercial Bank (Rs. 500) 15 do.
Comptoir d'Escompte de Paris (Rs. 200) 100 do.
Joint-Stock Bank (Rs. 20) 83 do.
Mercantile Bank (Rs. 250) 60 do. inc. n.sh.
Oriental Bank Corporation (Rs. 250) 170 pm.
Royal Bank of India (Rs. 25) 28 do.
Madras Bank (Rs. 1,000) 70 do.
Apollo Press Co. (Rs. 11,000) par
Colaba Press Co. (Rs. 2,700) Rs. 6,000 p.sh.
Fort Press Co. (Rs. 3,667) Rs. 14,500 p.sh.
Elphinstone Land and Press Co.:—
(A) share (Rs. 6,000) 3600 Rs. 700 pm.
(B) share (Rs. 6,000) 2200 do.
Frere Press Co. (Rs. 250) 25 pm.
Victoria Land and Press Co. (Rs. 4,000) Rs. 2,300 pm.
Bombay Press Co. (Rs. 1,200) 5 per cent. dis.
Great Indian Peninsula Railway Co. Consolidated Stock (Rs. 218-8-0) Rs. 5 do. dis.
Ditto, New £20 Shares (Rs. 87-4-4) par.
Bombay Haroda, and Central India Railway Co. (Rs. 1,000) Rs. 600 prem.
Bombay Spinning & Weaving Co. (Rs. 5,000) Rs. 100 prem.
Great Eastern Spinning and Weaving Company (Rs. 1,100) Rs. 25 prem.
Manockjee Pitty's Spinning and Weaving Co. (Rs. 850) Rs. 400
House and Land Investment Co. (Rs. 200) Rs. 3,000
Bombay Shipping Co. (Rs. 1,500) Rs. 700 dis.
Iron Ship Co. (Rs. 1,000) Rs. 25 pm.
Oriental Ship Owning Association (Rs. 250) Rs. 300 dis.
Prince of Wales Ship Co. (Rs. 1,000) Rs. 250
Western India Ship Co. (Rs. 1,000) Rs. 3,200 p.sh.
Hydraulic Press Co. (Rs. 4,000) Rs. 500 prem.
Gooria Spinning Co. (Rs. 5,000) Rs. 90,000 p.sh.
Bombay United Spinning and Weaving Co. (Rs. 2,500) Rs. 400
Colaba Land Co. (Rs. 10,000) Rs. 185-45
Bonded Warehouse Co. (Rs. 400) 1854-55
Back Bay Reclamation Co., Rs. 5,000 paid-up, 4,000 p.sh. pm.
Oriental Weaving and Spinning Company (Rs. 2,500) 103½
Royal Spinning and Weaving Co. (Rs. 1,500) 111
Victoria Spinning Co. (Rs. 5,000) 103½

GOVERNMENT SECURITIES.

Four per Cent. Sica Rs. Trans. Loan Rs. 93
" " Sica Rs. Loan 1842-33 " 93
" " Co's Rs. Loan 1855-36 " 91½
" " " 1842-43 " 91½
" " " 1854-55 " 103½
Five per Cent. Co's Rs. Loan " 111
Five-and-a-Half per Cent.

PRICE OF BULLION, &c.

Sovereigns each, Rs. 10-6
Bank of England Notes " 10
Spanish Dollars " 210
Caroline Dollars " 290
Mexican Dollars " 225
Five Franc Pieces, Rs. 232 tolas " 208

FREIGHTS.

To London—Cotton, £1. 15s., nominal; Seeds, 15s. 0d. nominal.
To Liverpool—Cotton, 15s. to £1. 5s. per ton; Seeds, 10s. per ton.

CEYLON.

The *Colombo Observer*, of the 6th of June, contains the following paragraphs:—

The Governor, having returned from his Ouhah trip, has been busy at Kandy arranging with his Executive Council the programme of measures for the ensuing session of Council, and celebrating in the usual style Her Majesty's Birthday. And yet not in the usual style, for much surprise has been expressed at the omission of the accustomed loyal toast "Her Majesty's health." But Sir Hercules Robinson must have acted advisedly in this matter as in others. His Excellency during the fortnight has passed from his chrysalis state and is now full governor—complete representative of Her Majesty. He is understood to be in favour of "long walks" and short meetings of Council, and certainly Mr. Secretary Cardwell by his contemptuous annihilation of the unofficial element in the Council makes the latter condition easy.

It is rumoured that Colonel Milman, well-known here as an officer of the 37th Regiment, is to succeed Major-General O'Brien as commander of the forces. The latter gallant officer has somewhat recovered, but continues in feeble health.



Official Gazette.

BENGAL.

BY THE GOVERNOR-GENERAL.

*Home Dept., Simla, May 15.—No. 476.—*Mr. T. C. Huddleston, app. by the Sec. of State for India a member of H.M.'s Civil Service on the Bengal estab., reported his arrival at the Presidency on Nov. 16 last, per str. *Lady Jocelyn*, which reached the Sandheads on 14th idem.

*No. 479.—*Rev. J. Robinson, chaplain on the Bengal estab., has reported his departure from India per *Simla*.

*May 16.—No. 480.—*Mr. G. L. Lang, Bengal Civil Service, has reported his departure from India per *Simla*.

*No. 481.—*In accordance with the arrangements sanctioned in Government Resolution, financial dept., No. 928, dated Feb. 21, 1865, the following reclassification of the superintendents of police in British Burmah has been made, with effect from May 1.

Superintendents, 1st Grade.

Cpts. J. Duval and F. Hamilton.

Superintendents, 2nd Grade.

Mr. P. B. Doyle and Lieut. T. W. Conolly.

Superintendents, 3rd Grade.

Lieut. C. A. Munro and T. Lowndes.

Superintendents, 4th Grade.

Cpts. J. C. Middleton and W. G. Grove.

Superintendents, 5th Grade.

Major C. Coote, Capt. S. C. Montgomerie, Lieut. A. Cook, and Mr. J. Davies.

*No. 482.—*Messrs. D. Simson and M. Brodhurst, and the Hon. R. N. Cust, Bengal C.S., have reported their departure from India per steam ship *Simla*, which vessel was left by the pilot at sea on the 25th ult.

*No. 486.—*The services of Mr. F. Cox, asst. dist. superint. of police, 1st class, in the C.P., are placed temporarily at the disposal of the public works dept.

*No. 484.—*Mr. J. C. Colvin, of the C.S., is permitted to proceed to Europe on furlough for a period of 2 years, from the date of embarkation.

*No. 485.—*Mr. H. Hankey, of the C.S., is permitted to proceed to Europe on furlough for a period of 1 year, from the date of embarkation. Mr. Hankey has reported his departure from India per steam ship *Simla*, which vessel was left by the pilot at sea on the 25th ult.

*No. 486.—*The Gov. gen. in Council is pleased to permit the Hon. H. T. Raikes to resign the C.S., from Dec. 31, 1864.

MUTILATION.

*Simla, May 15.—No. 179.—*The Chief of Jhubboo, in Central India, having knowingly permitted a case of mutilation to occur at his capital, in which a person confined under suspicion of theft was deliberately deprived of a foot and a hand, H.E. the Gov. gen. in Council, in order publicly to mark the displeasure with which the British Government regard the conduct of the chief, directs that the salute of 11 guns, to which he has been hitherto entitled, be henceforth discontinued.

OUDE COURTS.

*May 18.—No. 193.—*Under the provisions of sec. 2, Act XVI., 1865, H.E. the Gov. gen. in Council is pleased to invest comrs., dep. comrs., and settlement officers in the province of Oude, with the powers of a Court of First Appeal between the Court of First Instance and the financial commissioner.

*May 15.—No. 183.—*A commission of the peace was issued from the High Court of Judicature of Fort William in Bengal on the 20th ult., directed to the undermen. officer:—

Major W. D. Dickson, acting cantonment mag. of Neemuch.

*May 17.—No. 209.—*With reference to G.O. No. 258, dated Dec. 2, 1864, H.E. the Viceroy and Gov. gen. in Council is pleased to extend the period, during which the rules for the sale of waste lands in the Central Provs. shall be in force, to Jan. 1, 1868.

*No. 1,077.—*Lieut. P. W. Powlett, appd. in G.O.

No. 8, dated Jan. 5, to be asst. comsr. in the Hyderabad assigned dists., assumed charge of his office on Feb. 23.

*No. 1,080.—*Capt. H. S. V. Fisher, asst. comsr. of Hurdul, in Oude, has obt'd. 6 mo. leave to the hills on m.c., from April 16, under the rules applicable to mily. officers in civil employ.

*No. 1,082.—*With reference to G.O. No. 413, dated Feb. 21, Capt. W. B. Thomson, settlement officer of Seonee, will offic. as settlement officer of Chindwarrah, in the Central Provs., in addition to his own duties, during the abs. of Mr. Ramsay on leave.

*No. 1,084.—*Asst. surg. B. T. Suffrein, of the Madras med. estab., has passed a successful examination in Burmese for the first or lower standard, and is entitled to the prescribed allowance of Rs. 250.

*May 13.—No. 169.—*The unexpired portion of the leave, viz., from March 25 to April 10, granted in Public Works Dept. Notification No. 101 of March 22, to Gunner W. E. Lippert, overseer, 1st grade, Mysore, is cancel.

*No. 170.—*Lieut. T. C. Manderson, R.E., asst. engr., 1st grade, is transf. from N.W.P. to the Punjab. This cancels Notification No. 124 of March 30, transf. Lieut. W. Shepherd to the Punjab.

*No. 171.—*The underment. subordinates of the Madras presidency are brought on the Public Works Estab., under the Govt. of India, and posted to Mysore, with effect from the date on which their services are made available by the Madras Govt.:—

Mr. W. H. Walton, supervisor, 2nd grade.

Serg. J. Cairns, supervisor, 2nd grade.

*May 16.—No. 173.—*Lieut. W. J. Engledue, R.E., is appd. asst. engr., 2nd grade, and posted to Oude.

*No. 174.—*Lieut. J. H. Smith, R.E., is appd. asst. engr., 2nd grade, and posted to Bengal.

*No. 175.—*The leave of abs. on m.c. from Dec. 1, 1864, to Feb. 4, 1865, granted by the chief comr. to Corp. W. Ramsden, overseer, 2nd grade, Central Provs., is confirmed.

*May 17.—No. 177.—*Mr. W. Billings, asst., 1st grade, public works dept., Central Provs., is appd. to offic. as a dep. controller and posted to the Punjab, in succession to Lieut. E. A. Trevor, about to proceed on leave.

*No. 81.—*The services of Lieut. W. L. Noverre, asst. conservator of forests, Central Provs., are placed temp. at the disposal of the chief comr., for employ. as an asst. comr. of the 2nd class.

Mr. F. C. Cox, asst. superint. of police, 1st class, in the Central Provs., is appd. to offic. as an asst. conservator of forests, v. Lieut. Noverre, as a temp. measure.

*May 15.—No. 484.—*With reference to G.O. No. 480 of the 11th inst., H.E. the Gov. gen. in Council is pleased to make the following temp. appointments:—

Army Commissariat Department.—Lieut. F. Tweddell, gen. list, inf., qrmr., 31st (Punjab) regt., N.I., and Lieut. E. M. L. Marriott, gen. list, inf., qrmr., 33rd (Allahabad) regt., N.I., to offic. as sub asst. commissaries gen., 2nd class, to complete the establishment, until further orders.

*May 16.—No. 485.—*The services of Lieut. J. Dundas, R.E., being no longer required with the Door Field Force, to which he was temporarily attached, they are replaced at the disposal of the Govt. of India, in the public works dept.

*May 17.—No. 486.—*The underment. officer is permitted to proceed to Europe on leave of absence on m.c.:—

Capt. W. S. Trevor, controller and examiner, public works accounts, Bengal, for 20 mo., under the new regs.

*No. 488.—*The following orders, issued by the Govt. of Fort St. George, are confirmed:—

*No. 133, dated April 6, and No. 142, dated April 12.—*Granting leave of absence to Europe, on m.c., to Lieut. W. E. Forbes, royal (Bengal) artillery, asst. settlement officer in Oude, for 20 mo., under the new regs., with effect from March 11, the date of his embarkation from Calcutta.

*No. 489.—*The following proms. are made, subject to H.M.'s approval:—

Cadre of the late 39th N.I.—Capt. (brev. lieut. col.) C. Jackson to be maj. and lieut. (capt. in the staff corps); F. M. H. Forbes to be capt. from March 22, v. Maj. (brev. lieut. col.) J. N. Thomas, dec.

Cadre of the late 69th N.I.—Lieut. (capt. in the staff corps) T. W. R. Boisragon, to be capt. from March 20, v. Maj. H. Hayley, staff corps, capt. in the cadre of the late 69th N.I., dec.

*No. 490.—*The undermentd. officer is perm. to proceed to Eur., on m.c.:—

Lieut. A. B. E. Thomas, late 4th Eur. regt., for 20 mo., under new regs.

*No. 491.—*The undermentd. officer is perm. to proceed to Eur., on m.c.:—

Lieut. J. R. Maratt, late 2nd N.I., offitg. adj. 18th regt. N.I., for 18 mo., under new regs.

*May 18.—No. 492.—*With reference to G.G.O. No. 165, of March 2, 1863, the name of the undermentd. officer who retired from the service under the Annuity Scheme of 1861, is removed from the list of the regtl. lieut. cols. of inf.:—

Lieut. col. (major gen., retired list) E. J. Dickey, by death of Col. (major gen.) J. Mattheie, Bengal inf.

*No. 493.—*The following proms. are made subject to H.M.'s approval:—

Bengal Inf.—Lieut. col. (brev. col.) J. E. Landers, to be col., and Major (lieut. col. in the staff corps) C. F. M. Mundy, from cadre of late 34th N.I., to be lieut. col., from March 28, v. Gen. R. C. Andree, Bengal inf., dec.

Cadre of the late 34th N.I.—Capt. (brev. lieut. col.) P. H. K. Dewal, to be major, and Lieut. (brev. major) F. H. Hemmer, to be capt., from March 28, v. Gen. R. C. Andree, Bengal inf., dec.

Bengal Inf.—Maj. (Lieut. col. in the staff corps) H. Nicoll, from cadre of late 50th N.I., to be lieut. col. from March 28, v. Lieut. col. C. F. M. Mundy, staff corps, removed from the list of regtl. lieut. cols.

Cadre of the late 50th N.I.—Capt. (Lieut. col. in the staff corps) A. C. Plowden, to be maj. and Lieut. (Capt. in the staff corps); H. V. Mathias, to be capt. from March 28, v. Lieut. col. C. F. M. Mundy, staff corps, removed from the list of regtl. lieut. cols.

Bengal Inf.—Maj. (Brev. lieut. col.) D. S. Dodgson, from cadre of late 30th N.I., to be lieut. col., from March 28, v. Lieut. col. H. Nicoll, staff corps, removed from the list of regtl. lieut. cols.

Cadre of the late 30th N.I.—Capt. (Brev. maj.) W. D. Bishop, to be maj. and lieut. (Capt. in the staff corps); H. S. V. Fisher, to be capt. from March 28, v. Lieut. col. H. Nicoll, staff corps, removed from the list of regtl. lieut. cols.

*No. 494.—*With reference to G.O. No. 820, dated Oct. 7, 1864, it is hereby notified that the increased rates of pay to serg. band masters of the cav. and inf. are to have retrospective effect from the dates on which the band masters were respectively appointed.

*No. 496.—*Under the authority of the Right Hon. the Sec. of State, Capt. S. Budd (unattached), having been declared permanently disqualified for the performance of further active service, but still equal to the discharge of garrison duties, is, in conformity with pars. 3 and 5 of G.G.O. No. 819 of June 23, 1857, transf. to the invalid estabmt. and attached to the invalid batt.

*May 19.—No. 498.—*The underment. officer, having completed 20 years' service, six years of which were on permanent staff employ, to be maj., from the date specified opposite to his name, under the royal warrant of Jan. 16, 1861, subject to H.M.'s approval:—

Bengal Staff Corps.—Capt. A. G. Priestley, from May 1.

*No. 499.—*The services of Capt. W. Macdonald, late 25th regt. N.I., dist. supt. of police, in charge of the police in the Bengal Doors of Bhootan, are placed at the disposal of the C. in C. for appt. to a post under H.E.'s orders.

*No. 500.—*The services of Lieut. H. Martin, of the 26th Bombay N.I., 3rd squadron officer of the 2nd regt. Sind horse, are placed at the disposal of the home dept.

*No. 501.—*The following orders, issued by the Resident at Hyderabad, are confirmed:—

*"No. 64, dated May 1.—*Confirming the regimental order issued by the officer comdg. the 5th inf. Hyderabad contingent, directing Lieut. and offitg. paid doing-duty officer R. Outley, to offic. as adjt. of the corps, in addition to his own duties, from April 11, v. Lieut. Shaw, transf. to the 1st inf., Hyderabad contingent."

*"No. 66, dated May 5.—*Confirming the regimental order issued by the officer comdg. the 1st inf., Hyderabad contingent, dated April 19, directing Lieut. E. W. Shaw, paid doing-duty officer, to offic. as adjt. of the corps from that date."

*"No. 67, dated May 5.—*Granting Capt. J. P. Pedler, 2nd in comd., 2nd inf., Hyderabad contingent, 15 days' leave of absence on priv. affairs, in ext. of the priv. leave allowed in G.O. No. 41, dated Mar. 4."

*No. 68, dated May 5.—*Cancelling the leave of abs. granted to Capt. W. H. Macnaghten, paid doing duty officer and offitg. adjt., 2nd cav., Hyderabad contingent, in G.O. No. 58, dated April 8.

PRECEDENCE.

No. 503.—The Right Hon. the Governor general in Council is pleased to notify, for future guidance, that, on all occasions of parade, British troops are to take precedence of native troops of every branch of the service.

Native Corps will take precedence among themselves in the following order:—

1. The body guard has the precedence of all native corps whatever.
2. Horse artillery, whether mounted or dismounted, take the right of all cavalry.
3. Cavalry, whether mounted or dismounted, take the right of all infantry.
4. Foot artillery take rank after cavalry.
5. The corps of sappers and miners take the right of all native infantry.
6. Regiments of native infantry rank next, and take precedence according to numerical order and seniority.
7. Goorkha regiments and regiments of the Punjab irregular force, when acting with other Bengal troops, take rank according to seniority, under the provisions of G.G.O. No. 990 of 1861.
8. Local corps rank next, and take precedence according to date of raising.

These rules are applicable to the three presidencies.

MILITARY CASUALTIES.

Mily. Dept., Calcutta, May 15.—Under clause 26 of the regulations appended to the Regimental Debts Act of 1863, it is notified that reports of the deaths of the undermentioned officers, warrant officers, and non-commissioned officers, on the dates specified, were received in the military department during the month of April:—

Royal Artillery.—Lieut. R. W. S. M. Cameron, died March 19, at Calcutta.

3rd Batt. Rifle Brigade.—Brev. maj. G. E. Rose, died March 6, at Calcutta.

Bengal Staff Corps.—Lieut. col. E. K. Elliott, died March 27, at Rajpootana.

Bengal Infantry.—Lieut. col. J. J. Walker, died March 11, at Calcutta.

Late 50th N.I.—Maj. H. E. Read, died March 24, at Landour.

Late 39th N.I.—Lieut. col. J. N. Thomas, died March 21, at Baghsoot.

Subordinate Med. Dept.—Apoth. S. Slater, died March 16, at Chunar; Hospital Apprentices J. Fitzpatrick, died March 3, at Meerut; and J. B. Butler, died March 24, at Meerut.

Unattached List.—Serg. W. Hardy, died March 24, at Agra.

May 22.—No. 648.—Lieut. J. W. W. Costley, H.M.'s 23rd Royal Welsh fus., offic. asst. supt. of police, British Burmah, is confirmed in that app.

No. 642.—The Gov. gen. in Council is pleased to appoint Mr. J. Prince, offic. asst. dist. superint. of police in Oude, to be superint. of the Lucknow city police, from the 19th ult., v. Mr. D. Blenman, dec.

No. 652.—Maj. J. J. Fulton is invested with the powers described in section 1 of Act XV. of 1862, while offic. as dep. comr. of Mundla, in the Central Provinces.

No. 654.—Mr. E. Foy, asst. revenue surveyor, 4th division, Central Provinces, has 6 mo. leave, from April 15.

Mr. W. Ellison, asst. revenue surveyor, 2nd division, Central Provinces, is allowed 17 days' privilege leave, from Jan. 23.

Mr. E. C. Barratt, sub-asst. revenue surveyor, 2nd class, 4th division, Central Provinces, is allowed 3 mo. leave, from May 1.

No. 656.—Lieut. W. Vertue is invested with the powers of a sub. mag. of the 1st class, while offic. as asst. comr. of Nagpore, in the Central Provinces.

FURLOUGH.

May 23.—No. 668.—In continuation of notification No. 676, published in the *Gazette of India* of June 18, 1864, the following despatch from the Right Hon. the Secy. of State, No. 19, dated April 15, is published for general information:—

Judicial.—No. 19.

India-office, London, April 15, 1865.

To H.E. the Right Hon. the Gov. gen. of India in Council.

Sir,—I have to request that the following rule may be substituted for rule 9 of the "revised rules relating to furloughs and leave of absence for judges of the High Court":—

Short leave on private affairs may be granted to the Judges of the High Court, under Sections 6, 7, and 8 of the Rules on leave applicable to Covenanted Civil Servants, published in a notification of

the Government of India, dated Dec. 16, 1864, No. 3,890, financial dept.—I have, &c.,
(Signed) C. Wood.

No. 670.—Capt. H. Lewis, offic. master attendant at Rangoon, is confirmed in that appt., from the date of Capt. Brooking's admission to pension.

No. 672.—Rev. A. Stone, Bengal ecclesiastical estab., has been granted, by the Right Hon. the Sec. of State for India, an extension of leave for 6 mo., on m.c.

May 25.—No. 673.—Dr. S. C. Townsend, civil surg. of Nagpore, is invested with the powers of a mag., to be exercised within the precincts of the jail at Nagpore.

May 26.—No. 691.—The services of Lieut. J. S. D. Bennet are replaced at the disposal of the Govt. of Madras.

May 22.—No. 1,113.—The services of Major H. Dixon, 22nd M.N.I., employed temporarily under the Mysore commission, are replaced at the disposal of the military dept. from 1st proximo.

No. 1,116.—Capt. J. G. Bell, dep. comr. of Mai-kur, Hyderabad assigned districts, has obtained priv. leave of absence for one month from 15th inst.

No. 1,118.—Lieut.-col. R. T. Snow, dep. comr. of Dumoh in the Central Provs., has obtained leave of absence for thirty-nine days, prep. to applying for leave to Europe on m.c.

Mr. H. Read, assist. comr. and offic. assistant settlement officer, Saugor, is app. to offic. as dep. comr. of Dumoh.

No. 1,120.—Lieut. J. FitzGerald, assist. comr. of Akolah in the Hyderabad assigned districts, has obtained priv. leave of abs. for 3 mos. from June 8 next.

No. 1,122.—Surg. H. R. Oswald, M.D., of Madras medical estab., is app. surgeon of the Mysore commission, in succession to Dr. J. Kirkpatrick.

No. 1,124.—Lieut. G. C. Sartorius, assist. conservator of forests in the Central Provs., is app. to offic. as an assist. comr. of the 2nd class, as a temp. arrangement.

The G.O. No. 1,018, dated 9th inst., is cance.

No. 1,127.—Major A. R. E. Hutchinson, political agent at Gwalior, has obtained priv. leave of abs. for 2 mo. from 15th inst., or from the date on which he may avail himself of it.

Major J. A. Wright, cantonment mag., will conduct the current duties of the Gwalior agency during Major Hutchinson's absence.

May 25.—No. 1,135.—The following officers of the Central Provs. commission have passed the prescribed departmental exam.:—

For the Higher Standard.—Lieuts. M. M. Bowie, J. H. Macdougall, H. J. Lugard, T. H. B. Brooke, J. A. Temple, and H. C. Ward, asst. comrns.

For the Lower Standard.—Lieut. R. M. B. Thomas, asst. comr.

Mr. Apoth. T. H. Carr, sub. mag.

No. 1,139.—Capt. C. V. Gordon, asst. comr. in charge of the current duties of the Saugor dep. comr.'s office in the Central Provs., has obtained 39 days' prep. leave of abs., from such date as he may avail himself of it, to proceed to Calcutta for the purpose of obtaining leave on m.c. to England.

No. 1,141.—Mr. F. O. Mayne, appd. in G.O. No. 612, dated March 16, to be comr. of the Baiswara div. in Oude, is transferred to the Fyzabad div., with effect from the 25th ult.

Mr. H. S. Reid, C.S., is appd. to be comr. of the Baiswara div. from the above date.

May 22.—No. 378.—The Gov. gen. in Council is pleased, under sec. 52 of Act X. of 1862, to invest the supnt. of stamps and the dep. supnts. of stamps in Oude, with powers to prosecute for offences affecting the stamp revenue.

May 19.—No. 179.—Lieut. H. J. Nuthall, exec. engr., 4th grade, public works dept., Rajpootana, received charge of the Dhar div. of public works from Lieut. J. Bedford, April 27.

May 20.—No. 180.—ERRATUM.—From public works dept. notification No. 131 of April 7, making certain proms. in the engr. branch of the public works dept., omit the name of "Mr. E. Hyde, British Burmah," that officer having already been prom. to exec. engr., 4th grade, in public works dept. notification No. 52; dated Feb. 17.

No. 181.—Mr. W. Stenhouse, specially engaged by the Secretary of State for India for the Alguada and Double Island Light Houses, is brought on the strength of the public works estab. under the Govt. of India, as a temp. supervisor of the 1st grade, with effect from Oct. 1, and is posted to the light-houses circle.

No. 182.—Mr. A. Izat, prob. asst. engr., Hyderabad, is prom. to the grade of 2nd class asst. engr. with effect from Sept. 1.

May 28.—No. 183.—Lieut. J. Dundas, R.E., having been relieved from duty with the Doar field force, as intimated in mily. dept. notification No. 485, dated May 6, 1865, his services are replaced at the disposal of the Bengal Govt. in the pub. works dept.

No. 184.—Mr. A. Penny and Mr. D. Scott, asst. engs., 2nd grade, Oude, are transf. from the Imperial to the local pub. works estabmts., as civil divl. engs. of the 2nd class, with effect from Nov. 15 and Oct. 1, 1864, respectively.

May 25.—No. 185.—Mr. W. D. Brockman, exec. engr., 1st road div., Oude, assumed charge of the 2nd road div., in addition to his own duties, on April 12.

No. 186.—Mr. J. Wilson, accountant, 4th grade, Oude, returned on May 6 from the 1 mo. priv. leave granted to him in public works dept. notification No. 148 of the 1st idem.

No. 187.—Capt. H. H. Foord, exec. engr., Berar div., has been granted priv. leave for 14 days, with effect from the 16th current.

No. 188.—Capt. W. S. Trevor, controller of pub. works accounts, Bengal, is prom. from the 2nd to the 1st class, with effect from April 1.

No. 189.—Capt. H. D. B. Smith, M.S.C., exec. engr. 2nd road div., Oude, has leave, m.c., from April 17 to May 23, prep. to embarking for Europe.

PROMOTIONS IN PUBLIC WORKS DEPARTMENT.

No. 190.—H.E. the Governor gen. is pleased to make the following promotions in the public works department of the local administrations, with effect from April 1, 1865:—

To be exec. engineer 1st grade:—Mr. T. S. Issac, exec. engr. 2nd grade, Central Provinces.

To be exec. engs. 2nd grade:—Major G. T. Hilliard, exec. engr. 3rd grade, British Burmah.

Mr. H. Prince, C.E., exec. engr. 3rd grade, with temp. rank of exec. engr. 2nd grade, British Burmah.

Capt. D. R. E. Ward, exec. engr. 3rd grade, Oude. To be exec. engs. 3rd grade:—Mr. S. G. Hanna, C.E., exec. engr. 4th grade, Central Provinces.

Capt. G. Swetenham, R.E., exec. engr. 4th grade, Oude.

To be exec. engr. 4th grade:—Mr. J. W. Inglis, C.E., asst. engr. 1st grade, Oude.

Lieut. W. M. Roberts, R.E., asst. engr. 1st grade, Central Provinces.

Mr. A. Stoddard, C.E., asst. engr. 1st grade, Mysore.

Mr. T. Vanstavern, asst. engr., 1st grade, Central Provinces.

To be asst. engs., 1st grade:—Mr. H. Bell, C.E., asst. engr., 2nd grade, Central Provinces.

Mr. G. C. Cooke, C.E., asst. engr., 2nd grade, Rajpootana.

Mr. A. J. Hughes, C.E., asst. engr., 2nd grade, Oude.

Mr. F. J. Johnston, C.E., asst. engr., 2nd grade, Central Provinces.

Mr. R. C. McKennie, C.E., asst. engr., 2nd grade, Mysore.

Lieut. E. L. Marryat, R.E., asst. engr., 2nd grade, Central Provinces.

Mr. F. L. O'Callaghan, asst. engr., 2nd grade, Central Provinces.

Mr. F. J. Williams, C.E., asst. engr., 2nd grade, Central Provinces.

To be sub-engr., 1st grade:—Sergt. J. Whiting, sub-engr., 2nd grade, Central Provinces.

To be sub-engr., 3rd grade, with local rank only:—Sergt. G. Stock, supervisor, 1st grade, British Burmah.

Accounts Branch.

To be Accountants, 3rd Grade.—Mr. R. G. MacDonald, accountant, 4th grade, accountant gen.'s office, P.W.D.

Mr. W. McCracken, accountant, 4th grade, Mysore.

Mr. J. W. Wilson, accountant, 4th grade, Oude.

ALLOWANCES TO VETERINARY SURGEONS.

May 22.—No. 504.—With reference to G.G.O., No. 363 and 364, dated March 30, 1860, the Right Hon. the Gov. gen. in Council is pleased to direct the publication of the following paragraphs of a letter from the Right Hon. the Secy. of State for India, No. 109, dated April 7, 1865, and to notify that the increased allowances therein authorised are to have effect from May 1:—

With my letter dated Nov. 24, 1859, No. 412, I transmitted to you copies of a Royal Warrant, dated July 1, 1859, regulating the rank, pay, promotion, and retirement of veterinary surgeons of H.M.'s British forces; and I directed that such parts of this warrant as related to relative rank and precedence

should be made applicable to veterinary surgeons of H.M.'s Indian forces. At that time it was not considered expedient to alter the existing regulations affecting the pay and allowances, or the conditions of invaliding and retirement of this class of officers.

Consequent on the recent extension to medical officers of the benefits of the rates of pay and allowances fixed by the Royal Warrant of Oct. 1, 1858, for the medical officers of the army, I have had under my consideration in Council the subject of the allowances drawn in India by veterinary surgeons of the British and Indian Forces respectively.

Your letter dated Dec. 21 last, No. 470, also draws my attention to the present scale of pay to veterinary surgeons in India, which is stated to be relatively much less than that granted in England and the Colonies.

It appears to me that the time has now arrived at which other provisions of the Royal Warrant of July 1, 1859, may be introduced into India, in addition to those specified in my letter of Nov. 24, 1859, above referred to.

It has been accordingly resolved that the rate of pay laid down in the Royal Warrant, with the Indian allowances of the relative rank of the officer, shall, for the future, be adopted as the scale of pay for veterinary surgeons of the British and Indian forces. From the date of the commencement of these allowances, all extra allowance of whatever description will cease.

Vety. surgs. compelled to leave the service on account of ill-health, and entitled to half-pay pensions under present regulations, will be allowed the Indian rates of half-pay of their relative rank, as laid down in the Royal Warrant of July 1, 1859.

Vety. surgs. of the Indian medical service will be allowed to retire on the following scale of pension, on completion of the required periods of service, viz. :—

After 20 years...	£200 a-year
25 " " " "	250 "
30 " " " "	300 "

The amalgamation of the vety. surgs. of the British and Indian forces being contemplated, no further alteration in regard to the position on retirement of the vety. surgs. of the latter forces appears to me to be at present called for.

The other advantages held out by the Royal Warrant to vety. surgs. and their families are to be adopted and declared applicable to India, as far as the differences of the service will admit.

Such vety. surgs. of the local forces as have expressed their desire to volunteer for general service should be allowed to re-consider their decision on your receipt of this despatch.

GUNS FOR THE INDIAN ARMY.

No. 505.—The Right Hon. the Gov. gen. in Council is pleased to direct that the royal pattern platform (Gun and Howitzer) shall be introduced for service in India, and the present stock of material in arsenals and magazines brought to the new dimensions. Each platform will consist of—

	Min.	Sec.	Sec.
5 Sleepers, length 15 ... breadth 5 ... depth 5			
20 Planks, do. 10½ ... do. 9 ... do. 2			
2 Ribbands, do. 15 ... do. 4 ... do. 4			
10 Racklashings.			

VOLUNTEER CORPS.

May 23.—No. 506.—Under the authority of the Right hon. the Sec. of State for India, the following Horse Guards G.O. is declared applicable to volunteer corps raised in India with the sanction of the Viceroy and Gov. gen. in Council. The present rules on the subject of the relative rank of field officers and other officers of the regular army and volunteer corps, are that the volunteer officers rank with officers of the regular army as jun. of their respective grades :—

General Order No. 850.

Horse Guards, S.W., Aug. 16, 1864.

H.R.H. the Field Marshal comd'g. in chief has received H.M.'s commands to promulgate to the army the following regulation, which has been decided on in concurrence with the Sec. of State for War, viz. :—

The order, as contained in H.M.'s book of regulations, for the relative rank of the officers of the army and royal marines, with those of the militia, yeomanry and volunteers, shall be held applicable also to officers of colonial militia, yeomanry and volunteer corps which have been, or may hereafter be, raised by the legislature of the colonies, with the sanction of H.M. the Queen during the period of their embodiment and service with H.M.'s regular forces.

ASSISTANT SURGEONS FOR THE INDIAN SERVICE.

No. 507.—With reference to G.G.O., No. 1,060, dated Dec. 23, 1864, the following paragraphs of a military letter from the Right Hon. the Secy. of State for India, No. 127, dated 15th ult., are published for general information :—

Para. 1. In anticipation of the receipt of the report called for from your Govt., military despatch to India, No. 340, Nov. 7, 1864, paras. 19 to 21, as to the future establishment of medical officers required for the separate and local Indian service, I have to acquaint you that measures have been taken for providing asst. surgs. for the Indian service.

2. Shortly after my despatch of Nov. 7, 1864, had been forwarded to you, notices were inserted in the public papers that an examination for thirty appointments to H.M.'s Indian medical service would be held in Feb., 1865.

3. The examination was held at Chelsea Hospital, under the direction of the army medical dept.

4. Twenty-seven candidates have been returned as successful, and with the exceptions hereafter named, they have joined the army medical school at Netley, for the purpose of undergoing a course of instruction in hygiene, military medicine, &c.

5. The following arrangements have been made with regard to medical officers who may be appointed to the Indian service :—

1. Passage allowance to India will be given on appointment.

2. Pay at War-office rates—i.e., 10s. a day—will be allowed from date of passing final examination at Netley.

3. Indian allowances and time of service for pension will reckon from date of arrival in India. The period of residence at the Army Medical School will reckon as service for the full pay pension only.

6. The following gentlemen being students at the Army Medical School, Netley, were permitted, with the sanction of the Secy. of State for War, to compete at the examination :—

Messrs. H. Cook, J. Cleghorn, R. Harvey, J. Bennett, J. T. Welsh, and A. Barrie.

7. As they have already undergone the course of instruction at the Army Medical School, they have not been required to proceed there with the other candidates on March 31, but have received instructions to proceed to India within two months from that date.

8. They have been appd. as asst. surgs. from March 31, 1865, and allotted as follows :—

J. Cleghorn, M.D., [R. Harvey, M.B., J. Bennett, M.D.

Bombay.

H. Cook, M.D., J. T. Welsh, M.D., A. Barrie, M.D. Their relative position on the list of asst. surgs. with that of the others who passed at the same examination, and are now at Netley, will be communicated to you hereafter.

9. In order that these six asst. surgs. may not obtain an undue advantage over the other candidates now at Netley, by being allowed to proceed to India before them, they will not be allowed to reckon the period they have already passed at the Army Medical School as service for full pay pension. They will, however, draw Indian allowances, and reckon service for pension from the date of their arrival in India.

No. 511.—Surg. J. Squire, of the med. dept., was perm. to proceed to sea for the purpose of visiting Singapore and Malacca on m.c., and to be absent from Bengal on that account from Feb. 8 to May 12, under the old regs.

No. 512.—The undermntd. officer is perm. to proceed to Eur. on leave of absence, on m.c. :—

Asst. surg. W. E. Caird, of the 12th (Kelat-i-Ghilzie) regt. N.L., for 20 mo., under the new regs.

No. 513.—The undermntd. officer is perm. to proceed to Eur. on leave of absence, on m.c. :—

Lieut. W. M. Story, doing-duty officer (offtgr. qr.mr.), 43rd regt. N.L., for 20 mo., under the new regs.

No. 514.—Vety. surg. J. W. Garrad, of the Bengal estab., attached to the stud dept., is allowed leave of absence for 60 days, from such date as he may avail himself of it, to visit the Presidency, prep'y. to applying for leave of absence on m.c. to Eur.

No. 516.—The underment. officer is permitted to proceed to Eur., on leave of absence on m.c. :—

Lieut. col. (Brev. col.) A. Fytche, of the Bengal Staff Corps, comar., Tenasserim div. of British Burmah, for 20 mo.

No. 517.—The underment. officers have reported their return from England :—

Capt. (Brev. Lieut. col.) A. Bagot, late 15th regt. N.L., and Principal Insp. gen. J. McClelland, med. dept.; date of arrival at Fort William, May 11.

No. 520.—With reference to G.O.G. No. 78 of 1865, the undermen. surgs., borne as supernumeraries pending the instructions of the Secretary of State, are hereby brought on the strength of the estab., subject to H.M.'s approval :—

Medical Dept.—Surg. P. O'Brien, F.R.C.S., from Jan. 27, v. Surg. C. Mathias, ret.; and G. Barnard from April 2, v. dep. insp. gen. of hospitals R. B. Kinsey, F.R.C.S., dec.

No. 521.—The undermen. officer is perm. to proceed to Eur., on leave of absence, on m.c. :—Lieut. C. H. Palmer, of the late 55th regt. N.L., for 20 mo., under the new regs.

No. 523.—The undermen. officers are perm. to proceed to Eur., on leave of absence, on m.c. :—

Vety. Surg. J. W. Garrad, of the Bengal estab., attached to the stud dept., for 12 mo., under the new regs.

Lieut. C. W. G. Perreau, of the gen. list, inf., for 20 mo., under the new regs.

No. 524.—The undermentioned officer is permitted to proceed to Eur. on leave of absence on m.c. :—

Maj. J. Emerson, of the Bengal staff corps, cantonment mag., Dinapore, for 20 mo.

No. 525.—The undermentioned officer is permitted to proceed to Eur. on leave of absence on m.c. :—

Maj. E. G. Langmore, of the Bengal staff corps, 2nd in command and wing officer 29th (Punjab) regt. N.L., for 20 mo.

No. 529.—H.E. the Governor gen. in Council is pleased to make the following temp. app. :—

Lieut. C. M. MacGregor, late 68th N.L., offic. major of brigade, Doar field force, to officiate as dep. asst. qrmr. gen. on the Eastern frontier.

No. 530.—Capt. J. H. DeSalis is permitted to resign his app. in No. 3 co. of Calcutta volunteer rifle corps.

No. 531.—The services of Capt. J. L. Watts, royal engrs., are placed at disposal of public works dept.

No. 532.—The services of Asst. surg. J. Ince, M.D., in medical charge of 4th Bengal cav., are placed at the disposal of the Government of the Punjab.

BEHAR MOUNTED RIFLES.

No. 533.—H.E. the Gov. Gen. in Council is pleased to confirm the nomination of the Hon. the Lieut. Gov. of Bengal as honorary colonel of the corps of Behar mounted rifles.

No. 534.—With reference to the notification from the foreign dept., No. 1,113, of the 22nd inst., the services of Maj. H. Dixon, 22nd Madras N.L., employed temporarily under the Mysore Commission, are replaced at the disposal of the Govt. of Fort St. George from the 1st prox.

No. 535.—H.E. the Gov. Gen. in Council is pleased to make the following appts. :—

Maj. J. T. N. O'Brien, H.M.'s 20th foot, oftgr. brig. maj., to be a brig. maj. on the establishment, in suc. to Maj. H. E. Iremonger, apptd. asst. adjt. gen. of division.

Maj. J. Morland, late 1st Eur. Ben. fus., oftgr. brig. maj., to be a brig. maj. on the establishment, in suc. to Lieut. col. R. J. Edgall, ret.

BY THE LIEUT. GOVERNOR.

April 13.—No. 2,614.—Appointments :—

Mr. E. Eyre to be an asst. comr. in the Western Doors of Bootan.

Mr. C. D. Field to be judge of the Court of Small Causes at Coomercolly, but to continue to offic. as judge of the principal Court of Small Causes at Jessore.

Capt. S. G. Boon to be prosecutor on the part of Govt. in the trials of officers of the pilot service, under Act XII. of 1859, with effect from 9th ult.

April 17.—Mr. F. Macnaghten to be an asst. to the mag. and coll. of Chittagong, and to exercise the powers of a subordinate mag., 2nd class, in that district.

April 18.—Mr. A. Weekes to be deputy registrar of assurances of the sub district of Purulia, having its head quarters at the sudder station of the district of Maunbhoon, with effect from 20th ult.

Mr. T. A. Donough to have charge of the subdivision of Dukhin Shahbazzpore, and to exercise the powers of a mag. in Noacolly. Mr. Donough is also vested with the judicial powers of a superint. of salt chowkies.

Mr. F. W. V. Peterson to have charge of the sub division of Durbhunga, and to exercise the powers of a mag. and dep. coll. in Tirhoot.

April 19.—Mr. H. L. Oliphant to be a dep. comr., 3rd grade, in Lohardugga.

Mr. T. Walton to be joint mag. and dep. coll. of Nuddea, but to continue to offic. as mag. and coll. of Sylhet.

Mr. G. L. T. Harris to be joint mag. and dep. coll., 1st grade, in Dacca.

Mr. W. H. D'Oyly to be a joint mag. and dep. coll., 2nd grade, but to continue to offic. as joint mag. and dep. coll. of Moorshedabad.

Mr. R. Finney to be sudder ameen of Noacolly, and moonsiff of the sudder station of that district.

April 20.—Mr. T. E. Ravenshaw to offic. as civil and sessions judge of Beerbhoom.

Mr. J. S. Drummond to offic. as mag. and coll. of Patna.

Mr. A. Levien to offic. as mag. and coll. of Dacca.

Mr. H. C. Sutherland to offic. as mag. and coll. of Backergunge.

April 22.—Mr. H. C. Richardson to be mag. and coll., 1st grade, in Nuddea, but to continue to offic. as additional judge of Jessore.

April 18.—Leave of absence:—

Mr. J. C. Dodgson, judge of Mymensing, for 15 mo.

April 20.—Mr. W. T. Tucker, judge of Bancoorah, for 14 days. Mr. Tucker will make over charge of his office to the principal sudder ameen of the district.

April 21.—Mr. C. E. Lance to be civil and sessions judge of Backergunge.

Mr. A. Abercrombie to be mag. and coll., 1st grade, in Midnapore, but to continue to offic. as additional judge of Dacca.

Mr. H. A. R. Alexander to be a mag. and coll., 2nd grade, in Pubna.

April 22.—Mr. E. Grey, mag. and coll. of Nuddea, has leave for 9 days, prep. to proceeding to Europe on furl.

April 20.—The services of Mr. R. P. Jenkins, offic. judge of Beerbhoom, are placed tempy. at the disposal of the Govt. of the Punjab for employment in Cashmere.

April 21.—Drs. J. C. Bow and B. W. Switzer were employed since 3rd Jan. last in affording relief to the sufferers from epidemic cholera in the districts of Midnapore and 24-Pergunnahs up to the dates on which they were respectively relieved of their special duties.

The following orders issued by the Govt. of India in the home dept., are republished for information:

April 20.—No. 3,610.—Mr. E. Grey, C.S., is permitted to proceed to Europe on furl. for a period of 3 years, from date of embarkation.

April 21.—No. 3,617.—Mr. H. C. Wake, C.S., has been permitted to proceed to Europe on furl. for a period of 3 years, from date of embarkation.

No. 418.—The undermentioned officer is permitted to proceed to Europe on leave, on m.c.:—

Asst. surg. T. Duka, M.D., med. dept., 20 mo., under new reg.

April 17.—No. 153a.—The Lieut. gov. of Bengal has been pleased to appoint a commission, composed of the undermentioned gentlemen, to inquire into the project of the "Salt Water Lakes Reclamation and Irrigation Company (Limited)," an application having been received from the company for registration under Section XIII. of Act XXII. of 1863:—

H. L. Dampier, Esq., C.S., comr. of the Nuddea division, president.

W. Smith, Esq., C.E., offic. superintending engr., south-eastern circle, and J. Fawcus, Esq., M.D., members.

April 21.—No. 157.—Appointments:—Lieut. R. G. Smyth, R.E., exec. engr., 4th grade, offic. exec. engr., Damoodah division, to be exec. engr., Tumlook division.

No. 158.—Mr. T. J. Macnamara, asst. engr., 1st grade, attached to 2nd division, Grand Trunk Road, to offic. as exec. engr. of Damoodah division during the absence of Lieut. H. W. Garnault, exec. engr. This cancels the appointment of Mr. Macnamara to Tumlook division.

April 19.—No. 159.—Mr. J. Robinson, probationary asst. engr., joined the Burrakur division on the 4th inst.

April 24.—No. 160.—The following order issued by the Govt. of India, military dept., is republished for information:—

No. 413 of April 17.—The following promotions are made in the warrant grades from the dates specified to fill vacancies:—

To be Asst. commissaries.

Deputy Asst. comy. A. O'Berne, March 15.

No. 161.—Mr. G. W. Jones, asst. engr., 2nd grade, transferred from British Burmah to Bengal, is posted to the Sylhet division.

No. 162.—Mr. W. H. Gilbert, overseer, 1st grade,

attached to 2nd division, Grand Trunk Road, has leave for 1 mo. 25 days, on m.c., with effect from the date on which he avails himself of the same.

April 25.—No. 163.—Mr. J. M. Luff, asst. engr., 1st grade, transferred from the Darjeeling to Patna Branch Road division, joined the latter division on the 6th ult., before noon.

No. 165.—Mr. J. V. Jones, accountant, 4th grade, attached to central office of account, Bengal, has leave for 1 mo., on m.c., with effect from the date on which he avails himself of the same.

April 15.—Mr. J. Sutcliffe is app. registrar of the University from 1st proximo.

Hooghly Commissioner's Office, April 19.—Mr. Yardley, asst. coll., has resumed charge of Midnapore treasury, and is authorised to draw bills on other treasuries.

April 21.—No. 2,766.—The judge of the Small Cause Court of Moorshedabad to be also judge of the Court of Small Causes in the cantonment of Berhampore.

The judge of the Small Cause Court of Hooghly to be also judge of the Court of Small Causes in the cantonment of Chinsurah.

April 24.—Mr. J. O'Kinealy and Dr. B. W. Switzer to be members of the municipal committee at Jessore.

Dr. C. M. Russell to be med. officer of Behar.

Mr. J. Sanders, professor of English literature, Presidency College, to offic. as principal of the Sanskrit College, in addition to his own duties, during the absence, on leave, of Mr. E. B. Cowell.

April 25.—Major E. P. Lloyd to offic. as cantonment mag. of Dinapore and judge of the Court of Small Causes in that cantonment during the absence, on leave, of Major J. Emerson.

Capt. J. F. Sherer to offic. as deputy comr. of Kamroop.

Mr. J. W. Edgar to offic. as asst. comr. of Cachar during Capt. Sherer's absence on deputation.

April 26.—Mr. A. C. Bolst, asst. superint. of police, is transf. from Gowhaty to Dutma, to do duty with the Bootan force.

April 27.—Mr. W. E. Ward to offic. as joint mag. and dep. coll. of Burdwan, during the absence, on deputation, of Mr. H. C. Sutherland.

April 28.—Lieut. H. A. Pakenham to offic. tempy. as cantonment mag. of Dinapore and judge of the Small Cause Court in that cantonment until arrival of Major Lloyd.

April 21.—Mr. W. W. Linton, judge of the Small Cause Court of Nattore, has leave for 1 mo.

April 24.—Major J. Emerson, cantonment mag. of Dinapore, has leave for 12 days, prep. to proceeding to Europe, on m.c.

April 26.—Mr. C. B. Pearson, dep. mag. and dep. coll. of Tirhoot, has leave for 3 mo.

Capt. R. Stewart, dep. comr. of Cachar, has leave for 10 days.

April 17.—The services of Lieut. G. D'A. Jackson, asst. comr. of Hazareebaugh, are placed at the disposal of the public works dept. of this Govt. at his own request.

April 20.—The leave granted to Mr. E. B. Godfrey, dep. mag. and dep. coll. of Sylhet, on 7th ult., will have effect from June 21 next.

April 24.—The leave granted to Mr. M. Little, dep. mag. and dep. coll. of Monghyr, under orders of Sept. 28 last, will have effect from 28th ult. instead of from 10th idem, as notified in the *Calcutta Gazette* of Feb. 22 last.

Mr. W. E. Kinsey, asst. mag. and coll. of Patna, having joined his appointment on 17th inst., the unexpired portion of the leave granted to him on the 8th inst., is cancelled.

April 26.—No. 167.—Capt. L. Russell, R.E., offic. superint. engr., Behar circle, assumed charge of his duties on the afternoon of 17th inst.

April 27.—No. 168.—Capt. H. T. Forbes, R.A., exec. engr., 2nd grade, Bhaugulpore div., from 1st proximo, until departure of mail steamer of May 9, prep. to proceeding to Europe, on m.c.

No. 169.—His Honour the Lieut. gov. is pleased to authorise that the Ganges and Darjeeling Road division shall, as a tempy. arrangement, be united with the Bhaugulpore division.

Lieut. R. C. Daubuz, R.E., exec. engr., 4th grade, Darjeeling division, to offic. as exec. engr. of the united divisions with head quarters at Bhaugulpore.

No. 172.—The services of Lieut. G. D'A. Jackson, gen. list, cav., 2nd grade asst. engr., having been made available from the gen. dept. for employment in public works dept., that officer is, in anticipation of the approval of the Govt. of India, posted to the garrison engr.'s department, Fort William.

May 2.—No. 174.—Capt. W. S. Trevor, R.E., controller and examiner of public works accounts, Bengal, resumed charge of the central office of account on 29th ult. before noon.

BY THE LIEUT.-GOVERNOR, N.W.P.

May 10.—No. 350a.—Mr. G. S. D. Dale, asst. mag. and coll. in the Allahabad dist., is invested with the full powers of a mag.

May 4.—No. 458a.—The serv. of Lieut. col. E. J. Rickards, late comdnt. of the Ajmere Mhair police, have this day been placed at the disp. of the Govt. of India in the mily. dept.

May 10.—No. 473a.—Major E. Tyrwhitt, dep. insp. gen. of police, Meerut and Rohilkund divs., is appd. to the charge of the dista. of the Agra div., in addition to his other duties.

No. 475a.—Major W. Davis, dep. insp. gen., Agra and Allahabad divs., is appd. to the charge of the Benares and Jhansi divs., in addition to the Allahabad div.

No. 479a.—Major H. D. Manning is appd. dist. superint. of police at Benares, from the 1st inst.

No. 480a.—Capt. T. Dennehy is appd. dist. superint. of police at Humeerpore, from the 1st inst.

No. 485a.—Lieut. W. H. Garton, dist. superint. of police at Humeerpore, is transf. in the same capacity to Jaloun.

No. 486a.—Mr. R. Waddington, offic. dist. superint. of police at Jaloun, is transf. to Butee.

May 10.—No. 429a.—His Honour the Lieut. gov. is pleased to direct the following transfers:—

Mr. C. W. Kinloch, dep. coll., from Allygurh to Banda.

Mr. E. A. Cline, dep. coll., from Benares to Allygurh.

Mr. P. Niblett, dep. coll., from Banda to Benares.

May 4.—No. 1,577a.—Staff Asst. surg. F. Pout is appd. to offic. as civil asst. surg. of Moradabad.

May 5.—No. 1,582a.—Two mo. priv. leave of abs., under sec. 6 of the new C.S. absentee rules, is granted to Mr. P. Whalley, asst. mag. and coll. of Futtehpore, from the 1st inst., or from the subsequent date on which he may avail himself of the same.

May 6.—No. 1,599a.—Mr. C. B. Thornhill, offic. member of the Sudder board of revenue, is appd. an *ex officio* municipal comanr. for the civil station of Allahabad, v. Mr. R. Taylor.

May 8.—No. 1,604a.—The usual prep. leave of abs., under the rules applicable to mily. officers in civil employ, is granted to the Rev. J. Robinson, M.A., to enable him to reach the port of embark. with the view of prog. to Eur. on furl., with effect from the 17th ult., or from the subsequent date on which he may have availed himself of the same.

No. 1,614a.—Mr. H. Morris, having reported his return from leave of absence to Eur. on m.c., is posted to the Allahabad dist. as an asst. mag. and coll.

No. 1,618a.—Mr. P. J. White, asst. comr. in the Jhansie div., is transf., on special duty, to Goruckpore, with effect from the 15th inst.

No. 1,624a.—Three mo. priv. leave, under Section 6 of the new Civil Service Absentee Rules, is granted to Mr. Le P. Wynne, settlement asst. at Saharunpore, from such date as he may avail himself of it.

No. 1,626a.—Three mo. priv. leave of absence, under Section 6 of the Civil Service Absentee Rules, is granted to Mr. H. Wilson, asst. in the settlement dept. at Farruckabad, with effect from the 15th inst., or from the subsequent date on which he may avail himself of the same.

May 9.—No. 1,641a.—Mr. J. S. Porter, offic. joint mag. and dep. coll. of Azimgurh, is app. an asst. of the 3rd grade in the settlement dept., and is posted to Meerut.

No. 1,646a.—Mr. E. S. Robertson, joint mag. and dep. coll. of the 2nd grade at Benares, is transf. to Azimgurh.

May 10.—No. 1,655a.—Mr. R. Manderson is app. mag. and coll. of Ghazee-pore, from the date on which Mr. Brodhurst reported his departure on furl. Mr. Manderson will continue to offic. as mag. and coll. of Moradabad.

No. 1,656a.—Mr. S. S. Melville, offic. supt. Dehra Doon, is confirmed in that appt.

No. 1,657a.—Mr. C. Robertson is app. a joint mag. and dep. coll. of the 1st grade, v. Mr. Melville, but will continue to offic. as junior secy. to Govt.

No. 1,658a.—Mr. W. Tyrrell, B.A., is app. under secy. to Govt., v. Mr. Robertson.

No. 1,659a.—Mr. J. S. Porter is app. a joint mag. and dep. coll. of the 2nd grade, v. Mr. Tyrrell.

Nynee Tal, May 5.—No. 326a.—Priv. leave of abs. for 3 mo. is granted to Lieut. J. H. Western, royal engrs., asst. engr., Eastern Jumna Canal, to enable him to proceed to Calcutta to study the native languages, from such date as he may avail himself of the same.

No. 328a.—The underment. gentleman is appd 4 member of the Road and Ferry Fund Committee of the Boolundshuhur district:—

Mr. W. T. Baldwin, asst. mag. and coll.
No. 331a.—The underment. gentleman is appd. a member of the Road and Ferry Fund Committee of the Humeerpore district:—
Mr. E. Montagu, joint mag.

The Head Quarters Staff.

Head Quarters, Simla, April 28.—The accompanying memorandum is published to the army, by order of H.E. the C. in C., who desires, at the same time, to express his hearty satisfaction at receiving from General Sir Hugh Rose this gratifying testimony to the valuable services of the officers of the staff at head quarters, during the period of Sir Hugh Rose's command in India.

MEMORANDUM.

By entire inadvertence in Sir Hugh Rose's farewell general order, his thanks to the head quarters staff were omitted, a circumstance which H.E. regrets extremely, as, perhaps, never has a C. in C. been more indebted to a staff for unwearied zeal and able assistance; never has an officer holding the chief command more consulted a staff on matters of their competency, and with results so satisfactory to the service and himself, than Sir Hugh Rose.

Since H.E. has held the chief command in India, various matters of great military importance, so well known as not necessary to be enumerated, have been transacted by Sir Hugh Rose; and the great importance of these matters naturally induces him to feel the more sincerely indebted to the staff, who assisted him with such unvaried ability, and with such never-failing good will.

In requesting the adjutant general, Colonel Haythorne, to communicate these sentiments to the head quarters staff, H.E. cannot forget that he is the officer who has, for the greater length of time, and the more constantly, been in the position to give him that assistance for which he now expresses his most sincere and unfeigned acknowledgments.

E. HAYTHORNE, Col., Adj. gen.

MADRAS.

BY THE GOVERNOR IN COUNCIL.

Fort St. George, May 9.—Leave of absence:—

Mr. J. D. Goldingham, judge of the Court of Small Causes at Madura, for 3 years, to Europe, on furl., with prep. leave for 21 days.

Mr. J. H. Blair, collector of sea customs, Madras, 2 mo. priv. leave.

Appointments:—

Mr. G. A. Parker, to be asst. to coll. and mag. of Tanjore.

Mr. J. B. Spedding, to be asst. to coll. and mag. of the Kistna district.

Rev. A. W. Pearson, M.A., joint chaplain of Vepery, to act as joint chaplain of the cathedral, during absence of Rev. Dr. Murphy, on leave.

Mr. J. D. Goldingham, judge of the Court of Small Causes at Madura, resumed charge of the court on the 1st inst.

Mr. W. H. Arbuthnot having been permitted to resign the Madras C.S., has been granted an invalid pension of £250 per annum, from Feb. 16 last.

The Gov. in Council is pleased to appoint Lieut. F. R. Trevor, probationary asst. superint. of police, 2nd class, Cuddapah district, to institute prosecutions for offences committed in that district.

May 12.—Leave of absence:—

Capt. C. M. White, asst. resident in Travancore and Cochin, has priv. leave for 1 mo.

Appointments:—

Mr. W. Hudleston, sec. to the board of revenue, to act as sec. to Govt. in the revenue dept., during the absence of Mr. Sim, on leave.

Mr. R. A. Dalyell, sub sec. to the board of revenue, to act as sec. to the board of revenue, during the employment of Mr. Hudleston on other duty.

Mr. C. G. Master, under sec. to Govt. in the revenue dept., to act as sub sec. to the board of revenue, during employment of Mr. Dalyell on other duty.

Mr. J. Grose, head asst. to coll. and mag. of South Arcot, to act as under sec. to Govt. in the revenue dept., during employment of Mr. Master on other duty.

Major A. Ritherdon, Madras staff corps, to offic. as a member of the municipal commission for the town of Madras, during absence of Mr. Cardozo, on leave.

Mr. O. B. Irvine, acting head asst. to coll. and mag. of South Arcot, is invested with the power to hear and dispose of appeals from the convictions of the subordinate magrs., 1st class, stationed within his jurisdiction.

Mr. A. MacGregor, acting joint mag., and Mr. E. Storr, acting head asst. to mag. of Tinnevely, are authorised to take down the evidence of witnesses with their own hand in English.

May 9.—Mr. S. B. Fernandez, an interp. on the estab. of the High Court, appellate side, has leave for 15 days.

Mr. B. W. Puckle, asst. superint. of Nellore survey party, has priv. leave for 1 mo.

The priv. leave of 1 mo. granted to Lieut. Morris, R.E., in the *Fort St. George Gazette* of April 25, is cancelled at that officer's request.

Lieut. H. C. Smith, R.E., availed himself from 3rd inst. of the priv. leave of 1 mo., granted him in the *Fort St. George Gazette* of April 28.

May 12.—The Comy. gen. has granted priv. leave to Major J. Loudon, asst. comy. gen., for 15 days, from May 12.

May 11.—No. 179.—The undermentioned officers are permitted to proceed to Europe:—

Lieut. J. Ewing, staff corps, station staff officer in the Straits; Asst. surg. H. Adam, med. dept., zillah surgeon, Nellore, on m.c., for 20 mo., and to embark from Madras.

May 12.—No. 180.—Appointment:—

Major J. Michael, staff corps, to act as superint. of family payments and pensions, during absence of Capt. H. C. Roberts, on m.c.

Lieut. col. M. Cholmeley, 27th regt. N.I., is perm. to proceed to Europe, on m.c., for 18 mo., under the furl. regs. of 1854, and to embark from Madras.

The leave to Calcutta and Dinapore, for 4 mo., granted in G.O.G. of March 17, No. 105, to Lieut. (Brev. capt.) G. Stedman, 23rd regt. L.I., is converted into priv. leave for the period he was absent, viz., 34 days, from March 22 to April 25.

The furl. to Europe, for 6 mo., granted in G.O.G. April 7, No. 134, to Capt. G. J. D. Heath, staff corps, sub asst. comy. gen., is cancelled at his own request.

MOVEMENTS OF REGIMENTS.

6th regt. N.I., from Mysore to Vellore.

21st regt. N.I., from Vellore to Mysore.

PAY OF ARTILLERY OFFICERS ON REMOVAL.

No. 182.—The Gov. in Council directs that the rule in para. 6, sec. 4 of the Pay and Audit Regulations, be cancelled, and the following substituted for it.

An officer promoted and removed from a horse brigade will receive the foot artillery pay of his new rank from the date of his commission; and until he shall actually cease to perform duty with horse artillery, he will also receive the difference between the foot and horse artillery rates of pay of his late rank.

No. 183.—Madras Volunteer Guards.—Capt. F. de Sousa, No. 8 comp., is perm. to proceed to Europe on furl., for 6 mo., from date of embarkation from Madras.

May 16.—Leave of absence:—

Capt. H. W. Wood, R.E., exec. engr., 4th grade, is allowed cumulative priv. leave for 2 mo., from the date the leave may be granted by the superintending engr.

Appointments:—

Mr. H. Newill, offic. resident in Travancore and Cochin, to be resident in Travancore and Cochin.

Mr. J. Fraser to be coll. and mag. of the Godavery district.

Mr. A. R. McDonell, offic. coll. and mag. of Trichinopoly, to be coll. and mag. of the district of Trichinopoly.

Mr. J. R. Kindersley, offic. civil and session judge of Rajahmundry, to be civil and session judge of the zillah of Rajahmundry.

The above appointments will take effect from 27th ult.

To take effect from June 1.

Capt. C. D. Clementson, Madras staff corps, to be cantonment mag. at St. Thomas's Mount.

Major (Brev. Lieut. col.) F. Young, Madras staff corps, to be cantonment mag. at Wellington.

Capt. G. N. Johnstone, Madras staff corps, to be cantonment mag. at Bellary.

Capt. A. D. Clay, Madras staff corps, to be cantonment mag. at Cannanore.

Capt. A. F. F. Bloomfield, Madras staff corps, to be cantonment mag. at Trichinopoly, during absence of Major Marsack, on leave.

Mr. W. H. Glenly to be asst. to coll. and mag. of Kistna district.

Lieut. C. Walker to act as asst. conservator of Salem Forests, during absence of Capt. Borrodale, on m.c.

Lieut. col. W. G. Stoll, H.M.'s 105th regt., to be a lay trustee of the chaplaincy of Wellington.

Mr. J. D. Sim delivered over charge of the office of sec. to Govt. in the revenue dept., to Mr. W. Hudleston, on the 13th inst.

Mr. W. Hudleston delivered over charge of the office of sec. to the board of revenue to Mr. R. A. Dalyell, on the 13th inst.

The appointment of Mr. J. B. Spedding as asst. to coll. and mag. of Kistna district, notified in the *Gazette* of 9th inst., is cancelled.

The following postings of sub asst. surgeons and deputy superintendents of vaccination are ordered:—

W. Karney, to No. 2 or Coimbatore circle.

C. St. J. Lawrence, No. 3 or Malabar circle.

W. Osman, No. 4 or Madras circle.

R. Donaldson, No. 5 or Tanjore circle.

P. Kinsley, No. 6 or North Arcot circle.

W. H. Boalch, G.M.M.C., No. 7 or Salem circle.

E. S. Mayley, No. 8 or Bellary circle.

T. Ward, No. 9 or Cuddapah circle.

J. Sausman, No. 10 or Kistna circle.

No. 185.—Madras Staff Corps.—The undermentioned officer having applied for admission to the staff corps, under the provisions of para. 2 of G.O. No. 531 of 1864, republished in Madras G.O. July 22, 1864, No. 276, is admitted thereto from the date specified against his name, subject to the approval of H.M.'s Sec. of State for India:—

Lieut. (Brev. capt.) W. G. Ward, 36th regt. N.I., late asst. to gen. supt. for the suppression of thuggee and dacoity, Feb. 19, 1861.

The undermentioned ensigns on the unattached list of the Madras army to be lieuts.:—

J. McK. Macdonald, April 11.

J. Kelly, April 11.

Major A. B. Marsack, Madras staff corps (on leave) to be cantonment mag. at Trichinopoly, under the provisions of Madras Act IV., to take effect from June 1.

Mr. J. R. Kindersley, offic. civil and sess. judge of Rajahmundry, to be civil and sess. judge of the zillah of Rajahmundry.

The above appts. will take effect from the 27th ult.

Mr. W. F. G. Irvine and Mr. A. Riach, to be auditors of the accounts of the Administrator gen., for the year 1865.

Under the provisions of sec. 28 of the Code of Criminal Procedure, the underment. officers are invested with the powers of a mag. within the limits of the cantonments specified opposite their respective names:—

Capt. C. D. Clementson, Madras staff corps, Saint Thomas' Mount.

Major (Brev. Lieut. col.) F. Young, Madras staff corps, Wellington.

Capt. G. N. Johnstone, Madras staff corps, Bellary.

Capt. A. D. Clay, Madras staff corps, Cannanore.

Capt. A. F. F. Bloomfield, Trichinopoly.

Madras Staff Corps.—The underment. officer having applied for admission to the staff corps, under the provisions of para. 2 of G.O.G., No. 531, of 1864, republished in Madras G.O.G., July 22, 1864, No. 276, is admitted thereto from the date specified against his name, subject to the approval of H.M.'s Secy. of State for India:—

Lieut. (Brev. Capt.) W. G. Ward, 36th regt. N.I., late asst. to the gen. supt. for the suppression of thuggee and dacoity, Feb. 19, 1861.

Capt. W. G. M. Strickland, cadre 49th regt. N.I., doing duty with sappers and miners, Nov. 6.

Lieut. K. J. L. Mackenzie, royal (Madras) art., asst. comr. 2nd class, Hyderabad commission—April 29, 1862.

Lieut. G. H. Trevor, royal (Madras) art., insp. of schools, northern circle, Central Provs.—June 25, 1862.

Lieut. J. D. S. Bennet, 5th regt. N.I., cantonment joint mag. of Raigoon—June 30, 1864.

Capt. F. G. Hodgson, having completed 20 yrs. service, 6 of which were on permanent staff employ, to be maj. from May 20, under the Royal Warrant of Jan. 16, 1861, subject to H.M.'s approval.

Appointments:—

Major A. Ritherdon, staff corps, is appd. to act as interpreter to the 76th regt.

Capt. R. J. Baker, having completed 20 years' service, 6 of which were on permanent staff employ, to be major from May 7, under the Royal Warrant of Jan. 16, 1861, subject to H.M.'s approval.

Surg. major J. M. Jackson, garrison surg. of Bellary, to be dep. insp. gen. of hospitals, with temp. rank, with effect from the 14th inst., during the employment on other duty of Dr. Mackenzie.

The services of Lieut. G. Proudfoot, European veterans (major, Madras volunteer guards) are placed at the disposal of the resident at Hyderabad, for employment as a mil. sec. by H.H. the Nizam.

Capt. T. T. Turton, Madras staff corps, late offic. comdnt., 6th inf. Hyderabad contingent, to offic. as 2nd in com., during the abs. on sick leave to Europe of Capt. Teed.

Leave of absence :—

Maj. G. J. S. Tireman, staff corps, dep. asst. com. gen., 1st class, on m.c. for 20 mo. to Eur., under the furl. regs. of 1854, and to embark from Madras.

Capt. H. Walpole, 105th foot, from date of dep. to Eng., for 15 mo., on priv. affairs.

Divisional Staff.—Maj. R. H. Bolton, bgde. maj., Malabar and Canara, for 3 mo. from the date of dep., the first 60 days to be priv. leave.—Neilgherries and Bangalore.

8th N.I.—Lieut. col. W. J. Cooke, in continuation till July.—Bangalore and Neilgherries, private affairs.

16th N.I.—Major (brev. lieut. col.) H. E. Walpole, from May 21 to Oct. 1, the first 60 days to be priv. leave.—Bangalore and Neilgherries.

1st Dragoon Guards.—Qrmer. J. Bradbury, to Eng. on m.c., to appear before a med. board; he will report his arrival at the Horse Guards.

21st Foot.—Lieut. K. Browne, 2nd batt., from date of dep. for 3 mo.—Eastern Coast, W.C.

8th N.I.—Lieut. (brev. capt.) J. A. Ellis, from June 28, or date of dep., till Sept. 27.

Lieut. S. E. Atkinson, cadre 50th regt. N.I., doing duty with the 19th regt. N.I., on m.c., for 20 mo., to Europe under furl. regs. of 1854, and to embark from Madras.

Promotions.—Asst. surg. W. H. Rean, M.D., to be surg., with effect from May 14.

43rd Regt. N.I.—Senior lieut. (brevet capt.) F. W. Dobree (staff corps) to have the position of capt., v. Russel, ret. Dated Nov. 28, 1864.

45th Regt. N.I.—Senior lieut. G. W. Cox, to be capt., v. Moxon, ret. Date of commission, Oct. 28, 1864.

Staff Appointments.—With reference to G.O.G.G., No. 1,076, dated Dec. 29, 1864, and in continuation of G.O.C.C., March 23, 1865, No. 31, the under-mentioned classification of convalescent depots and station staff appointments has been authorised.

Convalescent Depots.

Poonamallee.—First class.

Station Staff Appointments.

Singapore, 1st class; Vellore, 2nd class; Mount, 2nd class; Penang, 3rd class.—Subject to the approval of the Govt. of India.

Vizianagrum, Berhampore, Cuttack, Samulcottah, Palaverum, Quilon, Palamcottah, Mercara, Hurryhur, Calicut, Mangalore, Kurnool, Cuddapah, Hoosingabad, Raipore, Moulmein.—On Rupees 25 per mensem.—Subject to the approval of the Govt. of India.

With reference to G.O.G. Nov. 25, 1864, No. 448, the Gov. in Council is pleased to notify that the 19th regt. N.I. has been removed to Samulcottah to be there stationed.

Dep. insp. gen. of hospitals, E. G. Balfour, from ceded dists. to act in the Mysore div., during the absence of Dr. Mackenzie on other duty.

The New Commander-in-Chief.

GENERAL ORDERS BY HIS EXCELLENCY THE GOVERNOR IN COUNCIL.

Fort St. George, May 25.—No. 200.—H.E. Lieut. gen. Sir John Gaspard Le Marchant, G.C.M.G., appointed by her Majesty to be Commander of all the Forces serving under the Presidency of Fort St. George, and one of the Councillors thereof, having arrived on board the steamer *Mooltan*, the usual oaths have been administered to his Excellency, who has this day taken his seat as second member of the Council at this Presidency, under the usual salute from the ramparts of Fort St. George.

All officers and soldiers on the establishment of Fort St. George will obey Lieut. gen. Sir John Gaspard Le Marchant, G.C.M.G., as C. in C., and all returns are henceforth to be made to his Excellency accordingly.

No. 201.—With reference to the G.O. by Government of this date, No. 200, announcing the arrival of H.E. Lieut. gen. Sir John Gaspard Le Marchant, G.C.M.G., C. in C. of this Presidency, H.E. the Governor in Council is pleased to direct that all honours and compliments which have heretofore been paid to Lieut. gen. Sir James Hope Grant, G.C.B., shall be continued to his Excellency until his embarkation.

BOMBAY.

BY THE GOVERNOR IN COUNCIL.

Bombay Castle, May 22.—No. 293.—Lieut. G. L. Warden, H.M.'s 17th regt. N.I., is allowed a furl. to Eur. for 20 mo., on m.c.

May 23.—No. 295.—Brig. gen. H. B. Lumsden, C.B., Madras army, comdg. Hyderabad conting., is allowed a furl. to Eur. for 20 mo., on m.c.

No. 296.—Asst. surg. R. Lidderdale, Bengal med. estab., is allowed a furl. to Eur. for 20 mo., on m.c., from the date of embark. from Kurrachee.

No. 297.—Major C. J. Symons, of the invalid estab., is allowed a furl. to Eur. for 3 yrs., on m.c.

No. 298.—Capt. W. A. Glasspoole, H.M.'s 4th regt. N.I. (rifle corps), is allowed a furl. to Eur. for 20 mo., on m.c., from the date of embark. from Kurrachee.

No. 299.—The undermen. officer having completed 12 yrs.' serv., 4 of which were on permanent staff employ, to be capt. from the date specified, under the Royal Warrant of Jan. 16, 1861, subject to H.M.'s app. :—

Lieut. C. J. Anderson, May 20, 1865.

No. 300.—The undermen. officer having completed 12 yrs.' serv., 4 of which were on perm. staff employ, to be capt. from the date specified, under the Royal Warrant of Jan. 16, 1861, subject to H.M.'s app. :—

Lieut. (brevet capt.) J. D. Hall, May 21, 1865.

No. 301.—Under instructions from the Secy. of State for India, G.G.O. No. 76 of 1864 is can. and with reference to G.G.O. No. 60 of 1864, the adjustment of rank will take effect only from Nov. 2, 1863, the date of the arrival in India of the Secy. of State's despatch, No. 328 of Sept. 24, 1863.

The proms. made in G.G.O. No. 258 of May 25, 1864, with the exception of that of Lieut. W. R. Simpson, are consequently can.

May 23.—The appts. of Major S. C. Law, Capt. P. H. LeGeyt, and Capt. J. W. Watson, respectively, as 1st asst., special asst., and 2nd asst. to the political agent in Kattywar, to have effect from Oct. 2, 1864, the date of the late Capt. Leathes' departure for England.

Lieut. G. A. Atkinson, of the Bombay staff corps, received charge, on Jan. 2 last, of the office of 4th asst. to the political agent in Kattywar, but conducted from that date the duties of 3rd asst., in which appt. he continues to act under Govt. notification, dated April 5 last.

May 22.—Mr. W. M. Coghlan held the appt. of judge and session judge of Khandeish from Feb. 25 to March 2, both days inclusive.

May 23.—The following notification is in supercession of the Govt. notifications relating to Mr. Bickersteth's leave of absence dated March 23 and April 26, 1865, and published in the *Government Gazette* :—

Mr. J. P. Bickersteth, senior mag. of police, Bombay, has been allowed leave of absence for 6 mo., from April 29 last, under Section XX. Clause II. of the Uncovenanted Service Absentees Rules.

May 19.—Mr. W. Foxton, dep. coll. of Rohree, has been allowed prep. leave from 10th to 14th inst., before proceeding on 6 mo. leave to England granted to him on the 28th ult.

Mr. A. M. Boulton, 3rd class dep. coll. in Sind, is allowed leave of absence on m.c., to proc. to England for 12 mo., under Section XI. of the New Uncovenanted Service Absentees Rules.

Mr. A. H. Plunkett was employed as coll. of customs, Kurrachee, from the date of Mr. Dalzell's giving over charge until he was relieved by Mr. Cole.

May 20.—Mr. A. A. Borradaile to act as coll. and mag. of Kaira, v. Mr. J. W. Hadow.

May 22.—Mr. J. Bogie has been app. a member of the commission to carry out the provisions of Act XXXII. of 1860 in the town and island of Bombay, v. Mr. T. F. Gray.

May 23.—Lieut. A. H. Mayhew of H.M.'s 109th regt., to be supery. dep. coll. and mag. in Sind.

Mr. A. Shuttleworth, dep. conservator of forests, Belgaum and Dharwar, to be dep. conservator of forests, Colaba and Sooverndroog.

Erratum.—In the notification dated 10th inst., published at page 841 of the *Bombay Government Gazette* of the 11th idem, for "Mr. W. Maher to be 2nd class dep. coll. and mag. of Shikarpoor, &c.," read "Mr. W. Maher to be 3rd class dep. coll. and mag. of Shikarpoor, but to continue to act as 2nd class dep. coll. and mag. in Kurrachee."

May 22.—Dr. W. Cary, asst. coll. of Customs, Kurrachee, has passed a colloq. exam. in the Hindoostanee language.

May 23.—The underment. gentlemen have passed the prescribed exam. in the languages mentioned opposite their names :—

Asst. surg. R. Dick, M.D., Goozerathee.

Asst. surg. W. Dymock, Persian.

Mr. A. P. Young, Marathe.

May 22.—Lieut. col. J. Jones, R.E., to be acting superintg. engr., presy. div., continuing to conduct

the duties of exec. engr., Bombay defences, till relieved by Capt. Pym.

Capt. H. Pym, R.E., to be acting exec. engr., Bombay defences.

Lieut. col. A. De Lisle, R.E., to be consulting engr. for Bombay defences. This appt. being conjoined with that of consulting engr. for reclamations, with the designation of consulting engr. for Bombay defences and reclamations.

Lieut. H. H. Lee, R.E., to be an exec. engr., 4th grade, and acting exec. engr., Ahmedabad.

Lieut. col. A. De Lisle, royal engr., to be consulting engr. for railways.

May 27.—No. 302.—Maj. M. Green, C.B., is appointed second in command of the Sind frontier force.

May 29.—No. 303.—Capt. H. Moore, staff corps, is allowed a furl. to Eur. for 2 years from the 3rd proximo.

No. 304.—Lieut. A. H. Mayhew, H.M.'s 109th regt., has been apptd. surpm. dep. col. and mag. in Sind.

May 31.—No. 309.—The following promotion is made :—

20th Regt. N.I.—Lieut. (capt. in the staff corps) F. W. Brown to have the position of capt. from March 27, vice Mainwaring, dec.

May 29.—Capt. O. V. Tanner, asst. superint. of police at Sholapoor, is allowed leave of absence for 1 mo. on m.c.

Mr. E. T. G. Pearson, asst. sec. to Govt. in the judicial dept., has been allowed a further ext. from May 1 to 22, inclusive of the leave of absence on m.c. granted to him in Govt. notification; dated Dec. 24.

May 27.—H.E. the Gov. in Council is pleased to make the following appts. :—

Mr. W. A. Pelly to be 2nd class asst. comr. of customs, salt, and opium, v. Mr. H. S. Showell, deceased.

Mr. A. G. Maury to be 3rd class asst. comr. of customs, salt, and opium, v. Mr. W. A. Pelly.

Mr. H. L. Wright to act as 2nd class asst. comr. of customs, salt, and opium, during the absence on leave of Mr. E. Pratt.

Mr. N. A. Joshee to act as 3rd class asst. comr. of customs, salt, and opium, v. Mr. H. L. Wright.

Mr. J. C. Baillie to act as 4th class asst. comr. of customs, salt, and opium, v. Mr. N. A. Joshee.

May 30.—Mr. H. Barrett, asst. conservator of forests in Surat and the northern collectorates, to be asst. conservator of forests in Canara.

May 31.—Mr. A. M. Boulton, 3rd class dep. coll. in Sind, has been allowed prep. leave for 4 days before proceeding to England on 12 mo. sick leave granted to him on the 19th idem.

May 29.—The following promotions in the engineer branch of the public works dept. are made with effect from 1st inst., in accordance with the rules laid down in Government of India's circular, No. 10 of 1863 :—

To be exec. engr. 1st grade :—Capt. D. Thomson, R.E.; Capt. R. S. Sellow, R.E.; Mr. J. H. E. Hart, C.E.

To be exec. engr. 2nd grade :—Capt. J. H. White, R.E.; Capt. C. A. Goodfellow, R.E.; Lieut. A. T. Mander, R.E.; Lieut. W. M. Ducat, R.E.; Lieut. G. L. Merewether, R.E.; Lieut. F. J. Smith, R.E.

To be exec. engr. 3rd grade :—Lieut. A. R. Seton, R.E.; Mr. G. Elander, C.E.; Lieut. T. F. Dowden, R.E.

May 31.—Lieut. col. J. Jones, R.E., assumed charge of the office of the superintending engineer, Presidency division, on May 26.

Commander E. Giles, master attendant, Kurrachee, has leave to England for 6 mo.

June 2.—No. 311.—The services of Lieut. H. Martin, attached to the 2nd regt. Sind horse, are placed at the disposal of the Govt. of India for employment in the Central Provinces.

June 6.—No. 312.—Maj. W. Reynolds, pension paymr. P.D., has leave from May 12 to May 23 last inclusive.

No. 313.—Lieut. J. Ducat, Bombay staff corps, asst. comr., Central Provinces, has a furl. to Europe for 20 mo. on m.c.

No. 314.—Capt. O. V. Tanner, Bombay staff corps, asst. supt. of police, Sholapoor, has a furl. to Europe for 20 mo. on m.c.

No. 316.—Capt. H. L. Millett, Bengal staff corps, has a furl. to Europe for 20 mo. on m.c.

No. 317.—Capt. F. J. T. Ross, staff corps, has a furl. to Europe for 20 mo. on m.c.

No. 319.—The following adjustments of rank and promotion in the 1st European regt. (fusiliers) are made :—

Adjustments of Rank.

Capt. H. F. Disbrowe (staff corps) to have the position of capt. from Oct. 12, 1862, v. Capt. (brev. major) W. F. Gordon, retired.

Capt. R. L. Bingham (staff corps) to have the position of captain from May 12, 1863, v. Capt. (major in the staff corps) R. Cowpar, retired.

Capt. F. W. Knight (staff corps) to have the position of capt. from June 14, 1864, v. Capt. (lieut. col. 103rd foot) W. S. Furneaux, prom.

Promotion.

Lieut. (capt. in the staff corps) G. F. Hogg to have the position of captain from July 16, 1864, v. Capt. (major 103rd foot) F. S. Kempf, promoted.

June 7.—Assist. surg. W. H. Colvill, civil surg. at Bushire, availed himself, from April 25 last, of the priv. leave of absence for 3 mos. granted to him under the Govt. notification, dated 10th ult.

June 8.—The Hon. the Gov. in Council is pleased to make the foll. appts:—

Mr. G. Miles has been confirmed in the app. of asst. secy. to Govt. in the judicial dept. from the 23rd ult., v. Mr. E. T. G. Pearson, ret.

June 7.—Capt. F. P. Bartholomew acted as supt. of police at Sattara, from April 1 to May 11.

The Hon. the Chief Justice and Judges of H.M.'s High Court of Adjudication have sanctioned the adjournment, from the 6th to the 20th inst., both days inclusive, of the Small Cause Court at Ahmednuggur.

Capt. Bonner, supt. of police, Punch Mahals, is vested with the powers of a mag. under the Code of Criminal Procedure.

Lieut. W. P. La Touche, asst. supt. of police, Punch Mahals, is invested with the powers of a subord. mag. of the 1st class.

Capt. P. H. LeGeyt, special asst. political agent, Kattywar, is app. mag. of the dist. of Bhownuggur, in succession to Major S. C. Law.

June 1.—Mr. H. Miles, asst. comr. of customs, salt, and opium, is allowed leave of absence for 6 mo. on m.c., to proceed to the Deccan.

June 8.—Mr. C. R. Owens to act as dep. comr. of customs, salt, and opium, presidency div., v. Mr. A. A. Borradaile.

June 7.—Mr. W. B. Mulock, 3rd asst. coll. of Surat, acted as 2nd asst. coll. of Surat, from Aug. 24 to April 6.

The foll. notification is published in supersession of that dated April 11:—

Mr. W. A. Ingle and Lieut. R. J. Crawford acted as 3rd class dep. colls. in the Shikarpoor collectorate from Sept. 26 to Nov. 11 respectively.

June 3.—Asst. surg. T. G. Hewlett has been allowed an extension from 1st to 10th inst. inclusive, of the priv. leave of absence for 1 mo. granted to him by the principal insp. gen. med. dept., under date the 12th April last.

June 7.—Mr. S. St. J. Gordon, comr. for the revision of civil subordinate establs., assumed charge of his duties on the 2nd inst.

May 31.—Capt. J. H. White, R.E., joined his app. as acting dep. consulting engr. of railways on May 25.

BY THE COMMANDER-IN-CHIEF.

May 17.—No. 481.—The following temporary arrangement is confirmed, with effect from the 28th ult.:—

13th Regt. N.I.

Lieut. F. P. Worthy to offic. as wing officer in addition to his own duties, v. Capt. Cooper, proceeded to Baroda on court martial duty.

No. 482.—Under instructions from Horse Guards, the following officers of the 4th foot, recently promoted, are posted to the battalions specified:—

Lieut. col. Martin, 2nd batt.

Maj. Forster, 1st batt.

Capt. Burridge, 1st batt.

Lieut. Plummer, 1st batt.

Lieut. col. Martin will proceed and join the 2nd batt. at Malta.

No. 483.—The leave granted to 2nd Capt. A. Carey, R.A., in G.O. No. 1,096 of 1864, is cancelled at that officer's request.

No. 484.—Lieut. W. Reynolds, officg. 3rd squadron officer 3rd Sind horse, is permitted to attend the veterinary school, Poona, and will be attached to the 3rd regt. L.C.

No. 487.—Leave of absence:—

Lieut. E. V. Stace, 14th brig. royal art., from March 28 till required for embarkation with troops, in ext.

Lieut. W. Ward, 21st brig. royal art., from April 6 to May 12. Lieut. Ward will, on the expiration of his leave, proceed to India.

Ensign E. J. Lugard, 1st batt. 4th foot, for 6 mo. from date of arrival at Calcutta, to Lucknow, to study the native languages.

Lieut. A. T. Wallace, royal art., from date of embarkation, to England, by overland route, m.c. This officer is not available for duty with troops, and will, on arrival, report himself to the adjutant gen., Horse Guards.

Surg. major H. C. Walshe, 14th brig. royal art., from May 8 to June 7, to Bombay and sea coast, m.c.

Lieut. E. Chapple, 95th foot, from 15th to 29th May, in ext.

REMOVAL OF THE ADJUTANT OF A REGIMENT.

Adj. Genl's Office, Poona, May 18.—No. 488.—The commander of the forces has observed that a practice obtains in many regts. of the native army of removing the adjt. from his appointment, and placing him in command of a wing which happens to become vacant.

This system is prejudicial to the discipline of a regt., as the important duties of adjt. cannot, with advantage, be constantly transferred from one officer to another.

It is, therefore, to be considered a rule that the adjt. of a regt. shall not be removed from his appointment on any account without orders from army head quarters.

There will be no objection to an adjt. being placed in temp. charge of a wing, but this duty must be performed in addition to his own.

May 19.—No. 490.—The following temporary arrangements are confirmed:—

20th Regiment N.I.

Capt. and brevet major J. M. Holt to offic. as 2nd in command, in addition to his own duties, during the absence on court-martial duty of Capt. and brevet major G. M. B. Farquharson.

Lieut. Gillmor to offic. as adjt., in addition to his own duties, with effect from May 8, during the absence of Lieut. and adjt. James, or until further orders.

No. 491.—The following temporary arrangement is confirmed, with effect from the 7th inst.:—

11th Regt. N.I.—Capt. A. P. Davis to offic. as adjt., until the arrival of Lieut. Pye, or until further orders, there being no subaltern officer available.

No. 492.—The undernamed officers and soldiers are reported to have passed examinations in the native languages as follows:—

HINDOOSTANI.—First Standard.

Bombardier J. Stuart, No. 4 battery 21st brigade R.A.

Private J. Clare, 4th foot.

PERSIAN.

Asst. Surg. W. Dymock, army med. dept.

GUJARATHI.

Asst. surg. R. Dick, M.D., army med. dept.

MARATHI.

Lieut. T. L. Fraser, staff corps, qrmr. 21st regt. N.I.

May 20.—No. 495.—The following order, dated May 1, by the Major gen. comdg. Mhow div. of the army is confirmed:—

Directing Major F. Macgowan to act as asst. adjt. gen., Mhow div. of the army, until the arrival of Major Hewett, and Major W. C. Stileman to act as brigade major, Mhow, v. Macgowan.

No. 496.—Lieut. A. R. Heyland, 56th foot, a candidate for the staff corps, is attached to the 1st regt. L.C., as a probationer for that branch of the service.

No. 501.—Leave of absence:—

Lieut. W. A. Stirke, 14th brig. R.A., from May 14 to June 12, on m.c.

Capt. D. Hutcheon, wing officer 12th regt. N.I., cadre 2nd Eur. regt., from May 4 to June 8, on m.c.

Lieut. W. Bally, 33rd foot, from May 1 to May 30, on m.c.

Lieut. G. H. W. Fagan, 12th regt. N.I., from May 11 to June 10, on m.c.

Lieut. E. G. Jenkins, cadre 1st L.C., from May 25 to June 25, in ext.

Lieut. G. L. Warden, cadre 17th regt. N.I., from May 14 to May 31, in ext.

May 22.—No. 503.—The following arrangement is made in the Qrmr. gen.'s dept., during the abs. of Lieut. col. Burrows on m.c.:—

Maj. R. Baigrie to act as asst. qrmr. gen.

No. 504.—Maj. H. Shewell, cadre 2nd Eur. regt., is apptd. to the command of the general depot, Poona, as a tempy. measure, during the absence of Lieut. col. Cameron.

No. 505.—The undermentioned men, attached to the corps of sappers and miners, per G.O.C. No. 822 of Sept. 10, 1864, are remanded to their respective corps:—

Gunner C. Stewart, B batty. E bgde. R.H.A.

Private R. Bond, H.M.'s 33rd foot.

No. 506.—Under the authority of Govt., 22 horses having been purchased from the Southern Maratha Horse, they are disposed of as follows:—

12 horses for G batty. 18th bgde. R.A.

10 horses for E batty. 18th bgde. R.A.

No. 519.—Brev. maj. R. D. Hassard, cadre 2nd Eur. regt., is placed on gen. duty, Poona.

No. 510.—Lieut. E. H. Ashe, 8th regt. N.I., is apptd. to act as interpreter to the 45th foot, with effect from the 1st inst.

May 27.—No. 513.—That part of G.O.C. No. 303, dated March 22 last, which refers to Lieut. J. I. Tinling, is cancelled, and that officer is apptd. to offic. as doing duty officer, 17th regt. N.I.

No. 518.—H.E. the C. in C. in India has been pleased to grant leave as follows:—

Lieut. col. A. C. Hawkins, 14th brig. royal art., 15 mo., from date of embarkation to England.

The undermentioned officers have leave of absence:—

Capt. G. R. Rawlinson, 3rd dragoons, from May 18 to June 11, on m.c.

Lieut. H. Geary, 14th brig. royal art., from May 11 to June 10, on m.c.

HEAD QUARTERS OF THE ARMY.

May 27.—The head quarters of the army will return to Poona on the 12th prox.

May 29.—No. 520.—Maj. R. Baigrie, actg. asst. qrmr. gen., is posted to the Sind div. of the army, v. Campbell, transf. to the northern div.

No. 521.—The following appts. are made:—

14th Regt. N.I.—Lieut. E. H. T. Tyndall, staff corps, to be qrmr., v. Vibart.

19th Regt. N.I.—Lieut. S. J. Waudby to be adjt., v. Scott.

30th Regt. N.I.—Lieut. E. A. Douglas, gen. list, to be doing duty officer.

No. 522.—The following temp. arrangement is made during the absence of Lieut. col. Adams on leave of absence:—

13th Regt. N.I.—Brev. maj. W. Wilson to offic. as comdt.

Capt. G. Cooper to offic. as 2nd in com. and wing officer.

Qrmr. and Lieut. F. P. Worthy to offic. as wing officer.

No. 523.—Lieut. A. M. Hogg, 103rd foot, a candidate for the staff corps, is attached to the Sind horse, on prob., for that branch of the service.

No. 524.—With reference to G.O.C. No. 305 of March 22, 1865, Asst. surg. Mathison is placed on gen. duty at Mhow.

No. 525.—With reference to G.O.C. No. 955, dated Oct. 17, 1864, Vety. surg. Constant proceeded from Nusseerabad to Mhow at the public expense.

May 31.—No. 535.—The undermen. officers have obtained leave of absence:—

Capt. (brevet major) J. McC. Campbell, 14th brig. royal art., from May 25 to June 15.

Ensign W. A. D. Eden, 33rd foot, from date of departure for 6 mo.

Lieut. W. Bally, 33rd foot, from May 31 to June 30, to Bombay, on m.c., prep. to obtaining a final certificate to Europe.

Lieut. and adjt. M. C. Garsia, 56th foot, from May 10 to June 9, to remain at Mount Abo, on m.c.

June 1.—No. 536.—Capt. H. R. Bushe, cadre 15th regt. N.I., is placed on gen. duty, Mhow, with effect from April 30.

ERRATUM.—In G.O.C. No. 493, of May 19, for "date of rank Sept. 3, 1862," read "May 5, 1865."

COMPENSATION.

June 2.—No. 537.—The commander of the forces is pleased to intimate that Govt., under resolution No. 1,669, of May 26, has sanctioned compensation for the loss of company command allowance, at the rate of Rs. 30 monthly to such officers of the old cadres of regts., attached to corps, who, under the old system, would have had command or charge of companies.

It is to be understood that this allowance will only be continued until the attached officers can be provided for, and that it does not apply to officers of the staff corps or those on the gen. list.

No. 540.—Order confirmed:—

Dated May 22.—By Major gen. Green, C.B., directing Capt. Benson, royal art., to act as brigade major, Mhow, as a temp. measure.

No. 541.—Asst. surg. R. A. Alleyne is placed on general duty, Northern division.

No. 544.—Lieut. A. F. B. Stevenson, 21st brig. R.A., has leave from April 21 to May 21, in ext., m.c.

NAVAL.

Marine Dept., Bombay Castle, April 19.—Capt. J. W. Young, C.B., superint. of marine and dockyard, has leave to England for 6 mo., under uncov. service rules.

Capt. W. C. Barker is app. to officiate as superint. of marine and dockyard during Capt. Young's absence on leave.

Mr. W. K. Thynne is app. harbour master and conservator of the port of Aden, v. Mr. Watson, deceased.

May 3.—No. 8.—The following temp. arrangements and appts. are confirmed:—

By Capt. J. W. Young, C.B., Superintendent of Bombay Marine.

Mr. R. M. Norris, 2nd officer of the *Dalhousie*, to be store accountant of that vessel from Feb. 1, v. Unonius, 1st officer.

Mr. G. Johnstone, 3rd officer, superny. att. to the floating batteries, procg. to Aden by the mail str. of Feb. 14, to assume cmd. of the schr. *Fanny*, to be accommodated with a passage to that port.

Lieut. Morland, cmdg. the *Dalhousie*, to be asst. dock master and agent for transports from Feb. 21.

Lieut. Hewett, cmdg. the *Hugh Lindsay*, to the cmd. of the *Dalhousie* from Feb. 21.

Mr. Unonius, 1st officer of the *Dalhousie*, to the cmd. of the *Hugh Lindsay* from Feb. 21.

Mr. E. Kelbone, gunner of the *Dalhousie*, was prom. to 3rd officer of that vessel from Feb. 10.

Mr. E. Elton, 2nd officer of the *Coromandel*, to be 1st officer of the *Dalhousie* from Feb. 21.

Mr. W. Hoy, 3rd officer of the *Coromandel*, was prom. to 2nd officer of that vessel from Feb. 21.

Mr. R. M. Norris, 2nd officer of the *Dalhousie*, to be 1st officer of the *Hugh Lindsay* from March 3.

Mr. A. O. T. Carrs to be 2nd officer of the *Hugh Lindsay* from March 3.

Mr. J. Todd to be 3rd officer of the *Coromandel* from March 6.

Lieut. Searle, dock master, was employed on special duty in the *Goolanar* replacing the buoys at the entrance of the Bankote river, and marking the position of the rock off Malwan on which the str. *Johnstone Castle* was stranded, from March 15 to March 21, both days inclusive.

May 31.—No. 11.—The following temp. arrangements and appts. are confirmed:—

By Capt. W. C. Barker, Officiating Superintendent of Marine.

Mr. Adamson to be 3rd officer of H.M.'s steamer *Victoria*, from March 16, v. Banks, res.

E. Barnott, alias L. Nicholson, qmr. of H.M.'s steamer *Berenice*, to be 3rd officer of that vessel, from Feb. 1, to fill a vacancy.

OFFICIATING SUPERINTENDENT OF THE BOMBAY MARINE.

Bombay, April 29.—Under instructions from Govt., contained in G.G.O. in the marine dept., dated April 19, I have this day assumed charge as officg. superint. of Bombay marine and dockyard.

May 8.—Consequent upon the communication from the dep. auditor and acct. gen., dated 6th inst., the officg. superint. of marine has been pleased to announce, that the G.O., dated 28th ult., is canc., and that all accounts in connection with the dockyard and the vessels of the Bombay marine are to be transmitted to the examiner of marine dept. as heretofore, until further orders.

Court Martial.

ENSIGN A. A. L. F. LEVERT, H.M.'s 56TH REGT. FOOT.

Adj. Gen.'s Office, Poona, May 13.—At a General Court Martial, assembled at Camp Deesa, on Wednesday, Feb. 1, 1865, Ensign A. A. L. F. Levert, H.M.'s 56th regt. foot, was arraigned on the following charges:—

First Charge.—For having, at Camp Deesa, on or about Nov. 18, 1864, when under arrest at large, broken it by leaving the cantonment of Deesa without permission.

Second Charge.—For having, at the same place and time as mentioned in the first charge, deserted from the head quarters of H.M.'s 56th regt. foot, and not returning until brought back a prisoner on or about Jan. 25, 1865.

The above being in breach of the Articles of War. Finding.—The Court, from the evidence before it, finds the prisoner, Ensign A. A. L. F. Levert, 56th regt.—

Guilty of the first charge.

With respect to the second charge, Not Guilty of desertion, of which the Court acquits him, but Guilty of absence without leave from Nov. 19, 1864, to Jan. 25, 1865.

The Court having found the prisoner Guilty as above specified, sentences him, Ensign A. A. L. F. Levert, H.M.'s 56th regt. foot, to be cashiered.

(Signed) J. B. DENNIS, Lieut. col. and Brev. col. R.A., President.

Camp Deesa, Feb. 1, 1865.

RECOMMENDATION TO MERCY.

The Court having performed its duty in awarding the only sentence authorised by the Articles of War, respectfully beg to recommend the prisoner to the merciful consideration of the confirming authority, on the grounds of his youth and inexperience.

Revised Finding.—The Court having considered the remarks in the Acting Judge Advocate general's letter above referred to, together with the evidence in the case, now finds the prisoner, Ensign A. A. L. F. Levert, H.M.'s 56th regt.—

Guilty of the first charge.

Guilty of the second charge.

Revised Sentence.—The Court having found the prisoner Guilty as above specified, sentences him, Ensign A. A. L. F. Levert, H.M.'s 56th regt. foot, to be cashiered.

(Signed) J. B. DENNIS, Lieut. col. and Brev. col. R.A., President.

Camp Deesa, Feb. 22, 1865.

APPROVED AND CONFIRMED.

(Signed) W. R. MANSFIELD, Gen., C. in C. in India.

Head Quarters, Simla, April 21, 1865.

RECOMMENDATION TO MERCY.

The Court having revised the finding agreeably to the suggestions contained in the letter of the Acting Judge Advocate general of the army, still trust that their recommendation to mercy may meet with approval.

The Court having done their duty, I hereby remit the sentence, because I believe that Ensign Levert may not have been conscious that he was committing the crime of desertion when he absented himself without leave, he having, as he imagined, guarded himself by sending the resignation of his commission to his commanding officer.

BIRTHS.

ACHARD—At Akyab, on May 13, the wife of Louis Frederic Achard, of a son.

ARMSTRONG—At Nellamungalum, on May 23, near Bangalore, the wife of Capt. E. Armstrong, Mysore Commission, of a son.

ARCHER—At No. 4, Russell-street, Calcutta, on May 25, Mrs. F. E. Archer, of a son.

BASEVI—At Mussoorie, on May 24, the wife of Capt. J. P. Basevi, R.E., of a son.

BATTEY—At Kherwarra, on April 29, the wife of Wynyard Battey, Esq., Adjutant, Meywar Bheel Corps, of a daughter.

BUSKIN—At No. 3, Outram-street, Calcutta, on May 22, the wife of E. G. Buskin, Esq., of a son.

BRENNER—At Howrah, on May 28, Mrs. C. Scott Brenner, of a son.

CRESSWELL—At Moradabad, on May 18, the wife of Sergeant-major W. Cresswell, H.M.'s 10th Regiment N.I., of a daughter.

COLLINGWOOD—At Calcutta, on May 25, the wife of Carlton Collingwood, Esq., Bengal Pilot Service, of a daughter.

CARTHY—At Ross Island, Port Blair, Andamans, on April 30, the wife of Mr. L. Carthy, of a son.

CRAIG—At Calcutta, on May 19, the wife of James Young Craig, Esq., of a son.

CLIFTON—At Upper Colaba, May 27, the wife of C. Clifton, Esq., of a daughter.

CHILDERS—At Rangoon, May 3, the wife of Capt. E. Childers, R.A., of a daughter.

DAY—At Cornwallis-square, Calcutta, May 17, the wife of the Rev. Lal Behari Day, of a daughter.

DUFF—At Cuttack, May 16, the wife of Captain Robert William Duff, Madras Army, of a daughter.

DE'CLOSETS—At Malabar-hill, May 25, the wife of Mr. H. De'Closests, of a son.

FINK—At Calcutta, May 6, Mrs. J. A. Fink, of a son.

FRENCH—At Mymensing, May 21, the wife of Dr. John G. French, Civil Surgeon, of a daughter.

GOUGH—At Cashmere Lodge, Murree, May 12, the wife of Major Hugh Gough, v.c., 13th Bengal Lancers, of a daughter.

GREY—At Gowhatty, June 1, the wife of Lieut. L. J. H. Grey, Assistant Commissioner, of a son.

HALES—At Secunderabad, May 21, the wife of H. J. Hales, Esq., late of Sholapoor, of a son.

HARRISON—At Midnapore, May 30, the wife of H. L. Harrison, Esq., C.S., of a son.

HUTCHINSON—At Simla, May 23, the wife of Lieut. col. Charles Waterloo Hutchinson, Royal Bengal Engineers, of a daughter.

JAMES—At No. 2, Middleton-street, Calcutta, May 12, the wife of Major T. James, H.M.'s Bengal Staff Corps, of a daughter.

JONES—At Allahabad, May 29, the wife of Capt. Howel L. Jones, Royal Artillery, prematurely, of a daughter.

LEEDS—At Agra, May 30, the wife of Major Sir E. Leeds, Bart., of a daughter.

LITTLEMORE—At Calcutta, May 11, the wife of Mr. Joseph Littlemore, Superintendent of the 3rd Division, Calcutta Police, of a son.

LISTON—At Jhansi, May 5, the wife of Lieut. Liston, of a son.

MACPHERSON—At Chowringhee-road, Calcutta, on May 29, the wife of A. G. Macpherson, Esq., of a son.

MADDOCKS—At Bhangulpore, on May 29, the wife of H. R. Maddocks, Esq., of a daughter.

MABERT—At Soolay Pagoda-street, Rangoon, on May 16, the wife of Mr. James Gordon Mabert, Accountant-general's office, of a son.

MARTIN—At Alipore, on May 19, the wife of John Martin, Esq., of a son.

MADGE—At Calcutta, on May 22, the wife of Walter C. Madge, Esq., of a son.

MARGESSON—At Mount Aboo, Rajpootana, on May 16, the wife of Major Margesson, 56th Regiment, of a son.

MULLER—At Sangor, Central India, May 23, the wife of Cattle sergeant F. W. Muller, Army Commissariat Department, of a son.

POWER—May 29, the wife of Mr. M. Power, of a daughter.

PICARD—At Lanowlee, May 21, the wife of Mr. J. Picard, G.I.P.R., of a son.

POLLARD—At Indore, May 24, the wife of Capt. C. Pollard, R.E., of a daughter.

POSTANCE—At Sangor, May 25, the wife of E. Postance, Assistant Commissary of Ordnance, of a daughter.

RICHTER—At Mercara, Coorg, April 25, the wife of the Rev. G. Richter, of a daughter.

ROBINSON—At Goosery, May 2, the wife of S. H. Robinson, Esq., of a daughter.

RICHARDSON—At Bombay, June 5, the wife of Serg. major H. Richardson, store clerk G.I.P. Railway, of a son.

ROSE—At Kalbadavie, July 2, the wife of Mr. A. C. Rose, of a daughter.

ROW—Esplanade, Bombay, May 27, the wife of Mr. A. Row, Eastern Financial Association (Limited), of a daughter.

SHEKLETON—At Kirkee, May 24, the wife of Capt. Shekleton, R.H.A., of a daughter.

STAINFORTH—At Bangalore, May 18, the wife of Lieut. col. C. R. Stainforth, 1st Madras cav., of a son.

WALKER—At Cawnpore, on May 18, the wife of Mr. F. A. Walker, contractor W. S., 4th division G. T. Road, of a son.

WARNER—At Khundwa, on May 25, the wife of Captain George Warner, Deputy Commissioner, Nimar, of a son.

WARD—At Mhow, on May 29, the wife of A. V. Ward, Esq., Staff Surgeon and Deputy Medical Storekeeper, of a daughter.

WILLIAMS—At Bunnoo, on May 19, the wife of Mr. B. Williams, Head Clerk, Deputy Commissioner's Office, Bunnoo, of a son.

MARRIAGES.

BADCOCK—DUMERGUE.—At St. John's Church, Calcutta, May 25, Lieut. A. R. Badcock, S.A.C. General, to Theophila Lowther, third daughter of John Shore Dumergue, late B.C.S.

BRENNER—BINGHAM.—June 2, at Christ Church, Byculia, Lieut. James Brenner, late I.N., Superintendent of Floating Batteries, to Eliza Amelia, only daughter of William Bingham, Esq., Hyde-park-square, London.

GORDON—DAVEY.—May 27, at the Cathedral, Calcutta, Donald Clunes Gordon, eldest son of Donald Macleod Gordon, Esq., of Harpsden Court, Henley-on-Thames, Oxon, to Eliza Conolly, second daughter of James George Davey, Esq., M.D., of Northwoods, Gloucestershire.

HAMILTON—RUNDALL.—April 27, at Razole, Godavery district, Arthur F. Hamilton, Esq., Lieutenant Royal Engineers (Madras), to Laura Augusta, second daughter of the late James Rundall, Esq.

KELLIE—CONNELL.—At Cachar, on the 13th May, Archibald Kellie, Esq., Manager of Silcoorie Tea Garden, to Miss Eliza Archina Connell.

HEWLETT—DUCAT.—June 1st, at Mahabeshwar, Thomas Gillham Hewlett, Esq., Assistant Surgeon H.M.'s Bombay Army, to Alice Rosa, daughter of the late Charles Ducat, Esq., M.D.

HEWETT—DOYLE.—May 29th, at St. John's Church, Colaba, Thomas Douglas Hewett, Esq., late Indian Navy, to Anne Mary, eldest daughter of the later Henry Doyle, Esq., Bombay Ordnance.

LANDALE—HOWARD.—At Calcutta, on the 23rd May, Walter Saget Landale, of Bhangulpore, to Margaret Ellen, daughter of the late R. C. Howard.

LUCAS—DYER.—At St. John's Church, May 24, John James Lucas, to Elizabeth, daughter of John Dyer, Esq., Epsom, Surrey.

MEES—CLARKE.—At Kalbadavie, of the Free Church of Scotland, Mr. Charles Mees, Engineer G.I.P.R., to Mrs. Mary Anne, widow of the late Mr. Clarke.

MACDONALD—BOWLER.—At Aden, May 18, Wm. Macdonald, Superintendent of the Aden Jail, to Miss Honora Bowler.

PALMER—JOSEPH.—At the Old Mission Church, May 10, James William Palmer, Esq., to Miss Emma Margaret Maseyk, youngest daughter of the late A. J. Joseph, Esq., E.M.I.

PHILLIPS—HORNETT.—At Bhangulpore, May 12, David Hunter Phillips, to Ann, daughter of the late Geo. Hornett.

ROGERS—GOODE.—At the Cathedral, Bombay, May 29, Mr. William George Rogers, to Fanny Julia Goode, only daughter of William Goode, Esq., Dudley, England.

DEATHS.

ARMSTRONG.—At Nellamungalum, near Bangalore, on May 23, Matilda Bruce, the wife of Capt. E. Armstrong, Mysore Commission.

ABRAHAM.—At Byculia, May 23, Mary Ann Dorothea, the youngest child of Mr. and Mrs. Abraham, aged 8 months and 23 days.

BURN.—At Malacca, on April 5, of cholera, Christina, the only daughter, and on May 11, Edward, the only son of Capt. James Burn, Bengal Staff Corps, and Resident Councillor, Malacca.

CAMPBELL.—At Malabar Hill, on June 2, Miss A. Campbell.

CAMPBELL.—At Upper Colaba, on May 24, Ellen Kleinknecht, the infant daughter of Mr. Daniel Campbell, aged 10 months.

CAMPBELL.—At Malligaum, on June 8, of cholera, Boderick Larn Scott, the child of Major and Mrs. Edmund Campbell, H.M.'s 3rd Regt. N.I., aged 2 years.

CARPENTER.—At Calcutta, on May 29, Benjamin A. Carpenter, commander of the steamer *Alligator*, aged 27 years.

COGSWELL.—At Hazareebaugh, on May 9, Edwin Cogswell, Esq., aged 27 years.

CARSHORE.—At Agra, June 1, the Rev. J. J. Carshore, D.D., Chaplain, aged 59 years.

CLARKE.—At Meerut, on May 19, Robert Edmund Herbert, son of Captain Melville Clarke, 19th Hussars, aged 6 years.

DOUGLAS.—At Ahmedabad, May 27, Lieut. E. A. Douglas, gen. list, attached to H.M.'s 13th Regt. N.I.

DONALDSON.—At Ahmedabad, May 26, of cholera, John Donaldson, Store and Park Sergeant Ordnance Department.

DURANT.—At Muttra, May 10, Agnes Tone Ada, the infant child of C. Geo. Durant, Esq., D.I.C.

FLOURET.—At Allahabad, May 15, Mrs. Jane Flourest, widow of the late N. Flourest, Indigo Planter, aged 40 years.

FREEMAN.—At Bombay, May 29, Mary Lucy Noble, only child of Mr. Freeman.

GREY.—At Gowhaty, May 18, the infant son of Lieut. Grey, Asst. Commissioner, Assam.

GARDINER.—At the European General Hospital, May 22, Louisa Gardiner, child of Mr. G. Gardiner, Inspecting Postmaster, Khandelish, aged 3 years.

GRAHAM.—At Mandavee, June 7, of brain fever, Constable David Graham.

HYDE.—At Agra, on April 13, Clara Harriett, wife of William Hyde, Inspector, Agra Police.

HENDERSON.—At Medow-atreet, Bengal, on May 24, Julia, the wife of Mr. John Henderson, aged 65 years.

HALES.—At Secunderabad, on May 27, Montague Henry George, son of Henry John and Susanna Hales, aged 6 years.

LOCK.—At Dharumalal, May 15, Edward Seppings, only son of Lieut. E. S. Lock, H.M.'s 82nd Regt., aged 9 months.

McKILLIGIN.—At 1, Mangoe-lane, Calcutta, May 28, James Pelham McKilligin, Esq., aged 63 years. **PIRES.**—At Mazagon, May 22, Mrs. J. Pires, widow of the late A. Pires, of the Bombay Subordinate Medical Establishment.

POWELL.—At Rosa, Shajehanpore, May 22, the infant son of J. Powell.

ROSS.—At the Burrakur Bridge, Amy Elizabeth Esther, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. D. S. Ross, aged 2 years and 4 months. On the same day and place, at 11.21 A.M., Ellen Hannah Mary, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. D. M. Ross, aged 1 year, 6 months, and 28 days.

RIELLY.—May 26th, at Ahmedabad, of cholera, Mr. J. Rielly.

ROSE.—May 24, at his residence, No. 5, Lindsay-street, Calcutta, William Grant Rose, aged 57 years.

RIPLEY.—May 15, at Rungid, Eastern Dooras, of cholera, Lieutenant Francis Tyndale Ripley, late 47th N.I., attached to 29th P.N.I.

SEXTON.—At Bombay, June 2, Agnes, the child of Capt. Sexton, H.M.'s 95th regt., aged 2 years.

SANDYS.—At Dinagepore, May 14, E. Sandys, Esq., C.S., from the effects of wounds received from a tiger, aged 41 years.

TROWARD.—At Dapoolie, May 26, Lieut. col. A. Troward, H.M.'s invalid estab.

TEMPLEMAN.—At Naines Tal, May 25, Cyril, the infant of the Rev. E. Templeman, offic. chaplain of Bareilly, aged 18 mo.

UNSWORTH.—At Ramkistopore, Howrah, on the 15th of May, William Unsworth, aged 49 years.

WILSON.—June 1st, at Ahmedabad, of cholera, Major William Wilson, Staff Corps, 2nd in command H.M.'s 13th Regt., N.I.

ZEMIN.—At Calcutta, on the 30th May, William, the infant son of Mr. and Mrs. D. Zemin.

WAR OFFICE.

CHANGES, PROMOTIONS, &c.,
IN H.M.'s REGIMENTS SERVING IN INDIA.
June 20.

19th Hussars.—Staff surg. major E. Menzies to be surg.; Staff Asst. surg. B. T. Giraud, M.D., to be asst. surg. v. G. R. Woolhouse, app. to the staff; June 20.

20th Hussars.—Staff surg. D. F. Rennie, M.D., to be surg.; June 20.

21st Hussars.—Capt. J. M. Biddle, from 100th foot, to be capt., v. Parker, who exch.; Staff surg. G. A. Turnbull to be surg.; June 23.

Royal Artillery.—Surg. major J. A. W. Thompson, M.D., from 80th foot, to be surg. major; June 20. To be Surgeons: Surg. J. Gibbons, from 95th foot; Staff surg. T. B. Reid, Staff surg. W. M. Gibaut, Staff surg. R. Menzies, Staff surg. A. K. Drysdale, Staff surg. W. W. Mills, Staff surg. E. M. Sinclair, M.D., Staff surg. A. Maclean, Staff surg. R. A. Chapple, Staff surg. C. Ricketts, Staff surg. C. C. Dempster; June 20. To be Asst. surgeon: Staff Asst. surg. G. E. Gascoven, v. C. Ricketts, prom. on staff; June 20.

7th Foot.—Lieut. col. M. H. Dowbiggin, from h.p. late 99th foot, to be lieut. col., v. Brev. col. R. Y. Shipley, c.n., who retires upon temp. h.p.; Major T. W. Marten to be lieut. col., by purch., v. M. H. Dowbiggin, who ret.; Capt. J. M. Clayhills to be major, by purch., v. Marten; Lieut. H. S. Harrison to be capt., by purch., v. Clayhills; Ensign T. Groube to be lieut., by purch., v. Harrison; June 20.

33rd Foot.—The app. of Lieut. E. S. Wason as adj. has been antedated to Dec. 20, 1854.

38th Foot.—Asst. surg. J. E. Clark, from 22nd foot, to be asst. surg., v. T. Wright, prom. on staff; June 20.

80th Foot.—Staff surg. T. Wright to be surg., v. Surg. major J. A. W. Thompson, M.D., app. to R.A.; June 20.

95th Foot.—Staff surg. T. J. Murphy to be surg., v. J. Gibbons, app. to R.A.; June 20.

101st Foot.—Staff surg. E. Y. Kellett to be surg.; June 20.

102nd Foot.—Surg. R. B. Smyth, M.B., from 22nd foot, to be surg.; June 20.

103rd Foot.—Gent. cadet E. C. Showers, from Royal Military College, to be ensign, v. J. Galwey, dec.; June 20.

104th Foot.—Staff surg. L. G. Hooper to be surg.; June 20.

105th Foot.—Staff surg. A. M. Macbeth to be surg.; June 20.

108th Foot.—Surg. E. G. Noot, from h.p., late 2nd foot, to be surg.; June 20.

Rifle Brigade.—Ensign H. J. T. Walpole to be lieut., without purch., v. H. W. Reid, dec.; May 24. Ens. J. W. Sandilands, from 47th foot, to be ensign,

v. R. W. Ormerod, prom.; Staff Asst. surg. R. J. B. Cunynghame, M.D., to be asst. surg., v. A. Guthrie, M.D., prom. on staff; June 20.

MEDICAL DEPARTMENT.

Staff Surg. major G. T. Galbraith, M.D., from h.p., to be staff surg. major, v. Surg. A. K. Drysdale, app. to R.A.

To be Staff Surgeons.

Surg. G. T. Woodman, M.D., from h.p., 39th foot, v. D. F. Rennie, M.D., app. to 20th hussars.

Staff surg. H. Huish, M.D., from h.p., v. G. A. Turnbull, app. to 21st hussars.

Staff surg. J. Dunlop, M.D., from h.p., v. Surg. major E. Menzies, app. to 19th hussars.

Asst. surg. A. Maclean, from R.A.

Staff Asst. surg. A. Humfrey, v. A. M. Macbeth, app. to 105th foot.

Staff Asst. surg. E. L. Lundy, v. T. B. Reid, app. to R.A.

Asst. surg. W. H. Pollard, from R.A.

Asst. surg. T. Wright, from 38th foot.

Staff Asst. surg. T. J. Murphy, M.D.

Asst. surg. P. N. Jackson, from 18th foot, v. W. W. Mills, app. to R.A.

Staff Asst. surg. F. S. B. F. de Chaumont, M.D., v. E. M. Sinclair, M.D., app. to R.A.

Asst. surg. A. Guthrie, M.D., from rifle brig., v. B. Menzies, app. to R.A.

Staff Asst. surg. E. Y. Kellett.

Asst. surg. R. A. Chapple, from R.A.

Asst. surg. C. Ricketts, from R.A.

Asst. surg. L. G. Hooper, from 10th hussars.

Asst. surg. A. G. Young, from 60th foot, v. W. M. Gibaut, app. to R.A.

Staff Asst. surg. C. C. Dempster.

To be Staff Asst. surgeon.

Asst. surg. G. R. Woolhouse, from 19th hussars, v. B. T. Giraud, M.D., app. to 19th hussars.

STAFF.

Major gen. Lord W. Paulet, K.C.B., to be adj. gen. to the forces, v. Lieut. gen. the Hon. Sir J. Y. Scarlett, K.C.B., whose period of service on the staff is about to expire; July 1.

BREVET.

Capt. and Brev. major E. J. Carthew, R.A., to be lieut. col.; May 31.

June 23.

18th Hussars.—Ensign R. G. Kennedy, from 55th foot, to be cornet, v. A. M. Smith, who retires.

Royal Artillery.—Vet. surg. 1st class J. G. Phillips, from h.p., late of a cavalry depot, to be vet. surg., v. W. Dorrofield, superseded for being absent without leave.

33rd Foot.—The appointment of Lieut. Wason as adj. bears date Dec. 20, 1864, not 1854, as stated in the *Gazette* of 20th inst.

44th Foot.—Ensign W. H. Overton to be lieut., by purch., v. R. Y. Foley, who retires; J. Chappell, gent., to be ensign, by purch., v. Overton.

55th Foot.—Ensign J. M. Jackson, from 63rd foot, to be ensign, v. Kennedy, transferred to 18th hussars.

80th Foot.—Lieut. F. B. N. Craufurd to be capt., without purch., v. B. J. Hume, dec.; April 26.

93rd Foot.—Ensign A. Kerr, from 69th foot, to be ensign, in succession to Lieut. S. E. Wood, prom.

105th Foot.—Gent. cadet L. G. Hay, from Royal Military College, to be ensign, v. Abercrombie, transferred to 107th foot.

107th Foot.—Ensign J. Abercrombie, from 105th foot, to be ensign, v. E. A. Raikes, transferred to Bengal staff corps.

June 30.

1st Dragoons.—Asst. surg. J. Warren, from 59th foot, to be asst. surg., v. J. J. Mulock, prom. on the staff.

5th Lancers.—Sergt. major A. Macnamara to be cornet, without purchase, v. W. L. Forster, superseded for being absent without leave.

4th Foot.—Capt. J. Paton to be major, by purch., v. O. Y. Cocks, who retires; Lieut. E. Chinn to be capt., by purch., v. Paton; Ens. H. B. Laurence to be lieut., by purch., v. Chinn; A. W. Dury, gent., to be ensign, by purch., v. Laurence.

7th Foot.—Ens. W. Conolly, from 85th foot, to be ensign, v. T. Groube, prom.

11th Foot.—Capt. the Hon. J. Colbourne, from 60th foot, to be capt., v. Byron, who exch.; Ens. J. P. Tighe to be lieut., by purch., v. J. H. Healey, who retires; E. H. Vaughan, gent., to be ensign, by purch., v. Tighe, June 30; Lieut. J. H. Bamfield to be adjt., v. Lieut. T. G. Miles, who has resigned that apt.; April 24.

21st Foot.—Lieut. H. de P. Rennick, from 44th foot, to be lieut., v. K. Browne, who exch.; May 1.

34th Foot.—Lieut. H. Lampen to be capt., without purch., v. W. Cody, dec.; Ens. L. Wyatt to be lieut., without purch., v. Lampen; April 17. Gent. Cadet H. Melliss, from the Royal Military College, to be ensign, without purch., v. Wyatt.

35th Foot.—B. J. Courtenay, gent., to be ensign, by purch., v. W. Conolly, transf. to 7th foot.

36th Foot.—Capt. R. Wingfield, from 52nd foot, to be capt., v. Neal, who exch.

44th Foot.—Lieut. K. Browne, from 21st foot, to be lieut., v. Rennick, who exch.; May 1.

46th Foot.—Ena. G. B. Bryan to be lieut., by purch., v. Shuttleworth, who retires; Gent. Cadet J. Grant, from the Royal Military College, to be ensign, by purch., v. Bryan.

51st Foot.—Capt. C. Acton to be maj., by purch., v. Brev. col. D. D. Muter, who retires; Lieut. E. D. Oliver to be capt., by purch., v. Acton; Ena. S. J. Dyer to be lieut., by purch., v. Oliver; Cornet G. F. White, from the 6th dragoon guards, to be ensign, v. S. J. Dyer.

60th Foot.—Capt. W. G. Byron, from 11th foot, to be capt., v. the Hon. J. Colborne, who exch.

72nd Foot.—Lieut. C. S. Murray to be capt., by purch., v. J. M. Macneill, who retires; Ena. F. T. Goad to be lieut., by purch., v. Murray; R. H. Hunt, gent., to be ensign, by purch., v. Goad.

82nd Foot.—Capt. H. J. Lane, from the Military Train, to be capt., v. Skinner, who exch.; Lieut. H. M. Parkerson to be instructor of musketry, v. Lieut. J. A. Brock, prom.; April 15.

BREVET.

Major and brevet lieut. col. L. Graham, 19th foot, having completed the qualifying service in the rank of lieut. col., to be colonel, under the Royal Warrant of Oct. 14, 1856; Dec. 4.

Second Capt. E. Perkins, Royal (late Bengal) Engineers, to be major.

Paymaster R. Anderson, 71st foot, to have the hon. rank of capt.; May 25.

Qrmer. J. Aylett, half-pay, late 29th foot, to have the hon. rank of capt.

July 4.

2nd Dragoon Guards.—Cornet G. A. Wilson to be lieut., by purch., v. W. M. Weir, who ret.; J. H. Newill, gent., to be cornet, by purch., v. Wilson.

5th Lancers.—Capt. D. R. Vandeleur, from the 12th lancers, to be capt., v. Sergison-Smith, who exch.

21st Hussars.—Lieut. G. W. C. Plowden to be capt., v. W. J. S. Richardes, dec.; Cornet B. A. Combe to be lieut., v. Plowden; Gent. cadet A. P. Loyd, from the Royal Military College, to be cornet, v. Combe.

Royal Artillery.—Lieut. col. and brev. col. A. G. Burrows to be col., v. G. A. F. De Rinzy, ret. upon full pay; Capt. and brev. maj. H. E. Hicks to be lieut. col., v. C. A. Purvis, ret. upon full pay; Capt. and brev. lieut. col. F. W. Hastings to be lieut. col., v. Burrows; Second Capt. E. S. Milman to be capt., v. Hicks; Capt. and brev. lieut. col. C. H. Ingilby, from the supernum. list, to be capt., v. Brev. lieut. col. Hastings; Lieut. A. P. Bainbridge to be second capt., v. Milman; Lieut. E. T. Hume to be second capt., v. R. T. Hare, transf. to the Bengal Staff Corps; Lieut. W. S. Poole, from the second list, to be lieut., v. Godson, res.; Lieut. E. Cross has been perm. to res. his com.; Lieut. J. D. Cameron has been perm. to res. his com.; Staff asst. surg. H. M. Macbeth to be asst. surg., v. R. D. Burn, M.D., placed upon half-pay.

Royal Engineers.—Lieut. col. T. L. J. Gallwey, from the supernum. list, to be lieut. col., v. Brev. col. Freeling, removed to the supernum. list; Second capt. J. M. C. Drake to be capt., v. G. R. Lempriere, placed on the supernum. list; Lieut. W. Keith to be second capt., v. Drake; Gent. cadet E. C. Hart, from the Royal Military Academy, to be lieut., with temp. rank, v. Keith.

4th Foot.—Lieut. J. H. M'Ewen to be instructor of musketry, v. Lieut. E. Chinn, prom.

44th Foot.—The Christian names of Lieut. col. and brev. col. M'Mahon, C.B., are Patrick William, and not William only, as hitherto stated.

60th Foot.—Lieut. J. K. Watson to be capt., without purch., v. the Hon. R. P. Vereker, dec.; Lieut. A. V. O'Brien to be instructor of musketry, v. Lieut. F. S. Brereton, who has resigned the appointment.

79th Foot.—Ens. A. H. Turner to be lieut., by purch., v. A. Jones, who retires; O. B. Gordon, gent., to be ensign, by purch., v. Turner.

80th Foot.—C. G. Hawdon, gent., to be ensign, by purch., v. A. H. Smith, who retires.

98th Foot.—Ens. W. Copland to be lieut., by purch., v. G. Greig, who retires; R. J. C. Campbell, gent., to be ens., by purch., v. Copland.

95th Foot.—Ens. J. E. M. Sperrin to be lieut., by purch., v. J. A. Stubbs, who retires; P. Shaw, gent., to be ensign, by purch., v. Sperrin; Ena. J. E. M. Sperrin to be instructor of musketry, v. Lieut. E. B. Andros, who has exchanged into the Military Train.

BREVET.

Paymaster G. Blurton, 2nd foot, to have the hon. rank of capt.

Deputy asst. commissary R. Vaughan, ordnance dept., Bengal, to have the hon. rank of lieut.

The undermentioned officers to have the hon. rank of lieut. general:—

Major gen. J. S. Bastard, retired full pay, Royal Artillery.

Major gen. J. Twiss, retired full pay, Royal Engineers.

Major gen. B. Willis, retired full pay, Royal Artillery.

Major gen. H. Pester, retired full pay, Royal Artillery.

The Queen has been graciously pleased to approve of the promotion of the undermentioned officers of her Majesty's British Army to local rank in India, as detailed below, viz.:—

To Rank as Lieut.-Cols. in India.

Maj. J. M. Brown, 93rd foot.
Lieut. col. C. H. Hutchinson, R.A.
Lieut. col. F. G. Nuthall, R.A.
Lieut. col. A. T. Cadell, R.A.
Brev. maj. E. S. Mercer, 94th foot.
Maj. W. T. Betts, 88th foot.
Lieut. col. R. Patton, 107th foot.
Maj. J. P. Gore, 1st foot.
Maj. H. Gray, 11th foot.
Maj. H. W. P. Welman, 10th foot (now Lieut. col.).

Maj. T. Martin, 4th foot.
Maj. E. C. Butler, 36th foot.
Maj. E. J. Ellerman, 98th foot.
Maj. J. F. Murray, 97th foot.
Capt. (now Brev. maj.) with the local rank of maj., R. Blackhall, 7th foot.
Maj. C. T. V. Bunbury, 82nd foot.
Maj. S. Lyster, 94th foot.
Capt., with the local rank of maj., H. H. Lacy, 76th foot.

Maj. C. L. De Winton, 76th foot.
Capt., with local rank of maj., J. S. Manly, 27th foot.

Maj. H. W. Parish, 45th foot.
To Rank as Majors in India.
Major J. D'O. Baring, 107th foot.
Major G. Gaynor, 104th foot.
Major C. Armstrong, 35th foot.
Major J. Bleaymire, 104th foot.
Major F. S. Kemp, 103rd foot.
Major R. B. M'Leod, 21st hussars.
Capt. (now Brev. major) R. Blackhall, 7th foot.
Capt. (now Brev. major) D. Hastings, 72nd foot.
Major T. Biggs, 60th foot.
Major H. P. Tyacke, 106th foot.
Major E. C. Warner, 20th hussars.
Capt. J. S. Manly, 27th foot.
Capt. H. H. Lacy, 76th foot.
Capt. C. O'Donoghue, 76th foot.
Major G. E. Herne, 103rd foot.
Capt. A. L. Nicholson, 107th foot.
Major A. J. Shuldham, 108th foot.
Capt. R. Lloyd, 36th foot.
Capt. (now Major) A. J. FitzGerald, 60th foot.
Brev. major A. T. Welsh, 109th foot.
Capt. B. C. Hitchins, R.A.
Capt. J. H. Elwyn, R.A.
Capt. J. B. Campbell, 109th foot.
Brev. major W. G. Margesson, 56th foot.
Maj. E. Grantham, 98th foot.
Brev. major S. H. H. Edwards, 98th foot.
Capt. E. H. Couchman, R.A.
Capt. G. Holland, R.A.
Capt. G. B. Holmes, R.A.
Capt. W. S. Mann, R.A.
Capt. C. M. J. Thornton, R.A.
Capt. W. F. B. Laurie, R.A.
Capt. C. M'Cintock Cotton, 20th hussars.
Capt. R. Lacy, 33rd foot.
Capt. E. D. Harvest, 97th foot.
Capt. E. Foster, 12th foot.
Capt. J. M'Crea, 45th foot.
Capt. G. Maister, R.A.
Capt. A. Simpson, R.A.
Capt. J. R. Sladen, R.A.
Capt. G. Carlton, R.A.
Capt. E. W. Dance, R.A.
Capt. C. S. Dundas, R.A.
Maj. J. Miller, 3rd drag. guards.
Capt. C. M. Young, R.A.
Brev. maj. T. Dundas, 12th foot.

Brev. maj. J. S. F. Fowke, 54th foot.
Capt. F. J. M'Farlane, 3rd drag. guards.
Capt. H. E. Forbes, 21st hussars.
Capt. H. M. Boddam, R.A.
Capt. J. A. Angelo, R.A.
Capt. R. Reid, 98th foot.
Maj. S. A. Madden, 51st foot.
Capt. A. V. Dumbleton, 21st hussars.
Capt. J. J. Gordon, 54th foot.
Capt. D. J. F. Newall, R.A.
Capt. J. E. Watson, R.A.
Capt. W. J. Gray, R.A.
Brev. maj. J. Tulloh, C.B., R.A.
Capt. R. Morton, R.A.
Capt. N. G. Campbell, R.A.
Capt. C. R. Richardson, 82nd foot.
Capt. W. H. Ballingall, 35th foot.
Capt. J. G. Clarke, 46th foot.
Capt. G. R. Brown, R.A.
Capt. E. Harrison, R.A.
Capt. W. F. Cox, R.A.
Capt. T. G. Glover, R.E.
Capt. H. Hyde, R.E.
Capt. R. Young, R.E.
Capt. H. V. Timbrell, R.A.
Capt. J. C. Griffith, R.A.
Capt. A. Nicholas, 46th foot.
Capt. R. W. Cardiff, 11th foot.
Capt. C. D. Newmarch, R.E.
Capt. J. Crofton, R.E.
Capt. H. B. Sandford, R.A.
Capt. C. H. Cokes, R.A.
Capt. J. R. A. Mead, R.A.
Capt. J. F. Raper, R.A.
Capt. A. H. Heath, R.A.
Capt. W. D. Couchman, R.A.
Capt. C. Clark, 104th foot.
Capt. C. M. N. Fellowes, 107th foot.
Capt. H. Champion-Müller, 101st foot.
Capt. W. Croker, 27th foot.
Capt. R. W. Davies, 10th foot.
Capt. C. Needham, 34th foot.
Capt. E. G. Higgins, 107th foot.
Capt. J. C. Clarke, 76th foot.

To Rank as Captains in India.

Capt. R. A. Taylor, 103rd foot.
Capt. E. A. Law, 103rd foot.
Capt. W. C. S. Clarke, 21st hussars.
Capt. R. E. Anderson, 107th foot.
Capt. W. C. Stirling, 107th foot.
Capt. W. H. S. Hart, 105th foot.
Capt. D. B. Lockhart, 107th foot.
Capt. S. A. Hunter, 101st foot.
Capt. J. de Vitre, 103rd foot.
Capt. E. Brandt, 103rd foot.
Capt. G. Maunsell, 106th foot.
Capt. W. Williams, 103rd foot.
Capt. G. Priestly, 20th foot.
Capt. I. F. Kennedy, 34th foot.
Capt. R. R. Gillespie, 106th foot.
Capt. N. Kirkland, 106th foot.
Capt. H. C. McDonald, 108th foot.
Capt. F. B. G. Glover, 105th foot.
Capt. W. H. Twemlow, 27th foot.
Capt. T. P. Harrison, 107th foot.
Capt. H. J. Bell, 105th foot.
Capt. W. M. Harnett, 97th foot.
Lieut. J. W. Huskisson, 56th foot.
Capt. G. W. M. Harmer, 81st foot.
Capt. F. B. N. Craufurd, 80th foot.
Lieut. J. A. Deans, 81st foot.
Lieut. W. P. Mortimer, 80th foot.
Lieut. C. S. Maunsell, 82nd foot.

INDIA OFFICE, JUNE 28.

Her Majesty has been pleased to approve of the undermentioned admissions to the Bengal Staff Corps:—

To be Captain.

R. Topham, H.M.'s 88th foot, Oct. 16, 1863.

To be Lieutenants.

C. Shuttleworth, H.M.'s 42nd foot, Oct. 28, 1855.
J. P. Turton, late 26th N.I., Feb. 10, 1856.
W. G. Cubitt, v.c., late 13th N.I., Nov. 23, 1856.
G. B. C. Simpson, late 23rd N.I., April 1, 1858.
B. J. Parsons, late 23rd N.I., April 30, 1858.
G. C. Gregory, late 58th N.I., April 30, 1858.
F. W. Grant, late 22nd N.I., May 18, 1858.
H. G. Waterfield, late 34th N.I., May 19, 1858.
J. M. Sym, late 58th N.I., July 15, 1858.
G. B. Johnston, late 54th N.I., Dec. 21, 1858.
W. S. Brooke, late 2nd Bengal N.I., March 29, 1859.
P. L. N. Cavagnari, 1st Bengal Eur. regt., March 17, 1860.
C. J. Walter, gen. list, Jan. 1, 1862.
Ensign F. Knowles, H.M.'s 19th foot, Sept., 1864.

To Correspondents.

All letters for insertion in *Allen's Indian Mail* should be accompanied with the real name and address of the writer, "not necessarily for publication, but as a guarantee of good faith."

Communications for the Editor, and Advertisements, should be sent under cover to Messrs. W.M. H. ALLEN & Co., 13, Waterloo-place, S.W.

. Should any delay or irregularity occur in supplying this Paper, communication of the fact to the Publisher will insure a remedy.

ALLEN'S INDIAN MAIL,

THURSDAY, July 6, 1865.

RAILWAY PROGRESS IN THE PUNJAB.

ANOTHER section of one of those great works for which the public—and may we not say the civilised world?—are so much indebted to Mr. W. P. Andrew—has just been brought into active operation. The Lahore and Mooltan section of the Punjab Railway has been opened for public traffic. The entire distance of two hundred and twenty-one miles is now traversed daily in twelve hours, so that the traveller may take his *chota hazree* either at Umritsur or Lahore, at six in the morning, breakfast pleasantly *en route*, and arrive at Mooltan, the third city in importance in the country of the Five Rivers, in ample time for the usual dinner hour, proceeding thence, if it so pleases him, by the Indus Flotilla (in communication with the Punjab line) to Kotree, near Hyderabad, whence the Scinde Railway will carry him on to Kurrachee, the great port of the North-West. It may be some time, as a local writer suggests, before the benefits of this great accommodation are fully appreciated; for the utility of the line is not to be measured merely by the convenience afforded to our travelling countrymen, and the natives are always long in learning the advantages of changes of this kind. Not, however, that there has as yet been any sign of ignorance on the subject, for we are told that the concourse of Cabuliese and border people who came from their homes to avail themselves of the new route, was very large, and far beyond all expectation; and it may be anticipated that these classes will come in increased numbers to swell the traffic of the line.

That so much should have been done in so short a time, considering the many difficulties which have attended the undertaking, is the best possible assurance of the energy with which the operations of the company have been conducted. But our

newest provinces are proverbially the most progressive; and at some not very distant day we shall certainly see not only the completion of railway communication to Delhi (and thence, of course, to Calcutta) on the one hand, but on the other a direct line through Scinde, so that the delay of the river route may be altogether avoided. That indeed will be a great day for the Punjab, which, between Europe and Central Asia, will command the commerce of a large portion of the civilised world. In the meantime the work which has been accomplished is not only a welcome social benefit, but a great advantage to trade, and a protection to the frontier of immense political importance.

THE OFFICIAL VIEW OF THE FATAL MARCH.

WE could do no more than glance, in our last number, at the conclusions arrived at by the Bombay authorities concerning the "Fatal march from Mhow." During the unusually long interval which has elapsed between our publications, the topic has been much discussed in this country, and the general opinion, as reflected in the press, is that Major-general Green, the officer commanding at the station, has been unjustly censured for his share in the proceeding.

The facts of the case, though occupying a considerable space in official documents, may be reduced to very small compass. The order from home for the reduction of the B Battery 21st Brigade was received in Bombay about the 17th or 18th of February, when Sir William Mansfield was leaving to take up the chief command. Before his departure he made the necessary communication on the subject, and Lieut.-colonel Phayre, the Quarter-master-general, who accompanied him, also left directions with his deputy that all such details should be attended to in his absence. But no communication being received from the Adjutant-general's Office, nothing was done in his department, and he was surprised, on the 7th of April, a few days after his return, at receiving a communication from Major-general Green, asking if the detachment should be sent to Kirkee. Not having made an immediate reply, he received another telegram on the 10th reiterating the inquiry. To this he returned an answer the same day directing that orders be given for the march of the detachment to Nargaum. In the meantime, on the 4th of April, Lieut.-colonel Phayre had addressed a letter to Major-general Green concerning some deserters from the Inniskilling Dragoons, whom it was desirable to send to their regiment for trial. In reply he received a telegram, dated the 10th, concerning means of transit, and afterwards a

letter, with the same date, in which the Major-general entered into further particulars, adding that he would deprecate the men being sent up at that time of year, as great heat had set in and there was cholera on the road. To this Lieut.-col. Phayre made a rejoinder that Sir Charles Van Straubenzee adopted the suggestion as to the deserters, and adding that as the same objection seemed to apply to the immediate march of the artillery, the Deputy Inspector-general of Hospitals should be consulted on the subject. The intimation, however, arrived too late, the march of the detachment having already taken place.

Lieut.-colonel Phayre, who cites these facts in the minute which he has drawn up on the subject, makes them a ground for throwing all the blame upon Major-General Green, who, he declares, did not give explicit warning of cholera until too late to save the artillery detachment, and even then only incidentally, and in reference to another subject. Sir Charles Van Straubenzee also takes the same view of the case, which is endorsed by Sir Bartle Frere, the result being a severe censure cast upon Major-general Green, who is told that it was his duty to have exercised discretion in the matter, and that he "appears to have overlooked" the general order prohibiting the removal of troops in the hot season.

To some extent there seemed a *prima facie* case against Major-general Green, but this would be only upon the supposition that the superior authorities required information of the peculiar source of danger. But Sir Charles Van Straubenzee as well as Lieutenant-colonel Phayre are officers of Indian experience, and the latter at least is specially acquainted with the district, and must have been aware that the route across the Nerbudda is always highly dangerous after the 1st of April, when cholera is a continued source of apprehension. Indeed, attention had been called to the fact in 1862 by Major-general Farrall, then in command at Mhow, who urgently deprecated the marching of troops at such a season on account of cholera, and was informed in reply that the part of the country referred to was not dangerous until after the rains. Only last year, too, Major-general Green himself—who cites these facts in his own justification—made a report to the same effect, and was told that "the requirements of the service must not be stopped on account of vague cholera reports." And when, shortly afterwards, reporting the death of an officer on the road from the epidemic, he represented the danger to life caused by exposure in reaching the station during the hot season, his communication remained unacknowledged. Under these circumstances, Major-general Green naturally concluded that he had

sufficiently performed his duty by expressing his opinion, and more especially as he had never received any orders from headquarters in reference to the B battery, the orders being sent to the officer commanding that battery, with whom he conceived himself bound to act in concert. That the higher authorities were unaware of the danger could scarcely be supposed; nor does the Major-general's reminder in the case of the deserters invalidate his claim to this assumption. The march of the detachment—delayed as it had been—he might well have supposed imperative, while the despatch of the deserters could scarcely be considered in that light; or indeed it may have been that the possibility of the authorities having forgotten the danger was not suggested to him until the proposal to incur it for the second time. With regard to his having overlooked the general order against removing troops at the season—issued so recently as 1860—it is preposterous to presume that Major-general Green was required to remind his superiors that they were taking illegal action. Is it to be supposed that the Commander-in-chief and the Quartermaster-general were not bound to know of such an order, and that it is the business of a general commanding a division to warn them that they are infringing it?

The fault most certainly lies elsewhere than at Mhow, for if Major-general Green might have assumed more discretion with advantage, he was not called upon to do so by official rule, and an officer cannot fairly be blamed for merely doing his duty. The disaster was brought about, in the first place, by the absence of Lieutenant-colonel Phayre, through which, owing to the inaction of the Adjutant-general's Department, the march was delayed. But for the despatch of the detachment at a dangerous time Lieutenant-colonel Phayre and Sir Charles Van Straubenzee are both responsible, for they should not have needed the warning which Major-general Green must be considered justified in having withheld. In a less direct manner, too, Sir William Mansfield is to blame, for had Major-general Green and his predecessor not met with such sharp rebukes for their previous suggestions, it is probable that the march would not have been made.

The Bombay authorities—it is due to them to record the fact—have manifested the greatest sympathy with the sufferers by this unhappy series of mistakes, and have recommended to special notice the services of those who, by their devoted conduct, mitigated the horrors of the crisis. Of these the most prominent are Lieutenant Stevenson, commanding the detachment, and Captain Scott, of the Nimar Police, who happened to be travelling on the road, and volunteered his services.

CORRESPONDENCE.

THE INDIAN ARMY.—SECOND SERIES. No. III.

TO THE EDITOR OF "ALLEN'S INDIAN MAIL."

SIR,—Although the Court of Directors were by law restricted from exercising independent power in respect to the direct government of India, they, from the experience of the great majority of that body in the East, possessed very considerable influence in the Board of Control. Educated as they had been in a school remote from the political factions of Parliament at home, they entered on their English career pretty free from party. The Indian governors who were appointed, too, very soon found this to be the case, and the urgencies of the public service, limited as its numbers were, compelled the former to make use of the materials at hand, and to select the best agents they could find for their purpose, restricted in some measure by certain rules of seniority which had been the fundamental principle of the Company's Service, both at home and abroad. So far so good. But in cases of peace and war the Court of Directors, as a body, had no voice, the secret committee, which has been before described, being in all respects a mere form guided by the representative of the party in power in England. Unfortunately, the so-called Liberals were in office in 1839, when it was determined to carry on war in Afghanistan without sufficiently considering all the circumstances connected with such a resolution. The result of that notable project is still fresh in the memory of all, and the fatal consequences on the army at Cabul, when out of 17,000 individuals, but one, an assistant-surgeon, reached the frontier post of Jelahabad to tell the sad tale. At the very outset of that campaign the Duke of Wellington, the leader of the Conservative party, at once condemned the whole project, and even when he heard of the first successes said—"It is true you have carried your army into Afghanistan, but how are you to bring it away?" The disaster of the Cabul army tended more than any other circumstance to change the feeling of the Bengal Sepoys towards the British Government. Till then they had never experienced any such defeat; they saw for the first time their European comrades, whom they had hitherto deemed indomitable, succumbing to the effects of the winter climate, and falling helplessly before the swords of an enemy which, during the previous campaign, had offered but a feeble resistance. The Cabul calamity dissipated the prestige of the European soldiery. The survivors among the natives, who eventually forced their way back, were loud in complaint against the Government for requiring Hindoos to cross the waters of the Attock or boundary of India, and they included in these feelings blame to their European officers. The latter even have not failed to ascribe the subsequent discontent to the same excuse—that of carrying their men so far away from their homes. But this must be considered an idle and frivolous pretence, when it is remembered that from the first formation of the Bengal Army it had frequently fought in the

Carnatic along with Madras troops, on the western side of India with the Bombay army, and had, like them, occasionally embarked for foreign service, whether in Egypt, in Burmah, in the Indian Archipelago, or in remote China. As I have before stated, the whole system of discipline in the Bengal Native Army was lax in time of peace, though there never were braver nor higher minded soldiers in time of war. The spirit which sustained them on other occasions was evinced in the two campaigns against the Sikhs in 1845 and 1849, but as the latter have now taken the place of the former Bengal Army in our service, it may not be out of place briefly to refer to the causes which led to the mutiny, as also to the character of the new Bengal Army which has succeeded to the old.

The history of the administration of Lord Dalhousie and of Lord Canning in India, by the Duke of Argyll, has entered fully into the question of the Bengal mutiny. Within the last year a second work on the same subject has appeared, denominated the "Sepoy War," of which the first of three volumes only has yet come out, by Mr. John Kaye, the political secretary of the India Office. From these two works, the materials of which are derived from similar sources, we have before us a series of facts as to the origin and progress of that calamitous event.

The ascendancy which the Brahminical caste exercised over the Hindoo portion of the army is clearly established, and from the circumstance of the disaffection commencing at Calcutta and its vicinity, and continuing from January, 1857, till May, without its having broken out elsewhere, shows first, that it was no previously-conceived sepoy plot, and the committee of officers which sat in Calcutta to ascertain how far it might be so considered, declared that the Mahomedans and Sikhs in the regiments which had been implicated in disaffection might be trusted, but not the Hindoos. The *Edinburgh Reviewer* remarks, "It is certain that the panic began not in Oude, not in Delhi, but in the stations close to Calcutta itself," from whence it spread. General Hearsey, the general officer commanding the Presidency division, wrote as early as the 8th February:—"I, moreover, consider it necessary to add my conviction that the sepoys are tampered with by designing villains when on duty in Fort William and in Calcutta." "Thus we find (says the reviewer) allusion made to a Brahmin agency or religious Hindoo party called the Dhurma Sobha (*ad conservandum fidei*), which, after the manner of its kind in other countries, had been angered by tolerance which were to it intolerable." "But it does not follow that some political agencies may not have been at work to aggravate and to use the superstition of the sepoy." It is natural that the reviewer being connected with the party which originated and carried out the policy of annexation, that he should say all that he could to screen and justify that system, and to ascribe the disaffection to a simple panic on the use of greased cartridges. But Lord Canning himself "wrote to the Indian Minister at home that he had not a

doubt that *the rebellion* had been fomented by Brahmins on religious pretences, and by others for political motives,"—Kaye, p. 617. Now, as some parties have endeavoured to defend the discontent of the sepoys, and to justify their apprehension of losing caste by using greased cartridges, it is well known that they, in common with the sepoys at Madras, had been using greased cartridges for rifles for many years. The Madras Rifle Corps was formed out of picked men from the native army as early as 1815, and were highly distinguished in the battle of Mehidpoor in 1817. Rifles were issued in Bengal in 1847, when a formula for making up the cartridges was issued by Lord Hardinge in a letter from the Military Secretary, dated April 6th in that year, wherein it was directed that the cartridges should be greased with "linseed oil and bees-wax," in certain proportions, and no trace of a subsequent order is found; so far from it, the Inspector-general of Ordnance, during the administration of Lord Dalhousie and Lord Canning, assured Mr. Kaye (the author of the "Sepoy War") that this composition continued in use up to 1857. So that what was asserted afterwards by persons found instigating rebellion in Mysore (while sedition was brewing elsewhere) was literally true, namely, that the greased cartridges were merely used as a pretext. If the reviewer has endeavoured, as far as he could, to confine the insurrection to a senseless panic, Mr. Kaye, who possessed more ample materials than what were "laid before Parliament relative to the Mutinies," has entered fully into the subject with the boldness and honesty of a faithful historian. He describes the irritation throughout India in respect of the annexation policy—a policy deliberately adopted by the Cabinet in England before Lord Dalhousie went to India—a policy which created not only discontent among the native States, but a panic more serious and dangerous even than the mutiny itself. The gross injustice and mischievous consequences of that system have been ably commented on and exposed by the author of "Thoughts on the Policy of the Crown towards India," Mr. J. M. Ludlow, resulting from considerations of the Queen's proclamation promulgated in November, 1858. He has handled the question of Hindoo adoption with the skill of a thorough lawyer, his opinions having been subsequently confirmed in the admirable despatch of Lord Canning, dated April 30, 1860.

The difficulty which this subject presents has arisen from not consulting the highest Hindoo law authorities, nor referring to precedents among native princes, but from adopting opinions of European functionaries and a Government at home and abroad desirous of taking advantage of every favourable opportunity of acquiring fresh territory, and of adding to the finances of the British Government in India. In this way there have been great differences of opinion on the subject of the right of adoption, and even Sir George Clerk, the staunch defender of native rights, and of strict justice and good faith, observes that "the Hindoo law, which is comprehensive regarding rights to private property, does not pro-

vide distinctly for chiefships." But where no such distinction prevails in the law, is it fair for those interested in the case to make a distinction to suit their own purposes? Lord Canning states "that he can find no single instance in which adoption by a Sovereign prince has been invalidated by a refusal of assent from the paramount Power," and yet the Great Mogul was for centuries the paramount Power in India, which had fallen to the Mahomedan arms, and exercised direct sway over a larger extent of country than we ourselves at this moment possess; and, with the bigotry and propensity to convert the Hindoo population, it is unlikely the Mussulmans would have foregone any feasible opportunity of annexation for which they had the smallest pretext. This fact of itself speaks volumes. It ought never to have been overlooked, nor will the fatal consequences of disregarding it be ever forgotten. J. B.

Oriental Club, June, 1865.

KOTAH PRIZE MONEY.

TO THE EDITOR OF "ALLEN'S INDIAN MAIL."

SIR,—The Anglo-Indian army, in the year 1858, suffered extreme hardships under a blazing torrid sun in the deserts of Central India. A young friend of mine served under General Roberts' command, and he informs me that no remuneration or prize money has been yet awarded by the Crown either to the officers or soldiers. This is no encouragement to the poor troops who fight in the burning forests of Afghanistan, and appears inequitable to

AN OLD SOLDIER.

BOOKS.

India under Dalhousie and Canning. By the Duke of Argyll. From the *Edinburgh Review* of January and April, 1863. Longman and Co.

A Vindication of the Marquis of Dalhousie's Indian Administration. By Sir Charles Jackson. Smith, Elder, and Co.

The Duke of Argyll has here avowed the authorship of two articles in the *Edinburgh* which he was already known to have written. They are tolerably familiar to those interested in their subjects; but the republication is opportune now that, as his grace remarks in his preface, "the violent reactions of feeling and opinion which arose out of the Great Indian Mutiny are beginning to subside." It is principally in reference to the acts of Lord Dalhousie, however, that the author appears desirous to influence the public, in whose mind he conceives much misconception to exist. Sir Charles Jackson takes similar ground, and has breasted the current of opinion with much vigour and ability. His work being new to our readers, will probably call for more particular examination in these columns.

The Domestic Life, Character, and Customs of the Natives of India. By James Kerr, M.A., late Principal of the Hindoo College, Calcutta. W. H. Allen, and Co.

"It is seldom," says the author in his

preface, "that Europeans in India have opportunities of becoming intimately acquainted with the natives of the country. There is a great gulf between us and them." Mr. Kerr was more fortunate; and of the facilities afforded him he has made good use. The opinions which he expresses are for the most part individual opinions, founded upon his own observation; but he has naturally gone to acknowledged authorities for matters of fact, and on all disputed points he has, he tells us, given due weight to their decisions. The result is a very valuable work, and one which may be read with almost equal advantage by those who have and those who have not sojourned among the people described. For the former have frequently been too busy to "learn" the country in which they have been making their money, —though they are expected to know all about it when they come home—even if they have nothing to unlearn in the way of misimpressions and prejudices; while the latter have the advantage of making pleasant acquaintance with a subject upon which the majority of our countrymen seem to have almost concentrated their ignorance. We can guarantee the pleasure by the way; for Mr. Kerr writes in no pedantic vein, but imparts what he knows and what he thinks in a manner which need not frighten the most fastidious reader. So pleasant are his pages, indeed, that that difficult person may go from one end of the book to the other without an idea that he is doing himself the slightest good—and if he objects to being instructed in spite of himself, we have no pity to offer him.

Mr. Kerr's most remarkable chapters are those upon caste. As a general rule the writers upon this subject take their materials one from another; and certain established formulas are handed down from time to time without reference to the changes which they have undergone in connection with a people who are by no means so conservative and stationary as it is customary to call them. How far the author differs from most authorities on the subject may be judged by the fact that he goes to work boldly to dispute the fundamental points as generally received—

1st. That the Hindoos are still divided into four great classes or castes.

2nd. That the Brahmins and other Hindoos scrupulously abstain from eating animal food.

3rd. That among the Hindoos all professions are strictly hereditary.

4th. That all Brahmins are priests, and none but priests are Brahmins.

5th. That to kill or have anything to do with killing a Brahmin is a crime of the deepest dye.

6th. That loss of caste involves inconceivable misery and suffering, and that the evil is beyond redemption.

We need not enter into the writer's statements as to the great modification which all of these principles have undergone. But any man who has lived in India, and observed native customs with any sort of care, knows that he is in the right; and an examination of the results arrived at will be a very useful exercise both for the old and the new student.

Upon these and general grounds the work is worthy of cordial recommendation.

Regulations Applicable to the European Officer in India. Part II. Commands, &c. By George E. Cochrane, Military Secretary, India-office. By Authority. Harrison and Sons, W. H. Allen and Co.

The second part of this useful—and we may almost say indispensable—guide, is in every way worthy of the first, the information being comprehensive and minute, the arrangement systematic and easy of reference. With the complete index at his command, it will be strange indeed if the officer does not find out whatever he wants to know within the limits of the subject matter here contained.

IMPERIAL PARLIAMENT.

HOUSE OF LORDS.—JUNE 20.

SINGAPORE AND THE MALACCA SETTLEMENTS.

The Earl of ALBEMARLE asked the President of the Council what progress had been made for the transfer of Singapore and the other settlements in the Straits of Malacca from the Indian to the Colonial department.

Earl GRANVILLE said the representatives of the three islands interested in this question had held several meetings and agreed upon the course to be adopted, but there was some difficulty in the practical details, which would require the authority of Parliament to remove, and he could not give an assurance that a Bill would be brought in this Session to effect this purpose.

HOUSE OF COMMONS.—JUNE 20.

THE DHAR PRIZE-MONEY.

Mr. H. LEWIS asked when the second issue of the Dhar prize money would take place; what was the cause of the delay of such issue, and what was the total amount now available for distribution.

Sir C. WOOD was understood to say that no information on the subject had arrived from India.

THE LAND TENURE IN OUDE.

Lord STANLEY inquired whether the right hon. gentleman (Sir C. Wood) had received any report, official or otherwise, concerning the inquiry into the land tenure in Oude.

Sir C. WOOD said he was not in possession of any official report, but he had received information as to what was going on. The result was substantially to this effect: that Mr. Davis had received all the official reports of the commissioners of inquiry with the exception of one or two, and the general tendency of those reports in the great majority of cases was that although it was quite true that by common custom the occupier had not been disturbed by the landlords, whether talookdars or zemindars, so long as the ordinary rent was paid, yet in very few cases had they been able to establish anything like a legal right. In fact, they had manifested the greatest indifference on the subject. The result on the whole was to confirm the parties in the possession of their estates.

LAHORE BISHOPRIC BILL.

In reply to a question by Mr. H. SEYMOUR, Sir C. WOOD said it was not his intention to proceed with the second reading of the Bill, and he, therefore, moved that the order be discharged.

Mr. H. SEYMOUR said that it was his intention to take the sense of the House on the policy of extending the English Church Establishment in India at the expense of her Majesty's subjects and other religious denominations.

THE INDIAN MAILS.

In Committee of Supply, upon the vote of

£841,867 for the Post-office and packet service,

Mr. WHITE asked whether it had been decided that there should be a weekly mail despatched to India on Friday, an arrangement which would be of great advantage to persons engaged in the East India and China trades.

Mr. CRUM-EWING expressed his opinion that there would be great convenience to the trade of the north, and a saving of time if the mails were despatched from Falmouth.

Colonel SYKES drew attention to an increase in the vote, and suggested a mode of getting rid of this extra charge. The Government had on hand a proposition for building large transport vessels of the Himalaya class, to ply between here and Alexandria, and between Suez and Bombay and Calcutta. There were 19,000 troops in transitu between this country and India every year, and these large vessels could only be employed in conveying them for six months in the year. He suggested that they should be employed during the remainder of the time in carrying the mails, and there would be such a number of vessels as to admit of weekly communication. He wished for some explanation of the increase of charge, and also of a similar increase in reference to the West Indies.

Mr. Alderman ROSE said that several interviews had been had with the Postmaster-General in reference to the mail boats working from Falmouth or Plymouth instead of from Southampton, and it had been demonstrated that though there might at times be a saving of a few hours by the proposed change, there would as a rule be a loss of time. He could assure the committee that the communication between Southampton and the north was quite as rapid as between Falmouth and the north.

Mr. PEEL said that, referring to what the hon. gentleman the member for London said on a previous occasion when the committee was counted out, with reference to a memorial that had been presented from the commercial community of London, praying that the departure of the mails for India might be on a fixed day of the week, instead of as now on a fixed day in the month, owing to the inconvenience that was experienced with regard to the latter course being adopted, that the Postmaster-General was as sensible of its value as the hon. members for London and Brighton could be. But it was a question of expense, and it should be borne in mind that the Mail service of India did not stand alone, but it was connected with China and Australia, and that, therefore, any alteration in one branch of the service necessitated a change in the others. Taking into account the large amount that would be received by an increase of the postage rates, it was still thought not desirable to throw away so large a sum as would be necessarily required to make up the difference in the expense by increasing it one-twelfth upon the general public—(hear). The Postmaster-General had more than once recommended that the postage rate between this country and India should be raised from 6d. to 1s., and two or three years ago, when it was proposed to give a second fortnightly mail to Hong Kong, and increase the postage of letters to China from 6d. to 1s., the parties who were applied to readily and cheerfully acceded to the proposition—(hear, hear)—and he was not aware that the alteration had given rise to a single complaint. His hon. friend the member for the City of London referred not only to the charge of 16d. on letters to India by way of Southampton, but he also referred to the additional 4d. by way of Marseilles, which was charged by the French Government on letters going via Marseilles to India. He quite concurred in the remarks made on a former occasion by the hon. and learned gentleman the member for the Tower Hamlets as to that high rate of charge, and said it was the opinion of the Post-office authorities that the Govern-

ment of France would be amply remunerated for carrying our mails through France if they reduced their present charge by one-fourth. Now with regard to fixed days weekly for the departure of mails to India he thought it ought not to be confined to Bombay, but to go alternately to Bombay and Calcutta, the railway facilities from the latter place being now very great. The hon. and learned gentleman the member for Aberdeen had referred to the communication between this country and Alexandria, and between Suez and Bombay and Calcutta, and he also referred to some transport vessels that were being built for that purpose by the Indian Government. At present he believed there were only two running this side of Egypt and three on the other side. He did not know the number of transports that would be necessary for that service, but as the whole of the ships would not be finished until the 1st of October, 1867, there would be ample time to discuss that question on a future occasion. With regard to the West India packets receiving their mails at Falmouth instead of Southampton, he thought it would not be easy to make the transfer, considering the immense docks the company had established at the latter place; but, on the other hand, he thought that if a saving of time could be effected by landing and receiving the mails at Falmouth, instead of at Southampton, and proper arrangements could be made with the railway companies, the Post-office authorities would have no hesitation in adopting it. He, however, doubted that there would be such a saving in the landing of the mails at Falmouth as had been stated by the hon. member. There was a reduction of £15,000 in the Peninsular and Oriental contract, because it had been arranged that they should charge the military and civil servants of India the full passage rates to and from India, instead of the reduced rate of two-thirds of the regular passage rates as agreed under the old contract. The net loss last year was £100,360, but that had this year been reduced to £88,000, one-half of which would fall upon the Indian Government. After some conversation, Mr. Peel added that the change would not be carried out without the concurrence of the Indian Government, and the India House had not given their concurrence.

HOUSE OF COMMONS.—JUNE 23.

THE INDIAN MUTINY MEDAL.

Mr. STANILAND called attention to the claims of the Satpoora field force, and of the Goa frontier field force (portions of the Indian army), to the Indian Mutiny Medal, the Government of India having rejected their claims. The warrant sent out by the Crown at the close of the general mutiny declared that the medal would be open to be conferred on all who had been engaged against the rebels. The medals were actually struck and sent out to India, but unfortunately the commander-in-chief was not consulted, and while the Madras portion of the force had received the medal, it had been refused to the contingent to which his motion referred.

Mr. T. G. BARING begged to state, on the part of his right hon. friend (Sir C. Wood) that this case was of such a kind that the Government of India must be left to deal with it. The regulation on this subject was that for any military force to become entitled to the distinction of the medal, it must have been engaged in actual conflict in the field. A letter had been addressed to the commander-in-chief on the subject, and he had stated, in reply, that there was no rule of the service which would authorise the granting of the Indian mutiny medal to the Satpoora field force, and in that opinion the Government of India concurred. He hoped the hon. gentleman would not proceed in the matter, in which the authorities on the spot were best fitted to decide.

THE LUCKNOW PRIZE MONEY.

Sir M. FARQUHAR asked the Secretary of

State for India when the second payment of the Lacknow prize money, already ordered to be distributed in India, was to be made in this country, and when a decision was likely to be come to with reference to the Kirwee prize money.

Sir C. WOOD regretted to say that he was compelled to give the same answer to the question as that which he had given with respect to the Dhar prize money. In March last he had written to India for information on the subject, but no answer had yet been received. With respect to the Kirwee prize money, that was not under his control, but that of the Treasury.

HOUSE OF COMMONS.—JUNE 29.

THE INDIAN MEDICAL WARRANT.

Mr. BAZLEY asked the Secretary of State for India whether it was true or not, as stated in the *United Service Gazette* and *Home News* that the Indian medical warrant had been cancelled; if such was the case, what measures were to be taken as regarded the pay and organisation of the medical department, and when would those measures be reported to the House; and why, pending such changes, medical officers in India had not at least received the pay of their relative rank.

Sir C. WOOD said that last year he introduced a Bill for the purpose of enabling assistant surgeons who had entered the Queen's general service by competition, to form a medical staff corps. The House rejected that Bill on the third reading, and he was consequently under the necessity of maintaining a separate medical establishment in India for the purpose to which the question of the hon. member referred. The Government of India had pointed out the great disadvantage and additional expense which was caused by the maintenance of that double establishment; but no steps had been taken in consequence of that representation. The statement implied in the question of the hon. member was entirely incorrect. The warrant had not been cancelled. It had given great satisfaction to the medical staff as regarded pay and advantages.

BRITISH INDIA AND COLONIAL TRUST AND AGENCY CORPORATION (LIMITED).

Mr. CRAWFORD asked the President of the Board of Trade whether it was true that a charter of incorporation had been granted by the Crown to the British India and Colonial Trust and Agency Corporation (Limited).

Mr. M. GIBSON said the Crown had not been advised to grant a charter, and no charter had been granted. There would be no objection to lay the correspondence on the table when it was concluded.

GRIEVANCES OF INDIAN OFFICERS.

Colonel SYKES asked the Secretary of State for India whether the Royal Commission to inquire into the grievances of Indian officers had been appointed; the names of the Commissioners; when the Commission was likely to commence its labours; and whether the 717 petitions presented to the House of Commons could be brought to the consideration of the Commission.

Sir C. WOOD said he had been very anxious that a Commission should be appointed much sooner, but he had experienced the greatest difficulty in finding qualified persons to conduct the inquiry. He wished his noble friend opposite (Lord Hotham) would have consented to act, but he felt an over-scrupulous delicacy on the subject in consequence of a recent vote which he had given. It was not until last week that he was able to find any one to act, and the Commission sat for the first time last Monday for the purpose of appointing their secretary.

THE INDIAN BUDGET.

In committee of the whole House Sir C. WOOD made his annual exposition of the financial affairs of India. After tracing the progress of revenue and expenditure during the

last three years, and noting the differences between the actual and ordinary estimates, he observed that the gradual and steady improvement in the income clearly proved the advance of general prosperity from one end of the country to the other. On the other hand, the charge had gone on increasing, especially for the army, owing to the increased price of provisions, the half batta, the Bhootan war, and the augmented pay to medical officers. There had also been a large increased outlay for public works, law and justice, education and superannuations. Now, although a considerable portion of the increase could not be prevented, and seemed to be justified by the extraordinary and satisfactory increase in the revenue year after year, nevertheless he urged that it was absolutely necessary that the strictest economy should be enforced; for upon that depended the safety of the finances of India. Referring to the important subject of the encouragement given to public works, Sir Charles stated that he believed the people of India were ready to expend any amount of money in that direction; and he himself was prepared to borrow money for the purpose whenever they supplied him with any well-digested plan for the execution of really necessary and useful works, but he certainly would not go hand over head, and raise loans for every project that was started. During the last six years there had been an enormous expenditure on this account; namely, out of public funds, £30,000,000, and from local funds £4,500,000; whilst there had been expended for railways £38,500,000, making a total for the six years of £73,000,000. Taking the last two years only, the outlay for the same object was from public funds upwards of £11,000,000, and from local funds upwards of £2,000,000; together with £13,200,000, and that exclusive of the railroads constructed. With regard to the cultivation of cotton in India, the increased price and the measures adopted to stimulate this branch of industry had been attended with great success; and he was informed that capitalists at Bombay were introducing at the various railway stations establishments and machinery for cleaning, pressing, and packing cotton, and to a certain extent weaving a class of goods that would not compete with English manufactures, but displace the wasteful process of hand-loom weaving, and so divert the persons so employed to useful agricultural pursuits and the culture of the cotton plant. The right hon. gentleman also adverted to the questions lately in dispute with the talookdars of Oude, and stated that the rights of this class of proprietors had been established; that a very good feeling existed between them and the ryots, and that there had been no necessity for appealing to a judicial decision. After stating the present position of the Bhootanese difficulty the right hon. gentleman moved the following resolutions:—

1. "That the total net revenues of the territories and departments under the immediate control of the Government of India for the year ended the 30th day of April, 1864, amounted to £3,956,776 sterling, and the charges thereof for the same period, other than military charges, amounted to £3,208,118 sterling."

2. "That the total net revenues of the Bengal Presidency for the year ended the 30th day of April, 1864, amounted to £11,662,738 sterling, and the charges thereof for the same period, other than military charges, amounted to £2,513,263 sterling."

3. "That the total net revenues of the North-Western provinces, for the year ended the 30th day of April, 1864, amounted to £1,847,051 sterling, and the charges thereof for the same period, other than military charges, amounted to £1,485,351 sterling."

4. "That the total net revenues of the Punjab, for the year ended the 30th day of April, 1864, amounted to £2,755,169 sterling, and the charges thereof for the same period, other than military charges, amounted to £1,096,999 sterling."

5. "That the total net revenues of the territories and departments under the immediate control of the Government of India, of the Bengal Presidency, of the North-Western provinces, and of the Punjab, together, for the year ended the 30th day of April,

1864, amounted to £28,221,734 sterling, and the charges thereupon, including the military charges, amounted to £15,464,862 sterling, leaving a surplus available for the general charges of India, of £7,756,872 sterling."

6. "That the total net revenues of the Madras Presidency (Fort St. George), for the year ended the 30th day of April, 1864, amounted to £5,973,818 sterling, and the net charges thereof, for the same period, amounted to £5,167,165 sterling, leaving a surplus available in the above Presidency, for the general charges of India, of £806,148 sterling."

7. "That the total net revenues of the Bombay Presidency, for the year ended the 30th day of April, 1864, amounted to £6,441,851 sterling, and the net charges thereof, for the same period, amounted to £5,386,361 sterling, leaving a surplus available in the above Presidency, for the general charges of India, of £1,005,490 sterling."

8. "That the total net revenues of the several presidencies, for the year ended the 30th day of April, 1864, amounted to £35,636,898 sterling, and the charges thereof amounted to £26,018,388 sterling, leaving a surplus revenue of £9,618,510 sterling."

9. "That the interest on the registered debt of India, paid in the year ended the 30th day of April, 1864, amounted to £3,093,250 sterling, and the charges defrayed in England, on account of the Indian territory, in the same period, including interest on debt incurred in England and guaranteed interest on the capital of railway and other companies, after deducting net traffic receipts of railways, amounted to £6,446,913 sterling, leaving a surplus of Indian income for the year ended as aforesaid, after defraying the above interest and charges of £78,347 sterling."

Mr. H. SEYMOUR entered into a minute criticism of the several items in the budget, and observed that proper economy had clearly not been used, particularly with respect to the military expenditure, which required the most careful attention. He contended that no increase of taxation should be resorted to, and recommended that the military finance committee should be revived, and a rigid examination instituted into the number of European troops that were really required without too great a strain upon recruiting in the United Kingdom. Only two things were requisite to ensure the continuous and permanent prosperity of India. These were to respect the systems found existing there, without endeavouring to carry out theories of our own, and next to leave the religion of the natives entirely uninterfered with.

Mr. VANSITTART regretted that the Indian Minister had taken upon himself to reverse Sir Charles Trevelyan's arrangements, especially as they had received the approval of Sir John Lawrence and his Council. The Government had no alternative but to give up the income-tax, as when it was imposed by the late Mr. Wilson he gave a solemn assurance that it should not be continued for more than five years.

Mr. BUXTON considered that the European force maintained in India was excessive, regard being had to the fact that the artillery and the chief strong places of defence had been taken altogether out of the hands of the native troops.

Mr. BAZLEY commented generally upon the unnecessary expense incurred in the Government of India, especially the cost of collecting the revenue, which he said amounted to 25 per cent. of the entire receipts.

Colonel SYKES also urged the duty of the Government to keep faith with the people of India by abolishing the Income-tax.

Mr. KINNAIRD replied to the criticisms of Mr. SEYMOUR and other members, and lauded the policy and administration of the Government in India to the highest.

After a few words from Mr. W. EWART, the debate, which had been carried on throughout the greater portion of it in a House of half a dozen members, was brought to a close by some brief observations from Sir C. WOOD, and the resolutions were agreed to.

HOUSE OF COMMONS.—JUNE 30.

THE "ARMS SUIT."

Mr. HENNESSY called attention to the delay

of justice in the Arms (Dyce Sombre) suit brought against the Indian Government, and a recent proceeding of the Secretary of State for India in endeavouring to overrule a decision of the Queen in Council.

In the course of the discussion which succeeded,

The ATTORNEY-GENERAL stated that the whole question in dispute was whether certain property was public or private, and that from a communication he had lately received from Sir John Lawrence he had reason to believe that the suit would shortly be brought to a conclusion.

COMMUNICATION WITH INDIA.

Mr. AYRTON suggested the expediency of appointing a select committee to inquire into the course being pursued for the establishment of a line of steam transports between England and India, and into the postal service between England and her Majesty's Eastern dominions and China via Alexandria.

HOUSE OF LORDS.—JULY 3.

TITLES TO LAND.

The Marquis of CLANRICARDE asked if the Governor-general of India had taken steps to inquire into the titles to land in other parts of India similar to those which had been adopted in the province of Oude.

Lord DUFFERIN said that Sir John Lawrence had ordered an inquiry into titles to land, but only for fiscal purposes. There had been no reversal of the policy of Lord Canning in this respect, and no steps had been taken similar to those which were adopted in Oude.

HOUSE OF LORDS.—JULY 4.

ABYSSINIAN PRISONERS.

Lord CHELMSFORD called attention to the papers relating to British captives in Abyssinia, which, he contended, absolved the late Mr. Plowden and Captain Cameron from the charges made against them by Mr. Layard, of having disobeyed his instructions and interfered in the internal affairs of the country.

Earl RUSSELL justified the proceedings of the Foreign Office, which had acted on the best advice it could obtain, and would lose no opportunity and neglect no means of procuring the release of these unfortunate persons.

INDIAN ARMY.

The Earl of LONGFORD asked whether it was intended that the Royal Commission recently appointed to inquire into certain matters connected with the Indian army should be empowered to indicate the nature of the alterations which in their opinion would be desirable and practicable in the existing system.

Lord DUFFERIN said the duty of the Commission would be to inquire to what extent the recommendation of the previous Commission could be carried out.

MISCELLANEOUS.

NEW SANSKRIT SOCIETY.—We are happy to announce that, under the patronage of the Prince of Wales, a "Sanskrit Text Society" has been founded, "for the purpose of publishing important Sanskrit works belonging to the ancient and mediæval literature of India." The vice-patron of the society is his Royal Highness the Duc de Brabant; its president is the Duc d'Aumale; its vice-presidents are the Belgian Minister, M. Van de Weyer and Lord Dufferin and Claneboye; its honorary secretary is M. Octave Delepiere, and its principal editor Prof. Th. Goldstücker. Amongst its members we find the names of the Bishop of Oxford, Sir John Acton, Bart., M.P., Col. Balfour, C.B., Sir T. E. Colebrooke, Bart., M.P., Sir Francis H. Goldsmid, Bart., M.P., Sir John Peter Grant, K.C.B., Alex. J. B. Beresford Hope, Esq., Prof. Dadashai Naoraji, Sir Thomas Erskine Perry, Baron Lionel de Rothschild, M.P., Sir John Simeon, Bart.,

and Wm. Stirling, Esq., M.P. The first meeting of the society was held on the 19th ult., at the residence of the Belgian Minister, M. Van de Weyer, when, after some introductory words by the Duc d'Aumale, Prof. Goldstücker expressed his views of the objects of the society and its mode of operation. After a discussion which ensued, the society elected a managing committee and a treasurer. The activity of the society, we understand, will begin forthwith, and it is to be hoped that it will prove a powerful support of Sanskrit studies in this country.

A RETURN FROM ROME.—A correspondent sends us the following account of a remarkable reconversion:—"Mr. William Gifford Palgrave, of the order of Jesuits, and son of the late Sir Francis Palgrave, has lately seceded from the Roman Catholic Church. This gentleman was formerly a student at Oriel, and took a very excellent degree at the University. Being what was thought in those days an ultra-Tractarian, he declined being ordained in the English Church, and went out to Bombay as a cadet in the Indian army, joining the 8th Native Infantry. He served for five or six years in the east, and then left the army, becoming at the same time a Roman Catholic, and entering the order of the Jesuits. He studied at Rome as well as in France, and after a long probation was ordained a priest of the Roman Catholic Church, and sent by his Order as a missionary to Syria, where he has laboured with great zeal in the cause of his creed for ten or twelve years. Many Londoners may recollect a celebrated lecture which Mr. Palgrave delivered before the Geographical Society about eighteen months ago, in which he gave an account of his travels in Arabia Petrea, a country he has traversed further than any living European. The lecture was from first to last one of the most admirable pieces of word-painting that has ever been delivered before that society. Mr. or "Father" Palgrave, as he was then called, is perhaps the best living Arabic scholar, speaking, reading, and writing that language like a native. At Beyrout and all over the Lebanon he was known as the energetic opponent of the Protestant missionaries, preaching as he did in the native churches in the Arabic language, and always getting the best of the argument. He made a public recantation of the Roman Catholic creed at Berlin a few days ago, and has accepted an appointment to proceed to Bagdad as Prussian Consul-General."—*Express*.

BALANCE-SHEET OF INDIA.—The estimated accounts of revenue and expenditure of the Government of India for the year ending the 30th of April, 1865, have been issued, together with the actual accounts for the previous year. In the year ending the 30th of April, 1864, the gross revenue, after deducting drawback and repayments, amounted to £44,279,467, but direct claims upon revenue, including charges of collection, cost and charges of opium and salt, allowances under treaties, and other charges, amounting in all to £8,642,569, reduced the net receipt into the Government treasuries to £35,636,898; and the expenditure of the year being £35,558,551, there was a surplus of £78,347. For the year ending the 30th of April, 1865, the gross receipts are estimated at £45,994,636, and the claims upon revenue, amounting to £9,362,700, leave a net revenue of £36,631,936, or nearly a million more than in the previous year; but the expenditure being estimated at £36,895,313, there is a deficiency of £263,377. The great item of land revenue, abkaree, &c., though still producing above £20,000,000, brought in a net income in the year 1864-65 less than in the previous year by about £160,000. The assessed taxes produced some £1,196,000, showing a decline of about £240,000. The Customs brought in £2,065,000, a falling off to the extent of about £140,000. Salt produced £530,000 more than in 1863-64, rising to £5,262,000; opium

£280,000 more, advancing to £4,806,000; and stamps above £180,000 more, producing £1,815,000. The cost of collection of the land revenue increased in the year 1864-65 and exceeded 11 per cent.; of assessed taxes the cost of collection advanced to 3.26 per cent., and of Customs to 8.44 per cent. The cost of collection of salt revenue fell to 3.85 per cent., but including the cost of salt it rose to 6.431 per cent. The cost of collection of opium revenue fell to 1.92 per cent., but including the cost of opium it rose to 36 per cent. The tributes from native States rose to £742,280. The allowances and assignments under treaties, of which a list is given for 1863-64, include some large items—£120,000, the pension of the ex-King of Oude; £73,255, the personal allowance of his Highness Newab Nazim; £53,570, stipend, &c., of the Prince Azeem Jah Bahadoor. The military charges of India in the year 1864-65 are estimated at £15,607,779, an increase of a million over the charges of the previous year. Public works, taking £5,685,817, absorbed a greater expenditure than in 1863-64 by £310,000. The salaries and expenses of public departments took £1,171,220, being more by £13,700; law and justice, £2,306,890, being more by £186,000; police, £2,347,240, more by £47,000; education, science, and art, £585,780, more by £144,000. The interest on the debt declined from £5,095,819 in 1863-64 to £4,981,594. The guaranteed interest on the capital of railway and other companies took £2,490,831 in 1863-64, from which was to be deducted £821,548 net traffic receipts, leaving a deficiency of £1,669,283. In 1864-65 the guaranteed interest absorbed £2,718,952, but the net traffic receipts rose to £1,323,667, leaving a deficiency of £1,395,285.

NEW COMPANIES.—A prospectus has been issued of the Chubwa Tea Company of Assam, with a capital of £300,000, of which £200,000 is to be first subscribed, to purchase certain tea estates in Upper Assam for a sum of £168,500, payable in instalments extending over five years. A prospectus has been issued of the British India and Colonial Trust and Agency Corporation, with a capital of £100,000, in £20 shares, to be increased to £500,000 on the settlement of the Royal charter under which the company is to be constituted, and which is now before the Board of Trade. The Duke of Wellington, Lord Harris, and the Hon. Arthur Kinnaid are to act as trustees, and there is a board of eight directors. The object is to undertake all the functions of agents, trustees, executors, administrators, and assigns for all classes of clients, and especially for officers in the army and navy and for British subjects and colonists in India and China, Australia, the Cape, America, and all parts of the world. The company propose likewise to undertake the custody of valuable property in fire-proof buildings and to act in such cases as insurers.

THE INDIAN ARMY COMMISSION.—(*India Office, June 27*).—The Queen has been pleased to appoint General Sir John Aitchison, K.C.B., Lieut.-General Sir Robert Napier, K.C.B., Major-General Sir Sydney John Cotton, K.C.B., Major-General Henry Eyre, Major-General Charles Alfred Browne, Major-General David Russell, C.B., and Major-General Sir William Marcus Coghlan, K.C.B., to be her Majesty's Commissioners to inquire whether the measures taken, consequent on the report of the Commissioners appointed by her Majesty in March, 1863, to investigate the complaints made in memorials from officers of the late Indian armies, are effectual and sufficient for the purpose of removing such causes of complaint as were reported by the said Commissioners to have arisen by a departure from the assurance given by Parliament.

THE DRAWING-ROOM.—Among the presentations at the last Drawing-room, we notice that of Miss Manockjee Cursetjee, from Bombay, by the Duchess of Wellington.

MILITARY ITEMS.—60th Rifles. We have to announce the death, at Rangoon, on the 30th of April last, of Captain the Hon. Richard Prendergast Vereker, of the 3rd battalion, son of Viscount Gort. This gallant young officer served with his regiment in the campaign of China, and had the medal with clasps for Taku Forts and capture of Peking. The officers of his battalion have gone into mourning out of respect to his memory. This death will promote Lieut. Watson, of the 3rd Battalion, to a company. Lieut. Crofton, who had been promoted by purchase, will receive his step without purchase, in succession; and Ensign Gumbleton becomes lieutenant by purchase in his place. A grand ball, numerously and fashionably attended, was given on Wednesday evening, at Dover, by Colonel and Mrs. Palmer, in honour of the Queen's accession. Lord Melville, and other distinguished officers who had once served in the 60th—the 2nd battalion of which is stationed in the town, under the command of Colonel Palmer, C.B.—were present.—66th Regiment. The transport *Tyburnia*, 57 days from Madras, left St. Helena on May 5, with the right wing of the regiment, 320 women and children, under the command of Lieut.-Colonel Tom Benson, for Plymouth. The *Merchantman*, 56 days from Madras, with the left wing, 284 men, women, and children, sailed from St. Helena on the 7th for Plymouth. The officers are Major Aylmer, Captain Ready, Lieutenants Lynch, Saunders, and Westropp; Ensigns Whitty and Humphrey, Dr. M'Creevey, and Quartermaster Gilby, &c.—81st Regiment. The *Red Rose*, 66 days from Calcutta, left St. Helena on the 12th of May for Portsmouth; she brings Major Flanagan, Captains Bouchier and Harmer; Lieutenants Maturin, Bevan, Jones, and Pedder; Ensigns Purdon, Woods, and Conolly; and 326 men, women, and children belonging to the regiment.—89th Regiment. On arrival from India the regiment will be quartered at Dover, occupying the quarters to be vacated by the 37th Regiment.

BOMBAY, BARODA, AND CENTRAL INDIA RAILWAY.—The report of the directors, adopted by the proprietors at the nineteenth half-yearly general meeting, held at the London Tavern, on the 22nd, contained the following announcements:—On the 28th November last the line was opened for passenger traffic from Bulsar to Grant-road (Bombay), a further distance of 120½ miles, thus making the length of line open for passengers 306 miles, whilst for goods it still remains at 185½ miles. The long-desired object of reaching Bombay may thus be said to have been at length attained. But the full effect of this upon the traffic receipts has not yet been seen, for the following reasons, viz.—1st. The break in the Nerbudda-bridge, referred to in the last report, has proved a great hindrance to the passenger traffic, and has almost entirely stopped the goods traffic. 2nd. The terminal accommodation for goods traffic at Grant-road station (Bombay) being still incomplete (through delay in obtaining possession of the land) and also very limited, no traffic of that description has yet been brought below Bulsar. 3rd. The interval of 3½ miles between the present terminus at Grant-road and the port of Bombay, as well as the absence of the permanent goods terminus at Colaba, cannot but have an unfavourable effect upon the traffic for some time to come. The Nerbudda-bridge has been repaired and strengthened, and by the last mail from India the information was received that the trains are running over it. The erections and arrangements for a temporary goods station at Grant-road are in progress; and it is hoped that these, supplemented by the additional space from Malabar Point-road to Back Bay, arranged for with the Bombay Government, will shortly enable the company to begin the goods traffic business at Bombay, though at first it may only be to a limited extent. With regard to the completion of the line to the

harbour at Colaba, it was intimated in the last report that some delays had occurred in the reclamation operations. The progress made by the Reclamation Company has not yet been so rapid as could be wished, but the works of that company are being pushed on with energy. Under all the circumstances before alluded to, the board consider that to have obtained an average weekly passenger traffic of £14 per mile over the whole 306 miles of open line during the first quarter of this year, is a very satisfactory indication of what may be expected hereafter under more favourable conditions. The board, owing to circumstances already referred to, are unable to report as to the working expenses or the net revenue for the half-years ending in June and December of 1864. The usual audited statement of the capital account, to the 31st December, 1864, shows that the total amount received up to that period was £5,144,557, of which the sum of £451,190. 10s. (less £56,400 bonds repaid) was received in the last half-year. The total amount of audited expenditure in England and India to the same period (including stores) was £4,543,758. 19s. 4d. In addition to this a further amount of £650,467. 6s. 5d. had been spent on the works in India to the same date, which was awaiting the final audit of the Bombay Government. The payments for works, &c., in India, together with the cost of the materials supplied from England, have more than exhausted the capital authorised by the proprietors, and there is still much to be done before the line can be said to be fully completed. The report was adopted, and also resolutions authorising the directors to create new capital, by the issue of new shares on debenture bonds, as might be sanctioned by the Secretary of State for India, and for the consolidation of the present paid-up shares into capital stock.

EAST INDIAN RAILWAY COMPANY.—The eighteenth annual general meeting was held on Friday last, at the London Tavern; Mr. R. W. Crawford, M.P., in the chair. The report of the directors contained the following announcements:—With the exception of some minor works, the line in Bengal may be considered complete as a single line, that 40½ additional miles have been opened in the North-Western Provinces, and that the remaining works are rapidly progressing towards completion. The board are glad to be able to report that the site of the Jubbulpore station has at length been determined upon, and that they have every reason to be satisfied with the amount of work done upon the Jubbulpore line under Messrs. Waring, Bros., and Hunt's contract. During the half-year under review the line has been worked as one line from Calcutta, and the distinction previously made between the two divisions—"Bengal and North-Western Provinces"—has ceased, so far as all revenue purposes are concerned. The locomotives and other rolling stock are in good order. The permanent way and works have been thoroughly well maintained, partly by contract and partly by the company's own officers, at a cost of 10½d. per train mile. The working expenses for the half-year ended the 31st December were 51·96 per cent., against 62·17 per cent. in the corresponding half-year. The working expenses for the year ended 31st December last were 50·81 per cent., against 55·56 for the previous year. The total number of passengers carried during the year 1864 has been 4,015,718, against 3,274,292 in 1863, showing an increase of 741,426; the average mileage in 1863 being 926½, and in 1864 being 1,058. The tonnage in goods and minerals, exclusive of parcels, carriages, and live stock, for the half-year ended 31st December last, has been 279,678 tons, against 214,700 tons in the corresponding half-year. The tonnage in goods and minerals for the year 1864 (average number of miles 1,058) has been 607,357 tons, against 479,861 tons in 1863 (average number of miles 926½), showing an increase of 127,496

tons. The foregoing figures include no tonnage carried on account of the railway company. The gross receipts for the half-year ended 31st December last have been £620,428. 7s. 11d., against £473,692. 0s. 11d. in the corresponding half-year. The gross receipts for the year ended 31st December, 1864, have been £1,272,576. 3s. 1d., against £990,056. 4s. for the year ended 31st December, 1863, showing an increase of £282,519. 19s. 1d. Large as the traffic has been, in some instances returning a dividend at the rate of five per cent. on the capital, the board are informed that a very large amount has been refused, owing to the impossibility of carrying it on a single line, and the Government of India has suggested that the time has arrived when the line should be doubled from the Khanoo Junction to Allahabad; it follows that if the traffic ready to come upon the line is anything like so great as it is represented to be, an outlay of from £5,000 to £6,000 per mile, the estimated cost (including bridges) of the doubling, would at once secure to the shareholders a dividend in excess of the guaranteed interest. The board have been most anxious, before submitting any fresh proposals to the shareholders, to be satisfied of the maximum amount of traffic that could be carried on the line as a single line, and the concurrent testimony of the Government and of their own officers that that maximum has been reached is so decided, that it is impossible to resist the conclusion that some further means must be adopted to secure the full benefit which the traffic of the country is ready to afford. The board have therefore given the suggestion of the Government of India their most careful consideration, and if in their opinion there were no better means of attaining the end in view, they would have been prepared to have recommended the shareholders to have acted upon it: but in their judgment a far more preferable alternative is to be found in the construction of the proposed chord line from the Barrakur to Luckie Serai, more particularly referred to in their report of 30th October, 1863. The Government of India concurs in the expediency of making the line, and the Secretary of State having invited proposals from the board, they have replied that—the shareholders consenting—the company will undertake it upon a guarantee of 5 per cent. interest, presuming that, until the line is completed, the capital, estimated at £2,400,000, will be kept quite independent of, and distinct from, that of the main line, the one merging in the other so soon as the line is completed. The only part of the main line which the board hope will then require doubling will be from Khanoo Junction to Seetarampore, where the chord line starts—16 miles—and from Luckie Serai to Allahabad—300 miles—at an estimated cost of £2,050,000. The board submit a resolution to create capital for the construction of the chord line. £2,400,000, and for doubling the main line from Khanoo Junction to Seetarampore, and from Luckie Serai to Allahabad, £2,050,000; the raising and expenditure of which sums will certainly be spread over five years. A resolution is submitted to this meeting consolidating into stock all the paid-up shares in the company which have not already been consolidated into stock. The board announce with most sincere regret the death of Frederick Walter Simms, Esq. They have elected in his stead Sir Frederick James Halliday, K.C.B., late Lieutenant-governor of Bengal. The following directors and auditor retire at this meeting, and, being eligible, offer themselves for re-election:—Joseph Baxendale, Esq., George Lyall, Esq., M.P., Sir Macdonald Stephenson, directors; and Arthur Morgan, Esq., auditor. The revenue account for the half-year shows a total of £620,428. 7s. 11d., out of which a balance remains of £298,016. 13s. 7d. The total of the capital account is £2,381,856. 0s. 10d., the balance being £1,232,962. 6s. 11d. The report was adopted, as well as the necessary resolutions to carry out its recommendations.

BILLS ON INDIA.—The biddings for 25,00,000 rupees (£250,000) in bills on India took place on Wednesday, the 21st ult., at the Bank of England, and the following are the official particulars: The proportions allotted were, to Calcutta, 12,12,000 rupees; to Madras, 3,12,000 rupees; and to Bombay, 10,00,000 rupees. The minimum price was, as before, 1s. 10½d. on Calcutta and Madras, and 1s. 10½d. on Bombay. Tenders on Calcutta and Madras, at 1s. 11d., will receive about 60 per cent.; on Bombay, at 1s. 11½d., about 45 per cent.; and above these prices in full. It will be seen from these particulars that there is an increased demand for means of remittance to India, the quotations realised being about 1½ per cent. higher than on the previous occasion. The recent rise in the value of cotton at Liverpool will, in some measure, account for the improvement in the above rates.

OVERLAND TRAVELLERS TO EGYPT.—Lady Duff Gordon, in her admirable "Letters from Egypt," makes a remark upon the pranks of some of the overland passengers, which the *Reader* recommends to the attention of the Civil Service Commissioners:—"It is really heartbreaking to see what we are sending to India now. The mail days are dreaded; we never know when some brutal outrage may possibly excite 'Mussulman fanaticism.' They try their hands on the Arabs, in order to be in good training for insulting Hindoos. The English tradesmen here complain as much as any of the natives, and I . . . hear what the Arabs really think. . . . I have come to hate the sight of a hat in this country."

OUTWARD MAILS.—The Peninsular and Oriental Company's steamer *Ripon*, Capt. Weeks, sailed from Southampton on the 27th ult., with the mails for Gibraltar, the Mediterranean, Egypt, Aden, Bombay, and Upper Bengal, together with 17 first and 50 second-class passengers; amongst whom are Captain Macartney, Lieutenant Carter, Captain Brittan, and Sir John Hay. The *Ripon* took out a full cargo; and, for Bombay, silver thread, watches, and jewellery, value £1,113. The Peninsular and Oriental Company's screw steamship *Poonah*, Captain J. S. Field, sailed on the 20th ult. for Gibraltar, Malta, and Alexandria, with the Calcutta, China, and Australian mails. She has on freight 71 boxes of specie, jewellery, &c., value £21,388. 11s., viz.:—For Alexandria.—Watches, £150; sovereigns, £5,000. For the Mauritius.—Jewellery and watches £131. For Madras.—Gold coin, £410. 10s.; gold thread, watches, &c., £1,037. For Calcutta.—Precious stones and jewellery, £684. For Singapore.—Watches and jewellery, £120. For Hong Kong. Silver coin, £4,700; bar silver, £1,930; jewellery, gold thread, &c., £1,473. For Shanghai.—Dollars, £4,000. Amongst the passengers are Captain Jackson and Captain Vibart, for Gibraltar; Commander Fenwick, Captain R. P. Caton, and Surgeon Pollard, for Malta, Captain and Mrs. Dana, for Suez; Captain and Mrs. Stewart, Major Ramsey, Major Gray, Major and Mrs. Pearce, for Madras; Lieutenant Thorpe, Mr. and Mrs. Mesurier, Mr. and Mrs. Conolly, for Calcutta; Captain D. Sinclair, Assistant Surgeons Whitley, Gaven, and E. Hudson, for Hong Kong, &c. The P. and O. Company's steam ship *Pera*, Captain Jamieson, sailed on the 4th inst. with the mails for Gibraltar, the Mediterranean, Egypt, Aden, Ceylon, India (except Bombay), and China. She took out 21 first, and 27 second-class passengers, and on freight 94 boxes specie, value £26,739. Amongst the passengers by this mail are Captains Forbes, Herger, and M'Kinder, Major Elliot, Ensign Jamieson, and Mr. Anderson.

APPOINTMENT.—JAPAN.—(*Foreign Office*, June 20.)—The Queen has been pleased to appoint F. C. Ford, Esq., now a second secretary in H.M.'s Diplomatic Service employed in H.M.'s Embassy at Vienna, to be Secretary to H.M.'s Legation in Japan.

PUBLIC WORKS, INDIA.—The following is the list of successful candidates at the recent examination in this department:—

No.	Name of Candidate.	No. of Marks.
1.	Mr. John Campbell ...	797
2.	Mr. John Paterson ...	768
3.	Mr. James W. Alexander ...	717
4.	Mr. Charles W. Odling ...	684
5.	Mr. John A. Willmore ...	643
6.	Mr. A. Sprenger ...	622

COMMERCIAL FAILURES.—The failure of Messrs. J. T. Bell and Co., of London, has been announced. Notwithstanding the suspension has been compulsory through the situation of the house in Bombay, which has been brought down owing to the operations of the partner there connected with a native broker, it is believed the liquidation will be 20s. in the pound, with interest. The debts and liabilities, according to one authority, are not more than £160,000, and it is stated the assets in produce, goods, &c., are, at least, £380,000. Another authority places the indebtedness at £380,000, included in which are acceptances against consignments to the extent of about £80,000, which will either be taken up by the drawers, or the proceeds of the goods will fully cover the same. It is satisfactory, however, under any circumstances to find that payment in full is confidently anticipated. The suspension of Messrs. C. J. Nasmyth and Co., in the India trade, was known on Saturday, but the fact was not thoroughly confirmed till yesterday. The debts and liabilities are placed at £65,000 to £70,000; the assets, it is imagined, may prove uncertain.

THE BLUE ENSIGN.—The first vessel of the Mercantile Marine which has obtained the Admiralty warrant to fly the blue ensign is the *Golden Fleece* of London, 2,768 tons, and 500-horse power, commanded by Lieutenant R. W. Ker, of the Royal Naval Reserve, and owned by the East India and London Shipping Company (Limited).

APPOINTMENT.—CEYLON.—Lieut.-Colonel G. S. Young, unattached, has been appointed Assistant Military Secretary to Major-General Studholme Hodgson, the new Commander of the Forces in Ceylon. Lieut.-Colonel Young served with the 80th Regiment in the Sulej campaign, and during the Indian Mutiny.

ECCLESIASTICAL.—The Bishop of Bath and Wells has appointed the Rev. H. B. Burney, M.A., chaplain in H.M.'s Indian service, to be the Principal of Wells Theological College.

SHIPPING.

ARRIVALS.

June 19. Tyburnia, Madras.—20. Empress of India, Madras.—22. Lincoln, Calcutta.—23. Iron Duke, Calcutta.—24. Cavour, Bombay; Governor-General, Bombay; B. B. Green, Mauritius; Ethereal, Colombo; Roslin Castle, Calcutta.—25. Birmingham, Bombay.—26. Strata Florida, Colombo; John Rennie, Calcutta; Star of Denmark, Calcutta; Nourmahal, Singapore; Nelly, Colombo.—27. Norval, Singapore; Lord Warden, Madras; Quartet, Batavia; Euxine, Calcutta; Typhonus, Bombay; Rattler, Calcutta.—28. Commodore, Old Calabar.—29. George Washington, Akyab; Venetian, Colombo.—July 1. Bowfell, Calcutta; Black Watch, Mauritius; Macduff, Calcutta; Haddington, Calcutta; Sealife, Colombo; Red Rose, Calcutta; Merchantman, Madras.—3. Star of Albion, Calcutta; City of Manchester, Colombo; Hawthorn, Singapore; Malabar, Calcutta; Warrior, Kurrachee; City of Manchester, Bombay; Mars, Bombay; Geniyou, Bombay; Velocity, Mauritius; Oliver Cromwell, Manila; Adchide, Java.—4. City of Calcutta, Calcutta; Adriatic, Bombay; Sardinian, Rangoon; Springwood, Singapore; Merchant Prince, Bombay; James Booth, Bombay.—5. La Plata, Colombo; City of Nankin, Calcutta; Kestrel, Manila; Mazatlan, Moulmein.

PASSENGERS ARRIVED.

Per Tyburnia.—Head-quarters of the 66th Regt., under command of Lieut. col. T. Benson; Capts. J. Galbraith and C. V. Oliver, Lieut. H. A. F. Merewether, Ensigns W. L. Battie, A. W. Baker, and E. J. Johnston, Lieut. and Adj. J. Mahony, Surg. W. S. Murray, M.D.
Per Roslin Castle.—Capt. W. St. John and Mrs. S. St. John, 94th Foot, Lieut. Spottiswoode, 21st Hussars, Lieut. Heathcote, 95th Foot, Lieut. Moore, 42nd Foot, Asst. surg. Maunsell, 48th Foot.

DEPARTURES.

June 16. Scoreaby, Calcutta; Miranda, Bombay; Brothers, Mauritius; Royal Alexandra, Bombay; Blenheim, Madras.—22. Wynand, Colombo; Anglesea, Calcutta; Middlesex, Calcutta.—24. British Monarch, Calcutta; Banner, Bombay; Helen Scott, Bombay; Seine, Bombay; William Simpson, Batavia.—25. Negotiator, Bombay; Galinac, Bombay.—28.

str. Golden Fleece, India.—29. British Nation, Bombay; Nesullan, Calcutta.

PASSENGERS DEPARTED.

Per Overland Route.

Per str. Nyanza, from Marseilles.—For CALCUTTA.—Mr. and Mrs. Le Mesurier and infant, Lieut. Thorpe. For MADRAS.—Mr. and Mrs. Conolly, Maj. Pearce, Mr. and Mrs. Hardy Johnstone, Maj. C. B. Ramsay.
Per str. Poonah, from Southampton, June 20.—For CALCUTTA.—Miss Pinope, Mrs. Naeve, Mr. Skinner, Mr. C. J. Sharp, Mr. H. Cherry, Mr. F. T. Brooks. For MADRAS.—Mr. Richardson, Mr. and Mrs. Laybourn and six children, Capt. and Mrs. Stuart and two infants, Mr. R. H. Campbell, Maj. Gray.
Per str. Meeries, June 19, from Marseilles.—For CALCUTTA.—F. L. Berwick, Capt. and Mrs. Thackwell, Mr. J. Dyer. For MADRAS.—Asst. surg. Griesbach.
Per str. Ripon, from Southampton, June 27.—To BOMBAY.—Capt. and Mrs. Britten, Mrs. Curtis, Mr. H. W. Lower, Mr. H. A. Browne, Lieut. Carter, Mr. and Mrs. Charlton, Mr. C. W. Farrell.
Per str. Delta, from Marseilles.—Mr. H. Lucino, Mr. A. Fletcher, Hon. W. Justice Westropp, Mr. J. Moore, Mr. R. Kirkwood, Pestonjee Dinshaw, Lieut. E. Jervis.
Per str. Pera, from Southampton, July 4.—To CALCUTTA.—Messrs. J. Paul, R. Wallace, D. Jarvis, J. Cunningham, J. Falconer, C. Vipan, Ens. J. H. Jamieson. To MADRAS.—Mrs. J. Playfair, Maj. and Mrs. Elliott.
Per str. Ceylon, from Marseilles.—To CALCUTTA.—Capt. E. Fraser, Mr. A. Simson. To MADRAS.—Mr. G. Brunton, Mr. G. Brunton, jun., Maj. Whitehead.

DOMESTIC.

BIRTHS.

DREW.—The wife of Major H. R. Drew, Bengal Staff Corps, of a son, at Ockham-house, Twickenham, June 17.
MALCOLM.—The wife of Colonel G. Malcolm, C.B., Bombay Army, of a daughter, at Alverstoke, Gosport, June 16.
TOTTENHAM.—The wife of Loftus R. Tottenham, Esq., Bengal Civil Service, of a son, at Brighton, June 20.
WILLIAMS.—The wife of Dering Williams, Esq., Madras Civil Service, of a son, at 3, Warwick-villas, Maida-hill West, June 19.

MARRIAGES.

BERESFORD—JAMIESON.—Rev. John Beresford, M.A., Senior Curate of Walcot, to Maria E., daughter of Quintin Jamieson, Esq., M.D., late of the Madras Horse Artillery, at the Parish Church, Walcot, Bath, June 20.
BRUCE—GOLDIE.—James Bruce, Esq., of Calcutta, to Anne, third daughter of the late James Goldie, Esq., of Glasgow, at Malmesbury, June 22.
COLLIER—BONNER.—Herbert Cromwell Collier, Esq., late of the 3rd Hussars, youngest son of Admiral Henry Collier, to Blanche Frances, only child of Major general Bonner, of Great Cumberland-street, Hyde-park, at St. George's, Hanover-square, June 22.
COSENSWEIR—IRWIN.—Robert Cosensweir, Esq., Lieut. The Royal Regiment, to Caroline L. A., daughter of the late Lieut. Thomas S. Irwin, Bengal Engineers, at St. Mark's Church, St. Helier's, Jersey, June 17.
DE SAUSMAREZ—WALTERS.—Colonel George De Sausmarez, H.M.'s Indian Army, to Louisa D'Arcy, daughter of the Rev. Nicholas Walters, Rector of All Saints, Stamford, at the Church of Littleham, Devon, June 22.
DICK—VERNON.—Harris St. John Dick, Esq., late Captain Queen's Bays, only son of W. Fleming Dick, Esq., late Bengal Civil Service, to Sarah Grace, widow of the Rev. Charles Vernon, D.D., of Wharfedale-park, Suffolk, and eldest daughter of John Fawcett, Esq., J.P. and D.L., Petteril-Bank, Cumberland, at Dovercourt Church, Essex, June 22.
EUSTACE—STACK.—James Eustace, Esq., of Newtown, County Carlow, to Emily Catherine, youngest daughter of Major general Stack, C.B., Bombay Cavalry, at St. Ann's Church, Dublin, June 28.
GIDEON—JEFFERS.—Capt. George V. Gideon, to Rebecca Marian, relict of the Rev. Haynes Jeffers, late Incumbent of Christ Church, Madras, at St. Margaret's, Bayswater, June 27.
GODFREY—BAKER.—Rev. George Godfrey, B.A., Queen's College, Oxford, Curate of St. Mary's, Shetfield, second son of Frank Godfrey, Esq., late Surgeon general Madras Army, to Emily Maria Grace, daughter of Lieut. colonel Edward Baker, late H.M.'s 33rd Madras N.I., at St. Saviour's, Bath, June 15.
HARVEY—DOVETON.—John William H. Harvey, Esq., of Lincoln's-inn-Fields, to Grace E., daughter of Lieut. colonel Henry Doveton, late Hon. E.L.C.S., at St. Mary's, Wimbledon, June 15.

HEAD—TREVELYAN.—Robert William Head, Esq., of The Briars, Alphington, Devon, to Harriet J. E., youngest daughter of the late Walter Calverley Trevelyan, Esq., and granddaughter of the late Walter Trevelyan, of Netherwitton-hall, Northumberland, at the Parish Church, Hampstead, June 15.

HUDSON—GUY.—William H. Hudson, Esq., H.M.'s Bengal Civil Service, to Rosaline W., daughter of John Guy, Esq., Surgeon, at St. James's Church, Piccadilly, June 1.

JARVIS—PAYNE.—Richard F. Jarvis, Esq., to Anna Maria, only child of Colonel P. Trant M. Payne, R.M.L.I., at Darenth Church, Kent, June 20.

JOHNSTONE—WADE.—Thomas Masterman H. Johnston, Esq., of the Madras Railway, to Emma Mary O., daughter of the late Rev. Albany Wade, Rector of Elton, near Stockton-on-Tees, at Cheshunt, June 15.

MANISTY—WARTNABY.—J. Forster Manisty, Indian Unconvenanted Civil Service, to Julia, daughter of the late George Wartnaby, Esq., at St. John's Church, Birkenhead, June 13.

MUDGE—LITTLE.—John William Mudge, Esq., M.D., H.M.'s Indian Army, to Julia, widow of Capt. F. S. Little, (late) 10th Hussars, at Southchurch, Essex, June 13.

MUSGRAVE—FLOOD.—Capt. Musgrave, 15th Bengal Cavalry, to Elizabeth B. L., daughter of Thomas Flood, Esq., of Exeter, at Exeter Cathedral, June 14.

PERKINS—CAMPELL.—R. H. Perkins, Esq., Surg., Bengal Medical Service, to Ann Bowden, second daughter of J. A. Campbell, Esq., of Inverneil, Argyllshire, N.B., at the British Consulate, and afterwards at the Church of St. Stephen-the-Martyr, Leghorn, June 6.

RONALD—ANGUS.—Lionel Knowles Ronald, Esq., son of R. W. Ronald, Esq., of Elms-house, near Liverpool, to Mary Lawton, daughter of Robert Angus, Esq., of 8, Lancaster-terrace, Upper Hyde-park-gardens, late of Bombay, at Christ Church, Lancaster-gate, June 14.

WATKINS—MCBEAN.—Major Frederick O. Watkins, late of the Bombay Artillery, to Miss Mary E. McBean, at St. Mary's Church, Kilburn, June 22.

WROUGHTON—DENTON.—William Wroughton, Captain H.M.'s Bengal Army, to Julia S., daughter of the late Rev. R. A. Denton, Rector of Stour Provost, Dorset, at the Parish Church, Hove, Brighton, June 29.

DEATHS.

BAILEY—Mary, daughter of the late Capt. Brook Bailey, Bombay Artillery, at Chateau Thierry, Aisne, France, aged 17 years and 6 months, June 21.

CAMERON—William L. Cameron, Surgeon major Horse Artillery, Bombay Army, at the Grosvenor Hotel, London, aged 48, June 24.

CUST—Sophia Charlotte, the youngest child of Robert Needham Cust, at Langdown, Hants, aged 1 year and nearly 3 months, March 30.

GEILS—Charlotte Mary, youngest daughter of the late Capt. Thomas E. Geils, Madras Horse Artillery, at 16, Cromwell's-hill, Greenwich, June 26.

HAYTON—Amos Hayton, late of the East India Civil Service, at Addlestone, Surrey, aged 89, June 30.

MAINWARING—George Mainwaring, Esq., late Bengal Civil Service, at 9, Porchester-square, Hyde-park, aged 74, June 24.

MANSON—Mary Anne, widow of the late Brigadier general Manson, C.B., Bombay Artillery, at Wimbledon, June 13.

OVANS—Janet, widow of the late Major general Charles Ovans, of the Bombay Army, at Barnes, Surrey, June 15.

PARBURY—Marion Georgina, the third daughter of George Parbury, Esq., of Caterham Manor, Surrey, and granddaughter of the late Sir John Key, Bart., at Brighton, aged 14, June 23.

ROWE—James W., son of Josiah Rowe, Esq., of Calcutta, at 6, James-street, Westbourne-terrace, aged 27, June 8.

WILTON—Oceana Helen, third daughter of Major Wilton, E.I.Co.'s Service, aged 22.

India Office,

July 6, 1865.

ARRIVALS REPORTED IN ENGLAND.

CIVIL.

Bengal Estab.—Messrs. C. A. Elliott, H. E. Perkins, M. Brodharst, E. J. Boldero, J. B. Worgan, Capt. H. Barrow (Uncov.), Messrs. S. G. Wyatt (Uncov.), C. Galbraith (Uncov.), R. F. Dallas (Uncov.).

Bombay Estab.—Messrs. W. A. Goldfinch, E. P. Robertson, M. J. M. S. Stewart, T. Bosanquet, W. London (Administrator general), J. P. Bickersteth (Uncov.), F. H. Souter (Uncov.), Manockjee Cursetjee (Uncov.), A. M. Boulton (Uncov.), W. Foxton, (Uncov.).

MILITARY.

Bengal Estab.—Asst. surg. R. Lidderdale, Med. Est.; Lieut. R. D. Osborn, Staff Corps; Lieut. col. F. W. Burroughs, Inf.; Lieut. J. Low, 5th Eur. Cav.; Lieut. W. G. Chalmers, Staff Corps; Lieut. col. H. C. James, Staff Corps; Major G. Cave, Staff Corps; Capt. S. Boulderson, 5th Eur. Cav.; Lieut. E. A. Trevor, Engrs.; Col. H. B. Lumsden, C.B., Staff Corps; Capt. A. F. Corbett, Staff Corps; Major H. N. Hodgson, Staff Corps; Capt. H. L. Millett, Staff Corps; Surg. major F. M. Clifford, Med. Estab.; Lieut. A. C. Toker, Staff Corps; Surg. E. C. Thorp, Med. Estab.; Capt. G. Rowcroft, Staff Corps.

Madras Estab.—Lieut. J. Ewing, Staff Corps; Lieut. H. E. Coningham, 45th N.I.; Dep. insp. gen. of hospitals J. Shaw, Med. Estab.; Lieut. col. J. Priestly, Staff Corps; Asst. surg. H. Adam, Med. Estab.; Major W. F. Read, Staff Corps; Capt. H. C. Roberts, Staff Corps.

Bombay Estab.—Lieut. G. A. Rowlandson, Inf.; Lieut. G. L. Warden, 17th N.I.; Surg. maj. W. L. Cameron, Med. Estab.; Capt. J. M. Greig, Engrs.; Lieut. col. G. R. Burrows, Inf.; Major J. W. Younghusband, Staff Corps; Capt. W. Goodfellow, Engrs.

GRANTED EXTENSION OF LEAVE.

CIVIL.

Bengal Estab.—Mr. C. P. Carmichael, 5 mo.; Mr. J. W. Power, 5 mo.; Mr. A. Cappel (Uncov.), 2 mo.; Mr. P. Bonnaud (Uncov.), 6 mo.

Bombay Estab.—Mr. C. J. Erskine, 4 mo.; Mr. A. D. Robertson, 6 mo.

MILITARY.

Bengal Estab.—Vet. surg. W. Johnson, 8 mo.; Asst. surg. J. Duncan, Med. Estab., 8 mo.; Capt. G. Wheeler, Staff Corps, 4 mo.; Major J. H. Gordon, 29th N.I., 6 mo.; Major C. Brownlow, Staff Corps, 3 mo.; Capt. J. N. Hunter, Engrs., 3 mo.; Col. H. Rigny, Engrs., 6 mo.; Lieut. A. Andrew, Staff Corps, 6 mo.; Lieut. R. Morris, 1st Cav., 6 mo.; Major G. H. Gordon, 39th N.I., 6 mo.; Capt. G. H. Hall, 57th N.I., 6 mo.; Lieut. F. B. Morris, Inf., 6 mo.

Madras Estab.—Lieut. G. E. Beauchamp, 45th N.I., 3 mo.; Capt. F. D'Arcy, 82nd N.I., 6 mo.; Asst. surg. J. Hifferman, Med. Estab., 3 mo.; Major C. W. Dun, 43rd N.I., 6 mo.

Bombay Estab.—Lieut. H. M. Fullerton, 1st N.I., 6 mo.; Lieut. col. R. B. Moore, Cav., 4 mo.; Capt. W. A. Park, 3rd Eur. Regt., 6 mo.; Lieut. Sir J. Louis, Bart., 3rd Eur. Regt., 6 mo.; Lieut. G. F. Beville, Staff Corps, 4 mo.; Major A. G. Sinclair, Staff Corps, 6 mo.; Capt. C. F. Boulton, Staff Corps, 3 mo.

PERMITTED TO RETURN TO DUTY.

CIVIL.

Bengal Estab.—Mr. T. Shepherd, (Uncov.).

Madras Estab.—Mr. E. C. G. Thomas.

MILITARY.

Bengal Estab.—Lieut. F. H. Conolly, Staff Corps; Capt. M. A. Orchard, 3rd Eur. Regt.; Capt. A. D. Vanrenen, Staff Corps; Lieut. R. A. Price, Inf.; Lieut. E. D. Vibart, 54th N.I.

Madras Estab.—Major H. M. Elliott, Staff Corps; Capt. T. S. Hawks, Staff Corps; Capt. W. Ramsay, 10th N.I.; Major G. W. Whitehead, 23rd N.I.

Bombay Estab.—Brig. gen. J. C. Heath, Inf.; Capt. W. Goodfellow, Engrs.

PERMITTED TO RETIRE.

MILITARY.

Bengal Estab.—Surg. maj. C. F. Warneford, Med. Estab.

Madras Estab.—Capt. F. B. Phillips, 22nd N.I.

PERMITTED TO RESIGN.

MILITARY.

Lieut. E. M. Bethune.

BILLS ON INDIA.—The biddings for 25,00,000 rupees in bills on India took place on Wednesday, the 5th inst., at the Bank of England. The proportions allotted were:—to Calcutta, 17,41,000 rupees; to Madras, 35,000 rupees; and to Bombay, 6,60,000 rupees. The minimum price was as before—1s. 10½d. on Calcutta and Madras, and 1s. 10½d. on Bombay. Tenders on Calcutta and Madras at and above 1s. 11½d., and on Bombay at and above 2s., will receive in full.

INDIA EXCHANGES.

BANK AND COMMERCIAL BILLS.

	60 days' sight.	30 days' sight.		60 days' sight.	30 days' sight.
Calcutta	1s. 11d.	1s. 11½d.	Singapore	4s. 6d.	4s. 7d.
Madras	1s. 11d.	1s. 11½d.	Hong Kong	4s. 6d.	4s. 7d.
Bombay	1s. 11½d.	1s. 11½d.	Shanghai	—	—
Colombo	par	1 pm.			

STOCKS AND SECURITIES.

Shares.		Paid.	Prices.
£.	India Stock, 1874.....		Shut
	India 5 per cent.		104 ½ to 105 ½
	India 4 per cent.		99 ½
	India 4 per cent. 1868 ..		99 ½
	India Enclaved Paper 4 pr. ct.		100 ½ to 101 ½
	India 5 p. ct. Encl. Paper, 1872		109
	India Stock, Encl. Paper, 5 ½		95 ½
	per cent.		116
	India Stock Debentures, 1859		99 ½
	India Stock Debentures, 1863		99 ½
	" " " 1864 or 1868		3 dis.
	India Debentures, do., £1,000		
	Do. 4 per cent., 1866 ..		105
	India 5 per cent. for account ..		104 ½ to 105 ½
	India 5 per cent., 1870 ..		99 ½
	India 4 per cent.		104 ½
	India Loan Scrip 5 per cent.		15s. to 16s. pm.
	India Bonds, 4 p. ct. (£1,000)		21s. to 17s. pm.
	India Bonds (£1,000) ..		31s. to 17s.
	Ditto (under £1,000)		

RAILWAYS.

Stock	Bombay, Baroda, and Central India (guar. 5 per ct.)	100	101 ½ to 102 ½
20	Ditto F Shares ..	4	½ dis. to ½ pm.
Stock	Calcutta & S. Eastern (lim.)	100	99 x.d.
Stock	Eastern Bengal (gu. 5 p. ct.)	100	102 to 103
Stock	East Indian ..	100	103 ½
30	Ditto J. Extension ..	15	par ½ pm. x.d.
Stock	G. I. Peninsula (gu. 5 p. ct.)	100	102 ½ to 103 ½ x.d.
30	Ditto (New ditto) ..	14	½ to ½ pm.
30	Ditto, New ..	4	½ to ½ pm.
Stock	Great J. of India (Lim.) Scrip	100	100 to 101 x.d.
Stock	Ditto 4 ½ p. c.	2	
Stock	Madras guar. 4 ½ per ct.)	100	89 to 91 x.d.
Stock	Ditto 5 per cent.	100	101 to 102 x.d.
Stock	Ditto (guar. 4 ½ per cent)	100	94 to 96
20	5th Extension ..	2	101 x.d.
Stock	Scinde 5 per cent.	100	
Stock	Ditto Indus Steam Flotilla (guar. 5 per ct.)	100	93 to 96 x.d.
Stock	Delhi guar. 5 per cent.	100	101 x.d.
Stock	Ditto Delhi guar. 5 p. c.	all	100 ½ to 101 ½
20	Ditto ..	2	½ to ½ x.d.
Stock	Punjab (5 per ct.) ..	100	101 x.d.

BANKS.

100	Agra and Masterman's (L.)	50	114 to 116
50	Old ones divided ..	25	58 to 60
20	Asiatic Banking Corp., new issue, £15 pm., on which £7. 10s. has been paid ..	24	6 to 9
40	Australasia ..	all	74 to 76
40	New ..	all	73 to 75
25	Bank of Egypt ..	all	31 ½ to 32 ½
20	Chart. of Ind., Aus., & China	all	27
20	Ditto, New ..	all	
25	Chart. Merc. of India, Lond., and China ..	all	42 to 44
12 ½	New ..	all	20 to 23
25	Commercial Bank of India*	25	7
100	Hindustan, China, & Japan ..	25	7
100	Do. New issue at 2 pm.	25	7
100	New Issue at 6 pm., of which 1 pd.	15	7
20	Land Mortgage Bank of India	4	52 to 54
25	Oriental Bank Corporation ..	10	3 ½ to 5 d.
20	Scinde, Punjab, and Delhi ..	10	5 pm.
20	Ditto New ..	7 ½	

MISCELLANEOUS.

5	Bombay Gas ..	all	5 ½
5	Second issue ..	all	par to ½
5	Third issue ..	1	1 ½ to 1 ½ d
20	British Indian Tea ..	14	½ d. par
50	E. Assam Tea (Lim.) ..	7	4 ½ to 5 ½
20	Ceylon ..	10	3 ½ to 2 ½ dis
50	Credit Foncier of Mauritius ..	2	1 d. par
20	Darjeeling (E.) ..	10	3 ½ to 2 ½ dis. x.d.
50	East India Irr. & Can.	10	4 to 3
50	E. Financial ..	7 ½	½ d. par
2	Indian Carrying (Lim.) ..	1	½ d. to ½ pm.
20	Mauritius Land Credit (Lim.)	10	½ to ½ x.d.
20	Madras Irrig. and Canal ..	all	19 ½ to 20 ½
20	Do.	all	3 ½ to 4 ½
10	Mediterran. Ext. Tel. (Lim.)	5	1 ½ to 1 ½
20	Nerbudda Coal and Iron ..	2	1 d. par
20	Do. New ..	1	½ d. to ½ pm.
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20	Oriental Commercial ..	10	8 dis.
50	Oriental Financial ..	all	1 ½ to 1 ½
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10	Oriental Inland Steam A. (L)	all	7 ½
50	P. and O. Steam Nav. Co.	35	18 to 20 pm.
50	Ditto New ..	3	3 to 4 pm.
10	Upper Assam Tea ..	all	19 to 21
10	Ditto ..	3 ½	

* Incorporated by Royal Charter, issued at 10 pm. (16 p.m.)

ADVERTISEMENTS.

INDIA OFFICE, S.W., 1st June, 1865.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN, That an EXAMINATION OF CANDIDATES FOR FORTY APPOINTMENTS as ASSISTANT SURGEONS in her Majesty's Indian Medical Service will be held at CHELSEA HOSPITAL, on the 7th AUGUST, 1865.

Copies of the Regulations for the Examination of Candidates, together with information regarding the Pay and Retiring Allowances of Indian Medical Officers, may be obtained on application at the Military Department, India Office, Westminster, S.W.

T. T. PEARS, Major-general,
Military Secretary.

NOTICE.—A Lady, the Wife of a Retired Officer, who, with his Family, is about to reside permanently in Switzerland, on the borders of the Lake of Geneva, would be glad to take CHARGE OF ONE OR TWO LITTLE BOYS (ages between five and ten), Sons of Gentlemen, to EDUCATE with their own. An efficient Governess would accompany them, thus affording a thorough English Education, with all the comforts and care of home. The highest references given and required.

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THE REV. ALFRED WRIGLEY, M.A., M.D., &c., of St. John's College, Cambridge, Professor of Mathematics and Classics in the late Royal Indian College, Addiscombe, now Head Master of the Clapham Grammar School, London, PREPARES PUPILS for the Universities, the Civil and Military Services, Woolwich, Sandhurst, and Direct Commissions.

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J. OUSELEY, General Manager.

INDIA OFFICE, 6th June, 1865.

THE SECRETARY OF STATE for INDIA

in COUNCIL HEREBY GIVES NOTICE, That he has RECEIVED from the Right Honourable the GOVERNOR-GENERAL of INDIA in COUNCIL the following NOTIFICATIONS relative to the SALE of the GOVERNMENT TEA PLANTATIONS and FACTORIES in Kumaon, the Dehra Dhoon, and the Kangra Valley in the Punjab.

HERMAN MERIVALE,

Under-Secretary of State for India.

NOTIFICATIONS.

The following Tea Plantations and Factories in Kumaon and the Dehra Dhoon are offered for Sale at the upset Prices specified:—

1. Hawul Bagh, in Kumaon, forty-six miles from the Plains and six miles from Almora. The Plantations (including the two small Nurseries, viz., Kupeena and Lutelmassur, in the immediate neighbourhood of Almora), consist of about 100 acres of land planted with Tea. At a short distance from the Plantations there is a Cheer (*pinus longifolia*) Forest, of about 100 acres in extent, in which the purchaser will have the right to cut timber which is well fitted for making tea chests, firewood, &c.

There are on the Estate three large slated houses, numerous slated offices, a large slated factory, two large slated godowns, a slated barrack for Chinese tea manufacturers, and the stock and block of the factory are complete for tea operations, and in working order.

2. Ayar Toli in Kuttayor, Kumaon, distant about eighty miles from the Plains, and about forty miles from Almora.

There are on the Estate a slated factory, and a large slated godown, slated barracks for Chinese tea manufacturers, &c., and the stock and block of the factory are complete for the tea operations, and in working order.

This Plantation consists of about 1,300 acres of land, of which about 300 acres are planted with Tea, 200 acres of cleared land fitted for tea planting, and the remainder covered with pines, &c., forests, the timber of which is well adapted for making tea chests, &c.

The yield of the two Estates this season was 20,000 lbs. of tea and 1,650 maunds of seeds.

These two Estates will be sold in one lot in fee simple, free of all demands on account of land revenue, exclusive of existing local cesses, such as road, educational, and postal cesses, or such as may be hereafter legally imposed, at an upset price of Rs. 2,00,000 (two lacs of rupees).

A small portion of the Plantation of Ayar Toli, named Bincolle, belonging to the Temple of Nagath, will bear an annual rental of Rs. 24 (twenty-four rupees) per annum.

This land is leased in perpetuity from the Temple of Nagath on this rental.

3. Kowlaghir, in the Dehra Dhoon, distant two miles to the west of the town of Dehra; it consists of about 430 acres of land, of which about 380 acres are under cultivation with tea and the remainder adapted for tea cultivation.

Through the property a branch of the Bijnore Canal runs. At a short distance and to the south of the Plantation there is a Forest of syne, jamun, &c., consisting of about 500 (five hundred) acres, in which the purchaser will have the right to cut timber for tea chests, firewood, charcoal, &c. The timber is well fitted for making tea chests.

There are on the Estate three bungalows, an extensive pukka tea factory, two large pukka godowns, a barrack for Chinese tea manufacturers, &c., and the stock and block of the factory are complete, and in full working order.

The yield this season was 25,099 lbs. of tea, and 1,050 maunds of seeds.

This Estate will be sold in fee simple, free of all demands on account of land revenue, exclusive of existing local cesses for roads, &c., or such as may hereafter be legally imposed, at an upset price of Rs. 2,00,000 (two lacs of rupees). The Plantations will be transferred to the purchaser on the 1st April, 1866, on or before which date the purchase money must be paid at the General Treasury, Calcutta.

Tenders will be received by WILLIAM JAMESON, Esq., Superintendent Botanical Gardens, North-Western Provinces, Saharanpore, until 1st March, 1866, if the Factories, &c., be not previously sold by private sale, and the highest offer above the upset price will be accepted.

All Tenders must be made in writing.

Every Tender should be superscribed "Tender for Tea Plantation," and will be registered by the Superintendent of the Botanical Gardens on the date of receipt in a book, which he will keep, together with the Tenders, in his own custody, under lock and key.

The highest registered Tender, at the time being, for any lot, will be communicated by the Superintendent to any inquirers up to the time of sale, but the names of the parties who have tendered shall in no case be disclosed.

The register of Tenders will be examined at noon on the 1st March, 1866, by a Committee, consisting of the Superintendent Botanical Gardens, the Judge, and the Collector of Saharanpore, at the Office of the Superintendent, and in the presence of all parties who may attend; and the amount of the highest Tender for each lot, or, if there be more than one Tender of equal amount, the number and amount of such Tenders, but not the names of the parties tendering, will be publicly declared, and the highest Tender, in writing, above the upset price at 4 P.M. will be accepted on the part of Government by the Committee.

On the Tender being accepted by the Committee, the purchaser must deposit 5 per cent. of the purchase money, which will be forfeited if the amount of the purchase money be not paid in full on the date specified.

Agents must be supplied by their principals with sufficient powers of attorney.

The above particulars are believed, in good faith, to be correct, but intending purchasers must make their own inquiries, as no reclamation can be listened to after sale.

References may be made to W. JAMESON, Esq., Superintendent Government Botanical Gardens, Saharanpore.

The following NOTIFICATION regarding the SALE of the GOVERNMENT TEA PLANTATIONS and FACTORY, &c., at Holta, in the Kangra Valley, is published for general information:—

The following Tea Plantation, with Factory, Godowns, Houses, Outhouses, &c., the property of Government, at Holta, in the Kangra Valley, is offered for Sale, at the upset price specified below.

The Plantation is distant about twenty-three miles from Dhurmsallah, and twenty-two miles from Kote Kangra. There are on the Estate a large slated factory, two slated godowns, and two slated houses for overseer and assistant overseer, barracks for Chinese tea makers, &c., and the stock and block of the tea factory are complete for tea operations, and in working order.

The Tea Plantation consists of 677 acres, more or less, of which there are under cultivation with tea about 530 acres, and the remainder waste or covered with Cheer, Pine (*pinus longifolia*), but the greater portion fitted for tea cultivation.

At a short distance from the Plantation there is a Cheer Forest, about 100 acres in extent, in which the purchaser will have the right of cutting timber. The wood is well adapted for making tea chests.

The yield of the Tea Plantation may be estimated this season at 33,000 lbs. of tea and 1,800 maunds of tea seeds; 240 maunds of tea seeds, the produce of the season, will be given to purchaser.

The Estate will be sold in fee simple, free of all demands on account of land rent, exclusive of existing local cesses, such as the road, educational, and postal cesses, or such as may be hereafter legally imposed, at an upset price of Rs. 2,00,000 (two lacs of rupees). The Plantation and Factory will be transferred to the purchaser or purchasers on the 1st December, 1865, on or before which date the purchase money must be paid at the General Treasury, Calcutta.

All Tenders must be made in writing.

Every Tender should be superscribed "Tender for Tea Plantations, Holta," and will be registered by the Superintendent, Tea Plantations, Punjab, Saharanpore, on the date of receipt, in a book which he will keep, together with the Tenders, in his own custody, under lock and key. The highest registered Tender at the time being will be communicated by the Superintendent to any inquirers up to the time of sale, but the names of parties who have tendered shall in no case be disclosed.

The register of Tenders will be examined at noon on 1st November, 1865, by a Committee, consisting of the Superintendent Tea Plantations, and Deputy-Commissioner, at the Factory, Holta, and in the presence of all parties who may attend. The amount of the highest Tender, or, if there be more than one Tender of equal amount, the number and amount of such Tenders, but not the names of the parties tendering, will be publicly declared, and the highest tender, in writing, above the upset price, at 4 P.M., will be accepted on the part of Government by the Committee.

On the Tender being accepted by the Committee, the purchaser must deposit 5 per cent. of the purchase money, which will be forfeited if the amount of the purchase money be not paid in full on the date specified.

Agents must be supplied by their principals with sufficient powers of attorney.

The above particulars are believed, in good faith, to be correct, but intending purchasers must make their own inquiries, as no reclamation can be listened to after sale.

References may be made to the Deputy-Commissioner, Dhurmsallah, or to Dr. JAMESON, Superintendent, Botanical Gardens, Saharanpore.

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George R. Barry, Esq. (late of Seacangge, Bengal), 7, Pembroke-square, Bayswater.

Edward H. d. Higgs, Esq. (late of Dibronghur), Director of the Northern Assam Tea Company (Limited), 35, Bucklersbury.

Alfred Munford, Esq., Director of the Upper Assam Tea Company (Limited), Messrs. Bartrum, Pretymann, and Munford.

Samuel Thompson, Esq., Director of the Upper Assam Tea Company (Limited), 31, Great St. Helen's.

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Of these plantations 1,685 acres are planted in tea gardens, the particulars of which are subjoined. The produce of the estates has obtained a high reputation in the London market.

A minimum yearly dividend of 10 per cent. on the paid-up capital, payable half-yearly, has been guaranteed. After the expiration of the third year, as nearly all the plantations will be in full bearing, it is confidently expected that considerably larger dividends will be progressively realised, and the calculations from which this result is arrived at have been made altogether exclusively of any return from the sale of tea seed.

The price for the property has been fixed at £168,500, payable by annual instalments, with interest at 5 per cent., extending over a period of five years.

Eleven thousand shares have already been applied for. No promotion money whatever will be paid, and the preliminary expenses will be strictly confined to what are indispensable to the formation of the Company.

The articles of association and provisional contracts may be seen at the Offices of the Company.

In consequence of inquiries which have already been made, the Directors have decided to receive a limited number of applications for shares fully paid up, participating in the dividend from the date of payment.

Applications for shares to be made in the accompanying forms to the Company's Brokers, Bankers, or Secretary, from whom prospectuses can be obtained.

London, June, 1865.

PARTICULARS OF THE ESTATES OF THE CHUBWA TEA COMPANY OF ASSAM (Limited).

1. The Chubwa Estate, purchased from Messrs. James Warren and Nephew.

2. The Tingri Estate, purchased from the Upper Assam Tea Company (Limited). Extent of land, 5,000 acres, of which 660 are planted.

3. The Wilton Estate, purchased from William Thomson, Esq. Extent of land, 5,500 acres, of which 500 are planted.

FORM OF APPLICATION FOR FULLY PAID-UP SHARES.

To the Directors of the CHUBWA TEA COMPANY OF ASSAM (Limited).

Gentlemen,—Having paid to your bankers the sum of £ , being a deposit of 10s. per share on fully paid-up shares in the above Company, I hereby request that you will allot me that number; and I agree to become a member of the said Company, and to accept such shares, or any less number you may allot me, or in default thereof that the deposit shall be forfeited; and I authorise you to enter my name in the register of members in respect of the shares you will allot to me.

Name in full.....

Residence.....

Date.....

FORM OF APPLICATION FOR PARTLY PAID-UP SHARES.

To the Directors of the CHUBWA TEA COMPANY OF ASSAM (Limited).

Gentlemen,—Having paid to your bankers the sum of £ , being a deposit of 10s. per share on partly paid-up shares in the above Company, I hereby request that you will allot me that number; and I agree to become a member of the said Company, and to accept such shares, or any less number you may allot me, or in default thereof that the deposit shall be forfeited; and I authorise you to enter my name in the register of members in respect of the shares you will allot to me.

Name in full.....

Residence.....

Date.....

THE CHUBWA TEA COMPANY OF ASSAM (Limited).

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN, That the LIST of APPLICATIONS for SHARES in this Company will be CLOSED on THURSDAY, the 6th July proximo.

By Order of the Board,

A. FORBES, Secretary.

2, East India-avenue, Leadenhall-street, E.C.,

June 22, 1865.

COMMERCIAL BANK CORPORATION OF INDIA AND THE EAST.

INCORPORATED BY ROYAL CHARTER.

PAID-UP CAPITAL £1,000,000 (ONE MILLION STERLING), with power to increase to Two Millions.

HEAD OFFICE, 61, MOORGATE-STREET, LONDON, E.C.

Branches and Agencies at Bombay, Calcutta, Foonchow, Hankow, Hong Kong, Shanghai, Singapore, and Yokohama.

The Bank negotiates and collects Bills and grants Drafts on its branches and agencies as above. It acts as the agent of parties connected with the East in transmitting funds and in making investments in Indian and other public securities, effecting also the sale thereof, either at home or abroad. It undertakes their safe custody and the receipt of interest or dividends thereon, and receives pay, pensions, and other moneys for remittance through the Bank or otherwise.

The Bank also receives money on deposit at rates of interest proportioned to the length of the notice of withdrawal agreed to be given, the terms of which may be ascertained on inquiry.

Office hours, 10 to 4; Saturdays, 10 to 2.

JAMES COULSON & CO.,

Proprietors of

The Royal Damask Table Linen Manufactory,
LISBURN, IRELAND.

Having a Depot for their Manufacture at

46, **PALL-MALL, LONDON.****J. COULSON and Co.'s celebrated Table**
Cloths, Napkins, Overlay Slips, Sheetings, and all other
Linen, being direct from their Manufactory in Ireland, can
be supplied at Wholesale Prices. Communications addressed
to**JAMES COULSON and Co.,****LINEN MANUFACTURERS,**No. 46, **PALL-MALL, S.W., LONDON,**

shall receive prompt attention.

THE BANK of HINDUSTAN, CHINA,
and **JAPAN (Limited).****NOTICE OF CALL OF £5 PER SHARE ON 20,000 NEW**
SHARES.—THIRD ISSUE.**NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN,** That the Directors have
this day made a **CALL of £5 per Share** on the 20,000 new
Shares in this Company, payable on the 12th day of July
next, at the Banking-house of the Company, 1, Bank-buildings,
Lothbury, London.Interest at the rate of 10 per cent. per annum will be
charged on all Calls not paid on the above date.

By Order of the Board,

R. SWIRE TOMLIN, Secretary.

1, Bank-buildings, June 19, 1865.

UNIVERSAL LIFE ASSURANCE
SOCIETY.

ESTABLISHED 1834.

1, **KING WILLIAM-STREET, LONDON, E.C.**At the Thirty-first Annual General Meeting a reduction of
50 per cent., or one-half, upon the Premiums for the current
year was declared upon all participating Policies six years in
force, as shown in the following examples:—

Age in Policy.	Sum Assured on Lives in England.	Original Premium.	Reduced Premium for next year.
20	1,000	£. s. d.	£. s. d.
30	1,000	19 6 8	9 13 4
40	1,000	24 8 4	12 4 2
50	1,000	31 10 0	15 15 0

Age Policy.	Assured on Lives in India.	Original Premium.	Reduced Premium next Year.	Further Reduced Premium if in Europe.
20	1,000	£. s. d.	£. s. d.	£. s. d.
30	1,000	42 0 0	21 0 0	9 13 4
40	1,000	48 0 0	24 0 0	12 4 2
50	1,000	59 0 0	29 10 0	15 15 0

The above will show the great advantages attaching to
Policies effected with this Society, the annual reductions of
Premium having been nearly 50 per cent. per annum at
Twenty-six Divisions of Profit. Large Reversary Bonuses
were also added to Policies, the holders of which preferred
increasing the sums assured to decreasing their Premiums.Premiums and conditions highly favourable to assurers pro-
ceeding to India. The Society has Branch Offices at Calcutta,
Madras, and Bombay, where Policies may be taken out on
Lives residing in any part of India.**FRED. HENDRIKS, Actuary and Secretary.****Messrs. GRINDLAY and Co., 55, Parliament-street, S.W.,**
have been appointed Agents to this Society for the West-end
of London.**SEWING MACHINES.****NEWTON, WILSON, AND CO.'S****MACHINES** possess the very latest improvements in both **LOCK** and **KNOTTED STITCH**. They are elegant in form,
simple, light, rapid, and noiseless in operation, and in every respect the cheapest and best Machines in the market.**THE LATEST NOVELTY**In **FAMILY SEWING MACHINES** is the **NEW LOCK STITCH MACHINE**, at £6. 6s., with Stand complete, being the
cheapest Lock Stitch Machine in the World. This Machine may be had on a very handsome Stand with cover, at £8. 8s.**THE LATEST NOVELTY**In **MANUFACTURING SEWING MACHINES** is the **NEW DUPLEX MACHINE**, which comprises in one Machine an
instantaneous double action, with a contrivance enabling the operator to stitch a new elastic in an old side-spring boot.
This Machine is specially adapted to Shoemakers' and Tailors' use. Patterns of the work of any of the Machines will be
forwarded, along with Illustrated Catalogue, post free, from the**GREAT CENTRAL DEPOT, 144, HIGH HOLBORN, W.C.**

BY APPOINTMENT.

THURSTON AND CO.,**BILLIARD TABLE MANUFACTURERS****TO HER MAJESTY THE QUEEN AND H.R.H. THE PRINCE OF WALES,**
14, CATHERINE STREET, STRAND, LONDON.The great superiority of the Billiard Tables manufactured by this Firm is fully attested by the fact of their Tables having
been patronised by Royalty since the reign of George III., during which period they have been honoured also by the patronage
of the principal Nobility and Gentry of England, nearly 250 of Her Majesty's and the Native Regiments at home and abroad,
and more than one hundred of the principal London, Provincial, and Foreign Clubs.**THE EUROPEAN ASSURANCE**
SOCIETY.**LIFE, FIRE, AND GUARANTEE.**The **ANNUAL GENERAL MEETING** of the **SHARE-**
HOLDERS of the Company was held **JUNE 1st,**
H. WICKHAM, Esq., M.P., in the Chair.**EXTRACT FROM THE REPORT.**Premiums on the New Life and Guarantee
Policies issued during the year 1864,
amounted to £21,149 16 6
Premiums on Fire Insurance from June last ... 13,269 17 11
The Gross Amount actually received in Pre-
miums during the year was 169,058 12 7
The Life and Guaranteed Claims paid during
the year 1864 86,717 4 10
Increase in the Assets of the Society 52,925 18 10
THE UNION OF THIS SOCIETY AND THE BRITISH
NATION LIFE ASSURANCE ASSOCIATION.
Subscribed Capital is raised to upwards of ... £700,000 0 0
Annual Income to upwards of 300,000 0 0
The Premium Income from new business
during the last two months, at the rate of
more than per year 50,000 0 0
Forms of Proposal and Prospectus may be obtained from
the Head Offices, 2, Waterloo-place, Pall-mall, and 69, King
William-street, E.C., London.**PERSONS PROCEEDING TO INDIA** or
the **COLONIES** can effect **ASSURANCES** on favou-
rable terms with the **COLONIAL LIFE ASSURANCE**
COMPANY.**LOANS** given to Civil or Military Officers proceeding to
India on Her Majesty's Service.
Agents at Calcutta, Madras, and Bombay, and in all the
British Colonies, where premiums can be paid and claims
settled.The Colonial was established in 1846, and its present in-
come is upwards of £144,000 per annum.

Subscribed Capital, £1,000,000 sterling.

Incorporated by Act of Parliament.

SAMUEL R. FERGUSON, Res. Sec.**LONDON** 3, Pall-mall East, S.W.; at
Messrs. Paris and Co.'s, 10, St. James's-street,
S.W.; and at Messrs. W. H. Smith, BARRY, and
Co.'s, 150, Leadenhall-street, E.C.
EDINBURGH (Head Office) ... 5, George-street.
DUBLIN 60, Upper Sackville-street.
GLASGOW 58, St. Vincent-street.**ACCIDENTS TO LIFE or LIMB, in the**
FIELD, the STREETS, or at HOME,Provided for by a Policy of the
RAILWAY PASSENGERS' INSURANCE COMPANY,
64, CORNHILL, LONDON, E.C.**COMPENSATION HAS BEEN PAID FOR 10,000 CLAIMS.**
£1,000 IN CASE OF DEATH,Or £6 per week while laid up by Injury, secured by an Annual
Payment of from £3 to £5. 5s.For particulars apply to the Clerks at the Railway Stations,
to the Local Agents, or at the Offices, 64, Cornhill, and 10,
Regent-street.**W. J. VIAN, Secretary.****JAMES W. HART,****NAVAL and MILITARY OUTFITTER, HOSIER**and **SHIRT-MAKER,**34, **STRAND, 34,**

Three Doors from the Charing-cross Railway Terminus.

Price Lists for Outfits, &c., free on application.

AYAH WANTED.—A Lady from Calcutta
wishes to **ENGAGE AN AYAH**, to Serve her in Eng-
land as Nurse to her Infant.Address **Mrs. NEWTON, Wimbledon.****BURLINGTON FURNITURE GALLERIES,**
38, CONDUIT-STREET, W.**SEDLEY'S PATENT EQUILIBRIUM**
CHAIR combines Ease, Elegance, and Economy. In
Wrought Iron and Brass. Please try one; you will not
only like it, but recommend it everywhere. Price:—Chair,
£2. 18s. 6d.; Leg Rest, 8s. 6d.; Castors, 4s. Can be had of
THACKER and Co.; GRINDLAY and Co.; SMITH, ELDER, and
Co.; THE GREAT EASTERN HOTEL COMPANY; and C. LAZA-
rus and Co., Upholsterers, Calcutta. Illustrated Catalogues
of these and other Furniture, gratis, per post.**REMOVED TO ABOVE ADDRESS FROM**
210, REGENT-STREET, W.**THE NEW THEORY IN RIFLES.—**Lieutenant James Forsyth, in his excellent work, "The
Sporting Rifle, &c.," first promulgated the startling theory
that Rifles could be so constructed as to lessen the elevation
by increasing the charge of powder. This theory, which the
Advertiser has proven to be correct, alters the whole position
of Rifles in favour of the sportsman. Formerly, with a high
trajectory, the bullet which would have hit a tiger in a vital
part at 100 yards, would pass over his back at 25 or 50
yards. By the new system, as elaborated and perfected in
DOUGALL'S LOCKFAST BREECHLOADERS, there is a
point-blank range to 150 yards, combined with a velocity and
smashing power hitherto unknown.—(See Times, 11th October,
1864.) No other Rifle possesses the same advantages.**J. D. DOUGALL, Inventor and Patentee, 59, St. James's-**
street, Piccadilly, London.**Guns, Rifles, Sporting Ammunition, &c.****ROBERT S. GARDEN**Invites inspection of his varied, extensive, and well-selected
STOCK of**SECOND-HAND GUNS AND RIFLES,**By the most eminent Makers, and at moderate prices. He
has also on view Breech-loaders, with the latest improvements,
and Sporting Ammunition of every description.**ROBERT S. GARDEN,**29, **PICCADILLY**, adjoining St. James's-hall, and immediately
opposite the long-established premises of **GARDEN and SON.****JOHN GOSNELL and Co. (formerly PRICE**
and GOSNELL) invite attention to the following fashio-
nable articles of **PERFUMERY.****Patronised by Royalty.****JOHN GOSNELL and Co.'s ESS. BOUQUET—Ronde-**
letta, Verbena, Opera Bouquets, Wood Violet, Frangipanni, &c.
JOHN GOSNELL and Co.'s WARDROBE SCENT BAGS
JOHN GOSNELL and Co.'s LA NOBLESSE PERFUME
JOHN GOSNELL and Co.'s LA NOBLESSE SOAP.
JOHN GOSNELL and Co.'s LA NOBLESSE POMADE.
JOHN GOSNELL and Co.'s FOUNTAIN PERFUMES, or
Ball-Room Companion, emitting on pressure a jet of delicious
and refreshing perfume.**JOHN GOSNELL and Co.'s CHERRY TOOTH PASTE**
is greatly superior to any tooth powder—gives the teeth a
pearl-like whiteness, protects the enamel from decay, and im-
parts a pleasing fragrance to the breath.**JOHN GOSNELL and Co.'s INSTANTANEOUS HAIR**
DYE.**JOHN GOSNELL and Co.'s PATENT TRICHOSARON,**
or newly-invented **HAIR BRUSH**, the peculiar mechanical
construction of which accomplishes the two operations of
cleansing and polishing simultaneously.Manufactory—12, **THREE KING-COURT, LOMBARD-STREET,**
LONDON.**PEPSINE.****MORSON'S PEPSINE WINE**
MORSON'S PEPSINE LOZENGESAre perfectly palatable forms for administering this popular
remedy for weak digestion.**MANUFACTURED BY****T. MORSON AND SON,****31, 33, and 124, Southampton-row, Russell-square,**
London, W.C.Pepsine Wine, in bottles, at 2s., 6s., and 10s. each.
Lozenges, in boxes, at 2s. 6d. and 4s. 6d. each.**DINNEFORD'S FLUID MAGNESIA.—**The medical profession for thirty years have approved
of this pure solution of Magnesia as the best remedy for Gout
and stomachic disorders of every kind; and as a mild aperient
it is especially adapted for ladies and children. Prepared
solely by **DINNEFORD and Co., Chemists, &c., 172, New**
Bond-street, London; and sold throughout the world by all
respectable Chemists. **CAUTION.**—See that "Dinneford and
Co." is on each bottle and red label over the cork.Second edition, corrected and revised, post free, 7d.; in cloth,
1s. 1d.**THE TEETH: a Practical Treatise, with**
the best means of Restoring Them when Defective or
Lost. By **A. SKELL, Esq., Surgeon Dentist, 8, Grosvenor-**
street, W."We cannot do other than recommend for general perusal
Mr. Skell's Treatise, which is as useful as it is unpretending."
—Telegraph, June 20, 1861.Sold by **SIMPSON, MARSHALL, and Co., Stationer's-hall-**
court, London.**TEETH.—DENTAL SELF-MANAGEMENT.—A**
Brief Exposition of **Mr. SKELL'S** Patented Invention
in the construction of Artificial Teeth, free on application, of
by post on receipt of one stamp.—8, Grosvenor-street, Boud-
street.

GARDEN AND SON,
200, PICCADILLY WEST,
EAST INDIA & GENERAL AGENTS,
MANUFACTURERS OF
ACCOUTREMENTS, ARMS, SADDLERY, &c.,

Be to notify that any Commissions entrusted to them will be executed to the entire satisfaction of their correspondents.
Furlough Pay, Pensions, &c., drawn and remitted. Passages secured. Baggage collected, shipped, and cleared. Insurances effected.

GRINDLAY & Co., EAST INDIA ARMY AGENTS, No. 55, PARLIAMENT-STREET, S.W., are prepared to open Banking Accounts at the above address.
Civil and Military Pay, Pensions, Fund Allowance and Dividends realised and remitted to all parts of the country and the Continent.
Every description of India-office business transacted.
The new Form of Life Certificate and requisite Power of Attorney supplied on application personally or by letter.
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Remittances to India at the exchange of the day.
55, Parliament-street, S.W.
* City Shipping Branch, 3, Crosby-square, Bishopsgate-street, E.C.

ORIENTAL, AUSTRALIAN, AND GENERAL STEAM AGENCY, AND GLOBE PARCEL EXPRESS.

PARCELS, PACKAGES, and MERCHAN-
DISE forwarded, and PASSAGES engaged to all parts of the world. Baggage collected and shipped. Insurances effected, &c.
CALCUTTA, MADRAS, CEYLON, and ADEN—Overland, 4th and 26th of every month.
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CHINA, SINGAPORE, and EASTERN SEAS—Overland, 4th and 20th.
AUSTRALIA and MAURITIUS—Overland, 20th.
INDIA, CHINA, and AUSTRALIA—Via Cape of Good Hope, per Clipper Ships, weekly.
Prospectuses, with through rate to 500 places, free on application.
G. W. WHEATLEY and Co. (late Waghorn), 150, Lendenhall-street, E.C.; CHAPLIN'S, Regent-circus, W., and 23, Regent-street, S.W.

OVERLAND ROUTE.—COMMUNICA-
TION by STEAM to INDIA, AUSTRALIA, &c., via Egypt.—The PENINSULAR and ORIENTAL STEAM NAVIGATION COMPANY BOOK PASSENGERS and RECEIVE CARGO and PARCELS at their London Office or GIBRALTAR, MALTA, EGYPT, ADEN, CEYLON, MADRAS, CALCUTTA, the STRAITS, and CHINA, by their Steamers leaving Southampton on the 4th and 20th of every month. For GIBRALTAR, MALTA, EGYPT, ADEN, and BOMBAY, by those of the 12th and 27th of each month; and for MAURITIUS, KING GEORGE'S SOUND, MELBOURNE, and SYDNEY, by the Steamers leaving Southampton on the 20th of every month.
For further Particulars apply at the Company's Office, 122, Lendenhall-street, London, E.C.; or Oriental-place, Southampton.

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SERVICES MARITIMES MESSAGERIES IMPERIALES
FRENCH MAIL STEAM PACKETS.

The 19th of every month, at 2 p.m. for Messina, Alexandria, Aden, Port de Galie (Ceylon), Pondicherry, Madras, Calcutta, Singapore, Batavia, Saigon, Hong Kong, Shanghai.
The 9th of every month, for Messina, Alexandria, Aden, Seychelles, Reunion, Mauritius.
For passage, freight, and information, apply to B. W. and H. HORN, 4, Moorgate-street, London; G. H. FLETCHER and Co., Liverpool; at the Offices of the Services Maritimes des Messageries Impariales in Paris, Lyons, Bordeaux, and Marseilles; or to SMITH and Co., Rotterdam.
* Passengers eastward of Suez securing their berths in London are entitled to the conveyance of their luggage free to Marseilles.

THE INDUS ROUTE.—Twelve hours after the arrival at Bombay of the Mail from England a Steamer of the British India Steam Navigation Company leaves for Kurrachee.
Twenty-four hours after the arrival at Kurrachee of the vessel of the B.I.S.N. Company a Steamer in correspondence with the Sindh Railway leaves Kotree, on the Indus, for Moositan, and intermediate stations.
At Kurrachee Passengers and Goods are booked through by the Sindh Railway and Indus Steam Flotilla to the Punjab.
The expense of the journey from London to Lahore is about £150.

By order,
S. H. R. PARRY, Acting Secretary.
Sindh Railway Company's Office, Gresham-house,
Old Broad-street, London, 1st Feb., 1864.

SAUCE.—LEA AND PERRINS'
WORCESTERSHIRE SAUCE.

This delicious condiment, pronounced by Connoisseurs
"THE ONLY GOOD SAUCE,"
is prepared solely by LEA & PERRINS.

The Public are respectfully cautioned against worthless imitations, and should see that LEA & PERRINS' Names are on Wrapper, Label, Bottle, and Stopper.

ASK FOR LEA AND PERRINS' SAUCE.

* Sold Wholesale and for Export, by the Proprietors, Worcester, Messrs. CROSE and BLACKWELL; Messrs. Barclay and Sons, London; &c., &c.; and by Grocers and Oilmen universally.

PICKLES, SAUCES, JAMS, &c.
(FREE FROM ADULTERATION),
MANUFACTURED BY
CROSSE AND BLACKWELL,
PURVEYORS TO THE QUEEN,
SOHO-SQUARE, LONDON.

CROSSE and BLACKWELL'S renowned first-class Manufactures are obtainable from every respectable Provision Dealer in the World.
Purchasers desirous of being supplied with C. and B.'s goods, which are all of the best quality, and of a thoroughly wholesome character, should be careful to see that inferior articles are not substituted. Their genuine preparations bear their names and address upon the labels. Their Pickles are all prepared in Pure Malt Vinegar, boiled in Oak Vats, by means of Platinum Steam Coils, thus avoiding all possibility of contact with Copper, or any other injurious metal; and they are precisely similar in quality to those supplied by them for use at HER MAJESTY'S TABLE.
Oxford Sausages, Patent Preserved Hams, Cheese and Bacon, Yorkshire Game and Pork Patés, Fresh Oysters in Tins, Salmon Cutlets, Whitebait, Fillets of Soles, Bologna Sausages, Herrings in the Sauce, also in Noyau and Brandy, Crystallised Fruits, all of which, as well as many other articles too numerous to include in an advertisement, they can strongly recommend. Their Salad Oil is the finest imported.
C. and B. are Agents for Lea and Perrins' Celebrated Worcestershire Sauce, Carstairs' Sir Robert Peel's Sauce, M. C. S. Sausages, Relish and Aromatic Mustard, Payne's Royal Osborne Sauce, Captain White's Oriental Pickle, Curry Powder and Paste, and Mulligatawny Paste, Grimwade's Deacidified Milk, and for Masson's French Chocolate.

PAYNE'S INDIAN CURRY POWDER
is unequalled for its delicious flavour and stimulating qualities. In bottles, 3s. 6d., 2s. 3d., and 1s. 6d. each.
Curry and Mulligatawny Paste, in jars, 3s. 6d. and 2s. 3d.

LIST OF CONDIMENTS, &c.,
Prepared by PAYNE and Co., at the Belated
Bungalow, Calcutta.

Bottles.	Bottles.
Pindaree Chutnee 1s. 6d. & 3s.	Nepaul Pepper ... 1s. 0d. & 2s.
Bengal Club ... 1s. 6d.	Genuine Cayenne 1s. 0d. 2s.
Green Mango ... 1s. 6d.	Essence of Chillies 1s. 9d.
Lucknow (sweet) ... 1s. 6d.	Balachow ... 1s. 6d.
Cashmere ... 1s. 6d.	Bird's-eye Chillies 2s. 0d.
Pickled Limes ... 1s. 6d.	Jara ... 1s. 6d.
Pickled Mangoes 2s. 6d.	Guava Jelly ... 2s. 6d. & 5s.
Curry Sauce ... 1s. 6d.	W. India Preserves 1s. 6d. 2s.
Tap ... 1s. 6d.	Preserved Mangoes 2s. 6d. 5s.
Tamarind Fish ... 2s. 6d.	Preserved Ginger ... 6s. to 10s.

ROYAL COMBINATION PICKLE, in Bottles, 2s. each.
MANGO FRUIT for Tarts, in Bottles, 3s. 6d. each.
Genuine Arrowroot, 1 lb. tins, 2s.; 7 lb. tins, 10s. 6d. each.
PAYNE and Co., Foreign Warehousemen, Wine Merchants, and Importers of Indian Delicacies, 328, Regent-street, and 46, Mortimer-street, W., opposite the Polytechnic.

Quintessence of Jamaica Ginger and Camomile.

GINGER has long been deservedly known as an excellent domestic medicine, and, combined with camomile, it is the most efficient stomachic tonic known, for while the ginger relieves the stomach from distension and flatulency, arising from impaired digestion, the camomile strengthens the coats of the stomach, and by that means gives it a healthy and invigorating tone. So highly concentrated is this preparation, it is unimpaired by age or climate, and well adapted for exportation. In Gout, Spasms, Dysentery, Cholera, or those complaints incidental to tropical climates, it is invaluable, as in numerous cases a dose or two has checked and frequently cured most alarming attacks. No family should be without it. Sold in half-pints, quarter-pints, and one-eighth pints.
Agreeable Seidlitz Powder, in one bottle, protected by a case, with measure and spoon included. The advantage of this preparation is the perfect combination of the solid ingredients of the Seidlitz Spring in one compound powder.
It is very cooling and refreshing, well adapted for exportation, or travellers by land or sea.
Aromatic Tincture of Quinidine.—For the prevention of Fever, Intermitting or Remittent Ague, and other effects of Malaria.
No person exposed to the influence or predisposing cause of Fevers should be without it, for it taken in small doses daily the system will become so thoroughly impregnated with its principles as to be rendered proof against all attacks of Contagion or Malaria.—Sold in pints, half-pints, and quarter-pints.
The above articles prepared only by THOS. WILKINSON late Wilkinson, Bridge, & Co., 270, Regent-street London, W.

MRS. JOHNSON'S AMERICAN SOOTH-
ING SYRUP, FOR CHILDREN CUTTING THEIR
TEETH.—This infallible remedy has preserved hundreds of children when thought past recovery from convulsions arising from painful dentition. As soon as the Syrup is rubbed on the gums the child will be relieved, the gums cooled, and the inflammation reduced. It is as innocent as efficacious, tending to produce the teeth with ease; and so pleasant, that no child will refuse to let its gums be rubbed with it. When infants are at the age of four months, the Syrup should be rubbed on the gums, and parents should never be without the Syrup in the nursery where there are young children; for, if a child wakes in the night with pains in the gums, the Syrup immediately gives ease, thereby preventing convulsions, fevers, &c. The great success of this medicine during the last twenty-five years has induced unprincipled persons to imitate it, under the name of American Soothing Syrup, and copying parts of Mrs. Johnson's Bills, &c. Parents will, therefore, be very particular to ask for JOHNSON'S AMERICAN SOOTHING SYRUP, and to notice that the names of BARCLAY and SONS, 95, Farringdon-street, London (to whom Mrs. Johnson has sold the recipe), are on the stamp affixed to each bottle.
Sold by all chemists and medicine vendors.

Earl Russell sent to the College of Physicians a communication received by him from Manila (where Cholera had been raging fearfully), to the effect, that, of all remedies tried, Chlorodyne was the most effective.—See Brit. Med. J., Dec. 31, 1864.

CHLORODYNE (TOWLE'S). Cholera, Dysentery, Diarrhoea, Cramp, Ague, Consumption, Asthma, Cough, Colds, Bronchitis, Sea Sickness, &c., immediately relieved by a dose of TOWLE'S CHLORODYNE, which is admitted to be a most wonderful and valuable medicine, and preferred by the profession for its known composition and moderate price.

IMPORTANT TO SHIPPERS AND EMIGRANTS.

Liverpool, Feb. 22nd, 1864. Ship *Gertrude*.
Mr. TOWLE.—Sir,—Having recently arrived from Bombay, and during our stay there myself and crew being violently attacked with dysentery, so general in India, Captain Clements, of the ship *Marseilles*, lying near us, seeing the condition we were in, kindly sent a bottle of your Chlorodyne, from which myself and crew found immediate relief; and during the voyage home proved a most effective and valuable medicine. Having been instrumental in saving my own life and that of others, we feel it a duty and pleasure to send this statement of facts, to make what use of you think proper, believing that no vessel ought to leave port without a good supply in her medicine chest.
(Signed) GEORGE ALLEN, Chief Officer.
J. C. CONGDON, Master.

Retail by Chemists, 1s. 1½d., 2s. 9d., and 4s. 6d. per bottle. Supplied Wholesale and for Export by the Manufacturer, A. F. TOWLE, Chemist, 99, Stockport-road, Manchester.

Appointed Agents: DWARKANATH, GOPTER, and Co. Calcutta; LEVY, BROTHERS, Melbourne; W. STEELE, Brisbane, Queensland; SENIOR, Sydney.

N.B.—To avoid disappointment, be careful to order "Towle's" Chlorodyne.

NOTHING IMPOSSIBLE.—The greatest and most useful invention of the day, AGUA AMARELLA.—Messrs. JOHN GOSNELL and Co., Three King-court, Lombard street, Perfumers to her Majesty, respectfully offer to the public this truly marvellous fluid, which gradually restores the human hair to its pristine hue—no matter at what age.
The Agua Amarella has none of the properties of dyes; it, on the contrary, is beneficial to the system, and when the hair is once restored, one application per month will keep it in perfect colour. Price one guinea; half bottles, 10s. 6d. Testimonials from artists of the highest order and from individuals of undoubted respectability may be inspected on application.
Messrs. J. GOSNELL and Co. have been appointed Perfumers to H.R.H. the Princess of Wales.

RUPTURES.—BY HER MAJESTY'S ROYAL LETTERS
PATENT.

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Printing Office, Milford-lane, Strand, W.C., in the Parish
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ALLEN, 13, Waterloo-place, S.W., both in the County of
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AND OFFICIAL GAZETTE

FROM

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(WITH THIS PAPER "THE INDIAN NEWS" IS NOW INCORPORATED.)

VOL. XXIII.—No. 679.] LONDON, MONDAY, JULY 17, 1865.

[PRICE 6d.

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DATES OF ADVICES.

Bengal.....	June 10	Burmah (Rangoon) May 24
Madras.....	" 14	Bombay..... June 8
Agra.....	" 3	Ceylon..... " 17
	China (Hong Kong).....	May 30.

MAILS TO INDIA.

Mails to India and China, via Marseilles, are despatched from London as follows, viz.:—Those for Bombay packets, on the evening of the 3rd and 18th of each month; and those for Calcutta packets (including mails for Ceylon, Madras, and China), on the evenings of the 10th and 26th of each month. When any of these dates fall on a Sunday, the mails are made up on the following evening.

Letters and Newspapers can be forwarded to any part of India, via Bombay and Marseilles, and in most cases will reach their destination some days sooner than if despatched by the following Calcutta mail. The Bombay mails via Southampton, however, are no longer available for the transmission of Letters or Newspapers to the Madras Presidency.

Mails for the Mediterranean, and all parts of India and China, except the Bombay Presidency, are despatched via Southampton on the mornings of the 4th and 20th, or, when either of these dates falls on Sunday, upon the previous evening.

Mails for the Mediterranean, the Presidency of Bombay, and Upper or North-West Provinces of Bengal and China, are despatched via Southampton on the 12th and 27th of the month, except when these dates fall on Sunday, in which case they are forwarded on the previous evening.

A French line of mail packets now leaves Marseilles on the 19th of every month for Alexandria. Postage for letters and papers to India and China the same as is charged by the English mail via Marseilles. Letters intended to be forwarded by these packets must be specially addressed "By French mail packet from Marseilles."

POSTAGE.

Via Southampton (pre-payment compulsory), letters under 1 oz. 6d. 2 oz. 2s. 6d. 4 oz. 4s. 6d. 1 oz. 1s. 6d. 3 oz. 3s. 6d. 5 oz. 5s. 6d.

Books, with the ends of the covers open (not exceeding 3 lbs. in weight), if sent via Southampton, under 1 lb., 4d.; under 1 lb. 8d.; under 1 lb. 1s. 4d.; under 1 1/2 lbs., 2s.; under 2 lbs., 2s. 6d.; under 2 1/2 lbs., 3s. 4d.; and under 3 lbs., 4s. Postage-stamps must be affixed.

Newspapers for the East Indies, when not exceeding 4 oz., 2d. each; when above 4 oz. and not exceeding 8 oz., 3d. each;—an additional 1d. being charged for every additional 4 oz. or fraction thereof. For all countries or places eastward of Suez, the charge is 2d., whatever the weight of the newspaper.

Via Marseilles (pre-payment compulsory) letters under 1 oz. 6d. 1 oz. 1s. 6d. 2 oz. 2s. 6d. 3 oz. 3s. 6d. 4 oz. 4s. 6d. 5 oz. 5s. 6d.

Newspapers not exceeding 4 oz., 3d., when above 4 oz. and not exceeding 8 oz., 6d. each.

Books under 1 lb., 6d.; under 1 lb., 1s.; and for every additional 1 lb. an additional 1s.

The postage chargeable on book packets, or packets of printed papers, sent to Malta, Alexandria, Cairo, or Suez, via Marseilles, is as follows:—

For a packet not exceeding 4 oz., 4d.; above 4 oz., and not exceeding 1 lb., 8d.; above 1 lb., and not exceeding 1 1/2 lbs., 1s. 4d.; above 1 1/2 lbs., and not exceeding 2 lbs., 2s.; and every additional 1 lb., 8d.

Postage in all cases to be paid in advance.

Postage to CHINA, &c. (pre-payment compulsory), for letters: Via Southampton. 1 oz. 1s. 6d. 1 oz. 2s. 6d. 2 oz. 4s. 6d. 3 oz. 6s. 6d. Via Marseilles. 1 oz. 1s. 6d. 1 oz. 2s. 6d. 2 oz. 4s. 6d. 3 oz. 6s. 6d.

SUMMARY AND REVIEW.

We have received our usual files of papers, from Calcutta to the 10th of June, Madras to the 14th, and Ceylon to the 17th of that month.

The *Englishman* sums up the events of the week, in the City of Palaces, in one word—"stagnation." The depression pervading the money market had, under the influence of the unfavourable accounts from Bombay, become greater than at the date of the previous despatch. All kinds of stock had receded still further than before, except Government paper, which had slightly improved. The Mohurrum had come and gone, but the usual sensation elements had been wanting upon the occasion, there being no bloodshed or affray, and no sinister rumours of disaffection and conspiracy usually circulated at this period.

The Bengal Chamber of Commerce had met, and discussed the half-yearly report of their committee. The President, in his address, referred to the success of the Indo-European telegraph, and the extremely unsatisfactory working of the line between Kurrachee and Calcutta, which bids fair, unless greatly improved, to deprive Calcutta of much of the benefit of rapid communication with London. He also, continues the *Englishman*, from which we take this abstract of his speech, congratulated his hearers on the accomplishment of the first step towards the development of Port Canning, in the subscription of the required capital—adding, with ill-suppressed sarcasm, that it was now left to the promoters to prove that they had not overrated the capabilities of the port. With reference to the order of the Secretary of State, disallowing the export duties, he thought it would have been better to have spared the dignity of the Government by allowing them to be levied, and fixing an early date for their repeal. He hoped that a Bill, sanctioning the principle of commanditarian partnership, would be introduced in the next Session of the Governor-General's Council; recommended that sovereigns be declared a legal tender at ten rupees; and spoke hopefully of the ability

of Calcutta to come safely through the commercial crisis now so severely affecting Bombay. The meeting passed a resolution expressive of their horror at the assassination of President Lincoln, and also one in favour of the general recognition of a Saturday half-holiday. The Hon. Mr. Bullen was elected president, the Hon. Mr. Rowe vice-president, and Messrs. P. T. Ralli, Dundas, Eldridge, Goodenough, and Moncrief, the committee for the ensuing year.

The American community had held a meeting, and passed resolutions in honour of their murdered President.

The Bhootan frontier was quiet; but the Bhoteas were said to be making preparations to attack the Dooars after the rains.

The story of the mission to Khokan was not quite without foundation. The Government, we are now told, have determined to send a native agent, but not an accredited one, with the Khokanee envoy, to ascertain the real state of affairs in Central Asia with reference to the alleged movements of Russia.

The Calcutta people were getting anxious about the deficit in the budget, and were beginning to think that the Government at home were rash in sacrificing so much revenue without making provision to fill up the gap. They are under the firm belief, however, in consequence of an announcement by telegraph, that Sir Charles Wood has been raised to the Peerage, and that as Earl of Halifax he will no longer administer Indian affairs; so they comfort themselves by expecting immense things from his successor. Mr. Massey had fully confirmed the anticipations of a "masterly inactivity" policy as regards new ways and means.

At Madras there was little stirring, and at Ceylon less. Sir Hope Grant's Farewell Order had been published in the former place, and will be found elsewhere.

The next arrival from India will be the Bombay mail, which in regular course would be due at Marseilles on the 18th inst., but according to a telegram from Alexandria it has been detained by bad weather.

Casualties by Death in the Armies of India reported since last Publication.

BENGAL.—Capt. T. Hill, late 1st Asst. Master Attendant of Calcutta, at sea, on board the str. Mooltan, May 13. Maj. W. T. Garstin, late 70th N.I., on board the str. Wm. Peel, May 31. Maj. Crawford, late 9th Bengal N.I., at Sydney, Australia, March 31. Lieut. James E. Kennedy, 11th Bengal N.I., at Julpesh, near Julpigoorie, of cholera, while on service with his regt. in Bhootan, aged 25, May 21. Lieut. gen. G. W. A. Lloyd, c.s., aged 76, at Darjeeling, June 4.

Passengers by the present Mail.

Per str. Poonah.—For MARSEILLES.—From CALCUTTA.—Mr. M. Fox, the Rev. C. E. Stuart, Mr. Jenkins, Mr. Rundell, Mr. Berners, Lieut.-col. Frazer. From ALEXANDRIA.—Madame Pollard and two children, M. and Madame Burnat, M. and Madame de Waldon, Mrs. E. Dervien, Mr. J. Vaipé, Mr. and Mrs. Latif, Mr. Chrissos, Mr. Gynne, Gilmont, Francis, Pariente, P. Distallai and wife, L. Distallai, Lady Duff Gordon, Mr. G. Rodger, Capt. Clark, Mr. and Mrs. Cambaurain, Maj. and Mrs. Deacon and child, Hicke, Abbe Grandy.

Expected at Southampton.

Per str. Nyanza.—From CALCUTTA.—Dr. Downes, Mrs. Hime and three children, Mrs. Peele and infant, Mrs. Onsley and three children, Mr. and Mrs. McKee and two children, Mrs. Beadon and two children, Lieut. E. S. Fox, Mrs. Grigor and infant, Lieut. Hallowell, Mr. Squire, W. S. Duffell, Mrs. Johnson, Lieut. McDowall, Capt. Waterfield.

BANKRUPTCY COURT.—JULY 15.

[Before Mr. Registrar ROCHE.]

IN RE COLONEL W. P. WAUGH.

This was a first meeting under the third bankruptcy of Colonel William Petrie Waugh, a former petitioner by the gallant colonel having been recently dismissed by Mr. Commissioner Goulburn, on the ground that the bankrupt had omitted from his preliminary statement of debts and liabilities all mention of a debt due to Lord Garvagh, upon which judgment had been recovered. The adjudication under the present proceedings is made upon the petition of Mr. Maurice Evans, of 31, Throgmorton-street, wine merchant. Colonel Waugh remains in Whitecross-street.

This was the first meeting for proof of debts and choice of assignees.

Mr. Maurice Evans, of 31, Throgmorton-street, the petitioning creditor, and Mr. Wilkinson, of Southampton-buildings, solicitor, were now chosen trade assignees, and upon the application of Mr. R. Griffiths, the 12th of August was fixed for the bankrupt to apply for his order of discharge.

VICTORIA CROSS.—In the *Gazette* a notification appears, stating that her Majesty has been graciously pleased to signify her intention to confer the decoration of the Victoria Cross on Lieut. (now Captain) George Vincent Fosberry, for the daring and gallant manner in which, on the 30th of October, 1863, acting as a volunteer at the time, he led a party of his regiment, during the operations at Umbeyla, on the North-Western frontier of India, to re-capture the Crag Picquet, after its garrison had been driven in by the enemy, on which occasion sixty of them were killed in desperate hand to hand fighting.

CALCUTTA AND CHINA MAILS.—The Peninsular and Oriental Company's steamship *Syria*, with the heavy portion of the above mails, arrived at Southampton on the 10th inst. with 165 passengers and a general cargo, including 947 bales of raw silk, value £80,000.

TORTURE IN NATIVE STATES.—It was only the other day that the *Gazette of India* contained a notification that the Chief of Jhubbooa had been deprived of his salute for mutilating a man suspected of thieving. Cruelty to prisoners is unfortunately too common amongst native States. The Bombay papers contain particulars of the atrocities by which the Guicowar hopes to make his will respected. We noticed the doings of this chief in our paper of the 22nd ult. Several escaped convicts have been captured, and put to death by the sword. One, however, met with a terrible fate. He was chained, bound hand and foot to an elephant's leg, and dragged through the city until death relieved him of his sufferings. —*Hurkaru*.

BENGAL.

SUBSTITUTE FOR THE INCOME-TAX.

Mr. Massey is about to do a bold thing. It is generally understood that no specific substitute is to be provided for the Income-tax, which ceases on the 1st of August, and that the financial member is to trust to the elasticity of the general revenue to make up for it. Without the figures before us, on which this scheme was based, it is impossible for us to offer any valuable criticism on the probability of its being realised. We cannot refrain from noticing, however, that it publicly acknowledges a new element in Indian finance. Mr. Massey, at the outset of his Indian career, has declared himself a believer in the development of the country. He has announced that, in a land where financiers have been wont to make allowance for steady deficits, the time has come when the natural and normal state of things is one of progression. If any person will take the trouble to look over the *Almanack de Gotha*, he will there find set forth, with most praiseworthy precision, the estimated and the actual incomes of all the States in the world which have a revenue to collect, or an income to spend. The form of the Budget varies in every country, but the returns show, in one respect, an invariable result. The actual income of the year is, somehow or other, always short of the *recettes présumées* of the preceding budget. To this general rule there has hitherto been only two exceptions—England and America. Money is flowing into the State exchequer at home at such a rate that Mr. Gladstone hardly knows what to do with his good fortune. If he closes one channel, it floods the others he has left open, and the more he takes off the greater is the surplus. Last year, in spite of reductions of all sorts, the income exceeded the expenditure by three millions eight hundred thousand sterling, and this year, if the country goes on prospering as heretofore, the surplus will exceed four millions. Mr. Gladstone is the first English financier who has deliberately trusted to an increase in the productive powers of a tax, without actually raising it. If more money was wanted, the stock expedient was an additional penny on the income-tax. Mr. Gladstone, however, does differently. He says to the nation, "Increase your incomes, and there will be no need of increasing the tax; and he backs his speech by removing every fiscal obstruction to the spread of commerce and industrial enterprise. Mr. Massey practically says the same thing to India. He offers to trust to the increase of the wealth of the country to make good the loss caused by the removal of the export duties. Now, this increase of wealth, if it is to take place at all, can only arise from the impetus which English energy and English capital are giving to India. The standing problem for future historians will be to explain how a country, which had remained stagnant for two thousand years, woke up, almost in a moment, to the activity which characterises the great cities of India at present. Five years ago it used to be a question, each April, how much the indispensable expenses of the coming year would exceed the receipts. The deficit for 1857-58 was seven and three-quarter millions sterling; for 1858-59 it was over thirteen and a-half millions sterling, and the calculated deficit for 1859-60 was, including guaranteed interest on railways, close on nine millions sterling. Then came an English financier, and things changed. The great ideas of Mr. Wilson were carried out, with some modification, by a man reared in the same school, and the tide of prosperity began to run as strongly as the tide of disaster had previously ran. During the past two years the finances of India have, to say the least, not progressed at the rate which they did under men of a different class. All we ask of an Indian financier is not to obstruct; let us alone, and give commerce its head. If, under Mr. Massey, it should prove that India

is the only country in the world, besides England, in which the surest way to increase the revenue is to take off taxes, we shall have to thank the men who applied to Indian finance the principles which they have learned at home. We trust that, with the removal of these ill-fated Export duties, the chief cause which has divided the head of the Government from those over whom he rules, will be removed. He has now at his side a man who is free from crotchets, and who understands the lessons which the late financial experiences of England so pointedly teach. As we have said before, these are not times which demand ingenious fiscal devices. All the country requires is a man whom one-sidedness will not lead into blunders, and who enters on his duties with a clear understanding as to what is expected of him. Such a man, we trust, India has now got at the head of her Exchequer.—*Englishman*, June 5.

THE "SATURDAY REVIEW" ON CALCUTTA.

There is great comfort in meeting with an old friend whom we fancied lost to us for ever. Last year the newspaper-reading public of India were cheered once a week by a writer who, as the Irish *littérateur* said of himself, combined "the wildest imagination with the most withering powers of denunciation." Brilliant and slashing assertions, gross personalities, a wonderful memory for jokes, and fine inventive powers in matters of fact, are qualities which we do not meet every day, and which we ought to appreciate when we do meet them. But it is a comfort that in this world nothing fades away altogether:—

"Oh! never star"

Was lost here, but it rose afar;"

and the last Bombay mail brought us the cheering certainty that the bright particular star, whose extinction we have been since Christmas deploring, is not really extinguished, but "tricks his beams, and, with new-fangled ore," flames in the forehead of the *Saturday Review*—for there is no mistaking that fine Roman hand. Our readers have only to turn to the article on Calcutta, reprinted in another part of our issue, to convince themselves that absence only makes the pen grow sourer, and that we are not yet to lose the benefit of the amiable style, and happy instinct for the agreeable, which, characterised our departed friend. *Saturday Reviewers* have always cultivated the art of being uncommonly disagreeable. It is their stock-in-trade. We have met *Saturday Reviewers* who, in private life are as amiable, not to say mild as people in general; any soft nothings to the ladies; make weak remarks about the weather, and so on; but, with the goose-quill in hands all their milk turns to gall. They know that it is expected of them to be bitter, and savage, and cynical; to rail, like Timons, at what the world admires; and to expose the weaknesses of the weaker sex, and of most part of their own. This it is which has given a distinctive tone to the paper, and constitutes the great secret of its success. A man with a prominent nasal organ stands a much better chance of making his way in society, *ceteris paribus*, than one with no such distinction; not because people like long noses—rather the reverse; but because that feature at once constitutes its owner a man of mark, and gives you something to know him by. This is what the cynicism of the *Saturday Review* has done for it; and that cynicism is cherished and loved by it in consequence, and comes out in a variety of different forms, and with infinite diversity. But cynicism in the hands of gentlemen seldom or never degenerates into malice or personal spite; and we are therefore surprised that the editor should have admitted an article which teems with personal ill-feeling and ill-concealed grudges—which is, in fact, a parting kick at a society which did not appreciate the writer at his own estimate of him-

self. We purpose to bring together a few facts which will confute some of this writer's more extraordinary assertions with regard to the sanitary state of Calcutta; but we desire, in the first place, to make some general observations on the tone and temper which he has displayed. The worst of the article is that it will not hurt only those whom it is intended to hurt. We have in our way considerable respect for the Bengal Government, the Municipality of Calcutta, and its health officer; but they can defend themselves, and, if they do not care to measure weapons with an anonymous assailant in the literary arena, their works will speak for them. An actual improvement in the health of Calcutta will be worth more than pages of refutation—more than anything we or they can say; and what we do say is not for their sakes only or chiefly. Exaggerate the unhealthiness of Calcutta—its dirt, its smells, its nuisances—as much as you like, as far as we are concerned. We live on, keep our health, do our work, enjoy our dinners, and laugh at you. But our mothers and sisters at home read these horrible details with far different eyes. A paper like this does infinite mischief among those who love us and long for our return. On that Saturday, the 29th of April, how many fair cheeks, think you, were pale, how many tears were shed, how many trembling prayers were breathed, how many soft eyes were unsealed by sleep through the livelong night, in agonising anxiety for the welfare of dear ones far away, after your smart and rattling essay had been read and discussed in the family circle? Statements like these, if true, and uttered with a solemn and befitting consciousness of their truth, involve an awful responsibility; if they are false, or careless, or exaggerated—if they are rattled forth in a gay and festive way, mixed with ancient jokes about raw competition-wallahs, and consignments to the matrimonial market—they are little short of a crime. Little things have great effects; and the harm that may be done by representations like these, and by a few careless passages of similar purport, in Mr. George Trevelyan's already well-discussed book, can hardly be calculated. If we want to keep an Indian empire, why should we allow a handful of flippant and unconsidering writers to sneer or frighten the best of the rising youth of England from volunteering their services in this great work. And since those who come out to accompany and cheer us as wives or daughters are also labouring in their quiet and unobtrusive way in the same cause, we cannot afford, by exaggerating their perils, and misconstruing their motives, to diminish the number or depreciate the worth of these amiable and most agreeable volunteers. We hope some one will break a lance with this insolent writer on behalf of the ladies of Calcutta, who are represented—how falsely we all well know—as “sharp, angular, and stiff;” as “a little soured and very stupid;” as adventurers who have tried the east when their chances elsewhere have failed. We even think a word might be said for the children, against whom a perfect battery of abuse is directed. What can these poor innocents have done to this Reviewer that he should call them “shy, awkward, and uncouth—fractious, enervated, and foolish?” But we leave this point, as one which, unhappily, does not concern us personally, and shall, when we resume our pen, deal with the more important statements on the subject of the health of Calcutta.—*Englishman*, June 6.

SIR MACDONALD STEPHENSON'S RAILWAY SCHEME.

The exploration of the country between Bunder Abbas and Cape Jask, by Lieutenant-Colonel Pelly, though undertaken solely in connection with the proposal to extend the Mekran Telegraph, has an important bearing upon a scheme of even greater interest and magnitude. The tantalising scraps of intelli-

gence which we now receive by the wires, generally too brief and imperfect to enable us to form a correct notion of their import, but, at the same time, sufficiently intelligible to deprive most of the news brought by the mails of all but secondary interest, make the tardy transport of the latter all the more intolerable. We all, not unnaturally, begin to feel that the present mode of Overland transit is rather behind the age than in advance of it, although the subject has long been under discussion, and some of the most important conditions of improvement have been long since secured. It is well known to all our readers that there are three schemes, each with its own advocates, for uniting England and India more or less perfectly by railways. The most magnificent, and undoubtedly the most arduous of these schemes, is that which proposes an unbroken chain of iron road from the Straits of Dover to Calcutta, crossing from Europe into Asia by a bridge thrown over the Bosphorus, and reaching Kurrachee by Asia Minor, Persia and Beloochistan. This is the plan of Sir Macdonald Stephenson, who estimates that by it the duration of the Overland route will be reduced to seven days. There is little doubt, as we have said, that, of the three projects before the public, this is the most arduous; but we cannot sympathise with the feeling that appears likely indefinitely to postpone its consideration, on account of the magnitude of the obstacles to be contended against. Through Asia Minor and Persia, to Bushire on the Persian Gulf, sufficient is known of the nature of the country to remove all doubts of the feasibility of the plan as far as that point. The great bugbear has hitherto been the line of coast from Bushire to Kurrachee. Previously to Lieutenant-colonel Pelly's journey, in November last, only about three hundred miles of this coast west of the Indus had been explored by Europeans. The unknown is always more terrible than the known; and it is scarcely to be wondered at that imagination should have invested this region, which is undoubtedly an inhospitable one, with a reputation far worse than there are any reasonable grounds to suppose the reality would justify. Of its practicability in an engineering point of view it was hardly possible to form even a conjecture; while, as far as political obstacles are concerned, there appears to have been a very general conviction that they are most formidable, if not insurmountable. It is not to be wondered at, we say, that such notions should prevail regarding a tract about which so little is known; but, we think, it is to be wondered at and regretted that no attempt has been made to ascertain the truth. We have plenty of indefatigable explorers, who have only to know that an important object is at stake, and be supported, to set the whole question at rest in a few months. It is, indeed, a matter of surprise to us that, of the numbers who appear to travel for travel's sake, and rush into difficulties for the mere glory of overcoming them, no one has yet selected this line of country as the scene of his battle for fame; but it is still more surprising that a Government which has such vast interests involved in the question, has not long since employed the services of some competent person for this undertaking. The *Levant Herald*, in an article on the subject of railway communication between India and Europe, fairly expresses the general feeling on the subject, when it says:—“Through this *terra incognita*, therefore, it is not likely that the present—if even the next—generation will see railway communication carried.” If the presentiment of the *Levant Herald* be realised, we believe it will be solely attributable to the apathy to which it gives expression. The papers of Lieutenant-Colonel Pelly, which we published yesterday, must, as far as the portion of the country they refer to is concerned, tend very much to remove the grave doubts that exist as to the practicability of the scheme. From what

we gather from them, we should think that there exist, at all events, no political difficulties which could not be easily overcome. In an engineering point of view, the level nature of the country is highly favourable to the scheme; and, although in the immediate neighbourhood of the sea, the land is so low as to be liable to floods, it does not appear that they are of any great depth, and higher ground is to be found further inland. There is one cause which would, probably, make the line expensive. Lieutenant-colonel Pelly says:—“It so chanced that heavy rain commenced to fall while I was passing the shore line. The whole plain assumed the appearance of a lake in half an hour or so. Every hollow at once became filled from the Beshun Kard Mountains. The rivers and nullahs became torrents, six and eight feet deep, and, in fact, the entire plain wore the appearance of a flood of water poured down from the Beshun Kard Hills, across a level of two or three fursacs into the ocean.” It is probable from this that the rush of water is, after heavy rain, very great, and the bridge work required would be correspondingly heavy. There is another difficulty, also, we believe, surmountable. It is quite evident that the country could not furnish an adequate supply of labour, nor feed labourers brought from a distance. There would, however, be no difficulty in importing labour, and there would be still less difficulty in supplying, from ship's depots of stores in the immediate neighbourhood of the sea. We trust soon to hear that the Indian Government has taken steps to have the whole of the coast from Kurrachee to Bushire thoroughly and scientifically explored.—*Englishman*, June 2.

MUTILATION AND TORTURE IN NATIVE STATES.

Most of us have read with horror how, as in Europe in former days, torture was resorted to in India in the days of the renowned Tippoo Sahib and others, both as a punishment for crime and as a means of extorting confessions of guilt from suspected offenders. The details of the lingering death in excruciating agony induced by impalement on the stake under exposure to the burning rays of a tropical sun, as also the scarcely less unbearable agony of the cup full of red ants applied over the surface of the stomach, while the victim was so bound that he could not move; these are specimens of barbaric punishment which made us shudder when reading of them, and which make all the denizens of India feel thankful for the blessings which we enjoy as regards the administration of justice and the more humane punishments used in the present day. We have lately boasted much of our success in taming wild tribes, and civilising to a greater or less extent the whole continent of India; but the fire of barbarism, it appears, is only damped—it is by no means altogether extinguished, for it is sometimes seen to burst forth where there is opportunity afforded for resorting to it with impunity. It is well-known that cases of torture were very recently discovered as having been practised by the police,—so recently, in fact, that it is far from improbable that this method of obtaining evidence has not been altogether abandoned in some of the out-of-the-way districts of the Mofussil. These cases referred to, however, occurred amongst a set of people who were not raised in the scale of humanity much if anything above the other inhabitants of the jungles from whence they had been originally brought. But the particular instance of cruelty which has called forth these remarks occurred, it is said, not long ago under the orders of one who is called an ally of England's merciful Queen—one who has been for many years well acquainted with the views of civilised nations with regard to punishment for even the most serious crimes. The Guicowar—for it

is he to whom we refer—has, we believe, been looked upon as of such a manly disposition as to be worthy of one of the orders of knighthood; and he has the advantage of having a British officer at his side to aid and advise him upon all matters affecting his reputation as a ruler. Yet notwithstanding all this we see it stated that the Guicowar has been resorting to a most barbarous and cruel method of punishing an offender, viz., by having him bound hand and foot, then, being tied to the leg of an elephant, the wretched culprit was dragged through the capital of Guzerat, bruised, battered, and torn, till death put an end to his writhings and sufferings. Can anything be more monstrous, even supposing the victim of the Guicowar's rage to have been guilty of some gross insult or injury towards his Highness's person or throne? What shall we say, then, when, as reported in the newspapers, the offence was simply one of such a trivial nature as an attempt to escape from jail? It cannot be believed for a moment that such a punishment was inflicted even with the cognisance of the representative of England. Had our Resident been amongst savages one would think that his remonstrances would have obtained the award of a more merciful method of execution, if death, indeed, was necessary to expiate such a trifling offence. It may and will be argued that the Guicowar is a Sovereign with the power of life or death within the limits of his own dominions. But it is notorious that the Government, through the political agents, often exercises great control or influence over the rulers of the East; and it is not too much to expect that the Resident is bound to clear himself from any knowledge of such barbarity as that under consideration. Only a few days since the Governor-General ordered that the ordinary salute on entering our camps should be discontinued in the instance of a rajah who had caused a criminal to be mutilated by way of punishment. Why should we continue to pay honour to the Guicowar, due only to a humane and law-respecting prince, when, if these reports be true, "his Highness" would seem to be little removed from the savage? We should feel considerable relief to learn that the statement is an exaggeration, or, better still, that it has no foundation in fact.—*Hurkaru.*

THE DEATH OF MR. SANDYS. TO THE EDITOR OF THE "ENGLISHMAN."

SIR,—As an account of the incidents connected with the death of Mr. Sandys, the late judge of Dinapore, might be acceptable to many of your readers, I will undertake to describe the same, and can vouch for its correctness, as I had the peculiar opportunity of hearing it from the sufferer himself. Mr. Sandys, accompanied by Mr. Coxhead, an Assistant Magistrate, were out pig-sticking, when they came across and hunted a tigress. Several shots were fired at her, and she was, to all appearance, killed. The elephants, which were not very stanch, took alarm, and backed out of the jungle, and could not be got to go up to the spot where the tigress had fallen. Mr. Coxhead dismounted, and entered the jungle (a dense one of high grass), with the view of gratifying his curiosity; but, fortunately for himself, he lost his way, when Mr. Sandys followed him, to support him if he came to any grief. He had not, however, advanced many paces, when he came across the tigress, which was supposed to be dead, but was only wounded, though not severely enough to prevent her making a charge at him, when he discharged at her the only barrel of a double rifle, which happened to be loaded, and in his hands. This stopped her for a moment; then she made a second charge, which was met by the stanch shikaree, in a boxing attitude. The animal, rising on its hind legs, seized his left hand in her mouth, when, in the language of the brave man, "With my right fist I gave her a oner

on her nose, which made her drop my left hand;" but she seized and pulled him down by the right arm, and then began to gnaw at both arms; after which, seizing the back of his head in her mouth, she dragged him deeper into the jungle—and then only, for the first time, did he call for help. Mr. Coxhead hastened, as quickly as he could, through the dense grass, in the direction from whence the sounds of distress proceeded. He nearly ran right upon the animal, for he shot her dead from a distance of about two yards, at a moment when she dropped Mr. Sandys' head, evidently on getting sight of Mr. Coxhead, for she made a movement towards him. The scene I have been attempting to portray occurred about forty miles from the station. Immediate information was brought in, and the civil surgeon started to render assistance. Mr. Sandys was met in a palkee on the road, and brought home, when he was found to be injured as follows:—The left hand was bitten through; a deep wound about six inches long and several distinct deep teeth marks on the left fore-arm; while, on the right fore-arm, he had a deep wound about four inches long; and this arm, from the wrist to the shoulder, was fairly riddled with almost innumerable teeth-marks. But the severest injury was that on the head, where the scalp, in a direction from one ear to the other, clean cut across as if by a knife, was torn backwards, and was resting on the nape of the neck. Dr. Simpson, of Darjeeling, was called for consultation. Both medical men agreed that the wounds were very severe and dangerous, but they had hopes of his recovery, on the grounds of the then cool weather, his iron constitution, and his known abstemious habits. Everything progressed favourably till the eleventh day, when tetanus, which the doctors feared, set in, and was the immediate cause of death. I cannot refrain from noticing here the wonderful powers of endurance which Mr. Sandys possessed. From the spot where he was injured he rode, on a pad elephant, a distance of six miles, to the nearest dak bungalow, where he cauterised one of the large wounds on his right arm, and actually superintended the measurement of the tigress (eight feet eight inches long); and, when arrived home, would insist upon sitting in a chair to have his wounds dressed, and did not even wince while the doctor stitched, strapped, and ligatured. He retained perfect consciousness to within a couple of days of his death.

Dinapore, May 19, 1865. H. C. B.

MISCELLANEOUS.

THE SUBSTITUTE FOR THE GRAND JURY.—The *Hurkaru* thus alludes to a case which was causing some discussion in Calcutta:—The trial of Mr. Weatherall and his companions, in the misfortune of having been the first to tempt the soundness of the new system, is such a sample of the procedure invented by a theoretical legislator as should make all who assisted him blush for their handiwork. The charge was framed under Section 300 of the Penal Code, and amounted to one of murder against three chuprassies of a coolie depot, and to one of intentionally aiding and abetting this offence against Mr. Weatherall and Baboo Gobind Chunder Dutt, superintendents of the depot. A special jury was empanelled to try the case, so that we had the liberty, if not the life, of a respectable native at stake, as well as that of an European, and the lives of the chuprassies. We were told that the status of the gentlemen who should be called upon to serve on special juries would be consulted, yet the first thing we learn of the new system is, according to Mr. Theobald, "that a special jury was on the same footing as a petty or common jury with respect to the foreman!" The result of the trial was that the case for the prosecution broke down in a way seldom if ever seen in a Calcutta Criminal Court.

It could hardly have been otherwise. A set of Madras coolies manage when drunk to get into a row, ending in a fight with their Bengalee comrades. A man is killed, and in consequence three of the chowkeydars in charge of the depot are arraigned on a charge of murder, and the superintendents for having aided and abetted in the commission of the crime. Of the evidence against Mr. Weatherall, the counsel for the Crown, whilst confessing that, "to say the least of the matter, the prisoners stood in an extremely serious position," was also obliged to admit that, "as regarded the charge against prisoner Weatherall, he was bound to say that, looking at the evidence that would be produced before the jury, the case against him was not a strong case." Now, setting aside that no magistrate with a week's experience of a police court ought to have committed the prisoners, we are brought face to face with the fact that here were five men, one of them a European, arraigned on the most serious of charges, and brought to trial, in a case in which we venture to say no grand jury would have returned a true bill. It is needless to go into details. The verdict of the jury has rendered that unnecessary. We may, however, remark that under Mr. Maine's theoretically faultless substitute for a grand jury, the judge is expected to read the depositions in each case, and to decide whether the evidence there given justifies the arraignment of the accused before a petty jury having "the assistance of a judge and counsel!" Remembering this the question naturally arises *whether the Judge could in this instance have read the depositions!*—Whether in fact he could have committed himself to the opinion that Weatherall and the others had done anything which rendered their trial before a petty jury necessary? This is the more important, as if the judge under the new system decide a man has, according to the evidence, committed murder, he has to sit in judgment as much upon his own opinion of the evidence as upon the accused himself.

SALE OF CHILDREN.—We have gathered some further particulars relating to the sale of children. This practice, although dying out, as we have said, in districts like Bengal, which are subject to regular laws, and which are under a regular and settled form of Government, still prevails in the remote districts of the peninsula, and flourishes almost unchecked in many of the native States. Very recently a case occurred in the assigned districts in which a woman was sentenced to four months' imprisonment for selling her child. The punishment was but a light one, but it would probably have considerable effect, as showing the people the way in which the English Government look upon this practice. In the territories of the Nizam, at a place called Rodock, *Golams* and *Bundeas* are regularly sold every half-year. The supply is fair, and the price moderate, and no attempt seems yet to have been made to check it. The general cause of people bringing their children to the market would seem to be their extreme poverty. In hard years, when their crops fail them, they have even been known to give their children into slavery rather than see them suffer the pangs they felt themselves unable to alleviate. It is worthy of note that the purchasers, as a rule, are Mohammedans, and not Hindoos. The Government must have an immense mass of information on this subject at its disposal.

THE VICEROY.—We hear that the Viceroy will leave Simla in the first week in October, and will hold two durbars on his way down country. One will be held in the Punjab, but the exact localities have not yet been fixed upon.

PETTY CRIMES are said to be on the increase in Central and Upper India. The cause is said to be an unusual scarcity of grain. The people steal to live.

CAPTAIN MACDONALD AT DEWANGIRI.—General Tombs, previous to leaving the Light Brigade of the Bhootan Field Force, reported to his Excellency the Commander-in-Chief the gallantry and skill displayed by Captain Macdonald in handling a body of the police. On the morning of the attack on Dewangiri the general added a company of the 29th N.I. to the police force under Captain Macdonald, and directed that officer to make an attack upon the extreme left of the position taken up by the Bhootas. Captain Macdonald, to carry out his orders, had to descend into the valley between the ridge along which the main body of our troops was advancing and the Monastery-hill on the right, until he, with the small force he commanded, reached a spur, which led out from the east face of the Dewangiri plateau into the valley, and on the west of which was a stone building called the Gorroo Dlama's house. This was occupied by the enemy in force, and formed the extreme left of their position, and it was to attack this part of their line that Captain Macdonald was detached; the instructions given him were ably carried out. The General reports that he led his party with great judgment and gallantry to the attack, after a sharp contest drove the Bhootas out of the house, and by this success turned their left. In this affair Mr. Weldon was severely wounded, and the party suffered several casualties. As a reward for his gallantry the General recommended that he should be appointed to the post of wing officer of a native infantry corps, the more especially as by uncovering the enemy's left Captain Macdonald materially assisted the general operations, and rendered a service of considerable value.—*Hurkaru*.

PUNJABISM.—In a recent issue we supported the policy of the Viceroy in filling many official appointments of great trust and distinction with men of the Punjab school, known and tried by him during his rule in that province. We moreover urged that the Punjab still maintains for its officers a character for vigour and capacity which does not appear so strongly, mainly we believe for lack of opportunity, in the men of the Regulation Provinces. We are supported in this view by the voice of public opinion in England, which now-a-days, as we are brought nearer by the power of steam and the medium of the telegraph, we can less afford to disregard. Several instances have lately come to our knowledge of Government officials in the Punjab having been offered strong inducements to forsake the service, and accept the management of the numerous commercial undertakings which are now springing up in different parts of India. This tribute to the business habits of the officers of a particular province, besides being gratifying to those concerned, affords an argument in favour of them, which the voice of disappointed candidates for high office under Government cannot gainsay when canvassing the merits of the appointments before alluded to. We have now a fresh instance of the public faith in this much-abused Punjabism, for we learn on good authority that an offer has been made, on behalf of the directors of the Punjab and Delhi Railways, to one of the senior military Deputy Commissioners in the Punjab, in the hope that he will resign the service and undertake the important office of Agent to the Northern Railways of India. This officer, one of the most popular in the province, is in the prime of life, and is well known for his ability, thorough business habits, and great literary attainments. We can only hope he will see his own interests in accepting the appointment, which is one we hail with satisfaction as likely not only to be popular with Government and the Railway staff, but which will more than any other prove a solid guarantee for the welfare of the Railway interests.—*Pioneer*.

MOFUSSIL COURTS.—Mr. Smith, the sub-contractor and inspector on the East India

line of railway from Allahabad to Jubbulpore, who was recently maltreated by Gunga Pershad and some other natives, since sentenced by the sessions to imprisonment, has now been made defendant in a case of libel by Mr. Hildebrand, an agent to the contractors, Messrs. Hunt and Elmsley, on the same line. It is said that Mr. Smith called on Mr. Hildebrand for some money due to him as an inspector prior to Gunga Pershad's affair; that, according to Mr. Smith's version, Mr. Hildebrand got him to sign a receipt for Rs. 1,500 clear of all demands, when such was not the case; Smith, not being able to read, was shortly after informed that he had signed such a receipt; whereupon Mr. Smith called on Mr. Hildebrand again, and asked the latter to read the receipt to him. This Mr. Hildebrand refused to do, and Mr. Smith then ventured to suggest that "it appears you wish to cheat me out of my money." Hereon has been based the libel. And the case has been instituted in the Deputy-Commissioner's Court (Civil Side) at Jubbulpore. But what "bangs Bannagher" is, that the presiding officer has permitted Mr. Smith, and I am told Mr. Hildebrand too, to call in counsel in the person of men who are neither barristers-at-law nor licentiate pleaders. Verily, our Mofussil Courts are very backward yet! I wonder if the Judicial Commissioner of the Central Provinces knows anything about this matter. And what a proof is this that some of our Mofussil judges are so very "green" that any man with an ounce of "cheek" may succeed in throwing dust into a judge's eyes, and in then over-riding an irregularity. Oh, for a barrister of a moment's standing in such a province!—*Hurkaru*.

INCIDENTS ON BOARD THE "NEMESIS."—A letter from one of the passengers on board this steamer when she went on shore contains the following:—"Of the scene that presented itself when it was known that the ship was hopelessly embedded in the sand your informant has already given you a good general idea. There were episodes, however, in which the ludicrous contrasted strangely with the heroic. There were some passengers of the male persuasion,—I shall scarcely call them gentlemen—who evinced a desire to establish themselves in the boats as they were lowered, without any curious inquiry as to the provision to be made for the rescue of the weaker sex and the little ones. It needed, however, but a word from our most decided captain to convince them that such was not to be the order of an exodus from the good ship *Nemesis*. At such a moment no doubt the regard for the first numeral becomes strong, but I have rarely seen such amusing instances of selfishness as were exhibited by some one or two of the passengers. One gentleman brought strongly to my mind the old story of the shipwrecked Jew, who cried out to the Deal boatmen as they approached the wreck, 'Here; here! take my poor money boksh, never mind te peplesh,—te peplesh can schwim!' The gentleman I allude to appeared among the long file of passengers descending the ships' side, laden with an enormous portmanteau. In vain were all remonstrances; it was a case of *facilis decensus*, and the portmanteau with its noble-minded owner was safely deposited in the boat. You may imagine we were scarcely prepared for the sight which met our gaze when looking upwards as the boats were on the point of shoving off we saw the same gentleman make a second and sudden appearance on the gangway laden with another portmanteau. Nor was this all the boats were destined to carry in addition to their human freight. Among the last to leave the ship was a heroic sample of the Anglo-Saxon race, who bore high above his head a basket full of parrots—and they were not his own! Oh, sacred friendship! what limits shall we assign to thy beneficent influence?"

GOVERNMENT OFFICERS HOLDING LAND.—The *Hurkaru* says:—A Mr. J. Philips, of Nowgong, Assam, recently complained to the Local Government against Captain W. N. Lees, and Captain B. Lees. He stated that they bid against the planters for lands, and were large owners of waste tracts in that province. The complaint, in the opinion of the Lieutenant-governor, did not call for any action on the part of the Bengal Government, as far as its authority over the officers complained against was concerned. Mr. Beadon, however, considered it his duty to bring the matter to the notice of the Supreme Government, and to draw its attention to the fact that Captain B. Lees was taking an active part in the management of his property and estates in Assam. The orders of the Government of India, in the military department, state explicitly enough that military officers may hold lands in India, provided only that they abstain from taking part in the active management of such property. There is no objection to Captain Jones or Major Smith becoming a zemindar or a tea planter, only he must not himself look to the management of his estates. That duty he must relegate to a steward. He may hold lands in India, just as he may hold lands in England, but he must employ the same agency in either case to look after his interests. When called upon to explain his position, in regard to the estates he was supposed to hold in Assam, Captain B. Lees informed the Indian Government that he is managing the property of a tea company. Upon this confession the Lieut.-governor remarks that it is not clear what further evidence is required by the Supreme Government, for it cannot be supposed that Captain B. Lees would actually describe himself as guilty of a distinct breach of the orders of Government. Military officers, his Honour observes, are not under the orders of the Bengal Government. Perhaps it is as well for them they are not, for Mr. Beadon certainly seems inclined to stretch a point when necessary to uphold the authority of a Government order. If, however, they were under his authority, Mr. Beadon naively remarks, he would himself enforce the orders of Government in this respect, as he has done in the case of officers serving in Assam in a civil capacity.

THE "NEMESIS" passed Garden Reach yesterday morning at half-past seven, and reached town about ten o'clock. She anchored off the Union Docks for a short time, and went into dock in the afternoon. She did not appear to be the worse for the accident, and we are told that she had sustained no injury whatever. She is said to have crossed the Rangafulla Sand from the inner to the outer channel, and was warped off with one anchor and 190 fathoms of cable. She had 400 tons of coal on board, and on this, with the cargo, being removed, she drew 17-0-4. She floated about a quarter past ten on the morning of the 7th instant.—*Hurkaru*, June 10.

RUMOURS OF WARS.—There are again rumours from Thibet of civil war and commotion. It is said that the Llamas lately endeavoured to impose some additional taxes upon the Kajeas, and these rose in rebellion to resist the impost. Considering that a change in Thibet might furnish the Bhootas with aid from beyond the mountains, we think the Government would do well to send an envoy to Lhasa, not so much to represent our interest, as to assure the Thibetans of our peaceful intentions, and to acquaint himself with the character of the country and the power of the factions and tribes inhabiting it.—*Hurkaru*.

OFFICIAL ITEMS.—The office of civil paymaster, N. W. P., has been amalgamated with that of the accountant-general for those Provinces. The chief engineer, Irrigation Works, N. W. P., will, for the future, be designated under secretary, P. W. D., Irrigation Branch.

A DEVOTED WIFE.—The *Hurkaru* quotes the following from some "Notes of a Tour in the Tributary Mehals," by Colonel Dalton, published in the *Journal of the Asiatic Society of Bengal*:—In connection with Gangpore, the inhabitants of which seem to have a rather evil reputation as *antrefois* cannibals, we give a rather romantic story of a suttee that occurred fifty years ago. A Brahmin took a dislike to a girl he had just married, and turned her out of doors, a wedded maid. She took refuge with her parents, who were poor, and who soon after died, leaving her destitute; then she wandered from village to village subsisting on alms, and leading a wretched widowed life. Her husband married a second time, and sons and daughters were born to him and grew up about him, and in the fulness of years he died. His second wife had preceded him, so his corpse was placed alone on the funeral pile, and the torch was about to be applied to it, when a poor emaciated and meanly clad female stepped forward, and as the first, the faithful and only surviving wife of the deceased, claimed the right of suttee. Her request was complied with. Bathed, anointed, clothed, and adorned with flowers like a bride, she ascended the pile, and clinging to the corpse of the husband who had so cruelly discarded her, and for the first time in her life pressing her lips to his, the flames arose and their ashes were mingled together!

A "VICTIM" TO THE VIOLENT PASSIONS OF A NATIVE.—A correspondent of the *Englishman* makes the following cool remarks. The italics are our own:—"All who have the pleasure of his acquaintance will be sorry to learn that the surgeon in medical charge of Mussoorie has been so unfortunate as to fall a victim to the violent passions of a Native. Full particulars have not yet reached me, but it seems that the clever, kind-hearted doctor found it necessary to administer a slight blow with a cane to a native (*moonshee*); and the man, in a rage at the insult, or perhaps with a view of involving the doctor in a difficulty, committed suicide. This is the reason given for the rash act, and it remains to be proved whether it is the true one. An enquiry is going on, and an impartial investigation will doubtless be made, but I doubt if any culpability against the doctor can be proved; for if every European or Native is to be made answerable for the folly and villany of Asiatics, there will soon be no safety for anybody. I know a case not far from Delhi in which the manager of a large estate is said to have abused a respectable man to such an extent, that he threw himself into a well and was drowned; but this gentleman is still at large, and his conduct has not even been made the subject of enquiry, probably because it happened in his own *elaka*, and his serfs are too much afraid of him to say a word about it."

CEREMONY AT GOVERNMENT HOUSE.—The *Hindoo Patriot* says:—"According to the Calcutta correspondent of the *Times of India*, Sir John Lawrence received, 'in slippers,' the deputation of the Chamber of Commerce on Export Duties. It appears it was this untoward incident which irritated the merchants so much. But they ought to have remembered that Sir John Lawrence used to receive greater men in that way while in the Punjab. When Chief Commissioner of the Punjab, he once received Maharajah Golab Sing with his shirt on." The latter assertion is somewhat ambiguously expressed. Was it the Rajah or Sir John Lawrence who had the shirt on? And in either case, are we to understand that his only garment was the one in question?

AN EASTERN SATIRIST ON WESTERN MANNERS.—The freedom and publicity of action allowed to Christian women must strike the true Asiatic as inexplicable. The *Dnyanprakash*, a Marathi paper translated by *Native Opinion*, publishes a letter thus caricaturing the European ideas on this subject. The writer, who

signs himself *Ghost*, is made to say that the Queen is going to issue the following commands regarding the conduct of husband and wife towards each other. Every husband must bow twelve times to his wife the first thing in the morning. Next he should fetch water and bathe her, and having washed her clothes cook for the family. After that he should seat her in a becoming manner, and serve her food. He is then to give her *Vida*, and then care for his own stomach. The wife in her turn must kick him twelve times early every morning, and, making him work at the usual drudgery, go to office. Women are at perfect liberty to behave as they like. Adultery will not be reckoned sinful, neither will the Government look upon it as penal. The women are fully authorised to use the rod towards their husbands.

NEW SYSTEM OF WEATHER SIGNALS.—Government has at last awakened to a sense of something being necessary in a port like Calcutta to enable captains of ships to prepare for the heavy gales so often experienced. The master attendant has been directed to place himself in communication with the Meteorological committee appointed by Government. The object of this movement on the part of the authorities is said to be the establishment of a system of weather signals, to be carried out by the marine department in accordance with the suggestion of the committee. It is in contemplation also to turn to account the experience and observations of the officers in charge of the Saugor and False Point lighthouses, and those of the commanders of the light vessels. We trust the carrying of this idea into effect will meet with as few official delays and obstructions as possible.—*Englishman*.

ECONOMY IN INDIA is evidently at its wits end for victims, and for occasions on which it might do service to the State. The other day it prompted the Supreme Government to inquire why the salaries of the police magistrates in Calcutta had been raised from 800 to 1,500 rupees per mensem? Verily the question is one to be asked in all seriousness, and answered with the greatest possible gravity. The Bengal Government replied that the salaries had been gradually raised because it was found that properly qualified persons could not be had at the "former figure!" Mr. Beadon might have also added—and scarcely at the latter rate. 1,500 rupees per mensem is not a very large income for a barrister of any standing, unless he has no practice.—*Englishman*.

THE INDIAN BRANCH RAILWAY.—The first quarterly inspection report of the Nulhatee and Azimgunge line does not speak favourably of the condition of the fencing, and indeed the whole seems to be a gingerbread affair—we mean, of course, on this particular line. Major Hovenden says:—"The passenger-carriages are of great length, and open throughout their length, somewhat like the American cars. They are not uncomfortable, but are deficient in roof ventilation. Each carriage runs on six wheels. They are somewhat flimsy in construction, but appear to answer very well for a low rate of speed. The goods-wagons are of various patterns, having been constructed at various times as experiments, with a view of ascertaining how the requisite strength and capacity could be obtained with the smallest amount of dead weight and at the least cost.—*Hurkaru*.

THE RESIDUE OF THE REBELS IN OUDE would seem to be in but a bad plight. When the late Dundoopt Nana Rao, Umer Singh, and Huzrut Mahal first sought an asylum in Nepal they led about 1,700 men, women, and children with them into exile. Disease and privation have done their work in reducing the little band of rebels; and recently cholera was reported as having broken out amongst the few surviving. At present they number but twenty-one, and to these we think the Government would do well to hold out some hope of amnesty.—*Hurkaru*.

HONOURS AT A DISCOUNT.—We (*Hurkaru*) hear of a strange sequel to the dissatisfaction expressed by the Goorkhas at the Indian mutiny medal. It would seem that the Nepalese think but little of what the medal is meant to typify, whilst they do set considerable store on the actual value of the reward to be given them. They have lately suggested that, if the Government have no objection, they would be glad to receive the value of the 17,000 medals distributed amongst them, in Terai lands, and that, of course, if the Government agree to this, they would at once return all the medals. We trust the lesson will not be thrown away.

A FRENCH RAILWAY PROJECT REJECTED BY GOVERNMENT.—Sir Charles Wood has refused to give any assistance to a French project of a railway from Pondichery to Tripatore on the Madras line, because it would divert to Pondichera much of the traffic which now goes to Madras, and the Madras line does not nearly pay the guaranteed interest. The collector of South Arcot and the Madras Government were anxious that the line should be made. We hope yet to see the French undertake it on their own account, when their territory has been increased by land given in exchange for Chandernagore.—*Friend of India*.

SHIPPING.

ARRIVALS.

June 3. Essex, Nash, London; Maha Ranees, Kitesen, London; Muscat Merchant, Roberts, Tellicherry.—4. Rangoon, Templeton, —; Ann, Hugon, Bombay; City of Ningpo, —, London; Daniel Rankin, Miller, Shields; Arracan, Potts, Liverpool; Her Majesty, Sain, Liverpool.—5. India, Lewis, Bombay.—6. John Bellamy, Culbert, London; Cambridge, Peters, Liverpool; Brewster, Clark, Batavia; Tensacrim, Howson, Liverpool.—7. Arabia, Patterson, Singapore; Pride of England, Rohoman, Cardiff.—8. Stirling Castle, Bailiff, Liverpool; Georgina, Nobman, Bombay; Lloyd Rayner, Pollock, Sydney.

PASSENGERS ARRIVED.

Per Tivoli.—Mr. Silvester.
Per Gunga.—Mr. C. Arnaud, Mr. A. Lawrence.
Per Thunder.—P. Avdall, Mr. Holter.
Per Muscat Merchant.—Mrs. Childes, Capt. R. Spence.
Per Atlet Rohoman.—Mrs. Jones, Mrs. Smally, Miss Douglas.
Per Lloyd Rayner.—Mr. W. M. Bart.
Per Essex.—Capt. and Mrs. Webster, Mr. and Mrs. Hoyle and three children, Mrs. Argles and two children, Mr. Nightingale, Capt. Walcott, 57th N.I., Mrs. and Miss Walcott, Lieut. Bennett, H.M.'s 9th Regiment, Lieut. Pringle, 8th N.I., Lieut. Downes, H.M.'s 10th Regiment, Mr. Thomas, Miss Low, Mrs. Hunter and child.
Per Rangoon.—Mr. Wilson.
Per Anne.—Mr. Hugon.
Per City of Ningpo.—Mr. Workman, Mr. Scanlan.
Per India.—The Rev. Mr. and Mrs. Myers, the Rev. Mr. and Mrs. Kellogg, Mrs. Pritchard, Capt. Begbie, Lieut. Harvey, Lieut. Tyredde, Lieut. Montgomery, Mrs. Duffin, Mr. J. Wood, Serg. Coleman, wife, and two children.
Per John Bellamy.—Mrs. Culbert and two children.
Per Brewster.—Mr. M. H. Clark.
Per Arabia.—Miss Claude, Capt. Owen, Mr. C. Coaslet, Mr. B. Anderson, Mr. Sevenoaks, Mr. Duncan, Mr. R. B. Dickenson.

DEPARTURES.

May 26. Shaw Allum, Clark, Mauritius; National Eagle, Mathews, Boston; John Bright, Bethan, Singapore and Hong Kong; Arratoun Apar, Gardener, Straits and Hong Kong.—27. Ravensbourne, Richardson, London; Red Jacket, Pope, Liverpool; Stier, Ferron, Bourbon.—28. Queen of Australia, Rudolf, London.—29. Sophia Joakim Moscor, Mauritius; Audubon, Thader, Boston.—30. Bernica, Mchouas, Bourbon; Joven Louis, Winter, Singapore.—31. Candia, Macnamara, Suez; Unrivalled, Hedgecock, Mauritius; Hypatia, Thompson, Mauritius; Patriot Queen, Craig, Liverpool; Philanome, Haunterine, Colombo.—June 1. Star of Erin, Ewing, London; City of Bombay, Arnir, London.—2. Burnah, Irvine, Akyab; Punjab, McCallum, Bombay.—3. Osiris, Roger, Bourbon.—4. Meinam, Gouvain, Galle.—5. Thomas Brocklebank, Graham, Liverpool; Rajmahal, Landsborough, Liverpool; Glenlee, Stephen, Clyde; Clytemnestra, Stewart, Liverpool.—7. Konghtye, Whyte, Rangoon; Leonardo Da Vinci, Sescetto, Shanghai.—8. Cheduba, Maddison, Mouline, Rangoon, and Straits; Robinson Crusoe, Darlington, Colombo; Mouline, Gray, Chittagong and Akyab; Consul, Barclay, Liverpool.—9. City of Amoy (port not mentioned).—10. Mail str. Mooltan, Suez.

PASSENGERS DEPARTED.

Per str. Barmah and Punjab.—For AKYAB.—Mr. and Mrs. Stewart and child. For BOMBAY.—Mr. and Mrs. Bickers and child, Mr. W. B. Mason, Miss Denis.
Per str. Meinam.—Mons. F. Lamouroux, Lieut. Frobisher, Mr. H. T. Bernard, Mr. F. Y. Smith, Mr. Budding, Mr. McEachren, Mr. E. Manoch, Mr. W. Wright, Mr. E. Hardy, Mr. Gilbert, Mr. Robert Tucker, Mr. N. Tween, Mr. W. E. Crum, Mr. W. G. Mathews, Madame Baudin, Madame Carey, Mr. B. McCheyne.
Per Cheduba.—For RANGOON.—Mr. O. Mallitt. For SINGAPORE.—Mr. Charles Brock, Mr. James Macdonald, Lieut. H. Wyllie.

Per str. Mooltan.—For MADRAS.—Ensign C. E. A. Tuck, Capt. C. W. Wilson, Major and Mrs. Simpson, Miss Trevor and family, Mr. W. Gregor, Mr. Trevor, For GALLE.—Dr. Waller, For BOMBAY.—Mr. F. Jennings. For ALEXANDRIA.—Capt. Clark. For MARSEILLES.—Mr. Michael, Mr. Squire, the Rev. E. C. Stuart, Master Rebsch, Mr. Jenkins, Mr. C. S. Rundle. For SOUTHAMPTON.—Mrs. Hume and family, Mrs. Peete and family, Mrs. Ouseley and family, Mr. and Mrs. McKee and family, Mrs. Beadon and family, Mrs. Grigor.

COMMERCIAL.

Calcutta, June 10, 1865.

GOVERNMENT SECURITIES.

Rate of Interest.	Stock.	Selling Price
4 per Cent., Sa. Rs. 90	Rs. 58 4	to 59 9
Do. Transfer Stock.	Sa. Rs. 91	88 0 to 89 0
4 per Cent. Co's Rs. 91	11 0	to 0 0
5 per Cent. P.W. Co's Rs. 101	11 12	to 3 0 pm.
5 1/2 per Cent. Co's Rs. 109	0 0	to 0 0
5 per cent., 56-57.	Co's Rs. 109	101 12 to 102

EXCHANGE.

	On London.	Per Rupee.
Local Bank Bills	at 6 months' sight	1 11 15-16 to 2
First Class Credit	at 6 months' sight	2 0 to 2 0 8
Bills with Dcts.	at 6 months' sight	2 0 1/2 to 2 0 1/2
Bank Post Bills	at 1 months' sight	2 0 1/2 to 2 0 1/2

JOINT STOCK SHARES.

Stock.	Paid-up. Rs. each.	Quoted at Rs.
Agra and Masterman's Bank	500	1050 to 1100
Alliance Tea Company	85	10 to 12 pm.
Assam Tea Company	200	520 to 525
Balagun Tea Company	100	135 to 140
Bank of Bengal	1000	6350 to 6630
Bank of Bengal	4000	7900 to 8200
Beerbhoom Coal Company	1000	850 to 870
Bengal Coal Company	200	Nom. to 175
Bengal Printing Company	100	15 to 10 dis.
Bengal River Company	1000	600 to 640
Bengal Tea Company	500	337 to 340
Bengal Tea Company	100	145 to 150
Bengal Tea Company	100	10 pm.
Bengal Oil Company	250	par Nominal
Bengal Credit Mobilier (Lim.)	100	5 to 10 pm.
Bishnauth Tea Company	200	250
Bishnauth Tea Company	10	3 to 4 pm.
Bonded Warehouse Association	445	650
Borokai Tea Company (Limited)	25	par
British India Tea	80	par
Branton's Press Company (Limited)	50	2 to 3 pm.
Burdwan Stone Company	100	75 to 80
Cachar and Assam Tea Company	200	185
Cachar Tea Company	115	15 to 16 dis.
Cachar Tea Company	600	700 to 710
Cachar Tea Company	450	50 to 55 pm.
Calcutta Docking Company	700	1300 to 1310
Calcutta Steam Tug Association	600	550 to 555
Calcutta and South Eastern Railway	52	53
Central Assam Tea Company	100	101
Central Cachar Tea Company	200	250 to 255
Central Cachar Tea Company	200	260 to 262
Chatlawhar Tea Company	25	5 to 10 dis.
Commercial Transport Association	100	90 to 92
Dehra Doon Tea Company	500	715
Delhi Bank Corporation	100	96 to 97
Doon Teria Tea Company	100	96 to 97
Dooteriah Tea Company (Limited)	45	5 dis.
Durrug Tea Company	100	75 to 80
E. B. Indigo Company	100	20 to 22
East India Coal Company	100	20
East India Railway Company	218	par
East India Tea Company	100	116 to 120
Eastern Bengal Tea Company	80	12 to 13 pm.
Eastern Cachar Tea Company	100	55 to 56
Eastern Cachar Tea Company	85	20 to 22 pm.
Eastern Bengal Railway Company	215	216
Eastern Steam Tug Company	1000	1150 to 1170
Eastman and Company	250	220 to 225
Equitable Coal Company	250	215 Nominal
Ganges Steam Navigation Company	500	Nominal
Great Eastern Hotel Company	250	235
Gola Ghaat Tea Company	250	308
Gola Ghaat Tea Company	250	272 to 275
Goosery Cotton Mills	85	30 to 35 dis.
Hindustan, China, and Japan Bank	250	280
Hooghly Steam Tug Company	1000	5
Hooghly Lighter Association	80	10 to 15 dis.
Hope Town Tea Association	100	105
Hope Town Equitable Tea Company	100	105
Howrah Docking Company	535	535 to 540
Hunter and Company	250	200 to 220
India General Steam Navigation Co.	1000	750 to 760
Jorehaut Tea Company	200	745 to 750
Kanchunpore Tea Company	100	250
Kurseong and Darjeeling Tea Co.	125	20 to 25 pm.
Kurseong and Darjeeling Tea Co.	250	245 to 249
Kurseong and Darjeeling Tea Co.	125	3 to 5 dis.
Landing Shipping	100	20 to 25 dis.
Leibong and Minchou Tea Company	65	par to 5 pm.
Loctr. Cotton Screw Company	35	par
Lower Assam Tea Company	35	par
Luckimpore Tea Company	155	50 to 55 pm.
Monacherra Tea Company	80	par
Moran Tea Company (Limited)	70	13 to 14 pm.
Muttack Tea Company	50	par
Muttack Tea Company	100	123
Muttack Tea Company	70	16 to 18 pm.
National Bank of India (Limited)	250	par
New Port Gloster Company	600	1400 to 1450
North-West Indigo Company	100	70 to 75
North-West Screwing Company	60	par
Oriental Gas Company	21	14 to 12
Peoples Bank of India	100	75
Port Canning Land Company	1000	50 to 55 dis.
Punjab Bank	100	120
Punjab Trading	75	10 pm

Punkabarre Tea Company	100	100	duil
Ditto	37	par	Nominal
Ramghur Tea Company	100	par	
Ditto	65	par	
Royal Bank of India	495	495	
R. Scott Thomson and Company	200	185	
Screwing Company (Limited)	80	par to 10 pm.	
Sea Salt Company	100	82	
Seebaugor Tea Company	500	650 to 655	
Simla Bank	90	par	
Simla Club and N. W. Wine Company	80	12 to 15 pm.	
Soom Tea Company	1000	1500 to 1510	
Soorispora Tea Company	750	450 to 480 pm.	
Ditto	100	78 to 80	
South Cachar Tea Company	250	230	
Spence's Hotel Company	62 1/2	9 to 10 pm.	
Strand Pressing Company (Limited)	200	165 to 170	
Sylhet and Cachar Tea Company	200	175 to 180	
Tirhoot Indigo	200	200 to 205	
Tuckvar Tea Company	70	par	
Ditto, contributory	250	220 Nominal	
Union Steam Tug Company	110	180 to 182	
Upper Assam Tea Company	250	235 to 240	
Victoria Tea Company	190	14 to 16 dis.	
Ditto, contributory			

FREIGHTS.

	To London.	To Liverpool.
Saltpetre	£20 15 6 to 0 0 0	Nominal.
Sugar	Nominal.	Nominal.
Rice	Nominal.	Nominal.
Seeds	1 15 0 to 1 10 3	1 5 0 0 0 0
Jute	1 10 0 to 1 12 6	1 5 0 1 7 6
Cotton	Nominal.	2 0 0 2 5 0

MADRAS.

FAREWELL ORDER OF SIR HOPE GRANT.

As our readers are already aware, the late Commander-in-Chief and Lady Grant embarked for Europe by the last steamer, bearing with them the heart-felt good wishes of the whole community of Madras, where they were much respected and liked for their many eminent qualities, and for the good that they took delight in doing. Prior to his departure Sir Hope Grant issued a farewell general order to the army, in which he spoke of its discipline and efficiency in the highest terms. A valedictory address was presented to Lady Grant and himself by the society of Madras, and they are requested to sit for their portraits when they reach home, which will be fitly placed in the Lawrence Asylum at Ootacamund.

The Farewell Order is as follows:—

1. Lieut.-governor Sir J. Hope Grant, C.C.B., having been appointed by her Majesty quarter-master-general of the forces, and Lieut.-general Sir J. Gaspard LeMarchant, C.C.M.G., having arrived to relieve him of his command, his Excellency bids farewell to the officers and soldiers who have served under him during the last three years and a-half.
2. When he assumed command of the Madras army in 1861, the amalgamation of the local European forces with the British army had just been ordered, and in the following year it was carried into effect. Sir Hope Grant cannot forbear from noticing the excellent spirit and activity displayed by all ranks of the Artillery and the new line regiments in carrying out this important measure. Very great changes were necessary to assimilate the Artillery with the old Royal Artillery, so as to secure perfect uniformity; these have been most successfully effected.
3. The conduct of the whole of the European troops has been very good during his Excellency's command, but especially so during the past year, in which courts-martial have been fewer, and the crimes of a less serious nature.
4. Sir Hope Grant further desires to place on record the high opinion he entertains of the discipline and efficiency of the Native Army of Madras. The continual foreign service to which every regiment is habituated tends very materially to their usefulness.
5. The Madras Army has not had much opportunity of late years of seeing active service, but portions of it have served under his Excellency both in Bengal and in China, where they behaved exceedingly well, especially the Sappers, who proved themselves to be good and steady workmen under fire. The conduct of the whole Native Army has been most exemplary.
6. The Commander-in-Chief begs to thank the officers of every arm in this Presidency for their zeal on all occasions.
7. Sir Hope Grant desires to thank Major-generals Williams, Armstrong, the Hon. A. A. Spencer, C.B., McCleverty, Duke, and McLeod, commanding divisions; as also the inspector of Royal Artillery, the brigadier-generals commanding brigades, and the officers commanding regiments, corps, and bat-

teries, for the support they have given him in carrying out their duties.

8. He is also much indebted to the staff and heads of departments for the able assistance they have always given him, especially to Colonel Primrose, adjutant-general; to Lieut.-col. Woods, who was adjutant-general up to the time of the amalgamation of the staff; to Lieut.-col. Scott, quarter-master-general; to Col. Pritchard, judge-advocate-general; to Dr. Cole, principal inspector-general, Medical Department; and to Dr. Inglis, C.B., deputy inspector-general of her Majesty's hospitals.

Sir Hope Grant feels bound to add that the duties of the Ordnance and Commissariat Departments have been most effectually carried out; and he tenders his best thanks to Colonel Simpson and Colonel Hill, the heads of these two departments.

9. All reports from this date will be made to Lieutenant-General Sir J. Gaspard Le Marchant, G.C.M.G.

MISCELLANEOUS.

THE GOVERNOR.—It is rumoured that Sir W. Denison does not purpose to pass the present hot season on the Neilgherries; but it is said to be his Excellency's intention to take up a house in Bangalore, where Lady Denison and family will reside, while he himself will be up and down occasionally.

THE BISHOP'S VISITATION TOUR.—The Right Reverend the Bishop of Madras has informed the Honourable the Governor in Council that he intends to commence, on Friday, 23rd June, a tour of visitation through a large part of the diocese, viz., the Ceded districts, Mysore, Malabar, Travancore, and Tinnevely, returning to Madras next February.

AN AMBITIOUS LADY.—We dare say but few of our readers ever heard of a potentate who styles himself Rajah of Sumpthur. Sumpthur is a petty raj in Central India, the chief of which having become insane, his Rane assumed charge of the affairs of the State, in trust for her minor son. The sweets of power once tasted are not easily laid aside—the Rane on her son's attaining his majority refused to abdicate, or to give up any of the authority she wielded. The matter was brought to the notice of the Viceroy, who, looking only to its merits, condemned the conduct of the ambitious lady, and instructed his representative in Central India to transfer the government to the young chief.

MESSES AND BANDS.—We fear that the days of these old established regimental institutions are numbered in the Madras Native Army; the following order, which appeared on the 6th instant, may be taken as a premonitory symptom of the early dissolution of Bands and Messes. "Officers commanding native infantry regiments will be good enough to send into the brigade office without delay, statements showing the debts and credits of their Regimental Mess and Band Fund on the 1st inst." A regiment without either a band or mess can hardly be called a regiment; any military man knows the influence these institutions have for good upon a corps, and much will be the regret, when they are swept away for aye and for ever. It is evident, however, that a regiment without officers cannot maintain in satisfactory working order institutions for whose existence a fair number of officers is necessary. The above order may be regarded, we think, as a preparatory step to the introduction of the irregular system.

THE REVENUE DEPARTMENT.—We hear that several great changes will soon take place in the Uncovenanted Branch of the Revenue Department. Government, it is said, have resolved upon removing from active service all such deputy collectors, thasildars, &c., as have served the requisite period to entitle them to pension, with the view of infusing new blood into the department. With this object, returns are to be called for of all super-annuated uncovenanted officials. If this resolution were put in force in the other departments of Government as well, much good would, no doubt, be the result.

A DEVOTED WIFE.—The *Hurkaru* quotes the following from some "Notes of a Tour in the Tributary Mehal," by Colonel Dalton, published in the *Journal of the Asiatic Society of Bengal*:—In connection with Gangpore, the inhabitants of which seem to have a rather evil reputation as *antrefois* cannibals, we give a rather romantic story of a suttee that occurred fifty years ago. A Brahmin took a dislike to a girl he had just married, and turned her out of doors, a wedded maid. She took refuge with her parents, who were poor, and who soon after died, leaving her destitute; then she wandered from village to village subsisting on alms, and leading a wretched widowed life. Her husband married a second time, and sons and daughters were born to him and grew up about him, and in the fulness of years he died. His second wife had preceded him, so his corpse was placed alone on the funeral pile, and the torch was about to be applied to it, when a poor emaciated and meanly clad female stepped forward, and as the first, the faithful and only surviving wife of the deceased, claimed the right of suttee. Her request was complied with. Bathed, anointed, clothed, and adorned with flowers like a bride, she ascended the pile, and clinging to the corpse of the husband who had so cruelly discarded her, and for the first time in her life pressing her lips to his, the flames arose and their ashes were mingled together!

A "VICTIM" TO THE VIOLENT PASSIONS OF A NATIVE.—A correspondent of the *Englishman* makes the following cool remarks. The italics are our own:—"All who have the pleasure of his acquaintance will be sorry to learn that the surgeon in medical charge of Mussoorie has been so unfortunate as to fall a victim to the violent passions of a Native. Full particulars have not yet reached me, but it seems that the clever, kind-hearted doctor found it necessary to administer a slight blow with a cane to a native (*moonshee*); and the man, in a rage at the insult, or perhaps with a view of involving the doctor in a difficulty, committed suicide. This is the reason given for the rash act, and it remains to be proved whether it is the true one. An enquiry is going on, and an impartial investigation will doubtless be made, but I doubt if any culpability against the doctor can be proved; for if every European or Native is to be made answerable for the folly and villany of Asiatics, there will soon be no safety for anybody. I know a case not far from Delhi in which the manager of a large estate is said to have abused a respectable man to such an extent, that he threw himself into a well and was drowned; but this gentleman is still at large, and his conduct has not even been made the subject of enquiry, probably because it happened in his own *elaka*, and his serfs are too much afraid of him to say a word about it."

CEREMONY AT GOVERNMENT HOUSE.—The *Hindoo Patriot* says:—"According to the Calcutta correspondent of the *Times of India*, Sir John Lawrence received, 'in slippers,' the deputation of the Chamber of Commerce on Export Duties. It appears it was this untoward incident which irritated the merchants so much. But they ought to have remembered that Sir John Lawrence used to receive greater men in that way while in the Punjab. When Chief Commissioner of the Punjab, he once received Maharajah Golab Sing with his shirt on." The latter assertion is somewhat ambiguously expressed. Was it the Rajah or Sir John Lawrence who had the shirt on? And in either case, are we to understand that his only garment was the one in question?

AN EASTERN SATIRIST ON WESTERN MANNERS.—The freedom and publicity of action allowed to Christian women must strike the true Asiatic as inexplicable. The *Dnyanprakash*, a Marathi paper translated by *Native Opinion*, publishes a letter thus caricaturing the European ideas on this subject. The writer, who

signs himself *Ghost*, is made to say that the Queen is going to issue the following commands regarding the conduct of husband and wife towards each other. Every husband must bow twelve times to his wife the first thing in the morning. Next he should fetch water and bathe her, and having washed her clothes cook for the family. After that he should seat her in a becoming manner, and serve her food. He is then to give her *Vida*, and then care for his own stomach. The wife in her turn must kick him twelve times early every morning, and, making him work at the usual drudgery, go to office. Women are at perfect liberty to behave as they like. Adultery will not be reckoned sinful, neither will the Government look upon it as penal. The women are fully authorised to use the rod towards their husbands.

NEW SYSTEM OF WEATHER SIGNALS.—Government has at last awakened to a sense of something being necessary in a port like Calcutta to enable captains of ships to prepare for the heavy gales so often experienced. The master attendant has been directed to place himself in communication with the Meteorological committee appointed by Government. The object of this movement on the part of the authorities is said to be the establishment of a system of weather signals, to be carried out by the marine department in accordance with the suggestion of the committee. It is in contemplation also to turn to account the experience and observations of the officers in charge of the Saugor and False Point lighthouses, and those of the commanders of the light vessels. We trust the carrying of this idea into effect will meet with as few official delays and obstructions as possible.—*Englishman*.

ECONOMY IN INDIA is evidently at its wits end for victims, and for occasions on which it might do service to the State. The other day it prompted the Supreme Government to inquire why the salaries of the police magistrates in Calcutta had been raised from 800 to 1,500 rupees per mensem? Verily the question is one to be asked in all seriousness, and answered with the greatest possible gravity. The Bengal Government replied that the salaries had been gradually raised because it was found that properly qualified persons could not be had at the "former figure!" Mr. Beadon might have also added—and scarcely at the latter rate. 1,500 rupees per mensem is not a very large income for a barrister of any standing, unless he has no practice.—*Englishman*.

THE INDIAN BRANCH RAILWAY.—The first quarterly inspection report of the Nulhattee and Azimgunge line does not speak favourably of the condition of the fencing, and indeed the whole seems to be a gingerbread affair—we mean, of course, on this particular line. Major Hovenden says:—"The passenger-carriages are of great length, and open throughout their length, somewhat like the American cars. They are not uncomfortable, but are deficient in roof ventilation. Each carriage runs on six wheels. They are somewhat flimsy in construction, but appear to answer very well for a low rate of speed. The goods-wagons are of various patterns, having been constructed at various times as experiments, with a view of ascertaining how the requisite strength and capacity could be obtained with the smallest amount of dead weight and at the least cost.—*Hurkaru*."

THE RESIDUE OF THE REBELS IN OUDE would seem to be in but a bad plight. When the late Dundoopt Nana Rao, Umer Singh, and Huzrut Mahal first sought an asylum in Nepal they led about 1,700 men, women, and children with them into exile. Disease and privation have done their work in reducing the little band of rebels; and recently cholera was reported as having broken out amongst the few surviving. At present they number but twenty-one, and to these we think the Government would do well to hold out some hope of amnesty.—*Hurkaru*.

HONOURS AT A DISCOUNT.—We (*Hurkaru*) hear of a strange sequel to the dissatisfaction expressed by the Goorkhas at the Indian mutiny medal. It would seem that the Nepalese think but little of what the medal is meant to typify, whilst they do set considerable store on the actual value of the reward to be given them. They have lately suggested that, if the Government have no objection, they would be glad to receive the value of the 17,000 medals distributed amongst them, in Terai lands, and that, of course, if the Government agree to this, they would at once return all the medals. We trust the lesson will not be thrown away.

A FRENCH RAILWAY PROJECT REJECTED BY GOVERNMENT.—Sir Charles Wood has refused to give any assistance to a French project of a railway from Pondichery to Tripatore on the Madras line, because it would divert to Pondichera much of the traffic which now goes to Madras, and the Madras line does not nearly pay the guaranteed interest. The collector of South Arcot and the Madras Government were anxious that the line should be made. We hope yet to see the French undertake it on their own account, when their territory has been increased by land given in exchange for Chandernagore.—*Friend of India*.

SHIPPING.

ARRIVALS.

June 2. Essex, Nash, London; Maha Rance, Kitesen, London; Muscat Merchant, Roberts, Tellicherry.—4. Rangoon, Templeton, —; Ana, Hugon, Bombay; City of Ningpo, —, London; Daniel Rankin, Miller, Shields; Arracan, Potts, Liverpool; Her Majesty, Sain, Liverpool.—5. India, Lewis, Bombay.—6. John Bellamy, Culbert, London; Cambridge, Peters, Liverpool; Brewster, Clark, Batavia; Tensasrim, Howson, Liverpool.—7. Arabia, Patterson, Singapore; Pride of England, Rohoman, Cardiff.—8. Stirling Castle, Bailiff, Liverpool; Georgina, Nobman, Bombay; Lloyd Bayner, Pollock, Sydney.

PASSENGERS ARRIVED.

Per Tivoli.—Mr. Silvester.
Per Gunga.—Mr. C. Arnold, Mr. A. Lawrence.
Per Thunder.—P. Avdall, Mr. Holter.
Per Muscat Merchant.—Mrs. Childes, Capt. R. Spence.
Per Atlet Rohoman.—Mrs. Jones, Mrs. Smally, Miss Douglas.
Per Lloyd Raynor.—Mr. W. M. Bart.
Per Essex.—Capt. and Mrs. Webster, Mr. and Mrs. Hoyle and three children, Mrs. Argles and two children, Mr. Nightingale, Capt. Walcott, 57th N.I., Mrs. and Miss Walcott, Lieut. Bennett, H.M.'s 9th Regiment, Lieut. Pringle, 8th N.I., Lieut. Downes, H.M.'s 107th Regiment, Mr. Thomas, Miss Low, Mrs. Hunter and child.
Per Rangoon.—Mr. Wilson.
Per Anne.—Mr. Hugon.
Per City of Ningpo.—Mr. Workman, Mr. Scanlan.
Per India.—The Rev. Mr. and Mrs. Myers, the Rev. Mr. and Mrs. Kellogg, Mrs. Pritchard, Capt. Begbie, Lieut. Harvey, Lieut. Tyredille, Lieut. Montgomery, Mrs. Duffin, Mr. J. Wood, Serg. Coleman, wife, and two children.
Per John Bellamy.—Mrs. Culbert and two children.
Per Brewster.—Mr. M. H. Clark.
Per Arabia.—Miss Claude, Capt. Owen, Mr. C. Coaslet, Mr. B. Anderson, Mr. Sevenoaks, Mr. Duncan, Mr. R. B. Dickenson.

DEPARTURES.

May 26. Shaw Allum, Clark, Mauritius; National Eagle, Mathews, Boston; John Bright, Betham, Singapore and Hong Kong; Arratoun Apar, Gardener, Straits and Hong Kong.—27. Ravensbourne, Richardson, London; Red Jacket, Pope, Liverpool; Stier, Ferron, Bourbon.—28. Queen of Australia, Rudolf, London.—29. Sophia Joakim Moscrop, Mauritius; Audubon, Thader, Boston.—30. Bernice, Melchonas, Bourbon; Joven Louis, Winter, Singapore.—31. Candia, Macnamara, Suez; Unrivalled, Hedgecock, Mauritius; Hypatia, Thompson, Mauritius; Patriot Queen, Carr, Liverpool; Philaneme, Hauterine, Colombo.—June 1. Star of Erin, Ewing, London; City of Bombay, Arnir, London.—2. Burma, Irvine, Akyab; Punjab, McCallum, Bombay.—3. Osiris, Roger, Bourbon.—4. Meinam, Gouvain, Galle.—5. Thomas Brocklebank, Graham, Liverpool; Rajmahal, Landsborough, Liverpool.—6. Glenlee, Stephen, Clyde; Clytemnestra, Stewart, Liverpool.—7. Konghtye, Whyte, Rangoon; Leonardo Da Vinci, Sescetto, Shanghai.—8. Cheduba, Maddison, Moulmein, Rangoon, and Straits; Robinson Crusoe, Darlington, Colombo; Moulmein, Gray, Chittagong and Akyab; Consul, Barclay, Liverpool.—9. City of Amoy (port not mentioned).—10. Mail str. Mooltan, Suez.

PASSENGERS DEPARTED.

Per str. Burmah and Punjab.—For AKYAB.—Mr. and Mrs. Stewart and child. For BOMBAY.—Mr. and Mrs. Bickers and child, Mr. W. B. Mason, Miss Denis.
Per str. Meinam.—Mons. F. Lamouroux, Lieut. Froisher, Mr. H. T. Bernard, Mr. F. Y. Smith, Mr. Budding, Mr. McEachren, Mr. E. Manoch, Mr. W. Wright, Mr. E. Hardy, Mr. Gilbert, Mr. Robert Tucker, Mr. N. Tween, Mr. W. E. Crum, Mr. W. G. Mathews, Madame Baudin, Madame Carey, Mr. B. McCheyne.
Per Cheduba.—For RANGOON.—Mr. O. Mallitt. For SINGAPORE.—Mr. Charles Brock, Mr. James Macdonald, Lieut. H. Wylie.

Per str. Mooltan.—For MADRAS.—Ensign C. E. A. Tuck, Capt. C. W. Wilson, Major and Mrs. Simpson, Miss Trevor and family, Mr. W. G. Gregor, Mr. F. Trevor. For GALLE.—Dr. Waller. For BOMBAY.—Mr. F. Jennings. For ALEXANDRIA.—Capt. Clark. For MARSEILLES.—Mr. Michael, Mr. Squire, the Rev. E. C. Stuart, Master Rebeck, Mr. Jenkins, Mr. C. S. Rundle. For SOUTHAMPTON.—Mrs. Hume and family, Mrs. Pele and family, Mrs. Ouseley and family, Mr. and Mrs. McKee and family, Mrs. Beadon and family, Mrs. Grigor.

COMMERCIAL.

Calcutta, June 10, 1865.

GOVERNMENT SECURITIES.

Rate of Interest.	Stock.	Selling Price
4 per Cent. Sa. Rs. 88	90 Rs.	88 0 to 89 9
Do. Transfer Stock	Sa. Rs. 91	89 0 to 89 0
5 per Cent. Co's Rs. 91	100	11 0 to 0 0
4 per Cent. F.W. Co's Rs. 101	100	1 12 to 2 Cpm.
5 per Cent. Co's Rs. 109	100	0 0 to 0 0
5 per cent. 56-57	Co's Rs. 109	101 12 to 102

EXCHANGE.

	On London.	Per Rupee.
Local Bank Bills	at 6 months' sight	1 11 15-16 to 2
First Class Credit	at 6 months' sight	2 0 to 2 0 8
Bills with Docs.	at 6 months' sight	2 0 4 to 2 0 4
Bank Post Bills	at 1 months' sight	2 0 4 to 2 0 4

JOINT STOCK SHARES.

Stock.	Paid-up. Rs. each.	Quoted at Rs.
Agra and Masterman's Bank	500	1050 to 1100
Alliance Tea Company	85	10 to 12 pm.
Assam Tea Company	200	620 to 625
Balasun Tea Company	100	135 to 140
Bank of Bengal	1000	6350 to 6630
Ditto Interest bearing	4000	7900 to 8200
Beerboom Coal Company	1000	550 to 870
Ditto	200	Nom. to 175
Bengal Coal Company	1000	1250 to 1300
Bengal Printing Company	100	15 to 10 dis.
Bengal River Company	1000	600 to 640
Ditto	500	337 to 340
Bengal Tea Company	100	145 to 150
Ditto new paid-up	100	10 pm.
Bengal Oil Company	250	par Nominal
Bengal Credit Mobilier (Lim.)	100	5 to 10 pm.
Bishnauth Tea Company	200	250
Ditto, contributory	10	3 to 4 pm.
Bonded Warehouse Association	445	650
Borkai Tea Company (Limited)	25	par
British India Tea	80	par
Brunton's Press Company (Limited)	50	2 to 3 pm.
Burdwan Stone Company	100	75 to 80
Cachar and Assam Tea Company	200	135
Ditto (Contributory)	115	15 to 16 dis.
Cachar Tea Company	600	700 to 710
Ditto	450	50 to 55 pm.
Calcutta Docking Company	700	1300 to 1310
Calcutta Steam Tug Association	600	550 to 555
Calcutta and South Eastern Railway	52	53
Central Assam Tea Company	100	101
Central Cachar Tea Company	200	250 to 255
Ditto, new shares	200	260 to 262
Chatlawhar Tea Company	25	5 to 10 dis.
Commercial Transport Association	100	nom.
Dehra Doon Tea Company	100	90 to 92
Delhi Bank Corporation	500	715
Dooh Teria Tea Company	100	96 to 97
Dooteria Tea Company (Limited)	100	96 to 97
Durrug Tea Company	45	5 dis.
E. B. Indigo Company	100	75 to 80
East India Coal Company	100	20 to 22
East India Railway Company	218	par
East India Tea Company	100	116 to 120
Ditto, contributory	80	12 to 13 pm.
Eastern Bengal Tea Company	50	55 to 56
Eastern Cachar Tea Company	100	125 to 130
Ditto, contributory	85	20 to 22 pm.
Eastern Bengal Railway Company	215	216
Eastern Steam Tug Company	1000	1150 to 1170
Eastman and Company	250	220 to 225
Equitable Coal Company	250	215 Nominal
Ganges Steam Navigation Company	500	Nominal
Great Eastern Hotel Company	250	255
Gola Ghaut Tea Company	250	250
Ditto new shares	250	272 to 275
Goosery Cotton Mills	85	30 to 35 dis.
Hindustan, China, and Japan Bank	250	280
Hooghly Steam Tug Company	1000	5
Hooghly Lighter Association	80	10 to 15 dis.
Hope Town Tea Association	100	105
Hope Town Equitable Tea Company	100	105
Howrah Docking Company	535	535 to 540
Hunter and Company	250	200 to 220
India General Steam Navigation Co.	1000	750 to 750
Jorehaut Tea Company	200	745 to 750
Kunchunpore Tea Company	100	250
Ditto, contributory	125	20 to 25 pm.
Kurseong and Darjeeling Tea Co.	250	245 to 245
Ditto, contributory	125	3 to 5 dis.
Landing Shipping	100	20 to 25 dis.
Leibong and Minchou Tea Company	65	par to 5 pm.
Loctv. Cotton Screw Company	25	par
Lower Assam Tea Company	35	par
Luckimpore Tea Company	155	50 to 55 pm.
Monacherra Tea Company	60	par
Moran Tea Company (Limited)	70	13 to 14 pm.
Muttuck Tea Company	50	par
Mutual Tea Company	100	123
Ditto, contributory	70	16 to 18 pm.
National Bank of India (Limited)	250	par
New Fort Gloster Company	600	1400 to 1450
North-West Indigo Company	100	70 to 75
North-West Screwing Company	60	par
Oriental Gas Company	21	14 to 12
Peoples Bank of India	100	75
Port Canning Land Company	1000	50 to 55dct.
Punjab Bank	100	120
Punjab Trading	75	10 pm

Punkaburre Tea Company	100	100	dull
Ditto	37	par	Nominal
Ramghur Tea Company	100	100	par
Ditto	65	par	Nominal
Royal Bank of India	495	495	
R. Scott Thomson and Company	200	185	
Screwing Company (Limited)	80	par to 10 pm.	
Sea Salt Company	100	82	
Seesaugor Tea Company	500	650 to 655	
Simla Bank	90	par	
Simla Club and N. W. Wine Company	80	12 to 15 pm.	
Soom Tea Company	1000	1500 to 1510	
Soorisore Tea Company	750	450 to 480 pm.	
Ditto	100	78 to 80	
South Cachar Tea Company	250	230	
Spence's Hotel Company	623	9 to 10 pm.	
Strand Pressing Company (Limited)	200	165 to 170	
Sylhet and Cachar Tea Company	200	175 to 180	
Tirhoot Indigo	200	200 to 205	
Tuckvar Tea Company	70	par	
Ditto, contributory	250	220 Nominal	
Union Steam Tug Company	110	180 to 182	
Upper Assam Tea Company	250	235 to 240	
Victoria Tea Company	190	14 to 16 dis.	
Ditto, contributory			

FREIGHTS.

	To London.	To Liverpool.
Saltpetre	20 15 6 to 0 0 0	Nominal.
Sugar	Nominal.	Nominal.
Rice	Nominal.	Nominal.
Seeds	1 15 0 to 1 10 3	1 5 0 0 0 0
Jute	1 10 0 to 1 12 6	1 5 0 1 7 6
Cotton	Nominal.	2 0 0 2 5 0

MADRAS.

FAREWELL ORDER OF SIR HOPE GRANT.

As our readers are already aware, the late Commander-in-Chief and Lady Grant embarked for Europe by the last steamer, bearing with them the heart-felt good wishes of the whole community of Madras, where they were much respected and liked for their many eminent qualities, and for the good that they took delight in doing. Prior to his departure Sir Hope Grant issued a farewell general order to the army, in which he spoke of its discipline and efficiency in the highest terms. A valedictory address was presented to Lady Grant and himself by the society of Madras, and they are requested to sit for their portraits when they reach home, which will be fitly placed in the Lawrence Asylum at Ootacamund.

The Farewell Order is as follows:—

1. Lieut.-governor Sir J. Hope Grant, G.C.B., having been appointed by her Majesty quarter-master-general of the forces, and Lieut.-general Sir J. Gaspard LeMarchant, G.C.M.G., having arrived to relieve him of his command, his Excellency bids farewell to the officers and soldiers who have served under him during the last three years and a-half.
2. When he assumed command of the Madras army in 1861, the amalgamation of the local European forces with the British army had just been ordered, and in the following year it was carried into effect. Sir Hope Grant cannot forbear from noticing the excellent spirit and activity displayed by all ranks of the Artillery and the new line regiments in carrying out this important measure. Very great changes were necessary to assimilate the Artillery with the old Royal Artillery, so as to secure perfect uniformity; these have been most successfully effected.
3. The conduct of the whole of the European troops has been very good during his Excellency's command, but especially so during the past year, in which courts-martial have been fewer, and the crimes of a less serious nature.
4. Sir Hope Grant further desires to place on record the high opinion he entertains of the discipline and efficiency of the Native Army of Madras. The continual foreign service to which every regiment is habituated tends very materially to their usefulness.
5. The Madras Army has not had much opportunity of late years of seeing active service, but portions of it have served under his Excellency both in Bengal and in China, where they behaved exceedingly well, especially the Sappers, who proved themselves to be good and steady workmen under fire. The conduct of the whole Native Army has been most exemplary.
6. The Commander-in-Chief begs to thank the officers of every arm in this Presidency for their zeal on all occasions.
7. Sir Hope Grant desires to thank Major-generals Williams, Armstrong, the Hon. A. A. Spencer, C.B., McCleverty, Duke, and McLeod, commanding divisions; as also the inspector of Royal Artillery, the brigadier-generals commanding brigades, and the officers commanding regiments, corps, and bat-

teries, for the support they have given him in carrying out their duties.

8. He is also much indebted to the staff and heads of departments for the able assistance they have always given him, especially to Colonel Primrose, adjutant-general; to Lieut.-col. Woods, who was adjutant-general up to the time of the amalgamation of the staff; to Lieut.-col. Scott, quarter-master-general; to Col. Pritchard, judge-advocate-general; to Dr. Cole, principal inspector-general, Medical Department; and to Dr. Inglis, C.B., deputy inspector-general of her Majesty's hospitals.

Sir Hope Grant feels bound to add that the duties of the Ordnance and Commissariat Departments have been most effectually carried out; and he tenders his best thanks to Colonel Simpson and Colonel Hill, the heads of these two departments.

9. All reports from this date will be made to Lieutenant-General Sir J. Gaspard Le Marchant, G.C.M.G.

MISCELLANEOUS.

THE GOVERNOR.—It is rumoured that Sir W. Denison does not purpose to pass the present hot season on the Neigherries; but it is said to be his Excellency's intention to take up a house in Bangalore, where Lady Denison and family will reside, while he himself will be up and down occasionally.

THE BISHOP'S VISITATION TOUR.—The Right Reverend the Bishop of Madras has informed the Honourable the Governor in Council that he intends to commence, on Friday, 23rd June, a tour of visitation through a large part of the diocese, viz., the Ceded districts, Mysore, Malabar, Travancore, and Tinnevely, returning to Madras next February.

AN AMBITIOUS LADY.—We dare say but few of our readers ever heard of a potentate who styles himself Rajah of Sumpthur. Sumpthur is a petty raj in Central India, the chief of which having become insane, his Rane assumed charge of the affairs of the State, in trust for her minor son. The sweets of power once tasted are not easily laid aside—the Rane on her son's attaining his majority refused to abdicate, or to give up any of the authority she wielded. The matter was brought to the notice of the Viceroy, who, looking only to its merits, condemned the conduct of the ambitious lady, and instructed his representative in Central India to transfer the government to the young chief.

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signs himself *Ghost*, is made to say that the Queen is going to issue the following commands regarding the conduct of husband and wife towards each other. Every husband must bow twelve times to his wife the first thing in the morning. Next he should fetch water and bathe her, and having washed her clothes cook for the family. After that he should seat her in a becoming manner, and serve her food. He is then to give her *Vida*, and then care for his own stomach. The wife in her turn must kick him twelve times early every morning, and, making him work at the usual drudgery, go to office. Women are at perfect liberty to behave as they like. Adultery will not be reckoned sinful, neither will the Government look upon it as penal. The women are fully authorised to use the rod towards their husbands.

NEW SYSTEM OF WEATHER SIGNALS.—Government has at last awakened to a sense of something being necessary in a port like Calcutta to enable captains of ships to prepare for the heavy gales so often experienced. The master attendant has been directed to place himself in communication with the Meteorological committee appointed by Government. The object of this movement on the part of the authorities is said to be the establishment of a system of weather signals, to be carried out by the marine department in accordance with the suggestion of the committee. It is in contemplation also to turn to account the experience and observations of the officers in charge of the Saugor and False Point lighthouses, and those of the commanders of the light vessels. We trust the carrying of this idea into effect will meet with as few official delays and obstructions as possible.—*Englishman*.

ECONOMY IN INDIA is evidently at its wits end for victims, and for occasions on which it might do service to the State. The other day it prompted the Supreme Government to inquire why the salaries of the police magistrates in Calcutta had been raised from 800 to 1,500 rupees per mensem? Verily the question is one to be asked in all seriousness, and answered with the greatest possible gravity. The Bengal Government replied that the salaries had been gradually raised because it was found that properly qualified persons could not be had at the "former figure!" Mr. Beadon might have also added—and scarcely at the latter rate. 1,500 rupees per mensem is not a very large income for a barrister of any standing, unless he has no practice.—*Englishman*.

THE INDIAN BRANCH RAILWAY.—The first quarterly inspection report of the Nulhattee and Azimgunge line does not speak favourably of the condition of the fencing, and indeed the whole seems to be a gingerbread affair—we mean, of course, on this particular line. Major Hovenden says:—"The passenger-carriages are of great length, and open throughout their length, somewhat like the American cars. They are not uncomfortable, but are deficient in roof ventilation. Each carriage runs on six wheels. They are somewhat flimsy in construction, but appear to answer very well for a low rate of speed. The goods-wagons are of various patterns, having been constructed at various times as experiments, with a view of ascertaining how the requisite strength and capacity could be obtained with the smallest amount of dead weight and at the least cost.—*Hurkaru*."

THE RESIDUE OF THE REBELS IN OUDE would seem to be in but a bad plight. When the late Dundoopt Nana Rao, Umer Singh, and Huzrut Mahal first sought an asylum in Nepal they led about 1,700 men, women, and children with them into exile. Disease and privation have done their work in reducing the little band of rebels; and recently cholera was reported as having broken out amongst the few surviving. At present they number but twenty-one, and to these we think the Government would do well to hold out some hope of amnesty.—*Hurkaru*.

HONOURS AT A DISCOUNT.—We (*Hurkaru*) hear of a strange sequel to the dissatisfaction expressed by the Goorkhas at the Indian mutiny medal. It would seem that the Nepalese think but little of what the medal is meant to typify, whilst they do set considerable store on the actual value of the reward to be given them. They have lately suggested that, if the Government have no objection, they would be glad to receive the value of the 17,000 medals distributed amongst them, in Terai lands, and that, of course, if the Government agree to this, they would at once return all the medals. We trust the lesson will not be thrown away.

A FRENCH RAILWAY PROJECT REJECTED BY GOVERNMENT.—Sir Charles Wood has refused to give any assistance to a French project of a railway from Pondichery to Tripatore on the Madras line, because it would divert to Pondichery much of the traffic which now goes to Madras, and the Madras line does not nearly pay the guaranteed interest. The collector of South Arcot and the Madras Government were anxious that the line should be made. We hope yet to see the French undertake it on their own account, when their territory has been increased by land given in exchange for Chandernagore.—*Friend of India*.

SHIPPING.

ARRIVALS.

June 2. Essex, Nash, London; Maha Ranees, Kitesen, London; Muscat Merchant, Roberts, Tellicherry.—4. Rangoon, Templeton, —; Ann, Hugon, Bombay; City of Ningpo, —, London; Daniel Rankin, Miller, Shields; Arracan, Potts, Liverpool; Her Majesty, Sain, Liverpool.—5. India, Lewis, Bombay.—6. John Bellamy, Calbert, London; Cambridge, Peters, Liverpool; Brewster, Clark, Batavia; Tensasrim, Howson, Liverpool.—7. Arabia, Patterson, Singapore; Pride of England, Rohoman, Cardiff.—8. Stirling Castle, Bailiff, Liverpool; Georgina, Nobman, Bombay; Lloyd Rayner, Pollock, Sydney.

PASSENGERS ARRIVED.

Per Tivoli.—Mr. Silvester.
Per Gunga.—Mr. C. Arnold, Mr. A. Lawrence.
Per Thunder.—P. Avdall, Mr. Holter.
Per Muscat Merchant.—Mrs. Childes, Capt. R. Spence.
Per Atlet Rohoman.—Mrs. Jones, Mrs. Smally, Miss Douglas.
Per Lloyd Rayner.—Mr. W. M. Bart.
Per Essex.—Capt. and Mrs. Webster, Mr. and Mrs. Hoyle and three children, Mrs. Argles and two children, Mr. Nightingale, Capt. Walcott, 57th N.I., Mrs. and Miss Walcott, Lieut. Bennett, H.M.'s 9th Regiment, Lieut. Pringle, 8th N.I., Lieut. Downes, H.M.'s 107th Regiment, Mr. Thomas, Miss Low, Mrs. Hunter and child.
Per Rangoon.—Mr. Wilson.
Per Anne.—Mr. Hugon.
Per City of Ningpo.—Mr. Workman, Mr. Scanlan.
Per India.—The Rev. Mr. and Mrs. Myers, the Rev. Mr. and Mrs. Kellogg, Mrs. Pritchard, Capt. Begbie, Lieut. Harvey, Lieut. Tyredille, Lieut. Montgomery, Mrs. Duffin, Mr. J. Wood, Serg. Coleman, wife, and two children.
Per John Bellamy.—Mrs. Calbert and two children.
Per Brewster.—Mr. M. H. Clark.
Per Arabia.—Miss Claude, Capt. Owen, Mr. C. Coaslet, Mr. B. Anderson, Mr. Sevenoaks, Mr. Duncan, Mr. R. R. Dickenson.

DEPARTURES.

May 26. Shaw Allum, Clark, Mauritius; National Eagle, Mathews, Boston; John Bright, Betham, Singapore and Hong Kong; Arratoun Aper, Gardener, Straits and Hong Kong.—27. Ravensbourne, Richardson, London; Red Jacket, Pope, Liverpool; Stier, Ferron, Bourbon.—28. Queen of Australia, Rudolf, London.—29. Sophia Joakim Moscrop, Mauritius; Audubon, Thader, Boston.—30. Bernice, Melchons, Bourbon; Joven Louis, Winter, Singapore.—31. Candia, Macnamara, Suez; Unrivalled, Hedgecock, Mauritius; Hypatia, Thompson, Mauritius; Patriot Queen, Carr, Liverpool; Philanome, Hauterine, Colombo.—June 1. Star of Erin, Irving, London; City of Bombay, Arnir, London.—2. Burnham, Irvine, Akyab; Punjab, McCallum, Bombay.—3. Osiris, Roger, Bourbon.—4. Meinam, Gouvain, Gallé.—5. Thomas Brocklebank, Graham, Liverpool; Rajmahal, Landsborough, Liverpool; Glenlee, Stephen, Clyde; Clytemnestra, Stewart, Liverpool.—7. Konghtye, Whyte, Rangoon; Leonardo Da Vinci, Sescetto, Shanghai.—8. Cheduba, Maddison, Moulmein, Rangoon, and Straits; Robinson Crusoe, Darlington, Colombo; Moulmein, Gray, Chittagong and Akyab; Consul, Barclay, Liverpool.—9. City of Amoy (port not mentioned).—10. Mail str. Mooltan, Suez.

PASSENGERS DEPARTED.

Per str. Barmah and Punjab.—For AKYAB.—Mr. and Mrs. Stewart and child. For BOMBAY.—Mr. and Mrs. Bickers and child, Mr. W. R. Mason, Miss Denis.
Per str. Meinam.—Mons. F. Lamouroux, Lieut. Froisher, Mr. H. T. Bernard, Mr. F. Y. Smith, Mr. Budding, Mr. McEachren, Mr. E. Manooch, Mr. W. Wright, Mr. E. Hardy, Mr. Gilbert, Mr. Robert Tucker, Mr. N. Tween, Mr. W. E. Crum, Mr. W. G. Mathews, Madame Baudin, Madame Carey, Mr. R. McCheyne.
Per Cheduba.—For RANGOON.—Mr. O. Mallitt. For SINGAPORE.—Mr. Charles Brock, Mr. James Macdonald, Lieut. H. Wylie.

Per str. Moolan.—For MADRAS.—Ensign C. E. A. Tuck, Capt. C. W. Wilson, Major and Mrs. Simpson, Miss Trevor and family, Mr. W. Gregor, Mr. Trevor. For GALLE.—Dr. Waller. For BOMBAY.—Mr. F. Jennings. For ALEXANDRIA.—Capt. Clark. For MARSEILLES.—Mr. Michael, Mr. Squire, the Rev. E. C. Stuart, Master Rebsch, Mr. Jenkins, Mr. C. S. Rundle. For SOUTHAMPTON.—Mrs. Hume and family, Mrs. Peile and family, Mrs. Ouseley and family, Mr. and Mrs. McKee and family, Mrs. Beadon and family, Mrs. Grigor.

COMMERCIAL.

Calcutta, June 10, 1865.

GOVERNMENT SECURITIES.

Rate of Interest.	Stock.	Selling Price
4 per Cent. Sa. Rs. 88	90 Rs. 88	4 to 59 9
Do. Transfer Stock	Sa. Rs. 91	88 0 to 89 0
4 per Cent. Co's Rs. 91	11 0 to 0 0	
5 per Cent. P.W. Co's Rs. 101	1 12 to 2 Cpm.	
5 per Cent. Co's Rs. 109	0 0 to 0 0	
5 per cent. 56-57	Co's Rs. 109	101 12 to 102

EXCHANGE.

	On London.	Per Rupee.
Local Bank Bills	at 6 months' sight	1 11 15-16 to 2
First Class Credit	at 6 months' sight	2 0 to 2 0 8
Bills with Docks	at 6 months' sight	2 0 4 to 2 0 4
Bank Post Bills	at 1 months' sight	2 0 4 to 2 0 4

JOINT STOCK SHARES.

Stock.	Paid-up. Rs. each.	Quoted at Rs.
Agra and Masterman's Bank	500	1050 to 1100
Alliance Tea Company	85	10 to 12 pm.
Assam Tea Company	200	520 to 525
Balasun Tea Company	100	185 to 140
Bank of Bengal	1000	635 to 6630
Beerbhoom Coal Company	4000	7900 to 8200
Bengal Coal Company	1000	550 to 870
Bengal Coal Company	1000	1250 to 1300
Bengal Printing Company	100	15 to 10 dis.
Bengal River Company	1000	600 to 640
Bengal Tea Company	500	337 to 340
Bengal Tea Company	100	145 to 150
Bengal Tea Company	100	10 pm.
Bengal Oil Company	250	par Nominal
Bengal Credit Whaler (Lim.)	100	5 to 10 pm.
Bishnauth Tea Company	200	250
Bonded Warehouse Association	445	8 to 4 pm.
Borokai Tea Company (Limited)	25	par
British India Tea	80	par
Brunton's Press Company (Limited)	50	2 to 3 pm.
Burdwan Stone Company	100	75 to 80
Cachar and Assam Tea Company	200	185
Cachar Tea Company	115	15 to 16 dis.
Cachar Tea Company	600	700 to 710
Cachar Tea Company	450	50 to 55 pm.
Calcutta Docking Company	700	1300 to 1310
Calcutta Docking Company	600	550 to 555
Calcutta Steam Tug Association	52	53
Calcutta and South Eastern Railway	100	101
Central Assam Tea Company	200	250 to 255
Central Cachar Tea Company	200	260 to 262
Chatlwar Tea Company	25	5 to 10 dis.
Commercial Transport Association	100	90 to 92
Dehra Doon Tea Company	500	715
Delhi Bank Corporation	100	96 to 97
Doon Teria Tea Company	100	96 to 97
Jooteria Tea Company (Limited)	45	5 dis.
Durrug Tea Company	100	75 to 80
E. B. Indigo Company	100	20 to 22
East India Coal Company	218	par
East India Railway Company	100	116 to 120
East India Tea Company	80	12 to 13 pm.
Eastern Bengal Tea Company	100	55 to 56
Eastern Cachar Tea Company	85	125 to 130
Eastern Cachar Tea Company	85	20 to 22 pm.
Eastern Bengal Railway Company	218	216
Eastern Steam Tug Company	1000	1150 to 1170
Eastman and Company	500	230 to 235
Equitable Coal Company	250	215 Nominal
Ganges Steam Navigation Company	500	235
Great Eastern Hotel Company	250	308
Gola Ghaut Tea Company	250	272 to 275
Goosery Cotton Mills	85	30 to 35 dis.
Hindustan, China, and Japan Bank	250	290
Hooghly Steam Tug Company	1000	5
Hooghly Lighter Association	80	10 to 15 dis.
Hope Town Tea Association	100	105
Hope Town Equitable Tea Company	100	105
Howrah Docking Company	535	555 to 540
Hunter and Company	250	200 to 220
India General Steam Navigation Co.	1000	750 to 750
Jorehaut Tea Company	200	745 to 750
Kunchunpore Tea Company	100	230
Kurseong and Darjeeling Tea Co.	125	20 to 25 pm.
Kurseong and Darjeeling Tea Co.	250	245 to 245
Land Shipping	100	3 to 5 dis.
Leibong and Minchon Tea Company	65	par to 5 pm.
Loctv. Cotton Screw Company	25	par
Lower Assam Tea Company	35	par
Luckimere Tea Company	155	50 to 55 pm.
Monacherra Tea Company	60	par
Moran Tea Company (Limited)	70	13 to 14 pm.
Muttuck Tea Company	50	par
Mutual Tea Company	100	123
National Bank of India (Limited)	250	16 to 18 pm.
New Fort Gloster Company	600	1400 to 1450
North-West Indigo Company	100	70 to 75
North-West Screwing Company	50	par
Oriental Gas Company	21	14 to 12
Peoples Bank of India	100	75
Port Canning Land Company	100	50 to 55 dis.
Punjab Bank	100	120
Punjab Trading	75	10 pm

Punkabarre Tea Company	100	100	dull
Ramghur Tea Company	37	par	Nominal
Royal Bank of India	100	par	
R. Scott Thomson and Company	65	par	
Screwing Company (Limited)	495	495	
Sea Salt Company	200	185	
Seebaugor Tea Company	80	par to 10 pm.	
Simla Bank	100	82	
Simla Club and N. W. Wine Company	500	650 to 655	
Soom Tea Company	90	par	
Soorisore Tea Company	60	13 to 15 pm.	
South Cachar Tea Company	750	1500 to 1510	
Spence's Hotel Company	100	450 to 480 pm.	
Strand Pressing Company (Limited)	100	78 to 80	
Sylhet and Cachar Tea Company	250	230	
Tirhoot Indigo	623	9 to 10 pm.	
Tuckvar Tea Company	200	165 to 170	
Union Steam Tug Company	200	175 to 180	
Upper Assam Tea Company	200	200 to 205	
Victoria Tea Company	70	par	
Ditto, contributory	250	220 Nominal	
Ditto, contributory	100	180 to 182	
Ditto, contributory	250	235 to 240	
Ditto, contributory	190	14 to 16 dis.	

FREIGHTS.

	To London.	To Liverpool.
Saltpetre	£20 15 6 to 0 0 0	Nominal.
Sugar	Nominal.	Nominal.
Rice	Nominal.	Nominal.
Seeds	1 15 0 to 1 10 3	1 5 0 0 0 0
Jute	1 10 0 to 1 12 6	1 5 0 1 7 6
Cotton	Nominal.	2 0 0 2 5 0

MADRAS.

FAREWELL ORDER OF SIR HOPE GRANT.

As our readers are already aware, the late Commander-in-Chief and Lady Grant embarked for Europe by the last steamer, bearing with them the heart-felt good wishes of the whole community of Madras, where they were much respected and liked for their many eminent qualities, and for the good that they took delight in doing. Prior to his departure Sir Hope Grant issued a farewell general order to the army, in which he spoke of its discipline and efficiency in the highest terms. A valedictory address was presented to Lady Grant and himself by the society of Madras, and they are requested to sit for their portraits when they reach home, which will be fitly placed in the Lawrence Asylum at Ootacamund.

The Farewell Order is as follows:—

1. Lieut.-governor Sir J. Hope Grant, G.C.B., having been appointed by her Majesty quarter-master-general of the forces, and Lieut.-general Sir J. Gaspard LeMerchant, G.C.M.G., having arrived to relieve him of his command, his Excellency bids farewell to the officers and soldiers who have served under him during the last three years and a-half.
2. When he assumed command of the Madras army in 1861, the amalgamation of the local European forces with the British army had just been ordered, and in the following year it was carried into effect. Sir Hope Grant cannot forbear from noticing the excellent spirit and activity displayed by all ranks of the Artillery and the new line regiments in carrying out this important measure. Very great changes were necessary to assimilate the Artillery with the old Royal Artillery, so as to secure perfect uniformity; these have been most successfully effected.
3. The conduct of the whole of the European troops has been very good during his Excellency's command, but especially so during the past year, in which courts-martial have been fewer, and the crimes of a less serious nature.
4. Sir Hope Grant further desires to place on record the high opinion he entertains of the discipline and efficiency of the Native Army of Madras. The continual foreign service to which every regiment is habituated tends very materially to their usefulness.
5. The Madras Army has not had much opportunity of late years of seeing active service, but portions of it have served under his Excellency both in Bengal and in China, where they behaved exceedingly well, especially the Sappers, who proved themselves to be good and steady workmen under fire. The conduct of the whole Native Army has been most exemplary.
6. The Commander-in-Chief begs to thank the officers of every arm in this Presidency for their zeal on all occasions.
7. Sir Hope Grant desires to thank Major-generals Williams, Armstrong, the Hon. A. A. Spencer, C.B., McCleverty, Duke, and McLeod, commanding divisions; as also the inspector of Royal Artillery, the brigadier-generals commanding brigades, and the officers commanding regiments, corps, and bat-

teries, for the support they have given him in carrying out their duties.

8. He is also much indebted to the staff and heads of departments for the able assistance they have always given him, especially to Colonel Primrose, adjutant-general; to Lieut.-col. Woods, who was adjutant-general up to the time of the amalgamation of the staff; to Lieut.-col. Scott, quarter-master-general; to Col. Pritchard, judge-advocate-general; to Dr. Cole, principal inspector-general; to Dr. Inglis, C.B., deputy inspector-general of her Majesty's hospitals.

Sir Hope Grant feels bound to add that the duties of the Ordnance and Commissariat Departments have been most effectually carried out; and he tenders his best thanks to Colonel Simpson and Colonel Hill, the heads of these two departments.

9. All reports from this date will be made to Lieutenant-General Sir J. Gaspard Le Merchant, G.C.M.G.

MISCELLANEOUS.

THE GOVERNOR.—It is rumoured that Sir W. Denison does not purpose to pass the present hot season on the Neigherries; but it is said to be his Excellency's intention to take up a house in Bangalore, where Lady Denison and family will reside, while he himself will be up and down occasionally.

THE BISHOP'S VISITATION TOUR.—The Right Reverend the Bishop of Madras has informed the Honourable the Governor in Council that he intends to commence, on Friday, 23rd June, a tour of visitation through a large part of the diocese, viz., the Ceded districts, Mysore, Malabar, Travancore, and Tinnevely, returning to Madras next February.

AN AMBITIOUS LADY.—We dare say but few of our readers ever heard of a potentate who styles himself Rajah of Sumpthur. Sumpthur is a petty raj in Central India, the chief of which having become insane, his Rane assumed charge of the affairs of the State, in trust for her minor son. The sweets of power once tasted are not easily laid aside—the Rane on her son's attaining his majority refused to abdicate, or to give up any of the authority she wielded. The matter was brought to the notice of the Viceroy, who, looking only to its merits, condemned the conduct of the ambitious lady, and instructed his representative in Central India to transfer the government to the young chief.

MESSES AND BANDS.—We fear that the days of these old established regimental institutions are numbered in the Madras Native Army; the following order, which appeared on the 6th instant, may be taken as a premonitory symptom of the early dissolution of Bands and Messes. "Officers commanding native infantry regiments will be good enough to send into the brigade office without delay, statements showing the debts and credits of their Regimental Mess and Band Fund on the 1st inst." A regiment without either a band or mess can hardly be called a regiment; any military man knows the influence these institutions have for good upon a corps, and much will be the regret, when they are swept away for aye and for ever. It is evident, however, that a regiment without officers cannot maintain in satisfactory working order institutions for whose existence a fair number of officers is necessary. The above order may be regarded, we think, as a preparatory step to the introduction of the irregular system.

THE REVENUE DEPARTMENT.—We hear that several great changes will soon take place in the Uncovenanted Branch of the Revenue Department. Government, it is said, have resolved upon removing from active service all such deputy collectors, thasildars, &c., as have served the requisite period to entitle them to pension, with the view of infusing new blood into the department. With this object, returns are to be called for of all super-annuated uncovenanted officials. If this resolution were put in force in the other departments of Government as well, much good would, no doubt, be the result.

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AN EASTERN SATIRIST ON WESTERN MANNERS.—The freedom and publicity of action allowed to Christian women must strike the true Asiatic as inexplicable. The *Dnyanprakash*, a Marathi paper translated by *Native Opinion*, publishes a letter thus caricaturing the European ideas on this subject. The writer, who

signs himself *Ghost*, is made to say that the Queen is going to issue the following commands regarding the conduct of husband and wife towards each other. Every husband must bow twelve times to his wife the first thing in the morning. Next he should fetch water and bathe her, and having washed her clothes cook for the family. After that he should seat her in a becoming manner, and serve her food. He is then to give her *Vida*, and then care for his own stomach. The wife in her turn must kick him twelve times early every morning, and, making him work at the usual drudgery, go to office. Women are at perfect liberty to behave as they like. Adultery will not be reckoned sinful, neither will the Government look upon it as penal. The women are fully authorised to use the rod towards their husbands.

NEW SYSTEM OF WEATHER SIGNALS.—Government has at last awakened to a sense of something being necessary in a port like Calcutta to enable captains of ships to prepare for the heavy gales so often experienced. The master attendant has been directed to place himself in communication with the Meteorological committee appointed by Government. The object of this movement on the part of the authorities is said to be the establishment of a system of weather signals, to be carried out by the marine department in accordance with the suggestion of the committee. It is in contemplation also to turn to account the experience and observations of the officers in charge of the Saugor and False Point lighthouses, and those of the commanders of the light vessels. We trust the carrying of this idea into effect will meet with as few official delays and obstructions as possible.—*Englishman*.

ECONOMY IN INDIA is evidently at its wits end for victims, and for occasions on which it might do service to the State. The other day it prompted the Supreme Government to inquire why the salaries of the police magistrates in Calcutta had been raised from 800 to 1,500 rupees per mensem? Verily the question is one to be asked in all seriousness, and answered with the greatest possible gravity. The Bengal Government replied that the salaries had been gradually raised because it was found that properly qualified persons could not be had at the "former figure!" Mr. Beadon might have also added—and scarcely at the latter rate. 1,500 rupees per mensem is not a very large income for a barrister of any standing, unless he has no practice.—*Englishman*.

THE INDIAN BRANCH RAILWAY.—The first quarterly inspection report of the Nulhatee and Azimgunge line does not speak favourably of the condition of the fencing, and indeed the whole seems to be a gingerbread affair—we mean, of course, on this particular line. Major Hovenden says:—"The passenger-carriages are of great length, and open throughout their length, somewhat like the American cars. They are not uncomfortable, but are deficient in roof ventilation. Each carriage runs on six wheels. They are somewhat flimsy in construction, but appear to answer very well for a low rate of speed. The goods-wagons are of various patterns, having been constructed at various times as experiments, with a view of ascertaining how the requisite strength and capacity could be obtained with the smallest amount of dead weight and at the least cost.—*Hurkaru*."

THE RESIDUE OF THE REBELS IN OUDE would seem to be in but a bad plight. When the late Dundoopt Nana Rao, Umer Singh, and Huzrut Mahal first sought an asylum in Nepal they led about 1,700 men, women, and children with them into exile. Disease and privation have done their work in reducing the little band of rebels; and recently cholera was reported as having broken out amongst the few surviving. At present they number but twenty-one, and to these we think the Government would do well to hold out some hope of amnesty.—*Hurkaru*.

HONOURS AT A DISCOUNT.—We (*Hurkaru*) hear of a strange sequel to the dissatisfaction expressed by the Goorkhas at the Indian mutiny medal. It would seem that the Nepalese think but little of what the medal is meant to typify, whilst they do set considerable store on the actual value of the reward to be given them. They have lately suggested that, if the Government have no objection, they would be glad to receive the value of the 17,000 medals distributed amongst them, in Terai lands, and that, of course, if the Government agree to this, they would at once return all the medals. We trust the lesson will not be thrown away.

A FRENCH RAILWAY PROJECT REJECTED BY GOVERNMENT.—Sir Charles Wood has refused to give any assistance to a French project of a railway from Pondichery to Tripatore on the Madras line, because it would divert to Pondichera much of the traffic which now goes to Madras, and the Madras line does not nearly pay the guaranteed interest. The collector of South Arcot and the Madras Government were anxious that the line should be made. We hope yet to see the French undertake it on their own account, when their territory has been increased by land given in exchange for Chandernagore.—*Friend of India*.

SHIPPING.

ARRIVALS.

June 2. Essex, Nash, London; Maha Ranees, Kitesen, London; Muscat Merchant, Roberts, Tellicherry.—4. Rangoon, Templeton, —; Ann, Hugon, Bombay; City of Ningpo, —, London; Daniel Rankin, Miller, Shields; Arracan, Potts, Liverpool; Her Majesty, Sain, Liverpool.—5. India, Lewis, Bombay.—6. John Bellamy, Calbert, London; Cambridge, Peters, Liverpool; Brewster, Clark, Batavia; Tensasrim, Howson, Liverpool.—7. Arabia, Patterson, Singapore; Pride of England, Rohoman, Cardiff.—8. Stirling Castle, Bailiff, Liverpool; Georgina, Nobman, Bombay; Lloyd Rayner, Pollock, Sydney.

PASSENGERS ARRIVED.

Per Tivoli.—Mr. Silvester.
Per Gunga.—Mr. C. Arnold, Mr. A. Lawrence.
Per Thunder.—P. Avdall, Mr. Holter.
Per Muscat Merchant.—Mrs. Childes, Capt. R. Spence.
Per Atlet Rohoman.—Mrs. Jones, Mrs. Smally, Miss Douglas.
Per Lloyd Rayner.—Mr. W. M. Bart.
Per Essex.—Capt. and Mrs. Webster, Mr. and Mrs. Hoyle and three children, Mrs. Argles and two children, Mr. Nightingale, Capt. Walcott, 57th N.I., Mrs. and Miss Walcott, Lieut. Bennett, H.M.'s 9th Regiment, Lieut. Pringle, 8th N.I., Lieut. Downes, H.M.'s 107th Regiment, Mr. Thomas, Miss Low, Mrs. Hunter and child.
Per Rangoon.—Mr. Wilson.
Per Anne.—Mr. Hugon.
Per City of Ningpo.—Mr. Workman, Mr. Scanlan.
Per India.—The Rev. Mr. and Mrs. Myers, the Rev. Mr. and Mrs. Kellogg, Mrs. Pritchard, Capt. Begbie, Lieut. Harvey, Lieut. Tyredille, Lieut. Montgomery, Mrs. Duffin, Mr. J. Wood, Serg. Coleman, wife, and two children.
Per John Bellamy.—Mrs. Calbert and two children.
Per Brewster.—Mr. M. H. Clark.
Per Arabia.—Miss Claude, Capt. Owen, Mr. C. Coaslet, Mr. B. Anderson, Mr. Sevenoaks, Mr. Duncan, Mr. R. B. Dickenson.

DEPARTURES.

May 26. Shaw Allum, Clark, Mauritius; National Eagle, Mathews, Boston; John Bright, Betham, Singapore and Hong Kong; Arratoun Apar, Gardener, Straits and Hong Kong.—27. Ravensbourne, Richardson, London; Red Jacket, Pope, Liverpool; Stier, Ferron, Bourbon.—28. Queen of Australia, Rudolf, London.—29. Sophia Joakim Moscrop, Mauritius; Audubon, Thader, Boston.—30. Bernice, Melchonas, Bourbon; Joven Louis, Winter, Singapore.—31. Candia, Macanara, Suez; Unrivalled, Hedgecock, Mauritius; Hypatia, Thompson, Mauritius; Patriot Queen, Carg, Liverpool; Philaneme, Hauterine, Colombo.—June 1. Star of Erin, Ewing, London; City of Bombay, Arnir, London.—2. Burma, Irvine, Akyab; Punjab, McCallum, Bombay.—3. Osiris, Roger, Bourbon.—4. Meinam, Gouvin, Gallé.—5. Thomas Brocklebank, Graham, Liverpool; Rajmahal, Landsborough, Liverpool; Glenlee, Stephen, Clyde; Clytemnestra, Stewart, Liverpool.—7. Konghtye, Whyte, Rangoon; Leonardo Da Vinci, Sescotto, Shanghai.—8. Cheduba, Maddison, Moulmein, Rangoon, and Straits; Robinson Crusoe, Darlington, Colombo; Moulmein, Gray, Chittagong and Akyab; Consul, Barclay, Liverpool.—9. City of Amoy (port not mentioned).—10. Mail str. Mooltan, Suez.

PASSENGERS DEPARTED.

Per str. Burma and Punjab.—For AKYAB.—Mr. and Mrs. Stewart and child. For BOMBAY.—Mr. and Mrs. Bickers and child, Mr. W. R. Mason, Miss Denis.
Per str. Meinam.—Mons. F. Lamoureux, Lieut. Froisher, Mr. H. T. Bernard, Mr. F. Y. Smith, Mr. Budding, Mr. McEachren, Mr. E. Manoch, Mr. W. Wright, Mr. E. Hardy, Mr. Gilbert, Mr. Robert Tucker, Mr. N. Tween, Mr. W. E. Crum, Mr. W. G. Mathews, Madame Baudin, Madame Carey, Mr. R. McCheyne.
Per Cheduba.—For RANGOON.—Mr. O. Mallitt. For SINGAPORE.—Mr. Charles Brock, Mr. James Macdonald, Lieut. H. Wyllie.

Per str. Mooltan.—For MADRAS.—Ensign C. E. A. Tuck, Capt. C. W. Wilson, Major and Mrs. Simpson, Miss Trevor and family, Mr. W. G. Gregor, Mr. Trevor. For GALLE.—Dr. Waller. For BOMBAY.—Mr. F. Jennings. For ALEXANDRIA.—Capt. Clark. For MARSEILLES.—Mr. Michael, Mr. Squire, the Rev. E. C. Stuart, Master Rebsch, Mr. Jenkins, Mr. C. S. Rundle. For SOUTHAMPTON.—Mrs. Hume and family, Mrs. Peale and family, Mrs. Ouseley and family, Mr. and Mrs. McKee and family, Mrs. Beadon and family, Mrs. Grigor.

COMMERCIAL.

Calcutta, June 10, 1865.

GOVERNMENT SECURITIES.

Rate of Interest.	Stock.	Selling Price
4 per Cent. Sa. Rs. 90	Rs. 88 4 to 89 9	
Do. Transfer Stock	Sa. Rs. 91	88 0 to 89 0
4 per Cent. Co.'s Rs. 91	11 0 to 0 0	
5 per Cent. P.W. Co.'s Rs. 101	1 12 to 2 Cpm.	
5 per Cent. Co.'s Rs. 109	0 0 to 0 0	
5 per cent. 56-57	Co.'s Rs. 109	101 12 to 102

EXCHANGE.

	On London.	Per Rupee.
Local Bank Bills	at 6 months' sight	1 11 15-16 to 2
First Class Credit	at 6 months' sight	2 0 to 2 0 8
Bills with Docks	at 6 months' sight	2 0 4 to 2 0 4
Bank Post Bills	at 1 months' sight	2 0 4 to 2 0 4

JOINT STOCK SHARES.

Stock.	Paid-up. Rs. each.	Quoted at Rs.
Agra and Masterman's Bank	500	1050 to 1100
Alliance Tea Company	85	10 to 12 pm.
Assam Tea Company	200	620 to 625
Balagan Tea Company	100	135 to 140
Bank of Bengal	1000	6350 to 6630
Ditto Interest bearing	4000	7900 to 8200
Beerbhoom Coal Company	1000	550 to 870
Ditto	200	Nom. to 175
Bengal Coal Company	100	15 to 10 dis.
Bengal Printing Company	1000	600 to 640
Bengal River Company	500	337 to 340
Ditto	100	145 to 150
Bengal Tea Company	100	10 pm.
Ditto new paid-up	250	par Nominal
Bengal Oil Company	100	5 to 10 pm.
Bengal Credit Mobilier (Lim.)	200	250
Bisnauth Tea Company	10	3 to 4 pm.
Ditto, contributory	445	650
Bonded Warehouse Association	25	par
Borokai Tea Company (Limited)	80	par
British India Tea	50	2 to 3 pm.
Brunton's Press Company (Limited)	100	75 to 80
Burdwan Stone Company	200	155
Cachar and Assam Tea Company	115	15 to 16 dis.
Ditto (Contributory)	600	700 to 710
Cachar Tea Company	450	50 to 55 pm.
Ditto	700	1300 to 1310
Calcutta Docking Company	600	550 to 555
Calcutta Steam Tug Association	52	53
Calcutta and South Eastern Railway	100	101
Central Assam Tea Company	200	250 to 255
Central Cachar Tea Company	200	260 to 262
Ditto, new shares	25	5 to 10 dis.
Chatlawhar Tea Company	100	nom.
Commercial Transport Association	100	90 to 92
Dehra Doon Tea Company	500	715
Delhi Bank Corporation	100	98 to 97
Dooh Teria Tea Company	100	96 to 97
Dooteriah Tea Company (Limited)	45	5 dis.
Durrug Tea Company	100	75 to 80
E. B. Indigo Company	100	20 to 23
East India Coal Company	218	par
East India Railway Company	100	118 to 120
Ditto, contributory	80	12 to 13 pm.
Eastern Bengal Tea Company	50	55 to 56
Eastern Cachar Tea Company	100	135 to 130
Ditto, contributory	85	20 to 22 pm.
Eastern Bengal Railway Company	215	216
Eastern Steam Tug Company	1000	1150 to 1170
Eastman and Company	250	220 to 225
Equitable Coal Company	250	215 Nominal
Ganges Steam Navigation Company	500	Nominal
Great Eastern Hotel Company	250	255
Gola Ghaut Tea Company	230	308
Ditto new shares	250	272 to 275
Goosery Cotton Mills	85	30 to 35 dis.
Hindustan, China, and Japan Bank	250	280
Hooghly Steam Tug Company	1000	6
Hooghly Lighter Association	80	10 to 15 dis.
Hope Town Tea Association	100	105
Hope Town Equitable Tea Company	100	105
Howrah Docking Company	535	535 to 540
Hunter and Company	250	200 to 220
India General Steam Navigation Co.	1000	750 to 780
Jorehaut Tea Company	200	745 to 750
Kunchunpore Tea Company	1000	250
Ditto, contributory	125	20 to 25 pm.
Kurseong and Darjeeling Tea Co.	250	245 to 249
Ditto, contributory	125	3 to 5 dis.
Landing Shipping	100	20 to 25 dis.
Leibong and Minchou Tea Company	65	par to 5 pm.
Loctv. Cotton Screw Company	25	par
Lower Assam Tea Company	35	par
Luckimpore Tea Company	155	50 to 55 pm.
Monacherra Tea Company	60	par
Moran Tea Company (Limited)	70	13 to 14 pm.
Muttuck Tea Company	50	par
Mutual Tea Company	100	123
Ditto, contributory	70	16 to 18 pm.
National Bank of India (Limited)	250	par
New Fort Gloster Company	600	1400 to 1450
North-West Indigo Company	100	70 to 75
North-West Screwing Company	60	par
Oriental Gas Company	21	14 to 12
Peoples Bank of India	100	75
Port Canning Land Company	1000	50 to 55dct.
Punjab Bank	100	120
Punjab Trading	75	10 pm

Pankaburre Tea Company	100	100	dull
Ditto	37	par	Nominal
Ramghur Tea Company	100	par	
Ditto	65	par	
Royal Bank of India	495	495	
R. Scott Thomson and Company	200	185	
Screwing Company (Limited)	80	par to 10 pm.	
Sea Salt Company	100	82	
Seebaugor Tea Company	500	650 to 655	
Simla Bank	90	par	
Simla Club and N. W. Wine Company	80	12 to 15 pm.	
Soom Tea Company	1000	1500 to 1510	
Soorisore Tea Company	750	450 to 480 pm.	
Ditto	100	78 to 80	
South Cachar Tea Company	250	230	
Spence's Hotel Company	623	9 to 10 pm.	
Strand Pressing Company (Limited)	200	165 to 170	
Sylhet and Cachar Tea Company	200	175 to 180	
Tirhoot Indigo	200	200 to 205	
Tuckvar Tea Company	70	par	
Ditto, contributory	250	220 Nominal	
Union Steam Tug Company	110	180 to 182	
Upper Assam Tea Company	250	235 to 240	
Victoria Tea Company	190	14 to 16 dis.	
Ditto, contributory			

FREIGHTS.

	To London.	To Liverpool.
Saltpetre	£20 15 6 to 0 0 0	Nominal.
Sugar	Nominal.	Nominal.
Rice	Nominal.	Nominal.
Seeds	1 15 0 to 1 18 3	1 5 0 0 0 0
Jute	1 10 0 to 1 12 6	1 5 0 1 7 6
Cotton	Nominal.	2 0 0 2 5 0

MADRAS.

FAREWELL ORDER OF SIR HOPE GRANT.

As our readers are already aware, the late Commander-in-Chief and Lady Grant embarked for Europe by the last steamer, bearing with them the heart-felt good wishes of the whole community of Madras, where they were much respected and liked for their many eminent qualities, and for the good that they took delight in doing. Prior to his departure Sir Hope Grant issued a farewell general order to the army, in which he spoke of its discipline and efficiency in the highest terms. A valedictory address was presented to Lady Grant and himself by the society of Madras, and they are requested to sit for their portraits when they reach home, which will be fitly placed in the Lawrence Asylum at Ootacamund.

The Farewell Order is as follows:—

1. Lieut.-governor Sir J. Hope Grant, G.C.B., having been appointed by her Majesty quarter-master-general of the forces, and Lieut.-general Sir J. Gaspard LeMarchant, G.C.M.G., having arrived to relieve him of his command, his Excellency bids farewell to the officers and soldiers who have served under him during the last three years and a-half.
2. When he assumed command of the Madras army in 1861, the amalgamation of the local European forces with the British army had just been ordered, and in the following year it was carried into effect. Sir Hope Grant cannot forbear from noticing the excellent spirit and activity displayed by all ranks of the Artillery and the new line regiments in carrying out this important measure. Very great changes were necessary to assimilate the Artillery with the old Royal Artillery, so as to secure perfect uniformity; these have been most successfully effected.
3. The conduct of the whole of the European troops has been very good during his Excellency's command, but especially so during the past year, in which courts-martial have been fewer, and the crimes of a less serious nature.
4. Sir Hope Grant further desires to place on record the high opinion he entertains of the discipline and efficiency of the Native Army of Madras. The continual foreign service to which every regiment is habituated tends very materially to their usefulness.
5. The Madras Army has not had much opportunity of late years of seeing active service, but portions of it have served under his Excellency both in Bengal and in China, where they behaved exceedingly well, especially the Sappers, who proved themselves to be good and steady workmen under fire. The conduct of the whole Native Army has been most exemplary.
6. The Commander-in-Chief begs to thank the officers of every arm in this Presidency for their zeal on all occasions.
7. Sir Hope Grant desires to thank Major-generals Williams, Armstrong, the Hon. A. A. Spencer, C.B., McCleverty, Duke, and McLeod, commanding divisions; as also the inspector of Royal Artillery, and the brigadier-generals commanding brigades, and the officers commanding regiments, corps, and bat-

teries, for the support they have given him in carrying out their duties.

8. He is also much indebted to the staff and heads of departments for the able assistance they have always given him, especially to Colonel Primrose, adjutant-general; to Lieut.-col. Woods, who was adjutant-general up to the time of the amalgamation of the staff; to Lieut.-col. Scott, quarter-master-general; to Col. Pritchard, judge-advocate-general; to Dr. Cole, principal inspector-general, Medical Department; and to Dr. Inglis, C.B., deputy inspector-general of her Majesty's hospitals.

Sir Hope Grant feels bound to add that the duties of the Ordnance and Commissariat Departments have been most effectually carried out; and he tenders his best thanks to Colonel Simpson and Colonel Hill, the heads of these two departments.

9. All reports from this date will be made to Lieutenant-General Sir J. Gaspard Le Marchant, G.C.M.G.

MISCELLANEOUS.

THE GOVERNOR.—It is rumoured that Sir W. Denison does not purpose to pass the present hot season on the Neilgherries; but it is said to be his Excellency's intention to take up a house in Bangalore, where Lady Denison and family will reside, while he himself will be up and down occasionally.

THE BISHOP'S VISITATION TOUR.—The Right Reverend the Bishop of Madras has informed the Honourable the Governor in Council that he intends to commence, on Friday, 23rd June, a tour of visitation through a large part of the diocese, viz., the Ceded districts, Mysore, Malabar, Travancore, and Tinnevely, returning to Madras next February.

AN AMBITIOUS LADY.—We dare say but few of our readers ever heard of a potentate who styles himself Rajah of Sumpthur. Sumpthur is a petty raj in Central India, the chief of which having become insane, his Ranees assumed charge of the affairs of the State, in trust for her minor son. The sweets of power once tasted are not easily laid aside—the Ranees on her son's attaining his majority refused to abdicate, or to give up any of the authority she wielded. The matter was brought to the notice of the Viceroy, who, looking only to its merits, condemned the conduct of the ambitious lady, and instructed his representative in Central India to transfer the government to the young chief.

MESSES AND BANDS.—We fear that the days of these old established regimental institutions are numbered in the Madras Native Army; the following order, which appeared on the 6th instant, may be taken as a premonitory symptom of the early dissolution of Bands and Messes. "Officers commanding native infantry regiments will be good enough to send into the brigade office without delay, statements showing the debts and credits of their Regimental Mess and Band Fund on the 1st inst." A regiment without either a band or mess can hardly be called a regiment; any military man knows the influence these institutions have for good upon a corps, and much will be the regret, when they are swept away for aye and for ever. It is evident, however, that a regiment without officers cannot maintain in satisfactory working order institutions for whose existence a fair number of officers is necessary. The above order may be regarded, we think, as a preparatory step to the introduction of the irregular system.

THE REVENUE DEPARTMENT.—We hear that several great changes will soon take place in the Uncovenanted Branch of the Revenue Department. Government, it is said, have resolved upon removing from active service all such deputy collectors, thasildars, &c., as have served the requisite period to entitle them to pension, with the view of infusing new blood into the department. With this object, returns are to be called for of all super-annuated uncovenanted officials. If this resolution were put in force in the other departments of Government as well, much good would, no doubt, be the result.

CHOLERA, we regret to hear, is raging fearfully at Bellary and the neighbourhood.

SHIPPING.

ARRIVALS.

May 23. W. H. Haseldon, Rose, New Zealand.—24. Theresa, Barley, Mauritius; Hornet, Holland, Sydney; Penang, Drewitt, Calcutta.—25. Gunga, Talbot, Liverpool; P. and O. str. Mooltan, Dunn; Suez.—30. Bulnaguth, Markham, London; Olive Mount, Tanner, Morton Bay; Beauful Star, Castle, Mauritius.—June 1. Lloyd Rayner, Pollock, Sydney; Ann Cropton, Kerr, Liverpool; Highland, Perry, Glasgow; Amberwitch, Liverpool.—7. str. Melnam, Gauvain, Calcutta; Pasithra, Storer, Galle.—11. Barham, Way, London; Portchester, Dick, Mauritius.—12. Benares, Miller, Gopulpore.

PASSENGERS ARRIVED.

Per Theresa.—Dr. Lindsay, R. Bastion.
Per str. Penang.—A. Majoribanks, Esq., Mrs. Farquhar and two children.

Per P. and O. str. Mooltan.—For MADRAS.—H.E. Sir G. Le Marchant, Sir W. Brett, Maj. and Mrs. Bewan and infant, Capt. C. Bate, Capt. Campbell, Mr. E. Rogers, Surg. Lewis, Rev. A. Walker, Ens. C. S. Allan, Mary Symons and infant. For CALCUTTA.—Ens. C. Tuck, Mrs. Ausworth and two children, Mr. Maxwell, Surg. and Mrs. Thompson, Asst. surgo. A. Hall and D. Canny, Mr. G. Kemp, Ens. E. Craddock, Mr. Griffin, W. White, Mr. Snow, J. Cullen, J. Reed, O. Findlay, W. Knight, T. Hardie, Mrs. Campbell, Mr. and Mrs. Newburn and infant, Lieut. Maris, Lieut. Pearson, Mr. and Miss Hill, Capt. and Mrs. Robinson, Mr. Beaufort, Mr. Henderson, Mr. Onslow, Mr. Anthony, Mr. Hopkins, Mr. Gregor.
Per Lloyd Rayner.—Mr. W. Harp.

DEPARTURES.

May 29. India, Lewis, Calcutta.—June 1. Blackwall, Harrison, Mauritius; Regina, Linthorne, Ganjam; Francis Bamfield, Pender, Masulipatam.—5. Western Ocean, Ballie, Liverpool.—10. Octavia, Bristol, London, via Cuddalore.—13. Martha Birnie, McQueen, London.

PASSENGERS DEPARTED.

Per str. India.—For MASULIPATAM.—Mr. H. Hoskins, Mr. J. Wilson, Mr. Wilkins, Mr. Glennie. For COCANADA.—Mr. and Mrs. Fraser. For VIZAGAPATAM.—Col. Russell.

COMMERCIAL.

Madras, June 14, 1865.

BANK OF MADRAS.

Interest on Loans on deposit of Govt. Securities...	7 per ct.
On Cash Credits on do. (subject to commission of ½ per cent. on the sum granted) on amount drawn.....	7 per ct.
Discount on Government Bills	9 per ct.
Ditto on Private Bills, at or within 3 months...	9 per ct.
Loans on deposit of Government paper.....	6 per ct.

EXCHANGES.

Document Bills, at 6 months' sight.....	2 0½
Credit to 6 months.....	2 0 1-16
Agents' Bills on England, at 6 months ...	3 0
" " " at 3 months ...	1 1½
" " " at 1 month ...	1 1½
" " " at sight.....	1 1½
H.M.'s Treasury Bills	None.
Bank of England Post Bills.....	None.
Mauritius Government Bills.....	Nominal.
Ceylon ditto	"
Court of Directors' Bill on the Government of Bengal, 30 days' sight	Par.
Agents' Bills on Calcutta, 30 days	½ per ct. dis.
Ditto on Bombay	¼ per ct. dis.

RATES OF ADVANCE.

On Govt. 5½ per cent. Promissory Notes	100 per ct.
Ditto 5 ditto ditto	95 per ct.
Ditto 4½ ditto ditto	90 per ct.
Ditto 4 ditto Stock Receipts	80 per ct.
Ditto 4 ditto Promissory Notes Sicca ...	85 per ct.
Ditto 4 ditto ditto Company's	85 per ct.
Ditto 3½ ditto ditto ditto	— per ct.
On Tanjore ditto ditto ditto	98 per ct.

GOVERNMENT SECURITIES

5½ per cent. Loan	1859... 9 to 10 pm
5 per cent. ditto.....	1856-57... 9½ to 3½ pm
4 per cent.	1832-33... 9½ to 10½ dis
Ditto.....	1835-36... 9½ to 10½ dis
Ditto.....	1842-43... 9½ to 10½ dis
Ditto.....	1854-55... 9½ to 10½ dis
5 per cent. Transferable Book Debt	No transaction.
Tanjore Bonds	¾ per ct. dis.
Bank of Madras Shares.....	75 to 80 p.c. pm.

PRICE OF BULLION.

Sovereigns

FREIGHTS.

Cotton to London and Liverpool.—£1. 10s. to £2. 5s.
Skins, £1. 17s. 6d. to £2. 7s. 6d.

STOCK AND SHARE MARKET.—The demand for money continues very slack, and loans are readily obtainable at 6 per cent. on the deposit of Government Securities. Government paper is in little demand, and is slightly weaker. We quote Five-and-a-Half per Cents., 109 to 110; Five per Cents., 102½ to 103½; and Four per Cents., 89½ to 90½. Bank of Madras shares have also declined in value, and are now quoted at 75 per cent. premium, without buyers.

IMPORTS.—There has been a moderate inquiry for goods during the fortnight, and transactions have been on a fair scale. Our market has been prejudicially influenced, however, by transshipments from Bombay and Calcutta, and the apprehension of further supplies from those quarters has made the dealers less liberal in their offers during the last day or two.

EXPORTS.—The demand for cotton has gradually increased during the fortnight, and fair western has advanced from Rs. 150 to Rs. 155 per candy. The dealers are supplying the

market very cautiously, and are unwilling to enter into large contracts at current rates. The quantity sold during the fortnight has not been large, though the transactions have enabled the dealers to advance their rates from Rs. 15 to Rs. 20 per candy.

EXCHANGE.—Rates still tending downwards. Credits have been placed for this mail at 2s. 3-16d. to 2s. 0½d. Documents at 2½, and Bank Bills at 2s. 1-16d.

FREIGHTS.—There is no current demand for tonnage, yet the supply is almost daily increasing. Rates are almost nominal.

BOMBAY.

MISCELLANEOUS.

THE MAHARAJAH OF CASHMERE.—The Maharajah of Cashmere has, we hear, requested that the number of visitors to the happy valley be limited to two hundred. The difficulty is about coolies. His Highness recognises the fact that very considerable profit to trade accrues every year from the increasing number of visitors. The visitors have augmented at the rate of twenty-five per annum, since the days when the drama of Adam and Eve used to be played in the gardens of Shalimar, to the delight of Goolab Singh, who liked to exhibit "Ye manners and customs of ye English" to the best advantage. It is a very sensible and reasonable request upon the part of the Maharajah, and likely to be acceded to. Some names appear steadily every year whose owners might be requested to give way in favour of those who have not seen the valley. One thing is certain, and that is, that sport has materially diminished, partly under the energies of British sportsmen, and partly under the orders of the authorities, who have as much game as possible killed in the winter in order to diminish the attraction.—*Delhi Gazette.*

CHINA.

We take the following from the *China Mail* of May 30th:—

"From Pekin we learn that considerable satisfaction has followed the reinstatement of Prince Kung; he seems to have possessed the confidence of all excepting a few designing people. In the private correspondence of Sir F. Bruce his course of action during four years has been favourably pointed out to the home Government.

"From Tientsin, Newchang, and Cheefoo there is no news of importance.

"From Shanghai and the Yang-tze the intelligence is exciting. At Hankow the Imperialist troops have revolted, owing to arrears of pay, and now threaten the foreign settlements. Two of her Majesty's gun boats have given what protection they can, and in the meantime matters are steady. It has quickly become evident to the Chinese of all provinces that Europeans are sure to be protected, so that our frequent alarms for their safety invariably prove needless. What this will lead to in China remains to be seen; in the meantime it is an established fact that the English power is not to be despised.

"Chinkiang continues to attract favourable attention as a rising port of trade. There is nothing in the way of news from the place, unless it be the decidedly growing conviction that its facilities for trade in different respects will sooner or later place it above Shanghai.

"From Nankin we do not hear of much progress being made in the way of preparing the place as a trading mart. There are some dim rumours to the effect that there will be a second call upon Tseng-Kwo-fan to suppress rebels. San-ko-lin-Sin is said to have suffered different reverses in the north, and perhaps those continued acts of rebellion are worthy of consideration."

The subjoined is from the *North China Market Report*:—

SOOCHOW.—It was perhaps fortunate that Li Futai did not comply with the suggestions thrown out at the time of Kwo Sung-ling's departure for Fukien, by sending his artillery to co-operate with the force investing Chang-

chow, as it appears likely that the governor will find service for his batteries nearer home. Should the Nien-fei succeed in capturing Huei-an, and thence descend to Yang-chow, the Grand Canal traffic will be in their hands, and Chinkiang may suffer in consequence. So far foreigners are interested, but the Court of Pekin is likely to feel deeply any injury to which the great artery of the empire may be subjected by the insurgents. In such a case Li Futai could secure immunity only by bringing such a force into the field as might ensure success, while at any rate it would prove his devotion to the Imperial cause. The artillery is the most important branch of the disciplined Chinese army now in this province.

"From Shanghai, there is nothing to record in the way of political news.

"The rebels are said to have evacuated Chang-chow, so that our hints as to the speedy conclusion of the rebellion, have proved correct.

"From the other ports we have no news of importance.

"From Japan there is nothing worth reporting. Those who know Sir Harry Parkes are of opinion that he will make an excellent Japanese minister."

CEYLON.

The *C Colombo Observer* of June 17 contains the following:—

"The Committee on Military Expenditure will speedily be at work we presume. Its composition is to be as follows:—

Hon. R. T. Pennefather, Auditor-general, President; C. P. Layard, Esq., Government Agent, W.P. Member; W. J. MacCarthy, Esq., Registrar-general, do.; Alfred Wise, Esq., Chairman Chamber of Commerce, do.; Colonel Byrde, of Messrs. H. C. Byrde and Son, do.; C. B. Smith, Esq., Manager Ceylon Company (Limited), do. (The above have been appointed by his Excellency the Governor.) Dr. Fraser, Inspector-general of Hospitals, do.; Colonel Laffan, Royal Engineers, do.; and Deputy-commissary-general Fonblanque, do.;—with Mr. J. F. Dickson, it is said, as Secretary of the Commission.

"The commission, besides taking full evidence from all competent local authorities, will travel to different parts of the island, inspecting fortifications, barracks, &c.—probably, also, to Newera Ellia and Horton's Plains, to judge of their merits as Sanatoria.

"The Ceylon League has received numerous adhesions, and a public meeting is to be held on Wednesday, June 21.

"The railway system is to be extended, and altogether there are prospects of progress for the Colony. As yet the commercial crisis which is raging in Bombay has not reacted disastrously on Ceylon. Speculators in cotton have suffered, but the position of our own staple article is good. The burst of the Monsoon is over for the present and the weather is again not only hot but dry. There is some sickness but no epidemic.

"The present steamer takes from our shores, finally, we are sorry to believe, a Christian Missionary whose first arrival dates so far back as forty years ago. We allude to the Rev. R. S. Hardy who, after an absence of some fifteen years, returned to the island late in 1862, on a mission which he has well and thoroughly accomplished, that of re-organising the operations of the important Wesleyan Mission to the Singalese, assimilating the colonial to the home work. Mr. Hardy, besides his labours as an indefatigable Christian missionary, has taken a high place in the ranks of oriental literature."

The Northern Assam Tea Company (Limited) have this day paid, in terms of contract, the second instalment (£20,000) of the purchase money for "the north and eastern divisions" of the Assam Company's estates.



Official Gazette.

BENGAL.

BY THE GOVERNOR-GENERAL.

Simla, May 26.—Appointment:—

Mr. J. Halliday, hon. mag. for the town and dist. of Moulmein, to be a justice of the peace in British Burmah.

May 27.—Dr. J. C. Wisham, civil asst. surg., Fyzabad, has 2 mo. leave on m.c., under the rules applicable to mil. officers in civil employ, from such date as he may avail himself of the same.

The undermen. officers in the Central Provs. are invested with the powers of a mag.:—

Lieut. M. M. Bowie, asst. comsnr.

Lieut. J. H. Macdougall, ditto.

Lieut. H. J. Lugard, ditto.

Lieut. T. H. B. Brooke, ditto.

Lieut. J. A. Temple, ditto.

May 29.—Appointment:—

Lieut. W. F. Badgely, staff corps, adjt., 26th (Punjab) regt. N.I., to be a prob. asst. in the topographical branch of the survey dept.

Lieut. R. M. B. Thomas, asst. comsnr. in the Central Provs., is invested with the powers of a subord. mag. of the 1st class.

Dr. J. Anderson, apptd. by the Sec. of State to be curator of the Imperial Museum at Calcutta, assumed charge of his duties on March 3 last.

Mr. C. A. R. Browning, B.A., offic. director of public instruction in the Central Provinces, has leave to Europe for 15 mo., on m.c.

Appointment:—

Lieut. R. F. Lewis, R.A., attached to the Hazara mountain train battery, to offic. as 3rd class comy. of ordnance, during the period Capt. Tierney may offic. as 2nd class comy.

This supersedes G.G.O. No. 427, dated April 28, appg. Lieut. Lewis to the Hazara mountain train battery, Punjab irregular force.

H.E. the Gov. gen. of India has been pleased to appoint Capt. H. B. Lockwood, late 4th Eur. L.C., offic. A.D.C., to be an A.D.C. on H.E.'s personal staff, with effect from 22nd ult., the date on which Lieut. col. Blane assumed charge of the office of military sec. to the Viceroy.

With reference to G.G.O. No. 198 of Feb. 24, Ens. R. G. Kennedy, 55th foot, having returned from field service, resumed charge of his duty as A.D.C. on the personal staff of H.E. the Viceroy and Gov. gen. of India, on 15th ult.

SERGEANT MAJORS.

May 30.—It is hereby notified that the provisions of G.G.O. No. 318 of March 29, authorising an increase of pay to sergeant majors of regiments and battalions of infantry of the line, are equally applicable to sergeant majors attached to native regiments.

Capt. W. H. Macnaghten, of the late 5th Eur. L.C., paid doing-duty officer, 2nd cav., Hyderabad contingent, is permitted at his own request to resign his appt. in the contingent, and his services are accordingly placed at the disposal of H.E. the C. in C.

Appointment:—

Hyderabad Contingent—2nd Regt. Cav.

Lieut. G. B. Farrington, Madras staff corps, officg. paid doing-duty officer, to be paid doing-duty officer, v. Capt. W. H. Macnaghten, resigned.

The undermen. officer is admitted to the Bengal staff corps, with effect from the date specified opposite to his name, subject to the confirmation of the Right Hon. the Sec. of State for India:—

Capt. R. J. L. Crutchley, of H.M.'s 79th highlanders, late 2nd in com. 29th (Punjab) regt. N.I. (now cantonment mag. of Ferozepore), from July 21, 1862.

With reference to the notifications noted in the margin (May 31), issued by the Govt. of the N.W.P., the services of the undermen. officers are placed at the disposal of H.E. the C. in C.:—

Capt. (brevet major) M. J. White, of the late 26th N.I., district supnt. of police, Bijnore.

Lieut. (brevet capt.) W. Playfair, of the late 4th N.I., asst. district supnt. of police, Jhansie.

The undermen. officer has reported his return from England:—

2nd Capt. J. L. Watts, R.E.; date of arrival at Port William, May 11.

The undermen. officer is perm. to proc. to Eur., on leave, on m.c.:—

Lieut. W. R. M. Holroyd, of the Bengal staff corps, insp. of schools, Punjab, for 20 mo.

The undermen. officer is perm. to proc. to Eur., on leave, on m.c.:—

Lieut. col. R. T. Snow, of the Madras staff corps, dep. comsnr., 1st class, Central Provs., for 20 mo.

With reference to G.G.O. No. 165 of March 2, 1863, the name of the undermen. officer, who retired from the serv. under the annuity scheme of 1861, is removed from the list of the regtl. lieut. cols. of inf.:—

Lieut. col. (major gen., ret'd. list) J. Graham, by death.

June 1.—Lieut. W. C. Ramsden, of the gen. list, inf., is perm. to proc. to sea on m.c., and to be absent on that account for 4 months, from May 22, under the new regs.

The undermen. officer has reported his return from England:—

Lieut. A. L. Playfair, late 6th Eur. regt., adjt., 5th inf., Hyderabad contingent; date of arrival at Bombay, May 11.

BY THE LIEUT. GOVERNOR.

May 4.—No. 3,083.—Mr. R. C. Sterndale to be sub. asst. comr. of Rajmehal.

Mr. A. J. Fraser to be sub. asst. comr. of Deoghur.

May 6.—Lieut. A. E. Campbell to offic. as dep. comr. of Nowgong.

May 12.—The Hon. J. N. Bullen is reap. to be a comr. for the presidency town of Calcutta.

Dr. G. F. Hoff to be sec. to the Local Committee of Public Instruction at Bancoorah.

Mr. E. V. Westmacott to be asst. to the dep. comr. of Cachar, and to exercise the powers of a sub. mag. of the 1st class, and of a dep. coll. in that dist.

Mr. A. L. Clay, asst. mag. and coll., to have charge of the sub div. of Moonshegunge, and to exercise the powers of a sub. mag. of the 1st class, and of a dep. coll. in Dacca.

May 15.—Mr. H. C. B. C. Raban to be a joint mag. and dep. coll. of the 2nd grade, in the 24-Per-gunnahs, but to offic. as joint mag. and dep. coll. of Moorshedabad.

Maj. E. P. Lloyd to be dep. comr. of Nowgong, but to continue to offic. as cantonment mag. of Dinapore.

Capt. J. F. Sherer to be dep. comr. of Kamroop.

May 6.—Leave of absence:—

Mr. H. C. B. C. Raban, dep. comr. of Nowgong, for 3 mo., under section 6 of the covenanted service absentee rules.

Mr. T. Weldon, dist. supt. of police, Nowgong, for 1 yr., under para. 11 of the uncovenanted service absentee rules, together with prep. leave for 21 days.

May 8.—Dr. T. Duka, civil asst. surg. of Mon-ghyr, for 10 days, prep. to proceeding to Europe on m.c.

May 9.—Maj. J. Forlong, comdt. of the Behar mounted rifles, for 18 mo.

May 10.—Mr. C. T. Metcalfe, dep. comr. in the Bengal dooars, for 1 yr., with 20 days for preparation.

May 5.—Dr. G. Grant to be protector of labourers in Upper Assam under Act VI. (B.C.) of 1865.

The local limits within which the protector of labourers in Upper Assam will exercise the powers and authorities conferred by the said Act will be the districts of Luckimpore and Sibsaur.

Mr. C. Marshall to be protector of labourers in Cachar and Sylhet under Act VI. (B.C.) of 1865.

May 10.—The services of Maj. J. Smith, dist. supt. of police, Mymensing, are placed at the disposal of the Govt. of India in the military dept. at his own request.

May 11.—The services of Capt. W. Macdonald, in charge of the police in the Bengal dooars of Bhootan, are placed at the disposal of the Govt. of India in the military dept. at his own request.

April 20.—No. 2,915.—Appointments.—Dr. D. B. Smith to offic. as superint. gen. of vaccination and professor of midwifery, Medical College, with effect from the date on which he may have taken charge.

April 27.—Mr. J. Hart to be house surg. of the midwifery ward of the Medical College Hospital.

Mr. J. R. Hallett to be an asst. to the mag. and coll. of Burdwan and to exercise the powers of a sub. mag. of the 2nd class.

Mr. F. M. Avern to be a member of the municipal committee at Berhampore.

April 28.—Mr. G. F. Sadleir to be a member of the ferry fund committee at Seebaugor.

The Rev. T. Martin to be a member of the municipal committee at Serampore.

May 1.—Mr. P. D. Dickens, asst. mag. and coll., in temp. charge of the sub div. of Contai, is vested, under Sec. II., Act IX. of 1835, with the judicial powers of a superint. of Salt Chowkies.

Mr. G. J. B. T. Dalton to be an asst. to the comr. of Chota Nagpore, and to exercise in the dist. of Maunbhoom the powers of a sub. mag. of the 2nd class.

Mr. F. H. McLaughlin, asst. mag. and coll. of Sarun, is transf. to Shahabad, and is vested with the powers of a sub. mag. of the 2nd class in the latter dist. Mr. McLaughlin is also app. to be dep. reg. of assurances in the sub dist. of Arran, having its head-quarters at the Sudder station of the dist. of Shahabad.

Lieut. W. L. Samuells to be an asst. to the comr. of Chota Nagpore, but to continue to offic. as asst. comr. of Kamroop.

May 2.—Mr. W. T. Tucker, judge of Bancoorah, is vested with the powers of a special comr., under Regulation III. of 1828 in that dist.

The Hon. C. B. Trevor to be a member and president of the Board of Examiners.

The Hon. G. Campbell to be a member of the Board of Examiners.

Mr. C. F. Carnac to offic. as opium agent of Benares.

May 5.—No. 179.—Promotions.—The Lieut. gov. has been pleased to make the following promo. and changes in the engr. and upper subord. estab., with effect from April 1, 1865, in accordance with the standing orders by the Govt. of India, public works dept., Nos. 13 of 1865 and 85 of 1864:—

Engineer Establishment.

To be Executive Engineers of the Fourth Grade.

Mr. H. Dewes, special asst. engr., Darjeeling hill road.

*Lieut. J. M. Heywood, R.E., asst. engr., 1st grade, offic. exec. engr., Sylhet div.

*Mr. J. C. Vertannes, asst. engr., 1st grade, offic. exec. engr., Mahanuddy div.

*†Capt. G. N. Kelsall, R.E., asst. engr., 1st grade, Shillong div.

To be Assistant Engineers of the First Grade.

Mr. P. J. Neuville, asst. engr., 2nd grade, Presidency div.

Lieut. H. McV. Crichton, R.E., asst. engr., garrison engr.'s dept., Fort William.

†Lieut. J. Dundas, R.E., asst. engr., on special duty at the Presidency.

To be Assistant Engineer of the Second Grade.

Lieut. G. D'A. Jackson, gen. list, cav., prob. asst. engr., garrison engr.'s dept., Fort William.

To be Assistant Engineers of the Third Grade (on probation).

Mr. J. D. Beglar, prob. asst. engr., Chittagong div.

Mr. J. Robinson, prob. asst. engr., Burrakur div.

Mr. C. H. Ringwood, prob. asst. engr., Patna branch road div.

To be an Apprentice.

Mr. W. Fernie, prob. asst. engr., Burrakur div.

Upper Subordinate Establishment.

To be Sub Engineer of the First Grade.

Conductor G. F. Hardy, sub engr., 2nd grade, Dinapore div.

To be Sub Engineers of the Second Grade.

Mr. W. McCullagh, sub engr., 3rd grade, Balasore div.

Asst. comy. A. O'Berne, sub engr., 8rd grade, garrison engr.'s dept., Fort William.

Mr. D. Wren, sub engr., 8rd grade, Ramghur div.

To be Sub Engineer of the Third Grade.

Serg. J. Keane, supervisor, 1st grade, 1st div., Grand Trunk road.

To be Supervisors of the First Grade.

Mr. T. Smith, supervisor, 2nd grade, Ganges and Darjeeling road div.

Mr. H. O. Lange, supervisor, 2nd grade, Jessore road div.

To be Supervisors of the Second Grade.

Sub conductor W. Jackson, overseer, 1st grade, Bhaugulpore div.

Mr. W. Gatehouse, overseer, 1st grade, Ramghur div.

Mr. G. Pearson, overseer, 1st grade, Darjeeling div.

Mr. J. A. Bonnett, overseer, 1st grade, Sylhet div.

* The promotion of these officers will be subject to the rules prescribed in the standing order of the Government of India, Public Works Department, No. 70 of 1864.

† At present temporarily employed in the Bhojan Dooars.

Mr. A. West, overseer, 1st grade, Hidgellee div.
To be Overseers of the First Grade.
Mr. W. Browne, overseer, 2nd grade, Darjeeling div.
Mr. P. F. Hughes, overseer, 2nd grade, Darjeeling div.
Mr. J. McPherson, overseer, 2nd grade, Tumlook div.

Local.
Engineer Establishment.

To be Assistant Engineers of the Third Grade (on Probation).

Mr. J. O'Flaherty, prob. asst. engr., Hidgellee div.

Mr. J. R. K. Williams, prob. asst. engr., Hidgellee div.

Mr. J. Vernon, prob. asst. engr., Pres. div.

Mr. J. B. Stoney, prob. asst. engr., Nuddea (local roads) div.

May 9.—Lieut. R. C. Daubuz, R.E., exec. engr. (4th grade), assumed charge of the Bhaugulpore div. on the 2nd inst.

CUSTOMS.

Fort William, May 12.—Notice is hereby given that the Lieut. Gov. of Bengal, under the authority conferred on him by section 179, Act VI. of 1863, has this day approved and established the following revised valuations for the articles mentioned, and the said respective values shall from this date be the valuations of the said articles for the assessment of customs duty thereon at the ports of this Presidency until further notice:—

	Rs.	A.	P.
Jute, per bale of 300 lbs.	10	0	0
" cuttings, per bale of 225 lbs.	1	0	0
Sugar, per maund	5	0	0
Silk, per seer	10	0	0
Silk, Chussum and cocoon, per maund	33	0	0
Hides, cow, per corgie	20	0	0
" buffalo	35	0	0
Tea, per lb.	0	8	0
Coffee, per cwt....	25	0	0

May 29.—Apts:—

Dr. E. J. Gayer and Mr. W. V. G. Tayler, to be members of the local committee of public instruction at Mozufferpore.

May 30.—Mr. T. N. Norman to be asst. to the mag. and coll. of the 24 pergunnahs, and to exercise the powers of a subord. mag. of the 1st class, described in section XXII. of the code of criminal procedure (Act XXV. of 1861), and the powers of a dep. coll. in that dist.

June 1.—The following gentlemen to be members of the municipal committee at Burdwan, viz.:—

Messrs. F. Aitchison and W. E. Ward.

Mr. W. E. Ward wil act as vice-chairman of the committee.

June 2.—Mr. W. Fitzpatrick to be a member of the dispensary committee at Monghyr.

June 6.—The services of Lieut. H. A. Parkenham, in temp. charge of the office of cantonment mag. of Dinapore, are re-placed at the disposal of the Govt. of India in the military dept. from the 20th ult., the date on which he was relieved of the charge.

On the report of the board of examiners the following officers are declared to have passed the examination prescribed in the Govt. resolution of Nov. 19, 1861.—

By the Second or Higher Standard.

Messrs. J. Anderson and R. Porch.

Mr. C. E. C. Merington and J. Boxwell, still liable to a further examination in Urdu.

By the First or Lower Standard.—Messrs. D. M. Barbour, J. A. Hopkins, W. H. Grimley, J. A. Graham, H. Rattray, T. H. H. Shortt, J. J. Livesay, A. Yardley, A. C. Woodward, and R. C. Sterndale.

The foll. police officers have passed:—

Mr. W. D. Pratt.

Lieut. H. B. Sanderson, still liable to a further exam. in Bengalee.

App.—The foll. officers are vested with the powers of a mag. and dep. coll. in the districts mentioned:—

Mr. J. Anderson, Chumparam

Mr. R. Porch, Nuddea.

The foll. officers are vested with the powers of a subord. mag. of the 1st class, and the powers of a dep. coll. in the districts mentioned:—

Mr. D. M. Barbour, Patna.

Mr. J. A. Hopkins, Behar.

Mr. W. H. Grimley, Bhaugulpore.

Mr. J. A. Graham, Tirhoot.

Mr. T. H. H. Shortt, Palasore.

Mr. J. J. Livesay, Pooree.

Mr. A. Yardley, Midnapore.

The foll. officers are vested with the powers of a

subord. mag. of the 1st class, described in sec. 22 of the Code of Criminal Procedure (Act 25 of 1861), in the districts mentioned:—

Mr. H. Rattray, Dacca.

Mr. A. C. Woodward, Southal Pergunnahs.

Mr. R. C. Sterndale, Southal Pergunnahs.

BY THE LIEUT.-GOVERNOR, N.W.P.

Allahabad, May 12.—No. 2,752.—With reference to notification No. 86a, dated April 18, Mr. P. Caffery, exec. engr., 4th grade, took over charge of the 4th div., Grand Trunk Road, from Capt. Jackson, on the 1st inst.

No. 2,753.—With reference to notification No. 2,353, dated 17th ult., Mr. J. Wilson, overseer, 3rd grade, is posted to the Nowgong div., public works.

No. 2,759.—The following transfers are made:—
Mr. C. P. Shanan, overseer, 1st grade, from the 1st to the 3rd circle, for employment on the Agra and Bombay Road div.

Corporal H. Thompson, overseer, 3rd grade, from the 3rd to the 1st circle, for employment in the Bareilly div.

No. 502a.—Mr. J. Denham is app. to be an asst. dist. supt. of police, on probation.

No. 503a.—The underment. gentlemen are app. to offic. as asst. dist. supts. of police until further orders:—

Inspector T. Catania.

Mr. S. Smith.

Mr. G. Patten.

No. 504a.—Brev. maj. M. J. White, dist. supt. of police at Bijour, is permitted to resign his app. from the 20th ult., and his services are placed at the disposal of the Govt. of India, in the mily. dept.

No. 506a.—Capt. W. Playfair, asst. dist. supt. of police at Jhansie, is perm. to resign his app. from the 1st inst., and his services are placed at the disposal of the Govt. of India, in the mily. dept.

No. 514a.—Lieut. R. B. Graham is prom. from the 5th to the 4th grade of dist. supt. of police.

No. 515a.—Mr. E. Berrill is app. to offic. as dist. superint. of police at Bijour, during the absence of Capt. Fraser, or till further orders.

No. 516a.—Capt. the Hon. W. Fraser is app. dist. superint. of police at Bijour.

No. 517a.—Capt. J. T. Watson is app. district superint. of police at Saharunpore.

May 13.—No. 520a.—In accordance with the provisions of section 15 of Act V. of 1861, the Hon. the Lieut. gov. is pleased to direct that the village of Roodao, in Pergunnah Etmadpore, shall be charged, for the period of six months, with the cost of maintaining an additional police force, consisting of one head constable and four constables, which it has been found necessary to station in the village in consequence of the misconduct of the inhabitants.

May 13.—No. 81a.—Under sec. 52 of Act X. of 1862, the Hon. the Lieut. gov. is pleased to invest Mr. W. Johnston, comr. of stamps, N.W.P., with authority to institute prosecutions for offences under the said Act.

May 12.—No. 1,687a.—One mo.'s priv. leave of abs., under sec. 6 of the new Civil Service Absentee Rules, is granted to Mr. J. Inglis, comr. of Rohilkund, with effect from the 4th inst.

May 16.—No. 1,722a.—One mo. priv. leave of abs., under sec. 6 of the new Civil Service Absentee Rules, is granted to Mr. W. S. Paterson, civil and sess. judge of Agra, with effect from 10th inst., or from the subsequent date on which he may avail himself of the same.

May 18.—No. 1,738a.—Leave for 5 mo., under new civil service absentee rules, is granted to Mr. J. H. Batten, comsnr. of Agra, from June 1.

No. 1,743a.—Mr. B. Sapte, c.b., offic. civil and sess. judge of Cawnpore, is app. to officiate as comsnr. of Agra division during absence on leave of Mr. Batten.

No. 1,744a.—Mr. H. G. Keene, offic. civil and sess. judge of Allypore, is app. to officiate as civil and sess. judge of Cawnpore during absence on deputation of Mr. Sapte.

No. 1,745a.—Mr. Keene will make over charge of the current duties of the office of civil and sess. judge of Allypore to the principal sudder ameen.

No. 1,754a.—Hon. asst. surg. L. A. Sakes, offic. civil asst. surgeon of Oraie, is placed in charge of the gaol at that station, and is invested with powers of a magistrate, under sec. 22 of Act 25 of 1861, to be exercised within the precincts of the gaol under his charge.

No. 1,757a.—Lieut. J. Liston, offic. asst. comsnr. in Jhansie div., is app. to be asst. comsnr., with effect from date on which Lieut. J. M. Glubb vacated his appointment, in consequence of the expiry of his leave to Europe.

Nynce Tal, May 12.—No. 433a.—Agreeably to the

provisions of G.O.G.G. No. 354, dated Dec. 15, 1864, Lieut. col. J. H. Dyas, chief engr., irrigation works, entered upon his duties as under-secretary to this Govt., in the irrigation dept., on the 1st inst.

Allahabad, May 17.—No. 2,789.—With reference to notification No. 85a, dated 18th ult., Capt. J. T. Tovey made over charge of the Agra and Bombay road on the 28th idem to Asst. engr. lieut. J. B. Sparks, and assumed charge of the Cawnpore div., public works, from Capt. Jackson on the 8th inst.

No. 2,790.—With reference to notification No. 85a, dated 18th ult., Mr. T. Hamilton, asst. engr., received charge of the Agra and Bombay road on the 1st inst.

May 19.—No. 2,832.—Mr. P. Caffery, exec. engr., 4th class, having reported his return, on Nov. 21, 1864, from furlough, the unexpired portion of the leave granted is accordingly cancelled.

No. 2,833.—With reference to notification No. 1,634, dated March 17 last, Lieut. A. J. C. R. Cunningham, R.E., asst. engr., joined the Rohilkund Trunk road division on the 4th inst.

BY THE LIEUT.-GOVERNOR PUNJAB.

May 13.—No. 753.—The Hon. the Lieut. gov. is pleased to vest Mr. C. W. P. Watts, offic. depy. comr., Umritsur, with powers.

May 16.—No. 763.—Leave.—Capt. E. A. C. Lambert, cantonment mag. of Umballa, has priv. leave of absence for 1 mo., with effect from such date as he may avail himself of the same.

No. 764.—Appointment.—Maj. J. J. O'Brien, Bengal staff corps, to offic. as cantonment mag. of Umballa, during the absence of Capt. Lambert.

May 12.—No. 463.—Appointment.—With the concurrence of the Supreme Govt., the Hon. the Lieut. gov. is pleased to depute Mr. R. P. Jenkins, c.s., on special duty to Cashmere during the ensuing season.

May 11.—No. 267.—Appointment.—The serv. of Lieut. W. R. M. Holroyd, Bengal staff corps, having been replaced at the disposal of the Punjab Govt., from May 16, he is re-appointed inspec. of schools, Umballa circle, with effect from that date.

No. 268.—Leave.—Lieut. W. R. M. Holroyd, inspec. of schools, Umballa circle, has obtained the usual leave of absence to proceed to Calcutta to appear before a med. committee, prepy. to obtaining leave to Eur. on m.c., with effect from May 16, or such subsequent date as he may avail himself thereof.

May 15.—No. 1,073.—Leave:—Mr. A. R. Bulman, assist. comr., Mooltan, has obtained leave of absence for four mos. on private affairs, under sect. 9 of the civil absentee rules, with effect from such date as he may avail himself of the same.

No. 1,074.—Mr. J. Frizelle, assist. comr., Goorgaon, has obtained priv. leave of absence for one month, with effect from May 20, or such subsequent date as he may avail himself of the same.

No. 1,079.—Appointment.—With the sanction of the Rt. Hon. the Gov. gen. in Council, Lieut. C. McNeile, dist. superint. of police, Peshawur, is app. an assist. comr. of the 3rd class in the Punjab, and posted to the Peshawur district.

May 16.—No. 1,080.—Mr. H. E. Perkins, assist. comr., reported his departure to Europe on furlough on April 25.

No. 1,085.—The order by the officer comdg. at Kohat, appg. Assist. surg. E. Tandy, 3rd Sikh inf., to the medical charge of the gaol and civil establishments at Kohat, is confirmed.

May 11.—No. 338.—Appointment:—Mr. A. S. G. Young is app. assist. conservator on probation, and posted to the Ravie Forest division.

May 12.—No. 378.—Mr. S. Baness, supervisor, 2nd grade, 2nd div. Baree Doab Canal, is perm. to resign his appt. in the public works dept., from the date on which he may be relieved.

May 11.—No. 112.—Leave:—Lieut. R. H. Palmer, offic. exec. engr., 2nd div. Baree Doab Canal, is allowed 2 mos. priv. leave, in two instalments, from June 3, or such subsequent date as he may avail himself of the same.

May 12.—No. 116.—Mr. J. Perkins, clerk 7th grade, attached to the office of exec. engr., 2nd div. Baree Doab Canal, is allowed 3 mos. priv. leave from such date as he may avail himself of the same.

May 19.—No. 773.—Mr. H. S. Nicholletts, asst. dist. supt. of police, Lahore, has 2 mo.'s priv. leave from July 1, or such subsequent date as he may avail himself thereof.

May 20.—No. 777.—Leave.—Mr. J. McAndrew, dist. supt. of police, Montgomery, has obtained 2 mo. priv. leave of absence from the 5th June, or such subsequent date as he may avail himself thereof.

Mr. E. A. Marshall, asst. dist. supt., to offic. as dist. supt. during the absence of Mr. McAndrew.

May 23.—No. 783.—The foll. officers are declared by the central committee of examination to have passed the departmental tests by the higher standard:—

Lieut. M. Millett, asst. dist. supt. of police.

Lieut. L. Tucker, asst. dist. supt. of police.

Mr. F. Kelly, asst. dist. supt. of police.

Mr. W. Ward, asst. dist. supt. of police.

May 19.—No. 276.—Mr. H. H. Millett, offic. head master Delhi zillah school, has 1 mo. priv. leave of absence, with effect from May 1.

No. 1,094.—Appt.—Mr. W. B. Jones, C.S., is app. an asst. comr. of the 3rd class in the Punjab, with effect from March 16, and posted to the Delhi dist.

No. 1,095.—The services of Mr. W. B. Jones, asst. comr., are placed at the disposal of the Govt. of India, in the foreign dept., from March 29, for employment in the Central Provinces.

May 19.—No. 1,099.—Mr. M. Macauliffe, asst. comr., Goordaspoor, has obtained leave of absence, on m.c., for 2 mo., from the date of his availing himself thereof.

May 22.—No. 1,107.—Capt. C. C. Minchin, offic. dep. comr. of Dera Ghazee Khan, has obtained leave of absence for 3 mo., on m.c., with effect from July 1, or such subsequent date as he may avail himself thereof.

Lieut. E. G. Wace, asst. comr., to offic. as dep. comr. of Dera Ghazee Khan, during the absence of Capt. Minchin; and, for this purpose, he is vested with the powers described in section 1 of Act XV. of 1862.

No. 1,110.—Mr. A. W. Stogdon, C.S., is appointed an asst. comr. of the 3rd class in the Punjab, and posted to the Delhi dist.

No. 1,111.—The following officers are appointed asst. comrs. of the 3rd class in the Punjab, and posted to districts as specified opposite their names:—

Lieut. H. Gibson, Bombay staff corps, posted to Jullundur.

Lieut. J. Ketchen, gen. list, Bombay inf., posted to Rawul Pindia.

Lieut. C. H. T. Marshall, 37th Bengal N.I., posted to Umritsur.

Lieut. F. G. Hearn, 17th Bengal N.I., posted to Mozuffurgurh.

No. 1,112.—Mr. T. W. H. Tolbort, asst. comr., from the Mozuffurgurh to the Mooltan dist.

May 23.—No. 1,117.—Mr. C. A. Roe, asst. comr., Umritsur, has priv. leave for 1 mo., from such date after July 1 as he may avail himself thereof.

No. 1,122.—Mr. G. Kingmsmill, in civil medical charge of Jhung, to the civil medical charge of Montgomery.

May 20.—No. 597.—With reference to Punjab Gazette order, No. 4,887, dated Dec. 27, 1864, the portion of the Hindostan and Thibet Road from Kalka to Narkunda is retransferred from the Hill Roads Division to the Upper Sirhind Division, with effect from 1st current.

No. 598.—Transfers.—With reference to the above order, the following transfers are also ordered:—

Major T. Brown, c.n., asst. engr., 1st grade, Mr. W. Quarry, asst. engr., 3rd grade, and Sub Engr. Mr. A. Gibson, from the Hill Roads div. to the Upper Sirhind div.

May 22.—No. 623.—Leave:—

Mr. J. P. C. Anderson, exec. engr., 8th div. Grand Trunk Road, has obtained one mo. priv. leave from such date as he may avail himself of it.

No. 624.—Mr. A. Cregeen, asst. engr., 1st grade, Upper Sirhind div., has obtained 1 mo. priv. leave, from such date as he may avail himself of it.

BY THE COMMANDER IN CHIEF.

Head Quarters, Simla, April 19.—The following orders are confirmed:—

By the officer comdg. 14th N.I., dated 20th ult., directing the following appts., during the absence on sick leave of Lieut. col. C. C. G. Ross:—

Maj. C. W. Miles, 2nd in com. and wing officer, to offic. as comdt.

Capt. L. H. Williams, wing officer, to offic. as 2nd in com. and wing officer.

Lieut. and adjt. F. H. Woodgate to offic. as wing officer, in addition to his other duties.

Allahabad brig. order, dated 22nd ult., directing Asst. apothecary R. F. Knight, att. to the gen. hospital, to accompany a detachment of invalids proceeding towards Kussowlie on 23rd idem, and to return on completion of that duty.

Sealkote station order, dated 22nd ult., directing Vet. surg. J. Quallet, F batty. F brigade, royal horse art., to afford professional aid to the horses of

the 7th hussars, in addition to his other duties, with effect from 18th idem.

Agra garrison and station order, dated 23rd ult., directing officiating Asst. apothecary W. Sims to do duty in artillery division hospital.

By the officer comdg. 11th N.I., dated 27th ult., appg. Lieut. P. H. M. Wynter, late 32nd N.I., to officiate as doing duty officer.

By officer comdg. 1st Bengal cav., dated 29th ult., directing the following appointments, v. Major W. R. E. Alexander, app. to officiate as comdt. 2nd Bengal cav.:—

Capt. G. C. Thomson, 2nd squad. officer, to offic. as 2nd in com. and squad. officer.

Lieut. A. Lindsay, 3rd squad. officer, to offic. as 2nd squad. officer.

Lieut. T. W. Hogg, doing duty officer, to offic. as 3rd squad. officer.

Fort William garrison order, dated 3rd inst., appointing Asst. surg. F. Powell, garrison asst. surg., to offic. as garrison surg., in addition to his other duties, with effect from the 1st idem, v. Surg. maj. D. J. O. Callaghan, on leave.

Ferozepore brig. order, dated 5th inst., directing Lieut. col. G. Caulfield, Bengal inf., to assume command of the station, v. Col. J. Liptrap, Bengal inf., proc. on leave.

By the officer comdg. the 88th foot, dated 6th inst., app. Lieut. J. B. Whitley to act as qrmr., with effect from the 1st idem, v. Cuthbertson, who resigns the acting appt.

The leave granted to Lieut. col. H. Maisey, Bengal inf., dep. judge advocate gen., in G.O.C.C., dated 22nd ult., will be held to have commenced from the 25th instead of the 23rd ult.

The underment. officers have leave of abs.:—

Staff Corps.—Capt. C. W. Hawes (doing gen. duty, Rawul Pindia), from June 15 to Oct. 15, in ext. of priv. leave to visit Cashmere.

Royal Art.—Capt. F. G. E. Warren (D batty., 11th brig.), from date of embarkation, to England, via the Cape, doing duty with troops on the voyage.

2nd Dragoon Guards.—Capt. H. H. Steward, from April 15 to Oct. 15, to visit Nynee Tal; Capt. G. E. Logan, from April 15 to Oct. 15, to Mussoorie and the Hills north of Dehra; and Lieut. F. Greator, from April 15 to Oct. 15, to Simla.

7th Dragoon Guards.—Cornet W. R. Truman, from April 15 to Oct. 15.

5th Lancers.—Major F. R. C. Grant, from April 15 to Oct. 15, to Simla and hills north of Dehra; Lieuts. J. E. Gwyther and W. J. St. Aubyn, from April 15 to Oct. 15, to Mussoorie and hills north of Dehra.

23rd Foot.—Ensign J. J. Mahon, 1st batt., from date of embarkation to England, via the Cape of Good Hope, m.c.

36th Foot.—Capt. R. B. Lloyd, from April 15 to Oct. 15, to hills north of Dehra.

46th Foot.—Lieut. A. C. Kennedy, from April 15 to Oct. 14, to Madras, and Lieut. R. E. Brooks, from April 15 to Oct. 15, to Mussoorie.

77th Foot.—Capt. A. W. Williams, from April 15 to Oct. 15, to Calcutta and the Neigherries; and Ensign J. H. Bourne, from April 1 to May 31, to Almorah, on m.c.

90th Foot.—Ensign A. W. Bowman, from April 15 to Oct. 14, to Cashmere.

91st Foot.—Capt. H. A. Bond, from April 15 to Oct. 15, to proceed to the Neigherries.

94th Foot.—Lieut. R. L. Gwatkin, from date of availing himself of it, for 1 mo., to Calcutta.

Rifle Brigade.—Capt. J. Brett, 2nd batt., from April 15 to Oct. 15, to visit Murree; Capt. W. H. Deedes, 2nd batt., from April 15 to Aug. 15, to visit Cashmere.

Bengal Cav.—Lieut. col. F. W. Drummond, doing duty at Meerut, from April 15 to Oct. 15, to visit Simla, Mussoorie, Nynee Tal, and the hills north of Dehra.

General List, Inf.—Lieut. H. Howell, attached to the 15th Bengal cav., from Nov. 1, 1864, to Jan. 21, to Calcutta to study the native languages.

Late 4th Bengal European Cav.—Major J. H. Balmain, doing duty at Roorkee, from June 15 to Dec. 15, to Mussoorie and Calcutta, preparatory to retiring from the service.

Late 22nd N.I.—Lieut. col. W. J. Hicks, doing duty at Meerut, from April 15 to Oct. 15, to visit Almorah and the hills north of Dehra.

Late 45th N.I.—Capt. W. F. Edwards, doing duty at Meerut, from May 1 to Oct. 15, to visit Mussoorie and hills north of Dehra.

April 22.—Lieut. H. M. Parkerson (extra 1st class Hythe certificate), is app. instructor of musketry to the 82nd foot, from 15th inst. v. Capt. Brock, prom., subject to the approval of H.R.H. the Field Marshal C. in C.

The foll. Sylhet station orders are confirmed:—

Dated 2nd ult.—App. Lieut. J. H. C. G. Lassalle, doing duty officer, 5th N.I., station staff, v. Lieut. and Adj. H. Thompson, 39th N.I., proc. with his regt. to Cherrapunjee.

Dated 4th ult.—Directing Asst. surg. G. A. Watson, 5th N.I., to assume the civil med. duties of the station, in addition to his other duties.

April 22.—Dated 8th idem.—Directing Lieut. H. A. Rooke, late 12th N.I., to proceed and do duty at Benares.

Dated 12th idem.—Directing A. E. Osborn, late 45th N.I., to do gen. duty at Barrackpore, with effect from Jan. 14 last, and Staff Surg. major W. H. Mackintosh, m.d., to relieve Asst. surg. C. Williams, 68th foot, of the med. charge of the Kidderpore depot hospital.

The following orders are confirmed:—

Regimental Order of 18th Bengal cav., dated May 9, 1864, directing Lieut. H. C. Marsh, late 67th N.I., to resume the appointment of doing duty officer, in addition to his other duties, v. Lieut. W. A. S. De V. Beauchlerk, gen. list, cav., transferred to another regt.

By the Officer commanding 104th foot, dated Sept. 13 last, appointing Lieut. H. J. Woodward to act as asst. instructor of musketry to the regt.

By Major J. M. Earle, late 24th N.I., commanding Dooba outposts, dated Dec. 14 last, directing Lieut. C. E. Hunter, doing duty officer 27th N.I., to assume command of Fort Michnee, in addition to his other duties, as a temp. measure, v. Lieut. E. J. McNair, offic. wing officer 24th N.I., proceeded to rejoin his regt. at Peshawur.

By the Officer commanding 89th foot, dated 16th ult., appointing Lieut. A. W. Price to act as adj., v. Lieut. and Adj. R. G. Newbigging, preceded the regt. to England.

Murree station order, dated 26th ult., directing Major J. M. Mackenzie, staff corps, to assume com. of station and depot, v. Major E. Chippindall, 1st batt. 19th foot.

By the Officer commanding 3rd Bengal cav., dated 23rd ult., appointing Lieut. M. H. Court, doing duty officer, to offic. as 3rd squadron officer, and Lieut. S. A. Swinley, gen. list, cav., attached, to offic. as doing duty officer.

Sealkote station order, dated 27th ult., directing Staff Asst. surg. G. Fearon, attached to 7th hussars, to proceed in med. charge of a detachment of convalescents to Murree, and thence to return.

Leave of absence:—

7th Drag. Guards.—Cornet M. B. C. Yescombe, from April 15 to Oct. 15, to visit Mussoorie.

5th Lancers.—Lieut. M. P. Blake, from April 10 to May 10, to Calcutta, on m.c.

7th Hussars.—Capt. J. Bayley, from April 15 to Oct. 14, to Cashmere and Hills north of Deyrah.

21st Hussars.—Lieut. H. Coghlan, from April 15 to Oct. 15, to Simla and Cashmere, on m.c.

35th Foot.—Capt. W. W. Sherlock, from date of embarkation, to England, via the Cape of Good Hope, on m.c., doing duty with troops en route.

51st Foot.—Major and Brev. Lieut. col. D. D. Muter, from April 4, to Calcutta, and eventually to New Zealand, prep. to retiring from the service by the sale of his commission.

79th Foot.—Capt. G. T. Scovell, from date of embarkation, to England, by either route, on m.c.

82nd Foot.—Col. D. Watson, from date of leaving regts., to Cashmere, for 3 mo. and 10 days.

88th Foot.—Lieut. T. Hale, from April 13 to July 14, to Nynee Tal.

94th Foot.—Major E. S. Mercer, from date of embarkation, to England by either route, on m.c.

Bengal Inf.—Lieut. col. H. D. Twisden (doing duty at Umballah), from May 1 to Oct. 15, to visit Mussoorie.

10th Madras N.I.—Capt. G. Rowlandson (offic. station staff, Jubbulpore), from May 15 to Sept. 15, in ext. of priv. leave, to Dhurmsala.

Late 20th N.I.—Capt. J. H. Tyler (doing duty at Meerut), from April 15 to Oct. 15, to Mussoorie and Hills north of Dehra.

Late 33rd N.I.—Capt. J. A. Brereton (doing duty at Moradabad), from April 15 to Oct. 15, to Nynee Tal and Hills north of Dehra.

Late 34th N.I.—Capt. A. C. Bunbury (doing duty 43rd N.I., from April 1 to Sept. 30, in ext., to remain at Ootacamund, on m.c.

Late 73rd N.I.—Capt. C. N. McMullin (doing duty at Meerut), from April 15 to Oct. 15, to visit Mussoorie and Hills north of Dehra.

Gen. List, Inf.—Lieut. S. B. Home (doing duty 4th N.I.), from April 15 to Oct. 15, to visit Calcutta, for the purpose of studying the native languages.

Ordnance Dept.—Deputy Asst. Commissary R

Vaughan (head asst. to ordnance examiner), from April 15 to Oct. 15, to Hills north of Dehra, on m.c.

April 25.—Official notification has been received that the undermentioned officers of the 20th foot, recently promoted, have been posted to 2nd batt. :—
Major G. E. Francis, Capt. H. F. G. Webster, and Lieuts. C. T. Dooley and H. H. Leeming.

Major Francis and Lieuts. Dooley and Leeming are directed to proceed at the public expense and join their batt. in Japan without unnecessary delay.

The leave granted to Col. J. McN. Walter, c.b., 35th foot, in G.O.C.C. of 11th ult., to proceed to Goruckpore, is commuted to leave to Mussoorie.

H.R.H. the Field Marshal Comdg. in Chief has been pleased to approve of an exchange of battalions between the undermentioned officers of the 11th foot :—

Lieuts. C. S. Bailey, 1st batt., and F. F. Gibbons, 2nd batt.

Official notification has been received of the undermentioned officers of the 7th foot, having been posted as specified :—

Lieut. G. Barton, 1st batt., and Ensign W. P. Holmes, 1st batt.

The undermentioned officers have been declared by the Board of Examiners at Fort William to have passed the prescribed examinations on the 3rd inst. :—

Lieuts. W. R. M. Holroyd, staff corps, and M. J. J. Mignon, Bombay staff corps, offic. adj. 2nd Central India horse, high proficiency in Persian.

Lieut. J. Stevenson, 54th foot, station staff, Darjeeling, 1st standard under G.G.O. No. 734 of 1864.

The undermentioned officers are appointed to do duty with invalids, time-expired men, &c., proceeding to England on the vessels specified :—

Per *Lady Melville*.

2nd Capt. F. G. E. Warren, D batty. 11th brig. R.A., to command.

Capt. C. D. Barwell, 90th foot, and Lieut. R. W. Barbor, 97th foot, to do duty.

Surgeon of the ship in med. charge.

Per *Devonshire*.

Capt. W. W. Sherlock, 35th foot, to command.

Lieut. H. L. Nicholas, R.A., to do duty.

Asst. surg. A. S. Russell, M.D., R.A., in med. charge.

The services of the commanding and medical officers are placed at the disposal of the qmr. gen. for transport duty.

Lieut. H. L. Young, gen. list, inf., attached to 22nd N.I., is permitted to do duty with the Kussowlie convalescent depot, during the present hot season.

Surg. J. T. C. Ross, F.R.C.S., surg. to H.E. the C. in C., is appointed to med. charge of army head quarters' staff and estab., with effect from 13th inst.

The Doar field force having been broken up and the services of Lieut. H. Wylie, gen. list, inf., being no longer required with 19th N.I., he is directed to rejoin the 10th Bengal cav.

The following order is, with the sanction of Govt., confirmed :—

Left centre column Doar field force order, dated Nov. 29 last, directing Lieut. M. T. Sale, R.E., to act as asst. field engr.

Leave of absence :—

Royal Horse Art.—Capt. C. R. Hill (D batty. A brig.), from April 15 to Aug. 15, to Hills adjacent Nynce Tal.

Royal Artillery.—Col. W. H. Delamain (22nd brig.), from April 1 to Oct. 15, to Almorah and Nynce Tal, on m.c.; Lieut. R. H. Grant (H batty. 11th brig.), from April 15 to July 15, to Hills north of Dehra.

6th Lancers.—Lieut. M. P. Blake, from date of embarkation, to England by either route, on m.c.

19th Hussars.—Lieut. A. G. Webster, from April 15 to Oct. 15, to Hills north of Dehra; Capt. H. O. Currie (paymr.), from April 15 to Oct. 15, to Mussoorie.

21st Hussars.—Major R. B. Macleod, from April 15 to Oct. 15, to Simla and Hills north of Dehra.

23rd Foot.—Lieut. G. Wildes (1st batt.), from April 15 to Aug. 14, to Mussoorie and Hills north of Dehra.

35th Foot.—Lieut. A. C. Crookshank from May 1 to Oct. 14, to Cashmere.

36th Foot.—Lieut. T. E. P. Tyrwhitt, from April 15 to July 15, to Hills north of Almorah.

46th Foot.—Capt. W. S. Richardson, from April 15 to Oct. 14, to Hills north of Dehra.

51st Foot.—Lieut. A. S. Carter (instructor of musketry), from April 15 to Oct. 1, to Cashmere and Murree.

60th Foot.—Ensign T. A. Worswick (3rd batt.), from date of embarkation, to England by the overland route, on m.c.

72nd Foot.—Lieut. H. A. Crane, from Aug. 9 to Dec. 15, in ext., to remain in England.

88th Foot.—Major B. B. Mauleverer, from Nov. 1, 1864, to Jan. 12, 1865, in ext., to enable him to rejoin.

94th Foot.—Lieut. W. A. Symes, from date of embarkation, to England, for 17 mo., doing duty with troops en route (this cancels G.O. dated Feb. 24); Ensign E. S. Mercer, from April 15 to July 14, to Cashmere.

103rd Foot.—Lieut. F. Reeves, from date of embarkation, to England, for 15 mo.

Late 2nd Eur. L.C.—Capt. H. Melvill (doing duty at Sealkote), from May 15 to Oct. 15, to Cashmere and Murree.

Late 4th Eur. Inf.—Capt. E. R. C. Wilcox (doing duty at Bareilly), from May 1 to Oct. 15, to Almorah and Hills north of Dehra.

Late 11th N.I.—Lieut. S. G. Warde (doing duty at Muttra), from April 15 to Oct. 15, to Mussoorie and Hills north of Dehra.

Gen. List, Inf.—Lieut. W. I. Bax (doing duty 97th foot), from April 15 to Oct. 14, to Calcutta, for the purpose of studying the native languages.

April 27.—The C. in C. in India is pleased to make the following promotions, until H.M.'s pleasure shall be known :—

2nd Dragoon Guards.—Cornet B. Edmonds to be lieutenant, by purch., v. Weir, who ret., dated April 17.

46th Foot.—Ensign G. B. Bryan to be lieutenant, by purch., v. Shuttleworth, who ret., dated April 17.

51st Foot.—Capt. C. Acton to be major, by purch., v. Brev. lieutenant. col. Muter, who ret., dated April 17.

Lieut. E. D. Oliver to be capt., by purch., v. Acton, prom., dated April 17.

Ensign W. H. Hume to be lieutenant, by purch. v. Oliver, prom., dated April 17.

Col. F. W. Burroughs, of the Bengal inf., is transferred for gen. duty from the Benares to the presidency div., in cancellation of the 1 mo. leave granted to him in G.O.C.C., of the 11th ult.

Staff asst. surg. T. Barnwell, at present attached to 3rd batt. rifle brig. at Nowshera, will proceed to Attock and assume med. charge of the troops there, relieving Asst. surg. N. Ffolliott, 20th hussars, who will rejoin and assume med. charge of his own corps.

Staff surg. major J. Mackintosh, M.D., recently arrived from Madras, will proceed to Dinapore, and report himself to the milly. authorities, for the med. charge of the 1st batt. 20th foot.

That portion of G.O.C.C. of the 22nd ult., appg. Major W. R. E. Alexander to offic. as comdnt. of the 2nd Bengal cav., is hereby cancl.

Capt. A. Cockburn, late 62nd N.I., is permitted to remain and do gen. duty at Morar, instead of doing duty at Cawnpore, as announced in G.O.C.C. of 15th ult.

In cancellation of G.O.C.C. of 17th ult., Lieut. A. G. Owen, staff corps, is permitted to resume his appt. of 2nd in com. and squadron officer of the 16th Bengal cav.

The following Meerut div. orders are confirmed :—

Dated the 20th ult.—Directing the following medical arrangements for the detachment of invalids proceeding to Landour :—

Asst. surg. F. E. McFarland, of the D batty. C brig., royal horse arty., to assume med. charge.

Dated 13th inst.—Appointing Major E. Bradford, late 23rd N.I., to do duty at the Landour Convalescent Depot during the present hot season.

The following Hazarebaugh station order, dated 25th ult., is confirmed :—

Appointing Lieut. H. S. Simeon, 27th foot, station staff, v. Lieut. A. M. Bonar, G batty. 16th brig. royal art., 2nd station interpreter, there being no qualified officer available.

The following orders are confirmed :—

Umballah brigade order, dated Dec. 20 last, directing Vet. surg. J. G. Bushman, 21st hussars, to afford professional aid to the horses of the royal art., in addition to his own duties.

By Capt. W. Winson, comg. a detachment, left column, Dhooar field force, dated Feb. 7 last, appointing Lieut. C. Key, gen. list, inf., attached to 11th, to do duty with 18th N.I.

Dugshai station order, dated Feb. 20 last, appointing Asst. surg. J. B. Hannah, M.D., 101st foot, to medical charge of military prison, v. Staff asst. surg. R. J. B. Cunyngame, M.D., directed to do duty with 94th foot.

Allahabad brigade order, dated 3rd ult., appointing Lieut. H. R. B. Worsley, wing officer 7th N.I., station interpreter, there being no other qualified officer available, v. Lieut. F. L. Goad, 107th foot, proceeded to the Hills with convalescents.

By officer comg. Lahore light horse, dated 14th ult., appointing Capt. R. B. Hill to assume command, v. Lieut. col. F. G. Crossman, appointed to command of 12th Bengal cav.

By officer comg. 16th N.I., dated 15th ult., appointing Lieut. H. A. Pakenham, late 55th N.I., to act as doing duty officer.

By officer comg. 12th N.I., dated 25th ult., appointing Lieut. W. J. Parker, qmr., to officiate as wing officer, in addition to his other duties, with effect from 23rd idem, v. Capt. G. G. Cunliffe, attached to 29th N.I.

Chamoorchie garrison order, dated 24th ult., directing Dr. J. Meredith, in charge of the police, to afford medical aid to the head qrs. and wing of the 18th N.I. during the absence on m.c. of Surg. H. W. Spry.

Lucknow brigade order, dated 26th ult., directing Capt. T. John, 46th foot, to command, and Lieut. D. Robertson, gen. list, inf., to do duty with a detachment of convalescents proceeding to Nynce Tal, the former officer to return, and the latter to remain and do duty at the depot during the season.

By officer comg. 10th Bengal cav., dated 5th inst., directing Lieut. H. C. Greenaway, doing duty officer, to officiate as 3rd squadron officer, in addition to his other duties, v. Lieut. E. J. Webber, app. to 16th Bengal cav.

The Jullunder brigade order, dated 25th ult., directing Lieut. C. C. B. Tribe, 1st batt. 19th foot, to proceed in command of convalescents, and to be attached to the Kussowlie convalescent depot, is confirmed.

Leave of absence :—

Staff Corps.—Lieut. A. C. Toker, from April 12 to May 12, to Calcutta, m.c.

R.H.A.—Lieut. H. L. Nicholas, F baty. C brig., from date of embarkation to England, by either route, on m.c., doing duty with troops on the voyage, and Capt. E. L. Hawkins, C baty. F brig., from May 9 to June 9, to Calcutta, and thence to England, for 6 mo., from date of embarkation.

Royal Art.—Capt. F. Fitzroy, B baty. 19th brig., from date of embarkation to England, by either route, on m.c.

2nd Dragoon Guards.—Maj. M. J. B. Dyne, from date of embarkation to England, by either route, on m.c.

5th Lancers.—Capt. J. Chaffey and F. J. R. Thackwell, from April 15 to Oct. 15, to Cashmere.

7th Hussars.—Lieut. col. H. A. Trevelyan, from May 1 to Oct. 31, to Cashmere and the Hills north of Dehra, as a special case. Lieuts. A. L'E. H. Holmes (interp. and offic. qmr.), F. M. Drew, and W. L. Forsyth, from April 15 to Oct. 14, to Cashmere and the Hills north of Dehra.

4th Foot.—Ensign E. J. Lugard, 1st batt., from date of arrival at Calcutta to Lucknow, for 6 mo., for the purpose of studying the native languages.

11th Foot.—Major J. Roe, 1st batt., from May 1 to Sept. 30, and Lieut. F. Watson, 1st batt., from April 15 to Oct. 15, to Cashmere; Lieut. E. L. Street, 1st batt., and Ensign E. H. Vaughton, 1st batt., from April 15 to July 15, to Nynce Tal; and Ensign W. H. Brever, 1st batt., from April 15 to Oct. 15, to Cashmere.

20th Foot.—Surg. maj. E. Howard, 1st batt. from March 15 to Sept. 15, to visit the hills north of Dehra, on m.c.

23rd Foot.—Capt. C. Monsell, 1st batt., from April 10 to Oct. 10, to visit the hills north of Dehra, on m.c.

34th Foot.—Col. J. Gwilt, from May 14 to Oct. 1, to Cashmere.

90th Foot.—Lieut. col. J. C. Ratray, from May 1 to Oct. 15, to Cashmere.

91st Foot.—Capt. H. W. Gregg, from April 1 to Oct. 1, to Simla.

Med. Dept.—Surg. maj. J. M. Jones, attached to 19th brigade R.A., from April 15 to Oct. 15, to visit Murree, on m.c.

April 29.—The C. in C. in India is pleased to make the following promotion and appointment, until her Majesty's pleasure shall be known :—

1st Batt. 4th Foot.—Ensign E. R. De B. Barnett to be lieutenant, by purch., v. Sinclair, who retires; dated April 24.

1st Batt. 11th Foot.—Lieut. J. H. Bamfield to be adj., v. Miles, who resigns that appointment; dated April 24.

The undermentioned officers are appointed to do duty as specified :—

Lieut. M. J. Moore, gen. list, cav., to do gen. duty at Meean Meer.

Lieut. C. H. Garbett, gen. list, inf., to do duty with 6th N.I., at Barrackpore.

H.E. the C. in C. is pleased to confirm the appointment of Capt. F. T. Blunt, 7th drag. gds., to offic. as adj., in addition to his other duties, during absence of Lieut. and Adj. D. Scotland, on leave at Simla, as a special case.

The G.O.C.C. of 13th ult., confirming regimental

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order of 1st batt. 23rd foot, appointing Ensign J. C. Bradshaw to offic. as asst. instructor of musketry, will have effect from Nov. 1 last, instead of the date therein notified.

The G.O. of 16th ult., directing Lieut. C. S. Morrison to proceed to Dinapore for gen. duty at that station is cancelled, and he will continue attached to 8rd Goorkah regt.

The operations in the Eastern Dooras having been brought to a close, Lieut. C. D. G. Newington is directed to rejoin the 14th N.I., to which he was formerly attached.

Robilcund district orders, dated 23rd ult. and 8th inst., appointing Lieut. G. F. M. Phillips, staff corps, qrmr. 8th N.I., to offic. tempy. as station staff at Bareilly, during absence on duty of the brig. major, are confirmed.

The following Mooltan garrison orders are confirmed:—

Dated Feb. 6 last.—Directing Staff Asst. surg. P. Quinlan, R.A., to assume med. charge of the detachment of the volunteers 89th foot, proceeding to Lahore, under command of Capt. G. T. Jones, late 35th N.I.

Dated 10th idem.—Directing Asst. surg. K. J. Parr, F batty. 18th brig. R.A., to assume med. charge with detachment 89th foot, proceeding to Kurrahee, under command of Major E. B. Thorp.

Dated 23rd ult.—Directing Asst. surg. T. T. Gardner, 90th foot, to assume med. charge of a detachment of time-expired men proceeding to Kurrahee, under command of Lieut. T. J. Dillon, 35th foot.

The following Sealkote station orders are confirmed:—

Dated 1st ult.—Directing Asst. surg. R. Mantell, M.B., F batty. F brig. R.H.A., to assume med. charge of station staff, v. Surg. major H. N. Elton.

Dated 8th inst.—Directing Surg. G. O. Baillie, M.D., 6th Bengal cav., to assume med. charge of the station staff, v. Asst. surg. R. Mantell, M.B., app. to med. charge of 4th N.I.

The following Sirhind division order is confirmed:

Dated 10th ult.—Directing Asst. surg. A. P. M. Corbett, M.D., in med. charge at Kussowlie, to assume med. charge of the station of Subathoo, until arrival of 38th foot, with effect from Feb. 8 last.

The following Peshawur division orders are confirmed:—

Dated 27th ult.—Appointing Capt. R. Alexander, 20th hussars, to do duty at the Murree convalescent depot, during the present hot season, v. Capt. Lockwood, resigned.

Dated 4th inst.—Directing Asst. surg. C. A. Poole, 9th Bengal cav., to assume civil med. charge of the station, with effect from 1st current, v. Asst. surg. J. Ince, M.D., 4th Bengal cav., res.

The following Ferozepore brigade order is confirmed:—

Dated 15th inst.—Appointing Lieut. col. H. R. Hibbert, comdg. 1st batt. 7th foot, to assume com. of the station, v. Lieut. col. G. Caulfield.

The following orders are confirmed:—

Moradabad station order, dated Feb. 25 last, directing Asst. surg. S. M. Webb, M.D., 36th foot, to assume med. charge of head quarters and left wing 10th N.I., in addition to his other duties, with effect from 15th idem, v. Asst. surg. W. Venour.

By Major J. M. Earle, commanding Dooaba outposts, dated 1st ult., appointing Lieut. T. N. Walker, wing officer 13th N.I., to assume tempy. command of Fort Michnee, in addition to his other duties, v. Lieut. H. H. Rankin, 41st N.I., directed to join regimental head quarters.

By the same Officer, dated 5th ult., appointing Lieut. J. Butler, doing duty officer 13th N.I., to assume tempy. command of Fort Michnee, in addition to his other duties, v. Lieut. T. N. Walker, directed to rejoin regimental head quarters.

Subathoo station order, dated 17th ult., appointing Lieut. and Adj. A. Stokes, 38th foot, station staff.

By Major J. R. Pughe, commanding at Chamurchi, dated 20th ult., directing Dr. J. Meredith, in med. charge of the police, to afford med. aid to head quarters and wing of 18th N.I., during absence on leave of Surg. H. W. Spry.

Fyzabad brigade order, dated 20th ult., directing Asst. surg. C. Cameron, late 9th N.I., to assume med. charge of squadron 8th Bengal cav., in addition to his other duties, with effect from 14th idem.

Bhangulpore station order, dated 20th ult., directing civil Asst. surg. T. P. Wright to afford med. aid to detachment 7th N.I. and depot 17th N.I., v. Asst. surg. J. Pichall, M.D., proceeded on leave.

By the Officer commanding 18th Bengal cav., dated 24th ult., appointing Lieut. T. R. Davidson, 2nd squadron officer, to offic. as 2nd in com. and

squadron officer, in addition to his other duties, v. Capt. C. Batchelor.

Fort William Garrison Order, dated 31st ult., making the following appointments, v. Major J. Morland, garrison qrmr., appointed brigade major of the Agra brigade:—

Lieut. col. E. A. Rowlett, staff corps, to act as interp.

Lieut. J. E. Buller, 91st foot, to act as qrmr.

Presidency division order, dated 1st inst., directing Asst. surg. C. Williams, 68th foot, to assume med. charge of Kidderpore depot hospital from Staff surg. W. W. Mills, who will proceed to Barrackpore and do duty with 16th brig. R.A.

By the Officer commanding 36th N.I., dated 12th inst., directing Capt. R. A. Nowell, staff corps, to offic. as 2nd in com. and wing officer, during tempy. absence of Major C. S. Fowle.

By the Officer commanding 35th N.I., dated 18th inst., making the following appointments, during the absence on leave of Capt. G. C. Rowcroft, wing officer, or until further orders:—

Lieut. H. D. Metcalfe, adj., to offic. as wing officer.

Lieut. E. P. Mainwaring, doing duty officer, to offic. as adj.

Lieut. J. G. T. Carruthers, attached, to offic. as doing duty officer.

MADRAS.

BY THE GOVERNOR IN COUNCIL.

Fort St. George, May 19.—Leave of absence:—

Mr. H. A. Brett, member of the board of revenue, 2 mo. priv. leave, under section 6 of the Revised Covenanted Civil Service Absentee Rules.

Appointment:—

Maj. A. B. Marsack, Madras staff corps (on leave), to be cantonment mag. at Trichinopoly, under the provisions of Madras Act IV. of 1865, to take effect from June 1.

Mr. W. Logan, acting head asst. to the coll. and mag. of Tanjore, is authorised, under section 196 of the Code of Criminal Procedure, to take down the evidence of witnesses with his own hand in English.

Under the financial resolution of the Govt. of India, dated July 31, 1863, No. 3478, the board of revenue have granted 6 weeks' priv. leave to Mr. J. A. Majoribanks, dep. coll. in charge of the salt dept., Kistna district.

The undermentioned officer has been granted leave of absence, under section 11 of the Uncovenanted Service Absentee Rules (Amended):—

Mr. W. P. Higgins, an examiner of the high court, for 1 mo., in ext. of the leave granted on the 19th ult.

Leave of absence has been granted to Mr. A. G. Petersen, deputy account of the mint, for 1 mo.

May 18.—No. 188.—The undermentioned officer is permitted to proceed to Europe:—

Major G. J. S. Tireman, staff corps, deputy asst. comy. gen., 1st class, on m.c. for 20 mo., under furl. regs. of 1854, and to embark from Madras.

May 19.—No. 189.—H.E. the Gov. in Council is pleased to make the following promotion, subject to H.M.'s approval:—

Asst. surg. W. H. Rean, M.D., to be surg., with effect from May 14.

The services of Lieut. G. Proudfoot, European veterans (major Madras volunteer guards), are placed at the disposal of the Resident at Hyderabad, for employment as a military sec. by H.H. the Nizam.

No. 191.—Madras Staff Corps.—The undermentioned officer, having applied for admission to the staff corps, under the provisions of para. 2 of G.O.G.G. No. 531 of 1864, republished in Madras G.O.G. July 22, 1864, No. 276, is admitted thereto from the date specified against his name, subject to the approval of H.M.'s Sec. of State for India:—

Capt. W. G. M. Strickland, cadre 49th regt. N.I., doing duty with sappers and miners; Nov. 6, 1864.

Capt. R. J. Baker, having completed 20 years' service, 6 of which were on permanent staff employ, to be major, from May 7, under the Royal Warrant of Jan. 16, 1861, subject to H.M.'s approval.

May 23.—Mr. J. A. Dawson, British consular agent at Yanam, has leave for 1 mo. Mr. E. de Linares will act for Mr. Dawson, and on his responsibility.

Appointments:—

Mr. R. A. Dalryell to offic. as president of the income tax commission, during the absence of Mr. H. A. Brett on leave.

Mr. H. Richardson, 2nd class dep. coll. and acting 1st class, to be 1st class dep. coll., v. Y. Chitambar Row, pensioned.

Mr. E. G. Ricketts, 3rd class and acting 2nd class dep. coll., to be 2nd class dep. coll., v. Mr. Richardson.

Mr. J. F. Fernandez, 4th class and acting 3rd class dep. coll., to be 3rd class dep. coll., v. Mr. E. G. Ricketts.

Mr. W. E. Underwood, 2nd class dep. coll., to act as 1st class dep. coll., during the abs. of A. Sashia Sastri, on duty in the Inam commission on full pay.

Mr. T. G. Ward, 4th class dep. coll., to act as 3rd class dep. coll. on full pay.

The above appointments will have effect from July 1, 1865.

Mr. S. R. Locke, dep. coll. in charge of the treasury at Saidapett, to be dist. regr. of assurances for the district of Chingleput.

Mr. R. H. Lyons, dep. coll. in charge of the treasury at Berhampore, to be dist. regr. of assurances for the district of Ganjam.

Mr. P. M. Jones, acting asst. supt. of police in the Godavery district, has passed the law test prescribed for officers of police in the order of Govt. of June 27, 1862, No. 1,011.

May 20.—The services of Capt. C. E. Bates, 16th regt. N.I., are replaced at the disposal of H.E. the C. in C. from the 6th inst.

May 23.—The services of Lieut. G. E. Martin, acting supt. of police in the Ganjam dist., are replaced at the disposal of H.E. the C. in C.

Mr. C. N. Pochin, acting session judge of Madura, is authorised, under sections 196 and 364 of the code of criminal procedure, to take down the evidence of witnesses with his own hand in the English language.

Mr. A. R. Hutchins, acting joint mag. in the Kistna dist., and Mr. W. Wilson, head asst. to the mag. of the same dist., are authorised to hear and dispose of appeals from the decisions of the subordinate mags. of the first class, as well as from those of the subordinate mags. of the second class, stationed within their divs. respectively.

Mr. W. H. Comyn, acting head asst. mag. of Trichinopoly, is authorised to take down the evidence of witnesses with his own hand in English.

The acting supt. rev. survey has made the following appt.:—

Mr. C. Cotton to be sub-asst. in the rev. survey.

No. 196.—H.E. the Governor in Council is pleased to make the following appointment and promotions, the latter subject to her Majesty's approval:—

Surgeon major J. M. Jackson, garrison surgeon of Bellary, to be dep. inspec. gen. of hospitals, with temp. rank, with effect from 14th inst., during employment on other duty of Dr. Mackenzie.

43rd Regt. N.I.—Senior lieut. (brev. capt.) F. W. Dobree, staff corps, to have the position of capt., v. Russell, ret.; dated Nov. 28, 1864.

45th Regt. N.I.—Senior lieut. G. W. Cox to be capt., v. Moxon, ret.; date of commission, Oct. 28, 1864.

Col. J. Hill, staff corps, comy. gen., has priv. leave for 60 days from date of quitting Madras.

No. 198.—MADRAS STAFF CORPS.—The undermentioned officers having applied for admission to the staff corps, under the provisions of paras. 2 and 7 of G.O.G.G. No. 531 of 1864, republished in Madras G.O.G. July 22, 1864, No. 276, are admitted thereto from the dates specified against their names, subject to the approval of her Majesty's Secretary of State for India:—

Lieut. K. J. L. Mackenzie, royal (Madras) art., asst. comsgr. 2nd class, Hyderabad commission; April 29, 1862.

Lieut. G. H. Trevor, royal (Madras) art., inspec. of schools, Northern circle, Central Provinces; June 25, 1862.

Lieut. J. D. S. Bennet, 5th regt. N.I., canton. jt. magistrate of Rangoon; June 30, 1864.

Capt. F. G. Hodgson, having completed 20 years' service, 6 of which were on permanent staff employ, to be major from May 20, 1865, under the Royal Warrant of Jan. 16, 1861, subject to her Majesty's approval.

MOVEMENTS OF REGIMENTS.

No. 199.—With reference to G.O.G. Nov. 25, 1864, No. 448, the Governor in Council is pleased to notify that the 19th regt. N.I. has been removed to Samulcottah, to be there stationed.

May 26.—Leave of absence:—

Rev. W. S. Trotman, joint chaplain of Kamptee and Seetabuldee, for 3 mo., from June 6, on m.c.

Appointments:—

Mr. J. R. Cockerell, to act as coll. of sea customs at Madras, during the absence of Mr. Blair on leave.

Mr. W. F. G. Irvine and Mr. A. Riach, to be auditors of the accounts of the administrator gen. for the year 1865.

The priv. leave for 60 days granted to the Rev. J. J. B. Sayers, LL.D., chaplain of Vellore, in the *Gazette* of April 21 last, is cancelled at his own request.

Under the provisions of section 23 of the Code of Criminal Procedure, the undermentioned officers are invested with the powers of a mag. within the limits of the cantonments specified opposite their respective names:—

Capt. C. D. Clementson, Madras Staff corps, St. Thomas' Mount.

Maj. (brev. lieut. col.) F. Young, Madras staff corps, Wellington.

Capt. G. N. Johnstone, Madras staff corps, Bel-lary.

Capt. A. D. Clay, Madras staff corps, Cannanore.

Capt. A. F. F. Bloomfield, Trichinopoly.

May 13.—Mr. H. J. Stokes, of the Madras C.S., is placed under the coll. of Dharwar, for the purpose of studying the Caranese language.

May 22.—No. 195a.—The undermen. officer is permitted to proceed to Europe:—

Lieut. S. E. Atkinson, cadre 50th regt. N.I., doing duty with the 19th regt. N.I., on m.c. for 20 mo., under the furl. regs. of 1854, and to embark from Madras.

Leave of absence:—

May 30.—Mr. W. F. Hathaway, head asst. coll. of Salem, for 1 year, to proceed to Eur. on furl., with prep. leave for 9 days, under sec. 3 of those rules.

Capt. S. Galbraith, proby. asst. superint. of police, 1st class, South Malabar, and acting superint. of police, Vizagapatam, to be superint. of police, Vizagapatam, v. Major Buck.

Lieut. F. Hole, acting asst. superint. of police, 1st class, South Malabar, to be proby. asst. superint. of police, 1st class, in that dist., v. Capt. Galbraith.

The Rev. A. Walker, junior chaplain of the Church of Scotland, is attached to the station of Secunderabad.

The services of Major L. W. Buck, proby. superint. of police in the Vizagapatam dist. (on leave), are replaced at the disposal of H.E. the C. in C., at his own request.

The notification in Fort St. George *Gazette* of the 23rd inst., page 1,044, replacing the services of Capt. C. E. Bates, 16th regt. N.I., at the disposal of H.E. the C. in C. is hereby can.

Rev. A. Walker, junior chaplain of the Church of Scotland, reports his return to the presidency on the 25th inst., per steamer *Mooltan*.

No. 202.—Returned to duty:—

Capt. (brev. maj.) C. F. Gilbertson, cadre 3rd Madras Eur. regt.; arrived at Madras on May 20.

Capt. C. E. Bates, 46th regt. N.I., prob. supt. of police; arrived at Madras on May 25.

Capt. (brev. maj.) C. F. Gilbertson, cadre 3rd Madras Eur. regt., has an extension of leave from May 12 to 20, to enable him to join from leave to Europe.

The undermentioned officer is permitted to proceed to Europe:—

Lieut. C. E. Shirreffs, 30th regt. N.I., on furl. for 6 mo. without pay, under furl. regs. of 1854, and to embark from Madras.

May 26.—Appointments:—

Mr. A. McC. Webster, head asst. to the coll. and mag. of South Canara, to act as sub coll. and joint mag. of the Madras dist., during the employment of Mr. Cockerell on other duty, or until further orders.

Mr. H. Sewell, asst. to the coll. and mag. of South Canara, to act as head asst. to the coll. and mag. of that dist., during the employment of Mr. Webster on other duty, or until further orders.

June 2.—Lieut. R. M. Clerk, gen. list, doing duty with 15th regt. N.I., to be a prob. asst. in the revenue survey.

June 1.—Mr. R. A. Dalyell, offic. president of the income tax commission for the town of Madras, has this day assumed charge of the office from Mr. H. A. Brett.

No. 206.—The undermen. officer is perm. to proceed to Eur.:—

Lieut. W. Stenhouse, 32nd regt. N.I., examiner of forest accounts in British Burmah, on m.c. for 20 mo., under the furl. regs. of 1854, and to embark from Madras.

June 2.—No. 207.—Major C. P. Taylor, of the staff corps, payma. Mysore circle, is perm. to proc. to Madras on m.c., for the purpose of obtg. a final m.c. to proc. to Eur.

No. 208.—H.E. the Gov. in Council is pleased to make the following appts.:—

Capt. (brev. major) G. Pringle, 35th regt. N.I., to act as payma. Mysore circle, during the abs. on leave of Major C. P. Taylor, or until further orders.

The undermen. officer has ret'd. to his duty, by

perm. of the Home Govt., without prejudice to his rank:—

Capt. (brevet lieut. col.) A. Cooper, cadre 46th regt. N.I., doing duty 87th grenadiers, arrived at Madras on June 1.

Appointments.—From June 1 to 14.

Rev. A. Walker, junior chaplain of the Church of Scotland, is attached to the station of Secunderabad.

Lieut. W. H. St. A. Wilton, gen. list, to act as asst. superint. of police, 2nd class, Vizagapatam district, v. Mr. Jones, employed on other duty.

Capt. S. Galbraith, prob. asst. superint. of police, 1st class, South Malabar, and acting superint. of police, Vizagapatam, to be superint. of police, Vizagapatam, v. Major Buck.

Lieut. F. Hole, acting asst. superint. of police, 1st class, South Malabar, to be prob. asst. superint. of police, 1st class, in that district, v. Capt. Galbraith.

Mr. E. F. Webster to be head asst. to the coll. and mag. of Salem, and Mr. J. H. Nelson to be head asst. to the coll. and mag. of Kurnool, but to continue to act as head asst. in the Madura district, during the employment of Mr. Hutchins on other duty, to take effect from the date of Mr. Hathaway's dep. on furl.

Civil Engineering College.—Lieut. R. F. Taylor, doing duty 10th regt. N.I., student in the first department, has passed the examination prescribed for the grade of assistant engineer, department of public works.

Leave of absence:—

Capt. P. J. Curtis, 3rd batt. 60th rifles, to England, m.c., to appear before a medical board.

Ensign L. Bradford, 3rd batt. 60th rifles, to England, m.c., via Cape of Good Hope.

Capt. H. D. B. Smith, Madras staff corps, 3rd class executive engineer, department public works, 2nd Road division, Oude, for 20 mo., to Europe, m.c.

Capt. H. W. Lumsden, royal art., to England, for 15 mo. from date of embarkation.

Lieut. col. E. A. H. Webb, staff corps; Major C. P. Taylor, staff corps, paymaster, Mysore circle; and Surgeon H. R. D. Marrett, 41st regt. N.I.—to Europe, for 20 mo., m.c.

Capt. E. C. Ainslie, 3rd batt. 60th rifles, to England, via the Cape, m.c.

Lieut. W. L. Ranking, inf. gen. list, will do duty with the 19th regt. N.I., and is apptd. acting qrmr. and interpreter of that corps—to join on duty at the public expense.

Lieut. C. M. Smith, 32nd regt. N.I., is apptd. qrmr. and interpreter of that corps, v. Ranking, removed to 19th regt. N.I.

The C. in C. is pleased to make the following appts. on H.E.'s personal staff.

Major Sir W. Brett, K.C.M.G., half-pay, to be milly. sec.

Lieut. C. W. Campbell, Bengal cav., to be A.D.C.

Capt. J. R. Fairlie, late 6th regt. L.C., to be A.D.C.

The serv. of Lieut. J. B. Taylor, of the 9th regt. N.I., are placed at the disp. of the Govt. of India, for employment in the police of the Central Provs.

Returned to duty:—

Capt. (brevet lieut. col.) A. Cooper, cadre 46th regt. N.I., doing duty 87th grenadiers; arrived at Madras on June 1.

Capt. (brevet major) C. F. Gilbertston, cadre 3rd Madras Eur. regt.; arrived at Madras on May 20.

Capt. G. E. Bates, 16th regt. N.I., prob. superint. of police; arrived at Madras on May 25.

Proms.:—Capt. (Brev. maj.) C. F. Gilbertson, late 3rd Eur. regt., is apptd. to do duty under the orders of the officer comdg. centre div., who will attach him to one of the regts. of N.I. at Madras.

Brevet.—Maj. J. A. Wood, v.c., Bombay staff corps, to be lieut. col.; and Capt. (now a Brev. maj.) T. Sweet, Madras inf., to be maj. from June 25, 1864, in succession to Lieut. gen. H. Ross, Madras inf., dec.

Maj. (now a Brev. lieut. col.) O. Hamilton, Bengal staff corps, to be lieut. col.; and Capt. W. C. F. Gosling, royal (Madras) art., to be maj. from Aug. 17, in succession to Lieut. gen. C. D. Dun, Madras inf., dec.

Maj. O. E. Rothney, Bengal staff corps, to be lieut. col.; and Capt. C. D. Waddell, royal (Madras) art., to be maj. from Oct. 21, in succession to Lieut. gen. G. Sandys, Madras cav., dec.

Major W. J. F. Stafford, Bengal staff corps, to be lieut. col.; and Capt. A. Stewart, royal (Madras) arty., to be major from Jan. 8, in succ. to Lieut. gen. M. C. Paul, Bengal inf., dec.

Major C. T. Aitchison, Bombay staff corps, to be lieut. col.; and Capt. R. Caulfield, Madras cav., to be major from Jan. 24, in succ. to lieut. gen. R. Powney, royal (Bengal) Arty., dec.

Lieut. H. E. A. Lawford, late 45th regt. N.I., from doing duty 17th inf., to do duty 33rd N.I.

Capt. G. Begbie, of the Madras staff corps, temp. asst. engr. 2nd grade, Upper Godavery circle, is permitted, at his own request, to resign his appt. in the dept., with effect from March 28, and his servs. are replaced at the disposal of the Govt. of Madras.

THE STAFF CORPS.

The undermen. officer having applied for admission to the staff corps, under the provs. of para. 2 of G.O.G.G. No. 531 of 1864, republished in Madras G.O.G. July 22, 1864, No. 276, is admitted thereto from the date specified against his name, subject to the app. of H.M.'s Sec. of State for India:—

Capt. H. C. Wright, cadre 42nd regt. N.I., sub asst. comsy. gen., 2nd class; date of admission, Sept. 30, 1864.

No. 547.—The undermen. officer is perm. to proc. to Eur. on leave, on m.c.:—

Lieut. col. R. T. Snow, of the Madras staff corps, dep. comsrr., 1st class, Central Provs., for 20 mo.

No. 542.—Appointments:—

Hyderabad Contingent, 2nd Regiment Cavalry.

Lieut. G. B. Farrington, Madras staff corps, offic. paid doing duty officer, to be paid doing duty officer, v. Capt. W. H. Macnaghten, res.

BIRTHS.

BEDDOME—At Octacamund, May 30, the wife of Capt. R. H. Beddome, Official Conservator of Forests, of a son.

CHIPCCHASE—At Cuttack, May 19, the wife of Capt. T. C. Chipcchase, East India Irrigation and Canal Company, of a daughter.

CHILDERS—At Rangoon, May 3, the wife of Capt. Eardley Childers, R.E., of a daughter.

CRAIG—At Calcutta, May 19, the wife of James Young Craig, Esq., of a son.

COLLET—At Allahabad, at his residence, on the Jumma Bridge Works, May 22, the wife of J. Collet, Esq., C.E., of a daughter.

COWIE—At Fort Akulgurh, Dera Ismail Khan, May 18, the wife of C. Cowie, Esq., R.A., of a son.

CURRIE—At Muree, May 15, the wife of G. V. Currie, M.R.C.S.E., &c., of a daughter.

EATON—At Bangalore, May 13, the wife of Lieut.-Col. Eaton, R. H. A., of a daughter.

ELSWORTHY—At Chittivalsah, May 10, the wife of W. Elsworthy, Esq., of a son and heir.

HAGGARD—At St. Thomas' Mount, Madras, on May , the wife of Captain Haggard, R.A., of a son.

HANDFORD—At Lucknow, May 26, the wife of W. Handford, Esq., of a daughter.

HARDINGE—At Mozuffernuggur, May 24, the wife of Harry Scott Hardinge, Esq., Delhi Railway, of a daughter.

JELLY—At Allyghur, May 19, Mrs. R. Jelly, wife of Mr. C. T. Jelly, Government Telegraph Department, of a son.

LAW—At Coonoor, on May 18, the wife of Captain G. V. Law, 14th Madras N.I., Assistant Engineer, Coonoor Ghaut, of a son.

LIBBEY—At 13, Park-street, Calcutta, on June 4, the wife of Henry Libbey, of Ship *Kate Prince*, of a son.

MASTER—At Ootacamund, on May 24, the wife of C. G. Master, Esq., C.S., of a son.

MILLER—At Agiary-lane, Kalladavie, on June 5, the wife of Mr. John Miller, of the Preventive Service, Bombay, of a son.

MARTIN—At Mussoorie, May 20, the wife of S. N. Martin, Esq., C.S., of a daughter.

MOENS—At Bareilly, May 1, the wife of S. M. Moens, Esq., C.S., of a daughter.

PRITCHARD—At Kamptee, on May 8, the wife of Lieut. C. G. Pritchard, R.A., of a daughter.

SHERER—At Allahabad, on May 29, the wife of J. W. Sherer, Esq., C.S., of a daughter.

TOKE—At Fyzabad, Oude, on May 28, the wife of Lieut. F. F. J. Toke, Adjutant 9th Regiment N.I., of a daughter.

WRIGHT—At Bangalore, on June 2, the wife of the Rev. S. Wright, of a son.

WILLIAMS—At Secunderabad, on the 30th May, the wife of Surgeon J. T. T. Williams, 3rd Regiment L.C., of a son.

MARRIAGES.

BAINBRIDGE—SEARLE—At Bangalore, May 20, G. T. Bainbridge, Esq., Capt. R.N.B. Fusiliers, to Elizabeth Amy Searle, only daughter of the late F. C. Searle, Esq., Madras Army.

BULMAN—VAN CORTLANDT.—At Mooltan, June 1, A. Bulman, Esq., C.S., to Annie, second daughter of General Van Cortlandt, C.B., Deputy Commissioner, Mooltan.

MALCOLM—LASERON.—At Ootacamund, May 30, J. R. Malcolm, Esq., to Anna J. S., eldest daughter of Rev. Edward Laseon.

MILMAN—CLARKE.—At St. George's Cathedral, Madras, May 25, Captain Everard Stepney Milman, Major of Brigade, Royal Artillery, to Frances Elizabeth, second daughter of Thomas Clarke, Esq., Madras Civil Service.

FLOWDEN—PAGE.—At Buxa, on 3rd June, Lieut.-Col. A. C. Flowden, Bengal Staff Corps, to Louisa, daughter of the late T. P. Page, Esq., of H.M.'s 19th Hussars.

SHEPPEE—JOHNSTONE.—Captain Frs. F. Sheppee, Royal Bombay Artillery, to Alice J., daughter of Major Robert Maxwell Johnstone, commanding 1st Bombay Grenadiers, at Aden Jemeg.

WATSON—SMITH.—At St. Paul's Cathedral, Calcutta, on the 1st June, by the Rev. Cave Brown, William Francis Watson, of Calcutta, solicitor, to Mary Ann Clarence Gow Smith, eldest daughter of the late George Macalan Gow Smith, of Ramnagar factory, planter.

DEATHS.

BARLOW—At Palmanair, on the 25th May, Hugh Wellesley, son of R. Wellesley Barlow, Esq., Civil Service, aged one year.

BEAN—At Calcutta, on the 29th May, Selina Maria, relict of Capt. John Bean, late of Camberwell, Surrey, aged 68 years.

CRAWFORD—Major Crawford, late of the 9th Bengal N.I., at Sydney, Australia, March 31.

CURLL—William Henry R., C.E., East India Railway, on board the *Malabar*, on his passage home from India, May 10.

GARSTIN—On board the *Sir William Peel*, on the 31st May, Major W. T. Garstin, late 70th N.I., 2nd in command, 11th Regt. N.I.

HANCOCK—In India, in May, Lieut. H. M. Hancock, 33rd Regiment.

HILL—At sea, on board the steamer *Mooltan*, on May 13, Capt. Thomas Hill, late 1st Assistant Master Attendant of Calcutta.

KENNEDY—Lieut. James E. Kennedy, 11th Bengal N.I., eldest son of Major-General J. D. Kennedy, at Julpesh, near Julpigroorie, of cholera, while on service with his regiment in Bhootan, aged 25, May 21.

KUHLAU—At Dhurrumtollah, on June 4, G. F. Kuhlau, Esq., professor of music, nearly 50 years a resident of Calcutta, aged 83.

KIRKPATRICK—At Calcutta, on May 31, Mr. William Kirkpatrick, aged 57.

LYALL—At Lohogobhaut, May 24, Rosamond, the third and twin daughter of Mr. and Mrs. W. T. Lyall, aged 2 years, 11 months, and 4 days.

LEWIN—At Dalhousie, May 14, Charles Hugh, son of the Rev. J. R. Lewin, aged 13 months and 11 days.

MAPP—At Ahmednuggur, May 31, Esther Jane Lomere, the infant daughter of Eliza and Charles Mapp, Quartermaster-sergeant B battery E brigade, Royal Horse Artillery, aged 21 months.

MADOCKS—At Bhaugulpore, on June 5, the infant daughter of Mr. and Mrs. H. R. Madocks.

MACKELLAR—At Calcutta, on June 6, W. B. Mac Kellar, of Glasgow, aged 32.

NUSWORTH—At Ramkistopore, Howrah, May 15, William Nusworth, aged 49.

ORD—At 4, Middle Road, Entally, May 19, Mrs. Mary Ann Ord, widow of the late Mr. William Knox Ord, aged 60.

ORR—At Madras, May 26, John Alexander, third son of Mr. Peter Orr, aged 22.

PENNYCUICK—May 18, Maud, infant daughter of Lieut. col. PennyCUICK, R.A., aged 3 months.

PRYDE—On board the *Francis A. Palmer*, June 6, Miss Esther Byron Pryde, daughter of Captain George Pryde, of Liverpool, aged 21.

VAUX—Emily, wife of A. H. Vaux, Esq., C.E., in the *Red Sea*, on board the steamer *Candia*, on her voyage from Calcutta to England, aged 36, June 21.

WAR OFFICE.

CHANGES, PROMOTIONS, &c.,
IN H.M.'s REGIMENTS SERVING IN INDIA.
July 11.

1st Drag. Guards.—Lieut. J. M. Benthall, from Military Train, to be lieut., v. Vibart, who exch.; July 11.

Royal Artillery.—Second Capt. A. Gillespie to be capt., v. F. D. Urquhart, ret. upon half-pay; 2nd Capt. and brev. W. Wilson to be capt., v. A. W. Pixley, ret. upon half-pay; June 10. Lieut. C. H. Pickering to be 2nd capt., v. R. C. Smith, seconded; May 10. Lieut. T. Ryan to be 2nd capt., v. Gillespie; Lieut. W. O'Brien to be 2nd capt., v. Brev. maj. Wilson; Lieut. A. Walker, on the supernumerary list, to be 2nd capt.; Lieut. H. Girardot to be 2nd capt., v. G. G. Gordon, res.; June 10. Lieut. B. L. Forster to be 2nd capt., v. A. W. A. Ogilvie, dec.; June 22. Lieut. F. A. Hand, from half-pay, to be lieut., v. Ryan; July 11. Surg. E. S. Protheroe, having completed 20 years' full-pay service, to be surg. major, under the Royal Warrant of Oct. 1, 1858; June 10. Acting vet. surg. J. Hanley to be vet. surg., v. F. Cotterell, dec.; April 28, 1863.

Royal Engineers.—The undermentioned gentlemen cadets, from the Royal Military Academy, to be lieuts., with temp. rank: E. C. Fanshawe, M. C. Brackenbury, R. H. Jelf, H. S. F. Haynes, R. G. Woodthorpe, and F. P. Washington; June 22.

Military Train.—Lieut. W. E. F. Vibart, from 1st drag. guards, to be lieut., v. Benthall, who exch.; July 11.

1st Foot.—Ens. L. E. Miller to be lieut., by purch., v. F. Farrell, who retires; W. B. Macdonald, gent., to be ensign, by purch., v. Miller; July 11.

10th Foot.—Lieut. W. Whitla to be capt., by purch., v. J. B. Corballis, who retires; Ens. H. W. Palmer to be lieut., by purch., v. Whitla; A. W. Elliott, gent., to be ensign, by purch., v. Palmer; July 11.

18th Foot.—Capt. S. Boulderson, from the late 5th Bengal European L.C., to be capt., v. T. H. Stoddard, transf. to the Madras staff corps; July 11.

56th Foot.—Corn. F. C. Burton, from 9th lancers, to be ensign, v. G. F. Horton, who retires; July 11.

107th Foot.—Lieut. C. H. Garbett, from the Bengal gen. list, to be lieut., v. A. D. Butter, transf. to the Bengal staff corps; July 11.

Rifle Brigade.—Ensign the Hon. B. T. Howard to be lieut., by purch., v. Lord E. Cavendish, who retires; Ensign E. W. Jennings, from 61st foot, to be ensign, v. H. J. T. Walpole, prom.; July 11. V. S. Bagot, gent., to be ensign, by purch., v. the Hon. B. T. Howard; July 12.

MEDICAL DEPARTMENT.

Asst. surg. R. A. Allen, M.D., from supernum. in 71st foot, to be staff asst. surg., v. J. P. de G. Delmege, M.D., dec.; July 11.

BREVET.

Capt. J. B. Pilgrim, 8th foot, to be major; June 20, 1854.

Brevet major J. B. Pilgrim, 8th foot, to be lieut. col.; Dec. 26, 1859.

Paym. R. C. Farwell, 18th foot, to have the hon. rank of Capt.; Feb. 21.

India Office,

July 15, 1865.

ARRIVALS REPORTED IN ENGLAND.

CIVIL.

Bengal Estab.—Messrs. E. H. Harrison, E. Grey, H. Hankey, C. T. Metcalfe, H. B. Harington, G. C. Fletcher, G. F. Cockburn; William Grapel, A. Gray, T. Weldon, H. B. Medlicott, James Parker, W. L. Granville, M. P. B. Duell, Dr. D. Brandis (Uncov.).

Madras Estab.—Messrs. W. Elliot, J. D. Sim.
Bombay Estab.—Messrs. F. F. Arbuthnot, C. J. Davies; E. Hingley, E. Giles (Uncov.).

ECCLIESIASTICAL.

Bengal Estab.—Rev. W. W. Phelps, Junior Chaplain; June 16.

MILITARY.

Bengal Estab.—Major D. Briggs, Staff Corps.
Madras Estab.—Lieut. E. G. Morrogh, 38th N.I.; Major E. F. Burton, Staff Corps; Capt. R. C. Lavie, 3rd N.I.; Lieut. C. Campbell, 25th N.I.; Lieut. col. M. T. French, 34th N.I.

GRANTED EXTENSION OF LEAVE.

CIVIL.

Bengal Estab.—Messrs. L. R. Tottenham, 4 mo.; A. K. Blackall (Uncov.), 2 mo.; W. E. Parry (Uncov.), 3 mo.; W. Stigant (Uncov.), 6 mo.
Madras Estab.—Mr. A. P. Hodgson, 3 mo.

ECCLIESIASTICAL.

Bengal Estab.—Rev. C. C. Anstey, Junior Chaplain, 3 mo.; June 21.
Madras Estab.—Rev. Alfred Kinloch, R.A., Chaplain, 4 mo., to aid in Kirwee prize question; July 15.
Bombay Estab.—Rev. E. N. Dickenson, Chaplain, 3 mo.; June 23.

MILITARY.

Bengal Estab.—Capt. A. Hichens, Engrs., 6 mo.; Lieut. J. S. Robinson, 1st Eur. Cav., 6 mo.; Major C. W. Hamilton, 2nd Eur. Regt., 4 mo.; Lieut. E. F. Fortescue, 84th N.I., 4 mo.; Lieut. G. R. Hennessy, Staff Corps, 6 mo.; Lieut. col. D. S. Dodgson, 30th N.I., 6 mo.; Major W. Graydon, 16th N.I., 6 mo.; Major E. Thompson, 4th Eur. Regt., 3 mo.; Capt. D. G. Manning, 52nd N.I., 6 mo.

Madras Estab.—Capt. A. A. Gordon, 7th L.C., 6 mo.; Capt. F. J. Burnes, 33rd N.I., 6 mo.; Surg. J. M. Joseph, Med. Estab., 6 mo.; Lieut. col. J. F. Stevens, 4th N.I., 3 mo.; Capt. D. Standen, Staff Corps, 3 mo.; Lieut. col. C. O. Lukin, 41st N.I., 3 mo.; Lieut. col. W. Swinton, 6th N.I., 6 mo.

Bombay Estab.—Lieut. C. Douglas, 15th N.I., 6 mo.; Lieut. C. E. Blowers, 10th N.I., 6 mo.; Lieut. H. C. Moore, Engrs., 3 mo.; Capt. J. A. Gayer, 2nd Eur. Regt., 3 mo.; Lieut. J. Hartigan, 5th N.I., 6 mo.

PERMITTED TO RETURN TO DUTY.

CIVIL.

Bengal Estab.—Messrs. E. G. Man, A. K. Blackall, W. L. Granville (Uncov.).

Madras Estab.—Messrs. R. R. Cotton, J. D. Sim.

ECCLIESIASTICAL.

Bengal Estab.—Rev. T. A. C. Firminger, Chaplain; July 12.

Bombay Estab.—Rev. Charles Walford, M.A., Junior Chaplain; July 7.

MILITARY.

Bengal Estab.—Capt. G. A. Browne, 21st N.I.; Lieut. J. Johnstone, 68th N.I.; Lieut. G. N. Channer, Inf.; Capt. G. L. Fraser, Staff Corps; Major R. T. Leigh, Staff Corps; Capt. W. Musgrave, Staff Corps; Lieut. F. W. Macmullen, Cav.; Major H. R. Drew, Staff Corps.

Madras Estab.—Major C. W. Haines, 35th N.I.; Lieut. F. M. Roche, 36th N.I.; Asst. surg. G. Bidie, Med. Estab.; Capt. F. Templer, Invalid Estab.; Lieut. F. S. FitzPatrick, 42nd N.I.; Lieut. G. Pirrie, 17th N.I.; Col. G. de Sausmarez, 20th N.I.

Bombay Estab.—Lieut. H. A. Laye, Inf.; Asst. surg. J. Kearney, Med. Estab.; Lieut. G. Mackenzie, Staff Corps.

PERMITTED TO RETIRE.

MILITARY.

Madras Estab.—Surg. maj. H. Nott, Med. Estab.

APPOINTMENTS.

ECCLIESIASTICAL.

Bengal Estab.—Rev. C. T. Tonpait to be a Junior Chaplain; July 8.

Madras Estab.—Rev. C. W. S. Taunton to be a Junior Chaplain; July 8.

Bombay Estab.—Rev. F. L. Sharpin to be a Junior Chaplain; July 8.

CAVALRY REMOUNTS.—We regret to learn that the difficulty of obtaining cavalry remounts from the dealers who come down annually from beyond our North-west Frontier has this year, proved greater than ever—a circumstance, no doubt, to be attributed in part to the prohibitive measures lately enforced by Dost Mahomed in his own territory. At the annual Hurdwar Fair only some twelve or thirteen fitting animals could be selected by the Government Committee; at the late Umritsur gathering none. We have not yet come to that refinement in long ranges that cavalry can be dispensed with, and we imagine that Government measures for ensuring a suitable supply of cattle cannot be long delayed. We incline to believe that with proper arrangements for transport, good walers could be largely imported, and at even less than the cost of animals from the existing Government studs, the productions from which seem generally somewhat deficient in quality, and, certainly, insufficient in quantity for the need.—*Pioneer*.

CIVIL SERVICE OF INDIA.—A Competitive Examination will take place March 19, 1866. Copies of the regulations may be had upon application to the secretary, Civil Service Commission, London, S.W., or of Messrs. W. H. Allen and Co., 13, Waterloo-place, S.W.

To Correspondents.

All letters for insertion in *Allen's Indian Mail* should be accompanied with the real name and address of the writer, "not necessarily for publication, but as a guarantee of good faith."

Communications for the Editor, and Advertisements, should be sent under cover to Messrs. W.M. H. ALLEN & Co., 13, Waterloo-place, S.W.

. Should any delay or irregularity occur in supplying this Paper, communication of the fact to the Publisher will insure a remedy.

ALLEN'S INDIAN MAIL,

MONDAY, July 17, 1865.

NEW PASSAGE WARRANT.

A ROYAL WARRANT, dated the 2nd of January, 1865, and in supersession of that of the 1st of July, 1848, concerning the grant of passages and passage allowance to officers of the army, has just been published in India. It is to be observed in regard to all officers proceeding to or from the colonies, and is to be applicable to all officers, whether of the staff, or of regiments, brigades, and batteries, who shall hereafter embark on service in the East Indies. The principal provisions of the new regulations as affecting Indian service are as follows:—

Officers are entitled to passages at the public expense.—1. If proceeding to serve upon the general, medical, or civil staff of a foreign station, or returning therefrom in consequence of reduction or removal; or if proceeding with or upon the first appointment of the general officer to whose personal staff they belong, or returning in consequence of such general officer ceasing to hold his appointment. 2. If attached to and ordered to proceed with their regiments, or in charge of detachments of their regiments. 3. If proceeding to fill up vacancies occasioned by death, by promotion, by augmentation, by resignation, by dismissal, or by the exchange, removal, or retirement of officers who have returned home on account of ill-health, who have been ordered home on duty, or who have served two years at the depots of their regiments. 4. If ordered to proceed upon courts-martial, or upon any other special public duty upon which their presence is considered absolutely necessary, or if returning after the performance of such public duty. 5. If returning home in consequence of regular regimental promotion, or promotion to the rank of general officer, of promotion under the warrant of October 6, 1854, of being placed on retired full pay under the warrant of Oct. 14, 1858, or on half-pay under the warrants of Dec. 17, 1855, and December 2, 1857, or of promotion to the medical staff, or promotion in the civil branches of the army. 6. If ordered home to undergo instruction at the staff college or school of musketry, to join the regimental depots of their regiments in their regular tour of duty, and actually joining such depots without obtaining previous leave of absence. 7. If returning home on leave on account of ill-health upon the report and recommendation of a medical board, or if returning to their stations after the expiration of such leave. 8. The officer commanding at a foreign station, on being satisfied of the inability of an officer removed from or dismissed the service for misconduct to provide his own passage may use his discretion in ordering a passage for him at the public expense, a report of every such case being made to the Secretary of State for War. 9. An officer who, on the expiration of his leave of absence on private affairs, is ordered to do duty with detachments will be allowed cabin accommodation, paying only the usual contribution for messing. 10. An officer who, whilst at home on leave of absence on his private affairs, shall subsequently do duty for two years with the regimental

depot shall, when ordered to rejoin his regiment, be allowed a passage at the public expense. Every officer who entered the store service prior to January 1, 1857, and every barrack-master who entered the service prior to Feb. 7, 1860, will, when entitled to a passage at the public expense, be also allowed free conveyance for his wife and children, subject only to the regulated charges for messing. Schoolmasters (not being superintending schoolmasters) ordered to proceed by sea from one station to another will, with their families, be entitled to intermediate or second-class passages at the public expense, and when so accommodated will be subject to deduction for rations at the rate of 1s. a day for himself, 4d. a day for his wife, and 2d. a day for each child. When circumstances necessitate his being provided with accommodation inferior to intermediate or second-class he will only be subject to the usual stoppage of 6d. a day for rations.

Officers are not entitled to passages at the public expense. If returning home on resignation, or in consequence of removal for misconduct, or of dismissal by the sentence of court-martial, except as specified in clause No. 8. If exchanging with other officers for their mutual convenience, if coming home on their private affairs, or if returning to their stations on the expiration of their leave of absence upon private affairs. Officers returning home on their private affairs will be required to sign the declaration prescribed by the regulations, and will, if when in this country they exchange or retire from the service, be liable to pay the expense of their successors' passages to the stations from which they have returned. Officers retiring from the service by the sale of their commissions, will, unless they have served 25 years on full pay, be liable to the expense of their successors' passages. An officer entitled to conveyance at the public expense must, when required to proceed on foreign service, apply to the proper military authority to be provided with a passage. When a passage cannot be provided on board a vessel of war, troop ship, transport, or other Government vessel, or a freight ship or contract steam vessel, the regulated allowance of passage money, according to the following scale, will be issued to an officer on his producing a certificate from the master or owner of the vessel in which he intends to embark that he has engaged his own passage, and that of his servant or servants when entitled to conveyance for them at the public expense, and if proceeding by a steamer, specifying the amount of passage money, &c., agreed to be paid.

The rates of allowance in the latter case are as follows for the respective passages of an officer and his servant:—

Mauritius: by steamer, £94 and £49; by sailing vessel, £54 and £81.

Ceylon: by steamer, £90 and £47; by sailing vessel, £68 and £23.

Bombay: by steamer, £90 and £47; by sailing vessel, £87 and £23.

Madras: by steamer, £94 and £49; by sailing vessel, £87 and £23.

Calcutta: by steamer, £98 and £52; by sailing vessel, £87 and £23.

It is further provided that:—

The allowance granted will be in each case that for the particular route and description of vessel (steam or sailing) by which the officer may be ordered to proceed; and in the case of steam conveyance being authorised, the amount granted will be the actual expense incurred by the officer, less the usual contribution for messing for the period of the voyage, provided such amount does not exceed the rate specified in the foregoing scale.

General officers will be permitted to embark three servants at the public expense. Every staff officer of the rank of field officer, and every regimental field officer of cavalry, artillery, and infantry, who is required to keep a horse or horses for the performance of his public duties, will be allowed conveyance for two servants. Officers below the rank of field officer (with the exception of subalterns) will be allowed a passage for one servant; but when horses are actually embarked, staff officers and district and regimental rifle instructors holding the rank of captain will be allowed passages for two servants, and those holding the rank of lieutenant and ensign will be allowed a passage for one only. Field officers of the Royal Engineers will be permitted to embark two servants, and those below that rank one only. Medical, commissariat, store, and other officers of the civil departments of the army will be allowed to embark servants according to their relative military rank. The permission to embark servants will in all

cases be contingent on the claims of the officers themselves to free passages, and allowances, for the passages of servants will only be issued for those actually embarked and accompanying them. Regimental officers having brevet rank will be entitled to allowances for their servants according to their regimental rank only. If female instead of male servants are embarked with married officers when accompanied by their wives, the difference in expense (if any) will be charged to the officers. Passages from port to port in the same military command may be provided for officers' civil servants actually embarked, not exceeding the number for which allowances are permitted to be drawn.

The allowance to be granted to general officers permitted to engage their own passages will be the actual and necessary expenses for the conveyance of themselves and families after abating their own mess contribution, and the expenses of messing their families for the period of the voyage; and the claims for reimbursement must be substantiated by documents showing the expenses actually incurred, and the several items of the charges.

When an officer shall have returned home, or shall have proceeded from one foreign station to another, or from one port to another, within the same command, under circumstances entitling him to a passage at the public expense, the Secretary of State for War, upon being furnished with the prescribed certificates, will communicate to the Lords Commissioners of the Admiralty that such officer was entitled to be accommodated in a Government or contract steam vessel; or if he proceeded in a private trader, the Secretary of State for War will recommend that the actual sum which his passage may have cost may be granted him, provided it do not exceed the amount of the regulated allowance.

There are a variety of provisions in respect to the conveyance of horses, baggage, &c., and to other contingencies which need not be here enumerated. The amount of messing contributions are of more general application. These are:—For a general officer 8s. a day, and for officers under that rank 3s. 6d.; but when wine or beer are not included in the mess, the amount will be 2s. 6d. only. The officers will also be subject to a deduction of 9d. a day for each of his civil male servants. They will also be required to pay for the messing of their wives and families on board hired vessels at these rates:—For the chief cabin, ladies, 6s. 8d. a day; children under sixteen years, 3s. 4d. and 2s. 6d.; female servants, 2s. For the second class cabins the rates are one half, except as regards the servants, for whom the same charge is made in both cases.

THE GOVERNMENT REPORT UPON RAILWAYS IN INDIA.

MR. JULAND DANVERS' report upon railways in India for 1864-65 has just been issued by the department. In the language of critics it may be called a welcome addition to Blue-book literature, being carefully and compactly compiled, and affording very complete information in very accessible space. The map by which it is accompanied, too, gives at a glance an idea of the progress of the railway system which in a few years we may hope to see in a perfect condition.

At the present time the passenger arriving at Bombay may proceed by rail in three different directions—due north to Ahmedabad, north-east about half way to Jubbulpore, a branch of which line, from

Bhosawal, will take him part of the way to Nagpore; or south-east as far as Sholapore, towards Madras. Or, landing at Beypore, lower down on the west coast, he may go direct to Madras, while proceeding from that city he will find direct communication to Bangalore, another branch taking him the greater part of the way to Cuddapore, and very shortly to be complete. From Candery, on the east coast, below Madras, a cross line is in progress, to join the main line to Beypore, at Coimbatore, being open now as far as Trichinopoly. At Calcutta commences the main line to the north-west, and besides a branch to Canningtown, the new port of the Mutlah, there are lines in course of completion to Dacca and Bahar, part of the line being open in either case. To the north-west the main line is complete, with the exception of the bridge across the Jumna, to Agra and Delhi. Proceeding still upwards we find the railway from Umritsur down to Lahore and Mooltan, the latter section just opened to the public. Thence the Indus flotilla carries the traveller further to the south-west, to Kotree, whence another railway takes him to Kurrachee, or lower down to the mouth of the Indus.

On the 1st of January, 1864, the length of line open in India for traffic was 2,519 miles. This has since been increased to 3,186½ by the addition of 448½ miles previous to, and of 218½ since, the 31st of December last—exclusive of 26 miles of lighter railway constituted by the Indian Branch Company, to which we shall presently refer. About 1,700 miles remain to be finished to complete the system of guaranteed lines now in course of construction. A few years will, it is anticipated, elapse before the whole will be ready for traffic. Sections of considerable length, and embracing works of great magnitude, such as those between Delhi and Umritsur, and between Sholapore and Cuddapah, on the line from Bombay to Madras, have only been recently commenced. Those also between Allahabad and Jubbulpore on the East Indian Railway, and between Jubbulpore and Bhosawal on the Great Indian Peninsula, which are required to complete the communication between Calcutta and Bombay, will not be finished, probably, for two or three years. The full benefits of the railway system will not be felt until that system has become one entire whole; but, in the meantime, lines of considerable length and immense utility are being worked to very great advantage. The most important sections which have been opened during the past year are the Thull Ghat incline, on the Great Indian Peninsula, and that portion of the Bombay and Baroda which lies between Bulsar and Bombay. Although not great in extent, the one being 10 and the other 120 miles, both were required to fulfil the

objects of either undertaking. Until the Baroda Railway reached Bombay the line was cut off from its chief source of traffic, and until the Thull Ghat was traversed by the Great Indian Peninsula a break occurred in the line between Bombay and the great cotton districts of Central India which caused both inconvenience to the public and expense to the company. Within a distance of ten miles the railway now climbs a height of nearly a thousand feet, the steepest gradient being in 37 for 4 miles 30 chains, and the sharpest curve 17 chains radius for a length of 33 chains. There are 13 tunnels, of an aggregate length of 2,652 yards, and viaducts to the extent of 741 yards, one of 250 yards being 200 feet in height. The cost of this incline has been £50,000 a mile. On the eastern side of the Peninsular another useful line has been opened during the past year—that from the Madras Railway to Bangalore.

At present, we are told, only a small proportion of the lines are double. A considerable length of siding is provided at the stations, but, irrespective of this, only about 124 miles are constructed with double lines—there being 67 miles on the East Indian, between Calcutta and the junction of the Raneegunge branch with the main line, and 57 on the Great Indian Peninsula. On the latter line, however, the doubling of 42 miles more has recently been sanctioned, by which addition the whole of the line from Bombay to the head of the Thull Ghat will be thus provided. It is also proposed to double some further portions of the Bengal division of the East Indian Railway. With regard to the proposed extension of the Raneegunge and Barrackur branch of the East Indian Railway, through the Kurhurbalee coal fields, to some point on the main line, the Government of India has just decided that it shall be taken across the Nargoonjoo Pass to Luckeserai, a length of 118 miles, a branch of 26 miles being made to the coal fields. This chord line will shorten the distance between Calcutta and the North-West by 71 miles. The cost, it is estimated, will be upwards of £2,000,000—a heavy sum, but the advantage gained will make it money well spent.

The report complains that the development of traffic on some of the railways is still to a certain extent retarded by the absence or imperfect condition of the roads leading to the stations—a fact of which it is well to find the Government are sensible, as is shown by Sir Charles Trevelyan's Budget statement for the present year, in which it is remarked that "the progress of the railway construction continues to demand a large expenditure for the construction of roads, by which the traffic of the country may be more freely brought on the great lines of communication."

The loss caused to the railway companies in Bengal by the cyclone of October last is estimated at £23,245; and on the western side the monsoon, which was of unusual violence, inflicted considerable damage upon the railway works.

The unguaranteed railways, already alluded to, consist of the Indian Branch Railway and the Indian Tramway Company. Neither has made more than moderate progress during the year. A branch from the East Indian Railway at Nulhattee to Azimgunge has been open, but it does not appear to have yet succeeded in withdrawing the traffic from its old channels. The company has, however, commenced operations on the section between Cawnpore and Lucknow, where it cannot fail to command extensive support. The Indian Tramway Company has hitherto confined its operations to a branch line connecting Arconum, on the Madras Railway, with Conjenam, about seventeen miles distant, which is expected to be open for traffic very shortly, and gives promise of success.

The attention of Government, we are told, has been engaged during the past year with two important subjects in connection with the extension of railways in Central India, viz., the establishment of a direct line of communication from Bombay, through Central India, to the North-West Provinces, and the junction, at one central terminus in Calcutta, of the three railways which take their departure from that city—the old difficulty of bridging the Hoogley being the principal one in the way of the latter project. The question of railways for Central India has also been considered by a committee appointed by Government, and they have reported in favour of a system which embraces lines from Delhi to Agra, on the East Indian line, to Jey-pore, where they are to form a junction; a line from thence to the Great Indian Peninsula Railway, through Ajmere, Nusseerabad, Neemuch, Rutlam, and Indore; and another to connect the Bombay and Baroda Railway at Baroda with the above. Negotiations have already been entered into with the native chiefs for the purpose, and no difficulty is apprehended on this score.

We notice that the casualties among the European servants of the companies, by death, retirement through ill health, or rejections by the examining physician, were something less than the average of the four previous years. The proportion of accidents on the lines appears considerable, but the greater number, we are assured, were either purely accidental, or caused by circumstances under the control of the sufferers.

The total expenditure of capital on the lines either open or in course of construction amounted on the 1st of May last to

£54,942,029. During the past year the expenditure has been £3,806,044. Of this about £2,418,345 was expended in India, and £1,387,699 in England. On the date in question the companies had a balance of unexpended capital to the amount of £3,044,103 in the Government Treasury. They had raised during the year £3,716,856; so that after deducting the amount expended in this country and India, there was a sum of about £2,900,000 available for this year's expenditure, which, it is estimated, will amount to about £5,100,000. The companies will probably raise, during the next year, a sum of £4,000,000, in order to cover the expenditure and carry on until the year following. During the year the revenues of the chief Indian railways have made a considerable advance, and the general results of the traffic may be regarded as satisfactory. But on the smaller lines, such as the Sind, the Great Southern, and the Calcutta and South Eastern, there has been a falling off in this respect; but we are assured that the effect has been produced by various local causes not likely to occur again, and that an improvement may be consequently expected.

CORRESPONDENCE.

THE INDIAN ARMY.—SECOND SERIES. No. IV.

TO THE EDITOR OF "ALLEN'S INDIAN MAIL."

SIR,—It is now pretty generally admitted that the mutiny of the Bengal Army, and the rebellion that arose out of it, owed their origin to several causes. First and foremost, perhaps, may be placed the indications of proselytising zeal which, together with the expansion of education in the English language and the interference with the domestic and religious institutions of the people, not confined to missionaries, but warmly taken up by the European public officers, both civil and military, gave rise to that apprehension which certainly prevailed in 1857 of the intention of Government to do away with their most cherished institution of caste. The seeds of the mutiny were sown at Calcutta, and were disseminated, not by letters, but through the agency of the military detachments proceeding into the interior during the months of January, February, March, and April, and part of May, before the outbreak assumed its real character in the Upper Provinces, and which, like a rapidly consuming flame, spread in all directions. The plea of the cartridges has been now distinctly established. I have, however, no doubt that the true cause of the rebellion had another and distinct origin, namely, that of the apprehension of all the native States that they were doomed to be eventually absorbed into the all-devouring tendency and openly-avowed policy of taking every favourable opportunity of adding to the territorial dominion and finances of the British Government. Nor was this apprehension without foundation. I have shown

in my last letter that the right of adoption of an heir in the case of a man dying without male issue was not only an established right never before disputed by former Governments, but that it was strictly a religious obligation; if not effected by a man during his lifetime, it was incumbent on his widow or nearest of kin to perform that ceremony. For nearly one hundred years the English Government had not only not disputed this Hindoo right, but it had, in more than one instance, where a native State had been left by the omission of the ruler at his death without an heir of his body, urged the necessity of the family proceeding at once to adopt a successor. The two instances which occur to me at present are those of Sindia, the present ruler of the Gwalior State, and the late ruler of the Nagpoor dominion.

The first instance of a departure from that policy occurred in 1841, on the western side of India. "The Principality of Colaba held for nearly two centuries in a state of independence. It had never been in our possession. Our connection with it rests upon the foundations of a formal treaty freely contracted; and while a vestige of the Angria family remains it belongs to them of right, and cannot be seized and appropriated by us otherwise than by an act of violence perpetrated by our superior power."

"It is assumed that the principality has lapsed to the paramount State by reason of the failure of heirs. But the ground I rest upon is that the widow of Angria possessed under the authority of that Prince, which is not disputed, the right to adopt, and still possesses that right unimpaired." "Again, I never can satisfy myself that true policy can comport with injustice and oppression. The native princes and chiefs of India will see in the fate of Colaba their own future destiny; their fidelity and attachment cannot be relied upon while they have such cause for distrust and alarm; and although they may be overawed and kept down by our irresistible military power, the occasion may arise when their hostility may be dangerous. The feelings of our Indian subjects are not to be trifled with; and it is not wise nor safe to depart from the conciliatory conduct, nor to efface from their minds those impressions of our justice, wisdom, and good faith which have hitherto constituted our bond of union with the people, and the true basis of our power in India."

At a subsequent period the authority above [quoted] wrote:—"I remonstrated against the annexation—I am disposed to call it confiscation—of Colaba, the ancient seat of the Angria family, and far from having any reason to recall, or to modify the opinion recorded by me on that proceeding, I have availed myself of every suitable occasion to enforce my conviction, that a more mischievous policy could not be pursued than that which would engross the whole territory of India." *

* Minute of the late Mr. St. George Tucker, once Chairman of the Court of Directors. J. M. Ludlow—pp. 103-4.

This sentiment in respect to the absorption of the whole Indian territory by direct British rule has been combated by the greatest statesmen both at home and abroad.

Mr. Tucker only repeated the sentiment of the Duke of Wellington, to be found in his Indian despatches, written more than half a century before he died, nor did he ever express any other. The same opinion may be found recorded in the writings of the most distinguished of our political agents till the present period, in which are included the names of governors-general, governors, ambassadors, and political residents of native Courts. Indeed, the few who advocated the annexation policy were the very few who had never left our own provinces, or served at the Courts of the native princes.

The first innovation on our former policy occurred, as has been stated, in the year 1841.

In 1844 the case of the Holcar family was so interfered with that an adoption, formally recognised, was set aside without any just cause, and another was authorised, bound round with conditions which precludes any future adoptions in that family.

In 1847 occurred the abnegation of an adopted son by the Rajah of Sattara.

In 1848 the chieftainship of Jhansie fell vacant, and although the two last chiefs by adoption had been recognised by the British Government, the new policy of appropriation by lapse was put in force, the surviving widow was not allowed to exercise that sacred funeral right of her religion, and the Jhansie estate was annexed.

In 1854, the Rajah of Nagpoor, a chief adopted at the express instigation of the British Government, in 1819, died without male issue, but the adoption by his widow was not recognised, and the territory of Nagpoor fell under British rule.

In 1857, the King of Oudh, who had been encouraged by the Marquis of Hastings to assume that title, and then declare himself independent of the Emperor of Delhi (of whom his ancestor was only the Prime Minister), was deposed from his throne on the pretext that he neglected his duty in protecting his subjects from the maladministration of his public servants, who had during latter reigns rendered themselves virtually independent of his authority. This measure was adopted in the face of a treaty frequently referred to by the Governor-General, a treaty which had been included among others presented to the House of Commons, but which it was found convenient to affirm had never been ratified, and was included among others by mistake.

Mr. Ludlow has shown the strenuous exertions made by a few members of the Court of Directors to oppose these violations of good faith who even predicted the loss of our rule altogether; while many of the local officers made use of the strongest arguments to divert the Government from its intentions, and which, in the case of the Rajpoot States, had in a great measure succeeded from apprehension of the consequences.

There still remains another case, that of the adopted son of the late Bajee Row, the ex-Peshwa and ruler of the Mahratta portion of the Deccan.

He was induced at the end of the war of 1817-18, to surrender himself and his dominions to Sir John Malcolm on condition of a suitable provision for himself and

family. Now it has been shown that it was competent for him as a Hindoo to adopt a son during his life, which he did with the knowledge of the British Government. This heir was Nana Dhondo Punt, and according to Hindoo law he succeeded to all the rights of his father—namely the estate of Bittoor on the Ganges, and the stipend or lien on the revenue of the territory which had been surrendered to the British Government. The stipend was large (£80,000 a-year), but less than our Government had compelled Bajee Rao himself sixteen years before to assign to an adoptive brother (his elder), which had been continued to the adopted son of the latter. Such is Nana Dhondo Punt's case. The Government, according to the new policy, refused to recognise him as heir, and he, having failed in obtaining redress, both in India and through an agent in England, exerted every effort in his power to obtain revenge, both by promoting the sepoy mutiny, and by employing agents throughout the Decan, and elsewhere.

With a knowledge of these facts we ought not to be surprised that every native chief trembled for the succession of his family, and only waited the course of events to regulate his future conduct.

The public has been taught to believe that the East India Company has, from its earliest connection with that country, been acting on the principle of adding to its territory, whenever it suited its purpose, and that the policy of annexation and lapse was only consistent with its former practice. It has, however, been proved that whatever has been its policy since Mr. Pitt's Bill of 1784, was the Act of the Government of the Crown. It can be shown, also, that no territory has been acquired by the British Government but as the result of war, in most cases brought on by the native Princes themselves; or else by treaties, when, as in the cases of the Nabobs of Moorsheadabad, the Carnatic, and the Rajah of Tanjore, cessions were made in consideration of a perpetual lien on the territories transferred to our rule. The only two wanton aggressions within the last century have been, first, the Marhatta war of 1776-84, in support of a regicide sovereign; and, secondly, the Affghan war of 1839, undertaken to replace on his throne a king who had been twice driven from it by his own outraged subjects. Both these wars terminated in disaster and disgrace. Whenever we made war the cause was publicly proclaimed, and our allies were invited to take part, according to treaty or otherwise; and after the termination of war our allies benefited, either by accession of territory, or by equivalent remuneration for the extra expense incurred by them in its prosecution; so that our high reputation for good faith was sustained, and our strength, both morally and physically, increased, whereas the new policy of annexation has brought with it evils which have shaken that confidence in our rulers which has alone enabled a few foreigners, at the distance of many thousand miles, to exercise dominion hitherto over one-fifth of the populations of the habitable globe.

J. B.

Oriental Club, July, 1865.

MISCELLANEOUS.

THE NEW AMALGAMATION GRIEVANCE COMMISSION.—To the officers of the Indian army. —Gentlemen,—I have the honour to inform you that the Royal Commissioners are prepared to receive a written memorandum from any officer now in England setting forth his own individual grievances, with the names of any witnesses he may wish to bring forward in support of his complaints. The points to which each officer must confine himself are the following:—1. The supersession in army rank to which he has been subjected by officers joining the Staff Corps, or by the action of the brevet rank given to remedy such supersession. 2. The reduction in the number of regimental lieut.-colonels by making promotion in succession to one-half only of the officers of that rank who accepted special annuities in 1861. 3. The regulation by which twelve years is made the period of service in the grade of lieut.-colonel. 4. The arrangements for regulating promotion of colonels of artillery and engineers, subsequent to the 17th of Feb., 1861, to the rank of general officer. These memoranda should be addressed to Colonel Crewe, Secretary to Royal Commission, Cannon-row, London, S.W. I have the honour to be, gentlemen, your most obedient servant, CHAS. FRED. NORTH, Major-general, Chairman of Committee acting for Indian Officers, 3A, King-street, St. James's-square, July 13, 1865.

EASTERN BENGAL RAILWAY.—On Monday, the 10th inst., an extraordinary general meeting of the shareholders was held at the London Tavern, Bishopsgate, to pass resolutions to confirm the directors' acceptance of a proposal from the Secretary of State for India that the company should, under a guarantee of 5 per cent. interest on the additional capital required, extend their railway from a point near Kooshtea to Goalundo, or to such other point or points near the Rivers Ganges and Bhurhampootre, as the directors with the Government may determine; also for the increase of the present capital of £1,000,000 to £1,500,000, for the purpose of such extension; also that the new shares for the additional capital of £500,000 should be of such class, and have such privileges, and be subject to such conditions, as might be determined upon at such meeting. Mr. Leath was in the chair. It appeared from a long address from the chairman that the propositions of the Bengal Government, who were very anxious to have the extension line made, was to guarantee 5 per cent. on a capital of £500,000, for the construction of the works as "part and parcel" of the Eastern Bengal Railway, which means that should the latter earn more than the 5 per cent. guaranteed to them by the Indian Government, the surplus is not to be participated in by the shareholders until the completion of the proposed extension. The Eastern Bengal line is already earning, it is stated, about £4. 17s. per cent. per annum; and the question was whether the new line was likely to be sufficiently remunerative to induce the shareholders of the existing railway to forego for the three years during the construction of the new works their chance of enjoying the benefits of a surplus on the old capital. Upon this point considerable evidence was adduced, both on the part of the Indian Government officials, and on the part of the officers of the railway company, to the effect that the proposed extension would not only pay well, but bring an enormous additional amount of traffic upon the existing line. In fact, it was asserted that every rupee earned upon the former would bring a rupee into the pockets of the latter. After about two hours' discussion, the Chairman moved that the offer of the Indian Government for the company's construction of the extension be accepted. To this an amendment was moved:—"That the offer be accepted on the

condition that the shareholders should during the period of the construction of the extension participate in any surplus which might be earned on the old line." The amendment was, upon a show of hands, lost, and the original motion was carried, with the following rider appended to it:—"That inasmuch as the earnings of this railway are likely soon to afford a dividend in excess of 5 per cent. per annum, it is just to the proprietors that they should be allowed to enjoy that excess without surrendering it as part of the capital required for an extended enterprise (interest upon capital during construction being, according to usage, part of the cost of works, although in guaranteed Indian railways that part of the cost is subject to contingent repayment); and further, that it is expedient, in the common interest of all concerned, that unguaranteed capital should be attracted to the extension of Indian railways by the practical influence of a rate of profit beyond the minimum 5 per cent." The directors were then authorised to increase the capital of the company from £1,000,000 to £1,500,000, by the issue of 25,000 shares of £20 each, one new share to be allotted to the holder of every £40 stock in the existing capital. A call of £1 per share will be made immediately, but another call will not be made for six months.

CALCUTTA AND SOUTH-EASTERN RAILWAY.—An extraordinary general meeting of this company was held on Wednesday, at the office, Gresham House, Old Broad-street. Mr. John Borradaile was in the chair. The Chairman moved a resolution to the effect that the present Clause 27 of the articles of association be cancelled, and that, henceforth, Clause 27 stand as follows: "The directors may, from time to time, increase the capital of the company by the creation and issue of new stock or shares, and they may also issue and raise money on debentures of the company, as the directors shall from time to time see fit, provided that no such increase of capital or issue of debentures shall be made unless with the consent of the Secretary of State for India in Council." The motion was seconded and agreed to unanimously. The chairman then proposed that Clause 33 of the articles of association be altered, so that in order to constitute an ordinary or extraordinary general meeting, there must be present at the place, and within an hour of the time appointed for holding the same, ten shareholders at the least, holding capital of a value not less than £2,500, instead of twenty shareholders, as required by the existing 33rd clause. This was also seconded and agreed to. The chairman stated that it would be necessary, for the purpose of confirming those resolutions, that they should be again submitted to a meeting of the proprietors. A meeting for that purpose would be held next Thursday fortnight, the 27th instant, at the same place.

INDIAN CARRYING COMPANY (LIMITED).—The half-yearly meeting of this company was held on Monday, at the offices, Broad-street-buildings; Sir Macdonald Stephenson in the chair. The report was taken as read. The chairman, in moving the adoption of the report, said that the two subjects in it which appeared to require special notice were the comparative degrees of success in the different presidencies, and the probable early requirement of additional capital to meet the increasing demands of the traffic. As regarded the first question, it had been correctly stated that the working in Bombay had been prejudicially affected by extraneous causes which were exceptional, had been removed, and there was no fear of their recurrence, while the progress in Bengal and the North-West Provinces had been so great as to have more than doubled the returns in one year. The transfer of the Government bullock train to the company would materially increase the business, which would be conducted with greater facility when the Allahabad bridge over the Jumna was

opened next month, as the existing break at that point in the East Indian Railway line had occasioned frequent delays in the transmission of goods forwarded by the Carrying Company. The second point referred to was the additional capital which the board requested powers to raise when necessary, and it would be readily understood that the great superiority enjoyed by the Carrying Company over the native carriers consisted mainly in their larger available capital, by which they were enabled to carry on their work on more favourable terms, and with greater certainty and despatch. A larger floating capital would also be indispensable for the payments to the railways and for advances of various kinds, which could not be realised until after delivery of the goods. The directors were satisfied with the progress made, because it was likely to be permanently progressive, and the shareholders might rely upon their continued earnest attention to the company's interests. The report was unanimously adopted, and a dividend at the rate of 6 per cent. per annum (free of income-tax) was declared for the half-year ending December 31, 1864, payable on the 20th inst. The meeting was then made special, and on the motion of the chairman, seconded by Dr. Rose, it was unanimously resolved that the capital of the company be increased by the creation of 25,000 new shares of £2 each, and that such shares be issued on such terms as the directors might think fit.

THE LONDON AND BOMBAY BANK AND GENERAL FINANCIAL AND INSURANCE AGENCY CORPORATION (LIMITED).—An extraordinary general meeting of the shareholders of this company was held at the Guildhall Coffee-house, Guildhall-yard, for the purpose of confirming the following special resolution, which was set forth in the advertisement as read by the secretary:—"That the present nominal capital of the London and Bombay Bank and General Financial and Insurance Agency Corporation (Limited), of £2,000,000, divided into 200,000 shares of £10 each, be increased to the nominal capital of £4,000,000 by the addition thereto of the sum of £2,000,000, divided into 200,000 shares of £10 each; and that such additional capital shall form part of the original capital in the manner and form pointed out by the articles of association of this company." Mr. Scholes was in the chair, and moved a resolution to the effect that the time having elapsed for holding the meeting, the meeting be adjourned until Thursday, the 20th inst., at eleven o'clock. Mr. Charles Tyler having seconded the motion, it was carried *nem. con.*

JOHN T. BELL AND CO.'S BANKRUPTCY.—At a meeting of the creditors of John T. Bell and Co., of London, trading under the names of A. H. Huschke and Co., of Bombay, and of G. Ventz and Co., of Manchester, an approximate statement of affairs was submitted by the accountants, Messrs. Coleman, Turquand, Youngs, and Co. From the statement it appeared that nearly all the liabilities were incurred in Bombay, through the monetary difficulties of a native banker and broker, who, however, it is believed, has sufficient property to discharge all his debts. Confidence was expressed in Mr. Bell, and resolutions were passed adjourning the meeting until further information be received from Bombay. It was also agreed to allow Mr. Bell to continue the liquidation with the accountants, conjointly with the advice of two of the creditors.

LIEUT.-COLONEL E. B. JOHNSON, C.B.—The Field Marshal Commanding-in-Chief has been pleased to appoint Lieut.-colonel and Brevet-colonel Edwin Beaumont Johnson, C.B., Royal (late Bengal) Artillery, to be H.R.H.'s Assistant Military Secretary, July 10.

THE INDIAN TELEGRAPH.—It appears that the telegraphic communication with India is suspended, and it is feared that the difficulty on this occasion is through some break or fault in the Gulf cable.

SHIPPING.

ARRIVALS.

July 6. Lord Palmerston, Mauritius.—7. Hannah Salkeld, Old Calabar; Jeanette, Cornelia, China, and Toma, Batavia (for Rotterdam).—9. Kestrel, Manila; Laseraia, Singapore.—12. Almeer, Bombay.—13. Perseverance, Mauritius; Furness Abbey, Calcutta; Morning Star, Old Calabar; Carlotta, Akrah.—14. Naturalist, Calcutta; Santiago, Colombo; Bury St. Edmunds, Mauritius.

DEPARTURES.

July 5. Rutland, Aden.—7. Martaban, Calcutta; Sea Breeze, Mauritius.—14. Selma, Moulmein.—15. Hartfell, Bombay.

PASSENGERS DEPARTED.

Per Overland Route.

Per str. Euxine, from Southampton, July 12.—To BOMBAY.—Qmrs. Mitchell, Rev. Mr. and Mrs. Jones and two children, Vet. surg. Byrne, Mr. C. Halford.
Per str. Poonah, from Marseilles, July 20.—To BOMBAY.—Col. Wilby, Brigadier Heath, Mr. D. Calder, Mr. D. Cruikshank. To ALEXANDRIA.—Commander Morgan, R.M., Mr. T. Goode.

DOMESTIC.

BIRTHS.

ATKINSON.—The wife of John F. Atkinson, Esq., late Commander E.I. ship *Blenheim*, of a son, at Ford-place, Stifford, Essex, July 11.
HERBERT.—The wife of Lieut.-Col. Charles Herbert, Bengal Staff Corps, of a son, at 29, Pembroke-square, Notting-hill, July 1.

MARRIAGES.

AVDALL—LUNGLEY.—John, eldest son of John Avdall, Esq., of Calcutta, to Elizabeth H., daughter of Charles Lungley, Esq., of Maitland-house, Greenwich, at St. George's, Hanover-square, July 6.

DICK—DICK.—Major George Thomas Dick, H.M.'s Indian Army, son of George Stuart Dick, Esq., and grandson of the late Lieut.-General George Dick, H.E.I.C.S., to Parisina Lavinia, only daughter of the late Paris Thos. Dick, M.D., of Bedford, at St. Andrew's Church, Clifton, July 7.

HATHED—SHAW.—William B. Hathed, son of the late Nathaniel J. Hathed, Esq., of the Bengal Civil Service, to Georgiana, daughter of the late Thomas Shaw, Esq., of the Bengal Civil Service, at Christ Church, Lancaster-gate, July 12.

HAMILTON—PRITCHARD.—Richard C. A. Hamilton, of Oudh, to Mary Anne, youngest daughter of John Pritchard, Esq., at Glenleven, Renfrewshire, N.B., July 5.

KRUMMACHER—CRISP.—Dr. Martin Krummacher, of Siegen, Prussia, to Susan W., daughter of the Rev. Edmund Crisp, late Missionary at Bangalore, at Trinity Chapel, Reading, July 11.

MILLAR—WHITE.—Richard C. Millar, Esq., son of Leander Millar, Esq., of Madras, to Helena, daughter of the late Richard White, Esq., of Thorne-croft, Sunderland, at St. Peter's Church, Newcastle-upon-Tyne, July 4.

MONK—HERBERT.—Henry H., son of the late William Garrow Monk, Esq., formerly Judge Hon. E.I.C.S., to Lizzie, widow of the late John Herbert, Esq., at St. Mary's Church, Kingston, July 3.

PERKINS—CAMPBELL.—R. H. Perkins, Surgeon, Bengal Medical Service, to Ann Bowden, daughter of J. A. Campbell, Esq., of Inverneil, Argylshire, N.B., at the British Consulate, and afterwards at the Church of St. Stephen the Martyr, Lehigh, July 6.

SLATER—DOBIE.—John Bedwell, son of John Slater, Esq., Carlisle, to Ellen G., daughter of the late Major H. M. Dobie, of the Madras Army, at Irthington, near Carlisle, July 5.

WHEATLEY—WHITEHILL.—John Charles Wheatley, son of Major Wheatley, late English Vice-Consul at Caen, France, to Jessie Eliza, daughter of the late Colonel Whitehill, and late wife of General St. John, Bombay Army, at the parish church, Marylebone, July 12.

DEATHS.

COLLEY.—Elizabeth, relict of the late Major Augustus R. Colley, R.M.L.L., at 8, Ordnance-terrace, Chatham, aged 83, July 7.

DANVERS.—Alice Stewart, the eldest daughter of Juland Danvers, Esq., at Caterham, Surrey, aged 12 years, July 4.

MACKILLOP.—George Mackillop, Esq., formerly of Calcutta, at Torquay, aged 75, July 10.

SEABROOK.—John James Seabrook, Esq., late of the H.E.I.C.S., July 5.

STEPHENS.—Isabella, wife of Lieut.-Colonel W. F. Stephens, H.M.'s Bengal Cavalry, at Twickenham, July 9.

INDIA EXCHANGES.

BANK AND COMMERCIAL BILLS.

	60 days' sight.	30 days' sight.		60 days' sight.	30 days' sight.
Calcutta	1s. 11d.	1s. 11½d.	Singapore	4s. 6d.	4s. 7d.
Madras	1s. 11d.	1s. 11½d.	Hong Kong	4s. 6d.	4s. 7d.
Bombay	1s. 11½d.	1s. 11½d.	Shanghai	—	—
Colombo	par	½ pm.			

STOCKS AND SECURITIES.

Shares.		Paid.	Prices.
2.	India Stock, 1874.....		104 ½
	India 5 per cent.		99½
	India 4 per cent.		99½
	India 4 per cent. 1868 ..		100½ to 1½
	India Esusced Paper 4 pr. ct.		110½
	India 5 p. ct. Enfd. Paper, 1873		95½
	India Stock, Enfd. Paper, 5½		116
	per cent.		1863
	India Stock Debentures, 1855		99½
	India Stock Debentures, 1855		99½
	" " " 1864		98½
	" " " 1864 or 1866		3 dis.
	India Debentures, do., £1,000		105
	Do. 4 per cent., 1866.....		104½ to ½
	India 5 per cent. for account...		99½
	India 5 per cent., 1870.....		104½
	India 4 per cent.		15s. to 16s. pm.
	India Loan Scrip 5 per cent.		21s. to 17s. pm.
	India Bonds, 4 p. ct. (£1,000)		21s. to 17s.
	India Bonds (£1,000)		
	Ditto (under £1,000)		
	RAILWAYS.		
Stock	Bombay, Baroda, and Central India (guar. 5 per ct.)	100	101½ to 102½
	Ditto F Shares	4	½ dis. to ½ pm.
20	Calcutta & S. Eastern (lim.)	100	99 x.d.
Stock	Eastern Bengal (gu. 5 p. ct.)	100	102½ x.n.
Stock	East Indian	100	103½
20	Ditto J. Extension	15	15½
Stock	G. I. Peninsula (gu. 5 p. ct.)	100	103
20	Ditto (New ditto)	14	½ to ½ pm.
20	Ditto, New	4	½ to ½ pm.
Stock	Great S. of India (Lim.) Scrip	100	99½
Stock	Ditto 4½ p. c.	2	
Stock	Madras (guar. 4½ per ct.)	100	89 to 91 x.d.
Stock	Ditto 5 per cent.	100	101 to 102 x.d.
Stock	Ditto (guar. 4½ per cent)	100	94 to 96
20	5th Extension	2	1½
Stock	Scinde 5 per cent.	100	101½
Stock	Ditto Indus Steam Flotilla (guar. 5 per ct.)	100	93 to 96 x.d.
Stock	Delhi guar. 5 per cent.	100	101 x.d.
Stock	Ditto Delhi gua. 5 p.c.	2	100½ to 101½
20	Ditto	all	½ to ½ d. x.d.
Stock	Punjab (5 per ct.)	100	100½ x.d.
	BANKS.		
100	Agra and Masterman's (L)...	50	114 to 116
50	Old ones divided	25	58½
20	Asiatic Banking Corp., new issue, £15 pm., on which £7. 10s. has been paid	2½	6 to 9
40	Australasia	all	74 to 76
40	New	all	73 to 75
25	Bank of Egypt	all	32½ to 32
25	Chart. of Ind., Aus., & China	all	27
20	Ditto, New	all	
25	Chart. Merc. of India, Lond., and China	all	42 to 44
25	New	12½	
100	Commercial Bank of India	all	17 to 20
100	Hindustan, China, & Japan	25	
100	Do. New issue at 2 pm.	25	7
100	New Issue at 6 pm., of which 1 pd.	15	7
20	Land Mortgage Bank of India	4	58 to 59½
25	Oriental Bank Corporation	all	84 to 8 d.
20	Scinde, Punjab, and Delhi	10	6½ pm.
20	Ditto New		
	MISCELLANEOUS.		
5	Bombay Gas	all	5½
5	Second issue	3	par to ½
5	Third issue	1	
20	British Indian Tea	14	1½ to 1½ d
20	E. Assam Tea (Lim.)	1	½ d. par
20	Ceylon	7	1½ to 2½
20	Credit Foncier of Mauritius	10	3½ to 3½ dis
20	Darjeeling (E.)	2	1 d. par
20	East India Irr. & Can.	10	3½ to 2½ dis. x.d.
50	E. I. Financial	7½	4 to 5
2	Indian Carrying (Lim.)	1	½ d. par
20	Mauritius Land Credit (Lim.)	2	½ d. to ½ pm.
20	Madras Irrig. and Canal	10	1½ to 2½
20	Do.	all	1½ to 2½
10	Mediterran. Ext. Tel. (Lim.)	all	4½
20	Nerbudda Coal and Iron	5	14 to 14
20	Do. New	2	1 d. par
10	North Assam Tea (Lim.)	1	par to ½ pm.
20	Oriental Commercial	7	par
50	Oriental Financial	10	5 dis.
1	Oriental Gas	all	1½ to 1½
1	Do. New	all	½ to ½ pm.
10	Oriental India and Steam A. (L)	all	2 to 3
50	P. and O. Steam Nav. Co.	all	76
50	Ditto New	35	18 to 20 pm.
10	Upper Assam Tea	3½	3 to 4 pm.
10	Ditto	all	19 to 21

* Incorporated by Royal Charter, issued at 10 pm. (10 pd.

ADVERTISEMENTS.

INDIA OFFICE, S.W., 1st June, 1865.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN, That an EXAMINATION OF CANDIDATES for FORTY APPOINTMENTS as ASSISTANT SURGEONS in her Majesty's Indian Medical Service will be held at CHELSEA HOSPITAL, on the 7th AUGUST, 1865.

Copies of the Regulations for the Examination of Candidates, together with information regarding the Pay and Retiring Allowances of Indian Medical Officers, may be obtained on application at the Military Department, India Office, Westminster, S.W.

T. T. PEARS, Major-general,
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CIVIL SERVICE OF INDIA.—A COMPETITIVE EXAMINATION of Candidates will be held by the Civil Service Commissioners on MARCH 19, 1866, and following days. The Competition will be open to all natural-born subjects of Her Majesty, who, on the 1st of March next, shall be over seventeen and under twenty-one years of age, and of good health and character.

CIVIL SERVICE OF INDIA.—EXAMINATION OF MARCH, 1866. Copies of the Regulations may be had upon application to "The Secretary, Civil Service Commission, London, S.W."

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INDIA OFFICE, 6th June, 1865.

THE SECRETARY OF STATE FOR INDIA
in COUNCIL HEREBY GIVES NOTICE, That he has RECEIVED from the Right Honourable the GOVERNOR-GENERAL OF INDIA in COUNCIL the following NOTIFICATIONS relative to the SALE of the GOVERNMENT TEA PLANTATIONS and FACTORIES in Kumaon, the Dehra Dhoon, and the Kangra Valley in the Punjab.
HERMAN MERIVALE,
Under-Secretary of State for India.

NOTIFICATIONS.

The following Tea Plantations and Factories in Kumaon and the Dehra Dhoon are offered for Sale at the upset Prices specified:—

1. Hawul Bagh, in Kumaon, forty-six miles from the Plains and six miles from Almora. The Plantations (including the two small Nurseries, viz., Kupeena and Lutchmaur, in the immediate neighbourhood of Almora), consist of about 100 acres of land planted with Tea. At a short distance from the Plantations there is a *Cheer (pinus longifolia)* Forest, of about 100 acres in extent, in which the purchaser will have the right to cut timber which is well fitted for making tea chests, firewood, &c.

There are on the Estate three large slated houses, numerous slated offices, a large slated factory, two large slated godowns, a slated barrack for Chinese tea manufacturers, and the stock and block of the factory are complete for tea operations, and in working order.

2. Ayar Toli in Kuttipoor, Kumaon, distant about eighty miles from the Plains, and about forty miles from Almora.

There are on the Estate a slated factory, and a large slated godown, slated barracks for Chinese tea manufacturers, &c., and the stock and block of the factory are complete for the tea operations, and in working order.

This Plantation consists of about 1,300 acres of land, of which about 360 acres are planted with Tea, 200 acres of cleared land fitted for tea planting, and the remainder covered with pines, &c., forests, the timber of which is well adapted for making tea chests, &c.

The yield of the two Estates this season was 20,000 lbs. of tea and 1,650 maunds of seeds.

These two Estates will be sold in one lot in fee simple, free of all demands on account of land revenue, exclusive of existing local cesses, such as road, educational, and postal cesses, or such as may be hereafter legally imposed, at an upset price of Rs. 2,00,000 (two lacs of rupees).

A small portion of the Plantation of Ayar Toli, named Bincolle, belonging to the Temple of Nag-nath, will bear an annual rental of Rs. 24 (twenty-four rupees) per annum.

This land is leased in perpetuity from the Temple of Nag-nath on this rental.

3. Kowlaghr, in the Dehra Dhoon, distant two miles to the west of the town of Dehra; it consists of about 430 acres of land, of which about 380 acres are under cultivation with tea and the remainder adapted for tea cultivation.

Through the property a branch of the Bejapoor Canal runs. At a short distance and to the south of the Plantation there is a Forest of syne, jamun, &c., consisting of about 500 (five hundred) acres, in which the purchaser will have the right to cut timber for tea chests, firewood, charcoal, &c. The timber is well fitted for making tea chests.

There are on the Estate three bungalows, an extensive pukka tea factory, two large pukka godowns, a barrack for Chinese tea manufacturers, &c., and the stock and block of the factory are complete, and in full working order.

The yield this season was 25,099 lbs. of tea, and 1,030 maunds of seeds.

This Estate will be sold in fee simple, free of all demands on account of land revenue, exclusive of existing local cesses for roads, &c., or such as may hereafter be legally imposed, at an upset price of Rs. 2,00,000 (two lacs of rupees). The Plantations will be transferred to the purchasers on the 1st April, 1866, on or before which date the purchase money must be paid at the General Treasury, Calcutta.

Tenders will be received by WILLIAM JAMESON, Esq., Superintendent Botanical Gardens, North-Western Provinces, Saharunpore, until 1st March, 1866, if the Factories, &c., be not previously sold by private sale, and the highest offer above the upset price will be accepted.

All Tenders must be made in writing.

Every Tender should be superscribed "Tender for Tea Plantation," and will be registered by the Superintendent of the Botanical Gardens on the date of receipt in a book, which he will keep, together with the Tenders, in his own custody, under lock and key.

The highest registered Tender, at the time being, for any lot, will be communicated by the Superintendent to any inquirers up to the time of sale, but the names of the parties who have tendered shall in no case be disclosed.

The register of Tenders will be examined at noon on the 1st March, 1866, by a Committee, consisting of the Superintendent Botanical Gardens, the Judge, and the Collector of Saharunpore, at the Office of the Superintendent, and in the presence of all parties who may attend; and the amount of the highest Tender for each lot, or, if there be more than one Tender of equal amount, the number and amount of such Tenders, but not the names of the parties tendering, will be publicly declared, and the highest Tender, in writing, above the upset price at 4 P.M., will be accepted on the part of Government by the Committee.

On the Tender being accepted by the Committee, the purchaser must deposit 5 per cent. of the purchase money, which will be forfeited if the amount of the purchase money be not paid in full on the date specified.

Agents must be supplied by their principals with sufficient powers of attorney.

The above particulars are believed, in good faith, to be correct, but intending purchasers must make their own inquiries, as no reclamation can be listened to after sale.

References may be made to W. JAMESON, Esq., Superintendent Government Botanical Gardens, Saharunpore.

The following NOTIFICATION regarding the SALE of the GOVERNMENT TEA PLANTATIONS and FACTORY, &c., at Holta, in the Kangra Valley, is published for general information:—

The following Tea Plantation, with Factory, Godowns, Houses, Out-houses, &c., the property of Government, at Holta, in the Kangra Valley, is offered for Sale, at the upset price specified below.

The Plantation is distant about twenty-three miles from Dhurmsallah, and twenty-two miles from Kote Kangra. There are on the Estate a large slated factory, two slated godowns, and two slated houses for overseer and assistant overseer, barracks for Chinese tea makers, &c., and the stock and block of the tea factory are complete for tea operations, and in working order.

The Tea Plantation consists of 677 acres, more or less, of which there are under cultivation with tea about 530 acres, and the remainder waste or covered with *Cheer*, Pine (*pinus longifolia*), but the greater portion fitted for tea cultivation.

At a short distance from the Plantation there is a *Cheer* Forest, about 100 acres in extent, in which the purchaser will have the right of cutting timber. The wood is well adapted for making tea chests.

The yield of the Tea Plantation may be estimated this season at 33,000 lbs. of tea and 1,800 maunds of tea seeds; 200 maunds of tea seeds, the produce of the season, will be given to purchaser.

The Estate will be sold in fee simple, free of all demands on account of land rent, exclusive of existing local cesses, such as the road, educational, and postal cesses, or such as may be hereafter legally imposed, at an upset price of Rs. 2,00,000 (two lacs of rupees). The Plantation and Factory will be transferred to the purchaser or purchasers on the 1st December, 1865, on or before which date the purchase money must be paid at the General Treasury, Calcutta.

All Tenders must be made in writing.

Every Tender should be superscribed "Tender for Tea Plantations, Holta," and will be registered by the Superintendent, Tea Plantations, Punjab, Saharunpore, on the date of receipt, in a book which he will keep, together with the Tenders, in his own custody, under lock and key. The highest registered Tender at the time being will be communicated by the Superintendent to any inquirers up to the time of sale, but the names of parties who have tendered shall in no case be disclosed.

The register of Tenders will be examined at noon on 1st November, 1865, by a Committee, consisting of the Superintendent Tea Plantations, and Deputy-Commissioner, at the Factory, Holta, and in the presence of all parties who may attend. The amount of the highest Tender, or, if there be more than one Tender of equal amount, the number and amount of such Tenders, but not the names of the parties tendering, will be publicly declared, and the highest tender, in writing, above the upset price, at 4 P.M., will be accepted on the part of Government by the Committee.

On the Tender being accepted by the Committee, the purchaser must deposit 5 per cent. of the purchase money, which will be forfeited if the amount of the purchase money be not paid in full on the date specified.

Agents must be supplied by their principals with sufficient powers of attorney.

The above particulars are believed, in good faith, to be correct, but intending purchasers must make their own inquiries, as no reclamation can be listened to after sale.

References may be made to the Deputy-Commissioner, Dhurmsallah, or to Dr. JAMESON, Superintendent, Botanical Gardens, Saharunpore.

THE EUROPEAN ASSURANCE SOCIETY.

LIFE, FIRE, AND GUARANTEE.

The ANNUAL GENERAL MEETING of the SHAREHOLDERS of the Company was held JUNE 1st, H. WICKHAM, Esq., M.P., in the Chair.

EXTRACT FROM THE REPORT.

Premiums on the New Life and Guarantee Policies issued during the year 1864, amounted to ... £23,149 16 6
Premiums on Fire Insurance from June last The Gross Amount actually received in Premiums during the year was ... 169,658 12 7
The Life and Guaranteed Claims paid during the year 1864 ... £6,717 4 10
Increase in the Assets of the Society ... £2,925 18 10

THE UNION OF THIS SOCIETY AND THE BRITISH NATION LIFE ASSURANCE ASSOCIATION.

Subscribed Capital is raised to upwards of ... £700,000 0 0
Annual Income to upwards of ... 300,000 0 0
The Premium Income from new business during the last two months, at the rate of more than per year ... 50,000 0 0
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They effect the purchase and sale of Indian Securities, the receipt of dividends, &c., and undertake the safe custody of securities.

They also receive deposits, bearing interest for fixed periods. Rates of interest and exchange may be ascertained at the Head Office.

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Madras.	Galle.	Singapore.	Hankow.	Mauritius.

The Bank negotiates and collects Bills, and grants Drafts payable at the places above mentioned; issues Letters of Credit and Circular Notes, for the use of travellers by the Overland route, terms for which can be ascertained at the Head Office, in London.

The Bank will effect the purchase or sale of Indian securities, undertake the safe custody of same, and the receipt of Interest, Dividends, Pay, Pensions, and other moneys, for remittance through the Bank or otherwise.

The Bank receives money on deposit, or which interest will be allowed according to the length of time deposited. Particulars as to rates can be ascertained at the Head Office, 52, Threadneedle-street, London.

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No. 52, Threadneedle-street, London, E.C.

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The Bank also receives money on deposit at rates of interest proportioned to the length of the notice of withdrawal agreed to be given, the terms of which may be ascertained on inquiry. Office hours, 10 to 4; Saturdays, 10 to 2.

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Objectives, 2 in., 1 in., and 1/2 in., and 1/2 in. Camera
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LONDON: Printed by RICHARD KINDER, Printer, at his
Printing Office, Milford-lane, Strand, W.C. in the Parish
of St. Clement-Danes; and published by JAMES PEARCE
ALLEN, 13, Waterloo-place, S.W., both in the County of
Middlesex.—July 17, 1865.

ALLEN'S INDIAN MAIL

AND OFFICIAL GAZETTE

FROM

BRITISH & FOREIGN INDIA, CHINA, & ALL PARTS OF THE EAST.

(WITH THIS PAPER "THE INDIAN NEWS" IS NOW INCORPORATED.)

VOL. XXIII.—No. 680.] LONDON, SATURDAY, AUGUST 5, 1865.

[PRICE 6d.]

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DATES OF ADVICES.

Bengal.....	June 30	Burmah (Rangoon) June 8
Madras	July 1	Bombay..... July 9
Agra	" 4	Ceylon
China (Hong Kong)	May 30.	

MAILS TO INDIA.

Mails to India and China, via Marseilles, are despatched from London as follows, viz.:—Those for Bombay packets, on the evening of the 3rd and 18th of each month; and those for Calcutta packets (including mails for Ceylon, Madras, and China), on the evenings of the 10th and 26th of each month. When any of these dates fall on a Sunday, the mails are made up on the following evening.

Letters and Newspapers can be forwarded to any part of India, via Bombay and Marseilles, and in most cases will reach their destination some days sooner than if despatched by the following Calcutta mail. The Bombay mails via Southampton, however, are no longer available for the transmission of Letters or Newspapers to the Madras Presidency.

Mails for the Mediterranean, and all parts of India and China, except the Bombay Presidency, are despatched via Southampton on the mornings of the 4th and 20th, or, when either of these dates falls on Sunday, upon the previous evening.

Mails for the Mediterranean, the Presidency of Bombay, and Upper or North-West Provinces of Bengal and China, are despatched via Southampton on the 12th and 27th of the month, except when these dates fall on Sunday, in which case they are forwarded on the previous evening.

A French line of mail packets now leaves Marseilles on the 19th of every month for Alexandria. Postage for letters and papers to India and China the same as is charged by the English mail via Marseilles. Letters intended to be forwarded by these packets must be specially addressed "By French mail packet from Marseilles."

POSTAGE.

Via Southampton (pre-payment compulsory), letters under

1 oz. 0s. 6d.	2 oz. 2s. 0d.	4 oz. 4s. 0d.
1 oz. 1s. 0d.	3 oz. 3s. 0d.	5 oz. 5s. 0d.

Books, with the ends of the covers open (not exceeding 3 lbs. in weight), if sent via Southampton, under 1 lb., 4d.; under 1 lb., 8d.; under 1 lb., 1s. 4d.; under 1 lb., 2s.; under 2 lbs., 2s. 8d.; under 2 lbs., 3s. 4d.; and under 3 lbs., 1s. Postage-stamps must be affixed.

Newspapers for the East Indies, when not exceeding 4 oz., 2d. each; when above 4 oz. and not exceeding 8 oz., 3d. each—an additional 1d. being charged for every additional 4 oz. or fraction thereof. For all countries or places eastward of Suez, the charge is 2d. whatever the weight of the newspaper.

Via Marseilles (pre-payment compulsory) letters under

1 oz. 0s. 10d.	1 oz. 1s. 0d.	2 oz. 3s. 0d.	3 oz. 5s. 0d.
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Newspapers not exceeding 4 oz., 3d., when above 4 oz. and not exceeding 8 oz., 6d. each.

Books under 1 lb., 6d.; under 1 lb., 1s.; and for every additional 1 lb. an additional 1s.

The postage chargeable on book packets, or packets of printed papers, sent to Malta, Alexandria, Cairo, or Suez, via Marseilles, is as follows:—

For a packet not exceeding 4 oz., 4d.; above 4 oz. and not exceeding 1 lb., 8d.; above 1 lb., and not exceeding 1 lb., 1s. 4d.; above 1 lb., and not exceeding 1 lb., 2s.; every additional 1 lb., 8d.

Postage in all cases to be paid in advance.

Postage to CHINA, &c. (pre-payment compulsory), for letters:

Via Southampton.

1 oz. 1s. 0d.	1 oz. 2s. 0d.	2 oz. 4s. 0d.	3 oz. 6s. 0d.
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Via Marseilles.

1 oz. 1s. 4d.	1 oz. 2s. 8d.	2 oz. 5s. 4d.	3 oz. 8s. 0d.
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SUMMARY AND REVIEW.

THE steamer *Bombay*, with the mail of the 24th June, having broken her shaft, put in at the Mauritius, and then returned to Bombay before making another start for Suez, a longer delay than usual has occurred between our publications. Even now the missing mail has not come to hand, but in its place we have that of the 8th of July, also from Bombay, the other dates being Calcutta, June 30, and Madras, July 1.

The money market continues to be a prominent subject of discussion both in Calcutta and Bombay. In Calcutta the state of things at Bombay continued to exercise an unfavourable effect. This was, however, confined to depression of business, and there was no probability that the crisis would extend to the sister Presidency. In absence of all demand, money continued easy. The Bank of Bengal had agreed to assist that of Bombay to the extent of fifty lacs. The shares of the Bengal bank had however fallen to Rs. 6,800, and appeared to be unfavourably affected by apprehensions that the position of the Bombay Bank was worse than was generally supposed. Should these apprehensions turn out to be well founded, it was thought probable that the authorities at home would veto the extension of aid. The Bank of Bengal, it is added, has made no alteration in its rate of discount; but this must be understood to mean no alteration since the despatch of the missing mail of the 24th of June; for we find in the Bombay papers that on the 15th of June the bank reduced its rates of discount and interest one per cent. all round.

Mr. Massey's "masterly inactivity" proves to be only temporary. He intends to meet the deficit, not by raising a loan in India, but by a revival of the income-tax, with a new name and new machinery, and such modifications as will compel the rich to pay their share of the public burdens. It is not, however, considered likely that this measure will be introduced immediately on the expiry of the old impost, as Mr. Massey will probably consult the outside merchantile community, both

European and Native, before maturing his plans. The prospect of this settlement appears to have given general satisfaction.

From Bhootan there was little more than the old story. Tongsoo Penlow was as determined as ever to carry on the war, and the intrigues of the Deb Rajah and Paro Penlow to restrain him had led to a rupture, and nearly a recourse to arms, the Dhurm Rajah having had difficulty in effecting anything like pacification. The general opinion seemed to be that nothing but strong measures would bring Tongsoo Penlow to his senses. In the meantime, Colonel Haughton had been compelled by ill-health to withdraw from the civil agency, and had been succeeded by Colonel Bruce, Inspector-General of Police.

"The great Rent Question" had been decided by the High Court in the case of *Ghose v. Mookerjee*, the whole Court, with the exception of Sir Barnes Peacock, giving judgment in favour of "enhancement by proportion,"—that is, that when the value of the land has been increased by rise of prices, or causes independent of any action either by the ryot or the zemindar, then the latter can claim only such an advance of rent as shall bear the same proportion to the old rent as the new prices of produce bear to prices existing at the period when the rent was paid without demur. The *Times of India* remarks that the effect of this judgment will be to unsettle the rigid views generally entertained as to the Permanent Settlement, more especially as the Proclamation of Lord Cornwallis embodied with that statute an intention, not only to secure the ryot's right of occupancy, but also to preserve to him a proportion of the produce.

From Madras the most notable news is that the Rajah of Mysore has adopted an heir, which step being taken without obtaining the consent of the British Government, deprives him, it is considered, of any chance which he might have of restoration to his rule. It is said that he has acted in accordance with advice from his agent in England, but the fact that he has simply done what Hindoos believe to be necessary for their salvation may be considered

a sufficient motive. The event, however, is likely to give rise to some political unpleasantness.

The news from Afghanistan is the most important of that brought from Bombay. On the 6th of June a battle was fought outside Candahar between the Ameer and his rebellious brothers, in which Mahommed Ameen Khan, the leader of the Candahar party, and Mahommed Ali, the heir apparent to the Ameer, have both fallen. The result was on the whole favourable to the Ameer, who had taken prisoner Sarwur Khan, the son of his brother and most dangerous rival, Mahommed Azim Khan, lately a refugee in British territories. His prospects, however, have been much damaged by his losses, and it is considered very doubtful if he will be able to hold out against the powerful alliance opposed to him, supported, too, as it is by the sympathy of Persia and the aid of Bokhara, the latter having espoused the cause of Abdulruhman Khan, the son of Afzul Khan, who was for some time a fugitive in British possessions. The Khan, too, may now be regarded as the ruler of all the territory from Khokand to Candahar, not held by Russia, the independent ruler of Khokand, Ali Kool, having been killed in an encounter with the Kiptchaks, and his territory made over to his more powerful neighbour.

Commercial affairs are more hopeful in Bombay. The dreaded 1st of July passed over quietly; but it was too soon to ascertain the results of transactions completed or cancelled on that day. There was an impression that no obligations except those strictly legal would be acknowledged; but there was no disposition to repudiate, most debtors confining themselves to avowals of their inability to pay. The Bombay Bank had regained the confidence of the public, and its cash balances were improving. The ordinary machinery of the Insolvency Court being clogged, a memorial had been presented to the Governor, praying for an Act to give powers to carry on the work of liquidation. There is a large amount of wealth in Bombay, and when the ground is again cleared it is believed that commerce will revive, and a sounder prosperity be established.

There were still outbreaks of cholera in different parts of India, but they did not seem on the increase. At Aden, however, the disease was making such ravages as to cause something like a panic; and famine, too, was expected to add to the general suffering. The Resident had applied for the services of three extra assistant-surgeons from Bombay. In most parts of Arabia the same miserable state of things prevailed.

Of home news some items will be found elsewhere. A telegram in this morning's papers adds that a dinner has been given at Londonderry to Sir Robert Montgomery, at which Lord Dufferin made a short speech.

The over-due Calcutta Mail is expected in London on Monday next, and the missing Bombay Mail on Tuesday—the latter being brought on from Alexandria by the Messageries Imperiales Company's steamer. As our most important despatches come by

the Bombay route we shall not publish our next number until both mails are received—in all probability on Tuesday next.

LATEST INTELLIGENCE.

INDIA.

[By Direct Overland Telegraph.]

BOMBAY, July 21.

Cotton quiet. Shipments since the 8th inst., 27,000 bales. Exchange on London, 2s. 0½d. Government Securities: Four per Cents., 90½; Five per Cents., 104½; Five-and-a-Half per Cents., 110.

The latest date from London is June 30.

CALCUTTA, July 20.

Exchange on London, 2s. 0½d.

Freight, 45s.

BOMBAY, July 23.

Shipments of cotton since the 16th, 22,000 bales.

Exchange on London, 2s. 0½d.

Freight 25s.

CALCUTTA, July 22.

Manchester goods dull.

Exchange on London, 2s.

BOMBAY, July 29.

Cotton quiet. Week's export, 16,000 bales.

Exchange on London, 2s. 0½d.

Freights, 20s.

CALCUTTA, July 28.

Exchange on London, 2s. 0½d.

Freights, 45s.

The latest date from London is July 21.

CHINA AND JAPAN.

SHANGHAE, June 22.

Advices received here from Peking announce that fresh edicts, published in that city, show that Prince Kung had not entirely recovered from his late disgrace.

San Kolinsin has been killed in an engagement with the Nienfei rebels. Zseng-knofen succeeds him.

Burgevine has been captured near Amoy while attempting to join the rebels. He is detained prisoner by the Viceroy at Foochow.

The silk and tea trades have opened briskly at Shanghai and Foochow.

Intelligence from Japan announces that commercial affairs are progressing satisfactorily.

The Tycoon had determined to attack Prince Nagato, and had reviewed 100,000 troops.

It was rumoured that Prince Satsuma intended to join Nagato.

The French Government steamer *Echo* has been lost near Point Romania. The crew were saved.

Casualties by Death in the Armies of India reported since last Publication.

H.M.'s FORCES.—Ens. J. C. Leekie, 95th Regt., eldest son of Lieut. Col. Leekie, Bombay Staff Corps.

BENGAL.—Lieut. G. L. Harvey, 7th Royal Fusiliers, on homeward voyage, at St. Helena, June 22. Ens. L. H. Jones, 89th Regt., on homeward voyage, of cholera, on board the Walmer Castle, July 13. Maj. J. Wenmyss, Retired List, at Allypore, June 27. Maj. A. P. Scott Moncrieff, Cantonment Joint Magistrate, and of the late 44th Bengal N.I., at Benares, June 29.

MADRAS.—Lieut. E. C. Benkinson, late Madras Army, at Crediton, Devon, aged 32, July 25. H. G. Graham, Esq., late Dep. Inspector of Hospitals, Madras Army, at Elmhurst, near Glastonbury, aged 62, July 16. Lieut. gen. W. Watkins, late Madras Army, at Killarney, July 22, aged 77.

BOMBAY.—Richard Hartley Kennedy, Esq., late Physician-General of the Bombay Army, at the Great Western Hotel, Paddington, July 24. General Macdougall, Bombay Army, at Ootacamund, June 17.

Passengers by the present Mail.

For MARSHALLESE.—From BOMBAY.—Mr. W. H. Moss, Col. Green, Mr. H. Bulkeley, Capt. Ruikes, Mr. J. B. Vaccha, wife, and child, Mr. and Mrs. Eagon, Mr. Dowdeswell. From ADEN.—Mr. Peyton. From ALEXANDRIA.—Mr. Clement, Mr. F. Jennings, Mr. W. Spink. From MALTA.—Mr. Hudson, Mr. Paget, Sir Joseph Arnould.

Expected at Southampton.

Per str. Ceylon, Aug. 9.—Capt. W. Williams, Asst.-surg. Nicolson, Capt. Matthews, Mr. W. R. Mason, Mrs. Williams. Mr. F. Semler, Lieut. Easton, Mr. Robert Bird, Mr. A. McGeehan, Mr. Twine, Mr. J. Dame.

BENGAL.

RESULTS OF THE EXAMINATION OF THE JUNIOR COVENANTED ASSISTANTS, AND OTHER OFFICERS, HELD IN APRIL LAST.

We give this morning the following results of the examination of the Junior Covenanted Assistants, and other officers, held in April last:—

Messrs. R. Porch and J. Anderson having passed in Urdu and Bengali respectively, are exempted from any further test, and will shortly be invested with full powers. The following officers have passed by the second standard, and are therefore also exempted from further examination:—

Baboo Rakkhal Doss Holder.

" Sham Chunder Nath.

" Brojokant Roy.

" Chunder Mohun Roy.

" Kalipersaud Ghose.

" Kalinath Ghose.

Of these the first is employed in the Survey Department; the second and fifth will receive full powers; but the others not having served one year, are not as yet eligible for higher powers. On the completion of the year, however, they will probably be invested with increased authority and jurisdiction. Messrs. Merrington and J. Boxwell have passed in all but Urdu, in which language they will have to go through another trial.

The Board recommended that Messrs. Armstrong and Carstairs should be allowed to pass, although they had failed in the Revenue paper, but Mr. Beadon remarked that he was unable to comply with the recommendation, as there were other officers who had done equally well, notably Mr. Norman, but who had not been recommended. The following officers have passed by the first or lower standard, and will therefore be invested with the powers of a Subordinate Magistrate of the First Class under section 22 of Act 25 of 1861; they will also receive the powers of a Deputy Collector: Messrs. Barbour, Hopkins, Grimley, Graham, Shortt, Livesay and Yardley.

The following officers having also passed will be invested with similar magisterial powers:—

Baboo Govind Mohun Ghose, Mr. H. Rat-tray, Moulvie Mofeezooddeen, Baboo Parsh-nath Banerjee, Mr. A. C. Woodward and Baboo Shova Pershad Sandyal. Of these the moulvie already exercises the powers of a magistrate of the first class under section 22, of Act 25, of 1861, whilst Baboo G. M. Ghose is uncovenanted assistant to the Rajshahye Commissioner.

Mr. Sterndale, who was allowed to sit a second time on that subject, has passed in Revenue, and has, therefore, been declared to have passed by the first or lower standard.

In the Police Force, Mr. Lacey, who has been re-examined in consequence of some oversight, has been declared to have passed in November last; his examination in April has been cancelled. Mr. A. King has been exempted on the score of age; he has been informed, however, that he is not to expect promotion until he do pass, which seems to us to do away with the merit of the concession made to an old and deserving public servant.

Mr. W. D. Pratt has passed the Police Examination, so has Lieutenant Sanderson, subject, however, to a further examination in Bengali.

In the Opium Department, Messrs. Charles, Smith, Carnegie and Chapman have passed.

Baboo Barodapershad Mustaffa is reported to have used some private memoranda at the examination, and he has consequently been removed from his acting appointment of deputy magistrate and deputy collector.

The Lieut.-Governor remarks somewhat severely on the delay in forwarding the report of the examination of officers in Assam held

at Gowhaty, and further has called upon Lieut. Sconce to state why he was absent from the examination ordered to be held at Debrooghur.

As already announced, Majors Paterson and Revely have been added to the list of examiners as the representatives of the police department. This department, his Honour observes, has done badly at the recent examination, and the attention of its head has been drawn to the subject.—*Hurkaru*.

OUR POSITION IN BOOTAN.

If the Government of India and the Commander-in-Chief were stationed at Darjeeling instead of buried in Simla, they would not only enjoy the delights of a cold climate, but govern that part of the empire which can less afford to do without Government than the rest of India just now. Up to the present time, we fear, the same fatality of mismanagement has attended all our operations and arrangements on the frontier that marked our first occupation of its outposts. There is but one thing to be said in favour of our operations, or non-operations, in the Dooras—that they have not been costly. Colonel Broome is the only official who can congratulate himself on his connection with this war, but unfortunately cheapness means in such a case eventual costliness in the sacrifice of life and money as well as prestige.

The Blue-book has told us the reasons of the failure of the first campaign. The Mission declared the Bootas to be few and cowardly. The Bengal Government gloried that the civil constabulary had taken the most important stockade and for the future could alone hold the frontier. The Government of India recommended the employment of a small European force as a reserve, but were content with the recommendation. And the late Commander-in-Chief wrote about the folly of undervaluing mountaineers as our enemies and of the importance of a good reserve, but does not seem to have done anything in consequence, beyond sending General Mulcaster to command the sepoy force. General Mulcaster proved a failure, and General Dunsford was unable to realise the expectations formed of him. The first campaign ended in the evacuation of Tayagon and the retreat from Dewangiri. In the second Generals Tombs and Tytler succeeded Generals Mulcaster and Dunsford, and European troops were buried up. The compliment was paid to H.M.'s 55th of selecting them, as good marksmen, for the re-capture of Dewangiri, but unfortunately they are a young corps in India, and have caught the local fever, which, probably, will never entirely leave them. Dewangiri was taken one morning, and by noon General Tombs hurried down to the plains, and sent in his resignation in what some characterise as unseemly haste. In contrast to this, however, he wrote a despatch on the Dewangiri success, in which he is said to have indulged in as much eulogy of the captors as if he had been announcing another Waterloo, and recommended three officers for the Victoria Cross. The Europeans were withdrawn and the enlarged sepoy and police force were told they were to blockade the frontier, till something should turn up. Thus ended the second act.

The third opened with General Tytler, in military, and Colonel Haughton in civil command of the Dooras. Engineer officers were busy in preparing for the hutting of the men before the monsoon should deluge the hills. But they were in most instances too late. Major Pugh certainly provided for the comforts of the police, but for many days a large portion of the sepoy force and their officers were exposed to the rains. This laid the seeds of that malarious fever under which it is estimated one-third of the force are suffering. At the time we protested against the positions chosen for the entrenchments, but were told that we

knew nothing about it. Instead of crowning the heights, as the Bootas themselves do, with stockades and huts in a climate equal to that of Darjeeling or Kurseong, the authorities selected the middle parts of the ascent, commanded by the heights and within the range of the malaria from the Terai. The result is seen in the physical prostration of the men and officers. The latter are individually first-rate men and not disinclined to do their duty. But Sir Hugh Rose's system of promotion on account of merit, while admirable in principle, seems in many cases to have been badly carried out. Officers have been promoted, not in their regiments, but from corps to corps, till the result has been that they and their men do not know each other, while their eager hope is to be again promoted from the marshes of Bootan to other regiments in healthier situations. *Esprit de corps* there seems to be none, but we are glad to observe, from recent general orders, that Sir W. Mansfield is likely to correct for the future this serious error in his predecessor's policy. There lies a force of several thousand sepoy and policemen, led by officers who do not know them in the old sense, debilitated in mind and body by fever, huddled in and within the edge of malarious districts, and commanded by heights above them, when common-sense, if not sanitary and military experience, would have planted all but the reserve on the tops of the ridges. Colonel Bruce, we believe, has sent in a report to Government on our position in Bootan. We doubt not he has entered fully into these subjects.

And what of the future? The public have perfect confidence in General Tytler, and there is reason to believe that he and Colonel Bruce will act in harmony. It might be well if there were less interference from head-quarters buried in a pleasant cleft of the hills hundreds of miles away. Let Government lay down a policy, and leave it to officers who will not fear responsibility to carry it out. At present we are amusing ourselves with expectations and rumours of the Bootas "coming in," instead of making active preparations for a cold-weather campaign three months hence. Tongso Penlow is master *de facto*, and never will "come in" till he is thrashed, while the legitimate Government of the country is under his power. Even if another revolution were to make the Durbar independent, its offers of surrender would be untrustworthy so long as it could not control Tongso Penlow. The army and the public would feel a confidence and satisfaction they do not now entertain, if they were assured that the time for trifling, for the sacrifice of prestige and life, were at an end. It is time to make preparations for that march on Poonakh, which ought to have taken the place of the useless capture of Dewangiri, as we urged at the time. Let it be known that General Tytler will lead the force from Buxa to burn Poonakh at the end of October next, and both officers and men will revive from their present languid disgust, and the close of the year will see Tongso Penlow on his knees, and a stable Government established in all that region of Bootan which we think it expedient to leave to its present rulers.

Thus far the responsible Government of India has been most unfortunate in the results of its financial arrangements and military operations, however much its subordinates, Sir C. Trevelyan and Mr. Beadon, may have been to blame. We must remind the Viceroy, who has so well deserved in an inferior position a reputation for rocky firmness and irresistible success, that he holds the most magnificent position for manifesting his peculiar qualifications. Now is the time to apply to this miserable Bootan expedition a really statesman-like policy, worthy of the most trusted Lieutenant of Lord Dalhousie. It is of more importance that the punishment of Bootan should be complete and speedy than that it should seem to be cheap.—*Friend of India*.

MISCELLANEOUS.

MILITARY ITEMS.—We hear that a Court-martial is to assemble at Jullunder, to try Captain Ingram on charges regarding the state of his accounts in the Department of Public Works. We are informed that the Delhi Brigadiership is to be abolished, and an additional Brigadier to be added to the Divisional Staff of Fort William, to aid in the heavy duties connected with the arrival and departure of troops. The Home authorities have recommended the issue of blue sergo suits to the soldiers, on their embarking for England, instead of the smock-frocks at present given them. A Committee has been ordered to assemble at Fort William, to consider the question, of which Major Walton, military storekeeper, will probably be President. We have just been favoured with the purport of a telegram, received from the Agent to the Governor-General in Rajpootana, from which it appears that a disease, having the appearance of a plague, had broken out in the Pahlunpore territory, and that Dr. Martin was deputed by Government to inquire into the origin of the disease, and to afford relief to the sufferers. Dr. Martin, we are glad to find, now reports that the disease, which has disappeared, was not plague, but fever of a bad type.—Captains and subalterns now doing general duty at stations are to be ordered to join and do duty with particular regiments to which they will be posted.—Major R. C. Whiting, of the cadre of the 70th N.I., is appointed second in command of the 11th N.I. This is carrying out the plan said to be thought of by the Commander-in-Chief, of appointing officers to their old regiments. The present 11th is the old 70th.—The Commander-in-Chief has bestowed the command of the 38th N.I. on Lieutenant-Colonel Bagot, who returned from England about a month ago.—On the recommendation of his Excellency the Commander-in-Chief, the Right Hon. the Governor-General in Council has directed that the garrison of Delhi shall cease to be a brigade command from the 1st August next. From that date the command of the troops at Delhi will be exercised by the senior officer in the garrison. A brigade major will be retained at Delhi to conduct the staff duties of the place.—Under similar recommendation his Excellency has further directed that from the 1st August next a brigadier-general of the first class will command the garrison of Fort William, in subordination to the general-officer commanding the Presidency division.—The fort adjutant of Fort William will be the staff officer of the brigadier-general commanding the garrison.—After August next we presume Barrackpore will become the head quarters of the Presidency division.—Brigadier General Pott, C.B., now at Dinapore, has been offered the Rawul Pindee command.

EDUCATIONAL CHANGES.—We are informed that Mr. W. S. Atkinson, Director of Public Instruction, will leave Calcutta by the second mail steamer of July next. Mr. H. Woodrow, Inspector of Schools, Central Division, will be appointed to officiate for Mr. Atkinson, and Mr. H. L. Harrison, C. S., at present officiating Inspector of Schools, South Division, will officiate for Mr. Woodrow, and Mr. Mellicott, who has just returned from furlough, will officiate for Mr. Harrison.

DESTRUCTION OF WILD BEASTS.—According to a statement published in India, it appears that during the second half of the year 1864, the number of wild beasts killed in the Central Provinces was as follows:—tigers and cubs, 202; panthers, leopards, and cubs, 314; bears and cubs, 171; wolves, hyenas, and cubs, 251: total of animals, 931—for the destruction of which rewards, aggregating Rs. 13,862, were given.

NEW FAIRS ON THE UPPER GODAVERY have been sanctioned by Government.

FINANCIAL PROSPECTS.—Mr. Massey has, we believe, taken two steps in the present collapse of our financial administration and monetary difficulties which promise well for his future success as an Indian financier, and reflect great credit on the Government of which he is a member. The deficit is to be met, not by raising a loan in India, but by so modifying the income-tax as to force the rich to contribute their share to the public burdens; and at once, without a moment's hesitation, the Government of Bombay and the Bank of Bengal were authorised to help the Bank of Bombay. What a contrast does this prompt and intelligent action afford to the ignorant egotism of Sir C. Trevelyan in insisting on the abolition of the tax, and his hopeless incompetence when appealed to in the more trifling commercial crisis at the end of 1863. The result of both steps will be the restoration of that confidence to the public which they ceased to feel after Mr. Wilson's death and Mr. Laing's departure. The Bank of Bengal is willing to supply Bombay with half a million sterling, but the mere fact of this willingness has so arrested panic that it is not probable the Bank of Bombay will now require to avail itself of the assistance. That the income-tax, under a new name and with improved machinery, will be imposed immediately on the expiry of the old impost a month hence, is not probable. A well matured measure must be devised. The weak and impracticable suggestions of Sir C. Trevelyan's Income-tax Committee show the necessity for Mr. Massey consulting the outside community, the bankers, merchants, and traders, English and Native. With expenditure strictly kept down, and the home charges reduced by the amount assigned to the transport service, it may be possible for Mr. Massey to go on till an Act is passed in the cold season, legalising the new tax from the beginning of 1866. By that time, too, trade and the money-market will begin to recover a healthy tone, and Mr. Massey will find almost as willing a public as Mr. Wilson did.

QUICK PASSAGE ROUND THE CAPE.—The *Harkaru* says:—The *Far East* twin screw steamer, whose departure from Plymouth on the 17th April we noticed some weeks since, arrived true to her promises yesterday morning in the river, making the run from land to land in 65 days. We have yet to learn from the record of the ship's log the probability of this speed being maintained in subsequent passages. Should the conditions of the passage not have been unusually favourable, we may look on the advent of the *Far East* as the commencement of a new era in our round-the-Cape navigation. It is not only, if we are rightly informed, in her propelling gear that the vessel differs from the rest of her congeners on the great deep. The spirit of innovation has been busy in the department of the designs and the manufacture of her gear. Her masts, we understand, are formed so as to slide, telescope fashion, one within the other, while invention has been racked to devise a variety of curious contrivances to accommodate the rest of the rigging to this novel arrangement in the masting. Several other vessels constructed upon novel principles are now in port. Among others we learn that the *Lloyd Raper* furnishes a very beautiful illustration of the perfection to which the steel masting and rigging of ships has now advanced.

RETIRED OFFICERS IN AUSTRALIA.—The *Harkaru* says:—It is not one of the least strange things in this strangest of all strange countries, India, to hear old officers, who are about to retire, sometimes talk of turning farmers in Australia, and investing the proceeds of the sale of their step in the purchase of sheep and land in that region. Certainly, that saying of the witty Frenchman must be true, that nearly the whole world are unconsciously mad. But of all forms of midsummer madness, that of an old

Indian officer taking to ploughing and sowing, after he has done with drills and reviews, appears to be the most fantastical. True, an old retired Indian is, generally speaking, more robust now-a-days than he used to be

"In our hot youth when George the 3rd was King."

Our advice to every such misjudging enthusiast always is, "hang yourself rather than go there!" "Go to Wales, go to Ireland, go to France, go to Scotland, go anywhere rather than to Australia!" For if ever there was a strictly true application of the saying "a fish out of water," it is in the instance of an Indian veteran turned Australian emigrant.

NORTH-WEST ITEMS.—Sir Charles Wood has expressed in high terms his sense of the services rendered by Colonel Eden to the Oodeypore State during his tenure of the Marwar political agency.—Lieutenant A. N. Bruce, assistant to the political agent for Rajpootana, has been appointed officiating agent of Harowtee, vice Captain H. Phillips, deceased.—The proposition of the Punjab Government for opening a railway communication between Abbottabad and Murree has been approved of by the Government of India.—The Mohmunds again threaten the Peshawur border; the Cabul Ameer has, however, taken measures to suppress them.—We are glad to learn from the Punjab, that in Kooloo the breeding of the shawl-goat has increased very considerably. The breed is said to compare most favourably with that of Tartary.

NATIVE CREDULITY.—A rather amusing incident occurred the other day, showing how very credulous the lower order of natives in this country are. A large mob had gathered near to the Ochterlony monument on the maidan, attentively waiting to see something. A European passing by asked some of the natives what had brought them there, and the reply was, that they had come there to witness the execution of the woman who had murdered her husband, and was told that the severest penalty of the law was to be carried into effect, not by hanging—oh, no, that mode of execution was only resorted to in cases where a man murdered a woman—but as in this instance a woman had murdered a man, the authorities had ordered her to be put to death by being worried by mad dogs, and the inquirer's attention was at the same time drawn to Mr. Wells's exhibition of Pepper's Ghost, placarded all over the town. The woman was to be attired in black, and, as shown by the picture, she was supplicating for mercy. The crowd waited anxiously till late in the evening, and, finding that the very agreeable entertainment did not come off, dispersed with the idea, as expressed by many of them, that the affair did not come off owing to the difficulty experienced by Government in procuring mad dogs. It is said that during the time of the Moguls, a woman found guilty of the murder of her husband, was put to death by such means, and this gave rise to the extraordinary belief that the same was to be adopted in the present case.—*Harkaru*.

MYSTERIOUS.—A paragraph appears in the *Lahore Chronicle* to the effect that at a certain hill-station some excitement had been caused by the sudden death of an officer and his equally sudden burial, without any official investigation, although it was generally believed that his death was not the result of natural causes. A letter on the same subject has been published in the *Delhi Gazette*, but as no names are given, either of place or person, we refrain from repeating it.

THE QUESTION OF THE EXTENSION OF THE PORT OF CALCUTTA has, we hear, been finally decided. The Collector of Customs has been charged to carry out this measure in addition to his other duties from the beginning of next year.

THE COURSE OF TRUE LOVE, &c., &c.—The *Mofussilite* of the 30th May has the following *morceau*:—"AN INSTANCE EXTRAORDINARY OF A 'SLIP BETWEEN THE CUP AND THE LIP.'—They (the happy couple) were to be married at five o'clock on Thursday morning last. Accordingly the bridegroom, accompanied by the gentleman who was to have given the bride away, repaired to the house of the bride's father at a very early hour. A lady was seen walking in the veranda, who, the bridegroom, in the partial darkness of the hour, but more, we fancy, in the blindness and excitement of love, took to be his betrothed. He waved his handkerchief most anxiously to her, and, on drawing nearer, began a most endearing address, when, to his inexpressible surprise, the lady turned out to be the mother of the bride, who, to his still greater astonishment, ordered him out of the house in language, and with a determination, that left him not a moment for remonstrance. He beat a hasty retreat, and the gentleman who had accompanied him also left the place dumb-stricken. The parson, who was momentarily expecting the 'happy couple' at the church, soon got notice of the 'untoward occurrence,' and likewise walked home in solemn bewilderment. And since then nothing has been talked of in the cantonment of Lucknow but this most extraordinary smash of the 'match' between the amiable Miss M—and the gallant Lieutenant B—. As, however, Lieutenant B— talks of making a 'case' of the affair, it is not prudent for us to say more at present on the subject; but we may repeat the words of our correspondent—namely, that 'the young lady has had a most happy deliverance.'"

EDUCATION IN RANGOON.—It is gratifying to learn that the corners of the empire are not forgotten in the measures for improving the education of the people. We learn from the *Rangoon Gazette* that the Chief Commissioner has, by order of the Supreme Government, prepared and submitted a scheme for the promotion and extension of education within the Tenasserim Provinces, which has been generally approved by the Governor-general, and forwarded by him to the Secretary of State. That journal says:—"Colonel Phayre's leading idea—and an excellent one it is, and one that this journal has always advocated—is, to work upon the popular means of instruction and education already existing in the country. Every, the smallest, village in British Burmah has its native school, and every town contains several of these institutions, as well as colleges for the instruction of students who desire to embrace a religious life according to the Boodhist system. The course of instruction in the lower schools may be said to be limited to reading and writing, and in the upper, consists chiefly of committing to memory the precepts of Boodhism, and reading the life and trans-migrations of Boodha, &c. Science, in its modern acceptation, there is none; but the Burmans, like the Chinese, are very promising pupils in art, although we are not aware that any special teaching or training has to be gone through by the painter and architect before each is pronounced qualified to practice. These schools, and all that is taught in them, have probably remained much as they are now for the past thousand years."

CIVIL SERVICE CHANGES.—For some time past there have been rumours of certain changes to be made in consequence of Mr. E. T. Trevor going home on leave. These, have, however, within the past few days, taken a definite shape, and if what we hear at Alipore about preparations for a change of officers is true, they cannot be very distant. Mr. Trevor, of the Board of Revenue, it is said, will be succeeded by Mr. H. L. Dampier, Commissioner of Nuddea; Mr. Dampier will be succeeded by Mr. F. R. Cockerill, Legal Remembrancer, who will in turn be succeeded by Mr. Thompson, Judge of Nuddea.—*Harkaru*.

MORE FINANCIERING.—The *Mofussilite* understands that the remuneration—small as it is—hitherto drawn by civil surgeons for their medical attendance upon the police of the North-West and the Punjab, has been ruthlessly cut down by the Government, and those already overworked officials are to continue in the performance of the work without the pay. This penny-wise and pound-foolish proceeding will induce many assistant-surgeons in charge of civil stations to resign their appointments, as the police allowance amounts to nearly one-sixth of their income.

MORE TROUBLESOME TRIBES.—From Nowgong we learn that the tribe of Anganni Nagas are again becoming troublesome. They have lately committed several depredations in the neighbourhood of Muniore. Last year, when some of the people of the tribe murdered Mr. Martiers, the Rajah of Muniore burnt their villages, and put to death some forty of them. This prompt retaliation and punishment kept them in awe for some time, and consequently at peace. The Rajah, we further learn, is again about to try the experiment he found to answer so well last year, and has despatched a body of chosen troops to carry fire and sword into the haunts of the robbers.—*Hurkaru.*

THE ASSAM AGRICULTURAL EXHIBITION is to take place at Debrooghur, and the time of holding it has been fixed from the 1st to 5th February next. The cause of holding the Exhibition in Debrooghur is, that the greatest number of planters can be got together most readily; and an association has been lately formed there among the planters, to encourage the importation of draught cattle.

CANTONMENT JOINT MAGISTRATE.—According to the *Mofussilite*, cantonment joint magistrates are to be classed into two grades, upon consolidated salaries. The pay of the first grade for the large stations throughout India has been fixed at Rs. 1,000 per mensem, and that of the second grade at Rs. 700.

POISONING BY SERVANTS.—It is stated that two gentlemen who went up sick to Mussoorie, have been poisoned by their khidmutgars; one of them, it is feared, is past recovery. It does not appear that the rascals have been apprehended as yet.

"THE HILLS," published for some time at Mussoorie, has ceased to exist. The Indian sanatoria will not, it seems, support papers of their own, as has been shown in several previous instances.

A REVISED CODE OF ABSENTEE RULES for chaplains, and other officers in the Ecclesiastical Department, is now being prepared by the Government of India.

A CENSUS OF THE POPULATION OF THE DISTRICTS RULED FROM LAHORE has at length been sanctioned by the Home Government, and will be carried out without loss of time.

SHIPPING.

ARRIVALS.

June 16. Thomas Bell, Chisna.—17. Jules Cezard, Pondicherry.—18. str. Cashmere; France, Mauritius.—19. str. Burnah; str. Mennan, Point de Galle, &c.—20. Gnat, Elcano, Yarra, Pelham; British Princess, Liverpool.—21. Royal George, London; Hyderee, Bombay.—22. str. Far East, London; Varuna, London; Impulse, Moulmein, &c.; Mahomed Shaw.—23. Kooria Moorla, Pearl, Rachel.—25. str. Bhina, Armada, Orient.—26. str. Orissa; str. Simla, Suez; str. T. A. Gibb, Charleston, Edward Percy, City of Foo Chow, Evangelic.—27. str. Busheer, str. Paris, West Derby.

PASSENGERS ARRIVED.

Per Simla.—From Southampton.—Miss E. Wilson, Messrs. B. Mitchell, H. Stanfield, R. Robinson, S. Huntingdon, H. S. Ottewill, Mr. and Mrs. Reid, Miss Walsh, Messrs. George Sweetingham, Jno. Pritchard, Wm. Best, Jns. Carter, J. Knott, Henry Osler, Thomas Smith. From Marseilles.—Messrs. Jordan, Selback, and Watson. From Melbourne.—Mrs. Wastaba. From Bombay.—Messrs. Jordan, Naughton. From Galle.—Mrs. Kellott and three children, Mr. Weinhold, Mrs. Wilson. From Madras.—Mr. and Mrs. Bell, Mr. and Mrs. Hodder, Mr. Leisk.

DEPARTURES.

June 16. str. India, Bombay, &c.; Aminta, London; Fulwood, Liverpool.—17. str. Bangoon, Akyab, &c.—19. str.

Reiver, Straits, &c.—20. str. Thunder, Singapore, &c.; Rathfern, Liverpool; Mahe, Bourbon.—21. Agra, Mauritius; Reine Blanche, Bourbon; Golden Hind, Boston; Victory, London; Herald of the Morning, London; Rinaldo, London.—22. Kirkham, Liverpool; Queen of Beauty.—23. str. Moulmein, Chittagong, &c.; str. Indore, Singapore, &c.; City Forest Rights.—24. str. Arabia, Moulmein, &c.; Anglo of Madras, London; Flower of the Forest, London; Anglo Indian, Hong Kong.—25. str. Golconda, Suez; Fort William, Liverpool; Indomitable, Mauritius; Duc de Magenta, Bourbon; Staffa, Colombo; Regent, New York.—26. Vicksburg, Hull.—27. Star of Scotia, &c.; Vanguard.—28. str. Armenian, &c.; Salsette, &c.

PASSENGERS DEPARTED.

Per str. India.—For VIZAGAPATAM.—Mr. Charles Collett. For MADRAS.—Mr. T. M. Russell, Dr. Leslie. Per str. Rangoon.—For AKTAB.—Mr. H. Dutt. For Rangoon.—Capt. and Mrs. Eales, Messrs. A. Bucknill, G. D. Rogers, H. Berthoud, Caleb Lewis, S. M. Shircore, Capt. Dugdale. For MOULMEIN.—Mr. J. C. Hart. Per str. Golconda.—For MADRAS.—Mr. and Mrs. Chisholm and family, Mr. O. S. Stack, Mr. C. B. Cousins. For MELBOURNE.—Mr. Royds. For ALEXANDRIA.—Col. Sarell, Capt. C. V. Gordon, Capt. Chapman. For MARSEILLES.—Mr. A. J. Peale, Lieut. Hopkinson, Capt. Owen. For SOUTHAMPTON.—Dr. Bray, Mr. and Mrs. Benson and family, Mrs. O'Callaghan, Mr. J. Grant, Lieut. H. Fox, Mrs. Keir and family, Ensign Jackson, Lieut.-Col. Jerdon. Per str. Moulmein.—For CHITTAGOING.—Mr. J. Collett, Mrs. Patterson. For AKTAB.—D. W. A. Green. Per str. Arabia.—For RANGOON.—Mr. A. Marins. For MOULMEIN.—Mr. R. W. Pearce.

COMMERCIAL.

Calcutta, June 30, 1865.

GOVERNMENT SECURITIES.

	Rate of Interest.	Stock.	Selling Price
4 per Cent. Sa.	Rs. 87 12 to 88 0	90 Rs. 87 12 to 88 0	
Do. Transfer Stock	Sa. Rs. 91	88 6 to 88 14	
4 per Cent. Co's Rs.	91	11 0 to 0 0	
5 per Cent. P.W.	Co's Rs. 101	12 to 2 0 pm.	
5 per Cent. Co's Rs.	108	109 2 to 0 0	
5 per Cent. 56-57.	Co's Rs. 104	100 8 to 0 0	

EXCHANGE.

	On London.	Per Rupee.
Local Bank Bills	at 6 months' sight	2 0 to 0 0 0
First Class Credit	at 6 months' sight	2 to 2 0 1-18
Bills with Drafts	at 6 months' sight	2 0 1-2 to 2 0 1-2
Bank Post Bills	at 1 months' sight	2 0 1-2 to 2 0 1-2

JOINT STOCK SHARES.

	Stock.	Paid-up.	Quoted at
		Rs. each.	Rs.
Agra and Masterman's Bank	500	110	
Alliance Tea Company	85		
Assam Tea Company	200	530 to 532 1-2	
Balasun Tea Company	100	135 to 140	
Bank of Bengal	1000	1725 to 1700	
Deerbhoom Coal Company	4000		
Ditto	1000	540 to 845	
Bengal Coal Company	200	Nom. to 175	
Bengal Printing Company	1000	1300 to 1310	
Bengal River Company	100		
Ditto	1000	600 to 610	
Bengal Tea Company	500	300 to 305	
Ditto	100	135 to 137	
Bengal Tea Company	100		
Ditto new paid-up	250	par Nominal	
Bengal Oil Company	100	8 to 5 dis.	
Bengal Credit Mobilier (Lim.)	200	230	
Bishnauth Tea Company	10	6 to 7 pm.	
Ditto, contributory	445	635	
Bonded Warehouse Association	25	par	
Borokai Tea Company (Limited)	80	8 to 5 dis.	
British India Tea	50	5 to 8 pm.	
Brunton's Press Company (Limited)	100	75 to 80	
Burdwan Stone Company	200	168 to 170	
Cachar and Assam Tea Company	115	30 to 28 dis.	
Ditto (Contributory)	600	600 to 605	
Cachar Tea Company	500	par to 5 pm.	
Ditto	700	1300 to 1310	
Calcutta Docking Company	600	550 to 555	
Calcutta Steam Tug Association	62		
Calcutta and South Eastern Railway	100	56 to 98	
Central Assam Tea Company	200	250 to 252	
Central Cachar Tea Company	200	260 to 262	
Ditto, new shares	25		
Chatlawhar Tea Company	100	nom.	
Commercial Transport Association	100	85 to 86	
Dehra Doon Tea Company	500	675 to 700	
Delhi Bank Corporation	100	90 to 92	
Dooteriah Tea Company (Limited)	65	5 to 4 dis.	
Durrung Tea Company	100		
E. B. Indigo Company	100	21 to 22	
East India Coal Company	218	216 to 217	
East India Railway Company	100	120 to 122	
East India Tea Company	60	16 to 18 pm.	
Ditto, contributory	50	55 to 65	
Eastern Bengal Tea Company	100	105 to 107	
Eastern Cachar Tea Company	85	3 to 5 pm.	
Ditto, contributory	218	216	
Eastern Bengal Railway Company	1000	1150 to 1175	
Eastern Steam Tug Company	550		
Eastman and Company	250	200 to 205	
Equitable Coal Company	250	Nominal	
Ganges Steam Navigation Company	500	235 to 238	
Great Eastern Hotel Company	250	285 to 257 1-2	
Gola Ghaut Tea Company	250	262 1-2	
Ditto new shares	85	28 to 25 dis.	
Goswery Cotton Mills	250		
Hindustan, China, and Japan Bank	250		
Hoochly Steam Tug Company	1000	100 to 1020	
Hoochly Lighter Association	80		
Hope Town Tea Association	100	77	
Hope Town Equitable Tea Company	100	105	
Howrah Docking Company	535	545 to 556	
Hunter and Company	250		
India General Steam Navigation Co.	1000	770 to 775	
Jorehaut Tea Company	200		

Kunchunpore Tea Company	1000	1110
Ditto, contributory	135	8 to 10 pm.
Kurseong and Darjeeling Tea Co.	250	240
Ditto, contributory	135	10 to 8 dis.
Landing Shipping	100	
Leibong and Minchou Tea Company	65	
Locty Cotton Screw Company	25	
Lower Assam Tea Company	35	
Luckimpore Tea Company	155	
Mouacherra Tea Company	60	10 to 8
Moran Tea Company (Limited)	70	13 to 14 pm.
Muttuck Tea Company	50	
Mutual Tea Company	100	108 to 110
Ditto, contributory	70	8 to 5 pm.
National Bank of India (Limited)	250	257 1-2
New Fort Gloster Company	600	
North-West Indigo Company	100	70 to 71
North-West Screwing Company	100	nom.
Oriental Gas Company	21	14 to 15
Peoples Bank of India	100	
Port Canning Land Company	1000	110 pm.
Punjab Bank	100	120
Punjab Trading	75	
Puukabarra Tea Company	100	
Ditto	37	
Ramghur Tea Company	100	par
Ditto	65	par
Royal Bank of India	Nominal.	
R. Scott Thomson and Company	500	465 to 470
Screwing Company (Limited)	200	195
Sea Salt Company	80	
Seelbaugur Tea Company	100	82
Simla Bank	500	650 to 655
Simla Club and N. W. Wine Company	90	
Soom Tea Company	100	105 to 108
Soorisore Tea Company	1000	1500 to 1510
Ditto	750	450 to 480 pm.
South Cachar Tea Company	100	70 to 73
Spence's Hotel Company	250	225
Strand Pressing Company (Limited)	623	par to 2 pm.
Sylhet and Cachar Tea Company	200	165 to 170
Tirhoot Indigo	200	175 to 180
Tuckvar Tea Company	200	190 to 192
Ditto, contributory	70	
Union Steam Tug Company	250	6 to 4 dis.
Upper Assam Tea Company	100	170 to 172

FREIGHTS.

	To London.	To Liverpool.
		Nominal.
Saltpetre	£1 0 0 to 0 0 0	£2
Sugar	1 0 0 to 0 0 0	Nominal.
Rice	1 2 6 to 1 5 0	Nominal.
Seeds	2 10 0 to 2 12 6	2 0 0
Jute	2 0 0 to 2 5 0	1 12 6
Cotton	2 5 0 to 2 7 6	2 5 0

MADRAS.

ADOPTION OF AN HEIR BY THE RAJAH OF MYSORE.

MYSORE, June 27.—You have doubtless heard before now the important and interesting intelligence that the Rajah of Mysore has at last adopted a son and heir. Permit me to give, as briefly as possible, an account of the ceremony on the occasion of the adoption for the information of your readers and the world at large.

On Sunday morning the 18th of June, 1865, and about 10 o'clock, his Highness the Maharajah held a levee in the principal hall of his palace called Amba-Villas, which is magnificently furnished with curiosities from England and other parts of the world, and which was at the time specified thickly thronged with a vast concourse of courtiers, consisting of Ministers, respectable functionaries, distinguished pundits, and people of all races and descriptions. Silence was observed for about a quarter of an hour, and then the Maharajah rose from his seat, turned to the assembly, and in a loud and clear voice addressed them thus:—

"Friends and relations, ministers and courtiers, countrymen, and all present:—

"My object in having you all here this day, is expressly to make you distinctly understand my deliberate resolution. You all well know that my expectations and your prayers, that I should be blessed with a son, have unfortunately not been realised. It deeply concerns me to reflect, that the ancient families of Mysore, which uninterruptedly continued for three-and-twenty generations, may cease to exist with me; that the time-honoured throne of my House may become vacant; and that all my subjects may be deprived of the protection they have from time immemorial enjoyed at the hands of this dynasty. My fear is that if no remedy be speedily contrived to prevent this calamity, an everlasting infamy may attach to my person in this world, and eternal torments in that to come." The expedient that strikes me to pre-

* The Hindoo Shasters declare, that unless a man begets or adopts a son, he cannot go to heaven, but suffers eternal punishment in a hell called "put."

but these calamities is that I should immediately adopt a son. I wish, therefore, you all would freely express your respective thoughts and sentiments on the subject. Should you all approve of my resolution I also particularly desire you to furnish me with your suggestions as to the family from which my heir should be chosen."

The assembly with one voice left the selection entirely to his Highness's choice, and expressed unanimously their agreement with him. They said that his Highness enjoyed their unbounded gratitude, they had been longing for him to adopt for some time past, and that their fervent prayers were to see rites of adoption performed at once, provided his Highness had no objection.

Then the Maharajah taking the child by the arm, declared as follows:—

"As the family to which this child belongs and my family have been closely allied to each other from time immemorial, and as the immaculate virtue of this child's noble house has all along been distinctly known to myself and you all, it is my wish to adopt this child, with its mother's assent and yours."

The selection being the fittest, was greatly applauded by every one present.

His Highness, having gained the admiration and approval of all present, concluded the ceremonies. A Royal salute of twenty-one guns was fired in honour of the occasion, while his Highness obtained the sanction, and permission of the priest called Perkal Gooroo. Major Elliot, Superintendent of the Astragram Division, who was in charge of the Palace duties, was expressly called for, and in a few minutes presented himself before his Highness, and received notice of the proceeding, in official form, for communication to Government. The child is two and a-half years old, and is the third son of the late Chika Kristna Urse, son of Doda Kristna Urse, and grandson of Gopaul Rajah Urse, who was the brother of Ramee Lutchnance who signed the treaties of 1799.

His Highness then introduced the courtiers to the little Prince and caused them to present muzzers, and pay their humble respects. His Highness honoured every one present with garlands of flowers and betel-nut. Pagodas and golden sovereigns were given away for charity in thousands. A few hours afterwards the adopted Prince, who was denominated Chamrajyendra Wudayer Bahadur, was placed in a splendid gold palanquin and led through the main streets of the fort in pompous procession. All the courtiers marched along with the palanquin; cavaliers and foot-men, spikemen and musketeers, musicians and trumpeters all escorted the Prince in large numbers. The streets were densely crowded by people of both sexes, and of all ages, and everyone felt exceedingly delighted.

The population of Mysore displayed its rejoicings by a thousand tokens. Regular feasting were kept up in every house for three days. Congratulations were circulated in all directions. Carts in large number, laden with sugar for distribution, were driven through all the streets of the city. From every quarter the people were heard to say, that at last Divine Providence has been graciously pleased to send down upon them the most precious boon; that the existence of their native sovereignty was prolonged; that the clouds which the threats of annexation had gathered around their heads have, by this remarkable deed, been scattered and dissipated; and that British justice will bless them with the pride and honour of being governed continually by sovereigns of their own race.—*Madras Atheneum*, July 1.

MISCELLANEOUS.

DEATH OF SURGEON-MAJOR MOSTYN.—We regret to announce the death, at the Presidency, of Surgeon-Major J. W. Mostyn, of her Majesty's 76th Regiment, at the General Hospital.

DEATH OF MR. STEVENSON.—We regret to record the death, at the European General Hospital, of Mr. E. P. Stevenson, B.A., Principal of the Ahmedabad College. The deceased gentleman was some years ago the editor of the *Deccan Herald* newspaper, and was subsequently connected with the Bombay press, which he left to take up the appointment of head master of the Elphinstone Institution, Central School. A few weeks ago he was directed to proceed to Ahmedabad as Principal of the College there, but his health did not permit of his entering upon the duties of that office.

THE COURT MARTIAL ON CAPTAIN MARTIN at Kamptee has closed its proceedings, that officer read his defence last week; the finding having to go to Madras, will not be known for some time to come. To the officer and soldier these long periods of arrest are productive of evil results. To the former it causes suspense which leads him to drinking, and perhaps to break his arrest. To the soldier it leads to the commission of crimes, such as striking his superiors, damaging his kit, &c. It is much to be hoped Sir William Mansfield will, as urged by us in a former article, issue orders for a more speedy and permanent system of dispensing military justice upon both innocent and guilty.

A NATIVE WEDDING ON A GRAND SCALE.—We hear that there were grand doings at Indore the latter part of the past month, in honour of the marriage of one of Holkar's sons. Colonel Meade and other officers were present. The bridegroom is only six years old, and the bride three years old. The head ornaments of one of the elephants was made of pure gold, 2,400 tolas, each tola costing Rs. 17. Holkar exhibited all his treasures. A salute of 210 guns announced to the people the union of the happy pair, at night there were three nautches.—*Central India Times*.

SHIPPING.

ARRIVALS.

June 1. Str. Asia, Melville, Greenock; P. and O. str. Candia, Macnamara, Calcutta.—3. Charter Oaks, Tukey, Buenos Ayres.—4. Genie, Carr, Bombay; Queen of Ceylon, Maillard, Penang.—6. Speculator, Killam, Buenos Ayres; Walharoo, Davies, London; Amber Witch, McLeod, Liverpool; Sarah, Minto, Moulinec.—7. Mula, Bland, Bombay; French mail str. Meinam, Gairvain, Calcutta.—8. Mail str. Golconda, Beasley, Suez.—9. str. Punjab, McCallum, Calcutta.—10. str. Cashmere, Baxter, Bombay.—11. Barham, Way, London; Forchester, Dick, Mauritius.

PASSENGERS ARRIVED.

Per str. Asia.—Lieut. col. Cooper, Madras Army, two Misses Cooper, Miss Bully, Mr. and Mrs. Curley, Mr. Maunt, E. Christian, Esq., Capt. Lenon, 2nd Regt., Capt. Cameron, Madras Army.
Per P. and O. S. N. Co.'s str. Candia.—For MADRAS.—Mr. Ainsbury, Capt. Bruce, Mr. R. Barnes, Mr. and Mrs. Neiland infant, Mr. Baddeley, Mr. King, Mr. Harrison, Mr. Wade, Mr. Ramsden, Mr. T. D. Leish. For GALLE.—Maj. and Mrs. Deacon and child. For SUEZ.—Mr. Dickman, Col. Fytche, Mr. Gladston, Mr. Nichol, Mr. Barkhausen, Mr. B. Span. For ALEXANDRIA.—Capt. Holroyd, Mr. Smith, Mr. Shakespear, Mr. Bell.
Per str. Punjab.—Maj. McDonald, Capt. Meppen, Mr. Wally, Mr. Lafargi, Mr. Dawson.
Per str. Cashmere.—Mr. Storey, Mr. Lucad, Lieut. Jenkins, Mr. Dary, Colour serg. McMillan.
Per Barham.—Mr. and Mrs. Stevens, Capt. and Mrs. Warst, Mr. Campbell, Miss Sayant, Miss Pullan, Misses Ansley, Misses Van Someren, Master Van Someren, Miss Smith, Miss Coles, Miss Johnstone, Miss Sexton, Mrs. Hunter and two children.
Per str. Meinam.—For MADRAS.—Mrs. Carey. For PONDICHERRY.—Mr. and Mrs. Cheveier. For GALLE.—Mr. W. E. Drury. For SUEZ.—Mr. W. G. Mathews. For MARSEILLES.—Lieut. Froisher, Mons. H. C. Bernard, Maj. T. Y. Smith, Mr. Buidling, Mr. McEachery, Mr. E. Mansoch, Mr. W. Wright, Mr. E. Hardy, Mr. Gilbert, Mr. R. Tucker, Mr. A. Ewey, Mr. Bandy, Mr. R. McCheyne, Mr. F. Lamourouney.
Per P. and O. str. Golconda.—For MADRAS.—Dr. Handiside, Mr. Spencer, Mr. Barclay, Maj. de Winton, Mr. Baycroft, Mr. and Mrs. John.

DEPARTURES.

June 2. Lloyd Raynor, Pollock, Calcutta.—3. Mary Shepherd, Croote, London; mail str. Candia, Macnamara, Suez; str. Madras, Bowers, Rangoon.—5. Western Ocean, Balic, Liverpool.

PASSENGERS DEPARTED.

Per Mary Shepherd.—Capt. Roysers, Capt. Arnobe and family, Lieut. Hullett and family, Mr. Brocke and two children, Maj. Marrack, Capt. Seymes.
Per P. and O. str. Candia.—For SOUTHAMPTON.—Lieut.

col. and Mrs. Cholmeley and two children, Miss Ives, Mr. Farewell, Master Farewell, Mr. Branson, Maj. Stephen's child, Maj. Tireman, Capt. Walpole, Capt. Curtis, Mr. McTavish, C. B. Macdonald, Esq., Lieut. Atkinson. For MARSEILLES.—Mr. Wydow, Mrs. Phillips. For SUEZ.—H. E. Sir H. and Lady Grant, Capt. McLeod, Capt. and Mrs. Linsden, Lieut. Stenhouse. For GALLE.—Mr. Leslie.

Per str. Madras.—For MASULIPATAM.—Mr. A. H. Blake, Sub conductor Clarke, Mrs. Clarke and three daughters, Mr. M. D. Davis, Mr. Lloyd-Boy, Mr. Ottmann, Mr. Hudson. For COCANADA.—Mr. W. Blake, Mr. Kennedy, Mr. Thornton, Mr. Hudson, Mr. Ottmann. For RANGOON.—C. A. Allen, Esq., Asst. apoth. Staggs, Commissary Staff serg. Thomas, wife, and seven children, Mr. Stanley, Mr. J. Burnham.

BOMBAY.

AFFGHANISTAN.

The *Delhi Gazette's* Cabool Correspondent writes as follows:—June 11.—The following news-letter from the Ameer's camp at Mookur was received to-day by the governor:—

A battle has been fought here between the troops of Sirdar Jellalooddeen Khan and Mohamed Ruffee Khan. The exact number of killed and wounded has not yet been ascertained, but the loss on both sides in this battle has been very heavy. On the Ameer's side Sirdar Meer Uzful Khan has been killed, and Sirdars Ghoolam Mahoyooddeen Khan and Shah Ghasee Sheredil Khan wounded. On Mohamed Ameen Khan's side Sirdar Jelalooddeen Khan is said to have been wounded. Mohamed Ruffee Khan has been defeated and has retreated towards Kelat to his camp at Chultuck. A rumour prevails to the effect that Sirdar Mohamed Allee Khan has been killed.

June 12.—Sirdar Wully Mohamed Khan was in Durbar when two sowars arrived from Chardahce, and whispered to him. The Sirdar, accompanied by a few khans, lost no time in riding to Chardahce. About 10 o'clock news was received from thence that the body of Sirdar Mohamed Allee Khan had arrived at Dah Muzung. The battle in which Sirdar Mohamed Allee Khan was killed was fought on Tuesday, the 11th Mohurum (6th June). Sirdar Mohamed Allee Khan and Sirdar Mohamed Ameen Khan happened to meet during the engagement. Ameen Khan fired at Mohamed Allee Khan. The ball passed through Mohamed Allee's head and killed him on the spot; his body was brought into the camp, where there was much grief and lamentation. The Ameer fainted when he saw the body of his son, and immediately assumed mourning. Sirdar Noor Mohamed Khan, son of Mohamed Sudeck Khan, was also killed in the same action. The body of Sirdar Mohamed Allee Khan will arrive in Cabool to-morrow. No one can say positively how many men were killed in that battle, but the slaughter was very great. The inmates of upwards of seven hundred Affghan houses in Cabool were heard weeping.

June 13.—The body of Sirdar Mohamed Allee Khan arrived in Cabool this morning. The men accompanying the body say that Sirdar Mohamed Ameen Khan was also killed, and that his body has been sent by the Ameer to Candahar. The body of Sirdar Mohamed Allee Khan was buried this evening. The following letter was received by the governor from Sirdar Futteh Mohamed Khan in Toorkistan:—

"The Turcoomans have been making an attack on Ukheha. Sirdar Fyz Mohamed Khan, the Hakim of that place, fought against them very bravely, and drove them off. A number of men have been killed and wounded on Fyz Mohamed's side. Please hasten and tell the Ameer to make every effort to assist us, otherwise we shall be compelled to evacuate Toorkistan."

The news has been confirmed by subsequent accounts.

The *Delhi Gazette* makes the following remarks on the subject:—

"Battles have been fought, but without any apparent advantage to either party in the struggle. The death of the Ameer's son and

their apparent, and of Sirdar Mahomed Ameen Khan may affect the views of all concerned in the question at issue; but we fear the present Ameer is unsuited, both by temperament and 'brought-up,' to gain the respect and confidence of the turbulent people over whom he has been called to rule. It is not so much the better claim of another to the Ameeriship, as the feeble character of the present Ameer, that has caused the turmoil and violent partisanship now agitating that beautiful country. Even those who support on principle the choice of the late able Ameer Dost Mahomed seem to yield but a half-hearted allegiance to his successor. To them the success or failure of their chief is a matter of indifference, while the strong party opposed to him are determined that a better-liked and more able Ameer shall rule the Afghans.

Affairs are assuming a threatening aspect in Khelat. The same journal says:—"We understand that intelligence has been received of the march of a strong body of men, said to be 36,000 strong, from the Khelat territories, under Moola Taj Mahomed and another powerful chief, to wage war against the Jam of Lus Beyla. It appears that some time ago a chief on the Khelat side, named Noorooddeen, whose sister is one of the Jam's wives, slew two leading men among the Brahoes, in consequence of a quarrel about some women, and then took refuge in his brother-in-law's territory. The Jam is gathering his men from all directions; but it is thought that he is not sufficiently powerful to resist the invaders, and that the affair will turn out a very serious one for him. The ruler of Khokund has been killed by Kupchat Tartars, and the country made over to the Khan of Bokhara.

MISCELLANEOUS.

THE GOVERNORSHIP OF BOMBAY.—The *Hurkaru*, discussing the expected change in Bombay, speculates—rather prematurely, we fancy—upon Sir Bartle Frere's successor:—"The Governorship, we believe, was refused by eight celebrities, including Lords Dufferin, Wodehouse, and the Viceroy, before it was tendered to the retiring Governor, and it may be supposed that it will be tossed about in the lobbies of the Houses of Parliament before it reaches such aspirants as George Campbell, Richard Temple, and Seton-Karr, all of whom are on the *qui vive* for a Presidency. George Campbell must, we fear, wait until Nassick is the seat of empire before he has a chance."

LOCAL ITEMS.—His Excellency the Governor in Council has appointed Sir Alexander Grant, Bart., to be Director of Public Instruction, in succession to Mr. E. I. Howard, resigned, who returns to practice at the bar of Bombay.—It is officially announced that the Honourable Claudius James Erskine has been appointed, by Her Majesty's Principal Secretary of State for India in Council, a Member of Council at the Bombay Presidency.—We regret to state that, in consequence of indisposition, Sir Joseph Arnould has been unable to attend in Court since Tuesday last, and that the state of his health obliges him to leave Bombay by the present mail.—The following are the Municipal appointments under the new Act:—Mr. Arthur Crawford, C.S., Acting Collector of Bombay, to be Commissioner; Dr. Pelly to be Controller of Accounts; and Dr. Hewlett, Sanitary Officer.

THE ACCIDENT TO THE STEAMER "BOMBAY."—The P. & O. Co.'s steamer *Bombay*, about whose safety fears were entertained until Mauritius papers informed us of her arrival at Port Louis, arrived in Bombay harbour at one o'clock P.M. of the 23rd ult. As is already known, the cause of her detention was the breaking of her screw shaft, which happened six days after leaving King George's Sound. She was then about 2,500 miles from the Mauritius, and her commander, Captain G. C. Burne, determined to proceed there under

canvas instead of attempting to put back to the port he had recently left; and after a good passage of about thirteen days, the *Bombay* arrived at Port Louis on 21st May. She left Sydney on the 22nd April, Melbourne on the 26th, and King George's Sound on the 2nd of May. On the following Sunday a sort of grating sound was heard in the engine-room, which seemed to come from the tube of the shaft, but the cause could not be discovered. At the worst, it was supposed that only some of the bearings had got loose; but about half-past 12 o'clock on the night of Sunday, the 7th May, the shaft suddenly snapped, the lower portion with the fan falling into the sea. The vessel was then in lat. 22-17 S., lon. 99-56 E., but fortunately the weather was very pleasant, and when the nature of the accident became known all sail was at once clapped on, and she bore away for Port Louis. The distance—about 2,500 miles—was run in thirteen days, and the *Bombay* arrived in that port on Sunday, the 21st May, about half-past 10 o'clock in the forenoon. The following morning she was put into dock; the spare shaft which the steamer carried was fitted with as much expedition as possible; on the morning of the 29th she was undocked, and in the afternoon of the same day was on her way to Aden. The steamer *Norma*, which had arrived at the Mauritius on the 17th, had in the meantime taken the passengers, mails, &c., of the *Bombay* to Suez. The *Bombay* arrived at Aden on the 7th of June, at 3-30 P.M., and remained there until the 17th, when she left for Bombay, reaching the latter port in a trifle less than six days. Not the least alarm prevailed among the passengers regarding the accident, and as an ample store of provisions was on board, the passengers, considering all things, seem to have had rather a pleasant time of it.—*Times of India*.

COMMERCIAL FAILURES.—The suspension of the house of C. E. Mirus and Co., of Cochin, is announced. At a meeting of the creditors of Messrs. Leekie and Co., of Bombay, it was stated that their liabilities amount to thirty-one lakhs and a quarter, and their assets to twenty-seven lakhs. The estate is to be wound up under inspection. At a meeting of the creditors of Messrs. A. H. Huschke and Co., the statement of accounts showed that the liabilities amount to twenty-eight lakhs and three-quarters, and the assets, valued at the present depreciated rates, at very nearly that sum. The firm has been allowed to liquidate under inspection. The balance sheet of Mr. Cursetjee Furdoonjee shows the liabilities to be two crores and forty lakhs, and the assets to be one crore and sixty lakhs. Mr. Cursetjee has been allowed six months to settle his estate, and it is fully expected he will pay a dividend of eleven annas in the rupee—probably more.

SHIPPING.

ARRIVALS.

June 23, str. Madras, Dundas, Galle; Hurry Paddumsey, Moor, Singapore; str. Bombay, Burne, Aden.—21, str. Baroda, Haslewood, Suez; str. Punjab, McCullum, Calcutta.—26, Indian, Grant, Calcutta.—27, str. United Service, Browne, Hong Kong; Rosane, Le Pan, Liverpool; Maid of Orleans, Luselly, Liverpool.—28, str. Naita, Colburn, Kurrachee; Eustell, Jewson, Liverpool.—30, str. Kurrachee, Cottier, Persian Gulf; H. M. str. Renence, Warner, Kurrachee.—July 2, Cursetjee Furdoonjee, Noronua, Liverpool; Futay Moon-bruck, Nacoda, Judda.—4, Jane Lerch, Bingham, Hong Kong.—5, str. India, Lewis, Calcutta.—6, Maraban, Hobbs, London; Nagore, Jenkins, Sunderland; Fanny, Wiers, Rangoon; Eagle, Cuthbert, Sea; Excelsior, Barton, Singapore; Remington, Fowler, Liverpool.—7, Seaforth, Woodward, London; Phoenix, Brown, Moulmein.

NAUTICAL INCIDENTS AND SHIPS SPOKEN.

Per Martaban.—On 6th June arrived at Mauritius, sailed on the 12th June; landed the crew of the British ship Sir R. Abercromby, abandoned off the Cape with loss of rudder.
Per Phoenix.—On 22nd June, spoke the ship Bedfordshire, from Calcutta to Bombay.

PASSENGERS ARRIVED.

Per United Service.—Mrs. Lovett and child.
Per str. Bombay.—Mr. H. Becker.
Per str. Madras.—Mr. and Mrs. Wilson, Mrs. Passmore and two children, Mr. Jennings, Mr. Spinks, Mr. Sevensocks, Mr. Cairns, Mr. Wilson, Mr. Berwick, Mr. Cobb.

P. str. Punjab. Miss Dees, Capt. Mason, Mr. and Mrs. Becker and child, Maj. Anderson, Capt. Raikes, Lieut. Ramsden, Mr. Taylor, Mr. W. Moss, Dr. Forbes.
Per P. and O. Co.'s str. Baroda.—From SOUTHAMPTON.—Mr. T. Elvins, Mr. H. Robertson, Mr. J. Curtis, Mrs. Swan and infant, Messrs. D. Meffin, A. Lenars, J. Washer, Mrs. Ker, Mr. Chambers, Capt. Smith, Capt. Coute, Messrs. Adamson, S. Adamson, J. Adamson, McPherson, McKay, Colery Oldham, Mills, Billing, Spooner, Barton, Garrard, C. Ratford, G. Harman, W. Preacher, G. Monetti, E. Collison, P. Overt, W. Nash, and J. Nicholas. From MAURITIUS.—Messrs. Rose and Scott, Mr. and Mrs. Cohen, Capt. Hepworth. From Suez.—Mr. Hender.

DEPARTURES.

June 23, Dreadnought, Webster, Liverpool.—24, str. Orissa, Curling, Aden and Suez; str. Ephraates, Taunton, Kurrachee; Starlet, Fawn, Kirk, Liverpool; Madras, Brown, Liverpool; str. Coronanuel, Carew, Kurrachee.—26, Leamington, Bell, Liverpool.—27, Bombay, McLeod, Fernambuco; Sea Pink, McKinnon, Liverpool; Ville de Lima, Ryckmans, Mauritius; Corbiller, Vaughan, Liverpool.—28, Compta, Gorch, Liverpool.—29, Tomogonous, Morris, Liverpool; Abbotford, Cooper, Liverpool; Eagle, Cuthbert, Liverpool.—30, str. Emeu, Dundas, China.—July 1, Dharu, Loutted, Liverpool; Anuro, Mailard, Mauritius; Beau-Uamah, McCann, Calcutta; str. Punjab, Day, Coast and Calcutta.—3, Cayon, Gruchy, Mauritius.—4, Ambrose, Day, Liverpool; Zoroaster, Galloway, Liverpool.—5, mail str. Bombay, Suez.

PASSENGERS DEPARTED.

Per Eagle.—Dr. and Mrs. Whyte and children, Mr. R. B. Hawkins.
Per P. and O. Co.'s str. Orissa.—For SOUTHAMPTON.—Mr. Norris, Capt. Anderson, Serg. Heath, Mr. J. Dixon, Mrs. H. Gamble and three children, Lieut. Lloyd, Mr. Eugastrom. For MAURITIUS.—Lieut. A. T. Mander, Lieut. F. D. Mander. For SUEZ.—Mr. Berwick, Mr. Cobb. For MALTA.—Lieut. Col. and Mrs. Martin.
Per P. and O. Co.'s str. Bombay.—For SUEZ.—Mr. F. Jennings, Mr. Gouzenback, Mr. Spink. For MAURITIUS.—Maj. and Mrs. Hill and infant, Mr. M. H. Moss, Col. Green, Mr. H. Bulkeley, Capt. Raikes, Maj. and Mrs. Ker, Mr. James Jack, Lieut. and Mrs. Fugan. For SOUTHAMPTON.—Capt. W. Williams, Asst.-surg. Nicholson, Mr. J. Dame, Mr. J. Semler, Capt. Mathews, Lieut. Easton, Mr. W. R. Masou, Mr. Robert Aird, Mr. Williams, Mr. Grellan, Mr. Swire. For MALTA.—Sir J. Arnould. For ADEN.—Mr. and Mrs. Lawrence Clancy and child, Maj. Sandwith, Mr. Mulialy, Dr. Cuffe, Asst.-surg. Pathologus.

COMMERCIAL.

Bombay, June 7, 1865.

EXCHANGES.

On London Banks—at	
6 months' sight, per rupee, 2s. 1-16d.	
6 ditto ditto 2s. 4-5-6d. Cred. Bills.	
6 ditto ditto 2s. 4-6d. Docts.	
On Calcutta, at sight, per 100	102
Ditto at 30 days' ditto	101
Ditto at 60 days' ditto	100
On Madras, at 30 days' ditto	100 1/2
On China, at 60 days' ditto	Rs. 211 per 100 dools.

BANK AND OTHER SHARES.

Agra Bank (Rs. 500)	8 1/2 per cent. pm.
Asiatic Bank	Par
Bombay Bank (Rs. 1,000)	21 do.
Bank of India (Rs. 25)	56 pm.
Bankers' Banking Co. (Rs. 20)	12 pm.
Central Bank (Rs. 250)	120 do.
Chartered Bank of India, Australia, & China (Rs. 200)	130 do.
Commercial Bank (Rs. 500)	15 do.
Comptoir d'Escompte de Paris (Rs. 200)	100 do.
Joint-Stock Bank (Rs. 20)	83 do.
Mercantile Bank (Rs. 250)	5 dis.
Oriental Bank Corporation (Rs. 250)	100 pm.
Royal Bank of India (Rs. 25)	28 do.
Madras Bank (Rs. 1,000)	70 do.
Apollo Press Co. (Rs. 11,000)	par
Colaba Press Co. (Rs. 2,500)	Rs. 6,000 p. sh.
Fort Press Co. (Rs. 3,657)	Rs. 14,500 p. sh.
Elphinstone Land and Press Co.:—	
(A) share (Rs. 6,000)	3600 Rs. 600 pm.
(B) share (Rs. 6,000)	2500 dis.
Frere Press Co. (Rs. 250)	2500 dis.
Victoria Land and Press Co. (Rs. 4,000)	25 pm.
Bombay Press Co. (Rs. 1,2000)	Rs. 2,800 pm.
Great Indian Peninsular Railway Co. Consolidated Stock (Rs. 218-3-0)	7 per cent. dis.
Iron Ship Co. (Rs. 1,000)	Rs. 700 d.s.
Oriental Ship Owning Association (Rs. 250)	Rs. 25 pm.
Prince of Wales Ship Co. (Rs. 1,000)	Rs. 800 dis.
Western India Ship Co. (Rs. 1,000)	Rs. 250
Hydraulic Press Co. (Rs. 4,000)	Rs. 3,250 p. sh.
Coorla Spinning Co. (Rs. 5,000)	Rs. 500 prem.
Bombay United Spinning and Weaving Co. (Rs. 2,500)	Rs. 500 prem.
Colaba Land Co. (Rs. 10,000)	Rs. 20,000 prem.
Bonded Warehouse Co. (Rs. 400)	Rs. par
Back Bay Reclamation Co. (Rs. 5,000 paid-up)	4,000 p. sh. pm.
Oriental Weaving and Spinning Company (Rs. 2,500)	Rs. 150 prem.
Royal Spinning and Weaving Co. (Rs. 1,500)	Rs. 100 prem.
Victoria Spinning Co. (Rs. 5,000)	Rs. 1,000 prem.

GOVERNMENT SECURITIES.

Four per Cent. Sica Rs. Trans. Loan	Rs. 93
" " Sica Rs. Loan 1852-53	" 93
" " Co.'s Rs. Loan 1853-56	" 91 1/2
" " " " 1854-55	" 91 1/2
Five per Cent. Co.'s Rs. Loan	103 1/2
Five-and-a-half per Cent.	111

FREIGHTS.

To London—Cotton, £—0s., nominal; Seeds, 15s. 0d.
To Liverpool—Cotton, 13s. to 21. 5s. per ton; Seeds, 7s. 6d. per ton.



Official Gazette.

BENGAL.

BY THE GOVERNOR-GENERAL.

Home Dept., Simla, June 10.—No. 1,376.—Mr. F. Macnaghten, Bengal civil service, is transf. from the Bengal div. of the Presidency to the N.W.P.

June 12.—No. 1,409.—Mr. H. Read, officg. dep. commr. of Dumoh, in the Central Provinces, is invested with the powers.

June 13.—No. 1,433.—Three mo. leave is granted to Mr. G. R. Buttress, sub asst. rev. surveyor, 2nd class, attached to 1st div., Oudh.

No. 1,438.—Lieut. J. B. Taylor, of the 9th regt. Madras N.I., to offic. as asst. dist. supt. of police in the Central Provinces.

TRANSFER DISTRICTS.

No. 1,440.—Under the provisions of section 2 of regtln. I. of 1829, the Gov. Gen. in Council is pleased to sanction the transfer of the Jounpore dist. to the Allahabad div., and the re-transfer of the Goruckpore dist., together with the new dist. of Butee, to the Benares div.

No. 1,477.—Lieut. R. M. B. Thomas, asst. comr., Jubbulpore, to offic. as judge of Small Cause Court at Jubbulpore, during Mr. Macnaghten's absence.

No. 1,480.—The Gov. gen. in Council is pleased to permit the Rev. J. C. Herdman, senior chaplain of the Church of Scotland on the Bengal Establishment, to resign the service from the date of dep. of the first mail str. of August next.

No. 1,516.—Mr. E. Loftie, asst. revenue surveyor, 3rd class, left bank Indus Scinde survey, has priv. leave from April 25 to May 31, both dates inclusive.

No. 1,519.—The services of Lieut. T. A. Scott, district superint. of police, Nimar, are placed at disposal of the foreign dept.

No. 1,520.—Capt. H. V. Mathias, Bengal staff corps, late district superint. of police at Nagode, is app. to be district superint. of police in the Central Provinces, v. Lieut. Scott.

June 15.—No. 1,522.—Capt. B. R. Branfill, 2nd asst., Great Trigonometrical Survey, to be 1st asst., with effect from 1st asst.

No. 1,533.—Lieut. H. Martin, 26th Bombay N.I., is appd. to offic., temp., as asst. dist. superint. of police in Baitool in the Central Provs.

June 14.—No. 261.—Mr. A. M. Russell, asst. settlement officer, Dumoh, and in charge of the Nursingpore settlement, Central Provs., is appd. to offic. as settlement officer of Hoshungabad, in addition to his own duties as asst. settlement officer in charge of the Nursingpore settlement.

Mr. H. Read, officg. dep. comr. of Dumoh, will take charge of the Dumoh settlement, in addition to his own duties.

June 13.—No. 235.—The Gov. gen. in Council is pleased to confirm the following extract from the brigade orders issued by the officer comdg. Central India horse, under date May 22:—

Lieut. A. J. Bannerman, 3rd squadron officer, 2nd corps, to offic. as 2nd squadron officer, 1st corps (full vacancy).

Lieut. C. B. Horsburgh, doing duty officer 2nd corps, to offic. as 3rd squadron officer (full vacancy) in that corps.

Lieut. E. E. Gibson, doing duty officer, 1st corps, to offic. as 3rd squadron officer (full vacancy) in that corps.

June 10.—No. 488.—H.E. the Viceroy and Gov. gen. in Council is pleased to recognise the appt. of Mr. E. J. Leveson as council for H.M. the King of Italy, at Singapore.

No. 491.—H.E. the Viceroy and Gov. gen. in Council is pleased to recognise the app. of Messrs. E. Pandorf and J. H. Bandow as Consuls for Bremen, at Akyab, and Bassein respectively, in British Burmah.

No. 1,250.—Mr. W. Glynn, dep. comr. of Oonao, in Oude, is granted 1 mo. leave, from 10th inst.

No. 1,252.—Lieut. A. H. Eckford, asst. comr. of Sultanpore, in Oude, has 3 mo. leave, in ext.

No. 1,254.—Lieut. J. A. Scott, dist. supt. of police in the Central Provs., is app. to be an asst. comr. of the 2nd class, v. Capt. Bolton, res.

No. 1,257.—Major J. P. Nixon made over temp.

charge of the Joudpore political agency to Lieut. W. J. W. Muir, asst. to the Gov. gen.'s agent at Rajpootana, on the forenoon of April 24.

June 12.—No. 1,268.—The furl. to Europe, for 1 year, granted to Mr. J. Cavanagh, asst. superint. survey and settlement in Oude, in G.O. No. 961, dated 4th ult., will date from dep. of the first P. and O. Co.'s str. in June, instead of second str. in May.

Mr. Kavanagh availed himself of the prep. leave granted to him on May 22, making over charge of his office to the extra asst.

Mr. K. M. Nicholson, app. to offic. as asst. supt. of survey and settlement, assumed charge of the office from Rai Guneshi Lal on May 23.

No. 1,270.—Surg. J. M. Lownds, in medical charge of the Rajpootana agency, returned to his duty on April 23 from the leave granted him in G.O. No. 953, dated 4th ult.

No. 1,272.—Mr. W. de C. Ireland, offic. dep. comr., 4th grade, British Burmah, assumed charge of the district and treasury of Myanong, from Capt. H. Browne, on April 29.

Capt. H. Browne, dep. comr., 3rd grade, assumed charge of the deputy comr.'s office at Rangoon, from Maj. G. Faithfull, on May 6.

Mr. G. E. Barr, asst. comr., 3rd grade, relieved Lieut. col. D. Browne, officg. dep. comr., 1st grade, at Amherst, of the current duties of his office and treasury, on May 4.

Maj. G. Faithfull, dep. comr., 1st grade, received charge of dep. comr.'s office and treasury, Amherst district, from Mr. G. E. Barr, on May 9.

No. 1,289.—With reference to G.O. No. 1,141, dated May 25, Mr. F. O. Mayne received charge of Fyzabad div. in Oude, from Mr. Carnegie, on April 19, from which date he offic. as comr. of that div. till 25th idem.

Mr. H. S. Reid received charge of the Baiswarra div., from Mr. F. O. Mayne, on April 13, from which date he offic. as comr. of that div. till 25th idem.

No. 1,291.—Maj. T. M. McHutchin, dep. supt., Mysore district, returned to his duty, on May 15, from 2 mo. priv. leave granted to him in G.O. No. 580, dated March 13.

CASH BALANCES.

June 14.—No. 809.—In continuation of notification No. 529, dated the 30th ult., the following statement of cash balances, as reported up to this date in the Government Treasuries in India, at the close of the month of March last, contrasted with that of the previous years, is published for general information:—

According to the present limits of the several Governments.	1863. March.	1864. March.	1865. March.
Govt. of India	Co's Rs. 4,40,67,617	Co's Rs. 2,68,84,576	Co's Rs. 1,22,79,877
" Bengal.....	2,35,05,706	2,37,51,871	2,31,03,738
" Brit. Burmah)			51,27,847
" N.W. Provinces (inclg. Oude)	2,85,87,700	2,41,08,424	2,24,89,060
" Punjab	1,20,29,649	1,10,06,772	1,35,84,108
" Bombay	3,38,91,392	1,01,51,709	2,04,22,786
" Central Provs.	42,95,036	34,81,492	40,11,105
" Decan	36,57,482	43,13,397	38,11,831
" Madras	3,50,06,792	3,30,88,251	2,30,26,915
Total.....	18,60,41,385	14,67,88,822	12,64,87,287

June 10.—No. 219.—Capt. D. J. P. Campbell, exec. engr., 4th grade, returned from m.c. granted to him on 5th inst., and resumed charge of Chittledroog div., in Mysore, on May 15.

LIGHTHOUSES, BRITISH BURMAH.

June 12.—No. 220.—The foll. lighthouse divs. with their estabs., are transf. to the control of British Burmah, with effect from May 1:—

Algauda Reef Lighthouse div.
Cocos Island Lighthouse div.

June 13.—No. 221.—H.E. the Gov. gen. in Council having sanctioned the appt. of a supt. engr. instead of a supt. of works, for the Assam circle, with effect from April 1, Major D. Briggs, Bengal staff corps, the supt. of works (now on furl.), is app. a suptng. engr., 2nd class, from above date, and posted to the Assam circle.

No. 222.—Lieut. W. G. Cumming, R.E., asst. engr. at Port Blair, has 1 mo. priv. leave, from such date as he may avail himself of the same.

June 14.—No. 223.—Capt. R. de Bourbel, R.E., at present attached to the Bhootan force, is app. to offic. as a superintending engr., 2nd class, public works dept., Bengal, and is posted to the Assam Circle, v. Maj. D. Briggs, proc. on furl.

Capt. de Bourbel will proceed to join his appt. when relieved from his military duties.

June 15.—No. 225.—Mr. C. W. Hope, asst. engr., 1st grade, is app. to offic. as asst. to chief engineer, and asst. sec. to chief commr., British Burmah, with effect from May 20.

June 9.—No. 10.—Lieut. W. Stenhouse, examiner of forest accounts, British Burmah, in charge of the Tharrawaddee div., has 8 weeks' prep. leave, from May 18, to appear before a medical committee at Madras, with a view of applying for sick leave to Europe.

June 12.—No. 581.—With reference to the notification from the home dept., No. 1,211 of 6th inst., the services of Lieut. J. Ketchen, gen. list, Bombay inf., are, at his own request, replaced at the disposal of the Govt. of Bombay.

No. 584.—The undermentioned officer, having completed 20 years' service, 6 years of which were on permanent staff employ, to be major, from the date specified opposite to his name, under the Royal Warrant of Jan. 16, 1861, subject to H.M.'s approval:—

Bengal Staff Corps.—Capt. (brev. maj.) E. H. C. Wintle; Dec. 80.

June 13.—No. 585.—The services of Capt. the Hon. J. H. Fraser, of the late 4th Eur. regt., are at the disposal of the home dept.

No. 586.—The underment. officer is permitted to proceed to Europe:—

Lieut. E. S. Fox, of the Bengal staff corps, wing officer, 37th regt. N.I., for 2 years, under new regs.

No. 587.—The underment. officer is permitted to proceed to Europe, on leave of abs., on m.c.:—

Capt. A. Waterfield, of the late 4th Eur. L.C., for 20 mo., under new regs.

No. 588.—The underment. officer is permitted to proceed to Europe, on leave of abs., on m.c.:—

Lieut. col. A. Fraser, royal engr., supt. of light-houses, for 20 mo., under new regs.

No. 591.—The underment. officer has reported his return from England:—Lieut. D. Pringle, of the late 58th regt. N.I.; date of arrival at Fort William, June 8.

No. 592.—The following order, issued by the Govt. of Bombay is confirmed:—

No. 296, dated May 23.—Granting leave of absence to Eur., on m.c., to Asst. surg. R. Lidderdale, Bengal med. estab., for 20 mo., embarking at Kurrachee.

No. 593.—The underment. officer is perm. to proceed to Eur., on leave, on m.c.:—Lieut. L. McDowell, of the gen. list, inf., for 18 mo., under new regs.

No. 595.—The following order by the resident at Hyderabad, is confirmed:—

No. 76, dated May 29.—Confirming the station order issued by the officer comdg. Hingolee, dated Dec. 20, 1864, directing Asst. surg. A. Sanderson, 1st cav., Hyderabad contingent, to assume med. charge of No. 2 light field horse batty., Hyderabad contingent, and details at Hingolee from Dec. 17, 1864, the date on which he reported his return from furl. to Eur. on m.c.

No. 597.—With reference to the notification issued by the Govt. of Bengal, dated 6th inst., the services of Lieut. H. A. Pakenham, of the late 55th N.I., in temp. charge of the office of cantonment magis. of Dinapore, are replaced at the disposal of the C. in C., with effect from the 25th ult.

No. 598.—The underment. officer has reported his return from England:—

Capt. H. B. Webster, late 4th Eur. L.C., date of arrival at Fort William, June 3, 1865.

No. 599.—The underment. officer has reported his return from England:—

Lieut. (brev. capt.) E. Y. Walcott, of the late 57th regt. N.I., asst. comr., Cossyah and Jynteah Hills, date of arrival at Fort William, June 3, 1865.

June 16.—No. 602.—The undermentd. officer is admitted to the Bengal staff corps, with effect from the date specified opposite to his name, subject to the confirmation of the Right Hon. the Secy. of State for India:—

Lieut. C. O' L. L. Prendergast, of H.M.'s 52nd foot, asst. comr., Tongoo, Jan. 26, 1864.

June 17.—No. 1,637.—Lieut. G. W. Cole, sub asst. coms. gen., is appd. to offic. as cantonment magis. of Rangoon, as a temp. measure, and in addition to his own duties, v. Lieut. Bennet, transf. to another appt.

Lieut. Cole received charge of the above office from Lieut. Bennet on May 17. Lieut. G. W. Cole, while officg., is invested with the powers of a mag., and also with civil jurisdiction.

June 19.—No. 1,645.—Mr. N. A. Garstin, asst. dist. superint. of police in Oude, is appd. to offic. as

dist. superint. of Hurdul, during the abs. of Lieut. E. B. Ward, with effect from Feb. 24.

June 17.—No. 1,655.—The Gov. gen. in Council has been pleased to promote chaplain the Rev. H. W. Crofton to be chaplain from 1st inst., v. the Rev. Dr. Carshore, dec.

June 20.—No. 1,682.—The appt. of Mr. W. R. Brooke to offic. in charge of the Bengal circle of telegraphs, notified in No. 2,241 of March 10 last, is cane.

Mr. T. Blissett, asst. supt. of telegraphs, doing duty in the east coast circle, is appointed to offic. as supt. of that circle, v. Mr. B. C. Bailey, with effect from Feb. 19.

No. 1,684.—Mr. W. Ivey, asst. rev. surveyor, 1st class, 2nd div., Lower Provinces, is transf. to 3rd div., Oudh rev. survey.

Mr. W. A. Wilson, sub-asst. rev. surveyor, 2nd class, 3rd div., Oudh, is transf. to 2nd div., Lower Provinces.

No. 1,708.—The Gov. Gen. in Council is pleased to permit Capt. R. Forbes to resign the appt. of asst. dist. supt. of police in Central Provinces, from March 31.

The services of Capt. Forbes are replaced at disposal of the military dept.

No. 1,721.—Mr. G. Smeaton, a junior civil servant, having obtained certificate of high proficiency in Bengali, has been presented with the authorised donation of Rs. 860.

No. 1,724.—The Gov. Gen. in Council is pleased to attach Messrs. T. C. Huddleston and R. W. Trafford, of the C.S., reported qualified for the public service to the North-Western Provinces, the Punjab and Oudh, and to place their services at the disposal of the foreign dept.

June 21.—No. 1,729.—6 mo.'s ext. of leave on m.c. has been granted by the Right Hon. the Sec. of State to the Rev. A. Garstin, Bengal ecclesiastical establishment.

No. 1,730.—Lieut. G. C. Sartorius, officg. asst. comr., Chanda, Central Provinces, is invested with the powers of a subord. mag. of the 2nd class.

No. 1,738.—Mr. J. Hussey, 3rd class sub-asst., attached to No. 7 topographical survey party, returned to duty on the 1st ult., from the exten. of leave granted to him on April 17.

June 12.—No. 2.—Under the provisions of Section XIV. of the Statutes, H.E. the Viceroy and Gov. Gen., as Grand Master, is pleased to nominate the Hon. W. Muir to be secy. of the Most Exalted Order of the Star of India.

June 19.—No. 238.—Lieut. and Adj. J. Jacob, of the Deolee irreg. force, has obtained priv. leave for 60 days, from 14th ult., during which time his duties will be conducted by Capt. Clay, 2nd in com. and squad. officer of the force.

No. 1,314.—Capt. E. C. Impey received charge of the Joudhpoor political agency from Lieut. W. J. W. Muir, asst. to the agent to the Gov. gen. of Rajpootana, on the forenoon of May 9.

No. 1,316.—Lieut. F. H. T. G. Cumming, asst. supt., 3rd class, Mysore, is app. to offic. as dep. supt. of the Chitaldooorg dist.

June 20.—No. 1,333.—Mr. C. W. McMinn, C.S., whose services were placed at the disposal of the chief comr. of Oude, in G.O. No. 492, dated March 2 last, is app. an asst. comr. of 3rd grade, v. Lieut. Erskine.

June 21.—No. 1,337.—Mr. K. M. Nicholson, offic. asst. supt. of survey and settlement in Oude, obtained leave of absence for 1 mo., from April 15.

June 22.—No. 1,342.—Lieut. A. N. Bruce, asst. to the Gov. gen.'s agent for the States of Rajpootana, is app. to offic. as political agent at Harowtee, v. Capt. H. Phillpots, dec.

June 17.—No. 226.—The foll. transfers have been made in the public works dept. of the Cent. Provs., with effect from the 3rd inst. :—

Lieut. C. E. Shepherd, Bengal gen. list, asst. engr., 2nd grade, from the 1st div. Great Northern road to the Southern road div.

Lieut. R. F. Angelo, Bengal N.I., asst. engr., 1st grade, from the chief engineer's office to the 2nd div. Great Northern road.

Lieut. H. W. Clarke, R.E., asst. engr., 2nd grade, from the Southern road div. to do duty in the chief engineer's office.

No. 227.—Mr. J. M. Span, who was appd. asst. engr., 1st grade, in the public works dept. of the Cent. Provs., public works dept. notification No. 141 of April 12, 1865, has been posted to the Kamptee div.

No. 228.—The priv. leave for 14 days granted to Capt. H. H. Foord, exec. engr., Berar div., in public works dept. notification No. 187 of May 25, 1865, is cancelled at that officer's own request.

June 22.—No. 230.—Mr. G. Thomson, overseer

1st grade, Coorg div., has leave for 8 mo., m.c., with effect from May 14.

No. 231.—Mr. F. C. Marshall, exec. engineer 3rd grade, public works dept., Oude, has leave for 19 days from 12th inst., prep. to applying for leave to Europe, m.c., for 12 mo.

THE GARRISON OF DELHI.

Simla, June 20.—No. 604.—On the recommendation of H.E. the C. in C., the Rt. Hon. the Gov. gen. in Council is pleased to direct that the garrison of Delhi shall cease to be a brigade command from the 1st August next.

From that date the command of the troops at Delhi will be exercised by the senior officer in the garrison.

A brig. major will be retained at Delhi to conduct the staff duties of the place.

From Aug. 1 next, a brig. gen. of the 1st class will command the garrison of Fort William, in subordination to the gen. officer comdg. the pres. div.

The fort adjt. of Fort William will be staff officer of the brig. gen. comdg. the garrison.

No. 605.—The underment. officers are permitted to proceed to Eur., on leave on m.c. :—

Lieut. H. I. Wheler, of the late 38th regt. N.I., att. to 43rd regt. N.I., for 18 mo., under new regs.

Lieut. H. J. Peet, of the gen. list, inf., att. to the 43rd regt. N.I., for 15 mo., under new regs.

No. 606.—The foll. prom. is made, subject to H.M.'s approval :—

Cadre of the late 70th N.I.—Lieut. (capt. of the staff corps) F. J. Repley to be capt., from June 1, v. Capt. (brev. major) W. T. Garstin, dec.

No. 607.—The foll. prom. is made, subject to H.M.'s approval :—

Med. Dept.—Asst. surg. J. Picthall, to be surg., from April 15, v. Surg. W. B. Butt, dec.

No. 608.—With reference to G.O. No. 165, of March 2, 1863, the name of the underment. officer, who retired from the service under the annuity scheme of 1861, is removed from the list of regtl. lieut. cols. of inf. :—

Lieut. col. (Major gen., retired list) W. St. L. Mitchell, by death of Lieut. gen. G. W. A. Lloyd, C.B., Bengal inf.

RATION MONEY.

No. 610.—With reference to G.G.O., No. 329, of March 20, 1862, the Right Hon. the Gov. gen. in Council is pleased to direct that for the future the use of the term "dry batta" shall be discontinued, and that of "ration money" substituted for it.

No. 612.—The services of Lieut. H. V. Riddell, of the late 2nd Eur. Bengal fus., qmr. 21st (Punjab) regt. N.I., are placed at the disposal of the foreign dept.

No. 613.—H.E. the Gov. gen. in Council has made the foll. appts. :—

Punjab Irregular.

2nd Punjab Infantry.

Asst. surg. G. Farrell, F.R.C.S., in med. charge of the 2nd Punjab cav., to the med. charge, v. Asst. surg. Hale, v.c., M.D., placed at the disposal of the C. in C. for employment with British troops.

2nd Punjab Cavalry.

Asst. surg. F. G. Constant, M.D., attached to the 23rd (Punjab) regt. N.I. (pioneers), to the med. charge, v. Asst. surg. Farrell, F.R.C.S.

No. 615.—The foll. order, issued by the Govt. of Bombay, is confirmed :—

No. 262, dated 3rd May.—Granting leave to Europe, on m.c., to Brev. col. W. T. Hughes, Bengal staff corps, commandant, 1st Punjab cav., for 20 months.

Granting leave to Europe, on m.c., to Surg. J. B. Scriven, Bengal med. estab., for 20 mo., under new regulations.

No. 616.—The underment. officers having completed 20 years' serv., 6 years of which were on perm. staff employ, to be lieut. cols. from the dates specified opposite to their respective names, under the Royal Warrant of Jan. 16, 1861, subject to H.M.'s approval :—

Bengal Staff Corps.—Majors C. Holroyd, N. R. Sneyd, and A. Hunter, from June 11; C. Germon and (brevet lieut. col.) C. J. Robarts, from June 12.

No. 617.—The underment. officers having completed 12 years' serv., 4 years of which were on perm. staff employ, to be capt. from the dates specified opposite to their respective names, under the Royal Warrant of Jan. 16, 1861, subject to H.M.'s approval :—

Bengal Staff Corps.—Lieuts. R. J. Walker, H.

L. Hawkins, P. C. Rynd, and E. S. Fox, from June 11.

No. 618.—The foll. prom. is made, with effect from Nov. 23, 1864 :—

Ordnance Commissariat Dept.—Offic. sub conductor W. Nash, to be sub conductor.

No. 619.—Capt. G. L. Kelsall, R.E., attached to the Bhootan field force, is perm. to proceed to sea on m.c., and to be absent from Bengal on that account for 2 mo.

No. 620.—The underment. officers having completed 20 years' serv., 6 years of which were on perm. staff employ, to be majors from the dates specified opposite to their respective names, under the Royal Warrant of Jan. 16, 1861, subject to H.M.'s approval :—

Bengal Staff Corps.—Capt. C. J. Godby and J. S. Ogilvie, from June 13; N. W. Elphinstone and (brevet major) H. F. M. Boisragon, J. K. Couper, J. Sykes, W. Nembhard, and J. B. Smyly, from June 14.

No. 621.—The underment. non commissioned officer is admitted to pension, as specified opposite to his name :—

Serg. W. Greenwood (unattached list), bazaar serg. Sealkote, 30 rupees per mensem, payable in India.

No. 622.—The foll. proms. by brevet are made under the operation of G.G.O. No. 632 of Aug. 4, 1864, subject to H.M.'s approval :—

BREVET.

To be Lieutenant Colonels.

Late 23rd N.I.—Maj. E. Bradford, from June 11.

Late 69th N.I.—Maj. J. Nisbett, from June 12.

Late 16th N.I.—Maj. W. Graydon, from June 12.

Late 3rd Eur. Regt.—Maj. E. Thomas, from June 12.

To be Majors.

Late 41st N.I.—Capt. J. Ruggles, from June 13.

Late 1st Eur. Ben. Fus.—Capt. E. St. George, from June 14.

Late 42nd N.I.—Capt. W. N. Lees, LL.D., from June 14.

Late 17th N.I.—Capt. C. Baily, from June 14.

To be Captains.

Late 11th N.I.—Lieut. S. G. Warde, from June 12.

Late 33rd N.I.—Lieut. J. Stevenson, from June 18.

No. 623.—The following prom. is made, subject to H.M.'s approval :—

Medical Dept.—Asst. surg. A. G. Crews to be surg. from June 3, v. Dep. inspec. gen. of hospitals J. H. Butler, F.R.C.S., dec.

No. 624.—The underment. officer has reported his return from England :—

Lieut. R. H. Dyas, late 4th Eur. regt.; date of arrival at Fort William, June 12.

June 21.—No. 625.—Capt. A. W. Capel, of the Lahore light horse, is allowed leave of absence for 4 mo., from the 14th inst., in exten. of priv. leave, to remain in the Neigherry Hills on m.c.

No. 626.—The following order by the Resident at Hyderabad, is confirmed :—

No. 74.—May 22.—Confirming the regtl. order issued by the officer comdg. 2nd inf., Hyderabad contingent, directing Lieut. and officg. adjt. R. J. McGhee to offic. as 2nd in comd. of the corps, from May 7, in addition to his other duties as adj., during the absence on leave of Capt. Pedler.

No. 627.—The undermentd. officer has reported his return from England :—

Maj. G. G. Moxon, of the Bengal staff corps, dep. supt. of police, Saugor div., date of arrival at Fort William, June 12.

No. 629.—The following order by the Resident at Hyderabad is confirmed :—

No. 79.—Confirming the regtl. order issued by the officer comdg. 4th cav., Hyderabad contingent, directing Lieut. and adjt. F. J. Innes to offic. as 2nd in comd., and Lieut. and paid doing-duty officer H. C. Onslow to offic. as adjt. to the corps, from the 11th inst., the date on which Lieut. col. H. D. Abbott, C.B., assumed comd. of the Hyderabad contingent.

June 22.—No. 631.—The services of Capt. R. de Bourbel, of the royal engra., tempy. attached to the Dooar field force, are replaced at the disposal of pub. works dept., from the date on which he may be relieved from his present duties.

No. 632.—With reference to the notification from the public works dept., No. 332 of Nov. 25, 1864, the services of Capt. G. N. Kelsall, R.E., are replaced at the disposal of the public works dept.

June 23.—No. 634.—Dep. insp. gen. of hospitals J. Naismith, with temp. rank, to be a dep. insp.

gen. of hospitals, v. Dep. insp. gen. of hospitals, J. H. Butler, dec.

June 27.—No. 1,882.—Lieut. J. W. Taylor, asst. rev. surveyor, in charge 2nd div. Central Provs., has 3 mo. priv. leave, from date on which he may avail himself of the same.

Capt. H. C. B. Tanner, asst. revenue surveyor, 4th div., Central Provs., is apptd. to offic. for Lieut. Taylor during above period, as a temp. arrangement.

No. 1,884.—The Hon. C. Steer returned from the leave granted to him on Nov. 24 last, and resumed his seat as a judge of the High Court at Fort William in Bengal on the forenoon of the 15th inst.

No. 1,885.—The Hon. F. B. Kemp returned from the leave granted to him on Dec. 14, and resumed his seat as a judge of the High Court at Fort William in Bengal on the morning of the 16th inst.

No. 1,886.—The Gov. gen. in Council is pleased to appt. Asst. surg. R. M. L. Ross to be civil asst. surg. of Baitool, in the Central Provs.

No. 1,927.—Mr. W. R. Benson, of the C.S., is permitted to proceed to Europe on furl. for a period of 3 years, from the date of embarkation.

June 29.—No. 1,928.—The Gov. Gen. in Council is pleased to appoint Mr. P. J. Paul to offic. in med. charge of Kyauk Phyo, in British Burmah, during absence on leave of Sub. asst. surg. A. Thomas.

No. 1,957.—Capt. S. S. Sutherland, dist. supt. of police in Central Provs., has 1 mo. priv. leave.

June 26.—No. 536.—H.E. the Viceroy and Gov. gen. in Council is pleased to recognise the app. of Mr. W. Lewis as Siamese Consul at Penang.

June 28.—No. 1,373.—Capt. C. R. Blair, of the Erinpoora irregular force, is apptd. to officiate as an assistant to the Gov. gen.'s agent for the States of Rajpootana till further orders. Capt. Blair joined his appointment on 9th inst.

Lieut. Bruce made over charge of the office for the suppression of thuggee and dacoity to Lieut. Muir, on 7th inst.

June 26.—No. 1,361.—Capt. E. F. H. Armstrong, asst. superint., 3rd class, Mysore, has priv. leave of absence for 1 mo., from the date on which he may avail himself of it.

June 27.—No. 1,365.—The services of Lieut. H. V. Riddell, of the late 2nd Eur. Bengal fus., are placed at the disposal of the Punjab Govt. for civil employment.

No. 1,368.—Mr. J. Kavanagh, asst. superint. of survey and settlement in Oude, sailed for England on the P. and O. Co.'s str. *Mooltan*, which vessel was left by the pilot at sea on 11th inst.

June 28.—No. 1,370.—Mr. P. Carnegie, settlement officer of Fyzabad, Oude, offic. as comr. of that div. from April 6 to 19.

June 29.—No. 1,379.—Maj. J. A. Wright, cantonment mag. of Morar, has priv. leave for 3 mos. from Aug. 5 next.

Lieut. W. B. Barwell, H.M.'s 16th Bengal cav., will offic. as cantonment mag. in addition to his own duties; and Maj. A. R. Hutchinson, political agent at Gwalior, will conduct the work of the Treasury during Maj. Wright's absence.

June 30.—No. 1,118.—Mr. W. J. Raynor, 1st asst. accountant gen., Madras, is allowed, from June 8, 15 mos. leave on m.c., to proceed to Mussoorie, in the North-Western Provinces.

The following acting appts. made by the Govt. of Madras, consequent on Mr. Raynor's leave, are confirmed as a temp. arrangement:—

Mr. J. Mackey to act as 1st asst. account. gen.
Mr. H. A. Moraes to act as 2nd asst. accountant gen.

No. 1,129.—Mr. D. F. Lonsdale, coll. of customs, Thayetmyo, having obtained priv. leave from Feb. 8 to March 31, made over charge of his office to Mr. Extra asst. E. Abrew on Feb. 8, and resumed charge on March 31.

June 23.—No. 233.—Mr. H. Bell, asst. engr., 1st grade, attached to the Eastern road div., Central Provs., received charge of that div. from Major F. Tyrrell (transf. to Oude), on May 31.

June 26.—No. 234.—Mr. J. W. Henry, asst. engr., 1st grade, transf. from the Central Provs. to Rajpootana, in public works dept. notification No. 140 of April 12, joined the Mhow div. of public works on May 30.

No. 235.—Mr. G. Prussia, accountant, 2nd grade, public works dept., British Burmah, is apptd. to offic. as an accountant, 1st grade, with effect from April 1.

June 27.—No. 236.—In continuation of notification No. 196, dated May 29, 1865, Capt. Watts, R.E., lately re-apptd. to this dept., and posted to the N.W.P., is transf. to Bengal.

June 28.—No. 238.—In public works dept. notification No. 166, dated May 10, permitting Capt. G. Begbie, of the Madras staff corps, temp. asst. engr.,

2nd grade, Upper Godavery Circle, to resign his appt. in dept., for the words, "March 28," read "May 28."

EMPLOYMENT OF OFFICERS ON STAFF DUTY.

June 20.—No. 614.—The following letter from the Right Hon. the Secretary of State for India is published for general information:—

Military.—No. 152.—

India-office, London, May 16, 1865.

To H.E. the Right Hon. the Governor general of India in Council.

Sir,—Para. 1. I have recently had under my consideration certain questions connected with the employment of officers of H.M.'s British service on staff duty in India, and of the pay and allowances which they should receive while so employed.

2. In the 76th para. of your G.O. No. 332 of April 10, 1861, certain departments of the staff were mentioned as being open alike to officers of the Staff Corps, and to those of either army.

3. These were—

The adjutant general's department.

The quartermaster general's department.

Brigade majors.

Fort adjutants.

4. To these should be added divisional and brigade commands.

5. All appointments on the general staff of the army are made by the Governments in India, and the selection for them is made by the Governments from among the officers serving with regiments in India, with the following exceptions:—

I. Certain of the divisional commands, for which officers are nominated in this country.

II.—The adjutant general and quartermaster general who, according to a recent arrangement, may be selected from the service at large, whether in or out of India, and must be approved by the authorities in this country.

6. The selection of officers for appointment on the personal staff is, from a consideration of their peculiar position and duties, left to the officers to whom they are to be attached.

7. With reference to the officers selected by the Governments in India from regiments on their respective establishments, it has been hitherto a rule of the service, as affirmed by the Court of Directors in their despatch to the Government of India, dated Dec. 24, 1856, No. 217, that the establishment of the Queen's regiments in India should not be augmented in consequence of the appointment of any of its officers to the staff, and also that such officers would cease to hold staff appointments if placed upon half-pay or unattached pay, or if their regiments were removed from the establishment in India.

8. The number of field officers on the establishment of regiments serving in India has recently been reduced, and as it is considered indispensable that there should not be less than three effective field officers for any regiment, it was determined in 1861 that officers of that rank appointed to brigade commands or other staff appointments should be seconded in all cases where there are not more than that number of field officers borne on the establishment of their regiment.

9. An officer so appointed would continue to receive his usual pay and allowances, together with the staff pay of his appointment; but, according to the rule, would cease to hold his appointment on his regiment quitting India. I am of opinion that there is no reason for continuing this rule. The object of it was to prevent, what would have occurred under former circumstances, an additional burden being thrown upon the revenues of India. The present arrangement removes this objection as far as those officers are concerned, and I consider that it would be to the advantage of the service of India to retain in staff situations officers of Indian experience, and therefore that these officers should enjoy the privilege of retaining these situations up to the completion of the usual period of staff service, viz., five years, whether the regiments remain in India or not.

10. With regard, however, to officers under the rank of field officer serving with regiments in India, the establishment remains unaltered, and there is no need, therefore, for seconding such an officer if selected for a staff situation, and the rule of the appointment being vacated on the occurrence of any of the contingencies mentioned in the despatch of Dec. 24, 1856, No. 217, should hold good.

11. It can hardly be considered an exception to this rule; but in order to prevent any misunderstanding, I must refer you to my having already given my sanction to a proposal of your Government that an officer of a British regiment, serving as a probationer for the staff corps, should be

allowed to remain to complete such probation, although his regiment might be ordered home.

12. There is a further question to be considered, viz., the principle upon which the salary to be drawn by an officer on half or unattached pay, holding a staff appointment in India, is to be regulated.

13. The present regulation on this point is based on the principle laid down in a despatch from the Court of Directors, dated Sept. 9, 1829, according to which it was declared that "the charge to the company on account of King's officers holding staff appointments, but not attached to regiments on the Indian establishment, must be limited to the staff pay," and "we cannot consent to the issue to officers so circumstanced, of what are termed 'company's allowances,' which are enjoyed to officers regimentally, and not in virtue of staff situations."

14. My despatch dated Aug. 31, 1863, No. 311, regulating staff salaries, did not, as you were subsequently informed, propose any interference with this long established rule.

15. The number of half-pay or unattached officers who can be employed on the staff in India is very small, being limited to the three following classes:—
Divisional commanders appointed from this country.

The adjutant-general and quartermaster general of the three Presidencies when officers of the British army; and—

Personal staff.

16. Most of these are of such rank in the service that, if appointed from a regiment in India, they would, under present arrangements, be seconded, and would receive the same pay as effective officers in their staff appointments.

17. The rule, therefore, is not of much financial importance, and it operates unequally on the officers affected by it.

18. If a half-pay or unattached officer of her Majesty's service is holding a staff appointment, the salary of which is consolidated, he receives, according to present rules, the same amount of salary while actually present for duty that an effective officer would receive in the same appointment. It is only during temporary absence on leave that he suffers under the operation of the present rule, as, in that case, he is permitted to draw only his half-pay in addition to the regulated moiety of staff salary.

19. On the other hand, a half-pay or unattached officer holding a staff appointment, such as that of aide-de-camp to a governor, the staff salary of which has been granted as an addition to staff corps pay, will receive less at all times than an effective officer holding the same office by the difference between his half-pay and the pay and Indian allowances of a staff corps officer.

20. It does not seem desirable or necessary that officers of H.M.'s service, employed in India, should be placed any longer in this exceptional position; and taking all the above circumstances into consideration, and observing that no officers on the half-pay of the British army can hold any staff appointment in India, other than those above-mentioned, it has appeared to me just and desirable to modify the present regulations regarding the pay of such officers, and I have determined that such officers shall henceforth be entitled to receive, while holding a staff appointment in India, the same aggregate pay and allowances and staff salary whether present for duty or absent on temporary leave in India, that an officer of the staff corps of the same substantive rank would be entitled to under similar circumstances.—I have, &c.,

(Signed) C. WOOD.
H. W. NORMAN, Colonel,
Sec. to the Govt. of India.

MADRAS.

BY THE GOVERNOR IN COUNCIL.

Fort St. George, June 6.—Appts. :—

Dep. comsy. P. Curley to be sub engr., 3rd grade, v. T. Veerasawmy Moodelly, dec., and posted to the Nellore dist.

Mr. J. H. Blair, coll. of sea customs, delivered over charge of the office of coll. of sea customs to Mr. J. R. Cockerell on the 1st inst.

Asst. surg. H. Adam is perm., at his own request, to res. his appt. of zillah surg. of Nellore.

The chief sec. to Govt. has granted Mr. T. A. Zscherpel, indexer in the public, &c., depts. of the secretariat, leave of abs. for 1 mo., from the 12th inst.

LEAVE TO THE JUDGES OF THE HIGH COURT.

June 2.—The following despatch from the Right

Hon. Sir C. Wood, Bart., Secretary of State for India, to H.E. the Hon. the Governor in Council, Fort St. George, dated India-office, London, April 15, 1865, No. 4, is published for general information:—

I have to request that the following rule may be substituted for rule 9 of the "revised rules relating to furloughs and leave of absence for judges of the High Court:—

"Short leave on private affairs may be granted to the judges of the High Court, under sections 6, 7, and 8 of the rules on leave applicable to covenanted civil servants, published in a notification of the Government of India, dated Dec. 16, 1864, No. 3,890 (financial department)."

By order of H.E. the Governor in Council.

A. J. ARBUTHNOT, Chief Secretary.

ABOLITION OF THE OFFICE OF CIVIL PAYMASTER.

Under the orders of the Government of India, No. 2,189, dated April 20, 1865, financial department, H.E. the Governor in Council hereby notifies that, from and after July 1, the office of civil paymaster will be abolished, and his establishment amalgamated with that of the accountant general, Madras.

2. All claims on Government, payable at the General Treasury Bank of Madras, on account of salaries, establishments, contingencies, pensions, and other demands in the civil department, hitherto presented to the civil paymaster for pre-audit, must be submitted to the accountant general, under whose instructions the same will be passed for payment.

No. 150.—The examiner, pay dept., has granted priv. leave for 15 days, from the 26th ult., to Mr. T. A. Doyle, auditor of the 3rd class in his establishment.

June 2.—One mo. priv. leave has been granted to Mr. P. Walsh, sub engr., southern range, presidency, from the 5th inst.

June 6.—Mr. A. McD. Walter, of the South Arcot police, has leave for 2 mo., under sec. XI. and XX. of rule I.

No. 210.—The services of Lieut. (brev. capt.) W. G. Ward, of the staff corps, are placed at the disposal of the Govt. of India, for employment under the foreign dept.

The undermen. warrant officer has returned to his duty, by permission of the Home Govt., without prejudice to his rank:—

Dep. comsy. P. Curley, public works dept., arrived at Madras June 1, 1865.

PUNKAH ALLOWANCE.

No. 211.—H.E. the Gov. in Council is pleased to notify, with advertence to para. 75, sec. 15, page 344 of the pay and audit regulations, that the Govt. of India have sanctioned the increase of Punkah allowances to field batteries of artillery from Rs. 25 to Rs. 40 per memsem.

2. Garrison batteries will draw Rs. 25 as hitherto.

3. This order to have effect from Oct. 13, 1863.

June 7.—Subject to the confirmation of the Govt. of India, the Gov. in Council has granted Mr. W. J. Raynor, 1st asst. to the dep. auditor and accountant gen. of Madras, leave for 15 mo., to proceed to Mussoorie, on m.c.

June 9.—Mr. J. Mackey, offic. 2nd asst. accountant gen., to act as 1st asst.; and Mr. H. A. Moraes, offic. chief asst. of the office, to act as 2nd asst. accountant gen., during the absence of Mr. W. J. Raynor on m.c.

The undermentioned officers are invested with power to hear and dispose of appeals from the convictions of the sub. mags. of the 2nd class, stationed in the divs. under their charge:—

Major W. R. Campbell, joint mag. of Ootacamund.

Lieut. col. F. Young, cantonment mag. of Wellington.

Mr. P. A. Cole, dep. coll. and mag., in Coimbatore.

Mr. W. S. Foster, acting head asst. to the coll. and mag. of Coimbatore, is invested with power to hear and dispose of appeals from the convictions of the sub. mags. of the 1st class stationed in the div. under his charge.

Mr. J. H. Nelson, acting head asst. to the coll. and mag. of Madras, is invested with power to hear and dispose of appeals from the convictions of the sub. mags. of the 1st class, stationed in the div. under his charge.

June 7.—The Dep. comy. gen. has cancl., from the 3rd inst., the remaining portion of the priv. leave granted to Maj. J. P. Watts, asst. comy. gen.,

in Notification No. 11,114, dated April 6, at his own request.

June 1.—Mr. R. E. Norfor, asst. engr., Godavery, arrived in that dist. on the 16th ult., and received charge of the 3rd range from Lieut. Smalley, R.E., on the 27th idem.

June 8.—No. 214.—The services of Lieut. J. B. Taylor, of the 9th regt. N.I., are placed at the disposal of the Govt. of India, for employment in the police of the Central Provs.

June 9.—No. 215.—The Gov. in Council is pleased to make the following appt.:—

Mr. T. E. Greenfield to be asst. examiner in the pay dept.

Capt. G. J. D. Heath, acting dep. asst. comy. gen., is granted gen. leave for 2 mo., in continuation of the priv. leave notified in the Fort St. George Gazette of the 9th ult., page 933, and which expired on the 15th inst.

The undermentioned officers are perm. to proceed to Europe on m.c. for 20 mo., under the furl. regs. of 1854, and to embark from Madras:—

Lieut. col. E. A. H. Webb, staff corps.

Maj. C. P. Taylor, staff corps, paymaster Mysore circle.

Surg. H. R. D. Marrett, 41st regt. N.I.

June 13.—Mr. J. Fraser, coll. and mag., Godavery district, resumed charge of the district from Mr. Chase on 1st inst.

Capt. J. O. Hasted, R.E., exec. engineer, reported his arrival within the limits of the 6th div., Toputurai, on May 28. He was posted to the 3rd range of the Tanjore district, and assumed charge of it from Mr. Supervisor Donahue on 3rd June.

Lieut. R. F. Taylor, doing duty 10th regt. N.I., student in the 1st dept., Civil Engineering College, has passed the examination prescribed for the grade of assistant engineer, department of public works.

June 13.—No. 221.—H.E. the Gov. gen. in Council is pleased to make the foll. proms., subject to H.M.'s approval:—

Brevet.

Lieut. C. G. Gunning, 37th regt. (grens.), to be capt., date of commission June 11.

Capt. (Brev. major) C. J. Bradley, 24th regt. N.I., to be lieut. col., date of commission June 12.

Capt. G. H. Stiles, 4th regt. N.I., to be major, date of commission June 13.

The underment. officer has returned to his duty, by permission of the Home Govt., without prejudice to his rank:—

Lieut. (Brev. capt.) G. C. Marsh, 28th regt. N.I.—Arrived at Madras June 10.

Surg. maj. J. Kennedy, m.d., garrison surg., Trichinopoly, is perm. to proceed to Eur. on m.c., for 15 mo., under the furl. regs. of 1854, to embark from Madras.

Lieut. R. B. Cummins, cadre 46th regt. N.I., doing duty 11th regt. N.I., is perm. to proceed to Calcutta on m.c., to appear before a final med. board.

No. 222.—Madras Staff Corps.—Major J. N. H. Maclean, having completed 26 years' service, 8 of which were on permanent staff employ, to be lieut. col. from June 12, under the Royal Warrant of Jan. 16, 1861, subject to H.M.'s approval.

Lieut. J. D. W. Sewell, having completed 12 years' service, 4 of which were on permanent staff employ, to be capt., from June 12, under the Royal Warrant of Jan. 16, 1861, subject to H.M.'s approval.

No. 223.—Madras Volunteer Gds.—H.E. the Gov. gen. in Council is pleased to make the foll. prom.:—

Capt. J. A. Pinson, No. 1 company, to be major, v. Richie, res.—Date of commission May 2.

Ensign R. Branson, No. 6 company, is perm. to proceed to Eur. on furl. for 18 mo., from the date of embark. from Madras.

BOMBAY.

BY THE GOVERNOR IN COUNCIL.

Bombay Castle, June 22.—No. 347.—The following officers are allowed furl. for 20 mo., on m.c.:—

Maj. J. Langston, H.M.'s 4th regt. N.I. (rifle corps).

Capt. E. L'Estrange, staff corps, dep. asst. commissary gen.

Lieut. F. D. Mander, gen. list, asst. exec. engr., public works dept.

Lieut. A. T. Mander, royal (Bombay) engrs., exec. engr., Kaira dists.

Asst. surg. W. Fleming.

No. 348.—Lieut. R. M. Lloyd, H.M.'s 8th regt. N.I., is allowed a furl. to Eur. for 18 mo., on m.c., with perm. to proceed via Egypt.

June 28.—Asst. surg. W. Fleming, in medical charge of the Guzerat Bheel corps and vaccinating duties of the Rewa Kanta and Punch Mahals, was allowed leave of absence from April 13 to June 18, to proceed to Bombay on m.c.

Lieut. col. J. T. Barr resumed charge of the duties of acting political agent at Kolhapoor and in Southern Maratha Country on the 20th inst.

Mr. W. C. L. Brown, acting exec. engr. for irrigation in Khandeish, is invested with the powers of a sub. mag. of the 1st class in the Khandeish district.

Under the provs. of Act VI. of 1845 W. A. Neale has been apptd. H.M.'s justice of the peace for the town and island of Bombay and its dependencies, and is requested to qualify himself by taking the prescribed oaths.

Asst. surg. A. N. Hojel is apptd. to act as surg. to the coroner of Bombay in addition to his other duties.

June 23.—Mr. G. Norman to act as coll. of Bombay, special income tax comsr., coll. of income tax for the town and island of Bombay, and president of the income tax commission, and superint. of stamps and stationery.

Mr. E. H. Little to act as 1st asst. coll. and mag. of Belgaum, v. Mr. G. Norman.

Mr. J. R. Naylor to act as 2nd asst. coll. and mag. of Belgaum, v. Mr. E. H. Little.

H.E. the Gov. in Council is pleased to make the foll. appointments:—

Mr. A. H. Spry to be 1st asst. coll. and mag. of Khandeish.

Mr. T. H. Stewart to be 2nd asst. coll. and mag. of Ahmedabad, and to act as 2nd asst. coll. and mag. of Kaira.

Mr. J. King to be 2nd asst. coll. and mag. of Poona, and to continue to act as 1st asst. coll. and mag. of Tanna.

Mr. W. B. Mulock to be 2nd asst. coll. and mag. of Surat.

Mr. G. H. Johns to be 3rd asst. coll. and mag. of Kaira.

Mr. W. Woodward to be 3rd asst. coll. and mag. of Ahmedabad.

Mr. C. B. Izon to be 3rd asst. coll. and mag. of Khandeish, without prejudice to his apptmt. as act. asst. judge, Concan.

Mr. W. H. Maber to be 3rd asst. coll. and mag. of Tanna.

Mr. G. H. D. Wilson to be 3rd asst. coll. and mag. of Sattara, and to act as 2nd asst. coll. and mag. of Sattara.

June 27.—Mr. Pestonjee Jehangeer to be alienation settlement officer in the northern div., and asst. to the revenue comsnnr., northern div., v. E. H. Percival.

June 28.—H.E. the Gov. in Council is pleased to make the foll. appointments:—

Mr. T. Major, offic. 4th class asst. comsr. of customs, salt, and opium, to be 3rd class asst. comsr. of customs, salt, and opium until further orders, v. Mr. A. G. Maury, prom.

Mr. A. Maule to be 4th class asst. comsr. of customs, salt, and opium, v. Mr. T. Major, prom.

Mr. H. Cameron to act as 2nd class asst. comnr. of customs, salt and opium, during the absence on leave of Mr. H. Miles, or until further orders.

Mr. M. T. Ingle to act as 4th class asst. comnr. of customs, salt and opium, v. Mr. N. A. Joshee.

Mr. T. H. Stewart acted as coll. and mag. of Kaira, from April 10 to May 29.

June 23.—Mr. E. H. Percival to be private secy. to H.E. the Gov.

Mr. A. T. Crawford, C.S., to be municipal comnr. for the city of Bombay, under Sections XI. and XII. of (Bombay) Act II. of 1865.

Asst. surg. T. G. Hewlett to be consulting officer of health under Section XV. of (Bombay) Act II.

June 28.—Surg. R. Haines received charge of the duties of professor of med. jurisprudence in the Grant Medical College on April 28, and Asst. surg. W. Dymock received charge of the duties of professor of Materia Medica on the same date.

Sir A. Grant, Bart., resumed charge of the office of principal of the Elphinstone College on the 9th inst.

Sir A. Grant, Bart., received charge of the office of director of public instruction on June 24.

June 27.—The Rev. C. T. Wilson, chaplain of Ahmedabad, is allowed priv. leave for 1 mo. from the 17th inst.

Rev. W. H. Cummins is prom. to the grade of sen. chaplain, from the 29th Jan. last, v. Gibson, retired.

Rev. G. L. Allen, chaplain of the fort, Belgaum, is allowed priv. leave for 1 mo. from the date of quitting his station.

June 28.—Capt. R. Blackmore, surveyor of ships for the insurance offices of Messrs. Remington and Co., is app. a member of the board of examiners for masters and mates of merchant ships, v. Mr. J. Dixon, resigned.

Capt. G. F. Henry, supt. P. and O. Company, is app. a member of the Bombay harbour and pilotage board, v. Capt. Black, resigned.

June 29.—No. 365.—Maj. J. Thacker, staff corps, to act as dep. asst. com. gen., v. L'Estrange.

July 4.—No. 367.—With reference to G.O. No. 513, dated Oct. 19, Lieut. P. Cowley, veteran establishment, was transf. to the invalid establishment, and not to the invalid pension establishment.

No. 368.—The remainder of the furlough granted to Capt. T. D. Ker, H.M.'s 6th regt. N.I., by G.O. No. 227, dated May 3, is to be furlough in Europe with effect from July 9.

No. 369.—Maj. J. Bonus, R.E., is allowed 6 mos. furlough to Europe without pay.

No. 370.—Lieut. J. A. Rowlandson, attached to H.M.'s 1st Bombay regt. N.I. (grenadiers), is allowed a furlough to Europe for 20 mos. on m.c.

July 5.—No. 371.—The following officers having applied for admission to the staff corps under the provisions of paragraph 2 of G.O.G.I. No. 531, dated June 27, are appointed to the Bombay staff corps from the dates specified opposite their names, subject to the approval of H.M.'s Sec. of State for India:—

Capt. J. H. P. Malcolmson, R.A., 2nd class asst. engr., Canara, Nov. 26.

Lieut. J. Grierson, R.A., asst. engr., Kolapoor, Feb. 10.

No. 372.—The following prom. is made, subject to H.M.'s approval:—

2nd Regt. N.I. (Grenadiers).—Lieut. A. H. Sweny to be capt. from June 20, v. Roberts, dec.

Lieut. W. Scott, H.M.'s 19th regt. N.I., to be comdt. of H.H. the Gaekwar's local batln. at Kattywar.

June 30.—Mr. J. Hope, C.S., passed the departmental examination, according to the 2nd standard, May 31.

Mr. H. Bulkley, insp. in chief cotton dept., is allowed leave of absence for 1 year on m.c., to proceed to Eur.

July 4.—The undermen. jun. civil servants passed examinations in the languages specified against their names, July 3:—

Mr. M. H. Scott, Guzerathi.

Mr. E. H. Lidderdale, Marathi.

Mr. A. Lyon, Marathi.

Mr. C. G. Blathwayt, Hindoostani.

July 5.—The undermen. jun. civil servants passed the departmental examinations specified against their names, May 31:—

Mr. H. J. Stokes, 1st standard.

Mr. J. R. Daniel, 2nd standard.

July 4.—Sub asst. surg. P. J. L. de Souza is perm. to resign the Govt. service.

July 5.—The Hon. the Gov. in Council has been pleased to appt. Mr. A. D. Sassoon to be president of the David Sassoon Industrial and Reformatory Institution.

The Hon. C. J. Erskine has been app., by H.M.'s Principal Sec. of State for India in Council, a member of Council at this Presidency.

BY THE COMMANDER-IN-CHIEF.

Adj. Gen.'s Office, Head Qrs., Poona, June 20.—No. 598.—Asst. surg. M. A. Lewis is transf. from gen. duty, Poona div., to gen. duty, S. Maratha Circle.

No. 599.—The unexpired portion of the leave of absence granted to Lieut. col. Adams, 13th regt. N.I., in Clause 2 of G.O.C. No. 385, of April 15 last, is canc., with effect from June 8 to 14.

June 21.—No. 606.—The undermentioned officers have obtained leave of absence:—

33rd Foot.—Lieut. F. Easton, from June 20 to June 30, to Bombay, on m.c., prep. to final certificate to Europe.

72nd Foot.—Lieut. S. D. Burges, from June 17 to July 16, to Bombay, on m.c., prep. to final certificate to Europe.

June 22.—No. 607.—Under instructions from Horse Guards, Capt. W. Williams, 103rd foot, will proceed to England at the public expense to join the regtl. depot.

June 23.—No. 613.—The foll. appt. is made:—13th Regt. N.I.

Lieut. C. D. P. Payne, staff corps, to be adjt., v. Galloway prom.

Lieut. Payne will continue to act as aljt. 1st Bulooh batt., until relieved.

No. 614.—Lieut. W. S. Nugent, 103rd regt. of foot, is attached to the general depot, until such

time as the road to Mhow is reported healthy, when he will proceed to join his corps.

No. 615.—Under the sanction of Govt., 1st Class schoolmaster W. W. Clifford is apptd. asst. supt. of army schools from April 4 last.

Leave of absence:—

Lieut. W. S. Nugent, 103rd foot, from May 1 to June 30, on private affairs.

STATION STAFF APPOINTMENTS.

June 24.—No. 619.—The commander of the forces is pleased to direct the publication of the following letter from the Sec. to the Govt. of India, mil. dept., to the controller of mil. accounts, No. 1,663, dated March 31, for information:—

With reference to your letter No. 1,602a, of the 28th inst., I am desired to acquaint you that station staff appointments are not staff appointments in the full sense as qualifying for the staff corps, or entitling the incumbent to draw any staff salary during abs. on leave, otherwise than privilege leave, and that the staff salary can only be drawn by the officer actually performing the duties, and the appointment becomes vacated if the incumbent proceeds on general leave.

No. 620.—2nd Regt. Scinde Horse.—Lieut. E. S. Reynolds is app. 3rd squadron officer, v. Martin.

No. 621.—The following temporary arrangements are confirmed, with effect from June 14:—

1st Regt. L.C.—Lieut. H. W. Harris to officiate as 2nd squadron officer, and Lieut. A. Currie as 3rd squadron officer, in addition to his own duties, until the arrival of Lieut. Jenkins.

No. 622.—Capt. E. S. Jervis, 106th foot, is app. an A.D.C. on his Excellency's personal staff; dated March 23.

No. 623.—Asst. surg. W. T. Paliologus is directed to proceed by the steamer of the 9th prox., at the public expense, to Aden, for duty.

No. 624.—Asst. surg. Murphy, 109th foot, in medical charge of detachment at Hyderabad, is app. to the medical charge of the Ghizree Sanitarium, relieving Asst. surg. Orpen, who will assume the appointment vacated by Asst. surg. Murphy. These officers will travel on duty at the public expense.

No. 629.—Leave of absence:—

Staff Corps.—Lieut. F. A. Montrion, adjt. 37th Bengal N.I., from June 14 to Aug. 12, in ext.

33rd Foot.—Lieut. F. Wilmot, for 15 mo. from date of embarkation, to England.

72nd Foot.—Lieut. St. J. T. Frome, from March 15 to Sept. 12, to Cashmere.

106th Foot.—Capt. F. R. Burnett, from May 12 to Nov. 11, in ext.

June 26.—No. 631.—The following appts. are made:—

1st. Gren. Regiment N.I.

Major J. P. Sandwith, staff corps, to offic. as 2nd in comd., v. Walker, proceeded on m.c. to Eur.

4th Regiment N.I.

Major T. S. Warden to offic. as 2nd in comd., v. Langston, proceeded on m.c. to Eur.

No. 632.—With the sanc. of Govt., Lieut. F. C. Hudson, 109th foot, is apptd. staff officer to the detachment of the regt. at Hyderabad, under the provs. of para. 345, sec. L., 3rd appendix to Jameson's code, with effect from Nov. 20, 1864.

No. 633.—The late Lieut. E. A. Douglas officd. as qmr. to the 13th regt. N.I. from May 15 to May 26, both days inclusive.

June 27.—No. 637.—Prom., until H.M.'s pleasure shall be known:—

33rd Foot.

Ens. C. M. Tubbs to be lieut., without purch., v. Handcock, dec.; May 25.

No. 638.—The serv. of officers being required at Aden, the undermen. officers are attached to the 1st gr. regt. N.I., and directed to join by mail str. of the 9th prox.:—

Capt. A. Utterson, cadre 2nd Eur. regt. L.I.

Lieut. C. H. Coles, 9th regt. N.I.

June 28.—No. 641.—The following tempy. arrangement is confirmed:—

12th Regiment N.I.

Capt. F. P. Forteach to offic. as wing officer, in addition to his own duties, with effect from June 17, 1865, during the abs. of Capt. Hutcheon on court martial duty.

No. 642.—Under instructions from Horse Guards, Capt. Rawlinson, 3rd drag. guards, will proceed to England, at the public expense, to join the depot troop.

No. 643.—Under instructions from Horse Guards, Capt. Blair, 45th foot, will proceed to England, at the public expense, to join the regimental depot.

No. 644.—With reference to G.O.C. No. 518, of May 27, Lieut. col. A. C. Hawkins, 14th brig. R.A.,

has permission to remain at the head qra. of his brigade till after the monsoon.

BATTERIES OF ARTILLERY.

No. 645.—Under instructions from H.R.H. the F.M.C. in C., the present No. 7 battery 21st brig. R.A. will become No. 2 battery 21st brig. R.A.

No. 646.—The undermentioned officer returned to duty by permission of the Sec. of State for India on May 27:—

Maj. W. Gray, Staff Corps.

No. 651.—Leave of absence:—

Staff Corps.—Lieut. col. W. H. R. Green, C.B., C. in C. Sind field force, from 30 days from date of dep., to Bombay, on m.c., prep. to obtaining a final certificate to Europe.

Cadre 1st L.C.—Lieut. E. G. Jenkins, from June 26 to July 15, in ext.

Sub. Medical Dept.—Apothecary A. Ramsay, attached to 18th brig. R.A., from June 1 to Sept. 30, to Poona, on m.c. This cancels the leave granted to this warrant officer in G.O.C. No. 583 of 14th inst.

June 30.—No. 654.—With reference to G.O. Nos. 468 and 620, dated May 15 and June 24 respectively, the following transfers are ordered:—

Lieut. W. Reynolds, from the 3rd to the 2nd regt. Sind horse.

Lieut. E. S. Reynolds, from the 2nd to the 3rd regt. Sind horse.

No. 661.—The following appt. is made:—30th Regt. N.I.

Brev. capt. W. T. Mills, cadre 25th regt. N.L.I., to be wing officer, v. Bell.

No. 662.—The following order is confirmed:—

Dated June 10.—By Brig. gen. E. T. Russell, comdg. Deesa brig., app. Capt. Thompson, 56th foot, as act as comdt. of the convalescent depot at Mount Abou, with effect from May 30, until the arrival of Capt. Turner.

No. 663.—Staff asst. surg. Cuffe is directed to proceed to Aden by the steamer on the 9th inst., at the public expense. On arrival he will report himself to the officer comdg. 109th foot, for duty with that regt.

No. 664.—Staff asst. surg. Gray, now attached to the 33rd foot, is directed to proceed to Sattara and assume med. charge of the detachment 72nd highlanders at that station.

On being relieved Staff asst. surg. Atkinson will proceed to Poona, and report himself for duty with the 1st batt. 4th foot.

No. 667.—Leave of absence.

Paymaster J. FitzGerald, 109th foot, to England by the Overland Route, for the purpose of appearing before a med. board.

July 3.—No. 669.—The C. in C. in India is pleased to appoint Brev. maj. T. E. Gordon, Bombay staff corps, to be Persian interpreter on H.E.'s personal staff from May 18.

No. 670.—The following appt. is made:—

Lieut. A. G. F. Hogg, staff corps, to act as dep. asst. qmr. gen., northern div. of the army, during the absence of Capt. Campbell on m.c., or until further orders.

Lieut. Hogg will proceed to Ahmedabad as early as possible.

No. 671.—First corporal J. Thomas, sappers and miners (103rd foot), employed in the public works dept., is transf. to the unattached list, and promoted to serjt., under the provisions of G.G.O. No. 492 of 1862 and G.O.C. No. 349 of 1863.

July 5.—No. 674.—Capt. S. J. Thorp, cadre 3rd Eur. regt., is permitted to remain at Poona, until Oct. 15 next, for the purpose of studying the Marathi language.

BIRTHS.

ARNELL.—At Sholapoor, July 1, the wife of Mr. A. Arnell, pensioned carpenter, late Indian Navy, of a daughter.

BANBURY.—At Hazareebangh, June 20, the wife of R. Banbury, Esq., Bengal Medical Service, Superintendent of Gaols, of a son.

BELL.—At Agra, June 25, Mrs. W. O. Bell, of a son.

CLARKE.—At Agra, June 21, the wife of Mr. Joshua Clarke, of a son.

CANT.—At Murree, June 10, the wife of Capt. Cant, Paymaster H.M.'s 79th Cameron Highlanders, of a son.

CAREY.—At Ranyee Tal, June 11, the wife of Capt. Carey, R.A., prematurely, of a son, who only survived his birth a few hours.

CAMPBELL—At Carwar, June 27, the wife of George W. R. Campbell, Esq., Superintendent of Police, Canara, prematurely, of a son, who died soon after his birth.

CHITTY—At Bombay, July 2, the wife of Major W. T. Chitty, H.M.'s Bombay Staff Corps, of a daughter.

COTTON-WAY—At Sawunt Warree, June 19, the wife of Capt. A. Cotton-Way, Staff Corps, of a son.

CUMMING—At Hurryhur, June 29, the wife of F. Gordon Cumming, Esq., Mysore Commission, of a son.

CROHAN—At Ishapore Powder Works, June 19, the wife of James Crohan, Dy. Asst. Commissary of Ordnance, of a daughter.

DOMBAL—At Calcutta, June 25, at the residence of her father, Mr. W. L. Harwood, Mrs. T. J. Durup de Dombal, of a son.

DANIELL—At Mussoorie, June 28, the wife of Cairnes A. Daniell, Esq., of a daughter.

ELTON—At Hawulbagh, near Almorah, Kumaon, June 20, the wife of Captain R. W. Elton, late 74th Regiment N. I., of a son.

FOSTER—At Allygurg, June 22, the wife of Mr. Edward Foster, Police Department, N. W. P., of a son.

FOSTER—At Muttra, June 1, the wife of Captain W. T. Foster, 2nd Dragoon Guards (Queen's Bays), of a son.

FOX—At Sealkote, June 26, the wife of Mr. Ben. Fox, Head Clerk, Deputy Commissioners Office, of a son.

GILSON—At Cawnpore, June 28, the wife of Mr. Conductor C. H. Gilson, Army Commissariat Department, of a daughter.

GRAHAM—At Shaikhboodeen, June 7, the wife of Major Stuart F. Graham, Deputy Commissioner, of a son.

HAYLLAR—At Poona, June 21, the wife of Thomas C. Hayllar, Esq., Barrister, of a son.

HIGH—At Belgaum, June 21, the wife of Mr. John High, jun., Government Telegraph Department, of a son.

HUBBARD—At Allahabad, June 15, the wife of the Rev. E. J. Hubbard, Garrison Chaplain, of a daughter.

HUMPHERY—At Rampore Bauleah, June 10, the wife of Percy A. Humphery, Esq., of a son.

KELSALL—At Nynee Tal, June 4, the wife of Henry Kelsall, 1st Battalion 20th Regiment, of a son.

LEACH—At Agra, June 22, the wife of J. C. Leach, Esq., Pleader, Sudder Court, of a daughter.

LITTLE—At Aurungabad, Deccan, June 20, the wife of the Rev. R. Parker Little, chaplain, of a son.

MACDONALD—At 123, Boitakhanna, Calcutta, June 21, the wife of the Rev. Kenneth S. Macdonald, missionary of the Free Church of Scotland, of a daughter.

MACNAMARA—At Sealkote, on May 23, the wife of F. Rawdon Macnamara, Esq., 93rd Sutherland Highlanders, of a son.

MACPHERSON—At Dalhousie, on June 23, the wife of Fitzroy Miller Macpherson, Esq., adjutant, Sutherland Highlanders, of a daughter.

PARKER—At Cawnpore, on June 16, the wife of W. H. Parker, Esq., executive engineer, Bundelcund Roads, of a daughter.

PEYTON—At Nusseerabad, on June 17, the wife of Lieut. E. G. Peyton, 106th L.I., of a son.

PITTAR—At No. 15, Garden Reach, Calcutta, on June 24, Mrs. C. F. Pittar, of a daughter.

POTT—At Dinapore, on June 24, the wife of Brigadier general D. Pott, of a daughter.

ROBERTS—At Meerut, on June 25, the wife of Mr. J. C. Roberts, of a daughter.

ROBINSON—At 4, Harrington-street, Calcutta, on June 18, the wife of J. Hamilton Robinson, Esq., of a daughter.

ROSS—At Gondah, Oude, the wife of Major J. S. Ross, Deputy Commissioner, of a son.

SAUNDERS—At Sealkote, on June 15, the wife of Leslie S. Saunders, Esq., C.S., of a daughter.

STERN—At Goruckpore, the wife of the Rev. H. Stern, C.M.S., of a son.

STREATHFIELD—At Poona, on July 5, the wife of H. Streathfield, Esq., of a son.

STORROW—At Union Chapel House, Calcutta, the wife of the Rev. E. Storrow, of a daughter.

STURROCK—At Bunkerry, Hooshungabad, on June 11, the wife of Peter Sturrock, Esq., of a son.

SMITH—At Chittagong, June 23, the wife of A. Smith, Esq., C.S., of a daughter.

SWETENHAM—At Jhansie, June 14, the wife of Lieut. E. Swetenham, exec. engr., of a daughter.

THACKERAY—At Allahabad, June 2, the wife of Capt. E. T. Thackeray, V.C., R.E., of a daughter.

TOOVEY—At sea, near the Western Islands, April 5, on board the ship *Blenheim*, from Calcutta, the wife of C. G. Toovey, Esq., of a daughter.

TURNBULL—At Futtehgah, June 24, the wife of A. H. Turnbull, of a son.

WATSON—At Nassick (Deolalee), June 25, the wife of Mr. Christopher Watson, station master G.I.P. Railway, of a son.

WESCHE—At Malabar Hill, July 7, Mrs. W. F. Wesche, of a son.

WILLIS—At Ootacamund, July 3, the wife of H. Willis, Esq., C.E., Bombay, of a daughter.

XAVIER—At Mazagon, July 6, the wife of Mr. Napoleon Xavier, of a daughter.

YEATS—At Poona, July 5, the wife of Mr. C. Levett Yeats, of a daughter.

MARRIAGES.

BAYLIS—MONTGOMERY.—At the Cantonment Church, Lucknow, on the 20th inst., Henry Ingle Baylis, Esq., Lieutenant H.M.'s Bengal Army, eldest son of Thomas Henry Baylis, Esq., M.A., Barrister-at-Law, to Anna Ellerker, eldest daughter of Alexander George Montgomery, Esq., Surgeon, H.M.'s 46th Regiment.

BIRD—MADGE.—At Calcutta, June 24, at St. John's Church, Shearman Bird, Esq., to Miss Juliet Stokoe Madge.

CRUICKSHANK—REYNOLDS.—At Poona, June 28, George Macdonald Cruickshank, Lieut. R.E., son of the late Major J. J. F. Cruickshank, Bombay Engineers, to Mary Sophia, eldest daughter of Major W. Reynolds, Bombay Army.

CULBERT—FURY.—At the Cathedral, Calcutta, June 8, Mr. John Gerald Culbert to Miss Isabella Fury.

DON—BAYLIE.—At the Old Mission Church, Calcutta, June 20, the Rev. J. D. Don, of the Free Church Mission, Calcutta, to Kate Neville daughter of the Rev. John Baylie, Incumbent of Bloxwich, Staffordshire.

ENGLEDUE—FORREST.—At the Church of St. John the Baptist, Roorkee, on the 15th June, William John Engledue, Royal Engineers, to Eliza McIver, youngest daughter of the late Captain G. Forrest, V.C.

L'ESTRANGE—RYVES.—At Christ Church, Mussoorie, June 19, Major P. W. L'Estrange, Royal Art., to Emily Frances, second daughter of Lieut. col. W. H. Ryves, 8th Bengal Cav.

MORRISON—CAMMIK.—At St. Mary's Church, Benares, June 19, Alexander Morrison, of Rancegunge, to Miss Maria Anne Ezilha Cammik, of Ghazepore.

MURRAY—DEAS.—At the Bank of Bombay, Bombay, June 28, Andrew Murray, Esq., Agent of the Bank at Oomrawuttee, to Jessie, eldest daughter of Robert Deas, commander ship *Reigate*, of London.

STEWART—BLACK.—At Mirzapore, Capt. H. H. Stewart, Queen's Bays, to Isabella Malcolm, youngest daughter of the late James Black, Esq., Fife.

UNDERWOOD—DENTY.—At St. Paul's Cathedral, Calcutta, June 17, Mr. Francis William Underwood, of Balasore, to Miss Julia Maria Denty, of the Normal School, Calcutta.

WALTER—TROUP.—At St. Paul's Church, Agra, June 17, Capt. C. K. M. Walter, H.M.'s Bengal Staff Corps, Political Agent of Bhurtpore, to Katharine Jane, eldest daughter of Major gen. Colin Troup, C.B., H.M.'s Indian Army.

DEATHS.

ANDERSON—At Simla, June 23, Anne Maria, the wife of John P. C. Anderson, Esq., Executive Engineer, 8th Division Grand Trunk Road.

ARATHOON—At Benares, June 7, of consumption, Anne, the wife of Mr. A. Arathoon, aged 22.

BILBY—At Gunneish Khind, Poona, June 24, of measles and whooping cough, Alice Annie Lousia, the youngest daughter of Mr. John Bilby, chief engineer Apollo Cotton Press Company, aged 10 months and 25 days.

BOWMAN—At Poona, June 29, at the residence of his uncle, George Henry, the son of Mr. Henry Bowman, aged 18 years 7 months.

BRERETON—At Malligaum, June 29, after a few hours' illness of spasmodic cholera, F. H. Brereton, Esq., Assistant Superintendent Berar Revenue Survey, aged 27 years.

BROWN—At the "Retreat," Byculia, Bombay, Elizabeth, the wife of Mr. William Brown.

CALLAN—At his residence, 10, Government-place, Calcutta, June 27, R. T. Callan, Esq., of Messrs. Callan and Co., of apoplexy.

CARTER—At Delhi, on June 8, of confluent small-pox, Kate, the wife of J. A. Carter, patrol of Pulwul, Delhi Customs Line, aged 25 years and 7 months.

CHISOLD—At Chowpatty, Bombay, on June 29, Florence Augusta, only daughter of Mr. J. W. Chisold, B.B. and C.I. Railway, aged 9 months.

COOKE—At Poona, on June 21, of cholera, May, third daughter of the late Samuel W. Barton, Esq., D.L., J.P., of Rochestown, County Tipperary, Ireland, and wife of Theodore Cooke, Esq., Principal of the Poona Engineering College.

FAUSSETT—At Kurrachee, on June 19, Anne Margaret, younger child of Lieut.-col. Faussett, 44th Regiment, aged 1 year and 6 months.

FURLONG—At Mhow, on the 13th June, Florence Emma, the second daughter of Surgeon J. Sheldon Furlong, 6th Inniskilling Dragoons, aged 12 months 21 days.

GASPER—At Calcutta, on June 14, Arthur, the beloved child of Mr. and Mrs. A. S. Gasper, aged 8 months.

HILTON—At the residence of Mr. J. Fido, Upper Colaba, on June 25, Mrs. Caroline Hilton, wife of Mr. R. Hilton, Inspector H.M.'s Dockyard, aged 43 years and 6 months.

KERRY—On board the P. and O. Co.'s steamship *Candia*, between Ceylon and Aden, on March 23, Frank Fairbairn, the infant son of Mr. and Mrs. James Kerry, East Indian Railway.

LYNCH—At Simla, on Saturday, June 17, Mary, the wife of Mr. M. Lynch.

LECKIE.—At Kurrachee, on June 18, of fever, after only a few days' illness, Ensign John Cuthbert Leckie, 95th Regiment, eldest son of Lieut.-Colonel G. A. Leckie, Bombay Staff Corps.

MACDOUGALL—At Ootacamund, on June 17, General Macdougall, of the Bombay Army.

MAXWELL—At Dehra, on June 21, Charlotte, wife of Hugh Maxwell, Esq., of Cawnpore, aged 45 years.

MACNAMARA—At Sealkote, on June 17, Francis Rawdon, the infant son of F. Rawdon Macnamara, Esq., 93rd Sutherland Highlanders, aged 25 days.

MOINES—At Mussoorie, on the 14th ult., Sarah, eldest daughter of the late Ensign A. Moines, unattached list, aged 8 years, 4 months, and 23 days.

MONCRIEFF—At Benares, on June 29, Major A. P. Scott Moncrieff, cantonment joint magistrate, and of the late 44th Bengal N.I., second son of Robert Scott Moncrieff, Esq., of Fossaway, Perthshire.

NEDHAM.—At Saugor, on the 27th June, Constance Alexandra, youngest daughter of Major C. Nedham, Deputy-Assistant Quartermaster-General, aged two years and two months.

NELSON.—At Poona, Harriet Cheshire, the child of Sub-Conductor Nelson, Ordnance Department, aged 9 months and 6 days.

OEHME.—At Calcutta, on the 16th June, of cancer, Lydia Maria, the wife of Francis Sandford Oehme, Esq., of Calcutta, aged 47 years 6 months and 14 days.

ROBERTS.—At Belgaum, on June 19, Captain F. P. Cramer Roberts, deeply regretted.

SMITH.—At Lingasogoor, on June 24, Frederick Edmund, infant son of Assistant-Surgeon F. H. Smith, 2nd Regiment Hyderabad Contingent.

SMITH.—At Nassick, — Smith, Esq., C.E., Manager of the Khandeish Farming Company, of cholera.

SPENCER.—At Middle Colaba, on June 30, Charles Nathaniel, the infant son of Mr. and Mrs. J. F. Spencer, aged two months and 19 days.

SHAW.—At Sylhet, on the 18th June, the child of Merrick A. G. Shaw, Esq., C.S., of diphtheria, aged 10 months and 12 days.

SLADE.—On the 26th June, John Slade, Esq., Commander H.M.'s B. Marine steamer *Arracan*, aged 36 years.

WALKER.—At Chincarry tea plantation, Cachar, of fever and diarrhoea, Robert Charles Evelyn, inf. son of George Alexander, Esq.

WALLER.—At Kolapore, June 23, Gilbert Grierson, the son of Lieut. Waller, v.c., Bombay staff corps, aged one month.

WILLIAMS.—At Tanna, July 4, Mrs. Eliza Williams, the wife of W. Williams, Esq., assistant conservator of forests, and daughter of the late John Swanseger, Esq., aged 43 years.

WILTSHIRE.—On June 27, Thomas R. Wiltshire, Esq., of Calcutta, aged 65 years.

WEMYSS.—At Allygurg, June 27, Major James Wemyss, retired list, Bengal army, aged 52 years.

WAR OFFICE.

CHANGES, PROMOTIONS, &c.,
IN H.M.'s REGIMENTS SERVING IN INDIA.

July 18.

Royal Artillery.—Lieut. J. Robertson to be 2nd capt., v. R. P. L. Welch, dec.; June 25. Lieut. F. H. Wheatley, from seconded list, to be lieutenant, v. H. Girardot, prom.; July 18. The resignation of the commission of Lieut. J. D. Cameron, which was notified in the *Gazette* of 4th inst., is cancelled. The undermentioned gentlemen cadets, from Royal Military Academy, to be lieutenants, viz.:—N. L. Walford, v. A. Ford, prom.; J. D. Snodgrass, v. W. W. Benson, prom.; J. E. Josselyn, v. A. Winch, prom.; W. D. Corfe, v. Waddington, res.; J. R. C. Hickson, v. Cross, res.; D. W. Buckle, v. De Beer-Baruchson, res.; G. H. O'Malley, v. K. W. S. M. Cameron, dec.; A. R. Mainwaring, v. J. Ketchen, prom.; V. H. Walker, v. Lynes, prom.; T. M. Robinson, v. Bainbridge, prom.; J. A. Grattan, v. Hume, prom.; G. M. J. Moore, v. W. J. Stewart, transf. to Bengal staff corps; J. J. Congdon, v. F. Coddington, transf. to Bengal staff corps; R. De Marylski, v. W. H. Wilkins, transf. to Bengal staff corps; C. J. R. Fulford, v. L. W. Taylor, transf. to Bengal staff corps; R. Mallock, v. W. Barron, transf. to Bengal staff corps; E. W. Adams, v. W. J. W. Muir, transf. to Bengal staff corps; W. H. Borrodale, v. G. Black, dec.; R. W. Rainsford-Hannay, v. O'Brien, prom. Commissions to bear date July 18.

42nd Foot.—Capt. D. Macpherson to be major, without purch., v. Brev. Lieut. col. J. Drysdale, dec.; Lieut. R. K. Bayly to be capt., without purch., v. Macpherson; Ensign G. T. Maitland to be lieutenant, without purch., v. Bayly; July 5. Lieut. J. A. Drake, from late 10th Bengal N.I., to be lieutenant, v. C. Shuttleworth, transf. to Bengal staff corps; Gent. cadet R. H. L. Brickenden, from Royal Military College, to be ensign, without purch., v. Maitland; July 18.

44th Foot.—Gent. cadet P. E. Freke, from Royal Military College, to be ensign, by purch., v. G. Gosselin, transf. to 76th foot; July 18.

56th Foot.—Lieut. A. H. F. Campbell, from 108th foot, to be lieutenant, v. Heyland, who exch.; July 18.

60th Foot.—Gent. cadet W. F. C. Wigston, from Royal Military College, to be ensign, by purch., v. F. Vining, who retires; July 18.

69th Foot.—Lieut. E. Boyle to be capt., by purch., v. Brev. major G. R. Browne, who retires; Ensign J. A. Dawson to be lieutenant, by purch., v. Boyle; Gent. cadet L. H. Martin, from Royal Military College, to be ensign, by purch., v. Dawson; July 18.

80th Foot.—Ensign E. R. Purcell to be lieutenant, by purch., v. S. Harrison, who retires; Gent. cadet J. H. Alston, from Royal Military College, to be ensign, by purch., v. Purcell; July 18.

88th Foot.—Capt. H. C. Sitwell, from late 5th Bengal Eur. L.C., to be capt., v. R. Topham, transf. to Bengal staff corps; July 18.

105th Foot.—Staff Asst. surg. J. McCully, M.D., to be asst. surg., v. T. C. Morgan, appointed to the staff; July 18.

108th Foot.—Lieut. A. R. Heyland, from 56th foot, to be lieutenant, v. Campbell, who exch.; July 18.

ROYAL MILITARY COLLEGE.

Lieut. C. Fraser, 13th foot, to be lieutenant of a comp. of gentlemen cadets, v. Lieut. F. B. N. Craufurd, 80th foot, prom. to a comp. in his regt.; July 18.

MEDICAL DEPARTMENT.

Asst. surg. T. C. Morgan, from 105th foot, to be staff asst. surg., v. J. McCully, M.D., app. to 105th foot; July 18.

BREVET.

Capt. F. Williams, 12th foot, to be maj.; July 18.

The undermentioned officers, having completed the qualifying service in the rank of lieutenant colonel, to be colonels, viz.:—

Lieut. col. F. A. Willis, C.B., 38th foot; May 25.

Lieut. col. E. M. Boxer, R.A.; June 22.

Lieut. col. C. S. Longden, R.A.; June 22.

Lieut. col. J. W. Gossett, R.E.; July 6.

The undermentioned promotions to take place in H.M.'s Indian military forces, consequent on the death of Gen. J. Truscott, Bengal inf., on June 12: Lieut. gen. W. R. C. Costley, Bengal inf., to be gen.; June 13.

Major gen. J. E. Williams, Madras inf., to be lieutenant gen.; June 13.

Col. G. Balfour, C.B., R.A., to be major gen.; June 13.

The undermentioned officers who have retired upon full pay to have a step of honorary rank as follows:—

Lieut. col. R. L. Taylor, C.B., Bombay staff corps, to be col.; July 18.

TO BE LIEUTENANT-COLONELS.

Major W. Leggett, Madras inf.; July 18.

Major W. R. Forster, Bengal inf.; July 18.

Major A. Grant, Madras cav.; July 18.

Deputy Inspector gen. of Hospitals C. I. Smith, Madras estab., to be inspector gen. of hospitals; July 18.

July 25.

12th Foot.—Lieut. W. H. Crawhall to be capt., without purch., v. Nesbitt, whose prom. on Dec. 15, 1864, has been cancelled; Dec. 15. Ensign J. A. Little to be lieutenant, by purch., v. H. Nesbitt, who retires; Ensign T. F. Hobday, from 39th foot, to be ensign, v. Little; July 25.

33rd Foot.—Ensign R. M. Miller to be lieutenant, by purch., v. H. G. Boyd, who retires; Ensign H. Melliss, from 34th foot, to be ensign, v. Miller; July 25.

34th Foot.—Gent. cadet T. A. H. Lowe, from Royal Military College, to be ensign, by purch., v. Melliss, transf. to 33rd foot; July 25.

44th Foot.—Lieut. E. C. P. Pigott to be adj., v. Lieut. A. R. Trimmer, who resigns that appointment; March 12.

88th Foot.—Lieut. J. J. Davidson to be instructor of musketry, v. Lieut. A. A. Owen, who has resigned the appointment; May 1.

106th Foot.—Ensign F. M. Hunter to be lieutenant, v. A. P. Hancock, who resigns; Gent. cadet H. A. B. Moorhouse, from Royal Military College, to be ensign, v. Hunter; July 25.

Ceylon Rifle Regt.—Ensign J. Quarry to be instructor of musketry, v. Lieut. H. W. Melliss, who has resigned the appointment; April 21.

HALF PAY.

Lieut. D. Moodie, from 60th foot, to be capt., without purch.; July 25.

MEDICAL DEPARTMENT.

Staff Asst. surg. S. J. Bayfield to be staff surg., v. Staff Surg. major T. P. Matthew, dec.; July 25.

The commission of Staff surg. W. M. Webb as asst. surg., to be antedated from the 28th to the 24th March, 1854, and as surg., from June 21 to Jan. 15, 1864, the antedates not to carry pay.

Asst. surg. J. H. N. Bracken, from R.A., to be staff asst. surg., v. S. J. Bayfield; July 25.

Asst. surg. N. Arent, from 66th foot, to be staff asst. surg., v. T. Seward, M.D., appointed to 59th foot; July 25.

The promotion of Asst. surg. J. J. Mulock, from 1st drags., to staff surg., which appeared in the *Gazette* of June 30, 1865, should be v. W. F. Daniell, M.D., dec., instead of v. W. F. Daniell, M.D., placed upon half-pay.

BREVET.

2nd Capt. R. M. Smith, R.E., to have local rank of major while serving in Persia; July 25.

The undermentioned officers having completed the qualifying service in the rank of lieutenant colonel, to be colonels, under Royal Warrant of Oct. 14, 1858: Major and Brev. Lieut. col. W. F. Brett, 61st foot; May 6.

Lieut. col. W. C. Hodgson, 79th foot; July 10.

Aug. 4.

2nd Drags.—Cornet S. F. Stewart Cleland has been permitted to retire from the service by the sale of his commission.

Royal Artillery.—2nd Capt. H. B. Maule to be adjt., v. A. G. Miller, who resigns the adjutancy only.

The name of the gentleman cadet app. lieutenant is William Henry Borrodale Saile, and not William Henry Borrodale, as stated in the *Gazette* of July 18 last.

4th Foot.—Maj. E. W. Bray, from 83rd foot, to be major, v. Foster, who exch.

10th Foot.—Lieut. G. C. Helme to be adjt., v. Lieut. Whittle, prom.

19th Foot.—Gent. cadet W. G. W. McClintock, from the Royal Military College, to be ensign, without purch., v. F. Knowles, app. to the Bengal Staff Corps.

54th Foot.—Gent. Cadet E. H. F. Jenner, from the Royal Military College, to be ens., by purch., v. T. S. Eyton, who retires.

80th Foot.—Gent. Cadet W. T. Anderson, from the Royal Military College, to be ensign, by purch., v. C. G. Hawdon, whose appt. has been cancelled.

94th Foot.—Lieut. H. W. Melliss, from the Ceylon rifle regt., to be lieutenant, v. Pilkington, who exch.

107th Foot.—Ens. W. M. Playfair to be lieutenant, v. F. W. Leman, dec.; Gent. Cadet R. P. W. Hill, from the Royal Military College, to be ensign, v. Playfair.

Rifle Brigade.—Maj. G. King, from half-pay, late depot battalion, to be major, v. Brev. col. the Hon. L. Curzon, who retires upon temp. half-pay; Capt. and brev. lieutenant col. C. T. Bouchier to be major, by purch., v. G. King, who retires; Lieut. H. L. Wickham to be capt., by purch., v. Brev. lieutenant col. Bouchier; Ens. J. L. Tuffnell to be lieutenant, by purch., v. Wickham; Ens. the Hon. W. A. W. Ponsonby, from 70th foot, to be ensign, v. Tuffnell.

Ceylon Rifle Regt.—Lieut. J. B. Pilkington, from 94th foot, to be lieutenant, v. Melliss, who exch.

MEDICAL DEPARTMENT.

Surg. maj. W. O. Mackenzie, M.D., from the 3rd hussars, to be staff surg. major, v. Staff surg. H. Huish, M.D., who exch.

BREVET.

Major and brev. lieutenant col. the Hon. E. C. H. Massey, 95th foot, having completed the qualifying service in the rank of lieutenant col., to be col., under the Royal Warrant of Oct. 14, 1858.

Lieut. col. J. R. Gibbon, C.B., R.A., having completed five years' qualifying service in the rank of lieutenant col., to be colonel.

SUICIDE AT SIMLA.—We are sorry to have to record the death of Mr. Blair, at Simla. We take the following from the *Mofussilite*:—A shocking event occurred here a few days ago. Mr. Blair, the brewer of the Simla Brewery, in a fit of temporary insanity, destroyed himself by jumping down a khud of about one hundred and fifty feet in depth. The unfortunate man, just before he committed the insane deed, rushed out of his bungalow, gave an appalling shriek, climbed up a high hill, and then with another frightful shriek threw himself headlong into the abyss below. Mr. Blair was a quiet and unassuming young man, and well-known to all in the station through the excellent beer he has brewed this year. His loss will be very severely felt by all concerned and interested in the success of the Simla Brewery.—*Hurkaru*.

TRAFFIC ROUTE BETWEEN BRITISH BURMAH AND WESTERN CHINA.—In 1863 a memorial was presented to her Majesty's Government by the Manchester Chamber of Commerce to solicit the Government to take steps for opening up a route for commerce from Rangoon into Western China. A Parliamentary paper has been issued setting forth what has been done. It seems that after consideration it was thought the best way to open up the country would be to improve the navigation of the River Salween, and an expedition was sent out to examine and report upon the facility of removing certain rocks from the channel of the river in the interior. Unluckily, by the blundering of the resident commissioner, the mode of starting the expedition gave offence to the King of Rangoon, and he would not allow the expedition to proceed. The commissioner got a wiggling from the Government; but the project of a communication with Western China has meantime been thus destroyed.

EXPORT OF SPECIE.—Owing to the advance in the China exchanges, the remittances of specie by the steamer *Nyanza*, which left Southampton on Friday (yesterday), show a considerable increase, the total being £120,338. The particulars are as follows:—Madras, gold, £1,018, and silver, £10,000; Penang, silver, £5,000; Singapore, silver, £21,500; Hong Kong, silver, £23,350; and Shanghai, silver, £59,470.

To Correspondents.

All letters for insertion in *Allen's Indian Mail* should be accompanied with the real name and address of the writer, "not necessarily for publication, but as a guarantee of good faith."

Communications for the Editor, and Advertisements, should be sent under cover to Messrs. W. M. H. ALLEN & Co., 13, Waterloo-place, S.W.

. Should any delay or irregularity occur in supplying this Paper, communication of the fact to the Publisher will insure a remedy.

ALLEN'S INDIAN MAIL,

SATURDAY, August 5, 1865.

SIR CHARLES WOOD AND THE INDIAN OFFICERS.

SIR CHARLES WOOD's speech on the 2nd of May, in reference to the case of the Indian Officers, has elicited a reply from the Committee acting in London on their behalf. The latter prolixion is of far greater length than the statements which it refutes. You could master all Sir Charles's mistakes by the reconnaissance of a couple of columns or so of a newspaper; but their rectification involves a "deadly march" through 201 pages of blue-book jungle, utterly destructive to the understanding unless thoroughly acclimatised to such encounters. However, it is easier to be epigrammatic in error than in accuracy; and facts, which are proverbially stubborn things, have a great tendency to stop the way. The Committee, therefore, may be pardoned if in exhausting their subject they exhaust the reader at the same time. And it must be said for them that they have done their work thoroughly, and brought their forces effectively into the field. Not only have they marshalled the facts engaged in excellent form, but they have provided very strong supports in the shape of evidence which cannot fail to assure them the victory if the battle be fairly fought. We are not among those who believe that the Indian Secretary gets up every morning with the determination to do some harm, if possible, to the Indian Officers before going to bed at night; and that, as a matter of private preference, he desires their utter ruin and extinction. But we do believe that he fails to comprehend the real state of the question, and, looking at official convenience, which he confounds with State necessities, rather than to the abstract justice to which the claimants have a right by Act of Parliament, indulges in fallacies and resorts to shifts which are unjustifiable by any plea which he is able to put forward.

In the brief review to which we must restrict ourselves, we cannot do more than glance at the principal points to which the

Committee have called attention in what is called the "exposure" of the Indian Secretary's mistakes, or mis-statements. The first is in reference to the petitions. Sir Charles Wood declared, generally, that the grievances had been "got up" for the Indian Officers, and that the petitions presented to the House did not really represent their opinions. The Committee meet this charge by publishing a list of all those documents which have been presented to the House of Commons upon the subject in question, with the names of the officers, and a statement of the nature of the complaint in each case. Including the 700 petitions presented last session, there appear from the official reports to have been 1,251 presented since 1863; and these the Committee believe to be all genuine and *bona fide* expressions of opinion. It is true, as they elsewhere mention, that forms were in some cases supplied to officers, but these were forms only, to be filled up, and supplied simply because many petitioners were ignorant of the rules of the House in reference to such subjects, and had the documents which they drew up themselves returned in consequence. As a case of repudiation, Sir Charles Wood quoted that of Lieut.-colonel Cherry, from whom he had received a letter denying that he had anything to do with a pamphlet in which he was represented as a complainant, and declaring himself well satisfied with his present position. To this the Committee reply that they know nothing of the pamphlet, but that Colonel Cherry has nothing to do with the question, as he is not a petitioner, and was not alleged to be; and that the grievance in connection with his case is not that he is ill treated, but that he is too well treated, at the expense of others. Owing, it seems, to two vacancies in regimental cavalry colonelcies not being filled up, he is retained as senior of the lieutenant-colonels, in command of a regiment, instead of being placed on full pay retirement, as he should be in proper course. Under these circumstances it is natural that this officer should be rather obliged to Sir Charles Wood than otherwise. His letter, therefore, about which so much has been said, cannot be considered in any way injurious to the petitioners. With regard to Lieut.-Colonel Kelso, who was mentioned by Sir Charles Wood as an instance of the benefit which he considered many officers of his rank to have derived from the changes affecting them, the Committee publish a letter from that officer, in which he declares that, although he got his promotion by the amalgamation a little sooner than he might have done under the former system, the advantage is more than counterbalanced by his loss of "off-reckonings;" and further, that with regard to the bonus upon which Sir Charles remarked, he would

have been able to obtain Rs. 40,000 under the old system instead of Rs. 28,000, which was all actually received from his juniors. The cases of Captain Winsin, Major Spottiswood, and Lieut.-Colonel Cooper, it is added, were quoted only to illustrate the general nature of the supercession that had been caused. Lieutenants Brown and McNeil have recently left the service, and the Committee add that Lieutenants McNeil and Brevet Lieut.-Colonel Cooper were in the same regiment; that the former officer was promoted, as before stated, to the rank and pay of substantive Major; and that, although an order had been issued, as Sir Charles Wood stated, that no officer should serve under a junior except by his own consent, it was not given until three years after the evil had been in actual force. Thus a permanent injury has been inflicted which cannot now be redressed; for the rectifying order is issued at a time when the commands in the Bengal Army, consisting of 105, regiments are thus distributed among local and Staff Corps officers:—28 are commanded by 23 local officers, viz., 15 colonels, 7 majors, and 6 captains; and 77 by 77 staff corps officers, whose regimental rank in the local service, that is, in the cadres of their respective regiments, is as follows, viz., 3 majors, 68 captains, and 6 lieutenants. The local service officers senior to the above captains and lieutenants commanding regiments are thus permanently deprived of those commands and allowances for which they entered a seniority service; and unless they swallow their disgust and consent to serve under juniors, they must remain unemployed altogether.

With regard to Sir Charles Wood's statement that supercession of the kind was frequent under the Company, the Committee observe that the few instances which the Right Hon. Baronet has been able to find on record prove the almost invariable nature of the rule. Even in the case of the five regiments which were so cut up at Cabul, to which Sir Charles alluded in support of his assertion, the officers appointed to fill up the gaps were selected with the most marked respect for seniority, being chosen from the whole service, not by name or favour, but according to standing alone.

A principal topic referred to by the Committee is the different manner in which Indian army grievances are inquired into from those of the English army. In the former case, the Minister makes what changes he pleases, in opposition even to his own council; in the latter nothing is done without every opportunity for consideration by both Houses of Parliament. They particularly instance the grievances of the officers of the Royal Marines and of the Quartermasters of the army, upon which

commissions sat, and invited the oral testimony of those concerned in their own behalf. As regards the Indian officers, the proceedings have been secret, and all evidence of the kind unheard.

The "Bonus" question, the Committee urge, has been both misunderstood and misrepresented. The Indian practice of contributing money to old officers on retirement, appears to be placed on as solid a basis as that of the purchase system of the English army, except as to the exact money value to be paid—the rate, however, being notoriously not adhered to in the sale of commissions. The claims of British officers to have their payments for commissions, and their right to receive compensation for the moneys paid for obtaining military advancement in rank, have been as fully recognised as any other right of the British subject. Indeed, so far has this been admitted, that documents have been laid before Parliament containing official calculations showing that, if the practice of purchasing commissions be discontinued, £7,126,030 must be paid by the nation to compensate individual officers, though the moneys so paid amounts only to £4,742,280. Yet the Indian officers who have sunk large sums for a similar purpose, with the sanction of Government, are deprived of any advantage in return, and are not awarded the slightest compensation. Upon this subject, as well as upon that of "Off- reckonings," the Committee urge a variety of facts, which place these, as well as the other claims, in a clearer light than they have ever been placed before. That they can fail to obtain recognition from authority seems scarcely conceivable.

CORRESPONDENCE.

THE INDIAN ARMY.—SECOND SERIES. No. V.

TO THE EDITOR OF "ALLEN'S INDIAN MAIL."

SIR,—Before the rebellion had been effectually quelled, Parliament resolved to transfer the authority of the East India Company as rulers of India to the Crown. The Conservatives were in office, though the Governor-general, Lord Canning, was of the opposite party; but he, regardless of all but his country's good, carried on the even tenour of a magnanimous conduct, in spite of the sharp reproofs which he received from the Board of Control, whose party had now succeeded his own in office.

The real causes of the mutiny were patent to the new ministry. They saw that the policy which had been recently introduced, as it affected the rights, the religious institutions, and prejudices of the people, and the absorption of Native States without sufficient reason, were the root and branch of the rebellion. They thought it expedient to recommend her Majesty to issue a proclamation, which the natives deem to be their Magna Charta, and upon its rigid fulfilment rests the integrity of our rule.

The Duke of Argyle doubts whether it

was expedient to issue any proclamation to the people of India, such as that "which the Cabinet of Lord Derby issued in the name of the Crown, as if any new authority were for the first time assuming their Government." In respect to religious toleration, there was nothing to promise except an adherence to former practice. In support of this opinion he quotes the opinion of Lord Canning, who observed, "The experience of the last year has furnished examples of the ingenuity with which the meaning of such documents (proclamations) can be perverted, or their language misrepresented by the enemies of the State." With great deference to these high authorities, I entirely differ. Although the acts of the Indian Government were in truth the acts of the Crown, the belief which prevailed in India was to the contrary, owing to those acts being communicated through the East India Company, and the fact of the public officials, civil and military, being notoriously de facto servants of that company. Moreover, the several treaties with Native Princes being made in the name of the *Company Bahadur*, rendered it impossible that the people of India should imagine that this Company, in all its garb of royalty and power, was nothing more than the shadow of a higher power in England.

The new Ministers of the Crown, on assuming direct control of the government, felt it necessary to pacify the disturbed minds of the people in India by engaging that the measures which it was now well known were the real causes of the mutiny should not be repeated.

The policy of Lord Derby's Government, with Lord Stanley as its representative as Secretary of State for India, was apparently to leave well alone—to change nothing till its inconvenience was established, and, above all, the army. His party agreed that it was expedient to secure permanently a certain quota of European troops in India, not liable to be called away as hitherto on every occasion of European warfare. In 1784 the number fixed on, at a time when our territory was comparatively limited, was 12,000; but whenever the army of England was unemployed, regiments were sent to India at the cost of its revenue, and the local Europeans ceased to be recruited to keep up their wonted strength. In 1856 an Act passed to increase the Anglo-Indian force from 9,000 to 20,000, and in 1858, under Lord Derby's Government, this number was increased to 40,000 men. On the following year the Conservatives went out of office, and the Liberals came in, and with them came the destructive principle. The Act of the previous year was reversed, and the Act passed to abolish the local European force altogether.

Nor was this transfer of the European branch of the local army the only change that was to be effected, but a total subversion took place of the principle on which the native army had flourished for more than half a century, during which it existed on the model of the British army, with which it had served. From the hour that the new administration began to alter what it certainly did not understand, nothing but discontent has prevailed in this and other

branches of the service, so that at the end of six years we find no fewer than 717 petitions presented to Parliament by the officers of the Indian Army alone against the injustice they allege they have suffered, to say nothing of the discontent pervading the ranks of the local army on the spot.

Under the so-called Liberal Ministry of 1859 everything hitherto done in India has been deemed wrong. The name of everything has been changed, and new names coined for the army, unknown to the English language or to the army of the Crown. Accounts rendered by skilful Finance Ministers sent out to India by themselves, have been repudiated, but afterwards proved to be correct. The spirit of condemnation of every measure and institution of the East India Company is everywhere evinced. To this feeling may be added the jealousy towards the institutions for the benefit of widows and orphans, as well as retired public servants, both civil and military, maintained out of their private funds, which institutions, although approved of and supported by the Court of Directors, have been condemned, and are actually in course of abolition.

With respect to its army, whatever may be its future fate, the valiant deeds performed by it in a thousand battles and sieges, fought and won during more than a century of its existence, are so engraved in the pages of history that they can neither be tarnished by envy or malice, pedantry or red-tape. J. B.

RUSSIA IN ASIA.

The *Journal de St. Petersburg* passes a high eulogium upon Sir Roderick Murchison for his remarks upon the above subject at the annual meeting of the Geographical Society in May last. The writer adds:—"A century ago nations made desperate wars for what was called the colonial system. Not one of them thought itself able to dispense with that necessary appendage in order to obtain at a cheap rate colonial commodities and the raw materials which feed commerce and manufactures. They exhausted themselves by formidable struggles in pursuit of these imaginary riches. England fought for several years to preserve her American colonies, the emancipation of which seemed likely to cause her ruin, and ten years had not passed after their emancipation before her commerce with the United States had increased tenfold. England now regards the colonies which she sows in all parts of the globe only as fruits which she cultivates, which she develops, and which she allows to fall from the tree as soon as they are ripe. For fifty years the empire of the Indies was fought for, and the enemies of England believed that they could not attack her in a more sensible manner than by striking at this presumed source of her power. India has now come to the aid of Europe in the midst of an important crisis by producing cotton, and there is not a man of sense who does not understand that in civilising these countries and making available the riches of their climate England renders the greatest service to the whole world. To-day the system of conquests is condemned by economic science, not only as unjust and immoral, but also as the worst policy. The progress of civilisation, of production, and of exchanges, is acknowledged as the only true source of the riches, power, and prosperity of nations. In presence of these revolutions in ideas it is not strange to see the prepossessions and the prejudices of a former time obstinately persisted in? Sir Roderick Murchison spoke only of the material obstacles, in order to demonstrate the absurdity of the projects of aggression attri-

buted to Russia against the empire of British India. He might have added the moral distance which separates them still more than the geographical distance, and the evident interest which Russia has, not in extending her frontiers by war, but in fixing and consolidating them by peace, commerce, and industry. We will even go farther, and say that those stationary minds which now, in England, would adopt the language of half a century past, and take as a political basis that every State must seek its welfare by doing injury to others, are entirely illogical in pointing out in advance the ambitious projects of Russia. They ought, on the contrary, to encourage her to interfere in the quarrels of the States of Central Asia, to extend over them her influence and her domination, to enter, in fact, on that undefined course of encroachments, of struggles, and of conquests, which she has avowedly and irrevocably renounced, in the conviction that she has nothing to gain by wasting—in these distant and barren adventures—powers and resources for which she has more useful employment on her own proper soil."

THE BANDA AND KIRWEE BOOTY. COURT OF ADMIRALTY.—JULY 25.

[Before Dr. LUSHINGTON.]

GENERAL SIR GEORGE WHITLOCK V. GENERAL SIR HENRY EYRE, EXECUTOR OF LORD CLYDE, AND OTHERS.

This case came before the Court on a question as to interrogatories. The application was by Major Osborn, one of the parties claiming to share in the fund which arose from the Indian mutiny, and the question was as to the parties who were entitled to share in the prize captured from the rebels, which was supposed to be approaching one million sterling, but the amount was not correctly known.

Mr. Butt (with whom was Mr. Pritchard) applied to put interrogatories to the prize agents as to the amount captured.

Mr. Prendergast (of the Chancery bar) appeared for General Sir George Whitlock (who was in Court), and said he had no objection as to the prize agent who was in England. The others were in India and New Zealand, and if the interrogatories were sent out to those places there would be great delay and expense.

His Lordship was of opinion that if the motion was opposed he could not entertain it. He apprehended that the only reference to the Court was to ascertain who were to share in the booty, and he had nothing to do with the amount, nor had he authority to order interrogatories to be answered.

Mr. Butt said the object of Major Osborn was to ascertain the amount which had been taken from the rebels. There had been two captures in 1858, and a question might arise as to who were actual captors and who were constructive captors of the booty. There had been a meeting of counsel of the various parties, and statements desired of the plaintiffs, and one statement required was as to the fund captured. There had been seven millions of rupees seized, and what was wished to be known was, whether that was the result of both captures.

Mr. Prendergast said the Treasury could give the desired information as to the booty seized.

Mr. Butt thought the best course would be to get it from the prize agents. As the plaintiffs did not object, he would take the order on the agent in England.

Mr. Prendergast said his clients were anxious to give all the information in their power.

Mr. Butt said the pleadings were concluded, and the case only remained for hearing.

His Lordship made the order on one agent in this country by consent. He was clearly of opinion that he had no authority to inquire into the amount, but who were entitled to share—what troops—in the booty seized.

Order accordingly.

THE INDIAN CIVIL SERVICE.

The following are the successful competitors in the recent competition of 284 candidates for the Civil Service of India:—

Marks.		Marks.	
Charles James Lyall ... 2198	H. J. Stedman Cotton ... 1519		
Richard Robinson ... 2159	Philip Nolan ... 1501		
J. J. Digges La Touche ... 2238	R. Maunsell Waller ... 1492		
Bulkeley Samuel Young ... 2131	T. Jones Maltby ... 1478		
Robert Smith Aikman ... 2088	Christopher H. Vowell ... 1449		
Hy. Farrington Evans ... 2054	Andrew W. Cochran ... 1448		
Andrew Moir ... 1855	J. E. Beevor Jeffery ... 1432		
James Augustine Marcel ... 1924	Herbert H. Morris ... 1428		
Richardson Evans ... 1907	Frederick E. Gibson ... 1419		
James Simon Mackintosh ... 1872	Charles L. B. Cumming ... 1413		
Lindsay Neill ... 1820	Stephen H. M'Minn ... 1409		
John Davy ... 1795	John A. Boyle ... 1409		
George Boileau Reid ... 1730	William H. Crowe ... 1404		
Donald M. Smeaton ... 1702	Thomas Weir ... 1378		
William C. Beuett ... 1692	Evans C. Johnson ... 1375		
Edmund White ... 1685	Charles Kough ... 1375		
William Bushe Power ... 1659	Henry W. Lawrence ... 1374		
Claude Cecil Thornton ... 1649	John Faithfull Fleet ... 1364		
H. Granville Sharpe ... 1632	J. Clompsom Benskin ... 1363		
E. De La G. Sharkey ... 1606	Henry J. Parsons ... 1361		
Arthur Forbes ... 1576	George W. Vidal ... 1359		
John Charles Veasey ... 1569	J. Leech Johnston ... 1354		
W. Scott Forman ... 1531	William Porteous ... 1354		
T. Durant Beighton ... 1530	J. Fairlie Muir ... 1335		
H. Luttman-Johnson ... 1522	Frederick Birkbeck ... 1332		

EXAMINATION FOR CIVIL SERVICE OF INDIA.

TO THE EDITOR.

SIR,—As the Civil Service Commissioners have not published the places of education of the successful competitors in the recent examination for the Civil Service of India, will you do me the favour to allow me to state, through your columns, that the following successful candidates passed from the Civil Service College, viz.:—Messrs. C. J. Lyall, R. S. Aikman, J. Davy, G. B. Reid, W. B. Power, J. C. Veasey, W. S. Forman, T. D. Beighton, P. Nolan, T. J. Maltby, J. E. B. Jeffery, J. C. Benskin, and H. J. Parsons.—I am, Sir, your obedient servant,

R. J. HODGSON.

Civil Service College, London, W.,
July 24th, 1865.

CIVIL SERVICE OF INDIA.

The undermentioned candidates, selected in 1864, have passed the "Further Examination:—"

Order of Examination.	In First Examination.	In Further Examination.	Name of Candidate.	Presidency, &c.	Total.
3	1		G. E. Low ...	North-West Provinces, Punjab, and Oude ...	2130
20	2		H. Priestley ...	Ditto ...	1934
24	3		W. E. Purser ...	Ditto ...	1938
34	4		J. B. Jones ...	Madras ...	1912
13	5		H. B. Finlay ...	North-West Provinces, Punjab, and Oude ...	1907
29	6		A. Tagg ...	Madras ...	1784
36	7		A. D. Carey ...	Bombay ...	1764
37	8		J. R. Middleton ...	Ditto ...	1762
17	9		T. O. Wilkinson ...	North-West Provinces, Punjab, and Oude ...	1684
5	10		H. St. George Tucker ...	Ditto ...	1668
26	11		G. Toynebee ...	Bengal ...	1655
9	12		J. F. Stevens ...	Ditto ...	1651
7	13		F. W. Porter ...	North-West Provinces, Punjab, and Oude ...	1649
4	14		G. E. Knox ...	Ditto ...	1638
12	15		G. R. C. Williams ...	Ditto ...	1632
1	16		W. T. Martin ...	Ditto ...	1619
35	17		H. E. M. James ...	Bombay ...	1605
18	18		W. Thaine ...	North-West Provinces, Punjab, and Oude ...	1600
12	19		A. P. McDonnell ...	Bengal ...	1552
23	20		J. G. Charles ...	Ditto ...	1540
6	21		T. F. Harcourt ...	North-West Provinces, Punjab, and Oude ...	1501
21	22		J. S. Armstrong ...	Bengal ...	1484
8	23		W. J. H. Le Fanu ...	Madras ...	1482
19	24		W. Bleunerhassett ...	North-West Provinces, Punjab, and Oude ...	1429
33	25		E. I. Pearce ...	Madras ...	1408
31	26		T. D. Mackenzie ...	Bombay ...	1374
22	27		E. T. Candy ...	Ditto ...	1370
26	28		A. Keyser ...	Ditto ...	1360
16	29		H. P. Mulock ...	North-West Provinces, Punjab, and Oude ...	1346
38	30		J. M'Leod Campbell ...	Bombay ...	1344
15	31		R. E. Candy ...	Ditto ...	1312
25	32		W. B. Odham ...	Bengal ...	1291
10	33		J. K. Spence ...	Bombay ...	1285
20	34		S. F. A. Smith ...	North-West Provinces, Punjab, and Oude ...	1263
30	35		C. D. Maclean ...	Madras ...	1242
14	36		A. Robinson ...	North-West Provinces, Punjab, and Oude ...	1116

WOOLWICH ACADEMY.

The following are the successful candidates at the recent competitive examination for admission to the Royal Military Academy, Woolwich:—

JULY 25, 1865.

Order.	Marks.
1. Ramsay, G. S., Mrs. Wallace, Brighton; Eagle-house, Hammersmith; Wellesley-house, Twickenham ...	5,586
2. Johnston, D. A., Trinity College, Glenalmond; privately, and High-house, Old Charlton ...	5,898
3. Chisholm-Batten, J. F., Winchester and Wimbledon School ...	5,887
4. Bagot, C. H., the Rev. T. Y. Batye, Worlabye, Roehampton ...	5,163
5. Adamson, C. H. E., Rossal School, and Rev. G. R. Roberts, Croydon ...	5,065
6. Cumming, J. J. F., Cheltenham College; Dr. Niblett, Elmfield-house, Kilburn; Rev. G. Frost, 28, Kensington-square ...	4,879
7. Hewson, J. F., Cheltenham College ...	4,771
8. Dunlop, W. J., Dr. Lovell's, Winslow-hall, Bucks; Mr. R. B. De Burgh, Dublin ...	4,740
9. Rogers, J. P., Eton, Wellington College, and High-house, Old Charlton ...	4,725
10. Hartnell, E. J., Eton; Messrs. Forshall and Jackson ...	4,643
11. Gataker, H. W., Wimbledon School ...	4,583
12. Stanley, D. J. G., Eton and High-house, Old Charlton ...	4,449
13. Hare, John, the College, Malta; Rev. G. Chambers, Rochester; Mr. J. Taylor, Woolwich-common; and Mr. C. R. Rippin, 8, Clarence-place, Woolwich ...	4,425
14. Griffiths, A. S., Wimbledon School ...	4,400
15. Joyce, W. J., St. Mary's College, Oscott; St. Cuthbert's College, Ushaw; Mr. W. C. Northcott, Charlton ...	4,377
16. Blackburn, P., Eaton; and Messrs. R. Jones and Mercier, Clarence-house, East Sheen ...	4,370
17. Darby, W. W., Magdalen College School, Oxford; Mr. Cole, 1, Linton-terrace, Hastings; Rev. E. A. Claydon, Lee, Kent ...	4,291
18. Day, F. J., Wimbledon School ...	4,289
19. Hussey, P., M. L. T. Bertrand, Neuilly-sur-Seine, and Mr. De Burgh's, Dublin ...	4,286
20. Nugent, W. A. M. Downton, Geneva, and Mr. De Burgh's, Dublin ...	4,288
21. Morgan, T. C., Rev. F. T. Gruglu, Pockington Grammar School, York; and Rev. W. H. Johnston, Croydon ...	4,255
22. Wooley, A. S., Kensington School and Wimbledon School ...	4,247
23. Yates, H. T. S., Grammar School, Sandbach; Rugby, and High-house, Old Charlton ...	4,238
23. Burnett, H. W., Harrow; Rev. T. R. Roberts, Croydon; and Rev. G. Frost's, 28, Kensington-square, W. ...	4,238
25. Gardiner, R., Queen's College, Cork; and Mr. T. P. Fleming, Tunbridge Castle ...	4,229
26. Turner, F. M., Eton; and Messrs. Forshall and Jackson, High-house, Old Charlton ...	4,223
27. Brown, L. F., Charterhouse; and Rev. G. Frost's, 28, Kensington-square ...	4,216
28. Preston, H. E., Cheltenham College ...	4,158
29. Johnson, E. A., Cheltenham College ...	4,144
30. Yerbury, J. W., Dr. Bridgman's, Woolwich-common ...	4,187
31. Henry, G., Messrs. Walker and Jelf, Trinity College, Dublin ...	4,054
32. Holbeche, R. N., Chestertfield Grammar School; King Edward's School, Birmingham; and Rev. G. Frost's, 28, Kensington-square, W. ...	4,049
33. Freeth, S. P. F., Dr. Bridgman's, Woolwich-common ...	4,040
34. Smith, W. O., Wimbledon School ...	4,036
35. Goldsmit, A. E. W., Rev. G. F. Alfreys, Tunbridge-wells ...	4,031
36. Wright, F. C. B., Rev. W. H. Cutteridge, Temple School, Brighton; Rev. E. Day, Cleveland-house, Brixton; and Rev. W. H. Johnston, Bromsgrove-house, Croydon ...	3,950
37. Law, E. F., Mr. T. Hodge, West-view, St. Andrew's, Scotland; and High-house, Old Charlton ...	3,898
38. Hadaway, G. R., Dr. Bridgman's, Woolwich-common ...	3,749

Order.	Mark-
39. England, A. F., Dr. Bridgman's, Woolwich-common	3,748
40. Moore, F. R., Grammar School, Plymouth; and Mr. Northcott, Charlton	3,740

MISCELLANEOUS.

BILLS ON INDIA.—The biddings for 25,00,000 rupees (£250,000) in bills on India took place on Wednesday, the 19th ult., at the Bank of England, and the following are the official particulars: The proportions allotted were, to Calcutta, 17,76,000 rupees; to Madras, 2,24,000 rupees; and to Bombay, 5,50,000 rupees. The minimum price was, as before, 1s. 10½d. on Calcutta and Madras, and 1s. 10¾d. on Bombay. Tenders on Calcutta and Madras, at 1s. 11½d., will receive about 54 per cent.; and on Bombay, at 2s., in full.—The biddings for bills on India took place at the Bank of England on Wednesday, the 2nd inst. The proportions allotted were, to Calcutta, £163,500; to Madras, £2,000; and to Bombay, £100,000. The minimum price was, as before, 1s. 10½d. on Calcutta and Madras, and 1s. 10¾d. on Bombay. Tenders on Calcutta and Madras, at 1s. 11½d., will receive about 75 per cent., and on Bombay, at 1s. 11½d., about 70 per cent.

EASTERN ASSAM COMPANY (LIMITED).—The first ordinary general meeting of shareholders in the Eastern Assam Company (Limited) was held on Monday, at the offices of the undertaking, 2, East India-avenue, under the presidency of William Morram, Esq. The secretary read the following report:—"The company was registered on the 11th of October, and a first issue of 18,000 shares, on which £1 was paid up on allotment, was fully taken up. On the 10th November, 1864, orders were sent to the Calcutta agents of the company to appoint a gentleman to take over charge of the estates from the vendors, and Mr. James Warren, of Chubwa, Dibrooghur, a planter of great experience, consented to act on their behalf. In their letters of the 6th of February, 1865, Messrs. Thomson, Shaw, and Co., of Calcutta, the company's agents, announced this, but it was only by a letter from them of the 10th June that the information was received that the report had reached Calcutta. It has not yet arrived in this country, and the directors regret that they were compelled by the articles of association to call the first half-yearly meeting in the present month of July, as had it been otherwise, they might have been able to give the shareholders a fuller and more accurate account of their property than it is in their power now to do. In order that they may not again be thus inconveniently limited to certain times, a resolution will be submitted to the effect that the general meetings be held in the months of January and July in every year, or within two months before or after those days respectively, instead of one month as prescribed by the memorandum of association. Although the report has not yet been received, Mr. James John Haly has been in charge of the property for the company since the 21st of December last, and the funds for carrying on the plantations have been supplied by the company since that date." The report was adopted, and the retiring auditors re-elected.

THE NOWGONG TEA COMPANY OF ASSAM (LIMITED).—The first ordinary general meeting of the shareholders in the Nowgong Tea Company of Assam, was held on Monday, at the offices of the company, 4, East India-avenue; the chair was occupied by Mr. Barry, M.P. The secretary read the report, detailing the operations of the company since its commencement, and embracing the opinion of a gentleman who in his private capacity had visited the company's estates, which opinion was of the most favourable character, as respects the future of the company. The chair-

man, in answer to a question, said that he knew of no reason why the shares of the company should have suffered depreciation in value, which he felt bound to say was in the opinion of the directors purely fictitious. They thought that shares could not be bought at the prices given in the official list. The report was unanimously adopted.

THE ORIENTAL FINANCIAL CORPORATION (LIMITED).—The ordinary half-yearly general meeting of the members of this corporation was held on the 28th ult., at the London Tavern; Mr. J. Brown in the chair. The report presented and balance-sheet showed that the affairs of the corporation were in anything but a satisfactory position. Amongst other things it stated that it had been deemed advisable to write off a further amount of £1,000 from the preliminary expenses. This reduced the amount at the credit of profit and loss on the 30th ult. to £11,372. The directors did not intend declaring an *ad interim* dividend for the past half-year. The directors have been enabled to place the securities of the corporation on a most satisfactory footing, but from want of capital the business done elsewhere than in India had been necessarily restricted. The transactions in Calcutta had been of a satisfactory nature, but the latest letters from our agents in Bombay bring advice of their having been obliged to carry over some of the loans they had entered into. Since the report was printed the directors had been placed in a position to lay before and recommend to the members an amalgamation with another corporation. It was proposed that in the event of the amalgamation being carried out, three of the directors of the Oriental Financial Corporation would join the board of the London and Mediterranean Bank, so that the realisation of their assets would be under the supervision of their own directors, who were thoroughly conversant with the affairs of the corporation.

CALCUTTA AND SOUTH-EASTERN RAILWAY.—An extraordinary general meeting of the shareholders was held on the 27th ult., at the offices, 211, Gresham-house, Old Broad-street, for the purpose of having submitted to them for confirmation certain special resolutions passed at the extraordinary general meeting of the company on the 11th ult.; Mr. J. Borradaile was in the chair. The resolutions in question, which have already been published, were unanimously confirmed.

INDIAN CARRYING COMPANY (LIMITED).—At a special general meeting of the shareholders of this company, held on the 27th ult., at their offices, Broad-street-buildings, Sir M. Stephenson (chairman) moved, and Mr. G. Norton seconded, the adoption of a resolution, passed at the general meeting on the 4th ult., authorising an increase of the capital of the company by the creation of 25,000 new shares at £2 per share.

DESPATCH OF THE CALCUTTA MAILS.—SOUTHAMPTON, July 20.—The P. and O. Company's steamship *Massilia*, Capt. Almond, has sailed hence with the mails for Gibraltar, the Mediterranean, Egypt, Aden, Ceylon, India, China, Australia, New Zealand, &c. She took out 40 first and 20 second-class passengers, and a general cargo, including 310 boxes of specie, &c., for the following ports, viz.:—Madras, gold coin, £648; silver coins, 17s. 6d.; gold thread, £721. Calcutta, bar silver, £45,700; jewellery and watches, £1,159. Hong Kong, bar silver, £10,000; dollars, £2,750; gold thread, £450. Shanghai, dollars, £19,150; silver coin, £200; jewellery and watches, £2,932. 10s.; and for Alexandria, sovereigns, £16,000.

DESPATCH OF BOMBAY MAILS.—SOUTHAMPTON, July 27.—The Peninsular and Oriental Company's steamer *Syria*, Captain Christian, sailed with the mails for Gibraltar, the Mediterranean, Egypt, Aden, Bombay, and Upper Bengal. She took out twenty

first and twenty-two second class passengers, and on freight a full cargo, including sovereigns, for Alexandria, £4,000; and jewellery, for Bombay, value £345. Amongst the passengers are Ensign Aubertin, Colonel Ellis, Captain Knox, Captain Fraser, and the Rev. R. Neale.

DESPATCH OF THE CALCUTTA AND CHINA MAILS.—The Peninsular and Oriental Company's steamship *Nyanza*, Captain Gaby, sailed from Southampton yesterday (Friday) afternoon with the usual mails, 45 first and 25 second-class passengers, and a full cargo of general merchandise, principally Manchester goods; also on freight, 483 boxes specie, value £122,743. 10s., for the following ports, viz.: Madras, bar silver, £10,000; gold coin, £1,018, gold thread, £931. 10s.; Calcutta, jewellery, &c., £439; Penang, dollars, £5,000; Singapore, dollars, £21,000; Hong Kong, bar silver, £900, dollars £22,450, gold thread £935; and for Shanghai, bar silver £520, dollars £58,950, jewellery £100. Amongst the passengers by this mail are Assistant-Surgeons Murray, Farquharson, and Grosse, Surgeon-Major Turnbull, Surgeon O'Leary, Dr. White, Captains Browne, Thompson, Haycock, and Lyon, Col. Hume, Lieutenant Palmer, Lieutenant-Colonel Arbuthnot, and Rev. C. Clarke.

ARRIVAL OF THE HEAVY CALCUTTA MAIL.—SOUTHAMPTON, July 22.—The Peninsular and Oriental Company's steamer *Nyanza*, with the heavy portion of the above mails, has arrived here. She brought 340 packages of mails, 191 passengers, £120,000 in specie, and a general cargo, including 961 bales of raw silk, value £70,000 sterling.

LUCKNOW PRIZE MONEY.—Tuesday's *Gazette* contains a notice that prize rolls for the under-mentioned corps, on account of the second distribution of prize money for the operations and capture of Lucknow in 1858, have been received at Greenwich Hospital, containing the names of those whose shares have been remitted to the commissioners of the hospital by the Government of India, and the distribution of such shares will commence on the 21st of August next, and will be continued on Mondays, Wednesdays, and Fridays, during the hours from eleven to two o'clock. The following are the rolls which have been received, viz.:—8th, 10th, 20th, 23rd, 34th, 38th, 42nd, 53rd, 64th, 75th, 78th, and 84th Foot.

VISIT OF JAPANESE TO BEDFORD.—On Saturday, the 29th ult., a large party of Japanese, sent over by Prince Satsuma to gain a knowledge of the agriculture and manufactures of Great Britain, paid a visit to the Britannia Iron Works at Bedford. They were accompanied by Professor Williamson, of the London University; by the Professor of Natural Philosophy at the Glasgow University, and other eminent scientific men, who have the direction of their investigations. The foreign visitors took great interest in the machinery and the processes in operation, and seemed astonishingly quick in comprehending the various details. They appeared very unwilling to leave the works, but steam having been got up in one of the new steam ploughing engines, about fifteen of the Japanese crowded on to it wherever they could get a footing; and it was highly amusing to see with what delight they travelled in all directions over the extensive quadrangle of the works. After spending about three hours in them they took luncheon with the Mayor of Bedford (Mr. James Howard), and proceeded to witness the steam-ploughing on Messrs. Howard's farms at Clapham. A reaping machine which was at work was quickly handled and cleverly managed by them. Subsequently they visited Biddenham for the purpose of viewing Mr. Charles Howard's celebrated short horns and sheep; and, after dining with the Mayor, they left for London by the last train, expressing their unbounded delight with the day's visit to Bedford.

THE ABYSSINIAN PRISONERS.—We read in a letter from Djeddah that Captain Cameron, her Britannic Majesty's Consul in Abyssinia, has been relieved of the fetters in which he was long arbitrarily confined, and that his complete release is shortly expected. King Theodore still keeps fettered hand and foot MM. Stern and Rosenthal, the German Protestant missionaries. His Majesty is very ill-disposed towards these two gentlemen for having ridiculed his claim of descent from Solomon and the Queen of Sheba.

OFFICERS OF THE ROYAL ARTILLERY DESTINED FOR INDIA.—(Woolwich, August 3.)—Several officers of the depot and other brigades of Royal Artillery are under orders for embarkation to India. Lieut.-Colonel Reilly's battery of the B brigade Royal Horse Artillery is ordered to undergo a course of practice at the Government School of Gunnery, Shoeburyness.

THE SUEZ CANAL WORKS.—The *Isthme de Suez*, the special organ of the Suez Canal Company, announces that the continuous navigable way from the Mediterranean to the Red Sea will be opened on July 15.

SHIPPING.

ARRIVALS.

July 17. Eastern Belle, Calcutta; Ironsides, Akyab; Denmark, Moulmein.—18. James Livesay, Calcutta.—19. Beaumaris Castle, Calcutta.—21. Hollinade, Colombo; Campbell, Andaman.—Ethel, Mauritius.—24. Koh-i-noor, Madras.—26. Burman, Calcutta.—27. Albion, Mauritius; Ganges, Kurrachee.—28. Lucerne, Batavia; Mercator, Batavia; Ikijana, Malabar.—31. Onward, Calcutta; Cathart, Mauritius; Accrington, Calcutta; City of Paris, Calcutta.—Aug. 2. Fleur de Lis, Calcutta; Durham, Calcutta; Chariot of Fame, Bombay; Lord Clyde, Madras; Aline, Manila.—3. Wanhojey, Calcutta; Rowena, Calcutta; Euryome, Rangoon; Algiers, Bombay; Loch Lomar, Rangoon.—4. M. J. Evans, Colombo; Hannibal and Stratpefor, Calcutta; Arundel Castle, Calcutta; Goldfinder, Akyab; Cesaria, Manila.

DEPARTURES.

July 18. Conflict, Calcutta; City of Agra, Bombay.—22. Mulabar, Kurrachee; St. Lawrence, India.—25. Olive Branch, Mauritius.—26. Albert Victor, Calcutta; Tyburnia, Bombay.—27. Delmeire, Bombay; John Bunyan, Bombay.—28. Cuisse Colombo; str. Citizen, Bombay; Constance, Batavia.—31. Peter Joyson, Bombay; M. Buteshwar, Bombay; C. Hermannos, Manila; Avery, Penang; Radama, Calcutta.

PASSENGERS DEPARTED.

Per strs. Lawrence and Conflict.—The following officers embarked with detachments of troops: Capt. F. O'Berne and Lieut. Betty, 2nd Dragoon Guards; Lieut. Cornac, 16th Hussars; Cornet Bell, 5th Hussars; Capt. Sotheby and Ens. Dunn, Rifle Brigade; Capt. Bagwell, 2nd Battalion 12th Regt.; Capt. Boyce and Leeson, 34th Regt.; Capt. Pigeon, 10th Regt.; Lieut. T. Kirke and Ens. H. J. White, 77th Regt.; Lieut. F. Gerard, 2nd Fusiliers; Lieut. P. Walker, 34th Regt.; Lieut. J. M. Kingcombe and Ens. C. Hare, 91st Highlanders; with Staff surgs. Thompson and Walker. Per Tyburnia.—Troops (322).—The following officers embarked with the detachments, viz.: Capt. J. W. Russell and J. H. Maxwell, and Ens. F. R. Stanton, 1st Royals; Capt. C. L. Griffin and Lieut. A. A. Pollard, 45th Regt.; Capt. E. Roberts and Ens. J. B. Irving, 4th Foot; Lieut. P. A. S. Mannock and W. P. Roche, 3rd Dragoon Guards; Lieut. A. Cupperge, Lieut. J. H. Blunt, and Ens. A. McCally, 102nd Regt.; and Ens. T. Price, 103rd Regt.

Per Overland Route.

Per str. Massilia, July 20, from Southampton.—To CALCUTTA.—Capt. Everett, Mr. P. R. Hindman, Capt. G. L. Fraser, Mrs. Adams, Surg. maj. and Mrs. Gibant, Asst. surg. Grand, Asst. surg. McClean, Surg. Hooper. To MADRAS.—Miss G. Good, Mr. K. T. Best, Lieut. R. W. O'Grady. To ALEXANDRIA.—Col. and Mrs. Stanton, Mr. Uniacke. Per str. Ripon, July 28, from Marseilles.—To CALCUTTA.—Capt. A. D. Vanden, Capt. H. M. M. Lock, Mr. T. W. Brookes, Mr. J. Maxwell. To MADRAS.—Mr. G. Short, Col. and Mrs. De Saumarez, Mr. Drury.

Per Messageries Impériales, July 10, from Marseilles.—To MADRAS.—Capt. and Mrs. FitzGibbon, Capt. Haines. To CALCUTTA.—Mr. Besmeres.

Per str. Syria, from Southampton, July 27.—To BOMBAY.—Rev. R. Neale, Mr. W. McCulloch, Miss Black, Mr. Gilbert, Mrs. Barnett and infant, Capt. Fraser. To ALEXANDRIA.—Mrs. Houscan.

Per str. Pera, from Marseilles.—To BOMBAY.—Capt. and Mrs. G. F. Hogg, Mr. and Mrs. Minet, Mr. J. H. Davies, Mr. F. Fox, Mrs. Fox, Mr. Shepherd, Mr. Leathes.

Per str. Nyauza, from Southampton, Aug. 4.—To CALCUTTA.—Mr. B. Coen, Mr. F. W. T. McIlmish, Mr. J. T. O'Flynn, Mr. H. H. Tubby, Mr. F. W. T. Wiese, Mr. J. Campbell, Mr. J. Paterson, Mr. W. F. Alexander, Mr. J. A. Wilmore, Dr. and Mrs. White, Asst. surg. Murray, Surg. maj. Turnbull, Mrs. Turnbull, Capt. and Mrs. G. A. Browne. To MADRAS.—Mr. and Mrs. Purrie, Miss Simpson, Mr. R. M. Branson, Surg. O'Leary, Surg. Nott, Mr. H. Neil, Capt. W. Thompson, Capt. T. O'Neill.

Per str. Pera, from Marseilles.—To CALCUTTA.—Lieut. col. R. C. Wroughton, Mr. and Mrs. Adams, Mr. and Mrs. Ironside, Capt. Mallock.

CASUALTIES.

The Duke of Rothsay, sailed from the Broomclaw 3rd December, and from the Clyde on the 8th, for Calcutta, has not since been heard of.

DOMESTIC.

BIRTHS.

BROWN.—The wife of Lieut. colonel Brown, Tenasserim, Burmah, of a daughter, at Edinburgh, July 22.

BURKINYOUNG.—The wife of J. A. Burkinyoung, Esq., of a daughter, at Warwick-gardens, Kensington, July 8.

COLLINS.—The wife of George Collins, Esq., H.M.'s I.S., of a son, at Farnham, Surrey, July 22.

HALE.—The wife of Captain George Hale, H.M.'s Indian Army, of a daughter, at 19, Montpelier-road, Brighton, July 17.

HAY.—The wife of Capt. A. C. Hay, Madras Staff Corps, of a daughter, at 11, Ann-street, Edinburgh, July 25.

HOGG.—The wife of Lieut. colonel Hogg, M.P., of a son, at 24, Wilton-crescent, July 28.

KEMBALL.—The wife of Lieut. colonel J. S. Kemball, H.M.'s Staff Corps, Bombay, of a daughter, at Llandudno, North Wales, July 29.

SAUNDERS.—The wife of George N. Saunders, Esq., H.M.'s Bengal Army, of a daughter, at 15, Leeterrace, Lee, July 27.

THOYTS.—The wife of Captain Thoyts, Bombay Staff Corps, of a daughter, at 107, Mount-street, Grosvenor-square, July 16.

MARRIAGES.

ARBUTHNOT—CAMPBELL.—William Arbuthnot, Esq., of Madras, eldest son of John Alves Arbuthnot, Esq., to Margaret Rosa, eldest daughter of the late John Campbell, Esq., of Kilbury, Argylshire, at the British Consulate, and afterwards at the English Episcopal Church, Leghorn, July 12.

BACON—CARR.—Major Francis K. Bacon, Bengal Staff Corps, to Sarah Lucy, daughter of the late Bishop Carr, first Bishop of Bombay, at St. Peter's Church, Eaton-square, July 18.

BATEMAN—TREACHER.—Edwin Bateman, Esq., of Kempsey, to Marianne E., daughter of John Treacher, Esq., of London and Bombay, at St. Mark's Church, Kennington, July 18.

COXON—BOULDERSON.—Atwell, son of the late John Stewart Coxon, Esq., of Flesk Priory, Killarney, to Louisa, daughter of the late Shadwell M. Boulderson, Esq., B.C.S., at St. James's, Piccadilly, July 26.

DUFF—DAVIDSON.—W. Pirie Duff, Esq., of Calcutta, to Isabella, daughter of the late William Davidson, Esq., at the Presbyterian Church, Regent-square, July 26.

FITZPATRICK—BAILLIE.—Francis Skelton Fitz Patrick, Esq., 42nd Madras N.I., to Mary Anne, youngest daughter of the late Colonel Alexander Baillie, Madras Army, at St. Stephen's Church, Bayswater, July 20.

GRACE—COWAN.—Charles H. Grace, Esq., H.M.'s Madras Staff Corps, to Margaret E., daughter of the Rev. S. Cowan, Minister of Kelton, at the Manse of Kelton, Kirkcudbright, July 13.

GRANT—LAURIE.—Capt. J. A. Grant, H.M.'s 6th Bengal European Regt., to Margaret, daughter of the late Andrew Laurie, Esq., of Edinburgh, grandniece of the late Sir Peter Laurie, at Trinity Church, Marylebone, by the Rev. Benjamin Speke, July 25.

HALLED—SHAW.—William Barwell Halled, son of the late Nathaniel John Halled, Esq., Bengal C.S., to Georgiana, second daughter of the late T. A. Shaw, Esq., Bengal C.S., at Christ Church, Paddington, July 12.

HOOLE—SWAN.—Stanley, son of the Rev. John Hoole, of The Paragon, to Alice Mary, daughter of the late Robert D. Swan, Esq., of the Indian Navy, at All Saints, Blackheath, July 27.

JENNER—ACTON.—Herbert Augustus Rous Jenner, sixth son of the late Robert Francis Jenner, Esq., of Wenaoe Castle, Glamorganshire, to Charlotte Augusta Louisa, eldest daughter of the late Henry Acton, Esq., of the Indian Army, at St. Peter's, Eaton-square, July 27.

LAKE—CLEVERLY.—Benjamin Greene Lake, of Highgate and of Lincoln's-inn, Esq., to Louisa Mary, daughter of the late Hugh Cleverly, Esq., of Bombay, at St. Michael's, Highgate, July 29.

MOORE—HOWARD.—Charles A. Moore, Captain H.M.'s 2nd Bombay Light Cavalry, to Harriet E. C., youngest daughter of Alfred Howard, Esq., at St. James's Church, Piccadilly, August 1.

NEWHAM—COWAN.—Edward George Newham, 17th Bengal Cavalry, to Anna Maria, daughter of Charles Cowan, Esq., at Valleyfield, Penny-cuik, N.B., July 18.

PATERNOSTER—WEST.—John Paternoster, Esq., of Eastbourne-terrace, late H.E.I.C.S., to Cecilia Mary, youngest daughter of Anthony West, Esq., formerly of Merton, Surrey, at Holy Trinity Church, Paddington, July 20.

PRESTON—CAULFIELD.—Nathaniel Francis Preston, Esq., of Swainston, Co. Meath, to Augusta Florence, youngest daughter of the late Lieut. colonel Caulfield, of Bloomfield, Co. Westmeath, at Muggiscar, July 25.

RHOADES—LESTER.—James Rhoades, Esq., Asst. Master Haileybury College, fourth son of the late Rev. P. J. Rhoades, Rector of Clonmel, to Charlotte Elizabeth, only daughter of the late Major general Lester, Bombay Artillery, at the Parish Church, Rugby, July 27.

RIDGE—ANDERSON.—Samuel S. Ridge, late H.M.'s Indian Navy, to Jane C., daughter of James Anderson, Esq., of Comely Bank, Arbroath, July 19.

SCOVELL—KENNETT.—Augustus Charles Scovell, Esq., of Christ Church, Oxford, third son of George Scovell, Esq., of Grosvenor-place, to Arabella Barrington, youngest daughter of the late Capt. V. F. Kennett, B.N.I., of the Manor-house, Dorchester, at St. Peter's, Eaton-square, July 20.

TAPP—PRIOR.—Colonel J. H. Tapp, Madras Army, to Helen E., second daughter of Major general Henry Prior, Madras Army, at Cottishall, Norfolk, July 18.

TANCOCK—CHANNER.—Rev. Osborne W. Tancock, M.A., to Elizabeth C. K., eldest daughter of Col. G. G. Channer, late Royal Bengal Artillery, at Clifton, July 13.

TAYLOR—CUST.—Rev. Isaac Taylor, M.A., eldest son of the late Isaac Taylor, of Stanford Rivers, Essex, to Georgiana Anne, youngest daughter of the late Hon. and Rev. Cockayne Cust and Lady Anna Maria Cust, at St. Michaels, Chester-square, July 31.

WHEATLEY—HUTCHINSON.—Edmund F. Wheatley, Esq., Medical Staff, Bombay Army, to Cecilia T., daughter of Thomas Hutchinson, Esq., at St. James, Leith, July 13.

WHITFORD—EDGCOMB.—Richard Whitford, Esq., of Falmouth, to Minnie, third daughter of the late George Edgcomb, Surgeon 5th Madras L.C., at Penweris Church, July 26.

WIGGINS—JENKINS.—George Wiggins, Esq., son of the late Major F. L. Wiggins, Bengal Army, to Esther T., daughter of the late W. W. Jenkins, Esq., of Brixton, Surrey, at the Church of the Holy Trinity, Tulse-hill, Surrey, Aug. 1.

WYNDOWE—KILVERT.—Samuel Jardine Wyndowe, Esq., M.D., Madras Medical Service, to Emily, second daughter of the Rev. Robert Kilvert, Rector of Langley Burrell, Wilts, at Langley Burrell, July 25.

DEATHS.

BLENKINSOP.—Edward C. Blenkinsop, late a Lieutenant in the Madras Army, at Crediton, Devon, aged 32, July 28.

BROWN.—Percival A., youngest son of the late George Augustus Brown, Esq., late H.E.I.C.S., July 16.

GRAHAM.—Henry Gibbon Graham, late Deputy Inspector of Hospitals, Madras Army, at Elm-hurst, near Glastonbury, aged 62, July 16.

HARVEY.—Lieut. George Lake Harvey, 7th Royal Fusiliers, on homeward voyage, at St. Helena, June 22 (son of G. F. Harvey, Esq., of Larkfield, Surrey).

HORSBRUGH.—John, sixth son of the late Major Boyd Horsbrugh, of Lochmalony, Fifeshire, at 10, Inverleith-place, Edinburgh, July 23.

JOHNSON.—Walter, of Calcutta, on board P. and O. Steamer *Mooltan*, near Aden, aged 35, June 27.

JONES.—Ensign Luke Henry Jones, 89th Regiment, on homeward voyage, of cholera, on board the *Walmer Castle*, July 13.

KENNEDY.—Richard Hartley Kennedy, Esq., late Physician-General of the Bombay Army, at the Great Western Hotel, Paddington, July 24.

NICOLSON.—Agnes, wife of Major Nicolson, late of the Bengal Army, at Hawkhill, Rosemarkie, Ross-shire, June 21.

THOM.—James Douglas, second son of J. P. Thom, Esq., of Earl's-terrace, Kensington.

TREMENEHEERE.—Fanny Camilla, eldest daughter of Colonel Tremeneheere, C.B., at Spring-grove, the residence of her uncle, Major-General Tremeneheere, July 7.

WATKINS.—Lieut.-General W. Watkins, late Madras Army, at Killarney, July 22, aged 77.

WILKINSON.—Catharine, wife of Lieut.-General C. D. Wilkinson, C.B., H.M.I.A., at Bayswater, aged 57, July 80.

YATES—Susanna, widow of William Yates, Esq., M.D., late H.E.I.C.S., at the Cedars, Edgbaston, Birmingham, aged 80, July 16.

India Office;

August 3, 1865.

ARRIVALS REPORTED IN ENGLAND.

ECCELESIASTICAL.

Bengal Estab.—Rev. Henry Murray, Junior Chaplain; July 18.

Madras Estab.—Rev. W. S. Smith, Junior Chaplain; July 22.

CIVIL.

Bengal Estab.—Messrs. J. C. Colvin, A. Shakespear, J. H. McRae (Uncov.).

Madras Estab.—Mr. E. F. Elliott.

Bombay Estab.—Mr. J. Elphinstone.

MILITARY.

Bengal Estab.—Major E. G. Languson, Staff Corps; Aast. surg. F. H. O'Donnell, Med. Estab.; Lieut. W. M. Story, Inf.; Vet. surg. J. W. Garrard, Vet. Estab.; Capt. W. S. Trevor, Engrs.; Lieut. C. H. Palmer, 55th N.I.; Aast. surg. W. E. Caird, Med. Estab.; Lieut. col. H. E. Thuillier, Art.; Lieut. A. B. Thomas, 4th Eur. Regt.; Lieut. J. R. Marett, 2nd N.I.; Major J. Emerson, Staff Corps; Lieut. col. A. Fraser, Engrs.; Lieut. E. S. Fox, Staff Corps; Lieut. L. McDowell, Inf.; Capt. A. Wakefield, 4th Eur. Cav.; Lieut. W. Holroyd, Staff Corps; Surg. major J. Squire, Med. Estab.

Madras Estab.—Lieut. W. Stenhouse, 32nd N.I.; Major G. J. Tireman, Staff Corps; Lieut. col. R. T. Snow, Staff Corps; Lieut. col. M. C. Cholmeley, 27th N.I.; Capt. H. D. Smith, Staff Corps; Lieut. S. E. Atkinson, 50th N.I.; Lieut. C. E. Shirreffs, 30th N.I.; Surg. H. R. Marrett, Med. Estab.; Lieut. col. E. Webb, Staff Corps; Major C. P. Taylor, Staff Corps.

Bombay Estab.—Lieut. A. J. Vibart, 14th N.I.; Capt. F. J. Ross, Staff Corps; Lieut. O. V. Tanner, Staff Corps; Lieut. G. R. Peart, Inf.; Lieut. J. Ducat, Staff Corps; Major C. J. Symons, Inv. Estab.

GRANTED EXTENSION OF LEAVE.

ECCELESIASTICAL.

Bengal Estab.—Rev. T. A. C. Firminger, Chaplain; 6 mo.; Aug. 4.

CIVIL.

Bengal Estab.—Messrs. H. W. Alexander, 3 mo.; O. Toogood, 6 mo.; C. F. Rowband (Uncov.), 4 mo.

Madras Estab.—Mr. D. Williams, 2 mo.

Bombay Estab.—Mr. J. E. André, 6 mo.

MILITARY.

Bengal Estab.—Lieut. C. S. Noble, 72nd N.I., 5 mo.; Capt. C. P. Hunter, Staff Corps, 6 mo.; Lieut. A. W. Parker, Inf., 6 mo.; Lieut. E. H. Willock, Cav., 6 mo.; Lieut. F. L. Dyce, 71st N.I., 6 mo.; Aast. surg. J. J. Laurence, Med. Estab., 6 mo.

Madras Estab.—Lieut. J. E. Strettell, Inf., 6 mo.; Lieut. G. M. Balfour, 2nd Eur. Regt., 6 mo.; Major P. T. Sims, 6th N.I., 6 mo.; Capt. G. H. Stiles, 4th N.I., 6 mo.; Major A. C. Gordon, Staff Corps, 3 mo.

Bombay Estab.—Col. A. R. Manson, Inf., 6 mo.; Lieut. H. W. Watson, Engrs., 6 mo.; Lieut. H. F. Burnes, 31st N.I., 6 mo.

PERMITTED TO RETURN TO DUTY.

ECCELESIASTICAL.

Bengal Estab.—Rev. W. H. Drowbridge, Junior Chaplain; Aug. 2.

CIVIL.

Bengal Estab.—Mr. A. Shakespear.

Bombay Estab.—Messrs. J. R. Morgan, W. Boulton (Uncov.).

MILITARY.

Bengal Estab.—Lieut. J. Finnis, 5th Eur. Regt.; Capt. H. A. Mallock, Art.

Madras Estab.—Capt. H. Fraser, 3rd L.C.; Capt. W. Ramsay, 10th N.I.; Lieut. F. S. FitzPatrick, 42nd N.I.; Capt. J. M. Williams, 1st Eur. Regt.; Capt. T. O'Neill, 6th N.I.

Bombay Estab.—Capt. G. F. Hogg, Staff Corps; Surg. J. Gilbert, Med. Estab.; Lieut. R. Hennell, Inf.; Surg. major H. Pitman, Med. Estab.; Capt. S. Rimington, 81st N.I.; Surg. major M. Style, Med. Estab.; Lieut. C. Wodehouse, Staff Corps.

PERMITTED TO RETIRE.

MILITARY.

Bengal Estab.—Surg. major J. H. Littler, Med. Estab.; Surg. major F. Douglas, Med. Estab.

Madras Estab.—Major F. A. Brooking, 18th N.I.; Surg. major J. Pringle, Med. Estab.

INDIA EXCHANGES.

BANK AND COMMERCIAL BILLS.

	60 days' sight.	30 days' sight.		60 days' sight.	30 days' sight.
Calcutta	1s. 11½d.	1s. 11½d.	Singapore	4s. 6d.	4s. 7d.
Madras	1s. 11½d.	1s. 11½d.	Hong Kong	4s. 6d.	4s. 7d.
Rombay	1s. 11½d.	1s. 11½d.	Shanghai	—	—
Colombo	par	5 pm.			

STOCKS AND SECURITIES.

Shares.		Paid.	Prices.
£.	India Stock, 1874.....		917 to 218
	India 5 per cent.		105
	India 4 per cent.		99½
	India 3 per cent. 1888 ..		99½
	India Enforced Paper 4 pr. ct.		
	India 5 p. ct. Enfd. Paper, 1872		100½ to 1½
	India Stock, Enfd. Paper, 5, per cent.		110
	India Stock Debentures, 1858		95½
	India Stock Debentures, 1859		116
	" " " " 1863		99½
	" " " " 1864 or 1866		99½
	India Debentures, do., £1,000		99½
	Do. 4 per cent., 1866.....		99½
	India 5 per cent. for account...		105
	India 5 per cent., 1870 ..		104½ to ½
	India 4 per cent. 1888		99½
	India Loan Scrip 5 per cent.		104½
	India Bonds, 4 p. ct. (£1,000)		15s. to 16s. pm.
	India Bonds (£1,000)		21s. to 17s. pm.
	Ditto (under £1,000)		31s. to 17s.

RAILWAYS.

Stock	Bombay, Baroda, and Central India (guar. 5 per ct.)	100	101½ to 102½
20	Ditto F Shares	4	½ to ¾ pm.
Stock	Calcutta & S. Eastern (lim.)	100	99 to 101
Stock	Eastern Bengal (gu. 5 p. ct.)	100	102½ to 103
Stock	East Indian	100	103 to 104
20	Ditto J. Extension.....	15	½ to ¾ pm.
Stock	G. I. Peninsula (gu. 5 p. ct.)	100	102½ to 103½
20	Ditto (New ditto)	14	½ to ¾ pm.
20	Ditto, New	4	½ to ¾ pm.
Stock	Great S. of India (lim.) Scrip	100	100 to 101
Stock	Ditto 4½ p. c.	2	
Stock	Madras (guar. 4½ per ct.)	100	89 to 91
Stock	Ditto 5 per cent.	100	101½ to 102½
Stock	Ditto (guar. 4½ per cent)	100	94 to 96
20	5th Extension.....	2	
Stock	Scinde 5 per cent.	100	101
Stock	Ditto India Steam Flotilla (guar. 5 per ct.)	100	93 to 96 x.d.
Stock	Delhi guar. 5 per cent.	100	101
Stock	Ditto Delhi gua. 5 p. c.....	all	100½ to 101½
20	Ditto	2	½ to ¾ d.
Stock	Punjab (5 per ct.)	100	100

BANKS.

50	Agra and Masterman's (L.)...	25	57 to 59
50	Old ones divided.....	25	60 to 62
20	Asiatic Banking Corp., new issue, £15 pm., on which £7. 10s. has been paid	5	
40	Australasia	all	74 to 77
25	New	all	75 to 76
25	Bank of Egypt	all	31½
20	Chart. of Ind., Aus., & China	all	27
20	Ditto, New	all	
25	Chart. Merc. of India, Lond., and China	all	45 to 47
	New	12½	
25	Commercial Bank of India*	all	19 to 21
100	Hindustan, China, & Japan ..	25	5½ to 6½
100	Do. New issue at 2 pm.	25	7
	New Issue at 6 pm., of which 1 pd.....	20	7
20	Land Mortgage Bank of India	4	½ to ¾ pm.
25	Oriental Bank Corporation.....	all	53 to 54
20	Scinde, Punjab, and Delhi ..	10	4 to 5 dis.
20	Ditto New		

MISCELLANEOUS.

5	Bombay Gas	all	5½
5	Second issue	3	par to ½
5	Third issue	1	
20	British Indian Tea	14	3 to 2 dis.
	E. Assam Tea (Lim.).....	1½	½ d. to ¾ pm.
20	Ceylon	7	2½ to 3½ pm.
50	Credit Foncier of Mauritius ..	10	4 to 5 dis.
20	Darjeeling (E.)	5	1 d. par
20	East India Irr. & Can.....	10	3½ to 3½ dis.
50	E. I. Financial	7½	4 to 5
2	Indian Carrying (Lim.)	1	½ d. par
20	Mauritius Land Credit (Lim.) ..	9	par to ½ pm.
20	Madras Irrig. and Canal.....	15	1 to 1½ dis.
20	Do.	all	19 to 20
10	Mediterran. Ext. Tel. (Lim.) ..	5	½ to 1 dis
20	Nerbudda Coal and Iron.....	2	1 d. par
20	Do. New	7	½ d. to par
20	North Assam Tea (Lim.)	1½	½ d. to ¾ pm.
20	Oriental Commercial	10	9 to 7 dis.
1	Oriental Financial	all	1½ to 1½
1	Oriental Gas	all	½ to ¾ pm.
10	Oriental Inland Steam A. (L.)	all	2 to 3
50	P. and O. Steam Nav. Co.	all	77 to 79
10	Ditto New	35	19 to 21 pm.
10	Upper Assam Tea	3½	3 to 4 pm.
10	Ditto	all	18 to 20

* Incorporated by Royal Charter, issued at 10 pm. (10 pd.)

ADVERTISEMENTS.

INDIA OFFICE, S.W., 1st June, 1865.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN, That an EXAMINATION OF CANDIDATES FOR FORTY APPOINTMENTS as ASSISTANT SURGEONS in her Majesty's Indian Medical Service will be held at CHELSEA HOSPITAL, on the 7th AUGUST, 1865.

Copies of the Regulations for the Examination of Candidates, together with information regarding the Pay and Retiring Allowances of Indian Medical Officers, may be obtained on application at the Military Department, India Office, Westminster, S.W.

T. T. PEARS, Major-general,
Military Secretary.

BOARD and EDUCATION.—A Widow

Lady and her Daughters, residing near a good Town in Kent, wish to TAKE ENTIRE CHARGE OF ONE OR TWO CHILDREN, or a Young Family, to whom they would give a Liberal Education. Their house stands detached, in an acre of ground. Terms, £100 per annum. Unexceptionable references in England. Reference is also kindly allowed to G. R. W. CAMPBELL, Esq., Canara Districts, Bombay. Address A. B., Glasnevin, Orton, Birkenhead.

INDIAN CHILDREN.—The Widow of a Physician, residing in the healthiest part of Brighton, is desirous of obtaining the CHARGE OF THREE OR FOUR CHILDREN, whose Parents are in India. Great Educational advantages are offered, with every home comfort, and the companionship of the advertiser's own two little girls. References exchanged. Address L. M. O., 139, Ledbury-road, Talbot-road, Bayswater, London.

THE Rev. ALFRED WRIGLEY, M.A.,

M.D., &c., of St. John's College, Cambridge, Professor of Mathematics and Classics in the late Royal Indian College, Addiscombe, now Head Master of the Clapham Grammar School, London, PREPARES PUPILS for the Universities, the Civil and Military Services, Woolwich, Sandhurst, and Direct Commissions. For the Prospectus apply to Dr. WRIGLEY, Clapham, S.

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SONS ARE RECEIVED by a Gentleman (son of an Officer, late of the Bombay Service), and EDUCATED for the Universities, Woolwich, Sandhurst, &c. Present number includes none but sons of officers of high standing, to whom reference may be made. House roomy, locality healthy and cheerful.

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HUGHES, M.A. (Wrangler, Cambridge, 1852), Rector of Ferrisville (population 32), begs to inform his Friends that he has REMOVED from the Finchley-road to his Residence (built expressly for him), CASTLEBAR-COURT, KALINGO, W., where he receives both Senior and Junior Pupils to prepare for the Army, Military Colleges, and the Civil Service.

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References:—The Right Rev. Bishop ANDERSON, D.D., Incumbent of Clifton; Colonel CHAMBER, late Commissary of Ordnance, Alhambra, Buckingham-villas, Clifton; Major GIBBERN, late of the Bombay Army, Richmond-terrace, Clifton.

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Consultations free.

. Observe. No connection with any one of the same name.

EPHRAIM MOSELY on the TEETH fully explains his system and exclusive patent. Free on application.

INDIA OFFICE, 14th July, 1865.

THE SECRETARY OF STATE FOR INDIA
in COUNCIL HEREBY GIVES NOTICE, That he has RECEIVED from the GOVERNMENTS OF BENGAL and BOMBAY respectively the undermentioned SCHEDULES, viz.:

BENGAL.

- A.** Schedule of all Administrations whereof the final Balances have been paid to the persons entitled to the same, specifying the amount of such Balances, and the persons to whom paid, during the six months ending on 31st December, 1864.
- B.** Schedule of all Sums of Money, Bonds, and other Securities received by the Administrator-General on account of Estates, not being Hindoo or Mahomedan, remaining under his charge, together with the payments made thereout, and the Balances. Prepared up to the 31st December, 1864, under Section XXXIV. of Act VIII. of 1855.
- C.** Schedule of all Sums of Money, Bonds, and other Securities received by the Administrator-General on account of Hindoo and Mahomedan Estates remaining under his charge, together with the payments made thereout, and the Balances in hand.
- D.** Schedule of Balances in the hands of the Administrator-General set apart to meet the admitted claims of creditors against the Estates therein mentioned.
- E.** Schedule of Unclaimed Balances of Estates under 500 rupees deposited with the Sub-Treasurer, Fort William, under the Financial Secretary's Letter of the 8th of October, 1852, interest being allowed thereon by Government.

BOMBAY.

- Schedule of all Sums of Money, Bonds, and other Securities received by the Administrator-General on account of each Estate remaining under his charge, together with the Payments made thereout, and the Balances. Prepared up to 31st December, under Section XXXI. of Act VIII. of 1855.
- Schedule of all Administrations whereof the Balances have been paid to the persons entitled to the same, specifying the amount of such Balances, and the persons to whom paid. Prepared for the half-year ending 31st December, 1864, under Section XXXIV. of Act VIII. of 1855.
- And that the said Schedules are open to the inspection of the public, in the Department of the Official Agent to the Administrators-General of India, at this Office.

LUCKNOW PRIZE MONEY.

INDIA OFFICE, 3rd August, 1865.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN, That PRIZE ROLLS for the undermentioned Corps of her Majesty's late Indian Forces, on account of the SECOND DISTRIBUTION OF PRIZE MONEY for the CAPTURE of LUCKNOW, in 1858, showing the Names of those Officers, Non-commissioned Officers, and Soldiers, whose Shares have not been paid in India, have been received, and that Distribution of such Shares will commence at the Military Department of this Office on the 21st Instant, and will continue daily (Saturdays excepted), between the hours of Eleven and Three o'clock.

1st European Bengal Fusiliers.
2nd Ditto Ditto.

LUCKNOW PRIZE MONEY.**SECOND DISTRIBUTION.**

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN, That PRIZE ROLLS for the undermentioned Corps, on account of the SECOND DISTRIBUTION OF PRIZE MONEY for the OPERATIONS and CAPTURE of LUCKNOW in 1858, have been received at this Hospital, containing the Names of those whose Shares have been remitted to the Commissioners of this Hospital by the Government of India; and that Distribution of such Shares will commence at my Office, on the 21st AUGUST Next, and will be continued on MONDAYS, WEDNESDAYS, and FRIDAYS, during the Hours from Eleven to Two o'clock. The following are the ROLLS which have been received, viz.:

—8th, 10th, 20th, 23rd, 34th, 35th, 42nd, 53rd, 64th, 75th, 78th, and 84th Foot.

DIRECTIONS.

All Claimants must state the Regimental Number borne by the Soldier.

In all personal applications at Chelsea Hospital by Discharged Soldiers, they must produce their Parchment Certificate of Service and Regimental Account Book, or Parchment Certificate of Pension.

Pensioners residing in the Country should apply through the Staff Officer of Pensioners for the District in which they respectively reside.

Claimants to the Shares of Deceased Soldiers, and all Claimants, Officers or Soldiers, residing beyond five miles from Chelsea Hospital, must apply by Letter, addressed to "The Secretary of Chelsea Hospital," when the necessary Forms will be sent.

Soldiers still serving must apply through the Officer commanding the Regiment or Depot.

OBSERVE.—The Claims preferred are so numerous, that it is found impossible to examine them, except after some delay. They will be investigated as early as possible in the order of date in which they are received; and an answer will be sent without the necessity of again applying on the subject.

A great portion of the delay is occasioned by the unnecessary renewal of the several applications.

GEORGE RUTT.

Secretary to the Commissioners.

Royal Hospital, Chelsea, July, 1865.

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Madras. Galle. Singapore. Hankow. Mauritius.

The Bank negotiates and collects Bills, and grants Drafts payable at the places above mentioned; issues Letters of Credit and Circular Notes, for the use of travellers by the Overland route, terms for which can be ascertained at the Head Office, in London.

The Bank will effect the purchase or sale of Indian securities, undertake the safe custody of same, and the receipt of Interest, Dividends, Pay, Pensions, and other moneys, for remittance through the Bank or otherwise.

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The Bank negotiates and collects Bills and grants Drafts on its branches and agencies as above. It acts as the agent of parties connected with the East in transmitting funds and in making investments in Indian and other public securities, effecting also the sale thereof, either at home or abroad. It undertakes their safe custody and the receipt of interest or dividends thereon, and receives pay, pensions, and other moneys for remittance through the Bank or otherwise.

The Bank also receives money on deposit at rates of interest proportioned to the length of the notice of withdrawal agreed to be given, the terms of which may be ascertained on inquiry. Office hours, 10 to 4; Saturdays, 10 to 2.

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Agencies and Branches are established at Bombay, Calcutta, Singapore, Ceylon, Hong Kong, Shanghai, and Melbourne.

The Corporation grant Drafts, and negotiate Bills of Exchange, payable at the above places, issue Letters of Credit, and conduct every description of banking business connected with the East.

They effect the purchase and sale of Indian Securities, the receipt of dividends, &c., and undertake the safe custody of securities.

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CIVIL SERVICE of INDIA.—A COMPETITIVE EXAMINATION of Candidates will be held by the Civil Service Commissioners on **MARCH 19, 1866**, and following days. The Competition will be open to all natural-born subjects of Her Majesty, who, on the 1st of March next, shall be over seventeen and under twenty-one years of age, and of good health and character.

CIVIL SERVICE of INDIA.—EXAMINATION of MARCH, 1866. Copies of the Regulations may be had upon application to "The Secretary, Civil Service Commission, London, S.W."

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JULY, 1865.

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London: WM. H. ALLEN and Co., 13, Waterloo-place, S.W., Publishers to the India Office.

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NOTICE OF CALL.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN, That in pursuance of a
Resolution passed at a Meeting of the Board of Directors,
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the Company's Bankers, Messrs. RANSOM, BOUVIER, and
Co., No. 1, Pall-mall East, S.W., London, a CALL of £3 per
Share (making £12 per Share paid), on or before THURSDAY,
the 24th day of AUGUST next, upon which sum of £2 per
Share interest at the rate of 5 per cent. per annum will be
paid from that date.

NOTICE IS ALSO GIVEN, That Shareholders are at
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any number of Shares, upon the understanding that interest
at 5 per cent. per annum will be paid thereon from the day of
payment.

By Order of the Board,

JOHN WESTWOOD, Secretary.
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EXTRACT FROM THE REPORT.

Premiums on the New Life and Guarantee Policies issued during the year 1864, amounted to ...	£23,149 16 6
Premiums on Fire Insurance from June last	13,359 17 11
The Gross Amount actually received in Pre- miums during the year was ...	169,658 13 7
The Life and Guaranteed Claims paid during the year 1864 ...	86,717 4 10
Increase in the Assets of the Society ...	52,925 18 10

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ALLEN, 13, Waterloo-place, S.W., both in the County of
Middlesex.—August 5, 1865.

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FROM

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(WITH THIS PAPER "THE INDIAN NEWS" IS NOW INCORPORATED.)

VOL. XXIII.—No. 681.] LONDON, TUESDAY, AUGUST 8, 1865.

[PRICE 6d.]

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DATES OF ADVICES.

Bengal.....	June 30	Burmah (Rangoon)	June 18
Madras	July 4	Bombay.....	July 12
Agra	6	Ceylon	3
China (Hong Kong)	June 29.		

SUMMARY AND REVIEW.

THE over-due Calcutta mail, with dates to the 17th of June, arrived in London yesterday, and the missing Bombay mail of the 24th June came to hand this morning. The latter, which did not finally leave Bombay until the 12th of July, brings an extra summary of Bombay news to that date, and also overland papers from Calcutta to the 24th of June.

The *Orissa* left Bombay on the 27th June, carrying between fifty and sixty passengers. Two days after starting she encountered very rough weather, which continued with more or less severity until her return to Bombay on the 10th. Her Commander, Captain Curling, has furnished an account of her adventures to the Peninsular and Oriental Company's Superintendent at Bombay. From this document it appears that from the 30th of June to the 3rd of July the ship had made only 450 miles. On the 3rd of July she made a great quantity of water, and through her heavy labouring burst up the bunkur bilge boards, the coal falling through into the bilges and choking the pumps. These were repaired, but it was with the utmost difficulty that the water could be kept sufficiently under to admit of progress. On the morning of the 5th the wind had much increased, blowing in furious gusts, and there was every indication of an approaching cyclone. The captain therefore deemed it advisable to put the ship's head to the eastward before she be-

came unmanageable; and having taken this precaution, he held a conference with the officers and the naval agent, and the result was that, taking into consideration that there was only four days' coal on board, that water was short, owing to an injury done to the condenser, that the ship was still making a great deal of water, that the leak could not be found, that the pumps were continually getting choked and useless, and that the chances of reaching Aden were very doubtful, it was unanimously agreed to return to Bombay. That the course was a prudent one is confirmed by the fact that very bad weather was reported near Aden; and indeed it is considered that Captain Curling, with a disabled and leaky ship, would have had no chance of reaching that port. The voyage was a trying one for all concerned; but everybody behaved well, the male passengers taking their regular turns at the pumps, and exerting themselves in trimming the ship by the removal of the cargo, and the ladies rendering effective assistance by not making any complaints and by their general cheerfulness encouraging the workers in their exertions. There were, fortunately, no accidents of a serious character, but a great deal of damage, including the loss of a lifeboat and nearly all the glass and crockery. The passengers were, of course, very glad to get on shore, and when they were a little at leisure, voted an address to the captain in cordial appreciation of his conduct.

The news brought by this arrival has been for the most part anticipated, except as far as the official gazettes are concerned. In Calcutta the judgment upon the "Great Rent Question" was the principal subject of discussion. There was nothing of importance from the North-East Frontier; but a moveable column had been formed at Darjeeling, fully equipped with mountain train and all necessary camp equipage, ready to move on any point at a moment's notice. The money market presented no new feature. Money was abundant, and only wanted capitalists and banks to impart vitality and vigour; but nothing of the kind could be expected until the receipt of better accounts from Bombay.

At Bombay—where commercial affairs seemed to have undergone no particular change—there was little stirring, the return of the *Orissa* being apparently the most important topic since the departure of the regular mail. It was noticed that Brigadier-general Raines, C.B., had taken two months' privilege leave from Aden to the Mauritius. No one, observes a writer at Bombay, will say that he went away to escape the cholera, but it is not well judged for a general officer commanding a station to leave it when pestilence is abroad.

It is said that in the battle between the Ameer of Cabool and the Candahar chiefs, no less than sixteen Sirdars, all relatives of the Ameer, fell fighting on his side. There was a report that Shereef Khan had sent in his submission to the Ameer, and sued for peace.

The Punjab, it is stated, will soon become the scene of an enterprise of considerable magnitude—nothing less than the reclamation of almost the entire province of Googaira, where there are about three hundred thousand barren acres, awaiting the canal only to turn them into the finest reproductive soil. Connected with this scheme is also one for farm and stock breeding of horses and horned cattle, such as shall supply all India.

The Commander in Chief publishes a notification, to the effect that the forms and instructions to guide the Annual Board of Survey for Arms, as laid down in Horse Guards Circular Memorandum No. 235 of December 3, 1862, shall in super-succession of G.O.B.F. of the 16th of October, 1861, be made applicable to British troops serving in India. In consequence of this change the pay of trained armourer sergeants, with regiments and in the ordnance department, is fixed at 5s. per diem for the seven days in the week, and that of reduced armoury sergeants to 2s. 6l. per diem for seven days in the week, the latter to be eligible for promotion to their former rank, and re-employment with regiments, should their conduct prove deserving of recommendation.

The *Invalide Russe* publishes an elaborate explanation of the circumstances

which have led to the occupation of Taschkend by the Russians. The measure, it is declared, was a necessary consequence of the capture of Tchemkend, which the Khokanese only fortified in 1864 as a point of support in their incursions into the province of Turkistan. After the loss of that town they concentrated themselves in Taschkend, whence they essayed an attack against Turkistan during the winter, but which they were unable to approach owing to the heroic sotiia of Cosacks, which was almost entirely exterminated in the affair of Ikane. Taschkend had thus replaced Tchemkend as the rallying point for the hostile attacks of the Khokanese. With the intention of preventing these Major general Tcherniaiew began by establishing in January last, shortly after the affair at Ikane, a detachment half-way between Tchemkend and Taschkend. Intelligence of a movement of the Emir of Bokhara towards the Syrdaria, at the same time threatening Taschkend, determined Major-General Tcherniaiew to advance to Tchernchik, so as to be able to observe simultaneously from that point the Bokharian and Khokanese troops. In the night of the 15th to the 16th June the Khokanese garrison were surprised by an assault of Russian troops, and expelled from Taschkend. The Russians, it is added, only occupy the city for a short time, until its existence independently of Khokan is no longer threatened. After having given independence to Taschkend, whose population is distinguished for its industry and commerce, Russia, which has no need to annex it to her possessions, will only have to watch over the tranquillity and the security of her own commercial relations with Central Asia.

The next arrival from India will be the Calcutta mail, which may be expected at Marseilles about Sunday or Monday next.

Casualties by Death in the Armies of India reported since last Publication.

H.M.'s FORCES.—Lieut. C. M. Tubbs, 33rd Foot, of cholera, at Dornus, July 4. Lieut. R. L. Gwatkin, 91th Regt., at Mussoorie, June 1.

BENGAL.—Lieut. col. Albany Troward, H.M.'s Invalid Establishment, at Daporee, June 26. Maj. T. W. Garstin, late 76th N.I., 2nd in command 11th Regt. N.I., on board the Sir William Peel, May 31. Capt. H. Philpotts, Officiating Political Agent of Harrowtree, at Deolce, Rappootana, June 1. Capt. Owen Davies, 1st Battalion 11th Regt., at Fyzabad, Oude, June 6. Lieut. E. A. Douglas, from cholera, at Ahmedabad, June 27. Lieut. J. Lamb, V.E., Dep. Commissary of Ordnance, at Deyrah, June 13. Lieut. T. W. Leman, 107th Regt., aged 24, at Ahabad, May 23. Lieut. J. E. Kennedy, late 74th N.I., doing duty 11th N.I., at Chingrahonda, Blootan, May 21. Lieut. C. A. Shortt, Staff Corps, at Nanzanary, Falmacottah, May 17.

BOMBAY.—Maj. T. Alexander, at Baroda, June 9.

Passengers by the present Mail.

Per str. Pera.—FOR MARSEILLES.—FROM CALCUTTA.—Lieut. Hopkinson, Capt. Owen, Mr. Butte, Mr. Hurst, Mr. Hildebrand, Mr. and Mrs. Thompson, Lieut. Little, Capt. Gibbon, Mrs. O'Callaghan.

Expected at Southampton.

Per str. Poonah, Aug. 10.—Mr. and Mrs. Benson and three children, Mr. J. Grant, Lieut. H. Fox, Mrs. Keen and infant, Ensign Jackson, Lieut.-col. Jordan, Mr. Meddens, Rev. J. R. Knarresboro', Dr. Davison, Mr. and Mrs. Anderson and infant, Mr. D. Baxter, Mr. Rush, Mr. Peck, Dr. Bray.

BENGAL.

GOVERNMENT AND MR. E. TAYLOR.

The case of Government v. Mr. E. Taylor was, as we stated in a previous issue, taken up in the Court of the Deputy Commissioner, Jullundur, on the 13th of June. Mr. William Tayler came from Simla, and appeared on behalf of Mr. E. Taylor. The case for Government was conducted by Mr. I. P. C. Anderson, assisted by Mr. Penn, the learned judge of the Small Cause Court.

The issues of the case were laid down by the court in consultation with the parties, and on the day mentioned the evidence on the part of the plaintiff was commenced. The substantial question at issue is a simple one. The Lumburdars and principal men of the village of Kald had sold the right of digging kunkur in their village to Mr. E. Taylor; and Mr. Anderson having discovered that all the co-sharers had not signed the deed of sale, had induced these non-subscribers to execute a second deed in his favour. The question, therefore, was whether Mr. Taylor's title under the first sale was valid, or whether the title subsequently acquired by Mr. Anderson was such as to override it. The evidence adduced by the plaintiff, as far as it went, was such as to clearly establish the fact that the first sale made to Mr. Taylor was made in good faith, and though the deed was only signed by the Lumburdars and other principal proprietors, it was acquiesced in by the whole proprietary body, who were present, and consenting to the transfer. Some amusement was caused by the evidence given, or rather attempted to be given, by the village accountant, who came with a story evidently cut and dry, but was interrupted and seriously embarrassed by the court questioning him in an order different from that in which he had prepared his statement.

But the most startling fact, which was elicited by accident just before the Court rose, was that the individuals who, after consenting to the sale to Mr. Taylor, had been induced to sign a second deed in favour of Government, had actually been induced or compelled to give their depositions on oath, in support of the latter document, before some functionary not yet clearly indicated. This extraordinary revelation seemed to excite considerable sensation in the Court, which was enhanced by the Deputy-Commissioner distinctly repudiating any sanction to so unwarrantable a procedure. At the next sitting we shall probably learn at whose instance, by whose authority, and before whom this eccentric action was taken. We cannot suppose that so illegal and unseemly a course can have been sanctioned by the learned gentleman selected by Government to assist the plaintiff in the case. We were not surprised to find that, when the plaintiff's principal witnesses so regularly broke down, Mr. Penn and Mr. Anderson anxiously applied for an adjournment of ten days, for the purpose, as they alleged, of sending up the issues for the inspection of the Financial Commissioner. But, as the only reason they could give for this wild proposal was the illogical fact that Mr. Anderson had not questioned his witnesses exactly in the order he wished, we were not surprised to learn that the Deputy-Commissioner did not see the necessity for granting the request.

The case was resumed on the 15th June.

The principal points of interest elicited on this day were those connected with certain proceedings on the part of the plaintiff, which we apprehend we may safely call extraordinary. The Government, it appears, appointed Mr. Penn, the Judge of the Small Cause Court of Jullundur, to assist Mr. Anderson in the conduct of the suit. This selection was doubtless grounded upon the belief of Mr. Penn's legal qualifications and long experience, which, it was presumed, would serve to keep the somewhat impulsive temperament of Mr. Anderson

under decent restrictions. But, strange to say, Mr. Penn and Mr. Anderson both seemed to have fallen into the strange delusion that the former gentleman was justified, not only in affording Mr. Anderson the benefit of his judicial experience and legal acumen, but also in lending the aid of his judicial functions to subserve the cause of his employers. Under this somewhat antediluvian phantasy, it transpired, as we mentioned in our last notice, that Mr. Anderson had actually induced Mr. Penn to take the evidence of the parties who made the second sale in favour of Government in his court, either with closed doors or at least in the absence of all other parties. The severe cross-examination by Mr. W. Tayler on these points created feelings of mingled surprise, indignation, and amusement. The proceedings of this day occupied the court from ten A.M. to six P.M., and there was yet further evidence to be taken. The comic element was again present on this occasion. Mr. Anderson suddenly arose, and applied to the court for the removal of two of the Jullundur officials from within the sacred precincts of the court. On what grounds this extraordinary application was made is at present a mystery, but the request was not complied with; and after a long and patient hearing the court rose, and all parties retired in a state of exhaustion.

The case was resumed on the 16th June.

During the day's proceedings, which lasted from ten A.M. to six P.M., a proposal was made to postpone the case for the purpose of its being laid more fully than it appears it has as yet been before the Local Government. In consequence, on the sitting of the court on the following day, the 17th June, an application for an adjournment to the 17th October, 1865, was made by the plaintiff, Mr. J. P. C. Anderson; at the same time Mr. Penn, his legal adviser, begged that his formal protest against such a step might be recorded.

The postponement asked for was granted by the court; and at the express request of the plaintiff all further comments on this extraordinary case will for the present be deferred.

THE OUDH INVESTIGATION.

Those who have maintained the strict analogy between Oudh and the North-Western Provinces in all points connected with the tenure of land, are reduced, by the result of the inquiry referred to in our telegram of yesterday, to the dilemma of admitting that our settlement of the latter has been based upon a gratuitous assumption, or that the only justification that could be offered for the Viceroy's late dangerous policy was visionary. The same rights that existed in the N.W.P. must exist in Oudh; there were occupancy rights in the North-Western Provinces; therefore, there must be occupancy rights in Oudh; such was the argument put forward by the advocates of the inquiry. But if this argument be true, its converse also must be true, i.e., if the case of Oudh and that of the N.W.P. are the same, and it has been found that occupancy rights have never existed in the former, then they could never have existed in the latter. If, on the other hand, the theory of analogy be abandoned, then there remain no grounds which could justify the Viceroy in putting to each tenant questions which must have tempted him to set up claims against his landlord that he had never thought of preferring of his own accord, though the Court were open, and time and opportunity had already been specially allowed him to do so. It is fortunate for the talookdars of Oudh that their tenantry are either remarkably honest or remarkably stupid. Had a similar enquiry been instituted, under similar circumstances, in a province peopled by Bengalees, the result would certainly have been very different. Still more fortunate are the talookdars of Oudh in having possessed the pledge of an honest Statesman, and in having

had good men and true to stand by them and him. Had that pledge not existed, it cannot for a moment be doubted that the present Government would have made short work of them; for to the respectable precedent of an established policy, which troubled itself little about facts when opposed to a favourite theory, it added the bitterest hostility. We may say that the Oudh tenantry are also fortunate in having been thus saved from their friends. We have been so often over the ground already, that we shall not now go over it again, and discuss the ruinous consequences from which the province of Oudh has had the good fortune to escape. We leave the future condition of Oudh itself to convince those who still believe that the landlord is the natural enemy of the cultivator, and to prove that we have done irreparable mischief, as well as gross wrong, in destroying the talookdaree system of the North-Western Provinces.—*Englishman*.

THE CLIMATE OF INDIA.

It is of very great importance for the efficiency of our administration of India, and the stability of our power in the East, that the exact truth should be known as to the healthiness of English life in the tropics. The most exaggerated ideas prevail in England on this subject, even among professional men who have no excuse for their ignorance. Lord Macaulay hoped to attract to India the flower of the educated youth of England by the competitive system. If this has not yet been realised the failure is to be ascribed as much to the belief that India is a pesthouse, as to the mismanagement of the competitive system, or the comparative decline in the value of Indian salaries under the influence of the rise of prices. The certainty of a fair salary, early marriage, respectable pension, and a provision for widows and orphans, is so attractive to middle-class families at home, and the educated labour market there is so filled with able men, who spend their early manhood in jostling their fellows, that Indian appointments would be undoubtedly most popular, but for the dread of the climate. That appeals to the imagination, and works on the most powerful emotions of the youth who thinks of India, through a mother's love and the family doctor's weakness or ignorance. Sanitary reports referring to private soldiers, and the one-sided pictures drawn by temporary visitors of the unhealthiness of the great cities, work upon the fears of the female members of English families, in a way which effectually deprives India of the most promising young men. This feeling is even worse in quarters where, it might be supposed, a knowledge of the facts ought to have dispelled it. The upper ranks of the governing class to which India looks for a supply of Viceroys, Governors, and Members of Council, both legal and financial, and the bar to which she looks for judges on whom the mantle of Sir B. Peacock may worthily fall, have an unreasoning dislike to Indian appointments. The leading journals fan this into a flame of positive antipathy, by articles directed against the continuance of the capital in Calcutta. Yet the truth is that, so far as Viceroys, Governors, and Members of Council are concerned, the climate enjoyed is equal to that delighted in by the millionaire who migrates from Florence in the summer, to Rome in the winter, varying *villaggiatura* life in the Appennines with the ecclesiastical dissipation of the carnival in the Holy City. Calcutta and Simla, Allahabad and Nynce Tal, Lahore and Murree, Bombay, Malabeshwur and Poona, Madras and Bangalore or the Neilgherries,—surely our official swallows enjoy a perpetual Italian summer!

Now what are the facts as to the comparative unhealthiness of the life of civil and military officers in India? Let us bring the exaggerated and ignorant fears of the fond mammas, the owing sisters, the pale students, the frightened

barristers and the timorous Statesmen of England to the test of statistics, drawn up by English actuaries who have no interest in India which is not purely scientific. The tables published by the Indian Sanitary Commission, which has been accused, and justly, of exaggerating Indian mortality, and a paper in a recent number of the *Statistical Society's Journal* on the rates of mortality and marriage amongst Europeans in India, by Mr. Samuel Brown, F.S.S., enable us to state authoritatively that European life is almost as safe in India as it is in England—that the difference in mortality is so slight as not for a moment to weigh against the great advantages of an Indian career. Mr. Brown's materials are the accurate data supplied by the funds of the Bengal, Madras, and Bombay Civil Services. After a series of tables and figures, which we need not inflict on our readers, he comes to these conclusions:—“1. That a considerable diminution has taken place of late years in the mortality at the middle ages, 20 to 35, and at all ages if we compare it with the earlier observations of the present century. 2. That a very marked distinction may be observed in favour of married life. 3. That as compared with Farr's English healthy life table, the difference varies from $\frac{1}{4}$ to 1 per cent. higher between the ages 20 and 55, after which it fluctuates, but is generally scarcely higher than the English rates.” So much for civilians. Mr. Nelson, the most experienced of English actuaries, who has had much to do with Indian vital statistics, after a careful study of the records in the India House, shows that among the retired officers of the Bengal military service the rate of mortality does not differ widely from that of the general population of England and Wales at corresponding ages; and further, that the rates of mortality amongst retired members both of the civil and military services are almost identical. The gloomy tables of the Indian Sanitary Commission state the mortality of officers in active employment at 3.85 per cent., but this includes all the casualties from action in all the great wars up to the mutiny. Since 1859 the mortality of officers has been hardly higher than that of civilians. Mr. Brown states that, by “judicious arrangements,” the mortality among not only officers but privates may be reduced to the ordinary rate amongst European civilians in India, whilst the mortality amongst the latter has for many years undergone so great an improvement as to present at some ages no very striking contrast with that of similar classes in England. Among Bengal civilians the rate of mortality was 2.04 per cent. from 1800 to 1830, and only 1.70 per cent. from 1831 to 1858, including the serious casualties in the mutiny, when 31 out of 134 deaths were due to violence. The great improvement in the style of living, and the facilities for visiting England within the last ten years, have, no doubt, reduced this mortality, omitting the mutiny, almost to that of civil life in rural England and much below that of great cities like London and Glasgow.

It will add to the completeness and value of the vital statistics which we have recently discussed, if we compile from the latest returns a table showing the mortality of all classes in India at the latest dates. There died out of every thousand in one year in India:—

	Average from 1861 to 1863 inclusive.
Soldiers' Children	90.37
Native Prisoners	82.88
Soldiers' Wives	49.57
English Soldiers	30.33
English Officers (about)	25.00
Retired do. above fifty	28.00
Indian Civilians	18.0 from 1851 to 1858
East Indians	17.6 „ 1837 to 1847
Sepoys	15.18 „ 1861 to 1863

The actual mortality of the sepoy is reduced by invaliding, and the rate for East Indians

applies only to the prudent class which subscribes to the Uncovenanted Service Fund. We must, then, come to the conclusion that the life of a civilian in India, especially if he be married and temperate in his habits, runs so very little risk compared with that of an ordinary professional man in England, as to dispel those fears regarding climate which statistics as well as daily experience proves to be baseless. The climate certainly has its drawbacks for the mass of Englishmen in India who cannot go to the Hills like Members of Council every year. But the greatest of them is nothing more than negative—an absence for half the year of robustness, of that consciousness of animal power which makes even the mists and winds, the snow and rain of Scotland far from disagreeable to the sons of the North. An experience of twelve years has taught us that there is nothing intolerable or annoying to the Englishman in India who lives as he ought to live, except the curse of separation, and that is compensated for by the absence of pinching poverty and depressing care which weigh down the energies of half our countrymen at home far more than a tropical climate does here.—*Friend of India*.

MISCELLANEOUS.

“SIR JOHN LAWRENCE,” says a correspondent in Lucknow, “has contrived to set everybody by the ears here. Sir George Couper's dream of a lifetime, the Chief Commissionership of Oudh, has vanished. Mr. Davies, who was meant for it by the Viceroy, can't accept the officiating appointment in the teeth of that sharp reprimand from Sir C. Wood. He is the scape-goat of the occasion, and probably feels sufficiently uncomfortable in consequence. As a settlement officer he was one of the batch who made the hideous mistake (which may yet bear a rich crop of insurrectionary spirit in the Punjab) of creating whole tribes of interlopers, called hereditary cultivators, who are irresponsible to Government and laugh at the landlords who pay the revenue. It seems as if every young hand that turned up used to be tried at a settlement; a settlement indeed; an operation of so vital, conclusive, intricate and judicial a character, chucked over to a parcel of youths taught to consider Thomason a real Gamaliel.”

THE BHOOTANESE.—A correspondent from Bhootan Frontier, under date the 3rd June, sends us the following:—“Reports are current here that the Bhootas have assembled on the hills, to plunder those Dooar villages which are situated at the entrance of the passes, not the hills, which the Bhootas can descend upon and take whatever they like, and easily make their escape before the arrival of the troops from a far distance. The communications between distant places in the Doors at present have become so difficult that no man can move from his hut on account of the incessant rains, and the native boats are, in a manner, useless, in the impetuosity of the Dooar streams.—*Englishman*.”

CAPTURE OF AN OUTLAW.—A letter from Umballa mentions the capture in the Jheend territories and the Umballah Police circle, of a notorious outlaw and murderer, on whose head a reward of two thousand rupees had been placed. A young police officer, Mr. Aldridge, of the Ferozepore district, has the honours of the day; he rode eighty miles in the sun, and captured the miscreant in fancied security, passing himself off as an injured individual who had been previously maltreated. The capture of such an offender shows that some members of the new police have the knack of securing those peculiar sources of information which enable them to dispense with the aid of their own, sometimes, as in this case, corrupt, and bring great offenders to justice. We trust that a portion of the reward will be reaped by the zealous and clever young official. Captain Parsons will have to look to his laurels.

THE RENT CASE.—The *Friend of India* says:—The full bench of the High Court of Bengal delivered their judgments on the administration of Act X. in the Town-hall of Calcutta on Monday. The Chief Justice was alone in adhering to the principle of the decision which he gave in the case of Mr. Hills, that competition shall regulate the enhancement of rent, and that rent may be enhanced to a point absolutely fair and equitable. The other judges substantially agreed with Mr. Trevor, whose judgment will regulate all the Courts till legislation interferes, that, according to custom, Act X. has made a twelve years' occupancy tenant in some sense a co-proprietor with the landlord, who will not be allowed to raise the rent except proportionally to the increase of profit, so that the tenant shall share that increase. It must be remembered that the Court was deciding what were the objects and provisions of the Act and its framers, not what is absolutely best for the country and most just to the landlord, in the light of political economy.

THE NEW LAW OF CONTRACTS.—The Bill to provide for the regulation and enforcement of contracts for labour at places to which, by virtue of such contracts, the labourer is to be conveyed at the expense of the employer, has been submitted to the Viceroy for assent. His Excellency observed that the Bill has been considerably improved in committee, but the Governor-General does not think that the change in Section 32, whereby six months has been substituted for two months as the period within which, if his wages are not paid, any labourer may demand that his contract may be cancelled, is an improvement. The Viceroy said, it is true that he can sue for the recovery of his wages after two months; but this is not, in the opinion of the Governor-General, a satisfactory remedy for a labourer who must continue to serve. His Excellency thinks, also, that Rs. 120 is too large a sum to require of a labourer before he can purchase his discharge. The sum ought not to exceed in any case the fair estimate of expenses to which the planter had been originally put in bringing the labourer to the plantation, and should have been liable to reduction in proportion to the period the contract had still to run. Although, however, the Governor-General felt unable to approve of the Bill in the respects noticed above, his Excellency did not think it necessary, on this ground, to withhold his assent from a measure which he regards, on the whole, as an improvement on the existing law. The Viceroy accordingly returned the Bill, with his assent signified thereon; but, in doing so, he observed that much will depend, as regards the labourer, on the careful selection of the protector, and on the manner in which his duties are discharged. His Excellency, therefore, took this opportunity of urging on the Bengal Government's attention the necessity of providing that a watchful supervision shall be exercised over the working of the different provisions of the Bill.

MORTALITY IN THE 11TH REGIMENT.—We regret to learn that much of the mortality in the 11th Regiment, caused chiefly by sun-stroke, is attributable to the unnecessary work and exposure to which this corps has been exposed. As many as three men have died of heat apoplexy in a single day, and this in the most healthy station of Bengal. There has been no fighting, no disturbance, and next to no sickness, but, thanks to excessive zeal and ignorance, drills, parades, and inspections, her Majesty's 11th Regiment has lost upwards of thirty-five men since it landed in October last. At length an order from head quarters has put a stop to the old attempt to introduce into India, and at its hottest season, the military practices pursued at Dover and the Curragh. The soldiers of the 11th Foot are no longer to drop down and die of apoplexy, in order to vindicate the excellence of its marching and

wheeling. It is not many years ago that a commanding officer marched his regiment, daily, at 11 P.M., in heavy marching order. That the gallant gentleman sat his charger with infinite grace, and some degree of comfort, we made small doubt; not so, however, his men, half of whom might have been found in *dhoolies* and *gharries* before the corps had advanced a dozen stages towards Umballa. A peremptory order from Simla saved the regiment, and disgusted its Colonel. A similar order, or one for rigid inquiry into the present management of the regiment, appears not altogether uncalled for.—*Hurkaru*.

A SLIP BETWEEN THE CUP AND THE LIP.—We are informed that a case is to be heard in the Sealdah Court on the 29th instant, in which the plaintiff is a disappointed wooer, and the defendant the parent of the young lady who dashed the cup of happiness from the lips of the expectant lover. The plaintiff, we are told, had for some time paid his addresses to the young lady, and in the course of time love "ran so smooth" that the wedding day was eventually fixed; but subsequently, however, was unfortunately postponed. One postponement followed another, until ultimately he was decidedly rejected. The action now brought by him is to recover the value of the various presents made to the young lady by him during the period of his courtship, as well as the value of the lady's dress and ring for the anticipated wedding. This step, it is stated, would not have been taken by the young man had he not been made aware that he was the fourth who had been thus served.—*Indian Daily News*, June 2.

THE DIFFICULTY WITH NEPAUL.—Mr. J. D. Gordon, of the Bengal Civil Service, who was deputed by Government to investigate the case of certain alleged outrages on the Nepaul and British Frontiers, lately submitted his report on the subject. In the main, the inquiry shows that the charge brought against the four British subjects by the Nepalese Durbar is untrue, and that Nepalese subjects were the aggressors. Still, the affair rose out of bad blood between the men of the two villages, and, in particular, was owing to the improper conduct of the four British subjects—Bhairao, Alaick, Roushun, and Jyeram—while passing through the Nepalese village of Sumpheolwa. There was not, apparently, any premeditation on either side. With regard, therefore, to the above considerations, and to the points urged by Mr. Gordon, the Viceroy considered that it would be sufficient to demand from the Nepaul Government the release of Alaick, and to require them to abandon their claim for the punishment of Jyeram and Roushun, the British Government, for its part, waiving its demand for the punishment of the Nepalese subjects concerned in the murder of Bhairao. The resident at Nepaul has, accordingly, been directed to communicate to the Durbar the decision at which the Governor-General in Council has arrived, and to demand from thence the release of Alaick.

THE BRIDGE OVER THE JUMNA AT ALLAHABAD.—A correspondent of the *Delhi Gazette* says:—The bridge over the Jumna is now nearly ready, and the line is to be opened, I hear, on the 10th. This is a great blessing, for there is no more trying part of the journey from Calcutta to Delhi than this troublesome crossing.

TRADE WITH LHASSA.—The civil war at Lhasa has ceased, and a proclamation has been issued by the Thibit Dhurm Rajah, that all sorts of people, without distinction, are now permitted to trade in Lhasa; but, as long as the Bhootan war shall continue, the Bhootas have been prohibited to enter Thibet.

CHOLERA.—We are sorry to hear from Nusseerabad that cholera has broken out in that station. The European troops, consisting of H.M.'s 106th Regiment and Artillery, have been ordered into camp.

GENERAL LLOYD.—General G. W. A. Lloyd, of the Bengal Army, whose death at Darjeeling we announced in last number, entered the service in 1804, and was posted to the 28th Native Infantry, which corps he long commanded. The General served in Java and China, and commanded the force in the Santhal insurrection; he was for some years Brigadier at Agra, and as Major-General commanded the Dinapore Division when the corps there mutinied. Up to that time the deceased officer was looked upon as a first-rate officer, both as regards parade duties and handling troops in the field, but his long connection with the native army made him blind to the treachery of the regiments, when they plotted to rise at Dinapore, and when he saw his mistake it was too late.

CHANGE OF NAME.—The press is facetious on the subject of a curious application made by Dr. Plank, of the Bengal Establishment, to be allowed to put a *c* into his name. The *Hurkaru* says:—Bug, of Epsom, disgusted with so vulgar a patronymic, changed it to the more elegant one of Howard, whereupon considerable discussion and correspondence ensued. In like manner, or, may be, for more urgent reasons, Assistant-Surgeon Plank, of the Bengal Army, is desirous of altering the plebeian Plank to the more aristocratic Planck, and so induced the Adjutant-General to record his wish to the Deputy Secretary to the Government of India. That gentleman has expressed his willingness to the alteration of the spelling of the name.

SETTLEMENT OF EUROPEANS IN INDIA.—Shortly after the disturbances of 1857 the attention of the Home Government was directed towards the question of the settlement of Europeans in India. The matter was taken up warmly on all sides, and the Home Government, not wishing to be behindhand, called for a report as to the quantity of available waste lands in Bengal, the N. W. P., and the Punjab, suitable for European settlers. These reports were sent home at the end of 1862, but were not conclusive, and whilst the India House authorities were still considering over the matter, further reports were despatched to England, which viewed the matter in a most unfavourable light. The great fact urged against the idea was the essential unfitness of the climate of India in the case of Europeans who might have to labour unsheltered from the heat of the sun. These last reports would seem to have had the effect intended, as the matter has since their receipt been allowed to drop quietly out of sight.—*Hurkaru*.

SHIPPING.

ARRIVALS.

June 18. Jules Cezard, Lavillur, Pondicherry; France, Swinscow, Mauritius.—19. Meinam, Gauvaiz, Point de Galle.

PASSENGERS ARRIVED.

Per France.—Mrs. Swinscow and child, Dr. Croker.
Per Meinam.—Messrs. James Perim, Michia, Arnaud, Brunie Herandele, Bosworth.

DEPARTURES.

June 16. str. India, Lewis, Bombay, via Madras Coast; Annata, Meyler, London; Fulwood, Brown, Liverpool; Knight of Snowdon, Richardson, Dundee.—17. Rangoon, Templeton, Akyab, Rangoon, and Moulmein; War Eagle, Mantle, Penang and Singapore.—19. River, Bolton, Straits and Hong Kong.—20. Thunder, Taylor, Straits and Hong Kong; Rathfern, Watson, Liverpool; Marie, Billy, Bourbon.—21. Azra, Bell, Mauritius; Rene Blanche, Chollet, Bourbon; Golden Hind, Davis, Boston; Victory, Gibbons, London; Herald of the Morning, Helerethy, London; Rinaldo, Liston, London; Kirkham, Routledge, Liverpool.

PASSENGERS DEPARTED.

Per str. Simla.—For Madras.—Mr. and Mrs. Clifsholm and family, Mr. O. S. Stack, Mr. C. B. Cousins. For Melbourne.—Mr. R. O. S. Stack, Mr. C. B. Cousins. For Alexandria.—Col. Sarril, Capt. C. V. Gordon, Capt. Chapman. For Marseilles.—Mr. A. J. Peele, Lieut. Hopkin-on, Capt. Owen. For Southampton.—Dr. Bray, Mr. and Mrs. Benson and family, Mrs. O'Callaghan, Mr. J. Grant, Lieut. H. Fox, Mrs. Keir and family, Ensign Jackson, Lieut.-Col. Jerdon.
Per str. Moulmein.—For Chittagong.—Mr. J. Collett, Mrs. Patterson. For Akyab.—D. W. A. Green.
Per str. Arabia.—For Rangoon.—Mr. A. Marins. For Moulmein.—Mr. R. W. Pearce.

MADRAS.

STAFF EMPLOYMENT FOR THE
NATIVE ARMY.

Some months back a suggestion was made to the Local Government by that of Bengal relative to the formation of an unattached list for men of the native army, with a view of their employment in the lower subordinate establishment of the Department of Public Works, a step which would prove highly advantageous as well to the department itself as to the native army. The Madras Government seem to favour the suggestion, and, we are told, have referred the subject for the opinion of the several superintending engineers, with the following remarks:—

"As the lowest grade of subordinates on the permanent establishment of the department of public work of this Presidency is now a Taluk Overseer, on a salary of Rs. 60 per mensem, in addition to his military pay when he happens to be a soldier, and as from this grade, as a rule, are selected men to fill vacancies as they occur in the higher ranks of supervisor and sub-engineer, only persons of more education and of a higher class than are likely to be found in the native army are admissible to it.

"The native army, and more especially the sappers and miners, may, however, it is believed, supply numbers of intelligent men, who, with their military training and habits of discipline, would be most useful to the department, and would make excellent petty overseers and superintendents of sections of roads and other works; and if these men can be formed into an unattached list, on the same terms as to service entitling to pension as those similarly employed, but on the permanent establishment of the other Presidencies, the object contemplated by the Government of India may be attained with advantage both to the Department of Public Works and the native army."

The above is from the *Athenæum* and *Daily News*. In a later number the same journal says:—

"With reference to the order of Government on this subject, published in our issue of the 17th June, we are informed that the Bengal Government has intimated to that of Madras, that the measure being merely experimental, is not meant at present to apply to any but the Bengal army. If, however, the Subordinate Governments wish to introduce a similar measure into their respective presidencies they are at liberty to do so, but the permission of the Government of India must be previously applied for."

MISCELLANEOUS.

ASSAULT UPON AN OFFICER.—A most unprovoked assault has been made on Captain Walton, district superintendent of Police, by a Mr. Jordan, of the Customs Department, who is staying at the hotel. The case has been brought before the Deputy Commissioner's Court, and Mr. Jordan was fined Rupees 100. It appears that Mr. Jordan had been drinking too freely of Exshaw No. 2 in Mr. Slater's shop, and using abusive language to that gentleman, he was turned out of the shop, and received a severe mauling. Mr. Jordan then found his way to Captain Walton's bungalow, and asked to be shown Doctor Townsend's house, but Captain Walton, seeing the state he was in, advised his returning to the hotel, and he would send the doctor to him. This did not seem to please Mr. Jordan, who got abusive, and finally struck Captain Walton, who, being unprepared, received the blow in his face; an alarm was raised, and Mr. Jordan bolted, visiting one or two houses to find the doctor's; he was, however, made a prisoner of, and lodged in the station-house for the night, and was punished as mentioned above.

THE DELHI BANK HAS BEEN ATTACKED.—A lucid explanation has been offered:—"Delhi Bank.—To the editor of the *Bombay Gazette*. Sir,—My attention has been drawn to a paragraph in your Lucknow correspondent's letter, somewhat reflecting upon the status of the Delhi Bank Corporation. I am in a position to state that the quotations of shares alluded

to by your 'own correspondent,' are quite imaginary. Our shares are in demand at 710 to 725 in Calcutta, and none are for sale at Lucknow. It may not be out of place to add that the losses indirectly alluded to by your correspondent, are not so large, that the stability of the bank is in the smallest degree effected; and, although in common with all Bombay banks, we are likely to suffer, our losses will in every respect be slight, as we have always made it a rule of business to confine our transactions to the legitimate duties of a bank of exchange and discount. As the junior of our branches, it was thought desirable during the present crisis to strengthen our position here; and I desired our agents to refrain from valuing on me to a large extent, so that my resources might not be crippled in any way, hence probably the rumour, respecting which your 'own' alludes. The 'canard' to which your correspondent draws attention has no foundation in fact.—I am, Sir, yours obediently, W. B. THOMPSON, Agent."

THE INTRODUCTION OF GAS INTO THE TERRITORIES OF THE NIZAM will strike many persons as being a phenomenon of no ordinary kind. In a state where the telegraph wires are regarded with the gravest distrust, and where the prospect of a railway engineer's appearance is discussed on deep political and religious grounds, one might well have supposed that the preparation of so mysterious an agent as gas, almost at the very gates of Hyderabad, would have excited the liveliest apprehensions within. However, this may be, one house in Chudderghaut is now brightly illuminated with real unmistakable gas, and the experiment, tried at the risk and expense of one individual, has proved so successful, as leads us to hope that in a short time oil and candles will be entirely superseded in the principal houses of Chudderghaut. The gas, which is prepared either from common oil, or from seeds containing a fair percentage of oily matter (especially the castor-oil seed, of which one pound yields over ten cubic feet of gas), appears singularly free from any noxious properties, and furnishes a pure and brilliant light, at a very trifling expense. Though, as is usual in such cases, private enterprise has taken the start of public action, it is to be hoped that the machinery, brought out from England by Mr. Marrett (the civil engineer in the Nizam's service), may not be confined entirely to private purposes. His Excellency Salar Jung would confer a considerable boon on many by lighting up in a similar manner the long streets leading from the residency to his palace.

STOCK AND SHARE MARKET, June 27.—On the 20th instant the Bank of Madras reduced their rates of interest and discount one per cent. all round. Money is very abundant, and in little demand. The announcement that Sir Charles Wood has declined to sanction the raising of a new Indian loan in England, has weakened the demand for Government Securities, and rates are from $\frac{1}{4}$ to $\frac{1}{2}$ per cent. weaker than at the date of our last circular. We quote $5\frac{1}{2}$ per Cents. at 108 $\frac{1}{2}$ to 109 $\frac{1}{2}$, 5 per Cents. at 102 $\frac{1}{2}$ to 103, and 4 per Cents. at 89 $\frac{1}{2}$ to 90 $\frac{1}{2}$. Bank of Madras shares declined early in the fortnight to 65 per cent. premium, but they have since rallied, and are now fully worth 70 per cent. premium.

SHIPPING.

ARRIVALS.

June 15. Geologist, Clark, Liverpool.—23. Celestial Queen, Watt, Sunderland.—24. Cashmere, Way, Cardiff; York, Bredy, London; Colonel Ledyard, Wells, Glasgow.—25. War Cloud, Macdonald, London; John Scott, Richards, London.—27. str. Comorin, Atkinson, Bombay; Madras, Bowen, Rangoon.—29. Bon Accord, Campbell, Liverpool; P. and O. str. Goleonda, Coleman, Calcutta.

PASSENGERS ARRIVED.

Per str. Comorin.—Mr. and Mrs. A. Bloyam, Mr. Ramdass, Rev. C. Kennett, Mr. Oliver, Maj. Combe, T. Naden.
Per str. Madras.—Maj. Longcroft, Lieut. Heming, Misses French, Mr. De Termes.

Per P. and O. str. Goleonda.—For MADRAS.—Mr. Gowler and sister, Mr. O. L. Stock, Mr. C. Cousins, Mr. and Mrs. Chisholm's two children, Mr. P. Maurice, Mr. D. Speer. For GALLE.—Capt. W. Woodcutt, Mr. and Mrs. Tremblat.

DEPARTURES.

June 22. Robert Barbour, Erskine, Liverpool.—27. St. Hilda, Hatt, Calcutta.—28. str. Comorin, Atkinson, Calcutta.—29. Latona, Allen, Ceylon; Mangalore, Overton, London; Araba, Henderson, Calcutta.—30. Shakespear, Dalgleish, Calcutta; P. and O. str. Goleonda, Coleman, Suva.—July 2. King of Trumps, Pounder, London.—3. Mercara, Richardson, Rangoon.

PASSENGERS DEPARTED.

Per P. and O. S. N. Co.'s str. Goleonda.—For SOUTHAMPTON.—Mrs. Rutliff's two infants, Major Clidge's sons, Dr. Kennedy, Mrs. Fisher, two Misses McKennie, Master McKennie, Mrs. Mostyn, Lieut. P. Burgess, Ensign Best, Col. Weimann, Commander W. R. Hobson, R.N., Mr. R. T. Martell, Mr. J. Kearney, Mr. T. Short, Mr. W. Jones, Mr. F. Hill, Cornet G. Watson. For MARSEILLES.—Mr. C. D. Robert, Mr. Munro, Mr. R. Maxwell. For BOMBAY.—Mr. A. Burnester. For SINGAPORE.—Lieut. Bertsford. For POINT DE GALLE.—Mr. Barnes.

COMMERCIAL.

Madras, July 1, 1865.

BANK OF MADRAS.

Interest on Loans on deposit of Govt. Securities...	6 per ct.
On Cash Credits on do., subject to commission of $\frac{1}{2}$ per cent. on the sum granted on amount drawn.....	6 per ct.
Discount on Government Bills	per ct.
Ditto on Private Bills, at or within 3 months.....	8 per ct.
Loans on deposit of Government paper.....	5 per ct.

EXCHANGES.

Document Bills, at 6 months' sight.....	1 11 $\frac{1}{2}$
Credit to 6 months.....	1 11 $\frac{1}{2}$
Agents' Bills on England, at 6 months ..	1 11 $\frac{1}{2}$
" " " at 3 months ..	1 11 $\frac{1}{2}$
" " " at 1 month ..	1 11 $\frac{1}{2}$
" " " at sight.....	1 11
H.M.'s Treasury Bills	None.
Bank of England Post Bills.....	None.
Mauritius Government Bills.....	Nominal.
Ceylon " ditto	"
Court of Directors' Bill on the Government of Bengal, 30 days' sight	Par.
Agents' Bills on Calcutta, 30 days	$\frac{1}{2}$ per ct. dis.
Ditto on Bombay	$\frac{1}{2}$ per ct. dis.

RATES OF ADVANCE.

On Govt. $5\frac{1}{2}$ per cent. Promissory Notes	100 per ct.
Ditto 5 " ditto ditto	95 per ct.
Ditto 4 $\frac{1}{2}$ " ditto ditto	90 per ct.
Ditto 4 " ditto Stock Receipts	80 per ct.
Ditto 4 " ditto Promissory Notes Sica ..	85 per ct.
Ditto 4 " ditto ditto Company's ..	85 per ct.
Ditto 3 $\frac{1}{2}$ " ditto ditto	— per ct.
On Tanjore ditto ditto	98 per ct.

GOVERNMENT SECURITIES

$5\frac{1}{2}$ per cent. Loan	1859... 9 to 10 pm
5 per cent. ditto.....	1856-57... 22 to 3 $\frac{1}{2}$ pm
4 per cent. ".....	1852-53... " " "
".....	1853-56... " " "
".....	1852-53... 9 $\frac{1}{2}$ to 10 $\frac{1}{2}$ dis
".....	1854-55... " " "
5 per cent. Transferable Book Debt	No transaction.
Tanjore Bonds	$\frac{1}{2}$ per ct. dis.
Bank of Madras Shares.....	75 to 80 p.c. pm.

PRICE OF BULLION.

Sovereigns each Rs. 10-3-6

FREIGHTS.

Cotton to London and Liverpool.—£1. 5s.
Skins, £1. 10s. to £1. 15s.

BOMBAY.

MISCELLANEOUS.

CHOLERA AT JEDDA.—The following papers have been placed at the disposal of the press. From a letter addressed by Mr. H. H. Calvert, Acting British Consul, Jedda, to Lieutenant Colonel H. L. Merewether, Political Resident, Aden, it appears that cholera had been for some time past more or less prevalent both at Jedda and at Mecca, but as far at least as Jedda was concerned, the cases were not so numerous as to cause much alarm, until the disease broke out suddenly with fearful violence during the festival of Koorban Bairam, almost decimating the pilgrims. However, this was no matter of surprise, for the impending calamity had been anticipated, because of the many predisposing causes favouring its extension. The garb of a pilgrim consisted of but two cotton cloths—one wrapped round the waist which reached to the knees, the other thrown over the shoulders, so as to leave the right arm bare. The head must be uncovered and only sandals must be worn. In this attire, then, many of the devotees were subjected alternately to the broiling sun and

to the night dews, sleeping on the bare ground without covering or shelter, and the whole of the immense concourse of human beings, numbering perhaps 90,000, were moreover exposed to the baneful effluvia of putrid offal, and the unconsumed flesh of the thousands of animals sacrificed in the valley of Mina. Severe as had undoubtedly been the ravages, the character of the disease had not been, comparatively, so very malignant, and Mr. Calvert thought that with timely remedies many thousands of lives might have been saved, but through some fatal mistake or neglect, a large supply of cholera medicines that was specially sent from Egypt for the relief of the pilgrims was left by the camel-men on the road half way to Mecca, and was not available in the hour of extreme need. The pilgrims having all returned to Jedda as fast as they could procure conveyances, the town, houses, streets, and suburbs were swarming with them, and many were seen to be prostrated in all stages of the disease, sick, dying, and dead, entirely deprived of medical treatment; a truly appalling and disgusting sight, which could scarcely be witnessed elsewhere. Cholera has been very destructive at Mokalla, and it had also been disastrous at Hodeida, where famine had also prevailed.

CHOLERA AND ANTICIPATED FAMINE AT ADEN.—The Political Resident at Aden, in a communication dated 17th ult., addressed to the Bombay Government, reports that the cholera still prevails in Aden; it is not confined to any particular part, nor are the cases numerous, and when taken in time cure is almost certain. The fatal cases amongst the natives have been almost entirely found to be in the very poor classes, those who to avoid starvation in the interior have come into Aden to get work and food. Everything that is possible has been done to alleviate suffering and check the disease. Some cases appearing at the Torvaire, a temporary hospital has been put up in rear of the European General Hospital, to which any of the coolie class suffering from the disease were ordered to be taken at once and treated, instead of being sent up to the Civil Hospital as had necessarily been done before—there being no accommodation for natives in the building hired as a General Hospital. The disease passed from the Peninsula into the interior and has been raging badly at Lahej. Upwards of 500 people are said to have died, and the place to be deserted. The whole district of Lahej and the country immediately adjacent to Aden is in a melancholy state, from excessive poverty, and now that this terrible scourge has come on the poor inhabitants they do not know what to do or where to look for relief. If it had been possible a doctor would have been sent to Lahej; but no one can be spared. A requisition has been made to Bombay for the services of three assistant surgeons, which it is trusted will be complied with. The latest accounts from Lahej are that the disease is getting less: it was in extreme force for only a few days. Sooltan Fadhil was at Aden, having come in for a change of air at the invitation of the Political Agent to try and regain his strength, being much debilitated. He wished to return at once to Lahej, but was advised not to so as there would be less sickness in a few days. Having received better accounts from there; he therefore decided on remaining at Aden. The really miserable state of his country is a source of deep anxiety to him, and is of the utmost importance to us. What with disturbances among themselves, or with their neighbours, combined with the murrain, which has carried off about every head of horned cattle in this country, the whole plain from end to end, from sea to hill, is a perfect desert. Many of the people have renewed their stock of cattle several times over, and now their resources are exhausted. The consequence is, that instead of our getting grain from Lahej, the poor people from there are flocking into

Aden and drawing on our very limited stock. Whatever grain we do get comes from the hilly country far distant, and is ruinously dear. Reports from Yemen speak of famine there also, and that the inhabitants of Mocha, Hodeida, &c., look to Aden for help. To meet this immediate and most pressing want, the Resident earnestly begs the assistance of Government, which, it is suggested, could be best afforded by having a ship chartered at Kurra-chee and sent to this loaded with wheat and jowarree with the least possible delay. Without such help it is feared in two months' time we shall be reduced to the direst extremity, and with no prospect of relief from anywhere near Aden.

DEATH OF DR. GOSS.—We are sorry to announce the death of Dr. William Forbes Goss, Civil Surgeon of Sumbulpore, which melancholy event took place at Cuttack. In March last Dr. Goss took three months' privilege leave, being at the time in a very delicate state of health, he proceeded to Pooree on the sea coast, and while there rapidly gained health and strength, but on returning to his duty via Cuttack he was seized with an attack of dysentery at the latter place about the 29th or 30th of May; the symptoms were from the first most aggravated, so much so that he never rallied, and died on the 6th June. Dr. Goss was a member of the uncovenanted service, and had been some six or seven years in Government employ; he was a great favourite with all who knew him, and his death has cast a considerable gloom over the little community of Sumbulpore. At Cuttack and Pooree also he had made many friends during his short stay there; his remains were followed to their last resting place by the whole of the residents, civil and military, of Cuttack, the Commissioner, Mr. Shore, reading the burial service.

MR. TREVELYAN'S "CAWNPORE."—The *Bombay Gazette* makes some damaging comments upon Mr. Trevelyan's book, in particular as concerns some matters of fact. "There is more than personal pique," says the writer, "in the representation he has dared to give, at this juncture, of the state of native feeling and English government in 1857 in Patna, which he makes to bear upon his estimation of Calcutta. On page 109 he tells us:—'The city of Patna, where the Mahomedan element was large and influential, was the favourite bugbear of the Calcutta alarmists. Happily for them, the officer in charge of that city shared their suspicions and prejudices, and afforded them inexpressible delight by discovering secret meetings, by intercepting treasonable correspondence, and by arresting leading bankers on the charge of harbouring mutineers. And yet, while tumult and massacre were rife in the great towns of Oude and the North-West, the disturbances in Patna were confined to one partial *emence*, and one unpremeditated murder. At length the Governor of Bengal, tired of requesting to be informed why people had been executed in an irregular manner; sick of listening to the complaints of shopkeepers who were not allowed to leave their houses after nine at night, and disciples of Mahomedan professors whose studies were interrupted by the incarceration of their teachers, superseded the commissioner, and appointed a successor, who at once gave his confidence to an able official of the Mahomedan persuasion. From that day forward Patna was as quiet as Madras. This book is dated March, 1865, and its author could not but know that at the time all British India was looking on with satisfaction at the final exposition and punishment of the traitors who played upon and abused the assumed confidence of the then Governor of Bengal, Mr. James Halliday. At the very time that this edition of 'Cawnpore' reached India, the 'able officials of the Mahomedan persuasion,' under whom, and 'from that day forward,' Patna became

the hotbed of sedition, were on their trial for treason; and this same Moulvie Ahmedoolah of Patna, the chief of the Wahabees, having been condemned to death, and that well deserves sentence commuted to transportation for life, is by this time in retirement at the Andamans; where, if his warm friend and eulogist will send him a copy of his faithful work, he may refresh his drooping spirits with vivid pictures of what he and his fellows did in the short hey day of their treacherous power. The Commissioner who was superseded knew well why he was so displaced; the Government which displaced him knew well the dangerous character of the Wahabees through whose influence Patna has been until now the centre of ceaseless plottings and constant danger. And the "hatred and distrust of a large section of Anglo-Indian society" have been more than warranted by the disclosures in the recent trials of the detected "confidential" traitors. Mr. Trevelyan's virtuous indignation has exploded at an unlucky moment; and it is most unfortunate also that just at the time when he reflects with harsh condemnation on the "senility" of an "invalid" officer of fifty years, who died at his post unequal to the great emergency which overtook him, Sir Charles Trevelyan, after some forty years' of service, has returned—unfortunately broken down by hard work in a responsible post which he sought for himself—to find his last great work, his Budget for the year, disallowed by the Government, and repudiated as the outcome of incapacity by every class of the community.

MAJOR-GENERAL GREEN.—We hear with mixed feelings, of which, however, surprise is not one, that orders were actually issued to Major-General Green, C.B., that he should abstain from publishing any of the letters and documents on which he relies to exculpate himself from the odium attempted to be thrown on him by the Head-quarters Staff. This move, it would seem, has been dictated by the fear with which the accusers of General Green heard that he had had several letters printed for private distribution to his personal friends. We trust that the Governor will, in fairness, publish General Green's reply to the charges that have been made against him. At any rate, the enforced suppression of General Green's long continued correspondence against the official practice of marching troops in disregard of the excessive heat will not avail to shield Head-quarters in the case of the Artillery Battery.

THE SHARE MARKET, July 11.—The inquiry for Bank of Bombay shares continues unabated. They close firm at 32. There has been a pretty good demand for Elphinstones, though there has been no change in the rate. The shares of the older banks, Oriental, Agra, Mercantile, and Chartered, which were unsaleable during the fever of speculation, are once more in moderate request. Government paper is in good demand.—*Times of India.*

LOCKING THE STABLE DOOR, &c.—The *Bombay Gazette* says:—"The recent fatal march from Mhow has worked a change in the military authorities, which ought to have been effected long ago. Thus we read in army general orders that 'Lieut. W. S. Nugent, 103rd Regiment of Foot, is attached to the general depot, until such time as the road to Mhow is reported healthy, when he will proceed to join his corps'—the old, old story of locking the stable door after the steed is stolen."

SHIPPING.

ARRIVALS.

June 8. Eurydice, Vauhan, Liverpool; str. Orissa, Curling, Suez.—9. Gertrude, Spedding, Liverpool.—10. str. Eneue, Gribble, Galle.—11. Lord Clyde, Littlepage, Moulmein; Providence, Cassy, Mauritius; Queen of England, McKenzie, Madras; Morning Star, Travener, Kurra-chee; G. A. Holt, Johnson, Aden; Inconstant, Gubrie, London; Derbyshire, Emmerson, Liverpool; Tagela, Stuart, Port Natal; Caroline Coventry, Jones, China; Sorabjee Jamssetjee Jeejeebhoy, King-

come, Liverpool; Sen King, Blaxell, London.—12. Sattara, Thomas, Liverpool; Soukar, Wilkie, Greenock.—13. Richard Ryland, Wilson, London; str. Penang, Druitz, Calcutta; Peckforton Castle, Guthrie, Cardiff.—14. Welcome, Holland, Singapore; Coronet, Spoor, Liverpool; Edward, Hicken, Fletcher, Moulmein; City of Edinburgh, Souden, Glasgow; Empress of China, Smith, Moulmein; Wilhelm Kitchin, Dackladge, Ganjam.—15. Princess Dagmar, Lewis, Singapore; Luzon, Robinson, New York.—21. Canopus, Kennedy, Bashire.—July 8. Australia Messenger, Periman, Singapore.—9. Bedfordshire, Mackey, Calcutta; Marion, Moyle, Cocanada; Salem, Robertson, Moulmein.—10. Kate Kellock, Vincent, Sunderland; Scimitar, Potts, Liverpool; str. Orissa, Curling, Sea.—11. B. K., Guillemern, Zanzibar; str. Benares, White, Suez; Lancasterian, Donaldson, Liverpool; str. Behar, Hyde, Hong Kong; Duke of Northumberland, Brown, Newcastle.

PASSENGERS ARRIVED.

Per str. Emen.—From YOKOHAMA.—Mr. and Miss Harward. From SHANGHAI.—Mr. Innes, Mr. Crockett. From Hong Kong.—Mr. Ladderdale, Mr. Heywoods, Mr. Vickers, Mr. Owen, Mr. H. Noble, Mr. Heywood, Mr. Dusbrow, Mr. Anderson. From SINGAPORE.—Mr. Gouzebach, Mr. J. Anster, Mr. Lore. From GALLE.—Mr. Scott, Mr. Westcott, Mr. John Farr, Mr. Barton.

Per Caroline Coventry.—Capt. Fairbrother, Lieut. Hogg, Lieut. Nicolson, Asst.-surgeon Morton, Mrs. Morton and child.

Per Gertrude.—Mrs. Shapcott, Capt. McTaggart. Per Sea King.—Mrs. Legge and four children, Mrs. Adie and three children.

Per P. and O. Co.'s str. Orissa.—From MARSHALLS.—Sir A. and Lady Grant, Col. Barry, Easing Barr, Major Etheridge, Lieut. Ward, Mr. Ramsden, Mr. Anderson, Mr. Jack. From SOUTHAMPTON.—Mrs. Bishop, Miss O'Brien, Ensign H. Parry, Mr. Richard Jenkins, Mr. E. Wilkes, Ensign H. Turnbull, Mrs. Swinches and two infants, Mr. David Neas, Mr. Gardiner, Mr. J. Patterson, Mr. W. J. Irving, Mr. J. R. Roe, Mr. Playfair, Mr. McDonald, Mr. Henry Strong, Mr. Henry Marsey, Mr. W. Watts, Mr. James Gilbert, Mrs. Mary Hughes. From ADEN.—Capt. Anderson, Lieut. Lawrence.

Per str. Behar.—Mr. A. Stewart, Mr. C. Malhotra, Mr. L. Hyams, Mr. J. Bradley, Mr. S. Sopp, Capt. Dunlop, Mr. Barnes, Mr. and Mrs. Fox, Mr. Sherwood, Mr. Ezekiel, Mr. Raphael.

DEPARTURES.

June 8. John Allen, H. Hume, London via Havre; May Queen, Penny, Liverpool; Anton Brown, Tullock, Liverpool; Mohamed E. Ali, Nacoda, Colombo and Tuticorin.—9. Panurus, Fagan, Liverpool; Matheson, Henry, Batavia; str. Malta, Murray, Aden and Suez.—11. str. Blinnia, Bonfellow, Calcutta.—13. Prefet de Montague, Bondon, Havre; War Cloud, Henderson, Liverpool.—14. Isabella Kerr, Galloway, Liverpool; Sandringham, Muir, Liverpool.—15. Emily, Smith, Davidson, Singapore; str. Carnatic, Gribble, Calcutta, str. City of Canton, Hadenwick, Liverpool; str. Comorin, Atkinson, Calcutta.—16. Courier de Mars, Grenard, Peking and Singapore; Lemousin, Gorin, H. Hume.—19. Northern Belle, Hubert, Liverpool.—21. India, Ekodhi, Batavia; G. H. and, Hubert, Kurrachee.—22. Zingra, Gould, London; Steve Denard, Thompson, Calcutta; Prosperine, Batz, Liverpool; Calumet, Bingham, Liverpool; mail str. Orissa, Suez (put back).—July 8. Eumenides, Poe, Liverpool; Pontine, Davis, Liverpool; Oasis, Parsell, Galle.—9. str. Bombay, Burne, Aden and Suez.—10. Assaye, Jones, Calcutta; str. India, Lewis, Persian Gulf.—11. Wilhelms, McEllan, Batavia; str. Kurrachee, Cotier, Kurrachee.

PASSENGERS DEPARTED.

Per Comorin.—Mr. H. Bennett, Mr. H. D. R. Smart, Lieut. M. H. Hayes, Capt. J. Ford, Mr. Carter, Mr. Gove, Mr. S. C. Pereira.

Per P. and O. Co.'s str. Malta.—For SOUTHAMPTON.—Mr. W. Garlick, Mr. Phelps, Mrs. Douglas and two infants, Mr. Christie and child, Mr. Ranshaw, Mr. Shields, Mr. Chedans, Mr. Brown, Mr. Bacon. For SUEZ.—Mr. Gasset.

Per P. and O. Co.'s str. Orissa.—For SOUTHAMPTON.—Mr. Dugard, Mr. Jones and child, Mr. W. Pegg, Mr. H. G. Gray, Miss Howard, Master H. Noble, Mr. Heywood, Mr. Dusbrow, Mr. Anderson, Mr. Charlton, Mr. Graham, Mr. Winders, Mr. and Mrs. C. Swanerger, Mrs. W. Swanerger and three children, Mr. Mahoney, Mr. Reeve, Dr. Hamilton, Major Longston, Mrs. Lawrence. For SUEZ.—Mr. Innes, Mr. Vickers, Mr. Burns, Mr. and Mrs. E. Parker, Mr. Macleod. For MALTA.—Mr. Owen, Lieut.-col. Martin. For MARSHALLS.—Mr. and Mrs. Hardy and child, Mr. Inglis, Mr. Mozeay, Major and Mrs. Bonis and infant, Mr. McDonald, Mr. Coulter, Mr. Winton, Mr. Beynon.

CEYLON.

The heads of intelligence in the *Colombo Observer* relates to the continued tours of the governor; the progress of the Ceylon League, in behalf of which a public meeting had been held; the opening of the Military Commission; the departure for home of General O'Brien; and the increasing export of coffee. We extract the following remarks in reference to coffee and the league:—

"We see no reason to doubt that our estimate of 850,000 cwts. will be nearly, if not altogether, made by 30th September. In any case the crop will certainly be the largest ever despatched from Ceylon. Fully seven-eighths of the quantity will go direct to England,—giving England's merchants the distribution of an article worth more than two millions sterling, while we take of England's cotton and iron manufactures to the value of

a million, besides employing no inconsiderable amount of English tonnage. A colony which makes such returns for the fostering care and protection now bestowed on her ought not surely to be dealt with in the churlish and insulting tone which England's present Secretary of State for the colonies has chosen to adopt. At any rate the colonists are not inclined tamely to submit to the simultaneous curtailment of their privileges and the enhancement of their burdens. Our columns on this occasion will show that the Ceylon league is a great fact, and that from all quarters it is receiving the adhesion of the people—the settlers and the natives alike. A spirit has been stirred in this quiet colony which will not be allayed until the taxpayers have not only the voice which they once possessed in the disposal of the taxes, but privileges more useful and more extended. . . . Our demands here are very moderate. As yet we ask neither for the electoral franchise nor for a Government dependent on the will of the people's representatives. What we ask for and are determined to have is a council in which the various classes and interests shall be substantially represented, and in which those representatives shall possess real power and not the mere show of it.

THE WILL OF THE LATE SIR DAVID DAVIES.
—The will of Sir David Davies, M.D., K.C.H., of 2, Berkeley-street, Piccadilly, was proved in the London Court, on the 22nd ult., by the executors and trustees, Messrs. R. and S. H. Twining, bankers. The personality was sworn under £20,000. The testator was physician to William IV. and the late Queen Dowager. His will is dated 1857, and he died on the 2nd of May last, at Lucca, Italy, at the age of seventy-two. Sir David has devised his real estates to his son Robert, of the Bengal Civil Service, and leaves to his younger son, the Rev. W. H. Davies, M.A., a legacy of £8,000.

MAILS TO INDIA.

Mails to India and China, via Marsailles, are despatched from London as follows, viz.:—Those for Bombay packets, on the evening of the 3rd and 18th of each month; and those for Calcutta packets (including mails for Ceylon, Madras, and China), on the evenings of the 10th and 25th of each month. When any of these dates fall on a Sunday, the mails are made up on the following evening.

Letters and Newspapers can be forwarded to any part of India, via Bombay and Muscades, and in most cases will reach their destination some days sooner than if despatched by the following Calcutta mail. The Bombay and the Calcutta mails, however, are no longer available for the transmission of letters or newspapers to the Madras Presidency.

Mails for the Mediterranean, and all parts of India and China, except the Bombay Presidency, are despatched via Southampton on the 11th and 26th, or when either of these dates falls on Sunday, upon the previous evening.

Mails for the Mediterranean, the Presidency of Bombay, and Upper and North-West Provinces of Bengal and China, are despatched via Southampton on the 11th and 27th of the month, except when these dates fall on Sunday, in which case they are forwarded on the previous evening.

A French line of mail packets now leaves Marsailles on the 19th of every month for Alexandria. Postage for letters and papers to India and China the same as is charged by the English mail via Marsailles. Letters intended to be forwarded by these packets must be specially addressed "By French mail packet from Marsailles."

POSTAGE.

Via Southampton (pre-payment compulsory) letters under
4 oz. 6s. 6d. | 2 oz. 2s. 6d. | 1 oz. 1s. 6d.
1 oz. 1s. 6d. | 3 oz. 3s. 6d. | 5 oz. 5s. 6d.

Books, with the ends of the covers open not exceeding 3 lbs. in weight, if sent via Southampton, under 4s. 4d.; under 4 lbs. 8d.; under 1 lb. 1s. 4d.; under 1½ lb. 2s.; and under 2 lbs. 2s. 8d.; under 2½ lbs. 3s. 4d.; and under 3 lbs. 4s. Postage-stamps must be affixed.

Newspapers for the East Indies, when not exceeding 4 oz. 2d. each; when above 4 oz. and not exceeding 8 oz. 3d. each;—an additional 1d. being charged for every additional 4 oz. or fraction thereof. For all countries or places eastward of Suez, the charge is 2d. whatever the weight of the newspaper.

Via Marsailles (pre-payment compulsory) letters under
4 oz. 6s. 10d. | 1 oz. 1s. 6d. | 2 oz. 2s. 1d. | 3 oz. 3s. 6d.
Newspapers not exceeding 4 oz. 3d., when above 4 oz. and not exceeding 8 oz. 6d. each.

Books under 4 lbs. 6d.; under 4 lbs. 1s.; and for every additional 4 lb. an additional 1s.

The postage chargeable on book packets, or packets of printed papers, sent to Malta, Alexandria, Cairo, or Suez, via Marsailles, is as follows:—

For a packet not exceeding 4 oz. 4d.; above 4 oz. and not exceeding 4 lbs. 8d.; above 4 lbs. and not exceeding 1 lb. 1s. 4d.; above 1 lb. and not exceeding 1½ lbs. 2s.; every additional 4 lbs. 8d.

Postage in all cases to be paid in advance.



Official Gazette.

BENGAL.

BY THE GOVERNOR-GENERAL.
TRAVELLING IN BURMAH.

May 29.—No. 454.—H.E. the Gov. gen. in Council is pleased to publish, for general information, the following rules prepared with reference to the case of British subjects travelling (under Art. 3 of the commercial treaty with Burmah, dated Sept. 1, 1827), within Burmese territories, and provided generally for the course to be pursued by British subjects, when meeting Burmese officials upon the public streets and roads of the Burmese capital, Mandalay.

These rules have been framed by the chief commissioner of British Burmah, with the concurrence of the Government of Burmah; and H.E. in Council desires to impress upon persons travelling within Burmese territory the necessity of strictly observing them.

Recent experience has shown the need of a common code of rules, to which British and Burmese could alike refer; and persons neglecting to attend to the rules now published will, in the event of complications, have no claim upon their Government for redress:—

Rules.—I. British subjects desiring to travel through any of the towns and districts of the Burmese Empire away from the River Irrawaddy, and not carrying a large number of arms, but travelling in the manner of merchants, with four or five muskets only, will meet with no obstruction or impediment, and will be allowed to pass. But if any British subject desires to travel with a larger number of muskets, say about ten or twelve, or more, he must make an application to the Agent to the Chief Commissioner at Mandalay, who will submit it through the Ayeabaing Woongyee for the sanction of the Minister of the Hlo Han. A pass-port will be then forwarded to the applicant, who will, in virtue thereof, be allowed to travel unrestrictedly.

II. British subjects, when meeting Burmese officials of rank, preceded by lieutors, on any of the roads within the four and eight divisions of the boundaries of the Royal Golden City, must in all cases show due respect to such officials, either by taking off the hat, or saluting with the hand. In the event of persons not attending to this rule, the lieutors will not be allowed to lay hand upon them, but a note will be taken of the occurrence, the person or persons will be identified, and suitable orders will be issued, which shall be communicated to the Agent to the Chief Commissioner at the Royal Golden City.

III. British subjects going to the capital of Burmah who may not know what Burmese officials are entitled to the above-mentioned marks of respect can receive full information from the agent to the chief commissioner at Mandalay.—By order of H.E. the Gov. Gen. in Council,

W. MUNN, Sec. to the Govt. of India.

May 31.—No. 216.—Asst. surg. F. H. O'Doncl, M.D., in medical charge of the Meywar Bheel Corps, availed himself on the 10th inst. of the prep. leave granted him in G.O. No. 56, dated Jan. 30.

May 29.—No. 1155.—Col. Fyche, comr. of the Tenasserim div., British Burmah, made over charge of his office to Lieut. col. D. Brown on 4th inst.

The prep. leave for 1 mo. granted to Col. Fyche, in G.O. No. 938, dated May 4, will have effect from the above date.

No. 1157.—Mr. J. W. Quinton is appd. to offic. as dep. comr. of Secapore, in Ouch, from the 13th ult.

No. 1159.—Mr. C. A. Elliott, settlement officer of Hoshungabad, in the Central Provinces, has 15 days' leave to proceed to Bombay, prep. to obtaining furl. to Europe.

May 31.—No. 1169.—Capt. S. S. Boulderson, asst. settlement officer, Lucknow, availed himself on the forenoon of the 15th inst. of the 3 mo. priv. leave granted him in G.O. No. 577, dated March 13.

May 29.—No. 194.—The undermen. officers are transf. from the Central Provinces to Oude:—Maj. F. Tyrrell, Madras staff corps, exec. engr., 2nd grade.

Mr. J. H. Wilson, C.E., exec. engr., 4th grade.
No. 195.—Mr. J. M. Span, appd. an asst. engr., 1st grade, and posted to the Central Provinces in notification No. 141 of April 12, joined his appt. May 17.

No. 196.—Capt. J. L. Watts, R.E., who has returned from leave to Europe, is re appt. to the public works dept. as an exec. engr. of the 3rd grade, and posted as before to the N.W.P.

No. 197.—Mr. W. S. Farley, supervisor, 1st grade, Central Provinces, is granted 3 mo. priv. leave, with effect from April 1.

May 30.—No. 198.—It is notified for gen. inform. that a committee, composed of the following officers, has been appt. at Roorkee to take into consideration and to report on the best methods for cooling and ventilating barracks, and other public buildings:—

President.—Major F. R. Maunsell, R.E., commanding sappers and miners.

Members.—Lieut. col. J. H. Dyas, R.E., chief engineer, irrigation dept., N.W.P.

Captain F. W. Peile, R.E., superint. engr., 1st circle, N.W.P.

Dr. R. S. O. Thring, surg. maj., sappers and miners.

Dr. E. Howard, senior surg., 1st batt., 20th regt.

Dr. Murray Thompson, professor of experimental science, Roorkee college.

Mr. A. Campbell, superint., Roorkee workshops.

The committee will be prepared to consider any suggestions that may be submitted to it by persons who have suggestions to make.

May 31.—No. 199.—Mr. T. H. Williams, supervisor, 2nd grade, Oude, is struck off the strength of the public works establishment, with effect, from March 17.

Sub-conductor J. L. Hughes, supervisor, 2nd grade, and Mr. J. H. Rivett, overseer, 1st grade, are transferred from Oude to the Punjab estab., public works.

No. 201.—Mr. R. S. Dobbs, assist. engr., 2nd grade, assumed charge of the Chittledroog div. in Mysore, on March 28.

No. 202.—Mr. J. F. Pope, assist. engr., 2nd grade, public works dept., N.W.P., is transferred to British Burmah.

No. 203.—Mr. W. Godfrey is appt. an accountant, 4th grade, public works dept., and posted to Central Provinces.

June 1.—No. 205.—Lieut. W. J. Carroll, assist. engineer, 1st grade, public works dept., Oudh, is appointed temporarily to the charge of the Seeta-poor div., with effect from May 3, 1865.

PENSION TO STAFF CORPS OFFICERS.

No. 539.—In continuation of G.G.O. No. 523, dated June 20, 1864, it is hereby notified, under the authority of the Right Hon. the Sec. of State, that a staff corps officer exchanging to a regiment of the line, whether a purchase or non-purchase corps, must be held to have foregone all claim to pension under the Indian Regulations, as he altogether quits the Indian service, and promotion is made in his room in the cadre to which he formerly belonged.

No. 1,199.—Dr. H. F. McGrath, civil assist. surg. of Raepore, is invested with the powers of a magist., to be exercised within the precincts of the jail of that station.

No. 1,205.—Sub assist. Surg. Mr. C. E. Pyster, in med. charge of Sandoway, British Burmah, resumed charge of his duties on the forenoon of March 24.

No. 1,207.—Rev. J. Clough, chaplain of Tong-hoo, leave to Eur. for 6 mos., from the date on which he may avail himself of the same.

No. 1,209.—Capt. A. H. Millett, dist. superint. of police, Oomraotee dist., is appt. to the 1st grade of dist. superints. on rs. 800 per mensem.

No. 1,211.—Maj. Younghusband made over charge of the office of inspector gen. of police, Hyderabad assigned districts, to Capt. Millett, on May 5.

Consequent on Maj. Younghusband having made over charge of the office of inspector gen. of police, Hyderabad assigned districts, to Capt. Millett, Lieut. Hamilton, district superint. of police, Maiker district, has been directed to take charge of the Oomraotee district; and Mr. Cumberlege, assist. superint. of police, to offic. as district superint. of the Maiker dist.

June 8.—No. 1,323.—Asst. surg. H. F. McGrath, of the Bombay Med. estab., is appt. to civil med. charge of Raepore, Cent. Provs. This cancels the notification in this dept., No. 3,603, dated April 17, 1865.

No. 1,324.—Asst. surg. A. N. E. Riddel, of the Bombay med. estab., is appt. to the civil med. charge of Chanda, Cent. Provs.

June 9.—No. 1,347.—Mr. T. King, in med. charge of the Dumoh dist., Cent. Provs., is placed in charge of the jail at that station, and is invested with the powers of a mag., to be exercised within the precincts of the jail.

No. 1,350.—The Gov. gen. in Council is pleased to app. Lieut. H. Martin, 26th regt., Bombay N.I., to be an offic. asst. dist. superint. of police, Cent. Provs.

No. 481.—H.E. the Viceroy and G. G. in C. is pleased to recognise Mons. H. Roquerbe as vice consul for his Majesty the King of Italy at Calcutta.

June 3.—No. 1,194.—Mr. A. Shakespear, agent to the Gov. gen. at Benares, made over charge of his office to Mr. G. P. Money on the 19th ult.

No. 1,195.—Asst. surg. M. W. Mott, M.D., in medical charge of the Bhurtpoor political agency, availed himself, on the 15th April, of the leave granted him in G. O. No. 570, dated March 13.

No. 1,197.—Major J. P. Nixon received charge of the Meywar political agency, on the forenoon of May 4, from Lieut. A. N. Bruce, asst. agent to the Gov. gen. for the States of Rajpootana.

No. 1,201.—The duties of the canton magistrate at Morar, including those of judge of Small Cause Court, will be performed temporarily by Lieut. W. B. Barwell, 16th Bengal cav., in addition to his own military duties, during such period as Major Wright conducts the current duties of the Gwalior political agency.

Lieut. Barwell is invested with the powers of a mag. and judge of the Small Cause Court, within the limits of the Morar cantonment, as a temporary arrangement.

June 6.—No. 1,211.—With reference to notification No. 940, dated May 4, the services of Lieut. J. Ketchen, of the gen. list, Bombay inf., are replaced at the disposal of the mil. dept. at his own request.

No. 1,215.—Lieut. J. Ducat, asst. settlement officer, Raepore, in the Central Provs., has obtained 30 days prep. leave from 15th ult., to Bombay, for the purpose of obtaining leave to England, on m.c.

No. 1,277.—Lieut. J. A. Temple, asst. comr., Saur, in the Central Provs., is appt. to conduct the current duties of the dep. comr.'s office, v. Capt. C. V. Gordon.

No. 1,219.—The prep. leave for 28 days, granted in G.O. No. 432, dated Feb. 22, to Lieut. W. E. Forbes, asst. settlement officer in Oude, is extended to 29 days.

No. 1,239.—The services of Lieut. M. J. J. Mignon, adjt., 2nd regt., Central India horse, are placed at the disposal of the Punjab govt.

June 6.—No. 647.—Mr. G. Hough made over, and Mr. H. A. Mangles received charge of the office of the accountant-general, British Burmah, on the 22nd ult.

June 9.—No. 721.—Mr. E. H. Lushington resumed his duties as secretary to the Govt. of India, financial dept., on the forenoon of this day.

June 3.—No. 206.—Mr. R. C. McKennie, asst. engr., 2nd grade, public works dept., Mysore, is allowed 2 mo. leave of abs., with effect from May 1.

June 5.—No. 207.—Mr. M. Quirk is appt. a temp. overseer, 1st grade, and is posted to Port Blair for special duty, from Aug. 1, 1864.

No. 208.—Six mo. leave of abs. on m.c. is granted to Capt. A. S. Griffiths, Bombay staff corps, asst. engr., Nusseerabad div., with effect from March 27.

No. 209.—Capt. D. J. P. Campbell, exec. engr., 4th grade, public works dept., Mysore, is granted leave of abs. on m.c., from March 21 to May 15.

No. 210.—Mr. B. Lacey, acent., 3rd grade, public works dept., Mysore, is allowed 1 mo. priv. leave, with effect from May 12.

No. 211.—Mr. R. F. Chisholm, exec. engr., 4th grade, is transf. from Bengal to the Madras Pres.

No. 212.—The services of Capt. F. T. Pollock, exec. engr., 4th grade, Cocos lighthouses division, British Burmah, are replaced at the disposal of the military dept. of the Madras Govt., from the date on which he may be relieved from his present duties.

June 7.—No. 213.—Lieut. W. J. Engledue, R.E., asst. engr., 2nd grade, public works dept., Oudh, is posted to the Lucknow div.

June 8.—No. 214.—In continuation of public works dept. notification No. 123, dated March 30, it is hereby notified that Maj. Brownlow, R.E., entered on his duties as suptdg. engr., 2nd class, irrigation dept., N.W.P., on March 24.

June 9.—No. 215.—Mr. F. J. Williams, asst. engr., 1st grade, public works dept., Central Provinces, has 2 mo. leave from such date as his services can be spared.

No. 216.—Leave for 20 mo. on m.c. is granted to Mr. E. B. Medley, asst. engr., 1st grade, Rajpoot-

tana circle, from such date as he may avail himself of it.

June 2.—No. 9.—The services of Lieut. G. C. Sartorius, asst. conservator of forests, Central Provinces, are placed temp. at the disposal of the foreign dept. This cancels the portion No. 8, dated May 17, referring to Lieut. Noverre.

June 6.—No. 558.—The services of Lieut. J. H. C. G. Lassalle, gen. list, inf., qrmr. 5th regt. N.I., are placed at the disposal of the Govt., N.W.P.

No. 559.—Appts.

Punjab Irregular Force.

4th Sikh Inf.—Lieut. A. Scott, gen. list, inf., 30th (Punjab) regt., N.I., to be doing duty officer and officg. qrmr.

No. 562.—The following prom. and alteration of rank is made in the med. dept., subject to H.M.'s approval:—

Promotion.

Med. Dept.—Asst. surg. R. F. Hutchinson, M.D., to be surg. from April 2, v. Dep. Inspector Gen. of Hospitals R. B. Kinsey, F.R.C.S., dec.

No. 564.—The underment. officer is permitted to proceed to Europe, on leave, on m.c.:—

Capt. C. V. Gordon, Madras staff corps, asst. comsr., Central Provinces, for 20 mo.

No. 565.—The underment. officer is permitted to proceed to Europe, on leave, on m.c.:—

Lieut. E. P. Ommanney, late 45th regt. N.I., qrmr. 44th (Sylhet) regt. N.I., for 20 mo., under the new regs.

NEW UNIFORMS.

June 7.—No. 566.—As a temp. measure, H.E. the Gov. Gen. in Council is pleased to direct that in cases of transfers or volunteers from one corps to another, where the uniforms of the corps differ in such a manner that the clothing brought with the transfers and volunteers cannot be altered to correspond with that of their new corps, and when there may be no part-worn clothing in store with the latter, to exchange with that brought with the transfers and volunteers, new clothing will be issued to them under the following regs.:—

If similar articles of clothing in wear with the corps have three months and more to last, when issued annually, six, when issued biennially the new clothing required will be provided, and will be renewed at the next regular issue; but if similar articles in use with the corps have less than the periods mentioned to last, the new clothing required will be provided in advance of the next regular issue, and is to be worn until the end of the period for which it would have served, had it not been issued until the regular time of delivery.

Transfers and volunteers to corps where the clothing of the former regiment cannot be made available, will be allowed to take with them, as their own property, one pair of cloth trousers or trews, and one pair of boots or shoes; the remainder of the clothing taken with them, and which cannot be altered, being sold for the benefit of the State, when the new clothing is issued.

No. 568.—The foll. promotion and alterations of rank are made, subject to H.M.'s approval:—

Infantry.—Major (Lieut. col. in the staff corps) E. T. Dalton (from cadre of late 3rd Eur. regt.), to be Lieut. col., from March 28, 1865, v. Lieut. col. (Brev. col.) J. E. Landers, Bengal inf., prom.

Cadre of late 3rd Eur. regt.—Capt. (brev. major) E. Thomas, to be major, and Lieut. (brev. major) S. D. White, to be capt., from March 28, 1865, v. Lieut. col. (brev. col.) J. E. Landers, Bengal inf., prom.

Cadre of late 9th N.I.—Lieut. (capt. in the staff corps) H. C. Smith, to be capt., from Jan. 19, 1865, v. Capt. A. Crawford, late 9th N.I., ret.

Bengal Infantry.—Major F. W. Baugh, from cadre of late 26th N.I., to be Lieut. col., from March 28, 1865, v. Lieut. col. E. T. Dalton, staff corps, removed from the list of regimental lieut. cols.

Cadre of late 26th N.I.—Capt. (major in staff corps) J. M. Cripps to be major, and Lieut. (capt. in staff corps) J. P. Turton to be capt., from March 28 last, v. Lieut. col. E. T. Dalton, staff corps, removed from list of regimental lieut. cols.

Cadre of late 38th N.I.—Lieut. W. L. P. Drummond (staff corps) to be capt., from Jan. 24 last, v. Capt. J. B. Denny (staff corps), prom. in cadre of late 38th N.I.

Cadre of late 48th N.I.—Capt. (Brevet Col.) W. T. Hughes (staff corps) to be major, and Lieut. (capt. in staff corps) C. W. Fletcher to be capt., from March 8 last, v. Major P. R. Hockin (staff corps), deceased.

Alterations of Rank.

Cadre of late 38th N.I.—Capt. M. M. Procter

(staff corps), from Nov. 21 last, v. Capt. H. F. Bamford, retired.

Bengal Infantry.—Lieut. col. R. Renny (staff corps), from cadre of late 47th N.I., from Jan. 24 last, v. Lieut. col. R. J. Edgell, Bengal inf., retired.

Cadre of late 47th N.I.—Major (lieut. col. in staff corps) R. Campbell, and Capt. W. Gordon, from Jan. 24 last, v. Lieut. col. R. J. Edgell, Bengal inf., retired.

Bengal Inf.—Lieut. col. H. R. Shelton (from cadre of late 38th N.I.), from Jan. 24, v. Lieut. col. R. Renny (staff corps), removed from the list of regtl. cols.

Cadre of late 38th N.I.—Major J. B. Dennys (staff corps), from Jan. 24, v. Lieut. col. R. Renny (staff corps) removed from the list of regtl. lieut. cols.

Bengal Inf.—Lieut. col. (staff corps), C. F. M. Mundy (from cadre of late 34th N.I.), from March 12, v. Lieut. col. J. L. Walker, Bengal inf., dec.

Cadre of late 34th N.I.—Major (brev. lieut. col.) P. H. K. Dewaal, and Capt. (brev. maj.) F. H. Hanmer, from March 12, v. Lieut. col. J. L. Walker, Bengal inf., dec.

Bengal Inf.—Lieut. col. (staff corps) H. Nicoll, from cadre of late 50th N.I., from March 12, v. Lieut. col. C. F. M. Mundy, staff corps, removed from the list of regtl. lieut. cols.

Cadre of late 50th N.I.—Major (lieut. col. in the staff corps) A. C. Plowden, and Capt. H. V. Mathias (staff corps) from March 12 last, v. Lieut. col. C. F. M. Mundy, staff corps, removed from the list of regimental lieut. cols.

Bengal Infantry.—Lieut. col. D. S. Dodgson (from cadre of late 30th N.I.) from March 12 last, v. Lieut. col. H. Nicoll, staff corps, removed from the list of regimental lieut. cols.

Cadre of late 30th N.I.—Major W. D. Bishop, and Capt. H. S. V. Fisher (staff corps), from March 12 last, v. Lieut. col. H. Nicoll, staff corps, removed from the list of regimental lieut. cols.

Cadre of late 9th N.I.—Captains A. McKenzie (staff corps), from Jan. 25, 1863, v. Capt. H. R. Corfield, dec.; and H. T. Oldfield (staff corps), from June 30, 1864, v. Capt. H. Campbell (staff corps), retired.

The prom. of Lieut. (brevet capt.) H. J. Allen, cadre of late 9th N.I., announced in G.G.O. No. 139 of 1863, is hereby cancl., that officer having ret. from Sept. 24, 1862.

No. 570.—Capt. A. C. Bruce, of the 91st (Argyllshire) Highlanders, dep. asst. qmr. gen., Presidency div., is perm. to proc. to the Neigherry Hills on m.c., and to be absent from Bengal on that account for 5 mo.

June 8.—No. 571.—The serv. of Lieut. W. G. Ward, 36th regt. Madras N.I., are placed at the disp. of the foreign dept.

No. 573.—The undermen. officer has reported his return from England:—

Lieut. J. R. Pearson, of the Bengal staff corps, adjt., Lahore light horse; date of arrival at Fort William, May 29.

No. 574.—The undermentioned officers having completed 20 years' service, 6 years of which were on permanent staff employ, to be majors, from the dates specified opposite to their respective names, under the Royal Warrant of Jan. 16, 1861, subject to H.M.'s approval:—

Bengal Staff Corps.—Capt. (brev. maj. J. G. Sparke, June 1.

Capt. (brev. maj.) J. T. Norgate, June 1.

No. 575.—The services of Lieut. col. E. A. Rowlatt, of the Bengal staff corps, are placed at the disposal of the Govt. of the N.W.P.

June 9.—No. 576.—The undermentioned officer is permitted to Europe:—

Lieut. A. Vivian, of the Bengal staff corps, 2nd in command and squadron officer, 3rd Punjab cav., for 6 mos., without pay.

No. 577.—The following orders issued by the resident at Hyderabad, are confirmed:—

No. 71, Dated May 11.—Granting 30 days' leave of abs., from date of departure, to Brig. gen. H. B. Lumsden, c.b., commanding the Hyderabad contingent, to proceed to Bombay, m.c., with a view to obtain a final m.c. to Europe.

Appointing Lieut., col. H. D. Abbott, c.b., commanding 4th cav., Hyderabad contingent, to offic. as commandant of the Hyderabad contingent, during the abs. of Brig. gen. H. B. Lumsden, c.b.; and Maj. H. C. Dowker, 2nd in command, 4th cav., Hyderabad contingent, to offic. as commandant of the corps, during the time Lieut. col. H. D. Abbott, c.b., may command the Hyderabad contingent.

No. 72.—Dated May 11, confirming regimental order issued by officer comg. 1st cav., Hyderabad contingent, directing Lieut. J. G. D. Walker, paid

doing duty officer, to officiate as adjt. of the corps from March 8 last, the date from which the services of Lieut. W. Tweedie were made available for civil duty, as notified in G.O. by resident, No. 44.

No. 578.—Appointments in Hyderabad contingent:—

4th Cav.—Lieut. F. J. Innes, Bombay staff corps, adjt., to officiate as 2nd in com. during the period Major Dowker may officiate as comdt.

Lieut. H. C. Onslow, 35th Madras N.I., paid doing duty officer, to officiate as adjt. in room of Lieut. Innes.

Lieut. T. C. Briggs, gen. list, Madras inf., to officiate as paid doing duty officer, in room of Lieut. Onslow.

No. 579.—The services of Lieut. J. B. Taylor, 9th regt. Madras N.I., are placed at the disposal of the home dept.

No. 580.—The following order, issued by the Government of Bombay, is confirmed:—

No. 295.—Dated May 23, granting leave to Europe, m.c., to Brig. gen. H. B. Lumsden, c.b., Bengal staff corps, comg. Hyderabad contingent, for 20 mo. from May 24, the date of embarkation at Bombay.

BY THE LIEUT. GOVERNOR.

April 22.—Appointments:—

Dr. J. G. French is re-appointed to be civil asst. surg. of Mysnang.

June 10.—Sub-asst. surg. Dwarkanauth Chatterjee to offic. as med. officer of Serampore, during the absence on leave of Dr. T. Bray, or until further orders.

Mr. R. H. Wilson, asst. mag. and coll., to have charge of the sub-division of Cox's bazaar, and to exercise the powers of a mag. in Chittagong.

Mr. J. A. Hopkins to be an asst. comr., Maunbloom, and to exercise the powers of a sub. mag. of the 1st class and the power of a dep. coll. in that district.

June 12.—Mr. R. De Courcy to be vice-chairman of the municipal comrs. for the town of Purneah.

Dr. J. Macleod Cameron to be a municipal comr. for the town of Monghyr.

June 13.—Mr. E. C. Craster to offic. as civil and session judge of Beerbhoom.

Mr. P. D. Dickens, asst. mag. and coll., to have charge of the sub-division of Busseerhaut, and to exercise the powers of a subordinate mag. of the 1st class, and the powers of a dep. coll. in the 24-pergunnahs. Mr. Dickens is also empowered to hold the preliminary enquiry into cases triable by the Court of Sessions, or by the High Court, to commit or hold to bail persons to take their trial before such Court of Sessions or High Court, and to exercise all the powers necessary for that purpose.

Mr. G. E. Makgill will take charge of the sub-division until the arrival of Mr. Dickens.

June 14.—Mr. F. W. R. Cowley, asst. mag. and coll., to have charge of the sub-division of Hajee-poor, and to exercise the powers of a subordinate mag. of the 1st class, and the powers of a dep. coll. in Tirhoot.

Mr. H. Davies, dep. mag. and dep. coll. of Tirhoot, to have charge of the sub-division of Tajpore.

June 15.—Mr. J. S. Armstrong to offic. as mag. and coll. of Cuttack, and asst. to the superint. of the Tributary Melals, during absence on leave of Mr. W. J. Money.

Mr. E. J. Barton, asst. mag. and coll. of Cuttack, to have temp. charge of sub division of Jajipore, and to exercise the powers of a subordinate mag. of the 1st class, and the powers of a dep. coll. in Cuttack.

Mr. W. W. Hunter, asst. mag. and coll. of Beerbhoom, is empowered, under Section 1, Act X. of 1854, to receive and try cases within his competence.

Mr. H. L. Harrison to be a joint mag. and dep. coll. of the 2nd grade in Midnapore.

June 16.—Lieut. col. H. Bruce, c.b., to offic. as comsr. of Cooch Behar and of the Western Dooars of Bootan, during the absence, on leave, of Lieut. col. Haughton.

Major J. R. Pugh to offic. as insp. gen. of police, Lower Provinces.

June 20.—Mr. J. W. Galwey, c.e., officg. professor of civil engineering, Presidency College, is confirmed in his appointment, with effect from 22nd ult.

June 23.—Mr. A. Mackenzie to offic. as joint mag. and dep. coll. of the 24-Pergunnahs, during the absence, on leave, of Mr. C. B. Garrett.

Mr. W. W. Hunter to have charge of the sub division of Kooshtea, and to exercise powers of a mag. and dep. coll. in Nuddea. Mr. Hunter is also app. to be supt. of labour transport in Kooshtea.

June 15.—Leave of absence.—Mr. W. J. Money, mag. and coll. of Cuttack, for 3 mo.

June 16.—Lieut. col. W. A. A. Thompson, agent to the Gov. gen. at Moorshedabad, for 3 mo., from 15th prox., under section 6 of the Covenanted Service Absentee Rules.

Lieut. col. J. C. Haughton, Commissioner of Cooch Behar and of the Western Dooars of Bootan, for 31 days.

June 20.—Mr. O. S. Stack, dist. supt. of police, 24-Pergunnahs, for 1 mo. Mr. Slack will make over charge of his duties to Mr. W. L. Owen.

Mr. W. Sarson, dep. coll. of Chittagong, for 1 mo., from 1st prox.

Mr. W. S. Atkinson, director of public instruction, for 3 mo., under financial notification, dated July 31, 1863, from the date on which he may avail himself of the leave.

June 23.—Mr. C. B. Garrett, joint mag. and dep. coll. of the 24-Pergunnahs, for 6 mo., from 3rd prox., together with a day's leave for prep.

June 16.—Lieut. W. Howey offic. as dist. supt. of police of Bancorah from the 6th to the 28th Feb. last.

Mr. G. H. French offic. as dist. supt. of Howrah from April 10 last to the 14th inst.

Mr. A. Rattray, dep. mag. and dep. coll. of Nugwan, having resumed his duties on the 5th inst., the unexpired portion of the leave granted to him on the 13th March last is cancl.

BY THE LIEUT. GOVERNOR, N.W.P.

June 16.—No. 452a.—The Lieut. gov. is pleased to invest Lieut. J. Walters, 2nd asst. comr. at Beawr, with authority to hold the preliminary inquiry into cases triable by the court of sessions, or by any supreme court of judicature.

June 9.—No. 2,000a.—Mr. G. B. Taylor is appd. a municipal comr. at Mussoorie, under Act XXVI. of 1850, v. Mr. J. N. Heseltine, dec.

No. 2,003a.—In modification of the notification, in this dept., No. 1,599a, dated 6th ult., Mr. C. B. Thornhill, officg. member of the Sulder board of revenue, is appd. an ex officio municipal comr. of the civil station of Allahabad, under Act XXVI. of 1850, v. the official civil paymr., whose office is about to be abolished.

June 10.—No. 2,030a.—His honour the Lieut. gov. is pleased, upon the report of the special central examination committee, to declare the undermentioned officers to have passed the required examination by the 1st and 2nd standards, respectively:—

By the Second or higher Standard.

Messrs. W. T. Baldwin, W. R. Burkitt, G. S. D. Dale, J. G. Robertson, R. D. Spedding, F. Henvey, A. Cadell, R. T. Hobart, A. M. Markham, G. E. Ward, H. F. Tyrrell, n.a., R. J. Leeds, W. W. G. Cornwall, M. S. Howell, n.a., H. M. Rogers, J. C. Leupolt, Lieut. H. M. Repton, Messrs. E. C. Buck, J. Smith, n.a., T. G. Hansen, E. F. T. Atkinson, n.a., S. O. B. Ridsdale, n.a., and Lieut. Liston.

Cantonment Magistrate passed in the Judicial Dept. and in Akkaree.—Maj. C. B. Bacon.

By the First or lower Standard.

Messrs. A. C. Tupp, n.a., G. Butt, W. Barrie, Lieut. Walters, Messrs. J. Quinn, W. A. Howe, W. Irvine, J. H. Twigg, T. W. Rowlands, A. B. Patterson, G. Adams, R. J. Crosthwaite, and R. Jardine.

Dep. Collector.—Mr. P. Niblett.

No. 2,031a.—The following officers have also passed in the police dept.:—

Messrs. W. T. Baldwin, J. G. Robertson, G. S. D. Dale, W. R. Burkitt, A. Cadell, F. Henvey, R. D. Spedding, H. F. Tyrrell, n.a., G. E. Ward, and R. J. Leeds.

No. 2,032a.—The undermen. officers are invested with the full powers of a mag. and dep. coll.:—

Messrs. C. E. R. Girdlestone, W. T. Baldwin, W. R. Burkitt, G. S. D. Dale, J. G. Robertson, R. D. Spedding, F. Henvey, G. E. Ward, H. F. Tyrrell, n.a., R. J. Leeds, R. T. Hobart, A. M. Markham, M. S. Howell, n.a., J. C. Leupolt, J. Smith, n.a., E. F. T. Atkinson, n.a., and S. O. B. Ridsdale, n.a., subject to their passing the required police examination.

No. 2,033a.—The undermen. officers are invested with the powers of a subord. mag. of the 1st class:—

Messrs. A. Cadell, W. Cornwall, H. M. Rogers, and Lieut. H. M. Repton.

Messrs. E. C. Buck, T. G. Hanson, and Lieut. Liston.

Messrs. A. C. Tupp, n.a., G. Butt, W. Barrie, and Lieut. Walters.

Messrs. J. Quinn, W. A. Howe, W. Irvine, J. H. Twigg, T. W. Rawlins, A. B. Patterson, G. Adams,

R. J. Crosthwaite, R. Jardine, P. Niblett, and J. Vaughan.

June 13.—No. 2,054a.—Eighteen days' prep. leave of absence, under section 3 of the new Civil Service Absentee Rules, is granted to Mr. W. R. Benson, offic. mag. and coll. of Hummerpore, to enable him to reach the port of embarkation, with the view of proceeding to Europe on furl., with effect from the 12th inst., or from the subsequent date on which he may avail himself of the same.

June 17.—No. 612a.—In the notification in the police dept., No. 415a, dated the 10th ult., for Lieut. W. H. Garton, read *Capt. W. H. Garton*.

June 20.—No. 617a.—Lieut. J. H. C. G. Lassalle, gen. list inf., qmtr. 5th regt. N.I., whose services have been placed at the disposal of this Govt., is app. to offic. as 2nd asst. district superint. of police, Ajmere, and adj. of the Ajmere and Mhairwarrah police corps.

June 23.—No. 625a.—The services of Lieut. G. F. J. Graham, offic. asst. district superint. of police at Deyrah Dhoon, are placed at the disposal of the Govt. of India in the foreign dept., for employment in the Punjab.

June 15.—No. 2,083a.—6 mo. leave to England, on urgent private affairs, is granted to Mr. F. Henvey, asst. mag. and coll. at Agra, together with the usual prep. leave to enable him to reach the port of embarkation, with effect from 30th inst., or from the subsequent date on which he may avail himself of the same.

June 16.—No. 2,111a.—3 mo. priv. leave is granted to Mr. A. Boulderson, joint mag. and dep. coll. of Moradabad, from May 1 to July 1, and from Oct. 1 to Nov. 1 next.

No. 2,115a.—1 mo. priv. leave is granted to Mr. K. Deighton, B.A., principal of the Govt. College at Agra, with effect from July 1, or from the subsequent date on which he may avail himself of the same.

No. 2,120a.—Mr. E. S. Robertson, joint mag. and dep. coll. of the 2nd grade at Azimgarh, is app. to be a joint mag. and dep. coll. of the 1st grade.

No. 2,121a.—Mr. W. J. Mulligan, offic. joint mag. and dep. coll. at Saharunpore, is app. to be a joint mag. and dep. coll. of the 2nd grade.

No. 2,128a.—The Hon. the Lieut.-gov. is pleased to direct the transfers of the undermentioned officers in their present capacities:—

Mr. R. Jardine, asst. mag. and coll., from Agra to Etawah.

Mr. J. Kennedy, asst. mag. and coll., from Etawah to Agra.

Mr. J. H. Fisher, asst. mag. and coll., from Agra to Farruckabad.

June 17.—No. 2,136a.—In continuation of the notification in the general dept., No. 2,033a, dated the 10th inst., the undermentioned officers are invested with the powers of a dep. coll. for the trial of suits under Act X. of 1859, and Act XVI. of 1863:—

Messrs. A. Cadell, W. Cornwall, H. M. Rogers, F. C. Buck, T. G. Hanson, A. C. Tupp, B.A., G. Butt, W. Barrie, J. Quinn, W. A. Howe, W. Irvine, J. H. Twigg, T. W. Rawlins, A. B. Patterson, G. Adams, R. J. Crosthwaite, and R. Jardine.

No. 2,147a.—In modification of the notification in the general dept., No. 2,033a, dated 10th inst., Lieut. H. M. Repton is invested with the full powers of a mag.

No. 2,163a.—3 mo. privilege leave is granted to Mr. T. A. Brown, dep. coll. at Agra, with effect from Aug. 1 next.

No. 2,188a.—Mr. T. A. Brown, dep. mag. of Agra, is app. as a member of the dispensary committee at Agra.

No. 2,190a.—1 mo. priv. leave is granted to Mr. J. Platts, asst. inspector, dept. of public instruction, N.W.P., with effect from the date on which he may avail himself of the same.

No. 2,191a.—The inspector of the 2nd circle, dept. of public instruction, N.W.P., will carry on the duties of the asst. inspector, in add. to his own, during the absence on leave of Mr. Platts.

No. 2,202a.—The undermentioned gentlemen are app. to offic. as joint mag. and dep. colls., to fill existing vacancies, with effect from the 10th inst.:—

Mr. W. T. Baldwin, asst. mag. and coll. at Boolundshuhur.

Mr. W. R. Burkitt, asst. mag. and coll. at Goruckpore.

Mr. G. S. D. Dale, asst. mag. and coll. at Allahabad.

Mr. J. G. Robertson, asst. mag. and coll. at Farruckabad.

No. 2,203a.—Mr. C. E. Girdlestone, offic. judge of the Court of Small Causes at Allahabad, is app. to offic. as a joint mag. and dep. coll., with effect

from the date on which he is relieved from his present duties.

No. 2,208a.—In modification of the notification in the gen. dept. No. 4,008a, dated Dec. 29 last, 3 mo. priv. leave is granted to Mr. H. Fane, civil and sessions judge of Mirzapore, with effect from Feb. 10 last.

May 20.—No. 378a.—Mr. E. F. T. Atkinson, asst. mag. and coll. at Jounpore, is invested with authority to hold the preliminary inquiry into cases triable by the Court of Session, or by any Supreme Court of Judicature, and to empower him to commit, or to hold to bail, persons to take their trial before such Court of Session or Supreme Court of Judicature, and to exercise all the powers necessary for such purpose.

May 23.—No. 534a.—The usual prep. leave, to enable him to reach the port of embarkation, is granted to Capt. R. Cadell, district superint. of police at Futtchghurh, with effect from the date on which he availed himself of the same.

No. 538a.—Lieut. J. W. O'Dowda, asst. district superint. of police, Rohilkund div., is app. to offic. as district superint. of police at Futtchghurh, during leave of Capt. Cadell.

May 22.—No. 478a.—In notification No. 1,321a of 20th ult. (gen. dept.), Mr. C. H. S. Crosthwaite is appd. to offic. as joint mag. and dep. coll. and asst. settlement officer at Etah, during the abs. on deputation of Mr. Harrison.

May 20.—No. 1,771a.—Mr. C. F. Hall, offic. joint mag. and dep. coll. at Deyrah Dhoon, is appd. to be a joint mag. and dep. coll. of the 2nd grade.

May 22.—No. 1,785a.—Mr. R. M. Edwards, mag. and coll. of Bareilly, received charge of the current duties of the office of commr. of Rohilkund on the forenoon of the 4th inst.

May 23.—No. 1,796a.—With reference to the notification issued by the Govt. of India, in the foreign dept. (gen.), No. 812, dated April 7, Lieut. col. W. F. Eden is appd. to be commr. of the Ajmere div., with effect from 7th ult.

No. 1,799a.—In modification of the notification in this dept., No. 1,557a, dated 3rd inst., Mr. J. O. B. Beckett, senior asst. commr. at Gurlwal, is appd. to offic. as settlement officer of Kumaon, during leave of Mr. C. W. Colvin.

No. 1,811a.—Mr. D. L. Sandford, offic. dep. coll. under Regulation IX. of 1853, at Cawnpore, is appointed to be dep. coll. at Buxtee.

May 17.—No. 486a.—Lieut. C. S. Monierieff, R.E., is appointed permanently to the executive charge of the Eastern Jumna Canal, from the date on which Major Brownlow, R.E., took up the duties of superint. engr., 2nd circle, irrigation works.

No. 489a.—Leave of absence, for 6 mo., on m.c., is granted to Mr. J. Kelly, executive engr., Hurdwar Quarries, from April 1.

Mr. T. Jones, asst. engr., northern division Ganges Canal, will take up Mr. Kelly's duties as a temp. arrangement.

No. 491a.—Mr. A. W. S. Connor, asst. engr., Gwalior division public works, is transf. to the Agra and Bombay Road.

May 18.—No. 507a.—Priv. leave of absence for 3 mo. is granted to Mr. W. Mills, supervisor, 2nd grade, attached to the Bareilly division public works from such date as he may avail himself of the same.

June 1.—No. 399a.—Mr. J. Power, civil and sessions judge of Moradabad, is app. to offic. as civil and sessions judge of Futtchpore. Mr. Power will make over charge of the current duties of his present office to the Principal Sudder Ameen of Moradabad.

Allahabad, March 23.—No. 2,888.—With reference to notification No. 2,353, of 17th ult., Mr. E. Lemaistre, overseer, 3rd grade, is posted to the Meerut div. public works, which he joined on the 4th inst.

No. 2,889.—Mr. J. Wilson, overseer, 3rd grade, is transferred from the Nowgong div. public works, to the Bundelkund road div.

No. 2,890.—The one month's priv. leave granted by the superint. engr., 3rd circle, to Mr. W. H. Parker, executive engr., Bundelkund road div., commencing from June 20, is confirmed.

No. 2,892.—With reference to notifi. No. 2,000, of March last, Capt. H. E. Whish, exec. engr., Benares div. public works, made over charge of his office to Mr. J. Sheldon, assist. engr., on the 10th inst., and availed himself of priv. leave for 3 mo., granted to him on 11th idem.

No. 2,893.—With reference to notifi. No. 86a, of 18th ult., Mr. P. Caffery, exec. engr., 4th grade, left the 5th div. Grand Trunk road on 30th idem, to take up his appmt. in the 4th div. Grand Trunk road.

May 27.—No. 93a.—Mr. C. W. Bradford, col-

lector of customs at Jhansie, has leave for 6 mo., m.c., under para. 11 of new uncov. service rules, from 18th inst., or date he may avail himself of same.

No. 94a.—Mr. E. W. Parsons, senior patrol of the division, is app. to officiate as collector of customs at that station during the absence on leave of Mr. Bradford.

No. 1,845a.—Mr. W. McChlery, mag. and coll. of Mirzapore, and Mr. J. Simson, registrar to the Court of Sudder Dewanny and Nizamut Adawlut, N.W. Provinces, were passengers on board the steamer *Sindia*, which was left by the pilot at sea on the 25th ult.

May 29.—No. 2,957.—The following transfer, ordered in Sept., 1864, is hereby notified for general information:—

The road from Moozufernuggur, via Sabarunpore, to the Jumna River, 44½ miles, from charge of the civil authorities to that of the exec. engr., 6th div. Grand Trunk Road.

No. 2,994.—With reference to G.O.G.G. No. 196, dated 29th ult., Capt. J. L. Watts, R.E., exec. engr., 3rd grade, is posted to the Agra and Bombay road.

June 6.—No. 414a.—Mr. R. P. Colvin, dep. conservator of the Saharunpore and Deyrah Dhoon Forests, is invested with authority to receive and try, without reference by the magistrate, all such charges as he is now competent to try under the G. O. No. 347a of June 30, 1864.

June 3.—No. 510a.—Mr. H. Blunt, dep. coll. under regulation 9 of 1853, at Farruckabad, is transferred in the same capacity to Meerut.

No. 513a.—Mr. Anthony is appointed to officiate as dep. coll. at Farruckabad.

Mr. D. Anthony is invested with the powers of a subordinate magistrate of the 2nd class.

No. 1917a.—Five month's leave of absence is granted to Mr. N. Parsick, dep. coll. at Jounpore, with effect from the 1st inst.

BANDA.

No. 1,920a.—It is hereby notified that, in accordance with the wishes of the inhabitants, the provisions of Act 26 of 1850 are extended to the town of Banda, in the Allahabad div., for the purpose of providing a sufficient force of police, and making better provision for conservancy, and for the general improvement of the said town.

2. This notification is issued under section 4 of Act 26 of 1850.

No. 1,921a.—The undermen, gentlemen are appd. comrs. for putting Act XXVI. of 1850 in force in the town of Banda, in the Allahabad div., and are hereby authorised to prepare rules for more effectually accomplishing the purposes for which they are appointed:—H. R. Clarke, Esq., president, R. T. Hobart, Esq., secretary, D. Ringer, Esq., M.D., and D. McArthy, Esq., members.

No. 1,928a.—Mr. W. T. Baldwin, asst. mag. and coll. at Boolundshuhur, is appd. a member of the Boolundshuhur dispensary committee.

No. 1,397a.—One mo. priv. leave of absence has been granted to the Rev. J. A. Stamper, B.A., chaplain of Cawnpore, with effect from the date on which he may avail himself of the same.

No. 1,914a.—J. W. Tyler, Esq., is appd. to be civil asst. surg. of Etah, from the date on which Dr. Duncan vacated the appt., in consequence of the expiry of his leave to Europe.

June 7.—No. 1,984.—Mr. B. W. Colvin to be mag. and coll. of Moradabad, v. Mr. H. S. Reid, but to offic. as mag. and coll. of Mynpoorie, with effect from the date on which the leave granted him in G.O. No. 1,556a of the 3rd ult. expires.

Nyuce Tal, June 1.—No. 676a.—Lieut. C. Gordon, R.E., asst. principal Thomason College, Roorkee, is prom. to the grade of 1st class asst. engr.

June 8.—No. 3,012.—Mr. C. P. Shanahan, overseer, 1st grade, is transf. from the Agra and Bombay road to the Agra div. public works.

No. 3,043.—With reference to notification No. 85a, dated April 18 last, Mr. J. McDonald, asst. engr., 1st grade, made over charge of the 3rd div. Grand Trunk Road to Capt. W. Jackson, on the 25th ult.

BY THE LIEUT.-GOVERNOR PUNJAB.

June 6.—No. 837.—Mr. C. F. Hand, clerk of the Umritsar Small Cause Court, has 1 mo. priv. leave of abs. from the date of his availing himself thereof.

No. 149.—Mr. J. W. Wise is appd. a 3rd class engr. in the inland navigation dept., to fill an existing vacancy, with effect from June 1.

June 8.—No. 151.—Mr. C. Ellis is appd. store-keeper of the inland navigation dept., on probation, with effect from May 29.

June 9.—No. 154.—Mr. J. Murphy is appd. an engr. of the 3rd class in the inland navigation dept., from June 1, to fill a vacancy in that grade.

No. 155.—Mr. W. Cavalier is appd. an engr. of the 3rd class in the inland navigation dept., to fill a vacancy in that grade.

June 6.—No. 1,209.—Lieut. R. T. M. Lang, asst. comnr., from the Jhelum to the Hazara dist.

The unexpired portion of leave granted to Lieut. Lang, in *Punjab Gazette* order No. 961, dated April 28, is cancl. from this date.

June 8.—No. 1,244.—Mr. W. H. D'Gruyther, extra asst. comnr., Delhi, has obtained leave of abs. for 6 mo., on m.c., with effect from the date of his availing himself of the same.

June 9.—No. 1,224.—Mr. G. E. Wakefield, asst. comnr., from the Ferozepore to the Mooltan dist.

No. 1,225.—In cancelment of *Punjab Gazette* order No. 1,073, dated May 15, the Hon. the Lieut. gov. is pleased to grant leave of abs. for 4 mo., to Mr. A. Bulman, asst. comnr., Mooltan, to visit Cashmere on m.c., under sec. 17 of the civil absentee rules; together with the authorised special leave described in sec. 18, to enable him to proceed to and return from the frontier.

June 12.—No. 1,244.—Major H. A. Dwyer, offic. dep. comnr., Goojrat, has obtained 3 mo. priv. leave of abs. from July 1, or such subsequent date as he may avail himself of it.

No. 1,245.—Capt. W. G. Waterfield, judge of Small Cause Court, Peshawur, to offic. as dep. comnr. of Goojrat during the abs. of Major Dwyer.

No. 1,246.—Capt. E. P. Gordon, asst. comnr., Umritsur, to offic. as Small Cause Court judge at Peshawur.

No. 1,247.—Mr. F. R. Scarlett, Judge of Small Cause Court, Simla, to offic. as judge of Small Cause Court at Umritsur.

June 14.—No. 143.—1st Punjab Volunteer Rifle Corps.—Lieut. C. F. A. Kelly is permitted to resign.

June 8.—No. 970.—Leave.—Lieut. E. C. Garstin, asst. engr., 4th div., Baree Doab Canal, is allowed 10 days' priv. leave in ext. of that granted him in *Gazette* order No. 682, dated July 11, 1864, to enable him to rejoin his app.

June 9.—No. 984.—Transfers:—

Mr. T. Login, exec. engr., Rechna Doab Survey, to the 7th div., Grand Trunk Road.

Mr. J. D. Smith, exec. engr., 2nd grade, having reported his return from leave to Eur., is posted to the Umritsur civil works div.

No. 985.—Leave.—Mr. J. Gordon, exec. engr., Umritsur civil works div., is allowed, from such date as he may avail himself of it, 12 mo. leave without pay and without the privilege of counting the period of service towards pension, under the operation of resolution No. 542, dated June 4, 1864, of Govt. of India in the financial dept.

June 14.—No. 1,258.—Transfers.—Mr. A. G. Walker, asst. comnr., from the Montgomery to the Shahpoor district.

No. 1,259.—Mr. D. C. M. Gordon, extra asst. comnr., from the Shahpoor to the Montgomery dist.

June 16.—No. 1,268.—Leave.—Mr. F. R. Scarlett, judge of small cause court, having reported his return to India on June 5, is allowed the usual leave to rejoin his appointment.

June 17.—No. 1,272.—Appointments.—Lieut. R. S. Armstrong, inspector of schools, Rawul Pindce circle, is app. an asst. comr. of the 3rd class, and posted to the Shahpoor district.

No. 1,273.—Lieut. M. J. J. Mignon, adj. 2nd regt. Central India horse, is app. an asst. comr. of the 3rd class, and posted to the Umballa district.

June 16.—No. 147.—Leave.—Lieut. J. D. Macpherson, 3rd squadron officer, 3rd Punjab cav., has leave from July 2 to Oct. 15, in ext. of privilege leave, to remain at Calcutta.

June 13.—No. 217c.—Posting.—Mr. J. H. Revitt, overseer, 1st grade, transferred to the Punjab in Govt. of India notification No. 199, dated May 31, is posted to the Upper Sirhind division.

May 31.—No. 810.—Lieut. col. M. B. Whish, cantonment magistrate of Delhi, has obtained 3 mo.'s privilege leave of absence from July 3, 1865, or such subsequent date as he may avail himself of the same.

Capt. N. Barton, 25th Punjab inf., will officiate as cantonment magistrate at Delhi during the absence of Lieut. col. Whish, in addition to his other duties.

May 30.—No. 803.—Major E. N. Perkins, district superintendent of police, Loodiana, has obtained privilege leave of absence for two months, with effect from June 10, or such subsequent date as he may avail himself of the same.

No. 513.—Asst. surg. J. Ince, M.D., is deputed to Shrinuggur, Cashmere, as med. off. at that place during the season of 1865, with effect from June 26.

May 29.—No. 1,137.—Capt. F. J. Millar, assist. commsr. Umballa, has obtained three months' privilege leave of absence.

No. 1,143.—In modification of *Punjab Gazette* order, No. 1,111, dated May 22, the following postings of assist. commsrs. are made:—

Lieut. H. Gibson, to the Mozuffurghur dist.

Lieut. F. G. Hearn, to the Jullundur dist.

May 31.—No. 1,169.—Mr. R. T. Burney, assist. commsr., has obtained three months' privilege leave of absence with effect from June 1, or such subsequent date as he may avail himself of the same.

May 26.—No. 130.—The Bunnoo station order, dated May 1, directing Assist. surg. C. P. Costello to remain in charge of the 6th Punjab inf. until relieved by Assist. surg. B. T. Lyons, is confirmed.

May 29.—No. 132.—Major J. Hood, comdg. 4th Punjab inf., from July 15 to Nov. 15, on private affairs, in extension of privilege leave under the old furlough regs.

May 25.—No. 660.—The following promotions and changes are made with effect from April 1, 1865, in accordance with public works dept. standing orders No. 13 of 1865.

Special assist. engineers to be executive engineers, 4th grade:—

Capt. J. S. Ingram, Jullundur div.

Mr. T. W. Knowles, 8th div., Grand Trunk Road.

Mr. H. Scott, 2nd div., Lahore and Peshawur Road.

Mr. 661.—Mr. J. P. Raow, clerk of the 4th grade, from the office of superint. engr., 1st circle, to the office of chief engr. and sec. to Govt., Punjab, public works dept.

The transfer to have effect from May 1.

No. 690.—Mr. R. Chalmers, accountant, 4th grade, on prob., has been perm. to res. his appt. in the office of controller of public works accounts.

May 26.—No. 718.—Lieut. T. C. Manderson, R.E., asst. engr., 1st grade, is posted to the Upper Sirhind div.

No. 718.—Lieut. F. P. Spragge, R.E., asst. engr., Upper Sirhind div., is allowed 6 mo. leave, on m.c.

May 31.—No. 803.—Mr. J. D. Smith, exec. engr., 2nd class, Punjab, is allowed 8 days' leave, to enable him to join, in ext. of the 1 mo. leave notified in *Punjab Government Gazette* No. 8,349, of April 28.

May 25.—No. 184.—Leave.—Capt. R. Home, exec. engr., 1st division, Baree Doab Canal, is allowed 1 mo. privilege leave from such date as he may avail himself of the same.

May 27.—No. 204.—Leave.—Mr. T. Login, exec. engr., Rechna Doab survey, is allowed 1 mo. priv. leave from such date as he may avail himself of the same.

June 1.—No. 286.—Mr. C. Kirkpatrick, head master Hoshiyapore Zillah School, has obtained 1 mo. priv. leave of absence, from June 15, 1865, or such subsequent date as he may avail himself thereof.

June 2.—No. 142.—Mr. J. Hodgson is appd. mate of the steamer *Channah*, with effect from May 19, 1865, v. Mr. Hargrave, dec.

June 5.—No. 145.—Mr. A. F. Shore, 3rd class engr., is dismissed the service, with effect from the date on which he left the dept.

No. 1,196.—Mr. A. H. Henton, asst. comsr. Loodiana, has obtained priv. leave of absence for 1 mo., with effect from Sept. 1, 1865.

No. 1,197.—Mr. W. H. Rattigan, extra asst. comsr., Shahpoor, has obtained priv. leave of absence for 1 mo., with effect from Sept. 1, 1865.

No. 1,198.—Mr. C. P. Elliott, deputy comsr., Loodiana, has obtained priv. leave of absence for 1 mo., with effect from July 28, 1865, or from such subsequent date as he may avail himself of the same.

June 1.—No. 134.—Lieut. A. Vivian, 2nd in command, 3rd Punjab cav., has leave for 2 mo., from July 1 next, to visit Bombay, preparatory to applying for leave to England for 6 mo., on urgent private affairs.

No. 834.—Major C. W. Nightingale, executive engineer, Lahore div., is allowed one month's leave of absence from June 20, or such date as he may avail himself of it, to proceed to Calcutta, prep. to applying for permission to retire from the service.

June 3.—No. 878.—Mr. J. Kennelly, clerk of the 12th grade, office of exec. engr., Jullundur div., is permitted to resign his appt. in the pub. works dept.

June 6.—No. 927.—Lieut. M. G. Clerk, assist. engr., from the Rawul Pindce to the Lower Sirhind div.

June 7.—No. 932.—With reference to standing order No. 13 of 1865, the following member of the eng. estab. is promoted to asst. engr. 3rd grade:—

Lieut. C. E. Delafosse, prob. asst. engr. Delhi div.

No. 983.—Mr. A. Adams, asst. engr., 3rd grade, 8th div., Grand Trunk Road, having passed prescribed exam., is prom. to asst. engr. 2nd grade, with effect from date on which he passed the exam.

BY THE COMMANDER-IN-CHIEF.

May 2.—Brev. major C. R. O. Evans, 11th brig. R.A., having been promoted to lieut. col., is, under instructions from the Horse Guards, directed to proceed to England at the public expense.

Lieut. H. E. Kensit, 19th hussars, is appointed musketry instructor to his regt. from April 15, v. Lieut. R. Beaven.

Asst. surg. W. H. Climo, M.D., 2nd batt. rifle brig., is app. to do duty as 2nd asst. surg. at the convalescent depot, Murree, during the present hot season, and is directed to join without delay.

ERRATUM.—In G.O. of 10th ult., promoting with others Capt. G. Holland, R.A., for "royal (Madras) artillery," read "royal (Bengal) artillery."

The following Presidency division order is confirmed:—

Dated 20th idem.—Directing Staff Asst. surg. H. F. L. Molladew, M.D., to proceed and relieve Asst. surg. R. W. Troup, M.B., app. to 64th foot, from med. charge of No. 5 batty. 25th brig. R.A.

Dated 28th idem.—Transferring Lieut. D. H. Robertson, gen. list, inf., from 80th foot, to do duty with 54th foot.

Dated 29th idem.—Permitting Lieut. H. C. Sitwell, late 5th Eur. L.C., to proceed to Benares, for duty in that division.

The following orders are confirmed:—

Dacca station order, dated March 18 last, directing the following medical arrangements:—

Surg. J. B. Allen to receive med. charge of head quarters and wing of 5th N.I. from Surg. W. B. Beatson, M.D., and proceed as far as Sylhet, and thence to return, making over med. charge of regt. to Asst. surg. G. A. Watson.

Surg. W. B. Beatson, M.D., to receive med. charge of head quarters and six companies 17th N.I. from Surg. J. B. Allen, as a tempy. arrangement.

By the Officer commanding 41st foot, dated 21st idem, appointing Lieut. E. C. P. Pigott to act as adj. of the regt., from March 12, v. Trimmer, who resigns that appointment.

Futtehghur station order, dated 28th idem, appointing Lieut. G. F. FitzG. Colman, late 22nd N.I., station staff, v. Lieut. H. E. Stanley, 1st batt: 23rd foot, proceeding with his regt. to Agra.

By the Officer commanding 94th foot, dated 1st ult., directing Lieut. J. Mackinlay to act as adj., until further orders, v. Lieut. P. R. Anstruther.

Barrackpore station order, dated 3rd ult., directing Asst. surg. G. Bremner, M.D., Lahore light horse, to assume med. charge of the station staff, v. Surg. White.

Lahore division order, dated 4th ult., directing Capt. E. R. B. Barnes, 35th foot, to command at the Bhagsoo convalescent depot during the present hot season, and Lieut. E. S. Lock, 82nd foot, to do duty.

By the Officer commanding 7th drag. guards, dated 10th ult., making the following appointments to the left wing at Cawnpore:—

Cornet J. McBryan to act as adj.

Lieut. S. J. Dakin to act as qmtr. and paymr.

May 6.—The following order is, with the sanction of Govt., confirmed:—

Left centre column Doar field force order, dated Dec. 6 last, authorising the issue by the executive commissariat officer, on payment of extra rations to the camp followers of the column, with effect from 3rd idem.

Leave of absence:—

Royal Horse Artillery.—Lieut. C. E. Elwyn (D batty. A brig.), from April 15 to Oct. 15, to Nynee Tal and adjacent Hills; Capt. S. Stallard (C batty. C brig.), from April 10 to May 10, and Lieut. H. L. Nicholas (F batty. C brig.), from April 8 to May 7, to Calcutta, on m.c.

Royal Artillery.—Lieut. col. A. C. Hawkins (14th brig.), from date of embarkation to England, for 15 mo.; Capt. W. J. Gray (A batty. 22nd brig.), from April 15 to Oct. 15, to visit Mussorie and Hills north of Dehra; Lieut. E. H. Steel (No. 8 batty. 24th brig.), from April 20 to June 20, to Calcutta, on m.c.; Lieut. E. Stedman (No. 4 batty. 22nd brig.), from April 15 to Oct. 15, to Cashmere; and Asst. surg. J. W. Rimmer (C batty. 11th brig.), from Aug. 1 to Nov. 30, to Mussorie and Hills north of Dehra, on m.c.

7th Drag. Guards.—Capt. E. P. Chichester, from date of embarkation, to England, via the Cape of Good Hope, on m.c.

7th Foot.—Major P. J. J. Grant (1st batt.), from April 20 to Oct. 15, to Simla, Hills north of Dehra, and Cashmere.

19th Foot.—Col. R. Warden, Capt. E. St. J. Griffiths, and Asst. surg. H. Walker (2nd batt.), from date of embarkation, to Calcutta, on m.c.

23rd Foot.—Lieut. W. H. Adams (1st batt.), from Sept. 12 to Oct. 11, in ext., to remain in England; and Capt. G. W. H. Russell (1st batt.), from May 1 to Aug. 31, to Nynee Tal and Almorah.

42nd Foot.—Lieut. W. S. Walter, from April 15 to Oct. 15, to Cashmere.

46th Foot.—Capt. A. Nicholas, from April 21 to Oct. 20, to Nynee Tal, on m.c.

51st Foot.—Surg. J. O'Neil, from April 15 to Oct. 31, to Cashmere, on m.c.

58th Foot.—Major R. C. Whitehead, from April 20 to Oct. 15, to Cashmere; and Lieut. O. B. St. John, from May 2 to Aug. 1, to Nynee Tal.

Rifle Brigade.—Lieut. col. J. Ross, c.b. (3rd batt.), from April 15 to Aug. 14, to Murree.

Late 5th Eur. Cav.—Capt. S. Boulderson, from April 25 to May 9, to Calcutta, prep. to embarking for England.

ANNUITIES.

May 9.—The C. in C. is pleased to announce that as a consequence of the amalgamation, the Sec. of State for India has authorised the grant of £30 annually, to be awarded in annuities to sergeants who have remained in the local European service in the Bengal Presidency, with effect from Jan. 1, 1863.

Government have also sanctioned the annual grant of a gratuity with medal for long service and good conduct to the local European artillery and infantry combined in Bengal, from Jan. 1, 1863.

Recommendation rolls, prepared in regular form, are to be submitted to the Adjutant general immediately. And commanding officers concerned are cautioned that rewards under the good conduct regulations are intended for those soldiers only who are in the performance of regimental duty attached to native regiments and convalescent or recruit depots.

MESSES.

The C. in C. is pleased to notify the publication, in pamphlet form, of revised rules for the management of regimental messes in native regiments of the Bengal army, which have been approved by Government; and H.E. accordingly directs their adoption at once in supersession of all previous regulations on the subject.

The pamphlet will be furnished to regiments from the Adjutant general's office, at Calcutta.

The C. in C. in India is pleased to make the following appointments, until H.M.'s pleasure shall be known:—

2nd Batt. 21st Foot.—Lieut. H. de P. Rennick, from 44th foot, to be lieut., v. K. Browne, who exch.; dated May 1.

44th Foot.—Lieut. K. Browne, from 21st foot, to be lieut., v. Rennick, who exch.; dated May 1.

The C. in C. in India is pleased to make the following promotions, until H.M.'s pleasure shall be known:—

34th Foot.—Lieut. H. Lampen to be capt., without purch., v. Cody, dec.; Ensign L. Wyatt to be lieut., without purch., v. Lampen, prom.; dated April 17.

79th Foot.—Ensign G. L. Morley to be lieut., by purch., v. Jones, who retires; dated May 1.

The C. in C. in India is pleased to make the following appointments:—

1st Bengal Cav.—Major W. R. E. Alexander, 2nd in com. and squadron officer, to offic. as comdnt., during absence of Col. C. T. Chamberlain; Capt. G. C. Thomson, 2nd squadron officer, to offic. as 2nd in com. and squadron officer, v. Alexander; dated April 27.

2nd Bengal Cav.—Capt. C. Shaw, 2nd in com. and squadron officer, to offic. as comdnt., during the absence on furl. of Lieut. col. G. Jackson; Capt. H. Melvill, late 2nd regt. Eur. cav., to offic. as 2nd in com. and squadron officer, v. Shaw; dated April 27.

3rd Bengal Cav.—Lieut. M. H. Court, doing duty officer, to offic. as 3rd squadron officer, v. Willock, offic. as adj.; Lieut. G. W. Willock, 3rd squadron officer, to offic. as adj., v. Cracroft, on leave to Europe; Lieut. S. A. Swinley, gen. list, cav., to offic. as doing duty officer, v. Court; dated April 27.

8th Bengal Cav.—Lieut. J. A. McNeale, offic. doing duty officer 24th N.I., to be doing duty officer, v. Becher, app. A.D.C. to Major gen. A. M. Becher, c.b.; dated April 27.

10th Bengal Cav.—Lieut. A. C. Anderson, doing

duty 5th Bengal cav., to offic. as 3rd squadron officer, v. England, offic. as adj.; dated April 28. (This cancels Lieut. E. J. Webber's appointment to this vacancy.)

13th Bengal Cav.—Lieut. R. W. Napier, attached, to be doing duty officer, v. Ryves, appointed 3rd squadron officer; dated April 27.

15th Bengal Cav.—Lieut. R. Atkins, doing duty officer 9th Bengal cav., to be doing duty officer, v. Apperley, appointed 3rd squadron officer; dated April 27.

17th Bengal Cav.—Lieut. F. D. Boileau, attached to 12th Bengal cav., to be doing duty officer, v. Newnham, appointed 3rd squadron officer; dated April 27.

1st N.I.—Lieut. L. Macdonald, late 73rd N.I., attached, to offic. as doing duty officer, v. Atkins, offic. as adj.; dated April 27.

5th N.I.—Lieut. A. Harden, attached to 15th N.I., to be doing duty officer, v. Lassalle, appointed qrmr.; dated April 27.

6th N.I.—Lieut. col. W. Q. Pogson, wing officer, to offic. as 2nd in com. and wing officer, v. Holroyd, appointed to offic. as comdnt. to 24th N.I.; dated April 27.

14th N.I.—Lieut. J. G. Maclean, gen. list, inf., is confirmed in the appointment of qrmr.; dated April 27.

18th N.I.—Capt. R. S. Moseley, staff corps, to be 2nd in com. and wing officer, v. Larkins, resigned; dated April 27.

19th N.I.—Capt. J. Ruggles, 2nd in com. and wing officer, to offic. as comdnt., during absence on leave of Major Stafford; Capt. W. A. Garden, wing officer, to offic. as 2nd in com. and wing officer, v. Ruggles; Lieut. E. W. Smyth, attached to 25th N.I., to offic. as doing duty officer, v. Waller, offic. as qrmr.; dated April 27.

21st N.I.—Major G. D'Aguiar, late 4th N.I., to be 2nd in com. and wing officer, v. Glaspe, transf. to 15th N.I.; dated April 27.

22nd N.I.—Major J. J. O'Brien, staff corps, is confirmed in the appointment of 2nd in com. and wing officer; dated April 27.

24th N.I.—Lieut. col. G. Holroyd, 2nd in com. and wing officer 6th N.I., to offic. as comdnt., during absence on leave of Major Cave; dated April 27.

37th N.I.—Capt. A. A. Bruce, staff corps, to offic. as wing officer, during absence on leave of Lieut. E. S. Fox; dated April 27.

2nd Goorkhas.—Lieut. E. B. Cox, late 3rd Eur. regt., attached, to be doing duty officer, v. Senior, appointed qrmr.; dated April 27.

In anticipation of the sanction of H.R.H. the Field Marshal Commanding in Chief, Lieut. F. B. Eagle, 48th foot, has been granted leave of absence to remain in India until he can effect an exchange into a regt. remaining in the country.

The leave to Cashmere and Murree granted in G.O., dated April 25, to Capt. H. Melvill, late 2nd Eur. L.C., doing duty at Sealkote, is cancelled at his own request.

The following Lahore division orders, making the following medical arrangements, are confirmed:—

Dated 7th idem.—Directing Asst. surg. B. J. Jazdowski, m.b., 93rd foot, to proceed to Fort Govindghur, and relieve Asst. surg. W. Hillman, R.A., from med. charge of the Fort hospital.

Directing Asst. surg. W. Hillman, on being relieved, to proceed and join B. batty. 19th brig. R.A.

Dated 21st idem.—Directing Asst. surg. J. Kinahan, m.b., E. batty. F. brig. R.H.A., to relieve Staff Asst. surg. P. Quinlan from med. charge of a detachment of volunteers from 89th foot, and rejoin his batty. when relieved.

The following orders are confirmed:—

By the Major general commanding the forces, Bombay, dated March 14 last, appointing Ensign G. Bain, 44th foot, to act as asst. instructor of musketry, as a tempy. arrangement, with effect from 8th idem.

Jullundur brigade order, dated 11th ult., appointing Lieut. col. C. Harris, Bengal inf., to offic. as station interp., with effect from 10th idem, there being no regtl. interp. available.

Leave of absence:—

7th Drag. Gds.—Capt. E. P. Chichester, from April 6 to May 6, to Calcutta, on m.c.

7th Hussars.—Lieut. col. A. F. Steele, from May 1 to Oct. 31, as a special case, to Cashmere and Hills north of Dehra.

27th Foot.—Capt. F. E. Murphy, Lieuts. O. Cox, W. Herring, and K. D. Murray, from April 15 to Oct. 15, to Cashmere.

35th Foot.—Lieut. J. J. Twining, from date of leaving regt., for 1 mo., to Kurrachee, on m.c.; and Asst. surg. N. Alcock, from May 1 to Oct. 14, to Cashmere.

51st Foot.—Lieut. col. W. Agg, from June 15 to Oct. 15, to Murree.

54th Foot.—Major J. S. F. Fowke, from April 15 to Aug. 15, to Madras and Neilgherries; and Ensign C. F. Carey, from April 15 to Aug. 15, to Mussorie and Hills north of Dehra.

55th Foot.—Capt. E. F. Temple, from April 14 to Oct. 14, to Lucknow.

58th Foot.—Major H. C. Burningham, from April 15 to Aug. 15, to Dhurmsala and Cashmere; Capt. F. J. Green, from April 20 to Oct. 15, to Cashmere; Capt. F. Cunliffe, from May 2 to Oct. 15, to Mussorie; Lieut. W. Wordsworth, from May 2 to Oct. 15, to Nynee Tal; and Lieut. G. V. C. Napier, from April 30 to Aug. 31, to Singapore.

77th Foot.—Capt. T. P. Harvey, from April 20 to Oct. 15; and Lieut. R. Hoskins, from April 27 to Oct. 15, to Cashmere.

88th Foot.—Major T. Gore, from April 15 to Oct. 15, to Cashmere and Hills north of Dehra, on m.c. (This cancels the leave granted in G.O. 6th ult.); and Lieut. H. G. Moore (adj.), from April 15 to Oct. 14, to Cashmere.

90th Foot.—Lieut. D. MacLachlan, from June 14 to July 14, in ext., to Cashmere.

95th Foot.—Lieut. J. Gabbett, from Aug. 7 to Nov. 7, in ext., to remain in England.

107th Foot.—Capt. W. Owen (late orderly officer to Brig. gen. Tombs), from May 7 to June 7, to proceed to sea, on m.c.

Rifle Brigade.—(Capt. G. L. Austin (3rd batt.), from April 15 to Oct. 15, to Murree and adjacent Hills.

Bengal Cav.—Lieut. col. T. R. Snow (offic. comdnt. 7th Bengal cav.), from April 28 to Oct. 28, to Nynee Tal and the adjacent Hills, on m.c.

May 11.—The C. in C. in India is pleased to make the following appointments:—

7th Bengal Cav.—Lieut. J. L. Ferris, doing duty 44th N.I., to be doing duty officer, v. Beaucherk, appointed adj.; dated May 3.

18th Bengal Cav.—Lieut. R. Wheeler, qrmr. 20th N.I., to be doing duty officer, v. Barton; dated May 3.

11th N.I.—Lieut. T. R. Taylor, doing duty 19th N.I., to be doing duty officer, v. Becher; dated May 3.

23rd N.I.—Lieut. D. Adamson, attached to 7th N.I., to be doing duty officer, v. Eliot, res.; dated May 3.

24th N.I.—Lieut. T. St. Q. Clutterbuck, attached, to be offic. doing duty officer, v. McNeale; dated May 3.

32nd N.I.—Lieut. A. G. Hartshorne, attached, to be doing duty officer, v. Bushby; dated May 3.

39th N.I.—Lieut. J. H. Baldwin, attached to 19th N.I., to be doing duty officer, v. Williams; dated May 3.

42nd N.I.—Lieut. C. J. Duraud, attached to 30th N.I., to be doing duty officer, v. Peet, res.; dated May 3.

Asst. surg. J. F. Beattie, m.b., 79th foot, at present doing duty with 1st batt. 7th foot, at Ferozepore, will proceed without delay to join his own corps at Rawul Pindee, where his services are urgently required.

Asst. surg. C. J. Weir, m.b., 90th foot, at present attached to 42nd foot, will proceed and join his own corps at Peshawar.

Staff Asst. surg. J. Wood, attached to R.A. div., at Peshawar, will take med. charge of the family camp at Nundkote.

Official notification has been received that the undermentioned officers, recently promoted, have been posted to the battalions specified opposite their names:—

11th Foot.—Capt. F. J. S. Whiteside and Lieut. E. H. Vaughton, to 1st batt.

Rifle Brigade.—Capt. H. A. St. J. Mildmay, to 4th batt.; and Lieut. A. Arbutnot, to 3rd batt. Capt. Mildmay will proceed to join the 4th batt. rifle brig. at his own expense.

Asst. surg. H. Cayley, in joint med. charge of Simla, is directed to afford med. aid to the detachment of 22nd N.I., now at Simla, in addition to his other duties.

H.E. the C. in C. is pleased to appoint Capt. A. T. L. Chapman, 34th foot, late offic. district inspector of musketry, 2nd div., to act as district inspector of musketry, 3rd div. Capt. Chapman is directed to relieve Lieut. C. W. Thomas, 21st hussars, forthwith.

With reference to G.O. of Sept. 20 last, confirming regtl. order by the officer comdg. 5th lancers, dated Aug. 13 last, appointing Cornet J. Dennis to act as adj., for "with effect from 13th inst.," read "with effect from 13th idem."

The following Mooltan garrison order is confirmed:—

Dated 25th *idem*.—Appointing Asst. surg. J. H. Sylvester, Bombay stab., doing duty with 11th Bengal cav., to assume med. charge of 1st Sikh inf., v. Asst. surg. J. R. Johnson, appointed to medical charge of 5th Goorkhas.

The following Attock garrison orders are confirmed:—

Dated March 1 last.—Directing Capt. H. Wood, 3rd batt. rifle brig., to resume the duties of fort adj.

Dated 7th *idem*.—Directing Asst. surg. N. Ffolliott, 20th hussars, to assume med. charge of the troops in the garrison and also of the duties of civil surg., v. Asst. surg. J. Reid.

The following orders are confirmed:—

Rawul Pindie brigade order, dated Dec. 29 last, appointing Capt. C. MacFarlane, staff corps, doing gen. duty, to offic. as station interp., there being no qualified officer available.

Peshawur brigade order, dated Jan. 28 last, directing Lieut. C. W. Babington, late doing duty officer 4th Bengal cav., removed to 9th Bengal cav., to continue in command of a detachment of the former at the Deuba outposts, with effect from Feb. 1 last, until date of being relieved.

By the Officer commanding 91st foot, dated March 14 last, nominating the undermentioned officers a committee of paymastership, during absence on sick leave of Capt. and Paymr. J. A. Kysch:—

Major J. Penton to act as president.

Capt. W. Squire and Capt. S. H. Bruce, members.

Ditto, dated 15th *idem*, directing Capt. S. H. Bruce to act as paymr., on the responsibility of the committee, with effect from 15th *idem*.

By the Officer commanding 17th Bengal cav., dated March 16 last, directing the following appointments, v. Capt. H. W. Best, 2nd in com. and squad. officer, proceeded on sick leave:—

Capt. T. J. Watson, 2nd squadron officer, to offic. as 2nd in com. and squadron officer.

Capt. G. H. W. Hoggan to offic. as 2nd squadron officer, and to take charge of 1st squadron until the arrival of Capt. Watson.

Lieut. T. B. M. Glascock, 3rd squadron officer, to offic. as adj.

Lieut. E. G. Newnham, doing duty officer, to offic. as 3rd squadron officer, in add. to his other duties.

By the Major gen. commanding the forces, Bombay, dated 13th ult., appointing Cornet R. G. Nicholas, 3rd drag. gds., to act as adj., v. Lieut. and Adj. J. L. Egginton, proceeded on sick leave, with effect from Jan. 21 last.

Leave of absence:—

Staff Corps.—Capt. J. Trevenen, offic. 2nd in com. and wing officer 21st N.I., from April 20 to May 20, to Calcutta, prep. to applying for furl. to Europe, on m.c.; and Capt. G. C. Rowcroft (wing officer 35th N.I.), from April 20 to May 14, to Calcutta, on m.c.

Royal Horse Artillery.—Major A. Light (B batty. F brig.), from April 20 to June 20, to Murree, on m.c.

Royal Artillery.—Major A. Simpson, A.M. (No. 7 batty. 24th brig.), from April 14 to May 14, to Calcutta; Lieut. G. O'Connor (C batty. 11th brig.), from April 15 to Oct. 15, to Nynee Tal; and Lieut. A. S. Heyland (H batty. 16th brig.), from April 25 to May 9, to Calcutta, and thence to New Zealand, for 15 mo.

2nd Drag. Guards.—Lieut. A. Deane (adj.), from May 1 to Oct. 15, to Landour.

7th Drag. Guards.—Paymr. W. F. Wheble, from April 15 to Oct. 15, to Simla.

38th Foot.—Capt. R. E. Carr and C. D. James, from April 15 to Oct. 15, to Cashmere and the neighbouring country.

45th Foot.—Capt. F. F. Atkinson, from date of embarkation, to England, via Egypt.

77th Foot.—Lieut. G. Cook (instructor of musketry), from April 15 to Sept. 30, to Cashmere and Hills north of Dehra.

80th Foot.—Capt. B. J. Hume, from April 15 to Oct. 15, to Dum-Dum.

90th Foot.—Major L. N. D. Hammond, from June 14 to Aug. 15, in extension of priv. leave, to Murree.

91st Foot.—Lieut. col. W. T. L. Patterson, from April 3 to Oct. 3, to Simla, Delhi, Mussoorie, and Cashmere.

94th Foot.—Lieut. col. E. S. Mercer, from March 1 to May 15, in extension, to remain in Calcutta, on m.c.; Capt. P. Ridgway, and Lieut. R. L. Gwatkin, from April 20 to Oct. 18, to Simla and the Hills north of Dehra on m.c.

98th Foot.—Major S. H. H. Edwards, from April 15 to Aug. 15, to Mussoorie.

Late 6th Eur. Regt., Inf.—Lieut. H. H. Stans-

field, offic. instructor of musketry, 20th hussars, from May 1 to Oct. 1, to Cashmere.

Late 15th N.I.—Capt. P. Wheeler, attached to 4th Goorkhas, from April 20 to July 19, to the Almorah district, on m.c.

Leave of absence:—

Staff Corps.—Major J. P. W. Campbell (comdt. 1st Sikh inf.), from June 30 to Nov. 30, in ext. of priv. leave, to remain at Murree, on m.c.; Lieut. col. T. A. Carey (offic. comdt. 21st N.I.), from May 15 to Oct. 31, to Simla, on m.c.; and Lieut. H. L. Hawkins (2nd squad. officer 7th Bengal cav.), from April 15 to July 15, to Calcutta, prep. to applying for furl. to Eur. (This cancels the leave granted in G.O.C.C., dated March 15, page 118.)

Royal Art.—Asst. surg. S. H. Halahan, M.D. (A batty., 11th brig.), from May 1 to Nov. 1, to visit the hills north of Dehra, on m.c.; Lieuts. G. B. Macdonell (No. 1 batty. 20th brig.), from date of embark., to England, to appear before a med. board; and W. B. Troup (No. 1 batty. 24th brig.), from April 15 to Oct. 14, to Cashmere and adjoining hills.

5th Lancers.—Lieut. col. W. H. Slade, from Mar. 17 to Sept. 22, in ext., to remain in England on m.c.

11th Foot.—Capt. T. Hill, 1st batt., from May 20 to Aug. 10, to Simla.

20th Foot.—Major W. L. D. Meares, 1st batt., from May 15 to Aug. 15, to Cashmere.

34th Foot.—Lieut. col. J. Jordan, from date of embark., to England, for 15 mo. (This cancels the leave granted in G.O.C.C. dated Dec. 1, 1864); and Lieut. W. Vaughan, from April 15 to Oct. 14, to Cashmere and hills north of Dehra.

35th Foot.—Lieut. J. J. Twining, from date of embark. at Bombay, to England by the overland route, on m.c.

55th Foot.—Capt. H. Burke, paymr., from May 25 to Nov. 25, to Lucknow.

98th Foot.—Brig. gen. D. Rainier, comdg. at Allahabad, from June 13 to July 6, in ext. of priv. leave, to remain in the hills north of Dehra.

106th Foot.—Capt. F. R. Burnett, from May 12 to Nov. 11, in ext., to Murree and hills north of Dehra, on m.c.

108th Foot.—Ens. L. Smith, from date of embark., to England via the Cape, on m.c.

Bengal Inf.—Lieut. col. J. Liptrott, comdt. 4th N.I., from July 1 to Oct. 15, in ext. of priv. leave, to remain at Mussoorie.

Late 42nd N.I.—Capt. J. E. D. Wilson, doing duty at Jullundur, from June 18 to Oct. 15, in ext. of priv. leave, to Simla and the hills north of Dehra.

Late 65th N.I.—Lieut. col. C. T. Hinde, doing duty at Meerut, from April 15 to Oct. 15, to the hills north of Dehra.

Medical Dept.—Surg. J. Squire, from May 12 to June 9, to remain at Calcutta, prep. to Eur.; Surg. D. Young, M.D., F.R.C.S.E., in med. charge 39th N.I., from May 4 to July 4; and Asst. surg. W. E. Caird, in med. charge 12th N.I., from May 6 to June 6, to Calcutta, on m.c.

ARTILLERY—PRIZES FOR GOOD SHOOTING.

The General Order, dated Dec. 24, 1860, regarding artillery prizes for good shooting, is hereby cancelled, it having been ruled, under the authority of the Right Hon. the Sec. of State for India, that it is inadvisable to have a practice in the above respect in India which is not sanctioned in England or elsewhere by the War-office.

Under the sanction of the Government of India, the above order will not interfere with the prizes secured to men who won them by good shooting at the last practice, who will continue to receive the rewards then obtained until twelve months shall have elapsed from the dates on which they were respectively awarded.

REGIMENTAL INSTITUTIONS.

In publishing for general information the reports of workshops in British regiments serving in the Bengal Presidency for the year ending 31st December, 1864, H.E. the C. in C. congratulates the army on the rapid and successful development of a system instituted by Sir Hugh Rose in September, 1861.

The system was in full working order in this Presidency in no less than three regiments of cavalry and thirty-three battalions of infantry.

Conspicuous among these H.E. observes the 7th dragoon guards, the 7th, 19th, 42nd, 79th, and 91st regiments of foot, and the 2nd battalion of the rifle brigade.

From recent returns received from the Madras and Bombay Presidencies, H.E. is glad to find that workshops have been established in six battalions of

infantry in the former, and fourteen batteries of Royal Artillery, two regiments of cavalry and ten battalions of infantry in the latter, whilst the most distinguished regiments in these Presidencies are the 1st Royals and 3rd battalion 60th rifles, the 1st battalion 4th, 33rd, 44th, and 72nd regiments of foot.

So satisfactory a result could not have been attained without the zealous endeavours of commanding officers, and the able and hearty co-operation of the individual officers more particularly connected with the workshops, and Sir William Mansfield desires to thank all those whose efforts have resulted in so marked a success.

June 3.—The C. in C. in India is pleased to make the following appointments:—

Major C. F. G. Lamb, staff corps, to be garrison qmr. of Fort William, v. Moreland, appointed to another situation, dated May 27.

12th N.I.—Capt. W. Macdonald, late 25th N.I., to be wing officer, v. Cunliffe, who was transferred to the 2nd Goorkha regt., dated May 27.

The following transfers, postings, and exchange of medical officers of the R.A. are directed:—

Asst. surg. T. A. C. Macarthur, from No. 3 batty. 22nd brig., to E batty., 11th brig.

Asst. surg. W. Ironside, M.D., from G to H batty., 19th brig.

Asst. surg. R. Henry to No. 3 batty., 22nd brig.

Asst. surg. G. N. Irvine, M.D., to G. batty., 19th brig.

Asst. surg. W. H. Yates, of C batty., is permitted to exch. with Asst. surg. F. Ffolliott, of A batty., F. brig., R.H.A., subject to the confirmation of H.R.H. the Field Marshal C. in C.

The following orders are confirmed:—

By the officer commanding the 2nd Goorkhas, dated April 17 last, appointing Lieut. E. B. Cox, doing duty officer, to offic. as qmr., in addition to his other duties, pending the return to regimental headquarters of Lieut. H. W. J. Senior.

This cancels the regimental order confirmed in G.O., May 13.

By the officer commanding the 2nd dragoon guards, dated April 24 last, appointing Riding master J. Russell to act as adjt., v. Lieut. A. Deane, proceeded on leave.

Delhi garrison order, dated April 26 last, directing Asst. surg. J. McN. Beatty, 98th foot, to afford medical aid to No. 2 batty. 25th brigade royal art.

By officer comg. 3rd batt. rifle brigade, dated 1st ult., appointing Lieut. G. A. Hillyard, asst. instruc. of musketry, to act as qmr., v. Capt. H. A. St. J. Mildmay, proceeding to join 4th batt. rifle brigade.

Hazareebaugh station order, dated 1st ult., appg. Staff asst. surg. A. Turner, M.D., attached to 27th foot, to assume medical charge of the station staff, in addition to his other duties.

Meerut station order, dated 3rd ult., directing Asst. apothecary J. A. Watson, doing duty with a detachment of volunteers of 77th foot, to proceed, on arrival at Bareilly, and do duty with the depot hospital at Nynee Tal.

By officer comg. 21st hussars, dated 5th ult., appg. Lieut. D. G. Pitcher to act as adjt., with effect from April 20, v. Lieut. A. W. Twyford, on m.c.

Oude division order, dated 9th ult., directing Asst. surg. C. Cameron, 9th N.I., to assume medical charge of the civil station at Fyzabad, in addition to his other duties, as a temp. measure.

By officer comg. 43rd N.I., dated 9th ult., appg. Lieut. H. J. Peet, offic. doing duty officer, to officiate as qmr., in addition to his other duties, with effect from 7th *idem*, v. Lieut. W. M. Story, proceeded on leave.

By officer comg. 1st Bengal cav., dated 10th ult., making the following appointments, v. Capt. G. C. Thomson, 2nd squadron officer, appointed to officiate as 2nd in command and squadron officer:—

Lieut. A. Lindsay, 3rd squadron officer, to officiate as 2nd squadron officer.

Lieut. T. W. Hogg, doing duty officer, to officiate as 3rd squadron officer.

Meerut division order, dated 11th ult., directing Asst. surg. R. Lower, D batty. A brigade royal horse art., to assume medical charge of his brigade and artillery division during the absence on duty of Surg. major J. M. S. Fogo.

June 8.—The C. in C. in India is pleased to make the following promotions, until H.M.'s pleasure shall be known:—

79th Foot.—Ens. H. F. Rowley to be lieut., by purchase, v. Jones, retired, dated May 1.

This cancels the promotion of Ens. Morley to this vacancy, published in G.O.C.C. dated May 9.

101st Foot.—Ens. A. Lloyd to be lieut., v. Airey, who resigns his commission, dated May 16.

The C. in C. in India is pleased to make the following appointments, until H.M.'s pleasure shall be known:—

46th Foot.—Staff Asst. surg. F. Pout to be asst. surg., v. Venour, who exchanges, dated May 29.

Medical Staff.—Asst. surg. W. Venour, from the 46th foot, to be asst. surg. on the staff, v. Pout, who exchanges, dated May 29.

The C. in C. in India is pleased to appoint Brev. maj. T. E. Gordon, Bombay staff corps, to be Persian interpreter on H.E.'s personal staff, from the 18th ult.

The following officers are promoted to local rank from the dates specified, subject to H.M.'s approval:—

80th Foot.—Capt. C. F. Amiel to be maj., from May 16.

97th Foot.—Lieut. E. S. Tritton to be capt., from April 22.

Capt. S. Budd, of the invalid estab., is permitted to reside at Meerut, and in the hills north of Dehra, and to draw his pay from the Meerut pay office.

Lieut. F. R. A. B. Constable, late 69th N.I., is app. station staff officer of Barrackpore, with effect from Dec. 8 last.

The 6 mo. leave granted in G.O.C.C. of April 26 last to Lieut. S. G. Warde, late 11th N.I., is cancelled at his own request.

The 6 mo. leave granted in G.O.C.C. of the 11th ult. to Paymaster W. F. Wheelie, 7th Drag. Gds., is cancelled at his own request.

With reference to G.G.O. No. 409 of 1865, Dep. Inspector gen. of Hospitals A. H. Cheke is posted to the Dinapore circle, v. Kinsey, dec.

Candidates H. Henderson and A. Gates, having passed the prescribed examination, are admitted into the sub. med. dept. as hospital apprentices, with effect from April 15 last.

The following Lahore division orders are confirmed:—

Dated March 14 last.—Appg. Lieut. A. G. Handcock, adjt. of the 6th N.I., to offic. as dep. judge advocate gen. of the div. as a temp. arrangement, v. Maj. G. N. Young.

Dated the 24th ult.—Transferring Staff asst. surg. J. Anderson, from the 1st batn., 11th foot, to A baty., 11th brig., R.A.

The following order is with the sanction of Govt., confirmed:—

Agra garrison and station order, dated the 1st ult., appg. Surg. maj. T. Hastings, F.R.C.S., officg. garrison surg., to offic. as dep. insp. gen. of hospitals, Agra circle, v. Dep. insp. gen. of hospitals, E. Hare, proceeded on leave.

The following order is confirmed:—

By Brig. gen. W. E. Mulcaster, comdg. Doar field force, dated Nov. 29, 1864, directing Asst. surg. A. FitzGerald to proceed to Jogegopa and assume med. charge of the head quarters and wing of the 44th N.I., making over charge of the 7th company sappers and miners and Eurasian company of art., to Asst. surg. R. Brown. This cancels the order confirmed in G.O.C.C. of March 7 last.

By the officer comdg. a detachment of the Doar field force, dated Jan. 4 and also March 19 last, appg. Lieut. and adjt. H. A. Lewis, of the 80th N.I., detachment staff.

By the officer comdg. the 58th foot, dated Jan. 31 last, directing Lieut. D. G. Anderson to offic. as asst. instructor of musketry, with effect from the 7th idem.

Delhi garrison order, dated Feb. 1 last, appg. Capt. P. H. Eyre, of the 38th foot, to offic. tempy. as maj. of brig., there being no qualified officer available, v. Maj. H. C. Anderson, transf.

By the officer comdg. the 43rd N.I., dated Feb. 7 last, directing the following appts., v. Lieut. col. R. Campbell, staff corps, under arrest:—

Maj. G. A. Williams, staff corps, 2nd in command and wing officer, to offic. as comdt.

Capt. R. Y. Chambers, staff corps, wing officer, to offic. as 2nd in command and wing officer.

Lieut. F. Van H. Sperling, late 5th Eur. regt., officg. adjt., to offic. as wing officer.

Lieut. C. J. Griffiths, late 72nd N.I., officg. qrmr., to offic. as adjt.

Lieut. W. M. Story, gen. list, inf., doing duty officer, to offic. as qrmr.

Lieut. H. J. Feet, gen. list, inf., att., to offic. as doing duty officer, and Lieut. and adjt. C. J. Griffiths, to offic. as qrmr., in addition to his other duties, during the absence of Lieut. Story.

By the officer comdg. the 107th foot, dated April 11 last, appg. Lieut. W. G. Mansergh to offic. as asst. instructor of musketry, v. ens. F. W. Nicolay.

By the officer comdg. the 94th foot, dated April 14 last, appg. Lieut. H. Jones to offic. as asst. in-

structor of musketry, with effect from March 13 last.

Benares division order, dated April 18 last, directing Civil Asst. surg. T. P. Wright, Bhaugulpore, to afford medical aid to 18th N.I., as a temp. arrangement.

By Lieut. col. W. Richardson, c.b., comdg. right column, Doar field force, dated the 1st ult., directing Asst. surg. R. Brown to assume med. charge of 43rd N.I., with effect from April 6 last, v. Surg. E. C. Thorp, m.d., proc. on leave.

By Brig. gen. J. M. B. F. Tytler, c.b., com. left brigade, Doar field force, dated 8th ult., app. Lieut. G. C. Gregory, staff corps, adjt. 3rd Goorkha regt., to act as station staff at Buxa, in addition to his other duties, with effect from the date of assuming charge.

Peshawur division order, dated 13th ult., directing Asst. surg. G. Bourchior, E battery, C brigade, royal horse art., to assume med. charge of the camp at Nundkote, pending the arrival of Staff Asst. surg. J. Wood, B battery, F brigade, royal horse artillery.

Jubbulpore station order, dated 15th ult., appg. Capt. A. Gahagan, of 10th Madras N.I., to be station staff, v. Capt. G. Rowlandson, of the same regt., proceeded on leave.

Bhaugulpore station order, dated 17th ult., directing Civil Asst. surg. T. P. Wright to relieve Asst. surg. R. P. Ferguson, E battery, 16th brigade, roy. art., of med. charge of the 18th N.I., his services being urgently required with his battery.

Berhampore station order, dated 18th ult., appg. Lieut. A. D. Geddes, of 27th foot, to offic. as station staff, and to charge of the post guns, v. Lieut. E. A. Pemberton, of 7th N.I., leaving the station.

Lucknow brigade order, dated 22nd ult., directing Staff surg. A. Thomson, m.d., attached to the 46th, to proceed to Benares for duty with 58th foot.

By the officer comdg. 17th N.I., dated 22nd ult., app. Lieut. W. E. Rutherford, doing duty officer, to offic. as adjt., v. Lieut. F. G. Hearn, general list, infantry, placed at disposal of Punjab Govt.

Leave of absence:—

Royal Artillery.—Capt. A. Darling (G baty., 22nd brig.), from June 4 to Dec. 4, in ext., to remain in England, and Lieut. H. Graves (F baty., 11th brig.), from June 8 to Oct. 31, in ext. of priv. leave, to remain on the Hills north of Dehra on m.c.

10th Foot.—Lieut. col. H. W. P. Welman (2nd batt.), from date of embarkation, to England for 15 mo.

19th Foot.—Ensign H. Budeley (1st batt.), from May 18 to Oct. 15, to Kussowlie and Simla, on m.c.

46th Foot.—Lieut. P. Shuttleworth, from Feb. 13 to April 17, in ext., to remain at Madras until his retirement from the service.

55th Foot.—Surg. T. Parr, from May 30 to Nov. 15, to Nynee Tal, on m.c.

72nd Foot.—Lieut. W. F. Kelsey, from date of embarkation at Bombay, to England for 12 mo.

77th Foot.—Ensign J. H. Bourne, from June 1 to Nov. 15, in ext., to remain at Almorah, on m.c.

82nd Foot.—Ensign J. B. Hutchinson, from May 18 to Nov. 17, to Murree, on m.c.

90th Foot.—Capt. G. E. Perry, from April 15 to Oct. 14, to Cashmere.

91st Foot.—Lieut. C. L. Harvey (instructor of musketry), from April 15 to Oct. 1, to Cashmere.

Staff Corps.—Major H. C. Cattle (2nd in com. and squadron officer, 19th Bengal Cav.), from April 15 to Oct. 15, to Simla, on m.c.

Late 2nd E.L.C.—Capt. D. Compton (doing duty at Delhi), from June 20 to Oct. 15, in ext. of priv. leave, to remain at Simla.

Gen. List, Inf.—Lieut. H. E. Ryves (3rd squadron officer 13th L.C.), from June 18 to Oct. 15, in ext. of priv. leave, to Cashmere; and Lieut. A. Oldham (doing duty 12th N.I.), from May 18 to Nov. 18, to the Hills north of Dehra, on m.c.

Medical Dept.—Surg. H. W. Spry (in med. charge 18th N.I.), from May 1 to Aug. 31, to Darjeeling, on m.c.

Appointment:—

1st Bengal Cavalry.—Capt. W. H. Macnaghten, late 5th Eur. L.C., to offic. as 2nd squadron officer, v. Thomson, dated June 8.

Brev. Lieut. col. W. J. Hicks, late 22nd N.I., is appd. to offic. as comdr. of the 44th N.I., during the abs. of Lieut. col. W. Richardson, c.b.

Pending further orders, Asst. surgs. A. F. Bradshaw, 2nd batt. rifle brig., and F. A. Turton, 1st batt. 23rd foot, lately posted to the royal arty., are directed to remain and do duty respectively with those corps with which their services are required.

Orders confirmed:—

June 9.—By Lieut. col. P. Drummond, comdg. the 36th N.I., dated April 12 last, making the foll. appt., during his abs. on m.c.:—

Major F. G. Scot, 2nd in com. and wing officer, to offic. as comdt.

Major C. S. Fowle, wing officer, to offic. as 2nd in com. and wing officer.

Capt. R. A. Nowell, staff corps, to offic. as wing officer.

Gowhatty station order, dated April 24 last, appg. Lieut. F. Van H. Sperling, officg. wing officer of 43rd N.I., to be station staff, in add. to his other duties.

By Lieut. col. F. T. Wroughton, c.b., comdg. at Rungia (Bhootan), dated the 1st ult., appg. Lieut. and adjt. F. W. Chatterton, of the 29th N.I., to be station staff, in add. to his other duties.

By the officer comdg. the 25th N.I., dated the 2nd ult., appg. Lieut. E. W. Smyth, gen. list, inf., to offic. as doing duty officer, v. Lieut. J. E. P. Mosley, gen. list, inf.

By Brig. gen. J. M. B. F. Tytler, c.b., comdg. the left brig., Doar field force, dated 5th ult., appg. Asst. surg. M. J. S. Perreau, attached to 11th N.I., to act as garrison asst. surg., and to assume med. charge of the detachment of sappers and miners, commissariat estab. and camp followers, in add. to his other duties.

By Major C. J. S. Gough, v.c., comdg. at Julpesh, dated 6th ult., appg. Lieut. A. C. Anderson, doing duty officer of the 5th Bengal cav., to be station staff.

By the officer comdg. the 29th N.I., dated 6th ult., making the following appts. with effect from April 24 last, v. Major E. G. Langmore officg. 2nd in com. and wing officer, proceeded on m.c.:—

Lieut. E. Beldy, wing officer, to offic. as 2nd in com. and wing officer.

Lieut. T. J. Quin, officg. doing duty officer, to offic. as wing officer.

Lieut. W. Hopkinson, gen. list, inf., to offic. as doing duty officer.

Roorkee station order, dated 12th ult., placing the services of Lieut. F. Firebrace, royal engrs., at the disposal tempy. of the Principal Thomason College, for duty.

By the officer com. 1st batt., 7th foot, dated 12th ult., nominating the undermen. officers a committee of paymastership during the absence on leave of Major P. J. J. Grant and Capt. A. Bennett:—

Capt. G. Wedderburne to act as president; Capt. R. Harbord, member; Capt. W. H. Surman, member; and directing Capt. Wedderburne to act as paymr. on the responsibility of the committee.

Peshawur division order, dated the 15th ult., directing the undermen. officers to do duty with the family encampment at Nundkote.

Capt. R. H. Hackett, 90th foot, to command.

Lieut. F. B. Bleazby, 90th foot, and Ens. F. W. L. de M. Grilla, 51st foot, to do duty.

MADRAS.

BY THE GOVERNOR IN COUNCIL.

ALTERATIONS OF DATES OF RANK.

Fort St. George, June 9.—No. 218.—The Govt. of India having intimated that the arrangement sanctioned by the Right Hon. the Secretary of State for India, as promulgated in G.O.G.G. No. 66 of 1864, republished in Madras G.O.G., Feb. 9, 1864, No. 63, are to have effect from Nov. 2, 1863, the date of the receipt of the Secretary of State's despatch, the following alterations of dates of rank are made in modification of those notified in Madras G.O.G. March 26, 1864, No. 119, subject to H.M.'s approval:—

Major J. Buchanan (now Lieut. col.) cav., from Jan. 1, 1862, v. Graeme and Cumberlege, ret.

Major C. S. Bivar (now Lieut. col.) cav., from June 16, 1862, v. Campbell, ret.

Capt. W. G. Morris, 1st regt. L.C., from Jan. 1, 1862, v. Porter, ret.

Capt. G. S. Hooper, 1st regt. L.C., from Jan. 1, 1862, v. Campbell, prom.

Capt. E. M. Cherry, 1st regt. L.C., from Jan. 1, 1862, v. Cameron, ret.

Capt. A. D. Parsons, 1st regt. L.C., from Jan. 21, 1862, v. Steward, ret.

Capt. H. R. E. Wellesley, 1st regt. L.C., from June 19, 1862, v. Bivar, prom.

Capt. C. Beadon, 1st regt. L.C., from June 22, 1862, v. Dent, ret.

Capt. R. S. J. Prendergast, 2nd regt. L.C., from May 2, 1861, v. Monckton, ret.

Capt. J. H. Doveton, 3rd regt. L.C., from Jan. 1, 1862, v. Macleod and Blogg, ret.

- Capt. C. S. Steward, 4th regt. L.C., from April 21, 1861, v. Hennah, ret.
- Capt. F. S. Cherry, 4th regt. L.C., from April 11, 1863, v. Clerk, ret.
- Capt. H. M. Elliott (staff corps), 5th regt. L.C., from Jan. 1, 1862, v. Groube, ret.
- Capt. J. K. Fairlie, 6th regt. L.C., from ditto, v. Brown, ret.
- Capt. F. Horsley, 6th regt. L.C., from ditto, v. Strange, ret.
- Capt. R. R. Stuart, 7th regt. L.C., from ditto, v. ditto.
- Capt. R. C. Stewart, 8th regt. L.C., from ditto, v. Fowler, ret.
- Lieut. A. Curtois, cav. gen. list, from April 21, 1861, v. Steward, 4th cav., prom.
- Lieut. H. A. Yates, cav. gen. list, from May 14, 1861, v. Fellowes, 3rd cav., prom.
- Lieut. A. H. A. Colville, cav. gen. list, from Sept. 20, 1861, v. Grant, 3rd cav., prom.
- Lieut. F. M. Onslow, cav. gen. list, from Dec. 26, 1861, v. Helbert, 5th cav., ret.
- Lieut. H. R. Hope, cav. gen. list, from Jan. 1, 1862, v. Money, 3rd cav., prom.
- Lieut. F. W. Buller, cav. gen. list, from ditto, v. Fairlie, 6th cav., prom.
- Lieut. col. A. C. Silver, inf., from ditto, v. Burn and Millar, ret.
- Lieut. col. G. G. Macdonell, inf., from ditto, v. Aphorpe and Logan, ret.
- Lieut. col. J. P. Coode, inf., from ditto, v. Bird and Pinson, ret.
- Lieut. col. J. W. Bayley, inf., from ditto, v. Reid and Stephenson, ret.
- Lieut. col. H. Pritchard, inf., from ditto, v. Roberts and McCally, ret.
- Lieut. col. M. Galwey, c.m., inf., from ditto, v. G. C. Hughes and J. V. Hughes, ret.
- Lieut. col. A. H. A. Hervey, inf., from ditto, v. Blaxland and Hill, ret.
- Lieut. col. R. N. Faunce, inf., from ditto, v. McCally and Pooley, ret.
- Lieut. col. D. Hamilton, inf., from ditto, v. Nott and Maclean, ret.
- Lieut. col. K. A. Doria, inf., from ditto, v. Congdon and Gottreux, ret.
- Lieut. col. W. H. Welch, inf., from ditto, v. Codrington and Bower, ret.
- Lieut. col. G. Starrock, inf., from ditto, v. Halpin and Reece, ret.
- Lieut. col. D. Brown, inf., from ditto, v. Losh and Salmon, ret.
- Lieut. col. J. F. Stevens, inf., from Jan. 1, 1862, v. Cotton and Lys, ret.
- Lieut. col. G. S. Dobbie, inf., from Jan. 1, 1862, v. J. E. Hughes, ret.
- Lieut. col. T. D. T. Dyer, invalided, from Jan. 1, 1862, v. Gordon and Kenney, ret.
- Major G. M. Carter, 1st Madras fus., from Jan. 1, 1862, v. Brown, prom.
- Capt. J. M. Williams, 1st Madras fus., from Jan. 1, 1862, v. Raikes, prom.
- Capt. C. E. Lennox (102nd foot), 1st Madras fus., from Jan. 1, 1862, v. Carter, prom.
- Lieut. H. G. Woods, 1st Madras fus., from Jan. 1, 1862, v. Williams, prom.
- Lieut. T. R. Tabuteau, 1st Madras fus., from Jan. 1, 1862, v. Lennox, prom.
- Lieut. J. H. Waller, 1st Madras fus., from March 22, 1863, v. Dale, resigned.
- Capt. H. M. Norris, 2nd Eur. L.I., from Jan. 1, 1862, v. Pearce, prom.
- Lieut. G. M. Balfour, 2nd Eur. L.I., from ditto, v. Norris, prom.
- Lieut. J. B. Gahan, 3rd Madras Eur. regt., from Oct. 1, 1861, v. Fergusson, ret.
- Capt. W. H. K. Bradford (108th foot), 3rd Madras Eur. regt., from Jan. 1, 1862, v. Dysart, prom.
- Major C. W. Moore (108th foot), 3rd Madras Eur. regt., from Jan. 2, 1863, v. Dysart, ret.
- Capt. W. Stoddart, 3rd Madras Eur. regt., from ditto, v. ditto.
- Capt. J. G. R. Forlong (staff corps), 1st N.I., from Oct. 1, 1861, v. Carruthers, ret.
- Lieut. J. C. Doveton, 1st N.I., from ditto, v. ditto.
- Major W. F. Eden (lieut. col. in staff corps), 1st N.I., from Jan. 1, 1862, v. Hamilton, prom.
- Capt. J. R. G. Magrath (major in staff corps), 1st N.I., from ditto, v. ditto.
- Capt. G. N. Johnstone (staff corps), 1st N.I., from July 25, 1863, v. Woodland, ret.
- Capt. H. J. T. Neild, 2nd N.I., from Sept. 29, 1861, v. Carr, ret.
- Lieut. F. R. Trevor, 2nd N.I., from ditto, v. ditto.
- Capt. A. Jenkins, 2nd N.I., from Oct. 1, 1861, v. Shaw, ret.
- Lieut. A. F. Orchard, 2nd N.I., from ditto, v. ditto.
- Major A. Wyndham (lieut. col. in staff corps), 2nd N.I., from Jan. 1, 1862, v. Faunce, prom.
- Capt. R. Q. Mainwaring (staff corps), 2nd N.I., from ditto, v. ditto.
- Lieut. E. G. D. Beagin, 2nd N.I., from ditto, v. ditto.
- Capt. C. F. J. Skottowe, 2nd N.I., from ditto, v. Shaw, ret.
- Capt. J. Puckle (major in staff corps), 3rd L.I., from ditto, v. Allan, ret.
- Capt. W. FitzW. Read (major in staff corps), 3rd L.I., from ditto, v. Snow, ret.
- Capt. A. D. Clay (staff corps), 3rd L.C., from ditto, v. Baynes, ret.
- Major P. R. J. Wood, invalid estab., from ditto, v. Silver, prom.
- Capt. J. C. Macdonald (major in staff corps), 4th N.I., from ditto, v. ditto.
- Capt. H. D. Cloete, 5th N.I., from ditto, v. Wyndham, ret.
- Lieut. M. C. Poole, 5th N.I., from ditto, v. ditto.
- Major F. G. Kempster (lieut. col. in staff corps), 5th N.I., from ditto, v. Coates, ret.
- Capt. P. T. Sims, 6th N.I., from ditto, v. ditto.
- Lieut. R. J. McGhee (staff corps), 6th N.I., from ditto, v. ditto.
- Lieut. W. C. Bayley, 6th N.I., from ditto, v. Gompertz, ret.
- Major C. C. McCallum (lieut. col. in staff corps), 7th N.I., from ditto, v. Chester, ret.
- Capt. W. O. Swanston (staff corps), 7th N.I., from ditto, v. ditto.
- Capt. C. M. Hailes (staff corps), 8th N.I., from Jan. 1, 1862, v. Pritchard, prom.
- Lieut. E. W. C. H. Miller (staff corps), 8th N.I., from ditto, v. ditto.
- Capt. M. W. Carr, 8th N.I., from Aug. 29, 1861, v. Stone, ret.
- Lieut. E. Perse, 9th N.I., from ditto, v. ditto.
- Capt. Peyton, 9th N.I., from Sept. 30, 1861, v. Borthwick, ret.
- Major J. C. P. Prescott, 10th N.I., from Jan. 1, 1862, v. St. Aubyn, ret.
- Capt. C. J. Godfrey, 10th N.I., from Oct. 1, 1862, v. Kierman, ret.
- Capt. G. Rowlandson, 10th N.I., from Aug. 15, 1862, v. Christy, ret.
- Capt. J. C. West, 11th N.I., from Sept. 2, 1861, v. Halsted, ret.
- Lieut. A. T. Woodhouse, 11th N.I., ditto, v. ditto.
- Major W. D. Owen, 11th N.I., from Jan. 1, 1862, v. Starrock, prom.
- Lieut. W. J. Pickance, 11th N.I., from ditto, v. ditto.
- Capt. W. J. M. Williams (staff corps), 11th N.I., from March 2, 1863, v. Carey, ret.
- Major J. Cadenhead, 14th N.I., from ditto, v. ditto.
- Lieut. W. Irvine, 14th N.I., from ditto, v. ditto.
- Major A. Gage, 15th N.I., from ditto, v. Hickley, ret.
- Capt. E. B. M. Marsack (major in staff corps), 15th N.I., from April 25, 1861, v. Bisset, ret.
- Capt. J. M. Grant (staff corps), 15th N.I., from Jan. 1, 1862, v. Cantis, ret.
- Major H. E. Walpole, 16th N.I., from ditto, v. Carr, ret.
- Capt. G. de la P. Beresford, 16th N.I. (staff corps), from ditto, v. ditto.
- Capt. W. D. Chapman, 17th N.I. (staff corps), from ditto, v. Middleton, ret.
- Major S. J. Batten, 18th N.I. (lieut. col. in staff corps), from ditto, v. Stevens, prom.
- Capt. P. J. P. Wetherall, 18th N.I. (staff corps), from ditto, v. ditto.
- Capt. F. W. A. Robson, 20th N.I., from Sept. 2, 1861, v. Brockman, ret.
- Lieut. A. Y. Brooking, 20th N.I. (staff corps), from ditto, v. ditto.
- Capt. L. R. de M. Hutchison, 20th N.I., from Oct. 1, 1861, v. Snow, ret.
- Capt. J. D. C. Wallace, 20th N.I. (major in staff corps), from ditto, v. Coleridge, ret.
- Capt. A. H. Cooke, 21st N.I., from Jan. 1, 1862, v. Hamilton, prom.
- Lieut. C. J. Watson, 21st N.I., from ditto, v. ditto.
- Major G. Smart, 21st N.I., from Aug. 6, 1862, v. Rigg, ret.
- Capt. M. A. Worsop, 21st N.I. (staff corps), from ditto, v. ditto.
- Maj. A. Cannon, 22nd N.I., from Jan. 1, 1862, v. Scott, ret.
- Capt. W. Kincaid, 22nd N.I., from ditto, v. ditto.
- Capt. J. D. L. Campbell, 23rd L.I., from ditto, v. Cunningham, ret.
- Lieut. S. E. R. Butler, 23rd L.I., from ditto, v. ditto.
- Major K. Macaulay, 23rd L.I., from May 30, 1863, v. Chesney, ret.
- Capt. R. B. Kennedy, 23rd L.I., from ditto, v. ditto.
- Lieut. C. J. Rose, 24th N.I., from Jan. 1, 1862, v. Kerr, ret.
- Capt. V. J. Shortland, 24th N.I., from ditto, v. Nicolls, ret.
- Capt. R. W. Daunt, 25th N.I., from Dec. 30, 1861, v. Geils, ret.
- Major G. W. Peyton, 25th N.I., from Jan. 1, 1862, v. Phillott, ret.
- Capt. W. M. Fraser, 25th N.I., from ditto, v. ditto.
- Capt. J. H. L. Kerr, 26th N.I., from Oct. 1, 1861, v. Pereira, ret.
- Lieut. H. A. Hammond, 26th N.I., from ditto, v. ditto.
- Major J. Wilson, 26th N.I., from Jan. 1, 1862, v. Welch, prom.
- Capt. W. S. Kenney, 27th N.I., from Sept. 29, 1861, v. Gerrard, ret.
- Lieut. F. J. Wroughton, 27th N.I., from ditto, v. ditto.
- Capt. W. P. S. Smyth, 27th N.I. (major in staff corps), from Jan. 1, 1862, v. Cholmeley, prom.
- Major R. Woodley, 28th N.I., from Jan. 1, 1862, v. Doria, prom.
- Capt. H. S. Rammell, 29th N.I., (major in staff corps), from Oct. 2, 1861, v. Russell, ret.
- Lieut. H. C. Davies, 29th N.I., from ditto, v. ditto.
- Capt. R. A. Moore, 29th N.I., (major in staff corps), from Jan. 1, 1862, v. Gore, prom.
- Capt. A. R. McMahon, 30th N.I. (staff corps), from March 25, 1863, v. Rawlins, ret.
- Major S. C. Briggs, 31st L.I. (lieut. col. in staff corps), from Jan. 1, 1862, v. Budd, ret.
- Capt. W. S. Drever, 31st L.I., from ditto, v. ditto.
- Capt. G. N. Stephens, 31st L.I., from April 15, 1863, v. Revell, ret.
- Capt. F. D'Arcy, 32nd N.I., from Jan. 1, 1862, v. Gordon, ret.
- Lieut. W. Stenhouse, 32nd N.I., from ditto, v. ditto.
- Capt. G. W. Playfair, 34th L.I., from Sept. 13, 1861, v. Speld, ret.
- Capt. P. L. Stafford, 34th L.I., from Jan. 12, 1863, v. Wyse, ret.
- Capt. W. J. Vizard, 35th N.I., from Jan. 1, 1862, v. Tweedie, prom.
- Major W. R. Doveton, 36th N.I., from ditto, v. Dyer, prom.
- Capt. W. Cadell (staff corps), 36th N.I., from ditto, v. ditto.
- Major G. H. Saxton (lieut. col. in staff corps), 38th N.I., from ditto, v. Webb, prom.
- Capt. F. F. R. Bishop, 38th N.I., from ditto, v. ditto.
- Lieut. E. H. Eyre (staff corps), 38th N.I., from ditto, v. ditto.
- Capt. J. S. Steuart, 39th N.I., from ditto, v. Sweet, ret.
- Capt. W. H. G. Palmer, 40th N.I., from ditto, v. Dale, prom.
- Lieut. G. H. Tillard, 40th N.I., from ditto, v. ditto.
- Capt. J. G. H. Phillippis, 41st N.I., from ditto, v. MacVicar, prom.
- Capt. E. W. Dun (major in staff corps), 42nd N.I., from Oct. 1, 1861, v. Burton, ret.
- Lieut. A. S. Grove (staff corps), 42nd N.I., from ditto, v. ditto.
- Capt. H. I. Bett (major in staff corps), 42nd N.I., from ditto, v. Roper, ret.
- Lieut. W. R. E. Fullerton, 42nd N.I., from ditto, v. ditto.
- Capt. R. H. Bedlome (staff corps), 42nd N.I., from ditto, v. Martin, ret.
- Lieut. H. S. Stewart (staff corps), from ditto, v. ditto.
- Capt. E. A. Mottet, 42nd N.I., from Nov. 16, 1861, v. Thurburn, ret.
- Capt. T. Weldon, 42nd N.I., from Jan. 1, 1862, v. Macleod, ret.
- Capt. C. W. Dun, 43rd N.I., from Oct. 1, 1861, v. Kempt, ret.
- Lieut. A. D. Phelps, 43rd N.I., from ditto, v. ditto.
- Capt. A. Drury (major in staff corps), 43rd N.I., from ditto, v. Whish, ret.
- Lieut. K. F. Stevenson, 43rd N.I., from ditto, v. ditto.
- Capt. L. Paxton (major in staff corps), 43rd N.I., from Jan. 1, 1862, v. Triscott, prom.
- Capt. C. James (staff corps), 43rd N.I., from ditto, v. Wilson, ret.
- Capt. D. G. S. St. J. Grant (staff corps), 44th N.I., from ditto, v. Western, prom.

Major G. Paxton, 44th N.I., from Jan. 4, 1863, v. Western, ret.

Capt. H. C. B. Barnett, 44th N.I., from ditto, v. ditto.

Major A. J. Greenlaw (lieut. col. in staff corps), 46th N.I., from Jan. 1, 1862, v. Russell, ret.

Capt. J. W. Stubbs (staff corps), 46th N.I., from ditto, v. ditto.

Lieut. C. J. B. Harris, 46th N.I., from ditto, v. ditto.

Capt. G. B. Bowen, 48th N.I., from ditto, v. Robertson, prom.

Capt. W. G. M. Strickland (staff corps), 49th N.I., from ditto, v. Stewart, ret.

Capt. W. Rose (major in staff corps), 50th N.I., from Aug. 15, 1861, v. Grant, ret.

Lieut. S. E. Atkinson, 50th N.I., from ditto, v. ditto.

Capt. T. Greenway, 50th N.I., from Sept. 26, 1861, v. Gardiner, ret.

Lieut. E. H. Walters, 50th N.I., from ditto, v. ditto.

Capt. J. Duval, 50th N.I., from Oct. 1, 1861, v. Keating, ret.

Major C. Pulley, 50th N.I., from Jan. 1, 1862, v. Thompson, ret.

Capt. T. Dyer (staff corps), 50th N.I., from ditto, v. ditto.

Capt. A. C. Hay (staff corps), 50th N.I., from ditto, v. Campbell, ret.

Lieut. L. F. Campbell, 50th N.I., from ditto, v. ditto.

Lieut. L. C. Desborough, 51st N.I., from June 30, 1861, v. Bruce, ret.

Capt. J. W. Sinclair (staff corps), 51st N.I., from Sept. 2, 1861, v. De Wet, ret.

Maj. E. W. Boudier, 51st N.I., from Jan. 1, 1862, v. McCaskill, ret.

Capt. E. G. Campbell, 51st N.I., from ditto, v. ditto.

Maj. R. S. Wilson, 52nd N.I., from ditto, v. Tulloch, ret.

Capt. E. W. H. Lateward, 52nd N.I., from ditto, v. ditto.

Infantry General List.

Lieut. C. B. Smith, from April 14, 1861, v. Lieut. Barwell, 19th N.I., ret.

Lieut. E. W. Bogle, from April 25, 1861, v. Lieut. Marsack, 15th N.I., prom.

Lieut. C. R. Oxley, from Sept. 2, 1861, v. Lieut. Sinclair, 51st N.I., ret.

Lieut. W. L. Ranking, from Sept. 13, 1861, v. Lieut. Playfair, 34th L.I., prom.

Lieut. C. Maturin, from Oct. 1, 1861, v. Lieut. Godfrey, 10th N.I., prom.

Lieut. R. P. Blake, from ditto, v. Lieut. Hutchinson, 20th N.I., ret.

Lieut. F. Smalley, from ditto, v. Lieut. Wallace, 20th N.I., prom.

Lieut. G. Godfrey, from ditto, v. Lieut. Duval, 50th N.I., prom.

Lieut. F. H. Winterbotham, from Nov. 16, 1861, v. Lieut. Mottet, 42nd N.I., prom.

Lieut. N. D. McAllum, from Jan. 1, 1861, v. Lieut. Moore, 29th N.I., prom.

Lieut. T. R. Byng, from ditto, v. Smyth, 27th N.I., prom.

Lieut. C. R. Bradstreet, from ditto, v. Lieut. Vizard, 35th N.I., prom.

Lieut. R. E. Cox, from Jan. 1, 1862, v. Lieut. Weldon, 42nd N.I., prom.

Lieut. W. C. Ellis, from ditto, v. Lieut. Lord, N.I., prom.

Lieut. R. T. Chapman, from ditto, v. Lieut. Strickland, 49th N.I., prom.

Lieut. T. C. Briggs, from ditto, v. Lieut. Puckle, 3rd L.I., prom.

Lieut. H. R. Ogilvie, from ditto, v. Lieut. Grant, 15th N.I., prom.

Lieut. H. R. Shelley, from ditto, v. Lieut. Paxton, 43rd N.I., prom.

Lieut. G. E. Weston, from ditto, v. Lieut. Philipps, 41st N.I., prom.

Lieut. W. H. St. Amand Wilton, from ditto, v. Lieut. Magrath, prom.

Lieut. J. E. F. Strettell, from ditto, v. Lieut. Beresford, 16th N.I., prom.

Lieut. S. W. Melver, from ditto, v. Broome, 28th L.I., prom.

Lieut. F. H. Mathias, from ditto, v. Lieut. Somerville, 26th N.I., prom.

Lieut. C. H. Trotman, from ditto, v. Mitcalfe, 10th N.I., prom.

Lieut. A. C. Mottet, from ditto, v. Lieut. Cadell, 36th N.I., prom.

Lieut. J. S. Blaxland, from ditto, v. Lieut. Grant, 44th N.I., prom.

Lieut. S. L. Bagshawe, from ditto, v. Lieut. Chapman, 17th N.I., prom.

Lieut. E. Moore, from ditto, v. Lieut. Campbell, 51st N.I., prom.

Lieut. R. Nelson, from ditto, v. Lieut. Lateward, 52nd N.I., prom.

Lieut. G. J. Van Someren, from ditto, v. Lieut. Drever, 31st L.I., prom.

Lieut. E. J. Gunthorpe, from ditto, v. Lieut. Fraser, 25th N.I., prom.

Lieut. C. Walker, from ditto, v. Lieut. Swanston, 7th N.I., prom.

Lieut. H. E. Gower, from ditto, v. Lieut. Dyer, 50th N.I., prom.

Lieut. E. G. Blenkinsop, from ditto, v. Lieut. Bradford, 3rd M.E.R., prom.

Lieut. F. Farrer, from ditto, v. Lieut. Kincaid, 22nd N.I., prom.

Lieut. T. S. Magan, from ditto, v. Lieut. Skottowe, 2nd N.I., prom.

Lieut. R. G. Briggs, from ditto, v. Lieut. Read, 3rd L.I., prom.

Lieut. F. J. Lawder, from ditto, v. Lieut. Clay, L.I., prom.

Lieut. A. Anderson, from ditto, v. Lieut. Nuttall, 17th N.I., prom.

Lieut. T. E. Thorpe, from ditto, v. Lieut. Mackie, 24th N.I., prom.

Lieut. C. Curtois, from ditto, v. Lieut. Shortland, 24th N.I., prom.

Lieut. R. L. N. Sturt, from ditto, v. Lieut. Steuart, 39th N.I., prom.

Lieut. R. Wilson, from ditto, v. Lieut. James, 43rd N.I., prom.

Lieut. H. W. Bairnsfather, from ditto, v. Lieut. Russell, 43rd N.I., prom.

Lieut. A. W. L. Anderson, from ditto, v. Lieut. Moxon, 45th N.I., prom.

Lieut. R. F. Taylor, from ditto, v. Lieut. Bowen, 48th N.I., prom.

Lieut. R. C. Hutchinson, from Jan. 3, 1862, v. Lieut. Bradish, 15th N.I., prom.

Lieut. H. H. G. Hands, from March 15, 1862, v. Lieut. Yorktown, 26th N.I., ret.

Lieut. E. S. Skinner, from July 29, 1862, v. Lieut. Jones, 51st N.I., res.

June 30.—Leave of absence:—

Lieut. T. K. Guthrie, acting superint. of police, Godavery dist., for one month, prep. to his obtaining leave to proceed to Europe on m.c.

Appointments:—

Mr. J. W. Best to be assist. to coll. and mag. of Madras.

Financial Dept.—Mr. W. Donald, chief assist. to the civil paymr., Madras, to act as examiner of claims, subject to the orders of the Govt. of India.

Public Works Dept.—Mr. C. W. Maitland, acting sub-engr., 1st grade, to be sub-engr., 1st grade, v. Dep. comy. Arnold, retired.

Mr. P. Walsh, acting sub-engr., 2nd grade, to be sub-engr., 2nd grade, v. Mr. Maitland.

Mr. W. H. Blacker, acting sub-engr., 3rd grade, to be sub-engr., 3rd grade, v. Mr. Walsh.

Mr. W. A. Goodchap, supervisor, 1st grade, to act as sub-engr., 3rd grade, during the absence of Acting Deputy Assist. Commissary Porter, or till further orders.

The Board of Revenue have granted 1 mo. priv. leave to Mr. W. E. Wright, dep. coll. of South Arcot.

Mr. A. Barren, draftsman, Govt. lithographic press, has been granted priv. leave for 1 mo., under sec. XVI. of the revised uncovenanted serv. absentee rules.

June 28.—The superintg. engr., 5th div., has granted Corp. J. Ellison, Taluq overseer, in the South Arcot dist., 15 days' priv. leave, from the date he may avail himself of it.

June 29.—Mr. W. P. Higgins, an examiner of the High Court, has leave for 1 mo., in further ext. of the leave granted him on April 19 last.

June 30.—The principal insp. gen., med. dept., has granted to Surg. W. J. Van Someren, M.D., surg. 1st dist., 60 days' priv. leave, from July 5, or from date of departure.

The acting controller of mily. accounts has granted priv. leave for 60 days, from the 4th prox., to Major J. G. Touch, compiler, pay dept., and personal asst.

The examiner, pay dept., will perform the duties of the compiler during Major Touch's absence.

June 29.—Under authority conveyed in G.O.G. No. 273, dated Aug. 4, 1863, the insp. gen. of ordnance and magazines grants priv. leave of absence to Lieut. I. Curran, dep. asst. comsy., for 20 days, from date of departure.

The sick leave granted to head surv. Mr. Duprat, of No. 5 Nellore surv. party, under date May 30, has been extended for 2 weeks, from the 23rd inst.

June 27.—No. 50.—Leave of absence has been granted to Mr. H. Stuber, insp. of police, South Malabar, for 1 mo.

June 30.—No. 51.—Priv. leave of absence has been granted to Capt. W. O. Swanston, superint. of police, South Arcot, for 3 mo.

June 27.—Mr. J. B. Spedding, jun. C.S., Canarese, has passed the prescribed examination for the minor reward of Rs. 800; June 17.

June 30.—No. 243.—H.E. the Gov. in Council is pleased to make the following prom., subject to H.M.'s approval:—

17th Regt. N.I.

Sen. Lieut. T. P. F. Tytler to be capt., v. Rawlins, dec.; date of commission, Feb. 17.

Col. W. P. Macdonald, of the staff corps, Presidency payma., is granted leave of absence for 6 mo., from date of departure, the first 60 days being priv. leave.

Capt. W. Douglas, of the staff corps, will act as Presidency paymr. during Col. Macdonald's absence, or until further orders.

Leave of absence:—

July 4.—Lieut. col. C. V. Wilkieson, R.E., acting mint master, and commissioner of the department of issue of paper currency at Madras, priv. leave for 15 days, from 13th inst. Capt. H. T. Rogers, R.E., taking charge of the offices, during his absence on Lieut. col. Wilkieson's responsibility.

Appointments:—

June 30.—Rev. J. W. Wynch, M.A., chaplain of Vizagapatam, to act as jt. chaplain of Bangalore, during employ. of Rev. Mr. Morris on other duty.

The Rev. O. Dene, B.A., to act as chaplain of Vizagapatam, during the employ. of the Rev. Mr. Wynch on other duty.

The Rev. T. Foulkes, actg. chaplain of Trevandrum, to act as chaplain of Trichinopoly, during employ. of the Rev. Mr. Dene on other duty.

July 4.—Lieut. A. J. Filgate, royal engr., assist. engr., 2nd grade, to act as dep. controller of public works accounts, to have effect from the 1st inst.

Mr. H. D. M. Jones, district munsiff and deputy tahsildar, to be deputy registrar of assurances of the Shervaroy hills in the district of Salem, v. Mr. Rencontre, resigned.

July 3.—Major A. W. Gib, Madras staff corps, is permitted, at his own request, to resign his appointment in the forest department, and his services are replaced at the disposal of the military dept.

July 4.—Surg. maj. G. J. Shaw, M.D., assay master, Madras, delivered over charge of the office to Dr. H. E. Basteed, assist. assay master, on the 3rd inst.

Mr. H. R. Gordon, assist. to coll. and mag. of Coimbatore, is invested with full powers of a mag., with power to hear and dispose of appeals from the convictions of subordinate magistrates of the 2nd class, stationed in the division under his charge.

Mr. S. Marcar, principal sudder ameen of Cuddapah, is invested with power to hear and dispose of appeals from the convictions of subordinate magistrates in those Taluqs in which he now exercises the full powers of a magistrate.

Privilege leave has been granted of abs. to Maj. J. Loudon, assist. comy. gen., for 60 days, from July 4.

No. 52.—Leave of abs. has been granted to Mr. J. Alfred, inspector of police, Godavery dist., for 3 months.

The superintg. engr. 2nd div., has granted one month's priv. leave, to Taluq overseer Mr. F. Franklin, Nellore dist., from the date of quitting his station.

No. 283.—The acting control. of mil. accts. has granted priv. leave for 30 days, from July 10 or from date of departure, to lieut. col. A. N. Scott, acting exam. ordnance accts.

2.—Major Fasken, acting exam. clothing accts., will perform the duties of ordnance exam., during lieut. col. Scott's absence.

MEDICAL FUND.

It is hereby notified, that annuities from the med. fund have been this day granted to the following gents. viz.:—

To ret. surg. W. Beauchamp, a member on small annuity, a large annuity.

To ret. surg. C. Kevin, a member on small annuity, a large annuity.

To ret. surg. W. C. Maclean, M.D., a liberated small annuity.

To surg. maj. J. Pringle, M.D., a liberated small annuity.

By order of the quarterly meeting,
Geo. Mackay, M.D., for sec. med. fund.
Fort St. George, July 4.

BOMBAY.

BY THE GOVERNOR IN COUNCIL.

Bombay Castle, June 9.—No. 322.—Major W. Gray, asst. comsy. gen., 1st class, having returned to Bombay on May 27 last, the following arrangements are made from that date:—

Major W. Gray, asst. comsy. gen., 1st class, to be acting dep. comsy. gen.

Lieut. col. A. W. Lucas to revert to the grade of acting asst. comsy. gen., 1st class.

Capt. F. P. Mignon to revert to the grade of asst. comsy. gen., 2nd class.

Capt. M. W. Willoughby to revert to the grade of dep. asst. comsy. gen., 1st class.

Capt. R. T. Clarke to revert to the grade of acting dep. asst. comsy. gen., 2nd class.

Lieut. J. B. Fenwick to revert to the grade of sub asst. comsy. gen., 1st class.

Capt. J. F. Burthion to revert to the grade of sub asst. comsy. gen., 2nd class.

June 10.—No. 323.—The appt. of Capt. O. V. Tanner, H.M.'s 18th regt. N.I. to the staff corps, notified in G.O. No. 284, dated May 15 last, is cancelled at his own request.

June 14.—Capt. P. P. P. Fenwick, asst. resident at Baroda, held charge of the office of political agent in the Kewa Kanta from March 28 to April 25 last, both days inclusive.

June 9.—Mr. W. M. Salmon, 1st asst. mag. of Poona, is invested with the powers of a mag. under the Code of Criminal Procedure.

June 12.—Mr. A. R. Grant, acting judge and session judge of Ahmedabad, is allowed an ext. up to the 18th inst. of the leave of absence, on m.c., granted to him under date May 10.

June 13.—Capt. J. Harpur, acting superint. of police at Ahmednuggur, is invested with the powers of a mag. in the Ahmednuggur dist.

Mr. J. King, acting 1st asst. to the coll. and mag. of Tanna, is invested with the powers of a mag. in the Tanna dist.

The hon. the Gov. in Council is pleased to confer on the following officers in the Tanna dist. the powers to dispose of cases under Acts XIII. of 1859 and IX. of 1860:—

Mr. E. P. Down, acting mag. of the dist.

Mr. J. King, acting 1st asst. mag.

Mr. W. H. Maber, asst. mag.

Dr. J. Lumsdaine, asst. mag.

June 14.—Mr. A. Bosanquet is apptd. sen. asst. judge and session judge of Ahmedabad for the detached station of Kaira, v. Mr. W. Sandwith.

June 9.—The undermen. jun. civil servants passed an examination in the Hindoostanee language May 31:—Mr. E. Cordeaux, Mr. M. B. Baker, Mr. G. M. Grant.

H.E. the Gov. in Council is pleased to make the foll. appts. in the Scinde survey dept.:—

Mr. Berrie to be 2nd class asst. settlement officer, right bank survey.

Mr. W. G. Johnson to be supernum. 2nd class asst. settlement officer, right bank survey.

Mr. J. F. Nash to be 3rd class asst. settlement officer, right bank survey.

Mr. C. Marsh to be 3rd class asst. settlement officer, right bank survey.

Mr. W. Wilkins to be 2nd class asst. settlement officer, left bank survey.

Mr. J. Dowman to be 2nd class asst. settlement officer, left bank survey.

Mr. T. R. Fernandes to be 3rd class asst. settlement officer, left bank survey.

June 13.—Mr. A. D. De Souza, asst. comnr. of Customs, salt, and opium, has been allowed priv. leave of abs. for 3 mo. from 8th ult.

The appts. of Messrs. W. A. Pelly and A. G. Maury as 2nd and 3rd class assts. to the comnr. of customs, salt, and opium respectively, are to have effect from May 7.

The appt. of Mr. H. L. Wright as acting 2nd class asst. to the comnr. of customs, salt, and opium, is to have effect from April 9.

The appt. of Mr. J. C. Baillie to act as 4th class asst. to the comnr. of customs, salt, and opium, is cancelled.

June 14.—Mr. S. Muller, asst. conservator of forests, is allowed leave of abs., on m.c., for 1 year to proceed to Eur.

Mr. A. H. Jordan has been apptd. asst. to the supt. revenue survey and assessment, Gozerat. He is also apptd. a dep. coll. in the Surat collectorate for so long as he is employed on special survey and settlement duty in that collectorate, and is vested with powers under sec. 12 of Bombay Act VII. of 1863.

The foll. gentlemen of the C.S. passed, on the

31st ult., the departmental examinations noted against their names:—

First Standard.—Mr. G. H. Johns, Mr. W. Woodward, and Mr. W. H. Maber.

Second Standard.—Mr. T. H. Stewart and Mr. W. B. Mulock.

June 12.—Mr. G. W. Sealy has passed the exam. laid down in chap. 6 of Public Works Code, article 4, qualifying him for admission into the public works dept.

June 14.—Mr. T. Cooke, B.A., received charge of the office of principal of the Poona engrng. college from Mr. D. Nilkunt on the 6th inst.

Mr. T. B. Curtis received charge of the office of educational insp., northern div., from Mr. W. A. Russell on May 5 last.

Mr. W. A. Russell received charge of the office of educational insp., southern div., from Mr. E. H. Little on May 29 last.

June 16.—No. 328.—The foll. proms. in the commissariat dept. will take place from April 14, on departure to Eur. of Lieut. col. Dunsterville, comy. gen., and Capt. G. S. Mignon, acting dep. asst. comy. gen. 1st class:—

Lieut. col. A. W. Lucas, acting dep. comy. gen., to act as comy. gen., v. Lieut. col. Dunsterville.

Capt. C. F. Keyes, acting asst. comy. gen. 2nd class, to act as asst. comy. gen. 1st class, v. Major Gray.

Capt. E. L'Estrange, acting dep. asst. comy. gen. 1st class, to act as asst. comy. gen. 2nd class, v. Capt. F. P. Mignon.

Capt. R. T. Clarke, acting dep. asst. comy. gen. 2nd class, to act as dep. asst. comy. gen. 1st class, v. Capt. C. F. Keyes.

Capt. J. Clements, acting dep. asst. comy. gen. 2nd class, to act as dep. asst. comy. gen. 1st class, v. Capt. M. W. Willoughby.

Lieut. J. B. Fenwick, acting sub asst. comy. gen. 1st class, to act as dep. asst. comy. gen. 2nd class, v. Capt. G. S. Mignon.

Lieut. A. Phelps, acting sub asst. comy. gen., 1st class, to act as dep. asst. comy. gen., 2nd class, v. Capt. E. L'Estrange.

Capt. J. T. Berthion, acting sub asst. comy. gen., 2nd class, to act as sub asst. comy. gen., 1st class, v. Lieut. J. B. Fenwick.

Lieut. W. T. Keays, acting sub asst. comy. gen., 2nd class, to act as sub asst. comy. gen., 1st class, v. Lieut. A. Phelps.

In consequence of the return to India, on April 26, of Major Holland, app. to act as comy. gen. (G.O. No. 232 of April 18), the following alterations are made:—

Major Holland to act as comy. gen., v. Lieut. col. Dunsterville.

Lieut. col. Lucas to act as dep. comy. gen., v. Major Holland.

Capt. C. F. Keays to act as asst. comy. gen., 2nd class, v. Lieut. col. Lucas.

Capt. L'Estrange to act as dep. asst. comy. gen., 1st class, v. Capt. C. F. Keays.

Capt. Clements to act as dep. asst. comy. gen., 2nd class, v. Capt. G. S. Mignon.

Lieut. Phelps to act as sub asst. comy. gen., 1st class, v. Capt. R. T. Clarke.

Lieut. W. T. Keays to act as sub asst. comy. gen., 2nd class, v. Lieut. L. M. Davis.

June 20.—No. 330.—Lieut. J. G. Watts, staff corps, late of the Southern Maratha horse, is apptd. to comd. the body guard of H.E. the Governor.

No. 332.—The underment. officers, having completed 12 yrs. service, four of which were on permanent staff employ, to be captains, from the date specified, under the Royal Warrant of Jan. 16, 1861, subject to H.M.'s approval:—

Lieut. R. G. Watson, June 11, 1865.

Lieut. J. Galloway, June 11, 1865.

No. 333.—The foll. prom. is made:—

1st Regt. N.I. (Grens.)—Lieut. (capt. in the staff corps) L. C. Barton to have the position of capt., from June 2, 1865, v. Capt. (maj. in the staff corps) W. Wilson, dec.

No. 334.—The underment. officer, having completed 26 yrs. service, eight of which were on permanent staff employ, to be lieut. col., from the date specified, under the Royal Warrant of Jan. 16, 1861, subject to H.M.'s approval:—

Maj. E. A. Green, June 11, 1865.

No. 335.—The underment. officers, having completed 26 years' service, 8 of which were on permanent staff employ, to be lieut. cols. from the date specified, under the Royal Warrant of Jan. 16, 1861, subject to H.M.'s approval:—

Major W. B. Gray, June 12.

Major W. Lodwick, June 12.

No. 336.—The underment. officers, having completed 26 years' service, to be lieut. cols. by

brevet, from the date specified, under para. 69 of the despatch from the Right Hon. the Secy. of State for India, No. 194, dated June 17, 1864, subject to H.M.'s approval:—

Major C. R. Baugh, 9th regt. N.I., June 12.

Major E. Grant, 3rd regt. N.I., June 12.

June 21.—No. 338.—The underment. officers, having completed 26 years' service, to be lieut. cols. by brevet, from the date specified, under para. 69 of the despatch from the Right Hon. the Secy. of State for India, No. 194, dated June 17, 1864, subject to H.M.'s approval:—

Major J. G. Scott, 22nd regt. N.I., June 11.

Major J. Pogson, 17th regt. N.I., June 11.

No. 339.—The leave of absence granted in G.O., No. 236, to Lieut. J. G. MacRae, qrmr. 2nd regt. N.I., is cancelled at that officer's request.

No. 340.—The underment. officer, having completed 20 years' service, to be surg. maj., from the date specified, under para. 7 of G. G. O. No. 325, of July 13, 1864, subject to her Majesty's approval. Surgeon J. G. Fraser, M.D., June 7.

No. 341.—Capt. O. E. Tanner was allowed sick leave to proceed to Bombay from Shikarpoor, from March 4 to 31.

No. 342.—The underment. officers having completed 20 years' service, 6 of which were on permanent staff employ, to be majors, from the date specified, under the royal warrant of Jan. 16, 1861, subject to her Majesty's approval:—

Capt. A. W. Graham, June 14.

Capt. H. Beville, June 14.

Capt. W. Waddington, June 14.

No. 343.—The underment. officer, having completed 20 years' service, to be maj. by brevet, from the date specified, under para. 69 of the despatch from the Right Hon. the Secretary of State for India, No. 194, of June 17, 1864, subject to her Majesty's approval:—

Capt. J. H. S. Pierce, 24th regt. N.I., June 14.

No. 344.—Lieut. col. T. Biggs, roy. art., is granted 2 mo.'s priv. leave from April 29.

June 12.—Surg. J. Lumsdaine, superint. of Matheran, is apptd. an asst. to the coll. and mag. of Tanna, and invested with the powers of a subordinate mag. of the 1st class in the Tanna dist., and with powers to commit, under sect. 38 of Act 25.

June 19.—Under the provs. of Act 6 of 1845, the underment. gentlemen have been apptd. her Majesty's justices of the peace for the town and island of Bombay, and are requested to qualify themselves by taking the prescribed oaths:—

F. H. LeGeyt, J. W. Watson, G. A. Atkinson.

June 20.—Mr. G. Waddington, acting extra 1st asst. to the coll. and mag. of Ahmednuggur, is invested with the powers of a mag. in the Ahmednuggur dist.

June 21.—Capt. T. Nuttall, superint. of police at Kulladghee, has passed an exam. in the Marathi language, according to the rules of Aug. 12, 1863, for the exam. of police officers.

The hon. the Gov. in Council has been pleased, with the consent of H.E. the Right Hon. the Gov. Gen. of India in Council, to appt. Mr. W. Sandwith, joint judge in the Poona zillah, to be also joint session judge in that zillah.

June 19.—The foll. notification is published in supersession of that dated Sept. 22, 1864:—

Lieut. R. J. Crawford, qrmr. 27th regt. N.I., to be superny. dep. coll. and mag. in Sind.

June 20.—Mr. G. H. D. Wilson, C.S., passed the departmental exam. according to the 2nd standard, on May 31, 1865.

Erratum.—In the Govt. notification dated June 9, 1865, published at page 1,166 of the *Government Gazette* of 15th idem., for "Mr. W. G. Johnson to be superny. 2nd class asst. settlement officer, &c.," read "Mr. W. G. Johnson to be superny. asst. settlement officer, right bank survey."

June 21.—Lieut. A. Poole, 9th regt. N.I., has been placed on special duty under the coll. of Khandaish, with effect from the 8th ult., in order to complete the boundary settlement on which Captain Cadell and Lieut. Wise have been employed.

Capt. F. J. T. Ross, 2nd class deputy coll. of Kurrachee, has been allowed leave of absence on m.c., from May 2 to 26, 1865, as also preparatory leave before proceeding to England from May 27 to June 9, 1865.

H.E. the Gov. in Council has been pleased to make the foll. appts., with effect from the dates upon which the officers received charge of their respective duties:—

Mr. H. Ryland to act as 1st class dep. coll. and mag. of Hyderabad during the absence of Captain Gillespie.

Capt. E. W. Trevor to act as 2nd class dep. coll. and mag. of Hyderabad, v. Mr. H. Ryland.

Mr. F. Gibbons to act as 3rd class dep. coll. and mag. of Hyderabad, v. Capt. E. W. Trevor.

Mr. A. H. Plunkett to act as supernu. dep. coll. and mag. of Kurrachee, v. Mr. F. Gibbons.

Mr. W. A. Patton to act as Hoozoor dep. coll. and mag. of Kurrachee, v. Mr. A. H. Plunkett.

Mr. T. H. Merritt is confirmed in the appointment of inspector under the Cotton Frauds Act for Surat and Broach.

June 20.—Mr. G. W. Sealy is app. an apprentice on the engineering establishment of the public works dept.

June 21.—H.E. the Governor in Council is pleased to app. Sir A. Grant, Bart., to be director of public instruction, in succession to Mr. E. I. Howard, resigned.

June 17.—Major J. Bonus, R.E., dep. consulting engineer for railways in Scinde, has leave to Europe for 6 mo.

Poona, June 19.—Lieut. Tubbs, supernu. asst. superint. revenue survey, Goozerat, rejoined his app. on 5th inst.

Mr. J. King, act. 1st asst. coll. and mag. of Tanna, assumed charge of his app. on 5th inst.

Kurrachee, June 15.—Major M. Green, C.B., assumed charge of the duties of political superint., Upper Scinde frontier, from Lieut. col. H. Green, C.B., on 12th inst.

Mr. J. Howe, conservator and registrar, River Indus, has priv. leave for 1 mo., under uncov. absentee rules.

BY THE COMMANDER IN CHIEF.

Adj. Genl's Office, Poona, June 5.—No. 546.—The following appointments are made :—

2nd Regt. Scinde Horse.—Major J. H. B. Dennis, to command.

19th Regt. N.I.—Lieut. M. F. Cousmaker, gen. list, to be doing duty officer.

No. 547.—Subject to the confirmation of H.E. the C. in C. in India, Lieut. W. J. Holt is appd. acting qmr. to the 1st batt. 4th foot, v. Burridge, promoted.

June 7.—No. 550.—Capt. A. W. Turner, 56th foot, is app. to the command of the Mount Abou Sanitarium.

No. 552.—Leave of absence :—
Staff Corps.—Lieut. W. Marshall, from May 1 to May 5, in-ext.

14th Brigade Roy. Art.—Lieut. H. Geary, from June 1 to June 30, in ext.; and Surg. maj. H. C. Walshe, from June 8 to July 8, in ext.

June 8.—No. 553.—The following temporary arrangements are confirmed, with effect from March 3, 1865, until the arrival of Capt. W. E. LeGeyt :—
2nd Regt. L.C.

Lieut. H. Phillips to offic. as 2nd in com. and 1st squadron officer.

Lieut. C. W. Gabb to offic. as 2nd squadron officer.

Lieut. W. S. Peat to offic. as 3rd squadron officer, in add. to his other duties.

No. 555.—The following temporary arrangement is confirmed :—

14th Regt. N.I.—Lieut. G. E. Blew to offic. as qmr., with effect from 1st inst., until the arrival of Lieut. Tyndall.

June 9.—No. 556.—The following appt. is made :—
2nd Regt. Sind Horse.—Lieut. C. Hay, staff corps, to be doing duty officer.

No. 557.—With reference to G.O.C. No. 522, of 29th ult., Lieut. F. P. Worthy will offic. as wing officer, in add. to his other duties.

No. 558.—The following G.O. is republished :—
The C. in C. in India is pleased to make the following appt. until H.M.'s pleasure shall be known :—
4th Foot.—Lieut. E. C. P. Pigott to be adjt. v. Trimmer, who has resigned that appt.; March 12.

No. 559.—Surg. J. Bain is removed from the medical charge of the 6th regt. N.I., and is placed on gen. duty, Mhow div.

Asst. surg. E. Sexton is app. to the medical charge of 6th regt. N.I.

June 10.—No. 561.—Order confirmed :—

Dated May 1.—By Major McGregor, appg. Lieut. G. B. Leslie, 24th regt. N.I., staff officer, Kulladghee, as a temp. measure.

No. 568.—Leave of absence :—

Lieut. W. F. Kelsey, 72nd foot, from date of departure, for 12 mo., to England.

Lieut. H. Geary, 14th brig. R.A., to proc. to England by the overland route, on m.c.

This officer is not available for duty with troops, and he will, on arrival, report himself to the adjt. gen., Horse Guards.

Capt. A. W. MacNaghten, 2nd squad. officer, Poona horse, cadre 2nd regt. L.C., from date of departure to June 30, to Bombay, on m.c.

Col. J. D. Stewart, 25th regt. N.I., from May 14 to May 23.

June 13.—No. 570.—Major A. F. Battye, staff corps, is placed on general duty, Belgaum.

No. 571.—The following temp. arrangements are confirmed, with effect from June 1 :—

13th Regt. N.I.

Capt. G. Cooper to offic. as comdnt., Lieut. F. P. Worthy to offic. as 2nd in comd., in addition to his own duties as qmr., and Lieut. Laing as wing officer, in addition to his duties as doing duty officer, until the arrival of Lieut. col. Adams.

No. 572.—The unexpired portion of the leave of absence granted to Lieut. C. F. James, of the staff corps, adjt. 20th regt. N.I., in clause III. of G.O.C. No. 434, is cane., with effect from May 28 to July 6.

June 14.—No. 575.—The following appts. are made :—

1st Regt. L.C.

Capt. C. A. Loch to be 2nd in comd., v. Dennis.
Lieut. E. G. Jenkins to be 2nd squad. officer, v. Loch.

13th Regt. N.I.

Major W. L. Cahusac, cadre 11th regt. N.I., to be 2nd in comd., v. Wilson, dec.

22nd Regt. N.I.

Lieut. J. Ketchen, gen. list, to be doing duty officer.

Leave of Absence :—

Lieut. R. M. Lloyd, adjt. 8th N.I., staff corps, 30 days from date of departure, to Bombay, on m.c. prep. to Europe.

Lieut. W. F. Hume, doing duty officer 11th regt. N.I., gen. list, from May 25, to June 23, in ext.

BIRTHS.

ABERCROMBIE—At Dacca, June 6, the wife of Alexander Abercrombie, C.S., of a son.

ALEXANDER—At Saugor, May 7, the wife of Captain F. M. Alexander, Madras Cavalry, of a daughter.

BARNES—At Dhurmsalla, June 13, the wife of Captain E. R. B. Barnes, 35th Regiment, of a son.

BROWN—At the "Retreat," Byculla, Bombay, July 9, the wife of Mr. J. T. T. Brown, of a daughter, stillborn.

COHEN—At Graft-road, Bombay, June 31, the wife of Mr. M. B. Cohen, of a daughter.

CLERK—At Chiculdah-hills, Dacca, June 9, the wife of Major Clerk, of a son.

COOKE—At Mhow, Central India, June 12, the wife of G. C. Cooke, Esq., C.E., P.W., of a son.

COOMBS—At Darjeeling, June 12, the wife of Capt. J. R. R. Coombs, of a son.

DAVIS—At Coimbatore, June 16, the wife of W. F. Davis, Esq., M.D., civil surgeon, of a son.

EGERTON—At Nagpore, June 5, the wife of R. E. Egerton, Esq., of a daughter.

ELPHINSTONE—At Malligum, July 9, the wife of Captain P. A. Elphinstone, Staff Corps, of a son.

FERNANDES—At Belia-sis-road, Bombay, June 20, the wife of Mr. Nicholas Fernandes, of a still-born child.

GWYTHYR—At Coolie Bazaar, Calcutta, No. 4, Tank-place, June 15, the wife of E. T. Gwyther, Esq., of a daughter, still-born.

HOWARD—At Mirzapore, July 4, the wife of B. Howard, Esq., of a daughter.

HICKS—At Almorah, June 7th, the wife of Major C. Hicks, of a daughter.

HODDING—At Bellary, June 13, the wife of Capt. G. C. Hoddling, of a son.

LITTLE—At Arungabad, the Deccan, June 20, the wife of the Rev. R. Parker Little, of a son.

MCCONAGHEY—At Mynpoorie, June 10, the wife of M. A. McConaghey, Esq., of a daughter.

NOVELL—At Poona, June 8, the wife of Thomas Nowell, Esq., contractor, of a son.

RIGBY—At Entally, June 13, the wife of Mr. Thomas Rigby, of a daughter.

READ—At Middle Colaba, Bombay, June 14, the wife of S.W. Read, Esq., of a son.

REEVES—At Ahmedabad, June 5, the wife of H. N. Reeves, Esq., H.M.'s Bombay Staff Corps, of a son.

ROBERTSON—At Calcutta, June 12, the wife of J. L. Robertson, Esq., of a daughter.

ROBINSON—At 4, Harrington-street, Calcutta, June 18, the wife of J. Hamilton Robinson, Esq., of a daughter.

SANDEMAN—At Abbottabad, Hazara, June 4, the wife of Robert Sandeman, Esq., Bengal Staff Corps, of a daughter.

SHORTT—At Mandavee, Cutch, June 10, the wife of Major A. Y. Shortt, of a son.

STURROCK—At Bunkerry, Hooshungabad, June 11, the wife of P. Sturrock, Esq., of a son.

SULLIVAN—At Agra, June 12, the wife of Staff Sergeant T. M. O'Sullivan, of the Agra Fort, of a daughter.

SMITH—At Upper Colaba, June 11, the wife of Surgeon Major Smith, of a son.

SMITH—At Lingasogoor, June 15, the wife of Assistant Surgeon F. H. Smith, 2nd Regiment Hyderabad Contingent, of a son.

STEPHENSON—At Nagapatam, June 21, the wife of the Rev. R. Stephenson, of a son.

SATE—At Madras, June 25, the wife of Mr. H. Sate, of a son, still-born.

STRATTON—At Nowgong, Bundelkund, June 5, the wife of J. P. Stratton, Esq., Political Agent, of a daughter.

THOMAS—At Felamcottah, June 16, the wife of Kinsey Beaumont Thomas, Esq., H.M.'s telegraph dept., of a son.

WESTLAKE—At Upper Colaba, June 8, the wife of Mr. John Westlake, of a son.

WHYTE—At Bulsar, June 7, the wife of Henry F. Whyte, Esq., Resident Engineer, of a son.

WILKINS—At Poona, June 12, the wife of Capt. H. St. C. Wilkins, Royal Engineers, of a daughter.

WILKINSON—At Bijnore, June 6, the wife of Mr. W. H. Wilkinson, Inspector of Police, of a son.

WILLIAMS—At Secunderabad, May 30, the wife of Surgeon Williams, 3rd M.L.C., of a son.

WRIGHT—At Madras, June 20, the wife of Lieut. W. F. Wright, staff corps, adjt. Volunteer Guards, of a son.

MARRIAGES.

CARNAC—GORDON.—At the Cathedral, Calcutta June 14, Charles Forbes Rivett Carnac, B.C.S., to Isabel Stauners, daughter of the late Major Alexander Gordon, Madras Army.

CONROY—WILLIAMS.—At the Roman Catholic Cathedral, Agra, June 5, Mr. Alexander Patrick Conroy, eldest son of James Ferney Conroy, Esq., Customs Department, to Miss Annie Williams.

DUFFY—ESSAY.—By special licence, at Colaba Church, Bombay, June 22, Mr. John Duffy, to Miss Luiza Essay.

THACKER—FARQUHAR.—At St. John's Church, Colaba, June 14, by the Rev. W. Maule, William Hovenden Thacker, of Bombay, solicitor, to Amelia Mary Farquhar, widow.

DEATHS.

ARNOLD—At the European General Hospital, Bombay, on June 18, James Arnold, late clerk G.I.P. Railway.

ALEXANDER—At Baroda, on June 8, Major Thos. Alexander, aged 39 years.

ARMESON—At Mazagon, on June 9, Mary Ann, the wife of James Armeson, Elphinstone Land and Reclamation Company, aged 27 years.

BRAY—At Morar, Gwalior, on June 10, suddenly, Catherine, wife of Lieut. J. Bray, barrack master, Morar, aged 21 years.

BREERETON—At Malligum, on July 1, of cholera, at the residence of the Rev. Charles Laing, Mrs. H. F. G. Breereton, aged 26 years.

BIRDWOOD—At Victoria Gardens, Bombay, on June 21, Henry Travers, son of Dr. Birdwood, aged 11 months.

BAXTER—At Calcutta, June 9, at her residence, 20, Weston's-lane, the wife of Robert Baxter, Esq., aged 52 years.

BEST—At Futtelpore, July 5, John Rycroft Best, Bengal Civil Service, aged 42 years and 7 months.

BLAIR—At the Simla Brewery, June 12, Mr. D. G. Blair, in the 26th year of his age.

BOND—Near Jhelum, May 29, Edwin Trevelyan, only child of Captain E. Bond, District Superintendent of Police, aged 1 year.

BUTT—On board the *St. Lawrence*, homeward bound, on Good Friday, William Boyne Butt, Esq., Surgeon, H.M.'s Indian Army.

CLAXTON—At Meen Meer, June 27, Annie Maria, daughter of Thomas and Hannah Ann Claxton, Colour Sergeant, 82nd Regt., aged 10 years and 2 months.

CROCKETT—On board the P. and O. s.s. *Emeu*, June 11, of dysentery, O. R. Crockett, of Shanghai, aged 29 years.

CATESBY—At Camp Ahmedabad, on June 4, Mr. Henry Catesby, aged 45 years.

DAVIES—At Fyzabad, Oude, on June 6, Capt. Owen Davies, 1st Battalion 11th Regiment.

DOUGLAS—Lieut. E. A., from cholera, at Ahmedabad, June 27.

DUGGAN—At Byculla, July 8, Eustace Clare, only child of Mr. Henry James Duggan, aged 2 years and 5 months.

DYER—At Seeraka, Charles Wilfrimott Dyer, of Great Cornet, Suffolk, of consumption, aged 26 years.

EALLES—At sea, on board the *St. Lawrence*, of diphtheria, April 16, Edith Jane Charlotte Eales, the eldest child of Mrs. Eales and the late Capt. W. H. Eales, of Moulmein, aged 8 years.

FISHER—At Almorah, July 2, the infant son of Captain J. Fisher, Assistant Commissioner, aged 8½ months.

GARSTIN—On board the *Sir William Peel*, on May 31, Major W. T. Garstin, late 70th N.I., 2nd in command 11th Regiment N.I.

GRAHAM—At Mandavie, Bombay, on June 7, of sunstroke, David Graham, constable Bombay Police, aged 36 years.

GWATKIN—At Mussoorie, on June 1, R. L. Gwatkin, Esq., Lieutenant, 94th Regiment.

GRUMBLE—At Baroda, on May 22, Capt. Joseph Grumble, aged 32 years.

HALL—At Tannah, May 27, of cholera, Mr. J. Hall, of the P.W.D., aged 42 years.

HARDY—At Allahabad, June 12, of heart disease, Serjeant Major Walter Hardy, H.M.'s 107th Foot.

HARRISON—At the Indo-British Institution, Bombay, June 17, Rose Matilda Harrison, aged 15 years.

KNAFMAN—At Aden, Ursula, May 29, the wife of Barrack-master H. Knapman, aged 29.

KEMP—At Mazagon, June 14, Theophilus Freeman Kent, aged 24.

KNIGHT—At Mazagon, June 5, Alfred St. George P., youngest son of Mr. Inspector Henry Knight, of the Bombay Police, aged 2 years and 9 months.

KENNEDY—At Chagrabanda, Bhootan, May 21, Lieut. J. E. Kennedy, late 74th N.I., doing duty 11th N.I.

KAIL—At Khetwaddy, June 7, Frederick William, son of Mr. and Mrs. C. Kail, aged 3 years.

LAMB—At Deyrah, June 13, after a series of long sufferings borne with exemplary patience and Christian fortitude, Lieut. J. Lamb, V.E., Dep. Comy. of Ordnance.

LEMAN—At Allahabad, May 25, Lieut. T. W. Leman, 107th Regiment, aged 24 years.

MILLAR—At Subathoo, June 9, Lucy, daughter of Major and Mrs. J. C. Millar.

MAGUIRE—At Tardeo, June 10, Thomas Bowen, second son of Thomas Maguire, Esq., of Dublin, aged 25.

PHILLPOTTS—At Deolee, in Rajpootana, June 1, Captain Henry Phillpotts, officiating political agent of Harrowtee, most deeply mourned.

PHILLIPS—At Tezpur, June 13, of jungle fever, James Tudor Phillips, son of John Phillips, Esq., Newcastle Emly, Cardiganshire, South Wales, aged 19½ years.

PERRY—On March 23, on board the P. and O. Steam Ship *Candia*, between Ceylon and Aden, Frank Fairbairn, infant son of Mr. and Mrs. James Perry, East Indian Railway.

QUAID—At Sauger, on 4th June, Dauid, the infant child of Mr. and Mrs. Quaid, aged 2 months.

RIDDELL—At Kaira, on June 9, Rose Jane M., fourth daughter of the late Capt. Riddell.

ROWLAND—At Parell, Bombay, June 6, Samuel Albert Edward Willing, son of Mr. and Mrs. F. Rowland, aged 11 months.

RUSSELL—At Agra, June 3, Mrs. Ellen Russell, relict of the late Lieut. John Russell, Pension Establishment, aged 56.

SINGLEHURST—At Hyderabad Sind, June 6, Conductor J. Singlehurst, aged 37.

SMITH—At Mazagon, June 5, Jane, the wife of Mr. W. Smith, Chowpatty, aged 29.

STEEVENSON—On June 21, Edward Place Steeven-son, Principal Ahmedabad College, aged 45.

SHERER—At Allahabad, on the 11th June, Louisa, the wife of J. W. Sherer, Esq., C.S.

SHORTT—At Nanzanary, near Pulamcottah, on the 17th May, Lieutenant C. A. Shortt, Staff Corps, and late of 66th Regiment, third son of the Rev. F. Shortt, Rector of Corkbegg, Whitegate, County Cork.

TROWARD—Lieut.-Col. A., H.M.'s Invalid Establishment at Dapoorie, June 26th.

TUBBS—At Domus, July 4th, of cholera, Lieut. C. M. Tubbs, H.M.'s 33rd (or Duke of Wellington's) Regiment.

WARLAND—At Colaba, June 8th, of fever, Francis W. Warland, of the firm of Ward and Warland, aged 28.

WILSON—At Ahmedabad, June 15, of cholera, the wife of the Rev. C. T. Wilson.

To Correspondents.

All letters for insertion in *Allen's Indian Mail* should be accompanied with the real name and address of the writer, "not necessarily for publication, but as a guarantee of good faith."

Communications for the Editor, and Advertisements, should be sent under cover to Messrs. W.M. H. ALLEN & Co., 13, Waterloo-place, S.W.

. Should any delay or irregularity occur in supplying this Paper, communication of the fact to the Publisher will insure a remedy.

ALLEN'S INDIAN MAIL,

TUESDAY, August 8, 1865.

MR. J. B. NORTON UPON NATIVE EDUCATION.

A VERY remarkable address has been delivered by Mr. John Bruce Norton, Advocate-general of Madras, upon the results of Native Education and the duty of the British Government towards the people of India. The subject, always a delicate one to discuss, is more than ever so at the present moment, and Mr. Norton is quite aware that many persons are of opinion that the less said about it the better. But he is not one of these, and wisely thinks that the real evil consists in ignoring the existence of ideas which are never absent from the native mind. Looking at the facts then fairly in the face, he puts the difficulty into a plain form, and the conclusions at which he arrives are worth following.

India is at this moment not only in a transition state, but in the course of one of the most extraordinary and gigantic revolutions that the world has ever seen. Looking at the enormous changes which have been made of late years—the transfer of the government from the East India Company to the Crown, the amalgamation of the army, the amalgamation of the leading courts, the new codes of civil and criminal law, the reform in the administration of justice, the admission of natives to the Councils of Government and their increased share in the administration, the activity of legislation, the introduction of new taxes, the reductions in revenue assessment, the mighty physical forces which are bringing all classes into juxtaposition, the vast development of trade and commerce, the immense wealth that has been poured into the country during the last few years, the new spirit of enterprise and inquiry which is stirring native society to its depths—looking at all these signs of the times, it is impossible not to see the importance of the crisis through which we are passing. It is a crisis which cannot be viewed without some apprehension; but of all the mighty agencies at work, for good or evil, the greatest danger of all is *Education*.

Through the enlightenment spreading among them the natives are ceasing to believe in their rulers as superior beings. They see that we are poor frail creatures, like themselves; and the discovery suggests comparisons, desires, and discontents, which render them by no means so easy to manage as they once were. When, too, we have come to the "one man's as good as another" stage of assertion, we are apt to go on with the Irishman, who added, "and a great deal better." So the educated natives have a tendency to over-estimate their acquirements, to take old ideas for new ones, and to fancy that their culture confers powers which they do not possess. Hence the danger is of a double kind.

The question remains—How is that danger to be met? The time has passed, and never ought to have been, when the idea could prevail that the natives must be kept in ignorance as the only condition of the permanence of our rule. Far better than the adoption of this wretched policy would it be for us to withdraw from the country altogether. It is plain, therefore, that we must continue in our present course, and allow the natives every possible advantage in the way of enlightenment that it is in our power to bestow. But Mr. Norton does not believe that the permanence of our power is incompatible with the intellectual progress of the people. From the nettle danger we may pluck the flower safety, if we only go to work in the right way. "Of course," said the speaker, "if we educate the people and then deny them the fair results which reward, and which they have a right to suppose wait upon education, the danger becomes imminent—possibly insurmountable, overwhelming; for the permanence of English supremacy can only ultimately rest in India on moral and not on physical forces." One of these days the natives may be wise enough and strong enough to govern themselves, and the period will then have come for British rule to bow and consider its mission at an end. But time must be given for the tree to grow, and such a consummation need not yet be anticipated, nor would it be wise to hasten its progress.

"And, I think," pursued Mr. Norton, "that we should be guilty of a very grave error if we mistake the way in which any national reform, either in regard to religious or temporal institutions, should be brought about; if we fancy that we can hurry on a change or operate on the native mind from *without*. Any reformation which may hereafter take place must proceed from *within*, not from *without*; from the convictions of the native mind itself. . . . It cannot be produced by the persuasion of foreigners in country and creed; still less by our twitting the natives with the evils of their institutions, whether social

or religious." Such a course would impede rather than expedite the object in view. There are reformers among the natives themselves who are quite sufficient for the work, and who obtain a fair hearing without giving offence; and the speaker referred with satisfaction to two societies, the "Bramo Somaj," at Calcutta, and the "Neda Somaj," at Madras, as an encouraging proof of the value of the education which we impart. For that education we have much to thank the clergy, and without their assistance it is not probable that the present results would have been attained; but it is by their secular teaching that the progress has been made, and it is by this means that the end is to be accomplished. In bold and convincing terms Mr. Norton defended secular teaching from the charge of "ungodliness." "The very books," said the speaker, "through which we convey to the native youth the knowledge of Western civilisation are fraught and saturated, not, it is true, with the historical and dogmatical parts of Christianity, but with the influence of the most practical, the purest, the most divine morality which has ever been imparted by a teacher to the world." A teacher, indeed, "cannot explain his subject matter to his pupils without constant reference to Christianity and the Bible."

Mr. Norton met the common argument against secular education—that we destroy the one faith without giving another in its place—by a direct denial founded upon daily experience. "We make," said he, "by our system of instruction, wiser and better men." He would not attack their religion any more than he would attack their caste—and upon the latter subject he made some admirable remarks—believing that the object of native education should be to train the judgment into an instrument capable of deciding for itself.

The address has been very well received in India, and its arguments are worthy of attentive consideration in this country. It is long since the subject has met with such bold and practical treatment.

EXAMINATIONS FOR THE CIVIL SERVICE OF INDIA.

REGULATIONS FOR THE OPEN COMPETITION OF 1866.*

1. On Monday, March 19th, 1866, and following days, an examination of candidates will be held in London. Not less than candidates will be selected, if so many shall be found duly qualified. Of these, will be selected for the Presidency of Bengal (for the Upper Provinces, and for the Lower Provinces), for that of Madras, and for that of Bombay.†—Notice will hereafter be given of the days and place of examination.

2. Any natural-born subject of her Majesty, who shall be desirous of entering the Civil Service of India, will be entitled to be examined

at such examination, provided he shall, on or before the 1st February, 1866, have transmitted to the Civil Service Commissioners, Dean's-yard, London, S.W.:—

(a) A certificate of his birth, showing that his age on the 1st March, 1866, will be above seventeen years and under twenty-one years;

(b) A certificate, signed by a physician or surgeon, of his having no disease, constitutional affection, or bodily infirmity, unfitting him for the Civil Service of India;

(c) Satisfactory proof of good moral character;

(d) A statement of those of the branches of knowledge hereinafter enumerated in which he desires to be examined.*

3. In any case in which a doubt may arise as to the eligibility of a candidate in respect of age, health, or character, such inquiries as may be necessary will be instituted by the Civil Service Commissioners.

4. The examination will take place only in the following branches of knowledge: †—

		Marks.
English Language and Literature—		
Composition	500	
English Literature and History, including that of the Laws and Constitution	1,000	
		1,500
Language, Literature, & History of Greece...	750	
" " " " Rome ...	750	
" " " " France...	375	
" " " " Germany	375	
" " " " Italy ...	375	
Mathematics, Pure and Mixed	1,250	
Natural Science—that is (1), Chemistry; (2) Electricity and Magnetism; (3) Natural History; (4) Geology; and (5) Mineralogy... ..	500	
. No candidate will be allowed to be examined in more than three of the branches of knowledge included under this head, and the total (500 marks) may be obtained by adequate proficiency in any one.		
Moral Sciences—that is, Logic, Mental and Moral Philosophy		500
Sanskrit Language and Literature	375	
Arabic Language and Literature	375	
		7,125

5. The merit of the persons examined will be estimated by marks, and the number set opposite to each branch in the preceding regulation denotes the greatest number of marks that can be obtained in respect of it.

6. No candidate will be allowed any marks in respect of any subject of examination unless he shall be considered to possess a *competent knowledge* of that subject.‡

7. The examination will be conducted by means of printed questions and written answers, and by *visu voce* examination, as may be deemed necessary.

8. The marks obtained by each candidate, in respect of each of the subjects in which he shall have been examined, will be added up, and the names of the candidates who shall have obtained a greater aggregate number of marks than any of the remaining candidates will be set forth in order of merit, and such candidates shall be deemed to be selected candidates for the Civil Service of India. They shall be permitted to choose, according to the order in which they stand, as long as a choice remains, the presidency (and in Bengal the division of the presidency) to which they shall be appointed.

9. Selected candidates before proceeding to India will be on probation for two years, during which time they will be examined periodically, with the view of testing their progress in the following subjects:—

		Marks.
1. Oriental Languages—		
Sanskrit	500	
Vernacular Languages of India (each)	400	
2. The History and Geography of India	350	
3. Law	1,250	
4. Political Economy	350	

In these examinations, as in the open competition, the merit of the candidates examined will be estimated by marks, and the number set opposite to each subject denotes the greatest number of marks that can be obtained in respect of it at any one examination. The examination will be conducted by means of printed questions and written answers, and by *visu voce* examination, as may be deemed necessary. The marks obtained at each of such periodical examinations will be added to those previously or subsequently obtained. The last of these examinations will be held at the close of the second year of probation, and will be called the "final examination," at which it will be decided whether a selected candidate is qualified for the Civil Service of India.

10. No candidate will be permitted to proceed to India until he shall have passed the final examination, and received a certificate of qualification from the Civil Service Commissioners, or after he shall have attained the age of twenty-four years.

11. The selected candidates who at the final examination shall be found to have a competent knowledge of the subjects specified in Regulation 9, shall be adjudged to have passed, and to be entitled to be appointed to the Civil Service of India.

12. The seniority in the Civil Service of India of the selected candidates shall be determined according to the order in which they stand on the list resulting from the final examination.

13. No person will, even after passing the final examination, be allowed to proceed to India unless he shall comply with the regulations in force, at the time, for the Civil Service of India, and should be of sound bodily health and good moral character.—The Civil Service Commissioners will require such further evidence on these points as they may deem necessary before granting their certificate of qualification.

14. Applications from persons desirous to be admitted as candidates are to be addressed to the Secretary to the Civil Service Commissioners, Dean's-yard, London, S.W.

NOTE.

(1.) The Secretary of State for India in Council has authorised the Civil Service Commissioners to state that it is his intention to allow the sum of £100 for the first year of probation and £200 for the second year to each selected candidate who shall have passed the required examinations to the satisfaction of the Commissioners, and shall have complied with such rules as may be laid down for the guidance of selected candidates.

(2.) All selected candidates will be required, at the commencement of the second year of probation, to attend at the India-office, to make the necessary arrangements for entering into covenants (binding themselves, amongst other things, to refund in certain cases the amount of their allowance in case of their failing to proceed to India), and for giving a bond for £1,000, jointly with two sureties, for the due fulfilment of the same. The stamps payable by civilians on their appointment amount to £3. 10s.

(3.) Candidates rejected at the final examination of 1868 will in no case be allowed to present themselves for re-examination.

* Full instructions as to the course of study to be pursued will be issued to the successful candidates as soon as possible after the result of the open competition is declared.

SHIPPING.

ARRIVALS.

Aug. 6. Annot Lyle, Bombay; Ellen Stewart, Bombay; Marseilles, Rangoon; Enxine, Akyab; Restless, Mauritius; Arundel Castle, Calcutta; Annibal, Calcutta; Aline, Moula; Clydeale, Calcutta; Bayard, Colombo; Marlboro', Calcutta.

* The regulations are liable to be altered in future years.

† The number of appointments to be made, and the number in each Presidency, &c., will be announced hereafter.

‡ It should be understood that candidates are at liberty to name at their pleasure any or all of these branches of knowledge (subject only to the restriction above mentioned as to natural science), and that no subjects are obligatory.

§ "Nothing can be further from our wish than to hold out premiums for knowledge of wide surface and of small depth. We are of opinion that a candidate ought to be allowed no credit at all for taking up a subject in which he is a mere smatterer."—Report of Committee of 1854.

—7. Raleigh, Colombo; Cesarea, Manila; Fleetwing, Mauritius; Carl, Akyab.

DEPARTURES.

Aug. 5. Clive, Madras; Shannon, Mauritius; Edwin Fox, Bombay; Leo Raymond, Mauritius.—6. Bayard, Bombay.

DOMESTIC.

MARRIAGES.

CLIFFORD—MARTIN.—Richard Henry Clifford, Esq., B.C.S., to Olivia Frances Martin, third daughter of the Venerable the Archdeacon of Ardagh, at the parish church of Killeshandra, Co. Cavan, by the Lord Bishop of Kilmore, assisted by the father of the bride, July 20.

LECKY—CRAWFORD.—James Lecky, Esq., Royal Marine Light Infantry, H.M.S. *Lion*, to Harriet C. E., daughter of Hugh Crawford, Esq., Alleppey, Travancore, at the Episcopal Chapel of St. John's, Greenock, Aug. 2.

LUSH—FREE.—Robert C. Lush, Esq., Trinity College, Cambridge, eldest son of Robert Lush, Esq., Q.C., to Alice, daughter of the late Lieut.-col. Free, 10th Bengal Cavalry, at Holy Trinity Church, South Kensington, Aug. 5.

MOORE—HOWARD.—Charles A. Moore, captain H.M.'s 2nd Bombay Light Cavalry, to Harriet E. C., daughter of Alfred Howard, Esq., of 3, Westbourne-crescent, Hyde-park, at St. James's Church, Paddington, Aug. 1.

SYKES—BELLAIRS.—Capt. Henry S. Sykes, of H.M.'s 2nd Bombay Light Cavalry, eldest son of Col. W. H. Sykes, M.P., to Mary Albina, eldest daughter of the Rev. Walter Bellairs, of Ap-by-lodge, Oxfordshire, at Woolvercot Church, Oxon, by the Rev. Henry Bellairs, grandfather of the bride, Aug. 3.

CONCESSIONS TO INDIAN OFFICERS.—The *Hurkaru* says:—The recent adverse vote of the House of Commons has evidently a little frightened Sir Charles Wood. Under the head of "Official Papers" will be found a despatch from Sir Charles Wood to the Governor General of India in Council, the pith of which may be gathered from the following paragraphs:—"In the 76th para. of our General Order No. 332 of 10th April, 1861, certain departments of the staff were mentioned as being open alike to officers of the Staff Corps and to those of either army. These were—The Adjutant General's Department, the Quartermaster General's Department, Brigade Majors, Fort Adjutants. To these should be added divisional and brigade commands. All appointments of the general staff of the army are made by the Governments in India, and the selection for them is made by the Governments from among the officers serving with regiments in India with the following exceptions:—"I. Certain of the divisional commands for which officers are nominated in this country." "II. The Adjutant General and Quartermaster General, who, according to a recent arrangement, may be selected from the service at large, whether in or out of India, and must be approved by the authorities in this country." Important concessions are also made with reference to field and half-pay officers of her Majesty's service holding staff appointments in India. The first are not to vacate their appointments on their regiments leaving India, and the latter, despite their half-pay standing, are to receive the same aggregate pay and allowances and staff salary as officers of the Staff Corps of similar substantive rank.

THE MISSING OFFICER FROM HOSHUNGABAD.—We learn that Lieutenant Hudleston, late 18th Madras N.I., whose non-appearance to join his regiment, the 1st Madras N.I. at Hoshungabad, we noticed some weeks ago, has turned up in General hospital at Bombay, and he is to be sent to Kamptee to be tried by court martial for being absent without leave.—*Central India Times*.

QUININE FOR THE ARMY.—According to a correspondent of the *Delhi Gazette*, the troops at Peshawar are to be put under a systematic course of quinine as a preservative against the baneful influence of climate.

INDIA EXCHANGES.

BANK AND COMMERCIAL BILLS.

	60 days' sight.	30 days' sight.		60 days' sight.	30 days' sight.
Calcutta	1s. 11½d.	1s. 11½d.	Singapore	1s. 6d.	1s. 7d.
Madras	1s. 11½d.	1s. 11 d.	Hong Kong	4s. 6d.	4s. 7d.
Bombay	1s. 11½d.	1s. 11½d.	Shanghai	—	—
Colombo	par	9 pm.			

STOCKS AND SECURITIES.

Shares.		Paid	Prices.
India Stock, 1874	217	218	
India 5 per cent.	105		
India 4 per cent.	99½		
India 4 per cent. 1883	99½		
India Encased Paper 4 pr. ct.	100½	101	
India 5 pr. ct. Enfd. Paper, 1872	100½	101	
India Stock, Enfd. Paper, 5½ per cent.	110		
India Stock Debentures, 1855	105½		
India Stock Debentures, 1855	116		
" " " 1863	99½		
" " " 1861	99½		
" " " 1861 for 1866	98½		
India Debentures, do., £1,000	3 dis.		
Do. 4 per cent., 1866	165		
India 5 percent. for account	104½	to 105	
India 5 per cent., 1870	99½		
India 4 per cent., 1883	104½		
India Loan Scrip 5 per cent.	11s. to 16s. pm.		
India Bonds, 4 p. ct. (£1,000)	21s. to 17s. pm.		
India Bonds (£1,000)	21s. to 17s.		
Ditto (under £1,000)			

RAILWAYS.

Stock			
Bombay, Baroda, and Central India (guar. 5 per cent.)	100	102½	
Ditto F Shares	4	½ to 1 pm.	
Calcutta & S. Eastern (lim.)	100	99 to 101	
Eastern Bengal (gu. 5 p. ct.)	100	102½ to 103	
East Indian	100	103	
Ditto J. Extension	15	½ to 1 pm.	
G. I. Peninsula (guar. 5 p. ct.)	109	102½ to 103½	
Ditto (New ditto)	14	½ to 1 pm.	
Ditto, New	100	½ to 1 pm.	
Great S. of India (Lim.) Scrip	4	100 to 101	
Ditto ½ p. c.	2		
Madras (guar. 4½ per cent.)	100	99 to 101	
Ditto 5 per cent.	100	101½ to 102½	
Ditto (guar. 4½ per cent.)	100	94 to 96	
5th Extension	2		
Scinde 5 per cent.	100	101	
Ditto Indus Steam Flotilla (guar. 5 per cent.)	100	93 to 96 x.d.	
Delli guar. 5 per cent.	100	101	
Ditto Delli guar. 5 p. c.	all	100½ to 101½	
Ditto	2	½ to 1 d.	
Punjab (5 per cent.)	100	100	

BANKS.

Agra and Masterman's (L.)	25	57 to 59
Old ones divided	25	60 to 62
Asiatic Banking Corp., new issue, £15 pm, on which £7. 10s has been paid	5	
Amstralsia	all	74 to 77
New	all	73 to 75
Bank of Egypt	all	31½
Chart. of Ind., Aus., & China	all	27
Ditto, New	all	
Chart. Merc. of India, Lond., and China	all	45 to 47
New	12½	
Commercial Bank of India	all	19 to 21
Hindustan, China, & Japan	25	54 to 63
Do. New issue at 2 pm.	25	7
New Issue at 6 pm., of which 1 pd.	20	7
Lynd Mortgage Bank of India (or central Bank Corporation)	all	4 to 1 pm.
Scinde, Punjab, and Delhi	10	52 to 54
Ditto New	10	4 to 3 dis.

MISCELLANEOUS.

Bombay Gas	all	5½
Second issue	3	par to ½
Third issue	1	
British India Tea	14	3 to 2 dis.
E. Assam Tea (Lim.)	1½	½ d. to 1 pm.
Ceylon	7	2½ to 3½ pm.
Credit Foncier of Mauritius	10	4 to 3 dis.
Darjeeling (E.)	5	1 d. par
East India Tr. & Can.	10	3½ to 2½ dis.
E. I. Financial	7½	1 to 3
Indian Carrying (Lim.)	1	½ d. par
Mauritius Land Credit (Lim.)	9	par to ½ pm.
Madras Irrig. and Canal	15	14
Do.	all	
Mediterran. Ext. Tel. (Lim.)	all	3½ to 4½
Nerudda Coal and Iron	5	1½ to 1 dis
Do. New	2	1 d. par
North Assam Tea (Lim.)	1½	½ d. to 1 pm.
Oriental Commercial	7	3 d. to 4 pm.
Oriental Financial	10	9 to 7 dis.
Oriental Gas	all	1½ to 1½
Do. New	all	4 to 1 pm.
Oriental Inland Steam A. (L.)	all	2 to 3
P. and O. Steam Nav. Co.	all	17 to 79
Ditto New	35	19 to 21 pm.
Upper Assam Tea	3½	3 to 4 pm.
Ditto	all	18 to 20

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INDIA OFFICE, 11th July, 1865.

THE SECRETARY OF STATE FOR INDIA
in COUNCIL HEREBY GIVES NOTICE, That he has RECEIVED from the GOVERNMENTS OF BENGAL and BOMBAY respectively the undermentioned SCHEDULES, viz.:

BENGAL.

A. Schedule of all Administrations whereof the final Balances have been paid to the persons entitled to the same, specifying the amount of such Balances, and the persons to whom paid, during the six months ending on 31st December, 1864.

Schedule of all Sums of Money, Bonds, and other Securities received by the Administrator-General on account of Estates, not being Hindoo or Mahomedan, remaining under his charge, together with the payments made thereout, and the Balances. Prepared up to the 31st December, 1864, under Section XXXIV. of Act VIII. of 1855.

C. Schedule of all Sums of Money, Bonds, and other Securities received by the Administrator-General on account of Hindoo and Mahomedan Estates remaining under his charge, together with the payments made thereout, and the Balances in hand.

D. Schedule of Balances in the hands of the Administrator-General set apart to meet the admitted claims of creditors against the Estates therein mentioned.

E. Schedule of Unclaimed Balances of Estates under 500 rupees deposited with the Sub-Treasurer, Fort William, under the Financial Secretary's Letter of the 8th of October, 1852, interest being allowed thereon by Government.

BOMBAY.

Schedule of all Sums of Money, Bonds, and other Securities received by the Administrator-General on account of each Estate remaining under his charge, together with the Payments made thereout, and the Balances. Prepared up to 31st December, under Section XXXI. of Act VIII. of 1855.

Schedule of all Administrations whereof the Balances have been paid to the persons entitled to the same, specifying the amount of such Balances, and the persons to whom paid. Prepared for the half-year ending 31st December, 1864, under Section XXXIV. of Act VIII. of 1855.

And that the said Schedules are open to the inspection of the public, in the Department of the Official Agent to the Administrators-General of India, at this Office.

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INDIA OFFICE, 3rd August, 1865.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN, THAT PRIZE ROLLS for the undermentioned Corps of Her Majesty's late Indian Forces, on account of the SECOND DISTRIBUTION of PRIZE MONEY for the CAPTURE of LUCKNOW, in 1858, showing the Names of those Officers, Non-commissioned Officers, and Soldiers, whose Shares have not been paid in India, have been received, and that Distribution of such Shares will commence at the Military Department of this Office on the 21st Instant, and will continue daily (Sundays excepted), between the hours of Eleven and Three o'clock.

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CIVIL SERVICE OF INDIA.—A COMPETITIVE EXAMINATION of Candidates will be held by the Civil Service Commissioners on MARCH 19, 1866, and following days. The Competition will be open to all natural born subjects of Her Majesty, who, on the 1st of March next, shall be over seventeen and under twenty-one years of age, and of good health and character.

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ESSENCE OF FLUID EXTRACT OF RED JAMAICA
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the Blood, Affections of the Liver, Constitutional Debility,
Attenuation of Body, as an Alterative Medicine at the
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renovator of the system after Sickness is invaluable.

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taken in small doses daily the system will become so thor-
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proof against all attacks of Contagion or Malaria. Sold in
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child will refuse to let its gums be rubbed with it. When
infants are at the age of four months, the Syrup should be
rubbed on the gums, and parents should never be without the
Syrup in the nursery where there are young children; for, if
a child wakes in the night with pains in the gums, the Syrup
immediately given, thereby preventing convulsions, fevers, &c.
The great success of this medicine during the last twenty-
five years has induced unprincipled persons to imitate it, under
the name of American Soothing Syrup, and copying parts of
Mrs. Johnson's Bids, &c. Parents will, therefore, be very par-
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execute any orders for Bottled Stout with which they may
favour us, with promptness, and on the best terms.

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Price of a Single Truss, 16s., 21s., 26s. 6d., and 31s. 6d.;
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postage, 1s. 10d.

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out the entire system that harmony dwells between each
organ and its functions. Dyspepsia can now no longer be the
bugbear of the public, since Holloway's Pills are fully com-
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Brief Exposition of Mr. ESKELL'S Patented Invention
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This invention has obtained the approval and distinguished patronage of HIS ROYAL HIGHNESS THE COMMANDER-IN-CHIEF, and from the very favourable opinions expressed by competent judges, and all who have had an opportunity of testing its merits, there is no doubt it will come into general use; indeed, its success is already established.

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LOANS given to Civil or Military Officers proceeding to India on Her Majesty's Service.

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W. J. VIAN, Secretary.

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The ANNUAL GENERAL MEETING of the SHAREHOLDERS of the Company was held JUNE 1st, H. WICKHAM, Esq., M.P., in the Chair.

EXTRACT FROM THE REPORT.
Premiums on the New Life and Guarantee Policies issued during the year 1864, amounted to ... £23,119 16 6
Premiums on Fire Insurance from June last 13,259 17 11
The Gross Amount actually received in Premiums during the year was ... 169,638 12 7
The Life and Guaranteed Claims paid during the year 1864 ... 86,717 4 10
Increase in the Assets of the Society ... 52,925 18 10

THE UNION OF THIS SOCIETY AND THE BRITISH NATIONAL LIFE ASSURANCE ASSOCIATION.

Subscribed Capital is raised to upwards of ... £700,000 0 0
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THE BEST STEAM THRASHING MACHINERY MADE.

LONDON: Printed by RICHARD KINDER, Printer, at his Printing Office, Milford Lane, Strand, W.C., in the Parish of St. Clement Danes; and published by JAMES PEARCE ALLEN, 13, Waterloo-place, S.W., both in the County of Middlesex.—August 8, 1865.

ALLEN'S INDIAN MAIL

AND OFFICIAL GAZETTE

FROM

BRITISH & FOREIGN INDIA, CHINA, & ALL PARTS OF THE EAST.

(WITH THIS PAPER "THE INDIAN NEWS" IS NOW INCORPORATED.)

VOL. XXIII.—No. 682.] LONDON, TUESDAY, AUGUST 15, 1865.

[PRICE 6d.]

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DATES OF ADVICES.

Bengal.....	July 8	Burmah (Rangoon) June 28
Madras	" 14	Bombay..... July 12
Agra.....	" 6	Ceylon..... " 18
	China (Hong Kong).....	June 29.

MAILS TO INDIA.

The Mails to India, China, &c., are made up in London, in each month, as follows:—

On the 3rd, at 6 P.M., via Marseilles and Bombay, to all parts of India.
On the 4th, at 8 A.M., via Southampton, to Calcutta, Madras, Ceylon, and China.
On the 10th, at 6 P.M., via Marseilles, to Calcutta, Madras, Ceylon, and China.
On the 12th, at 8 A.M., via Southampton, to Bombay and N.W. Provinces (also for letters only, to Madras and Lower Provinces of Bengal).
On the 19th, at 6 P.M., via Marseilles and Bombay, to all parts of India.
On the 20th, at 8 A.M., via Southampton, to Calcutta, Madras, Ceylon, and China.
On the 26th, at 6 P.M., via Marseilles, to Calcutta, Madras, Ceylon, and China.
On the 27th, at 8 A.M., via Southampton, to Bombay, and N.W. Provinces (also for letters only, to Madras and Lower Provinces of Bengal).

* When any of the above dates occur on Sunday, the Mails via Southampton are made up on the previous Evening, and those via Marseilles on the following Evening.

RATES OF POSTAGE.

LETTERS.

Via Marseilles, $\frac{1}{2}$ oz., 10d. ... 1 oz., 1s. 8d.
Every portion of an oz. afterwards an additional 1s. 8d.
Via Southampton, $\frac{1}{2}$ oz., 6d. ... 1 oz., 1s.
Every portion of an oz. afterwards an additional 1s.

NEWSPAPERS.

Via Marseilles, 4 oz., 3d. ... 8 oz., 6d.
Each succeeding 4 oz., 3d.
Via Southampton, 4 oz., 2d. ... 8 oz., 3d.
Each succeeding 4 oz., 1d.

BOOKS, PATTERNS, &c.

Via Marseilles, 4 oz., 6d. ... 8 oz., 1s.
Each succeeding 8 oz., 1s.
Via Southampton, 4 oz., 4d. ... 8 oz., 8d.
Each succeeding 8 oz., 8d.

A French line of mail packets now leaves Marseilles on the 19th of every month for Alexandria. Postage for letters and papers to India and China the same as is charged by the English mail via Marseilles. Letters intended to be forwarded by these packets must be specially addressed "By French mail packet from Marseilles."

Books, Papers, &c., may not exceed 3 lbs. in weight, or be of greater dimensions than 24 inches in length or 12 inches in width or depth.

IN ALL CASES PREPAYMENT IS COMPULSORY.

SUMMARY AND REVIEW.

We are in receipt of our usual files of papers, from Calcutta to the 8th of July, Madras to the 14th, and Ceylon to the 18th of that month.

The great—and almost the one—topic in Calcutta was the Rent Case, a question which, as the *Hurkaru* remarks, involves far more than the mere rate at which the tenant shall pay for the land he cultivates. It is now generally felt that it opens up the great land question, and it is observable that it has brought to light a tendency on the part of several eminent thinkers to go back to the state of things before the Permanent Settlement. "We have in Bengal," says the writer, "a determined set towards giving the ryot an occupancy right, and towards circumscribing the powers and privileges of landlords. In Oude the ryots are declared to be without rights, and to be nothing more than tenants at will. In Bengal the set of the current is, if anything, against a perpetual settlement; in Madras and the North-West we are doing our best to introduce such a land system, basing our chief argument for doing so on the supposed success of the settlement in Bengal. Much has been written and said on the land systems of India, but all that has hitherto found its way into print would seem to be only the efforts—desultory, imperfect, and partial—of the skirmishers: the great battle has yet to be fought, and men are slowly ranging themselves on this side and that as the armies are being got into position."

The heat first, and then the rain, have made Calcutta more than usually unhealthy; and cholera and fever were said to be rife in the native parts of the town. The prevalent dulness, it was said, had been broken only by the manifesto of Mr. Dowleams on the Salt Lake Scheme, which proposition had attracted attention, not on its merits, but on account of the cool declaration of the writer that he was the originator of the design. The effect of his daring calculations has not led to a renewal of confidence in the undertaking.

The Money Market generally is described as still very dull, but, notwithstanding the numerous heavy failures in Bombay, showed a tendency to improve. News had been received of the failure of the firm of Cursetjee Ferdonjee, for Rs. 2,40,00,000, and of the Eastern Financial Association, with liabilities estimated at Rs. 1,20,00,000. The Bank of Bengal had declared a dividend for the half-year ending 30th of June

at the rate of 12 per cent. per annum on the Bank's paid-up capital of two crores and twenty lakhs. No alteration had been made by the Bank in its rates of interest or discount. Some business had been done in Government securities at improved rates, the Fives having touched 102½, and Port Canning shares had moved up so far as 300 premium. Bank of Bengal shares, after receding to 1,675, were last quoted at 1,725. Salt Lake shares remained much as they were.

There was no prospect that the new tax on incomes would be imposed until the production of the next Budget, at the end of April. With the exception of opium, it was probable that all the main sources of our revenue would be equal to the estimate. On the other hand, Sir Charles Wood has not only consented to postpone till next year half of the cost of the new transport service, but, if necessary, he will diminish the home drafts on India to the amount of the disallowed loan. Mr. Massey will thus be enabled to abstain from disturbing the financial and commercial arrangements of the year, which is always undesirable.

The despatch relative to the transfer to the Bank of Bengal of the loan and interest branch of the Treasury had at last reached Calcutta. The old records of the department are to be made over to the bank, the latter to receive a commission of four thousand rupees per annum on each crore of the Government loan, which amounts to one lac and thirty thousand rupees per annum. The commission now allowed to the Bank for issuing the currency notes is two lacs per annum, which will be discontinued, the notes being issued from the Mint. This arrangement, involving a loss of seventy thousand rupees to the Bank, and a saving of that amount by Government, will, it is expected, come into operation at the beginning of the ensuing year.

The Legislative Council has been summoned to Simla, on business doubtless connected with the new financial arrangements.

The Government had given their sanction to the scheme for supplying Calcutta with water at high pressure from Phultah, and the raising of a loan of forty-five lakhs of rupees for the purpose. A water rate of 3 per cent. was to be levied on houses and buildings.

A crim. con. case of very scandalous character had been tried in Calcutta; a report will be found elsewhere.

At Bhootan there continued to be more

action in domestic intrigue than foreign aggression. A new element of confusion had been introduced by disputes between the civil and military authorities on our own side, which had called down serious rebuke from the Viceroy and Commander-in-Chief.

At Madras an important despatch upon education, just received from Sir Charles Wood, was occupying some attention.

The next arrival from India will be the Bombay mail, which is expected at Marseilles on Saturday next.

LATEST INTELLIGENCE.

INDIA.

[By Direct Overland Telegraph.]

BOMBAY, Aug. 5.

Shirtings dull. Cotton unchanged. Shipments since the 29th ult., 13,000 bales. Exchange on London, 2s. 0½d. Government Securities: Four per Cents., 90¼; Five per Cents., 104¼; Five-and-a-Half per Cents., 110¼.

The rate of discount has been reduced 2 per cent.

CALCUTTA, Aug. 4.

Seven-pound shirtings, 7 rupees. Exchange on London, 2s. 0½d.

The Bank of Bengal has reduced the rate of discount 1 per cent.

CHINA.

SHANGHAI, June 22.

In North China the rebels threaten the Imperial city.

Seven thousand Chinese troops embarked at Shanghai for Tientsin to operate against Nienfei.

The authorities at Peking have applied for British military officers.

It is reported that Nienfei had sacked and pillaged the city of Chufouhsein.

Burgevine is in custody of the Mandarins at Foochow, who refused to comply with the demand of the American Consul for his release.

Tywe had taken the field in person against Chusin.

Sir Harry Parkes proceeds to Japan on the 23rd inst.

July 16.

Tea advancing. Silk active and advancing. Export to date, 14,625 bales.

Exchange on London, 6s. 4d.

CANTON, July 22.

(By Overland Telegraph from Galle.)

Grey shirtings and twist dull.

Exchange on London, 4s. 5¼ l. to 4s. 5½d.

THE BOMBAY MAIL.

SUEZ, Aug. 13.

The *Dejares*, from Bombay July 24, reached Suez at midnight yesterday.

Casualties by Death in the Armies of India reported since last Publication.

H.M.'s Forces.—Asst. surg. Nicol Carles, M.D., Edinburgh, of H.M.'s 169th Regt., at Aden, June 3. Surg. maj. J. W. Mostyn, H.M.'s 70th Regt., at his quarters, the General Hospital, Madras, June 17.
BOMBAY.—Capt. F. P. C. Roberts, Bombay Invalid Establishment, at Belgium, June 19.

Passengers by the present Mail.

Per *St. Messis*.—For Marseilles.—From CALCUTTA.—Messrs. Crawford, Wombolt, Robertson, Dunlop, Henvey, Capt. Hawkins, Lieut. Logan. From BOMBAY.—Maj. and Mrs. Esmond and infant, Mr. Moreley, Lieut. F. D. Manders, Lieut. A. E. Manders. From ALEXANDRIA.—Maj. Nighan-gue, Capt. Anderson, C. pl. El-tranger, H. E. Nubur Pasha and two secretaries, Messrs. El-gorok, Barnside, McLeod, Benyon, Ramez, R. Y. Hogart, Owen, Dr. Neale, Earl and Countess of Hopetoun, Mrs. B. Rynaldson, Dr. Fox, Messrs. James, Berwick, Vears, and Co. &c.

Expected at Southampton.

Per mail ste., Aug. 18.—From CALCUTTA.—Mrs. Folkard, Mrs. Bulnes and infant, Capt. Crowth, Mr. W. W. George, Mrs. Dowell and infant, Mrs. Sherer and family, Ensign Drew.

BENGAL.

COMPETITION v. CUSTOM.

The decision in favour of custom as the rule for the enhancement of rent is the most important which has ever been passed by an Indian Court. Out of Bengal it might have been unexceptionable. But we may be permitted to express keen regret that in one at least, and that the most civilised and peaceful of the divisions of our great empire, the principles of an enlightened political economy and the policy which would govern through a great landed aristocracy are no longer to be allowed fair play, after sixty-six years preparation for their full exercise. Tenant right is declared to have no existence in Oude, and thus far doubt is thrown on its former existence in the North-West, at the very time that it is created in Bengal by this interpretation of Act X. The one is a strange commentary on the other.

We admit to the full Mr. J. S. Mill's description of custom as the exclusive regulator of the relations of landlord and tenant in the purely Hindu period of history. But the Mussulman conquest, in fact and in law, introduced the higher and more civilised stage of land tenures by contract. In fact custom gave the ryot little more than a subsistence. In law he was the proprietor who paid the *khiraj*, regularly commenced by Shere Shah in 1540. The rights of the village communities merged into that of the sole revenue-payer; but while the law regulated the relation between the zemindar and the State, custom still, it must be admitted, affected the relations between the zemindar and the village communities. Aurungzebe almost completed what Akbar began, but in 1793 we admit that indigenous custom was still powerful among the ignorant peasantry, however foreign to the Mussulman law of the *khiraj*, and especially to the Mussulman practice. The legislation of Lord Cornwallis in 1793 carried on what Mussulman law had introduced in 1540. Custom then received a still more severe blow by being limited to the relations between zemindars and that class of their tenants which held leases for ever, or for one life, or for twenty years previous to 1793. But even these were made contract and not customary tenures, for the strictest rules were passed as to the interchange of written leases and agreements between landlord and tenant. Had these rules been carried out, which was impossible from the ignorant reluctance of both zemindars and ryots, there would have been a record of rights, a Domesday book, for all Bengal, and the landlord would have been able in time to clear his rent-roll of all customary under-tenures as in England. Rent disputes would have been comparatively unknown, Act X. would never have been passed, and there would have been now as free and healthy a transfer of land, as of rice or any other marketable commodity. Besides this inoperative provision for written leases, Government undoubtedly reserved the right of future legislation. But during a period of sixty-six years it never exercised that right except in favour of competition as opposed to the still lingering relics of custom. In 1812, for instance, Regulation V., according to its interpretation in Regulation XVIII., declared "proprietors of land competent to grant leases for any period even to perpetuity and at any rent which they might deem conducive to their interests." All the Sale Laws went so far in the same direction that Mr. Justice Morgan declares them oppressive to the ryot. That this, and not Mr. Justice Trevor's reading of the legislation of 1812 is correct, is proved by the remonstrances of the Court of Directors, who considered that it empowered landlords to evict even the hereditary ryots when they would not pay a rack-rent. From 1540 to 1793 and 1812 and the latest Sale Law in 1845 the unbiassed reader of law and

history must admit that competition, to the destruction of custom, was permitted as the rule for enhancing rents in all cases but those of tenants who held leases going back before 1793. This is now a very small class.

Did Act X. of 1859 arrest or merely modify this process, which all admit to be one from a lower to a higher civilisation? The fourteen judges hold that it altogether arrested and even reversed it, that it revived the customary rights of the ryots which had slumbered for a century. Sir B. Peacock was law member of Council when the Act was passed, and we may be pardoned if we prefer his exposition of the objects and legal effect of the Act. It modified, but did not arrest this healthy progress. No court of justice can hold that an Act would be passed deliberately in the teeth of such legislation as that of 1812 and 1793, and of the rights which had grown up in sixty-six years, when the legislature has not "declared its intention by the clearest and most unmistakable language." For the Act, according to the fourteen judges, has retrospectively conferred on tenants who sat from year to year "not only a right not to be removed from their holdings, but also a right to hold at fixed rates or lower rents than other ryots would pay for the same land," in defiance of the vested rights of the landlords and in violation of the solemn pledge of 1793. All the fourteen judges admit this implicitly, and several make it a subject of complaint, but they say—"we are judges, not legislators." Sir Barnes Peacock, in the absence of a clear declaration, interprets the vague words "fair and equitable" in the spirit of the legislation of the previous sixty-six years. He reconciles the Act and the objects of its pseudo-benevolent framers in a way not opposed to the teachings of an intelligent political economy. He gives the ryot the benefit of all the profit he received at the old rent, but the landlord all the natural advantages of the new profit above that rent.

Let us look at the matter practically. Ishur Ghose's land yielded produce of the gross annual value of Rs. 300. Deducting the costs of production, including his own labour, he had a net profit of Rs. 200, of which he paid Rs. 100 as rent, leaving him Rs. 100 for himself. Meanwhile, owing to the rise of prices, or the vicinity of a railway, the value of produce and the costs of production are both doubled, the former to Rs. 600 and the latter to Rs. 200, leaving the net value at Rs. 400. Ishur Ghose still keeps his old profit of Rs. 100, and his landlord gets Rs. 300 of rent, or three-fourths instead of a half, which would be given him on the proportion theory. Suppose that, on that theory, the gross value of produce was trebled and the costs of production doubled, which was the case in the suit that has given rise to these decisions, the gross value would be Rs. 900, the costs of production Rs. 200, and the net value Rs. 700. The landlord would get only trebled rent, or Rs. 300, and the ryot would get Rs. 400, the owner of the land getting three-sevenths, and his tenant four-sevenths from causes quite independent of the latter. This is co-proprietorship with a vengeance, yet it is the practical result of the High Court's decision. But this is a slight injustice compared with that which the Act allows and encourages when it declares that, though the landlord shall not have a competition rent, his tenant may have it if he chooses to sublet the land. In the case last cited the net value was Rs. 700. If Ishur Ghose sublets the land for Rs. 600 his tenant will have the same profit of Rs. 100 as he himself had at first, while Ishur Ghose will enjoy Rs. 300 after paying the unfortunate landlord Rs. 300 as his proportion. That is, the tenant may enjoy a competition rent by sub-letting, but the landlord—the "actual owner," as even Mr. Justice Trevor calls him—shall not. But

the landlord is not the only sufferer by this interpretation of the present settlement, under which he is worse than if the land were to be periodically re-assessed. If the Agra Sudder Court applies this rule of proportion to the North-Western Provinces, the landlord will be prevented from raising his rent to the market rate, and in that case the State cannot raise its assessment, for it is not likely to bind itself by the same rule of proportion, and the public revenue will suffer.

Far be it from us to argue that zemindars should have power to oppress their ryots. Sir B. Peacock's decision does not allow them even to rack-rent them, for it secures to them the profit of the old rent. We argue for justice to both, and believe that even greater kindness and forbearance will mark the relations of the landlord to his tenant, than in England, if legislation does not irritate him, for, to some extent at least, Mr. Seton-Karr's statement is true that zemindars compete for ryots. Our objections to the decision of the fourteen judges are that it is opposed to the spirit of all legislation and practice, both Mussulman and English, from 1540 to 1845; that it does not read Act X. in the light of that legislation; that it looks only to the present time, for the necessities of which it certainly presents a fair compromise; that it sacrifices to that compromise the progress of society during the past seventy years, by intensifying the conflicting claims of two co-proprietors in the same soil, and by ultimately giving the tenant more profit out of the land than the real landlord; and that it arrests that progress for the future by subordinating the interests of a landed aristocracy to those of millions of ignorant and uneducated ryots whom it has created the virtual proprietors of the soil of Bengal. The legislative measures necessary to prevent that future we reserve for further discussion.—*Friend of India.*

TULLOCH v. WAYLEN.

HIGH COURT.

ORDINARY ORIGINAL JURISDICTION.—JUNE 18, 19, and 26.

[Before Mr. JUSTICE PHEAR.]

This was an action for criminal conversation, in which the plaintiff, Captain Tulloch, sued to recover damages from the plaintiff, Dr. Waylen, lately civil surgeon at Rungpore, for the seduction of the plaintiff's wife.

Mr. Eglinton appeared for the plaintiff.

The defendant did not appear, and the case substantially came on for assessment of damages. It appeared from the opening statement of counsel, that the plaintiff and Mrs. Tulloch were married at Mussoorie, according to the rites of the Church of England, in November, 1857. Captain Tulloch was then in the army, and he and his wife lived uniformly on terms of mutual affection and regard until December last, when the matters which gave rise to the present action were first discovered. In June, 1863, Mrs. Tulloch became acquainted with the defendant, who was then civil surgeon at Rungpore, where the plaintiff resided, and who had, for some time previously, been on terms of intimate friendship with the plaintiff. Mrs. Tulloch was at the time in delicate health, and the defendant, as civil surgeon of the station, attended her professionally, and there could be little doubt, from what had transpired since, that very shortly after their first acquaintance the defendant had conceived the idea of effecting the ruin of the plaintiff's wife. In December, 1863, Mrs. Tulloch had been for some time unwell, and suggested to the plaintiff that she required a change of air and scene, and proposed that she should visit her mother, then in Calcutta. To this the plaintiff did not object, when Mrs. Tulloch went on to propose that she should be accompanied down country by the defendant, who was about to proceed to Calcutta, with the ostensible

object of meeting a sister, expected from England. The plaintiff at first demurred to this suggestion, but upon Mrs. Tulloch representing to him her delicate state of health, and that the defendant, as her medical attendant, might advantageously accompany her, Captain Tulloch gave his consent, the result of which was that defendant and Mrs. Tulloch left Rungpore for Calcutta together, arriving at the Great Eastern Hotel here about the end of December, 1863. Since the institution of the present suit the plaintiff had, for the first time, received information which hardly admitted of doubt, that, whilst at the Great Eastern Hotel, from the end of December, 1863, to nearly the middle of January, 1864, the defendant and Mrs. Tulloch had resided together in adultery. The Court would hear that they were looked upon as husband and wife at the hotel, and from the position of their apartments, the entries in the hotel books and the other matters which would be proved, it was quite clear that the parties did, in fact, during that time live together in adultery. On the 9th January, 1864, the defendant's sister arrived from England, and the three continued to reside in the hotel until the 15th, when the defendant left for Rungpore, and subsequently, about the 1st February, 1864, the defendant's sister and Mrs. Tulloch also left, and were afterwards met on their road homeward by the plaintiff and the defendant, who accompanied them to Rungpore. Subsequently the defendant and his sister, with the plaintiff and his wife, took a house together at Darjeeling, where the ladies resided for several months, during which time the plaintiff was constantly occupied by his police duties. The defendant, however, paid frequent visits to Darjeeling, and on one occasion gave himself two or three months' leave of absence, during all which time there could be no doubt that an adulterous intimacy existed between the defendant and Mrs. Tulloch. Finally, both the plaintiff and the defendant having been attached to the Bhootan field force, Mrs. Tulloch again intimated a wish to visit her mother in Calcutta, to which, after some demur, the plaintiff consented, the more readily as, being on active service, he could not remain with his wife, and, ultimately, the latter, with her child, arrived here and she took up her residence at a boarding-house in Kyd-street, about the end of November last. At this time, and during the month of December, the plaintiff was at Julpigoree, having been left there to forward stores and provisions for the use of the Bhootan expedition, to which the defendant was attached in a medical capacity. It was part of Captain Tulloch's duty at Julpigoree to receive and forward on to the officers with the force all letters and parcels which arrived for them at Julpigoree, and almost immediately after the arrival of Mrs. Tulloch in Calcutta there commenced to arrive letters addressed to the defendant, which addresses, it struck the plaintiff, were written by Waylen himself, and this leading him to observe more closely, he observed that across the stamps, which were posted on each of them, was the word "stamped" in writing, which he recognised as that of his wife. From internal evidence it was clear that the envelopes had been given, ready addressed by the defendant, to Mrs. Tulloch, and probably had the latter not written across the stamp, this would have been passed on without remark. This discovery led the plaintiff, under the advice of friends on the spot, some six or seven in number, to open and retain these letters, all written in December last. The terms in which these letters were couched afforded conclusive evidence of the relations which existed between the parties. A day or two before this discovery, which for the first time opened the plaintiff's eyes as to what had been going on, Captain Tulloch had written to his wife a letter which would be put in evidence, having been enclosed in one of the intercepted letters to the de-

fendant, and this letter showed the feelings of kindness and affection which the plaintiff entertained towards her. On discovering his wife's conduct the plaintiff at once wrote to his brother, Colonel Tulloch, at Fyzabad, whence Mrs. Tulloch had intimated her intention of proceeding, not to receive her, and a telegram to that effect was accordingly sent to her in Calcutta. Up to this time Mrs. Tulloch had not suspected that her letters to the defendant had miscarried, but the telegram led her to suspect the discovery which had really taken place, and she wrote to her husband in terms which would appear from the letter itself. Meanwhile, Dr. Waylen not having received his expected letters from Mrs. Tulloch, wrote to her a letter, which was intercepted at Grindlay's, and, no doubt, after hearing from Mrs. Tulloch again, he finally came down to Calcutta with the intention of taking Mrs. Tulloch under his own protection. Dr. Waylen arrived in Calcutta on the 31st December, and found that Mrs. Tulloch had, no doubt, in previous concert with him, left Kyd-street, and gone to reside in lodgings at Coolie Bazaar, where the defendant visited her daily, and where it would be proved that the adulterous intercourse was recommenced, and continued until the night of the 8th of January, when they left Calcutta together, accompanied only by the child, and proceeded to a place near Allahabad, where they have since continued to reside. As regarded damages this was a case in which exemplary damages might well be given. The defendant had, for years, received much kindness from the plaintiff. He had taken advantage of his intimate friendship with Capt. Tulloch, and, which was infinitely worse, of his position as the medical attendant of Mrs. Tulloch and her family, deliberately to mature and carry on this intrigue, which there was every reason to believe had been proceeding for nearly a year and half before discovery. Under these circumstances the Court would mark its sense of the defendant's conduct by awarding exemplary damages.

Mr. Eglinton, in support of the case, called and examined the plaintiff, Mr. Calder, of the Great Eastern Hotel, a bearer, formerly in the employ of Mrs. Tulloch, and other witnesses, to prove the facts as alleged, and put in various letters from the plaintiff to Mrs. Tulloch, from Mrs. Tulloch to the plaintiff, and from the defendant to Mrs. Tulloch.

Mr. Justice Phear, after taking time to consider, on the 26th June delivered judgment, and, after going through the facts of the case, said, I need not, and do not, intend to dwell upon the moral aspect of the foregoing facts. I will merely remark that I consider the wrong done, and loss caused, to Captain Tulloch by the defendant to be greatly aggravated by the breach of social confidence which has been committed by the deliberately-planned and long-continued deception which has been effectually carried out, and by the deep humiliation which the result of that deception is calculated to produce. I do not forget that this seduction of the plaintiff's wife by the defendant has left the plaintiff's daughter (the only living child of himself and Mrs. Tulloch) motherless and dependent for training and education upon the special provision of her father. On the whole, I am of opinion that this is a case in which I am bound to award exemplary damages, and, accordingly, I give a verdict for the plaintiff, damages Rs. 8,000, and costs of this suit on the scale No. 1 and of the written statement.

Verdict for Rs. 8,000 and costs.

MISCELLANEOUS.

EXTENSION OF THE PORT OF CALCUTTA.—We find the Port of Calcutta is to be extended towards the South, the only direction in which extension is possible. A notification on this subject will shortly be published in the *Gazette*.—*Hurkaru.*

THE YOUNG LADY AND THE OSTRICH.—We gather from a humorous but unfortunately long article in the *Hurkaru* the following pretty little story:—"Early this year the sole lady ostrich of the park, deposited her first egg, which she left exposed to the inclement night air, as well as to the tender mercies of marauders. Luckily the opaque oval fell to the lot of a little European girl of some nine or ten years of age, the daughter of the then just deceased superintendent of the park. She was quite well-informed enough to know something about the process of incubation her treasure would undergo, had its original place of deposition been the burning sands of the Zabara instead of the moist, alluvial soil of the Barrackpore Park. She accordingly procured some of the finest sand, and putting it into a small lidless box, placed the latter in the most sunny place in the vicinity of the bungalow. Half buried in the sand thus exposed, the egg, during times of sunshine, enjoyed the benefit of nigh as strong solar action as if in the sands of Africa. But there were times when the sky became overcast with clouds, and missey used regularly, on such occasions, to remove her charge, box and all, within doors, where a clucking hen that had had no eggs put under her was made to enact the part of incubatress—an office the offspring-desiring bird discharged with not only cheerfulness, but evident pleasure. These expedients succeeded, and in due time the young biped within came forward in the very liveliest manner, attaching himself, from the very moment of his birth, to the delighted young lady who had taken such trouble to ensure his being brought into existence—following her about wherever she went, and refusing either food or a caress from anybody else; as for the hen step-mother, she ran away in fright at the first glimpse of her monstre chicken. But a new superintendent was appointed to the park, and about the first thing he did after his arrival was to seize young master ostrich, and bear him off to immurement in the aviary, as the property of Government and a chattel of the park. An immediate consequence was that the poor little girl saddened and became seriously ill. Fortunately for her a military surgeon at the station called at the house to inquire if he could render any aid to the widow. He was told the story of the little girl's sorrow and sickness, and resolved on immediately bringing the whole case to the knowledge of Sir John Lawrence at Simla, through the private secretary, the immediate result being that he was requested to write by return of post to Barrackpore, directing the immediate release of master ostrich from the aviary, as also his restoration to the guardianship of the young lady. The scene of the re-meeting of mistress and bird was, we have been informed, a most affecting one. Missey became so well that she immediately got up, and had a good run about with her favourite; and this good understanding continued until both, under charge of the widow, stepped on board ship, on their way to Merry England, where doubtless Mr. Barrackpore Ostrich, jun., will become a lion of no little celebrity.

APPEALS IN PROSPECT.—We hear that a no smaller number than 495 cases, decided by the High Appellate Court, are to be sent home before the Judicial Committee of the Privy Council. If this appeal mania be actually carried out, we imagine their lordships in the Council will be in an awkward position; for it must be remembered that two of the judges who sit in appeal in that Court are the Lords Justices Knight Bruce and Turner, whose time is pretty well taken up in their own legitimate duties, viz., of hearing appeals from the three Vice-Chancellors. Something must be done. The suitors are not satisfied with the decisions here, for all lawyers know that most of the important cases have been reversed in the Privy Council.—*Hurkaru*.

MR. MASSEY AT WORK.—We have good reason for concluding that on the next assembling of the Council of India in legislative function there will be introduced a modification of the License Bill to tax incomes, which Mr. Harrington, as mouthpiece of the Government of Lord Canning unsuccessfully endeavoured to get passed by the old unreformed Legislative Council in 1859. It is well known that the subject of the advisability of resuscitating Mr. Harrington's Bill received the grave attention of the Executive Council in February last, when there appeared every disposition to sanction the introduction of a modification of the Bill into the Council Legislative, a step which would probably have been resolved on, had not Sir C. Trevelyan been either a dissident, or a zealous advocate of export duties instead. Mr. Massey will probably so recast the measure that it will cease to be a license tax, or ought else than a tax on incomes, that is on such as are not inconsiderable, or at any rate not low, in amount—so classified as to present several different grades, the members of each grade to pay alike, and to be summarily assessed in the several districts by, probably, the collector and his assistants. Such a tax would be objected to by no one not unwilling to contribute his due quota to the cost of Government, and to the maintenance and enhancement of the commonwealth. Had there been any disposition on the part of the Indian Government to cover the existing small deficit by a loan, we believe Mr. Massey, as representing the views of the Secretary of State and Home Council, would have been found a protestor against such a course; but we have no reason to think that any such views are entertained.—*Hurkaru*.

THE COURT LANGUAGE FOR INDIA.—Lord Canning was the first to introduce an innovation which Sir John Lawrence perfected by requiring all native chiefs to conduct their correspondence with the Government in English. No one can doubt the wisdom and propriety of this course, as it was found, after a long experience, that, what with marks and disputed renderings, letters in Persian were a fruitful source of complaint, trouble, and disagreement. It was, therefore, ruled that, in all cases where letters were sent in English and Persian, the English was to be taken as the authoritative version in cases of doubtful readings, and as this failed to check the original evil, Sir John Lawrence abolished Persian altogether. The King of Oudh, for whose benefit Lord Canning passed the original order, has also protested against the change, and we now learn that several of the Mahomedan chiefs have represented the matter as a grievance, and state that the Persian being their native tongue—Urdu we should fancy would be more correct—the use of English is a great hardship. Further they have manifested an intention of carrying the matter to the Secretary of State. We trust Sir John will not yield on this point, as we are perfectly sure that for his own ease and comfort alone the Secretary of State will insist on the use of English as the Court language.—*Hurkaru*.

BHOOTAN AFFAIRS.—The Bhootas, we learn, have not as yet given up all hopes of regaining the lost Bengal Doors. They recently asked one of the Seeth Rajahs to lend them a certain quantity of *pan* and *betel*, which they intended to repay after the rains were over, when the Doors should again fall into their hands, for which arrangements have been completed. We learn that Brigadier-general Tytler, commanding the field force on the Bhootan Frontier, has proposed, and the Government sanctioned, that steam transport for four hundred men and three guns should always be maintained at Gowhaty. The head-quarters of the brigade are never to be withdrawn on any account short of absolute necessity—such as for the purpose of convey-

ing troops to meet and repel an invasion; and this transport is to be under the orders of the Brigadier-general commanding. This, and the steamer at the disposal of the civil authorities, would go far to meet the necessities of the frontier military service, more especially if the latter steamer when not required by the civil was to be by them placed at the disposal of the military authorities, so as to enable the latter to carry out their tours of inspection—a duty which the nature of the country, and the distances to be traversed forbid being performed by marching.—*Englishman*.

MILITARY ITEMS.—The heat has been so great in Fyzabad, in Oudh, that we hear in two days no less than one officer and fifteen men have died from "heat apoplexy."—Commanding officers of regiments are only to be permitted to retain their allowances, as commanding, whilst at hill stations during their sixty days of privilege leave.—The authorities in England have sent out a number of men called sergeant cooks, who have been trained at Aldershot in the culinary art, to introduce the improved system of cookery in the regiments serving in India. The late Commander-in-Chief has, no doubt, compelled the attention of the Horse Guards to this reform, for there was nothing he had so much at heart as the comfort and well-being of the soldier. Sir Hugh Rose's consideration of all the minutiae which make up that comfort was inexhaustible.

EXCHANGES BETWEEN PURCHASE AND NON-PURCHASE REGIMENTS.—We learn that the authorities in England have ruled that the Commander-in-Chief in India shall only approve of those exchanges between officers in purchase and officers in non-purchase regiments where the officer proposing to enter a non-purchase regiment shall be older, or not more than one year younger, than the officer he replaces. This principle might be carried further, and a medical opinion be taken of the value of life of each officer before the exchange should be permitted. It is not enough to protect the officers below the exchanging officer from an unfair difference of age, but strength and value of life ought also to be considered. Thus, as in an insurance office, the medical officer should be called on to say whether A's life was better than B's, and if it were, the exchange should not be permitted. If A's life were worth twenty years' purchase, and B's life only worth twelve years, the prospects of those over whom A would be placed in lieu of B would be damaged considerably. The Home authorities have only half considered this question.—*Englishman*.

YOUNG OFFICERS AND THE VERNACULAR.—We hear that the Commander-in-Chief has observed that there are a very great number of young officers who have not yet passed in the vernaculars, although many of them have been three and four years in the service, and that his Excellency has recommended commanding officers to represent to these young men the consequences of their neglect. They can hold no appointment, under existing rules, until they qualify themselves in the language of the country.—*Englishman*.

CONSEQUENCES OF OVER-DRILL.—We regret to learn that much of the mortality in the 11th Regiment, caused chiefly by sun-stroke, is attributable to the unnecessary work and exposure to which this corps has been exposed. As many as three men have died of heat apoplexy in a single day, and this in the most healthy station of Bengal. There has been no fighting, no disturbance, and next to no sickness, but, thanks to excessive zeal and ignorance, drills, parades, and inspections, her Majesty's 11th Regiment has lost upwards of thirty-five men, since it landed in October last. At length an order from head-quarters has put a stop to the old attempt to introduce into India, and at its hottest season, the military practices pursued at Dover and the Curragh.—*Hurkaru*.

LITTLE WARS AT LUCKNOW.—Lucknow has become famous for its dissensions. I have now to record the commencement of two suits for libel and defamation, both criminal and civil, instituted by Baboo Dukhinarjun Mookherjee against Mr. H. D. Chick; the alleged libel appeared in a pamphlet written by this individual a month ago. This pamphlet contains a series of articles which appeared in the *Bombay Gazette* and other papers anent the Talookdaree system in Oude. The suits were filed yesterday, when Mr. Chick asked for four days' grace, which was granted him, in order to prepare his defence. Messrs. Hollingbery and John Sandys have been engaged for the prosecution. Mr. Chick, in his turn, laid a charge against Dr. Moore for the article that was published in the last *Oude Gazette*; but as the Deputy-Commissioner, Mr. Wilmot Lane, did not consider the charges preferred specific, he rejected the case. The extent of the Baboo's damages for defamation is not yet known. This particular case has seemingly excited great interest.—*Pioneer*.

A MOUNTED VOLUNTEER CORPS has been organised in Cachar, called the Cachar Mounted Volunteers. Captain Stewart, the Deputy-Commissioner of the district, brought this circumstance to the notice of Government, and they expressed their gratification, through the Deputy-Commissioner, to the gentlemen who have enrolled themselves as members of the corps. Applications had been made to the Military Department for the appointment of two drill instructors, and for the issue of breech-loading carbines, and sabres, with ammunition and accoutrements complete, for a corps of one hundred men. Captain Stewart is to be commandant of the corps.—*Englishman*.

OFFICIAL CHANGES.—In the event of Dr. Norman Chevers succeeding Dr. F. J. Mouat, who proceeds shortly to England, it is rumoured that Dr. Francis, the examiner of medical accounts, is to officiate as principal of the Medical College. Rumours have also been heard that the office of the examiner of medical accounts is shortly to be amalgamated with that of the examiner of commissariat accounts as proposed in the report of the Commissioners of Inquiry into the Indian accounts.—*Hurkaru*.

A JUDGE IN TROUBLE.—Mr. W. M. Beaufort, the additional judge of Dacca, has, we regret to hear, been condemned by the Lieut.-governor of Bengal as unfit for the judicial charge and control of a district, and the superintendence of its subordinate courts, for serious discourtesy towards Mr. E. Drummond, the magistrate and collector of the district, for a trifling cause.

A NEW CLASSIFICATION FOR CRICKET.—A correspondent of the *Hurkaru*, writing from Nynce Tal, says:—"A famous laughable cricket match will soon come off, between the 'Handsome and Uglies.' Tickets with these synonyms were drawn, and as luck would have it, the good-looking fellows drew the uglies, and vice versa, affording a good deal of chaffing."

THE MILITARY CHANGES AT FORT WILLIAM.—The *Englishman* says:—Brigadier Errington, who is now commanding at Delhi, will come here, it is said, and assume the command at Fort William. Major-general Showers, we take it for granted, will establish divisional head-quarters at Barrackpore, an arrangement desirable for several reasons.

SHIPPING.

ARRIVALS.

July 1. Ernestine, Filling and Madras; Coringa, Bogart, Boston; Henry Reed, Blackmore, London; St. Vincent, Morison, Otago; Hindustan, Jones, Jeddah.—2. Marian, Sparke, Hull; May Flower, Keor, Liverpool; Light Brigade, Evans, Auckland and Madras; Cingala, Neilson, Liverpool.—3. Mula, Bland, put back from sea.—4. Clan Alpine, Crockett, Hong Kong and Straits; Rangoon, Templeton, Moulmein. **DEPARTURES.**—5. Comorin, Atkinson, Bombay; Horner, Harland, Madras; Arabia, Henderson, Madras Coast.—6. Arratoon Apeur, Gardener, Hong Kong and Straits; Tantallon

Castle, Pole, Liverpool; Royal Albert; Mary Leonard, Dalglish, Madras; Robert Pulford, Fletcher, Liverpool.—7. St. Hilda.

DEPARTURES.

June 22. Moulmein, Gray, Chittagong and Akyab; Indore, Quine, Singapore and Hong Kong; Forest Rights, Duke, London.—24. Arabia, Patterson, Rangoon, Moulmein, and Straits; City of Madras, Graham, London; Flower of the Forest, Binsley, London; Anglo-Indian, Rochford, Hong Kong.—25. Golconda, Beasley, Suez; Fort William, Kennedy, Liverpool; Indomitable, Poyntz, Mauritius; Due de Magenta, Deranja, Bourbon; Staffa, McAlister, Colombo; Regent, Hamblin, New York.—26. Vicksburg, Scott, Hull.—27. Vanguard, Connell, London; Star of Scotia, McDowell, Liverpool.—28. Armenian, Harris, Singapore and Hong Kong; Salsette, Dawson, Dundee.—29. Alpine, Barclay, Dundee; Garibaldi, Showers, Mauritius.—30. Mula, Bland, Mauritius; Tubal Cain, Butler, Port Blair; Sterling, Wisnom, Hong Kong; Lady Octavia, Welsh, London.—July 1. Arachne, Wise, Liverpool; Douglas Castle, McRitchie, Hong Kong; Florence Nightingale, Fletcher, Liverpool; Princess Royal, Henworthy, Liverpool.—2. Gunga, Talbot, Mauritius; Burmah, Irvine, Akyab, Rangoon, and Moulmein.—3. Cashmere, Baxter, Bombay via Madras Coast; Staffordshire, Clerk, London.—4. Meinam, Gauvain, Galle via Madras Coast.—8. Mail str. Nemesis, Suez.

PASSENGERS DEPARTED.

Per str. India.—Mr. H. E. Brae, Mr. Nightingale. Per str. Nemesis.—For MADRAS.—Mr. F. F. E. Clarestren, Miss Herbert, Mr. and Mrs. Evans and infant, Mrs. Morgans and family, Capt. Skeel, Mr. and Mrs. Keighly, Mr. Nicholas, Mr. and Mrs. McDonald and infant. For GALLAT.—Mr. R. Thomas, Mr. Grant. For MELBOURNE.—Mr. H. B. Hinton, Mr. Jewell. For SYDNEY.—Dr. Young. For HONG KONG.—Mr. Smith. For ALEXANDRIA.—Mr. Ernsthausen, Maj. Nightingale. For MARSEILLE.—Mr. McDonald, Lieut. Nolan, Capt. Hawkins, Lieut. Boyle, Mr. F. Henvey, Mr. Robertson, Mr. Dunlop, Mr. Wenholt, Mr. Crawford, For SOUTHAMPTON.—Mrs. Folkhard, Mrs. Ridges and infant, Capt. Crowell, Mr. W. G. George, Mrs. Dowell and infant, Mrs. Sherer and family, Ens. Drew.

COMMERCIAL.

Calcutta, July 8, 1865.

GOVERNMENT SECURITIES.

Rate of Interest.	Stock.	Selling Price.
4 per Cent. Sa.	Sa. Rs. 90	87 12 to 88 0
Do. Transfer Stock.	Sa. Rs. 91	88 6 to 89 14
4 per Cent. Co's Rs.	Co's Rs. 91	11 0 to 0 0
5 per Cent. P.W.	Co's Rs. 101	1 12 to 2 0 pm
5 per Cent. Co's Rs.	Co's Rs. 108	109 2 to 0 0
5 per cent., 50-57.	Co's Rs. 104	100 8 to 0 0

EXCHANGE.

On London.	Per Rupee.
Local Bank Bills at 6 months' sight	2 0 to 0 0 0
First Class Credit at 6 months' sight	2 to 2 0 1-13
Bills with Docs. at 6 months' sight	2 0 1 to 2 0 1
Bank Post Bills at 1 months' sight	2 0 1 to 2 0 1

JOINT STOCK SHARES.

Stock.	Paid-up, Rs. each.	Quoted at Rs.
Agra and Masterman's Bank	500	1250 to 1260
Alliance Tea Company	85	
Assam Tea Company	200	530 to 535
Balasun Tea Company	100	185 to 140
Bank of Bengal	1000	1725
Do. Interest bearing	4000	
Beerbhoom Coal Company	1000	500 to 810
Do. Ditto	200	Nom. to 175
Bengal Coal Company	1000	1360 to 1320
Bengal Printing Company	100	
Bengal River Company	1000	550 to 560
Do. Ditto	500	390 to 305
Bengal Tea Company	100	135 to 140
Do. Ditto new paid-up	100	
Bengal Oil Company	250	par Nominal
Bengal Credit Mobilier (Lim.)	100	13 to 15 dis.
Bishnauth Tea Company	200	230
Do. Ditto, contributory	10	6 to 7 pm
Bonded Warehouse Association	445	615 to 655
Borokai Tea Company (Limited)	25	par
British India Tea	80	8 to 5 dis.
Brunton's Press Company (Limited)	50	5 to 8 pm.
Burdwan Stone Company	100	75 to 80
Cachar and Assam Tea Company	200	168 to 170
Do. Ditto (Contributory)	115	30 to 28 dis.
Cachar Tea Company	600	600 to 605
Do. Ditto	500	par to 5 pm.
Calcutta Docking Company	700	1360 to 1310
Calcutta Steam Tug Association	600	550 to 560
Calcutta and South Eastern Railway	52	
Central Assam Tea Company	100	56 to 98
Central Cachar Tea Company	200	220 to 225
Do. Ditto, new shares	200	260 to 262
Chatlawhar Tea Company	25	
Commercial Transport Association	100	nom.
Delhra Doon Tea Company	100	85 to 86
Delhi Bank Corporation	500	675 to 700
Dooteriah Tea Company (Limited)	100	90 to 92
Durrang Tea Company	65	5 to 4 dis.
E. B. Indigo Company	100	
East India Coal Company	100	20 to 22
East India Railway Company	218	217 to 218
East India Tea Company	100	130 to 125
Do. Ditto, contributory	80	16 to 18 pm.
Eastern Bengal Tea Company	50	55 to 65
Eastern Cachar Tea Company	100	105 to 107
Do. Ditto, contributory	85	8 to 5 pm.
Eastern Bengal Railway Company	218	216
Eastern Steam Tug Company	1000	1150 to 1175
Eastman and Company	50	
Equitable Coal Company	250	200 to 205
Ganges Steam Navigation Company	500	Nominal
Great Eastern Hotel Company	250	235 to 238
Gola Ghaut Tea Company	250	285 to 287 1/2
Do. Ditto new shares	250	262 1/2

Grocery Cotton Mills	85	28 to 35 dis.
Hindustan, China, and Japan Bank	250	
Hooghly Steam Tug Company	1000	1000 to 1020
Hooghly Lighter Association	80	
Hope Town Tea Association	100	77
Hope Town Equitable Tea Company	100	105
Howrah Docking Company	535	545 to 556
Hunter and Company	250	
India General Steam Navigation Co.	1000	750 to 755
Jochaut Tea Company	200	
Kanchunpore Tea Company	1000	1110
Do. Ditto, contributory	125	8 to 10 pm.
Kurseong and Darjeeling Tea Co.	250	240
Do. Ditto, contributory	125	10 to 8 dis.
Landing Shipping	100	
Leibong and Minchou Tea Company	65	
Locty Cotton Screw Company	25	
Lower Assam Tea Company	35	
Luckimpre Tea Company	135	
Moucherra Tea Company	60	10 to 8
Moran Tea Company (Limited)	70	18 to 14 pm.
Muttuck Tea Company	50	
Mutual Tea Company	100	108 to 110
Do. Ditto, contributory	70	8 to 5 pm.
National Bank of India (Limited)	250	257 1/2
New Fort Gloster Company	600	
North-West Indigo Company	100	70 to 71
North-West Screwing Company	50	nom.
Oriental Gas Company	21	13 to 15
Peoples Bank of India	100	
Port Canning Land Company	1000	110 pm.
Punjab Bank	100	120
Punjab Trading	75	
Punkaburra Tea Company	100	
Do. Ditto	37	
Ranglur Tea Company	100	par
Do. Ditto	65	par
Royal Bank of India		Nominal.
R. Scott Thomson and Company	500	465 to 470
Screwing Company (Limited)	200	195
Sea Salt Company	80	
Seehaugor Tea Company	100	82
Simla Bank	500	650 to 655
Simla Club and N. W. Wine Company	90	
Soom Tea Company	100	105 to 108
Soorisore Tea Company	1000	1500 to 1510
Do. Ditto	750	450 to 480 pm.
South Cachar Tea Company	100	70 to 73
Spence's Hotel Company	250	225
Strand Pressing Company (Limited)	623	par to 2 pm.
Sylhet and Cachar Tea Company	200	165 to 170
Tirhoot Indigo	200	170 to 190
Tuckvar Tea Company	200	190 to 192
Do. Ditto, contributory	70	
Union Steam Tug Company	250	6 to 4 dis.
Upper Assam Tea Company	100	170 to 173
Victoria Tea Company	250	230
Do. Ditto, contributory	190	220 to 225

FREIGHTS.

	To London.	To Liverpool.
Saltpetre	21 0 0 to 0 0 0	Nominal.
Sugar	1 0 0 to 0 0 0	Nominal.
Rice	1 2 6 to 0 0 0	Nominal.
Seeds	2 6 0 to 2 15 0	2 0 0 to 0 0 0
Jute	2 0 0 to 2 7 6	1 12 6 to 2 0 0
Cotton	2 7 6 to 2 10 0	2 6 0 to 2 12 6

MADRAS.

MISCELLANEOUS.

AN OLD ORDER REVIVED.—The following appears among the notifications of the Government of Fort St. George:—"Fort St. George, June 20.—The Governor in Council deems it proper to call the attention of all heads of offices and departments in this presidency to the orders of the late court of directors contained in the following extract from a despatch addressed to the Government of India, under date July 10, 1850, prohibiting the practice of re-employing in one department public servants who have been dismissed from another department. The Governor in Council desires that these orders may be strictly attended to in all departments of the public service. Extract from a despatch from the Honourable the Court of Directors addressed to the Government of India in the Financial Department, No. 27 of 1850, dated July 10:—"Para. 19.—We consider it so injurious to the service that men who have been dismissed for misconduct from one department should be considered eligible for re-employment in any other department that we must entirely discountenance the practice. It is a wholesome check upon negligence and dishonesty for the servants of Government clearly to understand that probity and diligence are the only means of retaining employment under Government."—By order of H.E. the Governor in Council, A. J. ARBUTHNOT, Chief Secretary." It seems rather late in the day to revive in 1865 an order of a special character, made by a defunct authority in the year 1850. We would advise to the Madras Government a reference home on the subject.

MADRAS ITEMS.—The *Athenæum and Statesman* contains the following items of news:—We are sorry to record the total destruction by fire of the Brunton Cotton Screw Company's Press House, which event took place on the night of the 5th instant. A great part of the machinery is supposed to be irretrievably destroyed, but the engine and godowns escaped injury, and much cotton was saved. The company are fully insured, but will suffer a heavy loss by the entire stoppages of their operations during many months. It is not known how the misfortune occurred, but it is supposed to have been accidental. The conflagration was visible for miles round Madras.—At the recommendation of the late Commander-in-Chief a new distribution of the Madras Artillery has been ordered. Four batteries are always to be kept at the Mount, and two batteries will be in future allotted to Rangoon, instead of one as at present.—We have had a good deal of cloudy weather here lately, and some heavy thunder showers. The heat is less than usual at this season.—We understand that instructions have come from the Horse Guards to the effect that no regiment is to be sent out this year to the Madras Presidency. The 18th Royal Irish is under orders for England; and the 60th, having served their five years in Burnah must be relieved. It is proposed, under these circumstances, to make Wellington an invalid depot only, sending the 105th, now stationed there to Madras, to take the place of the 76th, who proceed to Burmah. The 60th will supply the place of the 18th R.I., at Secunderabad.

EDUCATIONAL POLICY OF THE GOVERNMENT.—Sir Charles Wood has addressed to the Madras Government an important despatch, in which he thus lays down the limits of religious instruction to be imparted in the schools:—"Subject to the conditions and restrictions to which your attention was recalled by my despatch of 23rd July last, I have no wish to interfere with the exercise of the liberty accorded to Government schoolmasters under the despatches of 19th July, 1854, No. 49, and 7th April, 1859, No. 4, 'to afford instruction and explanations' in the Holy Scriptures, and upon the subject of the Christian religion, to those pupils who, of their own free will, and without the exercise of any influence from persons connected with the school, may seek such information from the masters, it being understood, as laid down by the first of the above-mentioned despatches, that the 'instruction is to be entirely voluntary on both sides.' I must direct that it may not be stated that Bible classes form part of the instruction to be given in the Government schools. This in no wise interferes with the right and power of the master to instruct one or several boys at the same time who may have voluntarily requested such instruction."

SHIPPING.

ARRIVALS.

June 15. French str. Meinam, Galle.—16. Geologist, Clark, Liverpool.—19. mail str. Euphrates, Bocher, Moulmein; Princess of Wales, Young, Buenos Ayres.—21. str. Bhima, Bownell, Bombay; str. India, Lewis, Calcutta.—23. str. Simla, Suez.—July 4. Sydney, Dingind, Sydney; Meinam, Gaury, Calcutta.—8. Jacques Scarrin, Martin, Mauritius; mail str. Bengal, Suez; Dundas Castle, Lownders, Ceylong.—11. Latona, Lodgwick, Ceylong.—12. Manus, Irving, Mauritius.

PASSENGERS ARRIVED.

Per str. Bhima.—Messrs. Brower, Campbell, Carson, Pearse, Bodes, Wallace, and Leslie.
Per str. India.—T. Russell, Esq., G. S. Sage, Esq., Dr. Leslie, Lieut. Ograby, Capt. Kelsall, M. Duffin.
Per P. and O. str. Simla.—John Summer and wife, J. Putnam, Mr. Sward, J. Allan, A. Gray, Mr. and Mrs. Wedderburn, Miss Abely, Mr. E. Dawson, Mr. Mcnam, J. E. Lushbon, Mr. and Mrs. McIntyre.
Per French str. Meinam.—For MADRAS. Dr. Fravis, Mr. G. Robinson, Miss Robinson and infant, Lieut. Spoy, Mr. Hastings, Mrs. Grant, Mrs. Leachade. For PONDICHERY.—Dr. Tunmore, Mr. Mary. For SOUK.—The Rev. Mr. Lewis. For MARSEILLES.—Lieut. Quinn, Mr. Garrett, Mr. Geogham, Mr. Clifford, Mr. Carter, Mr. J. Greenfield, Mr. G. J. Richards, Mr. and Mrs. Kenney, Miss Wayman, Mr. Hamilton, Mr. Spotton, Mrs. Bailey and infant, Mr. Vernon, Capt. Baines, Mr. Cooper, Mr. and Mrs. Paul.
Per P. and O. S. N. Co.'s str. Bengal.—For MADRAS.—Mr.

J. Bird, Mr. and Mrs. Robert, Mr. Mears, Col. Carpendale, Mrs. Walls, Major Fitzgerald, Mr. M. Hills, Mr. Behrends, Messrs. McRitchie, R. Parker, A. Wallace, P. Crighton, E. Planchet, Capt. Fergusson, Mr. B. W. Blood, Mr. R. Blood, Mrs. Wilson and infant.
Per str. Cashmere.—Capt. Smith, Mr. J. Storey, Mr. S. G. Head, the Rev. Mr. Wynch, Mr. J. W. Marsh, Major Lynch, Mr. J. Guthrie, Mr. C. H. Been, Apothecary Judge.
Per str. Punjab.—Mr. Gilbert.

DEPARTURES.

June 15. Mail str. Mooltan, Dunn, Suez.—22. Highland Mary, Perry, Moulmein.—July 6. John o' Gaunt, Thompson, Calcutta.—8. Sydney Dacres, Digny, Ceylong.—11. Jacques Scarrin, Martin, Calcutta.

PASSENGERS DEPARTED.

Per P. and O. str. Mooltan.—For SOUTHAMPTON.—Mrs. Connell and infant, Rev. W. S. Smith, Rev. H. Bartlett, Surg. H. R. D. and Mrs. Marrett and two children, Mr. J. Swingle, Mr. J. W. and Mrs. Cole, Mr. Candlish, J. Mills, Esq. For MARSEILLES.—Maj. and Mrs. Taylor and infant, Miss J. Harper, Col. Webb, Capt. Sherrefs. For MELBOURNE.—W. M. Adams, Esq., Mrs. Pennycook and two infants. For KING GEORGE'S SOUND.—Mr. Harvey. For POINT DE GALLE.—Capt. Bantill, Mr. Donnan. For PENANG.—Asst. surg. Dick.
Per str. Orissa.—For MASULIPATAM.—Mr. J. A. Majoribanks. For COCANADA.—Mr. Marsh, Mr. Dawson, Miss Sexton, Mr. E. Christian. For VIZAGAPATAM.—Mr. Faulkner. For BIMPATAM.—Mr. E. B. Dawson. For CALCUTTA.—Mr. Burmester, P. Dornajee, A. Moxson.
Per P. and O. str. Simla.—Capt. C. W. Wilson, Mr. Belli, E. G. Haddan, Esq., Mrs. Haddan.
Per str. Madras.—For MASULIPATAM.—Mr. Cox. For COCANADA.—Mr. Sterling, Dr. and Mrs. Harris. For RANGOON.—Mr. Phillips, Dr. and Mrs. Stevens, Major and Mrs. Benson.
Per John O'Gaunt.—For CALCUTTA.—Mr. Phillip de Votta and his son.

COMMERCIAL.

Madras, July 14, 1865.

BANK OF MADRAS.

Interest on Loans and deposit of Govt. Securities...	6 per ct.
On Cash Credits on do., subject to commission of ½ per cent. on the sum granted) on amount drawn.....	6 per ct.
Discount on Government Bills.....	5 per ct.
Do. on Private Bills, at or within 3 months.....	5 per ct.
Loans on deposit of Government paper.....	5 per ct.

EXCHANGES.

Document Bills, at 6 months' sight.....	1 11½
Credit to 6 months.....	1 11½
Agents' Bills on England, at 6 months ...	1 11½
" " " at 3 months ...	1 11½
" " " at 1 month ...	1 11½
" " " at sight.....	1 11
H.M.'s Treasury Bills.....	None.
Bank of England Post Bills.....	None.
Mauritius Government Bills.....	Nominal.
Ceylon ditto.....	"
Court of Directors' Bill on the Government of Bengal, 30 days' sight.....	Par.
Agents' Bills on Calcutta, 30 days.....	½ per ct. dis.
Ditto on Bombay.....	½ per ct. dis.

RATES OF ADVANCE.

On Govt. 5½ per cent. Promissory Notes.....	100 per ct.
Ditto 5 ditto ditto.....	95 per ct.
Ditto 4½ ditto ditto.....	90 per ct.
Ditto 4 ditto Stock Receipts.....	80 per ct.
Ditto 4 ditto Promissory Notes Sica.....	85 per ct.

GOVERNMENT SECURITIES

5½ per cent. Loan.....	1859-57 ... 9 to 10 pm
5 per cent. ditto.....	1856-57 ... 22 to 34 pm
4 per cent.	1852-53 ...
".....	1853-36 ...
Ditto.....	1842-43 ... 9½ to 10½ dis
Ditto.....	1854-55 ...
5 per cent. Transferable Book Debt.....	No transaction.
Tanjore Bonds.....	½ per ct. dis.
Bank of Madras Shares.....	84 to 86 p.c. pm.

PRICE OF BULLION.

Sovereigns each Rs. 10-3-6

FREIGHTS.

Cotton to London and Liverpool.—£1. 5s. to £2
Skins, £1. 10s. to £1. 15s.

BOMBAY.

MISCELLANEOUS.

ANOTHER HEAVY FAILURE.—We regret to have to record another heavy failure at Bombay—that of the firm of Cursetjee Furdonjee. The liabilities, we understand, are two crores.

PLAGUE IN PAHALUNPOOR.—Some time during the last month an extraordinary plague broke out at Tharrum Talooka, a report of which was submitted to the Bombay Government by Major H. R. Hathway, Acting Political Superintendent, Pahalunpoor. This officer has submitted a second report to Government concerning the plague, from which we glean that the disease has abated to a very considerable extent, and that the deaths were but few.—*Bombay Gazette.*

THE MAGNESIUM WIRE AT PESHAWUR.—A correspondent of the *Englishman*, who keeps up a series of lively letters from this remote station, tells us how he mystified a native:—"I rather took a 'rise' out of an old Pathan Zemindar the other evening, when he was visiting me, by having a bottle of soda water brought to me, the cork of which I had previously bound with the magnesium wire; and on my taking this off and lighting it in the candle, his astonishment was immense, nor was it lessened when he attempted in vain to fire a piece of common wire off another soda water bottle. Of course the old gentleman was extremely anxious to know the secret of this extraordinary phenomenon; but I thought that a true explanation of the mystery to him would be 'caviare to the multitude,' so I took a leaf out of the Brothers Davenports' book, by stating that 'I possessed an inherent power of setting fire to anything, although I knew not from whence that power was derived,' an explanation which caused him to mutter something about Sheitan, no doubt of a very complimentary description, if I had understood its meaning correctly."

THE LATE FAILURES.—We greatly regret to observe that the rumours which have lately been current in Bombay, with regard to the suspension of payments by Messrs. Fulcher, Cooper, and Co., are confirmed by the English papers of the 3rd inst. The liabilities of the firm are stated to amount to £400,000. We are much concerned also, as well as surprised, to hear that the firm of A. H. Hushke and Co. has been compelled to stop payment. The liabilities were currently reported yesterday to amount to about £330,000.—*Bombay Gazette.*

THE EXCAVATION OF A CANAL FROM THE SUTLEGE TO PUTTIALA is once more on the tapis. The young Rajah has come forward and proposed his willingness to redeem the promise given by his late father to bear half the expense of this work, but the matter remains undecided, as the local authorities cannot make up their minds whether, as a minor, the Rajah is at liberty to spend so large a sum as would be required or not.

CHOLERA AT NUSSEERABAD.—We are sorry to hear from Nusseerabad that cholera has broken out in that station. The European troops, consisting of H.M.'s 106th Regiment and Artillery, have been ordered into camp.—*Delhi Gazette.*

RECENT accounts from Indore state that fever of a very deadly type has broken out amongst the villages, and that the people have manifested considerable alarm. It is said to be owing to the intense and unusual heat of the weather.

CEYLON.

The Summary of the *Colombo Observer* contains the following:—

Although the violence of the south-west monsoon has not yet abated, the export of coffee has been going on to some extent. In the fortnight ending 9th inst. seven ships sailed, with an aggregate of 32,666 cwt. of our staple.

We have few events of general importance to communicate. The Governor is on a tour through the Eastern and Northern Provinces; so that his Excellency will have seen the larger portion of the country committed to his care before he meets his first Legislative Council. The members of the Military Commission are, like the Governor, on their travels; so that it seems probable the military report will be presented, the Council will meet, and the first section of the railway be opened, much about the same period in September or October.

The Ceylon League continues making headway. A good meeting has taken place at Negombo, ending in subscriptions to the extent of £28.



Official Gazette.

BENGAL.

BY THE LIEUT. GOVERNOR.

April 24.—No. 3,283.—Appointments:—
Dr. J. M. Cameron to offic. as civil asst. surg. of Monghyr.

May 10.—Mr. W. R. Larminie to offic. temp. as mag. and coll. of Patna, until Mr. Drummond's arrival, with effect from 5th inst., the date on which he received charge from Mr. T. E. Ravenshaw.

May 13.—Mr. F. J. Cockburn, offic. judge of Dacca, is vested with the powers of a special comr., under regulation 3 of 1828, in Dacca.

May 15.—Mr. J. D. Gordon to offic. temp. as civil and sessions judge of Dinagore.

Mr. C. E. C. Merington to be asst. to mag. and coll. of Sarun, and to exercise the powers of a subordinate mag. of 1st class, and the powers of a dep. coll. in that place. Mr. Merington is also apptd. to be dep. registrar of assurances of the sub-dist. of Chupra, having its head qrs. at the Sudder station of dist. of Sarun.

Capt. W. R. Gordon to be dist. supt. of police in the Western Dooars of Bootan, with head qrs. at Mynagoree.

Mr. E. O. White to officiate, until fur. orders, as dist. supt. of police in the Eastern Dooars of Bootan, with head qrs. at Dutma.

Mr. C. F. Carnac to be opium agent of Benares.

Mr. F. J. Cockburn to be civil and sessions judge of Dacca.

Mr. J. O. Dodgson, on leave, to be civil and sessions judge of Jessore.

Mr. F. B. Simson to be civil and sessions judge of Mymensing.

Mr. A. Abercrombie to be additional judge of Jessore, but to continue to offic. until fur. orders as additional judge of Dacca.

Mr. H. B. Lawford to be mag. and coll. of 1st grade in Furredpore, but to continue to officiate, until fur. orders, as civil and sessions judge of Jessore.

Mr. W. J. Herschel to be a mag. and coll. of 2nd grade in Midnapore.

May 16.—Dr. R. Rivers to be med. officer of Kooshtea, and med. insp. of labourers.

Lieut. col. J. C. Haughton to be comr. of the Western Dooars of Bootan lying between the Teesta and the Guddadhur.

Lieut. col. H. Hopkinson to be comr. of the Eastern Dooars of Bootan lying between the Guddadhur and the Monas.

Mr. J. Tweedie to be dep. comr. in the Western Dooars between the Teesta and the Guddadhur.

Mr. C. T. Metcalfe to be dep. comr. in the Eastern Dooars between the Guddadhur and the Monas.

Mr. J. C. Geddes to offic. as dep. comr. in the Eastern Dooars between the Guddadhur and the Monas, during the absence on leave of Mr. Metcalfe, or until further orders.

Capt. W. H. J. Lance to be asst. to comr. of the Western Dooars and Cooch Behar.

The following officers to be assts. to comr. of the Western Dooars, viz.:—Mr. W. H. Verner, Mr. E. Eyre, and Lieut. Hedayat Ali.

May 17.—Mr. J. D. Edgar to be dep. registrar of assurances of the sub-dist. of Silchar, having its head qrs. at the Sudder station of dist. of Cachar.

May 18.—Mr. F. J. Campbell to be member of local committee of public instruction at Mymensing.

Mr. S. Wright to be principal sudder ameen of Dinagore.

May 13.—Leave of absence:—

Mr. T. N. Wilson, asst. mag. of Patna, for 2 mo., under sec. 9 of the Covenanted Service absentee rules.

Capt. A. Tulloch, dist. supt. of police, Rungpore, for 2 mo., from 10th inst., under financial notification dated Feb. 22, 1866.

May 18.—Dr. F. J. Moutat, insp. gen. of jails, for 2 mo., from the 19th inst. Dr. Moutat will make over charge of his office to the dep. insp. gen. of jails.

Mr. H. Ratray, dep. mag. and dep. coll. of Dacca, for 1 mo.

May 20.—Mr. C. T. Metcalfe, dep. comr. of

the Eastern Dooars, has an ext. of the prep. leave granted to him on the 10th inst. to the 23rd idem.

May 17.—No. 195.—Mr. C. S. Ducas, exec. engr., 4th grade, assumed charge of the Burrakur div. on the 1st inst.

Ens. G. Nolan, asst. engr. of the 1st grade, held charge of the Burrakur div. from the 8th to the 31st ult.

May 18.—No. 196.—Capt. C. J. Mead, B.S.C., exec. engr. of the 1st grade, resumed charge of the 2nd div., Grand Trunk road, on the 17th ult.

May 19.—No. 197.—Mr. W. Fennie, apprentice engr. estab., is transf. from the Burrakur to the Cuttack div.

May 20.—No. 198.—Leave of absence:—

Mr. M. P. B. Duell, exec. engr., 4th grade, Patna branch road div., is allowed 1 year's furl. to Eur.

May 23.—No. 200.—The undermen. officers of this dept., who were temp. made available for employment with the Dooar field force, rejoined the dept. on the dates specified:—

Lieut. H. W. Garnault, R.E., exec. engr., 3rd grade, May 3.

Lieut. J. Dundas, R.E., asst. engr., 1st grade, May 17.

No. 201.—Mr. F. R. Boyce, asst. to the chief engr., Bengal, and asst. sec. in this dept., assumed charge of the central office of account, Bengal, on May 22, in anticipation of the orders of the Govt. of India, public works dept., to his being apptd. to offic. as controller of public works account in this province.

No. 202.—Lieut. H. W. Garnault, R.E., exec. engr., 3rd grade, Damoodah div., is, in anticipation of the approval of the Govt. of India, public works dept., apptd. to offic. as asst. to the chief engr., Bengal, and asst. sec. in this dept. during the abs. of Mr. Boyce.

Lieut. Garnault joined his appt. on May 22.

No. 203.—Ens. G. Nolan, asst. engr., 1st grade, assumed charge of the Poorree div. on the 16th inst.

No. 205.—Mr. H. Adams, accountant, 2nd grade, Bengal, has been allowed 6 mo. leave, on m.c.

No. 3,453.—Appointments:—

May 23.—Mr. J. W. Edgar to be an asst. comsnr. in Cachar.

May 25.—Mr. F. Tucker to be civil and sess. judge of Dinagore.

Mr. E. G. Birch to be civil and sess. judge of Shahabad.

Mr. H. R. Madocks to be civil and sess. judge of Moorsshedabad, but to continue to officiate as civil and sess. judge of Bhaugulpore.

Mr. E. C. Craster to officiate as civil and sess. judge of Moorsshedabad during Mr. Madocks' absence on deputation. Mr. Craster will, however, continue to officiate as judge of Rajshahye until Mr. C. S. Bell's return from leave.

Mr. J. D. Gordon to officiate temp. as civil and sess. judge of Moorsshedabad.

Mr. R. Alexander to be a mag. and coll. 1st grade in Sylhet, but to continue to officiate as judge of Cuttack.

Mr. E. Drummond to be mag. and coll. of Bhaugulpore, but to offic. as mag. and coll. of Patna.

Mr. J. S. Drummond to offic. as mag. and coll. of Behar.

Mr. A. Levien to be mag. and coll. of Dacca.

Mr. H. W. Alexander (on leave) to be mag. and coll. of Backergunge.

Mr. H. Muspratt to be mag. and coll. 2nd grade in Balasore.

May 29.—The Hon. J. P. Norman to be a visitor of the Presidency gaol.

Leave of absence:—

May 25.—Lieut. H. M. Ramsay, asst. superint. of police, Nuddea, for 1 mo., in ext.

Dr. B. B. Ford, offic. medical officer of Rungpore, for 1 mo., under para. 16 of uncov. service absentee rules, from any day after 16th prox.

May 27.—Mr. W. J. Lane, junior sub asst. revenue surveyor, for 6 weeks from 19th inst.

Mr. T. W. Gribble, asst. mag. and coll. of Maldah, for 1 mo. from 25th prox.

May 26.—The leave granted to Mr. R. M. Towers, asst. mag. of Chooadangah, on Feb. 24 last, is cancelled, at his own request.

No. 208.—Leave of Absence.—Lieut. J. Dundas, R.E., asst. engr. of the 1st grade, is allowed 2 mo. priv. leave with effect from the 28th current.

May 27.—No. 209.—Mr. J. M. Luff, asst. engr. of the 1st grade, assumed exec. charge of the Patna branch road div. on the 13th current before noon.

May 30.—212.—Lieut. W. A. J. Wallace, R.E., asst. engr., 2nd grade, having been made available from the marine dept., is, as a temp. measure, transf. from the imperial to the local engr. estab.

for employment under the comr. of police, Calcutta, on the works for improving the Strand bank.

June 6.—No. 3,836.—Mr. R. Falcon, extra asst. comr. of Seebaugor, is transf. to Durrung, and is vested with the powers of a sub. mag. of the 2nd class, and the powers of a dep. coll., in the latter district.

Lieut. E. Y. Wallcott, asst. comr. of Assam, is posted to Seebaugor, and is vested with the powers of a sub. mag. of the 2nd class, and the powers of a dep. coll., in that district.

Lieut. col. E. T. Dalton, comr. of Chota Nagpore, is vested with powers of a sessions judge in the districts of Lohardugga, Maunbhoom, Singbhoom, and Hazareebaugh.

The following gentlemen to be members of the board of examiners of public instruction, Motecharee:—

Major A. H. Paterson, Major W. Reveley.

June 7.—Mr. J. D. Ouseley, asst. mag. and coll. of Shahabad, is transf. to Rajshahye, and is vested with the powers of a mag. and dep. coll. in the latter district.

Mr. A. Weekes, asst. comr. of Maunbhoom, is vested with the powers of a mag. in that district.

June 8.—Mr. R. N. Shore, comr. of Cuttack, to offic. as a member of the board of revenue, during abs., on leave, of Mr. E. T. Trevor.

June 10.—Mr. F. J. Cockburn to offic. as civil and sessions judge of Sylhet.

Mr. A. Abercrombie to offic. as civil and sessions judge of Dacca.

Mr. T. H. H. Shortt, asst. mag. and coll. of Balasore, is vested with the judicial powers of a superint. of salt chowkies.

June 12.—Mr. H. Beverley to offic. as under sec. to the Govt. of Bengal, during leave of Mr. J. Geoghegan.

Mr. J. A. Graham to be asst. to the dep. comr. of Darjeeling, and to exercise the powers of a subord. mag. of the 1st class, and the powers of a dep. coll. and sudder ameen.

June 1.—Leave of Absence.—Lieut. R. C. Beavan, prob. asst. revenue surveyor, 2nd or Southern div., for 3 mo., from the 8th ult.

June 3.—Mr. J. S. Larminie, asst. superint. of police, Bancoorah, for 1 mo., from the 5th inst., under para. 16 of the Uncovenanted Service Absentee Rules.

June 7.—Mr. C. W. Hawes, uncovenanted asst. to the comr. of Cuttack, for 6 mo., from the date on which he may have availed himself of it.

June 8.—Mr. E. T. Trevor, member of the board of revenue, for 2 mo., from the 9th inst.

June 9.—Mr. C. T. Metcalfe, dep. com., Bootan Dooars, has an ext. of prep. leave up to 31st ult.

June 10.—Mr. M. A. G. Shawe, judge of Sylhet, for 12 days, prep. to resigning the service. Mr. Shawe will make over charge of his office to the principal sudder ameen.

Dr. T. Bray, med. officer of Serampore, for 2 years.

June 12.—Mr. J. Geoghegan, under sec. to the Govt. of Bengal, for 3 mo.

June 6.—Mr. E. C. Mason, jun. sub. asst. revenue surveyor, 1st div., Lower Provs., is perm. to res. from the date on which his services may be dispensed with.

Major J. Emerson, canton. jt. mag. of Dinapore, has prep. leave for 3 days, in ext.

June 14.—Mr. J. Beames, offic. mag. and coll. of Purneah, has leave for 2 mo.

Mr. W. Ivey, asst. revenue surveyor, 2nd division, Lower Provinces, has leave for 1 mo.

June 15.—Dr. T. Bray, medical officer of Serampore, has leave for 7 days, prep. to Europe, m.c.

No. 229.—Major D. Briggs, Bengal staff corps, exec. engr. 1st grade, superint. of works in Assam, will be borne as a supernumerary in his grade in the roll of the engineer establishment in Bengal from 10th ult., the date of his departure for Europe, m.c.

June 16.—No. 230.—Lieut. J. Dundas, R.E., asst. engr. 1st grade, was relieved of the charge of the works for the improvement of the Calcutta Strand Bank, to which he was temporarily posted on Feb. 12, 1865, from which date he is re-transferred to the imperial engineer establishment.

June 22.—Mr. T. E. Ravenshaw, offic. comr. of Cuttack, is vested with the powers of a sessions judge in Balasore.

June 23.—Mr. J. Combe to offic. as joint mag. and dep. coll. of Monghyr.

June 24.—Lieut. E. W. Samuells, prob. asst. revenue surveyor, 4th or western div., is confirmed in that appt. with effect from the 5th inst.

Mr. F. H. McLaughlin to be sec. to the local committee of public instruction at Arrah.

Rev. I. Allen to be a marriage registrar at Dacca.

June 26.—Mr. H. Woodrow, M.A., to offic. as director of public instruction, during the absence, on leave, of Mr. W. S. Atkinson, or until further orders.

Mr. H. L. Harrison to offic. as insp. of schools, Central div.

Mr. G. K. Meares to be a 3rd grade asst. superint. of police at Doochur.

June 28.—Maj. H. Raban to be dep. insp. gen. of police of the 5th circle, but to continue to offic., until further orders, as private sec. to the lieut. gov.

Capt. J. M. Graham to be dep. insp. gen. of police of the 2nd circle.

Mr. D. W. Dundas to be dist. superint. of police of the Cossyah and Jynteah Hills.

Mr. R. Grant to offic. as dist. superint. of Gawalparah.

Mr. G. J. Cawley to offic. as dist. superint. of Luckimpore, during the absence, on leave, of Lieut. W. W. Hume.

The following asst. superints. of police are transferred, viz.:—

Mr. J. B. Good, from the 21-pergunnabs to Hazareebaugh.

Mr. A. Blair, from Purneah to Burdwan.

Mr. A. King, from Howrah to Chittagong.

Mr. F. Wilcox, from Darjeeling to Howrah.

Mr. A. Anley, from Patna to Tirhoot.

Mr. H. A. Coombs, from Patna to Shahabad.

Lieut. H. M. Ramsay, from Dinagepore to Munbheom.

The following dist. superints. of police are transferred, viz.:—

Lieut. W. L. N. Knyvett, from Dacca to Mymensing.

Mr. T. J. Maltby, from Backergunge to Dacca.

Mr. H. M. Reilly, from Mymensing to Backergunge.

June 30.—Mr. J. D. Gordon to offic. as coll. of customs, Calcutta, during the abs., on leave, of Mr. J. A. Crawford, or until further orders.

The following officers are vested with the powers of a sudder ameen:—

Mr. J. B. Shadwell, asst. comr., Cossyah and Jynteah Hills.

Mr. A. C. Campbell, personal asst. to the comr. of Assam.

The foll. asst. comrs. are vested with the powers of a moonsiff in the dists. mentioned:—

Lieut. A. E. Campbell, Nowgong.

Lieut. N. Lewis, Luckimpore.

Mr. R. R. Price, Hazareebaugh.

Mr. J. A. Hopkins, Maunbheom.

June 24.—Leave of absence:—

Mr. G. Ridsdale, asst. supt. of police, Pubna, for 1 mo.

June 28.—Lieut. W. W. Hume, dist. supt. of Luckimpore, for 3 mo., under the financial notification dated Feb. 22, 1866.

June 30.—Mr. J. A. Crawford, coll. of customs, Calcutta, for 3 mo., from the 8th prox. Mr. Crawford will make over charge of his duties to Mr. J. P. Grant, the dep. coll. of customs, who will remain in charge until Mr. Gordon's arrival.

June 24.—The priv. leave of absence for 2 mo. granted by the Lord Bishop of Calcutta to the Rev. Dr. P. J. Jarbo, chaplain of St. James' Church, is confirmed.

July 4.—Mr. H. Beverley, offic. under secy. to the Govt. of Bengal, assumed charge from Mr. J. Geoghegan on the forenoon of the 3rd inst.

June 20.—Leave of absence.—Lieut. G. D'A. Jackson, gen. list, cav., asst. engr., 2nd grade, att. to the garrison engrs. dept., Fort William, is allowed 1 mo. priv. leave, from such date as he may avail himself of the same.

BY THE COMMANDER-IN-CHIEF.

Head Quarters, Simla, May 13.—Orders confirmed:—

By Brigadier gen. J. M. B. F. Tytler, c.n., comdg. the left brigade Dooar field force, dated March 17 last, appg. Capt. E. K. O. Gilbert, staff corps, to offic. as major of brigade, with effect from 15th idem, v. Lieut. C. M. MacGregor.

By the officer comdg. the 93rd foot, dated March 21 last, appg. Ens. J. A. MacVicar, asst. instructor of musketry, v. Lieut. E. Boase.

By the officer comdg. the 24th N.I., dated 6th ult., directing Lieut. T. St. Q. Clutterbuck, gen. list, inf., offic. qrmr., to offic. as deputy officer, v. Lieut. J. M. Trotter.

By the officer comdg. the 7th hussars, dated 14th ult., appg. Lieut. A. Hutton to offic. as interpreter dur. the abs. on leave of Lieut. A. L. E. H. Holmes.

By the same officer, dated 15th ult., appg. Paym.

G. Elliott to offic. as qrmr. during the abs. on leave of Lieut. A. L. E. H. Holmes.

By the officer commanding the 2nd Goorkha regt., dated the 17th ult., appointing Lieut. E. B. Cox, late 3rd Eur. regt., doing duty officer and qrmr., v. Lieut. H. W. J. Senior, late 73rd N.I.

Dum Dum station order, dated 18th ult., appointing Capt. C. E. Theobald, 55th foot, station staff, with effect from 9th idem.

By the officer commanding the 21st N.I., dated the 20th ult., directing the following appointments, v. Capt. J. Trevenen, staff corps, offic. 2nd in command and wing officer, proceeding on sick leave:—

Lieut. and Adj. W. R. Martin, offic. wing officer, to offic. as 2nd in com. and wing officer, in addition to his other duties.

Lieut. F. W. Collis, doing duty officer, to offic. as wing officer, in addition to his other duties.

Pres. div. order, dated 20th ult., directing staff asst. surg. J. Barry, M.D., to proceed to the Bhootan Dooars, and relieve Asst. surg. C. A. Maunsell, M.D., app. to join D baty., 19th brig., R.A.

Benares div. order, dated 25th ult., directing the foll. med. arrangements:—

Asst. surg. R. W. Cunningham, M.D., to make over charge of the divl. and station staff to Asst. surg. W. Sly, C baty., C brig., R.H.A., and to proceed to Oodeypore and relieve Asst. surg. J. D. Wylie, M.D., from the med. charge of the Meywar political agency.

Leave of absence:—

1st Drag. Grds.—Capt. C. R. K. Hubback, from date of embarkation, to England, m.c.

20th Hussars.—Capt. G. C. Ross, from April 15 to October 14, to Mussoorie and the hills north of Dehra.

21st Hussars.—Lieut. C. W. Thomas (instructor of musketry), from date of embarkation, to England, for 12 mo.; and Lieut. A. W. Twyford (adjt.), from April 25 to May 25, to Calcutta, m.c.

20th Foot.—Ensign P. A. Robinson (1st batt.), from April 26 to Oct. 26, and Qrmr. W. Smith (1st batt.), from April 15 to Oct. 1, to Mussoorie, m.c.

27th Foot.—Lieut. H. S. Simeon, from date of embarkation, to England, m.c.

34th Foot.—Lieut. C. E. Leeson, from July 3 to Oct. 3, in ext., to remain in England.

55th Foot.—Capt. P. L. Bellamy, from April 20 to Oct. 15, to Lucknow.

93rd Foot.—Capt. J. Bond, from date of embarkation, to England, overland, m.c.

107th Foot.—Lieut. M. McN. Hind (instructor of musketry), from May 15 to Sept. 15, to Saugor and Central India.

108th Foot.—Asst. surg. T. D. Milburn, from April 20, 1865, to April 19, 1866, to England.

Rifle Brig.—Lieut. A. A. Kinloch (2nd batt. instructor of musketry), from April 15 to Oct. 1, to Mussoorie and the hills north of Dehra; Ens. G. Rogers (adjt. 2nd batt.), and Ens. F. J. R. Sheridan (2nd batt.), from May 1 to Oct. 1, to Mussoorie and the hills north of Dehra, on m.c.

Late 6th Eur. Regt. Inf.—Lieut. R. S. Robertson (offic. 2nd in com. and wing officer, 31st N.I.), from April 19 to May 30, to Darjeeling, on m.c.

Late 24th N.I.—Major J. M. Earle (comdnt. Fort Shubkudder), from April 15 to Dec. 15, to Murree and Cashmere on m.c. (This cancels the leave granted in G.O.C.C., dated March 15.)

Late 57th N.I.—Lieut. R. A. Wanchope, from April 1 to Oct. 1, to Calcutta, for the purpose of studying the native languages.

Late 64th N.I.—Lieut. col. H. E. Young, from April 1 to Oct. 1, to Nynee Tal, on private affairs.

Late 69th N.I.—Major J. Wedderburn, from June 10 to Oct. 10, in ext. of priv. leave to remain at Simla.

Medical Department.—Surg. E. C. Thorp, M.D. (attached to the 43rd N.I.) from date of availing himself of it, to Calcutta for 1 mo., on m.c.

May 15.—Schools.—The C. in. C. is pleased to notify that the Govt. of India have authorised the application to artillery schools of the principle of the rule laid down in para. 33 of G.G.O., No. 308 of 1855, by which an assistant master is allowed, when the number of pupils is above 35 and not above 70, and an additional assistant for every 30 pupils in excess of 70.

Camp Equipage Epidemics.—With reference to the decision of Govt., as conveyed in G.O. of March 14 last, care should be taken that the oldest and least servicable tents, provided they are fit for the purpose, should be used for small-pox cases.

The foll. officers are prom. to local rank from the dates specified, subject to H.M.'s approval:—

11th Foot.—Lieut. J. W. Poole to be capt., from Feb. 18, 1861.

27th Foot.—Brev. major E. N. Molesworth to be lieut. col., from Dec. 1, 1863.

34th Foot.—Capt. (Brev. maj.) F. P. Cassidy to be lieut. col., from Feb. 18, 1861.

Appts.:—

6th N.I.—Capt. F. W. Shaw, doing duty, to be offic. wing officer, v. Pogson, offic. as 2nd in com. and wing officer, dated May 10.

16th N.I.—Capt. F. B. Foote, staff corps, to be wing officer, v. O'Bryan, removed to another app., dated May 10.

Major M. J. White, late 26th N.I., is app. to do duty with 1st Goorkha regt., at Dhurumsalla, and directed to join.

The underment. officers have been declared by the board of examiners at Fort William to have passed the first standard in the native languages on the 8th inst.:—

Lieuts. H. S. Higginson, R.A., and B. Wemyss, gen. list, inf.

The leave for 6 mo. granted in G.O.C.C., dated March 2 last, to Maj. J. P. Sherriif, late 35th N.I., is can. at his own request.

Staff asst. surg. C. A. Atkins, attached to 1st batt. 19th foot, at Jullundur, will proceed without delay to Ferozepore for duty with 1st batt. 7th foot.

The following right brig. Dooar field force orders are confirmed:—

Dated March 5 last.—Appg. Capt. W. Owen, of the 107th foot, orderly officer to the brig. gen. comdg.

Dated the 9th idem.—Directing the issue gratis, with the sanc. of Govt., of 1 dram of rum daily to all native soldiers who drink it, and appg. Capt. J. A. M. Patton, late 1st Eur. L.C., to do gen. duty in camp.

Dated the 13th idem.—Directing Asst. surg. J. MacN. Fleming, M.D., 29th N.I., to relieve Asst. surg. R. Brown from med. charge of a detach. 14th Bengal cav.

Dated the 16th idem.—Appg. Asst. surg. W. E. Caird, 12th N.I., to the med. charge of the brigade staff, as a temp. arrangement.

Dated the 22nd idem.—Attaching Capt. J. A. M. Patton, late 1st Eur. L.C., to 29th N.I. for duty.

Dated the 23rd idem.—Directing Capt. A. Bruce, late 28th N.I., and Capt. G. G. Cunliffe, wing officer 12th N.I., to do duty, the former with the 12th N.I., from Feb. 6, and the latter with the 29th N.I., for duty as a temp. measure.

Dated 29th idem.—Directing the undermentioned officers to do duty with the regiments specified:—

Lieuts. F. G. Hearn, gen. list, inf., with 29th N.I.; F. T. Ripley, late 47th N.I., with 12th N.I.; and W. Hopkinson, gen. list, inf., with 48rd N.I.

Dated 2nd ult.—Directing Asst. surg. E. J. Hoskins, M.D., arrived in camp, to do duty in the field hospital.

Dated 6th idem.—Directing Asst. surg. E. J. Hoskins, M.D., to do duty with 29th N.I.

Dated 8th idem.—Transferring Lieut. W. Hopkinson, gen. list, inf., from 43rd to 29th N.I.

Directing Asst. surg. E. J. Hoskins, M.D., to assume med. charge of 14th Bengal cav., during absence on leave of Asst. surg. P. W. Sutherland.

Transferring Capt. J. A. M. Patton, late 1st Eur. L.C., from 29th N.I. to 14th Bengal cav., for duty.

Dated 16th idem.—Directing Surg. E. Taylor to proceed and relieve Surg. D. Young from med. charge of 30th N.I., at Cherra Poonjee.

The following Agra garrison and station order is confirmed:—

Dated 26th ult.—Directing Asst. surg. C. Ricketts to assume medical charge of the royal art. at the station, v. Surg. G. R. Pemberton, M.D., app. to the medical charge of the 37th N.I.

Leave of absence:—

Major A. G. Needham, staff corps, from June 9 to Oct. 10, in ext. of priv. leave, to Nynee Tal.

Major E. G. Langmore, staff corps (2nd in com. and wing officer 29th N.I.), for 1 mo., from date of availing himself of it, to Calcutta, on m.c.

Lieut. J. R. Macleay, F baty. C brig. R.H.A., from date of embarkation to England, by either route, on m.c.

Royal Art.—Asst. surg. J. H. N. Bracken, 23rd brig., from date of embark. to England, m.c.

2nd Drag. Gds.—Capt. T. W. Sneyd, from April 15 to Oct. 15, to Cashmere.

5th Lancers.—Capt. C. H. Chichester, from date of embark. to England for six months.

21st Hussars.—Lieut. A. W. Twyford, adjt., from date of embark. to England, m.c.

20th Foot.—Lieut. H. R. Bowlby, 1st batt. inst. of musk., from May 10 to Oct. 1, to Kumaon, and the hills north of Dehra.

34th Foot.—Ens. R. L. Dickson, to England by either route, m.c.

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Surg. major J. H. Jones.

Dated 6th idem.—Directing Maj. C. O'B. Pulmer, late 1st Eur. Bengal fus., to do gen. duty at Peshawar.

The following orders are confirmed:—
Mean Meer brigade order, dated 14th ult., directing Surg. major H. Cape, F.R.C.S., R.A., to assume med. charge of 19th Bengal cav., in addition to his other duties, during absence on leave of Surg. G. H. Daly, M.D., with effect from the date the latter officer avails himself of the leave.

By the Officer commanding 11th N.I., dated 18th ult., directing the following appointments, v. Capt. F. J. Ripley, wing officer, proceeding on leave:—

Lieut. C. M. Bushby, adj., to offic. as wing officer.

Lieut. H. G. Beecher, qmr., to offic. as adj.

Lieut. P. H. M. Winter, offic. doing duty officer, to offic. as qmr.

By the Officer commanding 5th N.I., dated 19th ult., appointing Lieut. and Adj. T. D. Madden, late 64th N.I., to offic. as 2nd in com. and wing officer, in addition to his other duties, v. Capt. W. J. P. Barlow, on court martial duty.

By the Officer commanding 12th N.I., dated 19th ult., directing Lieut. L. Blathwayt, late 54th N.I., doing duty officer, to offic. as wing officer, in addition to his other duties, with effect from 16th idem.

Saugor station order, dated 25th ult., appointing Surg. E. Dixon, 29th Madras N.I., to afford med. aid to brig. staff, v. Surg. major W. W. Rawes, 4th Madras L.C., resigned.

By the Officer commanding 93rd foot, dated 27th ult., appointing Lieut. W. F. Fullerton to act as adj. during absence on leave of Lieut. and Adj. FitzR. McPherson.

By the Officiating Comdt. 7th Bengal cav., dated 29th ult., making the following appointments, during absence on m.c. of Lieut. col. T. R. Snow:—

Maj. W. J. Ward, 2nd in command and squadron officer, to offic. as commandant, in addition to his other duties.

Lieut. H. C. Creak, officg. 2nd squadron officer, to offic. as 2nd in command and squadron officer, in addition to his other duties.

Meerut div. order, dated the 2nd inst., appointing Cornet C. A. H. Banister, 19th hussars, to do duty at the Landour Convalescent Depot during the present hot season.

By the officer commanding the 93rd foot, dated the 2nd inst., directing Asst. surg. P. C. Baxter, M.B., to assume med. charge of the regt., with effect from 1st idem, v. Surg. maj. W. Munro, M.D., proceeded on leave.

By the officer commanding the 6th N.I., dated the 4th inst., appointing Capt. W. F. Shaw, late 43rd N.I., to offic. as wing officer, v. Lieut. col. W. Q. Pogson, late 43rd N.I., appointed officg. 2nd in command and wing officer.

In G.O.C.C. of the 15th inst., directing Surg. E. Taylor to proceed and relieve Surg. D. Young from the medical charge of 30th N.I. at Cherra Poonjee, for "30th" read "39th N.I."

Leave of absence:—

Royal Artillery.—Lieut. col. W. K. Fooks (22nd brigade), from May 16 to May 23, to Calcutta and thence to England for 6 mo., from date of embarkation.

2nd Dragoon Guards.—Vet. surg. T. P. Gudgin, from June 17 to Aug. 31, in ext. of priv. leave, to remain in Cashmere.

1st Foot.—Capt. F. P. Muller (1st batt.), from date of embarkation, to England via Bombay.

23rd Foot.—Col. S. Wells, C.B. (1st batt.), from July 1 to Oct. 15, in ext. of priv. leave, to remain at Mussoorie and hills north of Dehra; and Lieut. H. E. Stanley (1st batt.), from June 19 to Oct. 15, in ext.

27th Foot.—Lieut. H. S. Simeon, from April 28 to May 28, to Calcutta, on m.c.

34th Foot.—Col. J. Gwilt, from May 14 to Oct. 15, to Cashmere. (This cancels the leave granted in G.O., 27th ult., page 174.) Ensign R. L. Dickson, from May 6 to June 5, to Calcutta, on m.c.

53th Foot.—Lieut. G. H. Harrison, from May 15 to Oct. 15, to the Neelgherries; Lieut. W. M. Frobisher, from June 3 to June 3, 1866, to Europe.

58th Foot.—Capt. G. Marriner, from June 2 to Oct. 15, to Nynee Tal.

60th Foot.—Lieut. C. B. Prust (3rd batt.), from date of embarkation, to England for 15 mo.

66th Foot.—Asst. surg. N. Arent (doing duty 76th Foot), from date of embarkation, to England by the overland route, on m.c.

88th Foot.—Capt. L. C. Scott, from March 7 to Oct. 31, to remain in England.

106th Foot.—Capt. E. S. K. Dawson, from date of embarkation, to England overland, on m.c. (This cancels the leave granted in G.O.C.C., dated March 2.)

Late 4th N.I.—Capt. J. R. Currie (doing duty Meerut), from June 2 to Oct. 2, in ext.

Late 15th N.I.—Lieut. L. E. Evans, from March 21 to Nov. 15, in ext. (This cancels the leave granted in G.O.C.C., March 22.)

Gen. List Inf.—Lieut. W. N. Story (attached to 43rd N.I.), from date of leaving regt., to Calcutta, for 1 mo., on m.c.

Med. Dept.—Surg. maj. H. N. Elton (med. store-keeper, Sealkote), from June 30 to Aug. 31, in ext. of priv. leave, to Cashmere; Surg. W. Peskett, from May 4 to Aug. 4, to remain in the neighbourhood of Calcutta, on m.c.

June 1.—The C. in C. in India is pleased to appt. Capt. E. S. Jervis, 106th foot, to be an aide-de-camp on H.E.'s personal staff, dated March 23.

The C. in C. in India is pleased to make the foll. appt. until H.M.'s pleasure shall be known:—

44th Foot.—Lieut. E. C. P. Pigott to be adjt., v. Trimmer, who has res. that appt., dated March 12.

Official notification has been received of the underment. officers of the 23rd foot having been posted as specified:—

Capt. G. F. R. Colt, 1st batt.

Lieut. G. A. Dawson, 2nd batt.

Lieut. R. W. T. Gordon, of the 93rd foot, is permitted to study at the Thomason College, Roorkee, till Nov. 1.

Lieut. A. Harrison, gen. list, inf., will, on the expiration of his present leave, join and do duty with the 84th N.I. at Fort William.

Ens. J. G. M. De L. Bean, of the 107th foot, is, with sanction of Govt., permitted to do duty with the 14th N.I. at Benares, for the purpose of qualifying himself for admission to the staff corps.

Staff Surg. maj. M. B. Gallwey, now in medical charge of the 27th foot, will, on being relieved by Surg. W. A. Thompson, M.B., of that regt., proceed to Muttra and assume med. charge of the 2nd drag. gds.

MADRAS.

BY THE GOVERNOR IN COUNCIL.

Fort St. George, June 20.—Leave of absence:—
Surg. G. J. Shaw, M.D., assay master, Madras, priv. leave for 2 mo., from the 3rd prox.

Appts.:—

Lieut. H. S. Court, Madras staff corps, to be prob. asst. supt. of police, 2nd class, in the Madura district.

Lieut. col. C. E. D. Hill, R.E., comdt. of sappers and miners, to be a lay trustee of St. John's Church, Bangalore.

Major H. N. D. Prendergast, v.c., of the R.E., to be a lay trustee of the chaplaincy of St. Thomas' Mount, v. Lieut. col. Grant, R.A.

Lieut. G. Chrystie, asst. supt. of police, is considered to have acted as district supt., Cuddapah, from March 2 to May 6 last.

Lieut. R. G. Briggs, acting asst. supt. of police, 1st class, is considered to have acted as dist. supt. of the Kistna dist., from March 8 to May 31.

June 19.—Capt. G. M. Payne, exec. engr., 1st grade, is to be considered as having performed the duties of the suptng. engr., 8th div., in addition to his own, from March 15 to June 9.

No. 48.—Leave of absence is granted to Mr. J. T. Creswell, insp. of police, South Arcot, for 1 mo.

June 20.—The chief secy. to Govt. has granted Mr. J. W. Lyons, 3rd uncovenanted asst. in the public, &c., depts. of the secretariat, leave of abs. for 1 mo.

No. 231.—H. E. the G. in C. is pleased to make the following promotion, subject to H. M.'s approval:—Brevet: Lieut. J. E. Swinton, 26th regt. N.I. to be capt., from June 18 last.

Returned to their duty:—Asst. surg. H. R. Handyside, M.D., med. dept., arrived at Madras June 8; Surg. major J. B. Stevens, med. dept., arrived at Madras June 10.

No. 232.—Madras Staff Corps.—The undermen. officers having completed 26 years' service, 8 of which were on permanent staff employ, to be lieut. cols. from date specified against their names, under Royal warrant of Jan. 16, 1861, subject to H. M.'s approval:—Major E. J. Lawder and Major G. R. Phillips, from June 18.

Lieut. C. J. Pearce, having completed 12 years' service, 4 of which were on permanent staff employ, to be capt., from June 20, under Royal warrant of Jan. 16, 1861, subject to H. M.'s approval.

June 23.—Mr. J. H. Goldie is perm. to resign the Madras C.S. from Sept. 18 next, and is admitted to an annuity from that date, under the terms of the despatch from the Rt. Hon. the Secretary of State for India, dated Nov. 25, 1862, No. 78.

June 20.—Leave of absence:—

Surg. maj. G. J. Shaw, M.D., assay master, Madras, priv. leave for 2 mos., from 3rd proximo.

Mr. J. Urquhart, M.D., coroner of Madras, for one month, on m.c., Dr. Mair, deputy coroner, taking charge of the office during his absence.

June 23.—Mr. F. S. Child, civil and session judge of Cuddapah, for 6 mos., to Europe on urgent private affairs, under sect. 9 of revised covenanted civil service absentee rules.

Capt. J. Mitchell, superint. of the Govt. Central Museum, priv. leave for 3 mos., from 1st proximo.

Rev. J. Richards, M.A., garrison chaplain of Fort St. George, for 15 mos., to Europe, on m.c.

Mr. T. A. N. Chassa, sub-coll. and joint mag. of the Godavery dist., to act as civil and sess. judge of the zillah of Cuddapah during the absence of Mr. Child on leave, or till further orders.

Mr. E. F. Webster, head assist. to the coll. and joint mag. of Salem, to act as sub-coll. and joint mag. of Godavery dist., during employment of Mr. Chassa on other duty.

Mr. Francis Brandt, assist. to coll. and mag. of the Kistna dist., to act as head assist. to coll. and mag. of the district of Salem during employment of Mr. Webster on other duty, or till further orders—Mr. Brandt will continue to act as Under Secretary to Govt. till relieved.

Rev. J. Gorton, M.A., joint chaplain of Bangalore, to act as garrison chaplain of Fort St. George during leave of Rev. John Richards, M.A.

Rev. Charles Rhenius, joint chaplain of Secunderabad, to be chaplain of Coonoor, in succession to Rev. Mr. Bull—to take effect from Aug. 1 next.

Mr. E. Hewetson to act as 4th class dep. coll., Coimbatore, on probation, for general duties, v. D. Pillay.

Rev. J. V. Bull, chaplain of Coonoor, to be domestic chaplain to the Rt. Rev. the Bishop from August 1 next.

The services of Lieut. W. T. Whish, royal engr., are placed at disposal of Govt. of India from 1st inst.

Mr. J. B. Pennington, acting head assist. mag. in the Nellore district, is authorised to hear and dispose of appeals from the convictions of the subord. mags. of 2nd class, stationed within the taluqs under his charge.

Mr. R. W. Barlow, acting joint mag. in the North Arcot district, is authorised to take down the evidence of witnesses with his own hand in English.

No. 237.—Madras Staff Corps.—Capt. (brevet maj.) W. Fane, having completed 20 years' service, six of which were on permanent staff employ, to be major from June 21, under the Royal Warrant of Jan. 16, 1861, subject to H.M.'s approval.

June 27.—The Ven. T. Dealtry, M.A., archdeacon of Madras, has been apptd. chaplain of Otacamund; the appt. to take effect from Aug. 1, 1865.

Lieut. H. S. Court, probationary asst. supt. of police, 2nd class, Madras, is apptd. to institute prosecutions for offences committed in that dist.

The Board of Revenue have granted 1 mo.'s priv. leave to Mr. T. Haughton, registrar of their office.

Mr. J. L. Wilson, asst. engr. of the Bellary dist., has 6 weeks' cumulative leave from 6th inst., under the financial resolution of the Govt. of India of July 31, 1863, No. 3,478.

No. 242.—Madras Volunteer Guards.—H. E. the G. in C. is pleased to accept the resignation by the undermen. officers of their commissions in the Madras volunteer guards:—Capt. J. Deschamps, Lieut. W. B. Richardson, and Ens. N. S. Harley, all of No. 8 company.

Capt. W. M. Scharlieb, No. 7 company, having overstayed his leave to Europe, is removed from the list of captains.

The foll. appt. and prom. are made in the Madras volunteer guards:—

No. 1 Company.—Mr. W. Fraser, C.B., to be ens. No. 8 Company.—Lieut. J. M. Miller to be capt., v. Deschamps, resigned.

July 7.—Mr. J. Rhode, insp. gen. of jails, priv. leave for 3 mo. from the 20th inst.

H.E. the Gov. in Council has been pleased to make the following appts.:—

June 30.—Lieut. W. R. E. Fullerton, cadre 42nd M.N.I., to be asst. conservator of forests, in the 3rd class, v. Maj. W. A. Gib, res.

July 7.—Lieut. col. W. Wilson, comr. of police, to act as insp. gen. of jails, during the absence of Mr. Rhode on leave.

Capt. C. S. Hearn, Madras staff corps, dep. insp. gen. of police, to act as comr. of police for the town of Madras, during the employ. of Lieut. col. Wilson on other duty.

Mr. C. N. Pochin to be judge of the Court of Small Causes at Madura, but to continue to act as

civil and session judge of that zillah during absence of Mr. Cotton on leave.

Mr. F. M. Kiddersley to be sub coll. [and joint mag. of Tanjore, but to continue to act as judge of the Court of Small Causes at Combaconum, during Mr. Breck's absence on leave.

Mr. W. S. Foster to be head asst. to the coll. and mag. of Tanjore, but to continue to act as head asst. to the coll. and mag. of Coimbatore, during the employ. of Mr. MacGregor on other duty.

Mr. J. H. Nelson to act as judge of the Court of Small Causes at Madura during the employ of Mr. Pochin on other duty.

Mr. J. W. Best to act as head asst. to the coll. and mag. of Madura, during the employ of Mr. Nelson on other duty.

Mr. H. St. A. Goodrich to be asst. to the coll. and maj. of Ganjam.

Mr. R. F. Chisholm to be exec. engr., 3rd grade (supernumerary), and to be posted to the Presidency. To have effect from June 2.

July 7.—Mr. J. A. Dawson, British consular agent at Yanam, having resumed his duties on the 23rd ult., the unexpired portion of the priv. leave granted him in the *Gazette* of May 23 last is cancelled.

Mr. G. Hammett, asst. to the consulting engr. for railways, has been granted 1 mo.'s priv. leave, commencing from 5th prox.

July 4.—Mr. M. G. Plumbe has been appd. sub-asst. in the Revenue Survey, from June 1, the date of being relieved from charge of the Coorg Survey.

July 5.—The acting coll. of sea customs has granted 1 mo.'s leave to Mr. T. Drysdale, preventive officer, from 3rd inst.

July 6.—The principal insp. gen., med. dept., has granted priv. leave to the undermen. med. officers: Surg. major G. Smith, M.D., supt. Eye Infirmary, for 60 days, from July 17, or from date of departure.

Surg. J. L. Paul, M.D., surg. General Hospital, for 60 days, from July 7, or from date of departure.

July 7.—No. 249.—Capt. (Brevet Major) W. N. Pace, 6th regt. N.I., is perm. to proceed to Europe on m. c. for 20 mo., under the furl. regs. of 1854, and to embark on Madras.

June 11.—Apts.:—

Capt. H. L. Grove, Madras staff corps, to be asst. to the coll. and mag. of Vizagapatam. This app. is provisional.

Major P. L. Holmes, 17th regt. M.N.I., to be a lay trustee of St. Thomas' Church, Quilon, v. Capt. Tyler.

July 11.—The undermentioned gentlemen of the Madras C.S. have attained the rank of 1st class, on the 3rd inst.:—

Hon. H. D. Phillips, Hon. H. Frere, Mr. J. Rhode. The priv. leave granted on the 4th inst. to Lieut. col. C. V. Wilkieson, R.E., acting mint master and comr. of the dept. of issue of paper currency at Madras, is to take effect from the 13th inst., or from date of departure.

Mr. A. Wedderburn, coll. and mag. of Tinnevely, assumed charge of the district from Mr. G. Banbury on the 30th ult.

No. 250.—H.E. the Gov. in Council is pleased to make the following proms., subject to H.M.'s approval:—

10th Regt. N.I.—Capt. W. Ramsay to be major by brevet, from July 8.

88th Regt. N.I.—Sen. lieut. G. J. D. Heath (capt. in the staff corps), to have the position of capt., v. Cox dec.; dated March 28.

Major (brevet lieut. col.) W. G. Owen, of the 11th regt. N.I., having been reported by a board of med. officers to be fit for duty, the unexpired portion of the leave granted to that officer in G.O.G., April 25, No. 155, will be cancelled from the date of his joining the 37th grenadiers, with which regt. he has been ordered to do duty.

Returned to his duty without prejudices to his rank:—

Lieut. H. W. Bird, 6th regt. L.C., adjt. of the body guard, arrived at Madras on July 8.

The undermen. officer and warrant officer are perm. to proceed to Eur.:—

Lieut. T. K. Guthrie, 36th regt. N.I., prob. asst. supt. of police 1st class, acting supt. of police, on m.c. for 20 months, under the furl. regs. of 1854, and to embark on Madras.

Dep. asst. comsy. J. Brown, of the commissariat dept., on m.c. for 3 years, under the old furl. regs., and to embark on Madras.

No. 251.—Madras Staff Corps.—Capt. G. A. Harrison, having completed 20 years' service, 6 of which were on permanent staff employ, to be maj. from July 8, under the Royal Warrant of Jan. 16, 1861, subject to H.M.'s approval.

July 10.—The Dep. comsy. gen. has granted Mr.

T. Alms, uncovenanted asst. of his office, 6 mo. leave on m.c. from the 1st inst.

July 11.—Mr. C. G. Master, acting sub-sec. to the Board of Revenue, 10 days' priv. leave, under sections 6 and 8 of revised covenanted rules.

Mr. H. G. Smith, coll. and mag. of Cuddapah, 3 mos. priv. leave, from Aug. 1 next, to proceed to the Neilgherry Hills.

July 12.—No. 255.—The services of Lieut. M. Furlong, of late 47th regt. N.I., acting qmr. and interp. 3rd regt. L.I., are placed at disposal of the Govt. of India for employment under Home dept.

July 14.—No. 257.—Madras Staff Corps.—The undermen. officer, having applied for admission to the staff corps, under the provisions of para. 2 of G. O. G. G., No. 531 of 1864, republished in Madras G. O. G. July 22, 1864, No. 276, is admitted thereto from the date specified against his name, subject to the approval of H.M.'s Sec. of State for India:—

Lieut. T. W. Sandes, infantry general list, acting qmr. and instr. 36th regt. N.I., Oct. 5, 1863.

The board of revenue have granted 2 mo. priv. leave to Mr. J. C. Hannington, special asst. coll. of Coimbatore.

July 13.—The comsy. gen. has, under the provisions of G.O.G. No. 77, dated March 24, 1857, granted an ext. of priv. leave to Conductor W. Prout, from July 16 to 31.

In lieu of the leave for 1 mo. granted May 26 last (notification in *Fort St. George Gazette*, May 30), to Mr. J. H. M. Cox, asst. director of revenue settlement, priv. leave of abs. for 20 days has been granted by the offic. director of revenue settlement to that officer.

Mr. T. Drysdale, preventive officer, having resumed his duties on the 11th inst., the unexpired portion of the sick leave granted him in the *Gazette* of the 7th idem. is cancelled.

BIRTHS.

CROSSLEY.—At Calcutta, June 30, the wife of W. Crossley, of a daughter, still-born.

DUNCAN.—At Russell-street, Calcutta, July 3, the wife of Walter Duncan, Esq., of a daughter.

FAGAN.—At Tipperah, July 5, the wife of Capt. W. T. Fagan, H.M.'s Bengal Staff Corps, of a son.

GASTRELL.—At Calcutta, July 4, the wife of Lieut. col. J. E. Gastrell, of a daughter.

HOLLWAY.—At Seeraha, Chumparum, June 29, the wife of John Justin Hollway, Esq., of a daughter.

HOWARD.—At Mirzapore, July 4, the wife of B. Howard, Esq., of a daughter.

MACMILLAN.—At Berhampore, July 3, the wife of Mr. Charles John Macmillan, of a son.

MILES.—At Mooteeharee, June 27, the wife of Capt. F. N. Miles, of a daughter.

PEARSON.—At Madras, July 7, the wife of the Rev. A. W. Pearson, Officiating Joint Chaplain of St. George's Cathedral, Madras, of a daughter.

RAYNSFORD.—At Bangalore, July 10, the wife of Capt. F. M. Raynsford, Madras Staff Corps, of a daughter.

PEPPE.—At Gya, July 2, the wife of T. F. Peppe, Esq., Sub. Dy. Opium Agent of Tehtah, of a son.

SOLLAGUE.—At Telkhul Ghat, Howrah, July 6, the wife of W. L. R. Sollague, Esq., of a son—prematurely.

SYMONDS.—At 54, Cossitollah, Calcutta, July 6, the wife of Mr. Edward Symonds, of a daughter—still-born.

SMITH.—At Kurrachee, June 21, the wife of Capt. E. D. Smith, 95th Regt., of a son.

WALTON.—At Bangalore, July 3, the wife of Capt. N. A. Walton, late 10th N.I., of a son.

MARRIAGES.

FERGUSON—WILSON.—At St. John's Church, Calcutta, on July 1, Mr. Samuel Ferguson, of the firm of Hewick and Co., Calcutta, to Miss Charlotte Wilson, daughter of Mr. F. Wilson, of No. 1, Essex-street, Strand, London.

LAMB—BECHER.—At Nowadah Factory, Tirhoot, on June 27, Edward Charles Lamb, Esq., to Louisa, daughter of the late John Edward Becher, Esq., of Tirhoot, indigo planter.

TWIDALE—WESKIN.—At St. John's Church, Calcutta, on June 27, Mr. Henry Arthur Twidale, to Mary Anne, daughter of W. T. Weskin, Esq., Solicitor.

DEATHS.

CARTER.—At Aden, June 3, Asst. surg. Neal, M.R.C.S., M.D. Edin. H.M.'s 109th Regt.

GRAY.—At Coonoor, June 29, William D., infant son of Rev. W. Gray, C.M.S.

MARSHALL.—At Penang, June 6, the wife of Capt. G. J. Marshall, 17th Brigade Royal Art., aged 22.

MOSTYN.—At the General Hospital, Madras, June 17, Surg.-maj. J. W. Mostyn, H.M.'s 76th Regt.

MURRAY.—At Gowhatti, Assam, June 14, Mr. W. Murray, C.S., aged 24.

WAR OFFICE.

CHANGES, PROMOTIONS, &c., IN H.M.'s REGIMENTS SERVING IN INDIA.

Aug. 8.

6th Drag. Guards.—W. E. Bullock, gent., to be cornet, by purch., v. Gay, prom.

19th Hussars.—Capt. J. Duncan, fr. 17th lancers, to be capt., v. Sir J. Hill, Bart., who exch.

Royal Artillery.—Lieut. col. and Brev. col. J. L. Barrow, on the supernum. list, to be col.; Lieut. col. G. P. Eaton to be col., v. G. Balfour, c.b., removed as a gen. officer; Capt. and Brev. major C. H. Harrison, from supernum. list, to be lieut. col., v. Eden; Sergt. major G. Kirkham to be qmr., v. Macnamara, dec.

1st Foot.—Lieut. J. H. Fawcett to be capt., by purch., v. R. L. S. Curtois, who ret.; Ensign F. De L. Morison to be lieut., by purch., v. Fawcett; Gent. cadet F. C. Turner, from Royal Military College, to be ensign, by purch., v. Morison; Gent. cadet W. A. Wynter, from Royal Military College, to be ensign, by purch., v. J. W. Smith, who retires.

7th Foot.—Ensign W. E. H. H. Graves to be lieut., without purch., v. G. L. Harvey, dec.; Ensign R. T. Hawkes, from 17th foot, to be ensign, v. Graves.

12th Foot.—Lieut. W. C. S. Mair to be capt., by purch., v. Brev. major T. Dundas, who ret.; Lieut. G. F. Gavin, from 1st West India regt., to be lieut., v. E. Fiddes, who exch.; Lieut. T. K. Baker, from 14th hussars, to be lieut., v. J. Boulton, who exch.; Ensign A. Woodward to be lieut., by purch., v. Mair; Gent. cadet R. Mitford, from Royal Military College, to be ensign, by purch., v. Woodward.

20th Foot.—Capt. A. W. L. Mirehouse, from h.p., late 64th foot, to be capt., v. J. J. S. O'Neill, seconded in appointment as district inspector of musketry.

21st Foot.—Ensign B. L. Warner to be lieut., by purch., v. H. J. Henley, who ret.; Gent. cadet D. Robertson, from Royal Military College, to be ens., by purch., v. Warner.

38th Foot.—Lieut. J. G. Maitland, from 29th Madras N.I., to be lieut., v. J. B. Sparks, app. to Bengal staff corps.

44th Foot.—Capt. C. W. Isdell, from 16th foot, to be capt., v. G. E. Acklom, who exch.

101st Foot.—Ensign A. Lloyd to be lieut., v. H. P. Airey, who resigns; Gent. cadet J. D. Hallett, from Royal Military College, to be ensign, v. Lloyd.

109th Foot.—Staff Asst. surg. D. C. Grosse to be asst. surg., v. N. Carter, dec.

MEDICAL DEPARTMENT.

Asst. surg. R. Adams, M.D., from 81st foot, to be staff asst. surg., v. D. C. Grosse, app. to 109th foot.

BREVET.

Lieut. col. J. De M. M. Prior, 6th drags., having completed the qualifying service in the rank of lieut. colonel, to be colonel, under the Royal Warrant of Oct. 14, 1858.

2nd Capt. B. L. Forster, R.A., to be major. Sen. Apothecary G. Haldwell, Madras medical estab., to have local and hon. rank of asst. surg.

THE MADRAS BANK has just declared a dividend for the past year, free of income-tax, at the rate of 12 per cent. per annum, amounting in all to Rs. 2,25,000. We observe that the net profits for the half-year just ended amounts to Rs. 2,21,905-4-10; and that the premium realised on the new stock was Rs. 94,448-12. The reserved fund, which on 31st December last amounted to four lacs, now amounts to Rs. 4,83,443-12.

CAMPBELLPOOR.—The military station near Attock, generally called "Campbellpoor," but sometimes "Kamilpoor," or "Kamalpoor," is, by order of the supreme Government, to bear the name of Campbellpoor in future.—*Mofussilite*.

To Correspondents.

All letters for insertion in *Allen's Indian Mail* should be accompanied with the real name and address of the writer, "not necessarily for publication, but as a guarantee of good faith."

Communications for the Editor, and Advertisements, should be sent under cover to Messrs. WM. H. ALLEN & Co., 13, Waterloo-place, S.W.

•• Should any delay or irregularity occur in supplying this Paper, communication of the fact to the Publisher will insure a remedy.

ALLEN'S INDIAN MAIL,

TUESDAY, August 15, 1865.

THE GREAT RENT CASE.

THE judgments on the Rent Case occupy 92 octavo pages of a supplement to the *Bengal Hurkaru*, and are obviously too long for insertion in these columns. It will be convenient, therefore, if, with our remarks on the subject, we embody the main points of their Lordships' opinions on either side.

The case is of no account, save for the important principle involved in the issue. Thakooranee Dosse, widow of Bungsheedhur Ghose, was the appellant, and Bisheshur Mookerjee and others were the respondents in a special appeal from a decree passed by the Judge of the 24-Pergunnahs, dated the 10th of May, 1864, affirming a decree of the Deputy Collector of that district, dated 17th March, 1864. Baboo Dwarka Nath Mitter, Mr. R. E. Twidale and others appeared for the appellant, and Mr. R. V. Doyne, Baboo Kishenkishore Ghose and others for the respondents. Mr. J. T. Woodroffe was heard on behalf of Mr. J. Hills. All the judges substantially concurred in the decision of Mr. Justice Trevor, the Chief Justice alone adhering to the former decision of himself and Justices Kemp and Bayley in the case of Isshur Ghose.

Mr. Justice Trevor explained the nature of the case to this effect:—The plaintiff sued for a kubooleut from the defendant at a rent higher than that which he has paid in past years, on the ground of the increased value of the produce of the lands. The defendant claimed to hold at a fixed rent, but his claim has been disallowed, and he has been declared to have only a right of occupancy. With a view of fixing the rent to which the zemindar is entitled, the Division Court remanded the suit; but in consequence of conflicting decisions on the point, it was in doubt as to the particular principle on which the calculation should be made. It therefore referred the subject to the Court at large in the following terms:—

1st. When there has been any increase in the value of the produce arising simply from a rise in prices, and not from the agency either of the zemindar or the ryots, and the zemindar is entitled to a new kubooleut from an occupancy ryot for an enhanced rent at fair and equitable rates, is the fair and equitable rate to be awarded that which might be obtained by commercial competition in the market, or is it a rate to be determined by the custom of the neighbourhood in regard to the same class of ryots?

2nd. If the customary rate of the neighbourhood has not been adjusted with reference to the increased value of the produce, then on what principle is the customary rate to be adjusted?

After disposing of certain objections taken to the form of the present action the Judge went on to consider the relative rights of the Government, zemindars, and ryots in Bengal, before the enactment of Act X. of 1859; second, the effect, if any, which Act X. had on the previous relation of zemindars and ryots; and, thirdly, the principle which, under the circumstances set forth in the question put to the Court and under their present relation, should be adopted in the adjustment of their rents. In the earliest times the gross produce of the soil was, in some places, of right shared between the King, the village landholders, and the permanent, or khood-kasht tenants who cultivated the land of the villages in which they resided. At the time of Menu the proportion legally claimed by the King was one-sixth. The settlement of Torun Mull was, according to Sir John Shore, formed by collecting, through the medium of the Canoongees and other inferior officers, the amount of the rents paid by the ryots, which served as its basis. Under this settlement, which was made about 1582, and remained essentially in force for many years, the gross produce of the land was divided into certain proportions between the sovereign and the husbandman, the share of the former being from one-half to one-eighth, the zemindars with whom the settlement was made receiving in Bengal a portion of the land or its produce for their use and subsistence, under the name of Wankar, which did not in the aggregate exceed 1 per cent. of the revenues collected by them. The rate of rent or revenue to be paid by each ryot under the settlement of Torun Mull, and which represents a portion of the gross produce converted into money, was, in after time, designated the ussul or original rate, to distinguish it from those taxes or cesses which were subsequently imposed. The cesses from the time of Jaffir Khan, that is, since the reign of Aurungzabe, at the beginning of the eighteenth century, became an acknowledged Soobadaree impost. Between Torun Mull and Jaffir Khan these cesses amounted to an arbitrary raising of the customary rent, not felt by the tenantry, owing to the extension of commerce and influx of silver. In the last years of Mahomedan rule arbitrary imposts were exacted. After the acquisition of the Dewanny by the East India Company, the settlement, sometimes quinquennial, but generally annual, was

made sometimes with the zemindar and sometimes with strangers, who at auction bid over the head of the zemindar himself. In order to stop the exactions and abuses incidental to this state of things, the Decennial, afterwards the Perpetual Settlement, was introduced. Under this Settlement zemindars, though recognised as actual proprietors, had not absolute rights; indeed, said Mr. Justice Trevor, "the notion of an absolute estate in land is as alien from the regulation law as it is from the old Hindoo or Mahomedan law of the country." The rights of tenants he divided into two classes—the khood-kasht kudeemee, and the simple khood-kasht—that is to say, those who had been in possession for more than twelve years before the settlement, and those who had only held for a shorter period. For a long time the zemindars were prohibited from granting leases for more than ten years; but when, in 1812, the restriction was withdrawn, the new law did not over-ride the rights of khood-kasht ryots to hold at the pergunnah rate—that is to say, the ussul or original rate, the rate of Torun Mull. However, the rights of this class were held to be insufficiently protected, and hence Act X. of 1859. Under that Act all ryots, of whatever description, are entitled to leases at fair and equitable rates; and the point to be decided was—what rates are fair and equitable under the circumstances? "It appears to me," said his lordship, "that it was the intention of the legislature to place the ryot whose rights were created by Act X. in exactly the same position as all other tenants with a right of occupancy held under the old regulations, and this notwithstanding that recent legislation had curtailed the rights which he enjoyed under those old laws."

After quoting Mr. John Stuart Mill in support of custom in such cases as opposed to competition, which has only in recent times become the governing principle of contract, Mr. Justice Trevor came to the conclusion that "as the rent now paid represents the customary rent, it represents, on the view which I have adopted, that proportion of the gross produce calculated in money to which the zemindar was entitled; and as the increase in the produce has arisen from circumstances independent both of the zemindar and the ryot, the zemindar is entitled to a rise in his rent proportionate to the increased value of his share of the produce. The formula, then, by which this increase should be determined seems to me to be the following:—The value of the gross produce before the alleged alteration in the same is to the rent which the land then bore, as the altered value of the produce is to the rent which should be assessed on it, or, in another form, the old rent must bear to the new rent the same

proportion as the former value of the produce of the soil bears to its present value."

The other judges concurred with Mr. Justice Trevor, with some qualifications which did not interfere with the main question, the only dissentient being the Chief Justice. Sir Barnes Peacock did not believe that even before the permanent settlement every cultivator who resided in the village in which his lands were situate, whether let into possession for a term or only as a tenant-at-will or to hold from year to year, necessarily became a khodd-khast ryot. Authorities in the late Sudder Court decided that the landlord *was entitled to enhance his rent to the full actual value of the land at which it had been assessed by the first Court.* Adhering to his former decision, he considered that to hold that the Legislature intended to confer rights of occupancy which did not previously exist at rents lower than such as could be reasonably obtained from new ryots, would, in his opinion, be giving a construction to the Act which would render it an unjust interference with the vested rights of the landowners in the permanently settled districts, and a violation of the engagement which at the time of the permanent settlement was made with them by Government. He could not think that the Legislature by using the words "fair and equitable rates" intended to give a ryot who obtained possession only twelve years ago when he had no right to the right to the land, and when the zemindar was not even bound to accept him as a ryot, or to admit him into possession, any proprietary rights which would entitle him, without express contract, to participate in any increase in the value of the produce of the land not caused by his own agency or at his expense. It would surprise landowners in England if they were to find that, by an Act having retrospective effect, or by a construction put upon the words "fair and equitable," tenants who had held under leases for ninety-nine years at a nominal rent, or had held for twenty years as tenants from year to year at very low rents, had acquired rights of occupancy, and that at the expiration of the leases, or upon the determination of the tenancies, they were not merely not bound to quit, but were entitled to hold on at a lower rate than the landowners could obtain from new tenants. Referring to some remarks made by Mr. Justice Campbell, Sir Barnes added :—

"If he would refer to the proceedings of the Legislative Council for 1859, on the motion of Mr. Ricketts, at page 222 he would find equally legitimate evidence that it was not in fact the intention of the legislature, when using the words 'fair and equitable,' to render the Pergunnah rates, or customary rates, or the rates payable by similar ryots for similar lands in the neighbourhood, the standard for determining what would be fair and equitable. It could not have been left to the landowner to fix his own rent, without enabling him to frustrate the

intention to give a right of occupancy; for, if he could fix his own rent, he could easily compel the ryot to abandon his holding. There is nothing in the words 'fair and equitable' which necessitates injustice to the landowners, or such a construction to be put upon the Act as to render it a violation of the engagement made with the zeminders at the time of the Permanent Settlement. What is just and equitable in each case is left to the Courts, and was intended to be left to them. What is fair and equitable for an old ryot who has a prescriptive right to a certain proportion of net or gross produce is not necessarily fair and equitable for the modern ryot or for one who has occupied for a period of 12 years only at the same rent at which he was let in, or at a rent from time to time enhanced or diminished by agreement without reference to any fixed principles."

How, asked the Chief Justice, can it be said that the landowner enjoys exclusively the benefit of the public assessments being fixed for ever, when—as he showed by calculations of the working of the "proportion" rule—the ryot gets four-sevenths and the landowner only three-sevenths of the net increase? If any rule of proportion is to be applied as a test of what is fair and equitable, which he denied, the rule that the ryot's net profit under the new circumstances shall bear the same proportion to the present net value of produce as the former net profit did to the former net value, would be more fair and equitable than the proposed rule of proportion. In that case the new rent would bear the same proportion to the present net value as the former rent did to the former net value. If we were entitled to do what is roughly equitable, instead of deciding upon accurate and correct principles, he thought the most equitable thing would be to give the landowner three-fourths, and the tenant one-fourth of the net increase according to the rule adopted in the North-Western Provinces of giving Government one-half, and allowing the land-owner to increase his rents upon his ryots until they amount to half as much again. If we went back to early days in search of customary rights, we should fail to discover any custom under which the ryots received as much as one-half or even one-fourth of the net produce after paying all the expenses of production, or that when a money rent was fixed a ryot having a right of occupancy had a right to prevent the landowner from increasing it beyond the proportion which such money rent, when fixed, bore to the gross value of produce. To raise the *status* of the ryot, and, instead of leaving him as an agricultural labourer without capital or property, to convert him into a co-proprietor with interests equal to or greater than those of the zemindar, would doubtless be very benevolent if one were to do so at his own expense. But for the Legislature to do so by sacrificing the rights of the zemindar would, so far from being fair and equitable, be an act of the greatest injustice. "I cannot," said the Chief Justice, "think that the words 'fair and equitable' ought to receive such a con-

struction as that proposed to be put upon them. Entertaining the opinion which, after much reflection and labour, I have formed in this case, I feel that I should not be justified in yielding that opinion out of deference to those of my learned colleagues. On the contrary, I should consider that I was holding that the Legislature, in passing Act X. of 1859, had violated the engagement which the Government made with the zeminders at the time of the Permanent Settlement, and had exercised a power which Government stated no longer existed when in Regulation II. of 1793 they declared, in the most emphatic language, that 'No power would then exist in this country by which the rights vested in the landholders by the Regulations could be infringed, or the value of the landed property affected; that land must in consequence become the most desirable of all property, and the industry of the people would be directed to those improvements in agriculture which were as essential to their own welfare as to the prosperity of the State.'"

The judgment of Sir Barnes Peacock—which is of course over-ruled by that of his colleagues—is one of undeniable ability; but it is perhaps better—under present circumstances—that the decision in the case should be made upon what he calls "roughly equitable" principles, than upon the strictly "accurate and correct" principles which he so well lays down. The present decision is not satisfactory, since it most distinctly infringes proprietary rights, and gives to the ryots advantages which, before their interests became a party question, they could never have asked or expected. But, on the other hand, the legal and logical conclusions of the Chief Justice would still less have been accepted as a settlement, and might have led to disturbing if not dangerous influences. The fault lies in the state of the law, the meaning of which, whether for right or wrong, must be made clear and distinct before such an important question as the present can be finally set at rest. While Act X. of 1859 remains liable to be misunderstood no decision of the judges will be contentedly received; and the compromise which has been arrived at, while avoiding a violent change, does not shut the door against legislative action.

CORRESPONDENCE.

THE INDIAN ARMY.—SECOND SERIES.
No. VI.

TO THE EDITOR OF "ALLEN'S INDIAN MAIL."

SIR,—In the month of January, 1857, the Hindoostani portion of the Bengal Army consisted of seventy-three regiments of infantry, ten of regular cavalry, and eighteen of irregular cavalry. By the latter end of May of the same year sixty-

three regiments of regular infantry, the whole ten regiments of regular cavalry, and one-half of the irregulars, having first murdered their European officers and families within reach of them, deserted with their arms, took possession of the stores, ammunition, and treasure wherever they found them, and having broken open the felons' jails went into open rebellion against the Government.

Thus, an army of 86,000 men, with their native commissioned and non-commissioned officers, was broken up, and nearly 10,000 cavalry and 63,000 infantry was arraigned against the Government. Of the eleven regiments of infantry which were not guilty of murder and desertion, only one, now styled the *Loyal Poorbeah, par excellence*, became entitled to that epithet, from its fidelity to the Government in the siege of Lucknow. Two others, the 21st and the 70th, after having mutinied at Barrackpore, were first disarmed, then pardoned, and allowed to work out their fidelity on shipboard, to serve with the Indian Army in China. The other eight corps were disarmed under strong suspicion, but they at the end of the war in 1859 were again embodied in the new Bengal army, of which I shall hereafter have to speak.

The siege of Delhi was brought to an end before the arrival of European aid, mainly, if not entirely, by the energy of Sir John Lawrence and his officers, and by the loyalty and zeal of the Sikhs and Pathans pushed forward from the Punjab. The alacrity with which they flew to our aid is vividly described by the Duke of Argyll in his review of the administration of Lord Canning:—

"When the small brigade which could be formed at Meerut moved out to advance on Delhi the first important accession of strength which it acquired was the Sirmonee Battalion of Goorkhas. To this body was entrusted the key of our position, and it lost half its numbers in killed and wounded. The ponderous siege trains wended their laborious way to the same point under the escort of the Nabha Contingent, and of Farquhar's Beloochees. There was the Jheend Horse; there was the Cashmere Contingent; there was the Mooltanee Horse; there was the Kumaon Battalion; there were Coke's Pathan Borderers. On the burning ridge from which our little band maintained the siege no louder cheers were given than when the Punjab Guides came bounding into camp on the morning of the 9th June. From whence had they come, and how? From the far frontier of Peshawur—a distance of more than 600 miles—marching at the rate of twenty-seven miles a day every day for three weeks, at a season when the thermometer was 110 deg. in the shade! Nor did they fight less bravely than they marched. Within a few hours of their arrival they were in fierce and triumphant action with the enemy." On this occasion their gallant leader was mortally wounded, and on his death-bed he said with a smile to those around it, "*Dulce et decorum est pro patria mori.*"

The reviewer goes on to say, "The three columns which assaulted Delhi amounted together to 2,850 men. Of these 1,425

(a clear majority) were native soldiers. Of the reserve column, numbering 1,200 men, 950 were native and only 250 Europeans." The principal gate of the city being blown open at considerable loss, the troops entered at three points, where the enemy met them, defending house after house, and street after street, during seven days, till on the 24th September Delhi fell, in which assault the British lost one-half of the storming parties, among whom was the gallant young General Nicholson, who led the first column. The besiegers were not in sufficient strength to invest the city, which was built on the bank of a broad river. This circumstance enabled the enemy to receive reinforcements from time to time, but they were not admitted as friends till they had evinced their fidelity by making a sally on the besiegers, of which twenty instances occurred during the operations in the twelve weeks of open trenches. In that time the force lost three successive commanders—Major-general Sir H. Bernard died at an early part of the siege; he was succeeded by Major-general Read, who soon after left on account of his health; the Commander-in-Chief (the Hon. Lieut.-gen. Anson) was on the road to assume the command when he died of the cholera, and his place was ably supplied in the person of Sir Archdale Wilson, who conducted the operations with success, and received honours at the hand of his Sovereign.

Meanwhile Cawnpore was lost, in spite of the utmost gallantry, owing to the treachery of Nana Dhondo Punt. Lucknow was reinforced by the gallantry of Sir H. Havelock's force, which was accompanied by the brave and chivalrous Sir James Outram, and was eventually relieved, and the conquest of Oude achieved under Sir Colin Campbell, the late Lord Clyde. Sir James Outram thus describes the scientific operations of the siege, regarding which he observes, "I am aware of no parallel in our series of mines in modern warfare. Twenty-one shafts, aggregating 200 feet in depth, and 23,921 feet of gallery, have been executed. The enemy advanced twenty times against the palaces and outposts. On these occasions they exploded three mines, which caused no loss of life, and two which did no injury. Seven have been blown in, and out of seven others the enemy have been driven, and their galleries taken possession of by our miners," results of which our Addiscombe College may well be proud.

The relief and capture of Lucknow took place after some hard fighting on the 19th November, 1857. The Oudh war, however, had only begun, and it was not till on the same day in the following year that Sir Colin Campbell reported the subjection of Oudh, and the destruction of its fortifications, and the disarming of a population capable of providing upwards of a million of men fit to bear arms. The official enumeration of forts and arms is as follows:—

1,584 Forts and Castles.			
Cannons	...	...	693
Fire arms	...	...	189,937
Swords	...	...	574,656
Spears	...	...	50,914
Side arms	...	...	640,259

Total of all descriptions ... 1,450,029

There is, however, a remarkable feature

in the operations of the Sepoy war that occurs to a military mind, which is that, although in the sieges of Delhi and Lucknow, as well after being driven out of Jhansi, when the Sepoys retired in squares and repelled the charges of the British cavalry, when they displayed their usual courage, yet they evinced a want of knowledge of the higher branches of tactics in the field. They made no attempts on our baggage and supplies. They made no night attacks, and they never secured their flanks in pitched battles, by which neglect they suffered defeat from fewer numbers. In these respects they proved themselves inferior to the Sikh forces, which so gallantly contested the palm with the British troops in the wars of 1845 and 1849 in the Punjab, against Lord Gough. The contrast between these operations and those during the Sepoy war is to be found in the difference of the organisation of the English and the Sikh regulars. The former had no officers of a higher rank than commanders of companies, whereas the latter had their field officers, brigadiers, generals of division, and commanders of armies, and were skilled and experienced in military tactics.

Wherever in our own territory we can find a military aristocracy suited to the description of organisation of the Sikh army there does not occur the same necessity for many European officers, but these must be selected from a large body trained among natives, otherwise we shall have them cut to pieces by their own men, as has been too often the case when the feelings of the latter have been outraged. On such occasions the perpetrators of such deeds act without reference to the consequence, however certain and fatal to themselves.

Where, however, there does not exist a description of military chiefs fitted to become officers at once without rising from the ranks, it then becomes requisite to supply their place by European officers' from the grade of subaltern to that of general. If, indeed, the authorities imagine that our own security and the efficiency of the local army can be obtained by leaving the internal economy of regular regiments in the hands of uneducated men entering the service on 51d. a day, and doing private's duty as a rule for several years before they even attain the grade of a lance corporal, they are building castles on sand, into which the edifices will eventually sink and bring upon ourselves certain ruin.

With these sentiments I conclude the second series of these letters, and in another series I hope to be able to point out the errors which the present system involves, and how these errors may be corrected.

J. B.

Oriental Club, Aug. 10, 1865.

COURT OF BANKRUPTCY.—Aug. 12.
[Before Mr. Registrar WINSLOW, as Commissioner.]

RE WILLIAM PETRIE WAUGH.

The bankrupt, whose name is familiar to the public as having been connected with the Eastern Banking Corporation, applied to pass his last examination, and for an order of discharge. The present liabilities were of comparatively small amount, and there were no

available assets. It will be recollected that Colonel Waugh recently obtained a certificate under a former bankruptcy in respect of debts to an enormous amount incurred prior to 1857. He being subsequently arrested and detained upon judgments upon debts contracted since his first bankruptcy, filed his own petition, which, however, was dismissed, owing to the omission from the accounts of a judgment debt due to Lord Garvagh. The bankrupt was ultimately again adjudicated upon the petition of a creditor.

Mr. Chidley appeared for the assignee, and said he was instructed to offer no opposition.

Mr. Bagley opposed for Mr. Levitt, an accountant, a creditor upon a bill of exchange for £70, and required an amendment of the accounts, and also a deficiency account.

The bankrupt underwent a lengthened examination by Mr. Bagley as to the accuracy of the accounts filed, and particularly as to the disposal of the advowson of the living at Branksea Island, deposited as collateral security with two creditors for advances made from time to time.

Mr. Robertson Griffiths re-examined the bankrupt, who deposed as follows:—He gave the bill to Mr. Levitt partly as a present for services rendered as his confidential accountant during his former bankruptcy. Mr. Levitt handed him £10 out of the bill, which he (bankrupt) gave to the clerks of Mr. C. Brown, the accountant, as a reward for their exertions. That was all the consideration he had received for the £70 bill in his behalf. The advowson at Branksea belonged to his aunt, and was worth about £1,200. That lady allowed him to deposit the title to the next presentation to the living to two of his present creditors as security for about £600 for advances made to him. The accounts filed were the best he was capable of preparing. He had voluntarily filed a cash account for twelve months before the bankruptcy, although not ordered to do so by the court.

Mr. Robertson Griffiths commenced his address on behalf of the bankrupt, but was stopped by the Court; and

His Honour, having gone very minutely over all the objections raised to the accounts, said that he did not think there were sufficient facts before him to induce him (the Commissioner) to adjourn the sitting for amendment of the accounts. The bankrupt had voluntarily filed a cash account, which ought not to be considered with the same technical strictness as one filed by order of the Court. He (the Commissioner) could not see that the creditors would be at all benefited by the filing of further accounts, believing, as he did, that it would not lead to the discovery of any estate. The advowson alluded to, judging from the evidence, belonging to a relation of the bankrupt; and as to the deficiency account, that was stated to extend over a period of eight years. As the bankrupt had appeared to have suffered much by his lengthened imprisonment, he (the Commissioner) thought that the bankrupt might now pass his examination and receive his order of discharge.

The judgment of the learned Commissioner was followed by slight manifestations of applause, which were promptly checked by the officers of the court.

DIRECT COMMISSIONS.

The following are the names of the successful candidates in the recent examination at Chelsea Hospital for direct commissions:—

Order.	Index No.	Marks.
1. Laurell, W. G. ...	138 ...	6,678
2. Hay, C. D. ...	14 ...	6,167
3. Garrett, A. J. ...	60 ...	6,000
4. Coppinger, T. S. ...	13 ...	5,899
5. Knollys, L. F. ...	133 ...	5,840
6. Langhorne, A. R. M. ...	93 ...	5,838
7. Thompson, R. F. ...	71 ...	5,799
8. Wyatt-Edgell, E. V. ...	127 ...	5,763
9. Currey, C. H. ...	112 ...	5,448

Order.	Index No.	Marks.
10. Wilson, M. W. ...	36 ...	5,287
11. Talbot, Hon. Richd. W. ...	103 ...	5,252
12. Jee, E. A. ...	144 ...	5,249
13. Thorpe, G. W. ...	22 ...	4,821
14. Furner, H. G. ...	80 ...	4,691
15. Brown, J. W. L'Estrange		
H. ...	39 ...	4,636
16. Campbell, G. ...	105 ...	4,612
17. Tombs, H. W. ...	33 ...	4,358
18. Bertram, F. G. ...	8 ...	4,179
19. Fowler, J. B. ...	139 ...	4,065
20. Magrath, E. ...	137 ...	4,063
21. Dallas, R. C. F. ...	136 ...	3,952
22. Collingwood, A. B. ...	68 ...	3,762
23. Maul, R. C. ...	25 ...	3,746
24. Phipps, A. A. ...	113 ...	3,460
25. Scott, John Thomson ...	123 ...	3,440
26. Scott, Edward William ...	41 ...	3,433
27. Turnbull, H. F. ...	69 ...	3,425
28. Courtenay, G. C. O. ...	38 ...	3,290
29. Eyton, P. ...	23 ...	3,283
30. Terry, H. D. ...	86 ...	3,175
31. Barnard, J. H. ...	114 ...	3,086
32. Fife, A. G. ...	98 ...	3,078
33. Langlands, J. S. ...	141 ...	3,060
34. Taylor, J. B. M. ...	102 ...	3,057
35. Partridge, C. E. ...	59 ...	3,044
36. Taylor, J. M. ...	132 ...	3,024
37. Dalzell, R. H. C. ...	19 ...	2,996
38. Cavendish, W. T. ...	74 ...	2,936
39. Dunlop, J. H. ...	1 ...	2,928
40. Tufton, H. J. ...	90 ...	2,926
41. Bouchier, R. E. ...	122 ...	2,786
42. Fludyer, H. ...	62 ...	2,709
43. MacLaine, M. G. ...	35 ...	2,638
44. Welch, Francis ...	20 ...	2,637
45. Gaskell, H. B. ...	17 ...	2,621
46. Broughton, W. B. ...	120 ...	2,525
47. Innes, A. ...	83 ...	2,513
48. Burton, W. C. ...	75 ...	2,497
49. Johnson, W. ...	104 ...	2,447
50. Stracey, G. H. C. ...	77 ...	2,417
51. Clerly, T. G. ...	124 ...	2,341
52. Atkinson, A. H. ...	29 ...	2,291
53. Fox, E. ...	121 ...	2,271
54. Forster, A. S. B. ...	116 ...	2,249
55. Sutherland, H. B. ...	72 ...	2,216
56. Yard, A. C. ...	95 ...	2,180
57. James, E. C. F. ...	16 ...	2,176
58. Price, H. S. ...	130 ...	2,163
59. France, H. H. A. ...	134 ...	2,150
60. Smith, G. J. ...	106 ...	2,138
61. Oldham, W. H. ...	26 ...	2,097
62. Grosvenor, Hon. A. H. ...	63 ...	2,083
63. Taylor, R. O. A. ...	101 ...	2,038
64. Crofton, M. E. ...	142 ...	1,977
65. Crowe, Thomas ...	42 ...	1,950
66. M'Ilwaine, A. L. ...	135 ...	1,933
67. Rivis, T. E. ...	47 ...	1,886
68. Moyers, W. ...	44 ...	1,850
69. Sheringham, A. W. ...	119 ...	1,824

MISCELLANEOUS.

LETTERS, &C., FOR JAPAN.—The Postmaster-General announces that arrangements have been made with the French Post-office, by which in future letters and printed papers may be forwarded to Japan by a new line of French mail packets running between Shanghai and Yokohama. Packets leave Marseilles on the 19th of each month for Alexandria, in correspondence with a line from Suez, &c. Letters intended for this route must be posted in or reach London never later than for the day mail to France on the 18th, and when that day is a Sunday, for the night mail on the 17th of each month; and the letters must be superscribed, "By French mail packet from Marseilles." Letters will be charged: $\frac{1}{2}$ oz., 1s. 4d.; above $\frac{1}{2}$ oz. and up to 1 oz., 2s. 8d.; above 1 oz. and up to 2 oz., 5s. 4d.; above 2 oz. and up to 3 oz., 8s.; every additional ounce, 2s. 8d. Registration will double the rate of postage. Newspapers 3d. each, not exceeding 4 oz. Other printed papers not exceeding $\frac{1}{2}$ lb., 6d.; above $\frac{1}{2}$ lb. and not exceeding $\frac{1}{2}$ lb., 1s.; above $\frac{1}{2}$ lb. and not exceeding 1 lb., 2s.; every additional $\frac{1}{2}$ lb., 1s.

TROOPS FROM INDIA.—The *Lady Melville*, freight-ship, arrived at Spithead on Monday, with a number of time-expired men from Calcutta.

LOCOMOTIVE COTTON PRESS COMPANY.—At a meeting of this company, in their offices, 60, Gracechurch-street, on Wednesday, the 9th inst., it appeared that some of the shareholders had not confidence in the prospects of the company, and in opposition to the resolution of the directors to continue operations in India, a suggestion was made by Mr. Heenan that the company be wound up. Of the twenty-four shareholders present eleven voted in favour of the winding up, and eleven (including the directors) against it, two remaining neutral; but on counting the proxies there was a majority of 989 in favour of the views of the directors, as against 375 for the winding up. Mr. W. H. Smith (recently returned from India) was chairman.

CALCUTTA AND CHINA MAILS.—SOUTHAMPTON, August 11.—The Peninsular and Oriental Steam Navigation Company's steamer *Poonah*, with the heavy portion of the above mails, has arrived here. She brings 87 passengers and a general cargo, including 1,388 bales of raw silk to the value of £90,000. The cholera appears to be gradually creeping westward. The towns on the eastern coast of Spain, in their dread of the introduction of the epidemic, are imposing the quarantine on each other.

DESPATCH OF THE BOMBAY MAILS.—The Peninsular and Oriental Company's steamship *Delta*, Captain Kellock, sailed from Southampton on Saturday afternoon, with the mails for Gibraltar, the Mediterranean, Egypt, Aden, Bombay, and Upper Bengal. She took out 27 first and 34 second-class passengers; and on freight, for Bombay, 430 boxes specie value £121,600, in bar silver, and £578 watches, jewellery, &c. Amongst the passengers by this mail are Lieuts. Woodland, Mackenzie, Clark, and Hawkes, Capt. Campbell, and Ensigns Yard, Cowan, and Clarke.

BOMBAY AND MAURITIUS MAIL.—The Peninsular and Oriental Company's steamship *Ceylon*, with the heavy portion of this mail, arrived on the 15th inst. at Southampton, with sixty-two passengers, £6,035 in specie, and 100 packages of cargo. The cholera had appeared at Gibraltar and at Valencia. A quarantine of five days had been imposed at Malaga, and of seven days at Tangier and the Barbary ports, on vessels from Gibraltar. The Sultan of Morocco has reimposed the prohibition on the importation of sulphur into Moorish ports. He is about to send an embassy to Paris.

ORDER OF THE BATH.—War-office, Aug. 9.—The Queen has been graciously pleased to give orders for the appointment of Daniel Brooke Robertson, Esq., her Majesty's Consul at Canton, to be an Ordinary Member of the Civil Division of the Third Class, or Companions of the Most Honourable Order of the Bath.

THE ATTEMPTED MURDER OF MAJOR DE VERE.—The unfortunate officer Major De Vere, who was shot on the 11th inst. at Brompton Barracks, Chatham, by a soldier named Curry, formerly served in India and China. Yesterday afternoon Major De Vere was still living, but slight hopes were entertained of his recovery.

AGRA AND MASTERMAN'S BANK.—The directors have declared an *ad interim* dividend at the rate of 10 per cent. per annum (£1. 5s. per share), with a bonus of 15s. per share, being together equal to 16 per cent. per annum, or £2 per share for the half-year ended 30th June last.

SHIPPING.

ARRIVALS.

Aug. 7. Albert Victor, Bombay.—8. Conqueror, Rangoon; Eloisa, Bombay; Marian Moore, Calcutta.—9. British Trident, Calcutta; Isabella Blyth, Mauritius; Kingdom of Fife, Madras; Walmer Castle, Kurrachee; Shepherd, Colombo; Salamanca, Kurrachee; str. Velocity, Calcutta; Countess of Sefton, Akyab.—11. City of Berlin, Calcutta; City of Pekin, Bombay; Henry Fernie, Bombay; Myrtle, Bombay; Britan-

nia, Akyah; Ludwig Holm, Bassein; British Crown, Bassein; India, Bassein; Julia, Akyah; Laertes, Akyah—12. Garland, Cochia; British Crown, Singapore; Sarah Newman, Rangoon; Lochlomar, Rangoon; British Constitution, Calicut; Mystery, Bombay; Tudor, Rangoon; Helen Wallace, Madras; Goshawk, Bombay; Sarawak, Bombay; Latona, Rangoon; Dnapore, Calicut; Peerless, Bombay; Stratton Audley, Kurrachee; Alval, Akyah; Italia, Rangoon; Longrigg, Akyah; Emma, Batavia; Courser, Moulmein; W. H. Prescott, Akyah; Enoch Bonner, Rangoon; Sultana, Akyah; Mary Whitridge, Akyah—14. Devonvale, Penang; Southern Belle, Calcutta; Greenville, Colombo; Westborough, Ceylon; Nor' Western, Tuticorin; Japhne, Kurrachee; Calliope, Mauritius; Express, Calcutta; Merchantman, Madras; Enchantress, Madras; Winalow, Colombo; Rhoda, Calcutta; Regia, Colombo; William Briton, Calicut; Sydney, Kurrachee; Africana, Akyah; Seringspantam, Akyah; Royal Sovereign, Calcutta; Sam Cearna, Calcutta; Herald, Bombay; Bertram, Bombay; Western Belle, Bombay; Crisge, Bombay; Cowrajee Johangee, Bombay; Cherwell, Bombay; Ottone, Akyah; Diana, Akyah.

DEPARTURES.

Aug. 7. Empress Augustina, Aden; Empire of Peace, Aden.—8. Lady Palmerston, Calcutta; Governor-General, Calcutta; Cambay, Calcutta.—9. Countess Russell, Bombay; Dunbar Castle, Calcutta; Hotspur, Calcutta.

PASSENGERS DEPARTED.

Per Overland Route.

From Southampton, per str. Delta, Aug. 12.—To BOMBAY.—Mr. A. Senior, Mr. Annibal, Mr. M. Leomon, Lieut. V. Woodland, Lieut. G. and Mrs. Mackenzie, Mr. J. Robertson, Miss M. Nelson, Mrs. Bowell.

From Marseilles, per str. Euxine.—To BOMBAY.—Miss Ballard, Mr. W. Thompson, Mr. H. S. Maine, Mr. Clark, Mr. W. Bouton, Mr. H. Somerville, Mr. S. S. Solomon, Mr. Pittman, Mr. T. W. Taylor, Lieut. Malden, Capt. and Mrs. Holberton, Miss Cox, Dr. Livingstone.

DOMESTIC.

BIRTHS.

DAVIES—The wife of Capt. L. B. J. Davies, Bengal Army, of a daughter, at Rose-cottage, Walton-on-the-Naze, Aug. 6.

PRINGLE—The wife of Dr. Fringle, late Madras Army, of a son, at Bearehill, Brechin, Aug. 8.

MARRIAGES.

GRANT—BATHE.—H. M. Grant, Esq., Bombay Revenue Survey, to Elizabeth, daughter of the late Anthony Bathe, Esq., at St. Mary's, Spring-grove, Aug. 8.

IRVING—THOROLD.—Alexander B. Irving, Esq., Captain Madras Staff Corps, to Grace E. T., only child of the late Benjamin W. Thorold, Esq., of Harmston-hall, Lincolnshire, at St. Michael and All Angels' Church, Paddington, Aug. 9.

JAMIESON—AIREY.—Rev. John A. Jamieson, M.A., son of Quintin Jamieson, Esq., M.D., late of the Madras Horse Artillery, to Emily P., daughter of Henry C. Airey, Esq., of Grosvenor-place, Bath, at the Abbey Church, Bath, Aug. 7.

PRATT—GILBERT.—Thomas A. C. Pratt, Chaplain Madras Presidency, to Anne M. C., eldest daughter of the late Thomas Gilbert, Esq., at Walcot Church, Bath, Aug. 8.

PREVITE—BUXTON.—Joseph W., son of the late Joseph Previte, Esq., of Calcutta, to Therese, daughter of Edward Buxton, Esq., of Aston, Middlesex, at Christ Church, Ealing, Aug. 9.

SCOTT—MANSELL.—Major Robert Scott, Paymaster of the 87th (Royal Irish Fusiliers), to Dora Adelaide, daughter of the late Capt. Henry Mansell, 39th Regt., at St. Peter Port, Guernsey, Aug. 9.

SHERIFFS—MINCHIN.—Charles E. Sheriffs, Lieut. H.M.'s 30th M.N.I., to Ellen E., eldest daughter of the Rev. Champneys Minchin, Rector of St. Mildred's, Poultry, and St. Mary, Colechurch, at St. James Norland, Notting-hill, Aug. 10.

WATERFIELD—HILL.—Henry A. W. Waterfield, Esq., Bengal Army, to Eliza Agnes Harriett, elder daughter of J. M. Hill, Esq., 23, Pembroke-square, Bayswater, at All Saints', Kensington-park, Aug. 8.

WELLESLEY—COTTON.—Henry R. E. Wellesley, Captain 1st Madras Light Cavalry, to Mary L., daughter of the Rev. N. Cotton, at St. Mark's Church, St. Helier's, Jersey, Aug. 9.

DISMISSAL OF UNCOVENANTED SERVANTS.—

A Principal Sudder Ameen recently appealed to the Viceroy against Mr. Beadon, with a view to have his dismissal by the Lieut.-Governor cancelled. The Viceroy in calling for an explanation of the matter took occasion at the same time to ask the Bengal Government for a report as to the mode in which this class of officers is appointed or dismissed. It is said that Sir John Lawrence contemplates introducing some changes in this direction.—*Hurkaru*.

INDIA EXCHANGES.

BANK AND COMMERCIAL BILLS.

	60 days' sight.	30 days' sight.		60 days' sight.	30 days' sight.
Calcutta	1s. 11½d.	1s. 11½d.	Singapore	4s. 2d.	4s. 3d.
Madras	1s. 11½d.	1s. 11½d.	Hong Kong	4s. 2d.	4s. 3d.
Bombay	1s. 11½d.	1s. 11½d.	Shanghai	—	—
Colombo	par	½ pm.			

STOCKS AND SECURITIES.

Shares.		Paid.	Prices.
£.	India Stock, 1874.....		217 to 218
	India 5 per cent.		104½ to 105
	India 4 per cent.		99½
	India 4 per cent. 1888		99½
	India Enforced Paper 4 pr. ct.		100½ to 1½
	India 5 p. ct. Enfd. Paper, 1873		
	India Stock, Enfd. Paper, 5½		
	per cent.		
	India Stock Debentures, 185½		95½
	India Stock Debentures, 185½		116
	" " " 1864		99½
	" " " 1864		99½
	" " " 1864		98½
	India Debentures, do., £1,000		3 dis.
	Do. 4 per cent., 1866.....		
	India 5 per cent. for account.....		105
	India 5 per cent., 1870		104½ to ½
	India 4 per cent., 1888		99½
	India Loan Scrip 5 per cent.		104½
	India Bonds, 4 p. ct. (£1,000)		15s. to 16s. pm.
	India Bonds (£1,000)		31s. to 17s. pm.
	Ditto (under £1,000)		31s. to 17s.

RAILWAYS.

Stock			
	Bombay, Baroda, and Central India (guar. 5 per ct.)	100	101 to 103
90	Ditto F Shares	6	par to ½ pm.
Stock	Calcutta & S. Eastern (lim.)	100	99 to 101
Stock	Eastern Bengal (gu. 5 p. ct.)	100	101½ to 102½
Stock	East Indian	100	102½ to 103½
90	Ditto J. Extension	15	½ to ½ pm.
Stock	3.1. Peninsula (guar. 5 p. ct.)	100	102½ to 103½
90	Ditto (New ditto)	14	½ to ½ pm.
90	Ditto, New	4	½ to ½ pm.
Stock	Great S. of India (Lim.) Scrip	100	100 to 101
Stock	Ditto 4½ p. c.	2	
Stock	Madras (guar. 4½ per ct.) ..	100	99 to 91
Stock	Ditto 5 per cent.	100	101 to 102
Stock	Ditto (guar. 4½ per cent.)	100	95 to 97
90	5th Extension	3	
Stock	Scinde 5 per cent.	100	99½ to 100½
Stock	Ditto Indus Steam Flotilla		
	(guar. 5 per ct.)	100	98 to 96 x.d.
Stock	Delhi guar. 5 per cent.	100	99½ to 100½
Stock	Ditto Delhi guar. 5 p. c.	all	100½ to 101½
20	Ditto	2	½ to ½ d.
Stock	Punjab (5 per ct.)	100	99½ to 100½

BANKS.

50	Agra and Masterman's (L.)...	25	57 to 59
20	Asiatic Banking Corp., new issue, £16 pm., on which £7. 10s. has been paid	5	
40	Australasia	all	75 to 77
40	New	all	73 to 75
25	Bank of Egypt	all	30½ to 31½
90	Chart. of Ind., Aus., & Chin.	all	25 to 27
90	Ditto, New	all	
25	Chart. Merc. of India, Lond. and China	all	45 to 47
25	Commercial Bank of India ..	all	20 to 22
100	Hindustan, China, & Japan ..	25	7 to 5 dis.
100	Do. New issue at 2 pm.	25	7 to 5
	New Issue at 6 pm., of which 1 pd.	20	8 to 6 dis.
20	Land Mortgage Bank of India	4	½ to ½ pm.
20	Oriental Bank Corporation ..	all	52 to 54
20	Scinde, Punjab, and Delhi ...	10.	4 to 3 dis.

MISCELLANEOUS.

5	Bombay Gas	all	5 to 5½
5	Second issue	4	par to ½
5	Third issue	1	
70	British Indian Tea	14	3 to 2 dis.
10	E. Assam Tea (Lim.)	14	½ d. par
20	Ceylon	7	3½ to 3½ pm.
50	Credit Foncier of Mauritius ..	10	3½ to 3½ dis.
20	Darjeeling (E.)	5	1 d. par
90	East India Irr. & Can.	10	4 to 3 dis.
50	E. I. Financial	7½	4 to 3
2	Indian Carrying (Lim.)	1	½ d. par
90	Mauritius Land Credit (Lim.) ..	9	par to ½ pm.
90	Madras Irrig. and Canal	15	1½ to ½ dis.
10	Do.	all	10 to 20
20	Mediterran. Ext. Tel. (Lim.) ..	all	3½ to 4½
90	Nerbudda Coal and Iron	5	1½ to ½ dis.
20	Do. New	2	1 d. par
10	North Assam Tea (Lim.)	1½	½ d. to par
90	Oriental Commercial (Lim.) ..	7	par to 1 pm.
50	Oriental Financial	10	8 to 7 dis.
1	Oriental Gas	all	
1	Do. New	all	
10	Oriental Inland Steam A. (L.) ..	all	1½ to 2½
50	P. and O. Steam Nav. Co.	all	75 to 78
50	Ditto New	35	18 to 20 pm.
10	Upper Assam Tea	3	½ to 4 pm.
10	Ditto	all	18 to 20

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Liverpool, Feb. 22nd, 1864. Ship *Gertrude*.

Mr. TOWLE.—Sir,—Having recently arrived from Bombay, and during our stay there myself and crew being violently attacked with dysentery, so general in India, Captain Clements, of the ship *Alarcelles*, lying near us, seeing the condition we were in, kindly sent a bottle of your Chlorodyne, from which myself and crew found immediate relief; and during the voyage home proved a most effective and valuable medicine. Having been instrumental in saving my own life and that of others, we feel it a duty and pleasure to send this statement of facts, to make what use of you think proper, believing that no vessel ought to leave port without a good supply in her medicine chest.

(Signed) GEORGE ALLEN, Chief Officer.

J. C. CONGDON, Master.

Retail by Chemists, 1s. 1d., 2s. 9d., and 4s. 6d. per bottle. Supplied Wholesale and for Export by the Manufacturer, A. P. TOWLE, Chemist, 99, Stockport-road, Manchester.

Appointed Agents: DWARKANATH, GOOTTEE, and Co. Calcutta; LEVY, BROTHERS, Melbourne; W. STEELE, Brisbane, Queensland; SENIOR, Sydney.

N.B.—To avoid disappointment, be careful to order "Towle's" Chlorodyne.

NOTHING IMPOSSIBLE.—The greatest

and most useful invention of the day, AGUA AMARELLA.—Messrs. JOHN GOSNELL and Co., Three King-court, Lombard street, Perfumers to her Majesty, respectfully offer to the public this truly marvellous fluid, which gradually restores the human hair to its pristine hue—no matter at what age.

The Agua Amarella has none of the properties of dyes; it, on the contrary, is beneficial to the system, and when the hair is once restored, one application per month will keep it in perfect colour. Price one guinea; half bottles, 10s. 6d. Testimonials from artists of the highest order and from individuals of undoubted respectability may be inspected on application.

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RUPTURES.—BY HER MAJESTY'S ROYAL LETTERS

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WHITE'S MOC-MAIN LEVER TRUSS,

Perfected and Exhibited in the Great Exhibition of 1851, is allowed by upwards of 200 Medical Gentlemen to be the most effective invention in the curative treatment of Hernia. The use of a steel spring, so often hurtful in its effects, is here avoided; a soft bandage being worn round the body, while the requisite resisting power is supplied by the MOC-MAIN PAD and PATENT LEVER, fitting with so much ease and closeness that it cannot be detected, and may be worn during sleep. A descriptive circular may be had, and the Truss (which cannot fail to fit) forwarded by post on the circumference of the body two inches below the hips being sent to the Manufacturer, Mr. WHITE, 228, Piccadilly, London.

Price of a Single Truss, 16s., 21s., 26s. 6d., and 31s. 6d.; postage, 1s. Price of Double Truss, 31s. 6d., 42s., and 52s. 6d.; postage, 1s. 8d. Umbilical, 42s. and 52s. 6d.; postage, 1s. 10d.

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&c.—The material of which these are made is recommended by the Faculty as being peculiarly elastic and compressible, and the best invention for giving efficient and permanent support in all cases of weakness and swelling of the Legs, Varicose Veins, Sprains, &c. It is porous, light in texture, and inexpensive, and is drawn on like an ordinary stocking. Price, 4s. 6d., 7s. 6d., 10s. to 16s. each; postage, 6d.

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THIS POWDER is quite harmless to animal

life, but is unrivalled in destroying Fleas, Bugs, Flies, Cockroaches, Beetles, Gnats, Mosquitoes, Moths in Furs, and every other species of insect.

SPORTSMEN will find this an invaluable remedy for destroying fleas in their dogs, as also ladies for their pet dogs.

Being the Original Importer of this now invaluable article, which has found so great a sale that it has tempted others to vend a so-called article, the public are therefore cautioned to observe that the packets of the genuine Powder bear the autograph of THOMAS KEATING.

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LAMPS FOR INDIA**
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Invented EXPANDING SADDLE, which admits of ready adjustment to the size of any horse, creating a secure and easy
seat without the slightest inconvenience to either horse or rider. The principle of EXPANSION and CONTRACTION com-
prises a simple arrangement of mechanism within the saddle so perfect, that by merely turning a screw the pad is propor-
tioned to the size and form of the animal, on which it firmly rests with a uniform pressure, and is securely retained in its
position by means of an ordinary girth.

This invention has obtained the approval and distinguished patronage of HIS ROYAL HIGHNESS THE COMMANDER-
IN-CHIEF, and from the very favourable opinions expressed by competent judges, and all who have had an opportunity of
testing its merits, there is no doubt it will come into general use; indeed, its success is already established.

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serving Pans, Stockpots, &c.
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some assortment.
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and Bronze—three-light glass from 63s.

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fitted complete.
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superior quality.
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Utensils.
DEANE'S—Turnery, Brushes, Mats, &c., well made, strong,
and serviceable.
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Wire-work, &c.
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tured on their own premises, and of the very
best materials.

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PERSONS PROCEEDING TO INDIA or
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able terms with the COLONIAL LIFE ASSURANCE
COMPANY.

LOANS given to Civil or Military Officers proceeding to
India on Her Majesty's Service.

Agents at Calcutta, Madras, and Bombay, and in all the
British Colonies, where premiums can be paid and claims
settled.

The Colonial was established in 1846, and its present in-
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Subscribed Capital, £1,000,000 sterling.
Incorporated by Act of Parliament.

SAMUEL R. FERGUSON, Res. Sec.
LONDON 3, Pall-mall East, S.W.; at
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S.W.; and at Messrs. W. H. SMITH, BARRY, and
Co.'s, 150, Leadenhall-street, E.C.
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ACCIDENTS TO LIFE or LIMB, in the
FIELD, the STREETS, or at HOME,

Provided for by a Policy of the
RAILWAY PASSENGERS' INSURANCE COMPANY,
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COMPENSATION HAS BEEN PAID FOR 10,000 CLAIMS.

£1,000 IN CASE OF DEATH,

Or £6 per week while laid up by Injury, secured by an Annual
Payment of from £3 to £5. 5s.

For particulars apply to the Clerks at the Railway Stations,
to the Local Agents, or at the Offices, 64, Cornhill, and 10,
Regent-street.

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**THE EUROPEAN ASSURANCE
SOCIETY.**

LIFE, FIRE, AND GUARANTEE.

The ANNUAL GENERAL MEETING of the SHARE-
HOLDERS of the Company was held JUNE 1st,

H. WICKHAM, Esq., M.P., in the Chair.

EXTRACT FROM THE REPORT.

Premiums on the New Life and Guarantee
Policies issued during the year 1864,
amounted to ... £93,149 16 6
Premiums on Fire Insurance from June last
13,269 17 11
The Gross Amount actually received in Pre-
miums during the year was ... 169,658 12 7
The Life and Guaranteed Claims paid during
the year 1864 ... 86,717 4 10
Increase in the Assets of the Society ... 62,925 18 10

THE UNION OF THIS SOCIETY AND THE BRITISH
NATION LIFE ASSURANCE ASSOCIATION.

Subscribed Capital is raised to upwards of ... £700,000 0 0
Annual Income to upwards of ... 300,000 0 0

The Premium Income from new business
during the last two months, at the rate of
more than per year ... 50,000 0 0

Forms of Proposal and Prospectus may be obtained from
the Head Offices, 2, Waterloo-place, Pall-mall, and 69, King
William-street, E.C., London.

JAMES COULSON & CO.,

Proprietors of

The Royal Damask Table Linen Manufactory,
LISBURN, IRELAND.

Having a Depot for their Manufacture at

46, PALL-MALL, LONDON.

J. COULSON and Co.'s celebrated Table
Cloths, Napkins, Overlay Slips, Sheeting, and all other
Linen, being direct from their Manufactory in Ireland, can
be supplied at Wholesale Prices. Communications addressed to

JAMES COULSON and Co.,

LINEN MANUFACTURERS,

No. 46, PALL-MALL, S.W., LONDON,

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CLAYTON, SHUTTLEWORTH, and Co.

ENGINEERS,

Manufacturers of Portable and Fixed Steam Engines, Machi-
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for Steam Cultivation, Self-Moving Engines for Common
Roads and Agricultural Purposes generally.

STAMP END WORKS, LINCOLN,

AND

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Löwengasse No. 44, Landstrasse, Vienna,

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Descriptive, Illustrated, and Priced Catalogues, free per post.

Special Drawings when required.

THE BEST STEAM THRASHING MACHINERY MADE.

LONDON: Printed by RICHARD KINDER, Printer, at his
Printing Office, Milford-lane, Strand, W.C., in the Parish
of St. Clement-Danes; and published by JAMES PEARCE
ALLEN, 13, Waterloo-place, S.W., both in the County of
Middlesex.—August 15, 1865.

ALLEN'S INDIAN MAIL

AND OFFICIAL GAZETTE

FROM

BRITISH & FOREIGN INDIA, CHINA, & ALL PARTS OF THE EAST.

(WITH THIS PAPER "THE INDIAN NEWS" IS NOW INCORPORATED.)

VOL. XXIII.—No. 683.] LONDON, WEDNESDAY, AUGUST 23, 1865.

[PRICE 6d.]

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DATES OF ADVICES.

Bengal.....	July 15	Burmah (Rangoon) July	8
Madras	" 15	Bombay.....	" 23
Agra.....	" 18	Ceylon	" 18
China (Hong Kong)	June 29.		

MAILS TO INDIA.

The Mails to India, China, &c., are made up in London, in each month, as follows:—
On the 3rd, at 6 P.M., *via* Marseilles and Bombay, to all parts of India.
On the 4th, at 8 A.M., *via* Southampton, to Calcutta, Madras, Ceylon, and China.
On the 10th, at 6 P.M., *via* Marseilles, to Calcutta, Madras, Ceylon, and China.
On the 12th, at 8 A.M., *via* Southampton, to Bombay and N.W. Provinces (also for *letters only*, to Madras and Lower Provinces of Bengal).
On the 18th, at 6 P.M., *via* Marseilles and Bombay, to all parts of India.
On the 20th, at 8 A.M., *via* Southampton, to Calcutta, Madras, Ceylon, and China.
On the 26th, at 6 P.M., *via* Marseilles, to Calcutta, Madras, Ceylon, and China.
On the 27th, at 8 A.M., *via* Southampton, to Bombay, and N.W. Provinces (also for *letters only*, to Madras and Lower Provinces of Bengal).

*. When any of the above dates occur on Sunday, the Mails *via* Southampton are made up on the previous Evening, and those *via* Marseilles on the following Evening.

RATES OF POSTAGE.

LETTERS.

Via Marseilles, $\frac{1}{2}$ oz., 10d. ... 1 oz., 1s. 8d.
Every portion of an oz. afterwards an additional 1s. 8d.
Via Southampton, $\frac{1}{2}$ oz., 6d. ... 1 oz., 1s.
Every portion of an oz. afterwards an additional 1s.

NEWSPAPERS.

Via Marseilles, 4 oz., 3d. ... 8 oz., 6d.
Each succeeding 4 oz., 3d.
Via Southampton, $\frac{1}{2}$ oz., 2d. ... 8 oz., 3d.
Each succeeding 4 oz., 1d.

BOOKS, PATTERNS, &c.

Via Marseilles, $\frac{1}{2}$ oz., 6d. ... 8 oz., 1s.
Each succeeding 8 oz., 1s.
Via Southampton, 4 oz., 4d. ... 8 oz., 8d.
Each succeeding 8 oz., 8d.

A French line of mail packets now leaves Marseilles on the 19th of every month for Alexandria. Postage for letters and papers to India and China the same as is charged by the English mail *via* Marseilles. Letters intended to be forwarded by these packets must be specially addressed "By French mail packet from Marseilles."

Books, Parcels, &c., may not exceed 3 lbs. in weight, or be of greater dimensions than 24 inches in length or 12 inches in width or depth.

IN ALL CASES PREPAYMENT IS COMPULSORY.

SUMMARY AND REVIEW.

We have received our usual files of papers from Calcutta to the 15th of July and Bombay to the 22nd of that month.

In Calcutta, according to one of the summaries, the most important news was that the San Francisco Minstrels were giving a series of performances. The papers indeed were all complaining of having nothing to say. One piece of news which they furnish, however, is not quite contemptible. There is a renewed report—this time believed to be well founded—of the Bhooteahs having made submission. In the meantime, peace being in prospect, the Government had made the most efficient preparations for carrying on the war, as will be seen by the military relief just issued from the Quartermaster-general's Department—a document, by the way, which might have shared a reference with the San Francisco Minstrels. It is stated, too, that the Viceroy has sent a letter to the Deb Rajah intimating that the period of half measures is past, and requiring the concession of all our demands as to captives, plunder, territory, and guarantees for the future, on pain of Poonakha being levelled with the ground next November.

There was a report that Government contemplated the embanking and reclamation of the very extensive Salt Lands in Tumlook and Hidgellee, which have become useless since the manufacture was stopped.

The Governor-General and Council were to proceed as usual to Calcutta in the cold weather, putting off the expected visit to the Punjab and Rajpootana. It seems now pretty certain that the army headquarters will be fixed at Simla, the Commander-in-Chief having just purchased a mansion near Barnes Court for twenty-one thousand rupees—a sum which Sir William Mansfield is not likely to throw away for a temporary purpose. The Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal was still absent on his tour, making a razzia upon the Mofussil Bench. Mr. Beaufort followed Mr. Buckle a short time since; and now we find that Mr. Russell, the officiating judge of Behar, has also been removed.

Colonel Douglas has been relieved of the charge of the Electric Telegraph amidst a chorus of undisguised hip-hip-hurra-ing from all classes of the public whom he has managed to disoblige. He is succeeded by Lieutenant-Colonel Robinson, of the Royal Engineers; but the superintendence of the department, it is said, is to be divided, so there will be a chance for another officer.

We see by the Government *Gazette* that barristers, pleaders, and others, desirous of obtaining a certificate of qualification in the Vernacular, entitling them to exemption from further examination in case of their becoming applicants for appointments requiring a knowledge of the languages, are invited to attend before the Board of Examiners at Calcutta, for that purpose. The *Delhi Gazette* remarks that the Government show particular anxiety on the subject at the precise time when it becomes necessary that the business of the Chief Court of each province should be conducted in a language foreign to the people of the country.

Money continued plentiful in Calcutta, with a little improvement in demand. Fair business had been done in Government Securities, but prices were not firm. The Share Market exhibited a marked improvement, most moving stocks having risen in value. The aspect of affairs in Bombay was considered much better than could have been expected, and under the influence of the improved price of cotton, trade, and even speculation in that city, bade fair to recover at least their usual dimensions. All immediate pressure in Bombay appeared indeed to be past, and in Calcutta the market was proportionately relieved.

Mr. Massey, it is said, has found himself in a position to take a more encouraging view of Indian finance than he had anticipated, and there was no probability of his bringing forward a supplementary budget. The income-tax will expire this month, but it is now thought that some measure of direct taxation must be introduced in its stead. Referring to the rumours of the Governor-General's resignation, circulated some time back, the *Times of India* says: "These may now derive some slight retrospective importance since the publication of Sir C. Wood's despatch

in reply to the Indian Budget resolutions; together with the protest which, as we now learn, the Viceroy recorded against Sir C. Trevelyan's policy. Yet, whatever resentment his Excellency may have felt because of the peremptory tone of Sir C. Wood's despatch, and the frustration of his own plans for barrack improvement, it is evident that there is now no probability of his leaving India for a long time to come."

The news from Bombay confirms the cheerful assurance in Calcutta as regards the money market; but there will be some scandals yet, if we are to accept the authority of the *Pioneer*. "We could publish," says that journal, "but the fear of attorneys' letters before our eyes, some marvellous stories (notifications) as to the undignified circumstances under which more than one speculator left Bombay, by a late steamer, in the vessel's hold and elsewhere, anywhere but in first-class cabins. And we are assured that the next fortnight will reveal evidence of speculative gambling and its unhappy sequel among all classes in Bombay (including many members both of the civil and military services, hitherto held immaculate), such as even at a period of universal suspicion can scarcely have credence." A Bombay correspondent of the same paper, referring to the subject, tells us that during the late excited state of the market, and in the overweening confidence with which the great speculators were regarded, it seemed the most ordinary business transaction to lend a man fifty lakhs on his personal security; and even if great caution was supposed to be exercised, the depositing of a few Back Bay shares, or those of other financials, was thought quite sufficient, and indeed rather unnecessary.

The directors of the Bank of Bombay had determined not to declare a dividend for the half-year ending June 30. Nevertheless the losses of the bank were said to have been not so serious as was supposed.

There was a little political news, including some disturbances on the North-West Frontier, to which reference will be found elsewhere. A letter from Bokhara shows that the Russians are making themselves at home in that State. There has also been an alarm of their presence in Cashmere, but certain white faces seen there appear to belong to missionaries. Affairs in Cabul are in as great confusion as ever.

Much astonishment had been caused by the fact that Major-General Green had been prohibited from publishing some documents upon which he relied for his exculpation in the Fatal March affair. They are, however, printed for private circulation, and a breach of confidence may be relied on.

European "loafers" were becoming the terror of Bombay, and Government were devising means for disposing of them. They have caused a panic as great as that produced by the garotters in London a couple of years ago, and their outrages are committed with even greater daring, in open day. The police are said to be nowhere.

Captain Martin, who was so long in arrest at Kamptee, has been acquitted of the charges brought against him.

It is said that Sir W. M. Coghlan, K.C.B., late Political Resident at Aden, will be sent as envoy to King Theodosius of Abyssinia, should Mr. Rassam fail in obtaining the liberation of Mr. Cameron and the other captives.

Cholera was still about. It is mentioned as having attacked a detachment of the 91st Highlanders at Nagode, three of the men having died. But Sir Hugh Rose's plan for moving into camp proved successful in this as in other cases, and the disease was checked.

The next arrival from India will be the Calcutta mail, which is expected at Marseilles on Friday next.

THE 1ST (LATE 21ST) N.I.—A correspondent writes as follows:—"J. B., in his excellent letter published in your paper of the 15th inst., falls into an error when he states that 'the 21st and 70th, after having mutinied at Barrackpore, were first disarmed, then pardoned, and allowed to work out their fidelity on ship board to serve with the Indian army in China.' The fact being that the 21st (now the 1st N.I.) was stationed at Peshawur in 1857, and not at Barrackpore; was never for a second disarmed; and, I need not say, never mutinied. I think it right, Sir, for the sake of a fine corps, which behaved remarkably well at a serious time of trouble, to point out the above mistake."

LATEST INTELLIGENCE.

CHINA.

(By Overland Telegraph from Galle.)

SHANGHAI, July 22.

The steamer *Hadrakon* has been burnt.* The *Lalla Rookh* and the *Futien* have been wrecked. The crews were saved.

There is no political news of importance from China or Japan.

Tea and silk advancing.

Export to date, 20,000 bales.

Exchange on London, 6s. 4d.

CANTON, July 29.

Total export of tea to date, 26,000,000 lbs.

Exchange on London, 4s. 5½d.

[* Telegraphed "steamer *Hadrakon* burnt."]

Casualties by Death in the Armies of India reported since last Publication.

H.M.'s FORCES.—Maj. De Vere, of the Carabineers, at Brompton Barracks, Chatham, on the 22nd inst., from the effects of a gunshot wound murderously inflicted by a soldier named Curry. Lieut. C. M. Tubbs, of H.M.'s 33rd Regt., at Doms, near Surat, of cholera, July 4. Rev. Father Riswick, Roman Catholic Chaplain, Upper Sind, on board the str. *Indus*, lately.

BENGAL.—Lieut. col. M. B. Whish, late 29th Regt. Bengal N.I., at Nynee Tal, July 5. Lieut. T. R. Tayler, Olieg. Qmtr. 11th Regt. Bengal N.I., at Tutlah Kowah, of cholera, July 6. Maj. James Wemyss, Retired List Bengal Army, aged 58, at Allypore, June 27. Capt. W. F. Ireland, late 25th Bengal N.I., at Nursingpore, lately. Capt. J. C. Hamilton, late 6th Eur. Regt., and 2nd in com. of 45th Regt. Rattray's Sikhs, at Oak Lodge, Simla, July 5. Lieut. col. F. N. Edmonstone, late H.M.'s Bengal Cav., at Haycock Lodge, Ayrshire, aged 47, Aug. 14.

MADRAS.—Maj. T. C. S. Hyde, late of the Madras Army, at Twickenham-green, aged 74, Aug. 19.

Passengers by the present Mail.

FOR MARSEILLES.—FROM BOMBAY.—Mr. E. S. Dawes, Mr. and Mrs. Armitage and infant, Dr. Moore, Mr. Wylie, Mr. Raphael, Mr. Wright, Mr. C. J. Jefferson, Mr. S. Newman, Capt. Vivian, Mr. E. Henry, Col. Kennedy, Dr. Ridell, Mrs. Ridell and three children, Mr. and Mrs. Wallace, Mr. and Mrs. Fox.

Expected at Southampton.

Per str. *Exeune*, Aug. 27.—FROM BOMBAY.—Capt. Norris, Miss Watson, Capt. Blair, Mr. Wilmot, Mr. W. Brooke, Mrs. Wormald and three children, Mr. Maxwell, Lieut. Laing, Capt. Paris, Mr. du Gué, Mr. Henderson. From ALEXANDRIA.—Mr. and Mrs. Ivensey.

BENGAL.

OUR POLICY IN BHOOTAN.

Week after week adds to the prostration of the Sepoy force in the passes of Bhootan. Officer after officer is forced to succumb to the malarious fever of the Terai, and leave the regiments to be commanded as they best may. Practically it may be said that we have no army on the frontier. There are posts placed in the most unhealthy localities, and just within sight of the ridge of the outer hills which enjoy the climate of Darjeeling. One regiment reckons its sick at forty-seven per cent., the wing of another is commanded by native officers. The 11th N. I. cannot be said to exist. Even the healthiest corps has fifteen per cent. in hospital. When the time for action comes a new force must be marched up to supplement that which, in the present weather and for fighting purposes, has ceased to exist. In the course of the next Relief the 91st Highlanders will take the place of the 80th Foot, now at Darjeeling, the 4th and 5th Companies of Sappers and Miners will relieve the 2nd and 6th, and almost all the Sepoy corps will be changed.

The only hopeful feature of the whole business is that the Government of India has resolved to act. The Viceroy has sent a letter to the Deb Rajah, couched in terms which require the most complete submission, the concession of all our demands as to captives, plunder, and territory, and guarantees for the future, under pain of having Poonakha levelled with the ground next November. We do not expect that such threats will have the slightest effect, so long as there is really no executive Government in Bhootan except Tongsoo Penlow's will. Had such language instead of the weak missive of 9th June been used last year, it might then have been effectual. But the last letter sent from the cool delights of Simla to the Deb Rajah, after the barbarous insults to our mission, "roared so gently like a sucking dove," and has been followed by such contemptible generalship, that it would be silly in the Bhootan Amla to believe its successor twelve months after. The letter lately sent is not likely to have any other effect than that of leading the Bhootas to cut down all the bridges on the way to the capital, and to strengthen Angdu Forung and Poonakha. Indeed, we honestly confess that it would be a pity if they professed to yield to our demands. Being savages who are more proficient in the art of lying than all other Asiatics, who to the unblushing falsehood of the Hindoo add the clever dissimulation of the Chinese, they would merely, by surrender at present, postpone on our part the inevitable duty of exacting reparation for the wrongs of half a century and security for future good behaviour.

In the almost certain event of the late Simla thunderbolt evoking no more satisfactory reply than its predecessor, the month of November will see our force on the road to Poonakha. The march involves two sets of difficulties, political and military. Bhootan is a feudatory of Thibet, though the Lhasa authorities dislike their tributaries as heartily as we do. Hitherto, and indeed ever since the days of Warren Hastings, Thibet has not only refused to aid Bhootan in its contests with us, but seems to have looked on our success with some satisfaction. Moreover Thibet is still torn by intestine disputes, Lhasa being ruled by Sape Satya, a tyrant who raised himself to power by Chinese aid, and whose cruelties have now invoked the despatch of a Chinese force against him and the Lamas who support him. Still, since our next movement will involve the annexation of a large part of the Bhootans we have reason to believe that Thibet will look on this step with apprehension. Like ourselves, who were satisfied while Cabul, under a strong ruler, lay between our frontier and Central Asia, the Thibetans were indifferent so long as we left

the territory of Bhootan intact. Very different will their feelings be when, seeing us advanced to the watershed of the outer hills, the distance between the all-absorbing English power and their frontier is reduced to a strip of barren hill territory. Moreover, annexation, by depriving the lazy Bhootas of their slave labour, their grain, and their revenues, will precipitate on Thibet her hated feudatories. Due notice was sent by us to Peking of our war last year, with a copy of the proclamation of the Governor-General. When similar notice is sent this year, it will probably not be treated with the same indifference. Still the dread of annexation will not prove sufficient to rouse the authorities of Lhasa to assist the Deb Rajah, and when it is over, our frontier will be no nearer that of Thibet on the east than it has been on the west since the war with Nepal.

The military difficulties are much more serious. It is contemplated, we believe, to send a force of one thousand English soldiers and three thousand sepoy from Buxa to Poonakha. Government is evidently determined that the mistake of underrating our enemies shall not be repeated. But is this not to fall into the other extreme, of so over-estimating their strength that our movements will be hampered? Should the raid of a fortnight be converted into the, perhaps disastrous, marching of two months? The Commissariat authorities have estimated that a force of three thousand men alone will require at the least thirteen thousand coolies. These coolies, too, and the mules and beasts of burden, must be accustomed to hill work. Where are they to be found, and if found how are they to be fed? Poonakha is at least eighty miles from Buxa, by which the advance would be made up the valley of the Chinchu, which flows rapidly past the summer capital of Tassissudon in a rocky channel, and runs nearly south through the Buxa pass into the Berhampooter. Then there are the Machoo and Pachoo, which, uniting at Poonakha, pass Anglu Forung, which we must capture, and are unfordable. No supplies can be drawn from the country itself. Mortar guns and howitzers must be taken. It is doubtful if the European troops and officers could dispense with tents, but the variable character of the temperature will render both warm and cool clothing necessary. Captain Lance's Report discusses these questions. All these obstacles would prove serious to an army of four thousand men, but they could easily be overcome by a picked force of one thousand. Our last experience at Dewangiri, and the one fact that the Bhootas take three minutes to load and fire every shot, are in favour of the smaller force if one-half are Europeans. This must, in any case, be remembered, that the Bhootas themselves may possibly assist us, if we abstain from outraging their feelings. Our men must be prevented by the punishment of death if necessary, from plundering the rich tombs of the Lamas, whose incinerated remains frequently lie in cists of gold. In the last Burmese war it was impossible to keep our soldiers from the Pagodas.

After the experience so dearly bought by past disasters there is no reason why the beginning of the next year should not see the northern frontier of Bengal extended to the crest of those hills which are seen from the plains. Darjeeling will then be placed in safety by adding to it the eastern slope of the valley of the Teesta and a strip of hill territory enjoying a climate quite equal to that of Kurseong, stretching away for two hundred miles. The country is rich in tea-soil, lime and sal timber. Hitherto the Dhurm Rajah has prevented the agriculturists from cultivating tea, lest the profitable trade with Thibet should be affected. Cotton and saffron, Captain Ansten thinks, could be grown successfully about Poonakha, and it is to be hoped that our annexation of the plain coun-

try will drive the lazy Bhootas to the development of such resources, as well as the iron and copper which undoubtedly abound. The lime deposits are so abundant and rich at Buxa, and carriage to the plains is so cheap, that some of our officials on the frontier are sorely tempted to turn contractors. No use will be made of the timber until the forest authorities have selected conservancy tracts. Apart, however, from all those resources which English capital and skill are required to call forth, Colonel Haughton, the Civil Commissioner, estimates that the revenue of the rice tracts alone will yield two lacs of rupees the first year, and will increase to six lacs in a few years. With a force of 1,800 men to guard the frontier and the present civil establishment, even the former sum would yield a profit. The days of annexation are so long past that it is well to prove the Empire will suffer no loss before an Act so necessary and too long delayed, as the extension of our frontier to the crest of the nearer Himalayas, will be even discussed. In the present case discussion is fortunately unnecessary, the conduct of Bhootan has been so outrageous.—*Friend of India.*

ANNUAL RELIEF FOR 1865-66.

ROYAL ARTILLERY.

A Royal Horse Brigade.

A Battery from England to Meerut, by railway to Agra, and thence to march after taking over horses of D Battery C Brigade.

B Battery from England to Meerut, by railway to Delhi, and thence to march.

C Battery from England to Lucknow, by railway to Benares, and thence to march after taking over horses of C Battery C Brigade.

C ROYAL HORSE BRIGADE.

C Battery from Benares to England, on relief by C Battery A Brigade, by railway to Fort William for embarkation.

D Battery from Morar to England, on relief by C Battery F Brigade, by march to Agra, and thence by railway to Fort William for embarkation.

E Battery from Rawul Pindee to England, on 20th October, by march to Delhi, and thence by railway to Fort William for embarkation.

F Battery from Lucknow to Benares, on 1st November, to march.

F ROYAL HORSE BRIGADE.

B Battery from Peshawur to Sealkote, on relief by F Battery F Brigade.

C Battery from Meerut to Morar, on 1st November.

D Battery from Peshawur to Rawul Pindee, on relief by E Battery F Brigade.

E Battery from Meerut to Peshawur, on relief by B Battery A Brigade.

F Battery from Sealkote to Peshawur, on 1st November.

19TH BRIGADE ROYAL ARTILLERY.

E Battery from Jullundur to Peshawur, on 1st November.

G Battery from Peshawur to Jullundur, on relief by E Battery 19th Brigade.

22ND BRIGADE ROYAL ARTILLERY.

No. 4 Battery from Meerut to Peshawur, on 1st November.

24TH BRIGADE ROYAL ARTILLERY.

No. 3 Battery from Peshawur to Meerut, on relief by No. 4 Battery 22nd Brigade.

BRITISH INFANTRY.

7th Regiment, 1st Battalion, from Ferozepore to Saugor, on 1st November, duties to be taken by four Companies 93rd Highlanders.

19th Regiment, 1st Battalion, from Jullundur to Peshawur, on 10th November, detachments at Feroz Kanga and Philour to be temporarily relieved by 91st Regiment.

23rd Regiment, 1st Battalion, from Agra to Jubbulpore and Nagode, on 1st November, duties to be taken by four Companies 88th Regiment.

41st Regiment from England to Agra, by railway to Agra, on arrival.

42nd Regiment (Royal Highlanders) from Rawul Pindee to Peshawur, on 20th October.

51st Regiment from Peshawur to Jullundur, on relief by 42nd Royal Highlanders.

54th Regiment from Fort William to England, on arrival of 41st Regiment.

55th Regiment from Dum-Dum to Lucknow, under instructions from Army Head Quarters.

80th Regiment from Darjeeling to Fort William, on relief by Wing 91st Highlanders.

90th Regiment from Peshawur to Nowshera, on relief by 19th Regiment, 1st Battalion.

91st Regiment (Highlanders) from Jubbulpore and Nagode to Dum-Dum and Darjeeling, on relief by 23rd Regiment. By railway from Benares. Head Quarters and Wing to Dum-Dum; remaining Wing to Darjeeling.

97th Regiment from Saugor and Nowgong to Ferozepore, on relief by 7th Regiment.

Rifle Brigade, 3rd Battalion, from Nowshera to Rawul Pindee, on relief by 90th Regiment.

BENGAL CAVALRY.

3rd Regiment from Bareilly to Peshawur, on relief by 4th Regiment.

4th Regiment from Peshawur to Bareilly, on 20th October.

5th Regiment from Julpigoree to Seetapoor, on relief as may be ordered.

8th Regiment from Seetapoor to Segowlie, on 2nd October.

10th Regiment from Umballa to Jhansie, Head Quarters and Wing on 20th October, remaining Wing on relief.

11th Regiment from Mooltan to Umballa. Wing on 20th October, Head Quarters and remaining Wing on relief.

14th Regiment from Eastern Frontier near Gowhatti to Julpigoree, on relief by 17th Regiment.

15th Regiment from Jhansie to Mooltan on 1st November. Duties to be taken by detachment 16th Regiment.

17th Regiment from Segowlie to Eastern Frontier near Gowhatti, on relief by 8th Regiment.

BENGAL SAPPER AND MINER CORPS.

2nd Company from Eastern Frontier to Roorkee, on relief and as may be ordered.

4th Company from Roorkee to Eastern Frontier, on 20th October, by railway from Delhi.

5th Company from Roorkee to Eastern Frontier, on 20th October, by railway from Delhi.

6th Company from Eastern Frontier to Roorkee, on relief and as may be ordered.

BENGAL INFANTRY.

1st Regiment, Wing from Morar to Lullupore, on relief.

6th Regiment, Wing from Barrackpore to Eastern Frontier, as may be ordered.

9th Regiment, Wing from Fyzabad to Eastern Frontier, as may be ordered.

11th Regiment, Wing from Eastern Frontier to Dinapore, on relief.

12th Regiment, Wing from Eastern Frontier to Dorundah, on relief.

15th Regiment, Wing from Dorundah to Ferozepore, on 1st November. Duties to be taken by two Companies 18th Regiment from Bhaugulpore.

16th Regiment, Wing from Dinapore to Fyzabad, on relief by 11th Regiment.

19th Regiment, Wing from Eastern Frontier to Allypore and Futtahgah, on relief.

22nd Regiment, Wing from Umballah to Morar, on relief by 31st Regiment.

26th Regiment, Wing from Goruckpore to Eastern Frontier as may be ordered.

31st Regiment, Wing from Eastern Frontier to Umballah on relief.

32nd Regiment, Wing from Ferozepore to Eastern Frontier, as may be ordered.

37th Regiment, Wing from Agra to Goruckpore, on relief.

41st Regiment, Wing from Allypore to Agra, on 2nd October. Detachment at Futtoghah on relief by 19th Regiment.

1st Goorkah Regiment from Dhurmsala to Eastern Frontier, as may be ordered.

3rd Goorkah Regiment from Eastern Frontier to Almora on relief.

4th Goorkah Regiment from Almora to new station near Dalhousie on relief by 3rd Goorkahs.

MISCELLANEOUS.

MILITARY ITEMS.—A Court, composed of Brigadier-General Hill, the Divisional Assistant Quartermaster-General, and another officer, has been directed to assemble at Fyzabad, to inquire into the cause of the recent great mortality in H.M.'s 11th Foot.—On the recommendation of the Commander-in-Chief, Government has granted the sum of Rs. 5,000 to Captain G.V. Fosberry, for the expenses incurred in preparing a rifle shell, invented by him, and which proved of much use at Umbeyla.—The Secretary of State has granted Major Warrant, of the Engineers, who lost an arm at Delhi, in 1857, an increase to his wound-pension. We are glad to hear that this concession has been made. Major Warrant is to receive £100 a-year, instead of the pension of £70 granted to him as a Lieutenant in 1858.—It was only the other day that the Government ruled that no detachment should be allowed to march through the estates of a native chief unless accompanied by an officer of experience, who should be able to act as interpreter between the men and the natives. It now appears that the compliment of this order is likely to be issued. Several cases of a breach of the peace having occurred whilst British troops were marching through the territories of the Nizam, the matter was represented by the Durbar to the British Government. The Governor-General in reply has directed that although the arrangement may possibly prove inconvenient, yet as it is for the benefit of the Nizam and his people, all detachments of British troops whilst marching through his territories shall be accompanied by an officer of his Highness. The rule should be extended to all native states without exception.—In the general orders issued by his Excellency the Commander-in-Chief, dated the 26th ultimo, we notice that an officer was permitted by the local military authorities to proceed on privilege leave, with the avowed purpose of obtaining an extension under the medical certificate granted to him before he left his post. His Excellency is, with the sanction of Government, pleased to determine that a medical certificate, recommending leave of absence to an officer, will be invalid, unless the officer to whom it is granted avails himself of it at once.

THE LUCKNOW LIBEL CASE.—A correspondent of the *Delhi Gazette* says:—The famous libel case which arose out of the publication of the 'Talookdaree' articles from the *Bombay Gazette* has come to nothing. The Baboo agrees to apologise in private for having instituted the case, if Mr. H. D. C. will apologise in public to him. I conclude that both parties found it rather too expensive a game to play. The Baboo has lost the Secretaryship of the British Indian Association through the very gross blunders he has made lately in his semi-official communications with the Talookdars. He has also resigned the Secretaryship of the Canning College, and Doctor Ralph Moore reigneth in his stead.

Mr. W. M. BEAUFORT, the Additional Judge of Dacca, has, we regret to hear, been condemned by the Lieut.-Governor of Bengal as unfit for the judicial charge and control of a district, and the superintendence of its subordinate courts, for serious discourtesy towards Mr. E. Drummond, the Magistrate and Collector of the district, for a trifling cause.—*Englishman*.

THE COMMANDER-IN-CHIEF IN INDIA IN THE MATTER OF EXCHANGES.—We learn that the authorities in England have ruled that the Commander-in-Chief in India shall only approve of those exchanges between officers in purchase and officers in non-purchase regiments where the officer proposing to enter a non-purchase regiment shall be older, or not more than one year younger than the officer he replaces. This principle might be carried further, and a medical opinion be taken of the value of life of each officer before the exchange should be permitted. It is not enough to protect the officers below the exchanging officer from an unfair difference of age, but strength and value of life ought also to be considered. Thus, as in an insurance office, the medical officer should be called on to say whether A's life was better than B's, and if it were, the exchange should not be permitted. If A's life were worth twenty years' purchase, and B's life only worth twelve years', the prospects of those over whom A would be placed in lieu of B would be damaged considerably. The Home authorities have only half considered this question.—*Englishman*.

UNEMPLOYED SAILORS IN CALCUTTA.—Alluding to a certain subscription which has been set on foot for the relief of poor sailors, a Calcutta paper says:—Before seconding the appeal to the public, on behalf of about five hundred distressed seamen, who have been left upon the charity of the port, we might well inquire what part the Government means to take in assisting these men to leave the country, or otherwise, and what security we have against a recurrence of a similar state of things. There exists a law under which the Government can compel outgoing ships to take these men away. Had proper vigilance been exercised from the first, that law might, probably, have been put in force without unduly pressing upon any one. We believe it to be chiefly owing to the neglect of the authorities that these destitute seamen have reached a number so large that the law we refer to could not be put in force without producing great hardship. The depressed state of trade may have had something to do with the difficulty; but we should like to know to what extent it is attributable to this, or other unavoidable circumstances, and to what extent it is attributable to the Government not doing its duty.

OPIMUM SALE AT CALCUTTA.—The following are the results of the latest opium sale by Messrs. Mackenzie, Lyall, and Co., on behalf of the Government:—

	Chests.	Highest.	Lowest.	Proceeds.
Behar ...	2,920	85	85	25,05,775
Benares ...	2,155	795	785	19,30,625

There were the same number of chests as in the sale on June 12. The present sale exhibits a falling off in the prices realised.

Behar...	Rs. 30	0	0	decrease in highest price.
Benares	"	20	0	"
Behar...	Rs. 30	0	0	decrease in lowest price.
Benares	"	14	0	"
Behar...	Rs. 30	3	8	decrease in average price.
Benares	"	16	0	"
Behar...	Rs. 88	875		decrease in proceeds.
Benares	"	39,075		"

This gives a total falling in the latest sale as compared with that of last month of no less than Rs. 1,27,900.

PATOWDEE.—There is a little native State within the Delhi Commissionership, in the neighbourhood of Goorgaon, named Patowdee, which produces a revenue of Rs. 85,000 annually and possesses in an ordinary degree all those elements which are requisite to the happiness of a ruler and his subjects. But the ruler died some time ago; his son and successor is a minor, and the minor's uncle, Asghur Ali Khan, holds the office of regent under our paternal government. His administration, we are informed, is not successful, and some even go the length of saying that it is disastrous to the interests of the future ruler and his people. Pay is not issued to the troops for one year at a time, and the other day when the sowars in the employ of the State

came forward to ask for their arrears, they were so insulted and abused that an emeute took place, in which heads were freely broken with bludgeons, and it required a great effort to put an end to the affray. Other instances of mal-administration on the part of Asghur Ali Khan are reported, and it is said that, although the Commissioner of Delhi has more than once come down upon him for an explanation, he will not desist from his objectionable practices. We would recommend that a closer watch be kept over the conduct of Asghur Ali Khan, and that, if the malpractices laid to his charge are still continued, he be removed from his post and a better man set over the little State.—*Delhi Gazette*.

RANGOON, July 8.—We have had some strange rumours in town lately about the goings on at Mandalay; Captain Sladen, the Resident, has been robbed and his life threatened if he does not take early measure to leave Ava; the King of Burmah, it is further added, has told Captain Sladen that he is unable to guarantee the lives of the British residents at Mandalay. Under these circumstances, report has it, Capt. Sladen is on his way back to Rangoon, but I fancy if he does return at all it will be on account of the loss of his wife at Mandalay, which occurred some time last month, as I cannot bring myself to believe that the King of Burmah has so soon forgotten the chastisement he received in 1852. During the robbery, it is also stated that Captain Sladen's son was wounded. The rumours (unfortunately I cannot include Captain Sladen's severe loss in the death of his wife amongst the number) were brought here by an Armenian merchant, and we are anxiously, therefore, looking out for the next steamer from Mandalay to ascertain the correctness or otherwise of the report. The Burmese here seem to believe the story, and have got rather bold over it; fancy their sticking up a proclamation a few days ago to the effect that they would plunder the whole town after the lapse of a week; they have not been able to do so yet, but at the same time I must confess that they have made some pretty large hauls (in one instance about 10,000 rupees were taken from the godowns of Halliday, Bullock & Co.), and only await the return of dark nights to complete their threat. The people here are used to this and so are the police. General D'Ortoni and his daughter were buried here last week; the latter died on the voyage from Mandalay by boat, of acute dysentery (her body being preserved in spirits, or honey, I forget which) and the former of the same disease a day after his arrival in Rangoon. He died as poor a man as he was when he first came to Burmah to seek his fortune. By-the-bye, it is a common practice here and at Ava to preserve the bodies of priests (Buddhists) in honey, in which state they are exposed for the benefit of the faithful; after the lapse of a year or so the bodies are buried, and the honey, you will not believe me if I tell you, bottled, ay and with glass stoppers too, for export. Caution you readers against purchasing rich Burmah honey. Weather here delightfully cool, showers and sunshine every day, with a cold breeze at night; deaths are, I am sorry to say, on the increase, amongst children principally, from diarrhoea and dysentery.

THE CIVIL AND MILITARY AUTHORITIES IN BHOOTAN.—We have already referred to the official dissensions in Bhootan as having attracted the notice of Government. The particular occasion of the rebuke administered appears to have been a paragraph in a letter of Brigadier General Tytler, dated the 7th of May last, which, though not in the opinion of the Commander-in-Chief a very serious instance of the evil in question, is marked by a spirit of repartee which would have been better avoided in official writing. In a letter to the Commander-in-Chief, the Governor-General in Council remarks that he regrets to observe, in the Brigadier-General's dispatch,

what he has often noticed in the previous correspondence from those employed in the operations on the Bhootan Frontier—namely, an unsatisfactory, and even captious, system of recrimination which subsists between the Civil and Military Authorities engaged. This imperfect co-operation the Governor-General in Council attributes to the omission of the Civil and Military Authorities to consult with each other on all questions before sending them up to higher authority, and from each side continuing to consider a question from his own point of view, without giving himself that opportunity of modifying or justifying his opinion which mutual explanation can alone afford. The Commander-in-Chief is requested to impress upon officers serving under his Excellency's orders, that, in all cases in which they may find it necessary to refer to higher authority, what they may consider erroneous action or shortcomings on the part of civil authorities or departments, they shall, at the same time, invariably show that they have, in good faith, followed the course above indicated. In forwarding the Governor-General's letter on this important subject the Commander-in-Chief remarks that every officer under military command must be content to await the judgment of his superiors, and to abstain from anything like contention, or counter-accusation, in correspondence with the parties concerned. All sharp writing, repartee, and sneerings, must be summarily checked; it being impressed on officers that their official letters are always liable to publication. His Excellency will visit any officer with his gravest displeasure who may not pay the most implicit attention to this order.

EDUCATION IN BURMAH.—The *Rangoon Times* gives an interesting account of the state of indigenous education among the Burmese. More of the males can read than even in England, but not ten per cent. of the females are instructed, knowledge in their case being considered a means of temptation to evil. Every boy between the age of twelve and fifteen is required by the tenets of the Buddhist faith to be dedicated to the service of Gaudama and to the study of his laws. On this requirement hinges the whole system of popular education in Burmah. For this purpose each is sent to a monastery, his head is shaved, and he is clothed in a yellow robe. By the time he enters the monastery, he is generally familiar with the Burmese alphabet, which he acquired during the time he was an attendant on some monk. If he does not learn regularly every day, the head poonghyee has authority to flog him, and he sometimes does that work very thoroughly. According to popular belief a female can never become a deity. She must wait and pass through a series of existencies; when her merits are sufficiently potent she will enter this world again and be born a man. Then the merits which afterwards accrue may procure for the dignity of a godship. She may become a Maitelah or nun and receive oral instruction, but no more. In every village of even twenty or thirty houses throughout Burmah the national school-house and the vernacular schoolmaster are to be found.

DISTURBANCE ON THE NORTH WEST FRONTIER.—*LAHORE, July 12.*—The following letter, just received from Attock, will be perused with interest:—"There has been a fight at a village called Charorai, belonging to the Amazaies. The cause of the fight was this: Syed Ameer had sought refuge among the Amazaies, from the hostility of his mortal enemy the Akhoond of Swat. The Akhoond exerted all his influence to induce the Amazaies to give up Syed Ameer, but without success; he then sent a force to range their territory. The force was a mixed one, being composed of Khodhails, Bonadies, men of Chumia, Mobarek, and Kliaiks; in all about two thousand men. The force was officered by some Khans and two Sheiks, who had received orders from the Akhoond to act. The force was concentrated at Nagrian. On

arriving at this place, the Khans and Sheiks wrote to Khazadeh, Mobarek, Shah of Mulkah, to join them. He arrived at the camp the next day, but returned to Mulkah that night; he, however, despatched to camp bread, etc., for about four hundred men. The next day, however, he returned, having left his uncle, Syed Imram, commonly called Meer Sahib, in charge of Mulkah. On the following day about four hundred Khadakhails, under the command of Atan Khan, and Malik Jung of Chinghi, went out and burnt, without opposition, the villages of Phagbun, Charorai, and Khade Khan. Next day Mojeh Khan, of Charorai, came into camp for the purpose of negotiating. He declared that he had refused shelter to Syed Ameer, but that his people would not listen to them. The Sheiks of the Akhoond then ordered him to call out three times, 'Syed Ameer, the son of Syed Peer, is a *kajir*.' On his hesitating, they levelled their pistols at his head; and to save his life, he at last did as they required. He then returned to his people, and after much trouble succeeded in persuading them to turn out Syed Ameer. The Syed and his followers then retreated to Arub, where he still remains. The whole expedition then moved on Charorai, and began to burn and plunder. Five hundred of the men of Charorai, however, defended themselves bravely, and their efforts were made much more availing from the strong position they had taken up. Among the Sheiks of the invading force was one Shaik Jumal, of Keen Khan, a great favourite of the Akhoond's; he was very active in annoying the enemy, and placing himself at the head of the men of his own tribe, the Rhadakhails, he led them against a small body of the men of Charorai, who were defending themselves desperately; he assaulted them with such vigour, however, that they all fled, with the exception of one man named Kujkol, of Goudlah, in Maga Khail, who, waiting till the Sheik came close to him, discharged his pistol at him and shot him through the heart; then, after hacking the body with his sword, he fled, and made his escape before the Khadakhails could seize him. The death of Shaik Jumal caused a panic throughout the force, and the whole speedily took to flight, pursued for a short distance by the men of Charorai, who managed to kill six of them. The Khadakhails were the only real sufferers in this affair. It is generally supposed that the matter will not rest here; the Khadakhails are at this moment purchasing arms from the Judroons, and it is not to be supposed that the Akhoond will allow the death of his favourite to remain unavenged; and it is even rumoured that another expedition will shortly take place, commanded by the Akhoond in person."

RECIPES FOR AVOIDING JUNGLE-FEVER.—Many years ago, when Colonel Young was commanding in the Dhoon (Deyra), four officers, with the Colonel, went to fish on the Jumna, in June, the consequences of which were most disastrous. Two of the young men died of jungle-fever; one was sent to England; and the fourth, after a severe struggle, triumphed over the sickness; but the Colonel did not suffer in the least. On being asked how he escaped, he swore, by the powers, that he was too old a bird to be caught, for, as soon as he returned from the fishing expedition, he swallowed twenty grains of calomel. "But, Colonel," said one of the unlucky men who escaped, "why did you not warn us, and tell us to do likewise?" "Ach!" he replied, "I forgot all about it." This, in a fine Irish brogue, sounded not a little ludicrous, though unpleasant to the sufferers. Colonel Sarel, late Military Secretary, who has just gone home from the Bengal Dooars of Bhootan, has acted very differently. He and two officers went, not long ago, on a shooting and hunting expedition in the Dooars, and found plenty of game, though not a single tiger. After being exposed to the inclemency of the weather, and

the influence of malaria, through the months of March, April, and May, the whole party escaped fevers; and they believe this to be owing to the precautionary measures they took, though not like Colonel Young's twenty grains of calomel, nor, like him, has Colonel Sarel kept his secret. The following is an extract from a letter on the subject, written by Colonel Sarel, in June last:—"I fear there will be much sickness in all the lower stations in the Dooars. The water is so bad, almost every one has been down with the fever, and it was predicted we should suffer also; but we and our servants had a glass of rum every morning, and four grains of quinine every evening, and we got through, at a very unhealthy time of the year, with a good deal of rum, and without any sickness. I think this would be an excellent plan for the troops stationed there to adopt." Here is a successful experiment worth repeating.

CABOOL, June 22.—The mother of the late Sirdar Mohamed Allee Khan has suffered much by the heavy loss she has sustained in the death of her son. Sirdar Wully Moham-Khar, the Governor, waited on her this morning to condole and sympathise with her; he remained till noon. The Kolistanes and their Khans have become very bold; numbers waited on the Governor to-day and demanded their arrears of allowances. The following information relating to Toorkistan has been given by a merchant just arrived from that place:—"The King of Bookhara is at Summurkund; four agents arrived there from the Russian camp, and welcomed him by making over to him the city of Kokan. He has complied with the request of the Russians in allowing them to establish a Russian cantonment in Summurkund; Russian agents are arranging to lay it out. The Russian troops are encamped at Tashkund and Kashghur; their leader has requested the King of Bookhara to discontinue the custom of buying and selling men and women in his territory. The king, it is said, has promised to discountenance slavery in his kingdom. The rumour of Sirdar Mohamed Allee Khan's death had reached Toorkistan as he was leaving that place, but not the account of the battle in which the Sirdar had been killed."—*June 23.*—The following news-letter from the Ameer's camp was received by the Governor:—"Sirdar Khooshdil Khan, and the son of Ghoolam Mohamed Khan Mookhtear, have gone to Candahar to have matters settled between the Ameer and Sirdar Mohamed Shurreef Khan, and it is very likely that the Ameer will obtain possession of Candahar without any further bloodshed. The only terms proposed by Sirdar Mohamed Shurreef Khan is that Sirdars Mohamed Uzul Khan and Shahnaz Khan should be liberated."—*June 29.*—Auleejah Sufdur Allee Khan, with fifty sowars, arrived in Cabool to-day and went to Sirdar Wully Mohamed Khan to pay his respects. The battalions of Sufdur Allee Khan will march into Cabool to-morrow morning. We hear from Sufdur Allee Khan that the Ameer, accompanied by some of his troops, was to leave Candahar for Herat after 13th Suffer (7th July). Sufdur Allee Khan desired Sooltan Mohamed Khan to collect as much money as he could to pay the bankers and merchants in part liquidation of their claims.—*Delhi Gazette, July 13.*

CERTAIN CHANGES IN THE MEDICAL SERVICE OF THE EASTERN BENGAL RAILWAY COMPANY have lately taken place. Dr. Macnamara, the Consulting Physician to the Company, has been appointed to the medical charge of the Sealdah Station, in the place of Dr. Cowan, resigned. Dr. Hall has been posted to Barrackpore, and to the Local Dispensary. Dr. Grant is to remain at Koosteah as before, and a native sub-assistant surgeon is to continue to afford medical relief to the subordinate officers of the company, at the Sealdah Terminus as heretofore.

BAREILLY, July 8.—The European Regiment stationed here have lost about eight non-commissioned officers and men during the last three weeks or so, nearly all from what is now called heat-apoplexy, which is generally understood to be the work alone of the Indian sun, though if a few home questions were put and honestly answered it would be established as a fact that the heat in question was by no means altogether external or atmospherical; but that the fuel poured in, in the disguised form of rum and arrack, was as much the cause as the more apparent source. Of course it is natural and amiable to shrink from applying any such questions to individual cases, but yet in a general way surely the matter should be laid bare, if it be but to undermine that most pernicious system of dram drinking universal, or nearly so, throughout our Indian army.—*Delhi Gazette.*

GAY DOINGS AT ULWUR.—It is reported on good authority that the Maharajah, while walking through a fair held at Rajgurni the other day, came upon a large concourse of women, and being in a lively mood, ordered his attendants to seize the fair creatures and carry them off. The order was executed, to the dismay and consternation of the women and the general disgust of those of the male bystanders who were in any way connected with them. Some of these bystanders had even the temerity to remonstrate with his Highness against this treatment of their female relatives, but the remonstrance only incensed the noble chieftain, who ordered his guards to fall upon the rebels who dared to question his authority, and it is reported that in the onslaught that ensued two men were killed outright, while others were more or less hurt.

A JUDICIOUS ORDER.—The *Englishman* says:—We are glad to see that Government has at length come to the conclusion that it is necessary to support the credit of the dominant race in India. One order has already been issued, that convict soldiers are not to appear before the natives in their old uniform; and another order has just been passed, that European soldiers are never to be marched under a native guard, if it can possibly be avoided.

ABOLITION OF THE ALLAHABAD HOSPITAL.—The Allahabad General Hospital has been abolished. For the duties of the garrison and station of Allahabad for the future the medical staff will consist of one garrison-surgeon, one assistant-surgeon on pay and allowances of rank, or former rate of pay and allowances and staff salary pending the revision of the medical staff salaries.

THE CASE OF MR. BUCKLAND, THE SOLICITOR.—We hear that Purnoo Chunder Mukerjee, an attorney of the High Court, has been called upon, by a rule nisi, to explain certain matters concerning the action he took in the case which resulted in the trial and condemnation of Mr. Buckland some few years ago.—*Englishman.*

SHIPPING.

ARRIVALS.

July 7. Disraeli, Williamson, Liverpool and Calcutta.—8. Sheve, Donald, Thompson, Bombay.—11. Clymene, Richard, London; Arabis, Anson, Mauritius; Glenora, Bello, Oceanic; Alexandra, Kelly, Liverpool.—12. Bengal, Woodcock, Suez; Kona, Toot, Suez, Galle; and Madras; John Bright, Bedford, Hong Kong and Straits.—13. Chiduba, Madison, Straits; Moulmein, and Rangoon; John O'Connell, Madras; Woodbine, Port, Dourah; Caprice, Bourge, Bourbon and Pondicherry; Ferret, Shah, Mann, Singapore.

PASSENGERS ARRIVED.

Per str. Bengal.—From SOUTHAMPTON.—Capt. Surgeon, Mr. Saunders, Mr. B. W. Wood, Mr. B. Wood, Mrs. Wilson and infant, Lieut. O'Brien, Lieut. Lynch, Mr. R. Parker, Mr. A. Wallace, Mr. P. Crighton and wife. From MADRAS.—Mr. and Mrs. Shepherd, Mr. H. M. Atkin, Capt. Watson, Mr. F. R. S. Me. and Mrs. Cable. From Suez.—Mr. Cunningham. From BOMBAY.—Mr. Rose, Mr. Robertson. From MADRAS.—Mr. Greer, Mr. Jones, Mr. Salter, Mr. Lamberton, Miss Goss, Capt. Henry.

DEPARTURES.

July 7. Orissa, Ballantine, Chittagong and Akyab; City of Brussels, Watson, London; Early Morn, Mott, Mauritius.

9. Busheer, Cameron, Rangoon, Moulmein, and Straits; Shaw Allin, Muratorco, Bombay; Tivoli, Lorbly, Hull; Kate Prince, Silby, Boston.—11. Nemesia, Coleman, Suez; Solway, Richards, Mauritius; Brierly Hill, Crisp, Mauritius; Dusty Miller, Griffiths, Hull; Comorin, Atkinson, Bombay; City of Ningpo, Brown, London.—13. Mauritius Merchant, Milman, Mauritius; Star of England, Newell, London.

COMMERCIAL.

Calcutta, July 15, 1865.

GOVERNMENT SECURITIES.

Rate of Interest.	Stock.	Selling Price
4 per Cent. Sa.	Sa. Rs. 90	Rs. 57 12 to 88 0
Do. Transfer Stock	Sa. Rs. 91	84 6 to 88 14
4 per Cent. Co's Rs.	Co's Rs. 91	10 0 to 10 6
5 per Cent. P.W.	Co's Rs. 101	3 2 to 3 8
5 1/2 per Cent.	Co's Rs. 108	9 10 to 9 14
5 per cent., 56-57.	Co's Rs. 104	100 8 to 0

EXCHANGE.

On London.	Per Rupee.
Local Bank Bills at 6 months' sight	11 15-16 to 20 1-16
First Class Credit at 6 months' sight	2 to 2 0 1-18
Bills with Docs. at 6 months' sight	2 0 1/2 to 2 0 3
Bank Post Bills at 1 months' sight	2 0 1/2 to 2 0 1/2

JOINT STOCK SHARES.

Stock.	Paid-up. Rs. each.	Quoted at Rs.
Agra and Masterman's Bank	500	1200 to 1210
Alliance Tea Company	85	
Assam Tea Company	200	530 to 540
Balasin Tea Company	100	90 to 92
Bank of Bengal	4000	6710 to 6810
Ditto Interest bearing	4000	
Beechbloom Coal Company	1000	800 to 810
Ditto	200	Nom. to 175
Bengal Coal Company	1000	1300 to 1320
Bengal Printing Company	100	
Bengal River Company	1000	550 to 560
Ditto	500	300 to 305
Bengal Tea Company	100	135 to 140
Ditto new paid-up	100	
Bengal Oil Company	250	par Nominal
Bengal Credit Mobilier (Lim.)	100	13 to 15 dis.
Bishnauth Tea Company	200	230
Ditto, contributory	10	6 to 7 pm.
Bonded Warehouse Association	415	615 to 655
Borokai Tea Company (Limited)	25	par
British India Tea	80	8 to 5 dis.
Brunton's Press Company (Limited)	50	5 to 8 pm.
Budwan Stone Company	100	75 to 80
Cachar and Assam Tea Company	200	165 to 170
Ditto (Contributory)	115	30 to 25 dis.
Cachar Tea Company	600	600 to 605
Ditto	500	par to 5 pm.
Calcutta Docking Company	700	1300 to 1310
Calcutta Steam Tug Association	600	550 to 560
Calcutta and South Eastern Railway	52	
Central Assam Tea Company	100	56 to 58
Central Cachar Tea Company	200	220 to 225
Ditto, new shares	200	260 to 262
Chetlawh Tea Company	25	
Commercial Transport Association	100	nom.
Dehra Doon Tea Company	100	85 to 86
Dehra Bank Corporation	500	675 to 700
Dooterah Tea Company (Limited)	100	90 to 92
Durrugh Tea Company	65	5 to 4 dis.
E. B. Indigo Company	100	
East India Coal Company	100	20 to 22
East India Railway Company	218	217 to 218
East India Tea Company	100	130 to 135
Ditto, contributory	80	16 to 18 pm.
Eastern Bengal Tea Company	50	55 to 65
Eastern Cachar Tea Company	100	105 to 107
Ditto, contributory	85	3 to 5 pm.
Eastern Bengal Railway Company	218	216
Eastern Steam Tug Company	1000	1150 to 1175
Eastman and Company	250	
Equitable Coal Company	250	200 to 205
Ganges Steam Navigation Company	500	Nominal
Great Eastern Hotel Company	250	235 to 238
Gola Ghant Tea Company	250	285 to 287 1/2
Ditto new shares	250	262 1/2
Goosery Cotton Mills	85	28 to 25 di
Hindustan, China, and Japan Bank	250	
Hooghly Steam Tug Company	1000	1000 to 1020
Hooghly Lighter Association	80	
Hope Town Tea Association	100	77
Hope Town Equitable Tea Company	100	105
Howrah Docking Company	535	545 to 556
Hunter and Company	250	
India General Steam Navigation Co.	1000	750 to 755
Jorehaut Tea Company	200	
Kunchunpora Tea Company	1000	1110
Ditto, contributory	125	8 to 10 pm.
Kurseong and Darjeeling Tea Co.	250	240
Ditto, contributory	125	10 to 8 dis.
Landing Shipping	100	
Leibong and Minchou Tea Company	65	
Lofty Cotton Screw Company	25	
Lower Assam Tea Company	35	
Lucknow Tea Company	155	
Monacherra Tea Company	60	10 to 8
Moren Tea Company (Limited)	70	13 to 14 pm.
Muttuck Tea Company	50	
Mutual Tea Company	100	108 to 110
Ditto, contributory	70	3 to 5 pm.
National Bank of India (Limited)	250	257 1/2
New Fort Gloster Company	600	
North-West Indigo Company	100	70 to 71
North-West Screwing Company	60	nom.
Oriental Gas Company	41	13 to 15
Peoples Bank of India	100	
Port Canning Ltd. Company	100	110 pm.
Punjab Bank	100	120
Punjab Trading	75	
Puckaree Tea Company	100	
Ditto	37	
Ranghaur Tea Company	100	par
Ditto	65	par

Royal Bank of India	Nominal.
R. Scott Thomson and Company	500 ... 465 to 470
Screwing Company (Limited)	200 ... 195
Sea Salt Company	80 ...
Seebaugor Tea Company	100 ... 82
Simla Bank	500 ... 650 to 655
Simla Club and N. W. Wine Company	90 ...
Soom Tea Company	100 ... 105 to 108
Soorispora Tea Company	1000 ... 1500 to 1510
Ditto	750 ... 450 to 480 pm.
South Cachar Tea Company	100 ... 70 to 72
Spence's Hotel Company	250 ... 225
Strand Pressing Company (Limited)	62 1/2 ... par to 2 pm.
Sylhet and Cachar Tea Company	200 ... 165 to 170
Tirhoot Indigo	200 ... 170 to 180
Tuckvar Tea Company	200 ... 190 to 192
Ditto, contributory	70 ...
Union Steam Tug Company	250 ... 6 to 4 dis.
Upper Assam Tea Company	100 ... 170 to 173
Victoria Tea Company	250 ... 280
Ditto, contributory	190 ... 220 to 225

FREIGHTS.

	To London.	To Liverpool.
Saltpetre	21 0 0 to 0 0 0	Nominal.
Sugar	1 0 0 to 0 0 0	Nominal.
Rice	1 2 6 to 0 0 0	Nominal.
Seeds	2 5 0 to 2 15 0	2 0 0 to 0 0 0
Jute	2 0 0 to 2 7 6	1 12 6 to 2 0 0
Cotton	2 7 6 to 2 10 0	2 5 0 to 2 12 6

MADRAS.

MISCELLANEOUS.

EMEUTE OF ARTIFICERS.—Eighteen of twenty-five artificers recently in custody on a charge of assisting at an 'emeute have been released by order of the Commander-in-Chief. In the case of two others no decision has been arrived at, the remaining five were to be brought this morning before a General Court-martial on the following charge:—For having at Madras between the 1st and 12th of May, 1865, begun a mutiny in the Carnatic Ordnance Artificer Company, by attending unlawful meetings held at night in the People's Park by one Kelly, a trader, for the purpose of combining with others of the said Company to claim from the Government certain privileges granted to European soldiers, or their discharge from its service; and then allowing the said Kelly to bind each with an oath not to divulge anything that passed, and in pursuance thereof having on the last named date combined to resist military authority by refusing to attend the usual morning parade, and when taken before Lieutenant-Colonel Thomas Hay Campbell, Superintendent Gun Carriage Manufactory, their Commanding Officer, and ordered by him to proceed to the workshop and to commence work, mutinously refused to obey his lawful command; saying, "We will not go to our work till we have seen the General Commanding the Division," or words to that effect, the above being in breach of the Articles of War.

BOMBAY.

THE MONETARY CONDITION OF BOMBAY.

We are told that "India talks of nothing but Bombay," so it is quite proper that Bombay should talk about itself. The talk alluded to refers to the very important question of how much money has Bombay had given to it, and what has been done with the large sum which, whatever be the exact amount, all the world knows we have received? A Calcutta contemporary has been endeavouring to reckon up our debit and credit account with the civilised world,—mainly, of course, with England, and the calculation is principally based upon cotton exports and bullion imports. On the face of things, it might seem one of the most simple problems ever presented in this age of statistics. Having, however, made several essays towards taking stock on behalf of Bombay, we can appreciate the proper modesty of our contemporary when he confesses that "it is with no little hesitation he attempts to answer the question." Let the ascertainable facts be gathered as faithfully as may be, there will still be a wide margin of uncertainty; and, as the Calcutta writer says, "We must neces-

sarily deal in round numbers and somewhat vague statements." It may be said—what, then, is the use of presenting an estimate which must necessarily be incomplete? We answer, that though not full, it need not therefore be incorrect; and such a general review is always of service as affording clay and straw from which each reader may make bricks for himself. Some facts are sure to be brought forward in respect of which general agreement is certain, besides others to which the majority of readers assent; and in this way a current opinion is gradually formed which serves to mould practical efforts when the occasion arises. Every one is just now ready to admit that great commercial mistakes have been made in Bombay, and in such a mood, especially during the comparative leisure of the monsoon, we are all more likely to take a sober estimate of the means at the disposal of the community. The *Friend of India*, in its not unkindly comments on our affairs, affords us excuse for going over ground which we have several times travelled before.

The writer in the article before us remarks that "a community may safely devote to speculation only such an amount of cash as it has made over and above the demands of ordinary and legitimate trade." Now this proposition must be framed somewhat loosely; for the word "cash" we beg to substitute—capital, and for the word "demands" let us say profits. This latter alteration is more needful, for the writer's argument appears to be—that had Bombay planned only for the outlay of her "surplus profits," we should to-day all of us have been prosperous setts, without any "lame ducks in this island." There is the word "speculation" also which is rather ambiguous in this context. Individuals are at perfect liberty to squander their cash to their heart's content, and none beyond their own circle will feel it; but should a community invest its accumulating capital in undertakings which, at the best, are very slowly reproductive, and in financial schemes which are expedients for squandering, and not for utilising money, then the said community is sure to miss the substantial advantages which its surplus profits were intended to provide. It does not much mitigate the sense of loss of the capital which has been misspent if, as in our case, it has been gained from an exceptional and unexpected source. Extraordinary profits are generally accompanied by unusual necessities. It was so in Australia when a large community was drawn together before the roughest essentials of civilized life could be provided. And has it not been so in Bombay and Western India? After all our dazzling imports of bullion, what have we got that we really needed? Main drainage and a good system of municipal conservancy we ought to have had at least four years ago. With a magnificent foreign trade growing up we needed docks for one-thousand-ton ships; and all railways within or near the island should have had quadruple lines, with huge sheds for the expanding goods traffic, and waiting rooms fit for decent people. It may be said that these matters concerned the railway directors and the Government, and that is so far true as makes it fair to say there has been neglect on the part of those functionaries. But are there not hundreds of people to-day who wish they had bought railway shares and been content with a modest, but real, five per cent., instead of grasping at the shadow of twenty, amidst such absurd schemes as the Frere Land or the National and other Financials? Had residents and natives of Bombay become large holders of G.I.P. and B.B. Railway stock, those lines would have been improved much more vigorously than they are likely to be now. There was not only scope but pressing need in Bombay for a new and strong exchange bank, to compete fairly with the older establishments, that are directed from London by men very imperfectly acquainted with the financial cir-

cumstances of this country. Yet it would be difficult now to point to any such bank; and as to the history of the Bank of Bombay under the care of our local celebrities during these extraordinary times, why the less said the better. We may refer, also, to the want most pressing felt by Europeans, that of house and hotel accommodation; and have again to confess that the opportunity has passed by, and the work has yet to be begun. There were some bold promises made in this regard, when too late in the day, and, perhaps, the Government were in this matter too cautious, where they should have even anticipated the need; but so it is, and good houses are dear even when everything else is cheap. Had all these needful undertakings been in a fair way to completion before our "surplus profits" had been absorbed, there were still far safer methods of investing it than those which became the fashion. Had a few millions been expended in agricultural and other industrial enterprises in the Mofussil, Bombay would even now have drawn from thence better returns than ever can be obtained from half the reclamation projects, and nine-tenths of the nebulous monetary schemes which are now waiting extinguishment. Now, when there is a prospect of the ground being again clear, it is worth while to sum up what we have received during the last few years, in order that we may judge how much of it there is left to work upon.

We have not, certainly, the slightest wish to see again in Bombay even a mild recurrence of the feverish desire of getting rich too fast. There is yet no danger of that. The patient still suffers from relapse; and amidst the dismay and distrust yet prevailing, it must be of service to refer to the good grounds there are for thinking that Bombay, so far from being ruined, has somewhere a good capital on which to start the world afresh.—*Times of India*, July 10.

MISCELLANEOUS.

MESS FUNDS.—We publish below a valuable opinion received from a gentleman of the Inner Temple by last mail on the subject of the audacious spoliation of the mess property of the officers lately transferred to the newfangled "cadres." Our military readers scarcely require this confirmation of Mr. Anstey's opinion (whose revision, it is generally understood, Major Grant's letters received before transmission to Government) on this subject, but we believe it will be interesting. How much is it to be regretted that an enlightened statesman like Sir Bartle Frere permitted his Government to be dragged into this unfortunate piece of wrong-doing, as if at the heels of the Horse Guards!—"Had Major Grant been acquainted with the late changes that have taken place in the law here, he might have quoted as an illustration of his position the course pursued in the abolition of the College of Advocates, and their amalgamation with the body of Barristers. And this illustration would have been all the more forcible as having reference to the proceedings of a legal society familiar with law and equity, and by whom, therefore, the principles of law and equity would, as a matter of course, be strictly followed. When the Court of Probate and Matrimonial Causes was established, under Sir Cresswell Cresswell, the abolition of the College of Advocates in England took place, and they were amalgamated with the body of Barristers. The latter were made eligible to plead in causes which the advocates had previously had to themselves; and the advocates had opened to them all the courts previously only opened to barristers. Well, this being so, there being as complete an end to them as to the 3rd Native Infantry, what was done with all their property, amounting to thousands of pounds, real as well as chattel, at Doctors' Commons?

Why, it became the absolute property of the doctors existing at the time of the abolition of the institution, and the lands and houses and library and plate and property of all kinds were sold, and the proceeds divided among them, precisely as Major Grant claimed to have done with the property of his old regiment. Yet the nucleus of that property had been the gift of the State, and to it in one shape or other the State had contributed largely; and so had generations upon generations of bygone doctors, none of whom had any greater title than the officers had to withdraw anything on death or retirement. But when the institution *itself* fell, and the necessity of maintaining it had ceased, the property fell, as a matter of course, and that absolutely, to the only people lawfully entitled, namely, the existing members. The same principle was declared law in the case of Lord Clive's fund, where the object of it having ceased, the fund returned to the existing representatives of the donor. That Major Grant is right, and Sir Wm. Mansfield wrong, is as clear as daylight."—*Times of India*.

RIGHT OF PRECEDENCE.—In the High Court, on the 15th inst., Mr. Justice Hore, in asking the members of the bar if they had any motions to make to the Court, began by asking the Acting-Advocate-General, who said he had none to make. His Lordship then asked Mr. Anstey, who rose and replied that he did not answer when not called upon, and his Lordship then again resumed his seat. His Lordship was at first nonplussed for the moment, and then comprehended the mistake he had committed. Mr. Anstey again rose and said that Mr. White was not Advocate-General, but only Acting-Advocate-General. His Lordship begged Mr. Anstey's pardon, and said he would overrule the mistake he had committed, and hold the question he had put to Mr. White as not put. He then asked Mr. Anstey if he had any motion to make, and Mr. Anstey then rose and brought a motion forward before the Court.

INDIAN FINANCE.—There is amongst English politicians so settled an impression of the dilapidated state of Indian finance that even experienced men amongst them are apt to fall in with it. Mr. Massey, we believe, was not exempt from the influence of this traditional opinion, and certainly, in connection with his arrival in India, there were many circumstances to confirm his unfavourable view of our affairs. It is, therefore, gratifying when we learn that Mr. Massey has felt relieved, we may almost say agreeably surprised, with the result of his own examination into Indian finance. Probably this encouraging view of things, together with his sojourn at Simla, may aid in restoring him to physical vigour. We have reason to believe that he already sees ground for hope that the next financial statement will be a favourable one. This may serve to bear out the surmises of our Bengal contemporaries, to the effect that no supplementary budget will be introduced. It seems, probable, however, that Mr. Massey will re-introduce a levy on incomes of some kind. This may be needful, but if a succession duty could also be included in the general scheme of Imperial taxation, the income-tax would never need to be brought so low in scale, or rated so heavily as to be felt as a burden.—*Gazette*.

SKIRMISH WITH A SLAVER.—The following extract of a letter has been handed to the *Times of India*:—"H.M.'s ship *Wasp* had an encounter with a slave dhow near Zanzibar about the middle of May last. Her pinnace and cutter were sent under charge of the second and third Lieutenants, Messrs. Rising and Theobalds, to intercept the dhow coming out of the harbour. It was blowing rather hard at the time, and when the cutter attempted to board, she up with her helm and tried to run her down; the cutter was caught under the bows but not swamped. The

officer and crew boarded immediately, the pinnace coming up almost at the same time. There was a smart fight, and the dhow was taken. The *Wasp's* boats had one man killed, four seriously wounded, and both the lieutenants above-named wounded. Lieutenant Rising is said to have taken a very active and gallant part in the fray; he had his sword smashed, and was badly wounded in three places—he lost three fingers of one hand, had a sword cut that penetrated to the spine, and a spear wound in the leg. Lieut. Theobald received a bad wound from a spear in the wrist, but they are happily both in a fair way to recover."

DEATH OF NEWAB ALLI REZA KHAN.—The *Delhi Gazette* says:—"In Lahore the extreme heat has found among its victims one of the greatest men of note in the place. Newab Alli Reza Khan, the noble guardian of lives and liberties of the Cabool prisoners in 1842, expired a week ago, at the advanced age of eighty years. This noble old man saved the lives of the Lawrence and of many others, and for his fealty and humanity forfeited his property and his country. He was an honorary magistrate of the city, and held a large jaghir from the Government in token of his invaluable service. His hospitalities, however, to all Cabool travellers and acquaintances were too profuse to allow of his accumulating much money. His family is very large."

COLONEL CRAWLEY AGAIN.—The *Sindian* says:—"We have received a private letter from Mhow complaining that Colonel Crawley has ordered that no one in civilian's clothes shall enter the Sergeants' mess of the Inniskilling Dragoons. From our own experience of the service we know that commanding officers of corps have invariably been happy to promote good feeling between their men and the residents of the station they were in. But Colonel Crawley is evidently of another opinion. Is it possible that he is afraid of out-siders knowing too much of the interior economy of the regiment which has the misfortune to be under his command?"

DHAR PRIZE MONEY.—The Governor in Council is pleased to authorise the immediate distribution of the second and final payment of Dhar prize money at Rs. 25 per share. Claims thereto will be accordingly preferred on the Examiner Prize Accounts, in the same manner, and under the same conditions, as prescribed for the first payment under G.G.O. No. 183, of the 30th March, 1863.

SHIPPING.

ARRIVALS.

July 8. Australian Messenger, Perriman, Singapore.—9. Bedfordshire, Mackey, Calcutta; Marion, Moose, Cocanada; Silen, Robertson, Moulmein.—10. Kate Kelloch, Vincent, Sunderland; Semitar, Potts, Liverpool; str. Oriassa, Curling, Sec.—11. str. Benares, White, Suez; str. Behar, Hyde, Hong Kong; Lancastrian, Donaldson, Liverpool; B. K. Guillemere, Zanzibar; Duke of Northumberland, Brown, Newcastle.—13. Novanuggur, De Costa, Zanzibar; Southern Empire, Dunlop, Liverpool.—14. Ulysses, McIntyre, Greenock; Changer, Shaw, Liverpool; Morning Star, Key, Kurrachee; Good Success, McQueen, Singapore.—19. Lisc, Cadet, Bordeaux; Lord Clarendon, Borstell, Singapore.—21. str. Sir Bartle Frere, Rutherford, Glasgow; str. Ottawa, —, Hong Kong.

PASSENGERS ARRIVED.

Per P. and O. Co.'s str. Benares.—From SOUTHAMPTON.—Col. Skinner, the Misses Goodard, Miss Sherrie, Mr. Chamberlain, Mr. Smith, Mrs. Williams, Messrs. Hart, Burns, Bowack, Gray, Small, Walker, Fwing, Pike, Pratt, and T. Smith. From MARSHALLS.—Capt. Henchey, Messrs. Munro, McNiven, Marshall, Farrer, Angus, and Cow, Capt. and Mrs. Walsh, Capt. Goodfellow. From SUZ.—Mr. Kichey, Mr. Walsh. From ADEN.—Lieut. Maynew, Mrs. Campbell, Mr. Phillips.

DEPARTURES.

July 8. Oasis, Parsell, Galle; Euminides, Poc, Liverpool; Pontiac, Davis, Liverpool.—9. str. Bombay, Burne, Aden and Suez.—10. Assaye, Jones, Calcutta; str. India, Lewis, Persian Gulf.—11. Wabeno, McFiliin, Batavia.—12. Pacific, Burrows, Calico; Tugela, Stuart, Mauritius; str. Baroda, Haselwood, Aden and Suez.—13. Shakespear, Thomas, Singapore.—15. str. Behar, Hyde, China, &c.; str. Euphrates, Tamnton, Coast and Calcutta.—18. Wilhelm Kerchner, Dunklay, Penang.—19. Sir Charles Napier, Bell, Liverpool.—20. Providence, Cassy, Calcutta.—21. mail str. Benares, White, Suez.

PASSENGERS DEPARTED.

Per P. and O. Co.'s str. Baroda.—Mr. W. Stanley, Mr. Crockett. Per P. and O. Co.'s str. Benares.—For SUZ.—Mr. and Mrs. Fox, Mr. J. E. Grimm, Mr. G. Sigg. For MARSHALLS.—Mr. and Mrs. Armitage and infant, Mr. P. Wyllie, Colonel Kennedy, Mr. E. S. Dawes, Mr. E. Wilcox. For SOUTHAMPTON.—Mrs. Crane and child, Capt. Coulter, Capt. Blair, Mr. J. Stuttford, Dr. Forbes, Mr. J. Stewart, Mr. Dobson, Mr. J. Palmer, Mr. H. Maxwell, Capt. Norris, Miss Watson, Mr. E. Needham, Lieut. Wilmot, 33rd Foot, Mrs. Graham and infant, Mr. Worward and child, Mrs. E. Paris, Mr. A. G. Hinds. Per P. and O. Co.'s str. Bombay.—For ADEN.—Asst.-surg. Paliologus, Capt. Utterson, Lieut. Coles. For SUZ.—Mr. Hahn. For MARSHALLS.—Mrs. Fagan, Mr. H. Lewis, Mr. J. D. Wells. For SOUTHAMPTON.—Mr. and Mrs. Burgess, Dr. Fleming, Mr. J. Clouston, Mr. J. Hooker, Mr. Robert Day, Mr. Burehett and two infants, Mr. H. Sanders, Mr. O. Osborne, Mr. Preston.

VESSELS SPOKEN.

Per Scimitar.—May 7, George Kendall, standing to the northward, in lat. 4-47 N., long. 22-28 W. June 12, Mary Stenhouse, from London, bound to Bombay, in lat. 38-11 S., long. 35-5 E., 60 days out. June 14, Red Gauntlet, from Liverpool, bound to Calcutta, in lat. 37-8 S., long. 46-58 E., 58 days out.

COMMERCIAL.

Bombay, July 22, 1865.

EXCHANGES.

On London Banks—at 6 months' sight, per rupee, 2s. 1-16d.	
6 ditto ditto 2s. 1-5d. Cred. Bills.	
6 ditto ditto 2s. 0-12d. Docts.	
On Calcutta, at sight, per 100	103
Ditto at 30 days' ditto	101
Ditto at 60 days' ditto	100
On Madras, at 30 days' ditto	100 1/2
On China, at 60 days ditto	Rs. 211 per 100 dols.

BANK AND OTHER SHARES.

Agra Bank (Rs. 500)	110 pr. cent pm
Asiatic Bank	6
Bombay Bank (Rs. 1,000)	29 do.
Bank of India (Rs. 25)	36 pm.
Banker's Banking Co. (Rs. 20)	12 pm.
Central Bank (Rs. 250)	130 do.
Chartered Bank of India, Australia, & China (Rs. 200)	80 do.
Commercial Bank (Rs. 500)	15 do.
Comptoir d'Escompte de Paris (Rs. 200) ..	100 do.
Joint-Stock Bank (Rs. 20)	83 do.
Mercantile Bank (Rs. 250)	90 do.
Oriental Bank Corporation (Rs. 250)	100 pm.
Royal Bank of India (Rs. 25)	28 do.
Madras Bank (Rs. 1,000)	80 do.
Apollo Press Co. (Rs. 11,000)	par
Colaba Press Co. (Rs. 2,700)	Rs. 6,000 p. sh.
Fort Press Co. (Rs. 3,667)	Rs. 14,500 p. sh.
Elphinstone Land and Press Co.—	
(A) share (Rs. 6,000)	3600 Rs. 675 pm.
(B) share (Rs. 6,000)	2500 dis.
Frere Press Co. (Rs. 250)	25 pm.
Victoria Land and Press Co. (Rs. 4,000)	Rs. 2,300 pm.
Bombay Press Co. (Rs. 1,200)	7 per cent. dis.
Great Indian Peninsular Railway Co. Consolidated Stock (Rs. 218-3-0)	Rs. 700 dis.
Iron Ship Co. (Rs. 1,000)	Rs. 25 pm.
Oriental Ship Owning Association (Rs. 250) ..	Rs. 300 dis.
Prince of Wales Ship Co. (Rs. 1,000)	Rs. 250
Western India Ship Co. (Rs. 1,000)	Rs. 3,200 p. sh.
Hydraulic Press Co. (Rs. 4,000)	Rs. 500 prem.
Coorla Spinning Co. (Rs. 5,000)	Rs. 90,000 p. sh.
Bombay United Spinning and Weaving Co. (Rs. 2,500)	Rs. par
Colaba Land Co. (Rs. 10,000)	4,000 p. sh. pm.
Bonded Warehouse Co. (Rs. 400)	Rs. 150 prem.
Back Bay Reclamation Co. Rs. 5,000 paid-up ..	Rs. 100 prem.
Oriental Weaving and Spinning Company (Rs. 2,500)	Rs. 1,000 prem.

GOVERNMENT SECURITIES.

Four per Cent. Sica Rs. Trans. Loan	Rs. 91 1/2
" " Sica Rs. Loan 1832-33	91 1/2
" " Co.'s Rs. Loan 1835-36	90
" " " " 1842-43	104 1/2
" " " " 1854-55	110
Five per Cent. Co.'s Rs. Loan	Rs. 7 do. dis.
Five-and-a-Half per Cent.	par.
Ditto, New £20 Shares (Rs. 87-4-4)	Rs. 800 prem.
Bombay, Baroda, and Central India Railway Co. (Rs. 1,000)	Rs. 100 prem.
Bombay Spinning & Weaving Co. (Rs. 5,000) ..	Rs. 25 prem.
Great Eastern Spinning and Weaving Company (Rs. 1,100)	Rs. 400
Manockjee Pity's Spinning and Weaving Co. (Rs. 850)	Rs. 3,000
House and Land Investment Co. (Rs. 200) ..	
Bombay Shipping Co. (Rs. 1,500)	

PRICE OF BULLION, &c.

Sovereigns	Rs. 10 6
Bank of England Notes	" 10
Spanish Dollars	" 210
Carolin Dollars	" 290
Mexican Dollars	" 225
Five Franc Pieces, Rs. 232 tolas	" 208
German Crowns	" 21 1/2
Bar Silver, 17 and 17 1/2 dwt. better, per 160 tolas ..	106-10
Sycee Silver	" 105
Gold Leaf 99 1/2 touch	" 16-12
Gold Bars, English	" 16-10
Ditto, Pekin	" 16-8

FREIGHTS.

To London—Cotton, nominal; Seeds, 10s., nominal. To Liverpool—Cotton, 12s. 6d. to £1. 5s. per ton; Seeds, 7s. 6d. nominal, per ton.



Official Gazette.

BENGAL.

BY THE GOVERNOR-GENERAL.

Simla, June 26.—No. 635.—The furl. to Europe, on private affairs for 1 year, under the new regs., granted to Surg. G. E. Givins, of the med. dept., in G.G.O. No. 679 of Aug. 18, is commuted to furl. to Europe for 2 years on the same account, under the new regs., with effect from the date of his embarkation.

No. 636.—The undermen. officer is perm. to proceed to Europe, on leave, on m.c.:—Dep. insp. gen. of hospitals F. Anderson, M.D., of the med. dept., for 12 mo., under the new regs.

No. 637.—The undermen. officer of the R.E., who has been placed under orders for duty in the Bengal Presidency, reported his arrival on the date specified below:—Lieut. J. G. Hall, date of arrival at Fort William, June 12.

No. 638.—The undermen. officer has permission to proceed to Europe, on leave of absence, m.c.:—Lieut. W. Hopkinson, gen. list (inf.), offic. doing officer, 29th (Punjab) regt. N.I., for 18 mo., under the new regs.

No. 639.—The underment. officer is permitted to proceed to Europe, on leave of abs., on m.c.:—Lieut. C. F. Battye, of the Bengal staff corps, adjt., 22nd (Punjab) regt. N.I., for 20 mo.

No. 640.—The underment. officer is permitted to proceed to Europe on furl.:—

Lieut. H. L. Hawkins, of the Bengal staff corps, 2nd squadron officer, 7th Bengal cav., for 2 years.

June 27.—No. 641.—H.E. the Gov. gen. in Council is pleased to make the following appt.:—

Punjab Irreg. Force.—1st Reg. Sikh Inf.—Lieut. C. C. Brownlow, gen. list, inf., qrmr., 20th (Punjab) regt. N.I., to be adjt., v. Lieut. Ross, appt. wing officer.

June 28.—No. 642.—Col. W. E. Mulcaster, of the Bengal staff corps, is re-appt. to the brigade staff corps of the army, with the rank of brig. gen., in succ. to Col. A. Tucker, C.B., prom. to the rank of major gen.

No. 643.—The foll. order, issued by the Govt. of Bombay, is confirmed:—

June 6.—No. 806.—Granting leave to Eur., on m.c., to Capt. H. C. Millett, of the Bengal staff corps, for 20 mo.

No. 644.—The underment. officer has reported his return from England:—

Lieut. C. St. J. B. Barnett, of the late 19th regt. N.I.—date of arrival at Fort William, June 14.

No. 645.—G.O. No. 379 of April 10, placing the services of Lieut. G. N. Ross, 12th Madras N.I., temp. at the disposal of the Home Dept., is cancl.

No. 646.—The underment. officer, having completed 26 years' service, eight years of which were on permanent staff employ, to be lieut. col. from the date specified opposite to his name, under the Royal Warrant of Jan. 16, 1861, subject to H.M.'s approval:—

Major A. Macqueen, from June 18.

No. 647.—The undermentioned officer having completed 20 years' service, 6 years of which were on permanent staff employ, to be major from the date specified opposite to his name, under the Royal Warrant of Jan. 16, 1861, subject to H.M.'s approval:—

Bengal Staff Corps.—Capt. J. Perkins, from June 10.

No. 648.—The undermentioned officer having completed 12 years' service, 4 years of which were on permanent staff employ, to be capt. from the date specified opposite to his name, under the Royal Warrant of Jan. 16, 1861, subject to H.M.'s approval:—

Bengal Staff Corps.—Lieut. and brev. capt. F. N. Miles, from June 18.

No. 649.—The undermentioned officer is permitted to proceed to Europe, on leave of absence, on m.c.:—

Lieut. T. J. Quin, of the gen. list, inf., doing duty officer, 29th (Punjab) regt. N.I., for 15 mo., under the new regs.

June 29.—No. 651.—H.E. the Gov. gen. in Council is pleased to make the following appointment:—

PUNJAB IRREGULAR FORCE.
5th Infantry Regiment.

Lieut. W. F. S. Perry, gen. list, inf., doing duty officer, 4th Punjab cav., to be doing duty officer, v. Lieut. Tytler, app. adjt.

No. 652.—*Errata*.—In G.G.O. No. 616 of the 21st inst., notifying the prom. of certain officers to the rank of lieut. col. in the staff corps for "twenty years' service, six years of which were on permanent staff employ," read "26 years' service, 8 years of which were on permanent staff employ." Order books to be corrected accordingly.

No. 653.—June 30.—The undermntd. officer is admitted to the Bengal staff corps, with effect from the date specified opposite to his name, subject to the confirmation of the Right Hon. the Secy. of State for India:—

Capt. G. C. Depree, R.A., in charge of No. 4 topographical party, Chota Nagpore div. survey, Feb. 19, 1861.

July 3.—No. 2,019.—Capt. F. A. Dickens, dist. supt. of police, Jubbulpore, Central Provinces, has priv. leave for 1 mo., from such date as he may avail himself of the same.

No. 2,021.—Mr. W. Ellison, asst. rev. surveyor, 2nd div., Central Provinces, has 17 days' priv. leave, from Jan. 23.

ADMISSION OF BARRISTERS TO THE EXAMINATIONS, C.S.

July 5.—No. 2,122.—The Gov. gen. in Council has been pleased to determine that all barristers-at-law, English pleaders (*vakeels*) and attorneys-at-law shall, if they so wish, be admitted to the examinations held by the board of examiners at Calcutta, under the revised rules for the examination of mily. officers, published in G.G.O. dated Sept. 9, 1864.

In any case in which acquaintance with a native language is a necessary qualification for office or employment under Govt., a certificate from the board of examiners, of proficiency in such language, according to the second standard, as laid down in the rules above mentioned, will be held as a proof of the qualification required, and as exempting any barrister, pleader, or attorney from all further compulsory examination in the said language.

The holder of a certificate of proficiency in any language or languages from the board of examiners, according to the second standard, will also be allowed to present himself for examination in the same language or languages by the higher standards, and to obtain certificates of high proficiency or degrees of honour.

All applications for examination to be made to the secy. to the board of examiners, through the court in which the barrister, pleader, or attorney is practising, or in the case of barristers-at-law, pleaders, and attorneys holding Govt. appts., through the secy. to Govt. under which they are serving, on or before the 25th of the month, to admit of their appearing at the monthly general examination which is usually held on the 1st Monday in the month, not being the 1st or 2nd of the month.

No examination, under the authority contained in this order, shall confer a claim to moonshi allowance or to any pecuniary reward.

July 6.—No. 2,127.—Doctor J. C. Whishaw, civil asst. surg., Fyzabad, availed himself on the evening of the 6th of May, of the 2 mo. priv. leave on m.c. granted to him in notification No. 875, dated the 27th idem.

June 29.—No. 254.—Lieut. W. G. Ward, of the 36th regt., Madras N.I., is appd. to be an asst. to the resident at Hyderabad, and asst. to the gen. superint. of operations for the suppression of Thuggee and Dacoity within those Talooks of the Nizam's dominions lying north of, or intersected by, the 18th degree of latitude.

Lieut. Ward will exercise the powers of a dist. superint. of police, under Act V. of 1861, in all the dists. of Berar.

July 4.—No. 261.—The Gov. gen. in Council is pleased to make the following arrangements in the Central India horse, consequent on the appt. of Lieut. M. J. Mignon to the Punjab Commission:—

Lieut. A. Bannerman, 3rd squadron officer 2nd corps, to be adjt.

Capt. J. D. Hall, officg. 2nd squadron officer, 2nd corps (during the abs. of Capt. James), to be 3rd squadron officer, but to continue to offic. as 2nd squadron officer.

Lieut. C. B. Horsbrugh, doing duty officer, 2nd corps, to offic. as 3rd squadron officer.

July 3.—No. 557.—H.E. the Viceroy and Gov. gen. in Council is pleased to recognize the appointment of Mr. A. Henry as Consul gen. at Calcutta for H.M. the King of Belgium.

No. 559.—Subject to the confirmation of H.M.'s govt., H.E. the Viceroy and Gov. gen. in Council is pleased to recognize Mr. Miable as *ad interim* consular agent for France at Kurrachee, v. Mr. F. T. Phillips, resigned.

July 4.—No. 1,404.—H.E. in Council is pleased to make the following promotions in the British Burmah Commission:—

Lieut. col. D. Brown, to be dep. commsr., 1st grade; Maj. E. J. Spilsbury, to be dep. commsr., 2nd grade; Mr. H. W. Beddy, to be dep. commsr., 3rd grade; Capt. A. G. Duff, to be dep. commsr., 4th grade; Lieut. W. C. Plant, to be assist. commsr., 1st grade; and Mr. W. De Courcy Ireland, to be assist. commsr., 2nd grade, with effect from March 20.

Major J. F. J. Stevenson, to be dep. comsnr., 2nd grade; Capt. H. A. Browne, to be dep. comsnr., 3rd grade; Lieut. C. W. Sweet, to be dep. comsnr., 4th grade; Capt. C. E. Watson, to be asst. comsnr., 1st grade; and Lieut. A. G. Strover, to be asst. comsnr., 2nd grade, with effect from May 6.

July 6.—No. 1,416.—Mr. C. H. Campbell, comsnr. of the Rajshahye div., is apptd. to offic. as agent to the Gov. gen. at Moorsheadabad, in addition to his own duties, during the absence on leave of Lieut. col. W. A. A. Thomson.

July 8.—No. 254.—The Gov. gen. in Council is pleased to sanc. an exch. of appts. between Lieut. J. Jacobs, adjt. of the Deolee irregular force, and Lieut. J. H. L. Greenfield, adjt. of the Erinpoora irregular force.

No. 256.—The following extract from brigade orders issued by the officer comdg. central India horse, under date of June 15 and 16, is confirmed by the Gov. gen. in Council:—

Lieut. A. Bannerman, 3rd squad. officer, 2nd corps, to act as adjt., v. Lieut. Mignon.

Lieut. Horsbrugh, doing duty officer, 2nd corps, to offic. as adjt. in addition to his other duties, during the time Lieut. Bannerman's services are required with the 1st corps.

Lieut. Peart, 3rd squad. officer, 1st corps, is granted leave from May 30 to June 9, 1865, to enable him to avail himself of the furl. granted him by the Bombay Govt.

July 1.—No. 1,386.—Mr. W. Glynn, dep. comsr. of Oonao, in Oude, has obtained 1 mo. priv. leave from June 12.

Mr. H. G. Ross, asst. comsr., apptd. to offic. as dep. comsr. during Mr. Glynn's absence, received charge of the district on the above date.

No. 1,388.—The services of Messrs. T. C. Huddleston and R. W. Trafford, C.S., are placed at the disposal of the Punjab Government for employment in that province.

July 3.—No. 1,394.—Lieut. C. S. Blair, 18th Madras N.I., proby. asst. in Mysore, has passed the exam. in Canarese prescribed for the officers attached to the Mysore commission.

No. 1,396.—Lieut. J. J. Blair, asst. agent to the Gov. gen. for the States of Rajpootana, has passed the examination prescribed in G.O. No. 3,101, dated Oct. 5, 1864, for military officers who are candidates for political employment.

No. 1,399.—Lieut. W. S. Brooke, asst. comsr., Nimar, Central Provs., is granted priv. leave for 40 days, from such date as he may avail himself of the same.

No. 1,401.—Surg. H. R. Oswald, apptd. in G.O. No. 1,122, dated May 22, surg. of the Mysore commission, assumed charge of his duties on June 10.

July 6.—No. 1,418.—Capt. E. G. Clark, asst. settlement officer, Fyzabad, Oude, has obtained priv. leave for 3 mo., from Aug. 10 next, or from the subsequent date on which he may avail himself of it.

No. 1,420.—Mr. J. Beddy, asst. comsr., Hoshungabad, Central Provs., is granted priv. leave for 1 mo., from such date as he may avail himself of the same.

REORGANISATION OF THE AUDIT AND ACCOUNT DEPARTMENT, C.S.

Financial Department.—No. 1,205.

Extract from the Proceedings of the Government of India in the Financial Department, Simla, under date July 5, 1865.

Read again the Financial Resolution No. 2,189, dated April 20, 1865, directing the introduction into the Civil Department of a system of Audit and Account on the model of the English system.

Resolution.—The Governor General in Council observes that the amalgamation of the offices of the Deputy Auditor and Accountant General and the Civil Paymaster was approved in para. 31 of the resolution dated April 20, 1865.

2. As a first step, the office establishments of those functionaries will be amalgamated as they

stand, reductions being effected immediately of such clerks and servants as, in the opinion of the Deputy Auditor and Accountant General, may have become palpably superfluous, the general revision of the office being deferred till there shall have been sufficient experience of the requirements of the new system. Such further modifications, however, as may be absolutely necessary may be made provisionally by the Deputy Auditor and Accountant General, with a careful regard to the saving which ought ultimately to accrue from the amalgamation of the two office establishments, and subject to immediate report to the Government of India.

3. The arrangements which may be made for a proper post audit, and for reports to the local Governments on claims to pension and on applications for leave, &c., can also in many cases be adapted so as to admit of the pre-examination of claims payable at stations where there are accountants general, on the plan recommended by the English commissioners of inquiry into Indian accounts.

4. At Calcutta, Madras, and Bombay respectively, an examiner of claims has however been specially allowed; but until further experience of the new system, a similar appointment will not be allowed for any other province or administration. When the several examiners are not employed on the work appertaining more immediately to their appointments, their services will be available for such other additional duties as may be assigned to them by the accountant-general.

5. In paras. 386-87 of the Report on Civil Accounts, the commissioners urged the necessity for providing an efficient deputy to each deputy auditor and accountant general, if the present defective control over treasuries and over the internal working of the local account offices is to be remedied. The expediency of utilising for this object the officers now serving as civil paymasters was suggested by the commissioners. The Governor-general in Council approves of the recommendation, and is pleased to decide, accordingly, that for the Presidencies of Madras and Bombay, and for Bengal, the North-Western Provinces, and the Punjab, there shall be allowed, without any increase of emoluments, an accountant general and a deputy accountant general, in place of the present deputy auditor and accountant general and civil paymaster. In the North-Western Provinces and the Punjab the duties which in Calcutta, Madras, and Bombay are allotted to examiners of claims, will be performed by the deputy auditor and accountant general, in addition to any other which may be assigned to him by the accountant general.

6. An accountant general without a deputy will be retained, within the present scale of charge, for British Burmah; and the existing provision of a deputy accountant general for Hyderabad and the assigned districts, and for the Central Provinces, will continue.

7. Considerable embarrassment has been experienced in the posting of the officers of account to presidencies and provinces from the circumstance that, whereas they are on a general list for employment in any part of India, the position of an accountant general or deputy accountant general in the classified list of the department is dependent in many cases on the locality in which he serves. This consistency will now be removed by making salaries personal and not local.

8. By the financial resolutions No. 84, dated May 13, 1862, and No. 69, dated Aug. 29, 1862, the officers in the financial department below the financial secretary, and in the civil departments of audit and account were formed into classes in a department under the Government of India, with the same scale of pay in each class for covenanted officers appointed to the department after May 13, 1862, and for uncovenanted officers. No alteration in this arrangement will be made.

9. For the covenanted officers who were in the department on May 13, 1862, certain higher salaries were retained in the first three classes, in order to preserve to them the prospects on the faith of which they entered the department.

10. In this way, and from the effects of certain minor modifications of a later date, the sanctioned scale of charge for officers in the departments of account and audit, as originally constituted by the resolution of May 13, 1862, was as follows, viz.:—

Class I.—5 Officers.

Ordinary salary in the class, Rs. 1,500 monthly,—rising by Rs. 100 a month, after each year of service in the class, to a maximum of Rs. 2,000 monthly.

Exceptional.—Of the five ordinary salaries in the class, four are in abeyance by the payment of the following in lieu, viz.:—

2 on Rs. 3,000 monthly.
2 on Rs. 2,500 ditto.

These are held by covenanted officers already in the class, and they will be retained for other covenanted officers who were in the dept. May 13, 1862, and who may succeed to any one of these four exceptional salaries.

Class II.—7 Officers.

Ordinary salary Rs. 1,000 a month, rising to Rs. 1,500 monthly, by an increase of Rs. 75 a month, after each year of service in the class.

Exceptional.—Of the seven ordinary salaries, five are in abeyance by the payment of the following in lieu, viz.:—

1 on Rs. 2,500 monthly.
2 on Rs. 2,000 monthly.
2 on Rs. 1,500 monthly.

These are held by covenanted officers already in the class, and they will be retained for their benefit and for that of the only covenanted officer in the third class who entered the dept. before May 13, 1862, and who severally may succeed to any of these five exceptional salaries.

Class III.—5 Officers.

Ordinary salary, Rs. 800 a month, rising by an annual increase of Rs. 50 a month, after each year of service in the class, to a maximum of Rs. 1,000 a month.

Exceptional.—Of the five ordinary salaries, one has been in abeyance hitherto by the payment in lieu of a salary of Rs. 1,425, rising from May 1, 1865, to Rs. 1,500 monthly. This will now be in abeyance by the temporary promotion of the covenanted officer who held it to a higher class.

Class IV.—11 Officers.

Ordinary salary, Rs. 600 a month, rising to Rs. 800 by an increase of Rs. 50 monthly, after each year's service in the class.

Class V.—24 Officers.

Salary, Rs. 400 a month, rising to Rs. 600 by an increase of Rs. 50 a month, after each year's service in the class.

11. H.E. in Council is pleased further to rule that the posting of an officer to any province will not confer a title to any higher salary than that of the class from which the officer is taken, unless the appointment is accompanied by promotion to a higher class, or by a nomination to act in a higher class.

12. With regard to the undermentioned appointments wherever they exist, the designations of the local officers of account and audit will be hereafter as follows:—

- 1—Accountant general of the local Govt. or administration.
- 2—Deputy accountant general.
- 3—First assistant to accountant general.
- 4—Second assistant to accountant general.
- 5—Examiner of claims.

13. All other officers, whether belonging to the late civil paymaster's offices or the offices of the deputy auditor and accountant general, will be entered as assistants in the offices of the accountants general to which they are attached. They will be borne in the proper order of precedence or seniority on the classified list, if belonging to that list, or on the rolls of the establishment of which they form a part.

14. In accordance with the terms of this resolution, and having regard to existing vacancies and to the special rules of the department which allow covenanted officers on furlough to retain a lien on their appointments in the department while their salaries are available for officers in actual employment in the department, the Governor-general in Council has determined on the following disposition of the several accountants general, deputy accountants general, and other classified officers employed in the account department in the several presidencies and administrations:—

BENGAL.

Mr. Sandeman, account. gen., 2,500.
Mr. R. Taylor, dep. account. gen., 1,500, app. to office in a like capacity at Madras.
Mr. R. C. Tulloch, examr. of claims, class IV.

MADRAS.

Mr. F. Lushington, account. gen., 3,000.
Mr. R. Taylor, offic. dep. account. gen.,* 2,000†.
Mr. Raynor, 1st asst. account. gen., class III., absent on m.c.
Mr. Mackey, offic. 1st asst. account. gen., class V., with acting allowances of 3rd class.
Mr. Eede, 2nd asst. account. gen., offic. dep. account. gen., N.W.P.

* Mr. Lodwick, on furlough, holds a lien on this appointment on a salary of Rs. 2,500.

† This salary will be drawn by Mr. Taylor during the absence of Messrs. Chapman and Probyn.

Mr. Macleod, offic. 2nd asst. account. gen., class V., with acting allowances of 4th class.

Mr. Donald, offic. examr. of claims, class V.

BOMBAY.

Mr. J. Lushington, accountant general, 3,000.
Mr. Christie, officiating deputy* accountant gen., Class III., with the officiating allowances of Class II.
Mr. Christie, first assistant accountant general.
Mr. Hynes, officiating first assistant accountant general, Class IV., with the officiating allowance of Class III.

Mr. Pundurung Gonoba, officiating examiner of claims, Class V.

N.W. PROVINCES.

Mr. E. F. Harrison, accountant gen., 2,500, absent on special duty.
Mr. Waterfield, officiating accountant gen., 2,000, with usual deputation allowance on Mr. E. F. Harrison's salary.
Mr. Waterfield, dep. acct. gen.
Mr. J. Eede, offic. dep. acct. gen., class IV., with the offic. allowances of class III.
Mr. Crawford, 1st asst. acct. gen., class IV.

PUNJAB.

Mr. Probyn, acct. gen., absent on sick leave.
Mr. W. Clarke, offic. acct. gen., class III., with the offic. allowances of class II.
Mr. W. Clarke, dep. acct. gen.
Mr. Anthony, offic. dep. acct. gen., class V., with the offic. allowances of class IV.

BURMAH.

Mr. H. Mangles,† acct. gen., 2,000.

NAGPORE.

Mr. Biss, dep. acct. gen., class III.

HYDERABAD.

Mr. Gordon, dep. acct. gen., class IV.
Mr. E. S. Byrne, offic. dep. acct. gen., class V., with the offic. allowances of class IV.

Ordered that a copy of this resolution be sent to the foreign, home, military, and public works departments, the several local Governments and administrations, and the officers of account and audit.

Ordered also that the resolution be published in the *Gazette of India*.

(True Extract.)

E. H. LUSHINGTON,
Secretary to the Government of India.

July 3.—No. 656.—Surg. D. Young, M.D.* F.R.C.S.E., of the med. dept., in med. charge, 39th (the Allypore) regt. N.I., is perm. to proc. to Australia, on m.c., and to be absent from Bengal on that account for 1 year, under the old regs.

No. 657.—The undermen. officer is perm. to proc. to Eur. on leave, on m.c.:—

Lieut. R. B. Cummins, of the late 46th Madras regt. N.I., for 18 mo., under the new regs.

No. 658.—The undermen. officer is perm. to proc. to Eur. on leave, on m.c.:—

Capt. H. F. Bolton, of the Bombay staff corps for 20 mo.

July 4.—No. 661.—H.E. the Gov. Gen. in Council is pleased to announce that it has been decided by the Right Hon. the Sec. of State for War that the authorised periods of leave of absence may be included in part of the six years' service in the rank of field officer required to entitle a general officer to the unattached pay of the latter rank.

July 5.—No. 663.—H.E. the Gov. Gen. in Council is pleased to make the foll. appt.:—

Stud Dept.—Vet. surg. J. Bicknell to offic. during the absence on m.c. to Europe of Vet. surg. Garrad.

COURSE OF STUDY OF YOUNG OFFICERS OF THE ROYAL ARTILLERY.

July 6.—No. 668.—The following mily. letter from the Right Hon. the Sec. of State for India, No. 176 of May 25, is published for general information:—

Military.—No. 176.

India Office, London, May 25.

To H.E. the Right Hon. the Gov. gen. of India in Council.

Sir,—I have received and considered in Council your military letter No. 88, dated Feb. 21, forwarding correspondence relative to a proposal submitted by the inspector general of ordnance and magazines, that officers of the royal artillery in India should be encouraged to qualify themselves for appointments in the ordnance department and manufacturing establishments, by undergoing the course of study and training laid down in G.O. to the royal arty., No. 492, dated Horse Guards, Nov. 2, 1863.

* Mr. Chapman, absent on furlough, has a lien on this appointment on a salary of Rs. 2,000.

† Will draw Rs. 2,500 during Mr. Lodwick's absence on furlough.

2. Lieut. Garrett, 3rd class coms. of ordnance, has, it appears, submitted an application to proceed home for 2 years for the above purpose, declaring his readiness to forfeit Indian and staff allowances, provided he be permitted to resume his appt. on his return, and to reckon the period as service in India towards pension.

3. Your Govt. have not felt authorised to comply with this request, but you consider the benefit to the service which would result, if officers now in the ordnance dept. would go through the course of study in question, would be so great that you recommend that the request be granted; and, further, that permission be given to one officer in each grade of the commissaries of ordnance to be absent for the same purpose, if so many should apply for the indulgence, and if the insp. gen. of ordnance can in each case recommend the applicant as one who would be likely to derive from the course the full benefit which it is intended to afford.

4. I concur with your Govt. in considering it desirable that officers of artillery, either having or desiring to have employment in the ordnance department, should be encouraged to undergo the course of study to which you refer.

There are, however, a large number of artillery officers belonging to the Indian brigades of artillery always in this country; and I have been informed by H.R.H. the Field Marshal C. in C. that officers of brigades of artillery serving in India are eligible to compete for appointment to the advanced class of officers referred to in the above-mentioned general (artillery) order. Abundant opportunity is thus offered to the officers of those brigades to go through that course of study, and to qualify themselves for employment in the ordnance department in India.

All officers passing through the course, and receiving satisfactory testimonials at its termination, will be permitted to count as service for pension one-half of the time so employed; but I do not consider it necessary or expedient to sanction a departure from the established rules of the service in the case of officers actually holding staff appointments of this nature, by permitting them to retain the appointment during absence from India beyond the period allowed under existing regulations.

7. His Royal Highness the Field Marshal Commanding in Chief has suggested to me, in reference to this subject, that the actual appointments to the ordnance and manufacturing departments, both in Europe and in India, should be open to the officers of the regiment generally whose brigades respectively are in those countries, and who may have qualified for such appointments by passing satisfactorily through this class, without reference to whether they belong to the old or the new brigades of artillery.

8. I have informed his Royal Highness that I fully concur in the opinion; but that, with respect to the appointments in India, it will be necessary the candidates pass the language or other test specially laid down for staff employment in that country.—I have, &c. (Signed) C. Wood.

No. 671.—References having been made as to whether vacancies in the rank of captain in regiments having subaltern officers on their establishments may be held available for subalterns of other regiments in preference to subalterns of the general lists, in the event of the former officers desiring to succeed to them; and also as to whether a lieutenant belonging to a regiment can claim to be transferred to another corps with a view to accelerated promotion, the questions have been submitted to the Right Hon. the Secy. of State, who has been pleased to decide that the officers of the general lists have a prior claim to vacancies amongst the captains of the regiments in which there may be no subalterns.

No. 672.—The foll. order, issued by the resident at Hyderabad, is confirmed:—

June 13.—No. 87.—Confirming the regtl. order issued by the officer comdg. 2nd cav., Hyderabad contingent, directing Lieut. G. B. Farrington, offic. paid doing duty officer to offic. as adjt. of the corps, from June 3, v. Capt. W. H. Macnaghten, permitted to resign his appt. in the Hyderabad contingent.

July 1.—No. 241.—The services of Capt. W. H. Mackesy, 76th highlanders, asst. engr., 2nd grade, Hyderabad, being required with his regt., he is replaced at the disposal of the mily. dept., with effect from the date he may be relieved of his present duties.

July 3.—No. 243.—Lieut. J. Browne, R.E., asst. engr., 2nd grade, and offic. asst. principal, Thomason College, Roorkie, is transf. from the N.W.P. to the public works dept. of the Punjab.

No. 244.—Mr. J. Beale, lately arrived from England and appd. to this dept. by the Sec. of State, as a tile maker, is posted to the N.W.P. as a supernum. sub engr., 2nd grade, with effect from April 7.

July 6.—No. 245.—Lieut. H. Y. Murray, asst. engr., 1st grade, Oude, assumed temporary charge of the 3rd road division, from Mr. F. C. Marshall, exec. engr., on June 15.

No. 246.—Lieut. S. C. Clarke, R.E., asst. engr., 2nd grade, Mysore, is granted 2 mo. priv. leave from Aug. 1.

FORESTS.

July 1.—No. 11f.—Lieut. E. W. C. H. Miller, 2nd asst. conservator of forests of the Nugur division in Mysore, has been granted 15 days' priv. leave of absence from April 19.

July 4.—No. 12f.—The following transfers in the forest dept., British Burmah, are notified:—

Mr. A. S. Macdonald, asst. conservator of forests, from the Promé sub-division to the charge of the Tharrawaddy division, v. Lieut. Stenhouse, with effect from June 2.

Mr. M. Elsner, asst. conservator of forests, in charge of the forest survey office, Rangoon, to the Promé sub-division, v. Mr. A. S. Macdonald, as a temp. measure, with effect from June 1.

BY THE LIEUT.-GOVERNOR, N.W.P.

No. 2,310a.—Lieut. col. E. A. Rowlett, Bengal staff corps, whose services have been placed at the disp. of this Govt., is appd. to offic. as cantonment mag. at Agra, until the return of Major Warde, or till further orders. He is invested with the powers of a mag. within the cantonment of Agra.

No. 2,313a.—2 mo. priv. leave is granted to Mr. M. B. Thornhill, civil and sessions judge of Furruckabad, with effect from the 20th inst.

No. 2,322a.—Mr. F. E. Elliott, joint mag. and dep. coll. of the 2nd grade at Goruckpore, is appd. to be a joint mag. and dep. coll. of the 1st grade.

No. 2,323a.—Mr. E. Montague, offic. joint mag. and dep. coll. at Cawnpore, is appd. to be a joint mag. and dep. coll. of the 2nd grade.

No. 2,349a.—Mr. Macnaghten is app. an asst. with full powers of a mag. and dep. coll. in the Allahabad dist.

June 23.—No. 1,007.—Priv. leave of absence for 1 month is granted to Major J. G. R. Forlong, suptdg. engr., 3rd circle, North-Western Provinces, from July 15.

June 24.—No. 1,032a.—Priv. leave for 2 mo. is granted to Capt. J. T. Tovey, officg. exec. engr., Cawnpore div., public works, from 21st inst.

Mr. W. C. Hennessey, asst. engr., will take charge of the Cawnpore div., public works, during the absence of Capt. Tovey.

Allahabad, June 26.—No. 3,196.—Leave of abs. for 2 mos., on m.c., is granted to Mr. D. M. Chalmers, accountant, 3rd grade, with effect from 1st instant.

No. 3,218.—With reference to No. 2,890, dated 23rd ult., Mr. W. H. Parker, exec. engr., Bundelcund road div., availed himself of the 1 mo. priv. leave on the 19th inst., making over charge of his duties to Maj. A. W. Owen, exec. eng., Nowgong div., public works.

June 29.—No. 3,246.—With reference to No. 2,994, dated 3rd inst., Capt. J. L. Watts, R.E., exec. engr., 3rd grade, took over charge of the Agra and Bombay road from Mr. T. Hamilton, asst. engr., on the 15th idem.

No. 3,248.—With reference to Govt. of India Notification No. 285, dated Oct. 6 last, the resignation of his appoint. by Mr. C. Polites, civil div. engr., Rohilkhand div., is accepted, with effect from 12th inst.

June 30.—No. 659a.—The prom. of Lieut. R. B. Graham from the 5th to the 4th grade of dist. supts. of police, notified in orders No. 514a, dated May 12 last, will have effect from the date of Maj. White's resignation.

July 3.—No. 668a.—In modification of the notification in this department, No. 357a, dated April 7 last, the suspension from his appt. of Mr. A. Bates, asst. dist. supt. of police, will have effect from April 7 last.

July 1.—No. 634a.—In modification of the notification in this department, No. 540a, dated 3rd ult., Mr. H. Blunt, dep. coll., is apptd. to offic. in the same capacity at Meerut, during the absence of Mr. G. Billings, whose services have been placed at the disposal of the Sudder board of revenue.

July 3.—No. 638a.—Mr. P. Niblett, dep. coll. under regulation IX. of 1833, is placed in charge of the Benares treasury.

July 1.—No. 111a.—Three months' priv. leave, with reference to the resolution of the Govt. of

India, No. 8,478, dated July 31, 1863, is granted to Mr. F. W. Vere, dep. comsr. of customs for the North-Western Provinces and Oude, with effect from the date on which he may avail himself of the same.

June 29.—No. 2,364a.—Dr. F. Pout is placed in charge of the jail at Moradabad, and is invested with the powers of a mag., to be exercised within the precincts of the jail under his charge.

No. 2,367a.—In modification of the notification in the gen. dept., No. 1,577a, dated 4th ult., Staff Asst. surg. F. Pout is placed in charge of the civil med. duties at Moradabad, in addition to his other duties, as a temp. arrangement.

No. 2,376a.—W. White, Esq., m.d., 1st regt. N.I., is placed in charge of the jail at Lullutpore, and is invested with the powers of a mag., to be exercised within the precincts of the jail under his charge.

No. 2,384a.—6 mo. leave on m.c. is granted to Mr. W. A. Howe, asst. mag. and coll. at Allypore, with effect from the date on which he availed himself of the same.

No. 2,415a.—Mr. S. O. B. Riddale, B.A., asst. mag. and coll. at Meerut, is transferred in the same capacity to Allypore.

No. 2,416a.—Mr. R. J. Crosthwaite, asst. mag. and coll. at Meerut, is transf. in the same capacity to Boolundshuhur.

July 1.—No. 2,427a.—One mo. priv. leave is granted to Mr. J. V. Sturt, extra asst. comr. in the Jhansie div., with effect from the 1st inst.

July 4.—No. 2,455a.—In continuation of the notification in this dept., No. 2,030a, dated the 10th ult., the Lieut. Gov. is pleased, upon the report of the special central exam. committee, to declare the undermtd. officers to have passed the required exam. in the judicial dept. by the first or lower standard. They are accordingly invested with the powers of a sub. mag. of the 1st class:—

Mr. F. S. Growse, M.A., asst. to the mag. of Mynpoorie.

Mr. J. H. Fisher, asst. to the mag. of Furruckabad.

Mr. C. Donovan, asst. to the mag. of Sharunpore.

Mr. W. T. Church, asst. to the mag. at Banda.

Mr. O. G. Man, offic. dep. coll. under regtins. IX. of 1833, in Kumaon.

No. 2,471a.—Mr. A. Sells, asst. mag. and coll. of Etawah, is transf. in the same capacity to Agra, with effect from the expiry of the leave granted to him by the notification in this dept., No. 3,992a, dated 28th Dec. last.

July 3.—No. 1,100a.—Two mo. priv. leave is granted to Mr. A. J. Macdonald, civil engr., attached to the Rohilkund (revenue) division, from May 15, 1865.

July 4.—No. 1,117a.—Mr. asst. engr. A. Bell, attached to the 4th div. Grand Trunk road, having passed the prescribed examination, is prom. to asst. engr., 2nd grade.

No. 3,309.—With reference to Notification No. 1,032a, dated 24th ult., Capt. J. T. Tovey, officg. exec. engr., Cawnpore div. public works, made over charge of the div. to Mr. W. C. Hennessey, asst. engr., on the 21st idem.

July 6.—No. 3,330.—Under instructions from the Govt. of India, public works dept., Capt. J. L. Watts, R.E., exec. engr., 3rd grade, made over charge of the Agra and Bombay road, and proceeded to the Presidency on June 19, 1865.

Mr. T. Hamilton, asst. engr., having received charge of the Agra and Bombay road from Capt. Watts on June 19, will hold charge.

BY THE LIEUT. GOVERNOR, PUNJAB.

June 22.—No. 912.—Under the provisions of sec. 412 of the Code of Criminal Procedure, the following officers are empowered to hear appeals from the Tehsildars of their respective sub divs., in criminal cases:—

Lieut. R. G. Sandeman, asst. comr., Meeanwallie, Bunnood dist.

Lieut. E. G. Wace, asst. comr., Rajunpore, Dera Ghazee Khan dist.

Mr. T. W. Moore, extra asst. comr., Bukkur, Dera Ismael Khan dist.

June 26.—No. 924.—Mr. E. Parker, officg. extra asst. comr., Hoshiarpore, is vested in the criminal dept., with the powers of a mag., and with full powers in the civil and revenue depts.

June 28.—No. 943.—Mr. W. M. Young, asst. comr., Kohat, is vested in the criminal dept., with the powers of a sub. mag. of the 1st class, and with the special powers of an asst. in the revenue and civil depts.

June 20.—No. 897.—Mr. J. Allsop, asst. dist. superint. of police, Jhung, has priv. leave for 3 mo., from July 15.

No. 898.—Appointment:—

Mr. J. Allsop, asst. dist. superint. of police, officd. as dist. superint. at Jhung during the under-mentioned periods:—

From Feb. 18 to March 17, 1864.

From Aug. 13 to Sept. 22, 1864.

From March 14 to May 19, 1865.

June 28.—No. 947.—Capt. P. Harris, dist. supt. of police, Hoshiarpore, has obt'd. 1 mo. priv. leave, from Sept. 1, or such subsequent date as he may avail himself thereof.

No. 948.—Transfer:—

Mr. W. Ward, asst. dist. superint. of police, from Kangra to Hoshiarpore, as a temp. arrangement, to hold charge of the police duties of the latter dist. during Capt. Harris' abs. on leave.

No. 321.—Mr. E. Willmott, princ. Delhi College, has obt'd. leave, on m.c., for 3 mo., from July 1.

No. 322.—Appointment:—

Mr. C. R. Cooke, B.A., officg. professor of English, to offic. as princ. of the Delhi College during the abs. of Mr. Willmott.

June 30.—No. 167.—Leave.—Mr. J. C. Neill, 2nd class eng., Punjab flotilla, has obtained 1 mo. privilege leave from the date of his availing himself thereof.

June 20.—No. 1,288.—Leave.—Mr. R. G. Melvill, asst. comr., Mooltan, has privilege leave for 3 mo. from June 15.

No. 1,289.—Capt. H. J. Hawes, dep. comr., Moozuffergurh, has privilege leave for 3 mo. from Sept. 15, or such subsequent date as he may avail himself thereof.

No. 1,297.—Maj. J. C. Millar, cantonment mag., Jullundur, has privilege leave for 3 mo. from the date of his availing himself thereof.

Capt. F. M. Armstrong, wing officer, 45th regt. N.I., to act as cantonment mag. of Jullundur during the absence of Maj. Millar, in addition to his other duties.

June 22.—No. 1,311.—Lieut. E. G. Wace, asst. comr., held charge of the Dera Gaze Khan district from the 16th to 30th May, during Capt. Minchin's absence on privilege leave.

June 26.—No. 1,316.—Mr. J. H. Penn, judge of the Small Cause Court, Jullundur, has obtained priv. leave of absence for 1 mo., with effect from Sept. 1.

June 28.—No. 1,327.—The undermentioned gentlemen have been appointed municipal commissioners of Simla for the year 1865-66:—

Mr. F. Peterson, Gen. P. Innes, Mr. T. Wood, Major P. R. Innes, Major S. B. Goad, Mr. H. E. Wallace, Mr. A. Chisholm.

June 29.—No. 1,337.—Asst. surg. J. W. Johnston, m.d., civil surg., Goojrat, has 1 mo. priv. leave of absence.

No. 1,339.—With reference to Punjab Gazette order, No. 1,040, dated May 8, the services of Mr. D. G. Barkley, m.a., are replaced at the disposal of the comr. of Umballa for employment as his personal asst., from the date on which he may be relieved at Delhi.

June 30.—No. 1,341.—The Rev. W. Simpson, m.a., chaplain of Kussowlee, has usual leave of absence from such date, after Oct. 1, as he may avail himself of the same, to enable him to proceed to Calcutta prep. to obtaining furl. to Europe.

No. 1,347.—The Rev. W. C. Bell, chaplain of Nowshera, has 1 mo. priv. leave of absence from July 15.

No. 1,348.—Rev. L. Poynder, m.a., chaplain of Ferozepore, has obtained priv. leave of absence for two months from the date of his availing himself thereof.

July 3.—No. 1,349.—Transfer.—Mr. C. M. Rivas, assist. comr., from the Lahore to the Goordaspore dist., as a temp. arrangement, or during the absence on leave of Mr. McAuliffe.

June 22.—No. 160.—The Dera Ismail Khan Station order, dated June 1, directing Asst. surg. Hale, v.c. and m.d., to continue in med. charge of 2nd regt. Punjab inf., and detach. of 11 M.'s 35th regt., till further orders, there being no other medical officer available for the duty, is confirmed.

June 26.—No. 162.—Leave.—Lieut. C. H. MacKinnon, adjt. 3rd Punjab inf., is allowed three mos. leave from Aug. 5 to Nov. 4, to remain in Cashmere, on m.c., in ext. of priv. leave.

June 21.—No. 301c.—Notification.—The Umballa and Kalka road is transf. from the charge of the exec. engr. bridges and branch roads div., to that of the exec. engr. Lower Sirhind div.

No. 301c.—Transfer.—Mr. J. H. Rivett, overseer, 1st grade, from the Upper Sirhind to the Lower Sirhind div.

June 26.—No. 1,186.—Transfer.—Mr. A. C. Cregeen, asst. engr., 1st grade, from the Upper Sirhind to the Hill roads div.

July 3.—No. 432c.—Transfers.—Lieut. R. H. Palmer, officg. exec. engr., 2nd div., Baree Doab Canal, to special duty in the office of the suptg. engr., Western Circle, irrigation works, for a period of 3 mo.

Lieut. E. C. Garstin, asst. engr., 4th div., Baree Doab Canal, to have charge of the 2nd div. Baree Doab Canal, during the absence of Lieut. Palmer.

BY THE COMMANDER-IN-CHIEF.

Head Quarters, Simla, June 1.—The following Peshawar div. orders are confirmed:—

Dated the 28th idem.—Reapp. Asst. surg. R. T. Lyons to the med. charge of the 20th N.I., at Rawul Pindee.

Dated the 5th ult.—Reapp. Surg. C. Lowdell to the med. charge of the R.A. at Rawul Pindee.

The following Meean Meer brigade order is confirmed:—

Dated April 25.—Appg. Lieut. J. Upperton, 2nd squadron officer of the 19th Bengal cav., to offic. as station interpreter, v. Capt. G. R. Miller, of the 90th foot.

The following Presidency division orders are confirmed:—

Dated 13th ult.—Permitting Lieut. col. A. Bagot, late 15th N.I., and Capt. J. P. A. Theobald, late 3rd Eur. L.C., the former to proceed and do general duty at Meerut, and the latter at the Presidency.

Gowhaty station order, dated Nov. 39 last, appg. Capt. G. G. Cunliffe, late 41st N.I., station staff, v. Lieut. E. Lightfoot, late 59th N.I., app. maj. of brigade, proceeded with the Doar field force.

By the officer comdg. the 2nd batt. 12th foot, dated Jan. 8 last, appg. Lieut. W. J. Boyes asst. instructor of musketry, with effect from Nov. 1 last.

By the same officer, dated March 25 last, directing Lieut. W. Keough to offic. as adjt., and Lieut. R. B. Reed to offic. as qrmr. to the right wing, with effect from Nov. 24 last.

By the officer comdg. the 31st N.I., dated April 18 last, directing the foll. arrangements, during the absence on m.c. of Lieut. R. S. Robertson, officng. 2nd in comd. and wing officer:—

Capt. and adjt. W. Cabell, late 62nd N.I., to offic. as 2nd in comd. and wing officer.

Lieut. J. F. Trevanion, late 21st N.I., officg. adj., to offic. as wing officer.

Cawnpore brigade order, dated April 24 last, directing Asst. surg. W. Curran, of the 88th foot, to relieve Asst. surg. H. F. Paterson from the med. charge of the station staff and the detachments of the 3rd Bengal cav. and 2nd N.I.

Muttra station order, dated April 24 last, appg. Riding master J. Russell, of the 2nd drag. gds., to offic. as station staff, there being no qualified officer available, v. Lieut. A. Deane, proceeded on leave.

By the officer commanding the 40th N.I., dated April 25 last, directing the following arrangements, during the absence on m.c. of Capt. E. J. Wild, 2nd in com. and wing officer, with effect from March 26 last:—

Lieut. H. Morton, wing officer, to offic. as 2nd in com. and wing officer.

Lieut. H. O. Cumberlege, offic. adj., to offic. as wing officer.

Lieut. C. L. Prendergast, offic. qrmr., to offic. as adj., in addition to his other duties.

Banda station order, dated April 25, appg. Lieut. C. L. Prendergast, gen. list, inf., officg. adj. of the 40th N.I., to offic. as station staff in add. to his other duties, v. Lieut. H. O. Cumberlege, gen. list, inf., proc. to Nowgong.

By the officer comdg. the 24th N.I., dated April 26, appg. Maj. T. C. Darnell, 2nd in com. and wing officer, to assume com., v. Maj. G. N. Cave, proc. on leave.

By the officer comdg. the 31st N.I., dated April 27, appg. Capt. H. L. C. Bernard, staff corps, attached to the regt., to offic. as 2nd in com. and wing officer.

By the same officer, dated the 1st ult., directing Capt. H. L. C. Bernard, officg. 2nd in com. and wing officer, to proc. and assume com. of the garrison at Dalimkote, and Capt. and Adj. W. Cabell to offic. as wing officer in add. to his other duties.

By the officer comdg. the 12th Bengal cav., dated the 1st ult., directing Ensign R. T. Birch, of the 1st batt. 20th foot, attached, to offic. as doing duty officer, v. Lieut. F. D. Boileau, gen. list, inf., app. to the 17th Bengal cav.

By the officer comdg. the 26th N.I., dated 1st ult., directing Lieut. A. Fitzgerald, doing duty officer, to offic. as adj., as a temp. arrangement, v. Lieut. W. F. Badgley, staff corps, app. to another situation.

Leave of absence:—

Royal Horse Art.—Lieut. col. A. Wintle (F. brig.), from July 4 to Oct. 15, in ext.

Royal Art.—Maj. A. Simpson, A.M. (No. 7 batty. 24th brig.), from date of embarkation, to the Neigherries for 15 mo.; and Lieut. E. H. Steel (No. 8 batty. 24th brig.), from date of embarkation, to England by either route, on m.c.

7th Drag. Gds.—Col. C. W. Thompson, from June 14 to Oct. 15, in ext.

19th Hussars.—Cornet F. H. Huth, from June 1 to June 30, to Calcutta, and thence to England for 6 mo. from date of embarkation.

1st Foot.—Capt. J. Deacon (paymr. 1st batt.), from date of embarkation at Bombay, to England by the overland route, on m.c.

55th Foot.—Lieuts. F. H. Wade and W. King, from May 15 to Oct. 15, to the Neigherries.

Late 5th Eur. Regt.—Lieut. col. W. R. Cunningham (doing duty at Meerut), from June 15 to Oct. 15, in ext. of privilege leave, to remain at Mussoorie, on m.c.

Bengal Inf.—Lieut. col. F. Maitland (doing duty at Meerut), from June 19 to Oct. 15, in ext. of privilege leave, to remain in the hills north of Dehra.

Late 2nd N.I.—Lieut. J. R. Marett (officg. qrmr. 18th N.I.), from May 8 to July 8, to Calcutta, on m.c.

Late 25th Bombay N.I.—Lieut. F. A. Montrieu (adj. 37th N.I.), from June 14 to Aug. 12, in ext. of privilege leave, to Cashmere.

Late 72nd N.I.—Lieut. C. J. Griffiths (qrmr. 43rd N.I.), from date of leaving regt. to May 21, to Calcutta on m.c.; and Lieut. C. J. Griffiths (qrmr. 43rd N.I.), from May 22 to Nov. 22, to Kussowlie, on m.c.

Gen. List, Inf.—Lieut. H. H. Rankin (att. to 41st N.I.), from June 30 to Oct. 15, in ext.

CANTEENS.

June 2.—Govt. having approved of the revised canteen rules, the C. in C. is pleased to direct that they be brought into force from July 1 next, in supersession of all previous orders for the management of canteens and canteen funds.

June 29.—The C. in C. in India is pleased to make the following appointments:—

11th N.I.—Brev. maj. R. C. Whiting, late 70th N.I., to be 2nd in com. and wing officer, v. Major W. T. Garstin, dec.; dated June 23.

Lieut. H. A. McNair, late 29th N.I., attached to the Lahore light horse, is directed to do duty with the 12th Bengal cav.; dated June 23.

The following Lahore division order is confirmed:—
Dated 31st idem.—Directing Lieut. F. Cardew, of 82nd foot, to do duty with the Convalescent Depot at Bhagsoo, with effect from 29th idem.

The following Barrackpore station order is confirmed:—

Dated 13th inst.—Appointing Surg. A. J. Dale, M.B., of 6th N.I., to med. charge of the station staff, v. Assist. surg. G. Bremner, M.D., resigned.

The following Presidency division orders are confirmed:—

Dated 22nd ult.—Directing Lieut. J. E. Buller, of 91st foot, offic. garrison qrmr., Fort William, to offic. also as deputy assist. qrmr. gen., v. Capt. A. C. Bruce, proceeded on sick leave.

Dated 14th inst.—Directing Asst. surg. G. Bremner, M.D., attached to Lahore light horse, to proceed to Tezpor in Assam, and assume med. charge of the 12th N.I., v. Assist. surg. W. E. Caird.

The following orders are confirmed:—

By the officer comdg. the 44th N.I., dated April 8 last, directing Lieut. E. P. Ommanney, qrmr., to offic. as wing officer in addition to his other duties, with effect from March 3, v. Capt. D. S. Buist, staff corps.

Dalimkote garrison order, dated April 30 last, directing Lieut. G. D. Reid, doing duty officer, 31st N.I., to act as garrison staff, in addition to his other duties.

Cawnpore brigade order, dated 1st ult., permitting Capt. W. Playfair, late 4th N.I., to do general duty at Cawnpore.

BOMBAY.

BY THE GOVERNOR IN COUNCIL.

Bombay Castle, July 6.—No. 376.—The undermentioned officers are allowed furl. to Europe, on m.c.:—

Lieut. col. W. H. R. Green, C.B., staff corps, political superint. and comdt. in chief Sind frontier field force, for 12 mo.

Surg. major G. F. Forbes, cotton comr., for 20 mo.

Major J. T. Hill, staff corps, wing officer H.M.'s 14th regt. N.I., for 18 mo.

Lieut. G. H. W. Fagan, cadre H.M.'s 2nd regt. N.I., officiating doing duty officer, H.M.'s 12th regt. N.I., for 18 mo.

July 7.—No. 377.—Dep. asst. commissary J. Jackson, of the qrmr. gen.'s dept., is permitted to proceed to Australia, with leave of absence for 15 mo., on m.c.

DISTRIBUTION OF DHAR PRIZE MONEY.

July 10.—No. 379.—H.E. the Gov. in Council is pleased to authorise the immediate distribution of the second and final payment of Dhar prize money at Rs. 25 per share.

Claims thereto will be accordingly preferred on the examiner prize accounts, in the same manner, and under the same conditions, as prescribed for the first payment under G.G.O., No. 183, March 30, 1863.

No. 380.—The following officer having applied for admission to the staff corps, under the provisions of para. 5 of G.O.G.I., No. 531, dated June 27, 1864, is appointed to the Bombay staff corps, from the date specified opposite his name, subject to the approval of H.M.'s Secy. of State for India:—

Lieut. J. Phillips, 33rd foot, doing duty officer Poona horse, May 23, 1864.

July 11.—Asst. surg. R. A. Alleyne has been app. to act as medical officer in charge of the Guzerat Bheel corps, and superint. of vaccination in the Punch Mahals, during the absence of Asst. surg. W. Fleming.

Lieut. H. B. Abbott, act. 3rd asst. to the political resident at Aden, has been app. to act as 2nd asst. during absence of Lieut. W. F. Prideaux on special duty, and during such time as Lieut. G. R. Goodfellow is acting as 1st assistant.

July 6.—Mr. J. W. Orr, sealer, commissioner for taking affidavits, &c., in the High Court, has been granted by the Hon. the Chief Justice an extension of leave, m.c., up to the date of the arrival of the last overland English mail in October next.

Major J. D. Williams, canton. mag. of Ahmedabad, is invested with powers of a mag., under the Code of Criminal Procedure, in the Ahmedabad district.

July 11.—Mr. J. R. Arthur, mag. of Sattara, and Mr. G. Wilson, 3rd asst. mag. of Sattara, are invested with powers contemplated by Act 13 of 1859 in Sattara district.

Mr. A. A. C. Jervoise, 1st asst. mag. of Canara, Mr. A. C. Watt, supernu. 3rd asst. mag. of Canara, and Mr. H. Ingle, superint. of Karwar, are invested with the powers contemplated by Act 13 of 1859 in the Canara district.

July 12.—Mr. A. Lyon, supernu. asst. to the coll. and mag. of Ahmednuggur, is invested with the powers of a subord. mag. 2nd cl. in the Ahmednuggur district, and with powers to commit cases to the sessions.

July 7.—Mr. A. A. C. Jervoise to act as coll. and magist. of Canara during Mr. M. J. M. S. Stewart's abs. on leave.

Mr. A. Lyon to be supernu. assist. to the coll. and magist. of Ahmednuggur.

July 8.—Mr. M. H. Scott to be supernu. assist. to the coll. and magist. of Surat.

July 12.—Mr. G. Norman, 1st assist. coll. and magist. of Belgaum, acted as coll. and magist. of Belgaum from May 2 to May 20, 1865, both days inclusive.

July 11.—Lieut. col. J. A. Ballard, C.B., mint master, to be govt. director of the bank of Bombay, v. Mr. H. A. Mangles.

July 7.—Mr. J. Narayan is app. jt. auditor of the Administrator general's accounts, v. Mr. Clugston, resigned.

July 12.—Mr. J. B. Richey, C.S., returned to Bombay on July 11, 1865, from the furl. granted to him in Feb. 1864 and Jan. 1865.

July 8.—The appointment of the undermentioned officers of the public works department as assist. engrs., 2nd grade, are to take effect from the date on which they finally passed their qualifying examination as under:—

Lieut. J. Grierson, March 1, 1865.

Lieut. S. Babington, March 23, 1865.

July 12.—Mr. H. Ingle, dep. coll. and superint. at Karwar, officiated as an extra assist. engr. in charge of the convict gang at Karwar from May 9 to Nov. 19, 1864.

July 17.—No. 389.—Lieut. col. M. K. Kennedy, R.E., secy. to Govt. pub. works dept., is allowed a furl. to Eur. for 20 mo., on m.c.

July 18.—No. 390.—Maj. M. J. Soppitt is app. to act as paymaster of pensioners at the Presidency.

No. 391.—The undermtd. med. officer having completed 12 years' service, to be surg., from the date specified, in accordance with para. 23 of G.O.

by the Govt. of India, No. 1,060, dated Dec. 23, 1864, subject to H.M.'s approval:—

Asst. surg. C. G. H. Ross, July 7.

No. 392.—Staff asst. surgs. T. Murtagh and F. H. Dunbar are brought on the strength of H.M.'s British forces in this Presidency, from June 1, the date of their arrival at the Presidency.

July 19.—No. 393.—Maj. J. A. M. Macdonald is app. dep. secy. to Govt. in the military marine and ecclesiastical depts.

No. 394.—The 6 mo. furl. granted to Maj. J. Bonus, R.E., in G.O. No. 369, dated 4th inst., is to have effect from July 12.

Capt. P. P. Fenwick, asst. resident at Baroda, acted as polit. agent in the Rewa Kanta from March 28 to April 25, both days inclusive.

July 18.—Lieut. H. Daniel, acting asst. supt. of police at Sattara, acted as supt. of police at that station from May 11 to June 14, both days inclusive.

Mr. W. Woodward, 3rd asst. to the coll. and mag. of Ahmedabad, is invested with the full powers of a mag. in the Ahmedabad dist.

July 19.—The Hon. Sir J. Arnould, Knt., judge of H.M.'s High Court of Judicature, has proc. to Eur. on m.c. for 6 mo., commencing from July 9.

Capt. T. Nuttall, supt. of police at Kulladghee, is allowed leave of absence on m.c. for 1 mo., to proc. to Bombay, prep. to his obtaining a m.c. to Eur.

July 18.—Mr. W. M. Salmon to act as sub. coll. and joint mag. of Sholapoor.

Mr. J. B. Richey to act as 1st asst. coll. and mag. of Poona.

Mr. W. F. Carey to be asst. coll. of customs at Kurrachee.

July 19.—H.E. the Gov. in Council is pleased to make the following appts. :—

Mr. G. H. D. Wilson to be 2nd asst. coll. and mag. of Sattara.

Mr. E. H. Lidderdale to be supernumerary asst. to the coll. and mag. of Sattara.

Mr. G. Waddington to be 2nd asst. coll. and mag. of Ahmednuggur, continuing to act as extra 1st asst. coll. and mag. of Ahmednuggur.

Mr. J. B. Richey to be 2nd asst. coll. and mag. of Poona, continuing to act as 1st asst. coll. and mag. of Poona.

Mr. J. King to be 2nd asst. coll. and mag. of Rutnagherry, continuing to act as 1st asst. coll. and mag. at Tanna.

Mr. T. H. Stewart acted as 2nd asst. coll. and mag. of Kaira from Nov. 1 to June 23.

July 17.—H.E. the Gov. in Council is pleased to confirm Mr. H. E. Jacob in the appt. of under sec. to Govt. in the revenue, financial, and general depts.

July 19.—H.E. the Gov. in Council is pleased to appt. Maj. J. Thacker controller of municipal accounts.

Asst. surg. K. J. Parr assumed charge of the civil medical duties at Kotree on the 3rd inst., v. Asst. surg. McConnell, reported sick.

July 15.—Mr. W. C. Ravenhurst, sub engr., 1st grade, has been granted priv. leave for 1 mo., commencing from the 4th inst.

July 18.—Lieut. G. G. C. Bigsby, R.E., asst. engr., 1st grade, is allowed 1 mo. priv. leave of absence from July 1.

July 19.—Capt. J. H. P. Malcolmson, R.A., has passed an examination in the Canarese language, according to the test prescribed in page 14, Articles 9 and 11 of the Public Works Code.

July 19.—Mr. W. P. Hewett is appt. a municipal comar. of the town of Julgaum, in Khandeish.

July 14.—Major W. Houghton, exec. engr., has been appt. a municipal comar. for the town of Dassick, in the Ahmednuggur collectorate.

July 15.—Lieut. Fagan, asst. superint. rev. survey, S.M. country, has been allowed leave of abs. for 20 days, under sec. VI. of the covenanted C.S. absentee rules.

July 10.—Lieuts. G. L. C. Merewether and F. Smith respectively delivered over and received charge of the office of dep. consulting engr. for railways in Sind on the 6th inst.

Asst. surgs. R. E. McConnell and K. J. Parr respectively delivered over and received med. charge of the civil hospital, Kotree, on the 5th inst.

July 4.—Mr. G. Ayerst, of the C.S., is perm. to proc. to Bombay to appear before the examination committee.

BY THE COMMANDER IN CHIEF.

June 15.—No. 584.—Lieut. W. S. Brown, 1st battn. 4th foot, is confirmed in his appt. of staff officer to the Poorundhar sanitarium.

No. 585.—The following temp. arrangement is confirmed, with effect from April 3 :—

19th Regt. N.I.—Lieut. W. Jacob to offic. as wing officer, in addition to his own duties, v. Creagh.

No. 586.—The following temp. arrangement is confirmed, with effect from June 1 :—

8th Regt. N.I.—Lieut. A. R. T. McRae to offic. as adjt., during the absence of Lieut. Lloyd, on m.c.

No. 587.—G.O.C. No. 151, of Feb. 11, so far as it relates to Lieut. Morse, 9th regt. N.I., is cancelled, the leave granted him having been "privilege."

June 16.—No. 590.—Capt. C. J. Richardson, cadre 8th regt. N.I., is att. to the 12th regt. N.I.

No. 591.—Asst. surg. H. Taylor is appt. to the medical charge of the 9th regt. N.I., v. Sexton, transf. to the 6th regt. N.I.

June 17.—No. 593.—The following orders are confirmed :—

Dated Jan. 25.—By Major gen. Green, c.b., directing Lieut. A. Tanner, 72nd Highlanders, to act as staff officer at Indore, as a temp. measure.

Dated March 3.—By Maj. gen. Green, c.b., commanding at Mhow, appg. Riding master Steers, of the roy. art., to act as interpreter to the 6th drags., in the absence of a qualified officer of the regt., with effect from Feb. 6.

Dated May 30.—By Brig. gen. Heyland, c.b., appg. Lieut. McRae, 2nd gren. regt. N.I., in addition to his own duties, to act as interpreter to the 14th regt., in the absence of a qualified officer of that corps.

Dated May 31.—By Col. Crawley, comdg. 6th drags., appg. Lieut. Inge to officiate as quartermaster of the regt., until the arrival of Quartermaster Mitchell, or until further orders.

Adjt. Gen.'s Office, Head Qrs., Poona, July 6.—No. 678.—Capt. C. W. Smith, 103rd regt. of foot, is attached to the gen. depot until such time as the road to Mhow is reported healthy, when he will proceed to join his corps.

July 7.—No. 680.—The following officers are confirmed in their appts. in the divl. and brig. staff, v. Major Champion, whose period of service on the staff expires on this date :—

Major W. S. Hewett, staff corps, as asst. adjt. gen.

Capt. A. Wardrop, staff corps, as brig. major on the establishment.

No. 681.—Lieut. H. J. Stock, adjt 6th regt. N.I., is appt. to act as A.D.C. to the commander of the forces from the 1st inst.

No. 682.—The following temp. arrangement is confirmed :—

13th Regt. N.I.

Capt. Galloway, staff corps, on prom., will remain attached.

Lieut. W. Laing to act as adjt., v. Galloway, prom., from June 25, until the arrival of Lieut. Payne.

No. 683.—The following med. arrangements are ordered :—

Asst. surg. J. J. Ball, 33rd foot, is attached to the head qrs., 45th foot, as a temp. measure, and will proc. to Colaba forthwith.

Staff Asst. surg. Collier is transf. from gen. duty, Belgaum, to gen. duty, Poona.

No. 686.—The following appts. are made :—

3rd Regt. Sind Horse.—Lieut. R. V. Malden to be 2nd squadron officer, v. Jenkins.

2nd Regt. Sind Horse.—Lieut. M. M. Carpendale to be adj., v. Malden.

No. 687.—The following temp. arrangements are confirmed, with effect from June 30 :—

10th Regt. N.I.—Capt. T. W. W. Pierce to offic. as 2nd in com., and Capt. R. Burd as wing officer, during the absence on court martial duty of Maj. H. H. James.

No. 688.—The following temp. arrangement is confirmed, with effect from July 1 :—

14th Regt. N.I.—Capt. W. B. Preston to offic. as wing officer, during the absence of Brev. maj. J. T. Hill.

No. 690.—Leave of absence :—

Staff Corps.—Capt. R. L. Campbell, Dep. Asst. Quartermaster gen., from July 1 to July 30, on m.c. 3rd Drag. Gds.—Capt. A. H. White, from July 4 to Aug. 3, to Poona, on m.c.

106th Foot.—Paymaster D. Hepworth, from July 9, to remain in Poona until the season opens to admit of his joining his regt.

Cadre 2nd Gr. Regt. N.I.—Lieut. G. H. Fagan, officg. doing duty officer 12th regt. N.I., from June 11 to June 20, to the sea coast, on m.c., in ext.

Quartermaster Gen.'s Dept.—Dep. Asst. comy. J. Jackson, from July 5 to July 15, to Bombay, on m.c.

July 11.—No. 693.—Returned to duty :—Lieut. A. B. H. Burnes, gen. list.

July 12.—No. 695.—The following temp. arrangement is confirmed, with effect from July 4 :—

6th Regt. N.I.—Lieut. F. W. Bean to offic. as adjt., during the abs. of Lieut. H. J. Stock.

No. 696.—Vet. surg. H. J. Fitter is attached to the head qrs. 14th brig. royal arty., as a temp. measure.

No. 698.—The underment. officers have obtained leave of abs., subject to confirmation by H.E. the C. in C. in India :—

Capt. C. Raikes, royal art. (23rd brig.), to England by the overland route, m.c.

Lieut. F. Easton,* 33rd foot, to England by the overland route, m.c.

BIRTHS.

ABBOTT—At 25, Theatre-road, Calcutta, on July 14, the wife of W. H. Abbott, Esq., of a daughter.

ATKINSON—At Jounpore, on July 5, the wife of E. T. Atkinson, Esq., C.S., of a daughter.

BENNET—At Latchmepore Factory, Purneah, on July 5, the wife of T. B. Bennet, Esq., indigo planter, of a son.

BROWN—At the "Retreat," Byculla, on July 9, the wife of Mr. J. T. Brown, of a daughter, still-born.

BRUCE—At Agra, on the morning of the 15th inst., the wife of Capt. A. A. Bruce, 37th N.I., of a son.

CAMPBELL—At Jumalpoor, on July 9, Mrs. D. W. Campbell, of a son.

CARTER—At Orree (Jalonn), on June 30, the wife of J. H. Carter, Esq., C.S., of a daughter.

CORKE—At the Tower, Middle Colaba, Bombay, on July 10, the wife of Mr. W. G. Corke, Asst. Master Attendant, of a daughter.

COULSON—At Middle Colaba, Bombay, on July 16, the wife of T. Coulson, of a daughter.

DOWKER—At Jaulnah, on July 10, the wife of Major H. C. Dowker, comdg. 4th Cav., Hyderabad Contingent, of a daughter.

DEGRUYTH—At Rampoor, on the Myhere district of the Jubbulpoor line, E.I. Railway, July 6, the wife of Mr. T. W. DeGruyther, of a daughter.

ELPHINSTONE—At Mallagaum, on July 9, the wife of Capt. P. A. Elphinstone, C.S., of a son.

ELDRIDGE—At Ballygunge, on July 12, the wife of F. G. Eldridge, Esq., of a daughter.

FAGAN—At Tipperah, on July 5, the wife of Capt. W. T. Fagan, of a son.

GARDINER—At Mynpoorie, July 10, the wife of Mr. W. Gardiner, Police Department, of a daughter.

GRIMLEY—At Bhagulpore, July 5, the wife of W. H. Grimley, Esq., C.S., of a son.

GAWNE—At Almorah, July 11, the wife of E. Gawne, Esq., of a son.

HEADS—At Moortizapoor, June 27, the wife of J. Heads, of a son.

HOEJEL—At Chinchpoogly Hill, Bombay, July 11, the wife of Asst. surg. A. N. Hojel, Professor of Anatomy and Physiology, Grant Medical College, of a daughter.

HAMILTON—At Simla, July 9, Lady Hamilton, of a daughter.

HODGSON—At Ahmednuggur, July 11, the wife of G. R. Hodgson, Esq., 3rd Dragoon Guards, of a daughter.

HANNAY—At Breach Candy, Bombay, July 14, the wife of R. Hannay, Esq., of a daughter.

HOGG—At Simla, July 5, the wife of Stuart Hogg, Esq., C.S., of a son.

LOCKHART—At "Ghowhatty," Assam, July 3, the wife of W. S. A. Lockhart, Esq., Adjutant, 14th Bengal Lancers, of a son.

MACPHERSON—At Long View Cottage, Dalhousie, Punjab, the wife of Fitzroy Miller Macpherson, Esq., Adjutant Sutherland Highlanders, of a daughter.

MCGILL—At Aurangabad, July 7, the wife of J. McGill, Esq., 1st Assistant, Guzerat Trigonometrical Survey, of a son.

MACKENZIE—At Chowringhee, Calcutta, 2, Bala-lar's Buildings, July 11, the wife of W. L. Mackenzie, Esq., of a daughter.

NORMAN—At Mussoorie, June 30, the wife of Mr. J. Norman, of a son.

WOODS—At Kulbadavie, July 14, the wife of Mr. A. Woods, of a son.

WARD—At Dhurmsala, July 8, the wife of William Ward, Esq., of a daughter.

WILLIAMS—At Sealbali, July 7, the wife of Mr. A. H. Williams, of a daughter.

* This officer is not available for duty with troops, and will, on arrival, report himself to the adjutant gen., Horse Guards.

MARRIAGES.

ANGIER—JANSEN.—At Selya, Jubbulpore, on July 4, Mr. Pierre Angier, to Miss Jane V. Jansen.
 BUTLER—BIRRELLE.—At St. John's Church, Upper Colaba, July 15, Richard Butler, Engineer B.I.S.N. Company, to Maggie Evelyn, second daughter of A. Birrelle, Esq., of Liverpool.
 GORDON—ROTHWELL.—At St. Paul's Church, Umritsur, on June 29, John Gordon, Esq., Civil Engineer, to Jane Maria, third daughter of Thos. Wade Rothwell, Esq., Warwick, county Lambton, Canada.
 KINGSTON—McMULLAN.—Mr. N. A. Kingston, Customs Department, to Miss Maria McMullan.
 LUMSDAINE—McLEANE.—At All Saints' Church, Nagpore, on July 13, William Lionel Rawson Lumsdaine, late of the Bengal army and 78th Highlanders, grandson of the late Sir William Richards, K.C.B., Bengal army, to Annie Amabel, youngest daughter of the late James McLeane, Esq., Royal Regiment.
 MASSON—SHERIFFS.—At St. Andrew's Church, Bombay, on July 14, James Masson, Esq., Bombay Mint, to Ann, youngest daughter of the late George Sherriffs, Aberdeen, Scotland.

DEATHS.

BELL.—At Howrah, July 2, of heat apoplexy, Carlisle Bell, Esq., of the Store Department, East Indian Railway, aged 32.
 COULDREY.—At Poona, Mrs. Mary Couldrey, July 10, aged 52.
 DOUGLAS.—At Barrackpore, Mrs. Blanche Howard Douglas, the wife of George Douglas.
 FERRIS.—At Dhurmsala, July 2, Georgiana Matilda, widow of the late Major Joseph Ferris, C.B., Bengal Army.
 GARDNER.—At Calcutta, July 10, of consumption, W. H. Gardner, late of Walworth, New York, aged 27.
 GAIGNOUX.—At Bombay, July 9, Madame H. Gaignoux, aged 36.
 GARDEN.—At Saharanpore, July 4, Normam Robert, youngest son of Dr. and Mrs. A. Garden, aged 7 months.
 HAMILTON.—At Oak Lodge, Simla, July 5, Captain James Charles Hamilton, late 6th European Regiment, and second in Command 45th Regiment, Rattrays' Sikhs.
 IRELAND.—At Nursingpore, Central Provinces, July 6, from cholera, Captain W. F. Ireland, late 25th Regiment N.I., District Superintendent of Police, deeply regretted.
 JACKSON.—At Kalbadavie, July 10, Ellen Margaret, the wife of G. W. Jackson, Inspector of Police, Bombay, aged 19.
 LAWRENCE.—At Jacobabad, July 5, Rose, the wife of Assistant Surgeon Edward A. Lawrence, H.M.'s 30th Regiment N.I. (Jacob's Rifles).
 MAIDMENT.—At Grant Road, George Edward, the child of Mr. and Mrs. William Maidment, aged 14 months and 3 days.
 QUINN.—At Poorundhur, July 9, Fanny Swift, the twin daughter of Captain and Mrs. Quinn, 33rd Regiment, aged six months and nineteen days.
 REEVES.—At Ahmedabad, July 11, of cholera, Mary Ellen Elizabeth, the wife of Lieut. H. N. Reeves, Bombay Staff Corps.
 RISWICK.—The Rev. Father Riswick, Roman Catholic Chaplain, Upper Sind, on board the steamer *Indus*.
 SOLIAGUE.—At Howrah, July 7, the infant son of W. L. R. Soliaque, Esq.
 TAYLER.—At Putlah Kowah, July 6, of cholera, Lieut. T. R. Tayler, doing duty officer and officiating Quartermaster 11th Regt. N.I.
 THACKERAY.—At Allahabad, July 9, the wife of Capt. E. T. Thackeray, R.E.
 WAKEMAN.—At Calcutta, on July 8, Elizabeth Jane, wife of Thomas Wakeman, Esq., C. and S.E. Railway, aged 60.
 WEMYSS.—At Allyghur, on June 27, Major James Wemyss, Retired List, Bengal Army, aged 58 years.
 WALTON.—On July 9, Walter Douglas, Assistant, Agra Bank, the youngest son of W. B. Walton, Esq., of Calcutta, aged 19 years and 8 months.
 WOODHAM.—At the residence of Mr. G. Judd, Esplanade, Bombay, on July 14, after a short but painful illness, Charles Edmund Eustice Woodham, aged 9 years.
 WHISH.—At Nynce Tal, on July 5, Lieut.-colonel J. B. Whish, late 29th Regiment, Bengal Native Infantry, and Cantonment Magistrate of Delhi.

WAR OFFICE.

CHANGES, PROMOTIONS, &c.,
 IN H.M.'s REGIMENTS SERVING IN INDIA.
 Aug. 22.

7th Hussars.—Lieut. J. G. W. Le Marchant to be capt., by purch., v. the hon. F. A. J. Chichester, who ret.; cornet W. S. Lillingston to be lieut., by purch., v. Le Marchant; J. Moffatt, gent., to be cornet, by purch., v. Lillingston, Aug. 22.

Royal Artillery.—Lieut. V. F. Tufnell has been permitted to res. his commission; Lieut. and riding master W. Boylin has been permitted to retire upon half pay, Aug. 22.

Royal Engineers.—Serg. maj. G. Sturrock to be qr.mr., v. T. W. J. Conolly, who retires upon half pay, Aug. 22.

1st Foot.—Gent. cadet W. C. Kennedy, from the Royal Military College, to be ens., without purch., v. Wynter, transferred to the 33rd foot; Aug. 22. Gent. cadet H. H. Yarde, from the Royal Military College, to be ens., by purchase, v. F. C. Turner, transferred to the 4th foot, Aug. 23.

4th Foot.—Ens. F. C. Turner, from the 1st foot, to be ens., v. E. S. Bruce, who ret., Aug. 22.

20th Foot.—Ens. D. O'N. Power, to be lieut., by purch., v. Z. Macaulay, who ret.; Gent. cadet R. A. Woolley, from the Royal Military College, to be ens., by purch., v. Power, Aug. 22.

33rd Foot.—Ens. C. M. Tubbs, to be lieut. without purch., v. A. Hancock, dec., May 25; Ens. W. A. Wynter, from the 1st foot, to be ens., v. Tubbs, Aug. 22.

36th Foot.—Staff assist. surg. D. A. S. Thorburn, M.D., to be assist. surg., v. S. M. Webb, M.D., promoted on the staff, Aug. 22.

58th Foot.—Capt. M. Murphy, from the 83rd foot, to be capt., v. Jones, who exch., Aug. 22.

79th Foot.—Lieut. H. H. Stepney, from the 78th foot, to be lieut., v. H. F. Rowley, who exch.; Ens. C. R. K. Fergusson to be lieut., by purch., v. G. J. W. Hayward, who retires; Ens. G. F. Young, from 2nd foot, to be ens., v. Fergusson; Gent. cadet H. M. S. Douglas, from the Royal Military College, to be ens., by purch., v. G. L. Morley, who retires, having been appt. dep. asst. coms. gen.; Aug. 22.

93rd Foot.—Ens. J. Campbell to be Lieut., by purch., v. C. Hastie, who retires; W. J. Middleton, gent., to be ens., by purch., v. Campbell; Aug. 22.

ROYAL MILITARY ACADEMY.

Lieut. P. K. Lempriere, R.A., to be lieut. of a company of gentlemen cadets, v. Lewes, who resigns that appt. only; Aug. 4.

MEDICAL DEPARTMENT.

Asst. surg. S. M. Webb, M.D., from the 36th foot, to be staff surg.; Aug. 22.

Staff assist. surg. A. Bryson, M.D., to be staff surg.; Aug. 22.

Asst. surg. J. B. Jardine, from the R.A., to be staff assist. surg., v. A. Bryson, M.D.; Aug. 22.

BREVET.

Paymr., with the ordinary rank of capt., J. Murphy, 10th foot, to have the hony. rank of maj., June 1.

Qr.mr. T. W. J. Conolly, half pay, R.E., to have the hony. rank of capt.; Aug. 22.

HEALTH OF THE ARMY.—For the fulfilment of the instructions for yearly reports on the sanitary condition of the army the senior medical officer of British troops at each station is requested to send the President of the Sanitary Commission on the last week of December a complete report of the sanitary condition of the European troops at the station during the preceding twelve months, stating the various sanitary improvements that have been either determined upon or carried out, and their results. The senior medical officer of native troops is to furnish a similar report on behalf of the latter.

THE MONSOON.—Notwithstanding the predictions of the weatherwise, there is a very general feeling abroad that we are to have a short fall of rain this monsoon. However premature this opinion may be, it is certain the rain keeps off at present with the most provoking obstinacy, and the heat is almost as great as before the rains set in. For the past twelve days nothing but a few showers have fallen, amounting to little more than an inch of rain.—*Bombay Gazette*.

To Correspondents.

All letters for insertion in *Allen's Indian Mail* should be accompanied with the real name and address of the writer, "not necessarily for publication, but as a guarantee of good faith."

Communications for the Editor, and Advertisements, should be sent under cover to Messrs. W.M. H. ALLEN & Co., 13, Waterloo-place, S.W.

* Should any delay or irregularity occur in supplying this Paper, communication of the fact to the Publisher will insure a remedy.

ALLEN'S INDIAN MAIL,

WEDNESDAY, August 23, 1865.

ANGLO-INDIAN SOCIETY.

ANGLO-INDIAN society has not the best reputation in society at home—for the most part, we believe, because it has not met with its deserts at the hands of most writers who have professed to describe it. Occasional tourists, for want of experience, have told rather what they have heard than what they have seen; and Anglo-Indians themselves have done bad service by exhibiting a tendency to self-caricature. Travelers supposed to be bent on book-making have been too frequently supplied with a great deal of doubtful information, for the mere purpose of mystification. Novelists have exaggerated, as novelists are apt to do, for the sake of effect. And there have been besides most estimable persons whom prejudice has caused to mislead. Between one influence and another we believe Anglo-Indian society to have unjustly suffered in popular estimation at home, where it is still the custom, in impartial and ignorant quarters, to consider the majority of its members as at once dull and dissipated, punctilious and profligate, and given up to a state of manners in which viciousness is tempered by nothing better than frivolity.

Such an estimate of our countrymen in India, we need scarcely say, is entirely unsupported by facts. But negative testimony is difficult of proof; while a certain habit of open and personal speaking—which comes of a class state of society, and a familiar mode of life—has given some kind of colour to the popular impression. Still this at least is certain—that although scandals may be floating about in conversation, they are seldom of such importance as to be heard of in the courts of law; and it is an exception to the rule which has suggested these remarks.

We refer to the case of "*Tulloch v. Waylen*," a report of which was contained in our last number. Actions of this kind have been so rare of late years as to become the exceptions which prove the rule. For in India, be it remembered, there is no Divorce Court where "relief" can be obtained on the spot, while Indian cases in

the Court at home bear no proportion to those relating to the general body of our countrymen. The contrary has indeed been asserted; but it is scarcely fair to include in the indictment against Indian society transgressions on the part of persons just arrived in the country, arising from home associations or ship-board flirtations, which are the origin of a great part of the divorce suits at Westminster in which India is concerned. If a couple of persons who ought only to be friends become lovers on their way to Boulogne, or fall into the objectionable relation during their sojourn in that "home of the stranger who's done something wrong"—we do not say, "How immoral Boulogne is!" We set the affair down to the account of our own country, knowing that much the same would have happened at Margate, that Brighton might not have been beyond the reproach, and that Scarborough cannot claim exemption from such a possibility. It is true that the conditions of life in India, as well as the confidence induced by a state of society still resembling—though less than it did—a great family party, give greater opportunities for persons viciously inclined than they would obtain in this country. Suppose Dr. Waylen, for instance, to have conceived an attachment for Mrs. Tulloch in a garrison town in England. There is no probability that he would have had the opportunity of accompanying her on a long journey, and staying in her society for weeks together at an hotel, with the permission of her husband—his own and the lady's honour being the only guarantee of propriety. But in India such an arrangement, though very far from being a matter of course, is not calculated to excite surprise; and in ordinary social intercourse there is a great deal more "cavaliery" of ladies about, by more or less intimate friends, than is the custom in this country. Apart, too, from the necessity for a voyage home, which separates most married couples at least once during their stay in India, there are occasional absences in the hills, considered necessary for the lady, and of which her lord cannot always partake. There is greater freedom, in fact, in many ways, on the part of both husband and wife, than among married persons in this country. But surely this fact, instead of being made a matter of reproach, should be a testimony in favour of Indian society; for with so many temptations a proportionate laxity of conduct might be expected from its members. But even were our countrymen in India naturally less respectable than our countrymen at home, there are peculiar checks in the former case which forbid exhibition of the failing. In India everybody leads a more or less public life. They can go nowhere where they are not known, or may not be known in four and twenty hours; and in their own homes,

surrounded as they are by native servants, who make their most trifling proceedings common talk among themselves, any approach to secrecy is out of the question. Whatever is known about the lives of Anglo-Indians, therefore, of this we may be assured—that *all* is known—and this is a great deal to say of any society, in India or elsewhere.

The truth we believe to be that there is far more domestic happiness among the English in India than among the English anywhere else. Married people are for the most part far more united in that country than they would be in Europe, notwithstanding occasional separation; their pursuits and pleasures are far more in common; and not only do ladies devote themselves exemplarily to household direction, but men submit to routine domesticity with a patience which is very uncommon except in the East. Civilians are for the most part much occupied, and have little time even for lounging; while a popular idea that military men pass their lives in alternations of wild excitements at mess and miscellaneous love-making out of doors, a very short experience of Indian life proves to be a delusion. Of the two classes military men are perhaps the more domestic of the two; for they are less pre-occupied, and more fitted by their training to enter into the practical details of a household. Not, however, that they, as a rule, avoid mental occupation, as is evidenced by the many contributions to literature that proceed from their pens—some of them of the highest order. An Indian officer must be very much given up to the service or society, if he does not at least write an occasional article for a newspaper, and assist now and then at the ventilation of local questions. Some of the class, indeed, are so partial to literary labour, as to induce a remark once made made by the *Times*—that when an Indian officer once begins to write, it is difficult to make him leave off. Nor is it only the lighter minded members of the profession who contribute to periodicals. Outram, Lawrence, and Sleeman, are conspicuous examples to the contrary; and there are men left of equal standing, who bring their abilities to bear in the same direction. This consideration is, perhaps, a little apart from our subject, but we touched upon the point because it has been held that Indian "scandals" arise because Indians are wanting in mental resources—an idea as unfounded as the general supposition that the society in which they live is more productive of cases like that of "Tulloch v. Waylen" than is society at home.

THE PERSIAN TELEGRAPH.

The following despatch from her Majesty's Minister in Persia was received at the Foreign Office on the 17th inst. :—

"Gulabek, July 1, 1865.

"My Lord,—Capt. Smith, director of the Persian Telegraph, has addressed to me the enclosed report on the large number of telegraphic messages which are sent from England to India, *via* the Hague and Russia. They are received here in a hopeless state of mutilation, averaging three weeks or a month old.

"The effect of this will be to discredit the Indo-European line by Constantinople, Baghdad, Persia, or Bussorah, and the Persian Gulf; and the publication of Captain Smith's report, or of a notice to the same purport, might have the result of putting a stop to the evil.—I have, &c., "C. ALISON.

"The Right Hon. the Earl Russell, K.G., &c."

"Gulabek, near Teheran, July 1, 1865.

"Sir,—I have the honour to inform your Excellency that during the last fortnight a large number of telegraphic messages from England have reached the Teheran Office, *via* Russia, for transmission to India. Until yesterday they accumulated at the Russian-Persian frontier, and were sent thence, from time to time, to Teheran by post. They were always very old (averaging three weeks or a month) by the time they reached us. Without exception, they were full of errors, and the large majority were quite unintelligible.

"Yesterday the Persian authorities placed Morse instruments on the line to Russia, both here and at Tabreez, so that messages are now sent by post from the frontier to Tabreez, and thence to Teheran, by a telegraph worked by the Persians themselves. The result is what was to be expected. The messages arrive a little more quickly, perhaps, than before, but in even a worse state, as the Persians add their own share to the previous errors of the Russians.

"I have already telegraphed on the subject both to Bombay and England, but as messages still continue to pour in from Russia in the most hopeless state of mutilation, I have thought it necessary to draw your Excellency's attention to the subject. If matters are allowed to go on as at present, all confidence in the telegraphic communication between England and India will, not unnaturally, be lost.

"The English public should, I think, be distinctly informed that, for the present at least, the only line upon which any reliance can be placed is the Indo-European one, by Constantinople, Baghdad, Persia, or Bussorah, and the Persian Gulf.—I have, &c.,

(Signed) "R. M. SMITH, Captain R.E.,
Acting Director, Persian Telegraph.

"His Excellency Charles Alison, Esq., C.B., &c."

COURT OF BANKRUPTCY.—AUG. 21. (Before Mr. Commissioner GOULBURN.)

RE COLONEL WAUGH.

This was a meeting for the purpose of considering the claims of certain creditors preparatory to a dividend being declared under the first bankruptcy of Colonel Waugh.

Mr. Hackwood appeared for the assignees; Mr. Munns for the official liquidator of the Eastern Banking Corporation; Mr. Plews and Mr. Durant for creditors seeking to prove.

Mr. Plews presented a proof on behalf of Mrs. Snow, a sister of the bankrupt, for £6,336, alleged to be due to her in respect of a number of Agra Bank shares, handed to the bankrupt and deposited by him with the Eastern Banking Corporation as security for advances made to him. Objection was made to the proof on the ground that the accounts upon which Colonel Waugh had passed his examination did not in any way refer to the transaction in respect of which the proof was sought to be made.

His Honour thought the proof was not supported by sufficient evidence, and adjourned the consideration of it for a week.

A proof was then tendered on behalf of a lady named Maxwell, an aunt of the bankrupt, for £2,730, balance of account for money lent between September, 1852, and the date of the bankruptcy in 1857.

The Commissioner expressed an opinion adverse to the claim, and it was withdrawn by consent. He hoped that the funds in Court would be divided as soon as the claim of Mrs. Snow had been disposed of.

Mr. Hackwood said that the dividend had been delayed in consequence of the claims which were now put forward.

Adjourned accordingly.

MISCELLANEOUS.

TRUTH STRANGER THAN FICTION.—A correspondent sends us the following interesting narrative, with the assurance that its accuracy may be relied on:—At the time the notorious Tippoo Sahib fell at the siege of Seringapatam, in 1799, there was in one of the English regiments engaged on the occasion a native of Bury St. Edmund's, who was supposed by his comrades to have been killed. His immediate relatives could gain no intelligence of him, further than that he was put down as among the missing, and that he was generally supposed to be dead. It appears, however, that he was mainly instrumental in saving the life of one of the ladies attached to the court of Tippoo Sahib, and that she, in gratitude to her preserver, induced him to fly with her into the interior of the country, where her father consented to the marriage of the gallant soldier with his daughter, on condition that he embraced the religion of the country. Our hero, it appears, thought he could not do better than embrace the new religion together with the young heiress, and it is said "they lived and loved together through many happy years." But death first cut down the father, and afterwards the daughter, leaving the once poor soldier enriched with the wealth of India. His relations, in the meantime, had frequently applied at the War-office, but always received the same answer—that he was missing, and supposed to be dead. At length the time came when he was called upon to depart this world, and, having no heirs direct or indirect, he made a will in favour of his eldest sister and her heirs male. This has recently been brought to light through a firm in London advertising for the next of kin of the missing soldier, and it appears the heir has turned up in a person who has been travelling in the counties of Suffolk and Cambridgeshire for some years as a book-hawker. It is said that it will be necessary for the claimant to proceed to India to substantiate his right to the property, and that an eminent firm has undertaken to furnish him with the means, upon condition that they receive one-fourth of the proceeds of the estates in question, the value of which is reported to be enormous, the property having laid in abeyance for a long period. Further particulars of this interesting case will probably be shortly published, but for certain reasons the name of the claimant is at present withheld.—*Norfolk News*.

BILLS ON INDIA.—The biddings for bills on India took place on Wednesday, the 16th inst., at the Bank of England. The proportions allotted were, to Calcutta £169,300, to Madras nil, and to Bombay £97,000. The minimum price was as before, 1s. 10½d. on Calcutta and Madras, and 1s. 10¾d. on Bombay. Tenders on Calcutta at 1s. 11¾d. will receive about 30 per cent., and on Bombay at 1s. 11¾d. about 80 per cent., above these prices in full.

THE SUEZ CANAL.—ISMAILIA, AUG. 17.—The flood gates of the Suez Canal have been thrown open, and a vessel laden with coal passed direct from the Mediterranean to the Red Sea on the 15th inst. Intelligence of this event was telegraphed on the same day to the Emperor Napoleon at the Châlons Camp. His Majesty despatched a message in reply congratulating the company upon their success.

THE CALCUTTA AND CHINA MAILS.—SOUTHAMPTON, Aug. 21.—The Peninsular and Oriental Company's steam-ship *Ripon*, Captain Weeks, with the heavy Calcutta and China Mails, has arrived. She brings in all 200 passengers, specie £153,694, also a general cargo, including 1,256 bales raw silk, value £80,000 sterling.

DELHI BANK CORPORATION.—The Committee of the Stock Exchange have ordered the shares of this bank to be marked in the daily list.

TELEGRAPH TO INDIA COMPANY.—An extraordinary general meeting of shareholders in the above company was held last week at the offices, Moorgate-street. Sir Macdonald Stephenson presided. The chairman said he believed the lessees were working the line satisfactorily. He believed that the day was not distant when the telegraphic communication with India, China, and Australia would be complete. The Atlantic experiments, whatever might be their immediate results, had at least established this fact that after careful sounding and with a cable four tons to the mile and not exceeding 500 miles in length, a telegraphic line was perfectly practicable. Dr. Beke, the eminent traveller, was about to proceed to Abyssinia, and his impression was that King Theodore would permit of a line at a port in the Red Sea, 200 miles from Aden, to Khartoum, on the Nile, which would join the pacha's line at Cairo. Speaking generally, he felt that the day was not far distant when telegraphic communication would be complete all over the world. The resolution declaring the dividend of five per cent. was put and agreed to.

LUCKNOW PRIZE MONEY.—A notice issued from the India-office, and dated August 17, states that prize rolls for the undermentioned corps of her Majesty's late Indian forces, on account of the second distribution of prize money for the capture of Lucknow in 1858, showing the names of those officers, non-commissioned officers, and soldiers, whose shares have not been paid in India, have been received, and that distribution of such shares will commence at the military department of the above office on the 21st instant, and will continue daily (Saturdays excepted) between the hours of eleven and three o'clock:—3rd Bengal European Fusiliers; 1st Troop, 1st Brigade, Bengal Horse Artillery; 2nd ditto, ditto; 2nd ditto, 3rd Brigade, ditto; 3rd ditto, ditto, ditto; Head-quarter, 3rd Brigade, ditto; 3rd Company, 1st Battalion, Bengal Artillery; 4th ditto, ditto; 2nd ditto, 3rd Battalion, ditto; 1st ditto, 5th Battalion, ditto; 3rd ditto, ditto, ditto; 4th ditto, ditto, ditto; 2nd ditto, 8th Battalion, ditto; detachments of Artillery Recruits; No. 1 Light Field Battery, Oude Irregular Force; No. 3 Light Field Battery, Oude Irregular Force; Siege Train Establishment; European Invalid Battalion.

TROOPS FOR INDIA.—Capt. William Congreve, major of brigade at Chatham, proceeded to Gravesend on Saturday, and inspected the embarkation of three batteries of the A brigade Royal Horse Artillery, consisting of A, B, and C. Twenty-six non-commissioned officers of the Royal Engineers also embarked, who have passed the required test of examination for their admission into Rourke College. They were nearly all sergeants and picked men of the corps. The troops have sailed for Calcutta in the screw steamer *Hydaspes*.

A PRIVATE telegram from Calcutta, dated Friday, 18th inst., mentions some little improvement in the market for manufactured goods, and that the prices for produce remain high.

THE MURDER OF MAJOR DE VERE.—We regret to hear that Major De Vere became rapidly worse last evening, and died at Brompton Barracks at ten o'clock.

SHIPPING.

ARRIVALS.

Aug. 15. Miranda, Colombo; Clyde, Bombay; J. L. Hall, Colombo.—16. Planet, Colombo; Royal Dardem, Colombo; Jane Grey, Mauritius; Harold, Calcutta; Albert Edward, Rangoon; Jenny Eastman, Akyab; Daniel Macey, Akyab; Sabina, Rangoon.—17. George Washington, Akyab; Glendevon, Bombay.—18. Margaret Pugh, Kurrachee; Conser, Moulinein; Sultan, Mauritius.—20. Astron, Akyab; Cuthbert, Bombay; Benton, Calcutta.—21. Malador, Rangoon.—22. Diana, Akyab.

DEPARTURES.

Aug. 21. Leopold, Rangoon.—22. M. Framjee, Bombay; Springwood, Calcutta; Bulgerateyn, Batavia.

PASSENGERS DEPARTED.

Per Overland Route.

From Southampton, per str. Ceylon, Aug. 20.—For CALCUTTA.—Mrs. Livermore and three children, Mrs. and Miss Kinleside, Lieut. col. and Mrs. Woodcock, Miss E. Pearson, Mr. E. Allen, Mr. Martin, Capt. and Mrs. Roberts, Mr. C. D. Gorelon, Lieut. E. S. Cooke, Mr. Herring, Mrs. Loder, Staff surg. A. G. Young, Staff Asst. surg. Hughes, Mr. W. S. Baker, Mrs. Mitchell and two infants, Mr. W. H. Smith, jun., Mr. and Mrs. Macmillan, Surg. and Mrs. Mallock.

Per str. Syria, from Marseilles, Aug. 28.—To CALCUTTA.—Capt. and Mrs. Graeme, Mr. R. Bridgett, Lieut. J. Johnstone, Mr. C. C. Anderson, Lieut. Spalding. To MADRAS.—Mr. and Mrs. W. Althayce, Col. Dickson, Capt. Whynam, Miss Reade, Lieut. Churchward.

DOMESTIC.

BIRTHS.

BATTISCOMBE.—The wife of Capt. H. L. Battiscombe, Queen's County Rifles, of a son, at Maryborough, Queen's County, Ireland, Aug. 13.

CLARK.—The wife of W. Falconer Clark, late of H.M.'s I.A., of a son, at Dorking, Aug. 11.

DUNSTERVILLE.—The wife of Lieut. colonel Dunsterville, Bombay Staff Corps, and Commissary-General of the Bombay Army, of a son, at 32, Lansdown-crescent, Cheltenham, Aug. 20.

EDWARDES.—The wife of Captain Stanley de Burgh Edwardes, 2nd Bombay Grenadiers, of a daughter, at Lowestoft, Aug. 18.

HITCHINS.—The wife of Capt. H. O. Hitchins, R.A. (Bengal), of a son, at Sheppey-court, near Sheerness, Aug. 12.

LANCE.—The wife of G. E. Lance, Esq., Bengal Civil Service, of a son, at Buckland St. Mary, Chard, Aug. 19.

PARK.—The wife of Capt. W. A. Park, Bombay Army, of a son, at the Vicarage, Methwold, Norfolk, Aug. 12.

ROBERTSON.—The wife of A. D. Robertson, Esq., Bombay Civil Service, of a daughter, at Harrow-on-the-Hill, Aug. 9.

RYLAND.—The wife of John H. Ryland, Esq., late of Bombay, of a son, at Lee-park, Blackheath, Aug. 11.

WYLDE.—The wife of Capt. E. A. Wylde, R.M.L.I., of a daughter, at New Brompton, Kent, Aug. 12.

MARRIAGES.

DYER-GEARY.—Capt. Dyer, Madras Staff Corps, to Ellen, daughter of John Geary, Esq., at Edmonton, Aug. 17.

MAGNIAC — FROTHER.—Major F. L. Magniac, Madras Staff Corps, to Maude Clara, daughter of the late Capt. C. W. Prother, Bombay Rifles, at the Old Church, Road, Somerset, Aug. 15.

SMYTH—WOOD.—Robert B. Smyth, Esq., Surgeon 102nd Regt., to Eliza L., daughter of William H. Wood, Esq., Banker, Florence, at the British Legation, Florence, Aug. 10.

STURT—LAWSON.—Charles S. Sturt, Lieutenant H.M.'s 8th Regt. Bombay N.I., to Louisa Caroline, daughter of the late Stephen Lawson, 7th (Queen's Own) Hussars, at St. Paul's, Cheltenham, Aug. 15.

DEATHS.

BURNEY.—Janet, widow of the late Lieut. colonel Henry Burney, E.I.Co.'s Service, at 20, Cambridge-terrace, Hyde-park, aged 66, Aug. 12.

CANHAM.—Helena Maria, the wife of G. Canham, Esq., formerly of Bengal, at Shepherd's-bush, Aug. 9.

EDMONSTONE.—Lieut. colonel Frederick Neil Edmonstone, late H.M.'s Bengal Cavalry, at Haycock's-lodge, Ayrshire, aged 47, Aug. 14.

HYDE.—Major T. C. S. Hyde, formerly of the Madras Army, at Twickenham-green, aged 74, Aug. 19.

NISBETT.—David Nisbett, Esq., late E.I.C.S., at West Brixton, Surrey, aged 91, Aug. 13.

India Office,

August 22, 1865.

ARRIVALS REPORTED IN ENGLAND.

CIVIL.

Bombay Estab.—Mr. J. G. Vitters (Uncov.).

MILITARY.

Bengal Estab.—Condr. Lynch, Major H. M. Garstin, Lieut. De Kankow, Lieut. C. Key, Ensign J. Baxter, Lieut. T. J. Quin, Major A. O. Wood, Col. A. Fytche, Surg. C. S. Paske, Capt. H. D.

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Bombay Estab.—Lieut. G. H. Fagan, Lieut. col. W. H. Green, c.b., Lieut. O. Barnes, Major J. Hill, Asst. surg. W. Fleming, Capt. T. D. Ker, Capt. E. L'Estrange.

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Bombay Estab.—Lieut. E. G. Sabben, 6 mo.; Lieut. col. W. M. Leckie, 6 mo.; Lieut. C. S. Sturt, 1 mo.; Capt. M. W. Parker, 6 mo.; Capt. J. Kettlewell, 6 mo.

PERMITTED TO RETURN TO DUTY.
CIVIL.

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India 5 per cent.	105½		
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India 4 per cent. 1888	99½		
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India Stock, Enfd. Paper, 5½ per cent.	95½		
India Stock Debentures, 1858	99½		
India Stock Debentures, 1859	99½		
" " " 1863	98½		
" " " 1864 or 1866	3 dis.		
India Debentures, do., £1,000			
Do. 4 per cent., 1866	98½ to 9½		
India 5 per cent. for account	99½		
India 4 per cent., 1870	104½		
India 4 per cent., 1888	15s. to 16s. pm.		
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Ditto (under £1,000)			
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Ditto 5 per cent.	100	99½ to 10½	
Stock Ditto (guar. 4½ per cent.)	100	93 to 96 x d.	
Stock 5th Extension	2	99½ to 100½	
Stock Scinde 5 per cent.	100	100 to 101	
Stock Ditto Indus Steam Flotilla (guar. 5 per cent.)	100	75 to 77	
Stock Delhi guar. 5 per cent.	100	74 to 76	
Stock Ditto Delhi guar. 5 p. c.	all	29 to 30 x d.	
Ditto	2	33 to 25	
Stock Panjab (5 per cent.)	100	13 to 45	
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50 Agra and Masterman's (L.)	25	20 to 22	
20 Asiatic Banking Corp., new issue, £15 pm., on which £7. 10s. has been paid	5	4 to 6 dis.	
40 Australasia	all	3 to 6	
40 New	all	4 to 6 dis.	
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90 Chart. of Ind., Aus., & China	all	4 to 3 dis.	
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100 Hindustan, China, & Japan	25	1 d. par	
100 Do. New issue at 2 pm.	25	1 d. par	
100 New Issue at 6 pm., of which 1 pd.	4	1 d. par	
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25 Oriental Bank Corporation	10	1 d. par	
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50 East India Irr. & Can.	10	1 d. par	
50 E. I. Financial	7½	1 d. par	
2 Indian Carrying (Lim.)	1	1 d. par	
20 Mauritius Land Credit (Lim.)	1	1 d. par	
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20 Do.	all	1 d. par	
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20 Oriental Commercial (Lim.)	7	1 d. par	
20 Oriental Financial	10	1 d. par	
20 Oriental Gas	all	1 d. par	
1 Do. New	all	1 d. par	
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50 P. and O. Steam Nav. Co.	all	1 d. par	
5 Ditto New	35	1 d. par	
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VOL. XXIII.—No. 684.] LONDON, MONDAY, AUGUST 28, 1865.

[PRICE 6d.]

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The Mails to India, China, &c., are made up in London, in each month, as follows:—

On the 3rd, at 6 P.M., via Marseilles and Bombay, to all parts of India.
On the 4th, at 8 A.M., via Southampton, to Calcutta, Madras, Ceylon, and China.
On the 10th, at 6 P.M., via Marseilles, to Calcutta, Madras, Ceylon, and China.
On the 12th, at 8 A.M., via Southampton, to Bombay and N.W. Provinces (also for letters only, to Madras and Lower Provinces of Bengal).
On the 18th, at 6 P.M., via Marseilles and Bombay, to all parts of India.
On the 20th, at 8 A.M., via Southampton, to Calcutta, Madras, Ceylon, and China.
On the 26th, at 6 P.M., via Marseilles, to Calcutta, Madras, Ceylon, and China.
On the 27th, at 8 A.M., via Southampton, to Bombay, and N.W. Provinces (also for letters only, to Madras and Lower Provinces of Bengal).

* * When any of the above dates occur on Sunday, the Mails via Southampton are made up on the previous Evening, and those via Marseilles on the following Evening.

RATES OF POSTAGE.

LETTERS.

Via Marseilles, $\frac{1}{2}$ oz., 10d. ... 1 oz., 1s. 8d.
Every portion of an oz. afterwards an additional 1s. 8d.
Via Southampton, $\frac{1}{2}$ oz., 6d. ... 1 oz., 1s.
Every portion of an oz. afterwards an additional 1s.

NEWSPAPERS.

Via Marseilles, 4 oz., 3d. ... 8 oz., 6d.
Each succeeding 4 oz., 3d.
Via Southampton, 4 oz., 2d. ... 8 oz., 3d.
Each succeeding 4 oz., 1d.

BOOKS, PATTERNS, &c.

Via Marseilles, 4 oz., 6d. ... 8 oz., 1s.
Each succeeding 8 oz., 1s.,
Via Southampton, 4 oz., 4d. ... 8 oz., 8d.
Each succeeding 8 oz., 8d.

A French line of mail packets now leaves Marseilles on the 19th of every month for Alexandria. Postage for letters and papers to India and China the same as is charged by the English mail via Marseilles. Letters intended to be forwarded by these packets must be specially addressed "By French mail packet from Marseilles."

Books, Parcels, &c., may not exceed 3 lbs. in weight, or be of greater dimensions than 24 inches in length or 12 inches in width or depth.

IN ALL CASES PREPAYMENT IS COMPULSORY.

SUMMARY AND REVIEW.

We have received our usual files of papers, from Calcutta to the 22nd of July, Madras to the 28th, and Ceylon to the 29th of the same month.

News was scarce, and newsmongers drooping. A little light in Bhootan served but to make political darkness visible. Since the departure of the previous mail, we are told, the rumours of peace had taken a definite shape. The Deb Rajah is said to have addressed letters in which he solicited the opening of negotiations, and offered certain specific terms. On receipt of this intelligence the Bengal Government authorised Colonel Bruce, who has succeeded Colonel Haughton, to negotiate upon the basis of the Foreign Secretary's letter of November last, warning him, however, to satisfy himself that the Central Government at Poonakha was able to compel its subjects and officers to respect any arrangement into which it might enter. Mr. Beadon at the same time forwarded a draft treaty for approval to Sir John Lawrence, and suggested that it would be as well to make one of the conditions of peace the return of all prisoners taken by either party during the war. The fear seems to be that Tongsoo Penlow will not prove obedient to the orders of the Durbar. But the dictator's influence, it is said, has been much shaken by the recent events, and his power lessened, or the Deb Rajah would never have been able to defy him in an open manner. Should the negotiations fall through, it is believed that the "vigorous operations" in prospect will be under the command of one of the bravest and best officers in India—General Showers.

The above particulars are principally on the authority of the *Hurkaru*. The *Englishman* does not mention peace as among the probabilities, and calculates upon a cold-weather campaign as the most desirable contingency.

The *Friend of India* describes the "sensation telegram" from Tiflis announcing the defeat of 50,000 Russians, under General Endokimoff, by 150,000 Khokanese, as evidently made up for the European

market—a conclusion at which we have already arrived in this country. Probably, says the writer, the Russians experienced some slight check, which has been magnified by a writer of news at Tiflis to secure the sympathy of Europe and justify further advances. The *Friend* still maintains the soundness of its apprehension of Russian aggression, and is surprised at the sympathy expressed with her advances by the leading organs of opinion in this country. Russia's object, we are told, is to conquer all Asia south to the Himalayas, so that she may there annoy us by making a military diversion on our frontier in the event of an European war. "This," says the writer, "we have less reason to fear than the effect of her proximity, even in time of peace, on the Mussulmans and other discontented elements among our subjects. That is our fear, compared with which invasion and a military diversion are trifling. We know the effects of the Crimean War in precipitating the mutiny."

A project is on foot for the colonisation of the Island of Prepara, in the Bay of Bengal, which, besides affording many commercial advantages, will, it is said, make an excellent sanitarium for the people of Calcutta.

The Legislative Council had met at Simla, but had done little beyond formal business. The *Englishman* declares that certain reports of Mr. Massey's intentions are made without authority. It is thought, however, by the Indian Government, as already stated, that Sir Charles Wood will draw no more bills on India until a clear and good financial measure has been elaborated; and the policy of the Finance Minister will probably be something like that already indicated. So the correction does not amount to much.

Money is plentiful, and business dull, though the latter was improving. The favourable news from Bombay was considered, in a great measure, to have restored confidence, and an improved demand for accommodation was expected. The Bank of Bengal on the 20th of July had reduced its rates 1 per cent. all round, and its margin on loans on Government Securities 2 per cent. The position of the Bank

was considered most creditable to the direction, and its shares had risen about four hundred rupees during the week. In other shares there was not much change, and tea and miscellaneous stocks remained dull, as before.

The next arrival from India will be the Bombay Mail, which may be expected at Marseilles on Saturday or Sunday next.

LATEST INTELLIGENCE.

INDIA.

[By Direct Overland Telegraph.]

BOMBAY, Aug. 19.

The cotton market continues quiet, and prices unchanged. Shipments since the 12th inst., 9,500 bales. Government Securities: Four per Cents., 90½; Five per Cents., 104½; Five-and-a-Half per Cents., 110½.

The latest date from London is the 11th of August.

OUTWARD BOMBAY MAILS.—The Peninsular and Oriental Company's steamship *Poonah*, Captain Field, sailed on Saturday afternoon with the mails for Gibraltar, the Mediterranean, Egypt, Aden, Bombay, and Upper Bengal. She took out 76 passengers, and on freight a general cargo, including specie value £8,609, of which amount £2,300 in sovereigns and £50 in watches are for Alexandria; and for Bombay £5,900 in bar silver, £215 silver coin, and £144 in jewellery, &c.

ACCIDENT TO THE "POONAH."—SOUTHAMPTON, Aug. 28.—The Peninsular and Oriental Company's steamer *Poonah*, which sailed hence yesterday with the Bombay mails, when off Lymington met with a slight accident to her machinery. Engineers have been sent to effect the repairs, and it is expected the *Poonah* will be able to resume her voyage towards evening.

BANK OF BENGAL.—Statement of the affairs of the Bank of Bengal for the week ending 4th July, 1865:—

LIABILITIES.			
Proprietors' capital, paid up ...	Rs. 2,20,00,000	0	0
Reserve fund ...	17,44,962	9	7
General treasury balance at head-office ...	Rs. 42,51,265	9	6
Do. at branches ...	94,29,637	12	1
Other deposits at head-office and branches ...	1,36,80,903	5	7
Bank post bills, &c. ...	2,89,53,326	10	4
Bank notes outstanding ...	1,31,262	1	0
Sundries ...	2,69,240	0	0
Sundries ...	15,88,623	0	2
Total ...	Rs. 6,53,68,317	10	8
ASSETS.			
Government securities, investment No. 1. ...	34,59,993	0	0
Loans on Government securities at head-office and branches ...	1,09,21,350	0	0
Accounts of credit on do. ...	12,59,391	14	0
Mercantile bills discounted at do. ...	55,78,864	5	10
Dead stock, do. ...	3,29,156	7	11
Stamps, do. ...	10,175	1	0
Balances with other banks ...	4,07,879	0	8
Sundries ...	5,70,645	15	6
Total ...	Rs. 2,26,40,054	13	11
Cash and currency notes at head-office ...	Rs. 3,04,85,369	7	1
Cash and currency notes, including treasury balance at branches ...	1,52,12,993	6	8
Total ...	Rs. 6,58,68,317	10	8

Passengers by the present Mail.

Per str. *Nyanza*.—For Marseilles.—From Calcutta.—Lieut. Col. Francis, Mr. Lathbury, Mr. Newbery, Mr. Newbatt, Mr. Capper, Mr. and two Misses Capien, Capt. Chichester, Mr. Clough, Mr. Lackland, Mr. Mackintosh, Lieut. Poole, Mr. Lockie, Mrs. Temple and infant.

Expected at Southampton.

Per str. *Pera*, Sept. 1.—For Southampton.—Mr. Tapp, Lieut. Moules, Lieut. F. M. G. Phillips, Mrs. Ruskin and family, Lieut. Melville, Mr. and Mrs. Sutherland, Miss E. Irvine, Mrs. Temple.

BENGAL.

ARMY GRIEVANCES.

The legal precision and clearness of Lord Cranworth's opinion regarding the position and rights of the Indian Army, as guaranteed by Parliament, will recommend themselves to those only who place casuistry before common sense and justice. His Lordship holds that the promise to the officers of H.H.'s Indian Army that their position, pay, and privileges should in no wise be disturbed by their transfer to the Crown; that all these things would continue as though "they had remained in the service of the East India Company," simply meant nothing; for, it was nowhere determined that the late Company had not power to alter the pay and promotion of its servants, and whatever power the Company possessed must equally be conceded to the Imperial Government. As it was competent to the East India Directors to legislate for the better organisation of its armies, so is it in the case of the Queen. The late Company was not legally bound to continue unchanged its military regulations and rates of pay; the officers of the Indian Army possess no bonds to this effect from its former rulers, and cannot impose them upon the successor of those rulers. It is probable the East India Company would have permitted one-half its officers to be wronged and superseded, therefore H.M.'s Government is right in so doing, or, has the right to so do! There can be no doubt the Company would, some time in 1681, have so disorganised its forces as to leave the sepoys without officers to lead or care for them, and Lord Cranworth claims the same privilege for Sir Charles Wood! As the Company might lawfully have proved itself deficient in every principle of wise and honourable legislation; might have risked the loyalty of another army through the discontent of its officers, in order to effect a trifling pecuniary saving, therefore Parliament is justified in committing these acts of madness and folly! We demur to an implied possibility, without which the argument is altogether fallacious. Parliamentary guarantees upon such a supposition are an insult to Parliament. To confirm certain rights, real or imaginary, is to give them validity, and, subsequently, to make them contingent upon the ignorance and dishonesty of others is neither fair nor ingenuous. A certain position was ensured to the officers of the Indian service, not because the Company possessed the right to alter it, but to prevent its alteration by the Crown. But, it is argued, it is sheerly impossible that Government intended to convey the promise that no one individual should suffer by the reorganisation of the armies of Bengal, Bombay, and Madras. We cannot say what was intended; we deal with facts, the written promise of her Majesty. There is always a way of compensating for wrongs unavoidably done, and one for large public ends, but in the instance of the reorganisation of 1861 grievous wrong to one-half the officers of the Indian army was unaccompanied by a single counterbalancing gain. The difficulty is to compensate when so many are losers, for the aggregate cost to the State becomes as enormous as the benefit to the public has been trivial. A simpler, wiser, and more honest plan would be to recal the errors which have induced the present crisis, and rendered necessary the unprincipled reasoning of a law lord. Our experience in this country teaches us that but for the officers it was lately sought to force from the army the irregular principle introduced would have collapsed ere now and left our sepoys commanded by natives; and to offer considerable retiring bonuses to those gentlemen, without whose services the discipline of 120,000 soldiers cannot be maintained, appears neither economic nor wise.—*Hurkaru.*

LAND IN THE NORTH-WESTERN PROVINCES.

The Report of the Allahabad Board on the Revenue of the North-Western Provinces in the year ending September last, though issued eight months later than it ought to have been, is full of interest to those who care to know how the Rent Law and the rise of prices are affecting the people and influencing the value and the mutations of landed property.

It must be remembered that, however unjust the Rent Law of 1859 has proved to the landlords in the permanently settled province of Bengal, it has, to some extent, benefited them in the peasant-proprietary districts of the North-West. Its provisions for the limited enhancement of rent were in advance of those which had formerly prevailed there, though they were far behind the previous legislation in Bengal. Thus, in the North-West, the Act has tempted landlords to sue their tenants for enhancement, and so to take advantage of the rise of prices in a way they probably could not have done previous to 1859. There were 54,409 rent suits instituted during the year, or 9,059 more than in the previous year—an increase which is pronounced "remarkable." In some cases it was due to the conversion of rents in kind into money payments—always the proof of a growing civilisation: in others it was owing to the fact that the *tehsildars* were entrusted with such cases at the very doors, as it were, of the peasantry. Another cause assigned is the fact that the purchasers of estates confiscated for rebellion generally began their occupation by revising the rent-roll. But there can be little doubt that the reason assigned by the Commissioner of Agra is the correct one—the large proportion of suits, which were for ouster and enhancement, was due to "the extraordinary rise in the price of cotton and consequent increased value of land for its cultivation." We regret that there is no attempt in this otherwise intelligent report to show how far the increased litigation is due to the natural operation of Act X., and how far to the sale of escheated estates, and especially the rise of prices. This inquiry ought to be followed out, and the results given in the report for the current year, which will close in two months.

The second point of interest is, the changes in the proprietary holdings. They amounted to 34,588, or 2,291 more than the previous year, and consisted chiefly of mortgages, of which there were 23,714 cases. There were 5,472 private sales, 3,531 transfers ordered by the Courts, and 1,871 estates sold in execution of decrees. The sale of land is still fettered in the North-West, under the supposition that to maintain the old landlords is politically safe. But we are glad to believe the opinion is growing, that of the two evils—the destruction of the old families by new proprietors disliked by the people, and the evil consequences of necessarily ignorant officials interfering with the natural laws of society—the latter is the greater. And this is borne out by the facts in the report. Mr. Hume tells us that, in Etawah, sixteen of the private sales were to meet marriage expenses, and in twenty-eight the sale was merely the last step in a long course of mismanagement and extravagance. Ireland, and the beneficial results of its Encumbered Estates Commission, enable us to decide which is better—that the land should, for merely sentimental and feudal reasons, be burdened with a pauper proprietary, or that it should fall into the hands of men of capital and intelligence. And the new landlords are not the grasping oppressors which they are generally described as being. In Jounpore there were 54 new owners, of whom 33 only were strangers. So far from deliberate oppression being practised by them, they were forced to litigation by the fact that they had bought rebels' estates cultivated by a hostile population. The three chief purchasers did not make a single application to evict or enhance the rent of their tenants. Benares

is a better example than any other. The collector's "statement" shows that considerably more than half the district has changed hands since it came under our rule. The bankers have made two-thirds of the purchases, the Maharajah and a few zemindars and lawyers have bought the other third. The new owners, we are told, work their estates far better than their spendthrift predecessors, while their tenants make much more out of the land, since the new master will confiscate their hereditary leases if they fail to pay their dues. The capitalists too break up waste land. Rai Sektaram and Choonee Lall are prominently mentioned as men who "never allow their land to be idle." As in Bengal, the hereditary tenant sublets his land and lives in idleness, without interference by the older encumbered landlords. But the new men always apply the law when they have an opportunity, and thus the land yields its full increase, and the country is benefited. There is no oppression, tenants are too valuable for that. The collector concludes—"As far as my experience goes, they are worse landlords than the new comers—a feudal feeling preventing a tenant from complaining against the original proprietor, whilst there is no such feeling as regards the new proprietors. On the contrary, the original proprietors, reduced to tenants, are generally found instigating the other tenants to complain against the new proprietors on the slightest provocation." These are weighty words. In the next district of Ghazee-pore, we are also told, "It would not appear that the new landlords have acted with unusual harshness towards their tenantry." Yet all the ninety-eight estates there sold were purchased either by native lawyers or money-lenders. It is satisfactory to know, on such authority, that the once undoubted political risk of allowing the old feudal proprietors to pass away is diminishing so fast, under the influence of the rise of prices, an enlightened self-interest, and general intelligence, as now to be almost a fiction.

There is a third evil which the facts of this report expose—that of facilitating the partition of estates into small holdings. The collector of Moozuffernuggur observes, "It is much to be regretted the law allows public partitions or 'Butwara' to be carried out to the smallest fractional share—so small indeed that one can hardly see it with a microscope." There is great fear of the revenue being endangered by this process. Other officers express the same opinion, and the board, though agreeing with them, "would not advocate any legal limitation of the existing right to claim separation, as any such limitation would be opposed to the broad principles of our legislation." Is "broad" used here ironically? It must be so, since past legislation has encouraged instead of checking such division. Our legislation will be justly pronounced "broad," when in a continent of petty holdings and ignorant peasant proprietors it facilitates the buying out of all interests but one in the same estate, as the Copyhold Enfranchisement Act of England does, and dares to leave the sale and the mutations of land in India to the educated self-interest of its subjects—dares to leave land at least as free as trade. The timid attempts made in this direction, by giving thirty years' leases, and promising a permanent settlement, encourage further progress. Even in the backward and rebellious district of Bareilly an average village fetches fourteen years' purchase, instead of eight, as before the mutiny. In Meerut the average is ten years' purchase. At this rate, and especially since the last interpretation of Act X., land in the provinces of the North-West ought to be soon as valuable as it has been for years in Bengal.—*Friend of India.*

WILD TRIBES IN THE NORTH-WEST.

Our savage neighbours across the Peshawar frontier are fighting among themselves as

usual, and the following is an authentic account of an affair that took place at a village called Charorai, belonging to the Amazaies. The cause of the fight was:—Syud Ameer, the Kotah Moollah, had sought refuge and received protection from the Amazaies, who kept him at the above village. The Akhoon of Swat, the mortal enemy of Syud Ameer, tried all his influence to make the Amazaies turn the Kotah heretic out of their country, but these were true to their honour, and did not withdraw their protection from the Syud. The Akhoon then sent a force consisting, at a guess, of the following, to ravage the Amazaies' country, and make an end of the arch-heretic:—Khodokhails, 700 men; Bonairs, 700; men of Chunla, 300; Mobarak (?) Khails, 300; in all about 2,000 men. This force marched by different routes, and rendezvoused in the vicinity of two villages called Nagrian. The head quarters of the Khans, and the ten Sheikhs sent by the Akhoon to lead the army, were fixed there, and the force camped about in the surrounding villages. From Nagrian the Khans and Sheikhs wrote to Shajadah Mobarik Shah of Mulkah to join them; he arrived the next day, but returned to Mulkah in the evening. That night he sent bread for 300 or 400 men to Nagrian, which is about four kos from his village. Next day the Shajadah went over to Nagrian with Shah Mahomed, his relative, and all his men. Syud Imran, commonly called Meer Sahib, uncle of Mobarik Shah, was left behind to take care of Mulkah. The same day about 400 Khodokhails, led by Malik Fouz of Chingli, Azadai of Tatalio, and Alam Khan, went out and burnt, without resistance being offered, the villages of Phagbun, Khararai, and Khoder Khan. Next day arrived Moseh Khan of Charorai to see what could be done by negotiation. He said, "I did turn out the Syud Ameer, but he was brought back by Jubbar and Syud Jumal. I did all I could; but these two won't listen to reason." The fiery Sheikhs of the Akhoon then got round the Amazai Khan and asked him to say three times—"Syud Ameer, the son of Syud Peer, is a kafir, kafir, kafir." The Khan demurred a little; but the Sheikhs immediately drew their pistols: Moseh Khan at once said the hateful words, and saved his life. He was then allowed to return to his village to persuade his people to turn out the Syud; he succeeded after much trouble. Syud Ameer passed the night on the top of a hill; next day he went off with his family, and is now at Amb. Jubbar and Syud Jumal were sent for by the Khans and Sheikhs through the Shajadah, but would not come, as they are unwilling to call Syud Ameer a Kafir. The whole force then marched on Charorai, and Moseh Khan joined them. The hamlets and villages then began to be burnt, and some skirmishing took place. The Charorais had not above 500 to oppose the 2,000; but they resisted well, helped greatly by the situation of their village, which is surrounded by steep hills; and there was one Sheikh among the ten who was more than ordinarily bitter against the Kotah Syud, and was the soul of the expedition. This was Sheikh Jamal of Sleem Khan, in Khodokhail, in British territory. He was at the end of every party, and led in the most dangerous places. About seven Charorais took refuge in a Ziarat near the village, and resolved to die there; but the place was assaulted with such fury by the Sheikh Jamal and twenty-two Khodokhails that their courage vanished, and all, one excepted, took to their legs. This one, named Kojkol of Gondlah, in Magakhail, stood his ground, and, waiting till the Sheikh came within certain distance, fired. The ball entered the Sheikh's breast, and killed him on the spot; to make certain, Kojkol hacked at the body with his sword, and made off before the astonished Khodokhails could catch him. The Bonairs were spectators of this affair at no great distance, but showed no sympathy.

This fact led to the suspicion that they had been bribed. The death of Jamal and this suspicion caused a panic among the men of the force, who at once commenced a retreat. The Charorais seeing this followed, and killed six men. They did not follow far, as they had very few men; but the disgrace of the Khodokhails, &c., was complete. Mobarik Shah went off to Malkah, and was so afraid of being attacked that he sent down to the Jadoons for assistance, who promised to come when required; but there was no occasion, as the Charorais were only too glad with having beaten off their enemies so easily, and made no advance.

In reality the Khodokhails were the only people who were heart and hand in this affair, most probably the influence and example of their clansman Sheikh Jamal, who was one of the few chosen of the Akhoon. The Bonairs and Chamla men joined the expedition in respect to the orders of the Akhoon. This fight has not ended the affair. The Khodokhails are buying arms at this moment among the Jadoons; and the Akhoon will assuredly have revenge for the death of his favourite and trusted Sheikh. It is rumoured he himself will lead the next expedition.—*Lahore Chronicle.*

BHOOTAN.

A correspondent of the *Delhi Gazette*, writing from Dutma, in Bhootan, under date the 4th July, says:—

"Everything is very quiet in this part of the frontier; but we have been ordered to keep a sharp look-out, as it is reported that the Bhootas are now busy getting together a large force, with the object of attacking one or more of our advanced posts. At present we never see anything of them, and they certainly don't seem inclined to hold any sort of communication with us.

"Sickness, in the form of fever and dysentery, prevails to a very great extent here. More than half of the wing of the 44th Native Infantry stationed in Dutma is in hospital, and in the whole camp, including police, out of a strength of 350 men, there are not 100 fit for duty. Out of the four officers with the wing, two are laid up with fever. The squadron of the 14th Bengal Cavalry was withdrawn a few days ago, having been reported unfit for duty on account of the extent to which the men suffered from fever and dysentery. There were only twenty-five men out of hospital the day they left, and they were losing men at the rate of three and four a week by death. They have gone to Rungeea to join the headquarters of the regiment. I have no doubt that the whole regiment will be removed from this unhealthy district as soon as the rains are over. The wing of the 44th will not be fit for active service, should the Government determine on an advance into Bhootan next cold season, nor, by all accounts, will any of the regiments in the Doora. Now that Government has taken possession of these Doora I hope it is satisfied with them; it is more than we, whose lot it is to be stationed in them, are. We have been considerably more punished by their occupation than the Bhootas, who dread the climate of these plains very much. Since the end of May it has been raining constantly almost every day; the rivers are all swollen, and the temporary bridges and roads have been washed away, so that communication by land with the stations on the Berhampooter is extremely difficult and uncertain. The thatched barracks for the troops are now finished, and the men seem comfortably sheltered. The bungalows, or rather huts, for the officers are now being run up, and will soon be finished.

"Dutma is not by any means so pleasant a place as Buxa Doar, judging from the glowing description of the *Englishman's* correspondent at that place, where they revel in every enjoyment. Magnificent scenery, delicious climate, and all the amenities of social

life, the society of ladies, music, balls, and champagne cooled, just fancy, with snow brought by the Armstrong Battery mules from an adjacent snow peak. How our mouths did water when we read his glowing account, and we all wished we were at Buxa in place of this pestilential hole. A large bare plain with half a dozen stunted trees, and a few mean villages on it, and an occasional glimpse of the Bhootan hills is all the scenery we get. The climate is horrible and relaxing, one lives in a vapour bath sort of atmosphere, and the damp plays the deuce with everything. Damp, dirt, and discomfort are the grand characteristics of Dutma. Our daily fare consists of *moorghees* (procured with difficulty) and the liberal Commissariat ration of rice, atta, dholl, ghee, and salt, served out to us in common with the jacks, and after partaking of which one feels an inclination to rub one's body over with oil and sit in the sun for a couple of hours every day. Our greatest want is the want of servants; we are very badly off for them; they generally bolt, and none can be induced to come here even for treble wages. The camp followers have suffered even more from sickness than the sepoys, and a great many have died, so that the poor creatures have reason to dread the place, and take every opportunity of deserting, leaving us to do every thing for ourselves. Our *tuts* fare very badly, and there is no one to look after them.

There is capital shooting to be had a few miles out of camp. Rhinoceros, buffaloes and several kinds of deer abound; their tracks are to be seen just outside the camp; but the grass jungle is so very high that it is impossible to see the game. It completely covers an elephant and a man on it; you might get into the midst of a whole herd of buffaloes without seeing one; besides, the plain, or prairie is intersected by innumerable nullahs filled with mud, which it is impossible to cross and sometimes to see. February, when the jungle is burnt, is the time to get at the large game. For small game there are lots of hares, florikan, kyah, and black partridge, jungle fowl, quail, golden plover, snipe, varieties of ducks, &c., &c."

SETTLEMENT OF THE PESHAWUR DISTRICT.

The following review of Major James' report on the settlement of the Peshawur district is of great interest:—

We have had before us some time a Report on the Settlement of the Peshawur District, by the late Major Hugh R. James, C.B., Commissioner and Superintendent of the Peshawur division. The title of this valuable Blue-book gives but a very inadequate idea of its contents, which consist not merely of an account of the settlement of the district, but a complete survey of its history and topography. As it would be quite impossible for us to give, in the limited space at our command, anything like a *resume* of either the narrative or descriptive portion of this work, which will well pay perusal in the original, we shall content ourselves with culling here and there an interesting fact or statement from its pages. Regarding the derivation of the name Peshawur, as of most cities of any antiquity in this and every other country, authorities widely differ. Some, accepting the present spelling and pronunciation as correct, derive it from a Persian combination supposed to signify an outpost or advanced position. Down to the end of the sixteenth century, however, Peshawur was called, as the Pathans still pronounce it, Purshor, which the Akhand interprets as "full of turbulence." Major James remarks, however, that the name is of too old a date to render his interpretation, or the Pathan pronunciation, of any value in the inquiry, further than as establishing the fact of the letter "r" being found in the first syllable. Major James prefers the Hindoo tradition, that supposes the city to have been

called after a king, or family of Kings, named Purus, Purush, or Porus, meaning simply "the seat of Porus, as Lahore or Lahavur was the seat of Seh or Sah." Regarding the origin of the tribes seated about Peshawur, Major James thinks it a not improbable conjecture that they were the descendants of the race of Yadoo, who were expelled, or voluntarily emigrated, from Goojrat eleven hundred years before Christ, and who were, according to some, the ancestors of the Jadoons residing in the hills north of Eusufzai. The following episode in the history of the Peshawur district may not be uninteresting:—

"About twenty years after the death of Alexander, Seleucus, finding himself master of all the countries between the Euphrates and the Indus, endeavoured to recover those beyond the latter river, from which the Greeks had been expelled, B.C. 316, by Chandara Gupta (better known by us as Sandracotta), who had established himself in them. Seleucus passed the Indus with this object, B.C. 303, but made a treaty with his opponent, to whom he yielded the allegiance of all the provinces east of the Indus, together with the Peshawur and Cabool valleys, Chandra Gupta furnishing him in return with five hundred elephants."

The Afghans first acquired a footing in the Southern hills of Peshawur at the end of the seventh, or the beginning of the eighth century after Christ. It is well known that they trace their descent to the Israelites, through Afghana, son of Zaremlah, son of Saul, King of Israel. Although the tradition connected with this Israelitish origin is full of inconsistencies and fables, Major James is favourable to the tradition itself, a tradition which, he says, "pervades the nation, and which is supported by many peculiarities in their customs and institutions, which will be noticed in this report, and the reasonableness of which," he thinks, "a personal acquaintance with the people must tend to strengthen and confirm, opposed as it is to nothing which we know of the past history of that people, or are led to believe of their future; on what grounds, therefore, can we refuse to receive an account given by a nation of its own ancestry which is reasonable in itself, which we cannot disprove, and for which we can offer no more authentic substitute, no theory equally plausible?" Further on, he observes that the question is not capable of demonstrative proof, and must remain a matter of opinion. "Being myself," he says, "strongly impressed with the idea that they are, to some extent, of Israelitish origin, it is only fair to add that two very able philologists, Dr. Trumpp and the Rev. J. Lowenthal, to whose opinions much greater weight is likely to be attached than to mine, have inquired into the subject, and arrived at a contrary conclusion, chiefly from the circumstance of their language being radically distinct from the Hebrew. Herodotus, indeed, mentions a tribe of Indians called 'Pactues,' distinguished by their bravery, and employed in searching for gold, and calls their country Paktyica. This name is exactly that of the Pathan 'Pakhtoon'—and from consulting the several passages in which he alludes to them, I gather that their seat must have been about Kandahar and Cabool. The Greek name for their country also corresponds with that by which the Afghans speak of themselves collectively, viz., 'Pakhtunkha.' But admitting that Herodotus alluded to the ancestors of the Pathans, it does not follow that his description of them, as 'Indians,' is literally correct."—*Delhi Gazette*.

MISCELLANEOUS.

THE RUSSIANS IN CENTRAL ASIA.—The following copy of a letter, with news from Khokan and Bokhara, has been placed at our disposal. It is only another proof of the vague and contradictory rumours which reach us from Central Asia. It is not long since we heard that the Russians had taken Khokan, and that a detachment, with guns, had ac-

tually reached Yarkund, on the confines of the Cashmere territory. Now, it appears, a Kipchak Tartar, or Mongol, is in possession of Khokan, and that the Khan of Bokhara has, with permission of certain Russian officers, proceeded against the said Kipchak, and taken the Government into his own hands. How Russian officers came to be possessed of so much influence at Bokhara is strange enough, but how they came to be there at all, wielding such a power as this letter represents, is strangest of all. The truth is, we place no confidence in these stories from Samarkand and Bokhara. "A letter from Badruddin Paracha, dated 1st Mohurram, 1282 A.H. (27th May, 1865), to Ibrahim Ali Paracha, shop-keeper, of Jalalabad, contained the following information:—"The Akskals (commercial consuls) and notables of Tashkand Khagang, Ardijan, and Ush (large commercial towns), in Khokand, became inimical to Mulla Alamkula Kipchaki, the Prime Minister of the Khokand ruler, with whom rested the management of all the affairs of the state, the son of Mallee Khan (Sultan Sayed Khan, who, the Khokan Envoy says, is about twenty years of age), the lawful heir to the throne, being a minor and, consequently, unfit to govern, Mulla Alamkul had become oppressive ever since the Russians restored the country to him. The Akskals and the people of those cities complained of his oppression to the Shah (king) of Bokhara, Muzuffar Shaw, and asked him to march with an army and take possession of the country (of Khokand). The King, who was intent on taking Khokand, was highly pleased with this offer, and, with the permission of the Russian officers in attendance at his durbar, marched with two thousand sowars and one thousand foot, and took possession of Khokand on the 25th Zilhij 1282 A. H. (21st May, 1865), placing Alamkul under strict confinement, and the son of Mallee Khan under surveillance. He (the King) has assigned a daily allowance of 50 *tillas* for (the latter's) maintenance, and also promised to restore to him his country (Khokand) on his coming of age, and qualifying himself for Government. Mir Haje Nazar Aishan, the Prime Minister, Mashir-i-Khas, of the Ghah, has been entrusted with the Government of Khokand. After having made these arrangements the king returned to Samarkand. He had two Russian guns brought from the Tashkand cantonments with him the day he entered Khokand. The Russian authorities were highly pleased at having placed the Shah under obligation. No fighting took place. Seven slaves (*ghiclans*) of Mulla Alamkul, who had attempted resistance, were hung up."—*Englishman*.

THE JUMNA BRIDGE.—The following report of the crossing of this bridge for the first time is taken from the *Pioneer*:—"The Jumna Bridge was tested for the first time on Saturday morning last, in the presence of Lieutenant-colonel Drummond, who attended on the part of Government; G. Sibley, Esq., chief engineer; and J. Collet, Esq., the engineer under whose immediate superintendence the bridge has latterly been constructed. Brigadier-general Rainier, Messrs. R. Money, C. B. Thornhill, G. P. Money, G. Ricketts, and other residents of Allahabad were also on the spot. After a preliminary testing trial of the short length of new embankment next to the south abutment a train consisting of two engines, a truck, and a break-van passed slowly over the bridge, and over the first length of viaduct on the north side, and then returned to the south side. Next, a train, consisting of a goods engine and ten loaded ballast waggons, the length of which covered something more than one span, was despatched from the south side at the rate of ten miles an hour. Its influence upon the first span of the girder was tested, and there was found to be a deflection vertically of eighty-three hundredths, and laterally of one-tenth of an inch. The train

returned from the north side of the bridge, and was stopped on the girder, that the testing might be made as it remained stationary. The deflection and oscillation were found to be very nearly the same as before. The train was then again despatched from the south side, this time attaining a speed of about fifteen miles an hour, and the measurement of vertical deflection and lateral oscillation presented no perceptible difference of result. In order to carry out the testing, a staging was erected under the girder from below, in such a manner as to stand clear and be independent of the girder, and a diagram card on a board attached to the girder was arranged so as to meet the point of a pencil which was affixed to the staging. As the train passed over, the girder, yielding with the strain, acted on the pencil, and so caused the deflection to be registered—the amount of oscillation being ascertained by the degree of straightness with which the pencil passed over the diagram-card. The weather proved too unfavourable to allow of the testing being completed. It will, we hear, be resumed to-day, when the deflection of each individual span will be taken. On the whole, nothing could be more satisfactory than the results which have crowned the untiring efforts shown by all the engineers connected with this, the finest of our Indian bridges. We may remark that on the present occasion a high degree of speed could not be attained, owing to the unfinished state of the line north of the Jumna. We believe, however, that we are right in saying that early in next month a train will be able to run straight across the bridge into the Allahabad station.

THE OPIUM REVENUE.—A Government notice appears this morning in the *Exchange Gazette*, publishing the quantity of opium manufactured during the present season, and from which the provision to be offered for sale in 1866 will be taken. By the same notice the Government reserves to itself the liberty of limiting the provision as the financial interests of the State may render expedient, and declares that it does not bind itself to bring forward the whole quantity of 47,837 chests for sale in 1866. The immediate effect of the resolution, which appears to have been known in the bazaar yesterday evening, was a considerable rise in the price of opium, with an excited market. There appears to be a diversity of public opinion as to both the soundness and the morality of the policy of the Government, in not, as usual, fixing the amount to be placed for sale during the year. We have heard it criticised as a ruse to raise prices, as prejudicial to the true interest of the trade, and an encouragement to gambling. To us it appears that the Government, after long ignoring, in its opium transactions, every true commercial principle, displays in this notification the first indication of having adopted more enlightened views. It simply reserves to itself the opportunity of accommodating supply to demand, or, at all events, of fixing the supply at some future time when it shall be more convenient to do so than now.—*Englishman*, July 22.

FRUIT OF THE HILL BAMBOO.—At a late meeting of the Agri-Horticultural Society of India, the President submitted the following extract of a letter to his address, from Mr. W. Le F. Robinson, of Rungpore, in continuation of that read at the April meeting:—"It is about time that I should report progress about the bamboo fruit, which has turned out much what I expected; numbers of them kept falling off the trees without any apparent change or reason, and I kept a lot for some time to see if any thing occurred, but as they merely shrivelled up externally, I opened some and found that the water in the centre gradually hardened into a white kernel. A good watch was kept on those on the trees, and the result is this:—as they get ripe, out of the big end by which they hang from the tree springs a young bamboo leaf, also bunch of roots; when the

youngshoot is some 6 inches long the whole thing drops off the tree, and then apparently plants itself in the ground by the roots. I have got several planted out in boxes, and they are growing famously so far, but I am not quite certain whether I should not stick them out into the garden and let them take their own chance. One that I planted ten days ago has shot up 15 or 16 inches, and thrown out two leaves, and if he goes on growing at the same rate, he will soon settle the question of transplantation to the garden for me. It seems a queer thing that the bamboo should reproduce itself on the tree without going to earth first, it flowers, seeds, fruits and the young plant grows out of the fruit, with fresh roots before it leaves the parent stem. Is there any other tree or grass, I wonder, which does the same." The President informed the meeting that he had heard from Rangoon of a basket of Bamboo fruit having been carried into the town from a village 9 miles distant, and he was informed that Mr. Theobald, of the Geological Survey, who had just arrived in Calcutta, had brought up some specimens of the fruit which were doubtless those of *Bambusa baccifera*, a species described by Roxburg as inhabiting Chittagong and the Yumading Range. He had himself received specimens of the fruit of the Bamboo two years ago from Akyab, and he had sent his specimens for comparison to Mr. Theobald, who, he had hoped, would have attended the meeting. He had little doubt that Mr. Robinson's Rungpore fruit would prove to belong to the same species.

MR. WINGFIELD. According to the *Mofussilite*, Mr. Wingfield, Chief Commissioner of Oudh, has now, on the close of the tenant-right inquiry, which has been on the whole in his favour, sent in his resignation. Sir John Lawrence holds it in abeyance, promising Mr. Wingfield redress on his showing where any wrong or injustice has been done to him. His Excellency disclaims all intention of offering any personal slight or offence to Mr. Wingfield by the measures he has lately instituted in Oudh, and assures him that in such he has only been actuated by a strong sense of public duty. Mr. Wingfield has always intended to take three months' leave to the hills from August. Sir John Lawrence is now occupied with Mr. Davies' elaborate report on the inquiry. Mr. Wingfield rode the landed aristocracy policy of Lord Canning to death at first, and caused great injustice; but since the inquiry had been instituted he has behaved with the greatest wisdom and tact. There can be no doubt that Mr. Yule, Mr. G. Campbell, or Mr. A. A. Roberts will be glad to succeed him, should he persist in his resignation.

MORTALITY AMONG BUFFALOES AT RANGOON.—These are evil days for cattle, even in Burmah. It appears, from the *Rangoon Times*, our agriculturists are meeting with considerable losses by the death of numbers of buffaloes, kept for tillage in the various districts. There is nothing in this visitation, we understand, which gives to it the character of an epidemic. For a year or two the cattle and buffaloes throughout the districts have been worked so hard as to exhaust them, and now they are sinking from being overworked, as it is supposed. This, however, is a very unusual circumstance among the Burmese, for they are generally inclined to be very merciful and kind to the poor dumb brutes which till their fields. We have heard of this unfortunate mortality prevailing among the buffaloes and cattle, but hope it is not as extensive as common rumour describes it to be.

THE COSSYAHS AGAIN.—Some considerable disturbances have occurred in the Cossyah Hills, at a place called Mowigan. It would seem that the chief of that place and his people had had some disagreement, and that the latter have risen and declared an intention of deposing the Rajah. The cause of the outbreak has not transpired.

THE BANK OF BENGAL.—We have before us the report issued by the directors of the Bank of Bengal for the half-year ending 30th June, 1865. The net profits of the past half-year, after deducting income-tax and writing off Rs. 23,100 for all bad and doubtful debts at the head office and branches, amount to Rs. 13,27,797-2-8, out of which the directors have appropriated Rs. 13,20,000 in payment of dividend at the rate of 12 per cent. per annum on the bank's entire capital. The balance, amounting to Rs. 7,797-2-8, is carried forward to next half-year's account. The report also mentions that negotiations initiated in 1863 have been recently resumed for transferring to the bank the duties connected with the management of the registered public debt at Calcutta, now performed by the accountant general to the government of India, and of extending the agreement between the Government and the bank for seven years subsequent to March, 1867. The report contains a general review of the course of general business during the half-year, as it affects the position of the bank, the progress of all the branches of which is announced as satisfactory.—*Hurkaru*, July 20.

BHOOTAN.—The rains have been very heavy in the Dooars, and as a consequence fever has been very prevalent among both officers and men. Fortunately the attacks are not of long duration, and are less intense than formerly. Our correspondent from whom we gather these particulars, however, regards matters in a gloomy light, and does not hesitate to assert that the Dooars are the head quarters of fever. The war would seem to have had the effect of frightening the inhabitants of the Dooars into abandoning their usual cultivation, with the exception of dhan. Large breadths of land have been left untillied this season, which are already fast becoming jungle, and which will next year have to be cleared at the cost of considerable trouble. The English system of administration is fast getting into working order, several boundary disputes have been already settled in a way which has given satisfaction to the Meechis. The news from beyond the hills speak of continued quarrels between the Deb Rajah and Toungsoo Penlow, and of the strong desire manifested by the former to conclude peace before Toungsoo is able to gather up his resources, and relieve him of his dignity. All reports unite in ascribing to Toungsoo Penlow the preponderance of power. The Deb Rajah and Paro Penlow are spurred inasmuch by self-interest as anything else in their desire to put an end to what has been facetiously termed the Bhootan war.—*Hurkaru*.

FINANCIAL PROSPECTS.—Our readers are already aware that two of the non-official members of the Governor General's Council were summoned by telegraph to Simla a few days ago. The Viceroy summoned those gentlemen, we have been informed, because he wished to confer with them on the very important question as to how the deficit is to be met. The Secretary of State has declined to accede to the proposition for raising the sum of five crores of rupees by opening a loan at home, credit for which was taken into account, in anticipation, while preparing the budget estimates for the current official year, whilst the abolition of the income-tax has taken away a heavy item from the general receipts. Besides this there is a great falling off in revenue in consequence of the depreciation of the opium market. These circumstances combined have rendered the state of our finances rather unsatisfactory. It is said that a despatch has been sent to the Secretary of State by the Government of India soliciting further orders on this state of things.

WAR BETWEEN NEPAL AND THIBET.—The Nepal correspondent of the *Delhi Gazette*, writing under date 6th July, states that in consequence of Thibet having refused to pay the annual tribute to the Nepalese, war between the two countries is inevitable.

RAILWAY COLLISION AT BARRACKPORE.—A collision of trains attended with bodily injury, of a more or less serious character, to a number of natives—report says eight or ten—happened at the Barrockpore Station of the Eastern Bengal Railway. A morning train from Calcutta had reached the above station, and had been stopped there to allow of the passage down of the half-past nine o'clock train to Calcutta. Several natives were in the carriages of the halted train, and had the pointsman north of the station done his duty as prescribed, and as he had often previously done, the down-coming train would have passed by as usual, taking a siding between the halted up-train and the station platform. The pointsman, however, through nervousness, or some other cause, failed to effect the turning off of the down-train into the siding, though he attempted to do so. The consequence was that both trains remaining on the main line of rails, the halted one was run into by that in motion, the collision smashing a number of carriages, and sending others with such force against some of the buildings at the station that some store house walls were burst through. We have not heard the exact number of persons injured, but our informant was of opinion that between eight and ten had sustained injury.

AFFAIRS IN THE DOOARS.—Our Allahabad contemporary has the following melancholy picture of the state of the troops in the Dooars:—We regret to record another victim to cholera in Bhootan in the person of Lieut. T. R. Taylor, Quarter-master, 11th N.I., who died at Putta Kowa, in the Western Dooars, but a few days back. Sickness, unhappily prevalent as it is throughout the Dooars, appears to be even worse at this particular post than elsewhere, fever being the prominent ailment. The regiment above mentioned has upwards of four hundred men in hospital, and the detachment of the 5th Bengal Cavalry nearly a hundred. We very much question whether, with so much of the small force *hors de combat*, the post alluded to can be considered defensible. The condition of the troops throughout Bhootan has, as we are aware, formed a subject for serious anxiety and discussion by the supreme military authorities for a long time, but we fear it is a case unsuceptible of much palliation, as matters now stand.—*Hurkaru*, July 20.

SIR JOHN LAWRENCE AND THE MAHOMEDANS OF UMBALLA.—The Mahomedans of the Umballa bazaar seem to have a special dislike to Sir John Lawrence. The other day they set about a story of his death, their wishes, no doubt, being father to their thought; and, still more recently, they have spread the rumour that Sir John had been recalled by the Home Government on account of his serious faults as an administrator. He has annexed the Bhootan Dooars, in spite of the anti-annexationist policy of the Government, and in spite of the warnings he received from home about the extension of the British frontiers. As if this were not enough, he has countenanced the infliction of the most unjust punishment upon the patriotic and loyal Mussulmans of Patna.—*Hurkaru*.

THE PRINCESS ALEXANDRA AND THE PENANG HOTEL.—The *Friend of India* says:—"Penang is properly called Prince of Wales Island. Two hotel-keepers have called their establishment 'Alexandra,' and have sent a photograph of it to the Princess of Wales. They have succeeded in eliciting an answer, to this effect:—'Her Royal Highness has no doubt that your establishment will prove of great advantage to the inhabitants of the island of Penang, and she wishes it success. Her Royal Highness has been graciously pleased to express her approbation that it should bear her name.' We fear her Royal Highness will soon be inundated with similar applications from all English dependencies. There could not be a better advertisement."

"THE PREPARIS ISLAND RECLAMATION AND COLONISATION COMPANY."—The prospectus of a new company has been issued under this title. The proposal is to form a small company for the redemption of the island from the waste condition in which it has been time out of mind. If this were done it is considered that the island would be likely to become the recognised sanitarium of Calcutta, from which it is distant only four or five days by steam. The altitude of the place, while affording salubrious sites for colonist settlements, secures it from inundations. In the allotment of shares preference would be given to parties willing and ready to settle on the island with their families, and as colonists aid in developing its resources. It is considered that a capital of Rupees 1,50,000, in 150 shares of Rupees 1,000 each, would be ample for the purposes of the company. All Indian products, it is affirmed in the prospectus, would grow well on the island. Mr. Shoppard, the promoter, has somewhat extended the original design, as will be seen by the following extract of a letter which he has written to the *Hurkaru*:—"Since issuing my prospectus for the formation of a company for the purposes of reclaiming, colonising and cultivating Preparis Island, it has been suggested that, as one of the objects specified therein was the drawing of produce from the Cocos Island, I should apply to the Supreme Government for a grant of the Great Coco, or secure the exclusive right to farm the island; this suggestion I have acted on without prejudice, however, to my former application for Preparis Island."

ANOTHER TURF SCANDAL.—An up-country paper reports that letters from Cawnpore allude to the occurrence of another serious turf scandal, "the particulars of which must, sooner or later, come out." We shall make it our business to seek more precise information, and publish it. Constituted as the turf of Upper India is, supported by men holding the position of gentlemen, with the identity of almost every one of its members known to the public, a charge against any one of them assumes such an unpleasant prominence as does not attach to similar occurrences in sporting annals at home. The mysterious manner in which the last unfortunate incident of the kind under notice disappeared from the arena of public inquiry can have been satisfactory to no one, least of all to the gentleman most concerned, if, as his advocates state the case, he really was anxious to be judged fairly on his merits.

ECCLESIASTICAL.—The Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal, on the nomination of the Right Reverend the Lord Bishop of Calcutta, has appointed the Reverend R. P. Greaves, B. A., of the Church Missionary Society, to the spiritual charge of the station of Serampore, in the room of the Reverend E. C. Stuart, B. A., of the same Society, who has proceeded to Europe on leave of absence on medical certificate. His Lordship has also nominated the Reverend J. Welland to St. Thomas' Church Free School, as a co-adjutor to the Reverend Mr. Burton.

LADIES ARE NOT WANTED IN BHOOTAN.—On a reference made to him, the Viceroy has decided against the erection of separate bungalows for married officers in the Dooars or in Assam. The bungalows to be built will contain one room for subalterns, two for field officers, and a small additional room for staff officers requiring offices. There will also be one mess-room to each corps or detachment.

THE ILLS OF DANCING.—The correspondent of the *Sindian* states that the station is indeed very dull. Dancing seems to be put aside entirely in the European regiments. The Sergeant-major of an old and gallant corps thought fit to state to his commanding officer that balls led to breaches of discipline, as the sergeants could not perform their duties rightly for a day or two after.

SERIOUS ILLNESS OF SIR BARNES PEACOCK AND MR. JUSTICE NORMAN.—We regret to learn that the learned Chief Justice, Sir Barnes Peacock, lies seriously ill at his residence with rheumatic fever. His lordship had arranged to sit yesterday with Mr. Justice Phear and Baboo Sumboonath Pandit, to investigate a special case of the High Court, which had, in consequence of his illness, to be adjourned till Monday next. Mr. Justice Norman was also taken so ill while on the bench as to be obliged to leave the Court.

MR. E. H. OGILVIE.—On the 3rd of this month we noticed the suspension of Mr. E. H. Ogilvie, Assistant Superintendent of Police at Sasseram, in the district of Shahabad, pending an inquiry into the complaint preferred against him, viz., of using violence in an attempt to extort confession. We now hear that the charges having been brought home to Mr. Ogilvie, the Lieutenant-governor has directed his dismissal from the service.—*Hurkaru*, July 17.

OFFICIAL CHANGES.—Consequent on the appointment permanently by the Right Hon. the Secretary of State for India of the Hon. Elphinstone Jackson to a puisne judgeship of the High Court, Mr. A. R. Thompson, officiating civil and sessions judge of Nuddea, is to be judge of that district, vice the Hon. Elphinstone Jackson. Mr. W. J. Herschel, officiating magistrate and collector of Midnapore, to be a magistrate and collector of the second grade.—*Hurkaru*, July 22.

THE PRISON DISCIPLINE COMMITTEE have made a report in favour of the Alipore Gaol being converted into a Central Prison. Their representation has been submitted to the Governor-general.

DEPUTY ADJUTANT-GENERAL OF ARTILLERY.—It is stated that Colonel Middleton, C.B., will succeed Colonel Adye, C.B., as deputy adjutant-general of artillery in this Presidency.—*Hurkaru*, July 22.

THE MUTINY MEDALS of the 4th and 5th Cavalry and 1st Regiment of Oude Fort Police have been distributed by the Inspector-general of the Police of that province.

SHIPPING.

ARRIVALS.

July 15. Orissa, Ballantine, Akyab and Chittagong.—16. Mauritius Merchant, Milman, put back from sea; Nusseer Musieed, Mathews, Colombo; Jacques Searin, Martin, Madras.—18. Meiman, Gauvain, Galle via Madras Coast; Latona, Sedgwick, Madras; Goa, Bourdon, Pondicherry.—19. Genu, Carr, Madras; Redgauntlet, Nickles, Liverpool; Duke of Athol, Dalrymple, Glasgow; Punjab, Day, Bombay via Madras Coast; Shah Jehan, Jenkins, Mauritius.—20. Burmah, Irvine, Moulinein, Rangoon, and Akyab; Matilda Atheling, —.

DEPARTURES.

July 14. Marechal de Turenne, Gaoon, Bourbon.—15. Morayshire, Swincoe, Mauritius; Utina, McTavish, Bombay.—16. Bhima, Bonfellow, Mauritius; Caroline, Turner, Rangoon and Moulinein; Saginaw, Poutet, London; Ellen Hood, Kelly, New York; Aracan, Potts, Liverpool.—17. Richelieu, Buzit, Australia.—18. Rangoon, Templeton, Akyab, Rangoon, and Moulinein; Winefred, Sergeant, London; Hebe, Walker, Liverpool; Enterpe, Storry, Colombo; Etna, Graham, London.—19. Allahabad, Baillic, London; Sea Rover, Fraser, Madras.—20. Asia, Melville, Galle and Bombay.—22. Mail str. Sunla, Suez.

PASSENGERS DEPARTED.

Per str. Simla.—For MADRAS.—Col. Watson, Mr. D. O. Smith, Mr. Stewart. For GALLE.—Mr. E. G. Buskin. For ALEXANDRIA.—Mr. Hini, Mr. Atkinson, Mr. Lockie. For MARSEILLES.—Mr. Clough, Capt. Chichester, R.A., Mr. Chappier, Mr. Newbatt, Mr. Lathbury, Mr. Newbury, Mrs. Stevens. For SOUTHAMPTON.—Mr. Tapp, Lieut. Moules, Lieut. F. M. G. Phillips, Mrs. Ruskin and family, Lieut. Melville, Mr. and Mrs. Sutherland, Miss E. Irvine, Mrs. Temple.

COMMERCIAL.

Calcutta, July 22, 1865.

GOVERNMENT SECURITIES.

Rate of Interest.	Stock.	Selling Price
4 per Cent., Sa.	Sa. Rs. ...	90 Rs. 87 12 to 88 0
Do. Transfer Stock....	Sa. Rs. ...	91 .. 88 6 to 88 14
4 per Cent.	Co.'s Rs. 91 ..	88 0 to 10 6
5 per Cent. P.W.	Co.'s Rs. 101 ..	8 10 to 3 14
5½ per Cent.	Co.'s Rs. 108 ..	10 0 to 10 2
5 per cent., 56-57.....	Co.'s Rs. 104, ...	100 8 to 0

EXCHANGE.

	On London.	Per Rupee.
Local Bank Bills	at 6 months' sight	2 0½
First Class Credit	at 6 months' sight	2 to 2 0 1-16
Bills with Docs.	at 6 months' sight	2 0½ to 7-16
Bank Post Bills	at 1 months' sight	2 0½ to 2 0½

JOINT STOCK SHARES.

Stock.	Paid-up. Rs. each.	Quoted at Rs.
Agra and Masterman's Bank	500	1260
Alliance Tea Company	85	...
Assam Tea Company	200	550 to 560
Balassun Tea Company	100	90 to 92
Bank of Bengal	1000	696½
Ditto Interest bearing	1000	...
Beerbhoomi Coal Company	1000	800 to 810
Ditto	200	Nom. to 175
Bengal Coal Company	1000	1200 to 1220
Bengal Printing Company	100	...
Bengal River Company	1000	550 to 560
Ditto	500	300 to 305
Bengal Tea Company	100	122 to 125
Ditto new paid-up	100	...
Bengal Oil Company	250	par Nominal
Bengal Credit Mobilier (Lim.)	100	13 to 15 dis.
Bishnauth Tea Company	200	230
Ditto, contributory	10	6 to 7 pm.
Bonded Warehouse Association	415	650 to 655
Boroket Tea Company (Limited)	25	par
British India Tea	80	8 to 5 dis.
Brunton's Press Company (Limited)	50	5 to 8 pm.
Burdwan Stone Company	100	100 to 80
Cachar and Assam Tea Company	200	168 to 170
Ditto (Contributory)	115	30 to 38 dis.
Cachar Tea Company	600	600 to 605
Ditto	500	par to 5 pm.
Calcutta Docking Company	700	1300 to 1335
Calcutta Steam Tug Association	600	550 to 555
Calcutta and South Eastern Railway	62	...
Central Assam Tea Company	100	96 to 98
Central Cachar Tea Company	200	220 to 225
Ditto, new shares	200	250 to 262
Chatawar Tea Company	25	...
Commercial Transport Association	100	nom.
Delhra Doon Tea Company	100	85 to 86
Delhi Bank Corporation	500	675 to 700
Dooteriah Tea Company (Limited)	100	90 to 92
Durrung Tea Company	65	5 to 4 dis.
E. B. Indigo Company	100	...
East India Coal Company	100	18 to 20
East India Railway Company	218	217 to 215
East India Tea Company	100	118 to 120
Ditto, contributory	60	16 to 18 pm.
Eastern Bengal Tea Company	50	55 to 65
Eastern Cachar Tea Company	100	105 to 107
Ditto, contributory	85	3 to 5 pm.
Eastern Bengal Railway Company	218	216
Eastern Steam Tug Company	1000	1100 to 1120
Eastman and Company	250	...
Equitable Coal Company	250	200 to 205
Ganges Steam Navigation Company	500	Nominal
Great Eastern Hotel Company	250	285 to 288
Gola Ghaut Tea Company	250	285 to 287½
Ditto new shares	250	262½
Goswery Cotton Mills	85	28 to 25 di
Hindustan, China, and Japan Bank	250	...
Hoochly Steam Tug Company	1000	1000 to 1020
Hoochly Lighter Association	80	...
Hope Town Tea Association	100	77
Hope Town Equitable Tea Company	100	105
Howrah Docking Company	535	645 to 556
Hunter and Company	250	...
India General Steam Navigation Co.	1000	775 to 826
Jorhant Tea Company	206	...
Kunchunpore Tea Company	100	1110
Ditto, contributory	125	8 to 10 pm.
Kurseong and Darjeeling Tea Co.	125	240
Ditto, contributory	125	10 to 8 dis.
Landing Shipping	106	...
Lebons and Monchon Tea Company	65	...
Lorcy, Cotton Screw Company	25	...
Lower Assam Tea Company	35	...
Luckimpore Tea Company	155	...
Monacherra Tea Company	60	10 to 8
Moran Tea Company (Limited)	70	13 to 14 pm.
Mutuck Tea Company	50	...
Mutual Tea Company	100	108 to 110
Ditto, contributory	70	3 to 5 pm.
National Bank of India (Limited)	250	257½
New Fort Gloster Company	600	...
North-West Indigo Company	100	70 to 71
North-West Screwing Company	51	nom.
Oriental Gas Company	10	14 to 15
Peoples Bank of India	100	...
Port Canning Land Company	1000	1450 to 1475
Punjab Bank	100	120
Punjab Trading	75	...
Punkabarre Tea Company	100	...
Ditto	37	...
Ranghaur Tea Company	100	par
Ditto	65	par
Royal Bank of India	Nominal.	...
R. Scott Thomson and Company	600	465 to 470
Screwing Company (Limited)	200	195
Sea Salt Company	80	...
Seebasanzor Tea Company	100	82
Simla Bank	600	650 to 655
Simla Club and N. W. Wine Company	90	...
Soom Tea Company	100	105 to 108
Soorisore Tea Company	1000	1500 to 1510
Ditto	750	150 to 150 pm.
South Cachar Tea Company	100	70 to 72
Spence's Hotel Company	250	225
Strand Pressing Company (Limited)	62½	par to 2 pm.
Sylhet and Cachar Tea Company	200	160 to 170
Tirhoot Indigo	200	175 to 180
Tuckwar Tea Company	200	190 to 192
Ditto, contributory	70	...
Union Steam Tug Company	250	6 to 4 dis.
Upper Assam Tea Company	100	170 to 172
Victoria Tea Company	250	230
Ditto, contributory	190	220 to 225

FREIGHTS.

	To London.	To Liverpool.
Saltpetre	21 0 0 to 0 0 0	Nominal.
Sugar	1 0 0 to 0 0 0	Nominal.
Rice	1 2 6 to 0 0 0	Nominal.
Seeds	2 5 0 to 2 15 0	2 0 0 0 0 0
Jute	2 0 0 to 2 7 6	1 13 6 2 0 0
Cotton	2 7 6 to 2 10 0	2 5 0 2 12 6

MONEY MARKET.—The Bank of Bengal yesterday reduced its rates 1 per cent. all round, and the margin on loans on Government Securities 2 per cent., which seems to imply a revival of confidence, as well as an ample supply of money; but, notwithstanding, business is still very dull.

MADRAS.

MISCELLANEOUS.

THE "ATHENÆUM AND DAILY NEWS" tells the old story:—"Of the Madras Presidency there is literally nothing material to be reported. His Excellency the Governor has been here, presiding at meetings of the Legislative Council, which has transacted some useful business. It is understood that he will visit the Nilgherries for a few months, and will return home at the expiration of his ordinary tour of Government; but this last point is, we trust, not yet decided, as the value of his rule is more and more appreciated, now that he has gained the experience which every new man must want. A North-Western journal quotes a rumour that he is to be succeeded by Sir Robert Montgomery, an able officer, no doubt, but who knows about as much of Madras affairs as he does of the land of Nod. We do not desire him to be entrusted with the administration of them in place of our present Governor.

Here, however, are a few items of news:—

BANGALORE.—The Governor's residence in Bangalore seems likely to be productive of material advantage to the residents of that station, particularly the military portion thereof, if the various suggestions his Excellency has recently made for the improvement of the Cantonment be carried into effect. He states that until he visited the Military Establishments there he was not aware of the amount of work that remained to be done before the European troops at the head quarters of the Mysore division of the army could be properly accommodated.

EARTHQUAKE AT COIMBATORE.—The collector at Coimbatore has reported to the Board of Revenue that on the evening of Saturday, the 24th June, at about twenty minutes past eight o'clock, a shock of an earthquake was felt at that station by many of the European and native residents, and that its direction was from north-east to south-west.

STOCK AND SHARE MARKET.—The intimation, now officially confirmed, that no new Public Works Loan will be introduced this year, has tended to strengthen the market for Government Securities, and Five per Cents. have improved about ½ per cent. We quote Five-and-a-Half per Cents. 9½ to 10 premium, Five per Cents. 3½ to 4 premium, and Four per Cents. 9½ to 10 discount. Madras Bank shares shortly after the departure of the last direct mail rose rapidly to Rupees 84 per cent. premium, at which several transactions were reported, but owing to some Bombay holders forcing their shares on the market prices subsequently gave way, and sales were made at 70 per cent. premium. A demand has again sprung up, and there are buyers but no sellers at 75 per cent. premium both here and in Bombay. Exchange.—Since the departure of the last mail *via* Bombay rates have slightly declined, and drafts have been placed for this mail at 2s. 5-16ths for First-Class Credits, and 2s. 4d. for Documents. The Banks are selling at 2s. 4d.—*Madras Athenæum*, July 28.

SHIPPING.

ARRIVALS.

July 15. French str. Meinam, Ganvain, Gallé.—20. Annie Froste, Wilson, Sunderland.—21. Alfred, Burgoyne, Mauri-

tius.—23. Burmah, Clark, Glasgow; Feroze, Burns, Sucz.—24. P. and O. str. Candia, Macanara, Sucz.

PASSENGERS ARRIVED.

Per P. and O. S. N. Co.'s str. Nemesis.—For MADRAS.—Mr. and Mrs. Evans and infant, Mr. and Mrs. Keighley and infant, Mr. and Mrs. McDonnell and infant, Major Scott, Mr. Christen, Mrs. Herbert, Mrs. Morgan and two infants, Capt. Speke, Mr. Nicholas, Mrs. Scott and two children, Mr. Stephenson.

Per French str. Meinam.—For MADRAS.—Mr. Pereira, Mr. Cammiade, Mr. and Mrs. Bernard, Capt. Moe, Mr. Griesbach, Mr. Rosemont. For CALCUTTA.—Mr. Benwick, Mr. Pinto, Mr. Sury, Mr. Dyer, Mr. and Mrs. Hackwell.

Per P. and O. S. N. Co.'s str. Candia.—For MADRAS.—Mr. Richardson, Mr. and Mrs. Laybourn and six children, Capt. and Mrs. Stuart and two infants, Mr. Campbell, Mr. Gray, Mr. A. David, Mr. Thomas, Mr. and Mrs. Conolly, Major and Mrs. Learse, Mr. and Mrs. Johnston, Major Ramsay, Mr. Crakis, Capt. Trevor, Mr. Williams, Capt. Bowen, Capt. Saunders, Mrs. Saunders and infant, Mr. Helwer, Mr. Mackford. For CALCUTTA.—Miss Pincoke, Mr. J. Watson, Mrs. Neave, Mr. Skinner, Mr. H. Stephen, Mrs. Murray and child, Mr. C. Lamb, Mr. J. Duncan, Mr. J. McCormick, Mr. C. Shark, Mr. Cherry, Mr. Brooks, Mr. Webb, Mr. J. Ritchie, Mr. J. Inglis, Mr. W. Bruce, Mr. J. Saclé and wife, Mr. Lowry, Mr. and Mrs. Mesurier and two children, Mr. McAdam, Lieut. Thorp, Mr. and Mrs. Broadrick, Mr. Discorzi, Mr. Cowan, Mr. Klose, Mr. Evans, Dr. Waller.

DEPARTURES.

July 13. Str. Punjaub, Day, Calcutta.—14. Genii, Carr, Calcutta.—15. Ceylon, Sullivan, Liverpool; French str. Meinam, Gauvain, Calcutta; P. and O. str. Nemesis, Beasley, Sucz; Matilda Atheling, Power, Calcutta.—20. Lotana, Ledgewick, Calcutta.—22. Speculator, Kilham, Calcutta.—23. Alfred, Burgoyne, Calcutta.—25. Mail str., Sucz.

PASSENGERS DEPARTED.

Per str. Punjaub.—For BIMPATAM.—Mr. and Mrs. Owen. For Gopaulpore.—Mr. Goodrich and two children. For CALCUTTA.—Mr. M. C. Clinton.

Per P. and O. S. N. Co.'s str. Bengal.—Mr. J. Salter, Mr. W. Grigor, Mrs. Lamorendier, Miss Geils.

COMMERCIAL.

Madras, July 28, 1865.

BANK OF MADRAS.

Interest on Loans and deposits of Govt. Securities... 6 per cent.
On Cash Credits on do. (subject to commission of ½ per cent. on the sum granted) on amount drawn... 6 per cent.
Discount on Government Bills... 5 per cent.
Ditto on Private Bills, at or within 3 months... 8 per cent.
Loans on deposit of Government paper... 5 per cent.

EXCHANGES.

Document Bills, at 6 months' sight... 1 11½
Credit to 6 months... 1 11½
Agents' Bills on England, at 6 months... 1 11½
" " " at 3 months... 1 11½
" " " at 1 month... 1 11½
" " " at sight... 1 11
H.M.'s Treasury Bills... None.
Bank of England Post Bills... None.
Mauritius Government Bills... Nominal.
Ceylon ditto... "
Court of Directors' Bill on the Government of Bengal, 30 days' sight... Par.
Agents' Bills on Calcutta, 30 days... ½ per cent. dis.
Ditto on Bombay... ½ per cent. dis.

RATES OF ADVANCE.

On Govt. 5½ per cent. Promissory Notes... 100 per cent.
Ditto 5 ditto ditto... 95 per cent.
Ditto 4½ ditto ditto... 90 per cent.
Ditto 4 ditto Stock Receipts... 80 per cent.
Ditto 4 ditto Promissory Notes Sicca... 85 per cent.
Ditto 4 ditto ditto Company's... 85 per cent.
Ditto 3½ ditto ditto ditto... — per cent.
On Tanjore ditto ditto ditto... 98 per cent.

GOVERNMENT SECURITIES.

5½ per cent. Loan... 1859... 9½ to 10 pm
5 per cent. ditto... 1856-57... 3½ to 4 pm
4 per cent. ditto... 1852-53... 3½ to 4 pm
Ditto... 1853-56... 2½ to 10½ dis
Ditto... 1852-53... 2½ to 10½ dis
Ditto... 1854-55... 2½ to 10½ dis
5 per cent. Transferable Book Debt... No transaction
Tanjore Bonds... ½ per cent. dis.
Bank of Madras Shares... 75 to 77 p.c. pm

PRICE OF BULLION.

Sovereigns... each Rs. 10-3-

FREIGHTS.

Cotton to London and Liverpool.—£1. 5s. to £3
Skans, £1. 10s. to £1. 15s.

IMPORTS.

MADRAS, July 28.—The market for piece goods and twist has been prejudicially influenced by the interruption of telegraphic communication with Europe, as well as by the continuance of unusually large transshipments from Calcutta and Bombay. There has, however, been a very fair inquiry for several descriptions of goods.

The following sales have been reported during the fortnight:—

Grey Shirtings.—39-40 inch 7lb., Rs. 7-10, Rs. 7-12, Rs. 7-15, 8lb., Rs. 9-8, Rs. 9-12, and (to arrive) Rs. 9-14 and Rs. 9-15 (to arrive), and Rs. 10, Rs. 10-1-6, Rs. 10-2 (to arrive), Rs. 10-1 (on spot). 45 inch 8lb., Rs. 8-11; 9lb., Rs. 10-5 (to arrive), Rs. 10-10. 50 inch 10lb., Rs. 11-4, Rs. 11-12, Rs. 11-13.

Jaconets.—39-40 inch 2lb. 4oz., Rs. 2-12; 2lb. 3oz., Rs. 3; 45 inch 2½lb., Rs. 4; 3lb., Rs. 4-8.

Grey Madapolams.—32 inch 3lb., Rs. 8-6.

Turkey Red Cambrics.—7-8 28 yards, Rs. 6-8; 24 inch 28

yards, Rs. 6-14; 32 inch 24 yards, Rs. 7-8; 40 inch 24 yards, Rs. 10-1; 45 inch 24 yards, Rs. 11-12; 43 inch 24 yards (to arrive), Rs. 11-14.

Turkey Red Dummies.—36 inch, Rs. 7-6; 40 inch, Rs. 8-10; Turkey Red Mulls.—40 inch 20 yards, Rs. 4-10; Mule Yarn.—No. 40, Rs. 5, Rs. 5-1 (to arrive), Rs. 5-2, Rs. 5-3, Rs. 5-8 (to arrive), Rs. 6-4, Rs. 5-6, Rs. 5-7, Rs. 5-8, and (to arrive) Rs. 5-12; No. 50, Rs. 6-12, Rs. 7, Rs. 7-4; No. 60, Rs. 7-12, Rs. 7-15.

Coloured Yarns.—Green: No. 40, Rs. 6-4; pea green, No. 40, Rs. 7-10, Rs. 7-11.

Orange.—No. 40, Rs. 5-12, Rs. 5-14; No. 50, Rs. 6-10; No. 60, Rs. 6-4, Rs. 6-13; yellow: No. 40, Rs. 5-13-5, Rs. 5-11, Rs. 6-2-6.

Imperial Red.—No. 40, single bundle, Rs. 6, Rs. 6-2; double bundle, Rs. 11; Turkey Red assorted, Rs. 2-4-8; No. 70 and 80, Rs. 2-5.

EXPORTS.

MADRAS, July 28.—The inquiry for Western Cotton has been less active during the past fortnight, and the price consequently declined to Rs. 163½, at which there were sales. The rate has since advanced, and the dealers now refuse to sell under Rs. 168 per candy. The arrivals of the staple from up-country during the month have been very large, and a considerable quantity is now available in our market. Tinnevely rose to Rs. 170, but subsequently declined to Rs. 150; the quotation, however, is quite nominal. In sugar, seeds, indigo, and coffee, nothing is doing.

BOMBAY.

MISCELLANEOUS.

HIS HIGHNESS SYED MAJID ALLY OF ZANZIBAR recently informed Colonel Playfair, the British Consul and Resident at that place, that he had been solicited by the Chiefs of Angaziba or Great Comoro to assume the sovereignty of that island, and asked the Colonel's advice. This was placing the Consul in a somewhat delicate position, from which he extricated himself with great tact. Syed Majid Ally was advised to satisfy himself as to the value the acquisition would likely be to him. The result of his inquiries has induced him to abandon any thoughts he ever entertained as to complying with the Comoro Chiefs' request. The island is barren and almost valueless, and its sovereignty would only weaken the Zanzibar Prince, whilst it would in all probability bring him into direct and possibly unfriendly contact with the French, a contingency in his case to be sedulously avoided. Colonel Playfair seems to be discharging the duties of his delicate and difficult post with equal skill and success.—*Hurkaru.*

INTERESTING TO FIELD OFFICERS.—The Governor-General in Council is pleased to announce that it has been decided by the Secretary of State for War, that all authorised periods of leave of absence may be included as part of the six years' service in the rank of Field Officer required to entitle a General Officer to the unattached pay of the latter rank.

CEYLON.

The *Colombo Observer* of July 29 furnishes the following:—

The weather since our last has been hot and dry, and the preparation and shipment of coffee have gone on at a rate unusual at this advanced period of the season. Again the exports of plantation largely preponderate, so that now our total exports of this kind equal 538,000, or 60,000 in advance of last season to the same period.

The Governor, when last heard of, was at Trincomalee on his tour of observation. From the Eastern Province he proceeds to the Northern, and by the time his Excellency meets the Council in Colombo, about the end of August, he will have seen nearly every part of Ceylon. We have heard it stated that the Governor is determined that the Session shall be a short one, also that Lady Robinson will not leave Kandy.

The Ceylon League is prospering, notwithstanding the hostile vote of a fractional meeting of the Planters' Association. Already the subscriptions exceed £800.



Official Gazette.

BENGAL.

BY THE LIEUT. GOVERNOR.

July 7.—Appointment:—Mr. W. C. Taylor, dep. mag. and dep. coll. of Jamalpore, is transferred, temp., to the sudder station of Mymensing.

July 8.—Mr. J. D. Maclean to be a member of, and secretary to the local committee of public instruction at Mozufferpore.

July 10.—Mr. E. W. Molony to offic., till further orders, as civil and sess. judge of Moorsheadabad.

Mr. J. Monro to offic. as mag. and coll. of Jessore.

Mr. H. A. R. Alexander to offic. as addl. judge of Hooghly and Burdwan, and to exercise powers of a sess. judge in Howrah.

Mr. F. G. Millett to offic. as mag. and coll. of Pubna.

July 11.—Lieut. W. Howey to offic. as district superint. of police of Dinagore, with effect from March 7 last.

The hon. the Chief Justice has, with the consent of the Lieut. gov., app. Mr. W. Heeley to be registrar of Parsee marriages.

July 12.—Mr. H. L. Harrison to be inspector of schools, north and east division, but to continue to offic. as insp. of schools, central division.

Mr. J. Boxwell to offic. as insp. of schools, North East division.

Mr. J. B. Good, assist. superint. of police, 24-Pergunnahs, is transferred to Kamroop instead of to Hazareebaugh, as notified in the *Calcutta Gazette* of the 5th instant.

Mr. R. S. Robertson, assist. superint. of police, Kamroop, is transferred to Hazareebaugh.

Mr. C. G. Campbell to be a probat. asst. superint. of police in the 1st circle.

Mr. E. H. James to be a probat. asst. superint. of police in the 2nd circle.

Mr. J. A. Graham to be a municipal comr. and vice-chairman of the municipal committee of Darjeeling.

Lieut. G. B. Johnstone to offic., temp., as personal asst. to the insp. gen. of police.

July 13.—Mr. H. S. Beadon to be dep. registrar of assurances of the sub-district of Sooree, having its head quarters at the sudder station of the district of Beerbhoom.

July 15.—Capt. W. Gordon to offic. as dist. supt. of police of Howrah, with effect from 7th ult.

Major E. P. Lloyd, offic. cantonment mag. of Dinapore, is vested with the powers of a dep. coll. within the sub div. of Dinapore.

July 7.—Leave of absence:—Mr. G. M. Currie, asst. mag. of Purneah, for 2 mo.

Dr. J. P. Smith, professor of dentistry in the medical college, for 6 mo.

July 8.—Mr. W. F. M'Donnell, offic. additional judge of Hooghly and Burdwan, for 2 mo.

July 12.—Mr. P. A. Humphrey, offic. joint mag. of Rajshahye, for 1 mo.

Mr. H. M. Weatherall, dist. supt. of police, Purneah, for 3 mo.

Mr. J. S. Carstairs, asst. mag. of Baraset, for 2 mo.

July 8.—The following uncovenanted officers, having produced the necessary medical certificates, have been granted by the Right Hon. the Sec. of State for India extensions of leave of absence for the periods specified against their names:—Professor E. B. Cowell, 6 mo.; Mr. B. Wood, 4 mo.; Mr. J. A. Dolmage, 6 mo.; and Mr. W. Blundell, 4 mo.

BY THE COMMANDER-IN-CHIEF.

Head Quarters, Simla, June 13.—The C. in C. in India is pleased to make the following appointment until H.M.'s pleasure shall be known:—

1st Battalion 7th Foot.—Lieut. J. Potham to be adjt., v. Little; dated June 3.

The C. in C. in India is pleased to make the following appt.:—

18th N.I.—Lieut. P. H. M. Wynter, att. to the 11th N.I., to be offic. qrmr., v. Marett; dated June 6.

The C. in C. in India is pleased to sanction an exchange of appts. between Lieut. C. O. W. Apperley, 3rd squad. officer, and Lieut. A. J. C. Birch, adjt. in 15th Bengal cav., dated June 6.

The app. of Lieut. C. J. Durand, to be doing duty officer 42nd N.I., is, at his own request, cancl., dated June 6.

Lieut. J. A. D. Gordon, gen. list, inf., has been declared by the board of examiners at Fort William to have passed the first standard in the native languages, on the 1st inst.

Lieut. G. E. Reade, offic. doing duty officer, 9th N.I., is transferred to the 4th Goorkha regt., at Almorah, for duty.

Ensign I. C. Maling, of the 89th foot, and staff surgeon D. F. Rennie, M.D., are app., the former to command, and the latter to the med. charge of a party of invalids, time-expired men, &c., proc. to England in the *Rinaldo*.

The foll. orders are confirmed:—

Dum Dum station order, dated April 17, directing Col. R. Hume, of the 55th foot, to assume comd. of the station.

By the officer comdg. the 34th foot, dated 13th ult., app. Lieut. J. L. N. Willis, asst. instructor of musketry, v. Lieut. H. Lampen, prom.

Benares div. order, dated 19th ult., app. Capt. V. T. Bayly, of the 54th foot, to comd. the detach. of convalescents at Parisnauth, with effect from 9th idem.

By the officer comdg. the 7th Bengal cav., dated 25th ult., app. Capt. F. C. J. Brownlow, 2nd in comd. and squad. officer, to offic. as comdt., v. Lieut. col. T. R. Snow, proceeded on leave.

Saugor dist. order, dated the 27th ult., directing Staff asst. surg. A. Minty, M.B., to proc. and do duty with the 91st foot, at Jubbulpore.

By Lieut. col. E. D. Watson, comdg. right column, left brig., Doogar field force, dated the 31st ult., appg. Asst. surg. T. B. Farncombe, in med. charge 5th Bengal cav., to afford aid to the 11th N.I., in addition to his other duties, v. Surg. maj. H. B. Hinton.

Leave of Absence:—

Royal H. Art.—Capt. E. L. Hawkins (C batty., F brig.), from June 9 to July 9, in ext., to remain at Calcutta on m.c.

Royal Art.—Lieut. col. H. J. B. Macleod, (22nd brig.), from May 18 to Oct. 15, to Mussorie, on m.c.

Royal Art.—Maj. A. Simpson, A.M. (No. 7 batt., 24th brig.), from May 14 to date of embarkation, in ext., to remain at Calcutta, prep. to proceeding on leave to the Neilgherries.

7th Foot.—Lieut. H. A. Little (adjt. 1st battln.), from date of embarkation, to England by either route, m.c.

94th Foot.—Lieut. F. J. Hassard, from June 15 to Oct. 14, to Mussorie and the hills north of Dehra.

101st Foot.—Captains N. T. Parsons, from June 15 to Oct. 14, to Almorah and the hills north of Dehra; and L. B. Magniac, from May 1 to Nov. 1, to China.

104th Foot.—Lieut. C. M. Boswell, from May 24 to Oct. 23, to visit the hills north of Dehra, m.c.

107th Foot.—Lieut. C. Middlemass (adjt.), from June 1 to July 1, to Calcutta, m.c.

Staff Corps.—Capt. F. J. Ripley (wing officer 11th N.I.), from April 18 to Jan. 18, 1866, to visit the hills north of Dehra, m.c.

Late 12th N.I.—Lieut. J. L. Ferris (doing duty officer 7th Bengal cav.), from June 1 to Nov. 30, to Mussorie and the hills north of Dehra, m.c.

Med. Dept.—Dep. inspec. gen. of hospitals E. Hare, from May 1 to Nov. 15, to Simla, m.c. (In substitution of the leave granted in G.O.C.C. of May 15.)

June 17.—The C. in C. in India is pleased to make the following proms., until H.M.'s pleasure shall be known:—

1st Batt. 11th Foot.—Lieut. J. W. Poole to be capt., without purch., v. Davies dec., dated June 7.

33rd Foot.—Ens. C. M. Tubbs to be lieut., without purch., v. Hancock, dec., dated May 25, 1865.

94th Foot.—Ens. E. S. Mercer to be lieut., without purch., v. Gwatkin, dec., dated June 2, 1865.

The C. in C. in India is pleased to make the foll. appt. until H.M.'s pleasure shall be known:—

90th Foot.—Lieut. R. I. Ward to be adjt., v. Haig, who has proceeded on leave to England, dated June 12, 1865.

The C. in C. in India is pleased to make the foll. appt.:—

17th N.I.—Lieut. H. A. Pakenham, doing duty with 16th N.I., to be adjt., v. Hearn.

Capt. J. H. Grant, staff corps, is directed to do general duty at Umballa until further orders.

It is hereby notified that the services of Capt. W. Owen, 107th foot, were placed at the disposal of the gen. officer comdg. the right brig., Doogar field force, on Feb. 20, 1865, for duty with that force.

Lieut. B. Wemyss, gen. list, inf., attached to the 54th foot, is transf. to the 41st N.I., for duty.

Leave of absence:—

Royal Artillery.—Col. H. P. Christie, comdg. R.A. at Delhi, from June 8 to Oct. 15, in ext. of priv. leave, to remain at Simla; Capt. W. A. Ross, E baty. 16th brig. R.A., from June 14 to Oct. 14, in ext. of priv. leave, to remain at Simla on m.c.

4th Foot.—Capt. C. P. Stokes, from date of embark., to England *via* Egypt, on m.c.

80th Foot.—Ens. J. H. Green, from May 20 to Oct. 15, to Calcutta, for the purpose of studying the native languages.

103rd Foot.—Capt. E. A. Law, from date of embarkation, to England *via* Egypt, m.c.

Bengal Infantry.—Lieut. col. R. Troup (comdt. 9th N.I.), from June 5 to Dec. 5, to Almorah and hills north of Dehra, m.c.

General List Infantry.—Lieut. W. F. Dodsworth (qmr. 15th N.I.), from May 15 to Nov. 15, to Mussoorie and hills north of Dehra, m.c.

Medical Dept.—Surg. maj. J. Hilliard, M.D. and F.R.C.S.L. (attached to 30th N.I.), from May 1 to Oct. 31, to Benares and Simla on m.c., in substitution of the leave granted in G.O.C.C., dated May 15.

June 26.—It having come to the knowledge of the C. in C. that an officer was permitted by the local milly. authorities to proceed on priv. leave, with the avowed purpose of obtaining an ext. under the m.c. granted to him before he left his post; H.E. is, with the sanction of Govt., pleased to determine, that an m.c. recommending leave of abs. to an officer, will be invalid, unless the officer to which it is granted avails himself of it at once.

The C. in C. in India is pleased to make the following appts.:—

5th Bengal Cav.—Lieut. A. B. Chalmers, gen. list, inf., to be offic. doing duty officer, v. Lieut. A. C. Anderson, removed to another appt., dated June 15.

8th Bengal Cav.—Capt. R. B. Hill, late 60th N.I., attached to the Lahore light horse, to offic. as 2nd squadron officer, during the abs. on leave of Lieut. T. R. D. Bingham, dated June 15.

5th N.I.—Lieut. H. A. Rooke, late 12th N.I., att. to the 14th N.I., to be qmr., v. Lieut. J. H. C. G. Lassalle, whose services have been placed at the disposal of the Govt., N.W.P.; dated June 15.

29th N.I.—Maj. A. G. Forsyth, staff corps, to be offic. 2nd in command and wing officer, during the absence on leave of Maj. E. G. Langmore, or until further orders; dated June 15.

30th N.I.—Lieut. J. G. Campbell is confirmed as doing duty officer, v. Lieut. A. Scott, whose services have been placed at the disposal of the Punjab Govt.; and to offic. as qmr., v. Lieut. P. Ward; dated June 15.

Lieut. C. J. Durand, late 14th N.I., to offic. as doing duty officer, v. Lieut. Campbell; dated June 15.

31st N.I.—Lieut. J. F. Trevanion, att., to be offic. qmr., v. Lieut. F. Tweddell, whose services have been placed temp. at the disposal of the commissariat dept.; dated June 15.

33rd N.I.—Lieut. S. C. MacTier, attached to the 37th N.I., to be adjt.; dated June 15.

Lieut. A. F. Jones, doing duty officer, to be offic. qmr., v. Lieut. E. M. L. Marriott, whose services have been placed temp. at the disp. of the commissariat dept.; dated June 15.

35th N.I.—Capt. J. A. Brereton, late 33rd N.I., to offic. as wing officer, during the abs. on leave of Capt. G. C. Rowcroft, or until further orders; dated June 15.

38th N.I.—Capt. and Brevet Lieut. col. A. Bagot, late 15th N.I., to be comdnt.; dated June 20.

44th N.I.—Lieut. E. N. D. La Touche, doing duty officer, to be offic. qmr., v. Lieut. E. P. Ommanney, on m.c. to England; dated June 15.

The appts. in the 11th Bengal cav., published in G.O. of March 13 last, are canc., and the following substituted instead, viz.:—

Lieut. G. C. Jackson to be offic. 2nd squadron officer, during the absence on sick leave of Lieut. W. L. P. Drummond, dated June 20.

Lieut. H. M. Buller to be offic. 3rd squadron officer, v. Jackson, dated June 20.

Cornet G. R. J. Shakespear to be offic. doing duty officer, v. Buller, dated June 20.

The following officers are prom. to local rank from the dates specified, subject to H.M.'s approval:—

To be majors.

28th Foot.—Capt. J. W. Preston, from Jan. 26, 1864.

Royal Artillery (Bengal).—Capt. F. D. Urquhart and J. G. Hathorn, from June 13, 1865.

Royal Engineers (Bengal).—Capt. A. Cadell, from June 13, 1865.

Royal Artillery (Bengal).—Capt. A. R. Fuller, M. E. Currie, J. Hunter, A. Darling, W. H. Parish, J. Fulton, R. Murray, W. A. Ross, W. Dickson, and G. O. Rybot, from June 14, 1865.

The C. in C. in India is pleased to make the following prom., until H.M.'s pleasure shall be known:—

51st Foot.—Ensign S. J. Dyer to be lieut., by purchase, v. Lieut. E. D. Oliver, prom., dated May 21.

This cancels the prom. of Ensign Hume to this vacancy.

The C. in C. is pleased to post Major J. T. N. O'Brien, of the 20th foot, and Major J. Morland, late 1st Eur. Bengal fus., app. brig. majors on the estab. in G.G.O., No. 535, 26th ult., the former to Gwalior and the latter to Agra.

Under instructions from Horse Guards, Lieut. H. Topp, of the 77th foot, will proceed to join the depot of his regt. in England.

Surg. D. McDonald, M.D., att. to the 101st foot, is app. to med. charge of 4th Bengal cav., v. Asst. surg. J. Ince, M.D., and directed to join without delay.

The foll. orders, issued by the officer comdg. the 21st N.I., are confirmed:—

Dated 15th ult.—Appg. Major E. B. Clay, staff corps, to assume com. of the regt., during the absence on sick leave of Lieut. col. T. A. Carey.

Dated 30th idem.—Appg. Lieut. H. Collett, wing officer, to offic. as 2nd in com. and wing officer, v. Major G. D'Aguilar, reported sick and unfit for duty.

MADRAS.

BY THE GOVERNOR IN COUNCIL.

Fort St. George, June 16.—Leave:—

Mr. B. W. Puckle, asst. superint. revenue survey, 1 mo.

Appointments:—

Capt. J. W. Maiden to be master attendant at Bimlipatam.

Capt. J. H. Graves to be master attendant at Masulipatam.

Mr. E. de Linares to act as dep. registrar of assurances at Nilapalli, in the Godavery dist., during the absence on leave of Mr. J. A. Dawson.

Mr. C. S. Crole, asst. coll. in charge of treasury, to act as dist. registrar of assurances of Madura, during the absence on leave of P. Séshagiri Row.

Lieut. col. F. J. Moberly, R.E., resumed charge of the office of superint. engr., 8th div., from Capt. G. M. Payne, on the 10th inst.

Under Sec. 412 of the Code of Criminal Procedure, the undermentioned officers are invested with power to hear and dispose of appeals from the convictions of the sub. mags. of the 2nd class, stationed in the divs. under their charge:—

Mr. F. R. H. Sharp, acting head asst. to the coll. and mag. of Kurnool.

Mr. P. L. Roberts, acting head asst. to the mag. of Cuddapah.

Mr. E. Storr, acting head asst. to the coll. and mag. of Tinnevely.

June 15.—The Principal Insp. gen., med. dept., has granted to Asst. surg. J. Ross, M.B., Zillah surg., Tanjore, priv. leave for 30 days, from date of departure.

June 14.—Lieut. A. J. Filgate, R.E., asst. engr., Pootoor range, South Canara dist., is granted 1 mo. priv. leave, commencing from the 5th inst.

Civil Engineering College.—Notice.

Lieut. R. F. Taylor, doing duty 10th regt. N.I., student in the 1st dept., has passed the examination prescribed for the grade of asst. engr., dept. of public works.

June 16.—No. 226.—H.E. the Gov. in Council is pleased to make the following proms., subject to H.M.'s approval:—

Brevet.

Capt. A. Jenkins, 2nd regt. N.I., to be maj., from June 14.

Capt. E. N. Norton, cadre 13th regt. N.I., to be maj., from June 16.

Capt. T. Greenway, cadre 50th regt. N.I., to be maj., from June 16.

The undermen. officer has returned to his duty, by perm. of the home Govt., without prejudice to his rank:—Maj. R. Benson, staff corps, asst. coms. gen.—arrived at Madras May 25.

No. 227.—Madras Staff Corps.—The undermentioned officers having completed 20 years' service, 6 of which were on permanent staff employ, to be majors from the date specified against their names,

under the royal warrant of Jan. 16, 1861, subject to H.M.'s approval:—

Capt. C. Elliot, C.B., from June 14.

Capt. G. N. Johnstone, from June 14.

PENSIONS.

May 29.—No. 539.—In continuation of G.G.O. No. 523, dated June 20, 1864, it is hereby notified, under the authority of the Right Hon. the Secretary of State, that a staff corps officer exchanging to a regt. of the line, whether a purchase or non-purchase corps, must be held to have foregone all claim to pension under the Indian regulations, as he altogether quits the Indian service, and promotion is made in his room in the cadre to which he formerly belonged.

May 30.—No. 542.—H.E. the Gov. gen. in Council is pleased to make the following appt.:—

Hyderabad Contingent.—2nd Regt. Cav.

Lieut. G. B. Farrington, Madras staff corps, offic. paid doing duty officer, to be paid doing duty officer, v. Capt. W. H. Macnaghten, resigned.

May 31.—No. 547.—The undermentioned officer is permitted to proceed to Europe on leave on m.c.:—

Lieut. col. R. T. Snow, of the Madras staff corps, dep. comr., 1st class, Central Provinces, for 20 mo.

The undermentioned gentleman has passed the prescribed examination in the vernacular entered opposite his name:—

Lieut. W. G. Cumming, R.E., Tamil, full test D.P.W., April 27.

July 18.—Leave of absence:—

Mr. J. Urquhart, M.D., coroner of Madras, for one month, in ext.

Capt. J. E. Baillie, superint. of police, South Canara, prep. leave for the prescribed period, to Madras, for the purpose of obtaining leave to Europe, on m.c.

Appointments:—

Major W. C. Clarke, 2nd regt. L.C., acting paymaster Hyderabad subsidiary force, to be a lay trustee of the chaplaincy of Secunderabad.

Capt. R. K. Macquoid, of Hyderabad contingent, to be a lay trustee of the church at Bolarum.

Lieut. col. C. V. Wilkieson, R.E., acting mint master, delivered over charge of the Mint to Capt. H. T. Rogers on the 17th inst.

The Right Rev. the Bishop has granted the Rev. W. Leeming, M.A., joint chaplain of Vepery, priv. leave for two mos., from date of quitting his station, after 28th inst.

June 26.—No. 536.—H.E. the Viceroy and G. G. in C. is pleased to recognise the appt. of Mr. W. Lewis as Siamese consul at Penang.

June 30.—No. 1,118.—Leave.—Mr. W. J. Raynor, 1st asst. acct. gen., Madras, has, from June 8 last, 15 mo. leave of absence on m.c., to Mussoorie, N. W. P.

The following acting appts. made by the Govt. of Madras, consequent on Mr. Raynor's leave, are confirmed as a temporary arrangement:—

Mr. J. Mackey, to act as 1st asst. accountant gen.

Mr. H. A. Moraes, to act as 2nd asst. accountant gen.

July 18.—No. 258.—H.E. the Gov. in Council is pleased to make the following promotion, subject to H.M.'s approval:—

Lieut. W. W. Pemberton, 37th grenadiers, to be capt. by brevet, from July 13.

Capt. J. French, dep. commissary of ordnance, is permitted to relinquish his appointment in the ordnance dept., from the date on which he may be finally relieved from the charge of the depot at Singapore.

No. 259.—Madras Staff Corps.—The undermentioned officer having applied for admission to the staff corps, under the provisions of paras. 2 and 7 of G.O.G.G., No. 531 of 1864, republished in Madras G.O.G. July 22, 1864, No. 276, is admitted thereto from the date specified against his name, subject to the approval of H.M.'s Secy. of State for India:—

Lieut. J. G. Cloet, 31st regt. L.I., 1st asst. superint. revenue survey, Feb. 18.

No. 260.—Madras Volunteer Guards.—The Gov. in Council is pleased to make the following appointment:—

Mr. T. A. Doyle to be ensign in No. 6 company.

No. 262.—The following extract from notifications in the *Gazette of India* are republished:—

June 26.—No. 1,361.—Capt. E. F. H. Armstrong, asst. superint., 3rd class, Mysore, has obtained priv. leave of absence for 1 mo., from the date on which he may avail himself of it.

July 17.—The acting superint. revenue survey

has granted to Mr. M. G. Plumb, sub asst., revenue survey, priv. leave for 3 mo.

July 18.—The principal insp. gen., med. dept., has granted to Surg. J. Donaldson, M.D., surg. 2nd dist., priv. leave for 60 days, from 20th inst.

July 25.—Mr. G. Thornhill, coll. and mag. of the Kistna dist., to act as coll. and mag. to the governor of Fort St. George in Ganjam, during the absence of Mr. G. S. Forbes on leave.

Mr. T. A. N. Chase, sub coll. and joint mag. of the Godavery dist., to act as coll. and mag. of the Kistna dist., during the employment of Mr. G. Thornhill on other duty.

Mr. J. R. Cockerell, sub coll. and joint mag. of the Kistna dist., to act as coll. and mag. of the Cuddapah dist., during the absence of Mr. H. G. Smith on leave.

Mr. A. J. Stuart, asst. to the coll. and mag. of North Arcot, to act as senior asst. to the coll. and mag. and agent to the gov. of Fort St. George, in the Ganjam dist., during the employment of Mr. G. D. Leman on other duty; to join immediately.

Mr. H. W. Bliss, B.A., to be asst. to the coll. and mag. of Salem.

Capt. G. B. Bowen, late 48th regt. N.I., to be probationary supt. of police, Cuddapah, and to act as dep. insp. gen. of police, Northern Range, during the absence of Capt. T. B. E. Tennant on leave.

Lieut. R. G. Jenkins, asst. supt. of police, 1st class, Madras, to act as supt. of police, South Canara, during the absence of Capt. J. E. Baillie on leave.

Lieut. W. H. St. Amand Wilton, acting asst. supt. of police, 2nd class, Vizagapatam, to act as asst. of police, 1st class, in the Ganjam dist., during the absence of Lieut. A. M. Lys on leave.

The following transfer is ordered:—Mr. R. C. Fraser, asst. engr., 2nd grade, from Trichinopoly to South Canara.

Mr. E. C. G. Thomas, Madras C. S., reported his return to the Presidency, per steamer *Candia*, on the 24th inst.

Capt. C. S. Hearn, acting comr. of police for the town of Madras, assumed charge of the office from Lieut. col. W. J. Wilson on the 18th inst.

Lieut. col. W. J. Wilson, acting insp. gen. of jails, assumed charge of the office on the 20th inst.

Mr. W. S. Foster, acting head asst., and H. P. Gordon, asst. to the coll. and mag. of Coimbatore, are authorised to take down the evidence of witnesses with their own hands in English.

No. 265.—H.E. the Gov. in Council is pleased to make the following prom., subject to H.M.'s approval:—

Cavalry General List.—Senior Lieut. S. Bullock to be capt., in success. to Grant, 3rd L.C., ret.; date of commission, Jan. 19.

Col. J. Hill, of the Staff corps, comy. gen., is granted general leave of abs. for one mo., from the date of expiration of priv. leave notified in G. O. G., May 23, No. 196.

No. 266.—Madras Staff Corps.—Capt. J. M. Grant, having completed 20 years' service, six of which were on permanent staff employ, to be major from July 22, under the Royal Warrant of Jan. 16, 1861, subject to H.M.'s approval.

COMMISSARIAT DEPARTMENT.

No. 267.—The Gov. in Council is pleased to publish the following revised establishment of the commissioned grades of the Commissariat Department—to have effect from August 1:—

- 1 commissary general.
- 1 deputy commissary general.
- 8 first class assistants commissary general.
- 2 second class assistants commissary general.
- 3 first class deputy assistants commissary gen.
- 3 second class deputy assistants commissary gen.
- 6 first class sub-assistants commissary gen.
- 8 second class sub-assistants commissary gen.

22 Total.

2. Officers in excess of the establishment, as now fixed, will be returned as supernumeraries, and reductions effected as vacancies occur.

Returned to duty:—

Asst. surg. H. J. H. Griesbach, M.D., med. dept. Arrived at Madras July 15.

Appointments:—

Ensign F. Tweed, 2nd batt. 21st regt., is appd. staff officer at Ramandroog, v. Lieut. Briggs.

Major W. A. Gib, of the staff corps, is appd. interpreter to H.E. the C. in C.

Capt. A. W. O. Saunders, 2nd batt. 21st fus., is appd. acting insp. of musketry, 2nd district, v. Capt. C. O'Donoghue, 76th regt., who will rejoin his corps.

Leave of absence:—

H.R.H. the Field Marshal C. in C. has been pleased to grant an ext. of leave of abs. to Brevet major C. H. Harrison, 20th brig. royal arty., from May 26 to Oct. 1, m.c.

60th Rifles.—Capt. W. H. Ivimy, 3rd batt., to England, on m.c.; he will report his arrival at the Horse Guards—unfit to do duty with troops.

76th Foot.—Capt. J. H. Tripp, to England, on m.c.; he will report his arrival at Horse Guards—unfit to do duty with troops.

8th Regt. N.I.—Brevet capt. E. Maclean, from July 27 to Aug. 25, in continuation of priv. leave; Madras.

20th Regt. N.I.—Capt. (brevet major) L. R. de M. Hutchinson, from Aug. 5 to Aug. 31, in ext.

PROMOTIONS AND APPOINTMENTS.

Royal Artillery.

Col. J. Maitland, from the supernumerary list, to be col., v. R. C. Moore, C.B., promoted to major gen., dated March 29.

The promotion of Lieut. col. W. C. F. Gosling, to be antedated to Feb. 17.

Capt. A. Stewart to be lieut. col., v. T. H. Campbell, seconded, dated March 24.

The promotion of Capt. T. B. Swete, to be antedated to Feb. 17.

Second Capt. G. C. M. Martin, to be capt., v. Stewart, dated March 24.

Posting.—With reference to G.O.C.C., dated Sept. 14, 1863, posting Surg. J. B. Fleming to do duty with the 19th regt. N.I., Govt. has specially sectioned that the above order be amended, and that that medical officer be considered as having been permanently posted to the above regt., from the date on which he assumed med. charge of the corps.

BOMBAY.

BY THE COMMANDER-IN-CHIEF.

Adj. Gen.'s Office, Head Qrs., Poona, July 12.—No. 698.—The undermentioned officers have obtained leave of abs., subject to confirmation by H.E. the C. in C. in India:—

Capt. W. H. Mathew, 45th foot, to England by the overland route, m.c.

Lieut. S. D. Burges, 72nd foot, to England by the overland route, m.c.

These officers are available for duty with troops, and will, on arrival, report themselves to the adj. gen., Horse Guards.

Leave of absence:—

Capt. E. G. Jenkins, 1st regt. L.C., from July 16 to July 31, in ext., to enable him to join.

Capt. J. P. Forbes, 3rd regt. N.I., from date of departure for 6 mo.

July 13.—No. 699.—Staff asst. surg. F. H. Dunbar is directed to proceed to Bombay at the public expense, and to report himself to the brigadier gen. comdg. the garrison for gen. duty at the Presidency.

No. 700.—The G.O.C. No. 683, of the 7th inst., directing Asst. surg. J. J. Bull to proceed to Colaba, is, so far as it relates to that officer, can.

No. 701.—Staff asst. surg. Murtagh is directed to proceed forthwith to Colaba at the public expense, and report himself to the officer comdg. 45th foot, for duty with that regt. till further orders.

No. 706.—Major A. B. Little officd. as comdt., 25th regt. N.I.L., Capt. G. D. Eales as 2nd in com., and Lieut. J. Withers as wing officer, in addition to his own duties as adjt., from May 14 to 23, 1865, during the absence of Colonel Stewart.

No. 707.—The foll. tempy. arrangement is confirmed, with effect from June 20, 1865:—

1st Gren. Regiment N.I.

Lieut. W. L. Hallett to offic. as wing officer, in addition to his own duties as adjt.

No. 708.—The leave granted to Capt. Jenkins, 1st regt. L.C., in G.O.C. No. 698 of July 12, is cancelled, and that officer is attached to the 3rd regt. L.C. until Oct. 1 next, when he will proceed to join his regt.

No. 709.—The undermen. officers returned to duty by permission of the Secy. of State for India on July 11, 1865:—

Col. P. K. McG. Skinner, staff corps.

Capt. T. P. B. Walsh, 1st Gren. regt. N.I.

The following orders are confirmed:—

Dated June 9.—By the major gen. comdg. Scinde div., directing Major Carnegie to conduct the duties of asst. qrmr. gen. in addition to his own, from the date of the transfer of Capt. Campbell to the N. div. until the arrival of Major Baigrie.

Dated July 3.—By Major Briggs, appg. Lieut. Hanbury, royal art., staff officer at Indore, v. Bean.

No. 715.—H.R.H. the Field Marshal C. in C. has been pleased to grant leave of abs. as follows:—

Lieut. A. T. B. Stevenson, 21st brig. R.A., from May 26, to Oct. 1, in ext., on m.c.

July 17.—No. 721.—Returned to duty:—

Lieut. J. Hibbert, gen. list.

July 18.—No. 724.—The following appointment is made:—

12th Regt. N.I.—Lieut. F. H. Gorden, gen. list, to offic. as doing duty officer, v. Fagan.

No. 725.—With reference to G.O.C., No. 613, dated June 23 last, Lieut. Payne is directed to proceed and join the 13th regt. N.I. by the first opportunity.

No. 726.—Returned to duty:—

Lieut. col. H. J. Barr, staff corps.

July 17.—No. 729.—The following temporary arrangement is confirmed, with effect from July 12:—

20th Regt. N.I.—Lieut. C. F. James to offic. as wing officer, in addition to his own duties as adjt., during the absence of Maj. J. M. Holt on court martial duty.

No. 730.—Leave of absence as follows:—

Lieut. H. Stevenson, E. brig. R.H.A., for 15 mo. from date of embarkation, to England.

Ens. R. F. Mayne, 109th foot, to England by the overland route, m.c.

Asst. surg. A. F. Churchill, to England by the overland route, m.c.

These officers are not available for duty with troops, and will, on arrival, report themselves to the adjt. gen., Horse guards.

BIRTHS.

BLYTH—At St. Thomas' Mount, on July 25, the wife of Mr. R. W. Blyth, of a daughter.

DAVIDSON—At Mozuffurpoor, Tirhoot, July 15, the wife of Major J. Davidson, Executive Engineer, of a daughter.

FALCONER—At Madras, on July 15, the wife of Apothecary P. J. Falconer, of a daughter.

MILLS—At the Parsonage, Bhaugulpore, on July 18, the wife of the Rev. M. E. Mills, A.C.S., of a daughter.

MARRIAGES.

BULLOCK—EDWARDS.—At St. John's Church, Calcutta, on July 8, by the Rev. Mr. A. B. Spry, B.A., Mr. George Bullock to Mrs. E. C. Edwards.

POPE—CARRIERY.—At the Catholic Church, at Allahabad, on June 29, John Francis Pope, Esq., Asst. Civil Engineer, P.W.D., to Esther, youngest daughter of Mr. R. J. Carberry, late of Calcutta.

DEATHS.

GRIFFIN—At Calcutta, June 26, Blanche Edith May, infant daughter of Capt. Griffin, late Madras Army, aged 8 months and 28 days.

GRIFFIN—At Calcutta, July 12, Lisle de Renzie Hope, son of Capt. Griffin, late Madras Army, aged 4 years and 12 days.

GRIFFIN—At Calcutta, July 17, Julia Selina Griffin, daughter of Capt. Griffin, late Madras Army, aged 16 years and 23 days.

GILMOUR—At Howrah, June 30, Mr. David Gilmour, son of the late Bailie Gilmour, of Glasgow, and superintending engineer of the British India Steam Navigation Company.

HOSMER—At Calcutta, July 16, William Julien Hosmer, late resident of Benares, aged 30.

JERVIS—At Allahabad, July 7, of brain fever, David Ferrier Schofield, son of Mr. and Mrs. Jervis, aged 3.

JOHNSON—On board the P. and O. str. *Mooltan*, June 26, near Aden, Walter Johnson, Esq., of Calcutta.

TRAVERS—At Ootacamund, on July 15, Gertrude Mabel, infant daughter of Major E. A. B. Travers, Asst. adjt. gen., Madras Army.

TER VEEN—At 20-1, Garden Reach, Calcutta, on July 17, Annie Jane, the wife of Wm. Ter Veen, Esq., aged 22.

VAUX—On board the P. and O. steamer *Candia*, in the Red Sea, on June 21, the wife of Alfred H. Vaux, C.E., aged 36.

WRENG—On his way to Sukkur, Upper Scinde, on board the steamer *Stanley*, on May 7, Francis Jackson Wreng, Esq., first-class Inspector, Government Telegraph Department, eldest son of Robert Wreng, Esq., of Dungannon Co., Tyrone Ireland, aged 25.

To Correspondents.

All letters for insertion in *Allen's Indian Mail* should be accompanied with the real name and address of the writer, "not necessarily for publication, but as a guarantee of good faith."

Communications for the Editor, and Advertisements, should be sent under cover to Messrs. WM. H. ALLEN & Co., 13, Waterloo-place, S.W.

•• Should any delay or irregularity occur in supplying this Paper, communication of the fact to the Publisher will insure a remedy.

ALLEN'S INDIAN MAIL,

MONDAY, August 28, 1865.

**OFFICIAL OPINION IN INDIA
UPON THE CLAIMS OF INDIAN
OFFICERS.**

A PARLIAMENTARY PAPER just issued, on the motion of Captain Jervis, contains a copy of the Indian Secretary's despatch of the 17th of June, 1864, on the case of the Indian officers, and an important correspondence with the Government of India, and the Governments of Bombay and Madras on the subject, developing the opinions of the highest local authorities with regard to it.

The first document in point of date is a communication from the Government of Bombay, made on the 6th of September, 1854, to the Government of India, in which a decided opinion is expressed that the rule of promotion laid down by the Indian Secretary fails to attain the purpose of placing the officers who remained with their regiments in the same relative position as regards Staff Corps officers as they held before the formation of that corps. In exemplification of this belief they forward a statement showing the seniority of the Majors of the Bombay Army on the 17th of February, 1861, on the 1st of July, 1864, and as they would stand after the promotions ordered by the Indian Secretary were completed. From these lists a number of supersessions of regimental officers by members of the Staff Corps are evident, and it is observed that the evil is increased instead of diminished by the plan of the Government. "The general results of the measure," says the despatch, "may be shown in another manner. Of the nineteen regimental officers in the second list only six obtain a better position in the third list, while thirteen are placed in an inferior position. So that so far as the body of regimental officers shown in these lists are concerned, they, on the whole, suffer more supersession by the very measure designed to remedy supersession." Moreover, "the third list has been arranged with anticipation of the promotions in the local army, provided by paragraphs fifty-

one and seventy-nine of the same despatch. If these had not been taken into account the result would have departed even more widely from the expressed purpose."

The despatch encloses letters from Captain Morris, Lieutenant-Colonel Stanley, and Major Arthur, on the subject of their particular grievances; memoranda by the Adjutant-general and Secretary Lieut.-col. Marriott; and remarks by the Commander-in-Chief. Sir William Mansfield, then, it will be remembered, holding only the local command, expresses his diffidence in approaching the subject, as the Secretary of State had declared the arrangement final. Referring to the lower rank of regimental officers, who did not reach the position of substantive Majors in February, 1861, he says:—"Such officers, of whom Captain Morris is one, have never looked beyond the limit of their own regiments with respect to the seniority of others. They cannot, according to the regimental principle on which their position is founded, plead that they are in any way superseded because an officer in another regiment has received quicker promotion than they have. . . . This is, however, not so with the field officers who, on obtaining the rank of Major in the Indian Armies, come into one list of promotion. Consequently, it appears to me that the difficulty is very great, as stated by the Secretary (Lieutenant-colonel Marriott) in respect of substantive field officers who were Majors before February, 1861, and are, under the new orders, liable to be superseded by officers on account of the total length of service who were Captains of that date."

Pending the reference to the Supreme Government on the subject, the Government of Bombay suspended action in regard to the promotions. A reply, however, was not long in coming. On the 29th of September the Commander-in-Chief, Sir Hugh Rose, communicated his opinion to the Government of India, to the general effect that as supersession of officers of one regiment by those of another has been constantly occurring ever since the army has existed, and could indeed only be avoided by placing the whole in one general list for promotion, and that as it was not asserted that the orders of the Secretary of State will not effectually prevent the supersession of every officer in the cadre of his own regiment, he could not concur in the objections raised. The Supreme Government, in forwarding to the Secretary of State his Excellency's despatch, add: "It is scarcely possible that extensive changes in the army should ever be made without unfavourably affecting the position of some individuals relatively, i.e., as compared with that of some others; and the instance in question is no exception to this

rule. But we think there can be no doubt that, by the measures ordered in your despatch, substantial hardship in the matter of promotion is avoided; and we therefore requested the Bombay Government not to delay the publication of the promotions in the Bombay Army."

The Madras Government made several communications on the subject. One of these, dated 20th of December, 1864, submits to the Supreme Government a communication from the Adjutant-General, on the part of Sir Hope Grant, giving cover to a letter from Lieut.-Col. C. Cooke, to the effect that the brevet promotions, so far from having effected the object for which they were granted, had had the effect of placing many officers in a much worse position, as regards the Staff Corps, than they were in before; and that not only are the relations of these two classes of officers changed towards each other, but they are changed towards themselves. Thus he points out that, in the case of the regimental officers, majors of 1858-59 are superseded by officers who were but Captains in 1864, in addition to supersession by staff officers; and that, as regards the Staff officers, Lieut.-colonels of 1861 are superseded by Lieut.-colonels of 1863, notwithstanding that all entered the corps on the same conditions of service. "If," says Lieut.-Colonel Cooke, "it is deemed expedient to modify, in any particular, the terms on which officers were invited to the Staff Corps, it is surely but just that all who have been admitted thereto should be given the option of re-considering their election. But I would most respectfully beg to submit that whatever measure may be requisite in order to restore the Indian officers to their former relative position with those of the Staff Corps, it would be either necessary or expedient to alter the relative position of Staff Corps officers one with another." The Lieutenant-colonel then goes on to suggest two modes of dealing with the difficulty. The first is to this effect. The grievance to be met being the supersession of regimental officers by their juniors who have joined the Staff Corps, the first point to consider is the system of promotion in the Indian service; and bearing that system in mind, he considers that an officer below the rank of regimental major has no just cause of complaint if he is superseded by an officer of the Staff Corps not belonging to the same regiment. But he is grievously wronged if superseded by his junior in his own regiment; therefore brevet rank should be given to him on his juniors being promoted to the Staff Corps, by which means the Parliamentary guarantee would be fulfilled, as far as the grades below field officers are concerned. It would then remain to protect the regimental field officer from any future super-

session, for which purpose regimental Majors made Lieutenant-colonels in the Staff Corps on the 18th February, 1861, should occasion the promotion of all regimental Majors senior to them, but not the promotion of such of them as were still Majors only in the Staff Corps; and if the Staff Corps Lieutenant-colonel were already a brevet Lieutenant-colonel before admission, his substantive promotion should not give promotion to any of his senior regimental Majors. It is possible by the plan suggested that regimental Majors will not in every case be protected from supersession by field officers of the Staff Corps, who are only Captains in the cadres of their own regiments; for it may happen that the Staff Corps officer is senior in rank as a Captain to the regimental Major. Such instances, however, says the writer, will be few; and whenever one occurs the regimental field officer must have his Captain's rank ante-dated, to secure to him his relative position with the Staff Corps officer. Another little difficulty also presents itself. The Staff Corps warrant provides for the promotion of all Lieut.-colonels after five years' service in that grade; and unless this rule be extended to the Indian service, the writer cannot see how their interests are to be protected. But should this be objected to as affecting the interests of the Lieutenant-colonels of the *British* army, he suggests that that portion of the Staff Corps warrant which gives promotion to Colonel to all Lieut.-colonels indiscriminately, be revised, and that the provisions of the Royal promotion warrant of 1859 be made applicable to Staff Corps Lieut.-colonels. This plan would simplify the question, but it would involve the necessity of giving Staff officers the option of reverting to the local service. The interests of those promoted for distinguished services cannot be protected by any general rule, but such officers may confidently leave their claims to be considered by her Majesty.

The above scheme, though strictly observing the Parliamentary guarantee, would not, the author frankly admits, give satisfaction to the local service. He, therefore, suggests a second, and to them more acceptable, plan, as follows:—The establishment of native infantry regiments is now 40 corps, but there are 55 cadres of officers, aggregating about 550 of all ranks below Lieut.-colonels, who would be satisfied if they were formed into 40 regiments, having an organisation of thirteen officers in each corps, thus disposing of the whole, and giving considerable, though not undue, substantive promotion, and tending to restore the purchase system, and so hastening the extinction of the local service, which is the object desired by the Home Government. As casualties occur smaller

sums would be given to retiring officers; still promotion would be accelerated, and the present discontent and uncertainty be removed. Under this arrangement, however, the writer observes that field officers who rank as such regimentally before 18th February, 1861, must still be protected from supersession on the former plan, which must be applied also to the Cavalry, comparatively few officers of that arm having entered the Staff Corps. He makes no provision for officers on the General List, and sees no necessity to do so, as they entered the service subject to any conditions that might be determined on in regard to them; but there seems no objection, he adds, to their being added to the number of regimental local officers; they number now 101 Lieutenants in the Infantry, and in being posted to the forty new regiments they might stand below all officers of their rank on the strength of corps.

On the 27th of March, 1865, we find Sir Hope Grant forwarding, through the Adjutant-general, to the local Government a communication on the same subject, in which he submits a return showing the effect of the brevet promotion on the Lieutenant-colonels of the local service, and fully confirming Lieut.-col. Cooke's statements. His Excellency directs special attention to a memorandum attached to the return, from which it appears that out of thirty-two officers whose cases are given, twenty-three are now far worse off than they were, or could be, consequent on the promotions under the Staff Corps warrant; that of the whole number, five only are in a better position than they would have been without the amalgamation changes; and that the benefits gained by the latter have been effected by superseding those whom they ought not to have passed over. The return shows that in some cases these Indian service Lieutenant-colonels have passed over officers of the Staff Corps who were senior to them, without reference to their promotion in the Staff Corps, by the measure devised to redress the complaint of the local service. The nominal roll of these superseded Staff Corps officers is also submitted. In addition to showing the extent to which these officers have been passed over by the juniors of the local service, this roll gives the instances of supersession of Staff Corps officers by Staff Corps officers, already brought to notice in Lieut.-col. Cooke's letter. Sir Hope Grant considers that this last effect of the brevet promotions may have been lost sight of when those promotions were ordered. It is scarcely likely, his Excellency adds, that these officers would have entered the Staff Corps had they been aware that they would have been liable to supersession by officers of their own corps otherwise than by distinguished services in the field. All general

brevets ceased in 1854—so it was supposed.

To this despatch, forwarded for the consideration of the India-office, Sir Charles Wood replied direct to the Madras Government on the 22nd of June last, condemning the calculations as too sweeping and general, maintaining his opinion that the measure has, on the whole, worked beneficially to the officers, and quoting Sir William Mansfield to some extent, and Sir Hugh Rose generally, in support of his views.

Most of the questions at issue in this mass of correspondence have been discussed in the last publication of the Indian Officers' Committee, to which we referred in our number of the 5th of this month, and in our own columns continually since the Amalgamation. But the publication of the documents in question may not be too late to have some influence upon the eventual settlement of the case, and for this reason mainly we have called attention to their salient points.

SHIPPING.

ARRIVALS.

Aug. 23. Sultana, Akyab.—24. Osprey, Manilla; Equator, Rangoon.—25. W. H. Prescott, Akyab.

DEPARTURES.

Aug. 23. James Livesay, Calcutta; Carn Tual, Singapore; Carmarthenshire, Madras; Bird of Paradise, Bombay.—25. Birmingham, Calcutta.

PASSENGERS DEPARTED.

Per Messageries Impériales, from Marseilles, Aug. 20.—For MADRAS.—Dr. and Mrs. Wyndome, Capt. Anderson, Capt. F. Templer, Mr. G. Templer.

DOMESTIC.

BIRTHS.

HUTTON—The wife of Major W. F. Hutton, Indian Army, of a son, at Torquay, August 18.
SHULDHAM—The wife of Major Shuldham, H.M.'s 108th, of a daughter, at Portishead, Somerset, August 19.

MARRIAGES.

ARMSTRONG—DAVIS.—Charles Armstrong, Esq., Major Bengal Army, son of the late James Armstrong, Esq., Bengal Civil Service, to Amelia, daughter of the late William Davis, Esq., of Warminster, Wilts, at Beckenham Church, August 24.
CLARKE—THOMAS.—Rev. D. G. Clarke, Government Chaplain, Madras Presidency, to Julia C., daughter of D. Thomas, Esq., at St. John's Church, Brecon, Aug. 21.
BEWSHER—COLLEDGE.—William Blackett Bewsher, Esq., to Katharine M., widow of the late George Walstead Colledge, Esq., of the Bengal Civil Service, and eldest daughter of William Dent, Esq., of Cooper's-hill, Englefield-green, Staines, at St. Jude's, Englefield-green, Aug. 24.

DEATHS.

ERSKINE—Anne, widow of the late Robert Erskine, Esq., Superintendent Engineer, H.E.I.C.S., at 5, Priory-terrace, Bedford, aged 54, Aug. 19.
HUDDLESTON—Josiah Andrew Huddleston, Esq., late of the Madras Civil Service, at Greenhill, Killiney, county Dublin, aged 66, Aug. 19.
MAITLAND—Joseph Maitland, Esq., late of the Hon. E.I.C.S., at Ludbury, Suffolk, aged 81, Aug. 22.
PATCH—John Patch, Esq., late Physician General Bombay Army, at Penzance, aged 67, Aug. 20.
SALTER—Lieut. Gen. H. F. Salter, C.B., H.M.'s Indian Army, Bengal, at Kingstown, aged 73, Aug. 21.
SHULDHAM—Katherine Dora, wife of Major Shuldham, H.M.'s 108th regt., at Portishead, Somerset, aged 29, Aug. 19.

INDIA EXCHANGES.
BANK AND COMMERCIAL BILLS.

	60 days' sight.	80 days' sight.		60 days' sight.	80 days' sight.
Calcutta	1s. 11½d.	1s. 11½d.	Singapore	4s. 2d.	4s. 3d.
Madras	1s. 11½d.	1s. 11½d.	Hong Kong	4s. 2d.	4s. 3d.
Rombay	1s. 11½d.	1s. 11½d.	Shanghai	—	—
Colombo	1s. 11½d.	1s. 11½d.			

STOCKS AND SECURITIES.

Shares.		Paid.	Prices.
£.	India Stock, 1874.....	218 to 221	
	India 5 per cent.	105½ to 5	
	India 4 per cent.	106½	
	India 4 per cent. 1888	100½ to 1½	
	India Encased Paper 4 pr. ct.	95½	
	India 5 p. ct. Enfd. Paper, 1872	99½	
	India Stock, Enfd. Paper, 5½	99½	
	per cent.	99½	
	India Stock Debentures, 1859	98½	
	India Stock Debentures, 1863	98½	
	" " " 1864	98½	
	" " " 1864 or 1866	98½	
	India Debentures, do., £1,000	98½	
	Do. 4 per cent. 1866.....	98½	
	India 5 per cent. for account....	98½	
	India 5 per cent. 1870	98½	
	India 4 per cent.	98½	
	India Loan Scrip 5 per cent.	98½	
	India Bonds, 4 p. ct. (£1,000)	98½	
	India Bonds (£1,000)	98½	
	Ditto (under £1,000)	98½	
	RAILWAYS.		
Stock	Bombay, Baroda, and Central India (guar. 5 per cent.)	100	101 to 102
20	Ditto F Shares	8	par to ½ pm.
Stock	Calcutta & S. Eastern (lim.)	100	99 to 101
Stock	Eastern Bengal (gu. 5 p. ct.)	100	101½ to 102½
Stock	East Indian	100	103 to 104
20	Ditto J. Extension.....	15	1 to 2 pm.
Stock	G. I. Peninsula (gu. 5 p. ct.)	100	103 to 104
20	Ditto (New ditto)	14	1 to 2 pm.
20	Ditto, New	4	1 to 2 pm.
Stock	Great S. of India (Lim.) Scrip	100	100½ to 101½
Stock	Ditto 4½ p. c.	2	
Stock	Madras (guar. 4½ per cent.)	100	90 to 92
Stock	Ditto 5 per cent.	100	99½ to 102
Stock	Ditto (guar. 4½ per cent.)	100	95 to 97
20	5th Extension.....	2	
Stock	Scinde 5 per cent.	100	99½ to 100½
Stock	Ditto Indus Steam Flotilla	100	93 to 96 x.d.
	(guar. 5 per cent.)	100	99½ to 100½
Stock	Delhi guar. 5 per cent.	100	100½ to 101½
20	Ditto Delhi gua. 5 p. c.....	2	1 to 2 d.
Stock	Punjab (5 per cent.)	100	100 to 101
	BANKS.		
50	Agra and Masterman's (L.)...	25	56 to 58 x.d.
20	Asiatic Banking Corp., new issue, £15 pm., on which £7. 10s. has been paid	5	
40	Australasia.....	all	75 to 77
40	New	all	74 to 76
25	Bank of Egypt	all	29 to 30 x.d.
20	Chart. of Ind., Aus., & China	all	24 to 25
20	Ditto, New	all	
20	Chart. Merc. of India, Lond., and China	all	46 to 47
95	Commercial Bank of India*	all	21 to 23
100	Hindustan, China, & Japan....	25	7 to 5 dis.
100	Do. New issue at 2 pm.	25	7 to 5
100	New Issue at 6 pm., of which 1 p. d.	20	8 to 6 dis.
20	Land Mortgage Bank of India	4	3½ to 4 pm.
25	Oriental Bank Corporation....	all	51 to 53
20	Scinde, Punjab, and Delhi ..	10	4 to 3 dis.
	MISCELLANEOUS.		
5	Bombay Gas	all	5 to 5½ pm.
5	Second issue	4	par to ½ pm.
5	Third issue	1	
10	British India Tea	14	
90	E. Assam Tea (Lim.)	1½	4 d. par
90	Ceylon	7	2½ to 3½ pm.
50	Credit Foncier of Mauritius ..	10	3½ to 2½ dis.
90	Darjeeling (E.)	5	1 d. par
90	East India Irr. & Can.	10	4 to 3 dis.
60	E. I. Financial	7½	4½ to 3½ dis.
2	Indian Carrying (Lim.)	1	4 d. par
20	Mauritius Land Credit (Lim.) ..	2	4 d. to ½ pm.
20	Madras Irrig. and Canal	15	1½ to 1½ dis.
20	Do.	all	18½ to 19½
10	Mediterran. Ext. Tel. (Lim.) ..	all	3½ to 4½ x.d.
20	Nerbudda Coal and Iron	5	1½ to 1½ dis.
20	Do. New	2	1 d. par
10	North Assam Tea (Lim.)	1½	4 d. to par
20	Oriental Commercial (Lim.) ..	7	par to 1 pm.
50	Oriental Financial	10	8 to 7 dis.
1	Oriental Gas (Lim.)	all	5½ to 5½
1	Do. New	all	
10	Oriental Inland Steam A. (L.)	all	1½ to 2½
50	P. and O. Steam Nav. Co.	all	76 to 78
50	Ditto New	35	17 to 19 pm.
10	Upper Assam Tea (Lim.)	3½	3 to 4 pm.
10	Ditto	all	1½ to 19
10	Nowgong Tea (Lim.)	1	1½ to par x.d.

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LONDON: Printed by RICHARD KINDER, Printer, at his Printing Office, Milford-lane, Strand, W.C., in the Parish of St. Clement-Danex; and published by JAMES PEARCE ALLEN, 13, Waterloo-place, S.W., both in the County of Middlesex.—August 28, 1865.

ALLEN'S INDIAN MAIL

AND OFFICIAL GAZETTE

FROM

BRITISH & FOREIGN INDIA, CHINA, & ALL PARTS OF THE EAST.

(WITH THIS PAPER "THE INDIAN NEWS" IS NOW INCORPORATED.)

VOL. XXIII.—No. 685.] LONDON, WEDNESDAY, SEPTEMBER 6, 1865. [PRICE 6d.

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DATES OF ADVICES.

Pengal.....	Aug.	1	Burmah (Rangoon)	July 8
Madras	"	1	Bombay.....	Aug. 8
Agra.....	"	3	Ceylon	July 29
			China (Hong Kong).....	July 12.

MAILS TO INDIA.

The Mails to India, China, &c., are made up in London, in each month, as follows:—

- On the 3rd, at 6 P.M., via Marseilles and Bombay, to all parts of India.
- On the 4th, at 8 A.M., via Southampton, to Calcutta, Madras, Ceylon, and China.
- On the 10th, at 6 P.M., via Marseilles, to Calcutta, Madras, Ceylon, and China.
- On the 12th, at 8 A.M., via Southampton, to Bombay and N.W. Provinces (also for letters only, to Madras and Lower Provinces of Bengal).
- On the 16th, at 6 P.M., via Marseilles and Bombay, to all parts of India.
- On the 20th, at 8 A.M., via Southampton, to Calcutta, Madras, Ceylon, and China.
- On the 26th, at 6 P.M., via Marseilles, to Calcutta, Madras, Ceylon, and China.
- On the 27th, at 8 A.M., via Southampton, to Bombay, and N.W. Provinces (also for letters only, to Madras and Lower Provinces of Bengal).

*. * When any of the above dates occur on Sunday, the Mails via Southampton are made up on the previous Evening, and those via Marseilles on the following Evening.

RATES OF POSTAGE.

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- Via Marseilles, $\frac{1}{2}$ oz., 10d. ... 1 oz., 1s. 8d.
- Every portion of an oz. afterwards an additional 1s. 8d.
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- Every portion of an oz. afterwards an additional 1s.

NEWSPAPERS.

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- Via Southampton, 4 oz., 2d. ... 8 oz., 3d.
- Each succeeding 4 oz., 1d.

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- Via Southampton, 4 oz., 4d. ... 8 oz., 8d.
- Each succeeding 8 oz., 8d.

A French line of mail packets now leaves Marseilles on the 19th of every month for Alexandria. Postage for letters and papers to India and China the same as is charged by the English mail via Marseilles. Letters intended to be forwarded by these packets must be specially addressed "By French mail packet from Marseilles."

Books, Parcels, &c., may not exceed 3 lbs. in weight, or be of greater dimensions than 24 inches in length or 12 inches in width or depth.

IN ALL CASES PREPAYMENT IS COMPULSORY.

SUMMARY AND REVIEW.

We have received our usual files of papers from Bombay to the 8th of August, and Calcutta to the 1st of that month.

There is no want of news this time, though the telegraph had made us expect too much. The triumphant assertion of the submission of the Bhooteas and overtures for peace, turn out to be nothing more than the Calcutta rumours enlarged and improved by transit through Bombay. In Calcutta, indeed, the general incredulity as to pacific reports was confirmed by the announcement that Tongsoo Penlow had left his capital and marched on Tassisdun, the present residence of the Deb Rajah, with two thousand men at his heels. It is added that the hill Rajahs to the east of Bhootan, and even some of the Thibetan magnates, have promised him assistance in this new contest to the extent of some five thousand men. Tongsoo is reported to have left a garrison of a thousand men at Panakha. His march had all the effect of a surprise. He first of all retired from Panakha to Chuka, some two or three marches north of the British port at Buxa Dewar, but finding his position there not so secure as he could have wished, he abandoned his half-finished stockades, and took up a new post in the capital of his own province. The Deb Rajah meanwhile, thinking his enemy was beaten, and unlikely to interfere between himself and the English, tried to push on the negotiations with Colonel Bruce as fast as possible. This measure aroused Tongsoo's anger, and he sent the Deb Rajah a haughty warning, that although peace might be declared, he would never be a party to it or recognise it when made. The warning being neglected, Tongsoo lost no time in mustering his adherents and marching to bring his quarrel with the Deb Rajah to a conclusion. Peace negotiations are, therefore, suspended, and nobody ventures to say what will come next.

There was little other news in Calcutta. Sir Barnes Peacock was recovering his health, but his return to England was considered inevitable. Mr. Beadon was still

"starring in the provinces." He had been up the river as far as Benares, and had proceeded thence by train to Allahabad, to witness the testing of the Jumna Bridge—which by the way is found to be quite satisfactory, and ready to be opened for ordinary traffic. Mr. Beadon's razzia among the judges and magistrates seems to be at an end, though we hear of an unfortunate of the class whose suspension has been confirmed by home authority. Whether he is to be employed again in any capacity depends, it seems, upon what he is found to be fit for, and his abandonment of "eccentric habits" and other innocent enjoyments. The Civil Service, by the way, is, it is said, to have a distinguished addition in the son of Mr. Calcraft, the hangman, who goes out under an assumed name, for the same reason, we presume, that Mr. and Mrs. Gilpin would not have the chaise drawn up at their own door—"lest all should say that they were proud." The effect, however, in Mr. Calcraft's case, will be awkward, for every new "wallah" who arrives for some time to come will be open to the suspicion of being the interesting person in question until he proves himself to be somebody else.

Money was so abundant in Calcutta that there was a difficulty in finding employment for it, even at one per cent. under the Bank rates. All feeling of uneasiness about matters in Bombay had subsided, and transactions in Government securities and other investments had been resumed on an extensive scale. Bank of Bengal shares continued in good demand, and had again advanced; and the Share Market generally wore a more lively appearance than it had done for months past. In Bombay the state of things, of course, justified this happy revival of confidence.

There were some stirring items of general news in the Western Presidency. An accident on the Great Indian Peninsular Railway had produced a painful impression on the public mind, the more so as the mishap—the running of the train off the line—was not traced to any sufficient cause, and blame not being thrown upon anybody nobody could of course be punished, or any means taken to guard against the recurrence of such a calamity.

Mr. Chisholm Anstey—who is a remarkable illustration of the maxim *calum non animus*, &c., having managed to keep in much the same state of hot water, whether in England, Hong Kong, or Bombay—has been making a little amusement in the latter place by a quarrel with a solicitor

named Crawford. We give some account of the affair elsewhere, but the proceedings before Mr. Barton, which occupy nearly nine columns of the Bombay broad-sheets, are not quite available for a nutshell. Mr. Anstey seems to have not been so much to blame in the present instance; indeed, the magistrate dismissed the case, which was a criminal prosecution for defamation of character, under the Penal Code; but his manner is admittedly overbearing, and in his suavest moments he is as likely to give offence as not. The *Times of India*, remarking upon the case says:—"In his final speech Mr. Anstey spoke of the bar having existed before Parliaments and Legislative Councils, and that its privileges did 'not depend upon a nominally Legislative Council at Poona.' Only recently Mr. Anstey spoke of Sir Bartle Frere as 'the local satrap of a Secretary of State.'" At the very moment, too, when he is appearing before a magistrate to answer a criminal charge (he wanted to go into the dock, but Mr. Barton thought that would be too much of a joke), we find this gentleman appointed Acting Judge, in the room of Sir Joseph Arnould. The journal just quoted says that the appointment has taken everybody by surprise. But it must be remembered that Mr. Anstey is, at any rate, a very able lawyer, and that his position at the local bar entitles him to the preferment. His success in Bombay, notwithstanding all impediments, has been very great. When he returned to that Presidency, after his visit to England, we are told that the steamer was boarded, immediately it cast anchor, by an attorney who retained him in a case, and paid him some enormous fee on the spot—the attorney on the other side, who had not thought of taking a boat, being seen at the time tearing his hair on the jetty.

The Indo-European telegraph is reported once more in working order; the latest date from London was the 2nd ult.

The next arrival from India will be the Calcutta mail, which was reported at Suez on the 5th, and may be expected in London on the 14th of this month.

LATEST INTELLIGENCE.

RELEASE OF CONSUL CAMERON.

FOREIGN OFFICE, Sept. 5, 1865.

Information has this day been received at the Foreign Office that Mr. Rassam had arrived at Suez, and had reported to her Majesty's Agent and Consul-General in Egypt that Consul Cameron had been released. No details received.

INDIA.

[By Direct Overland Telegraph.]

BOMBAY, Sept. 2.

Cotton steady, but prices unchanged. Shipments since the 26th ult., 9,000 bales. Exchange on London, 2s. 0½d. The latest date from London is the 28th of August.

CALCUTTA, Sept. 1.

Exchange on London, 2s. 0½d. Government Securities: Four per Cents., 91; Five per Cents., 103½; Five-and-a-Half per Cents., 110½.

CHINA.

(By Overland Telegraph from Galle.)

SHANGHAI, Aug. 5.

A famine is anticipated in China.

It is proposed to establish a telegraphic communication to London through Russia.

Affairs are quiet in Japan.

COMMERCIAL INTELLIGENCE.

CANTON, Aug. 12.

Grey shirtings and twist advancing. Total export of tea to date, 36,000,000 lbs. Exchange on London, 4s. 5½d.

SHANGHAI, Aug. 5.

Tea, nothing doing. Silk advancing. Export to date, 25,375 bales. Exchange on London, 6s. 3d.

THE OUTWARD INDIA AND CHINA MAILS.

—(SOUTHAMPTON, Monday.)—The Peninsular and Oriental Company's steamship *Ripon*, Captain Rogers, sailed this afternoon with the mails for Gibraltar, the Mediterranean, Egypt, Aden, Ceylon, India (except Bombay), and China. She took out 85 first and 30 second-class passengers, and on freight specie value £48,405. 16s. for the following ports, viz.:—Galle, watches, &c., £143; Madras, gold coin, £1,706; silver coin, 6s.; watches, jewellery, gold thread, &c., £542. 10s.; Calcutta, precious stones, £1,330; Penang, dollars, £11,500; Singapore, dollars, £25,000; Hong Kong, watches, jewellery, &c., £263; Yokohama, dollars, £220; Shanghai, dollars, £1,526; bar silver, £1,400; and for Alexandria, sovereigns, £3,500. Amongst the passengers by this mail are Captains Vandeleur, Ravenhill, Beresford, Goldie, Ross, and Morris; Lieutenants Newnam, Dowie, Murray, Dyce, Powlett, Manwaring, and Churchill; Captain Mackenzie, and Assistant-surgeon Cully.

CHANGE OF PROFESSION.—A Bombay paper says:—We understand that Lieutenant Chapple 95th Regiment, is about to retire from the service, in favour of the more lucrative advantages of a civil profession. This officer, we believe, was admitted to the practice of law previously to his entering the service, but desirous of taking part in the Crimean struggle he relinquished that profession. He is now about to resume it, and as we have heard is shortly to join the firm of Messrs. Bickersteth, Cleveland and Peile, Government solicitors, Bombay, as junior partner. It is added that Mr. Chapple has been appointed deputy-corporator of Bombay.

Casualties by Death in the Armies of India reported since last Publication.

H.M.'s Forces.—Lieut. col. Charles Sim, R.E., Surveyor-general of Ceylon, on board the M. 1. Cambridge, between Galle and Aden, June 13.

BENGAL.—Lord Henry Gordon, son of the ninth Marquis of Huntley, and uncle of the present peer. Lord Gordon was formerly captain in the East India Company's service in Bengal. Maj. S. Sage, of the late 50th Bengal N.I. Lieut. E. Kautshull, late 18th N.I., doing duty 11th N.I., at Putia Kowa, July 25. Brev. maj. W. T. Gaston, of the late 70th Bengal N.I. Lieut. col. J. Drysdale, Dr. S. Woodward, Robert Fryer, Esq., Asst. Surg., Bengal Medical Service, Mr. Isaac Taylor, The Rev. J. Guthrie, Vice-Admiral G. Woolcombe, J. E. Chettham, Esq., Dep. Asst. Superintendent of Stores, only son of the late Lieut. J. Chettham, of the Bengal Army, accidentally drowned at Plymouth, aged 34, Aug. 25.

MADRAS.—Capt. A. W. Luke, Retired Lt., Madras Army. BOMBAY.—Lieut. John Q. Davies, Bombay Staff Corps, Police Superintendent, Naasick, at Bombay, July 23. Major Matthew John Soppitt, Cadre H.M.'s 14th Regt. Bombay N.I., at the residence of Surgeon Murray, 10th Regt. N.I., in the Native Infantry lines, Poona, July 19. CHINA.—W. H. Adams, Esq., Chief Justice of Hong Kong, at the residence of his son, Capt. Adams, Plas Llyssyn, Carno, Montgomeryshire, Aug. 29.

Passengers by the present Mail.

PER STR. MASSILA.—FOR MARSHALLS.—From BOMBAY.—Mr. Greaves, Mr. Reynolds, Mr. Rausden, Mr. and Mrs. Young, Capt. La Touche, Mr. Evans, Mrs. Angelucci and two children, Mr. Mitchell.

Expected at Southampton.

PER STR. Delta, Sept. 10.—From BOMBAY.—Mrs. Westlake and two infants, Miss Smalley, Major Hudson, Capt. White, Mrs. White and infant, Mr. Hawkes, Mr. and Mrs. Wyle and two infants, Mr. E. W. Furell, Col. Seely, Col. Fremantle, Capt. Sibble, Mr. R. Llewellyn. FROM ALEXANDRIA.—Capt. Hutton, Mr. Birman, Mr. C. Ashdown, Mr. T. Jackson, Mr. E. Nicolson, Mr. Knipe.

BENGAL.

THE CHRONICLE OF THE GREAT KINGDOM OF THE EAST.* CHAPTER I.

OF THE KINGDOM AND ITS RULERS.

1. Now, it came to pass in the year One Thousand Two Hundred and Seventy-one, that there ruled over the people a King whose name was John. 2. And he was a man tall in stature, but withal not of a pleasing countenance, and he was well stricken in years. 3. Now, the King had no son, but after the manner of that country, if the King went a journey, or peradventure was sick, the Chief Prince of the land ruled in his stead. 4. Now, the Prince Belvidere was a man of double countenance, and he was not loved by the people. 5. And to him was first brought all manner of writings which were to go before the King. 6. And if the Evil Spirit was not upon him the writings were laid before the King. 7. Now, the Prince was not of the King's blood, and the Prince ofttimes waxed proud, so that the King loved him not. 8. And the King had much councillors and warriors and scribes which dwelt with him in the palace. 9. And many of the councillors feared God, and did justice, but many likewise served the Evil One. 10. Now the King's private scribe, whose name was Alltheway, was a Hakim of great repute, and he feared neither God nor man. 11. And he was a man after the King's own heart, for he loved money above all things. 12. And the land was at peace, nevertheless, the whole people groaned at the burdens which were laid upon them. 13. And the layer on of those burdens was Threavillain, the Chief man of the Treasury. 14. Now, the whole land did pay tribute, and did render obeisance unto the great Queen which ruled over the kingdoms of the North. 15. Now, the King dwelt in a Palace which stood in the midst of the City called Cuttakul.

CHAPTER II.

OF THE WISE MEN OF THE CITY.

1. Now there dwelt in the city many wise men. 2. And they bought and sold and did great business. 3. And they had mighty ships which went to and fro on the deep waters, and they did get much gain. 4. And the greatest and wisest of all the people was the merchant Ferdinand. 5. And his heart sank within him when he looked round and saw the misery of the people. 6. And he said unto himself, Wherefore doth the land lie waste, and why is it not tilled that it may bring forth fruits? 7. (For the whole land to the south of the kingdom, bordering on the sea coast, lay desolate). 8. And he called the chief men of the city together. 9. And he said unto them, Brethren, do ye not behold the desolation of the land, and know ye not that the King refuseth to do aught for the same? 10. Come now, therefore, let us go unto the King, and say unto him, Oh! King, give unto us the whole lands which lie to the South, stretching from the great river on the East to the great river on the West, to be wholly ours and our possession for ever, and we will give thee, therefore, much talents of silver, and thus will the King's Treasury be replenished, and we ourselves will till the land, and make it a fruitful place, and peradventure we and our children may get gain therefrom. 11. Then spake Bilkurn, the merchant, and Hugh, and Gam Ropaul Nose, and others of the wise men, and they said, It is good, let us do even so as Ferdinand hath said.

CHAPTER III.

OF THE WRITINGS WHICH WERE SENT TO THE KING.

1. Then the wise men of the city being still of one mind, did write letters unto the Prince

* A friend has sent us a copy of a story now circulating in Calcutta under this title, the contents of which we transfer to our columns.

Belvidere and unto the chief scribe of the King's household, whose name was Essilby. 2. And these letters besought the King that he should give over for a possession unto them, the whole of the desolate lands of the kingdom which lieth to the south on the sea coast. 3. Now it came to pass in the month of Maugh, on the 30th day of the month, that the King sat at the entering in of the gate and his councillors with him. 4. And one said, My Lord, look now upon the writings which the wise men of the city have sent unto my Lord through the Prince and the chief scribe. 5. But the King answered, I like not the writings of these people, nor the assembling of them together before me, wherefore trouble me not. 6. Then one said, I pray that my Lord the King listen but for a moment unto these writings, for they are wonderful. 7. Then the King said, Am not I the ruler of this people, wherefore, then, shall my days be made bitter with their complainings. 8. Then replied the Hakim Alltheway, and said, My Lord the King is weary, and must be refreshed. 9. And straightway he called out unto the servants, Peg do. 10. Then the mixture was brought unto the King, and when he had drunk thereof, lo! his body was refreshed, and he said unto his councillors, Read, then, the writings of which ye spake. 11. And they read the letters unto the King. 12. Furthermore, they read unto the King letters from the Prince Belvidere and from his chief scribe, whose name was Paradise. 13. And in both these letters did they urge the King to look favourably on the writings of the wise men. 14. Now when the King had heard what was written in the letters then did his heart rejoice within him exceedingly. 15. And he said, Lo! the thing is good. 16. And he said unto his councillors, now shall the treasures be filled with gold, and the land which hath lain barren shall be filled with good things. 17. Then said he unto his chief scribe, Write letters quickly, and say unto these men, Lo! all that you have asked shall be granted you. 18. Then the chief scribe wrote these words and sent them unto the merchant Bilkurn (for Ferdinando had gone on a journey towards the west). 19. Moreover, the chief scribe said unto Bilkurn, Write me, I pray thee, a letter which I may place on the Records of the kingdom, and write thereon the names of the lands which ye would have, and the measurement thereon. 20. Then did Bilkurn write letters as he was directed. 21. Now, Bilkurn was not so wise as Ferdinando, and he took no heed of what he wrote, for he wrote, Give unto us the lands of the Gerpunnahs only. 22. Now, it came to pass that in the month of Chitro, on the second day of the month, did Ferdinando return from the West. 23. And they told him—See now what Bilkurn hath done, how the writing of Bilkurn is different from the former writings. 24. Then was Ferdinando wroth, and he called unto him his chief scribe, and he said, Behold! the foot of Bilkurn hath been put in this, what shall we now do? 25. Then said the scribe, Let letters be sent quickly, and state therein how Bilkurn hath erred, so that no Goulmaul do arise. 26. And Ferdinando said, It is good—do even so. 27. And in the same month, Chitroo, on the 17th day of the month, were letters written by Ferdinando, and sent unto Essilby, and Paradise, and Alltheway. 28. And these writings prayed, that unto him should be given all the land of the Gerpunnahs, and of Pessore also, which stretched from the Great River on the west, to the Great River on the east, and which border on the sea coast. 29. Then did Prince Belvidere send letters, and said, All that ye ask is yours, even from the east to the west.

CHAPTER IV.

OF THE KING AND HIS COUNCILLORS, AND THE ADVENTURE OF ALLTHEWAY.

1. And it was towards the going down of the sun, and the King sat amidst his coun-

cillors. 2. And the King mused within himself, and was weary for the time when his Treasury should be filled, with the price of the barren land, which the men of the City should pay. 3. Then Alltheway spoke and said, My Lord the King, wherefore hath my Lord given unto these people all that they asked, and for which my Lord will receive but talents of silver. Peradventure, if they secure one portion of the land, will not that suffice, and afterwards they will give talents of gold for the other portion. 4. Then the King said, truly, oh! Hakim, thy words are the words of wisdom, say on—what wouldst thou? 5. And Alltheway answered and said, Keep back from these people the lands of Pessore, which are the best lands. 6. Then spake Bane, one of the King's warriors, and said, Surely my Lord the King will not do this thing, which will seem vile in the eyes of all the people; and how can my Lord go back from what he and his scribes have written. 7. Then was the King wroth, for the lust of greed was upon him, and he said unto the warrior, Chuprao. 8. Then did the King retire to his private chamber, but he was troubled and could not sleep. 9. And at midnight he rose up and walked in the great hall. 10. And while he walked, behold the shadow of a man appeared on the wall, and the King trembled, and his spirit forsook him. 11. Then cried he, Who art thou? 12. Then came forward "Alltheway," the Hakim, and he said, My Lord, it is I. 13. Then said the King, Good Hakim, where hast thou been? Lo! thou art covered with dirt and ashes, from the crown of thy head to the sole of thy foot, and thou smellst strongly. 14. Then answered Alltheway, and said, My Lord, many days have I thought within myself that the servants of the King stole and wasted my Lord's food. 15. Therefore I hid me underneath the table which is in the King's bawm-cheekhana. 16. And lo! while I watched, one put a mutton-bone into his girdle, and covered it up. 17. Then rose I quickly, and puckerowed the slave, and wrested from him the bone, which is even now in my hand. 18. Then spake the King and said, Thou hast done well, peradventure much soup may be made from the marrow of that bone—and now, to-morrow, let the slave be brought before the Judge.

CHAPTER V.

OF THE COUNCIL WHICH WAS HELD BY FERDINANDO.

1. Now it came to pass that in the month Chitro, on the 25th day of the month, that the King wrote letters unto Ferdinando, and said, I cannot give you all the land ye wanted, but only the Gerpunnah lands. 2. Then was Ferdinando exceedingly wroth. 3. And he called unto him a Council of the wise men. 4. And there came unto the Council Mall and Koles, and Hugh and Ka-kay, and Witley and Megumberditter, and Gam Ropaul Nose, and many others. 5. And they were all wroth with the King and his councillors. 6. And one said, Since the King refuseth to give all the lands which he at first promised, verily we will have none of them. 7. Then they all of one accord said, It is good, do even so.

CHAPTER VI.

OF THE SETTLEMENT OF THE AFFAIR.

1. Now the King sat with his councillors in the garden of the palace. 2. And a messenger drew nigh unto the King, and bowed to the ground. 3. And the King said, What wilt thou? 4. And he said, I bring letters from the merchant Ferdinando. 5. Now, when the King had opened the letter and read the words which were written therein he he was exceedingly troubled. 6. And he rose up quickly, and would have rent his mantle but for the cost thereof. 7. Then said the councillors unto him, What aileth my Lord? 8. And the King spake and said, Ye are all vile men and evil councillors. 9. And they answered, Say not so, oh! King. 10. But he answered

them and said, Hold your peace. Had I not hearkened unto your words, even now would my treasury been filled with talents of silver. 11. Then the King cast himself upon the ground and wept. 13. And they all wondered and said, What thing is this that has been told unto the King? 13. Then the King rose up quickly and read unto his councillors the words which were written by Ferdinando, saying, If the King will not give me all the lands as the King hath promised, verily, then will I have none of them. 14. Then was Threevilain sore dismayed, for he had made an oration unto the people, and told them of the price which would be given for the land. 15. Then spake, an inferior scribe, whose name was Moleteeth, and said, My Lord, I, thy servant, will write letters unto this fellow, in my Lord's name, and I will teach him to eat his own words. 16. And the King said, Do even as it seemeth good unto thee, for the King was exceeding wroth. 17. Then thy wicked scribe did sit down and write letters in the King's name, and proclaimed the same abroad. 18. And he said that the wise men asked not for all the lands, but only for the Gerpunnah lands. 19. Furthermore, he said that the good and wise Ferdinando was a liar! 20. But he showed not the King the words which he had written. 21. And when the King saw the letters which had been proclaimed abroad, then was he grieved, and said unto Moleteeth. 22. Wherefore now has thou offended my people; couldst thou not have written the words of truth? 23. Nevertheless, the King's mouth was shut, for he had said unto Moleteeth, the Scribe, do even as seemeth good unto thee. 24. And it came to pass that when the men of the city saw the letters which had been proclaimed abroad, and read the words thereof, they were very wroth. 25. And they said, wherefore doth this old woman rule over us? 26. Come, we will send writings unto the great Queen of the North, that she may command the King of the East, who is tributary unto her, to do justice unto us, and to grant us the desired lands to be for a possession unto us and to our children for all generations. 27. And they said, It is good, even so let us do. 28. Nevertheless, Witley (who cometh from the land of the Lankies, and who loveth his gold better than aught besides) said, Nay, brethren, ask not again for this land, peradventure we make not so much gain out of it. 29. But Ferdinando said unto him, Hold thy peace, and trouble us not. We seek not after much gain, but for the good of the kingdom and the people that dwell therein, and clearing away of the jungle, and driving out of the wild beasts, and the making waste places habitable, and that the people may live in health and safety, and that trade may prosper. 30. Then did they shout aloud, and cried, who is alike unto Ferdinando. Long live Ferdinando! and may all that he putteth his hand to prosper. 31. But Witley turned and fled unto his own house, for he was very sorrowful at the words he had spoken. 32. Now the rest of the acts of the King, and of all that Ferdinando the merchant did, and how the Queen of the North gave unto him all the lands which he wished for, and how the wild beasts were driven out, and the sweet waters made to spring up, and the barren places made fruitful, and the wilderness to sing with joy, are not all these things written in the Books of the Chronicle of the Kingdom of the East? 33. And the King and his councillors, and Ferdinando and other wise men slept with their fathers, but not until all these things had been accomplished.

TELEGRAPHIC COMMUNICATION WITH INDIA.

It was thought to be a great day for India when a telegraphic message from London was received in less than forty-eight hours. The suspension of communication on this line for

some weeks now brings home to us a very unpleasant lesson on the vanity of human hopes and wishes. We confess we are free from any extraordinary anxiety to ascertain the particular cause of what is already generally felt to be a very grievous privation. We have a melancholy presentiment that reasons only too obvious and too numerous will be forthcoming to show how, in a line carried by such a circuit, through so vast a tract of half civilised country, the accident which suspended our intercourse was quite unavoidable; and we fear there is no reason whatever to doubt that what has occurred so naturally at this early stage in the history of the enterprise, may, and indeed must, from time to time, occur again. The disturbing causes on this long line are far too numerous to permit of a doubt that irregularity will be the normal condition of its working. But it would be unreasonable to make this defect a ground of reproach to the projectors of the plan, and we certainly feel no disposition to dilate upon its imperfections. We acknowledge, with becoming gratitude, the benefit, such as it is, that we have already enjoyed; and this feeling is ready to expand to any dimensions demanded by a due sense of favours to come. If the skill and energy which carried out this scheme prove equal to the more onerous task of surmounting the various difficulties opposed to its uninterrupted working, so much the greater credit will abound to those who effected a consummation so much to be desired. But, as the Spaniard very profoundly remarks, "Nobody has seen to-morrow;" and as our experience does not contradict this truth, and our vision of the future of the Indo-European telegraph is confessedly limited, we naturally ask why we should trust to that alone. It must be remembered that the Indo-European line, even if it be considered the most practical scheme for affording communication with England, is not the first that has been tried. The Red Sea telegraph line was actually completed some years ago—at least, it was so far an accomplished fact that a message passed through the entire distance, which has secured to the shareholders in the undertaking their guaranteed interest, as completely as if the success had been perfect. The cable, however, having done this excellent service to its proprietors, could never be coaxed into doing anything more; and rather than go to any further expense in regard to it, the Government very unwisely, we think, abandoned the undertaking altogether, allowing the company to dissolve, after converting its £800,000 of stock into long annuities. A new company (still in existence, and styled "The Telegraph to India Company") was formed, to which the entire plant of the old company was made over gratis, and it raised sufficient capital to send round to the Red Sea about two hundred miles of new cable, for the purpose of repairing what was defective in the old. It was then discovered that, by the ignorance and precipitance of the persons employed, the cable had been laid far too taut, and had already divided in so many places that it would not repay the expense of fishing it up. The new company declined to raise the capital necessary for laying a new cable, as Sir Charles Wood (who can never master more than one idea, and was then bent upon a line by the Persian Gulf) refused to give any assistance. It thus found itself considerably out of pocket by accepting from the munificent secretary this grant of valuable property at the bottom of the Red Sea. Its entire capital, in fact, was absorbed in the conveyance of the piece of new cable to and from India, the loss on its re-sale, and sundry other expenses; but it has derived a small revenue from its land line of wire between Alexandria and Suez. It has also about two hundred miles of cable, extending from Suez to the island of Jubal, which is still probably in working order, and was in regular use till

about two years ago, when the P. and O. Company declined to allow their steamers any longer to run the risk of calling at the island. Unless now it could be shown that, using every precaution, and all those improved appliances which science has rendered available at the present day, it would still be impossible to lay an efficient cable from Suez to Kurrachee, the attempt ought at once to be made. If the objection we refer to be not insuperable—and we believe there is no just ground for considering it so—this line, in every other respect, is incomparably more eligible than that which has been established, and has already proved unreliable. Were both lines in perfect working order, it seems certain that a message could be conveyed to Kurrachee, *via* Egypt, in far less time than it would take *via* Constantinople; and while, in the former case, the only source of danger would be found in those general causes that affect submarine telegraphy, and we should have entire control over the line from India to the continent of Europe,—in the other case, interruption is probable from every conceivable cause, and, for a considerable portion of the distance, the line is at the mercy of the half-civilised Turkish Government, and of barbarous tribes that can never be wholly trusted. Notwithstanding the extremely moderate success that has been achieved, we should see nothing but what was commendable in Sir Charles Wood's attempt to establish the Indo-European line, had he not so completely failed to understand the absolute necessity that co-exists for securing an alternative means of communication through Egypt. Possibly, no such pressure may be put upon him as will move the dogged obstinacy with which he adheres to any plan formed by himself. No private company could be induced to undertake such a work without assistance, in some shape or other, from the State; but the privileges which have been secured by "The Telegraph to India Company," though availing it little enough at present, would enable it to carry out the work at a moderate expense. The entire sum spent by the Red Sea Telegraph Company amounted to £800,000, and it is probable that half a million would enable the new company to complete the work. We strongly object to the principle of Government saddling itself with the obligation of guaranteeing interest on capital; but, where a great work of public utility has to be carried out, Government must contribute in some way to relieve private enterprise from a part of the risk in undertaking it. A payment in cash of one-fifth of the estimated cost, would probably be accepted in this case, and, if so, we think the object to be gained would fully repay the outlay. A lac of pounds would surely not be much to secure an alternative line of telegraphic communication with England.—*Englishman*, July 31.

MISCELLANEOUS.

MILITARY ITEMS.—Lieutenant Stansfield, late 6th European Regiment, has been recommended to Government as Adjutant to the Calcutta Volunteers.—It has been ruled that a Warrant Officer must re-engage, to make his transfer legal. Bounty money cannot be refused, whatever the position of the officer or his prospects may be.—There is every likelihood of a great want of horses being felt for the Artillery and Cavalry, when the next Annual Casting Committee finishes its labours. The Government has, in the meanwhile, we understand, authorised the purchase of a hundred horses for the Artillery from Cook and Co., at a limit of Rs. 700 each. But this will go but a small way towards the necessities of the services, both of Artillery and Cavalry.—Colonel D. M. Stewart, the present Deputy Adjutant-General, will probably be shortly gazetted to a Brigade command.—Since the 11th Regiment N.I. arrived at Putla Kowa, on the 17th April last, out of eleven European

officers, five have left, sick; four have died, two in May and two in July; and of the remaining two, one has been sick the last six weeks.—Further reductions in the higher appointments of the Medical Service are in contemplation. It is said that the number of Inspectors-General are to be reduced, and the promotion of more than one officer will be delayed in consequence. Among others, we hear that Garrison Surgeon Dr. O'Callagan will have to resume his appointment in Fort William at the expiry of his leave, instead of proceeding to Mean Meer as Deputy Inspector-General, as was before reported.—Instructions have been issued by the Commander-in-Chief that warrant officers, in the Civil Departments of the army administration, are not amenable to the orders of regimental or station authorities. It has been lately decided by Government that, while in India, officers of the Royal Artillery, whether of the old or new Brigades, shall alike draw pay under the Indian Rules; that is to say, according to their standing on the Regimental List, irrespective of their position in their Brigades.

CHANGES IN THE QUARTERMASTER-GENERAL'S DEPARTMENT.—The following alterations and arrangements will shortly take place in the Quartermaster-General's Department:—Major Johnson, from the Calcutta office to Simla. Captain Norman to the Presidency Division, as Assistant Quartermaster-General. Captain Bruce, Deputy Assistant Quartermaster-General, Presidency Division, will remain, and the embarkation duties be in future entirely conducted under the orders of the officer commanding the Presidency Division. Lieut. Buller, Officiating Deputy Assistant Quartermaster-General, Presidency Division, will, on the return of Captain Bruce, proceed to Benares, to which division, also, Lieut. Stone has been appointed—probably with the view of one of these officers being available in the Bhootan Field Force. There will shortly be further alterations in this department, as there are several officers about to proceed on leave.

RAILWAY IMPROVEMENTS IN CALCUTTA.—In submitting to the Local Government the report of the Committee on the Junction of the East Indian and Eastern Bengal railways by a bridge over the Hooghly, Captain Taylor has, we are informed, recommended the greatest caution in sanctioning *in extenso* the railway works indicated in the report, as they will involve Government in a heavy pecuniary liability for land, the ultimate limit of which cannot be foreseen. The Committee are unanimously agreed that there is no necessary connection between the goods and passenger business, and recommended that the passenger traffic of all three railways shall be massed at Sealdah, and the goods traffic taken elsewhere. The idea of collecting the passenger traffic into one focus, Captain Taylor thinks an admirable one. If the suggestion of Mr. Prestage, of extending the three railways by single lines from the Central station at Sealdah to the east face of Dalhousie-square, be carried out, he observes that there will be no necessity for disturbing the existing auxiliary arrangements of the Eastern Bengal Railway, and the necessary appliances for the East Indian Railway may be added to the east of the main line without taking up much additional land. It even seems to him possible, in that case, to retain the Eastern Bengal Railway goods station on its present site, and the Calcutta and South Eastern Railway, who have not yet commenced a permanent passenger station, would, doubtless, willingly co-operate; their goods station need not be disturbed. Captain Taylor recommends the Government to postpone all consideration of the committee's recommendations, regarding the goods terminus of the East India Railway, till the bridge and passenger lines have approached completion. Captain Taylor further proposes that, in case of the sanction of the line from Sealdah to Dalhousie-square, the municipality should provide the land free of

cost, and be empowered to assess the traffic. An opening would, he thinks, be thus afforded for great municipal improvements in the vicinity of the lines, and the Supreme Government might, without risk, guarantee interest at five per cent. on the capital raised to purchase the land.

A JUDGE COME TO GRIEF.—We observe that the case of Mr. G. C. Fletcher, the late Civil and Sessions Judge of West Burdwan, attracted the attention of Sir Charles Wood, the Secretary of State for India, who stated that, with reference to the conduct of Mr. Fletcher, in regard to the purchase of jewels belonging to the family of one of the Moon-siffs within his jurisdiction, and to his inattention throughout the past year to the repeated admonitions of the High Court, regarding his insufficient work and utter disregard of the proper administration of justice, by allowing cases, without any sufficient reason, to remain pending for upwards of a year, it did not appear to Sir Charles that the Lieut.-Governor of Bengal could have adopted any other course than that of removing Mr. Fletcher from the office of Civil and Sessions Judge. The question of the future employment of Mr. Fletcher, in any office for which he might be qualified, on his abandoning the eccentric habits to which constant reference was made, Sir Charles left in the hands of the Lieut.-Governor, subject to the control of the Governor-General in Council.—*Englishman*.

SODA WATER AND SIR HUGH ROSE.—The *Englishman* says:—We find that we have unintentionally done some injustice to Sir Hugh Rose, in ascribing to Sir William Mansfield the whole credit of having moved the Government to aid in the establishment of soda-water machines in the various European regiments in India. The long delays which are invariably interposed by the Home Government, where any reference is made for its sanction to carry out any useful project, have in this case, deprived the late Commander-in-Chief of the pleasure of seeing his plan authorised before he left India. It was on the success which attended an experiment made in the 7th Dragoon Guards, that Sir Hugh Rose based his recommendation that these machines should be established in every regiment; but, from the wording of Sir William Mansfield's announcement of the concession, we were not unnaturally led into the error of supposing that the recommendation originated with him. While on this subject, we must observe, further, that the liberality of the concession made by Sir Charles Wood is less remarkable than we had supposed, since the advance made by the Government is to be recovered by moderate instalments.

THE "RELIEF."—We understand that the orders for the relief have not given general satisfaction. We hardly expected that they would. The chief principle upon which these changes have lately been made appears to be the principle of economy. Those movements which shall entail the least expense upon the State have evidently been the movements which have recommended themselves to the military authorities. But, as there is said to be reason in the roasting of eggs, it appears to us that there ought to be reason also in the roasting of soldiers. We have received communications regarding the apparent unfairness with which, in some instances, regiments have been treated in these late orders.—*Englishman*.

THE EUROPEAN VAGRANT.—The *Delhi Gazette* says:—The ordinary average vagrant starts from Bombay or Calcutta and begs his way round Hindoostan; he visits the house of every European in every station he enters, and three out of four of those to whom he applies believe his pitiful story and assist him. When he has done with the station he goes to the magistrate and to other officials, and asks for an appointment, which he rarely succeeds in obtaining; he then applies to the Relief Fund, from which he demands assistance as his right,

and invariably obtains three or four rupees unless he is recognised as an old customer. After he has gone through that he will go to the bazaar and beg and accept coppers, &c., from natives; this we know to be a fact; and it is only when he has plucked a station as clearly as his assurance will permit him, or has received several warnings from the police that his drunken squabbles will get him into trouble if he does not move on, that he goes into the neighbouring preserve. This sort of precarious idle life becomes to a loafer as natural, necessary, and palatable, as poaching to a poacher, game to a sportsman, and money to a miser. You might just as well try with any chance of success to get a loafer to enlist, or to take to any appointment where he would be under orders, as to train a full grown tiger to chum with a buffalo without picking a hole in his coat. The evil is not only aggravated but greatly encouraged by those persons who consider that a rupee to a loafer is a safe investment, inasmuch as it pleases him and does not injure themselves; it is a mistake for such people to lay the flattering unction to their souls that such acts will be credited as charity; whilst they delude themselves thus, they are in reality encouraging a vicious system and assisting the ruin of men who would otherwise be obliged to work for their living. It has been frequently stated that the existence of relief funds is the chief incitement to vagrancy; this is a great mistake; it has arisen through people not giving the subject sufficient thought. The only possible way that the evil can be checked, and we believe eventually cured, is by the establishment of relief funds at every station, and the steady refusal on the part of all, whether they support the fund or not, to give any thing in the shape of food or money to loafers.

MILITARY CHANGES AT LUCKNOW.—Orders, we understand, have been issued to abolish the military provost establishment at Lucknow, maintained since 1858, as soon as the chief commissioner and the municipality can make their own arrangements for the preservation of order in the city, under the ordinary civil administration of the country. We hear that the following appointments have been made:—5th Bengal Cavalry: Captain A. H. Osborn, 2nd squadron officer, to act as second in command; and squadron officer Captain D. Compton, late 2nd European Cavalry, to act as second squadron officer. 7th Bengal Cavalry: Major L. J. Farquharson, from 5th Bengal Cavalry, to act as commandant; Major C. H. Barchard, C.B., late 20th N.I., to be second squadron officer. 16th Bengal Cavalry: Major R. Jenkins, late Lahore Light Horse, to act as commandant. 6th Native Infantry: Lieutenant A. T. Davis, doing duty officer, to act as adjutant.

A COUPLE OF FAILURES.—Sir Charles Wood has inquired into two little matters lately, which the public supposed had been settled and forgotten. He has called for one report on the failure of Colonel Reed to establish a colony of Goorkhas in the Kumaon Hills, and for another on the failure of Lieutenant Hennessey's recruiting amongst the Jats. As far as we can recollect, Colonel Reed had Rs. 3,000 placed at his disposal to induce the Goorkhas to establish a settlement in Kumaon, but the Nepal Durbar set their face against the scheme, and it therefore, as a matter of course, came to nothing. The recruiting among the Jats failed from a precisely similar reason. The Bhurtpore Durbar objected to Jats being tempted to enlist in the Native army, and the matter dropped. Does the Secretary of State intend to revive both schemes?—*Bengal Harkara*.

MR. WINGFIELD AND MR. MUIR.—The *Pioneer* says:—"Mr. Wingfield has, we are informed, tendered his resignation of the Commissionership of Oude, and also applied for three months' leave. The resignation must of course be accepted, as Mr. Wingfield has made

up his mind to retire, while we understand that he receives his leave upon very favourable terms, empowering him to visit the hills, and yet carry on his government with full pay. Such a trifle, to our mind, speaks not a little for the large-heartedness of the Viceroy, to whom a personal feeling in the prosecution of the late inquiries had been but too frequently attributed. We have an impression that the Hon. W. Muir will succeed to the Commissionership as a stepping-stone to the Lieut.-Governorship of the North-Western Provinces; that is to say, if he can care to exchange Simla for Lucknow, with but, as we believe, a very moderate inducement in increased emoluments."

ANOTHER TURF SCANDAL.—Letters from Cawnpore allude to the occurrence of another serious turf scandal, the particulars of which must, sooner or later, come out. We shall make it our business to seek more precise information, and publish it. Constituted as the turf of Upper India is, supported by men holding the position of gentlemen, with the identity of almost every one of its members known to the public, a charge against any one of them assumes such an unpleasant prominence as does not attach to similar occurrences in sporting annals at home. The mysterious manner in which the last unfortunate incident of the kind under notice disappeared from the arena of public inquiry can have been satisfactory to no one, least of all to the gentleman most concerned, if, as his advocates state the case, he really was anxious to be judged fairly on his merits.—*Pioneer*.

THE ADJUTANT GENERALSHIP.—It is said to be quite decided that Colonel Haythorne will resign the Adjutant-Generalship of the Army, and return home in September. It is perhaps the highest praise that can be awarded to any occupant of that particular post to say that his departure will be universally regretted. Speculation is of course busy with the question of a successor, and we have heard mentioned prominently the names of Colonel Henry Errington Longdon, C.B., and of Colonel D. M. Stewart, the present Deputy Adjutant-General. We are in a position to state that the appointment has been given to the former, who is at present on the half-pay list in England. He will arrive here in time to take over charge before Colonel Haythorne's departure.

HONOURS FOR THE BHOOTAN CAMPAIGN.—General Toombs would be the very best of commanders to serve under, if he could but give his patronage the stamp of permanent value. The general has, we believe, essayed to scatter honours with the traditional plenty of blackberries; more than a hundred officers having been recommended to H.E. the Chief for the bestowal of distinctive honours varying from a V.C. downwards. No one doubts but that the honours would have been earned if the occasion had presented itself, but no phase of this repulsive war has furnished it.

PLEASANT FOR THE CIVIL SERVICE.—The *Pioneer* says:—"The warmest advocate of the competition system will, we fancy, hardly be prepared for the announcement that a son of Calcraft, the hangman, intends to present himself this year as a candidate for the Indian Civil Service. Yet such is, we are assured, the case, and, as if to destroy all remembrance of his former self, we hear that this worthy son of a worthy father will compete under an assumed name. We shall be rather curious to know what the commissioners in Dean's-yard have to say to this little arrangement."

SIR BARNES PEACOCK, Chief Justice of Calcutta, is now satisfactorily recovering from his late serious illness, but it is feared that he will have to leave India.

CHOLERA.—We regret to record another victim to cholera in Bhootan in the person of Lieutenant T. R. Taylor, Quartermaster, 11th N.I., who died at Putta Kowa, in the Western Doorgs, but a few days back.

MORE DOCTORS WANTED.—It is said that the want of medical officers for duty in India has at last arrived at such a pitch, that, at the suggestion of the Commander-in-Chief, Government has telegraphed to Sir Charles Wood upon the subject. The department is miserably underhanded, because its members are underpaid and uncared for, and have been systematically deceived by the Secretary of State. Regretting the present condition of things as an immediate evil, we could otherwise rather congratulate our India Medical Establishment upon a dilemma that will probably enforce an improvement in their position ere long.

WORN-OUT BULLION.—We hear that a large sum of money, nearly 40 lakhs of rupees, and about 50,000 gold mohurs, short in weight, have accumulated in the treasury of the N.W. Provinces. These coins have been found to be worn-out by constant use, and to have been scratched and notched. Instructions have been issued to the local authorities to remit these coins to Calcutta, where they are to be examined, and if found to be unfit for further circulation will be sent off to the Mint for re-coining.

MR. JUGGONATH SUNKERSETT, a member of the Local Legislative Council, and an able and worthy member of the native community, died on the 31st July.

MR. THOMAS CHISHOLM ANSTEY has been appointed to an acting Judgeship in the High Court during the absence of Sir Joseph Arnould.

SHIPPING.

ARRIVALS.

July 21. Ganges, Funnell, New Zealand; Ellenborough, Smith, London.—22. Thomas Seddon, Parr, Hong Kong and Singapore; Northern Empire, Irvine, Liverpool.—23. Arabia, Patterson, Straits, Moulemin, and Gangoon.—25. Marguerite, Bertin, Pondicherry; Ajay, Ramsey, Rio Janeiro; British Princess, Whittle, Hong Kong.—26. Bean Uamba, McCarm, Bombay; Speculator, Williams, Madras.—27. Candia, Macnamara, Suez.—28. Oasis, —, uncertain; Assaye, —, uncertain; Dalhousie, —, Bombay.

PASSENGERS ARRIVED.

Per str. Candia.—From SOUTHAMPTON.—Miss Picope, J. Watson, Mrs. Neave, Mr. Skinner, Mr. Stephen, Mrs. Murray and child, Mr. Lamb, Mr. Duncan, Mr. Ritchie, Mr. Inglis, Mr. Bruce, Mr. and Mrs. Sachi, Mr. McCormick, Mr. C. Sharpe, Mr. Cherry, Mr. Brooks, Mr. Wells, D. Dempsey. From MARSEILLES.—Mr. L. Wry, Mr. and Mrs. Le Mesurier and two children, Mr. McAdam, Lieut. Thorp, Mr. and Mrs. Conolly. From SUZ.—Mr. and Mrs. Broadrich, Mr. Discouzi. From MELBOURNE.—Mr. Cowan. From BOMBAY.—Mr. Rose. From GALE.—Mr. Evans, Dr. Waller. From MADRAS.—Dr. Francis, Mr. Stack, Mr. Cousins, Lieut. and Mrs. Ricketts.

DEPARTURES.

July 21. Lightning, Rodgers, Singapore and Hong Kong; Clan Alpine, Crockett, Straits and Hong Kong; Sir Jamsetjee Family, Wilson, London.—22. Martha Cobb, Pelisbury, Boston.—24. Simla, Weston, Suez; Moulemin, Gray, Chittagong and Akvab; John Bright, Betham, Singapore and Hong Kong; White Jacket, Trevelick, Mauritius; Tennascrim, Howson, Liverpool; Camperdown, Thomas, London.—25. Cheduba, Maddison, Rangoon, Moulemin and Straits; Reine des Anges, Dalmar, Bourbon.—26. Reigate, Deas, London; Stirling Castle, Baliff, London; Canning, Sharp, Mauritius; Ayshire, Proctor, Colombo.—27. Orissa, Ballantine, Madras Coast; Scotland, Campbell, London.

PASSENGERS DEPARTED.

Per Success.—Dr. and Mrs. Grant, Major Bailey, Capt. Mackenzie, Lieut. Dyas, Messrs. W. Warden, R. Grant, H. Hinder, J. B. Good, K. A. Philipson, A. Harrison, J. Smith, J. Cooke.
Per str. Koina.—For BOMBAY.—Misses Scyepanska and Victoria. For MADRAS.—Mr. and Mrs. Macleod and child.

COMMERCIAL.

Calcutta, July 31, 1865.

GOVERNMENT SECURITIES.

Rate of Interest.	Stock.	Selling Price
1 per Cent. Sa.	90 Rs. 90	12 to 90 0
Do. Transfer Stock	Sa. Rs. 91	90 to 91 0
4 per Cent. Co.'s Rs.	91	10 0 to 10 6
5 per Cent. P.W.	Co.'s Rs. 101	101 4 to 101 6
5 per Cent. Co.'s Rs.	108	110 2 to 110 6
5 per cent., 56-57.	Co.'s Rs. 104	101 4 to 101 10

EXCHANGE.

	On London.	Per Rupee.
Local Bank Bills	at 6 months' sight	203-16 to 5-16
First Class Credit	at 6 months' sight	20 5-16 to 2
Bills with Docs.	at 6 months' sight	2 0 to 2
Bank Post Bills	at 1 months' sight	2 0 to 2 0 1/2

JOINT STOCK SHARES.

Stock.	Paid-up. Rs. each.	Quoted at Rs.
Agra and Masterman's Bank	500	1160 to 1170
Alliance Tea Company	85	
Assam Tea Company	200	550 to 560
Balasun Tea Company	100	90 to 92
Bank of Bengal	4000	1775
Ditto Interest bearing	4000	
Deerbhoon Coal Company	1000	500 to 510
Ditto	200	Nom. to 175
Bengal Coal Company	1000	1200 to 1220
Bengal Printing Company	100	
Bengal River Company	1000	550 to 560
Ditto	500	300 to 305
Bengal Tea Company	100	122 to 125
Ditto new paid-up	100	
Bengal Oil Company	250	par Nominal
Bengal Credit Mobilier (Lim.)	100	13 to 15 dis.
Bishnauth Tea Company	200	230
Ditto, contributory	10	6 to 7 pm.
Bonded Warehouse Association	445	650 to 655
Borokai Tea Company (Limited)	25	par
British India Tea	80	8 to 5 dis.
Brunton's Press Company (Limited)	50	5 to 8 pm.
Burdwan Stone Company	100	75 to 80
Cachar and Assam Tea Company	200	168 to 170
Ditto (Contributory)	115	30 to 28 dis.
Cachar Tea Company	600	600 to 605
Ditto	500	par to 5 pm.
Calcutta Docking Company	700	1300 to 1325
Calcutta Steam Tug Association	600	550 to 555
Calcutta and South Eastern Railway	52	
Central Assam Tea Company	100	56 to 98
Central Cachar Tea Company	200	220 to 225
Ditto, new shares	200	260 to 262
Chatlawhar Tea Company	25	
Commercial Transport Association	100	nom.
Dehra Doon Tea Company	100	85 to 86
Delhi Bank Corporation	500	675 to 700
Dooteriah Tea Company (Limited)	100	90 to 92
Durrug Tea Company	65	5 to 4 dis.
E. B. Indigo Company	100	
East India Coal Company	100	18 to 20
East India Railway Company	218	217 to 218
East India Tea Company	100	118 to 120
Ditto, contributory	80	16 to 18 pm.
Eastern Bengal Tea Company	50	55 to 65
Eastern Cachar Tea Company	100	105 to 107
Ditto, contributory	85	3 to 5 pm.
Eastern Bengal Railway Company	218	216
Eastern Steam Tug Company	1000	1100 to 1120
Eastman and Company	250	
Equitable Coal Company	250	200 to 205
Ganges Steam Navigation Company	500	Nominal
Great Eastern Hotel Company	250	255 to 258
Gola Giant Tea Company	250	265 to 257 1/2
Ditto new shares	250	262 1/2
Grocery Cotton Mills	85	58 to 25 di
Hindustan, China, and Japan Bank	250	
Hooghly Steam Tug Company	1000	1000 to 1020
Hooghly Lighter Association	80	
Hope Town Tea Association	100	77
Hope Town Equitable Tea Company	100	105
Howrah Docking Company	535	545 to 516
Hunter and Company	230	
India General Steam Navigation Co.	1000	775 to 826
Jorehaut Tea Company	200	
Kunchunpora Tea Company	100	1110
Ditto, contributory	125	8 to 10 pm.
Kareeong and Darjeeling Tea Co.	250	240
Ditto, contributory	125	10 to 8 dis.
Landing Shipping	100	
Leibong and Minchou Tea Company	65	
Loctv. Cotton Screw Company	25	
Lower Assam Tea Company	35	
Luckimpore Tea Company	155	
Moucherra Tea Company	60	10 to 8
Moran Tea Company (Limited)	70	13 to 14 pm.
Muttuk Tea Company	50	
Mutual Tea Company	100	108 to 110
Ditto, contributory	70	3 to 5 pm.
National Bank of India (Limited)	250	257 1/2
New Fort Gloster Company	600	
North-West Indigo Company	100	70 to 71
North-West Screwing Company	80	nom.
Oriental Gas Company	41	14 to 15
Peoples Bank of India	100	
Port Canning Land Company	1000	1450 to 1475
Punjab Bank	100	120
Punjab Trading	75	
Pauksabarre Tea Company	100	
Ditto	37	
Ramghur Tea Company	100	par
Ditto	65	par
Royal Bank of India	500	Nominal.
R. Scott Thomson and Company	500	465 to 470
Screwing Company (Limited)	200	195
Sea Salt Company	80	
Seehsaugor Tea Company	100	82
Simla Bank	500	650 to 655
Simla Club and N. W. Wine Company	90	
Soom Tea Company	100	105 to 108
Soorisore Tea Company	1000	1500 to 1510
Ditto	750	450 to 450 pm.
South Cachar Tea Company	100	70 to 72
Spence's Hotel Company	250	225
Strand Pressing Company (Limited)	62 1/2	par to 2 pm.
Sylhet and Cachar Tea Company	200	160 to 170
Tichoo Indigo	200	175 to 180
Tuckvar Tea Company	200	190 to 192
Ditto, contributory	70	
Union Steam Tug Company	250	6 to 4 dis.
Upper Assam Tea Company	100	170 to 172
Victoria Tea Company	250	230
Ditto, contributory	190	220 to 225

FREIGHTS.

	To London.	To Liverpool.
Saltpetre	£0 0 0 to 0 0 0	Nominal.
Sugar	0 0 0 to 0 0 0	Nominal.
Rice	0 0 0 to 0 0 0	Nominal.
Seeds	0 0 0 to 0 0 0	0 0 0 to 0 0 0
Jute	1 17 6 to 2 5 0	2 0 0 to 2 2 6
Cotton	2 2 0 to 2 7 6	2 7 6 to 2 12 6

MADRAS.

MISCELLANEOUS.

THE COURT MARTIAL UPON THE ARTIFICERS OF THE GUN-CARRIAGE FACTORY.—The *Athenaeum* says:—We understand that the eight men recently tried by general court-martial were all found guilty of the grave charge brought against them; the chief offender has been sentenced to two years' penal servitude, and the rest to fifty lashes each and imprisonment for twelve months, the last week of each month to be solitary confinement. In confirming the proceedings the Commander-in-Chief has remarked on the leniency of the sentence compared with the heinous offence of which these men have been found guilty. It is sad to reflect upon the degradation and punishment which these misguided men have brought upon themselves, and we trust that their comrades will take warning in time and not again be led astray from the strict path of military duty. We give another extract on the same subject, in order to give publicity to the admirable remarks of the Commander-in-Chief for the benefit of men in the ranks:—The Artificers.—As stated by us last week the seven men recently tried by general court-martial, were sentenced, one to rigorous imprisonment for two years, and the other six to corporal punishment to the extent of fifty lashes each, and rigorous imprisonment for twelve months—the last seven days in every month of such imprisonment being solitary. The Commander-in-Chief, in confirming the sentence made the following remarks:—"The sentences of the Court on the above trials are lenient for the offence of mutiny, made liable to penal servitude or to death, but I have confirmed them as there are circumstances connected with the conduct of these prisoners recorded in the evidence that induce me to do so. The artificers well know that if they have any cause of complaint they can obtain redress through their commanding officer, and they also know how to apply for it according to the regulations of the service. There is no necessity to resort to the paid advocacy of those without the service. They also know well that any combination on their part to obtain their ends is a military offence of the gravest nature, and they now know beyond any doubt, that a combined resistance to the lawful command of their superiors is mutiny. These prisoners plead that they with others had been misled by one they considered capable of advocating their cause in a just and lawful manner; and by the evidence it certainly does appear to have been so, as every act of insubordination was dictated by that person. But for the maintenance of discipline, and as an example to others of the company, they must undergo their punishment that their comrades may see the peril soldiers incur, when in forgetfulness of their duty they think to obtain redress for any real or imaginary grievance by refusing submission to authority." The sentence has been carried into effect under the orders of the officers commanding the division, six of the men having been flogged in the Gun Carriage-yard on Wednesday morning. The *Delhi Gazette*, alluding to this subject says:—"The demands of military justice being thus satisfied, we trust, without attempting for one moment to extenuate the grave breach of military discipline of which these deluded men have been convicted, we may now ask what is to become of their wives and children during their incarceration—and whether Government intend to institute any inquiry into the cause of the recent emente."

GROWTH OF CAROLINA RICE IN THE NELLORE DISTRICT.—Mr. J. W. B. Dykes, Collector of Nellore, has reported to Government that the packet of seed with which he was furnished for this district, he gave to a Nellore ryot, who took good care of it, and gathered a crop of about four bushels. A portion of this

crop he exhibited at the Nellore Agricultural Show, and it was considered by the committee to be superior to the rice generally grown in the district:—"The grain was large, white, and well shaped." Mr. Dykes procured three bushels of the grain from the ryot, and distributed two bushels to four of the Aicut villages, and the third bushel to other ryots in Nellore. He hopes next year not only to give the rice a wider trial than he has been able as yet, but also to have nearly 15 cwt. available for seed grain. He suggests, however, that it would be well to plant fresh grain alongside of it, and have the means of comparing the growth of imported seed with the results obtained when the grain has been already used for a year in the country, and the effects of the soil and climate have had an opportunity of developing themselves. Mr. Dykes is of opinion that the introduction of this new variety of rice promises to be most beneficial.—*Times*.

THE VOLUNTEERS.—The process of "drumming out" is a rare occurrence in a volunteer corps, and in no single instance has a member of the Madras Volunteer Guards been put through this unpleasant operation before. Last Saturday, while the corps was drawn up in line and men standing to "attention," a member of No. 5 company thought proper to take French leave and to convert the position of "attention" to that of "stand easy." This proceeding naturally called forth a severe rebuke from the officer in charge of the company, who threatened him with dismissal. The offender retaliated and said he would save his officer the pain of dismissing him by dismissing himself. The commanding officer summoned the regiment and declared the refractory volunteer to be dismissed for his gross insubordination.

THE MADRAS MEDICAL COLLEGE.—The Government of India has, on the recommendation of the local Government at Madras, sanctioned the opening of a separate English department in connection with the Medical College at that Presidency, where European youths residing in this country will be admitted and educated in higher branches of medical science. If we are rightly informed, young men who will come out from this department of the college after passing the prescribed ordeal, and after receiving their diplomas, will be designated Assistant Civil Surgeons of the Indian Medical Service. For this purpose the Governor-general in Council has also sanctioned an increase to the staff professors at the said college. Three additional professors are to be appointed, on a salary of Rs. 500 each per mensem—viz., one of Botany and Physiology, another of Comparative Anatomy and Surgery, and another of Midwifery and Hygiene, as proposed by the Director of Public Instruction at Madras.—*Hurkaru*.

THE GOVERNORSHIP OF MADRAS.—The *Pioneer* believes that there is not the slightest truth in the rumour that Sir Robert Montgomery will succeed to the Governorship of Madras, nor, indeed, that he will ever return to India. Sir William Denison, our contemporary believes, has not yet sent in his resignation, nor is his probable successor named.

SHIPPING.

ARRIVALS.

July 25. H.M. str. Daucastie, Hewett, Suez.—26. Euphrates, Taunton, Bombay; Asia, Melville, Calcutta.—27. Madras, Bowers, Rangon; P. and O. str. Sunda, Weston, Calcutta; Clara, Rees, Adelaide; Harriet, Gilmart, Moumein; Octavia, Briston, Pondichery.—28. Belle Isle, Webster, Calcutta; W. H. Haselden, R. se. Calcutta.

PASSENGERS ARRIVED.

Per P. and O. str. Sunda.—For MADRAS.—Serg. W. Lennon, Col. Watson, Mr. D. A. Smith, Mr. Stewart, Mr. Determes. For GALLE.—Mr. F. G. Buskin.
Per Octavia.—Mrs. Briston, Mr. and Mrs. Ellis and family, Mr. Morris, Mr. Jones.
Per Rushing Water.—Mrs. Pearson, Master Sage.
Per str. Euphrates.—Mr. Banny, Mr. Vanerwall, Mr. Stephenson, Major Hcan, Lieut. H. Iland, Mr. Mitchen.
Per str. Asia.—Col. and Mrs. Coode and four children, Mr. and Mrs. Robinson and child, Mr. J. Renny, Mr. and Mrs. Owen, Capt. Baader, the Rev. Mr. Bander, Mr. Thudler, Mr. Graham.

Per str. Madras.—Lieut. Taylor, Mrs. and Miss MacIntyre, Capt. Hog, Lieut. Gower, Col. Fielden, Col. Blake, Lieut. Butler, Mr. J. Paton, Mr. E. DeLevaus.

DEPARTURES.

July 24. H.M. str. Feeroze, Burnes, Calcutta; P. and O. str. Canqui, Macnamara, Calcutta; H.M.S. Dolphin, Hewett, Calcutta.—26. Sydney Dacca, Duguid, Calcutta; Wallaroo, Davis, Batavia.—28. P. and O. str. Sunda, Weston, Suez; str. Euphrates, Taunton, Calcutta.—29. Belle Isle, Webster, Calcutta; Asia, Melville, Bombay.—31. Belvidera, Deane, London.

PASSENGERS DEPARTED.

Per P. and O. str. Sunda.—For SOUTHAMPTON.—Mr. J. Hannes, Miss Halls and infant, Ens. C. W. Carr, Ens. H. O. Carey, Col. and Mrs. Coode and two children, Mr. D. S. White. For MARSEILLES.—Mrs. Shird, H. Hicks, Esq., Mr. J. W. Paton. For SUZ.—H. D. Rac, Esq. For GALLE.—Capt. and Mrs. Ward, G. John, Esq., F. Helmer, Esq.

BOMBAY.

MR. CRAWFORD AND MR. ANSTEY.

Thomas C. Anstey, Esq., barrister-at-law, appeared on the 26th of July before R. B. Barton, Esq., Acting Chief Magistrate, to answer a charge of defamation preferred against him by William H. Crawford, Esq., solicitor. The case was fixed to be heard at twelve o'clock. Mr. Crawford appeared in court some time before the appointed hour, and Mr. Barton asked if he was ready to go on with the case.

Mr. Crawford said it had been fixed for twelve o'clock, and the defendant was not yet forward.

Mr. Barton: I should like to see if it is not possible that an amicable arrangement can be come to. It was a very sad case to come before a court.

Mr. Crawford: There is no other way of an amicable arrangement being come to except by Mr. Anstey giving me a written ample apology. If he will not do that then I will proceed with it.

When twelve o'clock struck Mr. Anstey entered the court, accompanied by his solicitor, Mr. Cleveland, of Messrs. Bickersteth, Cleveland and Peile, and advanced to the table in front of the Bench where it is usual for the solicitors in cases coming before the court to sit. The court was filled.

His Worship (to Mr. Anstey, who remained standing apparently uncertain whether his case would be called next): Mr. Anstey, sit down, sir.

Mr. Anstey: My place is there, sir (pointing to the dock).

His Worship: No, sir.

Mr. Anstey accordingly took his seat by the side of Mr. Cleveland, who conducted the case throughout.

His Worship: Give me the information in this case.

Mr. Cleveland: Before you commence, I may say that question almost entirely depends upon one or two words, and I think it would be advisable that the witnesses should be asked to leave the court, not only while the case is going on, but while the information is being read.

The witnesses were ordered out of court.

Mr. Crawford: I mean to call Mr. Cleveland as a witness. He may leave the court if he pleases.

Mr. Cleveland: After the case is over.

Mr. Crawford: I mean to call you.

Mr. Cleveland: I am not subpoenaed.

Mr. Crawford: But I mean to call you.

Mr. Crawford then went into the witness box, and the oath was administered to him, and the magistrate read the information which had been laid by Mr. Crawford. The information did not describe Mr. Anstey as barrister-at-law, and when it had been taken down that designation had been introduced.

Mr. Crawford objected to the impression, and said that was not his information. The information he had laid was against "Mr. T. C. Anstey." Nobody had a right to alter his deposition.

His Worship: Mr. Anstey is entitled to the designation.

Mr. Crawford: I do not deny it.

Mr. Cleveland also drew attention to the fact that it was held to be an insult to a barrister to describe him as "Mr.," as he was declared to be "Esquire" by Act of Parliament. He therefore craved that the summons be amended under the statute to that effect, and also to the effect of having the word barrister-at-law introduced into it.

His Worship (to Mr. Crawford): You have no objection to the summons being amended?

Mr. Crawford: Not the smallest, consistent with the Act.

His Worship then read Mr. Crawford's deposition.

The defamatory words complained of and with which Mr. Anstey was charged were spoken by him in a speech before the Chief Justice in the matter of the Eastern Financial and the Imperial Bank. They are:—

"Mr. Crawford was present at the meeting (alluding to a meeting of the shareholders of the Eastern Financial) when we find him, instead of doing his duty and advising the company to pay its debts, making the following degrading proposition:—

"Gentlemen, if you don't wind up, you will have to pay another call to pay the debt of the Imperial who have taken proceedings against you."

"To have followed this advice would have been nothing more or less than to defraud their creditors."

Also:—

"The Eastern, I repeat, is a fraudulent company—all connected with it are a nest of swindlers who have been battenning on," &c., &c., &c.

The information also charged Mr. Anstey with uttering these words maliciously.

The proceedings were of great length, the report occupying nearly nine columns of the *Bombay Gazette*. An idea of the case may be gathered from the judgment of the magistrate.

His Worship then gave judgment as follows:—This is a case brought before me under Section 499 of the Penal Code, Mr. W. H. Crawford, solicitor, having lodged an information against Mr. Anstey, barrister-at-law, for defamatory words used during the trial of a suit brought by the Imperial Bank against the Eastern Financial Association. It is very painful to me on all accounts to be called upon to decide a case of so great importance, and though the law seems to me all on one side, I should have hesitated to give judgment to-day were it not that the facts are clear enough to leave no doubt on my mind as to what my judgment should be. Mr. Crawford is solicitor to the Eastern Financial Association, and at a public meeting of shareholders of that Association gave advice which Mr. Anstey, as counsel for the Imperial Bank which opposed the action taken by the Eastern in consequence of that advice, characterised in court as a "degrading proposition, to adopt which would have been to defraud their creditors." This is the only issue before me, whether these words were defamatory or not; for I am happy to say that the other words, "a nest of swindlers," have been unequivocally declared by the defendant not to have been intended in any way to include Mr. Crawford; and no one who knows Mr. Crawford, and the position in society he has maintained here for so many years, could imagine that the term swindler was meant to apply to him. Well, after the rising of the Court on the day when Mr. Anstey made the speech in question, Mr. Crawford followed him to the barrister's robing-room (an extraordinary, and in Westminster-hall, an unheard of proceeding on the part of an attorney) and called him to account for what he had said. Mr. Anstey refused to be cross-examined for anything spoken by him in court; whereupon Mr. Crawford denounced him in language which has been repeated in evidence; and Mr. Anstey, so far as appears, remained quiet and took no further steps at that time. The next morning a motion to strike Mr. Crawford's name off the roll of attorneys was postponed to allow time for an amicable settlement; and

the prosecutor in this case, finding he had laid himself open to censure by what he had done, wrote an apology to Mr. Anstey for the opprobrious language used in the robing-room. With reference to Mr. Anstey's first letter, declaring Mr. Crawford's apology to be "in all respects quite satisfactory," and offering to do "all in his power," "by explanation or otherwise," to remove Mr. Crawford's cause of complaint against him, his Worship said:—This is a most gentlemanly, conciliatory, and peaceable letter; and it seems to me that a judicious peacemaker might have taken advantage of it to compose this unfortunate difference and prevent it from going any further. This, however, was not done; Mr. Crawford wrote an angry letter in reply to Mr. Anstey; and the information now before me was the result. The points, then, for me to consider, as laid down in the case which is the great authority, *Hodgson v. Scarlett*, are whether the words used by Mr. Anstey were relevant to the cause in which he was engaged as counsel, and whether they were spoken without express malice. As to malice, Mr. Crawford has given evidence of some hasty expression uttered by Mr. Anstey in court in another case in which he and Mr. Crawford were engaged as counsel and solicitor. My own experience as a barrister leads me to attach very slight importance to expressions of this kind, and besides it is impossible to maintain the charge of malice in face of the very explicit evidence of a desire for conciliation which is supplied by Mr. Anstey's own letter. I decide, therefore, that the words were not used maliciously, that there was no anger on Mr. Anstey's part, that if anything the angry feeling was on the other side, and that Mr. Anstey is quite blameless of malice in the affair. Then comes the question. Were the words relevant? What is relevancy? The comments must be pertinent to the cause at issue, and not exceeding the limits of the fair discretion of a counsel in speaking on the instructions contained in his brief. Now Mr. Crawford, it seems, attended a meeting of the Eastern Financial, and, in his capacity as solicitor, or mouthpiece of the directors, said to the shareholders:—"You must either wind up, or you will have to make another call." This advice the Imperial Bank interpreted to mean:—"You must either wind up now, or you will have to pay a call now," and, as it was evident that the effect of the shareholders taking the advice would be to keep the Imperial out of their money for a short time, or a long time, if not altogether, Mr. Anstey was instructed to denounce the proposed winding-up of the Eastern Financial as an attempt on their part to defraud their creditors. In the course of his speech he described the advice given by Mr. Crawford, speaking of that gentleman not as an individual, but as solicitor to the association, as a "degrading proposition." I am not prepared to say that this epithet "degrading," as in itself actionable. But setting that aside, let me ask to whom the advice was "degrading?" Not to Mr. Crawford; he did not give it that he might escape paying his debts, he had no more to do with the association in money matters than I have; but the consequences would (as Mr. Anstey was instructed and had a right to say) have been degrading to those who acted upon it. Taking this view of the case, then, and conceiving as I do that Mr. Anstey was fully within the privilege of his freedom of speech as a barrister in saying what he did, I am happily not called upon to discuss the opinions of Lord Ellenborough and other judges of great authority in the cases that have been quoted before me, or to establish a precedent which might be of great importance under the Indian Penal Code. Mr. Crawford's honour is quite unstained by anything that has passed in this case; and so is Mr. Anstey's. I am glad that there is no need to carry the matter further. I dismiss the case.

There was some applause in court when the decision of the magistrate was announced.

FRIGHTFUL RAILWAY ACCIDENT ON THE G.I.P. RAILWAY.

The public of Bombay have scarcely recovered from reading the reports of two frightful railway accidents in England, when we have to make the announcement of a fearful railway accident on the G.I.P. Railway, by which eight persons have lost their lives and seventeen been wounded.

The accident which we have to report took place at nine o'clock on Sunday morning, 30 ult., to the through passenger train from Shegaum, on the North-Eastern line, to Bombay, at a point close to where an accident occurred in June of last year, by which fifteen persons were killed and eighteen wounded.

The present accident, although less fatal in its result, was yet attended with the death of eight persons and injury to seventeen others. The train, containing in all between 200 and 300 passengers, had arrived at the 44 mileage between Titwala and Wassind, about 2½ miles from the former place, and 10 miles from Callian, when, from some unexplained cause, one of the carriages ran off the line, dragging with it the remainder of the train. One carriage, the first which left the line, became completely smashed up, and in this all the deaths and the chief portion of the injuries occurred. Fortunately the engine became detached from the train and remained on the line. It was immediately dispatched to Titwala to telegraph the occurrence to Bombay, and then proceeded to Callian for medical aid. Mr. Hart, the district traffic manager, with the company's medical men stationed at Callian, at once proceeded to the scene of the accident, and, after rendering the sufferers temporary relief, returned with them to the civil hospital at Tanna, where they arrived at four o'clock.

Upon the news reaching Tanna, Dr. Asher, the Civil Surgeon of the station, together with Mr. King, Assistant Magistrate, started by the train to Callian, and returned to Tanna along with the wounded. Upon arriving at the hospital in the latter place, a more minute examination of the sufferers' injuries were made, when they were glad to find that in only two cases the injuries were of a very serious nature. In one case the unfortunate man's arm had to be amputated and in the other the sufferer sustained a fracture of the thigh. The whole of them are reported to be doing exceedingly well, and five or six were enabled to come on to Bombay by the train which arrived in the evening.

At the portion of the line where the accident occurred the line is quite straight for several miles, and as the train was only running at its ordinary speed it is difficult to ascribe any cause for the accident. The carriage which first left the line was a third-class, and the killed and wounded are all natives, there being only one first-class passenger, Mr. J. Wainwright, in the train, who escaped in a miraculous manner. He was the only person in the carriage, which was thrown into the third-class one which was smashed to pieces; fortunately he sustained no injury whatever, and got out of the window of the carriage and rendered assistance to the wounded.

The telegram reporting the accident reached the Boree Bunder station at half-past 11 o'clock. Mr. E. W. Kelly, traffic manager of the Great Indian Peninsular Railway was immediately communicated with, and that gentleman, after several fruitless efforts to obtain medical assistance, left by a special train at one o'clock. He reached Callian at half-past two, and there awaited the arrival of Captain Osborn, who had been telegraphed for from Poona. Captain Osborn arrived at Callian at half-past four, and at once proceeded with Mr. Kelly to the scene of the accident. In the

meantime all the available force had been sent on to clear the line of the debris.

The bodies of the killed were conveyed to Callian, to await an inquest.

An investigation into the cause of the accident was commenced on Monday morning, 31st ult., and concluded on the following day, at the Railway-station, Callian, before Joshua King, Esq., Assistant Magistrate, Tanna. The proceedings commenced by recording the evidence taken by a "Punch" by order of the Fouzdar of Callian before the Mamlutdar, at an inquiry into the cause of the death of Narayen Shastree, Rowjee Balajee, Shunker Hurbud, and five other natives whose names have not been ascertained. The conclusion or verdict come to was that "they had sat upon the bodies of the deceased persons abovementioned, and found that they had died through a railway accident."—*Bombay Gazette*.

MISCELLANEOUS.

CHARGE OF FORGERY AGAINST NEARLY A WHOLE BOARD OF DIRECTORS OF A BOMBAY FINANCIAL.—Mr. Toolseydass Dewjee, merchant, residing in Modney Khana in the Fort and a Director of the Commercial Finance and Stock Exchange Corporation (Limited), appeared before R. B. Barton, Esq., Acting Senior Magistrate, on Saturday, 5th August, and charged a number of his co-directors with forgery. The facts of the charge as they will be gathered from the information, the substance of which is given below, are these:—Certain of the directors bought 4,000 shares in their own association as a speculation, providing two lacs of rupees of cash, and borrowing from their own association a little over two and a quarter lacs to pay for the same. The price of the shares fell, and certain of these directors arranged to concoct a scheme by which to avoid payment of their loan. They made a pretended purchase, on behalf of the company, of 4,200 shares from fictitious persons for cash, and they caused entries to be made in the books that their loan had been repaid to the association, and that a nearly corresponding sum had been paid to the fictitious sellers. By this means, according to the information, they attempted to wipe off their own debt, and at the same time account to the shareholders by entering a fictitious payment for the money not being in the hands of the corporation. His Worship granted a warrant for the apprehension of the parties against whom the information was laid, and also a warrant to search the premises of the corporation for the forged documents, books, and papers.

ACCIDENT TO MAJOR-GENERAL INNES.—Major-general Innes has met with a somewhat serious accident at Simla while driving down the new road towards his estate near Solon. When about ten miles from Simla the horse swerved at a point where a land-slip from the bank above had left but a very narrow passage, and carriage, horse and driver toppled over the *khud*. All three rolled down some thirty feet. The general was conveyed into Simla insensible, and although severely bruised and strained, under the skilful care of Dr. Cayley, was recovering favourably at the date of our correspondent's letter, the 22nd July. The carriage was knocked to pieces, while the horse scarcely sustained any injury; but perhaps the strangest part of the whole escape is that of the chief sufferer himself, for it is evident from the nature of his contusions that he fell first upon his head.

THE BANK OF BOMBAY.—The annual general meeting of the proprietors of the Bank of Bombay was held on the 7th inst., when a statement of affairs up to the 30th of June last was submitted, showing a net profit on the half-year of £198,208, after deducting £22,836 for a loss incurred at one of the branches; in consequence, no dividend has been declared for the past half-year.

and Woon dist., and the latter the Akola and Mehkur dist.

The undermentioned exec. engrs. are posted to the two div. abovenamed, viz. :—

Capt. H. H. Foord, exec. engr., 2nd grade, to West Berar.

Capt. W. H. Burton, exec. engr., 4th grade, to East Berar.

No. 251.—Capt. H. H. Foord, exec. engr., 2nd grade, West Berar div., is invested with the powers of a superint. of works within both the div. of Berar, from July 1.

VENTILATION OF BARRACKS, &c.

No. 252.—In consequence of its having been found necessary to alter the constitution of the committee appointed at Roorkee, by notification No. 98, dated May 30, to take into consideration and to report on the best methods for cooling and ventilating barracks and other public buildings, the following corrected list of members is published for general information :—

Major F. R. Maunsell, R.E., commanding sappers and miners, president.

Major J. G. Medley, R.E., principal, Thomason College, Roorkee; Capt. F. W. Peile, R.E., suptdg. engr., 1st circle, N.W.P.; Dr. R. S. O'Thring, surg.-maj., sappers and miners; Dr. N. H. Stewart, surg., H.M.'s 98th regt.; Dr. M. Thomson, professor of experimental science, Roorkee College; and Mr. R. Campbell, superintdt, Roorkee workshops, to be members.

July 12.—No. 1,454.—Lieut. A. Bloomfield, asst. comr. of Nagpore, is appd. to offic. tempy. as asst. secy. to the chief comr., Central Provs., v. Mr. F. R. Wyllie, proceeded on leave.

July 8.—No. 253.—The servs. of Mr. W. D. Bruce, C.E., asst. to chief engr. and asst. sec. to chief comr., Oude, in the dept. public works, are placed at the disposal of the municipal committee of Lucknow, with effect from the date on which he may be relieved of his duties, by Capt. A. M. Lang, R.E., lately transferred from the Punjab to Oude.

No. 254.—Capt. A. M. Lang, R.E., exec. engr., 2nd grade, is transferred from the Punjab to Oude, with effect from the date on which he may be relieved of his present charge.

July 11.—No. 255.—Lieut. C. A. Sim, R.E., asst. engr., 2nd grade, is transferred from the Central Provs. to the Punjab.

No. 256.—The services of Lieut. C. E. Delafosse, R.A., asst. engr., Delhi division, are, at his own request, replaced at disposal of the military dept.

July 15.—No. 257.—In continuation of notification No. 285, dated Oct. 6, 1864, the resignation of Mr. C. Polites, civil divisional engr., Rohilkund div., has effect from June 12.

No. 258.—Major R. H. Sankey, R.E., asst. to the chief engr. in Mysore, returned to his duties on June 22 from the three mos. priv. leave granted to him in public works dept. notification No. 115 of March 28 last.

July 10.—No. 674.—Lieut. col. R. R. Mainwaring, late 6th Eur. regt., is permitted to proceed to sea on m.c., and to be absent from Bengal on that account for 6 mo., under old regs.

No. 675.—Lieut. G. E. J. Maidman, Bengal staff corps, is permitted to proceed to sea, m.c., and to be absent from Bengal on that account for 4 mo.

No. 678.—Lieut. J. May, late 72nd regt. N.I., dep. asst. qmr. gen., has leave to Europe, m.c., for 12 mo., under new regs.

No. 681.—Surg. major H. B. Hinton, Bengal medical establishment, attached to 11th regt. N.I., is permitted to proceed to the Australian colonies, m.c., and to be absent from Bengal on that account for 20 mo., under old regs.

No. 682.—Lieut. col. J. C. Haughton, Bengal staff corps, comr. of Cooch Behar, has leave to Europe, m.c., for 20 mo.

"ADJUTANT'S" EXAMINATIONS.

July 11.—No. 683.—Under instructions from the Right Hon. the Secretary of State, the word *adjutant's* is to be expunged from that portion of the G.O. No. 734 of the 9th September, 1864, which lays down that the new examination by the second standard in the Hindoostanee language is to take "the place of the examinations now called the P.H., staff, *adjutant's*, interpreter's, and all similar examinations in the three Presidencies; but all officers who have passed these latter examinations, or who may pass them before the 1st September next, will be eligible for the staff corps, or for ordinary staff employment, without further examination."

The Secretary of State rules that, with reference to the G.O. No. 501 of May 5, 1862, the adjutant's

examination is insufficient as a qualification for the staff corps.

No. 685.—With reference to the notification issued from the public works dept., No. 241, dated July 1, 1865, the services of Capt. W. H. Mackesy, 79th Highlanders, asst. engr. 2nd grade, Hyderabad, being required with his regiment, are replaced at the disposal of H.E. the C. in C., with effect from the date on which he may be relieved from his present duties.

No. 687.—The undermen. officer is perm. to proc. to Eur. on leave on m.c. :—

Lieut. R. E. Boyle, of the late 46th regt. N.I., offic. adjt. 12th Bengal cav., for 20 mo., under the new regs.

No. 689.—The undermen. officer is perm. to proc. to Eur. on leave on m.c. :—

Lieut. G. Logan, of the late 4th Eur. regt., qmr. 29th (Punjab) regt. N.I., for 20 mo., under the new regs.

EXAMINATIONS.

July 18.—No. 690.—In continuation of G.O. No. 734 of Sept. 9, 1864, H.E. the Gov. gen. in Council is pleased to announce that examinations for the first standard in Hindustani will in future be conducted by station committees assembled under the orders of officers commanding, on the first Monday in every alternate month, at the head quarters of all divisions and districts, or at all brigade stations. Such examinations will not take place before the Board of Examiners at Fort William.

II. The committees will consist of a president and two members, the former being, if possible, an officer who has passed the interpreter's examination, or by the second standard, under the new rules; and the latter officers who have passed the interpreter's examination or by the second standard, or in Hindustani.

III. For the examination of surgeons and assistant surgeons, committees will be composed of two officers who have passed examinations as above, and a medical officer of standing in the service.

To ensure uniformity in conducting these examinations, and for the guidance of these committees, extracts from G.O.G.G. of Sept. 9, 1864, are republished, and strict attention to the rules is enjoined on all officers who may be employed on this duty.

PUNJAB IRREGULAR FORCE.

4th Punjab Infantry.

No. 691.—Lieut. A. McCrae Bruce, gen. list, inf., with the 1st Goorkha regt., to be doing duty officer, to fill an existing vacancy.

No. 693.—With reference to the notification issued from the Public Works Dept., No. 256, dated 11th inst., the services of Lieut. C. E. Delafosse, R.A., asst. engr., Delhi div., Dept. Public Works, are, at his own request, placed at the disposal of H.E. the C. in C.

July 11.—No. 174.—Lieut. M. Furlong joined his appt. as offic. asst. superint. of police, British Burmah, on June 24.

No. 176.—Capt. the Hon. J. H. Fraser is app. to be asst. superint. of Port Blair.

July 18.—No. 195.—Mr. T. R. M. Bence, in charge of the Government telegraphs in Ceylon, has been granted leave of absence to England, on m.c., for 12 mo., with effect from the date on which he availed himself of the same.

No. 213.—The Gov. gen. in Council is pleased to invest Dr. H. A. Kidd, civil surg. of Mundla, with the powers of a mag., to be exercised within the precincts of the jail under his charge.

July 19.—No. 244.—Mr. F. D. Bullock, a junior civil servant, having within the prescribed interval after arrival in India passed examinations in two languages, has been presented with the authorised donation of Rs. 800.

No. 245.—Messrs. J. W. Neill and R. F. Rampini, junior civil servants, having obtained certificates of high proficiency in Hindi and Bengali respectively, have each been presented with the authorised donation of Rs. 800.

No. 248.—The Gov. gen. in Council is pleased to attach to Mr. R. F. Rampini, of the C.S., reported qualified for the public service, to the Bengal division of the presidency of Fort William.

No. 251.—Messrs. R. F. Rampini and H. W. Gordon, junior civil servants, having obtained certificates of high proficiency in Oordoo and Bengali respectively, have each been presented with the authorised donation of Rs. 800.

July 17.—No. 1,494.—The Gov. gen. in Council has been pleased to appoint Mr. W. B. Buckle, C.S., to offic. as agent to the Gov. gen. at Moorshedabad,

during the absence on leave of Lieut. col. W. A. A. Thomson.

Mr. C. H. Campbell, appointed to offic. in orders of 6th inst., will make over the duties of the agency to Mr. Buckle.

July 20.—No. 1,512.—The G.G. in Council is pleased to make the following promotions in the commission of British Burmah :—

Lieut. W. W. Pemberton, asst. comr., 2nd grade, to be asst. comr. 1st grade.

Capt. W. Munro, 1st asst., rev. settlement dept., to be asst. comr., 2nd grade.

Lieut. W. G. Hughes, asst. comr., 3rd grade, to be asst. comr. 2nd grade.

Lieut. G. A. Strover, to be superny. asst. comr., 2nd grade.

Mr. C. Phillips, extra asst. comr., 1st grade, to be an asst. comr., 3rd grade.

Mr. J. Hind, extra asst. comr., 1st grade, to be an asst. comr., 3rd grade.

July 15.—No. 1,472.—Lieut. F. Weldon, local fund engr., Hyderabad assigned dists., has been granted priv. leave of absence for 1 mo. from the 15th ult., or from the date on which he may avail himself of it.

No. 1,474.—Mr. F. R. Wyllie, asst. secy. to the chief comr., Central Provinces, has obtained 25 days' prep. leave of absence from the 25th ult., to proceed to Bombay, with the view of applying for leave to Eur. on m.c.

No. 1,478.—The Gov. gen. in Council is pleased to Mr. C. J. Wingfield, C.B., chief comr. of Oude, priv. leave of absence for 3 mos. from Aug. 26.

No. 1,480.—Lieut. A. W. Roberts, offic. asst., is app. asst. to the Gov. gen.'s agent for the States of Rajpootana, subject to passing the examination for the political dept.

July 17.—No. 1,484.—The services of Mr. T. E. Ellison, C.S., are placed at disposal of the Punjab Govt. for employment in that province.

No. 1,489.—Capt. W. Munro, supernum. asst. comr., 3rd grade, in British Burmah, and Lieut. H. A. Gower, of Royal Madras art., having passed a successful exam. in Burmese, are entitled to teacher's allowance of Rs. 180 each.

No. 1491.—Lieut. E. Faunce, of Madras staff corps, is app. to act, temp., as an offic. asst. comr. of the 3rd class, Hyderabad assigned districts, v. Capt. Menzies, proc. on leave to Europe.

July 19.—No. 1,506.—Mr. C. Grant, offic. dep. comr. of Jubbulpore, and in charge of the Jubbulpore settlement, has obtained priv. leave of absence for 2 mos. from Sept. 1, or from the date on which he may avail himself of it.

July 20.—No. 1,516.—The services of Lieut. C. Case, of the Bengal staff corps, asst. comr. in Oude, are placed at disposal of the military dept.

July 21.—No. 1,457.—Mr. N. W. Mackenzie, chief asst., loan dept., to offic. as 3rd asst. accountant-gen., Govt. of India.

Mr. W. Beveridge to act as chief asst., loan dept., in the room of Mr. Mackenzie.

July 15.—No. 262.—Capt. G. J. F. Begbie, Madras staff corps, temp. asst. engr., 2nd class, Central Provinces, was allowed 2 mo. gen. leave from June 13, 1864.

July 18.—No. 264.—Leave on m.c. for 1 yr. is granted to Mr. E. V. Vernon, asst. engr., 1st grade, British Burmah, from July 3. Prep. leave from June 7 to that date has also been granted to Mr. Vernon.

July 20.—No. 265.—In continuation of public works dept. notification No. 190 of May 25, 1865, H.E. the Gov. gen. in Council is pleased to make the foll. prom., with effect from April 1 :—

From executive engineer, 3rd grade, to executive engineer, 2nd grade.

Lieut. E. P. Gambier, Rajpootana.

July 17.—No. 696.—Maj. C. W. Nightingale, of the Bengal staff corps, is permitted to retire from the service on the pension of a capt., from the date of departure of the mail steamer of July 9.

No. 697.—Capt. J. S. Ogilvie, of the Bengal staff corps, dep. asst. comy. gen., is allowed leave of absence for 4 mo. from the 4th inst., in ext. of priv. leave, to remain at Marree, on m.c.

No. 698.—The underment. officer to proceed to Europe, on leave of absence, on m.c. :—

Surg. maj. F. J. Mouat, M.D., of the med. dept., insp. gen. of jails, lower provs., for 20 mo., under new regs.

No. 699.—The services of Lieut. M. Furlong, of the late 47th regt. Madras N.I., are placed at the disposal of the Home Govt.

July 18.—No. 700.—The provisions of G.G.O., No. 550, dated May 31, fixing the pay and batta of havildars and naicks of N.I. regts. receiving line

rates of pay, are extended to the artillery of the Punjab irregular force.

No. 701.—The foll. proms. are made, subject to H.M.'s approval:—

Brevet.

Major E. P. Arthur, Bombay staff corps, to be lieut. col., and Capt. B. C. Hitchins, royal arty. (Madras), to be major, from March 12, v. Lieut. gen. Sir S. W. Steel, K.C.B., Madras inf., dec.

Major H. Le P. Trench, Bengal inf., to be lieut. col., and Capt. J. H. Elwyn, royal arty. (Madras), to be major, from March 28, v. Gen. R. C. Andree, Bengal inf., dec.

Major G. W. M. Hall, Bengal staff corps, to be lieut. col., and Capt. T. M. Baumgartner, Bombay staff corps, to be major, from March 29, v. Major gen. J. Matthie, Bengal inf., dec.

Major J. A. Collier, Bombay staff corps, to be lieut. col., and Capt. T. H. Stoddard, Madras staff corps, to be major, from April 9, 1866, v. Gen. M. Boyd, Bengal inf., dec.

RATION MONEY.

No. 702.—With reference to G.G.O. No. 829 of 1862, it is notified that ration money, or compensation in lieu of rations, when claimed for broken periods of a month, is payable at the rate of five annas four pie per diem.

This does not affect the compensation for extra rations, which has been fixed at four annas.

No. 703.—The following proms. and alterations of rank are made, subject to H.M.'s approval:—

Bengal Inf.—Major (brevet lieut. col.) J. P. P. T. Hawkey, (from cadre of the late 74th N.I.), to be lieut. col., from March 28, v. Lieut. col. (brevet col.) E. R. Mainwaring, Bengal inf., prom.

Cadre of the late 74th N.I.—Capt. (major in the staff corps) A. G. Nedham, to be major, and Lieut. (capt. in the staff corps) H. R. Osborn, to be capt., from March 28, v. Lieut. col. (brevet col.) E. R. Mainwaring, Bengal inf., prom.

Bengal Cav.—Major C. H. Nicholls, from cadre of late 1st Eur. L.C., to be lieut. col., from April 9, v. Lieut. col. (brevet col.) A. Tucker, C.B., Bengal cav., prom.

Cadre of the late 1st Eur. L.C.—Capt. (major in the staff corps) H. Forbes, to be major, and Lieut. R. G. Birch, to be capt., from April 9, v. Lieut. col. (brevet col.) A. Tucker, C.B., Bengal cav.

Cadre of the late 44th N.I.—Lieut. F. K. Hawkins, staff corps, to be capt., from July 1, v. Capt. A. P. S. Moncrieff (major in the staff corps) dec.

Alterations of Rank.

Bengal Infantry.—Lieut. col. E. T. Dalton, staff corps, from March 12, 1865, v. Lieut. col. J. E. Landres, Bengal inf., prom.

Cadre of the late 3rd Eur. Regt.—Major (brev. lieut. col.) E. Thomas, and Capt. (brev. maj.) S. D. White, from March 12, 1865, v. Lieut. col. J. E. Landers, Bengal inf., prom.

Bengal Inf.—Lieut. col. F. W. Baugh, from March 12, 1865, v. Lieut. col. E. T. Dalton, staff corps, removed.

Cadre of the late 26th Regt. N.I.—Major J. M. Cripps, staff corps, and Capt. J. P. Turton, staff corps, from March 12, 1865, v. Lieut. col. E. T. Dalton, staff corps, removed.

No. 704.—With reference to G.G.O. No. 165 of March 2, 1863, the names of the undermentioned officers who retired from the service under the Annuity Scheme of 1861, are removed from the list of regimental lieut. colonels of infantry:—

Lieut. col. (Maj. gen., retired list) W. C. Campbell, died June 21, 1861.

Lieut. col. (Maj. gen., retired list) W. J. B. Knyvett, died Feb. 2, 1863.

Lieut. col. (Maj. gen., retired list) H. Vetch, died June 11, 1865.

July 19.—No. 705.—The underment. officer, having completed 26 years' service, 8 years of which were on permanent staff employ, to be lieut. col. from the date specified opposite to his name, under the Royal Warrant of Jan. 16, 1861, subject to H.M.'s approval:—

Bengal Staff Corps.—Major H. M. Wilson, July 6.

No. 707.—The underment. officer is permitted to proceed to Europe, on leave of absence, on m.c.:—

Capt. R. Topham, of the Bengal staff corps, comdnt., 16th Bengal cav., for 15 mo.

HORSE ALLOWANCE.

July 20.—No. 708.—Under the authority of the Right Hon. the Sec. of State for India, H.E. the Gov. gen. in Council is pleased to notify that horse allowance will be passed to officers of British inf. regts. below the rank of substantive field officers,

when such officers may be acting for field officers of the same corps, absent on general leave or under circumstances that do not involve a double payment of the allowance.

This order is to have effect from Aug. 1.

EXCHANGES.

No. 709.—The following letter from the Right Hon. the Sec. of State for India, is published for general information:—

Military.—No. 190.

India Office, London, June 8.

To H.E. the Right Hon. the Gov. gen. of India in Council.

Sir,—Having submitting to the Field-Marshal Commanding-in-Chief the papers accompanying your letter dated March 6 last, No. 109, regarding a proposed exchange between Capt. and Brevet major H. Gough, v.c., 19th hussars, and Capt. K. J. W. Coghill, of the Bengal staff corps, I have been informed in reply that his Royal Highness will submit the appointment of the latter officer to the 19th hussars, for the approval of her Majesty.

2. The appointment of Brevet major Gough to the Bengal staff corps may therefore be carried out by your Government.

3. The claim of Capt. Coghill to pension will now, in accordance with the rule laid down for such cases, be entirely under War-office regulations.

4. The claim to pension of Capt. Gough will be under the rule laid down in the 9th clause of the Staff Corps Warrant, as applicable to British officers joining the staff corps.

5. The exchange between Capts. Coghill and Gough will also cause a vacancy in the cadres to which they respectively belong.—I have, &c.

(Signed)

C. Wood.

Under the above authority, and with reference to G.G.O. No. 665, dated July 5, Brevet major Gough is admitted to the Bengal staff corps.

PAY OF ASSISTANT SURGEONS.

No. 710.—The following letter from the Right Hon. the Secretary of State for India is published for general information:—

Military.—No. 195.

India Office, London, June 8, 1865.

To H.E. the Right Hon. the Gov. Gen. of India in Council.

Sir,—My despatch of May 16, 1864, No. 152, which gave to the assistant surgeons of the Indian forces of six years' service and above the rank of captain, also granted them the pay and Indian allowances of that grade.

The exceptional circumstances under which, in my despatch No. 285 of July 6, 1861, I authorised a continuance of the practice under which assistant surgeons of the Indian service, coming home on account of their health, receive an allowance of Rs. 1,200 on account of their passage, have now ceased.

This regulation will accordingly be abolished from June 15, 1864—the date of the receipt in India of my despatch No. 152 of May 16, 1864—and assistant surgeons of the Indian forces of six years' service and above will no longer be entitled to passage allowance on quitting India on sick certificate.

This decision will be communicated by your Government to those of Madras and Bombay, by the former of whom the question has been raised, whether the passage money issued to Asst. surgeon Eveyard of that establishment, on his proceeding to Europe on medical certificate in October, 1864, should be recovered from him.

In regard to this inquiry, I am of opinion that, in the few cases in which passage money has been granted, refund from the officers need not be required.—I have, &c.,

(Signed)

C. Wood.

No. 713.—The Rt. Hon. the Gov. gen. in Council is pleased to permit H.E. Lieut. gen. Sir R. Napier, K.C.B., to resign his appt. of honorary col. of the corps of Calcutta volunteer rifles, with effect from June 10.

July 20.—No. 276.—Lieut. G. H. Trevor, of the Madras staff corps, is confirmed in the appt. of inspector of schools in the eastern circle of the Central Provs., from June 25, 1862.

July 24.—No. 363.—The Gov. gen. in Council is pleased to grant Capt. C. L. Pereira, late district superint. of police of the Central Provs., prep. leave for 8 weeks, with retrospective effect from Nov. 15, 1862.

This cancels Notification No. 6,646, dated Nov. 21, 1862.

No. 866.—The Gov. gen. in Council has been pleased to grant to the Rev. W. Simpson. M.A., chaplain of Kussowlie, permission, after Sept. 13 next, to proceed to England on furl. for 2 years, with effect from the date on which he may avail himself of the same.

No. 369.—The Gov. gen. in Council is pleased to attach Messrs. J. M. Pears, T. E. Ellison, F. Venning, D. Bullock, C.S., reported qualified for the public service, to N.W.P., the Punjab, and Oude.

The services of Messrs. Ellison, Venning, and Bullock are placed at the disposal of the foreign dept.

No. 376.—Extension of leave for 6 mo., m.c., has been granted by the Rt. Hon. the Secretary of State to the Rev. E. M. Birch, of the Bengal ecclesiastical establishment.

No. 378.—The Gov. gen. in Council is pleased to permit the Rev. R. Bland, who has completed a service of 20 years and upwards as chaplain on the Bengal ecclesiastical establishment, to retire from the service from 1st Sept., 1865.

No. 379.—The Gov. gen. in Council has been pleased to promote Junior chaplain the Rev. W. W. Phelps to be senior chaplain, from Sept. 1, 1865, v. the Rev. R. Bland.

July 26.—No. 431.—Lieut. gen. Sir R. Napier, K.C.B., has resigned his app. as a member of the Council of the Gov. gen. of India, with effect from March 10 last, the date of his departure from Calcutta.

The Hon. G. N. Taylor will accordingly be held to have assumed permanently the office of an ordinary member of the Gov. gen.'s Council from that date, and Col. the Hon. H. M. Durand, C.B., to have filled the vacancy caused by the resignation of the Hon. H. B. Harington, notified under date April 27.

No. 438.—Asst. surg. D. Kearney, civil surg. of Shwegyeen, British Burmah, was relieved of the medical charge of that station by Apothecary C. Doig, on June 24.

No. 440.—Doctor Bonavia, asst. civil surg., Lucknow, is granted 3 mo. priv. leave, under the rules applicable to military officers in civil employ, from Aug. 13 next.

No. 444.—Lieut. J. W. W. Costley, 23rd royal Welsh fusiliers, offic. asst. supt. of police, British Burmah, is confirmed in that appointment.

Lieut. C. H. A. Gower, R.A., is appointed to offic. as asst. supt. of police, British Burmah, v. Costley. The above appointments to take effect from March 18.

No. 446.—The Gov. gen. in Council is pleased to attach Mr. W. H. Thompson, of the C.S., reported qualified for the public service, to the Bengal div. of the presidency of Fort William.

No. 449.—Dr. F. J. Pettingal, civil asst. surg. of Gonda, is perm. to resign that appt., and his services are replaced at the disposal of the mil. dept.

No. 452.—The Gov. gen. in Council is pleased to appoint Mr. T. H. Knolles, civil engr., to be an hon. mag., and to invest him with the powers of a sub. mag. of the 1st class, to be exercised within the Pergunnahs of Moondee and Poonassa in the Nimar dist. of the Central Provinces.

No. 520.—Capt. M. Procter, dist. supt. of police, Sultanpore, has been granted 1 mo. priv. leave under the rules applicable to military officers in civil employ, from the 25th inst., or from such subsequent date as he may avail himself of the same.

July 27.—No. 1,568.—Leave of absence to visit Bombay, prep. to applying for furl., is granted to Maj. W. G. Cumming, Bheel agent and political asst., Bhopawur, and comdt. of the Malwa Bheel corps, from the 20th prox. to Sept. 9, or to date of departure of the first English mail steamer in that month.

No. 1,565.—Capt. P. W. Bannerman, 2nd asst. to the Gov. gen.'s agent, for Central India, is app. Bheel agent and political asst., Bhopawur agency, and comdt. of the Malwa Bheel corps, v. Maj. G. Cumming, proc. to Eur. on furl.

July 25.—No. 298.—A commission of the peace was issued from the High Court of Judicature in Bengal on the 8th inst., directed to the underment. officers serving in the Mysore commission:—

Capt. A. G. D. Logan.

Capt. C. A. Benson.

Lieut. E. P. Maltby.

Lieut. E. Shaw.

Lieut. C. S. Blair.

July 22.—No. 1,538.—Capt. E. Thompson, dep. comr. and settlement officer of Seetapore, has priv. leave for 3 mo., under the orders of Govt., dated Oct. 13, 1863, from the 24th ult.

Lieut. G. G. Young, asst. settlement officer, will

office as settlement officer during Capt. Thompson's absence.

No. 1,540.—Mr. R. M. King, dep. comr. and settlement officer of Pertabgurb, in Oude, has 3 mo. leave, under section 6 of the new civil service absentee rules, from the 15th inst., or from the subsequent date on which he may avail himself of it.

No. 1,542.—Mr. W. C. Capper, dep. comr. of Lucknow, has 17 days' leave from the 15th inst., or from the date on which he may avail himself of it, to proceed to Calcutta, m.c.

July 24.—No. 1,547.—Capt. C. A. Benson and Lieut. E. Shaw, prob. assts. in Mysore, having passed the examination in Canarese and in the lower standard prescribed for officers in the Mysore commission, are permanently apptd. to be assts. of the 3rd class.

July 27.—No. 1,560.—Mr. J. Lloyd is apptd. to offic. as extra asst. comr. during the absence on leave of Baboo Nobin Kristo Bose.

No. 1,591.—Mr. J. Eede took charge of the office of dep. accountant-gen., N.W.P., on July 22.

July 28.—No. 1,630.—Mr. Beatson, patrol, attached to the Saugor div. of the customs line, to be a patrol of the 1st class, with effect from June 7.

CASH BALANCES.

No. 1,639.—In continuation of notification No. 831, dated the 15th ultimo, the following statement of cash balances, as reported up to this date in the Government Treasuries in India, at the close of the month of May last, contrasted with that of the previous years, is published for general information:—

According to the present limits of the several Governments.	1863. May.	1864. May.	1865. May.
Govt. of India	Co's Rs. 4,05,50,267	Co's Rs. 2,48,13,395	Co's Rs. 1,81,01,205
" Bengal	1,87,02,255	1,56,37,076	1,69,30,170
" Brit. Burmah			32,89,845
" N.W. Provinces (incl. Oude)	8,06,23,021	2,17,70,883	2,11,11,657
" Punjab	1,01,61,781	94,75,575	1,19,71,951
" Bombay	2,96,28,311	2,56,14,423	2,38,47,901
" Central Provs.	49,64,091	40,22,561	42,08,259
" Deccan	37,82,736	31,29,565	32,91,731
" Madras	3,99,63,550	2,95,92,926	2,48,03,024
Total	17,84,08,025	13,44,56,404	13,13,54,415

N.B.—In notification No. 831, dated June 15, the cash balances in the N.W.P., April 30, should have been stated at Rs. 1,86,06,644.

July 26.—No. 270.—Mr. J. H. Wilson, exec. engr., 4th grade, transferred from the Central Provs. to Oude in public works dept. notification No. 194 of May 29, assumed charge of the 2nd Oude road div. on the forenoon of July 8.

July 27.—No. 273.—Mr. G. Thomson, overseer, 1st grade, Mysore, having returned to duty July 4, the unexpired portion of leave granted to him in public works dept. notification No. 230 of the 22nd ult., is canc.

July 21.—No. 716.—H.E. the Gov. gen. in Council is pleased to make the foll. appts:—

PUNJAB IRREGULAR FORCE.

1st Punjab Cavalry.

Capt. E. P. W. Ripley, 2nd squadron officer, to offic. as 2nd in comd. and squadron officer during the period Lieut. C. S. McLean may offic. as comdt.

3rd Punjab Cavalry.

Lieut. W. C. Anderson, 2nd squadron officer, to offic. as 2nd in comd. and squadron officer during the abs. on furl. to Europe of Lieut. Vivian.

5th Punjab Cavalry.

Lieut. G. C. Bird, adjt., to offic. as 2nd in comd. and squadron officer, during the absence on m.c. to Europe of Capt. Millett.

July 24.—No. 718.—The underment. officer is permitted to proceed to Europe, on leave, on m.c.:—

Lieut. J. S. Melville, unattached, for 18 mo., under the new regs.

No. 719.—The underment. officer is permitted to proceed to Europe, on leave, on m.c.:—

Lieut. G. F. M. Phillips, Bengal staff corps, qmr. 8th regt. N.I., for 16 mo.

No. 720.—The foll. order, issued by the Resident at Hyderabad, is confirmed:—

No. 93, dated June 23.—Confirming the station order by the officer commanding at Ellicepore, dated Dec. 17, 1864, directing Asst. surg. G. D. Riddell to relieve Asst. surg. D. C. McAllum, m.d., of the med. charge of No. 1 light field horse batty., Hyderabad contingent, left wing 1st cav. Hyderabad contingent, and details of the station, from the above date.

STAFF CORPS.

No. 721.—It has been ruled by the Right Hon. the Sec. of State for India, that officers apptd. to staff situations between Feb. 19, 1860, and Feb. 18, 1861, and who applied to enter the staff corps before Oct. 1861, shall be perm. to enter the corps from Feb. 18, 1861, and will be entitled to reckon their past staff service towards prom., in accordance with the 85th para. of G.O.G.G. No. 832 of April 10, 1861.

The Govts. of Madras and Bombay will be good enough to make any alterations in the dates of rank or of admission rendered necessary in the staff corps of those Presidencies by the foregoing decisions.

July 25.—No. 722.—The undermen. officer is perm. to proceed to Europe, on leave of absence, on m.c.:—Lieut. H. S. Moules, of the gen. list, inf., for 18 mo., under the new regs.

No. 724.—Maj. O. Wilkinson, stud. dept., is allowed leave for 3 mo. from the 3rd inst., in ext. of priv. leave, to remain at Simla on m.c.

No. 725.—The services of Lieut. E. Faunce, of the Madras staff corps, are tempy. placed at the disposal of the foreign dept.

No. 726.—H.E. the Gov. gen. in Council is pleased to make the foll. appt. in the Calcutta volunteer rifle corps:—

Lieut. H. H. Stansfeld, late 6th Eur. regt., to be adjt., in room of lieut. (brev. capt.) Fosbery, proceeded to Europe on m.c.

July 27.—No. 728.—Asst. surg. T. B. Farncombe, Bengal medical estab., late in charge of 11th regt. N.I., and wing of 5th Bengal cav., has leave to Europe, m.c., for 20 mo., under new regs.

No. 729.—The following promotions by brevet are made, under the operation of G.G.O. No. 632 of Aug. 4, 1864, subject to her Majesty's approval:—

Late 71st N.I.—Major H. Dinning to be lieut. col., from July 10, 1865.

Bengal Staff Corps.—Capt. G. L. Fraser to be major, from July 4, 1865.

No. 730.—The following promotions are made, subject to her Majesty's approval:—

Cadre late 2nd Eur. Bengal Fus.—Lieut. T. Cadell, v.c., staff corps, to be capt. from May 16 last, v. Capt. K. J. W. Coghill, staff corps, exchanged to 19th hussars.

Cadre of the late 29th Regt. N.I.—Capt. (brev. lieut. col.) C. S. J. Terrot to be major, and Lieut. H. St. G. Tucker to be capt. from July 6, v. Major (brev. lieut. col.) M. B. Whish, dec.

Cadre of the late 4th European Regt.—Lieut. O. I. Chalmers, staff corps, to be capt. from July 9, v. Capt. W. P. Fisher, staff corps, dec.

No. 731.—Lieut. col. E. D. Watson, commandant, 11th regt. N.I., is permitted to proceed to the Neilgherry Hills, on m.c., and to be absent from Bengal on that account for 4 mo., under the old regs.

No. 732.—The undermentioned officer is permitted to proceed to Europe, on leave of absence, on m.c.:—

Lieut. E. Lightfoot, of the Bengal staff corps, wing officer 44th (Sylhet) regt. N.I., for 18 mo.

No. 733.—The undermentioned officer is admitted to the Bengal staff corps, with effect from the date of its formation, viz., Feb. 18, 1861, subject to the confirmation of the Right Hon. the Secy. of State for India:—

Lieut. (brev. capt.) W. Playfair, late 4th regt. N.I., adjt., 2nd inf., Nagpore irregular force, and late asst. dist. supt. of police at Jhansie.

No. 734.—H.E. the Gov. gen. in Council is pleased to attach Ens. J. B. Hutchinson, of H.M.'s 82nd foot, to the 5th Goorkha regt., Punjab irregular force, to do duty, in order to qualify himself for admission to the staff corps.

July 28.—No. 735.—Capt. W. M. Lees, H.M.'s 23rd foot, offtg. dep. judge advocate gen. to be a dep. judge advocate gen. on the estab., to fill an existing vacancy, with effect from Nov. 1, 1862.

No. 736.—The undermentd. officer is admitted to the Bengal staff corps, with effect from the date specified opposite to his name, subject to the confirmation of the Right Hon. the Secy. of State for India:—

Capt. W. M. Lees, 23rd royal Welch fusiliers, dep. judge advocate gen., Oudh div., Nov. 1, 1852.

No. 737.—Lieut. gen. Sir Robert Napier, k.c.b., late an ordinary member of the Council of the Gov. gen. of India, was perm. to proceed to Eur. on leave of absence on m.c. for 4 mo., under the new regtlns., with effect from March 10.

BY THE LIEUT. GOVERNOR, PUNJAB.

July 8.—No. 987.—The Hon. the Lieut. gov. is pleased to sanction the following transfer of officers, from the dates of their joining the districts to which they hereby stand respectively posted:—

Major C. Smith, dist. superint. of police, from the Goorgaon to the Delhi dist.

Lieut. J. S. Tait, dist. superint. of police, from the Delhi to the Goorgaon dist.

July 10.—No. 988.—Mr. G. Smyth, asst. comr., Sirsa, is vested in the Criminal Dept. with the powers of a sub. mag. of the 1st class, and with the special powers of an asst. in the Civil and Revenue Depts.

July 4.—No. 170.—The Hon. the Lieut. gov. is pleased to accept the resignation of his appt. by Mr. R. McNeelance, asst. superint. engr., Punjab Inland Navigation Dept.

No. 1,360.—The Rev. J. K. Stuart, m.a., chaplain of Lahore, has obtained 1 mo. priv. leave from the date of his availing himself thereof.

July 5.—No. 1,370.—Lieut. H. V. Riddell, of the late 2nd Eur. Bengal Fusiliers, is app. an asst. comr. of the 3rd class in the Punjab, and posted to the Mooltan dist.

No. 1,871.—Punjab Gazette order No. 1,224, dated June 9, transferring Mr. G. E. Wakefield, asst. comr., from Ferozepoor to Mooltan, is canc.

July 10.—No. 1,398.—Lieut. E. G. Hastings, asst. comr., Peshawur, has 1 mo. priv. leave.

No. 174.—Colonel J. L. Vaughan, c.b., comdnt. 5th Punjab inf., has obtained leave from Aug. 1 to Oct. 31, to Murree.

No. 175.—Lieut. A. P. Broome, 5th Goorkha regt., is granted leave from July 19 to 28, in ext. of priv. leave, to remain at Simla.

July 8.—No. 514c.—Mr. J. P. C. Anderson has 1 mo. leave, without pay, and without the period of such leave counting for pension, from June 20, or such date as he may have availed himself of it, under operation of standing order No. 14 of 1864.

BOMBAY.

BY THE GOVERNOR IN COUNCIL.

Bombay Castle, July 20.—No. 395.—Asst. surg. A. N. E. Riddell, Bombay med. estab., is allowed a furl. to Eur. for 18 mo., on m.c.

No. 396.—Lieut. W. Laing, doing duty officer with H.M.'s 13th regt. N.I., is allowed a furl. to Eur. for 20 mo., on m.c.

July 21.—No. 397.—The furl. on m.c., granted to Lieut. col. M. K. Kennedy, R.E., by G.O. No. 389, dated July 17, is under the new furl. regs.

July 24.—No. 398.—Major J. Thacker, staff corps, has been app. controller of municipal accounts, Bombay.

No. 399.—Major H. J. Day is app. to offic. as paymr. of pensioners at the pres.

No. 400.—The services of Capt. R. Cotgrave R.E., have been placed at the disposal of H.E. the C. in C.

July 26.—No. 406.—Maj. J. A. M. Macdonald, staff corps, assumed charge of his appt. as dep. sec. to Govt. in the military, marine, and ecclesiastical depts. July 20 last.

No. 408.—The undermen. officers having completed 20 years' service, 6 of which were on permanent staff employ, to be majors from the date specified, under the Royal Warrant of Jan. 16, 1861, subject to H.M.'s approval:—

Capt. (Brev. maj.) W. Gray, July 19.

Capt. J. Fairbrother, July 19.

No. 409.—The undermen. out-pensioner of Chelsea Hospital having been perm. to reside and draw his stipend in this Presidency, payment of pension is to be made and charged accordingly:—R. O'Mul-lane (late colour serjt., 28th foot), 2s. per diem, from the date on which he shall have ceased to draw regtl. pay.

July 24.—The Hon. the Gov. in Council is pleased to app. Major J. Lester, of the Bombay staff corps, to be comsbr. for the settlement of the boundary disputes between the Baroda and Joonaghur States, in succession to Lieut. col. Rigby.

July 26.—Mr. J. B. Richey, act. 1st asst. coll. and mag. of Poona, is invested with the powers of a mag. in the Poona district.

July 21.—The appointment by the Coroner of Bombay of Mr. E. Chapple as deputy coroner of Bombay has been approved by H.E. the Gov. in Council.

July 24.—Mr. J. R. Naylor, act. 2nd asst. coll. and mag. of Belgaum, is invested with the powers of a mag. in that district.

July 26.—The Hon. M. R. Westropp returned to Bombay on 24th inst. from leave granted him on Jan. 18 last, and on same day resumed his duties as a judge of her Majesty's High Court of Judicature.

July 21.—Mr. W. Walton is app. to take charge of the cotton commissioner's office and establish.

ment during the absence on furlough of Surg. major G. F. Forbes, and to act as superint. of the Dharwar cotton gin factory.

Mr. W. H. A. Wallinger to be asst. conservator of forests, Belgaum and Dharwar, on probation, for 6 mo.

July 24.—Mr. F. R. S. Wyllie, of the Bombay C.S., asst. sec. to the chief comr. Central Provs., is allowed leave of abs. to Europe for 15 mo. on m.c., under Sec. XI. of the New Covenanted Civil Service Furlough and Absentee Rules.

Mr. H. E. Jacob offic. as coll. of Bombay, special income-tax comr., coll. of income-tax for the town and island of Bombay, and president of the income-tax commission, and supt. of stamps and stationery, from July 1 to 15.

Major C. W. Walker, staff corps, is appd. to act as insp. in chief, cotton dept., under Act IX. of 1863, during the abs. of Mr. Bulkley on m.c.

July 25.—Lieut. A. J. Doig, staff corps, to be dep. settlement officer, right bank survey in Scinde.

Mr. J. R. Daniel to be acting 2nd asst. coll. and mag. of Dharwar, from Dec. 21, 1864.

Mr. J. Hope to be acting 2nd asst. coll. and mag. of Kulladghee, from 9th inst.

H.E. the Gov. in Council is pleased to make the following appts. in the settlement dept. in Scinde:—

Mr. W. Turnbull to be supernum. asst. settlement officer, right bank survey.

Mr. W. S. Hexton to be supernum. asst. settlement officer, left bank survey.

July 24.—H.E. the Gov. in Council is pleased to appt. Mr. T. A. Bulkley to offic. as engr. to the municipality of Bombay, under Sec. XIV. of (Bombay) Act II.

Surg. major H. Giraud, surg. of the Jamsetjee Jejeebhoy Hospital, is allowed leave of abs. for 1 mo., to proceed to the Deccan on m.c.

July 22.—The following arrangements will take effect in the public works dept. on the departure to Europe of Lieut. col. M. K. Kennedy, R.E., sec. to Govt. in the public works and railway depts.:—

Col. W. R. Kendall, R.E., to act as sec. to Govt. public works and railway depts., during the abs. of Lieut. col. M. K. Kennedy, R.E.

Capt. A. Davidson, R.E., to act as controller of public works accounts.

The services of Capt. R. Cotgrave, R.E., are placed at disposal of H.E. the C. in C.

Col. W. R. Kendall, R.E., assumed charge of the office of secretary to Government, public works and railway departments, on 22nd inst.

July 21.—The Hon. the Gov. in Council is pleased to make the following appointments in the educational department:—

Professor Hughlings to act as principal of the Elphinstone College.

Professor Oxenham to act as professor of English literature in the Elphinstone College.

Mr. S. Bellairs to act as professor of English literature in the Poona College.

Mr. W. H. Smith to be head master of the High School and principal of the Provincial College at Ahmedabad.

July 20.—The Rev. J. Paton has been app. by her Majesty's Principal Secretary of State for India an asst. chaplain of the Church of Scotland at this Presidency, v. Rev. R. F. Colvin, retired. Date of app., July 11, 1865.

July 22.—Lieut. F. J. Smith, R.E., is app. to act as dep. consulting engineer for railways in Scinde, as a temp. arrangement, during the absence of Major J. Bonus, on leave to Europe for 6 mo.

July 28.—No. 412.—Maj. C. W. Walker, staff corps, has been app. to act as insp. in chief of the cotton frauds dept.

July 31.—No. 413.—The services of Maj. W. Rice, staff corps, has been placed at the disposal of H.E. the C. in C.

August 1.—The leave of absence granted to Lieut. H. N. Reeves, asst. polit. agent in the Mahee Kanta, from the 5th to the 10th July, has been extended to the 18th idem, under para. 39 of the new furl. regs.

Maj. J. Black, polit. agent in the Mahee Kanta, has been allowed priv. leave of absence for 15 days under Section VI. of the New Covenanted Civil Service Absentee Rules.

Mr. J. Gibbs has been confirmed in the appt. of agent for Sirdars in the Deccan.

July 31.—The Hon. G. A. Hobart is confirmed in the appt. of registrar gen. of assurances from the 1st inst., v. Mr. A. T. Crawford.

Mr. J. F. Hore resumed charge of his duties as first judge of the the Court of Small Causes, Bombay, on the 28th inst.

Mr. A. R. Grant is confirmed in the appt. of judge and session judge of Ahmedabad,

Mr. E. P. Down is app. judge and session judge of Khandeish, continuing to act as coll. of Tanna.

Mr. J. Gibbs is confirmed in the appt. of judge and session judge of Poona.

August 1.—Mr. W. H. Newnham held the appt. of sen. asst. judge and session judge of the Concan for the detached station of Rutnagherry, from Jan. 9 to April 28.

August 2.—Mr. G. H. Johns, 3rd asst. coll. and mag. of Kaira, is invested with the powers of a mag. in that dist.

Lieut. C. M. Griffith, asst. supt. of police at Kurrachee, is app. to act as supt. at Hyderabad during Maj. Henderson's absence on other duty.

Lieut. S. Babington, gen. list, is app. to act as asst. supt. of police at Kurrachee until further orders.

Mr. J. R. Daniel, superny. 3rd asst. coll. and mag. of Dharwar, is invested with the powers of a mag. in that dist.

July 29.—Col. R. Taylor to be president of the civil and military examination committee, v. Major J. Thacker.

July 28.—Capt. Thomson, R.E., exec. engr., Khandeish, has priv. leave for 1 mo., from 1st inst.

July 29.—Lieut. J. D. Cruickshank, R.E., asst. engr., is app. to act as exec. engr., Mitrow Canal, during the period that Lieut. Smith, R.E., officiates as deputy consulting engr. for railways in Sind.

Mr. J. Trubshawe is app. consulting architect to Government and an ex-officio member of the Architectural Improvement Committee of Bombay.

Capt. J. A. Fuller, R.E., is app. architectural exec. engr. and surveyor.

Mr. K. Muncharam to be 3rd class exec. engr. and exec. engr. at the Pres.

Aug. 1.—Mr. J. F. Hore resumed charge of his appt. as Government Professor of Law on July 28.

BY THE COMMANDER-IN-CHIEF.

Adj. Gen.'s Office, Head Quarters, Poona, July 20.—No. 731.—The foll. tempy. arrangement is confirmed:—

3rd Regt. Sinde Horse.

Lieut. E. S. Reynolds to offic. as 2nd squadron officer, with effect from April 13, 1865, v. Malden.

No. 732.—Capt. T. P. B. Walsh, cadre 1st Gren. regt. N.I., is attached to 19th regt. N.I. at Baroda.

No. 733.—Returned to duty:—

Capt. W. T. Mills, 25th regt. N.I., June 24.

July 21.—No. 731.—Col. Skinner, judge advocate gen. of the army, having resumed charge of his dept., on return from furl., the commander of the forces begs to offer his best thanks to Lieut. col. Field for the able and diligent manner in which he has conducted the duties of judge advocate gen. of the army, and for the valuable assistance he has rendered him in elucidating all legal questions submitted during his short tenure of command.

No. 735.—The foll. apps. are made:—

Lieut. col. Gell, 10th regt. N.I., to be deputy qrmr. gen. of the army, v. MacDonald.

Lieut. col. Field, 6th regt. N.I., to command the 10th regt. N.I., v. Gell.

Lieut. col. R. Richards is confirmed in the command of the 6th regt. N.I.

No. 738.—Lieut. J. Hibbert, gen. list, is att. to the 13th regt. N.I., at Ahmedabad.

July 22.—No. 740.—The foll. temp. arrangement is confirmed, with effect from July 16:—

13th Regt. N.I.—Capt. J. Galloway to offic. as adjt. until the arrival of Lieut. Payne.

No. 741.—The foll. order is confirmed:—

Dated July 8.—By Major McGregor, comdg. at Kulladghee, app. Capt. Stevenson, att. to 3rd L.C., to be staff officer, v. Lieut. G. B. Leslie, who has been permitted to resign his app.

No. 745.—Leave of absence:—

Lieut. G. R. B. Drummond, qrmr. 26th regt. N.I., gen. list, from date of departure, for 60 days, to Poona and Bombay, for the purpose of studying the native language, and to appear before the civil and military examination committee.

Lieut. col. J. Forbes, C.B., 3rd regt. L.C., from July 18 to Aug. 31, in ext. of priv. leave.

July 25.—No. 746.—The foll. appt. is made:—

19th Regiment N.I.

Capt. C. P. Barras, cadre 29th regt. N.I., to offic. as wing officer, during the absence of Major W. Cragh.

Capt. Barras will proc. to join, under the provisions of G.G.O., No. 388, of July 14 last.

No. 747.—The foll. temporary arrangement is confirmed:—

3rd Regiment N.I.

Capt. J. R. Strutt, staff corps, to offic. as wing officer, with effect from June 12 last, during the absence of Capt. Forbes, on leave on priv. affairs,

No. 748.—With reference to G.O.C., No. 678, dated 6th inst., Capt. Smith is, at his own request, permitted to rejoin his regt.

July 26.—No. 751.—The foll. temporary arrangement is confirmed, with effect from July 21 last:—

21st Regiment N.I.

Capt. G. M. Lyons to offic. as qr. mr., during the absence of Lieut. Fraser.

No. 752.—Leave of absence:—

Capt. D. G. Clery, 1st batt. 4th foot, for 15 mo. from date of embarkation, to England.

Capt. W. Laing, doing duty officer, 13th N.I. (gen. list), for 1 mo. from July 14, to Bombay on m.c., prep. to obtaining a final certificate to Eur.

Lieut. col. J. R. Hawkins, attached to head qrs. 18th brig. R.A. (21st brig. R.A.), from July 17 to Aug. 16, to Ghizree on m.c.

Capt. G. C. Bower, 44th foot, to Aug. 31, in exten., on m.c., to remain at Poona.

Capt. J. Barras, offic. wing officer 27th N.I. (cadre 15th regt. N.I.), from Aug. 1, 1865, to Jan. 31, 1866, to study the native language.

July 27.—No. 753.—The following arrangements are ordered:—

Asst. surg. J. D'Altera, 14th brig. R.A., to proc. and do duty with D baty. 18th brig. R.A., at Nee-much.

Asst. surg. J. J. Pope, 21st brig. R.A., to proc. and do duty with head qrs. 14th brig. R.A. at Ahmedabad.

BIRTHS.

ATHEY—At sea, on board the ship *Prince of Wales*, while on her passage from Singapore to Bombay, June 6, the wife of Capt. James Athey, prematurely, of a son.

BARTON—At Rawul Pindee, July 15, the wife of H. J. Barton, Esq., of a daughter.

BELTS—At Darjeeling, July 21, the wife of Sergt. major John Belts, of a daughter.

BRETT—At Monghyr, July 29, the wife of Mr. A. C. Brett, C.S., of a daughter, who only survived her birth a few hours.

BRUCE—At Simla, July 23, the wife of Capt. Bruce, of a son.

BOYD—At Deesa, July 24, the wife of Capt. Moosom Boyd, of a daughter.

CORBYN—At Bareilly, July 14, the wife of Frederick Corby, Esq., M.D., of a son.

CARDEW—At Lucknow, July 16, the wife of Dr. Cardew, Deputy Inspector general, of a daughter.

CAMPBELL—At Jumalpoore, July 9, Mrs. David Wilkinson Campbell, of a son.

CARTER—At Landour, July 30, the wife of Lieut. T. T. Carter, of a daughter.

DANGERFIELD—At Nagpore, July 23, the wife of Edward Dangerfield, Esq., of a daughter.

DAVIES—At Bombay, July 26, the widow of Lieut. John Quentin Davies, of a daughter.

D'O'LY—At Bhaugulpore, July 28, the wife of W. H. D'O'ly, Esq., C.S., of a son.

DALZELL—At Poona, July 28, the wife of N. A. Dalzell, Esq., of a son.

FRENCH—At Calcutta, July 27, the wife of Mr. T. R. French, of a daughter.

FAWCUS—At the General Hospital, Calcutta, July 23, the wife of Dr. Fawcus, of a daughter.

FARQUHARSON—At Kussowlie, July 20, the wife of C. E. Farquharson, Esq., of a son.

HUGHES—At Peshawar, July 14, the wife of the Rev. T. P. Hughes, C.M.S., of a daughter.

HARRIS—At Budon, July 14, the wife of Dr. W. P. Harris, of a son.

HYKROO—At Baroda, July 25, the wife of Capt. J. S. Hykoop, commanding I.H. the Guicowar's 2nd Regiment N.I., of a son.

JOLLEY—At Upper Colaba, July 22, the wife of Mr. D. Jolley, of a son.

JENKINS—At Simla, July 27, the wife of Major R. Jenkins, of a son and heir.

KNOX—At Jullundhur, July 30, the wife of Lieut. James Knox, of a son.

LONGLEY—At Land's End, Malabar-hill, August 3, the wife of John Longley, Esq., of a daughter.

MITCHELL—At Agra, July 25, the wife of Conductor H. E. Mitchell, of a son.

MACARTHUR—At Morar, July 17, the wife of Assistant Surgeon MacArthur, R.A., of a daughter.

MORSE—At Mhow, July 31, the wife of Captain Morse, of a daughter.

MOIR—At Agra, July 24, the wife of R. Moir, Esq., of a daughter.

NIGHTINGALE—At Bolarum, Nizam's Dominions, July 28, the wife of Major G. Nightingale, of a son.

O'MEARA—At Simla, July 31, the wife of A. O'Meara, Esq., of a daughter.
ORKNEY—On board the ship *Mistress of the Seas*, July 31, Mrs. Alexander Orkney, of a daughter.
ORMSBY—At Benares, July 17, the wife of Captain G. F. Ormsby, Queen's Bays, of a son.
PATERSON—At Cawnpore, July 24, the wife of Dr. H. F. Paterson, of a daughter.
PORTT—At Kurrachee, Scinde, the wife of Staff Veterinary Surgeon Poett, of a daughter.
ROBINSON—At Agra, July 19, the wife of Mr. T. R. Robinson, of a daughter.
ROBINS—At Bandora, July 23, the wife of Frederick Robins, of a daughter.
STEWART—At Dacca, July 20, the wife of S. A. Stewart, Esq., of a son.
STEWART—At Allahabad, July 29, the wife of Captain C. T. Stewart, of a son.
TAYLER—At No. 11, Kyd-street, Calcutta, July 28, the wife of Captain P. Tayler, S. S. *Thunder*, of a daughter.
WILLIAMS—At Simla, July 24, the wife of Captain Williams, of a son.
WILSEY—At Simla, July 19, the wife of Mr. E. Wilsey, of a son.
WARD—At Landour, July 24, the wife of Major G. Ward, late 5th European Light Cavalry, of a son, stillborn.
WILCOX—At Almorah, July 19, the wife of Captain E. R. C. Wilcox, of a daughter.

MARRIAGES.

BARWELL—PRESCOTT—At Christ Church, Mussorie, July 25, William Blunt Barwell, Esq., to Mari-
 anne Ross, eldest daughter of Major General W. Prescott.
BRENNAN—LUCAS—At Calcutta, July 25, James John Brennan, Esq., to Miss Regina Lucas, eldest daughter of the late Stephen Gregory Lucas, Esq., of Calcutta.
COCK—CRIPPS—Charles Richard Cock, Esq., H.M.'s Bengal Army, son of the late Major gen. Cock, H.E.I.C.S., to Caroline, widow of the late Capt. Augustus Cripps, Bengal Staff Corps, at Rondebosch, near Capetown, April 20.
DARTNELL—STEER—At Calcutta, July 27, Brevet major John George Dartnell, to Clara Alice, second daughter of the Hon. C. Steer.
LUMSDAINE—MCLEANE—At Nagpore, July 13, William Lionel Rawson Lumsdaine, Esq., to Annie Amabel, youngest daughter of the late James McLeane, Esq.
METCALFE—O'NEILL—At Christ Church, Morar, July 17, Henry D. Metcalfe, Esq., to Sarah, eldest daughter of D. O'Neill, Esq.
OGBOURNE—DOWLEANS—At St. Paul's Cathedral, Calcutta, July 22, Charles Henry Ogbourne, Esq., to Albertina Mirabelle, third daughter of A. M. Dowleane, Esq., of Calcutta.
ROE—GASKELL—At Kidderpore, July 26, Charles Arthur Roe, Esq., to Elizabeth, eldest daughter of the late Frederick Gaskell, Esq.
SHERMAN—BROADHEAD—At the Old Church, Calcutta, July 25, John Sherman, Esq., to Mary Sophie Broadhead, widow.
WYLLIE—ERSKINE—At Nynsee Tal, July 12, W. A. P. Wyllie, Esq., to Marion Christian, youngest daughter of the late Captain George Keith Erskine.
WILSON—DACOSTA—At Kussowlie, July 20, Mr. Thomas Nesbitt Wilson, of Bankipore, to Miss Cordelia Eliza, eldest daughter of E. DaCosta, Esq., of Calcutta.

DEATHS.

ADAMS—W. H. Adams, Esq., Chief Justice of Hong Kong, at the residence of his son, Capt. Adams, Plas Llyssyn, Carno, Montgomeryshire, Aug. 29.
CROCKETT—O. R. Crockett, Esq., of Shanghai, on board the P. and O. steamer *Emeu*, in Bombay harbour, aged 29, June 11.
DAWSON—At Nellapilly, in the Godavery District, Mr. J. A. Dawson, British Consular Agent at Yanam, July 22.
DAVIS—At Bombay, Lieut. John Quentin Davies, Bombay Staff Corps, Police Superintendent Nas-sick, aged 27, July 23.
GROGAN—At Mazagon, at the residence of William Newell, Esq., Horace John Lionel, infant son of Mr. and Mrs. Henry Grogan, Oorun, Bombay, July 23.
HYKOOP—At Baroda, E. L. Hykoop, the son of Capt. J. S. Hykoop, commanding H. H. the Guicowar's 2nd Regiment N.I., aged 1 year 3 months and 10 days, July 26.

JAMES—At Ahmedabad, Frank A., infant child of Lieut. and Adjutant James, H.M.'s 20th Regt. N.I., July 25.
JORDAN—At Poona, Alexander Henry Jordan, Assistant Superintendent Guzerat Revenue Survey, son of the late T. S. Jordan, Esq., Deputy Collector and Magistrate of Ahmedabad, aged 28, July 25.
KNATCHBULL—At Putla Kowa, July 25, Lieut. E. Knatchbull, late 18th N.I., doing duty 11th regt. N.I.
LEPELLEY—At Tezpor, Upper Assam, July 21, of fever, Carey Le Pelley, Esq.
LINES—At Neeme, Jubbulpore Line, E.I.R., July 19, of convulsions, Eveline Florence, the beloved child of Mr. and Mrs. J. S. Lines, aged 1 year.
McMANNIS—At Saugor, Central India, July 10, Louisa Jane, daughter of Quartermaster sergeant John McMannis, 4th regt. Madras Light Cavalry, aged 2 years 8 months.
McCARTHY—At Convent School, Parell, Miss M. A. McCarthy, aged 12 years and 6 months, July 26.
MANIFOLD—At Morar, Gwalior, on July 21, Richard Fenton, son of Mary Barrow, and Michael Fenton Manifold, Esq., surgeon, 34th Regt., aged 3 years.
ORD—At Malabar hill, Aug. 5, the wife of Augustus W. Ord, Esq., aged 40 years.
POWER—At Fort George, Bombay, July 21, Mary, relict of the late Pay sergeant Patrick Power, Madras Artillery, aged 52 years.
REEVES—At Ahmedabad, on July 28, Henry Oliphant, infant son of Lieut. H. N. Reeves, Bombay Staff Corps.
RITCHIE—At Kirkee, on July 29, Maria Elizabeth, infant daughter of Captain and Mrs. Ritchie.
ROSS—At Calcutta, July 28, on board the ship *Bolingbroke*, No. 2, Esplanade Mooring, Captain Hugh Ross, of cholera, aged 45.
SIZELAND—At Kalbadavie, on July 25, George, the son of Mrs. S. M. Sizeland, aged 14 years.
STUTTAFOED—At Byculla, on July 21, Irving Stuttaford, Esq., Civil Engineer G.I.P. Railway.
SUNKERSETT—The Hon. Juzgonath Sunkersett, an additional member of the Council of the Governor of Bombay, at Bombay, July 31.
SMITH—At Bhojpore Factory, Shahabad, July 6, James W. Smith, Esq., of Lall Sariah Factory, Chumparun, aged 32.
STEER—At Mooteme, July 24, Mrs. Sarah Jane Steer, widow of the late Capt. Sullivan Steer, of the late 56th Regt. N.I., aged 46.
SUTHERLAND—Olivia Emilie, wife of Capt. Stanley L. Sutherland, H.M.'s Bengal Staff Corps, on board the *Marlborough*, off St. Helena, June 30.
VANDER-BECK—At Calcutta, July 30, Frederick Augustus, son of Mr. Joseph Vander-Beck, aged 8 years.
WRAY—On his way to Sukkur, Upper Sind, on board the steamer *Stanley*, May 7, Francis Jackson Wray, Esq., First Class Inspector, Government Telegraph Department, eldest son of Robert Wray, Esq., of Dungannon Co., Tyrone, Ireland, in his 35th year.
YEATS—At Poona, July 25, Alice Mary, the infant daughter of C. Levett Yeats, Esq., Assistant Secretary to Government, Public Works Department.

WAR OFFICE.

CHANGES, PROMOTIONS, &c.,
 IN H.M.'s REGIMENTS SERVING IN INDIA.
 Sept. 1.

83rd Foot—Lieut. gen. E. P. Buckley to be col., v. Gen. Sir F. Stovin, G.C.B., dec.
Royal Artillery—2nd Capt. W. D. Forster to be capt., v. Capt., with local rank of Major, B. C. Hitchens, dec.; Lieut. S. Penny to be 2nd capt., v. Forster; Lieut. E. A. Slessor to be 2nd capt., v. G. W. Holmes, res.
11th Foot—Lieut. J. W. Poole to be capt., without purch., v. O. Davies, dec.; Ens. S. Halahan to be lieut., without purch., v. Poole; Gent. cadet J. W. Andrews, from the Royal Military College, to be ens., without purch., v. Halahan.
23rd Foot—Staff surg. S. M. Webb, M.D., to be surg., v. Surg. major P. S. Laing, appointed to the staff.
33rd Foot—Ens. R. L. Bird to be lieut., without purch., v. C. M. Tubbs, dec.; Gent. cadet E. Nesbitt, from the Royal Military College, to be ens., without purch., v. Bird.
42nd Foot—Staff asst. surg. R. W. Troup, M.B., to be asst. surg., v. A. Hooper, appointed to the staff.

88th Foot—Ens. C. T. W. Penton to be lieut., by purch., v. M. N. Woodard, who ret.; Gent. cadet L. W. Ford, from the Royal Military College, to be ens., by purch., v. Penton.
95th Foot—Gent. cadet J. N. S. Kirkwood, from the Royal Military College, to be ens., without purch., v. J. C. Leckie, dec.

BREVET.

Lieut. col. G. C. Baillie, R.E., having completed the qualifying service in the rank of lieut. col., to be col.

Capt. C. F. Amiel, 80th foot, to have the local rank of major in India.

Paymr., with the honorary rank of Capt., W. Thompson, 96th foot, to have the honorary rank of major.

Lieut. E. S. Tritton, 97th foot, to have the local rank of capt. in India.

INDIA OFFICE, SEPT. 5.

Her Majesty has been pleased to approve of the following admissions to, and promotions in, the Bengal and Madras Staff Corps, made by the Govt. of India, subject to H.M.'s approval:—

BENGAL STAFF CORPS.

To be Captain.

Second Capt. C. J. Mead, of the Royal (Bengal) artillery.

MADRAS STAFF CORPS.

To be Major.

Capt. H. Acton, 2nd N.I.

To be Captains.

Capt. (brev. maj.) F. Mardall, 16th N.I.
 Capt. (brev. maj.) W. C. Phillips, late 44th N.I.
 Capt. E. O. Leggatt, 35th N.I.
 Capt. (brev. maj.) C. H. Coote, late 52nd N.I.
 Capt. O. Morgan, 38th N.I.
 Capt. C. D. Clementson, 14th N.I.
 Capt. (brev. maj.) G. C. Finlay, 12th N.I.
 Capt. M. W. Carr, 9th N.I.

To be Lieutenants.

Lieut. T. Wakefield, 33rd N.I.
 Lieut. A. B. Irving, 13th N.I.
 Lieut. W. Hay, late 44th N.I.
 Lieut. E. F. H. Armstrong, 11th N.I.
 Lieut. A. A. Davidson, 4th N.I.
 Lieut. (brev. capt.) R. T. Snow, 7th N.I.
 Lieut. (brev. capt.) F. Galsden, 5th N.I.
 Lieut. (brev. capt.) R. Griffith, 2nd N.I.
 Lieut. (brev. capt.) J. C. Hay, 16th N.I.
 Lieut. J. C. Gunning, 25th N.I.
 Lieut. H. C. Onslow, 35th N.I.
 Lieut. W. S. Bailey, late 1st fus.
 Lieut. E. Faunce, 27th N.I.
 Lieut. J. Ewing, late 45th N.I.
 Lieut. H. S. Court, late 44th N.I.
 Lieut. W. Robertson, 5th N.I.
 Lieut. G. C. Bird, 35th N.I.
 Lieut. J. P. Warlow, 5th N.I.
 Lieut. H. P. R. F. Crawford, 31th N.I.
 Lieut. C. L. Highmoor, 37th N.I.
 Lieut. T. Higginson, 22nd N.I.
 Lieut. R. D. Thorpe, 27th N.I.
 Lieut. J. W. McDougall, royal (Madras) art.
 Lieut. M. M. Bowie, royal (Madras) art.
 Lieut. C. D. Baynes, 91st foot.
 Lieut. H. G. Puckle, 28th N.I.
 Lieut. J. T. M'Goun, 36th N.I.
 Lieut. L. W. Halsted, 16th N.I.
 Lieut. A. Cook, 32nd N.I.
 Lieut. R. S. Armstrong, 41st N.I.
 Lieut. T. O. Underwood, 22nd N.I.
 Lieut. W. F. Wright, late 44th N.I.
 Lieut. H. W. H. Cox, 5th N.I.
 Lieut. C. J. O. Fitzgerald, 42nd N.I.
 Lieut. J. M. Smith, 12th N.I.
 Lieut. M. A. Rowlandson, 41st N.I.
 Lieut. E. J. Watson, 23rd N.I.
 Lieut. A. W. Ford, 14th N.I.
 Lieut. R. C. Evanson, 3rd N.I.
 Lieut. E. A. Bruce, 37th N.I.
 Lieut. W. O. Ford, 20th N.I.
 Lieut. A. Y. Brooking, 20th N.I.
 Lieut. A. S. Grove, 42nd N.I.
 Lieut. H. S. Stewart, 42nd N.I.
 Lieut. E. W. C. H. Miller, 8th N.I.
 Lieut. E. H. Eyre, 38th N.I.
 Lieut. R. J. M'Ghee, 6th N.I.

PROMOTION.

To be Captain.

Lieut. T. Wakefield.

MEMORANDUM.

The admission of Lieut. C. A. Shortt, of the 66th foot, to the Madras staff corps, as announced in the *London Gazette* of June 2 last, has been cancelled.

To Correspondents.

All letters for insertion in *Allen's Indian Mail* should be accompanied with the real name and address of the writer, "not necessarily for publication, but as a guarantee of good faith."

Communications for the Editor, and Advertisements, should be sent under cover to Messrs. W. H. ALLEN & Co., 13, Waterloo-place, S.W.

. Should any delay or irregularity occur in supplying this Paper, communication of the fact to the Publisher will insure a remedy.

ALLEN'S INDIAN MAIL,

WEDNESDAY, September 6, 1865.

THE "LOAFER" IN INDIA.

ONE of the anticipated consequences of "the free influx of British energy and enterprise to India" has come to pass. The "pioneers of progress" have brought with them their camp following, and the Presidency towns are overrun with "loafers." Even the Mofussil is not free from the visitation, but the ports are thoroughly infested, and Bombay in particular is attacked as by a plague. In the old days of the Company the spectacle of a poor European was unusual indeed. There might be a few drunken sailors in the bazaars, and a drunken soldier might help to make up a disorderly party in the streets. Their proceedings might occasionally, in the comprehensive language of police magistrates, be disgraceful to all parties concerned. But their excesses were within control. They did not even outrage native opinion, which was accustomed to consider sailors and soldiers of a caste apart from the rest of our countrymen, and privileged to anticipate the enjoyments of "Fiddler's-green." But the thorough British blackguard, not only dissipated but destitute, was almost unheard of in the days when the Government would almost deport a man for dropping his *h's*, in order that he might not disgrace the dominant class. We have changed all that indeed in these times; and the difficulty among respectable Europeans is to keep out of the way of their vagrant countrymen. In Bombay the evil has grown to such a height as to cause a panic, and, except in the most frequented places, men are afraid to go about even in broad day. In the papers received by last mail there are several cases of robbery and outrage detailed by actual sufferers. A Mr. Sheridan, for instance, writes to say that while proceeding in his buggy along the Esplanade—rather a public place, by the way—he was met by five European ruffians, who stopped his horse, pulled him out of the vehicle, inflicted upon him several wounds with a bamboo stick, stripped him of everything he had on his person, and left him naked on the spot. From a certain ap-

pearance of exaggeration in the account it was supposed that Mr. Sheridan was a myth, but another writer vouches for his authenticity, and adds an illustration of the nuisance from his own experience. He and some companions were seized in a similar manner, also on the Esplanade, by four European loafers, who were only scared by the noise of approaching wheels. Similar accounts are given by other persons, who, however their fears may lead them to overstate the formidable front of their assailants, establish the existence of a state of things highly dangerous to the community. The addition to these complaints, in nearly every case, is that the police are never to be found when wanted, so that the ruffians usually get clear off, and there is a general cry for special action on the part of authority.

We can understand that it may be difficult to deal with the evil by merely repressive means, though peaceful citizens have an undoubted right to expect proper protection; and it is satisfactory to find, therefore, that the Government are making inquiries with a view, it is hoped, of dealing with the cause as well as the effect. The Commander-in-Chief has called for a return of such persons among this vagrant class as have served in the army; the intention, apparently, being to make them useful again in a similar capacity. There seems, indeed, no reason why the army should not be recruited in India as well as in England, if a class exist for the purpose, and most able-bodied men would be available, whether they had already served or not. For a local European army—which many persons are beginning to look at as inevitable before very long—such material would be particularly adapted; for the "loafing" classes are likely to contain many men who are not desirous to return home, which is evident, indeed, in the case of discharged soldiers, or they would have availed themselves of the opportunity afforded them when leaving the service.

It is to be regretted that not only the vagrant desperate characters among our countrymen bring disgrace upon our name in India, but men and even women in respectable positions cast the reverse of credit upon it. A case in point has just arisen in the Bombay Presidency. An engine-driver in the service of a railway company was served with a writ, which he could not read, as it was in Guzerati, so he resisted its execution, and sadly maltreated the poor bailiff, being assisted in the latter proceeding by a person in female form, who threatened the unfortunate man with a pistol. The incident has given rise to an animated discussion between the *Times of India* and the *Bombay Gazette*, who cannot agree whether the engine-driver was committing a disgraceful act, or was merely doing a free-born British thing in resisting

the emissary of the law; the controversy extending, moreover, to the delicate question whether his ally, to whom we have so guardedly alluded, is to be considered in the light of a lady or a woman, or whether such names as Jezabel, Amazon, virago, &c., are appropriate to her conduct. The merits of the case, in fact, have been made a party question, which is a great pity; for though it would be too much to say that a man should not be arrested in any language in which he has not "passed," still there was some excuse for the person in question resisting under the circumstances, and resistance, with a large class of our countrymen, is very apt to resolve itself into ruffianism. It cannot be expected that uneducated Europeans will be governed in their intercourse with the natives by an enlightened spirit of statesmanship; and the Government would do well to force the two into collision as little as possible. Had the engine-driver alluded to been saluted by a countryman of kindred temperament, bearing an expression of her Majesty's wishes as to the disposal of his person in unmistakable characters on the usual slip of paper, he would have taken it in all probability like a lamb; but a native and an unreadable authority were too much for his bile, so he broke out as we have seen. Mr. Dickens tells us of a schoolmaster who, when the young gentleman objected to be flogged by the butler, said that if he performed the operation himself it would be more satisfactory to all parties. The conclusion was a sagacious one, and its spirit might be acted upon with advantage in all legal relations between natives and Europeans of so delicate a character as the serving of writs.

Returning for a moment to the main object of our remarks, we may notice that a movement is on foot for the relief of some five hundred unemployed sailors in Calcutta, who are, of course, "loafers" of a very awkward character. It is suggested that the owners of the ships that take them out are bound to bring them home again; but we can scarcely fancy that such a responsibility can attach to an engagement with seamen as a matter of course. But even were such the case, the chances are that the men have had their opportunities of returning, and have not embraced them, as in the case of the discharged soldiers already alluded to. It is not unnecessarily, therefore, that benevolence has stepped in to their aid. It is to be hoped that the local authorities will give their serious attention to the "loafer" evil, which is growing a curse to the country. A system of "refuges" on shore, and free passages from time to time, either home or to Australia, or some place where such persons might calculate upon earning their bread, would be something towards dealing with the difficulty.

A GRIEVANCE.

THE Royal Warrant for the amalgamation of the Indian Army with the Line contains the following provision :—

"24. Her Majesty has been graciously pleased to signify her intention to give to every officer of her Indian armies a Royal Commission under the sign manual, conferring rank and command in her Majesty's army in any part of the world. Nominal rolls of all the officers in the armies of the three Presidencies will be immediately transmitted by the several Governments of India to her Majesty's Secretary of State for India, in order to the preparation of the new commissions."

The Warrant is dated the 16th of January, 1861, and the commissions, in due course of the "immediate" arrangements, are now being issued. We can quite understand that the officers might have waited a little longer for these documents without much inconvenience; but if the formality be necessary, it should at least involve no cost to the recipients. We hear, however, to our surprise, that the ordinary fees are being charged, as if the commissions were issued independently, instead of being in substitution for others hitherto held. The amount is not large, of course, but the charge is wrong in principle, and is, we know, the source of some dissatisfaction. It has possibly been made only as a matter of routine, and in the absence of a special order to the contrary, in which case it is to be hoped that the omission will be supplied. Fees are always vexatious, and are never willingly paid, even for high honours. We think it was the late Admiral Napier who steadily refused to pay for his K.C.B.-ship, and never did pay, perhaps, to the last. It is difficult to say what pressure could be put upon a man in such a case, as the charge is not a legal one, and depriving him of the honour altogether would be an extreme step.

EXTRAORDINARY ABANDONMENT OF A SHIP.

The following has been received at Lloyd's relating to the most extraordinary abandonment of the English ship *Sir Ralph Abercrombie*, laden with a cargo valued at £50,000, by her officers and crew, and the vessel being afterwards picked up, and taken safely into the Cape of Good Hope :—

"The ship *Sir Ralph Abercrombie*, of the burden of 703 tons, left Pondicherry on the 24th March last, on a voyage to London, laden with a valuable cargo of cotton, indigo, saltpetre, and hides, and was tight, staunch, and sea-worthy at the time of leaving. The voyage was prosecuted without anything worthy of note occurring till the 18th of May, when in a heavy gale of wind off the Cape of Good Hope the rudder was lost, and the bowsprit sprung at the outer end, but not in a manner to compromise the security of the foremast and foretopmast. The vessel continued tight and seaworthy in all other respects after these accidents. The only thing required to enable her to continue her voyage was a jury rudder; for such a rudder there were sufficient materials on board. The day after the rudder was lost the ship *Feronia* passed near and offered assistance, which was not accepted, under the impression, apparently, that none was required. The *Sir Ralph Abercrombie's* head being to the south-west, the commander was anxious to wear her, lest, as he states, he should get out of the track of vessels. To effect this, various experiments were tried without success. On the 20th, the ship *Martaban* being observed running to the eastward, signals of distress were made on board the *Sir Ralph Abercrombie*,

upon seeing which the *Martaban* shortened sail, and hove to to leeward of her, and Captain Gilbert ordered his officers and men to abandon the ship and go on board the *Martaban*, he himself preceding them for the purpose of explaining his intentions to the commander of the *Martaban*. He was received on board of that vessel without difficulty, and the officers and the remainder of the crew followed in an hour or so, and they were also received on board. The abandonment of the *Sir Ralph Abercrombie* was thus complete, and not a living soul was left on board. It was made by the order and on the sole authority of her commander. He held no consultation with his officers, he asked no one's opinion or advice, but ordered the vessel to be abandoned because he could not succeed in wearing her with her head to the northward. Neither the first nor the second officer made any remark on this extraordinary proceeding, but did as they were told. They all (by the captain's statement) appeared to be glad to get away, and packed up their things and followed him to the *Martaban*. The officers admit that there would have been no great risk in remaining on board their vessel, and this was evidently the opinion of Captain Hepburn, of the *Martaban*, who having remained near the abandoned ship during the night, went on board of her the following morning, and was so well satisfied that she could be taken into port, that he placed his second officer, carpenter, and ten men on board for that purpose. The Mauritius Marine Board, who held an official inquiry into the case, have unanimously concluded that the abandonment of the *Sir Ralph Abercrombie* was altogether unwarranted by the circumstances, and that 'it is their duty to suspend the certificate of Captain Gilbert for two years from the date of this inquiry. And inasmuch as the chief and second officers admit that whilst in their opinion the *Sir Ralph Abercrombie* was seaworthy at the time she was abandoned, with the exception of the loss of the rudder, they neither remonstrated nor protested in any way against the abandonment of the valuable vessel and cargo which were entrusted to their charge, as well as that of the commander, the board further decided unanimously that it was their duty to suspend the certificate of the chief mate for one year, and that of the second mate for six months.' The Board of Trade have confirmed the decision of the Mauritius Court of Inquiry, and a special agent has been despatched to the Cape of Good Hope by Lloyd's Salvage Association to arrange with the salvors, the ship and cargo being insured by the underwriters for £50,000."

MISCELLANEOUS.

SUPPOSED LOSS OF THE P. AND O. STEAMER "COREA."—On the second ult. a communication dated Hong Kong, the 11th July, was received relative to the missing steamer *Corea* (Captain Bird), which it is feared foundered with all on board during a fearful typhoon on the night of the 29th June. She was despatched from the port of Hong Kong on the 29th June, at 6 o'clock in the evening, on the usual east coast voyage to Swatow, Amoy, and Foochow. The storm the steamer encountered and foundered in, burst on the coast with great suddenness, as was gathered from the report of a steamer called the *Oriflamme*, which left Hong Kong only two hours before the *Corea*, and narrowly escaped foundering. The managing directors have received telegrams from Hong Kong up to the 31st July. Nothing further was known of the *Corea*. The following is a list of the officers who were on board: Captain J. W. Bird, commander, Mr. J. M. Gay, chief officer, Mr. J. D. Muir, acting 2nd officer, Mr. Richardson, 3rd officer, Mr. W. Young, 4th officer, Mr. H. Mappleback, head steward, Mr. John Forrest, chief engineer, Mr. R. K. Orr, second engineer, Mr. R. Campbell, fourth engineer, and Mr. A. C. Alford, boiler-maker. Her crew numbered in all 100 hands. The *Corea* was 600 tons register, and 200-horse power.

TROOPS FOR INDIA.—A draft consisting of 1 colour serjeant, 4 serjeants, 1 bugler, and 148 rank and file of the 90th (Perthshire Volunteers) (Light Infantry), in command of Ensign Lawrence, left Chatham last week for Gravesend, and embarked on board the chartered troop ship *Beaumaris Castle*, which has

been taken up by the hon. Council of India for the conveyance of troops to Kurrachee. Besides the above, were troops from other stations—viz., a draft, consisting of Lieut. W. S. Jervis, and Ensigns Rundall and E. A. Free, with 3 serjeants and 50 rank and file of the 101st Royal Bengal Fusiliers, from Walmer, Captain W. Green, Ensigns A. W. Warrand and S. G. Hulse, with 80 men of all ranks, of the 42nd Highlanders, from Aberdeen; and 51 non-commissioned officers and men, 79th Cameron Highlanders, from Aberdeen; and 26 men of the 95th (the Derbyshire), with Lieut. J. Gabbett. There was also 1 man of the 93rd Highlanders, 1 man of the 51st, 1 man of the 21st Hussars, and Captain J. Lane and wife, 82nd Regiment. The medical officer in charge of the troops on board is Assistant Surgeon T. A. Thornhill, M.B., 7th Queen's Own Hussars.

WAR BETWEEN RUSSIA AND BOKHARA.—MOSCOW, August 25.—Advices of considerable interest have been received here from Bokhara. It appears that after the capture of Tashkend by the Russians, when the leader of the Khokanese was killed, the Emir of Bokhara, a relation of the deceased, captured a Russian caravan valued at two millions of silver roubles. The Russian merchants accompanying the caravan were thrown into prison, and a war was declared against Russia. Upon this the Governor of Orenburg ordered all the Bokharians in the government and town of Orenburg to be imprisoned and their goods to be confiscated. Preparations for war with the Bokharians are being made with the greatest expedition and on a most extensive scale.

DEATH OF CHIEF JUSTICE ADAMS.—We have to record the decease, in his fifty-sixth year, of William Henry Adams, Esq., Chief Justice of Hong Kong, and formerly M.P. for Boston, which melancholy event occurred on Tuesday, the 29th ult., at the residence of his son, Captain Adams, Plas Llyssyn, Carno, Montgomeryshire. The deceased gentleman, who was the son of the late Mr. Thomas Adams, of Normancross, Huntingdonshire, was born in 1809, and while still a boy entered a printing-office as a compositor. He employed his leisure hours in reading for the law; for some years he was connected as law reporter with the establishment of the *Morning Herald*, and was called to the bar of the Middle Temple in 1843. He was subsequently an auditor of the poor-law accounts, and successfully contested Boston in 1857, which constituency he represented till 1859, when he received the appointment of Attorney-general of Hong Kong. In the previous year he was appointed to the Recordship of Derby.

THE CALCUTTA AND CHINA MAILS.—(SOUTHAMPTON, Friday.)—The Peninsular and Oriental Company's steamship *Pera* arrived here this evening, with the heavy portion of the above mails, ninety-six passengers, and a general cargo, including 2,810 bales raw silk, value £200,000.

THE BOMBAY MAILS.—The P. and O. Co.'s steamer *Euxine*, Capt. Roskill, with the above mails, arrived at Southampton on Monday, 28th ult. She brought sixty-three passengers, fifteen packages specie, value £4,262, and a general cargo, including 1,992 bales raw silk, value £120,000 sterling.

SHIPPING.

ARRIVALS.

Aug. 30. Italia, Rangoon; Jane Jack Mitchell, Bombay; Florilla, Moulinein; Chapman, Rangoon; Louis Henry, Akyab.—31. Bates Family, Bombay; Compeer, Bombay; Charmer, Akyab; Ocean, Akyab; Britia Ramsdorf, Akyab; Fire Sisters, Penang; Speedy, Rangoon; Britannia, Penang.—Sept. 1. East Lothian, Cochlin; Volo, Singapore.—2. Edw. P. Bouverie, Colombo; Alexandria, Calcutta; Pandora, Madras; Alexandria, Singapore.—5. Milledge, Moulinein.

DEPARTURES.

Aug. 28. Ethel, Madras.—31. Tythonus, Bombay.—Sept. 4. Bonfelli, Calcutta; Pembroke Castle, Calcutta.

DOMESTIC.

BIRTHS.

STUART—The wife of Major-general Sir Charles S. Stuart, K.C.B., Bombay Army, of a son, at Pentre-house, Leighton, near Welshpool, Aug. 28.

MARRIAGES.

BRADSTREET—NURSEY.—Charles R. Bradstreet, Lieut. H.M.'s 18th M.N.I., son of the late Major Bradstreet, Madras Army, to Helen Charlotte, daughter of the Rev. P. Nursey, Rector of Crostwick, near Norwich, Aug. 29.

KENNAWAY—VINCENT.—William Kennaway, jun., Esq., to Lucy G. J., daughter of the late Colonel Henry Vincent, H.M.'s Bombay Army, at Heavertree Church, Exeter, Aug. 22.

CHAMPAIN—CURRIE.—Major John Underwood Champain, R.E., only surviving son of Colonel Agnew Champain, late of H.M.'s 9th foot, to Harriet Sophia, daughter of Sir Frederick Currie, Bart., of Manor-house, Crayford, Kent, at Crayford, by the Rev. F. L. Currie, brother of the bride, and the Rev. H. M. Austin, rector of Crayford, Sept. 2.

DEATHS.

CHEETHAM—John Edward Cheetham, Esq., Deputy Assistant-Superintendent of Stores, only son of the late Lieut. John Cheetham, of the Bengal Army, accidentally drowned at Plymouth, aged 34, Aug. 23.

COOPER—Mary Ann, widow of Bransby Henry Cooper, Esq., Bengal Civil Service, and second daughter of the late Thomas Bruce Swinhoe, Esq., of Calcutta, at Rutland-villa, Lee, aged 41, Aug. 26.

FLETCHER—Frances, relict of the late H. A. Fletcher, Esq., Agent to the Madras Railway Company, at The Vineyards, Bath, Aug. 23.

India Office,

September 2, 1865.

ARRIVALS REPORTED IN ENGLAND.

CIVIL.

Bengal Estab.—Messrs. H. C. Hamilton, W. R. Benson, W. E. Kinsey, F. Henvey, H. Monckton, T. Bray (Uncov.), T. R. M. Bruce (Uncov.), E. V. Vernon (Uncov.).

Madras Estab.—Mr. W. F. Hathaway.

Bombay Estab.—Messrs. R. G. Betham (Uncov.), H. Bulkley (Uncov.).

MILITARY.

Bengal Estab.—Lieut. col. J. C. Houghton, Asst. Apothecary J. N. White, Condr. J. Wilks, Lieut. R. E. Boyle, Condr. J. H. Senior, Capt. G. N. Money, Lieut. A. Vivian.

Madras Estab.—Capt. E. L'Estrange, Major W. N. Pace, Lieut. T. K. Guthrie, Lieut. M. C. Poole.

Bombay Estab.—Lieut. A. T. Mander, Lieut. T. D. Mander, Surg. R. W. James, Lieut. R. M. Lloyd, Major J. Bonus, Major J. Langston.

GRANTED EXTENSION OF LEAVE.

CIVIL.

Bengal Estab.—Messrs. G. G. Morris, 2 mo.; J. M. Lister, 6 mo.; W. C. Benton (Uncov.), 6 mo.; S. Man (Uncov.), 6 mo.

Bombay Estab.—Mr. J. Gregory (Uncov.).

MILITARY.

Bengal Estab.—Capt. J. J. Russell, 6 mo.; Capt. P. G. Cornish, 6 mo.; Major J. A. Steel, 2 mo.

Madras Estab.—Capt. H. M. Nepean, 6 mo.; Lieut. A. J. Arnott, 6 mo.; Asst. surg. F. Day, 6 mo.; Lieut. S. W. B. Sherman, 6 mo.

Bombay Estab.—Capt. P. Hodgson, 6 mo.; Lieut. W. H. J. Stopford, 6 mo.; Lieut. col. C. P. Rigby, 6 mo.; Lieut. H. M. Fullerton, 5 mo.

PERMITTED TO RETURN TO DUTY.

MILITARY.

Bengal Estab.—Major G. E. Holmes, Asst. Condr. E. J. Gilles, Lieut. D. J. Stewart, Major T. C. Merrick, Capt. E. H. Paske, Capt. H. A. W. Waterfield, Lieut. R. E. K. Money, Major W. C. Hamilton, Major H. L. Pester, Surg. major C. L. Cox.

Madras Estab.—Lieut. R. C. Hutchinson, Lieut. F. B. Middleton.

Bombay Estab.—Lieut. W. F. Sandwith, Dep. Asst. Comy. T. Shore, Surg. major F. Broughton, Dep. Inspector gen. P. Hockin, Lieut. R. Hennell, Capt. G. S. Mignon, Lieut. col. J. J. Coombe, Capt. C. T. Haig.

INDIA EXCHANGES.

BANK AND COMMERCIAL BILLS.

	60 days' sight.	30 days' sight.		60 days' sight.	30 days' sight.
Calcutta	1s. 11d.	1s. 11d.	Singapore	4s. 2d.	4s. 3d.
Madras	1s. 11d.	1s. 11d.	Hong Kong	4s. 2d.	4s. 3d.
Bombay	1s. 11d.	1s. 11d.	Shanghai	—	—
Colombo	9 pm.	1 pm.			

STOCKS AND SECURITIES.

Shares.		Paid.	Prices.
£.	India Stock, 1874.....	218	
	India 5 per cent.	105½ to 1	
	India 4 per cent.		
	India 4 per cent. 1888 ..	105½	
	India Enforced Paper 4 pr. ct.	102	
	India 5 p. ct. Enfd. Paper, 1872		
	India Stock, Enfd. Paper, 53	110	
	per cent.	95½	
	India Stock Debentures, 1855		
	India Stock Debentures, 1859	99½	
	" " " 1863	99½	
	" " " 1864	98½	
	" " " 1864 or 1866	3 us.	
	India Debentures, do., £1,000		
	Do. 4 per cent., 1866 ..		
	India 5 per cent. for account...	94½ to 9½	
	India 5 per cent., 1870 ..	99½	
	India 4 per cent. 1888	104½	
	India Loan Scrip 5 per cent	11s. to 16s. pm.	
	India Bonds, 4 p. ct. (£1,000)	20s. to 25s. pm.	
	India Bonds (£1,000) ..	21s. to 17s.	
	Ditto (under £1,000)		

RAILWAYS.

Stock	Bombay, Baroda, and Central India (guar. 5 per cent.)	100	101 to 102
	Ditto F. Shares	6	1 d. to 1½ pm.
20	Calcutta & S. Eastern (Lim.)	100	99 to 101
Stock	Eastern Bengal (gu. 5 p. ct.)	100	101½ to 102½
Stock	East Indian	100	103 to 104
20	Ditto J. Extension	15	1 to 3 pm.
Stock	G. I. Peninsula (gu. 5 p. ct.)	100	103½ to 104½
20	Ditto (New ditto)	14	1 to 3 pm.
20	Ditto, New	4	1 to 2 pm.
Stock	Great S. of India (Lim.) Scrip	100	101 to 102
Stock	Ditto 4½ p. c.	2	
Stock	Madras (guar. 4½ per cent.)	100	89 to 91
Stock	Ditto 5 per cent.	100	101 to 101½
Stock	Ditto (guar. 4½ per cent.)	100	94 to 96
20	5th Extension	2	
Stock	Scinde 5 per cent.	100	100 to 101
Stock	Ditto Indus Steam Flotilla (guar. 5 per cent.)	100	93 to 96 x.d.
Stock	Delhi guar. 5 per cent.	100	100 to 101
Stock	Ditto Delhi gua. 5 p. ct.	all	100½ to 101½
20	Ditto	2	1 to 2 d.
Stock	Punjab (5 per cent.)	100	100½ to 101½

BANKS.

50	Agriand Masterman's (L)...	25	58 to 60
20	Asiatic Banking Corp., new issue, £15 pm., on which £7. 10s. has been paid ..	5	
	Australasian ..	all	75 to 77
40	New ..	all	74 to 76
25	Bank of Egypt ..	all	29 to 30
20	Chart. of Ind., Aus., & China	all	18 to 29
20	Ditto, New ..	all	
25	Chart. Merc. of India, Lond., and China ..	all	49 to 51
	Commercial Bank of India ..	all	27 to 29
25	Hindustan, China, & Japan ..	25	5 to 3 dis.
100	Do. New issue at 2 pm.	25	5 to 3
100	New Issue at 6 pm., of which 1 p. d.	20	6 to 4 dis.
20	Land Mortgage Bank of India	4	4 to 4½ pm.
25	Oriental Bank Corporation ..	all	53 to 55
20	Scinde, Punjab, and Delhi ..	10	3 to 2 dis.

MISCELLANEOUS.

5	Bombay Gas (Lim.) ..	all	5½ to 5½ pm.
5	Second issue ..	4	1 to 1½ pm.
5	Third issue ..	2	1 to 1½ pm.
90	British India Tea ..	14	
10	E. Assam Tea (Lim.) ..	1½	1 to d. par
20	Ceylon ..	7	3 to 3½ pm.
50	Credit Foncier of Mauritius ..	10	3½ to 2½ dis. x.d.
20	Darjeeling (Lim.) ..	5	1 d. par
20	East India Irr. & Can ..	10	4 to 3 dis.
50	E. I. Financial ..	7½	1½ to 3½ dis.
2	Indian Carrying (Lim.) ..	1½	1 d. par
20	Mauritius Land Credit (Lim.) ..	9	1 d. to 1½ pm.
20	Madras Irrig. and Canal ..	15	14 to 4 dis.
20	Do. ..	all	18½ to 19½
10	Mediterran. Ext. Tel. (Lim.) ..	all	34 to 4½
20	Nerudda Coal and Iron ..	5	1½ to 3 dis
20	Do. New ..	2	
10	North Assam Tea (Lim.) ..	1	1 d. to par
20	Oriental Commercial (Lim.) ..	7½	par to 1 pm.
50	Oriental Financial ..	10	8 to 7 dis.
5	Oriental Gas (Lim.) ..	all	5½ to 5½
5	Do. New ..	1	par to 1½ pm.
10	Oriental Inland Steam A. (L)	all	14 to 2½
50	P. and O. Steam Nav. Co. ..	all	75 to 77
50	Ditto New ..	35	17 to 19 pm.
10	Upper Assam Tea (Lim.) ..	3½	3 to 4 pm.
10	Ditto ..	all	17 to 19
10	Nowgong Tea (Lim.) ..	1	1 d. to par

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Agencies and Branches are established at Bombay, Calcutta, Singapore, Ceylon, Hong Kong, Shanghai, and Melbourne. The Corporation grant Drafts, and negotiate Bills of Exchange, payable at the above places, issue Letters of Credit, and conduct every description of banking business connected with the East.

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The Bank negotiates and collects Bills and grants Drafts on its branches and agencies as above. It acts as the agent of parties connected with the East in transmitting funds and in making investments in Indian and other public securities, effecting also the sale thereof, either at home or abroad. It undertakes the safe custody and the receipt of interest or dividends thereon, and receives pay, pensions, and other moneys for remittance through the Bank or otherwise.

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1, BANK-BUILDINGS, LOEBURY, LONDON, E.C.

CAPITAL, FOUR MILLIONS.

Paid and to be called up, £1,000,000.

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The National Bank. | The Alliance Bank (Limited).

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Circular Notes and Letters of Credit, payable throughout Europe, are also issued for the convenience of travellers per Overland route.

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Every other description of banking and agency business in connection with India, China, &c., conducted on the most favourable terms.

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SECOND DISTRIBUTION.

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Royal Horse and Foot Artillery, Royal Engineers. 32nd, 80th, 85th, and 93rd Foot.

The following are the Rolls which have already been advertised, viz.:

8th, 10th, 20th, 23rd, 34th, 38th, 42nd, 53rd, 64th, 75th, 78th, and 84th Foot.

GEORGE HUTT,

Secretary to the Commissioners.

Royal Hospital, Chelsea, August, 1865.

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Lieutenant James Forsyth, in his excellent work, "The Sporting Rifle, &c.," first promulgated the startling theory that Rifles could be so constructed as to lessen the elevation by increasing the charge of powder. This theory, which the Advertiser has proven to be correct, alters the whole position of Rifles in favour of the sportsman. Formerly, with a high trajectory, the bullet would have hit a tiger in a vital part at 100 yards, would pass over his back at 25 or 50 yards. By the new system, as elaborated and perfected in DOUGALL'S LOCKFAST BREECHLOADERS, there is a point-blank range to 150 yards, combined with a velocity and smashing power hitherto unknown. (See Times, 11th October, 1864.) No other Rifle possesses the same advantages.

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LONDON: Printed by RICHARD KINDER, Printer, at his Printing Office, Milford lane, Strand, W.C., in the Parish of St. Clement Dunes; and published by JAMES PEARCE ALLEN, 13, Waterloo-place, S.W., both in the County of Middlesex.—September 6, 1865.

ALLEN'S INDIAN MAIL

AND OFFICIAL GAZETTE

FROM

BRITISH & FOREIGN INDIA, CHINA, & ALL PARTS OF THE EAST.

(WITH THIS PAPER "THE INDIAN NEWS" IS NOW INCORPORATED.)

VOL. XXIII.—No. 686.] LONDON, SATURDAY, SEPTEMBER 16, 1865.

[PRICE 6d.]

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DATES OF ADVICES.

Bengal.....	Aug. 8	Burmah (Rangoon) Aug. 4	
Madras	" 14	Bombay..... " 8	
Agra.....	" 3	Ceylon	" 17
China (Hong Kong)		July 29.	

MAILS TO INDIA.

The Mails to India, China, &c., are made up in London, in each month, as follows:—

On the 3rd, at 6 P.M., via Marseilles and Bombay, to all parts of India.
On the 4th, at 8 A.M., via Southampton, to Calcutta, Madras, Ceylon, and China.
On the 10th, at 6 P.M., via Marseilles, to Calcutta, Madras, Ceylon, and China.
On the 12th, at 8 A.M., via Southampton, to Bombay and N.W. Provinces (also for letters only, to Madras and Lower Provinces of Bengal).
On the 18th, at 6 P.M., via Marseilles and Bombay, to all parts of India.
On the 20th, at 8 A.M., via Southampton, to Calcutta, Madras, Ceylon, and China.
On the 26th, at 6 P.M., via Marseilles, to Calcutta, Madras, Ceylon, and China.
On the 27th, at 8 A.M., via Southampton, to Bombay, and N.W. Provinces (also for letters only, to Madras and Lower Provinces of Bengal).

* When any of the above dates occur on Sunday, the Mails via Southampton are made up on the previous Evening, and those via Marseilles on the following Evening.

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A French line of mail packets now leaves Marseilles on the 19th of every month for Alexandria. Postage for letters and papers to India and China the same as is charged by the English mail via Marseilles. Letters intended to be forwarded by these packets must be specially addressed "By French mail packet from Marseilles."

Books, Parcels, &c., may not exceed 3 lbs. in weight, or be of greater dimensions than 24 inches in length or 12 inches in width or depth.

IN ALL CASES PREPAYMENT IS COMPULSORY.

SUMMARY AND REVIEW.

WE have received our usual files of papers from Calcutta to the 8th of August, Madras to the 14th, and Ceylon to the 17th of that month.

There was very little stirring at the Presidency, where the newspapers were faint for want of nourishment. A railway accident at Cawnpore was really welcomed as a relief, though it is a rather serious affair, several persons having lost their lives. It occurred through the negligence of a native pointsman, who, seeing what he had done, did not wait to make any explanations, but made good his retreat, and has not since been heard of. It appears that the systems of pointsmen in the two divisions of the East India line are widely different. In the Lower division the jemadar system prevails, by which a jemadar or sergeant of pointsmen is responsible for seeing the men properly at their posts, and properly alive to the work they have to perform. In the Upper division the system is more individual, but it does not seem to work well. It would be a very decided improvement on the present state of things if the line could be worked under one uniform system throughout. Strange to say, another accident occurred at Cawnpore in the course of the same day: a native managed to get between the buffers of two carriages he had to couple, and was of course smashed.

There are loud complaints in Calcutta of the arrangements which have exposed our troops to so much sickness in the Bhootan Doorgs. The 11th N.I., which is stationed at Putla Kowah, is said to be a regiment only in name, and it is declared by the *Hurkaru* that its condition ought to arouse as much indignation as the carelessness which led to the "Fatal March from Mhow." The health of the troops at Dalimkote and Buxa is much better—a proof, it is considered, of the mistake made by Government in confining their territorial claims to the deadly plains at the foot of the hills. Meanwhile the Bhootas have by no means been idle. Not content with a civil war and a foreign invasion, they have chosen the present as

a proper opportunity for asserting their independence of Thibet, having subjected the envoy from that power, when he applied for tribute, to the same kind of treatment with which they visited Mr. Eden—concluding their series of insults by turning him out of the country.

Preparations for the new expedition into Bhootan were proceeding vigorously. Everything is said to be arranged except the choice of a commanding officer. The force, of which an account will be found elsewhere, is considered larger than is necessary; but if it be properly taken care of the fault is on the right side.

The Lieutenant-Governor was still away, and was last heard of at Dacca. The proposal to place the management of the port of Calcutta in the hands of a River Trust has not met with his approval. He considers that such a measure would be both impolitic and retrograde; and it appears probable that, if created at all, the functions of the Trust will be confined to the construction and management of the long talked-of wharves and jetties.

The reply of the Government to the presentment of the special jury, representing the utter inefficiency of that institution as a substitute for the grand jury, has also been of an unfavourable character. "It is not such," says the *Englishman*, "as to hold out much hope of a remedy being applied in the absence of a strong pressure from without, and it is marked, even in an unusual degree, by that curtness and insolence which have rendered the administration of the present Viceroy so deservedly unpopular."

The Eastern Bengal Railway Company, we hear from the same authority, have applied to Government to allow salt to be stored, in bond, at Kooshtea. The importance of the concession sought for, both to the interests of the railway company and to the shippers forwarding goods by their line, the railway company say, is daily brought more prominently to their notice. They have also represented that the development of the goods traffic from Kooshtea is very seriously retarded, from the difficulty now experienced in securing return cargoes for boats landing merchandise at that place; and they find that shippers, rather than allow their boats to return empty, as they now most frequently do, prefer sending their goods to Calcutta direct by water, by which they insure return freight. The concession applied for,

if granted, will, in a great measure, obviate this, and not only increase the downward goods traffic, but lead to a much greater increase in the upward traffic, and thereby, the company are of opinion, increase the revenue, without causing a corresponding increase in the working expenses, as the company's up and down goods traffic does not balance, and waggons are run up empty to bring down goods. The railway company attach so much importance to this subject that they are willing to make such arrangements as will prevent loss by pilage, &c., while the salt is in course of transit from the Government godowns to their terminus, and thence to Kooshtea. The company will also, with the sanction of Government, erect at Kooshtea such godowns for storing the salt as will prevent the possibility of loss to the Government.

The abundance of unemployed capital, noticed in the last report, continues to be the most marked feature of the Money Market. On the 3rd of August the Directors of the Bank of Bengal reduced the rates of interest and discount one per cent. all round. The immediate effect was a rise of fully one-half per cent. on all Government Securities. In sterling exchange there had been very little done since last report. As bearing on future financial prospects, it is noticed that the price of opium has taken a start of 200 rupees a chest, the latest quotation being 1,050 rupees, with an upward tendency.

The most important news from Madras is that a telegram had been received from Sir Charles Wood, stating that the adoption of an heir by the Rajah of Mysore would not be recognised by the British Government. The Rajah, it seems, intends to appeal, so we are likely to hear more on the subject.

From Ceylon the most notable fact is a petition to her Majesty from the Ceylon League, praying for such a modification of the Council as shall give its non-official members control over the Government measures of finance.

The mail is a day later than usual from Alexandria, which, we are informed; has been caused by a new coaling arrangement at Malta, to avoid the quarantine. The coaling takes longer, but time is saved in the long run.

The next arrival from India will be the Bombay mail, which may be expected in London on the 23rd of this month.

Casualties by Death in the Armies of India reported since last Publication.

BENGAL.—Lieut. col. W. A. Thomson, Bengal Cavalry, Police Agent at Moorshedabad, at the residence of Mr. E. C. Bayley, C.S., Calcutta, Aug. 3. Maj. R. McMullen, formerly in the Bengal Army, at Boulogne-sur-Mer, Sept. 2. R. Word, Esq., late 25th Regt. Bengal N.I., at New-house, Pinder, Middlesex, Sept. 12. Dr. G. D. Milne, at Hattighur Tea Factory, Upper Assam, July 17.

MADRAS.—Rev. G. W. Mahon, late H.E.I.C.S., Madras Establishment, at the Mount Apsley Guise, Woburn, Beds., aged 75.

Passengers by the present Mail.

Per Str Syria, Sept. 14.—For MARSEILLES.—From CALCUTTA.—Messrs. T. Campbell, Behrends, Dampier, Ridges, Scott, Maj. Williams, Capt. Birch.

Expected at Southampton.

Per Str Ceylon, Sept. 21.—From CALCUTTA.—Mrs Shawe and two children, Mrs. Catford, Mrs. Macrae and two children, Lieut. col. Gossowicz, Mr. and Mrs. Lums, Mr. and Mrs. Wyman, and three children, Mr. Holiday, Mr. McLardy, Lieut. and Mrs. Young and four children, Mr. and Mrs. Bainbridge and two children, Capt. Henley, Lieut. Iredell, Lieut. col. Hastings, Rev. J. C. Herdman, Mr. C. Davey. From ALEXANDRIA.—Capt. Peake, Mr. J. Peacock, Dr. A. White, Rev. F. M. Ellis.

BENGAL.

MORTALITY AMONG THE TROOPS IN BHOOTAN.

We have repeatedly drawn the attention of the Government to the health of the troops in the Terai, and have just as repeatedly shown that it was a huge mistake to hold the fever infested villages of this jungle tract, in order to keep the Bhootas from penetrating into the plains. The Bhootas know the Terai better than we do, and dread it far more, and would not be likely to venture into its recesses during the rains, were there never a red coat in all its length and breadth. We gain absolutely nothing by holding the Terai, except, perhaps, a little more reputation for being singular, and, beyond all human calculation, obstinate and obtuse. We should have retired the troops within the British borders, leaving the old frontier to be defended by the police, or have advanced them so as to have placed our camels on the hills, where the men would have had a chance of keeping their health. But let us see now what we have lost. At Putla Kowa the 11th Regiment is actually prostrated. The men are sick by hundreds, and it has lost nearly all its officers, some having died, some having gone on sick leave, and one having been killed in action. The following will, we think, show that the 11th Regiment N. I. ought at least to be moved to the rear, and that Putla Kowa should be abandoned until the next cold weather.

Officers of the 11th N.I., according to the Quarterly Army List, corrected to Jan. 1st.

Lieutenant colonel E. D. Watson, sick; gone to the Neilgherries.

Major W. T. Garstin, dead.

Captain F. J. Ripley, sick; gone to Mussoorie.

Lieutenant C. M. Bushby, sick with fever, but with the regiment.

Lieutenant C. G. Millett, killed in action.

Lieutenant H. E. Becher, sick with fever, but still with the regiment.

Lieutenant E. Knatchbull, dead.

Lieutenant J. E. Kennedy, dead.

Lieutenant F. A. Crohan, sick, on leave.

Lieutenant A. J. Stead, sick, on leave.

Surgeon major H. B. Hinton, sick leave to Australia.

To the above we must add the following from the Quarterly Army List, corrected up to 1st July:—

Major R. C. Whiting, at Sabathoo, under orders to join.

Lieutenant T. R. Taylor, dead.

Assistant surgeon F. F. Farncombe, in charge.

In addition to the above, the following officers have been ordered off to join the regiment:—Major Baily, Captain Dyas, Lieutenant Hennessy.

If joking were permitted on such a subject, we might remark on the folly of the six-officers-per-regiment idea of the India Office, as exemplified in this case. The matter is, however, too serious. This regiment has not for many months been called upon to do more than hold a miserable village, or hamlet, in the midst of a jungle, and yet the casualties in its ranks have been such as in action would have served to mark a defence desperate enough to have turned the current of victory. To keep the regiment where it is is simply to destroy it, and to convert an error into something worse. There has been enough of error and mismanagement, and reckless contempt for the teachings of experience in this miserable Bhootan business, without the Government being guilty of the hideous folly of consigning some of our best and bravest native regiments—the 11th, when formerly the 70th, was the only regiment that volunteered for service in China—to certain death, in the midst of jungles from which Bhootas and Bengalis alike fly in terror during the rains. If we cannot leave the few wretched creatures who inhabit Putla Kowa behind, let them accompany the troops on their retreat towards health.

What effect is this mortality in the troops stationed in the Dooras likely to have on the regiments ordered to Bhootan, and what effect upon the recruiting for the Native Army? If the Government do its duty it will either give up the Terai, or annex enough of Bhootan to save the army from losses affecting its morale, far more keenly than a dozen sanguinary defeats.—*Hurkaru.*

THE LAST OF CIVILIAN FINANCIERS.

Sir John Lawrence, we fear, has lost the best chance he will ever have of a peerage. The same services which led to his selection as Viceroy of the Empire he had done so much to save ought to have been sufficient to send him back to India as a peer. Her Majesty's advisers, unwisely we think for the empire, postponed that honour till his return after a successful administration and the accumulation of a fortune wherewith to found a family. But the time is past when great wars, such as those which changed the Earl of Mornington into the Marquis Wellesley, and the Earl of Moira into the Marquis of Hastings, are possible in India. Now-a-days there are only little wars like that in Bhootan, and they seem to cover their authors and managers with disgrace. Still less is there room for the splendid annexation of provinces, such as made the Earl of Dalhousie a Marquis of the United Kingdom. There remain for a civilian Governor-General only such opportunities as converted Mr. Shore, his solitary civilian predecessor since Lord Cornwallis, into Lord Teignmouth. The official papers on the Trevelyan Budget lead us to the certain conclusion that, had Sir John Lawrence acted on his prerogative as we have more than once hinted, and rejected the counsel and the Budget alike of the colleagues who outvoted him, His Excellency would have been sure of his peerage. Instead of this the Viceroy, who is in theory, and to some extent in fact, absolute dictator over the largest dependency on earth, was content with these words:—"If my honourable colleagues will neither aid me in the necessary measures for continuing the income-tax, nor will consent to any partial substitution of other taxes, I have no course but to give way; but I hereby place on record my protest against this policy." That John Lawrence, the saviour of India, the trusted Lieutenant of Dalhousie, the firm, rocky, obstinate Cromwellian man, should write such a sentence, when his colleagues were Bengal civilians like Sir C. Trevelyan, and Messrs. Harington and Grey, is a marvel to us. Can the dread of responsibility work such a change in such a character? Is a seat for a short time in the Indian Council, as a subordinate of Sir C. Wood and the colleague of the oldest and most backward of Old Indians, so mentally demoralising?

The minute of which this weak confession forms the concluding sentence, is one of the ablest state papers ever signed by a Governor-general. Like his impromptu speech in the Legislature, it is clear, full of common sense, shrewd, and unanswerable. It seems inferior to the best of the minutes of James Wilson on financial subjects, only because it uses simple phrases instead of sonorous scientific terms. Sir C. Trevelyan, it will be remembered, made his financial statement on Saturday, 1st April, the morning after Mr. Massey landed. Forty-eight hours before, as we stated at the time, or on Thursday, March 30, Sir John Lawrence wrote his protest. We believe we are correct in stating that the day before that, on Wednesday, at the ordinary meeting of the Executive Council, it was agreed to retain the income-tax. The accounts then showed a heavy deficit, and so little was even Sir C. Trevelyan inclined to raise the question of abolishing it, that he had caused the appointment of Messrs. Grote, Muir, Anderson, G. N. Taylor, and Cust, as a committee to report on the best mode of renewing the assessments. That is, on Wednes-

day there is a serious deficit and the income-tax is to be continued; on Thursday the deficit not only disappears but the income-tax is abolished, and there is a surplus even without any new taxation. This was effected, as we showed at the time, by juggling with the English loan of £1,200,000, and reducing the normal expenditure on public works. Sir John Lawrence might well express disbelief in a Budget which in twenty-four hours was converted from deficit to surplus by the abolition of more than a million of taxation. He might well refuse to be responsible for the government of the country, with such a broken reed to lean on, when its author was far away. We admire him when he says—"It has been my earnest desire, ever since the income-tax was established, that I might see the day when it could be fairly given up; and of course the circumstance that it would conduce to the credit of my administration, if it be now allowed to lapse, has not diminished this wish." But after a self-denial from which his vain adviser, Sir C. Trevelyan, might well have learned a lesson, he neither refused to pass the Budget, nor to postpone it till Mr. Massey had studied the question, or Sir C. Wood had been consulted. In a weak moment he was satisfied with a protest and a compromise. Sir C. Trevelyan offered him both an increase of the salt-tax, and the vetoed export duties. "*I myself*," says the swelling financial member, "suggested taxes, half of them being the export duties which have actually been imposed, and the other half an additional duty of two annas a maund on salt." Sir John Lawrence spared the poor, and, like David, when he was offered a choice of punishments, accepted that which to the inexperienced mind seemed likely to do the least harm. His conduct in the Legislature was only less noble than his self-denial in the matter of the income-tax, for when he had suffered himself to be outvoted by Sir C. Trevelyan and Messrs. Harington and Grey, he had no alternative but to defend the wretched bantling fathered upon him by the weakest financial trio that ever led an administration into disgrace. If he had only put them aside!

The deed was done, and on 3rd April, the Monday after the Budget, like the remorseful debauchee, Sir C. Trevelyan tried to justify his conduct in a minute which ends by declaring that, dangerously low as the cash balances were, "according to the arrangements that have been made they will be sufficient with proper management." The selfish egotism of this old civilian is fortunately without a parallel in public life. Ten days after that, when the author of all the mischief had left India for ever, his supporters, Messrs. Harington and Grey, proceeded to vindicate their conduct. None of them foresaw the storm that was brewing. The unanimous vote of public opinion, the deputation of the Chamber of Commerce did not open their eyes till all the anticipations of the public here were more than realised by a telegram announcing that the loan, the export duties, and practically the whole Budget therefore had been disallowed. It is slaying the slain to meet the fallacies of the Harington and Grey minute about the income-tax. Even had the pledge as to its abolition been as absolute as these advisers supposed, no Government can bind its successors on a question of income and expenditure, and Government is only the representative of the public, or the public dealing with itself. But the pledge was conditional. All the passages quoted from the speeches of Messrs. Wilson and Laing show this. In answer to the cry against the tax at the second reading of the Bill, Mr. Wilson said, "The limit of the Bill in its duration is five years, and in its amount of tax 2 and 4 per cent., and, as far as human foresight can predict, the Government feels assured that these limits will not be extended." Again, Mr. Laing said, "It is, of course, impossible to give any absolute

pledge as to what may occur three years hence. Necessity knows no law, and unforeseen events may upset all calculations." And even when urging the importance of keeping this conditional promise, Mr. Laing distinctly refused to "pledge the Government as to what may or may not be possible three years hence." If the pledge were absolute Government ought to have kept to Mr. Wilson's Act, which it violated by reducing the amount of the tax. It struck off no less than two-thirds of all the tax-payers, and refrained from levying the licence-tax—surely sufficient evidence of an intention to redeem the pledge, when the conditions seemed likely to be fulfilled. But the fallacy running through the minutes of Sir C. Trevelyan and his supporters is this—the question is not as to the abolition of the income-tax, but as to the substitution of another and heavier tax for it. Can human silliness go a greater length than this?—"if new exigencies arise, we shall find it easier to meet them, either by the reimposition of the income-tax, or in some other way." The natives will call this swindling, and justly. So far from having kept what *doctrinaires* call "faith" with them, we try to throw dust in their eyes. This is civilian policy all over. We keep a promise to the ear and we break it to the sense. This is exactly the course of the East India Company in reference to Christianity. The honest John Lawrence, like every other honourable Englishman, would rather boldly say to the tax-payers—"we cannot go on without the income-tax; if it is removed a heavier will be imposed; we will take it off as soon as we can."

Sir Charles Wood's reproof to the Government of India is much calmer and graver than we should have expected from so flippant a Secretary of State. It could not well be otherwise, for the chief offender has left India, and the Viceroy protested against his policy. As to the future, the announcement we made some weeks ago is confirmed. If necessary, as it certainly will be, there will be a new direct taxation next April; and the deficit, estimated by Sir C. Wood at £665,690, will be met by a reduction in the expenditure on the new transport service, and a diminution of the drafts on India. As we read again Sir John Lawrence's noble minute we feel angry that he failed, from a want of the very virtue which he was supposed to possess in extreme, to win his peerage. And we are sure that all who peruse the weakest financial papers we have read since Mr. C. H. Lushington bade farewell to a public which failed to appreciate him, will come to the conclusion that, for a long time, if not for ever, we have seen the last of civilian financiers. The conversion of the five per cents., the export duties, and the abolition of the income-tax only to reimpose it, are surely sufficient for one decade. In succeeding such financiers Mr. Massey is as fortunate as Mr. Wilson was.—*Friend of India.*

MISCELLANEOUS.

THINGS WRONG AT LUCKNOW.—A letter in the *Bombay Gazette* says:—"Lieutenant Case, an assistant commissioner of some two or three years standing, has just been dismissed from the commission by order of the Governor General. His offence consisted in his having signed a certificate for a full month's pay, when he was only entitled to pay for a few days, as officer in charge of the Treasury at Fyzabad. It was quite a thoughtless thing on his part, having been led into the error by his clerk. However, his case is a warning for others. Another officer, Mr. St. Clare Williams, and extra assistant commissioner, is in some difficulties, owing to his having bought land and made advances to the zamindars in his district. I should have thought his explanation of the matter quite satisfactory, but the Chief Commissioner thought otherwise, and has recommended his removal from the

commission, which in his case, being an uncovenanted, means dismissal from the service. A third officer, also an extra assistant commissioner, is also in some difficulties, owing to his wife having been engaged with her mother in some improper transactions in connection with the case of the police inspector Devine, who has been committed to the High Court for trial. A fourth officer, a district superintendent of police, is also said to be mixed up in some money matters, which are likely to cost him his appointment. Besides the knaves, we have two or three arrant fools in the commission, who are likely to be sent to their whereabouts, if no more favourable report than the last in this year made by the Chief Commissioner in their character and qualifications."

CURIOSITIES OF CIVILIAN LIFE.—The *Mosses* has a capital article on the office hours of civilians. I have a vivid recollection of how civilians a few years ago employed themselves during office-hours in Calcutta. When there was a rage for chess, the Hon. Mr. Bethune frequented the secretariat offices to play games with the secretaries. Mr. Halliday always had a pile of French novels at his elbow. How Mr. H. Torrens employed himself may be guessed from his employing writers in copying music for him, and charging for the time so occupied in the contingent bill. Mr. C. Tucker, when confined to his house for weeks by the Government, got a Mr. Hawkins to sign his papers for him; and when he could no longer carry out that plan, took a month's leave on private affairs, to avoid the deduction of pay he would have incurred by taking sick leave. Mr. Dampier, Superintendent of Police, would leave behind him with his *chère amie* envelopes directed to himself and franked by himself. Sir W. H. Macnaghten's works on Hindoo and Mahomedan law were the prints of office-hours. Mr. P. Taylor used to be so punctual in attending the Sudder Court at two o'clock as to excite Mr. Fly Catcher Smith to write a minute on the subject; but his attendance was of so little use that all the translations he made of the five-time Act had to be retranslated. Mr. Abercrombie Dick, when Judge of that Court, never attended before two o'clock, except when obliged to attend earlier. I do not think there is much of this official immorality now amongst public officers, but there is still a great deal of laxity in attending office at proper hours, and in the performance of their duties whilst there. I, however, know of a judge who reached his office at five in the evening, and on the strength of that minute's attendance drew his pay for the day. The next day, and for several days following, he was unable to attend from the effects of fatigue, but his salary ran on regularly enough.—*Correspondent of Bombay Gazette.*

MOVEMENT AMONG THE TALOOKDARS.—A Lucknow correspondent of the *Bombay Gazette* says:—"The talookdars are assembling at Lucknow from all parts of Oude. There are to be all sorts of meetings, and all sorts of propositions are to be laid before them. The chief among them is, I believe, the settlement of the question regarding certain mortgaged and other villages, which some of the talookdars have improperly had included in their sunnuds. With regard to the mortgaged villages so appropriated, the talookdars have been advised not to plead the sunnud in bar to the application for redemption made by the mortgagors; and with regard to those which they otherwise usurped, it has been suggested to them that they should satisfy the former proprietors of such villages by giving them under-proprietory rights in order that these cases—about 800 in number—may not come to the notice of his Excellency the Viceroy." I am not in a position to say what will be the course generally adopted by the talookdars, but they have the assurance of the secretary of their association that, if they do not do as they have been bidden by himself and the Chief

Commissioner, the Governor-General, who is represented as 'much dissatisfied with the talookdaree settlement,' will, if he finds the sunnud advanced as a pretext for non-interference, 'annul that settlement, and cancel all the sunnuds.' This talookdaree settlement is about as pretty a kettle of fish as was ever known. I have been trying these last six years to get at all the facts relating to it; but confess that the development of one fact stranger than another still continues to surprise me daily. I pity Sir John Lawrence and others whom duty compels to make themselves acquainted with the system in all its mysterious and mystifying ramifications: my candid belief is that, under Mr. Wingfield's chief commissionership, their ignorance on the subject will never be enlightened more than it is now. It is, however, now quite settled that Mr. Wingfield retires in January next."

THE NEW FORCE FOR BHOOTAN.—The force (two columns) ordered to be got in readiness for the contemplated advance into Bhootan proper next cold season will consist of two batteries of Artillery, two companies of Sappers and Miners, two wings British Infantry, six regiments of Native Infantry, two Coolie corps of 500 men each. Each battery, regiment, and detachment will have its baggage carried by mules, or yaboos, which may either be purchased by the commanding officer of the corps or detachment, or furnished by the commissariat. These mules or yaboos and their drivers will be completely under the control and orders of the commanding officer of the corps to which they may be attached, and he will be responsible for them in all respects, on the same way as the commanding officer of a cavalry regiment is for the horses of that regiment. One driver will be allowed to each two mules or yaboos, and as it is advisable that the drivers should be organised, arrangements will be made for drilling those belonging to each corps before the starting of the columns. The force will move without tents, but an hospital paul will be allowed for every 200 combatants, and each soldier will carry an extra blanket. No elephants will accompany the force; but each man will carry two days' dry provisions and sixty rounds of ammunition; 140 spare rounds per man being carried by the mules. Live stock will be driven with the force. The number of followers to accompany the column will be strictly limited. One servant will be allowed to every officer, and only two syces for all the mounted officers of each corps. The followers to each European or Native corps, including cooks, bheestees, &c., &c., &c., must not exceed 7 per cent. of the strength of the corps.—*Hurkaru*.

SERVICE GOSSIP.—The following is from the *Bombay Gazette*:—"Simla Reading-rooms, July 20.—The Punjab (Assistant-commissioner staff especially) officials seem to enjoy a chronic state of grumbling. They are craving for promotion. Now, we have not heard a word of grumbling from Oulh at the sudden introduction of Mr. Davies into that province. That appointment was an immediate step to the whole Punjab; but the removal on that score was not looked upon as a seniority benefit. Mr. Cust's appointment may be considered a permanent removal, so was Mr. R. Egerton's; whence, then, these howls about promotion? The Punjab is liable to periodic reliefs, a measure necessary to give officers a chance of the pay and emoluments they would succeed to as a matter of course in another province. Hence an immense Punjabee immigration into Oulh, of which Colonel Abbett, Messrs. G. Couper, Forbes, Denison, Martin, and numerous others can be mentioned. So far from Sir John Lawrence being charged with Punjabeeism, the Punjabees might have complained of the introduction of outsiders such as Messrs. Roberts and Cust, N.W.P. officers. We could enumerate twenty more. But while the old cuckoo cry of Punjabeeism goes the round, can anybody point to a bad

appointment, and really is there anything which has been given away that a N.W.P. man of rank would accept? Colonel Lawrence is a valuable man to have in Nepal, if only as a brother of the Viceroy; and at this moment, with troubles in Bhootan, the intimacy of communication cannot be otherwise than very deterrent to the Knight of the Bath in those regions. No one would exchange Simla on Rs. 1,700 a month with the Viceroy for his brother, for the officiating allowances of comfortless and solitary Catmandoo; yet no outsider was brought into the Simla paradise. Sir John wouldn't hear of Sir Bartle Frere's resigning, and I believe is the author of Brigadier Hodgson to the command at Ceylon. An old ally of the Punjab Sir Bartle, doubtless, when Chief Commissioner in Scinde, though oftentimes opposed in policy; and an old friend Hodgson, too, also one of the most 'superb' soldiers and athletes that ever 'funked' the borderers of the Punjab with his travels. Depend upon it Hodgson will have a great command in India. He is too close to sit in 'beautiful Lanka' and be idle. He should be major-general commanding at Peshawar as soon as the present eminent officer's time is up."

OVERLAND POSTAGE.—The *Englishman* says:—"With irrepressible indignation do we regard the atrocious proposal, which we find has been mooted in Parliament, of increasing the postage on our Overland letters by some sixty per cent., on the plea of recouping the Post Office for the expense which may be incurred by despatching four extra mails per annum. Even Sir Peter Teazle thought it unreasonable that his pretty wife should require him to pay for happening to be a good humour, and with much the same feeling may the public ask if its good nature must always thus be imposed upon by the men in office. May not Indian society indulge the amiable weakness of bestowing its tediousness on friends at home, in more frequent and more regular epistolary communications, without submitting to the enhancement of an already exorbitant tax? The cold-blooded proposal to add sixpence to the tenpence we have now to pay for a letter *via* Marseilles, came, we admit, with peculiar fitness from that particularly obnoxious specimen of the tapeworm genus, Mr. Frederick Peel; but when he makes light of the grievance which he proposes to impose, and professes to believe that the additional burthen will be cheerfully borne by all concerned, we feel ourselves warranted in assuring him that all concerned never contemplated the possibility of so gross an attempt at imposition. The object in view was not to have more frequent communication with England, though, to some slight extent, this would be an effect of the measure, which, *pro tanto*, would afford an additional recommendation; but it was to secure precision and certainty in the despatch of the mails, which the present absurd arrangements render impossible."

RAILWAY ACCIDENT AT CAWNPORE.—A fearful accident is reported to us as having occurred on the East India line on Tuesday night in the neighbourhood of Cawnpore. A passenger down train from Delhi came, as we are informed, into collision with the Calcutta up train, also containing passengers, with such violence that the engines of both trains and nine carriages were totally destroyed. The drivers of the trains both escaped, it appears, with slight injuries, but no less than two Europeans and ten natives are reported to us as having been killed upon the spot, a great number of minor casualties being inflicted on the remaining passengers.

CENTRAL PROVINCES.—We find that a road cess of one per cent. on the gross rental, or two per cent. on the Government Jumma is to be levied on the revision of the settlement which is now in progress in the Central Provinces.

BARBAROUS PRACTICES OF HILL TRIBES.—The *Hurkaru* says:—"We are glad to learn that the people in the Cossyah and Jynteah Hills are gradually beginning to think as other people do, and have accordingly abandoned some of their barbarous practices. Their partiality for monkeys and jackals, however, has proved too strong for the influences which the excellent Deputy Commissioner of that district, Major Bivar, has up to this time brought to bear upon them; and their worship of those interesting and sagacious animals is accordingly as earnest and profound as ever. But it is satisfactory to observe that the Government has succeeded by an application of the *argumentum ad hominem* in putting a stop to the atrocious practice, once so prevalent, of sacrificing human beings at the shrine of the Jynteah Kalee. The Rajah of that ilk possesses a sister it appears, who, like other mortals, experiences a very natural gratification in the indulgence of her amiable weaknesses, but it unfortunately happens that some of these are to European eyes of a strongly sanguinary character, and unpleasantly conducive to the sudden and violent extinction of her fellow creatures lives. She took it into her head not long ago to present one of these said fellow creatures as a savoury offering to the Jynteah Kalee, and incontinently roasted him for the purpose; in consequence of which her ill-starred brother woke one fine morning and found himself minus his territories. The hint thus summarily administered has been taken by the other dusky chiefs of those "green hills," and so the practice has, as young Bengal would say, "fallen into desuetude." The Commissioner of Assam has been instructed to proceed to the district and report on the required reforms there."

SMALL CAUSE COURTS IN BENGAL.—The twenty-seven Small Cause Courts established in the Bengal Division have realized a sum in stamps, during the year 1864-65, amounting to Rs. 1,87,542; and the fees realized in the Courts of the Small Cause Court Judges sitting as Principal Sudder Amcens are Rs. 1,86,255. The expenditure of the year on account of the Judges' salary, and their establishments, is Rs. 3,02,866. This leaves a saving of Rs. 70,931 to Government. But if the receipt of the fees of the Small Cause Court Judges alone be compared with their establishment costs, &c., there is a deficiency of Rs. 1,26,830. The Small Cause Courts of the suburbs of Calcutta and Jenidah, in Jessore, after having paid the Judges' salary, &c., have left a surplus of Rs. 8,910. This shows that the establishment of Small Cause Courts in the Bengal Presidency has not worked well.

NEW POLICE IN THE GARROW HILLS.—The *Englishman* says:—"The Lieutenant-governor has approved and sanctioned the arrangements proposed by Capthin Morton, deputy commissioner of Gawalparah, for the introduction of a rough system of police into the Garrow hills. These arrangements embrace the creation of the new office of police zimmaradar, with a limited civil and criminal jurisdiction, to be held by Garrow chiefs. The lushkars of small contiguous villages are to be invited to appoint one of their number for the purpose. These zimmaradars will be remunerated on a moderate fixed scale for the performance of their police functions; and the total expenditure it is thus proposed to incur is Rs. 1,405 per annum. Each zimmaradar is to be furnished with an *amulnamah*, engrossed upon gilt-edged paper, and an emblazoned baton of office; and they will be invested by the deputy commissioner in person, accompanied by a small detachment as escort. The Garrow chiefs will be invited to attend the ceremony, and feasted at the expense of Government. It has also been determined to invest the Garrow zimmaradars with the same powers to try trivial offences as are exercised by the Jynteah dolloyes."

LIEUT.-COL. W. A. A. THOMSON, who had been long ailing, and who had obtained leave of absence to Europe, died, we regret to say, at the residence of Mr. E. C. Bayley, C.S., Calcutta, on the 3rd of August. Col. Thomson was a brave and distinguished cavalry officer, and was commandant of the Body Guard to Lord Canning. He succeeded Col. Colin Mackenzie as agent to the Governor-General at Moorshedabad early in 1862. He was buried at the Cemetery in the Circular Road with military honours. His remains were followed to their last resting place by a very large circle of friends, to whom his singularly winning manners in private life had endeared him.

FROM THE REPORT ON THE TRADE, DURING THE LAST COLD SEASON, WITH SIKKIM, THIBET, BHOTAN, AND NEPAL, we gather the following information:—Commodious sheds have been erected by the Municipality of Lebong for the accommodation of the foreign trader. The imports of last year—consisting principally of horses, mules, yaks' tails, blankets, and light cloths—considerably exceeded those of previous years, and the accommodation provided afforded great satisfaction. The local demand, however, is very trifling, and the difficulties of transport from Darjeeling, downwards, to the plains of Bengal are so great that there is little encouragement to capitalists to purchase. A large quantity of goods, consequently, remained last year at Darjeeling unsold, while some were sold at a sacrifice. The only remedy for this is improvement of the means of communication with Bengal, and the mode in which this can be brought about most effectually is by the extension of the railway to the banks of the Teesta. This accomplished, Darjeeling would become the centre of a large and increasing traffic, and to the articles at present imported would probably be added fine wool from Thibet, rice, fruit, and copper from Sikkim, and cattle from Nepal. In exchange for these there is a considerable demand for English cloths, printed calicoes, metal wares, tobacco, and sugar. Last season coarse sugar and tobacco to the value of Rs. 15,000 were purchased by the traders of the above-named States.

MILITARY ITEMS.—The Secretary of State has ruled that unattached officers of the Indian service must serve five years as ensign before they can be promoted to the rank of lieutenant, and that a further period of service of seven years must elapse before the rank of captain can be obtained. Distinguished service in the field will, however, give promotion at once. It is added that general officers and others who may have to submit the claims of unattached officers for promotion will be careful to recommend none but officers who have performed approved ordinary service for the periods specified.—Sir W. Mansfield has directed that the 1st, 2nd, and 3rd batteries 17th Brigade Royal Artillery, now in the Madras Presidency, be held in readiness to proceed to England in the course of the next few months.—We hear that Fyzabad, in Oude, has been abandoned as a military station.—Since the late affair at Dewangari, several men of the 43rd N.I., now stationed at Pultakoh, in the Bhootan Doars, have been discharged.—We have excellent reasons for believing that there is no intention, at least at present, of altering the system of organisation of the army. On the other hand, it is very probable that in a short time an order will be issued allowing an extra doing duty officer to each regiment. Our readers will now see the *arriere pensee* which dictated the recent instructions to commanding officers to recommend junior officers to study and pass the prescribed lists as speedily as possible. Agreeably to instructions received from headquarters, Major-gen. Showers has made over the command of the garrison of Fort William, and of the outposts at Allipore and Dum-Dum, to Colonel Herbert, C.B., commanding H.M.'s

54th Foot. While thus employed, or until the arrival of Brigadier Errington, Colonel Herbert vacates the command of his regiment, which now devolves upon Captain F. G. C. Probart. Colonel Herbert's acting appointment is to have effect from the 1st inst. We regret to hear that Brigadier Errington is obliged to go to the hills on account of ill-health, and will not be able to take up his duties as Brigadier of Fort William until November next.

PRIVILEGES OF CHAPLAINS.—A reference was some time ago made to Government as to whether a chaplain can enlist and attest soldiers in her Majesty's army, or in the India army, and whether it is necessary that such chaplain be appointed as Justice of the Peace, or magistrate for the purpose. The Government has observed that under the 52nd Section of the Military Act he has been authorised to do so, and that there is no necessity for his being appointed as Justice of the Peace, or magistrate.

DISORDERS AT ULWAR.—The *Delhi Gazette* reported a week or two since that a serious riot had happened in the Ulwar territory, in which the Rajah did not figure very pleasantly. We hear now that the case has completely changed colour. Instead of a raid by the followers of the chief, it is stated to have been a rebellion on the part of the ryots. It is also said that the rajah is about to take measures to punish his refractory servants. The Government would do well to see that this is not an excuse for an extra amount of extortion and cruelty on the part of the rajah's followers.—*Hurkaru*.

A BANK AGENT CHARGED WITH CRIMINAL MISAPPROPRIATION.—A remarkable and painful case has been before the Police Court during the week, ending in the committal of the defendant, Mr. Fraser, the Agent of the Indian Peninsular, London and China Bank, upon a charge of criminal misappropriation of the funds of the Bank, to the extent of a lakh and a half of rupees.

MR. BUCKLE, C.S.—Mr. Buckle, one of the Bengal Judicial officers recently removed by Mr. Beadon, has been appointed to the political office in Moorshedabad. The appointment has been gazetted. The *Englishman* says:—The salary of this appointment is, we believe, Rs. 3,000 a month which will quite console Mr. Buckle for the loss of his Judgeship. For several years past, this appointment has been held by a military man, so that this occasions the loss of a good sinecure to the military.

STOPPAGE OF WORKS IN BHOTAN.—We learn from Bhootan that the want of labour and materials have put a stop to the rapid progress of the building work. The newly-raised Cooly Corps consist of useless discharged sepoys, who refuse to work as coolies; and the zemindars fill their own pockets out of the materials supplied by the ryots.

GRANTS-IN-AID.—Grant-in-aid regulations for the Punjab have been sanctioned by the Government of India, and are published at length in the *Delhi Gazette* supplement of July 27.

THE KHOONS and other hill tribes in the interior of Orissa are manifesting considerable excitement, and some disturbances have taken place. The attention of the Commissioner of Cuttack has been drawn to the matter.

SHIPPING.

ARRIVALS.

July 28, Feroze, Burnes, Suvar.—31. Moulmein, Gray, Akyah and Chitragong; Harmonie, Teal, Pondicherry.—Aug. 1. White Rose, Machie, Melbourne.—2. Reiver, Bolton, Hong Kong and Straits; Sydney Daeres, Deguid, Madras.—3. Thunder, Taylor, Hong Kong; Balhousie, Mercury, Pondicherry, and Edward.—4. Ephraim, Day, Bombay; Rangoon, Tompkins, Moulmein, Rangoon, and Akyah; H. W. Hesel-deu, —.

PASSENGERS ARRIVED.

Per str. Thunder.—FROM SINGAPORE.—J. Arathoon, Esq., C. A. Thomas, Esq., Mr. Buckridge. From PENANG.—Mr. and Mrs. Anthony and Master Anthony.

DEPARTURES.

July 28, C. A. Littlefield, Nichols, New York.—29. Astracan, Keimitt, London.—30. Far East, Jones, Mauritius; Koona, Baldwin, Bombay and Madras Coast; Saladin, Rankin, London.—31. Pride of England, Taylor, Liverpool; Simla, Byler, London.—Aug. 1. Severn, King, London; Yarra Yarra, Dunham, New York; Lupuse, India, Rangoon and Moulmein.—2. Burmah, Irvine, Akyah, Rangoon, and Moulmein; T. A. Gibb, Midee, Bombay; Clytic, Whiting, London; Mary Fry, Fry, Hull.—3. Punjab, Day, Bombay; Menam, Gouvain, Galle; St. Vincent, Morison, Clyde; Pondicherry, Desonuais, Havre.—8. Mail str. Bengal, Suvar.

PASSENGERS DEPARTED.

Per str. Bengal.—For ALEXANDRIA.—Dr. and Mrs. Mantell. For MARSEILLES.—Rev. J. C. Herdman, Lieut. col. Hastings, R.A., Mr. F. F. Campbell, Mr. Ridges, Mr. Scott, Mr. Dampier. For SOUTHAMPTON.—Mrs. Shaw and two children, Mrs. Catell, Mrs. Monreiff and two children, Lieut. col. Gompertz, Mr. and Mrs. Inman, Mr. and Mrs. Wyman and two children, Mr. Haliday, Lieut. and Mrs. Young and family.

COMMERCIAL.

Calcutta, Aug. 8, 1865.

GOVERNMENT SECURITIES.

Rate of Interest.	Stock.	Selling Price
1 per Cent., Sa.	Sa. Rs.	90 Rs. 90 0 to 90 5
Do. Transfer Stock	Sa. Rs.	91 ... 90 10 to 91 0
4 per Cent.	Co.'s Rs.	91 ... 10 0 to 10 6
5 per Cent. P.W.	Co.'s Rs.	101 ... 101 4 to 101 10
5½ per Cent.	Co.'s Rs.	111 ... 111 0 to 111 8
5 per cent., 56-57	Co.'s Rs.	104 ... 104 0 to 104 8

EXCHANGE.

	On London.	Per Rupee.
Local Bank Bills	at 6 months' sight ...	2 0 3-16 to 5-16
First Class Credit	at 6 months' sight ...	2 0 5-16 to 1/2
Bills with Docts.	at 6 months' sight ...	2 0 1/2 to 1/2
Bank Post Bills	at 1 months' sight ...	2 0 1/2 to 2 0 1/2

JOINT STOCK SHARES.

	Stock.	Paid-up.	Quoted at
	Rs. each.	Rs. each.	Rs.
Agra and Masterman's Bank	500	1150	to 1160
Alliance Tea Company	85	...	...
Assam Tea Company	200	...	600 to 610
Balasun Tea Company	100	...	90 to 92
Bank of Bengal	4000	...	1762 to 1768 1/2
Ditto Interest bearing	4000	...	...
Beechbloom Coal Company	1000	...	500 to 510
Ditto	200	...	Nom. to 175
Bengal Coal Company	1000	...	1200 to 1220
Bengal Printing Company	100	...	...
Bengal River Company	1000	...	560 to 565
Ditto	500	...	300 to 305
Bengal Tea Company	100	...	122 to 125
Ditto new paid-up	100	...	...
Bengal Oil Company	250	...	par Nominal
Bengal Credit Mobilier (Lim.)	100	...	112 to 110
Bishnauth Tea Company	200	...	230
Ditto, contributory	10	...	6 to 7 pm.
Bonded Warehouse Association	445	...	630 to 635
Borokai Tea Company (Limited)	25	...	par
British India Tea	80	...	8 to 5 dis.
Brunton's Press Company (Limited) ..	50	...	5 to 8 pm.
Burdwan Stone Company	100	...	75 to 80
Cachar and Assam Tea Company ..	200	...	168 to 170
Ditto (Contributory)	115	...	30 to 28 dis.
Cachar Tea Company	600	...	600 to 605
Ditto	500	...	par to 5 pm.
Calcutta Docking Company	700	...	1300 to 1325
Calcutta Steam Tug Association	600	...	530 to 535
Calcutta and South Eastern Railway ..	52	...	...
Central Assam Tea Company	100	...	56 to 98
Central Cachar Tea Company	200	...	220 to 225
Ditto, new shares	200	...	260 to 262
Chatlawhar Tea Company	25	...	...
Commercial Transport Association ..	100	...	nom.
Delira Doon Tea Company	100	...	85 to 86
Delhi Bank Corporation	500	...	675 to 700
Dooterial Tea Company (Limited) ..	100	...	90 to 92
Durrung Tea Company	65	...	5 to 4 dis.
E. B. Indigo Company	100	...	...
East India Coal Company	100	...	18 to 20
East India Railway Company	218	...	217 to 218
East India Tea Company	100	...	118 to 120
Ditto, contributory	60	...	16 to 18 pm.
Eastern Bengal Tea Company	50	...	35 to 65
Eastern Cachar Tea Company	190	...	105 to 107
Ditto, contributory	65	...	3 to 5 pm.
Eastern Bengal Railway Company ..	218	...	216
Eastern Steam Tug Company	1000	...	1050 to 1060
Eastman and Company	250	...	...
Equitable Coal Company	500	...	200 to 205
Ganges Steam Navigation Company ..	500	...	Nominal
Great Eastern Hotel Company	250	...	255 to 258
Gola Ghant Tea Company	250	...	255 to 257 1/2
Ditto new shares	250	...	262 1/2
Goosery Cotton Mills	85	...	28 to 25 di
Hindustan, China, and Japan Bank ..	250	...	...
Hoozhly Steam Tug Company	1000	...	1000 to 1020
Hoozhly Lighter Association	80	...	...
Hope Town Tea Association	100	...	77
Hope Town Equitable Tea Company ..	100	...	105
Howrah Docking Company	535	...	545 to 556
Hunter and Company	250	...	...
India General Steam Navigation Co. ..	1000	...	850 to 875
Jorehaut Tea Company	206	...	...
Kunchanpore Tea Company	1000	...	1110
Ditto, contributory	125	...	8 to 10 pm.
Kurseong and Darjeeling Tea Co. ..	250	...	240
Ditto, contributory	125	...	10 to 8 dis.
Landing Shipping	100	...	...
Lebong and Muehlon Tea Company ..	65	...	...
Locty Cotton Screw Company	25	...	...
Lower Assam Tea Company	85	...	...
Luckimpore Tea Company	155	...	...
Mouacherra Tea Company	60	...	10 to 8
Moran Tea Company (Limited)	70	...	13 to 14 pm

Meluck Tea Company	50	...
Meluck Tea Company	100	108 to 110
Ditto, contributory	70	8 to 5 pm.
N. S. Bank of India (Limited)	250	257½
N. S. Fort Gloster Company	600	...
North-West Indigo Company	100	70 to 71
North-West Serowang Company	50	nom.
Orangeton Tea Company	41	14 to 15
Port of Calliope Land Company	100	1325 to 1350
Punjab Bank	100	129
Punjab Trading	75	...
Punjab Tea Company	100	...
Ditto	37	...
Ranghaur Tea Company	100	par
Ditto	65	par
Royal Bank of India	500	Nominal.
R. Scott Thomson and Company	200	465 to 470
Serowang Company (Limited)	500	195
Sea Salt Company	80	...
Seebaugor Tea Company	100	82
Sindia Bank	500	650 to 655
Sindia Club and N. W. Wine Company	90	...
Somn Tea Company	100	105 to 108
Sourisore Tea Company	1000	1500 to 1510
Ditto	750	450 to 450 pm.
South Cachar Tea Company	100	70 to 72
Spence's Hotel Company	250	225
Strand Pressing Company (Limited)	62½	par to 2 pm.
Sulhet and Cachar Tea Company	200	160 to 170
Tehoor Indigo	200	175 to 180
Tuckar Tea Company	200	190 to 192
Ditto, contributory	70	...
Union Steam Tug Company	250	6 to 4 dis.
Upper Assam Tea Company	100	170 to 172
Victoria Tea Company	250	230
Ditto, contributory	190	220 to 225

FREIGHTS.

	To London.	To Liverpool.
Saltpetre	£0 0 0 to 0 0 0	Nominal.
Sugar	0 0 0 to 0 0 0	2 Nominal.
Rice	0 0 0 to 0 0 0	Nominal.
Seeds	2 0 0 to 2 10 0	2 0 0
Jute	2 0 0 to 2 5 0	1 15 0
Cotton	2 7 6 to 0 0 0	2 5 0

MADRAS.

THE FORTNIGHT.

[From the *Overland Athenæum and Daily News*.]

Our Legislative Council met on the 5th, 9th and 12th instant, and transacted useful business. The Act for establishing new Municipalities in Mofussil towns, for purposes of conservancy, and to raise funds to pay in part the expenses of their police, has been passed. At the suggestion of the Select Committee on the Bill, Government servants have most properly been subjected to the tax on trades, professions, and callings. A similar Bill for Madras has likewise been proposed. A petition from certain inhabitants of the Presidency has been presented to Council, praying that the citizens may be represented at the Municipal Board by some of their members, in addition to the paid members; and it has been resolved to nominate three honorary members to serve on the commission.

The Summer Criminal Sessions of the High Court commenced on the 1st inst., with a calendar not numerically heavy, but containing some grave cases, especially one in which a British planter in Coorg stood charged with murder, culpable homicide not amounting to murder, and causing grievous hurt. He was convicted on the third count of the indictment, but his counsel having moved in arrest of judgment, on the ground that the High Court here had no jurisdiction in the matter, Coorg being subject to the Supreme Government, and the case proving to be so, the prisoner was discharged, but immediately again arrested, in order that he may be re-transported to Coorg, and thence to Calcutta, to undergo a new trial in that city. Whether he will gain by this move seems very doubtful. It is high time that the law was altered, so as to bring adjacent provinces now outlying within the jurisdiction of the Madras tribunal. The heavy cost, and the great inconvenience to all parties concerned, arising from the present state of things, are very serious matters.

The annual general meeting of the proprietors of the Bank of Madras was held on the 7th inst., when the directors' report for the year ending 30th of June last was read, and proved eminently satisfactory to the shareholders present, as it will be to all who were not. The affairs of the institution were ad-

mirably managed during a most critical period, and the board and their officers richly merited the commendation of their judicious and zealous labours, which was pronounced by the meeting. The dividend declared for the year was at the rate of 12 per cent. The profitable working of the Bank's branch establishments is especially noteworthy.

A representation was lately made by the local Government to the Supreme on the subject of the reduction of the Madras Budget for the current year by the sum of seven lakhs and odd, which would, it was pointed out, be seriously prejudicial, but the natural reply has been that other parts of India were similarly affected, and that no relief could be given.

Mr. Robinson, the Inspector-General of Mofussil Police for this Presidency, has submitted his annual report of the operations of his force, which Government have published, and we are glad to say that it is of a very gratifying description, and does infinite credit to that body.

An extraordinary increase of our railway traffic receipts, especially those of the Cuddapah line, has, we are glad to say, just taken place. Sir Charles Wood's unaccountable refusal to sanction the construction of a railway connecting Pondicherry with the British lines has, we rejoice to perceive, not daunted the committee at the French capital, who are about to address him direct on the subject.

We learn that considerable anxiety was felt in Bangalore last Tuesday night in consequence of the delay in the arrival of the night train. The delay was caused by a slight accident to the engine at Jolarpett, where the train was detained for about two hours. The detention was a very fortunate one, for had the train been on its course to Colar a very disastrous tragedy might have ensued. A correspondent of the *Bangalore Herald* gives the following description of the breach at Colar:—"At a short distance from the latter station a small tank near to the line had burst during the night, and swept away a portion of the line, say about 200 yards, to which place had we come during the darkness it is fearful to think what might have been the result. We were detained at the last-mentioned place about four or five hours until a train from Bangalore which had been telegraphed for arrived, with which came the Bangalore station-master, who had the Bangalore passengers transferred from the train in which they came into the one in which we had arrived from Madras. Coolies were employed on both sides carrying the passengers' luggage, which was done as quickly as might be expected. We arrived at half-past two o'clock P.M., instead of 7 A.M."

We hear from a prospectus put forward by the Bangalore Hotel Company that they propose to commence operations forthwith on the premises recently occupied by his Excellency Sir William Denison. Accommodation will be at once provided for four families and ten single persons, and it is contemplated (as we understand the prospectus) to make such additions and improvements in the present building as will provide that great desideratum for the Madras public—another first-class hotel at Bangalore. Messrs. James, Rose, and Edwards form the provisional committee, and their local experience will doubtless contribute much to the successful carrying out of the enterprise. The capital amounts to a lac of rupees, divided into 1,000 shares of Rs. 100 each.

THE RAJAH OF MYSORE.—It is confidently said that the Rajah of Mysore has received a telegraphic intimation from Sir Charles Wood that his adoption of an heir to his Musnud will not be recognised. Our readers are aware that we looked for nothing less. The question was decided against his Highness beforehand, but the game is not yet hopelessly up, if he retains his courage and goes the right way to work to bring his claims before Parliament

next year. He has nothing to hope from the present Ministry, unless that august assembly can be so persuaded of their validity as to induce them to take the matter seriously in hand. If this can be effected, he need not quite despair of success, as he is reported to be inclined to do, though the turn which the elections at home have taken in favour of Ministerial candidates is certainly unfavourable to his cause. He would have had a better chance with the late House of Commons, had he earlier adopted the decided measure he did the other day, when the impression made on the public mind by Major Evans Bell's powerfully written work was still fresh. All will depend now on his choice of agents. He should place himself in the hands of competent European advisers, of known character, ability, and influence, sufficient to ensure the bringing forward of his case at home in the best manner of which it will admit.

THE MADRAS ARMY NOT TO BE IRREGULAR. —A letter from the Central Provinces says:—"I hear that it is definitely settled that the Madras Army are not to be made irregulars, as it has been found the system does not answer in the armies of the other presidencies."

SHIPPING.

ARRIVALS.

Aug. 2. Surrey, Durrant, Port Philip; Anne Dymes, Cobbes, London.—3. Annie Duthie, Mathison, Mauritius.—4. Clyde, Coast; Contest, Liverpool; Dauphine Castle, London.—5. Chauvaud, Ferguson, Covelong.

PASSENGERS ARRIVED.

Per str. Koina.—For Madras.—Mr. and Mrs. MacLeod and son. For Bombay.—Miss Szczepana and two ladies.

DEPARTURES.

July 31. Belvidera, Deane, London.—Aug. 2. Lord Palmerston, Halgren, London; Pasithea, Storer, London.—4. Warwick, Tader, Calcutta; Indemity, Jenkins, London.—5. Amberwath, McLeod, Liverpool; Surrey, Durrant, Calcutta; Fitzroy, McQueen, Freemantle.—8. Rushing Water, Pearson, Liverpool.—9. Gallant Neil, Gahan, Masulipatan.—10. Cicero, Massey, Calcutta; Young Mechanic, McLean, Calcutta; Dundas Castle, Lowndes, Penang and Singapore.—14. Mail str., Suz.

COMMERCIAL.

Madras, Aug. 14, 1865.

BANK OF MADRAS.

Interest on Loans on Deposits and Securities... 5 per ct.
On Cash Credit on Deposits and Securities... 5 per ct.
Discount on Government Bills... 4 per ct.
Ditto on Private Bills, at or within 3 months... 7 per ct.
Loans on deposit of Government paper... 5 per ct.

EXCHANGES.

Document Bills, at 6 months' sight... 1 11½
Credit to 6 months... 1 11½
Agents' Bills on England, at 6 months... 1 11½
" " at 3 months... 1 11½
" " at 1 month... 1 11½
" " at sight... 1 11
H.M.'s Treasury Bills... None.
Bank of England Post Bills... None.
Mauritius Government Bills... Nominal.
Ceylon ditto... "
Court of Directors' Bill on the Government of Bengal, 30 days' sight... Par.
Agents' Bills on Calcutta, 30 days... ½ per ct. dis.
Ditto on Bombay... 1 per ct. dis.

RATES OF ADVANCE.

On Govt. 5½ per cent. Promissory Notes... 100 per ct.
Ditto 5 ditto ditto... 95 per ct.
Ditto 4½ ditto ditto... 90 per ct.
Ditto 4 ditto Stock Receipts... 85 per ct.
Ditto 4 ditto Promissory Notes... 85 per ct.
Ditto 3½ ditto ditto Company's... 85 per ct.
On Tanjore ditto ditto ditto... 98 per ct.

GOVERNMENT SECURITIES

5½ per cent. Loan... 1859... 8½ to 9 pm
5 per cent. ditto... 1856-57... 4 to 4½ pm
4 per cent. ditto... 1852-53... "
Ditto... 1855-56... "
Ditto... 1852-53... "
Ditto... 1851-52... "
5 per cent. Transferable Book Debt... Not transaction
Tanjore Bonds... ½ per ct. dis.
Bank of Madras Shares... 75 to 76 p.c. pm

PRICE OF BULLION.

Sovereigns... each Rs. 10-3-6

FREIGHTS.

Cotton to London and Liverpool.—£1. 5s. to £2
Indigo and Rice, £1. to £1. 5s.

IMPORTS.

MADRAS, Aug. 14.—The continued arrival of large shipments of goods from the other presidencies has much depressed our market during the fortnight. In all June we received 2,130,000 yards of Grey Long Cloths from Calcutta, and 1,04,000 yards from Bombay, in addition to 133,000 bundles of Mule Yarn from Calcutta and 172,600 bundles from Bombay. These shipments have more than sufficed to supply all present wants of the dealers, and sales of Piece Goods and Grey Yarns have been almost confined to the bazaar. In Grey Shirtings the greatest decline has been in the value of 39-40 inch 8½lb, which are fully 8 annas per piece cheaper. Other weights and lengths are from 3 to 6 annas weaker. Bleached Cottons are from 10 to 12 annas per piece cheaper, and are in no demand.

EXPORTS.

There has been a steady inquiry for Western Cotton since our last, and purchases have been made at prices ranging from Rs. 168 to Rs. 175 per candy. The market is well supplied, and prices are firm at from Rs. 173 to Rs. 175. At Tuticorin Timmerville is quoted at Rs. 150. In Indigo some considerable purchases have been made at Nellore of ordinary Kurpah at Rs. 60 per maund, but in this market there is nothing doing, the prices demanded by dealers rendering the staple inaccessible to shippers to Europe.

BOMBAY.

THE SOCIAL TREADMILL IN INDIA.—The *Englishman's* Peshawur Correspondent, "Alligator," gives the following pathetic picture of a morning's misery:—A few days since a stern sense of duty compelled me to undertake the task of making myself acquainted with the fair inhabitants of Peshawur, upon none of whom had I previously called. So off I started, dressed in gorgeous array of the warmest description, on a tour of polite inspection, with the following results:—At bungalow No. 1 I was ushered into an apartment so dark that I could not see my hand before me, and I therefore stood stock still for some moments, for fear of doing damage to articles of furniture, until a voice hailed me from amidst the obscurity, and bid me advance. This I did, gingerly, every now and then coming into contact with hard substances, such as legs of chairs, and other trifles of that sort, the effects of which concussions on a man afflicted with gout were, to say the least of it, decidedly thrilling. After a time, the voice begged me to be seated; so down I sat at once, delighted at the opportunity of resting my "poor feet," but, *horresco referens*, there was a confounded Persian cat in the chair, and a sitting posture has been very painful to me ever since that day! At bungalow No. 2 there was plenty of light, and, as a consequence, plenty of heat. The eldest son and heir, a fearful little villain in knickerbockers and prickly heat, having crawled into the thermantidote, had been somewhat ground up after the manner of coffee, so that all the doors and windows had to be thrown open, in order to admit sufficient light for the inspection of his damages. At No. 3 a dismal twilight reigned supreme, excepting where its dull hue was brightened into fiery red by the rays of the sun penetrating through the crimson curtains of a sky-light; and, as luck would have it, my nose, which is rather long, and perhaps a little rosy towards the tip, just managed to intercept the fiercest of these scarlet sunbeams, thereby causing me great agony of mind, as well as of flesh, the lady of the house being decidedly pretty and fascinating, but rather satirical—so that I felt convinced my poor Bologna sausage of a proboscis would afford her a subject for future ridicule. Altogether, I got through about half a dozen houses, and on returning home, after having reviewed the expedition calmly, I arrived at the following result as a fair estimate of the profit and loss accruing to me from my toil and labour:—Losses.—First of all, the skin off my shins; second, of my temper (a total loss uninsured); third, of Rs. 5, which I paid for a *buggy*; fourth, of one stone four pounds of solid flesh; fifth, of a suit of swell English mufli, spoilt by damp; sixth, of appetite, consequent upon having eaten cake at three different houses, and imbibed sherry wine; seventh, of my conscience, by pretending that the cake and wine were very good;

and eighth, of my eyesight, that being destroyed by the rapid changes from glare to gloom. Gains.—First, an invitation to tea; second, the acquaintance of several ladies and gentlemen whose faces I have not seen, and whom I should not know from Adam or Eve; third, a feeling of intense humility and self-abasement, resulting from a strong remembrance of all the betises of which I was guilty; fourth, several blushes; and fifth, a very fine fever. Now, whether this kind of game pays for the candle is a question that every man can decide for himself; but I most solemnly vow and protest that nothing less than a powerful edict from the throne of Jove himself, backed up with camel loads of specie, shall ever induce this child again to attempt the cultivation of society through the medium of conventional calling and card-dropping.

OPPRESSIVE EXACTIONS IN THE NATIVE STATES.—The chiefs of Central India are ever and anon manifesting a tendency to resort to arms in support of their views, whether against their subjects or their neighbours, and thus proving that it is only the restraint of the British power that prevents them from flying at each other's throats. All the haughtier and more dangerous spirits of India seem to gravitate, as a matter of course, to that portion of the empire which lies between Agra and the sea westwards, and here they spend their lives in intrigues, robberies, and the pomp and circumstances of native armed retainers. The people of a district refuse it may be to comply with the exactions of the Kardars of a native chief, when the operation carried out under the last King of Oudh in similar circumstances is resorted to. The chief quietly orders a body of retainers into the recusant district, and the taxes are collected, though with what amount of extortion and injustice is never known. The latest instance we have heard is that reported by the chief of Inderghur. This noble has brought to the notice of Government the proceedings of the Jeypore durbars. A talookdar, or thakoor has been sent with a large following of ragamuffins to Babyce, and the consequence is that its people are almost driven to extremity by the oppressiveness of his care of them.—*Hurkaru*.

THE TRAFFIC IN GIRLS is still carried on in Meywar. The Meywarries of the hilly parts of the country follow the trade with some activity. Girls are purchased from their parents, and also from the gangs of Bheels, who, gipsy-like, carry off girls in their raids, and dispose of them on their return to their hill fastnesses. In 1863 this traffic attracted the attention of Colonel Eden, then political agent at Meywar, who did all in his power to prevent the practice, and to induce the native durbars to prohibit it under heavy penalties. In this he was to a certain extent successful, but the trade only declined in appearance; it was still actively pursued in secret, and this has again provoked the reprobation of the Government.

A BENCH OF HONORARY MAGISTRATES has been created at Buttal, near Umritsur. Some time ago the Jagheerdars of Umballa were vested by Government with magisterial powers, but as they illused them their authority was withdrawn.

AN INDUSTRIAL EXHIBITION IS PROPOSED TO BE ESTABLISHED AT POONA in December, 1865, and we are informed that a meeting of the Officers of the Royal Artillery, H.M.'s Regiment, and Staff of the station, will be held on Friday next, at Brigadier General Malcolm's Bungalow, for the furtherance of the scheme.

BRITISH SOLDIERS IN NATIVE STATES.—A quarrel recently arose between a detachment on the march and some sepoys belonging to the Bhurtpore Rajah, which was referred to the Commander-in-Chief for orders. His Excellency has directed that special attention must be given to the various and numerous orders on this subject, and has remarked that

officers will be held strictly responsible for the observance of these rules by the soldiers under their command. The Government should require the native chiefs to look to this matter. So long as the ryots or retainers of a native chief suppose they can insult the *ghorta-og* with impunity, so long shall we hear of these little unpleasantnesses.

ADEN.—We find that the Political Resident at Aden has been authorised by Government to establish relations with the African Tribes of the Galaib country.

CHINA.

TYPHOON.—A short but severe typhoon has occurred during the past fortnight. The centre of the cyclone was somewhere about Swatow. Two fine steamers, the *Corca* (P. and O.) and the *Chanticleer* (private), which left Hong Kong shortly before the typhoon came on, have not since been heard of, both vessels being bound to Swatow on their passage up the coast. As nearly a month has elapsed since the date of their departure, there is only too much reason to fear that the unfortunate vessels have foundered at sea. The following is, we believe, a complete list of the passengers and officers lost in the *Corca*:—

Officers.—Captain J. D. Bird; J. M. Guy, chief officer; J. D. Muir, second officer; M. Richardson, third officer; W. Young, fourth officer; H. Maplebeck, chief steward; J. Forrest, chief engineer; R. R. Orr, second engineer; R. Campbell, fourth engineer; A. C. Alford, boiler maker.

Passengers.—Mrs. J. D. Bird, Mr. H. Noble, and Mr. Pember; F. Lopez, deck.

The names of the passengers and crew per *Chanticleer* we also give:—

Officers.—Geo. L. Sargent, captain; J. Johnson, chief officer; H. Waters, second officer; S. Manley, third officer; J. W. P. Stuttford, chief engineer; J. Mentiplay, jun., second engineer; A. Sena, third engineer; with a crew of nineteen Malays and Lascars, and forty-four Chinese.

Passengers.—Captain S. Cowan; Mr. Harbour, of H. D. Brown and Co.'s, Amoy; Mr. Maynard, of S. E. Burrows and Sons; S. W. Halsey, photographer; two Chinese cabin, and sixteen Chinese deck.—*China Mail*, July 29.

JAPAN.

OUTRAGEOUS ATTACK ON FOREIGNERS BY A JAPANESE.

The *North-China Daily News* has the following:—"Our Nagasaki correspondent, writing under date of the 30th ult., furnishes us with the following additional details regarding the late outrage at that port. It appears that Mr. Smith, late of Shanghai, was standing at the gateway in front of his house, when he saw a Japanese with a double-handed sword at the corner of the street, talking in an excited manner to a Chinaman. Turning round suddenly he saw Mr. Smith, and immediately advanced towards him at a steady pace, but with a threatening manner. Mr. Smith took little notice of what was going on, but when the native was within a few paces of him he was horrified to see him draw his sword, and make a sweeping cut at him. As he was partly within the gate-posts the cut took no effect, when finding himself totally unarmed, and remembering that his room was locked, he ran towards the Royal Hotel, hotly chased by his assailant. Fortunately, as the ruffian was in the act of making another blow a dog belonging to Smith flew at him, and fastened on to his leg. He stopped to cut the dog down, but the animal, true to his instinct, held on until he had received three horrible wounds on his back. Mr. Smith got safely into the hotel, where he met a Japanese, whom he begged to

come out and see what was going on. When they came into the compound they found that the man had disappeared, and Smith seized the opportunity of getting his revolver. While doing so he heard a thud, as of a heavy cut, followed by a groan. This proceeded from the unfortunate coloured man, William Henry, barkeeper of 'The Royal,' who, hearing the disturbance, had run to see what the matter was, and was met by the Japanese, who, without a moment's warning inflicted a cut of about seven inches in length upon his head. As soon as he had done this the Japanese ran away, but a moment afterwards a yell was heard from the next street, and it was found that a Chinaman employed on board the screw steamer *Australian* had received a severe blow across his face. It is much to be regretted that Smith, who was now armed with a rifle and revolver, did not give chase and shoot the Japanese down before any further mischief was done. Being, however, a stranger in the place he hardly knew what to do. Meanwhile the Japanese, seeing that no one followed him, pursued his course, and next wounded two Chinese employed in Alt and Co.'s tea-firing establishment, and two others belonging to the *Australian*. Messrs. Maltby and Colthorp, who were returning from a walk, while going through the narrow passage which leads from the native town to the foreign quarter, were astonished to meet the same infuriated individual with a drawn sword held in both hands perpendicularly before him. These gentlemen passed without molestation, when suddenly a Chinaman with a frightful wound on his right arm ran up and said, "You see that man have makee cutty my." The Japanese hearing the loud voice behind, looked round, but seeing that the party were determined to make a stand, he sheathed his weapon and ran into the native town. Luckily neither Mr. Maltby nor Mr. Colthorp was armed, so that it was vain for them to pursue him. The wounded were at once taken on board the *Barossa*, and a party of marines were landed to patrol the settlement. On the 14th ultimo the British consul and Captain Boys, R.N., had an interview with the governor of Nagasaki. They endeavoured to impress him with the necessity of having the culprit arrested and punished. The opportunity was also taken of proving how utterly useless are the guard-houses which have been placed round the settlement since September, 1864, nominally with the purpose of looking after foreign interests, but really for the purpose of spying. The governor had intended to pay a visit on board the *Barossa* on the 12th instant, but in consequence of this sad affair begged to be permitted to postpone it until the 16th. Captain Boys, however, informed him that he had better again postpone it until he had arrested and punished the culprit. The governor promised to do all in his power, and signified his intention of punishing the soldiers at the guard-houses who had taken no steps to seize the assassin, although a Chinaman had been cut down only a few yards from one of the sentry-boxes. The name and residence of the culprit are known. He lives at a village near Mougy, and is not a Yakonin, as at first reported, but an ordinary rowdy. Several police officers have been put on his track, but up to the present nothing is known as to his whereabouts."

The above may be a mere case of running a-muck, but it is suggested as more probable that the man is some criminal from gaol who has been released on conditions that he should make a raid upon foreign residents. The Japanese policy is to make the place too hot to hold us. They are as determined as ever they were to keep their country sealed.

Sir Harry Parkes has received the usual official visit from one of the Yokohama magnates. This has little political significance.

CEYLON.

The *Colombo Observer* contains the following items of news:—

Five ships have sailed in the fortnight with over 36,000 cwts. of coffee more than two-thirds of which consist of plantation kinds. The result is that on the 13th instant, the round 800,000 was practically made up. We are thus, with more than six weeks of the season still before us, 22,000 cwts. in advance of our previous highest crop, and no less than 192,000 over the export to the corresponding period last year.

The Governor has returned to Colombo from his tour.

The Ceylon League have adopted a petition to Her Majesty for a reform in the local Council, from which we make the following extracts:—

"That the Legislative Council of Ceylon, as it is now constituted, is not suited to the present state and requirements of the Island, inasmuch as it does not afford the public that control over the disposal of the local revenues, to which, by the principles of the British Constitution, they are entitled."

"That availing themselves of the undue influence and power thus afforded by such majority, the Local Government have, under the directions of your Majesty's Secretaries of State for some years past, injuriously restricted the public expenditure, thereby creating large surpluses of revenue, on the strength of which they have imposed heavy charges, notwithstanding the most earnest remonstrances of the public and the strongest protests of the unofficial members. These charges have gone through the formality of being passed by the Council, and have thus acquired the semblance without possessing the substance of constitutional votes. Universal dissatisfaction has thus been excited throughout the island and the Legislative function has been brought into contempt."

That your Majesty's petitioners do not presume to ask for any particular form of Legislative Council, either as to the number of its members or the manner of their appointment, but would submit to your Majesty's pleasure the mode and measure of the concessions your Majesty may deem to be due to the country in view of its present advanced condition as contrasted with that of the period when the present constitution was granted, and your Majesty's petitioners would gratefully accept such modifications of the existing Council and practice as would secure to the representatives of the public a due influence in the disposal of the revenue.

EXPORT OF BULLION.

Per the Messageries Impériales Company's str. <i>Moeris</i> Aug. 19, from Marseilles.			
	Gold.		Silver.
Alexandria	£4,000	—	—
Reunion	—	—	—
Madras	120	—	£6,279
Calcutta	—	—	51,380
Singapore	—	—	11,000
Siam	—	—	3,360
Hong Kong	—	—	78,162
Shanghai	—	—	31,480
	£4,120		£181,661
Bar Silver, per oz. std. 5s. 0½d. Mexican Dollars, per oz. 5s. 0½d. Five Franc Pieces, per oz., 4s. 11½d.			

LATEST INTELLIGENCE.

INDIA.

[By Direct Overland Telegraph.]

BOMBAY, Sept. 9.

Cotton buoyant.
Shipments since the 2nd instant, 11,000 bales.

Exchange on London, 2s. 0½d.
Government Securities: Four per Cents., 91; Five per Cents., 104½; Five-and-a-Half per Cents., 111.

CALCUTTA, Sept. 8.

Seven pounds shirtings, 6r. 12a.
Exchange on London, 2s. 0½d.
Government Securities: Four per Cents., 91; Five-and-a-Half per Cents., 110½.
Freights, 45s.



Official Gazette.

BENGAL.

BY THE LIEUT. GOVERNOR.

July 14.—Mr. F. J. G. Campbell to be sec. to the local committee of public instruction at Mymensing.

July 17.—Mr. P. H. Scanlan to be an hon. mag. at Kursiong, and to exercise the powers of a sub. mag. of the 2nd class, and powers in the district of Darjeeling.

Mr. H. J. Newbery to be a member of, and sec. to, the local committee of public instruction at Gya. The officer in charge of the sub div. of Durbhanga to have charge also of the sub div. of Mudhoobanee.

Mr. H. Davies, dep. mag. and dep. coll. of Tajpore, to have charge of the sub div. of Seetamaroe. Mr. Davies will make over charge of the sub div. of Tajpore to the mag. of Tirhoot.

Mr. W. C. Costley, dep. mag. and dep. coll. of Sberghotty, to have charge also of the sub div. of Aurungabad.

July 18.—Mr. N. S. Alexander to offic. as mag. and coll. of Purneah, during Mr. Beames' abs. on leave.

Mr. R. N. Shore to offic. as comnr. of revenue and circuit of the Nuddea div., during the abs. on leave of Mr. H. L. Dampier. Mr. Shore will also continue to offic. as member of the board of revenue until Mr. Trevor's return from leave.

July 19.—Mr. H. S. Beadon to be a member of the local committee of public instruction at Beerbhoom.

July 20.—Mr. A. Waller to be a sub asst. comnr. in the Sonthal Pergunnah, and to exercise the powers of a sub. mag. of the 2nd class.

Mr. W. H. Thompson to be an asst. to the mag. and coll. of Mymensing, and to exercise the powers of a sub. mag. of the 2nd class.

Mr. B. Rattray offic. as district supnt. of police in Noacolly from Dec. 16 to March 14.

July 18.—Mr. H. L. Dampier, comnr. of Nuddea, for 3 mo.

Mr. D. A. King, jun. sub asst. revenue surveyor, 3rd div. Lower Provs., for 15 days.

Dr. W. G. Clark, civil surg. of Gowhatty, has a week's priv. leave from 28th ult.

July 20.—Mr. T. N. Wilson, asst. mag. of Patna, for 1 mo., in ext.

July 15.—No. 146.—Mr. McWilliam, asst. coll., received charge of the Treasury of Tipperah from Mr. L. Barber on the 12th inst., and he has been authorised to draw bills on all public treasuries.

July 11.—No. 4,677.—Appointments:—

The following asst. superints. of police are transf., viz.:—

Lieut. H. M. Ramsay, from Maunbhoom to Beerbhoom.

Mr. J. B. Birch, from Monghyr to Maunbhoom.

July 19.—Mr. A. H. Giles to offic. as dist. superint. of police of Nuddea, during the abs., on leave, of Lieut. W. B. Birch.

July 22.—Mr. J. C. Geddes, offic. dep. comnr. of the Eastern Doars of Bhootan, is vested with the powers of a mag. in Gawalparah.

Mr. J. A. Graham, asst. comnr. of Darjeeling, is authorised to hold the preliminary inquiry into cases triable by the Court of Sessions, to commit or hold to bail persons to take their trial before such Court of Session, and to exercise all the powers necessary for that purpose.

The following gentlemen to be municipal comsrs. under Act III. (B.C.) of 1864, for the towns mentd. against their respective names, viz.:—

Mr. A. C. Howard, Patna.

Capt. H. E. Waller, Monghyr.

Mr. R. W. King, Darjeeling.

Capt. A. Francis, Bhaugulpore.

Capt. G. J. Reeves, Gya.

Lieut. R. M. Skinner, Chuprah.

Maj. C. Raey, Arrah.

Capt. J. C. C. Daunt, Mozufferpore.

Lieut. H. B. Sanderson, Hooghly.

Capt. W. Gordon, Howrah.

Capt. D. H. Osborn, Burdwan.

July 24.—Lieut. L. J. H. Gray, asst. comr. of Mungledye, is vested with powers to try cases under Act 13 of 1859.

July 26.—Mr. C. G. Baker, v.c., to be dep. insp. gen. of police in the dooars of Bhootan, but to continue to offic., until further orders, as dep. insp. gen. of the 5th circle.

Capt. W. R. Gordon, to offic. as dep. insp. gen. of police in the dooars of Bhootan.

The above appts. will have effect from the 21st ult.

Mr. J. Patch to offic. temp. as dist. supt. of police of Maldah.

Mr. E. H. Winfield, to offic. as joint mag. and dep. coll. of Sarum, during the absence, on deputation, of Mr. J. Monro, or until further orders.

Mr. S. C. Hampton, dep. mag. and dep. coll. of Patna, to have charge of the sub div. of Barh.

Mr. T. T. Allen to offic. as joint mag. and dep. coll. of Tipperah, during the abs., on deputation, of Mr. F. G. Millett, or until further orders.

This cancels Mr. Allen's appt. to Mymensing, notified in the *Calcutta Gazette* of July 12.

Mr. R. F. Rampini to be asst. to the mag. and coll. of Moorsheadabad, and to exercise the powers of a subord. mag. of the 2nd class, described in Section XXII. of the Code of Criminal Procedure (Act XXV. of 1861.)

July 27.—The foll. proms. in the police are sanc., viz. :—

Capt. G. J. Reeves to be a dist. superint. of the 2nd grade.

Capt. J. C. C. Daunt, v.c., to be dist. superint. of the 3rd grade.

To be District Superintendents of the Fourth Grade.

Lieut. T. H. Lewin.

Capt. H. E. Waller.

To be District Superintendents of the Fifth Grade.

Lieut. H. B. Sandersou.

Lieut. W. Howey.

Capt. W. Gordon.

Mr. J. H. Thompson.

To be Assistant Superintendents of the 1st Grade.

Mr. R. Grant.

Mr. C. H. Malpas.

Mr. A. H. Giles.

Mr. D. Lacey.

Mr. D. W. Richie.

Mr. E. O. White.

To be Assistant Superintendents of the 2nd Grade.

Mr. M. B. Rochfort.

Mr. J. Patch.

Mr. A. Blair.

Mr. W. D. Pratt.

Dr. G. N. Nill to offic. temp. as med. officer of Monghyr.

Mr. T. W. Gribble to be asst. comr. in the western dooars of Bhootan.

July 22.—Leave of absence :—

Mr. C. P. Crouch, asst. supt. of police, Cuttack, for 1 mo., from the 8th prox.

July 26.—Capt. R. Stewart, dep. comr. of Cachar, for 20 days, from the date on which he may avail himself of the leave, making over charge of his office to the asst. comr.

Rev. F. W. Ellis, chaplain of Dum Dum, for 18 mo., on m.c.

July 27.—The serv. of Dr. J. M. Cameron, civil asst. surg. of Monghyr, and of Dr. S. Delpratt, civil asst. surg. of Hazareebaugh, are placed temp. at the disp. of the Govt. of India in the mil. dept. for employment with the regts. serving in the Dooars of Bhootan.

The following orders, issued by the Govt. of India, Home Dept., are republished for general information :—

Simala, July 19.—No. 245.—Mr. R. F. Rampini, junior civil servant, having obtained a certificate of high proficiency in Hindi and Bengali, respectively, has been presented with the authorised donation of Rs. 800.

No. 248.—The Gov. gen. in Council is pleased to attach Mr. R. F. Rampini, of the C.S., reported qualified for the public service, to the Bengal div. of the Pres. of Fort William.

No. 251.—Mr. R. F. Rampini, junior civil servant, having obtained a certificate of high proficiency in Oordoo and Bengali, respectively, has been presented with the authorised donation of Rs. 800.

The foll. order, issued by the Govt. of India, Foreign Dept., is republished for general information :—

July 17.—No. 1,494.—The Gov. gen. in Council has been pleased to appoint Mr. W. B. Buckle, C.S., to offic. as agent to the Gov. gen. at Moorsheadabad, during the absence, on leave, of Lieut. col. W. A. Thomson, or until further orders.

Mr. C. H. Campbell, app. to offic. in order of 6th inst., will make over the duties of the agency to Mr. Buckle.

BY THE LIEUT.-GOVERNOR, N.W.P.

July 12.—No. 507a.—Under section 38 of Act XXV. of 1861, the Lieut. gov. is pleased to invest Mr. W. W. G. Cornwall, asst. mag. at Mirzapore, with authority to hold the preliminary inquiry into cases triable by the court of session, or by any supreme court of judicature; and to empower him to commit, or to hold to bail, persons to take their trial before such court of session or supreme court of judicature, and to exercise all the powers necessary for such purpose.

July 10.—No. 682a.—Mr. W. Williams, asst. dist. superint. of police, is apptd. to offic. as dist. superint. of police at Bijnour, until further orders.

July 12.—No. 686a.—Three mo. leave of absence, on urgent private affairs, under the rules applicable to military officers in civil employ, is granted to Lieut. C. A. Dodd, personal asst. to inspector gen. of police, N.W.P., in ext.

No. 687a.—Lieut. C. R. Matthews will continue to offic. as personal asst. insp. gen. of police, N.W.P., during the absence on leave of Lieut. Dodd, or until further orders.

July 7.—No. 2,517a.—Three mo. priv. leave of absence is granted to Mr. H. D. Robertson, offic. mag. and coll. at Saharunpore, with effect from the 1st inst., or from the subsequent date on which he may avail himself of the same.

No. 2,520a.—Under section 6 of Act XVI. of 1864, the cantonment of Nusseerabad is constituted a sub dist. in the dist. of Ajmere, for the purposes of registration.

No. 2,521a.—The cantonment mag. of Nusseerabad is apptd. to be dep. registrar, under Act XVI. of 1864, in the sub dist. of Nusseerabad.

No. 2,524a.—Three mo. priv. leave is granted to Mr. J. R. Reid, joint mag. and dep. coll. of Budaon, with effect from the 5th inst., or from the subsequent date on which he may avail himself of the same.

No. 2,525a.—Mr. H. F. D. Moule, asst. mag. and coll. of Bareilly, is transf. in his present capacity to Budaon.

July 10.—No. 2,541a.—Asst. surg. T. G. Skardon, offic. civil asst. surg. of Jhansie, is placed in charge of the jail at that station, with effect from June 4 last, and is invested with the powers of a mag., to be exercised within the precincts of the jail under his charge.

July 12.—No. 2,566a.—The services of Maj. A. G. Forsyth, offic. cantonment mag. of Cawnpore, are, at his own request, placed at the disposal of the Govt. of India, in the military dept., from the date on which he is relieved of his present duties.

No. 2,578a.—Three mo. priv. leave, under sec. 6 of the new civil service absentee rules, is granted to Mr. R. Manderson, mag. and coll. of Moradabad, with effect from the 10th inst., or from the subsequent date on which he may avail himself of the same.

No. 2,579a.—Mr. A. Boulderson, joint mag. and dep. coll. of Moradabad, is apptd. to offic. as mag. and coll. at that station, during the absence on leave of Mr. R. Manderson.

No. 2,585a.—An ext. of priv. leave, under sec. 8 of the new C.S. absentee rules, until the 1st inst., is granted to Mr. M. Sandys, joint mag. and dep. coll. of Bijnour, in lieu of the period from Nov. 1 to Nov. 15.

No. 2,588a.—Two mo. priv. leave is granted to Dr. C. E. Kilkelly, m.b., civil asst. surg. of Allygurrh, with effect from Sept. 1, or from the subsequent date on which he may avail himself of the same.

No. 2,589a.—With the consent of the officer comdg. at Allygurrh, Dr. Allen, 41st regt. N.I., will have charge of the civil medical duties of Allygurrh, during the absence on leave of Dr. Kilkelly.

July 13.—No. 2,613a.—Mr. H. B. Henderson is app. to be civil and sessions judge of Benares, with effect from 6th inst.

No. 2,614a.—Mr. G. Ouseley, mag. and coll. of Goruckpore, is app. to offic. as civil and sessions judge of Goruckpore.

No. 2,615a.—Mr. C. J. Daniell, joint mag. and dep. coll. at Shahjehanpore, is app. to offic. as mag. and coll. of Goruckpore.

No. 2,616a.—Mr. R. D. Spedding, asst. mag. and coll. at Cawnpore, is app. to offic. as joint mag. and dep. coll.

July 10.—No. 3,401.—Mr. T. W. Hunt, employed as an asst. surveyor in the irrigation dept., N.W.P., is brought on the list of the public works dept. as a supervisor of 2nd grade, with effect from April 1.

July 11.—No. 1,212a.—Lieut. col. F. Alexander, exec. engr., Meerut div., public works, is app. to offic. as superint. engr., 8rd circle, during absence of

Major J. G. R. Forlong, on 1 mo. priv. leave granted to him in G.O., No. 1,007a, dated 23rd ult.

Major F. G. Stainforth, asst. engr., 6th div., Grand Trunk Road, will take charge of the Meerut div., public works, during the absence of Lieut. col. Alexander.

July 12.—No. 3,456.—Under instructions from the Govt. of India, public works dept., the under-mentioned overseer of the 2nd grade is promoted to 1st grade, with effect from April 1 :—

Mr. W. H. Fitzgibbons.

July 19.—No. 693a.—The prep. leave of absence granted to Capt. the Hon. W. Fraser, offic. district superint. of police at Allygurrh, in G.O., No. 376a, dated April 17 last, will have effect from Feb. 27 instead of from March 9 last.

July 20.—No. 698a.—The notification in this dept., No. 625a, dated 23rd ult., by which the services of Lieut. G. F. J. Graham, offic. district superint. of police at Deyrah Dhoon, were placed at the disposal of the Govt. of India, in the foreign dept., for employment in the Punjab, is hereby cancelled.

July 15.—No. 678a.—The notification in this dept., No. 543a, dated 3rd ult., by which Mr. D. Anthony was app. to offic. as a deputy coll. at Furruckabad, and was invested with the powers of a subordinate mag., 2nd class, is hereby cancelled.

No. 2,634a.—The notification in this department, No. 2,115a, dated 16th ult., by which 1 mo. priv. leave of absence was granted to Mr. K. Deighton, B.A., principal of the Govt. College at Agra, is hereby cancelled.

July 18.—No. 2,647a.—One mo. priv. leave of absence, under Section 6 of the new C.S. Absentee Rules, is granted to Mr. W. R. Burkitt, offic. joint mag. and dep. coll. of Bustee, with effect from Sept. 15 next, or from the subsequent date on which he may avail himself of the same.

No. 2,653a.—Leave of absence, on m.c., from 1st inst. to Sept. 30 next, has been granted to Rev. W. D. Cowley, M.A., chaplain of Moradabad.

July 20.—No. 2,681a.—Two mo. priv. leave of absence has been granted to Rev. J. R. Baldwin, chaplain of Allahabad, with effect from the date on which he may avail himself of the same.

No. 2,697a.—Two mo. priv. leave of absence, under Section 6 of new C.S. Absentee Rules, is granted to Mr. R. C. Oldfield, mag. and coll. of Furruckabad, with effect from Sept. 5 next, or from the subsequent date on which he may avail himself of the same.

No. 2,698a.—Mr. W. Kaye, joint mag. and dep. coll. of Agra, is app. to offic. as mag. and coll. of Furruckabad, during absence on leave of Mr. R. C. Oldfield.

July 21.—No. 3,546.—With reference to G.O., No. 1,212a, dated July 11, Lieut. col. F. A. Alexander, exec. engr. of the Meerut div., public works, made over charge on July 6, and received charge of the superint. engr.'s office, 3rd circle, on 10th idem.

No. 3,547.—Mr. Deputy Asst. Comy. J. Marten, supervisor, 1st grade, navigation dept., Ganges Canal, is prom. to rank of sub engr., 3rd grade, with effect from April 1 last.

BY THE LIEUT. GOVERNOR, PUNJAB.

July 11.—No. 1,011.—With reference to *Punjab Gazette* Order, No. 1,297, dated June 20, Capt. F. M. Armstrong, offic. cantonment mag. of Jullundur, is vested with the powers of a subordinate mag. of the 1st class, within the limits of the cantonment of Jullundur, to be styled an asst. cantonment mag., under Section 5 of Act XXII. of 1864; and, under Section 9 of the same Act, to have jurisdiction to try small causes for any amount not exceeding Rs. 50; all larger suits to be heard by the judge of the Small Cause Court of Jullundur.

July 12.—No. 1,021.—Capt. W. G. Waterfield, offic. deputy comr., Goojrat, is invested with the powers described in Section 1 of Act XV. of 1865.

July 15.—No. 1,038.—Mr. G. D. Westropp, judge of Small Cause Court, Ludiana, has obtained priv. leave of absence for 1 mo., with effect from Sept. 4.

No. 1,040.—Lieut. S. H. Tucker, asst. district superint. of police, Mooltan, has obtained 1 mo. general leave of absence, under military rules, from date of his availing himself thereof.

No. 343.—Mr. G. W. Leitner, principal of Lahore College, has obtained leave of absence for 3 weeks, from July 1, on m.c.

No. 344.—Prof. W. H. Crank to offic. as principal of the Lahore College, during the absence of Dr. Leitner.

July 11.—No. 1,417.—Lieut. A. Stewart, cantonment mag. of Meean Meer, has obtained 1 mo. priv. leave of absence, from the date on which he may avail himself thereof.

Lieut. H. B. Hanna, 10th Bengal cav., will offic.

as cantonment mag. of Meean Meer during absence of Lieut. Stewart.

No. 1,418.—Capt. C. A. McMahon, offic. deputy comr. of Delhi, has obtained 1 mo. priv. leave of absence from Sept. 3.

No. 1,419.—Lieut. A. P. Harcourt, asst. comr., Delhi, to offic. as deputy comr. during absence of Capt. McMahon.

July 12.—No. 1,421.—The undermentioned officers are appointed asst. comrs., 3rd class, in the Punjab, and posted to the districts noted opposite their names:—

Mr. T. C. Huddleston, C.S., to Rawul Pindee.

Mr. B. W. Trafford, C.S., to Lahore.

July 14.—No. 1,437.—Major J. M. Cripps, deputy comr., Goorgoon, has obtained 2 mo. priv. leave of absence from Sept. 1.

No. 1,438.—Major H. W. H. Cox, offic. comr., Mooltan div., has obtained priv. leave of absence for 25 days, with effect from such date as he may avail himself thereof.

General H. C. Van Cortland, c.b., deputy comr., Mooltan, will take charge of the current duties of the office of comr., Mooltan div., during absence of Major Cox.

July 15.—No. 1,456.—Rev. W. C. Bell, chaplain of Nowshera, has obtained 2 mo. priv. leave of absence from July 19. This cancels *Punjab Gazette* Order, No. 1,347, dated June 30.

No. 1,457.—Mr. T. W. Smyth, asst. commissioner, Hoshiarpur, has obtained priv. leave of absence for 2 mo., from Aug. 1.

No. 177.—The regimental order by the officer commanding 1st Sikh inf., making the following offic. appointments, is confirmed:—

Lieut. H. C. P. Rice, 2nd in com., to offic. as comdnt.

Lieut. A. G. Ross, wing officer, to offic. as 2nd in com. and wing officer.

Lieut. L. C. De L. Daniell, qrmr., to offic. as wing officer, in addition to his other duties, during the absence on leave, on m.c., of Major J. P. W. Campbell, comdnt.

No. 178.—The leave for 3 mo. granted to Lieut. C. K. Mackinnon, adj. 3rd Punjab inf., is permitted to commence from Aug. 11 instead of Aug. 5, as sanctioned in Punjab Order, No. 162, dated June 26.

July 19.—No. 182.—The regimental order, dated June 30, by the officer comdg. 6th Punjab inf., app. Lieut. J. E. P. Masley, paid doing duty officer, to offic. as qrmr., in addition to his other duties, is confirmed.

No. 183.—The Dera Ghazee Khan station order, dated July 3, app. Lieut. S. Beckett, wing officer 2nd Sikh inf., to offic. as station staff, during the absence of Lieut. Bertie, on leave, is confirmed.

July 1.—No. 412c.—The 1 mo. priv. leave granted to Mr. T. Login, exec. engr., Rechu Doab survey, is altered to 5 mo. leave, on m.c., with effect from May 23.

July 13.—No. 572c.—Lieut. J. Brown, R.E., asst. engr., 2nd grade, transf. from N.W.P. to Punjab in Govt. of India notification, No. 243, dated July 3, to have executive charge of the Lahore div.

BY THE COMMANDER-IN-CHIEF.

Head Quarters, Simla, June 29.—Dum Dum station order, dated the 13th ult., appg. Asst. surg. A. Brebner, m.b., 55th foot, to the med. charge of the station staff.

By the officer comdg. the 90th foot, dated the 17th ult., directing Lieut. R. I. Ward, instructor of musketry, to act as adj., in add. to his other duties, v. Lieut. J. F. Haig.

Saugor district order, dated 8th inst., appg. Asst. surg. J. Kelly, No. 1 batty. 25th brig., royal arty., to med. charge of the royal arty. at Saugor, v. Surg. H. Stewart.

Saugor station order, dated 8th inst., directing Surg. H. Stewart, offic. med. storekeeper, to relieve Surg. E. Dixon, 29th Madras N.I., of the medical charge of the brigade staff.

Barrackpore station order, dated 8th inst., directing Asst. surg. G. Bremner, m.b., returned from Nagode to resume med. charge of the Lahore light horse and station staff, v. Surg. A. J. Dale.

Fort William garrison order, dated 11th inst., directing Lieut. R. Shakespeare, offic. doing duty officer, 36th N.I., to offic. also as garrison interpreter.

Benares station order, dated 15th inst., directing Capt. L. H. Williams, offic. 2nd in com. and wing officer 14th N.I., to act as station interpreter in add. to his other duties, with effect from 10th idem, v. Major R. W. Chambers, staff corps, proceeded on leave.

The C. in C. in India is pleased to make the foll. proms., until H.M.'s pleasure shall be known:—

98th Foot.—Ens. H. I. G. Robinson to be lieut.,

by purchase, v. De Lousada, who retires; dated June 30.

107th Foot.—Ens. W. M. Playfair to be lieut., v. Leman, dec., dated May 26.

13th Bengal Cav.—The C. in C. is pleased to sanction an exchange of appts. between Lieut. C. R. Pennington, 2nd squad. officer, and Lieut. E. Wells, adj., dated June 26.

The C. in C. in India is pleased to accept the resignation of his commission by Asst. surg. R. Dunlop, of the 2nd batt. 10th foot, subject to the approval of H.M., dated June 28.

The appt. of Capt. A. H. Prinsep, late 4th Eur. I.C., to do duty with the 6th Bengal cav., in G.O.C.C. of Feb. 1 last (page 36), is hereby cancelled with reference to G.G.O., No. 161.

Official intimation has been received of Lieut. W. B. Ferris, of the 12th foot, recently prom., having been posted to the 2nd batt.

Under instructions from Govt., Lieut. J. E. Alexander, R.A., is app. to do duty with the 33rd N.I., at Lucknow, and directed to join.

The foll. Right brig. Dooar field force orders are, with the sanction of Govt., confirmed:—

Dated March 5 last.—Making the foll. appts., with effect from Feb. 23 last:—

2nd Capt. W. S. Trevor, R.E., to be field engr.

Lieut. J. Dundas, R.E., to be asst. eng.

Lieut. K. C. Pye, R.E., to be asst. eng.

Dated 23rd idem.—Directing the formation of a Cepot at Gowhatti for the use of the native troops serving with the right brigade, and appg. Lieut. L. Blathwayt, late 54th, attached to the 12th N.I., to the command; also directing the disbursement by the commissariat of pay to the sweepers and bheesties.

Dated May 31.—Making the following medical arrangements:—

1. Directing Staff Asst. surgs. D. J. Canny and A. E. Hale, recently arrived in India, to proceed and do duty, the former with the 55th foot at Dum Dum, and the latter with the 7th drag. gds. at Benares.

Dated the 19th idem.—Appointing Lieut. R. H. Dyas, late 4th Eur. regt., recently returned from leave to Europe, to do duty with 34th N.I.

Dated the 20th idem.—Directing the following medical arrangements:—

1. Staff asst. surg. G. Atkinson, m.b., attached to 54th foot, to proceed to Saugor for duty with 97th foot, v. Staff asst. surg. J. Ambrose, m.d., reported sick.

2. Asst. surg. F. Powell, m.b., garrison asst. surg., Fort William, to proceed to Cooch Behar, for duty with the troops at Putlab Kawa.

3. Asst. surg. S. C. Amesbury, 34th N.I., to offic. as garrison asst. surg., in addition to his other duties, v. Powell.

The following orders are confirmed:—

Nagode station order, dated May 25 last, appg. Asst. surg. J. A. Scott, 91st foot, to assume med. charge of 38th N.I., in addition to his other duties.

By the officer comdg. 9th N.I., dated 5th idem, directing the following appointments, in the room of Lieut. col. R. Troup, proceeding on sick leave:—

Maj. H. M. Wilson, officg. 2nd in command and wing officer, to offic. as comdnt.

Capt. W. H. Hawes, wing officer, to offic. as 2nd in command and wing officer.

Capt. T. E. Webster, late 63rd N.I. (attached), to offic. as wing officer.

Kussowlie station order, dated the 6th idem, appgtg. Lieut. G. A. P. Arbuthnot, late 4th Eur. I.C., to act as station interpreter, with effect from April 22 last, there being no qualified officer available.

Darjeeling station order, dated the 13th idem, directing Capt. F. S. Stanton, R.E., exec. engr., Darjeeling div., to assume command of the Sebundy sappers and miners temporarily, with effect from the 7th idem, there being no other officer available.

Presidency division order, dated the 13th idem, directing Staff surg. W. W. Mills, 16th brig. R.A., to proceed and assume med. charge of the 58th foot at Benares.

Leave of absence:—

Roy. Horse Art.—Lieut. A. T. Wallace (B batty. E brig.), from date of embarkation, to England, via Egypt, m.c.

Roy. Art.—Lieut. col. W. K. Fooks (22nd brig.), from May 23 to May 29, in ext., to remain in Calcutta, prep. to embarking for England; and Lieut. G. W. Thomson (A batty. 16th brig.), from May 26 to Oct. 26, in ext. of priv. leave, to remain in Simla, m.c.

1st Drag. Gds.—Qrmr. J. Bradbury, from May 7, to England via Egypt, on m.c.

20th Foot.—Capt. W. D. Nunn (1st batt.), from

June 1 to Oct. 15, to Nynee Tal. (This cancels the leave granted in G.O.C.C. of May 22.)

33rd Foot.—Lieut. F. Wilmot, from date of departure, to England for 15 mo.

89th Foot.—Capt. H. W. S. Carew, from date of embarkation at Bombay, to England via the Cape, on m.c.

97th Foot.—Capt. E. K. Jones, from May 22 to Nov. 22, to visit the hills north of Dehra, on m.c.

107th Foot.—Capt. W. Owen, from date of embarkation, and Lieut. C. Middlemass (adj.), from date of embarkation, to England via the overland route, on m.c.

Staff Corps.—Col. G. P. Whish (doing duty at Meerut), from June 30 to Oct. 15, in ext. of privilege leave, to visit the hills north of Dehra; and Lieut. C. F. Battye, adj. 22nd N.I., from June 9 to July 8, to Calcutta, prep. to applying for leave to Europe on m.c.

Late 4th European I.C.—Capt. A. Waterfield (doing duty at Morar), from May 27 to June 26, to Calcutta, m.c.

Late 28th N.I.—Lieut. H. R. Wintle (acting instructor of musketry, Lahore light horse), from June 8 to 17, in extension.

Gen. List Cav.—Lieut. R. Bartholomew (doing-duty officer, 16th Bengal cav.), from July 4 to Oct. 4, in exten. of priv. leave, to remain at Nynee Tal.

Gen. List Inf.—Lieut. L. McDowell (attached to 37th N.I.), from June 1 to July 1, to Calcutta, m.c.

Med. Staff.—Staff asst. surg. D. A. Leslie, m.d. (No. 3 battery, 25th brig., R.A.), from June 9 to Nov. 15, to Neilgherries, m.c.

COMMANDS.

July 10.—With reference to G.G.O., No. 604 of 1865, H.E. the C. in C. is pleased to direct the transfer from Delhi to Fort William, from Aug. 1, of Brigdr. gen. A. C. Errington; the command of the former garrison being exercised from that date by the senior officer.

The brigadier general in Fort William will also command the troops in Calcutta, Alipore, and Dum Dum, which are to be held in future as dependent on that garrison.

The transport duties will continue under the immediate supervision of the general officer commanding the presidency division, but in the event of his absence from the presidency, they are to be performed by the brigadier general commanding at Fort William.

The C. in C. in India is pleased to make the following appointments:—

21st N.I.—Lieut. F. W. Collis, late 30th N.I., doing duty officer, to be qrmr., v. Lieut. H. V. Riddell, whose services have been placed at the disposal of the foreign dept.; dated July 5.

42nd N.I.—Lieut. A. Harrison, gen. list, inf., attached to 34th N.I., to be doing duty officer, v. Lieut. C. J. Durand, res.; dated July 4.

Official notification has been received of the undermentioned officers recently promoted in the 10th, 19th, and 23rd foot, having been posted to the battalions specified:—

10th Foot.—Capt. M. Coke and Lieut. H. C. Huntley, to 1st batt.

19th Foot.—Capt. C. J. F. Smith-Forbes and Lieut. J. G. Moir, to 1st batt.

23rd Foot.—Capt. A. R. Winstanley to 2nd batt., and Lieut. J. C. Bradshaw to 1st batt. Lieut. Huntley is directed to proceed to the Cape of Good Hope, to join his batt.

Under instructions from the Horse Guards, Capt. J. F. Henley, 3rd batt. rifle brigade, is directed to proceed, at the public expense, to the regimental depot, to relieve Capt. B. F. Alexander.

Under instructions from the Horse Guards, Capt. F. A. Riley, 2nd batt. rifle brigade, is directed to proceed, at the public expense, to the regimental depot, to relieve Capt. C. R. H. Nicholl.

Capt. W. Kelly, vet. estab., is permitted to reside at Deyrah Dhoon at the expiration of his present leave, and to draw his pay from the Meerut circle of payment.

Under instructions from the Horse Guards, the undermentioned officer of the 19th foot is removed to the battalion specified:—

Lieut. G. A. Warden, 2nd batt.

Under instructions from the Horse Guards, Lieut. J. S. Bagshaw, 101st foot, is directed to proceed, at the public expense, to join the regimental depot, to relieve Lieut. W. H. Warner.

Capt. G. R. Miller, 90th foot, is, with the sanction of Govt., app. to do duty with 20th N.I., at Rawul Pindee, for the purpose of qualifying himself for the staff corps.

Lieut. G. MacCall, gen. list, inf., attached to 5th

lancers, is app. to do duty with 8th Bengal cav., at Seetapore.

Subject to the approval of H.R.H. the Field Marshal Commanding in Chief, Lieut. D. Machlachlan, asst. instructor of musketry, is app. instructor of musketry to 90th foot, from the date of Lieut. R. I. Ward's app. as adj.

Subject to the approval of the Field Marshal Commanding in Chief, Ensign J. E. M. Sperrin, 95th foot, is app. instructor of musketry to the regt., v. Lieut. E. B. Andros, with effect from Feb. 14.

The 6 mo. leave granted in G.O. of March 17 last, to Capt. W. P. Fisher, late 4th Eur. regt., is cancelled at his request.

The leave granted in G.O. of April 17 last, to Capt. G. G. Newton, 2nd batt. 12th foot, to visit Nynee Tal, is extended to Cashmere.

The following Oude division orders are confirmed:—

April 30.—Directing Asst. surg. J. Atkinson, of the 5th lancers, to proceed to Fyzabad and report himself for duty there, during the prevalence of sickness.

By the Officer commanding the Doaba outposts, dated April 25 last, appointing Lieut. J. E. Campbell, comdg. a detachment of 27th N.I., to tempy. com. of Fort Michnee, in addition to his other duties, v. Lieut. W. Jones, 24th N.I., rejoined regimental head quarters.

Ditto, dated 26th idem, appointing Lieut. E. Wells, comdg. a detachment 13th Bengal cav., to tempy. com. of Fort Shubkuddur, in addition to his other duties, v. Lieut. E. P. W. Freeman, 4th Bengal cav., rejoined regimental head quarters.

By Major H. N. Hodgson, commanding 38th N.I., dated May 4 last, making the following appointments, on his departure on leave to Europe:—

Capt. J. A. Vanrenen, offic. 2nd in com. and wing officer, to offic. as comdt.

Lieut. H. L. A. Tottenham, qrmr., to offic. as 2nd in com. and wing officer, in addition to his other duties.

Lieut. W. V. FitzG. Jacob, doing duty officer, to offic. as wing officer.

Lieut. H. T. Larkins, gen. list, inf., attached, to offic. as doing duty officer.

Meean Meer brigade order, dated May 12 last, appointing Asst. surg. J. Kinahan, m.d., E. batty. F. R.H. brig., to assume med. charge of R.A., v. Surg. major H. Cape.

By the Officer commanding 11th N.I., dated May 16 last, appointing Lieut. T. R. Taylor, doing duty officer, to offic. as qrmr., and Lieut. P. H. M. Wynter, late 32nd N.I., to offic. as doing duty officer.

By the Officer commanding 19th N.I., dated May 17 last, directing Lieut. E. Molloy, gen. list, inf., to offic. as doing duty officer, v. Lieut. J. H. Baldwin.

By the Officer commanding 1st batt. 7th foot, dated May 23 last, appointing Lieut. J. Potham to offic. as adj., v. Lieut. H. A. Little, res.

By the Officer commanding 11th N.I., dated May 24 last, directing the following appointments, v. Major W. T. Garstin, 2nd in com. and wing officer, proceeded on leave:—

Lieut. C. M. Bushby, offic. wing officer, to offic. as 2nd in com. and wing officer.

Lieut. H. G. Becher, offic. adj., to offic. as wing officer, in addition to his other duties.

By the Officer commanding 33rd N.I., dated May 31 last, directing Lieut. A. F. Jones, offic. qrmr., to offic. also as adj., v. Lieut. E. M. L. Marriott, gen. list, inf.

Ferozepore brigade order, dated 1st ult., appointing Lieut. D. Darroch, qrmr. 32nd N.I., to act as station interp., in addition to his other duties, there being no qualified officer available, v. Capt. A. Bennett, 1st batt. 7th foot, proceeded on leave.

Benares division order, dated 6th ult., directing Lieut. B. Maclaren, 58th foot, to do duty at the Parisaunth convalescent depot during the present hot season.

Leave of absence:—

Royal Artillery.—Lieut. col. M. A. S. Biddulph (comdg. at Mooltan), from June 30 to Oct. 15, in ext. of priv. leave, to remain in Cashmere; Capt. G. Maister (A batty. 19th brig.), from Aug. 15 to Oct. 15, in ext. to Dalhousie; H. W. Lumsden (No. 5 batty. 23rd brig.), from date of embarkation at Madras, to England, for 15 mo.; and H. M. Smith (No. 3 batty. 23th brig.), from date of embarkation, to Nov. 15, to the Neilgherry Hills, on m.c.

7th Drag. Gds.—1st Class Vet. surg. R. J. G. Hurford, from July 1 to Oct. 31, to visit Simla and Hills north of Deyrah, on m.c.

5th Lancers.—Lieut. J. G. H. Fox, from date of embarkation, to England, for 12 mo.

23rd Foot.—Ensign A. C. Jackson (1st batt.),

from date of embarkation, to England, via either route, on m.c.

42nd Foot.—Lieut. E. O. V. Haldane, from Feb. 15 to June 30, in ext., to remain at Calcutta, prep. to retiring from the service.

51st Foot.—Capt. W. C. Frend (paymr.), from June 15 to Sept. 15, to visit Cashmere and Murree.

80th Foot.—Ensign B. H. S. Gower, from June 1 to Oct. 15, to Calcutta, to study the native languages.

90th Foot.—Capt. G. R. Miller, from June 20 to Aug. 19, in ext., to Meean Meer.

104th Foot.—Major G. Gaynor, from June 22 to July 22, to Calcutta, on m.c.

Staff Corps.—Capt. R. O. H. Forbes, from April 1 to Oct. 15, to Presidency, N.W.P., and Oude.

Late 5th Eur. L.C.—Lieut. H. M. Buller (3rd squadron officer 11th Bengal lancers), from June 30 to Oct. 15, in ext.

Late 5th Eur. Regt.—Major C. F. Hicks, from April 16 to Nov. 30, to Almorah, on m.c.

10th Madras N.I.—Capt. G. Rowlandson, from Sept. 15 to Oct. 15, in ext., to remain at Dhurm-sala.

Late 46th N.I.—Lieut. H. U. Smith, from May 15 to Oct. 15, to Nynee Tal and Hills north of Almorah.

Late 70th N.I.—Major W. T. Garstin (2nd in com. and wing officer 11th N.I., dec.), from May 24 to May 31, to Calcutta, on m.c.

Gen. List, Inf.—Lieuts. C. H. Forster (attached to 32nd N.I.), from June 30 to Aug. 31, in ext., to remain in Calcutta, to study the native languages; and C. W. G. Perreau (attached to 10th N.I.), from Nov. 28, 1864, to May 30, 1865, in ext., to Calcutta, on m.c.

Leave of absence:—

Brigade Staff.—Brig. gen. P. Harris (comdg. Agra brigade), from June 18 to Oct. 18, in ext.

General Staff.—Lieut. J. May (dep. asst qrmr. gen.), from July 4, date of departure, in ext. of priv. leave, to remain at Calcutta prep. to proceeding to Europe on m.c.

11th Foot.—Lieut. E. L. Street (1st batt.), from July 15 to July 30, in ext., at Mussoorie; Lieut. E. H. Voughton (1st batt.), from July 15 to July 30, in ext.

42nd Foot.—Lieut. A. J. Ceely, from Sept. 25 to Oct. 25, in ext., to remain in England.

46th Foot.—Asst. surg. M. J. E. Fagan, m.d., from date of leaving regt., to Calcutta for 1 mo., m.c.

51th Foot.—Lieut. M. W. F. Gosset (adjt.), from July 16 to Aug. 20, in ext. of priv. leave, to remain at Simla.

55th Foot.—Ens. T. Drew, from date of embarkation to England via either route, m.c.

82nd Foot.—Asst. surg. R. W. Carter, from date of embarkation to England by the overland route, m.c.

98th Foot.—Lieut. E. W. De Lousada, from June 13 to Aug. 12, in ext. of priv. leave, to remain at Mussoorie, prep. to retiring from the service.

10th Foot.—Major G. Gaynor, from June 30 to July 14, to remain at Calcutta on m.c.

Staff Corps.—Capt. H. Campbell, from July 15 to Oct. 15, to visit Nynee Tal.

Bombay Staff Corps.—Major C. F. F. Chamberlain, comdnt. 23rd N.I., from June 19 to Oct. 20, in ext., and to visit the adjacent hills, on m.c.

Late 19th N.I.—Lieut. A. Battye (wing officer, 2nd Goorkha regt.), from July 14 to Aug. 14, in ext., Murree and Cashmere.

Late 42nd N.I.—Capt. E. F. Litchfield, from June 30 to Aug. 29, in ext.

Late 45th N.I.—Lieut. E. P. Ommanney (qrmr. 44th N.I.), from April 25 to June 1, to Calcutta, m.c.

Late 86th N.I.—Capt. F. D. Ogilvie (wing officer 27th N.I.), from Aug. 3 to Sept. 30, in ext. of priv. leave, to Cashmere and Murree.

Gen. List, Cav.—Lieut. E. H. Curtis (adjt. to 4th Ben. cav.), from July 13 to Aug. 15, in ext.

Gen. List, Inf.—Lieut. D. W. Inglis (doing duty officer 5th N.I.), from June 15 to July 15, in ext.

July 24.—Major C. Murray, Bengal staff corps, is appd. to do gen. duty at Jubbulpore, and directed to join.

Under instructions from Horse Gds., Brev. lieut. col. F. W. Hastings, of the 11th brig., royal art., will proceed to England forthwith, he being about to be prom. to a brig. in Canada.

Lieut. col. Hastings will proceed at the public expense.

The C. in C. in India is pleased to make the foll. prom., until H.M.'s pleasure shall be known:—

33rd Foot.—Ens. R. L. Bird to be lieut., without purch., v. Lieut. C. M. Tubbs, dec., dated July 5.

The C. in C. in India is pleased to make the foll. appts.:—

5th Bengal Cav.—Capt. H. R. Osborn, 2nd squa-

dron officer, to act as 2nd in com. and squadron officer, v. Major L. J. Farquharson, dated July 20.

Capt. D. Compton, late 2nd Eur. cav., to act as 2nd squadron officer, v. Capt. H. B. Osborn, dated July 20.

6th N.I.—Lieut. A. T. Davis, doing duty officer, to act as adjt., v. Lieut. A. G. Handcock, tempy. employed in the Judge Advocate gen.'s dept., dated July 20.

11th N.I.—Lieut. P. H. M. Mynter, late 32nd N.I., acting qrmr., to be qrmr., v. Lieut. Venour, late 40th N.I.; dated July 20.

21st N.I.—Lieut. J. G. T. Caruthers, gen. list, inf., attached to the 35th N.I., to be doing duty officer, v. Lieut. F. W. Collis; dated July 20.

29th N.I.—Lieut. W. P. Harrison, doing duty officer in the 34th N.I., to act as qrmr. during the abs. on leave of Lieut. G. Logan; dated July 20.

43rd N.I.—Lieut. C. H. Garbett, gen. list, inf., to act as doing duty officer during the abs. on leave of Lieut. W. M. Story; dated July 20.

Subject to the app. of H.R.H. the Field Marshal C. in C., Major G. E. Francis, posted to the 2nd batt. 60th foot, by G.O.C. of April 25 last, is perm. to remain at Mussoorie, on m.c., until Oct. 15 next.

Under authority from the Horse Guards, the retirement from the service, by the sale of his commission, of Lieut. E. C. Bicknell, 38th foot, is cancell.; dated July 20.

The following orders by Major B. Soady, late 24th N.I., comdg. the Doaba out-posts, are confirmed:—

Dated May 27 last.—Directing Lieut. C. W. Babington, doing duty officer, 9th Bengal cav., to assume com. of Fort Shubkudur tempy., in add. to his other duties, v. Lieut. and adjt. E. Wells, 13th Bengal cav.

Dated 30th ult.—Directing Capt. E. H. C. Simpson, comdg. detachment 4th Bengal cav., to assume com. of Fort Shubkudur temp., v. Lieut. C. W. Babington.

The following Presy. div. orders are confirmed:—

Dated 27th ult.—Directing Asst. surg. L. Kidd, m.d., 27th foot, in charge of the arrears branch of the insp. gen.'s office, to take over med. charge of the Kidderpore Depot Hospital, and No. 3 batty. 25th brig., royal arty., in add. to his other duties, and as a temp. arrangement, from Asst. surg. R. W. Carter, 82nd foot.

Dated 28th idem.—Appg. Asst. surg. S. M. Shir-core, civil asst. surg. of the 24-Pergunnahs, with the sanction of the civil authorities, to assume med. charge of the 36th N.I., v. Surg. R. K. Buckell, directed to proceed to Dinapore, and assume med. charge of the 16th N.I., in the room of Surg. major J. Sutherland, apptd. offic. dep. insp. gen. of hospitals, Barrackpore circle.

Dated 13th inst.—Directing Surg. H. W. Spry, of the 18th N.I., on expiration of his present leave, to proceed to Cawnpore and assume medical charge of the 30th N.I., v. Surg. maj. R. C. Atkinson, and appg. Lieut. D. H. Robertson, gen. list, inf., to the command of the local company of Eur. inf., v. Lieut. A. Harrison, gen. list, inf., app. doing duty officer 42nd N.I.

Rungeeah station order, dated May 25 last, appg. Lieut. F. H. Williams, adj. 44th N.I., station staff, in addition to his other duties, with effect from the 22nd idem.

By the officer commanding the 43rd N.I., dated May 31 last, appg. Lieut. F. van H. Sperling, offic. wing officer, to offic. as adj. and qrmr., in addition to his other duties, v. Lieut. H. J. Peet, proceeded on m.c.

Cawnpore brigade order, dated 10th ult., appg. Capt. W. Playfair, late 4th N.I., station interpreter, with effect from the 1st idem, there being no qualified officer available, v. Capt. K. J. W. Coghill, resigned.

By the officer commanding 37th N.I., dated 14th idem, directing Lieut. S. C. MacTier, late 15th N.I., to offic. as adj., v. Lieut. F. A. Montrieux, proceeded on leave.

Meerut division order, dated 29th idem, directing the following medical arrangements:—

Directing Surg. major R. J. Atkinson, F.R.C.S., 19th hussars, to make over medical charge of the regiment to Asst. surg. S. Fuller, and to proceed to Cawnpore and relieve Asst. surg. A. G. Crewe of medical charge of 10th N.I.

By officer comg. 7th Dragoon Guards, dated 29th idem, nominating the undermentioned officers a Committee of Paymastership, v. Paymr. W. F. Wheble, proceeded on sick leave:—

Capt. F. T. Blunt, to be president; Capt. A. G. B. Martin and C. T. Vandeleur, members. And directing Capt. Blunt to act as paymr., on the responsibility of the committee.

Furloughs of Chaplains.

Simla, July 15.—No. 1,381.—The following is an abstract of furl. and absentee rules for chaplains on the establishments of the three presidencies of Bengal, Madras, and Bombay, published in G.G.O.:—

FURLOUGH AND ABSENTEE RULES FOR CHAPLAINS.

Chaplains may be allowed leave of the following kinds:—

- Leave on m.c.
- Furl. on private affairs.
- Short leave on private affairs.
- Privilege leave.
- Preparatory leave.

The period for which leave on m.c. is given is as follows:—

In India, a continuous period not exceeding 1 year.

Beyond India, 18 mo., subject to ext., with allowances, up to a period not exceeding altogether 3 years, on a renewal of the m.c.

The pay or allowances during such leave are as follows:—

In India, full salary of rank, subject to a deduction of one-third for the whole term of regulated absence, provided that the deduction shall not reduce the allowance below Rs. 500 a mo.

Beyond India, for first 6 mo., £600 per annum, and (if the absentee be an archdeacon, but not otherwise) such portion of the salary of his office, not exceeding one-half, as may not be required for the payment of a *locum tenens*, and as may be granted to the absentee, without extra expense to Govt. For the remaining period, £191. 12s. 6d., or £127. 15s. per annum, according as the absentee has, or has not, completed 7 years' residence in India.

A chaplain proceeding on leave beyond India on m.c. will be allowed an advance of 3 mo. absentee pay, and no recovery will be made on account of this advance should the absentee die before it is liquidated.

A chaplain proceeding to England on leave should be furnished by the accountant general with a certificate in the form given in Appendix B, for submission to the India-office on his arrival in London.

FURLOUGH ON PRIVATE AFFAIRS.

The periods for which furl. is granted are as follow:—

Undivided, a continuous term of 3 years, but not before completion of 10 years' residence in India; or,

Divided into two periods, whether of 18 mo. each, or of 2 years and 1 year respectively. The first instalment of such divided furl. may be taken after a residence of 7 years, and the second instalment after a residence of 8 or 10 years, from date of return from last instalment by chaplains appointed before, on, or after Jan. 11, 1854. One year is the shortest term of furl. that can be taken by a chaplain.

The pay during furl. is £191. 12s. 6d. per annum.

MADRAS.**BY THE GOVERNOR IN COUNCIL.**

Fort St. George, July 19.—Leave of absence:—

Mr. E. B. Foord, acting coll. and mag., and agent to the Gov. of Fort St. George at Ganjam, 2 mo. and 15 days' priv. leave.

July 21.—Mr. C. G. Walker, under sec. to Govt. in the depts. under the chief sec., resumed charge of his office from Mr. F. Brandt on the 19th inst.

No. 263.—The undermentioned officer has returned to his duty by permission of the home govt., without prejudice to his rank:—

Asst. surg. H. J. H. Griesbach, M.D., med. dept., arrived at Madras July 15.

The services of Lieut. E. Faunce, of the staff corps, are placed at the disposal of the Govt. of India, for temp. employment under the foreign dept.

Leave of absence on m.c. is granted to Mr. D. S. White, uncovenanted asst. to the director of public instruction, for 1 year.

Mr. W. P. Williams, manager, revenue settlement office, has privilege leave of absence for 10 days, under the order of the Govt. of India, dated Jan. 28, No. 485, financial dept.

Capt. G. M. Payne, exec. eng., 8th division, has been granted 3 mo. cumulative privilege leave.

No. 58.—Privilege leave of absence has been granted to Capt. A. M. Davies, superint. of police, South Malabar, for 3 mo.

No. 59.—With reference to the resolution of Govt. of India, published in the *Fort St. George Gazette* of

Aug. 18, 1863, leave of absence has been granted to Mr. C. P. Drake, inspector of police, Tinnevely, for 2 mo.

July 28.—Leave of absence:—

Mr. C. W. Reade, coll. and mag. of South Arcot, 2 mo. priv. leave from 1st prox.

Lieut. H. Porteous, asst. supt. of police, Kilmedy div. of Ganjam dist., for 6 mo., on m.c., to proceed to Madras and the Neilgherries.

Appointments:—

Capt. A. Henley, military sec., to be private sec. to H.E. the Governor, from 28th inst., v. Col. Denison, who resigns the appt.

Mr. G. Banbury, sub coll. and joint mag. of Madras dist., to act as coll. and mag. of South Arcot, during the absence of Mr. Reade on leave, or until further orders.

The Right Rev. the Bishop has granted the Rev. G. E. Morris, M.A., chaplain of Ootacamund, priv. leave for 3 mo., from the date of his being relieved.

July 27.—*No. 270.*—The undermen. officer is permitted to proc. to Europe:—Lieut. col. J. P. Coode, 37th regt. (grenadiers), on m.c. for 20 mo., under the furl. regulations of 1854, and to embark from Madras.

July 28.—*No. 271.*—Appointments:—

Capt. R. C. Stewart, cadre 8th regt. L.C., to be military sec. to H.E. the Governor, from July 28 last, v. Capt. Henley, apptd. private sec.

Capt. W. Hands and F. W. Dobree, staff corps, to be dep. assts. q'r. mr. gen., v. Major F. Dawson and Capt. G. De la P. Beresford, whose term of staff service has expired.

Returned to duty, and arrived at Madras on July 24 last:—

Major E. B. Ramsay, staff corps, military asst. to the comr. of Mysore.

Capt. C. J. Stuart, staff corps, asst. director of revenue settlement.

Major J. L. Pearce, staff corps, supt. Astagram div., Mysore commission.

The undermen. officer is permitted to proc. to Europe:—Capt. J. Simpson, staff corps, on m.c. for 20 mo., under the furl. regulations of 1854, and to embark from Madras.

Aug. 1.—Mr. A. McC. Webster, head assist. to the coll. and mag. of South Canara, to act as sub-coll. and joint mag. of the Madras dist. during the employment of Mr. G. Banbury on other duty.

Mr. C. A. Galton to be assist. to the coll. and mag. of the Tanjore district.

Mr. J. A. Marjoribanks, dep. coll. 3rd class, to act in 2nd class, v. Mr. W. E. Underwood.

Mr. W. Freer, 1st class inspector of police, Nellore dist., to act 4th class dep. coll., v. G. Pantaya, and to have charge of the Nellore salt dept. till further orders.

Mr. E. Thomas and Mr. C. H. McBride to act as dep. colls. in the 4th class on probation, to complete the establishment.

Mr. P. M. Jones, probationary asst. supt. of police, 2nd class, Godavery district, to act as superint. of police, Godavery dist., during the absence of Lieut. (brev. capt.) W. Robertson on leave, or till further orders.

Lieut. col. C. V. Wilkieson, R.E., acting mint-master, has resumed charge of the office from Capt. H. T. Rogers.

Mr. T. J. Knox is permitted to resign the Madras Civil Service from Oct. 28 next, and is admitted to an annuity from that date, under the terms of the despatch from the Rt. Hon. the Sec. of State for India, dated Nov. 25, 1862, No. 193.

The leave to Europe granted to Mr. F. S. Child, civil and sess. judge of Cuddapah, in the *Gazette* of June 23, is cancelled at his own request.

ERRATUM in Fort St. George Gazette, dated July 7, page 29:—For Lieut. W. R. E. Fullerton, cadre 42nd M.N.I., to be assist. conservator of forests in the 3rd class, v. Major W. A. Gib, resigned, read W. R. E. Fullerton, cadre 42nd M.N.I., to act as an assist. conservator of forests, 3rd class, till further orders.

The Gov. in Council is pleased to re-appoint the following gentlemen to be Income-tax Commissioners in the presidency town of Madras for the year commencing Aug. 1, or for so long as may be necessary for the purposes stated in section 249, Act 32 of 1860:—

President.—H. A. Brett, Esq.

Official Members.—J. H. Blair, Esq.; R. A. Dallyell, Esq.; C. G. Master, Esq.

Non-Official Members.—A. Cammiade, Esq.; J. G. Coleman, Esq.

Under section 25 of the Code of Criminal Procedure, the undermentioned officers are invested with powers specified opposite their respective names:—

Mr. A. J. Stuart, acting senior assist. to the coll.

and mag. and agent to the Governor of Fort St. George in Ganjam—full powers of a magistrate.

Mr. H. W. Bliss, assist. to the coll. and mag. of Salem—powers of subord. mag., 2nd class.

Mr. C. A. Galton, assist. to the coll. and mag. of Tanjore—powers of subord. mag., 2nd class.

No. 273.—The leave to proceed to sea, on m.c., granted in G.O.G. April 11, No. 138, to Capt. C. B. Bowen, cadre 48th regt. N.I., is extended from July 15 to July 24.

No. 274.—Appointment:—

Madras Volunteer Guards.—Mr. T. E. Deschamp to be ensign in No. 8 company.

Aug. 4.—*No. 278.*—The undermentioned officer is perm. to proceed to Europe:—

Surg. H. B. Montgomery, member of and secretary to the Sanitary Commission, on m.c., for 20 mo., under the furl. regs. of 1854, and to embark from Madras.

The leave to proceed to Bangalore on m.c., granted in G.O.G. April 28, No. 158, to Asst. surg. E. McL. Ross, med. dept., in med. charge of Chanda, Central Provs., is altered to Madras and Bangalore.

Aug. 3.—Under the provisions of Section VIII. of 1865, Mr. J. G. Ferrand, dist. registrar of Madras, is app. dep. registrar of assurances, during the Registrar gen.'s absence from the presidency on duty.

The offic. director of revenue settlement has granted to Mr. F. B. Pedroza, asst. manager and indexer in the revenue settlement office, priv. leave for 15 days, under Section XVI. of the Revised Uncovenanted Service Absentee Rules.

Transfer.—Capt. H. W. Wood, R.E., exec. engr. 4th grade, from the Pres. to the Tanjore dist.

Capt. E. S. Storey, prob. asst. supt. of police, 2nd class, is prom. to 1st class from March 6.

Lieut. F. Hole, prob. asst. supt. of police, 1st class, South Malabar, to act as supt. of police, South Malabar.

Lieut. T. H. B. Young, prob. asst. supt. of police, 1st class, South Arcot, to act as supt. of police, South Arcot.

Madras Staff Corps.—The admission to the staff corps of Lieut. J. T. M. Armstrong, 38th regt. N.I., A.D.C. to the officer comdg. the northern div. (notified in G.O.G. Nov. 1, 1864, No. 424), not having been approved by H.M.'s Govt., is hereby cancelled.

76th Regt.—Lieut. and Adj. E. LeB. Butler, from Aug. 2 to Sept. 30, to the Shevaroy hills.

76th Regt.—Capt. J. McD. Allardice, in ext., to Aug. 5, to the Neilgherries.

Ordnance Dept.—Major J. Hamilton, dep. comsy. of ordnance, in continuation till Jan. 31, to the Neilgherries, on m.c.

Capt. A. C. Bruce, H.M.'s 91st foot, asst. q'r. mr. gen., Presidency div., Calcutta, on m.c., for 20 mo., to Eur., under the furl. regs. of 1854.

Lieut. H. W. Bird, cadre 6th regt. L.C., adjt. of H.E. the Gov.'s body guard, on m.c., for 20 mo., to Eur., under the furl. regs. of 1854.

Capt. E. G. Ingram, 24th regt. N.I., on m.c., for 20 mo., to Eur.

19th Regt.—Capt. W. J. Foster, 2nd batt., from Sept. 1 to Dec. 31, to Rangoon.

BIRTHS.

ATKINSON—At Cuttack, July 27, the wife of J. L. Atkinson, Esq., merchant and agent, of a son.

AMESBURY—At Fort William, July 31, the wife of Dr. S. C. Amesbury, 34th P.N.I., Acting Garrison Assistant Surgeon, of a daughter.

BIRCH—At the Park, Colpetty, Ceylon, August 8, 1865, the wife of J. W. Woodford Birch, Esq., C.C.S., of a daughter.

BAMFORTH—At Madras, August 3, the wife of the Rev. J. Bamforth, of a son.

BOWEN—At Mysore, August 3, the wife of Lieut. Charles Bowen, R.E., Assistant Engineer, of a son.

COODE—On board the P. and O. Company's steam ship *Pera*, August 25, the wife of Lieut. Colonel J. P. Coode, Madras Army, of twins, a son and daughter.

DOBBS—At Bangalore, August 4, the wife of R. Cathcart Dobbs, Esq., Executive Engineer, of a son.

DAVIES—The wife of Mr. Alfred Davies, of a daughter, at No. 2, Wellesley-place, Calcutta, on Aug. 3.

DUNDAS—The wife D. W. Dundas, Esq., District Superintendent of Police, prematurely, of a daughter, at Gopalparah, July 28.

GRAHAM—The wife of George Graham, Esq., prematurely, of a son, still-born, at Kishnagur, Aug. 3.

JACKSON—The wife of George M. Jackson, Esq., of a daughter, at Berhampore, Aug. 6.
KELLY—The wife of the Rev. W. F. Kelly, Colonial Chaplain, of a son, at the Parsonage, Nuwera Ellia, Ceylon, Aug. 3.
McHUGH—The wife of Mr. James C. McHugh, Assistant, Government Secretariat, N.W.P., of a son, at Nynee Tal, July 27.
STEWART—At Dinapore, on the 31st July, the wife of Lieutenant W. J. Stewart, of a son.
STEWART—At Jitwarpoor, Tirhoot, on the 1st August, the wife of William Molloy Stewart, Esq., of a son.
TUCKER—At Berhampore, on the 3rd August, the wife of Captain Wm. Raffles Tucker, Royal Engineers, of a son.

MARRIAGES.

ALLDRITT—FRANKLIN—At Madras, July 31, Cosmo N. Aldritt, Esq., solicitor, to Emily Maria, eldest daughter of J. J. Franklin, Esq., Superintendent of Marine, Madras.
BEYTS—CROWE—At Valetta, Malta, August 10, George M. D. J. Beyts, of Bombay, to Alice, widow of John Crowe, London.
KRAMER—GERRARD—At Cochín, August 5, Theodor Friedrich Melchior Kramer, Esq., of Hamburg, to Eliza Ann, second daughter of Captain John Gerrard, M. N. I.

DEATHS.

ANDREW—At Madras, July 24, James Andrew, Esq., merchant, Calicut, Malabar Coast, aged 33 years.
BLACKMAN—At Tuticorin, July 27, Mr. Arthur King Blackman, aged 33 years.
DOWDEN—At Tuticorin, Aug. 10, Lucy Caroline, wife of C. B. Dowden, Esq., aged 21.
DUNSMURE—At Mozufferpore, on July 28, of dysentery, James Stephen, infant son of W. V. Dunsmure, Esq.
ETHERINGTON—At Benares, on July 31, Allan Biss, son of the Rev. W. and Mrs. Etherington, aged 1 year and 15 days.
GREGORY—At Paumdy, in the Ghooly Taluq, Bellary district, on July 25, of cholera, William Hill Gregory, Esq., C.E., aged 30.
MILNE—On the 17th July, at Hattyghur Tea Factory, Upper Assam, Dr. George Dunbar Milne, aged 29 years.
MARTIN—On the 22nd July, of dysentery, Aylmer Richard, the child of Thomas Martin, C.E., Executive Engineer, Lower Assam Division, aged 6 months and 22 days.
PIEREZ—At Colombo, on the 1st August, Dr. T. A. Pieriez, late Assistant Colonial Surgeon, aged 45 years, 3 months and 21 days.
THOMSON—Lieut.-col. W. A. A., Bengal Cavalry, at the residence of Mr. G. C. Bayley, C.S., Calcutta, Aug. 3.
TANNER—At Manantoddy, July 12, Constance Emily, aged ten months, from congestion of the brain; and on the 23rd, Alfred Gosset, aged 2 years, of typhus fever, the children of the Rev. J. Tanner.
TIMS—At 14, Lower Circular-road, Aug. 5, Charles James, the son of Mr. and Mrs. T. L. Tims, aged 6 months.
WINTLE—At Monghyr, Aug. 1, Nora Ethel, the infant daughter of Lieut. H. R. Wintle, late Lahore Light Horse.

WAR OFFICE.

CHANGES, PROMOTIONS, &c.,
IN H.M.'s REGIMENTS SERVING IN INDIA.

Sept. 8.

Royal Art.—Lieut. E. G. M. Donnithorne has been permitted to resign his commission; Staff Asst. surg. J. Michael to be asst. surg., v. R. C. Cream, dec.

13th Foot.—Ens. C. E. S. Lee to be lieut., by purchase, v. L. P. Jenkins, who retires; Gentleman cadet H. H. Parr, from the Royal Military College, to be ens., by purch., v. Lee.

95th Foot.—Ens. H. Bevan to be lieut., by purch., v. M. Robinson, who retires; Gentleman cadet O. H. B. St. John, from the Royal Military College, to be ens., by purch., v. Bevan.

Sept. 14.

Royal Art.—Battery Serg. maj. J. Drummond to be riding master, v. Boylin, retired on half pay; Sept. 12.

Royal Eng.—Second capt. E. R. James to be capt., v. Brev. maj. F. H. De Vera, dec.; Aug. 23. Second capt. W. Bailey to be capt., v. Brev. maj. C. Pasley, removed to the seconded list; Sept. 1. Second capt. O. H. Stokes, from half pay, to be second capt., v. E. R. James; Aug. 23. Lieut. F. B. Mainguy to be second capt., v. Bailey; Sept. 1. The temporary commissions of the undermentioned lieuts. to be made permanent:—A. H. Hime, Dec. 18, 1861; T. Fraser, T. H. Anstey, June 25, 1862; T. English, W. G. Ross, F. S. Shepherd, T. Gracey, D. O'Brien, W. H. Rathborne, W. J. Galwey, H. H. Cole, Dec. 17, 1862; H. P. Kuoocker, W. FitzH. Spaight, June 24, 1863.

7th Foot.—Lieut. J. Potham to be adj., v. Lieut. H. A. Little, who resigns the appointment; June 3. *10th Foot.*—Staff Asst. surg. C. Haines to be asst. surg., v. R. Dunlop, who resigns; Sept. 12.

19th Foot.—Lieut. T. H. Kirby to be instructor of musketry, v. Lieut. C. J. F. Smith-Forbes, who resigned that appointment; May 3.

20th Foot.—Capt. and Brev. maj. O. T. Burne, from half pay late 20th foot, to be capt., v. J. C. Cox, who retires upon temporary half pay, Sept. 12.

27th Foot.—Lieut. R. K. Barrow, from half pay, late 4th West India regt., to be lieut., v. W. M. Stafford, who retires upon temporary half pay; Sept. 12.

44th Foot.—Lieut. R. B. Bald, from 16th foot, to be lieut., v. H. H. Tabb, who exchanges; Sept. 12. *46th Foot.*—The appointment of Qmr. J. Dwyer to be antedated to May 3, 1864.

90th Foot.—Lieut. R. I. Ward to be adj., v. Lieut. J. F. Haig, who resigns the appointment; June 12. *94th Foot.*—Ens. E. S. Mercer to be lieut., without purch., v. R. L. Gwatkin, dec.; June 2. Ens. W. G. C. Johnstone, from 66th foot, to be ens., v. Mercer; Sept. 12.

104th Foot.—Lieut. H. Spalding to be instructor of musketry; Aug. 25.

Rifle Brigade.—Lieut. A. D. Rickman to be instructor of musketry, v. Lieut. Egerton, who has resigned the appointment; July 23.

BREVET.

The promotion of Lieut. col. A. Taylor, c.n., R.E., to be col., to bear date March 31, 1864, not Aug. 5, 1864, as previously gazetted.

Paymr., with the honorary rank of capt., G. Pollard, 66th foot, to have the honorary rank of major; Aug. 17.

Qmr. W. Bustard, half pay, late 69th foot, to have the honorary rank of capt.; Sept. 12.

To have the local rank of Lieut. col. in India. Capt. and Brev. maj. F. P. Cassidy, 34th foot; Feb. 18, 1861.

To have the local rank of Major in India.

Capt. J. I. Preston, 45th foot; Jan. 26, 1864.

Capt. J. G. Hathorn, R.A.; June 13.

Capt. A. Cadell, R.E.; June 13.

Capt. A. R. Fuller, R.A.; June 14.

Capt. M. E. Currie, R.A.; June 14.

Capt. J. Hunter, R.A.; June 14.

Capt. A. Darling, R.A.; June 14.

Capt. W. H. Parish, R.A.; June 14.

Capt. J. Fulton, R.A.; June 14.

Capt. R. Murray, R.A.; June 14.

Capt. W. A. Ross, R.A.; June 14.

Capt. W. Dixon, R.A.; June 14.

Capt. G. O. Rybot, R.A.; June 14.

To have the local rank of Captain in India.

Lieut. (now capt.) J. W. Poole, 11th foot, Feb. 18, 1861.

The following proms. to take place in succession to Gen. the Right Hon. Sir G. Brown, c.n., col. in chief rifle brig., and col. 32nd foot, who died on Aug. 27:—

Lieut. gen. G. C. the Earl of Lucan, c.n., col. 1st life guards, to be gen.; Aug. 28.

Maj. gen. S. Baynes, col. 35th foot, to be lieut. gen.; Aug. 28.

To have the rank of Maj. gen.

Brev. col. W. Chambré, maj., half pay, unattached; Aug. 28.

Brev. col. Hon. A. C. Legge, capt., half pay, unattached; Aug. 28.

Brev. col. M. Dalyell, maj., half pay, unattached; Aug. 28.

Brev. col. J. Birtwhistle, maj., half pay, unattached; Aug. 28.

To be Maj. gen.

Brev. col. J. Creagh, from lieut. col., ret. full pay, 86th foot; Aug. 28.

To be Lieut. col.

Capt. and Brev. maj. J. Hlissard, 57th foot; Aug. 28.

To be Major.

Capt. J. Woods, 81st foot; Aug. 28.

To Correspondents.

All letters for insertion in *Allen's Indian Mail* should be accompanied with the real name and address of the writer, "not necessarily for publication, but as a guarantee of good faith."

Communications for the Editor, and Advertisements, should be sent under cover to Messrs. WM. H. ALLEN & Co., 13, Waterloo-place, S.W.

* * Should any delay or irregularity occur in supplying this Paper, communication of the fact to the Publisher will insure a remedy.

ALLEN'S INDIAN MAIL,

SATURDAY, September 16, 1865.

RUSSIA IN CENTRAL ASIA.

RUSSIA continues to give elaborate explanations of her progress in Central Asia, through the *St. Petersburg* and *Moscow* journals; and her latest prolusion upon the subject, in reference to the taking of Taschkend, explains the unexpected announcement, previously received through Mr. Reuter, of her impending war with Bokhara.

The article alluded to, which is quoted in the *St. Petersburg Gazette* from the *Invalide Russe*, contains a great deal of repetition, and need not be given here entire. Its main purpose is to this effect:

After the death of Alimkoulla, Sadyk-Kenasserin—"Russia's implacable enemy"—was proclaimed Regent of Khokand, and assembling around him the remainder of the band routed at Tchemkend, had formed his head-quarters at Taschkend, which was thus given up to confusion and disorder. This was highly injurious to the Russians whose trade suffered severely, the export of cattle and grain destined for the town being diminished by three-fourths of the usual amount. But notwithstanding these facts, and even the solicitations of a large party within the walls who wished to be rid of the Khokanese, the Russian General Tcherniaiew remained quiescent, in order that the inhabitants might have an opportunity of taking their own course against the invaders. These people, however, were inadequate to carry out their wishes unaided, so failing Russian co-operation, they applied for help to the Khan of Bokhara. This was a very awkward prospect for the Russians. The General saw that to allow the Khan to extend his power over Taschkend, and to have installed, in place of the Khokanese, a Bokharian population imbued with Mussulman fanaticism, would have been equivalent to giving up all the advantages obtained on the Syr Daria, as well as putting off to a distant period the termination of military operations. Nevertheless, the General still contented himself with a watchful attitude, and it was only when

the Khan had occupied Khodgent with his troops, and the Bokhara party had begun reinforcing itself at Taschkend, that he determined upon action. He accordingly took Taschkend by assault on the night of the 15th of June, and drove the Khokanese out of the place. He was now able to ascertain and put in evidence the intelligence which the Khan of Bokhara held with the inhabitants. The Bokhara party, under Iskander Bey, had, it seems, already installed itself in the town; among the trophies gained by the Russian troops was a Bokharian standard. Moreover, the Bokharian troops began to show themselves in the Khokan forts, bordering on the left bank of the Syr Daria; and it was discovered that the Khan entertained romantic ideas about re-establishing the Empire of Tamerlane, having, as a preliminary, claimed jurisdiction over the Kirghis, who had long since been subordinate to Russia. The General also found the Khan quite impracticable as to the occupied town, whose independence he refused to acknowledge. His pretensions, in fact, from first to last, are described as intolerable, so it was determined to meet them by vigorous means. "European etiquette and the *finesses* of diplomacy," says the writer, "are things inaccessible to the mind of the Asiatics, accustomed to see in concessions but a proof of weakness, and in submission but an effect of fear." Therefore, "in order to avoid a conflict with Bokhara, and at the same time to prove to the Khan the inutility of his threats, as well as the firm determination to insist upon Taschkend remaining independent," it was decided to take reprisals upon the subjects of Bokhara established upon Russian territory. So an order was given to arrest all the Bokharians found in the country of Orenburg, and to sequester their merchandise.

This policy, at the time of writing, appeared likely to have the desired effect. The Khan evinced something like politeness in his intercourse with the Russian authority, and even halted his troops on the other side of the Tehirtchik river. Nevertheless, the General considered that to place implicit faith in the protestations of a Khan of Central Asia, and to rely entirely upon his sincerity, would be a very grave error—a fact sufficiently illustrated by subsequent events; for, according to the telegram since received, the Khan himself was the aggressor in the actual hostilities which followed, by attacking a Russian caravan. In any case the alliance of Russia with Bokhara is evidently broken up, and Russia already begins to experience the difficulty which she described in her diplomatic circular on the subject some months ago—of knowing where to stop. Nor is the result in any way surprising. Both Bokhara and Khiva are plainly at her mercy, and Russia will have to occupy a great

deal more territory in Central Asia before she will be allowed to settle down in peace. Russophobists for some time to come will thus be in no want of subject matter for speculation; but whether they will succeed in creating alarm is another matter. There is a growing party in this country who see in the advance of Russia a security for the repression of semi-barbarous chiefs obtainable by no other means—since we have no desire to undertake the task ourselves—and the best protection that could be for the trade with Central Asia, in which we cannot fail largely to participate. With regard to Russia's alleged designs upon British India—which, however, she has again and again disclaimed—the difficulties in the way of their accomplishment are as great as ever, and are not likely to be lessened. It should be remembered, too, that there need be no more apprehension on that score from a force at Bokhara than from a fleet in the Caspian; and that, after all, the defence of its frontier is a responsibility which any country must be prepared to incur, even without the assistance that nature has given us in India. The rupture of the Russian alliance with Bokhara, too, sets at any rate one source of alarm at rest—that Russia is likely to stir up the fanatical Mussulman population against British rule, since it is clear that, if she is stirring it up against anybody, it is against herself.

BOOKS.

Comp and Cantonment; A Journal of Life in India in 1857-59, with Some Account of the Way Thither. By Mrs. Leopold Paget. Longman and Co.

About the middle of July, 1857, the field battery of Royal Artillery, under the command of Captain Leopold Paget, was ordered to embark for India, and the wife of that officer accompanied him to his new scene of service. To this lady the public is indebted for a diary of her adventures, from the day of her departure from Woolwich to that which saw her entering the docks at Southampton two years afterwards. Ladies' narratives of travel have always one advantage over those of men—they give a nearer view of things, and note a great deal that authors of the other sex hold in disdain. Moreover, ladies, not being supposed to know so much beforehand as their lords, are not ashamed to be impressed by novelty, and the consequence is a freedom and freshness which only confidence can impart. Mrs. Paget makes excellent use of these advantages, and gives us an interesting picture of private life at a great public crisis, picking up a little politics in the course of her wanderings, as a lady under such circumstances is sure to do, if only from her husband, and now and then informing us as to her own views in departmental management, which

you may be sure are of a practical character. Major Paget—he becomes a major in the course of the work, and is transferred to the mounted branch—supplements the lady's diary by a narrative of his own. "How I Helped in the Pursuit of Tantia Topee" is not the least pleasant part of the book. It is written in rapid, soldier-like style, as if there was plenty to say but not too much time to say it, and the writer was rather afraid that the subject would run away from him—just the style, in fact, for a chase. The column did not catch Tantia; but Major Paget did all that becomes a man—being nothing more than the commandant of a troop of horse artillery under difficulties—towards that object, and encountered him once, "conspicuously dressed in white, and mounted on a handsome white horse." Nor was it any fault of the Major's if the gallant rebel got away, for he had "no steeds to follow," like the enemies of Young Lochinvar, even if the pursuit had been his business, instead of that of the 17th Lancers.

Regulations Applicable to the European Officer in India. Part III. Furlough, Retirement, Medical Officers, &c. By George E. Cockrane, Assistant Military Secretary, India-office. Harrison and Sons, 59, Pall-mall; W. H. Allen and Co., 13, Waterloo-place.

The third part of this valuable publication contains a classified analysis of the regulations under the several heads above recited, as well as others of a miscellaneous kind. The matter is carefully and compactly arranged, rendered easy of reference by a copious index, and gives the largest amount of information in the smallest possible space.

THE INDIAN MUTINY.—GENERAL WHITLOCK AND LORD CLYDE.

The great case of the Banda Kirwee booty, amounting to about one million sterling, came on before Dr. Lushington, at the Admiralty Court, on Friday, on the application to inspect a despatch from the Bombay Government respecting the force under the command of General Smith. The suit was instituted on the part of General Sir G. Whitlock and the army under him, to obtain a distribution of the booty taken from the rebels, and several questions arose, whether the army in India at the time, and Lord Clyde, as commander-in-chief, were not entitled to share in the large fund, if not as actual captors, then as "constructive" captors. The case was one of great magnitude and importance, and the Crown had referred the matter to Dr. Lushington, and it was now advancing towards a hearing.

His Lordship, on no cause being shown, directed the production and inspection of the document in question.

Mr. Telles, proctor for one of the parties, subsequently opposed. He said he had been to Westminster, thinking that the Court sat as usual at that place. He asked his lordship to adjourn the application until counsel could be heard in opposition. The document was from the Bombay Government, but more in the shape of a letter than a despatch. It was the opinion of counsel that it should not be produced.

Dr. Lushington thought the document had better be produced. Had he heard of it he should have required it to be brought into Court, in order to arrive at a satisfactory opinion.

Mr. Tebbs said the Court would have known nothing of the matter.

His Lordship declined to disturb the order. The document would be forthcoming, and produced to the other side.

Mr. Tebbs then applied that the case might be specially appointed for hearing. He had heard that the Court would appoint a sitting in October. There were many parties to hear, and about a dozen counsel engaged. The cause, when it did come on, would occupy some time.

Dr. Lushington expressed his desire to proceed with the matter as soon as possible. He had read some of the papers, and would do his best to get rid of the mass, so that the case might be heard at the commencement of Michaelmas term.

The Registrar (Mr. Rothery) informed his lordship that there were more papers to be lodged.

Dr. Lushington: What, more papers?

Mr. Tebbs believed that such was the fact.

His Lordship was surprised, after the mass already filed. He would do his best in the matter, and hoped to proceed with the hearing. He was aware there were many parties interested in this case.

Mr. Tebbs recommended that a special sitting should be appointed.

It was understood that arrangements would be made for the hearing before or at the commencement of next term. In the interim the order made for the production of the despatch was to be carried out.

Order accordingly.

THE CAPTURE OF TASCHKENT.

The *Invalide Russe* contains the following narrative of the capture of Tashkent, in Kokan, a town said to contain 100,000 inhabitants, and certainly of considerable size:—

"Taking into consideration that the garrison occupied a vast extent of ground, that their artillery was distributed over a line of fifteen versts (ten miles), and that in the place there was a numerous party devoted to us, General Tcherniaeff formed the resolution to capture the town by assault. Having chosen the point of attack, he decided that the assault should be given on the night of the 26th—27th June. With this view it was arranged that the principal detachment, under the command of General Tcherniaeff in person, after breaking up from their camp at eleven o'clock at night, should, at daybreak, deliver the assault at the gate chosen for the attack by means of ladders and *arbas* (a kind of chariot) constructed for the express purpose, and furnished with little flexible ladders for the passage of the ditch. At the same time the detachment of Colonel Kraievsky was to make a demonstration by attacking the town on another side. The principal detachment was preceded by volunteers commanded by captain of cavalry Wulfort, and Sub-lieutenants Chorokhof and Lapine. The principal detachment numbered in all seven companies, with two light pieces of artillery, and four pieces of position. The priest Malof marched at the head, cross in hand. The enemy perceived the approach of the column of assault when it was a hundred paces from the gate. Before they had time to reconnoitre our troops were already on the barbette, and drove the Kokanians out of it with their cannon. Having advanced with 250 men by a street which ran along the wall of the town, Captain Abramof, in spite of the resistance of the *surabases*, who were entrenched behind the gabions, and the fire of four pieces of artillery, carried four barbettes, and proceeding along a distance of fourteen kilometres of the wall, gathered on his passage all the pieces of cannon abandoned by the enemy. In the town itself Captain Abramof met with an obstinate resistance, and was obliged to carry by assault a number of barricades. Arriving at the citadel he found it already occupied by the troops of Delacroix and Jemtehoujnikop. Although these two detachments had almost immediately followed that of Captain Abramof, they had not the less, the whole way, encountered and carried barricades, which the enemy erected with extraordinary rapidity. At half-past seven in the morning the citadel was occupied. The enemy, driven back to the centre of the town, ceased to skirmish; nevertheless, our detachment was obliged to evacuate the citadel, for the Kokanians had set fire to the build-

ings attached to the palace of the Khan, and the fire, spreading with very great celerity, threatened to explode the powder magazines. Then the detachment of Colonel Kraievsky, aided by men from the principal detachment, escalated the wall with the help of their muskets and their straps. The numerous cavalry of the enemy (5,000 men), pursued by a handful of Cossacks, sowed the road with their standards, and, arriving at the Tchirtchik, flung themselves in the river in order to cross it, the horsemen drowning one another in the crush. The half of the town had been cleared; but towards evening the enemy, having concealed themselves in the houses nearest our troops, recommenced the fire upon our line; barricades reappeared in all the streets and squares; the resistance became more desperate, and went so far that one or two men, armed with *aibots* (a sort of battle-axe), precipitated themselves on an entire company, and succumbed under the bayonets without asking quarter. Little detachments sent into the streets met everywhere with an obstinate resistance. Each house had to be carried by assault, and was only evacuated at the point of the bayonet. The resistance was particularly obstinate in the street conducting from the gate of the town to the principal bazaar, and which was first cleared by the artillery officer Ivanof, and again by Lieutenant Makarof. Thanks to the efforts of the troops the streets were a second time swept clean, and the fire of artillery continued the whole night. Colonel Kraievsky, despatched next morning to gather the cannon of the enemy and blow up the citadel, again encountered a desperate resistance, but completely fulfilled his mission. Towards evening all the streets were free, the town surrendered at discretion, and the disarmament of the inhabitants was proceeded with. Our trophies consist of 16 large standards, one of which is Bokharian, a multitude of flags, 63 pieces of cannon of different calibre, 48 of which are bronze, and of excellent workmanship, and an immense quantity of muskets. There were also found 2,000 pounds (about 70,000 lbs.) of powder, and about 10,000 various projectiles. The number of the defenders of the town, according to the most moderate statements, was 30,000 men. We had 3 subaltern officers wounded, and 4 bruised; 25 men killed, 86 wounded, and 21 bruised."

MISCELLANEOUS.

A CHINESE GIANT.—China has just sent us a very unexpected curiosity in the shape of a most overgrown specimen of the human race. Chang Woo Gow, of Pechow, has within the last few days landed on our shores, and last week made his appearance to a number of private visitors at the Manor House, the residence of Mr. R. Whitfield, the surgeon of St. Thomas's Hospital, in the immediate neighbourhood of the old Surrey Hall at Newington. The giant, as far as can be ascertained, is somewhere between 19 and 23 years of age; his height is seven feet eight inches; he weighs about twenty stone; he is well-proportioned, and he presents, from the mere loftiness of his figure, a very remarkable object. But there is, otherwise, in his appearance nothing in any way formidable, and still less anything repulsive. His features approach more nearly than those of his countrymen, generally, the European type, and their expression is unusually gentle and even timid and feminine. He is accompanied by Mr. Chisholm, who has had charge of him since his departure from China, and, according to this gentleman, he is a person of respectable family, of refined manners, and of considerable accomplishments. He was brought up, it appears, as a scholar, and he now employs a considerable portion of his time in writing. His gigantic stature may be regarded as a hereditary quality, for his father and grandfather were each as tall as he is himself, and he has a brother now serving in the Imperial Chinese army who, although he is six inches lower, outweighs him by not less than a 100 lb. The most singular circumstance, however, in the history of this Titanic race still remains to be told. He had a sister, it is stated, who was eight feet six inches in height. She died about a year ago, or, in his own words, she grew up to heaven and then passed to it for ever; and it was the grief

with which he was overwhelmed at her loss that induced him to listen to the overtures addressed to him for a visit to the extremities of the Western world. He has with him two secretaries, a wife, and a female servant, the latter of whom, upon a proper amount of pressing, exhibits with sly coyness a specimen of the famous small Chinese feet, the length of them not being more than about four inches. There is here another figure which will attract some notice from the very diminutiveness of his stature, and his curious outlandish, elish general air. This is a dwarf, 27 years of age, about three feet high, with strongly-marked Chinese features, and a strangely knowing and collected look, thinking himself apparently the most important personage of the group. They will all most probably be exhibited at the Egyptian Hall in the course of a few days; and although they form on the whole a quiet and an undemonstrative party, they must from their exceptional growth and their singular history become objects of some amount of public curiosity and interest.

BILLS ON INDIA.—The biddings for bills on India took place on Wednesday, the 6th inst., at the Bank of England. The proportions allotted were—to Calcutta, Rs. 13,46,000; to Madras, Rs. 90,000; and to Bombay, Rs. 10,00,000. The minimum price was as before, viz., 1s. 10½d. on Calcutta and Madras, and 1s. 10¾d. on Bombay. Tenders on Calcutta and Madras at 1s. 11¾d. receive in full, and on Bombay at 1s. 11¾d. about 72 per cent.; above these prices in full.

OUTWARD BOMBAY MAILS.—The Peninsular and Oriental Company's steamship *Tanjore*, Captain Brooks, sailed from Southampton on Tuesday with the mails for Gibraltar, Malta, Egypt, Aden, Bombay, and Upper Bengal. She took out 22 first and 60 second class passengers, and on freight a general cargo, including 145 boxes specie, value £50,184. Of this amount £10,250 in bar silver, and £655 watches, gold thread, &c., is for Bombay; £9,200 sovereigns, and jewellery £55, for Alexandria; and £24 in jewellery, &c., for Aden.

THE BOMBAY AND MAURITIUS MAILS.—SOUTHAMPTON, Sept. 12.—The Peninsular and Oriental Company's steamship *Delta*, Captain Kellock, with the above mails, has arrived. She brings 116 passengers, 13 packages specie, value £2,809, and a general cargo, including 2,309 bales silk, value £150,000 sterling.

By a supplement to the *London Gazette* we learn by an order in Council (dated 13th inst.) it is henceforth permitted to import into Ireland hides, &c., of cattle from India, &c., such hides having been included in the prohibition of a former Council order.

SHIPPING.

ARRIVALS.

Sept. 6. Araminta, Mouline.—7. Ascania, Bombay.—8. Masonic, Rangoon; Zouave, Rangoon; Sam Wendell, Bombay; Bulwark, Bombay; Wave Queen, Bombay; Berkley, Bombay; Cadmus, Prince Edward's Island; Astrea, Rangoon; Clerk's Melba, Akyab.—9. Robert Lees, Bombay; Oceana, Bombay; India, Bombay; Saia E. Grant, Akyab; Athenian, Tanjore; Africa, Tanjore; Saia S. Smith, Bombay; Galesa City, Bombay; Florida, Mouline; Devonshire, Calcutta; Hindostan, Calcutta; Milage, Mouline; Ethel Rede, Prince Edward's Island; Crouch Brothers, Colombo; Old Colony, Akyab.—11. Mohratta, Bombay (at Rangoon); Carin, Mouline; Mary Shepherd, Madras; Vision, Prince Edward's Island; Mary, Colombo; Lady Bessington, Akyab; Cay of Calcutta, Calcutta; Isabella, Rangoon.—12. Surinam, Surinam; Isabella Robinson, Cochin; City of Tanjore, Bombay; Miranda, Akyab.—13. Conference, Singapore; Elizabeth Maria, Surinam; Cornelia Hendrina, Batavia.

DEPARTURES.

Sept. 7. Klein-Olorjee, Calcutta; Simla, Calcutta; Easton Bell, Bombay; Island Light, Aden.—8. City of Borneo, Calcutta; Sam, Madras; Easton Castle, Singapore; Corcoran, Negapatam; Sir John Stocker, Bombay; G. Abner, Calcutta.—11. Charlotte, Madras; Coral Isle, Mauritius; Oswald, Calcutta; H. Norck, Batavia; Hindostan, Negapatam.—12. Carin, Mouline; T. E. Milage, Mouline; Old Colony, Akyab; Lady Bessington, Akyab; Warden, Calcutta; City of Tanjore, Formosa, Cochin.—13. Lord Warden, Madras.—14. Charlotte Anne, Colombo; str. Japan, Singapore.

PASSENGERS DEPARTED.

Per str. Ripon, Sept. 4.—From SOUTHAMPTON.—For CALCUTTA.—Mrs. Woods, Miss Paterson, Miss Watkins, Lieut. and Mrs. Newnham, Mrs. Rose, Lieut. A. Dowie, Mr. H. Maxwell, Mr. R. Maxwell, Miss Maxwell, two Misses Bell, Mr. and Mrs. H. J. Reynolds, Lieut. S. Murray, Miss Bruce, Mrs. R. Gordon, Mr. and Mrs. Wingrove, Mr. A. P. Aylmer, Mr. H. Lyle, Mr. G. Grant, Mr. J. Beresford, Mr. Stevens, Lieut. C. Dyce, Mr. W. J. Ross, Mr. Macgregor, Capt. Vandeleur, Mr. G. B. Cruikshank, Mr. John Ferrie, Mrs. Cowper, Capt. and Mrs. Ravenhill, Mr. D. C. Bourns, Mr. J. W. Jones, Mrs. J. R. Coulter, Mrs. W. C. Lydiard, Capt. and Mrs. Montgomery.

Per str. Massilia, Spt. 13.—From MARSEILLES.—For CALCUTTA.—Capt. J. W. and Mrs. Williams and child, Mr. E. L. Cox, Mr. E. H. d'Avigdor, Mr. S. Waudrope, two Misses Sparks, Mr. D. Macdonald, Miss Noble, Mr. and Mrs. R. Hamilton, Mr. Gough, Mr. J. A. Crawford, Dr. Macrae.

Per str. Tanjore, Sept. 12.—From SOUTHAMPTON.—For BOMBAY.—Maj. Hoste, Mr. C. C. Brown, Lieut. R. Parsons, Mrs. Robinson, Commander W. H. J. Byron, Lieut. C. B. Brockman, Mr. G. Paddon, Mr. F. A. Best, Mr. T. Bishop, Mr. J. Boosey.

Per str. Syria, Sept. 20.—From MARSEILLES.—For BOMBAY.—Mr. French, Mr. J. Simson, Col. Taylor, Mr. and Mrs. F. Broughton, Mr. J. R. Morgan, Mr. C. Peal, Mr. R. L. Eglinton, Mr. W. Forbes, the Rev. E. M. Dickenson, Col. and Mrs. C. Scott, Capt. and Mrs. C. T. Haug, the Rev. F. Sharp, Mr. Lewis, Mr. W. T. Roper, Mr. Warwick, Mr. J. W. Orr, Capt. Mignon, Mrs. F. Pelly, Col. Pelly.

DOMESTIC.

BIRTHS.

BENSLEY—The wife of J. B. Bensley, Esq., of H.M.'s Bengal Pilot Service, of a son, at Colney Hatch, Middlesex, Aug. 28.

BOVELL—The widow of the late W. Coleridge Bovell, of H.M.'s Bengal Civil Service, of a daughter, at 19, Westmoreland-place, Westbourne-grove, Aug. 30.

CHAMPION—The wife of Major J. H. Champion, H.M.'s Bombay Staff Corps, of a son, at 17, Harewood-square, Regent's Park, Sept. 7.

TWEEDIE—The wife of James Tweedie, Esq., of Quarter and Rachan, J. P., of a daughter, at Rachan House, Peebleshire, Sept. 10.

WELDON—The wife of Sir A. C. Weldon, Bart., of a daughter, at 1, Oxford-square, Hyde-park, W., Sept. 7.

MARRIAGES.

ANDERSON—PRENTICE—Major Walter F. Anderson, H.M.'s Bombay Army, to Isabella, daughter of George Prentice, Esq., of Strathore, Fifeshire, at Pithead, Sept. 12.

BOYD—BUCHANAN—A. R. A. Boyd, Esq., 92nd Gordon Highlanders, son of the late David Boyd, Esq., Surgeon General, Madras Army, to Mary Rowand, daughter of Thomas Gray Buchanan, Esq., of Scotstown, at Wellshot House, Lanarkshire, Sept. 12.

CUMBERLAND—MANSON—William Bentinck Cumberland, Captain, Royal Artillery, to Louisa Anna, daughter of the late Brigadier General Manson, C.B., Bombay Artillery, at Wimbledon, Sept. 5.

GAUSSEN—APCAR—David, son of Charles Gausson, Esq., of Gardener's-place, Dublin, to Sarah Elizabeth, only daughter of Seth A. Apar, Esq., of Allepore House, Calcutta, at Holy Trinity Church, Westbourne-terrace, Bayswater, Sept. 12.

HERRIES—DAUBUZ—Captain Frederic T. Herries, H.M.'s 65th regt., second son of the late Lieut. General Sir William Lewis Herries, K.C.H. and C.B., to Louisa Wilmet, third daughter of J. B. Daubuz, Esq., of Leyton, Essex, and Buckingham Villa, Ryde, at St. Thomas' Church, Ryde, Sept. 7.

LYONS—MOWATT—Vice Admiral John Lyons, of Worthing, to Anna Maria, widow of Colonel John Lealand Mowatt, of the Bengal Horse Artillery, at the parish church at Hove, Brighton, Aug. 31.

ORR—SHARPE—James Basden Orr, Esq., 1, Holyrood-place, Glasgow, to Katharine F., daughter of the late Edmund Sharpe, Esq., Lieut., Bengal Artillery, at Clifton, Aug. 31.

OSBORN—RHODES—Robert D. Osborn, Esq., 12th Bengal Cavalry, son of the late Colonel Roche Osborn, H.E.I.C.S., to Edith, daughter of the Rev. Gregory Rhodes, of Gloucester-crescent, Hyde-park, at the church of the Holy Trinity, Paddington, Sept. 12.

ROBERTS—MINCHIN—Charles Digby Roberts, Esq., to Emily, daughter of Lieut. Colonel F. Minchin, retired list, Madras Army, at Torquay, Sept. 6.

DEATHS.

ADAM—Jessie, infant daughter of Asst. surg. Hunter Adam, Madras Army, at Belfield, Upper Bauchong, Kincardineshire, Sept. 3.

CAMPBELL—Robert Campbell, Esq., late of Calcutta, at 4, Belgrave-terrace, Belmont, Lee, Kent, aged 64, Sept. 5.

CAMPBELL—John, late H.E.I.C.S., at Carrickfergus, Sept. 5.

DICK—William Fleming Dick, Esq., late of the Bengal C.S., at Ashley-grove, Box, Wilts, aged 76, Sept. 1.

LECKIE—Robert Lindsay Leckie, Esq., formerly of Bombay, at Brighton, aged 60, Aug. 31.

HORNIDGE—Constance Frederica, eldest daughter of Marmaduke Hornidge, Esq., of Barnes-green, Surrey, at the Vicarage, Bradford-on-Avon, aged 22, Sept. 12.

MACKAY—The Rev. W. S. Mackay, D.D., of the Free Church Mission, Calcutta, at Morningside, Edinburgh, aged 59, Sept. 6.

MAHON—Rev. G. W. Mahon, late H.E.I.C.S. Madras Establishment, at the Mount Aspley Guise, Woburn, Beds., aged 57, Sept. 3.

McMULLEN—Major Robert McMullen, formerly in the Bengal army, at Boulogne-sur-Mer, Sept. 2.

ROWBAND—Frank, son of the late Captain J. H. Rowband, Indian Navy, at Landown, Isle of Wight, aged 14, Sept. 6.

WARD—Philip, late 25th regt., Bengal N.I., and youngest son of the late Rev. Philip Ward, Vicar of Tenterden, at New House, Pinner, Middlesex, Sept. 12.

WELLAND—Rachel, relict of Abraham Welland, Esq., late of the Bengal Civil Service, at 42, Westbourne-park, aged 92, Aug. 26.

India Office,

September 15, 1865.

GRANTED EXTENSION OF LEAVE.

ECCLIASTICAL.

Bengal Estab.—Rev. H. B. Burney, Sen. Chaplain, to Feb. next, on private affairs.

MILITARY.

Bengal Estab.—Major G. B. Mainwaring, Staff Corps, 3 mo.; Capt. T. C. Graham, Cav., 6 mo.; Lieut. W. B. Craigie, 6 mo.; Lieut. H. C. Collier, Staff Corps, 6 mo.; Asst. surg. A. D. Campbell, Med. Estab., 6 mo.

Madras Estab.—Major L. W. Buck, Staff Corps, 4 mo.; Lieut. R. W. Hesketh, 8th N.I., 6 mo.; Lieut. R. Stewart, 49th N.I., 6 mo.; Major A. Jenkins, 2nd N.I., 6 mo.; Major W. Blount, 7th N.I., 6 mo.; Capt. G. F. Pearson, Staff Corps, 2 mo.; Lieut. R. J. Corbett, 38th N.I., 6 mo.

Bombay Estab.—Major M. J. Battye, 31st N.I., 3 mo.; Capt. C. A. Collier, Staff Corps, 6 mo.; Capt. C. B. La Touche, 17th N.I., 6 mo.; Capt. F. C. Mytton, Engrs., 6 mo.

PERMITTED TO RETURN TO DUTY.

MILITARY.

Bengal Estab.—Capt. A. Cory, 16th N.I.; Capt. R. S. Graves, 66th N.I.; Capt. J. Graham, Staff Corps; Surg. J. C. Collins, Med. Estab.; Asst. surg. N. B. Baillie, Med. Estab.; Major C. M. Fitzgerald, Staff Corps.

Madras Estab.—Capt. H. L. Prendergast, Engrs.

Bombay Estab.—Lieut. C. S. Sturt, Inf.; Lieut. col. J. W. Sandwith, Inf.; Capt. H. P. Sykes, Cav.

AN OLD STORY IN A NEW FORM.—The *Delhi Gazette* says:—A story is going round the Station (Agra) too good to be lost. A Committee of Valuation sat not a hundred miles from Poona, not long ago. The actual value of the houses which it was desirable to remove was made known, and as the owners were to have the materials and a new site given to them, the amount of compensation to be granted was the matter of debate. "Give them one half the estimated value," said one member. "Don't you think that rather too much?" asked member No. 2, who, by the way was a sawbones, "I think two-thirds would be quite enough!"

A MAGISTRATE IN TROUBLE.—We observe that a certain magistrate of Nimar disobeyed the orders of his superiors, who recommended to Government his dismissal from his post. The Governor-general in Council has decided that the magistrate in question shall be suspended for six months for insubordination to his superior in office, and has remarked that dismissal is the ultimate punishment for such faults.

INDIA EXCHANGES.

BANK AND COMMERCIAL BILLS.

	60 days' sight.	30 days' sight.		60 days' sight.	30 days' sight.
Calcutta	1s. 11d. 1/2	1s. 11d. 3/4	Singapore	1s. 2d. 1/2	1s. 3d. 1/2
Madras	1s. 11d. 1/2	1s. 11d. 3/4	Hong Kong	1s. 2d. 1/2	1s. 3d. 1/2
Bombay	1s. 11d. 1/2	1s. 11d. 3/4	Shanghai	—	—
Colombo	1s. 11d. 1/2	1s. 11d. 3/4			

STOCKS AND SECURITIES.

Shares.		Paid.	Prices.
2.	India Stock, 1871		219 to 222
	India 5 per cent.		106 1/2 to 107
	India 4 per cent.		105 1/2
	India 4 per cent. 1888		105 1/2
	India 5 per cent. 1889		105 1/2
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	India 5 per cent. 2052		105 1/2
	India 5 per cent. 2053		105 1/2
	India 5 per cent. 2054		105 1/2</

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LONDON: Printed by RICHARD KINDER, Printer, at his Printing Office, Milford-lane, Strand, W.C., in the Parish of St. Clement-Danes; and published by JAMES PEARCE ALLEN, 15, Waterloo-place, S.W., both in the County of Middlesex.—September 16, 1865.

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AND OFFICIAL GAZETTE

FROM

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(WITH THIS PAPER "THE INDIAN NEWS" IS NOW INCORPORATED.)

VOL. XXIII.—No. 687.] LONDON, WEDNESDAY, SEPTEMBER 27, 1865. [PRICE 6d.

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DATES OF ADVICES.

DATES OF ADVICES.			
Bengal.....	Aug. 16	Burmah (Rangoon)	Aug. 4
Madras	" 16	Bombay.....	" 23
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 On the 10th, at 6 P.M., via Marseilles, to Calcutta, Madras, Ceylon, and China.
 On the 12th, at 8 A.M., via Southampton, to Bombay and N.W. Provinces (also for letters only, to Madras and Lower Provinces of Bengal).
 On the 18th, at 6 P.M., via Marseilles and Bombay, to all parts of India.
 On the 20th, at 8 A.M., via Southampton, to Calcutta, Madras, Ceylon, and China.
 On the 26th, at 6 P.M., via Marseilles, to Calcutta, Madras, Ceylon, and China.
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SUMMARY AND REVIEW.

We have received our usual files of papers from Bombay to the 23rd of August, and Calcutta to the 16th of that month.

The news from either Presidency was of but small interest, beyond a few official changes. Sir Robert Napier had resigned his appointment as military member of the Governor General's Council, with effect from the 10th of March last, the date of his departure from Calcutta. The Hon. Mr. Taylor is accordingly held to have assumed permanently the office of an ordinary member of Council from that date, and Colonel Durand to have filled the vacancy caused by the resignation of the Hon. Mr. Harrington. It is also announced that the Hon. Mr. Trevor is to officiate as Chief-Justice of the High Court during the absence of Sir Barnes Peacock, or until further orders; and that Mr. Stokes has been appointed Assistant Secretary to the Government of India in the Home Department, Legislative Branch.

There was considerable discussion in the journals concerning the Bhootan command. Major-general Showers, who was decidedly the "favourite" from the first, still maintained his ground in popular opinion. He is even stated by the *Times of India* to have been appointed. This, however, seems to be a mistake, as the *Delhi Gazette* declares authoritatively that the command has been given to Brigadier-general Tytler, and follows up the announcement in a subsequent issue by stating that "The force destined to act in Bhootan, with a view of restoring our lost prestige, will advance upon Punakah in two columns, one from Buxa the other from Dewangiri. The first will be commanded by Brigadier General Tytler, the second by either Colonel Richardson or Colonel Dunsford; so says the latest rumour." The *Hurkaru* also declares that Brigadier-general Tytler has been appointed, and the announcement seems to be confirmed by the presence of that officer in Calcutta. The entire force, it is said, is to consist of 7,000 troops, of which 1,000 will be Europeans. It is intended to start early in October, and it is calculated that Punakah

may be occupied in December. Among the accessory arrangements, which are of a very complete character, we hear of two coolie corps, each 500 strong, to be commanded by a European officer; and ponies are being purchased in great numbers for transport. Great difficulties are anticipated from the nature of the country, which is said to admit of marching only in single file! That the campaign will now be necessary may be taken for granted, for Tounsoo Penlow, who has withdrawn himself beyond Dewangiri, far away into Eastern Bhootan, is still determined to hold out; and, indeed, if he keeps his position he will remain to be dealt with after peace shall have been dictated to the Durbar at Panakha. In the meantime the accounts of the country are greatly discouraging. At one of the posts, Buxa Doar, the rain falls six inches in the twenty-four hours; and the officers of the 1st Goorkhas, who wrote down to secure houses for their accommodation, have been simply laughed at, the nearest approach to a habitation being a line of bamboo and mat sheds. As an addition to the joke, too, it was found that these same officers had intended taking their wives with them on the campaign—an idea which, we need scarcely say, has not been carried out.

It is satisfactory, however, to know that that the 44th and 11th N.I., which have suffered most severely while with the occupying force, are withdrawn from Gohawtty and Putla Rowa, respectively, but they are a mere wreck of what they were, and their sacrifice still excites the deepest indignation.

The summaries of the Bombay papers declare that Mr. Davies, the Financial Commissioner, had been appointed—as was expected—to officiate for Mr. Wingfield in the Chief Commissionership of Oudh. But it turns out that Mr. Davies has declined that honour, not being, apparently, so ready to enter into the Governor-general's arrangements as was supposed. It was expected at Lucknow that in default of Mr. Davies, Mr. Muir, Mr. Campbell, or Mr. Roberts, would get the acting appointment, with the certainty of succeeding to the Chief Commissionership on Mr. Wingfield's retirement—not in January, as before stated, but in April next.

It is affirmed that the Secretary of State has sanctioned all the propositions of the Governor-General for the reorganisation of the establishments of the Department of

Public Works. Those to be carried out will cause a considerable increase to the higher classes of the Executive Engineers, some augmentation of the salaries of the Chief Engineers, and an important increase to the salaries of the Civil Superintending and Chief Engineers. On the other hand, a scale of maximum salaries is to be introduced for military officers, which will affect, prospectively, all that class whose position in the Department is not commensurate with their army rank. The result will be a much more equitable distribution of emolument, according to standing in the Department, without any actual increase of expense; while the position of the Civil Engineers will be materially improved, both from these arrangements and those lately carried out.

Sir John Lawrence, it seems, notwithstanding the refusal of the loan by Sir Charles Wood, has ordered the new barracks to be commenced throughout India. The total cost is estimated at £10,000,000.

The report of the Salt Water Lakes Commissioners has been published. The committee has recommended that everything asked for be conceded; and the few conditions that are attached to these concessions are considered fair to all parties. The Commissioners are of opinion that, even if the lake were merely drained, and the soil ordinarily drilled, and even assuming that the full estimated cost had to be paid for the lands, the undertaking would still yield five per cent.; whereas, with the application of sewage, the annual returns would be fully ten per cent. The Commissioners also state that some persons, and among them Mr. Armstrong, think that the reclaimed lands would yield as much as Rs. 30 per acre, and even more.

A European police inspector has been torturing, with great cruelty, a native prisoner, for the purpose of extorting a confession. There is an apparent attempt to hush up the case on the part of his superiors, but the local papers insist upon knowing all about it.

It is stated that the Government of India is about to move the Secretary of State to select six gentlemen in England to fill present and prospective vacancies in the Educational Department. One of these gentlemen, who must be a high Cambridge wrangler, will be appointed to the Chair of Natural Philosophy, on a salary of £900, to be raised in the course of four years to £1,200. The remaining five must be graduates in honours of one or others of the Universities in classics, mathematics, or physical science. They will receive an immediate salary of £600, to be increased in four years to one of £900. All these officers will be required to pass the usual examination in one vernacular language before becoming entitled to any increase of salary. These appointments are to be made at once, so as to enable the selected candidates to arrive by the 1st of January.

The Viceroy was to leave Simla during the present month, and to hold a great *darbar* at Delhi on his way down. It was said, too, that his Excellency would visit Rajpootana. The vice-regal progress from Delhi was to be made additionally pleasant by the opening of the Jumna

Bridge, by means of which there is now a permanent through communication from the City of the Mogul to the City of Palaces.

The news from Bombay is even more tame than that from Calcutta. Mr. Chisholm Anstey had taken his seat upon the Bench without incurring that storm of public reprobation which was anticipated by one of the local journals. There was plenty of cold water, however, to throw on the appointment, for the rain had been falling to an unwonted extent, the total registered for the season being seventy inches. The downfall had been general throughout the presidency, and a great deal of damage had been done, especially to railway property, by inundation. The state of the public health, notwithstanding, continued very satisfactory. Indeed, the Presidency appears to be less dangerous to life than is generally supposed. The accounts of the mortality in the army at least appear to have been exaggerated. According to a rejoinder to the report of the Army Sanitary Commission, just published by Dr. Leith, it appears that the average rate of mortality during the last fifteen years in the Bombay army has been about 29 per mille.

It was said that Mr. A. D. Sassoon would be appointed a member of Council in the place of Mr. Juggonath Sunkersett, for a memorial to whom a subscription was being raised in Bombay.

Financial affairs were still progressing favourably, both in Calcutta and Bombay.

Of home news we give a few items elsewhere.

It is notable that there is a renewed report of a change in the India Office by the retirement of Sir Charles Wood and the accession of the Duke of Argyll in the course of next month.

The next arrival from India will be the Calcutta mail, which may be expected in London on Saturday evening next.

THE OUTWARD BOMBAY MAIL.—It appears the Peninsular mail steamer *Pera*, to sail this day (27th inst.), takes out £110,575 in specie, of which £10,000 is in gold for Alexandria, and £100,575 in silver for Bombay.

Casualties by Death in the Armies of India reported since last Publication.

H.M.'s FORCES.—Col. T. F. B. Beaton, late H.M.'s Indian Army, son of the late General Beaton, at Dieppe, France, aged 56, Sept. 16.

BENGAL.—Col. Charles Hogge, C.B., of the Royal (late Bengal) Artillery, at Enniskillen, on the 19th inst. Maj. gen. Frederic Meade, of Belmont, co. Cork, on the 12th inst., at St. Ann's-bell, in the same county. Maj. gen. Meade served with the Queen's troops in India and at the siege of Bhurtpore, for the capture of which fortress he received the rank of major. Gen. Sir Stuart Corbett, at Nymee Tal. Lieut. G. P. Alston, Royal Art., at Ahmedabad, on Aug. 7. Capt. Fitzmaurice, Art., at Mussoorie, previous to Aug. 6. Mr. Rogers, Rifle Brigade, at Mussoorie, previous to Aug. 6.

MADRAS.—Lieut. col. F. Hunter, late Madras Cavalry, at 13, Lyttelton-terrace, Cheltenham, aged 73, Sept. 14. Capt. H. M. May, 32nd M.N.I., at Weymouth, aged 25, Sept. 23.

BOMBAY.—Lieut. col. Hawkins, R.A., on return from Ghazee, where he had been for the benefit of his health, August. Capt. G. Richardson, 8th N.I., at Surat.

Passengers by the present Mail.

Per *str. Poonah*.—For MARSEILLES.—From BOMBAY.—Mr. C. Gaddum, Mr. G. Roe, Capt. Macnaghten, Lieut. Roberts, Mr. H. Ramsden, Mr. G. F. Hill, Mr. Scrithers. From ALEXANDRIA.—Mr. Winacke, Mr. H. J. Gaborne, Capt. Jarvis.

Expected at Southampton.

Per *str. Nyanza*, Sept. 30.—From BOMBAY.—Mrs. Tinn and three children, Lieut. Graham, Asst. surg. D'Altera, Mrs. Margesson and infant, Major Nuttall, Capt. Rawlison, Mr. Ward, Mr. Hatfield, Dr. Heelis, Capt. Wilson, Mr. St. Leger. From ALEXANDRIA.—Mr. McLean, Mr. Gaby and Miss Gaby, Mrs. C. J. White.

BENGAL.

THE BHOOTAN FIELD FORCE.

We understand that a difference of opinion still exists between the civil and military authorities in the Bhootan Field Force. The military authorities impute the delay in providing materials to insufficient action on the part of the civil authorities of the district. The civil authorities maintain that, throughout these operations, there has been shown in all branches—the Quarter-master-General's, the Commissariat, and the Field Engineers'—a tendency to rely on the civil authorities for doing much of the work which the officers of those departments ought to do for themselves; and the officers of both the departments have used harsh language in their correspondence. The Governor-General has observed that this would cause a mischievous effect on the public service, which must result from the acrimonious tone adopted by both parties in carrying on their public duties. His Excellency further said that all experience had shown that it is better for the Government and the people that requisitions only should be made by the military, and that they should be supplied by the civil authorities as far as possible. It is not, the Viceroy remarked, optional, but the duty of the civil officers in charge of districts to work to the utmost of their power in meeting the requisition of the military departments; and this is so well understood that it has seldom been necessary to enjoin attention to so obvious a duty. The Governor-General in Council is of opinion that, if the military departments were left to work the resources of the district for themselves, it would prove more harassing to the inhabitants, and more costly to the State, than if they obtained their supplies through the agency of the officers, who must, from their position, possess local knowledge, experience and authority. It would, moreover, certainly bring the military into lamentable collision with the civil authorities. Even in an enemy's country, requisitions for forage, fuel, food, lodging &c., should be through the civil authorities, or influential made men, in preference to the employment of direct action upon the people by the military departments, which it would be the duty of a general commanding a force always to avoid, if possible.—*Englishman*, August 8.

A correspondent from the Bhootan Frontier has favoured us with a description of the route from Buxa to Poonakha. The first march is from Buxa to Tabu, fourteen miles in length. The road is broad, but hilly, with streams of water running across it. The second stage, twelve miles in length, is from Tabu to Myrangechang. The road, in parts, is smooth, in parts rugged. A fordable and bridged stream crosses the road. The stream is but ten feet broad, and three feet deep. The third stage, sixteen miles in length, is from Myrangechang to Bantheegong. The road is a good one, and is traversed, about six miles from Myrangechang, by a bridged and fordable stream, twelve feet broad and three feet deep. The fourth stage, sixteen miles in length, is from Bantheegong to Sookhangong. A river, the Pagla, twenty feet broad and five feet deep, bridged during the Monsoon by two planks, traverses the road at a distance of about six miles before Sookhangong. The stream is rapid, difficult to cross, and cannot be considered passable before the middle of October. Sookhangong is situated on the opposite bank of the river Roydak, over which there is an iron suspension bridge, which permits of the passage of carts and horses. The fifth stage from Sookhangong to Chapcha is twenty miles in length. Fourteen miles of the road is good; a bridged stream, ten feet broad and three feet deep, is then met with. Hence, the road is, in parts, irregular and hilly. The sixth stage, twelve

miles in length, is from Chapcha to Paga. The road is hilly, and a stream, ten feet broad and two feet deep, crossed by a wooden bridge, traverses it. The seventh stage, from Paga to Lamloom, is ten miles in length. The road is good, but with many ascents and descents. The eighth stage, from Lamloom to Wookha, is also ten miles in length. The road is of the same character as that of the last stage. The ninth stage, ten miles in length, is from Wookha, or Woosokha, to Tasheeshoojun, on the opposite bank of the Roydak river. Tilhagong is twenty miles from Tasheeshoojun. The road ascends for half the distance, and, for the remaining ten miles, is a descent. Poonakha itself is twelve miles from Tilhagong, there being, half way, a bridged stream.—*Ibid*, August 11.

TORTURE BY A POLICE OFFICER.

Such a case has lately been brought to our notice, and we shall do our utmost to frustrate the attempt which we see is being made in the department to dispose of the matter as lightly and silently as possible. We are not fully acquainted with the circumstances of the case which led to the torture, which was inflicted by a European Inspector, and, as the District Superintendent of Police assures the magistrate, an honest, intelligent, educated, and respectable man. The torture itself appears, from all we hear, to have been of a much more aggravated nature than the official letter of the District Superintendent would lead one to suppose. The arms of the victim were bound behind his back with ropes, so tightly that they cut into the flesh, and prevented his lifting his hand to his mouth; he was also branded with a hot iron, and flogged—all which necessitated his being sent to hospital. The magistrate of the district, Mr. J. M. Lewis, deputed the investigation of the case to the District Superintendent, and the following letter conveys the result of his inquiry, and his opinion on the case:—

From the District Superintendent of Police Beerbhoom, to J. M. Lewis, Esq., Officiating Magistrate of Beerbhoom.—No. 120, dated 24th July, 1865.

Sir,—With reference to your communication of the 19th inst., No. 222, I have the honour to inform you that I proceeded to the spot and entered into an investigation. I have every reason to believe that Mr. J. H. Maclean is guilty of having ill-used prisoners under his charge, with the view of obtaining confession from them, and of recovering the dacoited property. But before I proceed further I would wish to ascertain if, under the following circumstances, the case can be settled departmentally by a severe punishment, or that the Inspector must be tried in the Court. In the first instance I quote the strong precedent of the late Mr. Assistant-Superintendent Ogilvie, who was not tried at Arrah. Again, the matter, you well know, was not brought to your notice by the sufferers. The hurt is of a very trivial kind—decidedly not grievous. The Inspector, throughout the investigation of the dacoity, has worked very hard, and, as I have every reason to believe from the recovery of property, successfully; he has hitherto displayed great energy, and has an excellent character as an honest, energetic, and intelligent officer. He is of a respectable family, and an educated man, and is very young, though undoubtedly deserving of punishment, and, if possible, I would save him from gaol.

I have the honour, &c.,

(Sd.) T. BUTTANSHAW.

The District Superintendent displays an amount of charity that might be justifiable if the offender were a native, with a very faint idea of the moral impropriety of torture; but the circumstances urged on behalf of Mr. Maclean are all, except one, aggravating, and not extenuating ones. From the spirit which has actuated the District Superintendent of Police in this affair, it is not difficult to predict what would have been the upshot of it, had it not attracted public attention. We need hardly say that it was the duty of the magistrate to have the preliminary local investigation himself, and that it would have been

much more conducive to justice had he done so, instead of entrusting the enquiry to the police, for it is not at all natural to suppose that the subordinate police would come forward and peach against a brother officer of a superior grade. Even supposing any of them had the temerity to come forward as witnesses, the natural consequence of this would be to involve them as accessories after the fact, and abettors, and thus render them liable to punishment. To show that this is not mere supposition, we have the instance of the sub-inspector of Nullhattee, who came forward and gave evidence before the district superintendent of police that he was an eye-witness to the torture inflicted by Mr. Maclean. A few days after he was suspended, and is now made a co-defendant with Mr. Maclean, taking his trial as an accessory.—*Englishman*.

DETENTION OF OVERLAND MAIL STEAMERS AT GALLE.

The following official correspondence has been published:—

Bengal Chamber of Commerce, Calcutta, July 20th, 1865.

E. C. Bayley, Esq., Secretary to the Government of India, Home Department, Simla.

Sir,—The unusual detention of the Overland Mails at an intermediate port is a subject which the Committee of the Chamber of Commerce consider it their duty to bring to the notice of Government, and I am desired to request you will be so good as to submit the following instances for the information of the right hon. the Governor-General in Council, in order that his Excellency may have the opportunity of taking such further notice of them as may appear expedient.

The committee refer to the detention at Galle of the mail contract packets *Simla* and *Bengal* with the London mails of 26th May and 10th June.

The *Simla* arrived at Galle at 7 A.M. of 18th June, and left at 6.30 A.M. of 21st, being nearly 72 hours in port.

The *Bengal* arrived at Galle at 6.30 A.M. of 3rd July, and left at 3 P.M. of the 6th, being upwards of 80 hours in port.

It happens occasionally that the steamer is detained at Galle for the mails and passengers by the China or Australia line, that being provided for by the Peninsular and Oriental Company's contract, and no objection can be made to such provision.

But in the two instances now under consideration the detention could not have been occasioned by the expected arrival of the China and Australian mails, since in the case of the *Simla* the China and Australian packets arrived two days previously; and in the case of the *Bengal* the China mail arrived the same day.

Assuming twenty-four hours stoppage at Galle to be ample time for coaling, &c., the mails might have been delivered at Calcutta two days earlier, that is, on the 24th June and the 10th of July instead of the 26th and 12th.

The Peninsular and Oriental Company may possibly justify the detention by a strict adherence to their contract, which allows forty-two days for the conveyance of mails from Southampton to Calcutta, but his Excellency in Council will probably be of opinion that the company might conduct their contract in a more liberal spirit, and, instead of unnecessarily detaining the mails at an intermediate port, give the public, by whom they are handsomely subsidised, the benefit of any time economised by an unusually rapid passage from Suez.

The Committee of the Chamber of Commerce therefore respectfully represent this question for the consideration of the Governor-general in Council, in the hope that his Excellency will refer it to her Majesty's Government with the view to the unnecessary detention of mails at intermediate ports being authoritatively prohibited.—I have, &c.,

(Signed) H. W. I. Wood, Secretary.

Bengal Chamber of Commerce, Calcutta, 24th July, 1865.

E. C. Bayley, Esq., Secretary to the Government of India, Home Department, Simla.

Sir,—I am desired by the Committee of the Chamber of Commerce to supplement the representation made in my letter of the 20th instant, by citing an additional instance of detention of the English Mails at Galle.

The incoming mail steamer *Candia*, from Suez for Calcutta, reached Galle on the 19th instant at about 9 A.M., but did not continue her voyage till 7 A.M. of the 22nd, she was consequently nearly three days in harbour.

This practice on the part of the contract carriers of the public mails is considered by the Chamber of Commerce so objectionable that they trust a prompt and energetic remonstrance by his Excellency the Governor-General in Council will prevent a recurrence of a great public inconvenience.—I have the honour to be, &c.,

(Signed) H. W. I. Wood, Secretary.

No. 651 A.

From A. M. MONTEATH, Esq., Under Secretary to the Government of India, to the Secretary to the Bengal Chamber of Commerce, dated Simla, the 3rd August 1865.—Home Department.

Sir,—I am directed to acknowledge the receipt of your two letters dated the 20th and 24th instant respectively, and in reply to inform you that a copy of your communications has been forwarded to the Right Honourable the Secretary of State for India.—I have the honour to be, Sir, your most obedient Servant,

(Signed) A. M. MONTEATH.

Under Secretary to the Government of India.

MISCELLANEOUS.

GREAT DISTRESS prevails in the city of Lucknow. The price of grain is somewhat lower than it was before the rains set in; still until the yield of the crops now on the ground is beyond doubt, no material decrease in the price of the necessaries of life will be made by the corn dealers. A good Government that took a permanent interest in the welfare of its subjects might prevent the very great and constantly recurring fluctuations in the price of food, by simply taking advantage of what, in this country, nature has lavishly furnished.—*Oude Gazette*.

MR. GEORGE TREVELYAN.—The return of Mr. George Trevelyan for Tynemouth has added to the new Parliament a gentleman who, to use his own language, has served a severe apprenticeship to his father, and has devoted himself to acquire, in the first-class port of Calcutta, the details relating to the trading and commercial interests. The shipowners and traders of North Shields have swallowed these brave words, and the author of the "Letters of a Competition-wallah," and of "Cawnpore," is now a member of the Legislature. He will enter that Legislature, however, not by virtue of his abilities as a writer, not as the hard-worked apprentice of the first-class port of Calcutta, but by the same title that Louis Napoleon first presented himself to his countrymen—as the nephew of his uncle. We have yet to see whether the mantle of Macaulay has fallen upon the youthful senator. His early career, up to the present moment, has certainly not been a success. We willingly admit the many readable, and sometimes even brilliant, passages that adorned the "Competition-wallah." Amidst pages full of prejudice and detraction, there were occasionally flashes of eloquent description. On the whole, however, the book was very readable, and in England, certainly, it was a success. The great fault, in our opinion, was the evident want of sincerity which characterised the political opinions of the writer. It was but too apparent that Mr. Trevelyan was writing to make his way in England, and that he was working up to opinions which were fashionable in high political circles. The same fault was greatly exaggerated in "Cawnpore." In his last work, he scoffs and sneers at the people of Calcutta—that is, at all classes of society in Calcutta except the civilians. If any class more than another is singled out for his especial scorn, it is the Calcutta merchant. Yet, at Tynemouth, where it was his interest to pretend a knowledge of things mercantile, he did not hesitate to state that he had served an apprenticeship under those very men who appear stigmatised in his book as cowards and bullies!—*Englishman*.

THE LATE RAILWAY ACCIDENT.—This occurred to the down mail train at the Cawnpore Station, East Indian Railway, on the 2nd August. This train, due at about 3 A.M., when it arrived at the goods shed, about three or four hundred yards from the station, and consequently still going at a considerable speed, left its own line for the goods siding and ran into the goods train which was being unloaded at the sheds. It appears that, at the place of junction between the mail rail and siding, the point had been carefully locked by the two pointmen stationed there, so as to permit the goods train to proceed, without disturbing them from the sleep to which they betook themselves. The Jemadar, who ought to have satisfied himself that the pointmen were on the alert for the down train, thought it sufficient to tell a chuprassie to see to the matter, and the chuprassie contented himself with giving a shout from near the passenger station, without seemingly thinking any answer requisite. Thus the two trains came into collision, the engines were locked fast together, and three carriages behind either engine were piled one on the other. Six natives were killed on the spot, and one died shortly after. The latter was an honorary magistrate in the Cawnpore district, named Kinder Sing, and two of the others were his servants. The head of one of the victims was completely severed from his body. A native, who was unloading oil-casks from the goods-train, was crushed, and is not expected to live; others, who had received more or less injuries, were taken to hospital. There were only two English travellers in the train, one of whom, Sir William Hamilton, was slightly injured. The magistrate of Cawnpore has been most prompt in inquiring into the cause of the melancholy accident. The two pointmen, to whose carelessness the disaster appears to be entirely due, have been committed to the sessions on a charge of culpable homicide, and the chuprassie who, it is proved, warned the pointmen in ample time of the near approach of the train, has been exonerated from all blame. The Sir William Hamilton mentioned above is Captain Sir William Hamilton, Royal Artillery. He is said to have received some severe bruises about the head and body.

THE LIEUTENANT-GOVERNOR'S LEVEE.—The levee which his Honour the Lieut.-Governor held on Saturday last, on board his yacht the *Rhotas*, was well attended; but we cannot help thinking there was a stiffness and coldness about his manner towards the European section of the community, in strange and marked contrast with his melting condescension to the natives, to every one of whom he had a word to say. Perhaps he took pity on the excessive humility, bordering on servility, which marked the demeanour of nine-tenths of them, as they stood with folded hands and bated breath, listening to the gracious words which fell from the lips of the great Hakim, the dispenser of so many good things to craving minds. In the afternoon there was an aquatic exhibition, in which fishermen paddled in fishing boats—*et voila tout*, as far as we could make out. At night there was a ball on board the yacht, and as we have not heard of any casualties we suppose it went off to general satisfaction.—*Dacca News*, Aug. 12.

THE LATEST OPIUM SALE.—The following is the result of the opium sale held by Messrs. Mackenzie, Lyall, and Co., on the 11th August :—

	Chests.	Highest.	Lowest.	Proceeds.
Behar ...	2,920	1,070	1,025	30,57,900
Benares...	2,135	1,045	1,025	25,19,175

The number of chests was the same as at the sale July 10. The present sale exhibits a marked increase in the prices realised. This increase in price was even greater in the biddings for Benares than for Behar opium. The difference will be well shown in the singular fact that the lowest price realised on each case was the same, Rs. 1,025, and that

although the quantity of Behar opium sold exceeded that of the Benares by 485 chests, the total proceeds show that the latter fetched Rs. 36,725 more than the former, a feature peculiar to Thursday's sale, and which has not, we believe, been witnessed for a considerable time. The following is an analysis of the sale :—

Behar ...	Rs. 205	increase in the highest price.
Benares ...	250	" " " lowest price.
Behar ...	170	" " " average price.
Benares ...	240	" " " proceeds. "
Behar ...	189 1 4	" " " "
Benares ...	241 13 3	" " " "
Behar ...	553,125	" " " "
Benares ...	588,850	" " " "

The total increase in the proceeds represents no less than Rs. 11,40,975. In the July sale there was a falling off as compared with the sale in June of Rs. 1,27,000. August's sale is, therefore, better than that for June by a little over ten lacs, a leap upwards on the prices which must have favourably astonished the Revenue Authorities.

ACCIDENT AT PORT CANNING.—**CANNING TOWN, August 12.**—The new wooden jetty built by the railway company, of which I made mention in my last letter as being finished, has been completely washed away, through the bank below it sinking. A more complete wreck I never witnessed. The circumstance of the bank gradually giving way was noticed months ago, and suggestions were, I believe, made for its stoppage. These injunctions were received with a deaf ear, and here we see the result. The expenditure of a few hundred rupees would have saved a work which had cost upwards of five thousand. It has now, however, become compulsory for the railway company to take up a matter which should have engaged their attention long ago, viz., the laying of stone ballast along the bank of the river, wherever the jetties are constructed. The patent iron jetty is likely also to be washed away if proper remedies are not promptly applied. The bank just below it is fast sinking, and a very great difference, for the worst, is apparent now, to that which it had some five months back. This jetty alone has cost near upon Rs. 30,000, and some means ought surely to be taken to save it. The *Grand Conde* was, at the time the accident occurred, alongside of the jetty, but, however, through the timely assistance of the station master, Captain Jones, no damage occurred.—**August 13, 9 A.M.**—The land slip to-day is something frightful. It has piece by piece been falling in all last night, cutting through the strand and creating a space of one hundred feet square. It has not stopped yet. Some state that the river intends taking a new course, others that a canal was formerly on that spot, and that it is likely to reopen again. Means are, however, being taken to remedy any further progress being made by it, but this I fear will be useless for the present.—**August 14, 5 P.M.**—The land slip has enlarged considerably since my note of yesterday. It is now some 300 feet in length and 150 in breadth; its encroachments are nearly over; it cannot do much more harm. The Strand-road has been completely cut through, causing a stoppage of traffic to and from the railway-station eastward up the Strand-road. Heavy earthwork is being resorted to in order to construct a temporary roadway. The remains of the destroyed jetty still keep floating about the spot where it fell. We have had a number of visitors during the last two days, and all mingled with surprise, attribute the accident to the river undermining that spot, and the bank consequently falling right in. There is no further fear to be apprehended that any more of the bank will slip away. The eddy has exhausted its strength.—*Hurkaru*.

THE CHARGE AGAINST MR. FRAZER.—A Calcutta correspondent of a Bombay paper gives the following account of this case, as far as it has yet gone :—The city has busied itself this week in the case of Mr. Frazer, manager of the Indian Peninsula, London and China

Bank, who has been charged with criminally misappropriating the money of the bank to the extent of one hundred and fifty thousand rupees. Though the case has occupied the court several days, it is really a very simple one. Mr. Frazer was manager of the bank and had a current account with it. He appears to have been dealing somewhat extensively in shares, and has had a most fluctuating account during the few months that the Bank has been open. When Mr. Frazer's account was considerably on the debit side, the subordinate officers frequently drew his attention to the "irregularities" of the account; but Mr. Frazer, being the manager, overruled them. Things went from bad to worse; and Mr. Deane, the accountant, made a representation of the matter to head-quarters, and he received instructions and authority to supersede Mr. Frazer in the management. In the meantime, however, Mr. Frazer's account was getting worse, and was about a lac and a half to his debit. This state of the case was again represented to him by his subordinates, when Mr. Frazer seems to have hit upon a plan to turn the balance in his favour. He paid in a cheque for Rs. 1,63,500; but told the clerks to enter it as cash, or to "treat" it as cash; and further instructed them that the cheque was not to be realised, or, in other words, it was not to be presented for payment at the National Bank, where it purported to be payable. The native broker who gave the cheque says the agreement with Mr. Frazer was, that the latter should give him a lot of shares upon which he could obtain sufficient funds to honour the cheque. These shares were not forthcoming, and the cheque was returned to the broker, who says his brother destroyed it. He also says he gave no other cheque. And yet it comes out in evidence that Mr. Frazer gave the bank a second cheque in substitution for the first, with the same instruction to treat it as cash, but not to realise it. This point has not yet been cleared up, as the case for the prosecution only has been gone through. I do not enter into the evidence adduced to show that Mr. Frazer wished to "skedaddle," and took away his furniture down the back-stairs of the bank. That may give rise to inferences, but I confine my remarks to the graver charge involved in reference to the account. It may be premature to enter judicially upon an examination of the case until Mr. Frazer enters upon his defence. He has always represented that his account was covered by ample securities, and that the charge against him cannot be maintained. In this opinion many people coincide, though the fact of the magistrate remanding him to the lock-up would almost indicate that the bench looks at the case very seriously. However the matter may turn on technical points of law, it is evident that Mr. Frazer has made use of the bank's money in a way that would not have been permitted to any other man. This may be an abuse of his position as manager of the bank, but it yet remains to be seen whether the criminal charge can be sustained.

MILITARY ITEMS.—We hear that Brigadier-General Mulcaster is to go to Agra when Brigadier-General Harris, who has been promoted, is gazetted, and that Brigadier-General Dunsford goes to Mooltan.—We understand that a representation has been made to the Indian Government as to the unsuitability of Hindostanee regiments for service in the Cossyah hills, on account of the excited state of the people there.—It is reported that the Bengal Sappers and Miners are about to be reorganised on a very liberal footing. The number of both officers and men is to be increased, and an "instruction branch" formed.—We learn, on good authority, that the A-14 Battery of Artillery, which recently returned from China, and which it was supposed would be disbanded, is to be sent to Singapore, and formed into a garrison there.

DEATH OF CAPTAIN FITZMAURICE, R.A.—We regret to hear the death of Captain Fitzmaurice, Royal Artillery, Adjutant of the Artillery Brigade in Oudh. The melancholy event occurred at Mussoorie on the 3rd instant. Captain Fitzmaurice had, early in 1863, met with an accident in a rather extraordinary manner, and from the effects of which he was obliged to go on sick leave to England. While stepping out of his buggy one Sunday evening at the church door at Lucknow his foot slipped. He fell, and put his knee out of joint, and otherwise so injured himself that he was confined to his bed for several months afterwards. His stay in England, however, seemed to have quite restored him, and when he came out, about four months ago, he looked stouter and heartier than ever. He was not long in Lucknow, however, before he took seriously ill from fever and affection of the kidneys, brought on by exposure to alternate heat and cold. He was then hurried away to the hills, but never showed any symptoms of improvement, and at length died on the 3rd, deservedly regretted by all who had the pleasure of his acquaintance. He was a capital officer, and a very worthy man.

CHEAP TRAVELLING BY RAILWAY.—With its usual liberality, the East Indian Railway has again come forward to assist us in the enjoyment of our annual holiday. Every facility is afforded us to defy time and space, and see all that is to be seen as far as the railway will carry us, at a cost adapted to the shortest purses. For Rs. 120 first-class passengers will have an opportunity of travelling 2,086 miles, and visiting all places of interest on the route; while second-class passengers may accomplish the same for Rs. 70, or about three-farthings a mile. The railway company are as liberal with regard to the time allowed as to the fares charged, the tickets holding good for a full month, going and returning. The pious Hindoo can go to Benares and back, returning any day within the time specified, for the insignificant sum of Rs. 12, the distance travelled by rail being 1,080 miles, or nearly four miles for a penny, one farthing a mile, or about the Brighton Sunday Excursion rate, with a much greater privilege as to time.

THE JUMNA BRIDGE.—A further, and, if we mistake not, a final testing of the Jumna Bridge is to take place in the presence of Lieutenant-Colonel Drummond, R. E., and the chief railway officials. A greater weight than hitherto is to be concentrated on one spot, and thus put the bridge to the severest of all possible trials. Since we last wrote on the subject, the works on the north side have been progressing rapidly. The last of the arches which form the viaduct over the road at Motteegunge was keyed some days ago, and no time has been lost in continuing the roadway. The line will be opened on the 15th August. It is pleasant to think that an uninterrupted journey from Calcutta to Delhi is so soon to be realised, and we congratulate all those who have had any hand in the undertaking, in having anticipated, by a couple of months, the date fixed for the opening of the bridge to the public.—*Pioneer*.

THE RUMOURED MURDER OF LIEUTENANT CAMPBELL.—We are very sorry to have been unwittingly the cause of giving vent to a report, which we now have every reason to believe has no foundation. We allude to the rumoured murder of Lieutenant Campbell, of H.M.'s 90th Foot, whilst travelling in Cashmere. General credence was given to the story for some days, both at Muree and Rawul Pindie, and it is only by a private letter that we learn that a note had been received from the officer in question, bearing a date later than that of his alleged death. We, therefore, take the earliest opportunity of correcting a mistake, for being guilty of which we are the more sorry as it must necessarily have been the cause of great anxiety and grief to his friends and relations.—*Pioneer*.

HUMAN SACRIFICES.—The *Hurkaru* says:—We stated some time ago that the Rajah of Dhulbhoom, in the Hazareebaugh district, was accused of offering a human sacrifice to the goddess Rokinee, and was acquitted by the Sessions Court for want of direct evidence against him. We now hear that the British authorities there have destroyed the image of the goddess in question, as the repeated cause of human sacrifices in that quarter. If our information be correct, we hail this evidence of vigorous action on the part of the authorities, in a direction in which it is sadly needed, with great satisfaction. Without at all wishing to advocate any iconoclastic theories, it is impossible to refrain from urging the demolition of these hideous images wherever they may be found, before which the blood of defenceless and innocent people is relentlessly poured out.

ALLEGED FORGERY BY A GENTLEMAN.—The *Delhi Gazette* says:—The other day a European called at the Delhi Bank and requested a loan of Rs. 200 on the security of Lieutenant ——. The manager agreed, and gave him a promissory note to sign, and to get it attested by his surety, whom he brought with him for the purpose. After the lapse of an hour he came back and presented the note signed by himself in the name of William —— and Lieutenant ——. On this the bank gave him the sum of Rs. 200. An accident caused the Lieutenant to be communicated with in the course of the day, when it appeared that the note was a forgery, the supposed author being the son of an officer of his acquaintance who has disappeared from the station.

FEMALE EDUCATION.—So far as education is concerned, we are glad to learn that the Government of India, on the recommendation of that of the North-Western Provinces, has sanctioned the establishment of a European Female Normal School at Loodianah, and two others for males at Agra and Meerut respectively, at a cost of about Rs. 25,000 per annum, subject to the approval of the Secretary of State. The European Female Normal School is to be conducted on an efficient footing. A European lady superintendent is to be appointed on a salary of Rs. 400, and two European mistresses on Rs. 200 each per mensem.

THE BORE IN CALCUTTA.—Yesterday morning (Aug. 15) the long-predicted Bore made its appearance in the river in full force, to the no small satisfaction of numerous persons who had been on the look-out for the phenomenon during the last few days. Its effect, as viewed from the ground of vantage we had secured upon a house-top on the strand, was extremely fine as it advanced in a long line of tumbling foam from the bend of the river at Ford Point striking the tall ships at their moorings, and hurrying along the smaller craft that had put out from the shore with a view of profiting in their upward course by the wild rush of the wave. We have not heard of any casualty caused by the Bore amongst the shipping.

RAILWAY BRIDGES AND SLEEPERS.—A rumour has reached us (for the truth of which, however, we cannot vouch), that on account of the unsatisfactory state of the bridges and the ant-eaten sleepers on the line of the East Indian Railway between Cawnpore and Delhi, it is under consideration whether or not to close that portion of the line, at any rate for the present. The bridge over the Hindun, near Delhi, we understand, is really unsafe, and trains have to be taken over it very slowly and cautiously.—*Mofussilite*.

CONCESSION TO RAILWAY TRAVELLERS.—Railway companies have been authorised by Government "to receive currency notes of other circles of issue than the one in which notes are tendered," provided they be tendered in payment of railway fares and charges for baggage. Carriage for merchandise must not be included in the arrangement.—*Delhi Gazette*.

THE SOVEREIGN NOT A LEGAL TENDER.—A Parliamentary return, which we have just received, publishes a despatch in which Sir C. Wood declines to make the sovereign a legal tender in India, on the ground that the facts submitted by the secretary to the Bank of Bengal, and urged on his consideration by the Government of India, are not sufficient to justify that step. Yet in seven months the Bank of Bengal has received and paid, at par, no less than £650,000 worth of sovereigns, and the want of the legal tender has so flooded the currency department with gold that the legal limit of one-fourth has been almost reached.—*Friend of India*.

THE COSSYAHs who were implicated in the murder of the late Mowigam Rajah have been sentenced to various terms of imprisonment. It appeared during the trial that the Rajah was in the habit of oppressing and maltreating the Cossyhs in an unusual degree, and of taking away their cattle, and also of imprisoning their women and children. In March last the late Rajah demanded from them a share of the money they had earned by working on the roads; this they declined to give him. The Rajah in person, accompanied by his Taikes, went to plunder the Cossyah villages, and an affray took place, and the Rajah was unfortunately slain.

STATION INTERPRETERS.—The appointment of station interpreters will cease from the 1st proximo. Any officer who has passed P.P.H., the present second standard, may in future be appointed by the officer commanding the station to interpret to any station court, on the allowance of five rupees per diem, and to any court assembled under the orders of the Government, or the Commander-in-Chief, on ten rupees per diem.

RAILWAY ACCIDENTS.—The second quarterly statement of the accidents in the East Indian Railway Company shows that, from 1st April to 30th June last, fifty-six cases of accidents happened. There are twelve cases of dead bodies found in the railway carriages, and twelve cases of deaths by accidents on the rail; the rest are wounds and collisions.

THE VICEROY, says rumour, will visit Rajpootana during the ensuing cold season, passing through Bhurtpore, Jeypore and Ajmere, en route to the ancient capital of Oodeypore. At Ajmere, the head-quarters of the Governor-General's Agent, his Excellency will probably remain a week.—*Delhi Gazette*, August 15.

COLONEL E. [B. JOHNSON, C.B., of the Royal (late Bengal) Artillery, is gazetted Assistant Military Secretary to his Royal Highness the Field Marshal Commanding-in-Chief from the 10th July, 1865.

MAJOR GENERAL COLIN TROUP, C.B., is gazetted to the Divisional Staff of the army, in succession to the late Major-General Sir S. Corbett, K.C.B.

SHIPPING.

ARRIVALS.

Aug. 5. Hengist, Rolfe, Galle; Challenge, Stevens, Clyde; Melbeck, Taggart, Liverpool; Pamplonensis, Courtis, Mauritius; Belle Isle, Webster, Madras; Indore, Gaine, Hong Kong and Singapore.—6. William Fairbairn, Allan, Liverpool; Robert McKenzie, Browne, Cocanada; Providence, Cassy, Bombay; Diamond, Lang, Mauritius; Granton, Balfour, Kurrachee.—7. George Crowslaw, Alexander, London.—8. Revenue, Mourant, London; Marguerite d'Anjou, Muhi, Bourbon.—9. Racer, Hodgson, Newport; Jessamine, Mahoney, Liverpool; Whirlwind, Hughes, Cocchiu; Calabar, Thompson, Bombay; Fatta-ool-Azz, Nacoda, uncertain; Reine d'Anjou, De Bethune, Bourbon and Pondicherry.—10. Orissa, Ballantine, Madras Coast.—11. Mooltan, Dunn, Suez.

DEPARTURES.

Aug. 4. T. E. Lemon, Rainey, Mauritius; St. Hilda, Hiett, Mauritius.—5. Bianca, Reuny, London; Shakespeare, Dalgleish, Demerara.—6. Andromeda, Reid, London.—7. Arratoon Apcar, Gardener, Port Blair; Moulmein, Gray, Chittagong and Akyab; Thulaba, Williamson, London.—8. Coringa, McCorkindale, Rangoon, Moulmein, and Straits.—9. Arabstan, Sharp, Mauritius; Pearl, Brown, Gulf.—10. Bengal, Woolcott, Suez; Thomas Bell, Gruzeier, London; City of Foo Chow, Council, London.

PASSENGERS DEPARTED.

Per str. Rajmahal, with flats Dehing and Dunsire.—Mr. and Mrs. Baker and children, Miss Hughesdon, Maj. Whiting, Maj. Maine, Dr. Lowe, Mr. Hadsted, Mr. J. Bain, Mr. R. Italy, Mr. J. F. Stevens.

COMMERCIAL.

Calcutta, Aug. 16, 1865.

GOVERNMENT SECURITIES.

Rate of Interest.	Stock.	Selling Price
4 per Cent., Sa.	Sa. Rs. 90	Rs. 90 8 to 90 14
Do. Transfer Stock....	Sa. Rs. 91	91 4 to 91 8
4 per Cent. Co.'s Rs. 91	100	0 to 10 6
5 per Cent. P.W.	Co.'s Rs. 101	101 12 to 102 4
5½ per Cent. Co.'s Rs. 111	110 4	to 111 2
6 per cent., 56-57.....	Co.'s Rs. 104	103 11 to 104 2

EXCHANGE.

On London.	Per Rupee.
Local Bank Bills at 6 months' sight	2 0½ to 2 0½
First Class Credit at 6 months' sight	2 0½ to 2 0½
Bills with Drafts at 6 months' sight	2 0½ to 2 0½
Bank Post Bills at 1 months' sight	2 0½ to 2 0½

JOINT STOCK SHARES.

Stock.	Paid-up. Rs. each.	Quoted at Rs.
Agra and Masterman's Bank	500	1180 to 1190
Assam Tea Company	200	585 to 590
Bank of Bengal	4000	176½ to 1750
Bengal Tea Company	100	135 to 137
Bengal Credit Mobilier (Lim.)	100	15 to 16 pm
Bonded Warehouse Association	445	635 to 650
Borokai Tea Company (Limited)	25	par
Cachar and Assam Tea Company	200	164 to 170
Ditto (Contributory)	115	30 to 28 dis.
Cachar Tea Company	600	600 to 605
Ditto	500	par to 5 pm.
Calcutta Docking Company	700	1400
Calcutta Steam Tug Association	600	520 to 525
Calcutta and South Eastern Railway	52	...
Central Assam Tea Company	100	65 to 98
Central Cachar Tea Company	200	220 to 225
Ditto, new shares	200	260 to 262
Dehra Doon Tea Company	100	nom.
Dellhi Bank Corporation	500	600 to 705
E. B. Indigo Company	100	...
East India Railway Company	218	218 to 219
East India Tea Company	100	135 to 140
Ditto, contributory	80	33 to 35 pm.
Eastern Bengal Tea Company	50	55 to 65
Eastern Cachar Tea Company	100	105 to 107
Ditto, contributory	85	3 to 5 pm.
Eastern Bengal Railway Company	218	216 to 218
Eastern Steam Tug Company	1000	1050 to 1060
Equitable Coal Company	250	20 to 205
Ganges Steam Navigation Company	500	Nominal
Great Eastern Hotel Company	250	215 to 218
Gula Ghaut Tea Company	250	285 to 257½
Ditto new shares	250	262½
Hindustan, China, and Japan Bank	250	...
Houghly Steam Tug Company	1000	850 to 875
Howrah Docking Company	535	545 to 550
India General Steam Navigation Co.	1000	850 to 860
National Bank of India (Limited)	250	266
New Fort Gloster Company	600	...
North-West Indigo Company	100	70 to 71
North-West Screwing Company	50	nom.
Oriental Gas Company	£1	14 to 15
Peoples Bank of India	100	...
Port Canning Land Company	1000	1325 to 1350
Punjab Bank	100	120
Punjab Trading	75	...
Royal Bank of India	Nominal.	...
Screwing Company (Limited)	200	170 to 175
Sinla Bank	500	630
South Cachar Tea Company	100	75 to 80
Strand Pressing Company (Limited)	62½	250 to 252
Sylhet and Cachar Tea Company	200	125
Tirhoot Indigo	200	175 to 180
Union Steam Tug Company	250	6 to 4 dis.
Upper Assam Tea Company	100	170 to 172

FREIGHTS.

	To London.	To Liverpool.
Saltpetre	21 0 0 to 0 0 0	Nominal.
Sugar	0 0 0 to 0 0 0	Nominal.
Rice	1 0 0 to 1 2 6	Nominal.
Seeds	3 6 0 to 2 10 0	0 0 0 to 0 0 0
Jute	1 17 6 to 2 5 0	0 0 0 to 0 0 0
Cotton	2 2 0 to 2 7 6	2 7 6 to 2 10 0

MADRAS.

MISCELLANEOUS.

COTTON CULTIVATION IN MADRAS.—We gather from the returns published by the Board of Revenue, that at the end of June last there were 18,01,316 acres under cotton cultivation, assessed at 22,52,062 rs., as compared with 18,14,487 acres assessed at 23,19,427 rs. at the same date last year. In the districts of Ganjam, Vizagapatam, Godavery, Nellore, Madras, North Arcot, Tanjore, Trichinopoly, where the staple is not produced in any very large quantity, and in the Kistna district, where it is extensively grown, the area of cultivation is steadily increasing, but in Coimbatore, where grain appears to offer a surer and larger profit, the cultivation has fallen off

50,000 acres during the twelve months. In Bellary a decrease to almost the same extent is reported, and in Cuddapah, Kurnool, South Arcot, Tinnivelly and Salem, the cultivation is gradually declining. We also observe that the cultivation of indigo in this Presidency is rapidly decreasing; and that 1,14,585 acres only, assessed at 2,82,847 rupees, were under cultivation at the end of June last, against 1,54,449 acres assessed at 3,62,874 rs., at the same date in 1864. In Cuddapah the decline in the area of cultivation exceeds 50 per cent. of the area under cultivation last year, and in South Arcot, the largest indigo field in our Presidency, 53,560 are now under cultivation, against 57,183 acres last year. Kurnool now devotes barely 3,800 acres to this unremunerative staple, whilst in 1864 she employed 20,047 in its cultivation. In Vizagapatam and North Arcot the cultivation is on the same scale as it was last year.

CHOLERA AT NAGPORE.—We regret to say that cholera has visited the station during the past week, and we have to record the deaths of Mr. Hughes, of the Telegraph Department, and Mr. Campbell, of the Ordnance Department, who were both buried on Sunday evening last. Among the natives in the city sickness is very prevalent; this is chiefly caused by the want of proper drainage.—*Central India Times.*

A CAUTION TO SPORTSMEN.—It is with regret we have to record the occurrence of a serious accident, a few days ago, in the Narsingpore district. Lieutenant Doveton, of the Forest Department, fired at a chikara, and the ball glancing off the animal hit one of his servants, who was standing among a group of villagers quite out of the line of fire. A coroner's inquest returned a verdict of accidental death.

EARTHQUAKE AT COIMBATORE.—The collector of Coimbatore has reported to the board of revenue that on the evening of Saturday, the 24th of June, at about twenty minutes past eight o'clock, the shock of an earthquake was felt at that station by many of the European and native residents, and that its direction was from north-east to south-west.—*Madras Athenaeum.*

SHIPPING.

ARRIVALS.

Aug. 4. Clyde, Robb, Melbourne; Contest, May, Liverpool; Dauphine Castle, Fleck, London.—5. Alice, Anderson, London.—6. French str. Meinam, Gannan, Calcutta; Ardbeg, Hobson, Port Natal; T. A. Gibb, Milne, Calcutta; P. and O. str. Mooltan, Dunn, Suez.—8. Punjab, Day, Calcutta.—6. Channaral, Ferguson, Coevoking.—11. str. Cashmere, Baxter, Bombay.—13. P. and O. str. Bengal, Woolcott, Calcutta.

PASSENGERS ARRIVED.

Per Alice.—Mr. Anderson and daughter.
Per French str. Meinam.—For MADRAS.—Mr. M. N. Burt, Mrs. Mechele, Mrs. Marie, Mr. Smith, Mr. Geighan, Mr. T. Burnett, Dr. T. P. Smith and child, Mr. Macnaghten, Mr. N. F. Gardner, Mr. G. Bailey. For MARSEILLES.—Mr. M. Young, Mr. W. Smith, Dr. T. D. Franccombe, Lieut. Airey, Mrs. M. Jeffreys, Mr. Bagshawe, Mr. F. R. Green, Mr. White, Mr. Traill, Mr. J. Arnaud, Mr. Norton.
Per T. A. Gibb.—For MADRAS.—Rev. D. Eleazar, John Eleazar, Joseph Johns, R. Cohen, Joseph Lucas, A. Robin.
Per P. and O. S. N. Co.'s str. Mooltan.—For MADRAS.—Mr. J. Payfair, Maj. and Mrs. Elliot, H. Boaz, Mr. Nipon, Ens. J. H. Jameson, Mr. G. Branton, Mrs. Branton, Maj. Whitehead, Mr. W. J. Norton, Lieut. Rolcott.
Per str. Punjab.—For MADRAS.—Maj. gen. and Miss Armstrong and two children, Mr. Dewar, Mr. T. Macky, Mr. Percy, Mr. R. Taylor. For BOMBAY.—Mr. J. Chalmers, Mr. Atkinson.
Per P. and O. S. N. Co.'s str. Bengal.—For MADRAS.—Mr. Vandelin, Sir Barnes Pencock, Mr. Mitchell, Dr. J. H. Condou. For GALLE.—Mr. Maule, Mr. Sutcliffe, Lieut. McNeill.

DEPARTURES.

Aug. 4. Warwick, Trader, Calcutta; Indemnity, Jenkins, London; Orissa, Ballantine, Calcutta; Surrey, Durrant, Calcutta; str. Koina, Baldwin, Bombay.—5. Amber Witch, M'Leod, Liverpool; Fitzroy, McQueen, Freemantle.—6. Meinam (str.), Galle; Peveril of the Peak, Calcutta.—7. P. and O. str. Mooltan, Calcutta.—8. Rushing Water, Pearson, Liverpool.—9. Punjab, Day, Bombay.—10. Cicero, Massey, Calcutta; Dundas Castle, Lowndes, Singapore.—12. Cheval, Henderson, London; Sarah Watson, Belas, London; Channaral, Ferguson, Calcutta; Cashmere, Baxter, Calcutta.—13. Sarah, Minto, Rangoon; Porcineater, Dick, Port Natal.—14. Ardbeg, Hobson, Calcutta.

PASSENGERS DEPARTED.

Per P. and O. S. N. Co.'s str. Mooltan.—From MADRAS.—Maj. Frowke, Mr. Trevor, Mrs. Grant and friend.

Per str. Punjab.—C. A. Galton.
Per Dundas Castle.—Mrs. Atkins, Miss Poole and two children, Capt. De Haan.
Per str. Cashmere.—For CALCUTTA.—Mr. and Mrs. Carpenter, Capt. and Mrs. Grime. For BIMALIPATAM.—Capt. R. W. Meppen. For COCANADA.—Lieut. Taylor, Mr. E. De Lenares.

BOMBAY.

CENTRAL ASIAN AFFAIRS.

The taking of Tashkund by the Russians is a fact to pause over. The line of operations has been all along the left bank of the Jaxartes; and only two years ago there had been completed an uninterrupted chain of forts and walls pushed on as far as Kali Rahim, which is thirty-two miles from the city just conquered. That city is the key of all conquests in Central Asia, situated about 800 miles from Srinuggur. The taking of Tashkund was, however, reported at St. Petersburg on the 10th of October 1864, so there is no especial novelty in the fact. It is worth while reflecting, nevertheless, how slow has been the progress about which we hear such doubts, surmises and apprehensions in the political world.

So far back as 1820 great agitation prevailed all over Khiva and Kokan concerning the movements of the Russians. The whole country was scoured by troops of horsemen with orders to slay every one who bore the slightest resemblance to a Russian. The pretence under which Russia sheltered her aggressive policy was, that many of the Khirgiz tribe, who yielded to her supremacy, had been captured by the Kokanites and Khivites and sold into slavery; and a great force was despatched over the Steppes between the Aral and Caspian Seas. The hapless force never returned to Russia, but after suffering unutterable hardships is said to have perished miserably for want of water. An inferior force despatched down about the same time was never even heard of again. After such warnings Russia completely changed her tactics. Finding war fruitless she tried diplomacy, an art of which she is pre-eminently mistress, and events have proved that she has been completely successful. Fends have been fostered between the Audijanis and Kokanis, and Russia has offered to be arbitrator and peacemaker. Splendid presents, ushered in with every possible ostentation, and accompanied by autograph letters from the Czars of all the Russias, have poured into Yarkund. Emissaries from the Taeping dynasty have been met, and civilities and cordialities exchanged. All these things have been long known at the Court of the British ruler of India, and considerable councils have taken place thereon. The Mussulman religious power has been largely used in these Central Asian disturbances. The crafty Mollah has led many a noble tribe to destruction, and escaped scot-free himself.

The chief policy of Russia is to aggrandise her trading importance as to the greatest territorial power in the world, to equal, in fact, the combined maritime influence of France and England. Russia on the sea is comparatively—but only comparatively speaking—insignificant. There is fair reason for rivalry in so proud a nation as that whose boundaries extend over myriads of miles of Europe and Asia with the two foremost nations of the West. The rivalry costs much money and blood, and England at least can afford to watch the expenditure patiently for another half century.—*Dellhi Gazette.*

MISCELLANEOUS.

THE FOUNDATION STONE OF A COLLEGE AT POONA for training natives as civil engineers was laid by the Governor of Bombay on the 9th inst. Half the cost of the building—Rs. 50,000, £5,000—has been delayed by Mr. Cowasjee Jehangheer Padyamoney, a wealthy and well-known Parsee of Bombay.

RETURN OF THE S.S. "LORD CLYDE," FROM STRESS OF WEATHER.—The Bombay Coast and River Company's steamer *Lord Clyde*, which left on the 7th instant for Aden, laden with rice and grain, returned to Bombay on the 16th, short of fuel. Shortly after leaving Bombay she fell in with bad weather, and then experienced a succession of gales, against which she could make little or no headway. Captain Thearle stood on bravely until it became evident the coal bunkers would be empty long before the steamer could possibly reach Aden. Under these circumstances a return to Bombay was the only alternative, however annoying and humiliating it might be. It is to be hoped the *Sir Bartle Frere*, which left on the afternoon of the 16th for the same port and similarly laden, will have a better passage than the unfortunate *Lord Clyde*.

SOCIETY IN BOMBAY.—There is a rage for propriety just now in India—the sober Vice-regal Court having led the way. A Bombay correspondent of the *Pioneer* does not seem quite to like it. He says:—"Balls and parties are still tremendously sought after and largely attended; society is rather different here, I think, to what it was on the Bengal side a few years ago. I have never been in any place in India where there was less scandal, that is, for its size. Every one is so tiresomely respectable and particular that very little fun goes on indeed; as a lady said to me the other day,—People say it is so hard to be good, but it seems to me that the difficulty is to be bad."

INSOLVENCY IN BOMBAY.—The *Gazette* says:—We understand that a Bill is to be introduced into the Legislative Council to amend the law of insolvency in this presidency. The nature of the measure, we believe, is to assimilate the present insolvency law to the bankruptcy law of England, especially in one important particular. The Insolvent Act in India allows any petty creditor—no matter how small the sum due—to force his debtor into the Insolvent Court, despite the wishes of his other creditors, whereas in England it requires a majority of the creditors to determine whether or not the debtor's estate shall be carried into the Bankruptcy Court. There can be no doubt that to deprive individual creditors of such unlimited power as they possess in India is decidedly necessary and proper, as it protects debtors against the spleen or vindictiveness of creditors for, perhaps, the most trifling amounts.

DAMAGE TO A RAILWAY BRIDGE.—The *Bombay Gazette* says:—We hear that a bridge on the Bombay and Baroda Railway, over a nullah some forty yards broad, near a station called Bysur, at a distance of sixty miles from Bombay, was so much injured by the heavy rains of last week, a large portion of the masonry having been carried away, that the up-train from Baroda, on Friday, the 19th, was stopped on the other side of the bridge, and the passengers were brought on by a train sent from Bombay to fetch them, and did not reach the Grant-road station till Saturday morning. A supply of building materials and a gang of workmen were sent on to Bysur on Friday, when the damage to the bridge became known here. The great bridges on the line remain very firm and in sound condition, having been very materially strengthened since last year. They have hardly been tried yet, however, by this year's monsoon, as the rain last week did not extend further north than Baroda, and at Ahmedabad a few days ago only ten inches had fallen for the whole season.

ALLEGED COMMERCIAL FRAUDS.—A case is undergoing investigation in the Bombay Police Court in which three native directors of the Commercial Finance and Stock Exchange Association are charged with purchasing at a premium four thousand shares of that association from six fictitious persons, with a view to defraud the company.

COLONEL PLAYFAIR, political agent at Zanzibar, arrived in her Majesty's steamer *Lyra* on the 14th. He has been ill for some time past, and was obliged to leave very suddenly on that account. The Sultan leaves Zanzibar about the 25th of next month. He will be accompanied by three frigates, and comes to Bombay for the purpose of paying a visit. It was Colonel Playfair's intention to have travelled in company with the Sultan, had his health permitted him to have waited long enough.

THE IMPERIAL BANK OF BOMBAY has obtained an order from the High Court against the Eastern Financial Association, authorising the Bank to proceed to recover from the debtors of the Eastern Financial the amount of the debt due to it by the association for which they have obtained judgment. It is the intention of the Bank to proceed in the first instance against Mr. Premchand Roychand, who is entered—rightly or wrongly we do not pretend to say—in the list of debtors to the Eastern, as a debtor to it to the extent of seven lacs.

ACCIDENT AT POONAH.—We hear that a rather serious accident has occurred to Mr. Percival. The buggy in which he was driving in company with Major Clerk, upset on the old Gymkhana ground. We are sorry to state that Mr. Percival is rather severely injured. Major Clerk escaped with very slight bruises, but the vehicle was completely smashed.—*Poonah Observer*.

THE LATE JUGONNATH SUNKERSETT.—A subscription list for the purpose of establishing a memorial in honour of the late Honourable Jugonnath Sunkersett has been put in circulation. The names of some of the leading people of Bombay have been registered, and it is believed that a large sum will be realised.

A MOST DISASTROUS STORM has taken place at Hyderabad and Kotree, in Scinde. Fortunately only one life was lost; but an immense number of houses have been either wholly or partially destroyed.

EXTRA STEAMERS BETWEEN BOMBAY AND SUEZ.—The Bengal and Bombay Steam Ship Company have determined to despatch a steamer once a month between Bombay and Suez, and vice versa, in connection with steamers from Alexandria to Liverpool, for the conveyance of passengers and cotton.

LIEUTENANT-COLONEL HAWKINS, R. A.—This officer, we regret to say, died on Wednesday, and was buried the following morning, H.M.'s 95th Regiment furnishing a wing as a firing party, and the band and drums. Col. Hawkins had been to Ghizree for the benefit of his health, but was brought back in a very dangerous state on Saturday, from which he never rallied.—*Sindian*, Aug. 5.

SHIPPING.

ARRIVALS.

July 7. Str. Rangoon, Gribble, Hong Kong.—8. Tangier, Owens, Cardiff; str. Bombay, Burne, Suez.—9. str. India, Lewis, Bussora.—10. Saint Fillans, Ferguson, Liverpool; Maria Gray, Bennett, Juddah.—11. Havering, Parker, Falmouth; Ann Holzhner, McGuire, Singapore; str. Asia, Melville, Calcutta.—13. Lucie and Harriet, Erick, Cardiff.—14. H.M. str. *Lyra*, Parr, Zanzibar.—16. str. *Lord Clyde*, Thearle, Suez.—17. str. Kona, Baldwin, Calcutta; Wurttemberg, Chase, Rangoon.—18. Levanter, Lone, Moulmein.—19. Roader, Davis, Liverpool; str. Governor Higgins, Parker, Kurra- chee.—20. str. Panjab, Day, Calcutta; Paramount, Fierard, Bussorah; str. T. A. Gibb, Milne, Calcutta; Reapier, Loring, Rangoon; Militaire, Schlick, Moulmein; Dennis Horton, McMillen, Liverpool; Schiller, Harbers, London; James Seddon, Jeffers, London; Tirrell, Morgan, Moulmein.—22. Fanny, Wier, Rangoon; Gladiator, Murray, Sunderland; str. Carnatic, Grainger, Hong Kong.

PASSENGERS ARRIVED.

Per Schiller.—Mr. H. M. S. Highdigger, Mr. A. Patterson. Per P. and O. Co.'s str. *Bombay*,—From SOUTHAMPTON.—Messrs. J. Gibb, R. McDonald, A. Edmunds, D. Cornish, E. Slater, J. Morton, G. Gidley, J. Hawkins, J. Taylor, J. Johnson, J. Walton, J. Seymour, G. Garr, J. Atkinson, R. Roberts, J. Sutherland, Quartermaster Mitchell, the Rev. W. and Mrs. Jones, Vet.-surg. Byrne, Messrs. C. Halford, A. Clark, A. Craven, W. Munns, A. Bond. From MARSEILLES.—Col. Wilby, Brigadier Heath, Messrs. D. Calder, D. Cruikshank, McKennie, H. Lucius, Keynton. From SUEZ.—Mr. J. Fin- nigan. From ADEN.—Mr. H. Thackeray.

DEPARTURES.

July 9. str. Malta, Murray, Aden and Suez; Holyrood, Dean, Mauritius; Mileus, Davies, Aden; Royal Visitor, Forsyth, Calicut; Innesfullen, Gibson, Calcutta.—10. Jewess, Stevens, Zanzibar, via Mauritius.—11. str. Madras, Dundas, Sydney.—12. Khandeish, Macpherson, London; Arzila, Lohis, Aden.—14. George Turner, Hopkins, New York; Queen of England, McKenzie, Liverpool; Bristolian, Keats, Batavia.—15. str. Ottawa, Eastley, China, &c.—16. str. Sir Bartle Frere, To'putt, Aden; Royal Albert, Langwill, Liverpool; B. K. Guellemann, Calcutta.—17. Palmerston, Dougall, Calcutta.—18. Europa, Clark, London.—19. Empress of China, Smith, Moulmein.—21. Eastham, Bennie, Mauritius.—23. Mail str. Rangoon, Blewitt, Suez.

PASSENGERS DEPARTED.

Per P. and O. Co.'s str. Rangoon.—For SUEZ.—Rev. J. Dolson, Mr. Littlewood, Mr. Leithers. For MARSEILLES.—Mr. A. S. McClelland, Mr. C. Monnett, Mr. G. Rae, Mr. C. Gaudum, Capt. A. A. Wilson, Capt. Macnaghten. For SOUTHAMPTON.—Mrs. Margesson and infant, Mr. T. W. Gardner, Mr. G. F. Hill, Mrs. Skinner and child, Mr. Watkin, Mr. Wallace, Maj. T. Nutall, Messrs. Fleming, H. Thomas, C. Damersy, and S. Parkes, Mrs. Tinn and three children, Mr. and Mrs. Tomkins and child, Mrs. Bullock, Mr. Everitt, Lieut. C. S. Graham, Mr. T. Wrigley, Mr. C. J. Bright, Asst. surg. J. D. Altera, Capt. Rawhouson, Mr. C. Simpson.

VESSLS SPOKEN.

Per British ship Challenge.—On May 27 spoke the ship Thracia, from London to Otago, in lat. 12-16 S., long. 30-35 W.—Requested to be reported.
Per American ship Colorado.—On June 6 exchanged signals with the barque Van Rosendale, from Newcastle to Batavia, in lat. 27-12 S., long. 35-54 E.
Per str. India.—Spoke H. M. str. Hugh Lindsay, steering to the northward.
Per British ship James Seddon.—Spoke the ship Robert Alexander, from Sunderland to Aden.
Per French ship Parmantier.—Spoke the ship Von Reuten, bound to Persian Gulf.
Per British ship Schiller.—On Aug. 7 spoke H. M. str. Highdigger, in lat. 2-15 N., long. 60-47 E.
Per American ship Reaper.—On July 15 spoke the ship Golden Hind, from Calcutta to Boston, 23 days out, in lat. 1 N., long. 89-35 E.
Per ship Gladiator.—On July 25 spoke the ship La Cordillera, from Bombay to Liverpool, in lat. 26-45 S., long. 50 E.

COMMERCIAL.

Bombay, August 23, 1865.

EXCHANGES.

On London Banks.—at
6 months' sight, per rupee, 2s. 0½d.
6 ditto ditto 2s. 0½d. Cred. Bills.
6 ditto ditto 2s. 0½d. Depts.

BANK AND OTHER SHARES

Agra Bank (Rs. 500)	120 p. cent pm
Asiatic Bank	35
Bombay Bank (Rs. 1,000)	54 do.
Bank of India (Rs. 25)	36 pm.
Central Bank (Rs. 250)	120 do.
Chartered Bank of India, Australia, & China (Rs. 200)	80 do.
Commercial Bank (Rs. 500)	5 dis.
Joint-Stock Bank (Rs. 20)	63 do.
Mercantile Bank (Rs. 250)	115 do.
Oriental Bank Corporation (Rs. 250)	100 pm.
Royal Bank of India (Rs. 25)	28 do.
Madras Bank (Rs. 1,000)	75 do.
Apollo Press Co. (Rs. 11,000)	par
Colaba Press Co. (Rs. 2,700)	Rs. 6,000 p. sh.
Fort Press Co. (Rs. 3,667)	Rs. 14,500 p. sh.
Elphinstone Land and Press Co.—	
(A) share (Rs. 6,000)	3600 Rs. 650 pm.
(B) share (Rs. 6,000)	2500 dis.
Frere Press Co. (Rs. 250)	25 pm.
Victoria Land and Press Co. (Rs. 4,000)	25 pm.
Bombay Press Co. (Rs. 1,200)	Rs. 2,300 pm.
Great Indian Peninsula Railway Co. Consolidated Stock (Rs. 218-3-0)	7 per cent. dis.
Hydraulic Press Co. (Rs. 4,000)	Rs. 3,200 p. sh.
Coorla Spinning Co. (Rs. 5,000)	Rs. 500 prem.
Bombay United Spinning and Weaving Co. (Rs. 2,500)	Rs. 500 prem.
Colaba Land Co. (Rs. 10,000)	Rs. 90,000 p. sh.
Bond & Warehouse Co. (Rs. 400)	Rs. par
Back Bay Reclamation Co., Rs. 5,000 paid-up	4,000 p. sh. pm.
Oriental Weaving and Spinning Company (Rs. 2,500)	Rs. 150 prem.
Royal Spinning and Weaving Co. (Rs. 1,500)	Rs. 100 prem.
Victoria Spinning Co. (Rs. 5,000)	Rs. 1,000 prem.

GOVERNMENT SECURITIES.

Four per Cent. Sicsa Rs. Trans. Loan	Rs. 91½
" " " " Rs. Loan 1832-33	91½
" " " " Co's Rs. Loan 1835-36	90½
" " " " " " 1842-43	90½
" " " " " " 1854-55	90½
Five per Cent. Co's Rs. Loan	104½
Five-and-a-Half per Cent.	110½
Ditto, New £20 Shares (Rs. 87-4-4)	Rs. 7 do. dis.
Bombay, Baroda, and Central India Railway Co. (Rs. 1,000)	par.
Bombay Spinning & Weaving Co. (Rs. 5,000)	Rs. 600 prem.
Great Eastern Spinning and Weaving Company (Rs. 1,100)	Rs. 100 prem.
Manockjee Pitty's Spinning and Weaving Co. (Rs. 850)	Rs. 25 prem.
House and Land Investment Co. (Rs. 200)	Rs. 400
Bombay Shipping Co. (Rs. 1,500)	Rs. 3,000

FREIGHTS.

To London—Cotton, nominal; Seeds, 10s.
To Liverpool—Cotton, 15s. 0d. to £1. 2s. 6d. per ton; Seeds, 6s. 0d. nominal, per ton.



Official Gazette.

BENGAL.

BY THE GOVERNOR-GENERAL.

Sindia, July 31.—No. 566.—Dr. P. Cullen, civil surg., Wurda dist., is placed in charge of the Wurda dist. jail, and is invested with the powers of a mag. to be exercised within the precincts of that jail.

No. 575.—The Gov. gen. in Council is pleased to appoint Lieut. col. J. E. Gastrell, boundary comsgr., to officiate as dep. surv. gen. of India, with the superintendence of the revenue surveys, from the date on which he may receive charge of those duties from Lieut. col. D. G. Robinson.

Aug. 1.—No. 610.—Lieut. M. O. Poole, asst. superint. of police, British Burmah, is granted priv. leave for 30 days, commencing from July 1, to proc. to Calcutta, on m.c.

Lieut. Poole made over charge of his office to Capt. M. B. S. Lloyd, dep. comsgr., Toungoo, on the same date.

Aug. 2.—No. 622.—The Gov. gen. in Council has been pleased to appoint the Hon. C. B. Trevor to officiate as the Chief Justice of the High Court of Judicature at Fort William, in Bengal, during the abs. of the Hon. Sir B. Peacock.

Aug. 3.—No. 628.—The G.G. in C. has been pleased to appoint Mr. W. Stokes to be asst. sec. to the Govt. of India in the Home Dept., legislative branch, from May 23 last.

THE PRESIDENCY COLLEGE.

No. 630.—Under sec. 12 of Act II. of 1857, the G.G. in C. is pleased to authorise the affiliation of the Presidency College (Calcutta) in engineering to the Calcutta University, with effect from Jan. 1 last.

No. 633.—Mr. B. H. Powell is app. to officiate as postmaster gen. of the Punjab and Scinde, during the absence on priv. leave of Mr. F. R. Hogg.

No. 636.—Dr. A. N. E. Riddell, civ. surg. of Chanda, Central Provinces, is perm. to resign the appt., and his services are placed at disposal of the Govt. of Bombay.

No. 646.—Mr. H. H. Butts, extra asst. comr. in Oude, is invested with full powers of a mag., described in sec. 22 of Act XXV. of 1861.

July 31.—No. 1,570.—Maj. F. E. A. Chamier, settlement officer of Durriabad, in Oudh, has priv. leave for 2 mo., under the rules applicable to military officers in civil employ, from Aug. 20, or from the subsequent date on which he may avail himself of it.

No. 1,572.—Mr. W. Glynn, dep. comr. of Oonao, in Oudh, returned to his duty on July 13 from the leave granted him in G.O. No. 1,250, dated June 10.

No. 1,574.—Mr. H. B. Harington, asst. settlement officer of Durriabad, in Oudh, has priv. leave for 1 mo. from May 19.

No. 1,576.—Mr. T. Shepherd, dep. comr. in British Burmah, reported his arrival in India on July 13 from the leave granted to him.

No. 1,578.—Capt. J. G. Bell, dep. comr. of Mehkur, Hyderabad assigned dist., returned to his duty on June 15, from the priv. leave granted him in G.O. No. 1,116, dated May 22 last.

Aug. 2.—No. 1,588.—Lieut. E. S. Ludlow, 25th Madras N.I., and prob. asst. in Mysore, has passed the examination in Canarese, prescribed for officers attached to the Mysore commission.

No. 1,595.—The services of Messrs. F. Venning and F. D. Bullock, of the C.S., are placed at the disposal of the Punjab Govt., for employment in that province.

Aug. 3.—No. 1,604.—Lieut. G. G. Young, officg. settlement officer of Seetapore, is granted, under the rules applicable to military officers in civil employ, 20 days' leave from the 15th ult., to Calcutta, preparatory to leave to Eur. on m.c.

Mr. O. Wood, asst. settlement officer of Hurdul, will officiate as settlement officer of Seetapore.

No. 1,606.—Lieut. T. A. Scott, asst. comr. of Hoahungabad, in the Central Provinces, has priv. leave for 3 mo. from 1st inst.

No. 1,608.—Capt. E. F. H. Armstrong, asst. supt., 3rd class, Mysore, returned to his duty on July 7, from the priv. leave granted him in G.O. No. 1,361, dated June 26.

No. 1,610.—Major A. R. E. Hutchinson, political agent at Gwalior, returned to his duty on July 14.

Aug. 3.—No. 278.—The Gov. gen. in Council is pleased to make the following special promotions of officers and subordinates attached to the Lighthouses Divisions, with effect from the dates specified:—

Lieut. J. M. McNeile, R.E., exec. engr., 4th grade, with local rank of exec. engr., 3rd grade, to be exec. engr., 3rd grade, from Nov. 1, 1863.

Mr. C. W. Hope, asst. engr., 1st grade, to be exec. engr., 4th grade, from May 20, 1865.

Mr. J. H. White, temporary supervisor, 1st grade, to be a permanent supervisor, 2nd grade, from April 1, 1865, with local rank of 1st grade.

Mr. T. Nelson, temporary supervisor, 2nd grade, to be a permanent supervisor, 2nd grade, from April 1, 1865.

No. 279.—The following transfers have been made in the Public Works Dept. of the Central Provs., with effect from June 1:—

Lieut. P. Montgomerie, R.E., exec. engr., 4th grade, from the Upper Godavery Circle to the Eastern div.

Mr. W. Tyndall, C.E., exec. engr., 4th grade, from the Upper Godavery Circle to the 2nd div., Great Northern Road.

Lieut. E. M. Harvey, R.E., asst. engr., 2nd grade, from the Upper Godavery Circle to the 1st div., Great Northern Road.

No. 280.—Mr. D. A. Gantzer, accountant, 1st grade, Public Works Dept., British Burmah, and at present officg. as dep. controller in Hyderabad, is transf. in his substantive grade to Bengal, to fill an existing vacancy.

Mr. Gantzer will continue to officiate in his present post until the return of Mr. Nuttall from deputation.

Mr. G. Carpenter, accountant, 2nd grade, public works dept., Mysore, is promoted to accountant 1st grade, and transf. to the Central Provs., v. Mr. W. Billings.

Mr. G. A. James, accountant 4th grade, public works dept., Bengal, is prom. to accountant 3rd grade, and transf. to the Straits settlement.

No. 281.—The following transfers and changes in the public works dept., British Burmah, are confirmed:—

Lieut. W. P. Tomkins, R.E., asst. engr., 2nd grade, at present att. to the chief engr.'s office, is transf. to the Rangoon division.

Mr. E. Clementson, asst. engr., 2nd grade, is transf. from the Thayetmyo division to the Rangoon division.

Mr. R. Gordon, asst. engr., 2nd grade, Rangoon division, is app. to officiate temp. as exec. engr., Upper Pegu and Arracan Roads division. He will proceed to take over charge from Mr. Magrath, sub-engr., 2nd grade, as soon as he can be relieved from his present duties.

Mr. P. Magrath, sub-engr., 2nd grade, is transf. from the officg. charge of the Upper Pegu and Arracan Roads division, and placed under the orders of the exec. engr., Rangoon division. Mr. Magrath will make over charge of his division to Mr. R. Gordon, asst. engr., 2nd grade, Rangoon division.

No. 2,824a.—Mr. C. A. Daniell, joint mag. and dep. coll. Seharunpoor, is app. to officiate as mag. and coll. of Seharunpoor during absence on leave of Mr. H. D. Robertson.

No. 2,852a.—1 mo. leave, under the rules applicable to military officers in civil employ, is granted to Asst. surg. T. G. Skardon, officg. civil asst. surg. of Jhansie, with effect from the date on which he may be relieved from his present duties, to enable him to proceed to Calcutta, prep. to applying for leave to Europe on m.c.

No. 2,875a.—One mo. priv. leave, under sec. VI. of the new Civil Service absentee rules, is granted to Mr. H. F. Tyrrell, B.A., asst. mag. and coll. of Moradabad, from Sept. 18 to Oct. 18 next.

No. 2,891a.—Two mo. priv. leave, under section VI. of the new Civil Service absentee rules, is granted to Mr. J. H. Fisher, asst. mag. and coll. of Furruckabad, with effect from the 28th inst., or from the subsequent date on which he may avail himself of the same.

No. 2,894a.—Six weeks' priv. leave has been granted to the Rev. B. Sharp, B.A., chaplain of Agra, with effect from 5th Sept. next, or from the subsequent date on which he may avail himself of the same.

Nynee Tal, Aug. 1.—No. 3,636.—Mr. W. H. Parker, exec. engr., Bundelcund road div., returned on the 19th ult. from 1 mo. priv. leave, granted to him in Notification No. 2,890, dated May 23 last.

Aug. 2.—No. 3,670.—Capt. F. G. S. Parker, asst. engr., 1st grade, is temporarily transf. from the Roorkee and Dehra road to the 6th div. Grand Trunk road.

No. 3,696.—Priv. leave for 2 mo. is granted to Lieut. W. H. Beckett, dep. controller public works accounts, N.W.P., with effect from Sept. 6.

Aug. 5.—No. 3,701.—Priv. leave for 3 mo. is granted to Mr. J. Macdonald, asst. engr., 1st grade, 3rd div. Grand Trunk Road, with effect from 15th inst., or from such date as he may avail himself of it.

July 31.—No. 738.—The services of Lieut. W. F. Trotter, of H.M.'s 34th regt., a candidate for the staff corps, are placed at the disposal of the Govt. of Bengal.

No. 739.—Vet. surg. J. S. Woods, of the stud dept., is allowed leave of absence on private affairs, to hills north of Deyrah, from July 16, 1865, to Jan. 16, 1866, under the new regs.

No. 740.—Stud Department.—Vet. surg. J. Quallett, F battery, F brigade, royal horse art., to officiate in veterinary charge of the Saharunpoor stud depot, during the absence on leave of Vet. surg. Woods.

No. 741.—The undermentioned officer is permitted to proceed to Europe on leave of absence on m.c.:—

Lieut. M. C. Poole, of the 5th regt. Madras N.I., asst. supt. of police, Toungoo, British Burmah, for 15 mo., under the new regs.

No. 742.—The undermentioned officer is permitted to proceed to Europe, on leave of absence, on m.c.: Lieut. col. C. Douglas, R.A., director general of electric telegraphs in India, for 20 mo., under new regs.

No. 743.—The undermentioned officer is permitted to proceed to Europe:—

Lieut. W. B. Birch, of the late 21st regt. N.I., district superint., Bengal police, Nuddea, for 6 mo., without pay.

No. 744.—The leave of absence on m.c. granted to Capt. G. N. Kelsall, R.E., attached to the Bhootan field force, in G.G.O. No. 619 of the 20th ult., is extended to Oct. 19.

No. 745.—The following regimental order, issued to the Calcutta Volunteer Rifle Corps, is confirmed:—

July 17.—Notifying the following appointment, subject to his passing the prescribed examination in drill:—

No. 3 Company.—Lieut. F. G. Teale to be capt., v. Capt. J. H. DeSalis, res.

No. 747.—H.E. the Gov. gen. in Council is pleased to sanction an exchange of appointments between Lieut. W. H. Unwin, qrmr., 1st inf., Punjab irregular force, and Lieut. A. P. Broome, qrmr., 5th Goorkha regt.

No. 748.—The services of Capt. F. R. N. Fortescue, late 73rd regt. N.I., are placed at the disposal of the Govt. of the N.W.P.

Aug. 2.—No. 751.—With reference to the notification from the home dept., No. 449 of July 26, the services of Asst. surg. F. J. Pettingal, civil asst. surg. of Gonda, Oude, are placed at disposal of the C. in C.

No. 753.—The underment. officer having completed 26 years' serv., 8 years of which were on permanent staff employ, to be lieut. col. from the date specified opposite to his name, under the Royal Warrant of Jan. 16, 1861, subject to H.M.'s approval: Bengal Staff Corps.—Major R. N. Tronson, July 24, 1865.

No. 754.—The underment. officer having completed 20 years' serv., six of which were on permanent staff employ, to be major, from the date specified opposite to his name, under the Royal Warrant of Jan. 16, 1861, subject to H.M.'s app.: Bengal Staff Corps.—Capt. W. J. P. Barlow, July 22, 1865.

INTERPRETERS.

Aug. 3.—No. 755.—The following regs. on the subject of the appointment of interpreters are laid down for information and guidance:—

British Troops.—An interpreter will be allowed, as at present, in each regiment of her Majesty's British cavalry and infantry, on the following allowances:—Staff salary, Rs. 60 per mensem; stationery, Rs. 10; total, Rs. 70. He must have passed the old interpreters' or P. examination, or the tests under the second standard, as notified in G.G.O. No. 734 of Sept. 9, 1861. When no officer who has passed either of these tests is available, one who has passed the old P. II. examination, or the first standard, under the general order of Sept. 9, 1864, may be appointed temporarily to act; receiving the stationery allowance, and half the staff allowance, viz.:—Stationery, Rs. 10; half staff, Rs. 30; total, Rs. 40. A moonshee on Rs. 30 per mensem will be allowed on the establishment of each British regiment of cavalry or infantry.

Native Troops.—The appointment of interpreters to native regiments, under the new organisation, is not considered necessary, as every officer now on

the regular establishment of such a corps must at least have passed the P. H. examination, and eventually all will have qualified under the second standard above referred to.

Station or Garrison Duties.

Formerly the duties of interpreting at courts martial, courts of inquiry, courts of inquest, and courts of requests, &c., convened by officers commanding stations, were performed in turn by the regimental interpreters.

To provide for these and all other duties hitherto appertaining to interpreters that may be extra-regimental, the following rules are laid down:—

In the event of the assembly in a station of a court-martial, or any other court at which the services of an interpreter may be considered essential, the brigadier general or other officer commanding should nominate an officer for the duty. This officer, who should always be selected with reference to his qualifications as an interpreter, must at least have passed either the P. H. examination or that under the present second standard.

The officer so appointed may be a regimental officer, or an officer doing general duty; but, if the former, such occasional employment should not remove him from his regiment, or exempt him from any regimental duty with which the special duty does not necessarily interfere.

For the duties above indicated an allowance will be passed at the following rates:—

For all station or district courts, Rs. 5.

For all general courts-martial or other special courts held by order of the Commander-in-Chief or of Government, Rs. 10.

Should the courts sit more than one day, the above allowance of Rs. 5 and 10 respectively will be passed for each day during which the interpreter's attendance may be actually necessary.

All appointments of station interpreters will cease from the 1st prox., from which date the foregoing rules will come into operation.

ADMISSION TO THE STAFF CORPS.

No. 757 of 1865.—The following paragraphs of a military letter from the Right Hon. the Sec. of State for India, No. 219, dated 30th June, 1865, are published for general information:—

Para. 3. . . . I shall not object to modify the decision conveyed in my despatch dated Dec. 9, 1861, No. 397, to the extent recommended by your Government, and allow to officers, during the time they are on probation, the option of entering the staff corps from the day following their cadre promotion, instead of from the prior date of their appointment on probation. Under this view, a lieutenant appointed to the staff corps on probation on Jan. 1, 1865, who obtains cadre promotion on July 1, 1865, and completes his course of probation on Dec. 31, 1865, will be appointed to the staff corps as a captain from July 2, 1865, instead of from Jan. 1, 1865.

4. The promotion of an officer during probation will thus go on in the regt. or cadre to which he belongs. The officer who during his period of probation obtains no regtl. or cadre prom., will enter the staff corps from the date of his appt. on probation.

No. 758.—The services of Lieuts. K. C. Pye and J. A. Armstrong, of the R.E., are placed at the disposal of the public works dept.

NEW VOLUNTEER CORPS.

Aug. 4.—No. 759.—H.E. the Gov. gen. in Council has been pleased to sanction the formation of a volunteer corps in Cachar, to be designated the "Cachar Mounted Volunteers," and to make the foll. appt. to the corps:—

To be Comdt.—Capt. R. Stewart, of the Bengal staff Corps.

No. 760.—The underment. officer is admitted to the Bengal staff corps, with effect from the date specified opposite to his name, subject to the confirmation of the Right Hon. the Secy. of State for India:—

Lieut. C. T. Lane, of the late 16th regt. N.I., dist. supt. of police, 3rd grade, Bunnoo dist., Punjab, from April 14, 1862.

No. 762.—Punjab Irreg. Force, 2nd Inf.—Lieut. W. S. Nugent, of the 103rd royal Bombay fus., a candidate for the staff corps, to be doing duty officer, v. Lieut. Jones, app. qmtr.

RATES OF ALLOWANCE.

No. 763.—In continuation of para. 2 of the G.O. by H.E. the Gov. gen., No. 156a of Oct. 13, 1863, the following rates of allowance are fixed to cover all charges for office expenses of the officers referred

to in para. 13 of the despatch from the Secretary of State, published in the above-quoted order:—

Assistant Adjutant General of Division . . . Rs. 185

Major of Brigade " 135

Fort Adjutant, Fort William " 115

Deputy Judge Advocate General " 45

2. A special additional office allowance of Rs. 30 per mensem will be allowed to the majors of brigade at Allahabad, Cawnpore, Lucknow, Agra, Umballa, and Meeran Meer, where the duties are unusually heavy.

3. The foregoing rules will come into effect from the 1st prox.

No. 764.—The admission to the Bengal staff corps of Lieut. A. Vallings, of H.M.'s 108th foot, adjt., 1st Punjab inf., announced in G.G.O. No. 481 of May 11, 1865, is to be held to have effect from Dec. 5, 1864, instead of the date previously notified.

MADRAS.

BY THE GOVERNOR IN COUNCIL.

THE LATE HURRICANE AT MASULIPATAM.

Fort St. George, Aug. 8.—The following despatch from the Right Hon. Sir C. Wood, Bart., Secretary of State for India, to H.E. the Hon. the Governor in Council, Fort St. George, dated India-office, London, June 30, No. 17, is published for general information:—

Sir,—I have read with great and painful interest the details of the ravages occasioned by the hurricane of the 1st November last in the town and fort of Masulipatam, transmitted with your despatch dated Feb. 21, No. 5 of 1865. The accounts which you forward, while they exhibit the great and sudden dangers and difficulties of the night, place in a most advantageous light the zeal, energy, and perseverance with which they were encountered by all branches of the services and residents who were on the spot, or whose duties brought them within the sphere of action.

2. With regard to the particular measures which you bring under my notice, I can only say that they have my approval.

3. The means adopted for the prevention of the outbreak of any epidemic disease, comprehending the improved system of drainage, as well as the measures for ensuring a supply of good water, appear to have been most judicious.

4. I agree with Mr. Ellis and Mr. Thornhill in the expediency of retaining the port of Masulipatam as a civil station, and I await the report of the Commander-in-chief as to its retention as a station for native troops, before passing an opinion on the subject. The question will of course reach me in the military department.

5. The sums you have sanctioned for compensation to public officers for the losses they have sustained from the inundation, amounting in the civil department to Rs. 23,456, have my approval. The sums for compensation you have granted in the military department will doubtless be reported in that department, in which it will receive my attentive consideration, as well as the remissions and advances you have proposed in the revenue department.

6. I cannot close my remarks on the subject of this despatch without specially alluding to the valuable services rendered in this trying emergency by Mr. Thornhill, and the officers, soldiers, police, and residents on the spot, of every grade, named in your General Order, No. 111, dated Jan. 25, who so ably supported him; and I must convey to you my cordial approval of the steps you have taken to show your appreciation of their services, and those of the other gentlemen named in the despatch.—I have, &c.,

(Signed) C. Wood.

By order of H.E. the Governor in Council.

A. J. ARBUTHNOT, Chief Secretary.

Leave of absence:—

Lieut. H. Porteous, asst. superint. of police, Ganjam district, preparatory leave for the prescribed period for the purpose of obtaining leave to Europe on m.c.

This cancels the leave for 6 mo. granted in the Gazette of the 28th ult.

The leave on m.c. granted to Asst. comy. M. Howard, sub-eng., 3rd grade, in the Fort St. George Gazette of the 2nd and 5th May, is extended to Oct. 20 next.

Appointments:—

Mr. J. B. Spedding, to be asst. to the coll. and mag. of the North Arcot district.

Mr. J. Wallace, to be asst. to the coll. and mag. of the Tinnevely district.

Capt. E. S. Storey, probationary asst. superint. of police, 2nd class, is promoted to the 1st class, with retrospective effect from March 6 last.

The following transfer is ordered:—

Capt. H. W. Wood, R.E., exec. eng. of the 4th grade, from the Presidency to the Tanjore district.

Mr. J. H. Nelson, acting judge of the court of small causes at Madura, assumed charge of the court from Mr. J. D. Goldingham on the afternoon of the 31st ult.

No. 282.—The following promotion is made, subject to H.M.'s approval:—

36th Regt. N.I.—Maj. W. J. Doveton to be lieutenant, by brevet, from Aug. 3.

Returned to duty:—

Maj. H. M. Elliott, staff corps, dep. superint., 1st class, Mysore Commission; and Capt. (brev. maj.) G. W. Whitehead, 23rd regt. L.L., arrived at Madras on Aug. 7.

The undermentioned officer is perm. to proc. to Eur.:—

Lieut. H. Porteous, cadre 43rd regt. N.I., asst. superint. of police, Ganjam dist., on m.c., for 20 mo., under furl. regs. of 1854, and to embark from Madras.

No. 283.—The admission to the staff corps of Lieut. J. T. M. Armstrong, 38th regt. N.I., A.D.C. to the officer comdg. the northern div. (notified in G.O.G. 1st Nov., 1864, No. 424), not having been app. by H.M.'s Govt., is hereby cancelled.

No. 284.—Under instructions from the Govt. of India, H.E. the Gov. in Council is pleased to cancel G.O.G., Oct. 18, 1864, No. 413, and to direct that the designation of "dep. sec." be retained in the Military Dept. of the Govt. Secretariat.

The following appt. has been made by the High Court, in Zillah of Tranquebar:—

Mr. T. Ballard, to be dist. munsif of Sheally, from Aug. 2.

July 28.—The 1 mo. priv. leave granted to Taluk Overseer Mr. F. Franklin, Nellore dist., in Fort St. George Gazette, dated July 4, is cancelled at his own request.

Aug. 7.—The Comy. gen. has, under the provision of G.O.G. No. 77, dated March 24, 1867, granted priv. leave to Lieut. E. S. Berkeley, sub asst. comy. gen., for 60 days, from Aug. 10, or from date of departure.

The Offg. Superint. Revenue Survey has granted to Mr. Head Surveyor Scott, of Kurnool Survey party, priv. leave for 1 mo., from July 22.

No. 63.—Leave has been granted to Mr. H. Thomson, inspector of police, Ganjam dist., for 3 mo.

Aug. 8.—No. 64.—Leave has been granted to the following inspector of police for 1 mo.:—

Mr. D. F. Mather, of Madras dist.

Simla, July 25.—The following appts. of post-office officials in the Madras presidency are notified for general information:—

Mr. W. J. Cosby to be inspecting postmaster, 1st class, in the Arcot div., from March 11, 1861.

Mr. J. Hodges to be inspecting postmaster, 2nd class, in the Ootacamund div., from Sept. 1, 1863.

Mr. T. Rhenius to be inspecting postmaster, 2nd class, in the Bangalore div., from Jan. 1, 1855.

Mr. M. Percey to be inspecting postmaster, 3rd class, in the Chicacole div., from April 11, 1864.

Mr. W. J. Ross to be inspecting postmaster, 3rd class, in the Calicut div., from Jan. 10, 1856.

Mr. W. Gregory to be inspecting postmaster, 4th class, in the Palanecottah div., from July 12, 1856.

Mr. J. Honner to be inspecting postmaster, 4th class, in the Masulipatam div., from Jan. 7, 1852.

Mr. W. R. Williams to be inspecting postmaster, 4th class, in the Mount div., from Nov. 26, 1855.

Mr. J. D. Costa to be inspecting postmaster, 5th class, in the Secunderabad div., from Sept. 1, 1864.

Mr. J. E. Kellie to be inspecting postmaster, 5th class, in the Hyderabad div., from Oct. 1, 1852.

Mr. J. W. Johnston to offic. as inspecting postmaster, 5th class, in the St. Thomas's Mount div., from Feb. 6, 1864.

Mr. C. S. Bonifacio to be superint. mail cart estab. between Bangalore and Hurrihur and between Herrihur and Bellary, from Sept., 1864.

Mr. T. H. Bradley to be postmaster, 1st class, at Hyderabad, from Feb. 19, 1864.

Mr. T. Defries to be postmaster, 1st class, at Pondicherry, from July 16, 1850.

Mr. A. R. Lewis to be postmaster, 1st class, at Ootacamund, from March 18, 1863.

Mr. W. H. Ricks to be postmaster, 1st class, at Bellary, from May 14, 1864.

Aug. 10.—No. 287.—The undermentioned officers are permitted to proceed to Europe:—

Capt. A. C. Bruce, H.M.'s 91st foot, dep. asst. qmtr. gen., Presidency division, Calcutta, on m.c.

for 20 mo., under the furlough regulations of 1854, and to embark from Madras.

Lieut. H. W. Bird, cadre 6th regt. L.C., adj. of H.E. the Governor's body guard, on m.c. for 20 mo., under the furlough regulations of 1854, and to embark from Madras.

Aug. 11.—No. 288.—Asst. surg. W. A. Smith, M.D., 38th regt. N.I., to act as secretary to the sanitary commission, during the absence on leave of Dr. Montgomery.

The undermentioned officer is permitted to proceed to Europe:—

Capt. E. G. Ingram, 24th regt. N.I., on m.c. for 20 mo., under the old regulations, and to embark from Madras.

The services of Capt. P. St. G. Græme, of the Royal (Madras) Art., are placed at the disposal of the Govt. of India, for employment in the public works dept.

Aug. 8.—Lieut. F. Hole, probationary asst. superint. of police, 1st class, South Malabar, to act as superint. of police, South Malabar, during the absence of Capt. A. M. Davies on leave.

Lieut. T. H. B. Young, probationary asst. superint. of police, 1st class, South Arcot, to act as superint. of police, South Arcot, during the absence of Capt. W. O. Swanson on leave.

Aug. 11.—Lieut. col. E. Gage, commanding 15th regt. N.I., to be a lay trustee of the church at Mercara.

Staff surg. H. T. Reade, v.c., to be a lay trustee of the chaplaincy of Poonamallee.

Mr. H. G. Smith, coll. and mag. of Cuddapah, delivered over charge of the district to Mr. P. L. Roberts, acting head asst. coll., in the afternoon of the 2nd inst.

Mr. J. R. Cockerell, acting coll. and mag. of Cuddapah, assumed charge of the district from Mr. P. L. Roberts in the forenoon of the 4th inst.

The undermentioned officers are invested with the powers of a sub. mag. of the 2nd class:—

Mr. J. B. Spedding, asst. to the coll. and mag. of North Arcot.

Mr. J. Wallace, asst. to the coll. and mag. of Tinnevely.

Bombay Castle, Aug. 2.—Mr. J. R. Daniel, supernum. 3rd asst. coll. and mag. of Dharwar, is invested with the powers of a mag. in that district.

Aug. 15.—Leave of absence:—

Mr. H. D. E. Dalrymple, master attendant at Madras, priv. leave for 1 mo., from 7th prox.

Mr. W. Bates, treasury dep. coll. of Malabar, 6 mo. leave.

Mr. R. C. Fraser, asst. engr., 2nd grade, South Canara district, 1 mo. priv. leave, from date of relief of his present charge in the Trichinopoly district.

Mr. C. W. Reade, coll. and mag. of South Arcot, delivered over charge of the district to Mr. G. Banbury on 7th inst.

Under Section 412 of the Code of Criminal Procedure, the undermentioned officer is invested with the power to hear and dispose of appeals from the convictions of the subordinate magistrates of the 1st class stationed in the division under his charge:—

Mr. J. F. Price, acting head asst. to the coll. and mag. of North Arcot.

No. 289.—H.E. the Gov. in Council is pleased to make the following promotions, subject to H.M.'s approval:—

Brevet.

Capt. (brev. major) T. C. Ansley, of the 9th regt. N.I., to be lieut. col., from Aug. 10.

Lieut. J. F. T. Sherman, of the 57th grenadiers, to be capt., from August 15.

R. Cole, Esq., principal insp. gen. med. dept., is granted priv. leave of absence for 60 days, from the 18th inst., or from date of departure.

Acting insp. gen. of hospitals W. Mackenzie, C.B., A.M., and M.D., will, without prejudice to his own duties, perform those of the principal insp. gen., during Mr. Cole's absence.

MOVEMENTS OF CORPS.

The following movements of corps are ordered:—1st (King's) dragoon guards, from Secunderabad to England.

16th (Queen's) lancers, from England to Bangalore.

18th hussars, from Bangalore to Secunderabad.

2nd batt. 24th foot, from Mauritius to Rangoon.

3rd batt. 60th rifles, from Rangoon to the Coast, disembarking at Madras.

No. 290.—Madras Staff Corps.—Lieut. W. Hill, having completed 12 years' service, four of which were on permanent staff employ, to be capt., from Aug. 15, under the Royal Warrant of Jan. 16, 1861, subject to H.M.'s approval.

Aug. 14.—The Board of Revenue have granted 1 mo. priv. leave to Mr. E. S. Atkinson, dep. coll. of sea customs.

Aug. 10.—Surg. W. J. Van Someren, M.D., surg. 1st dist., having reported his return to duty on the 1st inst., the principal insp. gen., med. dept., has permitted that officer to avail himself of the remaining portion of the 60 days' priv. leave, from 8th inst. or date of departure.

No. 66.—Leave of absence has been granted to Mr. J. St. Clair Glasson, insp. of police, Ganjam dist., for 1 mo.

No. 67.—The leave granted to Insp. H. Stuber, South Malabar police, has been extended to Sept. 9.

Court Martial.

LIEUT. JOHN LEIGH GOLDIE SILVER, GENERAL LIST, MADRAS ARMY.

Head Qtrs., Simla, July 27.—At a General Court Martial, assembled at Singapore on the 5th day of May, 1865, Lieut. John Leigh Goldie Silver, gen. list, of the Madras army, and doing duty with the 34th regt. Chicacole light inf., was arraigned on the following charges:—

First.—For having at Singapore, on Jan. 16, 1865, failed to appear at the place appointed by his commanding officer for parade, in heavy marching order and sword exercise of his regt.

Second.—For having at Singapore, on Jan. 17, 1865, failed to appear at the place appointed by his commanding officer for parade, for batt. drill of his regt.

Third.—For conduct unbecoming an officer and to the prejudice of good order and military discipline, in the following instances:—

First Instance.—In having at Singapore, on or about Jan. 17, 1865, rendered himself incapable of performing his duties from the effects of intoxication.

Second Instance.—In having at Singapore, on the thirty-first of January, 1865, when under arrest, been incapacitated from attending at a Court of Inquiry into his conduct from the effects of intoxication.

The above being in breach of the Articles of War.

Finding.—The Court, on the evidence before it and what has been stated in defence, is of opinion that the prisoner, John Leigh Goldie Silver, Lieutenant on the General List of the Madras Army, doing duty with the 34th Regiment Chicacole Light Infantry, is:—

Finding on the First Charge.—Guilty; but the Court finds the parade, at which the prisoner failed to appear, to have been for "Battalion drill," and not for "Heavy marching order and sword exercise," as averred in the charge.

Finding on the Second Charge.—Not Guilty.

Finding on the First Instance of the Third Charge.—Guilty of the Third Charge in its First Instance.

Finding on the Second Instance of the Third Charge.—Guilty of the Third Charge in its Second Instance.

Sentence.—The Court sentences the prisoner, John Leigh Goldie Silver, lieutenant on the general list of the Madras army, doing duty with the thirty-fourth regiment Chicacole light infantry, to be dismissed from her Majesty's service.

(Signed) R. G. H. GRANT, lieut. col., R.A., President.

Singapore, May 18, 1865.

RECOMMENDATION BY THE COURT.

The Court having awarded a sentence commensurate with the offences of which the prisoner has been found guilty, begs most respectfully to recommend him to the merciful consideration of H.E. the C. in C., on account of his youth, and the contrition he has expressed.

CONFIRMED.

It appears to the C. in C. that the Court erred in stopping the cross-examination of the first witness on a material point. This would have been sufficient to cause the verdict to be disallowed, but for the sufficient evidence given by the second witness.

H.E. sees no extenuating circumstances in this case. But if the Court thought it was one in which a less punishment than dismissal should have been awarded, it would appear that their sentence should have been in accordance with such views, the charge not being such as to render it imperative on the Court to record such a sentence as dismissal.

H.E. further thinks that this trial, the evidence taken at which is very brief, should have been closed in five or six days at the most, instead of being spread over thirteen days.

(Signed) W. R. MANSFIELD, Gen., C. in C. in India.

Head Quarters, Simla, July 27, 1865.

BOMBAY.

BY THE GOVERNOR IN COUNCIL.

Bombay Castle, Aug. 3.—No. 427.—Major H. B. Hodgson, staff corps and superint. of police, Tanna, is allowed a furl. to Europe for 20 mo. on m.c.

No. 428.—Lieut. W. P. La Touche, staff corps, adjt. Guzerat Bheel corps, is allowed a furl. to Europe for 20 mo. on m.c.

MUSKETRY ALLOWANCE.

Aug. 8.—No. 432.—In assimilation to the practice in Bengal, each regt. of British cavalry and infantry will receive an allowance of Rs. 4 per mensem for the repair of butts, &c., and Rs. 1-8 for petty stores for musketry practice. This will have effect from the 1st inst.

No. 433.—The undermen. med officers, having completed 20 years' service, to be surg. majors from the dates specified, under the provisions of paragraph 7 of G.G.O. No. 325, dated July 13, 1864, subject to H.M.'s approval:—

Surg. J. F. Steinhäuser, July 29, 1865.

Surg. F. W. Harris, July 31, 1865.

Aug. 7.—Mr. T. C. Anstey, as Judge of H.M.'s High Court of Judicature until the return of the Hon. Sir. J. Arnold from leave of abs.

Major H. B. Hodgson, supt. of police at Tanna, has leave of abs. from the 18th ult., on m.c., to proceed to Bombay, prep. to his obtaining a final m.c. to England.

Capt. C. Harpur is app. to act as supt. of police at Sattara, continuing to act as supt. of police at Ahmednuggur till relieved.

Aug. 8.—Mr. J. E. Oliphant, mag. of Ahmedabad, is vested with the powers contemplated in Act XIII. of 1859, in the Ahmedabad district.

Lieut. W. H. Wilson, acting asst. supt. of police, Surat and Broach, has passed an examination in the Guzerathi language, according to the rules of Aug. 12, 1863, for the examination of police officers.

Lieut. H. Reeves, of the staff corps, is app. to perform the duties of mag. at Khandalla and along the G. I. P. Railway, v. Major Day.

Aug. 9.—Mr. M. H. Scott, supern. asst. to the coll. and mag. of Surat, is vested with the powers of a subord. mag. of the 1st class in the Surat district.

Aug. 4.—Mr. C. R. Ovens, 1st asst. coll. and mag. of Poona, is allowed special leave of abs. for 6 mo., from Aug. 9, to proceed to England.

Aug. 8.—Mr. W. B. Mulock held the appt. of supernum. 3rd asst. to coll. and mag. of Surat from Aug. 24, 1864, to March 21, 1865.

Aug. 3.—Capt. F. A. Whish is app. superint. of the hill station of Panchgunny.

Mr. J. Jardine, C.S., passed an exam. in the Canarese language on July 29.

Mr. W. A. East, C.S., passed the departmental examination according to the first standard on July 10.

Mr. A. C. Watt, C.S., passed the departmental examination according to the second standard on July 12.

Aug. 8.—Staff Asst. surg. Taylor acted as supdt. Lunatic Asylum from June 28 to July 12, both days inclusive, during the absence of Dr. Niven on special duty in the Deccan.

Aug. 4.—Col. W. Kendall, R.E., and Capt. A. Davidson, R.E., respectively delivered over and received charge of the office of controller of public works accounts on July 27.

Aug. 9.—Capt. A. Davidson, R.E., is appointed an exec. engr., 2nd grade, with effect from the 27th ult.

Mr. T. B. Curtis delivered over charge of the office of Guzerati translator to Rao Saheb Mahiputram Roopram on the 31st ult.

Aug. 17.—No. 446.—Capt. T. Nuttall, Bombay staff corps, and supt. of police, Kulladghee, has a furl. to Europe for 20 mo. on m.c.

No. 447.—Capt. A. W. Macnaghten, 2nd squadron officer Poona irregular horse, has a furl. to Europe for 20 mo. on m.c.

No. 449.—Maj. W. G. Cumming, staff corps, Bheel agent and political asst., Bhopawar, has a furl. to Europe for 18 mo. from the date of departure of the first mail steamer in Sept.

Aug. 23.—No. 450.—Lieut. J. H. R. Cruickshank, R.E., has leave to Europe for 6 mo. from the date of sailing of the mail steamer of Aug. 24 (inst.), under the new furl. rules, without pay.

Aug. 22.—No. 17.—The following temporary arrangements and appointments are confirmed:—

Mr. P. Rose, acting 4th cl. naval trained engineer, proceeding to Calcutta to join the *Feroos*, to be as-

commodated with a passage on board the P. and O. Co.'s steamer *Behar*, from July 15.

Mr. Lamborn, 1st cl. engineer of the dredge *Beitkul*, proceeding from Karwar to Bombay, to be accommodated with a passage on the British India Steam Navigation Company's steamer *Cashmere*, from the date of leaving that port.

Aug. 23.—The Hon. the Governor in Council is pleased to invest the undermentioned officers with powers contemplated in Act 13 of 1859 in the Surat district:—

Mr. J. W. Robertson, mag. of Surat.

Mr. C. M. Hogg, 1st asst. mag. of Surat.

Mr. W. B. Mulock, 2nd asst. mag. of Surat.

Aug. 18.—Mr. F. W. T. Willaume, asst. superint., Khandesh revenue survey, is transferred to the Berar revenue survey from Aug. 11.

Aug. 19.—Mr. T. R. Fernandez, asst. settlement officer, Left Bank survey, in Scinde, has priv. leave for 2 mo.

Aug. 22.—H.E. the Gov. gen. in Council having accepted Dr. A. N. E. Riddell's resignation of his appointment as civil surgeon of Chanda, in the Central Provinces, the services of that officer are placed at the disposal of the commander of the forces, Bombay.

Aug. 21.—Capt. J. A. Fuller, R.E., delivered over charge of the office of the exec. engineer, Presidency, on Aug. 2, to Mr. Khandass Muncharam.

Aug. 23.—Mr. W. H. Smith assumed charge of the duties of head master of the Ahmedabad High School, and principal of the Guzerat Provincial College, on 5th inst.

BY THE COMMANDER IN CHIEF.

July 29.—No. 775.—Capt. R. Cotgrave, R.E., is apptd. to the command of the corps of sappers and miners.

Capt. MacDonald, R.E., will assume command of that corps on the departure of Capt. Davidson, and until the arrival of Capt. Cotgrave.

No. 756.—The following order is confirmed:—

Dated July 15.—By Capt. G. S. Morris, apptg. Lieut. W. R. Trevelyan, 15th regt. N.I., staff officer at Indore, v. Hanbury.

No. 757.—Lieut. C. T. Echalar is relieved from his duties on the personal staff of the commander of the forces, and perm. to proc. to join his appt. in the rev. survey on the 1st prox.

No. 760.—Leave of absence:—

Capt. G. M. Billington, 6th drags., from June 21 to Sept. 21, on m.c.

Capt. C. P. Stokes, 4th foot, from June 10 to Dec. 14, on m.c.

Lieut. E. Jervis, 33rd foot, from June 27 to July 27, in ext.

THE BOMBAY RELIEF.

July 31.—No. 762.—The following reliefs for the season 1865-66 will be carried out under instructions that will be communicated to general officers commanding divisions and first-class brigades by the quartermaster general of the army:—

A Battery E Brigade R.H.A., from Nusseerabad to Kirkee.

D Battery 14th Brigade R.A., from Kirkee to Ahmedabad.

E Battery 14th Brigade R.A., from Ahmedabad to Deesa.

F Battery 14th Brigade R.A., from Deesa to Nusseerabad.

D Battery 18th Brigade R.A., from Neemuch to Kirkee.

F Battery 18th Brigade R.A., from Kirkee to Neemuch.

No. 2 Battery 21st Brigade R.A., from Aden to Kirkee.

No. 4 Battery 21st Brigade R.A., from Kirkee to Aden.

4th K.O. Regiment, from Poona to Bombay, Sattara, and Asseerghur.

26th Foot, from England—station will be named hereafter.

44th Foot, from Belgaum to England, to embark as soon as it can be relieved by a home regiment.

45th Foot, Head Quarters Wing, from Bombay to Poona.

49th Foot, from Ireland—station will be named hereafter.

56th Foot, from Deesa to England, when relieved by a home regiment.

72nd Highlanders, from Poona, Sattara, and Asseerghur to England, to embark in November in anticipation of relief.

96th Foot, from Cape of Good Hope—station will be named hereafter.

1st Company Bombay Sappers, from Mhow to Aden.

5th Company Bombay Sappers, from Aden to Mhow.

2nd Gr. N.I., from Belgaum to Surat.

11th Regt. N.I., from Deesa to Rajkote.

12th Regt. N.I., from Surat to Belgaum.

16th Regt. N.I., from Rajkote to Nusseerabad.

17th Regt. N.I., from Nusseerabad to Ahmedabad.

20th Regt. N.I., from Ahmedabad to Deesa.

23rd Regt. N.I., Head Quarters Wing, from Kurrachee to Kattywar.

27th Regt. N.I. or 1st Belooch Battalion, from Hyderabad to Kurrachee.

29th Regt. N.I. or 2nd Belooch Battalion, from Kurrachee to Hyderabad.

No. 763.—The undermentioned officers returned to duty by permission of the Sec. of State for India on July 24:—

Capt. T. E. Britten, staff corps.

Lieut. S. Carter, gen. list.

No. 771.—The foll. appts. are made:—

27th Regt. N.I. or 1st Belooch Batt.

Capt. W. H. Ross, staff corps, to offic. as wing officer, v. Hicks.

Lieut. P. J. F. Henslowe, to offic. as adjt., v. Browne.

Lieut. M. H. Nicolson, doing duty officer 29th regt. N.I. to offic. as qmr., v. Henslowe.

No. 772.—Staff Asst. surg. Dunbar is directed to proceed forthwith to Mhow at the public expense, for duty in that div.

No. 773.—Lieut. S. Carter, gen. list, is attached to the 20th regt. N.I. at Ahmedabad. This officer will travel by rail at the public expense.

No. 776.—Leave of absence:—

Lieut. E. Chapple, 95th foot, from May 30 to Sept. 30, or until retirement from the service.

No. 781.—Aug. 4.—Promotion, until H.M.'s pleasure shall be known:—

33rd Foot.—Ens. R. L. Bird to be lieut., without purch., v. Tubbs, dec.; July 5.

No. 782.—Lieut. A. B. H. Burnes, general list, is attached to do duty with the 4th regt. N.I. or rifle corps.

No. 785.—Lieut. H. S. Tandy, gen. list, is apptd. doing duty officer 16th regt. N.I., v. Jackson, whose services have been placed at disposal of Govt.

Lieut. Tandy will proceed and join as early as practicable, at the public expense.

No. 786.—Order confirmed:—

Dated Hong Kong, Oct. 13, 1863.—By the officer comdg. 22nd regt. N.I., apptg. Capt. Drummond, acting interpreter to the regt., v. Capt. Campbell.

No. 792.—Leave of absence:—

56th Foot.—Capt. (brev. maj.) W. G. Margesson, from Aug. 5 to Sept. 4.

Staff Corps.—Capt. R. L. Campbell, from Aug. 1 to Aug. 31, in ext.

Aug. 8.—No. 793.—Under instructions from H.E. the C. in C. in India, Sir C. T. Van Straubenzee, K.C.M.G., is pleased to direct that the following three regts., viz., 44th foot, 56th foot, and 72nd

highlanders, being under orders to embark for England, the soldiers of these corps desirous of extending their services in India be allowed to volunteer, under the rules and restrictions promulgated in G.O.S. No. 590 of Nov. 28, 1863, and No. 365 of

Aug. 9, 1864, to any of the following regts., and to the extent stated, viz.:—1st batt. 4th foot, 258;

33rd foot, 169; 45th foot, 135; 95th foot, 164;

106th foot, 337; 109th foot, 155. Men of the

72nd highlanders, being natives of North Britain, are also, in addition to the above, permitted to volunteer to the 91st Argyllshire highland regt. as follows:—91st highlanders, 145.

The gen. officers comdg. the Poona and Northern divs. and Belgaum brigade will appoint field officers to superintend the volunteering, and will convene medical boards for the inspection of the volunteers.

Both the field officers and the presidents of the medical boards, whether at regimental head qrs. or at detached stations, are to be officers of H.M.'s British forces, and must not belong to the corps volunteering.

Immediately on the termination of the volunteering, the superintending officer will forward, through the gen. officer comdg., to the adjt. gen. of the army, a return of the number of men who have volunteered.

No. 794.—Lieut. P. D. Malden, qmr. 6th regt. N.I., has qualified at Hythe as a 1st class instructor of musketry.

No. 795.—The undernamed officers passed the required examination in the native language as follows:—

Hindoostanee.—Staff Test.

Capt. R. R. Gillespie, 106th foot, on Jan. 10.

Capt. H. R. Bushe, 15th regt. N.I., on Jan. 31.

Lieut. E. R. Reay, gen. list, attached to 15th regt. N.I., on Jan. 31.

Lieut. M. J. Sexton, 21st brig. R.A., on Jan. 31.

Aug. 9.—No. 798.—Consequent on the return of Brig. gen. Heath from Eur., the following transfers will take place:—

Brig. gen. Malcolm, c.n., to command the brig. at Ahmednuggur.

Brig. gen. Birdwood will revert to the command of the 3rd regt. N.I. on being relieved.

No. 799.—The following appts. are made:—

Sind Horse.

Lieuts. A. L. McNair and G. J. Coulson, 106th foot, to be doing duty officers, and will be posted to regts. on joining that force.

Lieut. McNair will proc. to join on Nov. 1 next, and Lieut. Coulson as early as the season will admit. These officers will travel at the public expense.

No. 800.—The following temp. arrangement is confirmed, with effect from Aug. 1:—

27th N.I. or 1st Belooch Regt.

Lieut. P. J. F. Henslowe to offic. as adjt., in addition to his own duties as qmr., until the arrival of Lieut. Nicholson.

No. 801.—The following temp. arrangements are confirmed, with effect from July 1:—

29th N.I. or 2nd Belooch Regt.

Capt. J. H. Drummond to offic. as 2nd in comd.

Lieut. A. Hogg to offic. as wing officer, in addition to his other duties, until the arrival of Major Fairbrother.

No. 803.—Assist. surg. A. Barrie is placed on general duty, Bombay garrison.

No. 804.—The undermentioned officer returned to duty by permission of the Secretary of State for India on July 11:—

Capt. W. W. Goodfellow, R.E.

No. 808.—Leave of absence:—

3rd Dragon Guards.—Capt. A. White, to England by the overland route, m.c. This officer is not available for duty with troops, and will, on arrival, report himself to the adjt. gen. horse guards.

18th Brigade.—Lieut. C. S. Graham, from Aug. 5 to Aug. 15, to Bombay, on m.c., prep. to obtaining final certificate to Europe.

Veterinary Dept.—Ver. surg. H. J. Fitter, att. to head qrs. 11th brigade R.A., from Aug. 3 to Sept. 3, to remain in Bombay, on m.c.

Aug. 10.—No. 809.—Capt. the Hon. H. M. Hobart, 103rd foot, is attached to the general depot until the road between the Deccan and Malwa is reopened.

Aug. 12.—No. 812.—The following orders are confirmed:—

Dated May 29.—By the officer commanding 109th foot, appointing officers to act as a committee of paymastership, during the absence of Paymr. Fitzgerald, on m.c.

President.—Major Armstrong.

Members.—Capt. Valentine, Qmr. Elson.

Qmr. Elson to act as paymr. on the responsibility of the committee.

Dated July 28.—By the officer commanding 109th foot, appointing Lieut. MacKinnon, to act as qmr., with effect from July 22, v. Elson.

Dated July 1.—By the brig. gen. commanding the northern div. of the army, directing the asst. adjt. gen. to conduct the duties of the asst. qmr. gen., in addition to his own, from July 1, until the arrival of Lieut. Hogg.

No. 815.—Leave of absence:—

Lieut. A. T. Wallace, E. brigade R.H.A., from June 14, 1865, to June 14, 1866, on m.c.

Capt. and adjt. H. LeG. Geary, 11th brigade R.A., from July 5 to Nov. 5, in ext.

Leave of absence:—

18th Brig. R.A.—Col. G. P. Sealy, to England, by the overland route, for the purpose of appearing before a medical board.

23rd Regt. N.I.—Maj. E. Waddington, from date of dep. for 4 mo.

Aug. 15.—No. 817.—Returned to duty:—

Brig. gen. J. C. Heath; Aug. 8.

No. 818.—Maj. J. J. Laurie, cadre 30th regt. N.I., is transf. from gen. duty, Ahmedabad, to gen. duty, Baroda.

Aug. 16.—No. 823.—The following temporary arrangement is confirmed, with effect from Aug. 5:—

27th Regt. N.I., or 1st Belooch Battalion.—Lieut.

W. B. Edwards to offic. as wing officer, until the arrival of Capt. W. H. Ross.

No. 824.—With reference to G.O.C. No. 74, dated Jan. 17 last, Lieut. Bulkeley, 106th foot, is directed to rejoin his regt.

No. 825.—Asst. surg. J. V. Lane, 1st batt. 4th foot, is directed to proc. by first str. to Kurrachee, and assume medical charge of the Ghizee Sanitarium, relieving Surg. T. J. Murphy, 95th foot, who will join his regt.

No. 826.—Leave of absence:—

General List.—Lieut. T. A. Buchanan, attached to 6th regt. N.I., for 1 mo., from date of dep., to Bombay, on m.c.

PASSAGES.

Aug. 17.—No. 827.—It is hereby intimated, for the information of staff officers empowered to grant railway requisitions, that officers proceeding from one station to another on medical certificate are not allowed to travel by rail at the public expense.

Free passage to such officers is allowed from port to port only, when such ports are not easily accessible unless by sea, and in proceeding to or from which the sea route is always adopted, e.g., Bombay to Kurrachee, Aden, Vingorla, Porebunder, Mandavee, &c., and vice versa.

ABOLITION OF THE OFFICE OF BRIGADE MAJOR AT KURRACHEE.

Aug. 18.—No. 829.—Under instructions from Government, the appointment of brigade major at Kurrachee will be abolished from the 31st inst., and the duties of that office will, in future, be conducted by the assistant adjutant general and assistant quartermaster general of the Sind division so far as they appertain to their departments.

One of the writers of the brigade major's office will be transferred to the office of the assistant adjutant general, for the purpose of writing the brigade orders and the performance of the clerical duties connected with the station of Kurrachee; the remainder of the establishment will be discharged.

Captain Cornwell, brigade major at Kurrachee, is transferred to the Mhow brigade from the 31st instant, on which date Major Macgowan's period of service on the brigade staff will expire.

Aug. 19.—No. 833.—The following appointments are made:—

13th Regt. N.I.—Lieut. W. B. Seton, gen. list, to officiate as doing duty officer, v. Laing.

Lieut. Seton will travel at the public expense.

30th Regt. N.I., or Jacob's Rifles.—Lieut. T. W. Sanders to be adjt., v. Doig.

Lieut. Sanders will continue to perform the duties of qmtr. until further orders.

The foll. temp. arrangement is confirmed:—

30th Regt. N.I., or Jacob's Rifles.—Lieut. T. W. Sanders to officiate as adjt., in addition to his own duties as qmtr., with effect from Aug. 4.

Leave of absence:—

Capt. W. DeVitre, 21st brigade R.A., from June 24, 1865, to May 12, 1866, in ext.

Ens. C. M. Davidson, 1st batt. 4th Foot, from Aug. 16 to Sept. 14, on m.c.

Lieut. D. C. Bell (attached to 7th regt. N.I.), from Aug. 17 to Sept. 15, on m.c.

Capt. A. W. MacNaghten, 2nd squad. officer, Poona horse, from Aug. 15 to Aug. 31, on m.c.

NAVAL.

Marine Dept., Bombay Castle, July 8.—No. 14.—The foll. temp. arrangements and appts. are confirmed:—

By Capt. W. C. Barker, Officng. Supt. of Marine.

Mr. Daves, late of the Indian navy, and 1st officer of the *Berenice*, to the temp. command of the gunboat *Clyde* from May 29.

Mr. T. Ward, 2nd officer of the *Berenice*, to be 1st officer of that vessel from May 29, v. Daves.

Mr. Fisher to be 2nd officer of the *Berenice* from May 29, v. Ward.

Mr. J. B. Tolputt, 1st officer of the steamer *Ambermitch*, to be store accountant of that vessel from April 1, 1864, inclusive.

Mr. R. Frew to be 2nd officer of H.M.'s gunboat *Clyde* from June 1.

Mr. J. B. Greig, 1st class engr. of the *Victoria*, proceeding from Aden to Bombay, to be accommodated with a passage by the P. and O. Company's steam vessel *Carnatic* from May 19.

BIRTHS.

AGG.—At Murree, August 11, the wife of Lieut. col. Agg, 51st L.I., of a son.

ALMANDER.—At Dalhousie, July 29, the wife of C. W. Almander, Esq., B.A., of a daughter.

ARMSTRONG.—At Jullundur, August 6, the wife of W. Armstrong, Supervisor, P.W.D., of a son.

AVRON.—At Bombay, August 9, the wife of Mr. H. H. Avron, Superintendent Sailors' Home, of a son.

BEALE.—At Umballa, August 2, the wife of Apothecary R. W. Beale, of a son.

BURTON.—At Lower Colaba, August 19, the wife of Mr. Charles Burton, Chief Engineer str. *Maharaz*, of a daughter.

CLUTTERBUCK.—At Rawul Pindee, August 5, the wife of Dr. J. E. Clutterbuck, 42nd Royal Highland Regt., of a son.

COOPER.—At Imlay Cottage, Kidderpore, Aug. 9, the wife of William Cooper, Esq., Chief Engineer, P. and O. Company, of a son.

DAVIES.—At No. 2, Wellesley-place, Bombay, Aug. 3, the wife of Mr. Alfred Davies, of a daughter.

EVANS.—At Agra, Aug. 13, the wife of Mr. E. Evans, D.P.W., of a son.

GREEN.—At Shaik Boodeen, near Dera Ismael Khan, Aug. 3, the wife of Col. Geo. W. G. Green, C.B., Comdt. 2nd Punjab Inf., of a daughter.

GREEN.—At Ahmedabad, Aug. 16, the wife of Capt. E. A. Green, Staff Corps, of a daughter.

FROMMURZE.—At Khetwaddy, Aug. 18, the wife of Mr. Cursetjee Frommurze, of a son.

FOWLE.—At Darjeeling, Aug. 8, the wife of F. C. Fowle, Esq., B.C.S., of a daughter.

FORBES.—At Bombay, Aug. 9, the wife of Col. Forbes, Adjutant general Guicowar's Forces, of a daughter.

GREGSON.—At Landour, July 18, the wife of Rev. J. Gelson Gregson, of a daughter.

GRAHAM.—At Kishunghar, Aug. 3, the wife of George Graham, Esq., prematurely of a son.

GILDER.—At Chowpatty, Aug. 10, the wife of the Rev. C. Gilder, of a daughter.

GREY.—At Chuprah, Aug. 12, the wife of Jervoise Grey, Civil Service, prematurely, of a son, which died soon after birth.

HIGGS.—At Gizree, Aug. 6, the wife of Mr. G. Higgs, of a son.

HENDERSON.—At Deesa, Aug. 9, the wife of Mr. J. Henderson, of a son.

JONES.—At Nagpore, Central Provinces, Aug. 1, the wife of Mr. T. E. S. Jones, of a son.

HEWITT.—At Bombay, Aug. 10, the wife of Mr. C. J. Hewitt, of a daughter.

LILLY.—At Bombay, Aug. 20, the wife of Mr. F. C. Lilly, of a daughter.

LEGGETT.—At Malabar-hill, the wife of Charles Leggett, Esq., Solicitor, of a daughter.

MARQUIS.—At Darjeeling, Aug. 7, the wife of Maj. J. Marquis, Staff Corps, of a son.

MCINTYRE.—At Calcutta, on July 19, Mrs. Jane McIntyre, relict of the late Norman McAlyster McIntyre, Esq., of Penang, aged 60.

MICHAEL.—At Mazagon, Aug. 6, the wife of Mr. W. Michael, of a son.

MOORHEAD.—At Peshawur, July 25, the wife of Assistant surgeon G. A. Moorhead, R.H.A., of a daughter.

MUIR.—At Burnogore, on July 15, the wife of Wm. Muir, of a son.

MUIRHEAD.—At Bombay, Aug. 18, the wife of Mr. J. Muirhead, of a son.

MULLINS.—At Madras, on 3rd August, the wife of Captain Mullins, R.E., of a daughter.

NICHOLSON.—At Mussoorie, on the 1st August, the wife of the Rev. A. D. Nicolson, Chaplain, of a daughter.

NICOL.—At Kurrachee, July 21st, the wife of Mr. William Nicol, Driver, Punjab Railway of a daughter.

OAKLEY.—At Darjeeling, on the 3rd August, the wife of W. H. Oakley, Esq., of a daughter.

O'MEARA.—At Simla, on the 31st July, the wife of A. O'Meara, of a daughter.

PRENDERGAST.—At St. Thomas' Mount, Madras, on the 3rd of August, the wife of Major H. N. D. Prendergast, R.E., of a daughter.

PROFUMO.—At Bombay, August 11th, on board the *Atalanta*, the wife of Captain E. Profumo, of a daughter.

RHODES.—At the residence of H. M. Elliott, Esq., Vepery, on July 11, Elizabeth, the wife of Robert Rhodes.

ROWLANDS.—At Cinnamon Gardens, Colombo, on the 4th August, the wife of the Rev. W. E. Rowlands, of a son.

RYAN.—At Futtelghurh, on the 6th inst., the wife of Captain W. C. B. Ryan, 41st Regiment, N.I., of a son.

ROGERS.—At Malligaum, August 8, Mrs. E. Rogers, of a daughter.

ROACH.—At Nusseerabad, July 11, the wife of Mr. J. Roach, of a daughter.

ROE.—At Burrisaul, August 2, the wife of William Roe, Esq., of a son.

STEVENS.—At Saugor, August 5, the wife of Captain Stevens, of a son.

TURNER.—At Bombay, Aug. 13, the wife of Capt. Turner, R.A., of a daughter.

STEVENS.—At Saugor, Central India, August 5, the wife of Captain Harry C. Stevens, 4th Madras Light Cavalry, of a son.

SPENCE.—At Jubbulpore, August 8, the wife of Lieutenant-Colonel J. K. Spence, Commissioner, Jubbulpore Division, of a son.

SNOW.—At Mussoorie, August 4, the wife of Mr. Owen Snow, of a son.

STEWART.—At Jitwarpore, Tirhoot, August 1, the wife of William Mollow Stewart, Esq., of a son.

TUCKER.—At Berhampore, August 3, the wife of Captain William Raffles Tucker, Royal Engineers, of a son.

WALLACE.—At Poona, August 6, the wife of Capt. R. R. Wallace, Bombay Staff Corps, of a son.

WHITTAKER.—At Deesa, August 2, the wife of Quarter-Master Whittaker, H.M.'s 56th Regiment, of a son.

WHYBROW.—At Roy Bareilly, August 11, the wife of Lieutenant James Whybrow, H. M.'s 1st Battalion, 20th Regiment, of a daughter.

DEATHS.

ALVIS.—At Colombo, July 22, Mr. C. E. Alvis, of the Audit-office, aged 31 years.

AMEER ALI.—At Jettee, Patna, on Aug. 14, at 9 A.M., the wife of Moonshce Ameer Ali, Khan Bahadoor.

BELL.—At Howrah, on July 13, of heat apoplexy, Carlyle, fifth son of the late Carlyle Bell, W. S., Edinburgh, aged 33 years.

BIRDWOOD.—At Challesgaum, on Aug. 10, Eleanor McDowall Birdwood, the wife of Lieut. G. F. Birdwood, aged 22 years.

BYTHELL.—At Poona, on Aug. 17, Harry, the son of Lieut. Bythell.

BOND.—At Byculla, Bombay, on Aug. 11, of acute dysentery, Alfred James Bond, aged 26 years.

BYRNS.—At Saugor, August 1, of cholera, Mr. William Byrns, Officiating Apothecary, H.M.'s 97th Regiment, aged 35 years and 6 month, sincerely and deservedly regretted.

CHAPMAN.—At Nowgong, Bundelkhand, August 2, Arthur John Manners, child of Lieut. A. R. Chapman, aged 13 months.

CAMPBELL.—At Roorkee, August 10, Margaret, second daughter of Mr. Angus Campbell, aged 4 years and 2 months.

CONSTANTINE.—At Agra, August 6, from cholera, Georgiana, the wife of Archimedes Constantine, aged 32 years 10 months, deeply regretted by all who knew her.

CORBETT.—At Nynsee Tal, August 1, Major-general Sir Stuart Corbett, K.C.B., Commanding Benares Division, aged 63.

CROCKER.—At Arungabad, August 17, Amy, only daughter of H. Crocker, Esq., M.D., Hyderabad Contingent.

COOK.—At Bombay, on Aug. 8, Capt. J. Cook, of the ship *Research*, of dysentery, aged 36 years.

DE SOUZA.—At Girgaum, on Aug. 5, Mr. L. M. De Souza, aged 56 years.

DISSENT.—On the 10th August, at Calcutta, of typhoid fever, C. H. Dissent, Esq., aged 50 years.

EMBLEY.—At Kurnool, on July 31, of cholera, Robert Murray Embley, Esq., Assistant Director of Revenue Settlement, aged 29 years.

FERGUSON.—At Sholapore, on Aug. 10, Marian, wife of Capt. Ferguson, s.c., aged 23 years.

FLOWER.—At Poona, on Aug. 13, of jaundice, Mary Jane, the wife of E. W. Flower, Esq., aged 19 years.

FITZMAURICE.—At Mussoorie, previous to Aug. 6, Capt. Fitzmaurice, Artillery.

GAUDER.—At Galle, on Aug. 4, Mr. D. L. Gauder, aged 37.

HUNT.—In Georgia, while a prisoner of war, in 1864, Jesse Edwards Hunt, elder son of Mr. and Mrs. Hunt, of the American Mission, Madras, in his 21st year.

MACCULLOUGH.—At Cochicadde, Colombo, on the 30th July, William MacCulloch, Esq., aged 66 years.

MIDDLETON.—Edith, wife of Clement Alexander Middleton, Esq., Bombay Civil Service, youngest daughter of the Rev. Cancn Melvill, B.D., rector of Barnes, of dysentery, at Hyderabad, Scinde, aged 20, Sept. 3.

RAMSAY.—At Burnogore, on July 5, James Ramsay, one of the Borneo Company's European Assts.

SLADEN.—At Mandalay, on June 11, Sophia Catharine, the wife of Capt. Edward B. Sladen, Madras Staff Corps, and eldest daughter of R. P. Harrison, Esq., Bengal Civil Service, aged 22.

SANDY.—At Lucknow, Aug. 9, the infant daughter of J. H. Sandy, Esq., aged 1 year.

SHAKESPEAR.—At 12, Russell-street, Calcutta, Aug. 12, Lieut. Richmond Shakespear, H.M.'s 36th Regt. N.I.

STAMFORD—At the European General Hospital, Bombay, Henry Stamford, second officer ship *Morning Star*, aged 31 years.

TIMS—At 14, Lower Circular-road, Bombay, Aug. 5, Charles James, the infant son of Mr. and Mrs. T. L. Tims.

WALSTAB—At Brighton, near Melbourne, Australia, June 14, Heindrick William Steel, the youngest child of G. A. Von Walstab, of Calcutta, aged 8 months.

WALSTAB—At Brighton, near Melbourne, Australia, June 20, Carl Nowlan, second son of G. A. Von Walstab, aged 17 months.

WALKER—At Chincoon Tea Plantation, Cachar, July 13, of fever, Henrietta Edith, the infant daughter of George Alexander, Esq.

WILSON—**MACDONALD**—Drowned while fording the Rakaia River, New Zealand, June 9, Walter Cracroft, youngest son of J. Cracroft Wilson, Esq., c.b., of Cashmere, New Zealand (late Bengal Civil Service). Also at the same time Alexander, youngest son of Mr. Angus Macdonald, Overseer at Mr. Cracroft Wilson's station on the Selwyn.

WILLIAMS—At Bunnoo, June 10, Georgina Ellen, the wife of Mr. B. Williams, Head Clerk, Deputy Commissioner's Office, Bunnoo, aged 24 years.

WRAY—On May 7, on his way to Sukkur, Upper Sind, on board the steamer *Stanley*, Francis Jackson Wray, Esq., First-class Inspector Government Telegraph Department, eldest son of Robert Wray, Esq., of Dungannon, Co. Tyrone, Ireland, aged 35 years.

WAR OFFICE.

CHANGES, PROMOTIONS, &c.,
IN H.M.'S REGIMENTS SERVING IN INDIA.

Sept. 19.

Rifle Brigade.—Field Marshal the Rt. Hon. Sir E. Blakeney, G.C.B., to be colonel in chief, v. Gen. the Rt. Hon. Sir G. Brown, G.C.B., dec., Aug. 28.

Sept. 22.

1st Dragoons.—E. H. Lee, gent., to be cornet, by purch., v. Townshend, prom.

Royal Art.—Staff Asst. surg. E. J. Crane to be asst. surg., v. W. Fletcher, removed to the staff.

12th Foot.—Gentleman Cadet J. D. H. Stewart, from the Royal Military College, to be ensign, without purchase, v. R. Mitford, transferred to 73rd foot.

19th Foot.—Ens. W. R. Thornhill to be lieutenant, by purch., v. A. W. Burton, who retires; Gentleman Cadet F. A. Remington, from the Royal Military College, to be ensign, by purch., v. Thornhill.

21st Foot.—Lieut. F. G. Jackson to be capt., by purch., v. T. H. Green, who retires; Ens. F. Tweed to be lieutenant, by purch., v. Jackson; Gentleman Cadet J. E. Porteous, from the Royal Military College, to be ensign, by purch., v. Tweed.

44th Foot.—Ensign G. Bain to be lieutenant, without purch., v. H. W. Heane, dec., Sept. 3; Gentleman Cadet H. C. Cowell, from the Royal Military College, to be ensign, without purch., v. Bain.

46th Foot.—Staff surg. T. M. Bleckley, M.B., to be surg., v. A. G. Montgomery, dec.

60th Foot.—Ens. J. H. Gumbleton to be lieutenant, by purch., v. F. S. Brereton, who retires; H. P. M. Wylie, gent., to be ensign by purch., v. Gumbleton.

76th Foot.—Staff surg. A. Bryson, M.B., to be surg., v. Surg. maj. J. W. Mostyn, M.B., deceased.

91st Foot.—Lieut. A. E. McCallum, from the 39th Madras N.I., to be lieutenant, v. C. D. Baynes, transferred to the Madras staff corps.

94th Foot.—Staff Assist. surg. W. J. Page to be assist. surg., v. J. Wallace, placed upon half-pay.

Rifle Brigade.—Lieut. E. H. Chamberlin to be adjt., v. Lieut. G. Rogers, whose impaired state of health renders him unequal to the performance of the duties of the appointment.

MEDICAL DEPARTMENT.

Assist. surg. J. Rutherford, M.B., from the royal art., to be staff assist. surg., v. C. Haines, app. to the 10th foot.

Assist. surg. W. Fletcher, from the royal art., to be staff assist. surg., v. E. J. Craue, app. to the royal art.

Assist. surg. W. R. Wall, from the royal art., to be staff assist. surg., v. W. J. Page, app. to the 94th foot.

BREVET.

Major and Brevet Lieut. col. G. L. Thomson, 82nd foot, having completed the qualifying service in the rank of lieutenant col., to be col., under the Royal Warrant of Oct. 14, 1858; May 1.

Capt. H. J. Wahab, paymaster, 94th foot, to have the honorary rank of major; Dec. 8, 1864.

The following proms. to take place in succession to Gen. Sir J. Fergusson, G.C.B., col. of 43rd foot, who died Sept. 4, 1865:—

Lieut. gen. Sir C. Yorke, G.C.B., col. comdt. of a batt. of the rifle brigade, to be general; Sept. 5.

Major-gen. M. C. Johnstone, col. of the 88th foot, to be lieutenant gen.; Sept. 5.

To have the rank of Maj. gen.

Brev. col. H. S. Stephens, capt., half-pay, unatt.; Sept. 5.

Brev. col. J. McQueen, major, half-pay, unatt.; Sept. 5.

Brev. col. C. Smith, major, half-pay, unatt.; Sept. 5.

Brev. col. F. Westrenra, major, half-pay, unatt.; Sept. 5.

Brev. col. E. Gibson, major, half-pay, unatt.; Sept. 5.

Brev. col. E. Last, from lieutenant col., retired full pay, 21st foot, to be major gen.; Sept. 5.

Capt. and Brev. maj. C. H. S. Churchill, 60th foot, to be lieutenant col.; Sept. 5.

Capt. H. L. F. Greville, royal art., to be major; Sept. 5.

The undermentioned promotions to take place in H.M.'s Indian military forces consequent on the death of Lieut. gen. G. W. A. Lloyd, c.b., Bengal inf., on June 4, 1865:—

Lieut. gen. W. Watkins, Madras inf., on July 22, 1865.

Lieut. gen. H. F. Salter, c.b., Bengal cav., on Aug. 21, 1865.

To be Lieut. gens.

Major gen. F. T. Farrell, Bombay inf.; June 5.

Maj. gen. W. H. Marshal, Bengal inf., July 23.

Maj. gen. R. Alexander, Madras inf., Aug. 22.

To be Maj. gens.

Col. P. Harris, Bengal inf., June 5.

Col. J. Travers, v.c., Bengal inf., July 23.

Col. (with the rank of colonel comdt.) W. E. Baker, royal (late Bengal) engrs., Aug. 22.

The undermentioned officers, who have retired on full pay, to have a step of honorary rank as follows:

To be Lieut. cols.

Major L. M. Mackenzie, Madras inf.

Major F. A. Brooking, Madras inf.

To be Deputy Insp. Gens. of Hospitals.

Surg. maj. Paton, M.B., Bengal estab.

Surg. maj. C. M. Henderson, Bengal estab.

Surg. maj. A. C. Macrae, Bengal estab.

LATEST INTELLIGENCE.

INDIA.

(By Direct Overland Telegraph.)

BOMBAY, Sept. 16 (11.5 P.M.).

Shirtings in good demand. Cotton advancing. Shipments since 9th inst., 16,000 bales. Exchange on London, 2s. 0½d. Government securities: Four per Cents., 91; Five per Cents., 104½; Five-and-a-half per Cents., 111½. Freight, 20s.

CALCUTTA, Sept. 15.

Shirtings steady. Exchange on London, 2s. 0½d. Government securities: Four per Cents., 91; Five per Cents., 104½; Five-and-a-half per Cents., 111.

The latest London date is September 11.

CHINA.

(By Direct Overland Telegraph.)

SHANGHAI, Aug. 21.

Grey shirtings active and advancing.

Tea active.

Export of silk, 29,750 bales.

Exchange on London, 6s. 2¾d.

CANTON, Aug. 28.

Water twist higher.

Total export of tea to date, 45,375,000 lbs.

Exchange on London, 4s. 5½d.

CHINA AND THE NETHERLANDS.

(By Direct Overland Telegraph.)

SHANGHAI, Aug. 21.

The Treaty of Commerce with the Netherlands has been ratified.

JAPAN.

(By Direct Overland Telegraph.)

SHANGHAI, Aug. 21.

Advices from Japan announce that Sir Harry Parkes is establishing a Legation at Yeddo.

To Correspondents.

All letters for insertion in *Allen's Indian Mail* should be accompanied with the real name and address of the writer, "not necessarily for publication, but as a guarantee of good faith."

Communications for the Editor, and Advertisements, should be sent under cover to Messrs. W.M. H. ALLEN & Co., 13, Waterloo-place, S.W.

* * Should any delay or irregularity occur in supplying this Paper, communication of the fact to the Publisher will insure a remedy.

ALLEN'S INDIAN MAIL,

WEDNESDAY, September 27, 1865.

PROSPECTS IN BHOOTAN.

THE Bhootas, who, like most simple people, are inclined to come to natural conclusions, have arrived, it seems, at the idea that the reason why their invaders have not beaten them is that they are unable to do so. The Bhootas believe, at any rate, that we are quite content with the advantage we have gained, and have no intention of pushing our advance into their mountain homes, where we might expect to find them too much for us—preferring to let our troops waste away in the plains in order to show our contempt of the climate. The news of the intended march upon Ponakha has not reached the Bhootas, or, if it has, is evidently considered a mere threat, unworthy of attention. We allude here, of course, to the war party, headed by Tounsoo Penlow, the Deb Rajah being still anxious for peace, and the Dhurm Rajah apparently prepared to do anything for a quiet life, which—with the proverbial result of such amiability—he is sure not to get. According to the latest accounts, Tounsoo Penlow is more defiant than ever. He has a large force in the field, defies the Deb Rajah, and even threatens the Dhurm, and has at last gone so far as to quarrel with Thibet. Considering that Thibet is the only country likely to help him in the war with the British, such conduct is rash in the extreme. We say *his* conduct, as he may be considered the dictator of the policy towards Thibet, as he was of the reception of the British mission—the treatment of the Envoy in either case being, it is said, much about the same. But whoever may have been the instigator of the proceeding, it is certain that when the Thibetan Agent last made his appearance to receive the usual tribute due to his Sovereign from the Bhootan Durbar, he was met with a decided refusal, couched in terms of choice offensiveness, being told that it was a waste of the tribute to give it to a Power which was both unwilling and unable to afford protection in return. The reason of the rupture is thus apparent; but as it is one thing to have a powerful neighbour neu-

tral, and another thing to provoke him into active hostility, such a course of action must be considered in the highest degree imprudent. It is not to be expected, too, that Thibet will tamely endure what followed—the expulsion of their Agent from the country, and the insulting treatment by which his enforced exit was accompanied.

However, the infatuation of the Bhooteas is so much in favour of the British, and now that decisive measures are determined on, we may expect that the war will be brought to a close. There is one fear, however—that the force assigned for the cold weather campaign will be found too large, and the arrangements of too elaborate a character. The baggage and carriage necessary for so large a body of troops may well be an encumbrance in the peculiar kind of country, and involve loss of time, where time, of all things, is precious. A column of picked men, well led, equipped, and supplied, would probably do the work with a dash, and settle matters at Punakha before the Bhooteas had any idea that we were departing from our usual tardy tactics. On the other hand, there is danger that a campaign conducted in an orthodox manner, with all the requirements of a complete army to supply, would be extended into the hot weather, involving the old tale of sickness and wasting away, and—everything to be done over again. Such at least are the latest fears expressed in Calcutta, and with every desire to take a cheerful view of the case, it must be admitted that they are not quite unreasonable.

OVERLAND POSTAGE.

WE expect to hear of a display of fireworks at the Three Presidencies, in celebration of Mr. Frederick Peel's departure from office—so great is the indignation caused by the proposal of that gentleman to increase the rates of overland postage. "Ruthless," "atrocious," "cold-blooded," are some of the mildest epithets bestowed upon the scheme; and so far from the Indian community "bearing the burden with patience," according to his cheerful expectation, Mr. Peel is assured in so many words that "those concerned never contemplated the possibility of so gross an attempt at imposition." The *Englishman*, to whom we are indebted for this candid expression of opinion, gives very good grounds, too, for maintaining it. The object of a weekly mail, to be secured by four additional despatches in the course of the year, is not so much, as the writer says, to have more frequent communication with England, as to secure precision and certainty in the despatch of the mails. The *Messageries Impériales* steamers have for some time past afforded, once a month, an additional means of communication with Europe, and

when so few care to avail themselves of the opportunity, it is not to be supposed that four extra despatches by the Peninsular and Oriental, in the course of the year, will yield any very important benefit to the public, except for the reason stated. Yet for such an advantage, whatever it be, our contemporary calculates that Mr. Peel would impose an amount of taxation equivalent to increasing the postage of letters so conveyed nearly nine fold. Thus, forty-eight letters per annum, at 10d. each *via* Marseilles, now cost exactly £2; while fifty-two letters on the proposed scale of 1s. 4d. would cost £3. 9s. 4d., or £1. 9s. 4d. for the four extra letters, being at the rate of 7s. 4d. each—rather a large sum to pay for an idea, however excellent the idea may be.

The fact is, as the *Englishman* says, it is false in principle to attempt to tax the public for improvements necessitated by the requirements of the age. It may be that the mail service with India is at present carried on at a loss of £100,000, and that it may cost £30,000 more; but the collateral advantages are still such as to amply repay the two Governments for making good the deficit, and in any case it is a public injury to inflict the cost upon the public. If an experiment is to be made, why not make it in the other direction? Wherever cheap postage is introduced, it is found to lead to a gain instead of a loss; and we doubt whether, as regards India, a full trial of the system has been experienced. Indeed, in that country, even the present tax is regarded as excessive, and while it is considered probable that a reduction would lead to an increase of revenue, it is declared as an absolute certainty that the augmentation proposed would add largely to the existing deficit, and so make matters worse than they were before. This we can quite understand, for though the great commercial houses must correspond regularly with home, at whatever cost, there are little commercial houses which may manage to economise their communications, and upon private persons the change would have a sensible effect. There are opulent people who, profuse in every other item of expenditure, are curiously mean about postage. Men who will pay a tradesman's bill without looking farther into it than the sum total—who would be ashamed, in matters of social expenditure, to seem to care about a guinea one way or the other—may be seen putting themselves to an absurd amount of trouble in epistolary matters—denying themselves an extra sheet, or contenting themselves with a half or a quarter, adjusting the weight again and again with the utmost nicety—all for the sake of saving threepence or sixpence, for which they need not have a moment's consideration. But apart from this it must be remembered

that there are large classes of our countrymen in India to whom a saving in postage is a real object, and whose communications with home would be seriously interfered with by an advance upon the present rates. Consider, too, the idle people, who want nothing but an excuse for epistolary inconstancy to their affectionate families and friends. Consider the weapon of defence placed in their hands by enabling them to say—"I really have had nothing to write by the last two mails that was worth the postage!"

We trust, then, that whenever a change is made in the rates of overland postage, it will be for the better instead of the worse; and that in the meantime the realisation of the weekly mail may not be retarded by any such delusive ideas as those propounded by Mr. Peel on the subject.

CORRESPONDENCE.

THE NEW COMMISSION UPON THE CLAIMS OF INDIAN OFFICERS.

TO THE EDITOR OF "ALLEN'S INDIAN MAIL."

SIR,—It is generally understood at the clubs that the instructions given by Sir Charles Wood to the members of the new Military Commission on the claims of Indian officers entirely ties up their hands, and renders the Commission simply a sham. Can this be true?

If such be really the case, and the members of the Commission be not free agents, it is due to the Indian officers, to the House of Commons, and to the public, that the fact should be officially avowed, in order that the necessary steps be taken to force a fair decision upon the Government. It is to be hoped, therefore, that, as soon as the new Parliament meets, some member of the House will move for copies of the instructions issued to the members of the Commission, so that all doubt in the matter may be set at rest.

Another question in connection with this unhappy case arises at the present moment. There is a strong rumour afloat that Sir Charles Wood vacates his office in October, and that the Duke of Argyll is to be his successor. How far the change will tend to the advantage of the Indian service remains to be seen. It is probable, however, that if the new Secretary for India listens to the same advisers as those who have the ear of Sir Charles Wood, the result will be found much the same as under the present state of things.

For the double reason, therefore, it is desirable that some independent member of the House exert himself.—I am, Sir, Yours, &c., X. Y. Z.

SCINDE RAILWAY (INDUS STEAM FLOTILLA, PUNJAB, AND DELHI RAILWAYS) COMPANY.

The following are the heads of the report of the directors to the proprietors, to be submitted at the general meeting of the committee to be held September 29:—In the commercial crisis through which the whole of India, but more especially the western portion of that country, has recently passed, the proprietors will be prepared to learn that the traffic on the Scinde

Railway has in some degree suffered. The general trade of the district through which the railway passes has been in a great measure paralysed, and to this cause and to the unsettled state of the cotton market occasioned by the course of events in the United States of America the directors attribute the falling off in the receipts from goods. The trade of the country has also been affected by the prevalence of a great amount of sickness, the heat during the season just ended having been unusually severe, and cholera and other epidemics having carried off large numbers of the population. In the following table is given a statement of the traffic from the date of the opening of the railway to the 30th of June, 1865:—Passengers, £59,646. 4s. 11d.; goods, &c., £256,383. 14s. 7d. Total, £316,028. 19s. 6d. During the half-year ending 30th June last, the number of passengers carried was 58,567; the train miles run were 160,895, and the gross receipts per mile of line open, £369. 15s. 2d. The line and rolling stock are reported to be in good working order, and the traffic continues to be conducted without accident to train or passenger. The Punjab Railway being now opened for traffic throughout its entire length a system of through booking between the Scinde and Punjab Railways has been arranged, and the native merchants appear fully alive to the advantages which are thus placed in their power. It is satisfactory to state that a considerable saving has been effected during the past half-year in the cost of maintenance, and also in the locomotive and other departments, and that quite independently of the fact that a less amount of traffic has been carried, the expenses have been reduced by means of improvements in the organisation of the several establishments. Satisfactory progress has been made with the survey of the Indus Valley, two of the routes originally suggested having now been completely surveyed. The distance between Kotree and Mooltan by the left bank is 480 miles, and that by a line carried along the right bank as far as Sukkur, and from that place to Mooltan upon the left bank, 515 miles, thus showing a saving of 35 miles in favour of the left bank. It is satisfactory to observe that the harbour improvements now in progress at Kurrachee have considerably increased the depth of water at that port.

INDUS STEAM FLOTILLA.—During the half-year ending June 30, 1865, the bi-monthly communication between Kotree and Mooltan has been maintained with regularity, the large steamers having been employed on this service, while the small tugs have been engaged as formerly, in running between Kotree and Sukkur. The number of voyages which have been made since the first vessel of the flotilla commenced running in 1862 is as follows:—In 1862, 28; in 1863, 42; in 1864, 77; in 1865 (to June 30), 33. The revenue returns, after deducting the cost of stores consumed, and the working expenses, leave a surplus amounting in the aggregate to upwards of £69,000, are subject to deduction for the formation of insurance and depreciation funds, in accordance with the provisions of the contract with Government. The traffic on the river during the past half-year suffered from the same causes as those which affected that on the Scinde Railway; but it is satisfactory to observe that a considerable improvement took place in the month of June. One of the small tugs, "F," which had been employed by the chief engineer of the Scinde Railway while engaged in the prosecution of the Indus Valley survey, has been sold, with one 35-ton corrugated iron barge, to the Nawab of Bahawalpore, for the sum of £4,850. The directors having given their serious attention to the question of the provision of new vessels, have determined to entrust the construction of one steamer and two barges to each of the following firms:—Messrs. Laird Brothers, of Birkenhead; Messrs. Robt. Napier

and Sons, of the Clyde; and Messrs. Samuda Brothers, of Poplar; all of whom undertake that the boats shall be completed and ready for shipment to India in about six months. The designs on which these vessels are to be constructed have been prepared by the builders, in concert with Captain Wood, the agent and superintendent of the flotilla, who recently came to England for the purpose of assisting the directors with his experience and advice on this occasion. While the course which has been adopted will, there is every reason to feel assured, secure for the company three thoroughly efficient steamers, it will also have the advantage of affording an opportunity of practically testing upon the Indus the relative merits of three vessels, built each by one of the most eminent shipbuilders in this country, and will thus place the directors in a position to make any future additions to the fleet with the smallest possible delay and risk. The following is a list of the vessels of the flotilla on the Indus:—The *Stanley*, *Sir Charles Wood*, *Frere*, *Lawrence*, *Outram*, *Havelock*, *Indus*, and *Parah*, passenger and cargo steamers, Lahore and Mooltan line; tug steamers C, D, and E, for cargo for the Kotree and Sukkur line; besides a number of accommodation and other barges running in connection with the steamers.

PUNJAB RAILWAY.—The directors have the gratification to state that upon the 24th April last the Punjab Railway, 253 miles in length, extending from Umritsur to Mooltan and Sher Shah, was opened throughout for public traffic. The revenue accounts for the half-year ending 31st December, 1864, which have been submitted to Government, show that the balance available towards the liquidation of guaranteed interest advanced by Government amounted to about 17 per cent. of the gross receipts during that period. In the following table is shown a statement of the traffic for the half-years ending 30th June, 1864, and 30th June, 1865. The returns for the latter period being as yet incomplete the figures given are only approximate:—For the half-year ending 30th June, 1864, the total receipts were £10,604; for the 30th June, 1865, the total receipts were £16,400. The weekly receipts during May and June have averaged about £1,065; but during the latter month the receipts have steadily increased, those in the latest week for which returns have been received amounting to £1,405. It is satisfactory to state that the traffic has been conducted without loss of life or property. From Ferozepore, which is situated at a considerable distance from the railway, large consignments of goods have recently been despatched to Raiwind, the nearest station for transmission to Kurrachee. A resolution will be submitted to the proprietors for the purpose of authorising the creation of additional capital, to the amount of £500,000, by the issue of 25,000 shares of £20 each. Upon this proposed addition to the capital of the undertaking the Secretary of State for India in Council has guaranteed 5 per cent. interest.

DELHI RAILWAY.—It is satisfactory to report that during the half-year ending the 30th of June last considerable progress has been made with the works of the Delhi Railway. On the Umritsur district brick burning has been commenced at several points; during the past half-year 7,391,162 cubic feet of earthwork have been executed, and 373,914 cubic feet of ballast deposited; a number of sleepers have been made by the contractors, and arrangements are being made for delivering at Umritsur a further supply, which has been collected by the company at Lahore. On the Jullunder district 30,000 bricks have been burnt; the earthwork has been commenced, and a number of sleepers have been collected at Phillore, on the Sutlej. On the Umballah district 25,370,000 cubic feet of earthwork have been executed, and brickmaking has been commenced. On the Saharunpore district earthwork has

been executed to the amount of 6,462,434 cubic feet, and arrangements have been made for burning bricks at several points. On the Meerut district 3,620,916 cubic feet of earthwork have been executed, and 185,562 cubic feet of ballast deposited; 20,000 bricks have been collected at Ghazeeabad, and 290,000 are being burnt in kilns on various parts of the line; 980 cubic feet of concrete have been executed, and 3,600 cubic feet of brickwork in culverts. It has been arranged that the ground which has been reserved within the city of Delhi for the separate stations of the Delhi and the East Indian Railway shall be divided longitudinally, in equal portions, between the two companies. At Ghazeeabad, the point of junction of the two railways, it is proposed that a portion of the station accommodation to be provided shall be jointly used by the two companies, while at the same time a separate portion shall be reserved by the Delhi Railway for the accommodation of its own traffic. During the past half-year considerable quantities of permanent way and other material have been shipped, both for Kurrachee and Calcutta. The directors continue to receive every support and furtherance from the Government, both in England and India, and they have the satisfaction to state that the conduct of the officers engaged in the several undertakings of the company has, throughout the past half-year, been such as to merit entire approval.

EAST INDIA COTTON AGENCY.

An extraordinary general meeting of the East India Cotton Agency (Limited) was held on Tuesday, the 19th inst., at the London Tavern, Bishopsgate-street, to consider the present position of the company, the propriety of cancelling, and (if so resolved) to cancel, the appointment of Mr. Alexander Charles Brice as managing director, and also either to pass a resolution for a voluntary winding-up or to authorise the directors to make further calls not exceeding £2 per share; Mr. R. N. Fowler in the chair.

The Chairman said that this meeting was convened for the purpose of receiving the report of the committee appointed by the shareholders to inquire into the affairs of the company. The report had been handed into the directors, and in the first instance they recommended the cancellation of the appointment of Mr. Charles Brice as their managing director. The board of directors were prepared to give effect to that recommendation, and he therefore, as chairman, begged to move that the appointment of Mr. Brice be cancelled, and that he be removed from his office.

Mr. Rouse seconded the motion, which was carried unanimously.

A resolution was passed, enabling the directors to make a call not exceeding £2 per share. A further resolution was passed to the effect that the company be wound up.

Mr. Rouse moved a resolution that the company be wound up voluntarily, and that a call of £1 per share be made to meet pressing emergencies.

The following letter upon the subject of the above, which appeared in the *Standard*, has been addressed to the editor of that journal. We publish it as the readiest way of correcting the error complained of:—

"SIR,—As one of the committee of the shareholders of the East India Cotton Agency, permit me to call your attention to an error in your report of the proceedings of the meeting of yesterday.

"The resolution passed in regard to the call, was on the amendment of Mr. Rouse, that 'to enable the directors to meet certain debts due, for which we are all equally liable, a call of £1 per share be sanctioned, and that the surplus be used to carry on the operations of the company until the end of the current cotton season, when, say in May or June next, the directors are to convene an extraordinary general meeting of the shareholders, then to decide whether the company should be voluntarily wound

up, or whether, if success has attended our operations under new management and the exercise of a strict economy, the existence of this company shall be prolonged.

"Such, sir, was the nature of the resolution passed with the sanction of the directors and the committee of shareholders. It is, therefore, an error likely to prove of serious injury to the company to 'assert that it is to be wound up,' by depreciating most valuable property.

"There can be no doubt that, under good and trustworthy management, it ought to prove one of the most successful enterprises of the day. Hitherto it has only proved a source of profit to its promoter, whose evil influence was fully exposed at the meeting.—I enclose my card, and am, Sir, faithfully yours,

"A SHAREHOLDER.

"London, Sept. 20."

MISCELLANEOUS.

LUCKNOW PRIZE MONEY.—The following notification is published in last night's *Gazette*:—"The distribution of the second portion of the Lucknow prize money falling to the share of the officers, seamen, marines, &c., forming the naval brigade of her Majesty's ship *Shannon*, between the 29th June, 1857, and the 21st March, 1858, will commence on Monday, the 2nd October, in the Prize Branch of the Department of the Accountant-General of the Navy, Admiralty, Somerset-house. Agents and other persons holding powers of attorney, prize orders, assignments, or other instruments, by virtue of which they may be legally entitled to claim the share of any person serving in the brigade for the period stated, are requested to present the same at this office. Any officer, seaman, marine, or other person, who may desire to receive his share from the collector of customs or of inland revenue within the United Kingdom, is required to intimate the same by letter to be addressed 'On Prize Business, to the Secretary of the Admiralty, London' (enclosing his certificate of service, or an attested copy thereof, excepting in the case of commissioned officers), in which letter his own place of residence is to be precisely stated, as well as the place of the nearest collector of customs, or of inland revenue, from whom it would be convenient to receive such share of prize money."

DUTCH, INDIA, AND JAPAN.—(THE HAGUE, Sept. 18).—"The opening of the Dutch Chambers took place to-day by King William in person. His Majesty thus alluded in his speech to his Eastern possessions:—"The expedition against the Prince of Nagato, which our fleet, united to the fleets of other Powers, has brought to a glorious termination in Japan, has greatly contributed to establish our relations with that country upon a better footing. The position of our colonial possessions is generally favourable. I regret that the central portion of Java should have so greatly suffered from earthquake. The new administrative measures will tend to increase the prosperity and welfare of Surinam and Curacao. In the course of the present session Bills will be laid before you settling the relations of the press in our East Indian possessions, and for other purposes connected with agricultural and industrial enterprise."

ROYAL NAVY.—(Whitehall, Sept. 23).—The Queen has been pleased to direct letters patent to be passed under the Great Seal granting unto Admiral Sir George Francis Seymour, G.C.B., the office or place of Vice-Admiral of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, and Lieutenant of the Admiralty thereof, in the room of Admiral Sir Thomas John Cochrane, G.C.B., promoted to be Admiral of the Fleet.

APPOINTMENT.—(Foreign-office, Sept. 16).—The Queen has been graciously pleased to appoint Sidney Locock, Esq., now a second secretary in her Majesty's Diplomatic Service, employed in her Majesty's Legation at the Hague, to be Secretary to her Majesty's Legation in Japan.

DESPATCH OF THE INDIA AND CHINA MAILS.

—(SOUTHAMPTON, Sept. 20).—The Peninsular and Oriental Company's new screw steam ship *Mongolia*, Captain Stewart, sailed hence to-day, with the mails for Gibraltar, the Mediterranean, Egypt, Aden, Ceylon, India (except Bombay), China, Mauritius, Australia, and New Zealand. She took out 100 first and 56 second class passengers; and on freight a general cargo, including 85 boxes specie, value £32,286, for the following ports, viz:—Alexandria—Sovereigns, £10,000. Madras—Gold coin, £160; silver, ditto, gold thread, &c., £410. 4s. Calcutta—Watches, jewellery, &c., £1,078. Hong Kong—Bar silver, £5,000; dollars, £109; gold thread, £346. Yokohama—Dollars, £2,160. Shanghai—Bar silver, £3,385; dollars, £1,240; jewellery, &c., £242. 15s. Hobson's Bay—Watches and jewellery, £1,245. Sydney—Jewellery, £265. Foo-chow-Foo—Jewellery, £115. Amongst the passengers by this mail are Captains Davis, Astley, Humphrey, Busfield, Jones, Parry, Prendergast, Earle, Middleton, and Cudell; Majors Hardy, Drew, and Brown; Lieutenants Clarke, Beattie, Gilpin, Cotton, and Plunkett; Drs. Chippendale and Dalzell; Rev. Mr. Robinson, Colonel Middleton, Ensign Abbott, Cornet Lloyd, Assistant Surgeon Thorburn, Lieutenant Assistant Surgeon Mackaw, Lieutenant Surgeon Bayfield, Lady Pitcairn, and the Hon. W. Beddingfield.

BILLS ON INDIA.—The biddings for £230,000 in Bills on India took place on Wednesday, the 20th inst., at the Bank of England. The proportions allotted were:—To Calcutta, £105,100; to Madras, £14,900; and to Bombay, £80,000. The minimum price was as before, 1s. 10½d. on Calcutta and Madras, and 1s. 10½d. on Bombay. Tenders on Calcutta and Madras at 1s. 11½d. will receive about 47 per cent., and on Bombay at 1s. 11½d. about 49 per cent., above these prices in full.

LIEUT.-COL. C. HERBERT, of the Bengal Staff Corps, arrived in Birmingham on Thursday from Portsmouth, in charge of the three sons of his Highness the Nawab Nazim of Bengal, Mirza Syed Hussum Ali, Mirza Syed Hoosein Ali, and Mirza Syed Mahommed Ali and their suite.—*Court Circular*.

SHIPPING.

ARRIVALS.

Sept. 17. May Queen, Bombay; Scharnhorst, Rangoon; Chattenden, Singapore; Hunter, Bombay; Quaila, Akyab; Elizabeth Cushing, Akyab.—20. Washington, Bassein; Sumatra, Calcutta; Louisa, Bombay.—22. Forest Flower, Akyab.—23. Red Jacket, Calcutta; Admiral, Prince Edward Island; John McIlhish, Bombay; Savoir Faire, Calcutta; Albas, Manila.—25. William Dixon, Singapore.—26. Trenton, Bombay; Singapore, Singapore.

DEPARTURES.

Sept. 17. Egran, Mauritius; Henry, Aden; Oliver Cromwell, Rangoon; Charlotte Anne, Colombo; David Malcolm, Kurrachee; Lord Clyde, Calcutta; Courant, Singapore.—20. Norval, Bombay.—21. Ashmeer, Bombay; Seringatupam, Calcutta; Mary, Manila.—23. Harold, Calcutta; Zenobia, Calcutta; Ethel, Calcutta; Royal Sovereign, Calcutta; Nor-Western, Calcutta; Pantaloon, Japan; Hope, Calcutta.—25. Mary Stenhouse, Bombay.—26. Durban, Calcutta; Nyanza, Calcutta.

PASSENGERS DEPARTED.

Per str. *Mongolia*, from Southampton, Sept. 20.—For CALCUTTA.—Rev. J. and Miss Robinson, Maj. and Mrs. Drew, Miss Steele, Miss Wilson, Capt. and Mrs. Prendergast and two infants, Mr. and Mrs. L. B. Tottenham, Mr. R. White, Capt. E. L. Earle, Dr. Dalzell, Mr. and Mrs. A. Tilton and infant, Mr. Gay, Mrs. Robinson, Mr. E. Rule, Mr. E. Lockwood, Maj. and Mrs. G. R. Brown, Lieut. S. S. Smith, Capt. Wellington, Dr. and Mrs. Baillie, Col. and Mrs. Middleton and three children, Mr. C. C. Wood, Mr. and Mrs. B. Wood, Capt. Duncan, Mrs. Poole and daughter, Miss Mackeson, Ens. A. R. Abbott, Cornet Lloyd, Mrs. G. J. Oliver, Mr. A. Winchester, Mr. Sache, Lieut. W. Cotton, Mr. H. P. M'Loock, Mr. J. Phillips, Mr. and Mrs. Macfarlane, Mr. E. Grigg, Mr. Blennalia Goett, Mr. Lydiard, Mr. Luard.

Per str. *Poonah*, from Marseilles.—For CALCUTTA.—Mr. T. Tell, Mr. G. Garben, Capt. J. and Mrs. Graham, Mr. R. G. Shaw, Mr. J. Anderson, Capt. E. and Mrs. Paske, Mr. G. Dove, Maj. T. C. Merrick, Mr. S. Whitney, Mr. J. Henderson, Mr. G. Morrison, Mr. W. H. Taylor, Mrs. Harrison, Mr. A. Carr, Dr. C. McKinnon, Mr. Lord, Lieut. F. W. H. Medhurst, R.A., Mr. B. C. Beevey, Mr. Forkington, Mr. Peterson, Miss Jervois, Lieut. A. B. Davies, Lieut. and Mrs. Whitmore, Mr. N. Butler, Mr. A. P. MacDonnell.

DOMESTIC.

BIRTHS.

AITKEN—the wife of Major R. H. M. Aitken, v.c., Bengal Staff Corps, of a daughter, at Edinburgh, Aug. 2.
ATKINS—the wife of Assistant-Surgeon H. Atkins, H.M.'s Bombay Rifles, of a daughter, at Weston-super-Mare, Sept. 22.
COCKBURN—the wife of G. F. Cockburn, Esq., H.M.'s Indian Civil Service, of a daughter, at 12, Ledbury-road, Bayswater, Sept. 11.
DOUGLAS—the wife of Captain Henry Douglas, Bengal Army, of a daughter, at Walmer, Sept. 17.
SEARLE—the wife of Major G. A. Searle, H.M.'s Madras Army, of a son, at Howley-place, Maidahill, Sept. 22.
TUCKER—the wife of the Hon. Pendock Tucker, Judge of the High Court, Bombay, of a daughter, at 8, Lansdowne-crescent, Notting-hill, Sept. 22.
TWYNAM—the wife of Captain Twynam, late Indian Navy, of a daughter, at Bideford, North Devon, Sept. 13.

MARRIAGES.

ANNESLEY-ROCHFORD.—Francis Charles Annesley, first cousin of the present Earl Annesley, to Matilda Caroline, only daughter of Brevet Colonel Cowper Rochford, Madras Army, at St. Mark's Church, Bath, Sept. 19.
BROWN-PUGH.—George R. Brown, Esq., of 7, Sussex-gardens, Hyde-park West, to Amelia, widow of the late David Pugh, Esq., and eldest daughter of Joseph Pugh, Esq., of Upper Hyde-park-gardens, at St. James's Church, Paddington, Sept. 19.
GRAHAM-JOY.—Captain James Graham, H.M.'s Bengal Staff Corps, Deputy Assistant Commissary General, to Louisa Maria, daughter of the late George Joy, Esq., of Woodtown House, County Dublin, at Newcastle Church, County Wicklow, Sept. 14.
HALEY-HAIGH.—John Cyrus Haley, Esq., of the late H.E.I.C.S., to Emily Jane, daughter of the late Thomas Haigh, Esq., at St. Paul's, Hammer-smith, Sept. 22.
MITFORD-MOORE.—Reginald C. W. Mitford, Esq., H.M.'s Bengal Cavalry, to Margaret, daughter of the late Henry Moore, Esq., of Abercrombie-square, Liverpool, at the Parish Church, Brighton, Sept. 13.
PARKER-CLABON.—Joseph Parker, Esq., of the India Office, to Bessie, daughter of John M. Clabon, Esq., of 4, St. George's-terrace, Regent's-park, at St. Mark's, Albert-road, Regent's-park, Sept. 14.
SHAW-SCOTT.—James Shaw, Esq., Inspector-General of Hospitals, H.M.'s Madras Army, to Matilda Agnes, daughter of the late Charles Scott, Esq., Bombay Medical Service, at St. Thomas' Episcopal Chapel, Edinburgh, by the Rev. J. Holmes, Sept. 23.

DEATHS.

BEATSON—Davidson, widow of the late Major-General Alexander Beatson, of Knowle, in the County of Sussex, formerly Governor of St. Helena, at Edinburgh, aged 78, Sept. 14.
BEATSON—Colonel Theodore F. B. Beatson, late of H.M.'s Indian Army, son of the late General Beatson, at Dieppe, France, aged 56, Sept. 16.
GRANT—James William Grant, Esq., of Elchies, and late of the H.E.I.B.C.S., at Elchies, Morayshire, N.B., aged 77, Sept. 17.
HAY—Augusta Jane Lawrence, only daughter of the late Colonel Patrick Martin Hay, H.M.'s Indian Army, at the Hotel Wagram, Rue Rivoli, Paris, aged 35, Sept. 20.
HOGGE—Colonel Charles Hogge, c.b., Royal (late Bengal) Artillery, and Member of the Ordnance Select Committee, at Erith, aged 52, Sept. 19.
HOPE—J. T. Hope, Esq., late of Bombay, at Hampstead, aged 37, Sept. 22.
HUDLESTON—Frederick Irwin Hudleston, Esq., formerly in the E.I.C.S., at Stower Provost, aged 71, Sept. 10.
HUNTER—Lieut. Colonel Francis Hunter, late Madras Cavalry, at 13, Lytiatt-terrace, Cheltenham, aged 73, Sept. 14.
MAY—Captain Henry Marshall May, 32nd M.N.I., at Weymouth, aged 28, Sept. 23.
PRINGLE—John A. B., infant son of Dr. Pringle, late Madras Army, at Beorchill, Brechin, Sept. 14.
SMYTH-JANE, the wife of Colonel G. Carmichael Smyth, late Bengal Light Cavalry, at Bath, aged 44, Sept. 9.

India Office,

September 27, 1865.

ARRIVALS REPORTED IN ENGLAND.

MILITARY.

Bengal Estab.—Surgeon J. White, Medical Estab.
Madras Estab.—Lieut. col. J. P. Coode, 37th N.I.;
Major A. B. Marsack, Staff Corps.
Bombay Estab.—Capt. E. L'Estrange, Staff Corps;
Lieut. W. P. La Touche, Staff Corps; Col. C. W.
Tremenheere, C.B., Engrs.; Lieut. E. H. David-
son, 26th N.I.

GRANTED EXTENSION OF LEAVE.

MILITARY.

Bengal Estab.—Major A. Blackwood, Staff Corps,
4 mo.; Major J. B. Lind, Staff Corps, 6 mo.;
Lieut. F. H. Thomas, Inf., 6 mo.; Major E.
Oakes, late 6th Eur. Regt., 6 mo.; Lieut. H.
Goschen, late 3rd Eur. regt., 6 mo.; Lieut. J. G.
MacLeod, Inf., 6 mo.
Madras Estab.—Lieut. J. W. Hindle, Staff Corps,
6 mo.; Lieut. G. H. Granville, 34th N.I., 6 mo.;
Lieut. S. L. Hunt, Inf., 6 mo.; Lieut. R. Wick-
ham, 22nd N.I., 6 mo.; Major J. Cadenhead,
14th N.I., 6 mo.
Bombay Estab.—Capt. F. Holland, Engrs., 6 mo.;
Assist. surg. P. W. Cockell, Med. Est., 6 mo.;
Capt. J. Le Mesurier, Engrs., 6 mo.; Capt. C.
Wigney, Staff Corps, 6 mo.; Lieut. C. W. Hill,
1st L.C., 6 mo.; Lieut. J. F. Forbes, Staff Corps,
6 mo.

PERMITTED TO RETURN TO DUTY.

MILITARY.

Bengal Estab.—Major O. J. Farrington, Staff Corps;
Lieut. W. F. Bartleman, 43rd N.I.; Capt. W.
Wroughton, 64th N.I.; Lieut. F. D. Harrington,
12th N.I.; Lieut. G. W. Holdsworth, late 3rd
Eur. regt.; Assist. surg. J. Duncan, Med. Est.;
Major J. C. Bonamy, 3rd N.I.; Surgeon G. Bar-
nard, Med. Est.
Madras Estab.—Insp. Gen. Hosp. J. Shaw, Med.
Est.; Lieut. C. M. Grace, Staff Corps; Surg. maj.
H. F. Cleghorn, Med. Est.; Major J. F. Steven-
son, Staff Corps; Lieut. A. M. Leys, 31st N.I.;
Major J. Puckle, Staff Corps; Lieut. F. Farren,
Inf.
Bombay Estab.—Lieut. col. J. W. Playfair, Engrs.;
Capt. C. G. Anderson, Staff Corps.

BRITISH BURMAH has made an enormous stride during the past year. Its trade has risen to £10,341,733, or £3,292,708 more than the previous year. Its customs revenue has risen to £203,866, a gain of £35,748, although under the new treaty the frontier customs, which amounted to £9,436 the previous year, were surrendered. The increase of trade was common to both that by land and by sea. The latter amounted to £8,819,754, and the frontier trade to £1,521,978. The increase of the trade seawards was £2,899,663, and that of the inland trade £3,930,045. Colonel Phayre and the advisers of Lord Elgin's treaty have just cause for satisfaction. Free trade is not only a wise but a paying policy in semi-barbarous Burmah as well as in civilised England. In the same year the 1,732,844 people who are scattered sparsely over the 81,446 square miles of British Burmah, paid a gross revenue of £1,016,080, or eleven shillings and ninepence a head, a higher rate than that paid by any other class of our subjects, even if the opium revenue be included. British Burmah may be said to pay its way, for it contributes £301,510 for its military defence. What will it not do with double its present population? Will Sir John Lawrence not encourage the importation of Chinese peasants?

HINDOOS AND THE SACRED RIVER.—An article in the *Dacca Prokash*, on the subject of the removal of Hindoos when dying to the river side, seems likely to cause some commotion. The article points out in very plain and forcible language that this custom leads to a vast amount of unsuspected crime, and that it is both cruel and indefensible. The Government of Bengal will very probably take action in the matter by instituting an inquiry into the general prevalence of the custom and its effects.

INDIA EXCHANGES.

BANK AND COMMERCIAL BILLS.

	60 days' sight.	80 days' sight.		60 days' sight.	80 days' sight.
Calcutta	1s. 11½d.	1s. 11½d.	Singapore	4s. 9½d.	4s. 3d.
Madras	1s. 11½d.	1s. 11½d.	Hong Kong	4s. 2½d.	4s. 3d.
Bombay	1s. 11½d.	1s. 11½d.	Shanghai	—	—
Colombo	½ pm.	2 pm.			

STOCKS AND SECURITIES.

Shares.		Paid.	Prices.
£.	India Stock, 1874.....		317 to 230
	India 5 per cent.		105½ to ½
	India 4 per cent.		105½
	India 4 per cent. 1888		101½ to 102½
	India 5 p. ct. Enfd. Paper, 1872		108½ to 109½
	India Stock, Enfd. Paper, 5½ per cent.		99½
	India Stock Debentures, 1855		99½
	India Stock Debentures, 1859		98½
	India Debentures, do., £1,000		3 dis.
	Do. 4 per cent., 1866.....		98½ to 9½
	India 5 percent. for account.....		99½
	India 5 per cent., 1870		104½
	India 4 per cent., 1888.....		15s. to 16s. pm.
	India Loan Scrip 5 per cent		20s. to 25s. pm.
	India Bonds, 4 p. ct. (£1,000)		21s. to 17s.
	India Bonds (£1,000)		
	Ditto (under £1,000)		
	RAILWAYS.		
Stock	Bombay, Baroda, and Central India (guar. 5 per ct.)	100	101 to 102
20	Ditto F Shares	6	½ d. to ½ pm.
Stock	Calcutta & S. Eastern (lim.)	100	99 to 100
Stock	Eastern Bengal (gu. 5 p. ct.)	100	101½ to 102½
Stock	East Indian	100	104 to 105½
20	Ditto J. Extension	15	½ to 1 pm.
Stock	G. I. Peninsula (gu. 5 p. ct.)	100	104 to 105½
20	Ditto (New ditto)	14	½ to 1 pm.
20	Ditto, New	4	½ to ½ pm.
Stock	Great S. of India (Lim.) Scrip	100	101 to 102
Stock	Ditto 4½ p. c.	2	
Stock	Madras (guar. 4½ per ct.)	100	98 to 90
Stock	Ditto 5 per cent.	100	101 to 102
Stock	Ditto (guar. 4½ per cent)	100	93 to 95
20	5th Extension	2	
Stock	Scinde (guar. 5 per cent.)	100	10½ to 10½
Stock	Ditto Indus Steam Flotilla (guar. 5 per ct.)	100	93 to 96 x.d.
Stock	Delhi guar. 5 per cent.	100	100 to 101
Stock	Ditto Delhi gua. 5 p. c.	all	100½ to 10½
20	Ditto	2	½ to ½ d.
Stock	Punjab (5 per ct.)	100	100½ to 10½
	BANKS.		
50	Agarwal Masterman's (L) ...	25	56 to 58
20	Asiatic Banking Corp., new issue, £15 pm., on which £7. 10s. has been paid		
90	Chart. of Ind., Aus., & China	5	15 to 17 pm.
25	Chart. Merc. of India, Lond., and China	all	26½ to 27½
25	Commercial Bank of India	all	28 to 30
100	Hindustan, China, & Japan	25	5 to 3 dis.
20	Land Mortgage Bank of India	4	½ to 1 pm.
25	Oriental Bank Corporation	all	52 to 54
20	Scinde, Punjab, and Delhi	10	3½ to 2½ dis.
	MISCELLANEOUS.		
5	Bombay Gas (Lim.)	all	5½ to 5½ pm.
5	Second issue	4	½ to ½ pm.
5	Third issue	2	par to ½ pm.
20	Ceylon Company (Lim.)	7	3½ to 4 pm.
20	East India Irr. & Can.	12	3½ to 2½ dis.
50	E. I. Financial	7½	4½ to 3½ dis.
20	Madras Irrig. and Canal	15	1½ to ½ dis.
20	Do.	all	18½ to 19½
20	Nerbudda Coal and Iron	5	1½ to ½ dis.
20	Do. New	2	1 d. par
10	North Assam Tea (Lim.)	1	1 d. to par
20	Do. B.	3	2 to 1 dis.
20	Oriental Commercial (Lim.)	7½	
20	Oriental Inland Steam A. (L)	10	9 to 7 dis.
50	P. and O. Steam Nav. Co.	all	1½ to 2½
50	Ditto New	all	75 to 77
10	Upper Assam Tea (Lim.)	35	17 to 19 pm.
10	Ditto	3½	2½ to 3½ pm.
		all	17 to 19

* Incorporated by Royal Charter, issued at 10 pm. (10 pd.)

TRAVELLING ALLOWANCES.—We learn that on the recommendation of Mr. Temple, previous to his departure for England, the Governor-General has sanctioned an increase of one-third of the existing rates of travelling allowance granted to the Commissioners, Deputy Commissioners, and Assistant Commissioners in these provinces, on the ground of the dearth of provisions, and of the various privations which ministerial officers in these provinces are generally subject to, when moving from one station to another, especially in the interior of the country.

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NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN, That the Directors have THIS DAY made a CALL of £5 per Share on the 20,000 New Shares in this Company, PAYABLE on the 12th day of OCTOBER next, at the Banking-house of the Company, 1, Bank-buildings, Lothbury, London.

Interest at the rate of 10 per cent. per annum will be charged on all Calls not paid on the above date.

By Order of the Board,

R. SWIRE TOMLIN, Secretary.

1, Bank-buildings, Sept. 18, 1865.

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ESTABLISHED 1st JANUARY, 1863.

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PAID UP CAPITAL, TAELS 1,000 PER SHARE.

DIRECTORS.

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Sol. D. Sassoon, Esq. (Messrs. David Sassoon, Sons, and Co.).
H. Howe Wiggins, Esq. (Manager Commercial Bank Corporation of India and the East).
David Reid, Esq. (Messrs. Reid and Co.).

The Company being about to be reorganised for a further term of three years, from 1st January, 1866, applications for Shares will be received by the undersigned until 31st October current.

A certain number of Shares have been allotted to London, but further applications from there will be received until 30th November.

Applications for Shares, from persons not resident in Shanghai, must be accompanied by Power of Attorney to their Agents, to sign the Deed of Settlement on their behalf, and generally to represent them in all matters connected with the Company.

By Order of the Directors,

J. S. MACKINTOSH, Secretary.

Shanghai, 12th July, 1865.

FORM OF APPLICATION FOR SHARES.

No. _____
To the Directors of the NORTH CHINA INSURANCE COMPANY.

Gentlemen,—
I hereby request that you will allot to Shares in the above Company, and agree to accept such Shares, or any less number you may allot to _____; and agree to pay the first Call of Tls. 1,000 per Share, and all subsequent Calls, and to subscribe the Deed of Settlement whenever required to do so.

Gentlemen,

Your obedient Servant,

Application for the Shares allotted to London must be made to

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LONDON: Printed by RICHARD KINDER, Printer, at his Printing Office, Mifford lane, Strand, W.C., in the Parish of St. Clement Danes; and published by JAMES PEARCE ALLEN, 13, Waterloo-place, S.W., both in the County of Middlesex.—September 27, 1865.

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VOL. XXIII.—No. 688.] LONDON, SATURDAY, SEPTEMBER 30, 1865.

[PRICE 6d.]

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SUMMARY AND REVIEW.

WE have received our usual files of papers from Calcutta to the 22nd of August, Madras to the 28th, and Ceylon to the 31st of that month.

In Calcutta there was little to talk about except Bhootan; and in reference to this subject there was a favourable change—that the preparations for war were once more accompanied by reports of peace. The Deb Rajah was, we are told, still anxious for an amicable arrangement, and had despatched envoys to treat with Lieutenant-Colonel Bruce. A draft treaty, it is added, has been submitted to the Governor-General in Council, and approved by him. "If this treaty," says the *Englishman*, "receives the assent of the Bhootan Durbar, and Lieutenant-Colonel Bruce is persuaded that the Deb Rajah is in a position to enforce its provisions, the war will be at an end. It is not improbable that the Deb Rajah will accept our terms, which include the surrender by both parties of all prisoners made during the war; but it is evident that in insisting on proof of his ability to carry them out, the Viceroy leaves open a very wide discretion, which, if judiciously used, will prevent our withdrawing from the contest without some more substantial guarantee than a piece of waste paper. There is no sign of diminished preparation on our part to renew the campaign, and we think it extremely doubtful whether the nominal nature of the proposed engagements on the

part of the enemy is not a foregone conclusion."

The command of the expeditionary force was still unfilled. Brigadier-General Tytler, who was appointed to the post by the *Delhi Gazette*, is so reduced in health as to be unable to continue in his present position, and Major-General Showers is not again mentioned. It was "understood" that the officer selected is Colonel D. M. Stewart, Deputy Adjutant-General of the Army.

The story about Mr. Davies having declined to officiate as Chief Commissioner of Oudh was contradicted by the *Gazette*, which has announced that gentleman's appointment.

The Postmaster-General has doubled the rates of postage from India to China and Australia—to the intense disgust of the Calcutta people, and no doubt of the people of the other Presidencies, when the fact becomes known. The *Englishman* connects this measure with the warning in reference to Overland charges, and says that the thin end of the wedge has been introduced.

The High Court, says the *Hurkaru*, has been busy lately in disposing of a couple of cases of a disagreeable complexion. The first was that of a native, the trusted treasurer of the firm of Messrs. Temple and Fenn, attorneys-at-law. By means of forgery and other such delicate means, he managed to defraud his masters of something like £10,000, and then absconded to Moorshe-dabad; where, so little did he fear the detective abilities of the police, he lived in splendour and wasted his ill-gotten substance in coarse debauchery. He was at last recognised by an individual who had gone to Moorshe-dabad on business, and who gave the necessary information to the police, by whom the delinquent was arrested and brought down to Calcutta just as he was about to fly once more. On arriving at the railway terminus he met one of his masters, at whose feet he fell, promising to make a clean breast of it, if further proceedings were abandoned. He was referred to the Court, and there he was sentenced, the other day, to transportation for life. The other case is a more melancholy one, as the prisoner is a European named Fraser, who lately occupied a respectable position in society, who has a wife and family, and who has fallen a victim to the terrible mania for speculation which raged here not long ago, rather than to any want of principle. He had been speculating in shares and lost considerably;

to meet his heavy liabilities he drew money from the bank of which he was the trusted manager, and falsified the accounts for the purpose of misleading the directors at Bombay. The case has created great excitement in Calcutta among commercial circles. The jury, which was almost entirely composed of mercantile men, brought in a verdict of guilty. Sentence has been reserved, as the validity of a legal objection advanced against the indictment by the prisoner's counsel has to be determined before a full bench. There are few men who are not perfectly convinced of the guilt of the prisoner, and if he now escapes by reason of some legal quibble, the people of the country will lose all confidence in the High Court.

The Viceroy, it is said, does not acquiesce in the objections urged by the Lieutenant-Governor to placing the management of the port in the hands of a River Trust, and has requested that the Government of Bengal will take immediate steps for carrying the recommendations of the committee into practical effect, with as little delay as possible. The Government of India observes that the points of most immediate importance are, that the authorities at home should at once commence with the bridge over the Hooghly, and that, as it will take five years to complete the bridge, the East India Railway Company should be moved without delay to make the required improvements in their Howrah terminus.

There was no alteration in the state of the money market, which still represented an increasing amount of facilities for which employment could not be found, even at the low rates of interest ruling.

Madras was in its usual tranquil condition. The few items of news which its journals furnish will be found elsewhere.

Ceylon, to judge by the inflammatory style of the *Columbo Observer*, was in the throes of a political convulsion. The "League" was still progressing, but apparently finding it difficult to get up a satisfactory disturbance. The vacancies caused by the retirement of the offended non-official members of Council, had been quietly filled up.

The next arrival from India will be the Bombay Mail, of which nothing has as yet been heard; but it would be due in the ordinary course of things on Friday next.

Of home news there are a few reports this morning which will be interesting to our military readers. In the

first place we find that the report of the Commission upon the claims of Indian officers has been received at the India-office, where, although in a printed form, it is kept sacred from the public eye. Our own efforts to obtain a copy have certainly been unsuccessful, which is to be regretted, as not the smallest advantage can be gained by keeping back, for a few days more or less, an inevitably public document, while to a very large class of our readers its contents are of the highest importance. It is declared, however, by those who know more of most things than other people, that the report has caused great consternation at the Horse Guards, where it has been discovered that the Brevet of the 22nd of March, 1865, has placed the Royal troops in a great minority by the supersession of Royal by Indian officers—in some cases to an extent utterly beyond endurance, and calling, it is considered, for an alteration of some kind. It may be supposed, therefore, that a very pretty quarrel is imminent on the subject, and the probability is that the entire battle will be fought over again by the new Parliament. This, indeed, is the more apparent if we are to accept the statement of a correspondent in our last number, who declared that the re-investigation was something very like a farce, the hands of the committee being completely tied.

It is now believed that if the question cannot be satisfactorily adjusted on the basis of this last report, Sir Charles Wood will decline to have anything more to do with it, and will leave the problem to be solved by a successor. The report mentioned by the correspondent already alluded to, of Sir Charles's resignation next month, has reference, probably, to this point.

One report this morning was to the effect that all officers of twenty-one years' service are to be allowed to retire with a bonus of £2,000. But this is too good to be true, though it is to be hoped that it has a foundation in some liberal arrangement.

The Law Officers of the Crown, we are informed, have given their decision against taking over the Funds. It is likely, therefore, that an Act of Parliament will be passed on the subject.

LATEST INTELLIGENCE.

INDIA.

(By Direct Overland Telegraph.)

BOMBAY, Sept. 22.

Imports firm. Cotton very firm. Export of the week, 11,000 bales. Exchange on London, 2s. 0½d.

CALCUTTA, Sept. 21.

Manchester goods steady. Exchange on London, 2s. 0½d.

The latest date from London is to the 15th inst.

BENGAL.

THE LATEST INDIAN HERO.

It cannot be denied that the Indian army has contributed its fair share to the members of the Order of Valour. The long list of heroes has just received an addition in the person of Captain G. V. Fosbery, of the late 4th Europeans. It was known that Captain Fosbery had been, at the time of his gallant exploit, recommended for the Cross, but in these matters, especially under one so jealous of the honour of the Order as Sir Hugh Rose, there are always delays. The distinction, however, is not the less on that account. In Captain Fosbery's case it was a very great distinction, for that officer has known how to unite great personal daring with an inventive genius of no mean order and considerable literary attainments. It may not be generally known that during the Crimean war, before the recent improvements in the manufacture of ordnance had been seriously considered at home, when the War Department at all events was perfectly satisfied with the old smooth-bore guns, Capt. Fosbery, then an ensign with his regiment, succeeded in rifling, on a plan entirely his own, an old brass gun, and in making with it very excellent practice. The circumstance made some sensation at the station where Captain Fosbery was, and was mentioned at the time by one of the up-country papers, but we never heard that it attracted the notice of the authorities. Captain Fosbery was himself then unable to proceed to England, and when he did go there he found that science had made such progress that his own invention would probably carry with it little weight. But he was not disheartened. On his return to India Captain Fosbery found that the muzzle-loading Enfield rifle was in general use in the European army. He at once set himself to invent a shell which might under certain circumstances take the place of the conical bullet. He brought to the task so much industry and ingenuity that in a few months he had prepared a shell, the effects of which, he thought would be such as had never been before witnessed.

The invention was reported to Government, and, on the breaking out of hostilities on the Punjab frontier, Captain Fosbery was placed in command of a body of marksmen of H.M.'s 71st and 101st regiments, supplied with his shell instead of the ordinary bullet. The result equalled all the inventor's expectations. The shell exploded on striking the object aimed at, and the object so struck was blown to pieces. The dead bodies of the enemy against whom these marksmen were directed showed the extraordinary efficacy of this invention. It prevented all mere wounding. No matter what part of the body was hit, the effect was mortal. An arm in one direction, the legs in another, the trunk in a third, showed its terrible execution. No wonder that the Craig and Eagle's Nests pickets were well defended, nor that every attack of the enemy was repulsed. When the first-named of these positions had been stormed on the 30th October by parties of the 1st Punjab Infantry and the Guide Corps, Captain Fosbery had taken part in the attack as a volunteer, and he was the first man in the trenches. It was this that gave him the Victoria Cross. He afterwards well defended with his shells the position he had contributed to gain. We believe that, as a reward for his invention, the Indian Government ordered to be paid to Captain Fosbery the sum of Rs. 5,000. That officer is now in England. The possession of the Victoria Cross and his inventive genius have made him a man of considerable mark, and he may have it in his power to render still further services to his country. Every practical writer on the subject seems to allow that the scientific improvement of small arms is yet in its infancy. The very best

weapon is admitted to be imperfect. Yet this is a period when the British Government have decided upon altering the construction of the weapon given out to the army, and converting them into breech-loaders. The success of the Prussian Needle gun certainly startled Europe. Every one admitted that the Prussian Army possessed a weapon which, by the rapidity of its fire was more than a match for any breech-loader. What effect this has had upon the alteration of the weapon used by the French and Austrian armies has nowhere appeared. Changes in those countries are worked silently and secretly. But in England it was at once decided to change the muzzle-loading Enfields and the carbines of the cavalry into breech-loaders. After many months of discussion and much hesitation, now inclining to the Mount-Storm principle and now to the Westley-Richards, the latter pattern has been decided upon as that to which the carbines of the cavalry should be adapted. But for the infantry, we believe, no choice has yet been made. The best authorities, we are informed, incline to the Mount-Storm principle, and only hesitate because of the expense.

Still, as we said before, the science of small arms is as yet in its infancy, and we can well understand why the authorities should hesitate before sanctioning an expenditure, which, if their choice should be an unfortunate one, may all have to be undergone again. Under these circumstances, we would recommend the War Department to take advantage of Captain Fosbery's visit to Europe. That officer has shown himself eminently a practical man. He displayed great ingenuity in rifling an old brass gun, before the idea of applying that system to ordnance had been thought of in Europe, and lately he has developed inventive powers of a high order. We do not think that, at the present time, the authorities could do better than utilise these qualities. Let them either appoint Captain Fosbery alone, or associate him with two other officers of practical ability. Let them send these officers on a roving commission to Europe and to America,—their object being to examine the arms of the infantry in every country, to report upon their various efficiency, and to endeavour to produce something even better than the best. It is true that the Prussians defy any one to equal their needle gun, or to make up the materials of which the cartridges are composed. The exact composition is known, it is stated, to very few men in Prussia, and those men of the highest trust. Yet much may be anticipated from the practical examination of the cartridge by so practical an officer as Captain Fosbery. The expense of such a commission would be small in proportion to the object aimed at, and when it is considered that that object is of vital importance to the position of England as a military power, we are sure it would not be grudged. Even now the authorities cannot make up their minds; they do not even believe that the best pattern submitted to them is equal to the famous Needle gun. It is better far to wait a little longer than to decide foolishly; better to exhaust every invention before coming to a decision. This cannot be said to have been accomplished until the existing methods in use in the different armies of Europe shall have been examined, and to examine these there is no more fit or more practical officer than the recently nominated member of the "Order of Valour."—*Friend of India.*

INCREASE IN THE RATE OF COLONIAL POSTAGE.

It has been our fortune for some time past to receive from the Postmaster-General of Bengal certain notifications, accompanied by a memorandum, of which the following is a true and faithful copy:—

OFFICE MEMO.

The accompanying notice No. — dated — is not intended for insertion as an advertisement, and nothing will be paid for the publication of the same.

The "accompanying notices" have, unlike angels' visits, been neither few nor far between; but we, being of opinion that the Post-office ought to pay, like other advertisers, for notices to which they wish public attention called, have invariably consigned every notice, with its accompanying economic memorandum, to the waste-basket. A mighty host of such notices and memoranda lie undivided in that limbo of neglected genius—side by side with letters from classical Baboos—appeals from men with grievances—invectives against the municipal commissioners—informations of official dishonesty—denouncements of Government incapacity—and all those various and wonderful communications which go to make up the thousand and one ills which editorial flesh is heir to. It is still our intention to consign to this early grave all postal notifications sent to us with the reminder that "nothing will be paid for the insertion of the same." *De nihilo, nihil.* We are, however, induced to break through our rule for once, and give the public the benefit of perusing the latest communication which we have received from the Post-office. And here it is:—

Notice.—No. 8,313.

From and after September 1, 1865, the steam postage on letters despatched by her Majesty's mail steamers to the following places will be eight annas per half-ounce, one rupee per one ounce, and one rupee additional for every one ounce or fraction of an ounce:—To the Australian colonies, China (including Hong Kong), Cape of Good Hope, Natal, Ascension, Mauritius.

C. K. DOVE, Postmaster-general, Bengal.

Calcutta, August 18, 1865.

The above requires few words of comment, but the public have a right to know why the present rates of postage to the places named are, from the 1st of September next, to be doubled. There are two institutions in India in which the hope of improvement has been so long deferred as to make the heart of a most forbearing public sick. It is scarcely necessary to name them—the Electric Telegraph, and the Post Office. They are household words amongst us, and represent, in the Anglo-Indian mind, nearly all that can be understood by incompetency, delay, and inefficiency. A change has come over the management of the Electric Telegraph Department—whether for better or worse remains to be seen. We had fondly believed, until the receipt of the notice we are commenting upon, that no change which might come over the spirit of the postal department could possibly be for the worse. We were of opinion that that institution had at length reached that part of the lane where the proverb tells us there must be a turning. But we were mistaken; the proverb, perhaps, like ourselves, never contemplated a turning back, a retrograde movement.

The extra postage to Australia, China, and the Mauritius may not affect a very large portion of the community; but once submitted to, there is no guarantee against further imposition. Our readers will bear in mind that a proposition to increase the postage upon our Home letters has already been mooted. The present move may be the insertion of the thin end of the wedge. If the Indian public submits to this extortion, it may have to submit to a still greater one. We hope, therefore, that a general protest will be raised against the order—an order which the veriest tyro in political economy could demonstrate to be false in principle and more likely to entail a loss than to ensure a gain to the State.—*Englishman.*

MISCELLANEOUS.

COMMAND ALLOWANCES.—We are informed that a new arrangement has been assented to

by the Government with regard to the allowances to be granted in future to senior regimental officers, who may, in the course of events, command a station which is, or has been, a Brigadier's command. The rule has been, hitherto, for the senior regimental officer to draw an allowance of Rs. 250 a month whilst in charge of such a station. The Government, taking into consideration the varying circumstances under which the command of a station may become vacant, and that, in some stations, the duties may be important, whilst in others they may be quite the reverse, have resolved to cancel the General Orders of 1861 on the subject, and to reserve the right of granting the allowance of Rs. 250, or of withholding it or of modifying it, in stations which may cease to be the head-quarters for Brigade command in future. The Government is of opinion that, in some cases, where the duties of the command are not of a nature to warrant special consideration, senior officers may be justly required to exercise the command without any extra remuneration. Delhi has recently ceased to be a Brigade command, and Government, in consideration of the duties of that station, have authorised an allowance of Rs. 250 a month for the command.—*Englishman.*

AN INTELLIGENCE DEPARTMENT FOR BHOOTAN.—One of the greatest difficulties thrown in the way of the officers commanding the columns which operated last cold weather against Bhootan was the total absence of anything like information as to the country over which they were to move, and the singular embarrassments surrounding the formation on the spur of the occasion of a proper intelligence department. General Tytler was, perhaps, the first to recognise the vast importance of placing at the command of the leaders of columns all the knowledge of Bhootan floating about the various Government offices, as well as the means of easily acquiring information of the country through which an advance might be made, and he selected his major of brigade, Lieutenant C. Macgregor, for this work. A better selection could not certainly have been made, and under his skilful hands the work, as far as the Western portion of the line is concerned, is fast assuming a form and proportion which will prove of the utmost value to the leaders of the proposed expeditionary corps. Colonel Paton lately addressed Government on the subject, and drew its attention, in a particular manner, to the want of an Intelligence Department, experienced by Colonel Richardson in Assam. This was the more severe, as the authority of Colonel Hopkinson had not been extended to the newly acquired tracts, and the civilians were therefore just as ignorant of the matter as the military. The Viceroy entirely concurred in the opinion of the Commander-in-Chief on this point, and requested the Bengal Government to make immediate arrangements for detailing an officer for this special duty. It was suggested that Mr. Metcalfe's successor might very appropriately take up the work. Now, with all submission, we would point out that there is a vast fund of information regarding Bhootan, and the various tribes on the Eastern frontiers, lying half forgotten and wholly unused in the offices of the various departments of the Government of India, and in the Bengal Offices. The Asiatic Society, too, might, we have little doubt, contribute its share to the knowledge so requisite at this moment, and we would therefore recommend that an officer thoroughly acquainted with Bhootan should be deputed during the next two months, with a suitable temporary establishment, to search out all this now useless knowledge, and to throw it into a systematic and handy form. General Tytler might be asked to select the officer for this duty, which might be got over in a couple of months, with what benefit to the expedition we will leave the General and Colonel Richardson to testify.—*Hurkaru.*

INJUSTICE TO THE MEDICAL SERVICE.—All of a sudden, though not to those behind the scenes unexpectedly, a halt has occurred in the higher grade medical promotions in this Presidency; and, as far as filling up vacancies, nothing has been done with reference to the two appointments of Deputy Inspector-Generals of Hospitals now waiting for incumbents. The fact is that the Bengal Medical Service are about to lose four of the prizes of their department, by the abolition of that number of Deputy Inspector-General's circles; those about to lapse being, we understand, that at the Presidency, Allahabad, Sealkote, and Dacca. The arrangements for this reduction are now in the hands of Sir Charles Wood, and cannot, we should think, be expected in this country for some months to come. How, we would ask, in this case, about service rights and Parliamentary guarantee? Every medical officer who entered the Honorable Company's Service did so with the full number of these appointments in prospective view and hope; and those who, by the coming measure of reduction and abolition, are stopped in their career of promotion and benefit, can certainly, with justice, complain of broken faith and an unjust deprivation of that which they have lived through a quarter of a century of tropical service to obtain; and which, by the abolition of the Government in whose service they commenced their career, they now find torn from their grasp.—*Englishman.*

COTTON MILLS IN OUDH.—Luckmee Chund Sett, the great banker of Muttra, has, we learn, ordered a large quantity of machinery from England, with a view to erecting cotton mills in the district of Mohumdee, Oudh. The object in choosing this locality would seem to be the wide area of fertile land suitable for the growth of cotton, and the abundance of fuel for steam power operations existing on the spot. We have never heard that cotton experiments in that or any part of Oudh have yielded particularly encouraging results, but it may be questioned whether experiments have ever been fairly tried, and Luckmee Chund Sett appears to be speculating under the counsel of a shrewd and experienced planter. All honour to the first native landholder who has essayed to bring capital into that part of the province. Unless the virtues of its soil and the geniality of its climate have been absurdly exaggerated, there is no part of India in which judicious embarkation of money in tea and indigo (*inter alia*) would yield so generous a return.

THE DOCTOR AND THE BEEF TEA.—Dr. Constant's proceedings in having administered beef-tea to a sick Hindoo prisoner have attracted the attention of her Majesty's Secretary of State for India in Council, and this flagrant enormity has induced that functionary to call upon the Viceroy and Governor-General in Council for a report as to the nature of the diet supplied to prisoners in the provinces under the Lieutenant-Governors of Bengal, and the North-West. We trust that the report will contain valuable appendices on the effect of crime and imprisonment on caste, and on the propriety of allowing sick Hindu prisoners to sink from exhaustion, instead of resorting to the free administration of beef-tea and other similar strengthening nutritives.

DR. WALKER.—We regret to learn that Dr. Walker has never completely recovered from his late accident at Simla, and that he was, by recent accounts, so indisposed as to render it necessary for him to resign his appointment of Secretary to the Sanitary Commission. We believe that Dr. Cunningham will succeed him.

SCARCITY OF RAIN has been very much felt by the peasantry in the upper divisions of the Bengal and North-western Provinces. The paddy fields are in a miserable state. The husbandmen are sitting idle looking into the skies for rain.

MR. FRASER'S CASE.—The jury has found Mr. Fraser, whose case we have already referred to, guilty of criminal misappropriation, but recommended him to mercy. The sentence is reserved until Wednesday. This case has created a great sensation here, both from its novelty and importance. Those who take a purely legal view of it are naturally at a loss to understand at what point it becomes a felony for the manager of a bank to overdraw his account. Had the sum overdrawn been Rs. 150, instead of Rs. 150,000, it can hardly be supposed any jury would have found him guilty; yet it is absurd to contend that the addition of the three ciphers converts the act into a felony. The case shows the imprudence of Banks in allowing their managers to keep accounts with them at all; and it will probably be the occasion of a general reform in this respect.—*Englishman*.

THE REVENUE OF THE DOOARS.—We learn from the Bhootan frontier that the civil authorities in charge of the Bengal Dooars have been directed by Government to realise from the Bhootas, Meechees, and Chowdhries, the revenues for the last and present years. The revenue of these Dooars is estimated at present at twenty thousand rupees. These revenues are to be collected through the Tesildars, Chowdhries, or the chiefs, as the authorities may find most convenient. The Rajahs of Bijnee and Siddlee, who declared themselves as independent chiefs, are to be treated as zemindars; in fact, they were subordinate officers of the Bhootan Government.—*Englishman*.

BURGLARY AT MORADABAD.—A letter from this sanitarium, dated August 2, says:—"Most extraordinary events, I learn, are taking place at Moradabad. The houses of Lieutenant Gordon, commanding the 10th N.I., and Lieutenant W. D. Palmer, station staff, have been broken into, but it seems evident that robbery, or rather gain, was not the object. From the house of the former officer a valuable piece of plate and a quantity of official papers were abstracted, and, after being destroyed, were thrown into the compound; and from that of the latter some plated ware was also taken, and destroyed in like manner. Suspicions have arisen that some of the sepoys of the 10th N.I. have committed these depredations, having been induced to the acts by some supposed grievances."

CHIEF COMMISSIONER OF OUDH.—Rumour has brought forward another gentleman as successor to the Chief Commissioner of this Province.—Mr. Richard Temple. Mr. Wingfield, according to public report, has, for some time past, been like an auctioneer's hammer—going, going, going, but he is not gone yet; and as great men sometimes change their determinations like small ones, he perhaps may yet continue to rule over us for some considerable time.—*Oudh Gazette*.

LIEUTENANT-COLONEL WATSON.—The *Englishman* has heard that the Viceroy has entirely acquitted Lieutenant-Colonel Watson, Commandant 11th Regiment Native Infantry, in the Bhootan Frontier, of his statement that no police had been furnished him during the late operations in Bhootan. That officer, in his explanation, stated that he had no intention to misrepresent or exaggerate the fact, and the Governor-General was pleased to acquit him.

A REMARKABLE TRIAL FOR MURDER is now engaging the attention of the people of the Punjab—the trial of Goorbux, who was Prime Minister of the Raja of Nabha, for the murder of a lady of rank in British territories, a member of the Nabha family. This is the last volume of a long tale of native intrigue and crime, an abstract of which we (*Englishman*) hope soon to be able to lay before our readers.

MR. W. W. HOLLINGBERY has been enrolled as a pleader in the Sudder Court at Agra.

STAFF CORPS.—On the recommendation of the Government of India, the Secretary of State has so far modified his despatch of December 9, 1864, No. 397, as to allow officers "during the time they are on probation the option of entering the Staff Corps from the day following their cadre promotion, instead of from the prior date of their appointment on probation." Thus a lieutenant entering on his twelve months' probation on January 1, and obtaining cadre promotion on July 1, will be appointed a captain in the Staff Corps from July 2, instead of being admitted from Jan. 1. The promotion during probation will go on in the regiment or cadre to which the officer belongs. In the event of there being no promotion in the meantime, the date of entry to Staff Corps will, of course, continue to be that on which the officer entered on probation.

DELHI, Aug. 6.—As to official changes: Major C. Smith, District Superintendent of Police, will go back to Goorgaon in January next. Captain Orchard will take his place. Lieutenant Millett, Assistant District Superintendent, will shortly leave for Kurnaul, to officiate for Major Legalliss, who is going on leave. Mr. W. Blewitt, Collector of Customs, is, it is rumoured, to be transferred to Mooltan, and Mr. W. Wright will come in his place.

DEATH OF A RACER.—Many of our readers who remember *Hotspur* in his best days will be sorry to learn that the good old horse died at Deyrah on the 8th of this month.—*Pioneer*.

THE DEPUTY COMMISSIONER OF LUCKNOW.—Mr. Lane, Deputy Commissioner of Lucknow, is reported as about to avail himself of leave to England.—*Mofussilite*.

THE VICEROY AND THE VOLUNTEERS.—The honorary secretary to the Calcutta Volunteer Rifle Corps received yesterday a cheque for Rs. 1,000 from his Excellency the Viceroy, for the purchase of a prize, to be designated "His Excellency the Viceroy's Prize Cup," and to be shot for by the members of the regiment in the coming cold season.—*Englishman*.

SETTLEMENT OF THE DOOARS.—The *Englishman* has heard that, in the ensuing cold season, Captain Lance will proceed from village to village in the newly-acquired territory of Bhootan, and make a settlement with the ryots, following the settlement now existing in Darjeeling. Leases will be given, and *kabool-yuts* are to be taken from the ryots.

SHIPPING.

ARRIVALS.

Aug. 11. Staffordshire, Cameron, London.—12. Busheer, Cameron, Straits, Mouline, and Rangoon.—13. Lalla Rookh, Earle, Hong Kong and Straits; Queensland, Robinson, Hong Kong and Straits; Schah Jehan, Tregarten, Singapore; Allum Ghier, Davies, Mauritius; Ophir, Miles, Mauritius; Combermere, Blancy, Mauritius; Lightning, Husband, Bombay.—14. St. Pierre, Horvans, Pondicherry; Wanderer, —; Marian, Knight, Mauritius; Toftcombs, Billington, London; Mouline, Gray, Akyab and Chittagong.—15. Annie Duthie, Matheson, Cape and Madras; Hermann and Emma, Lafrang, Hamburg; Surrey, Robertson, Melbourne; Hamlet, —; Annie Sise, Shields, Point de Galle.—16. Catherine Apear, Swanson, England; Lord Clyde, Littlepage, Bombay; Netherly, Owens, Bombay; Jason, Barclay, Hong Kong; Protector, —; Maggie Lander, Thomas, Shanghai; Marlborough, —.—17. Burmah, Irvine, Mouline, Rangoon, and Akyab; Glenfalloch, —; Reunion, —; Meinam, Gauvain, Galle via Madras Coast.—18. Cashmere, Baxter, Bombay via Madras Coast; Nicobar, —; Tubal Can, Butler, Port Blair; Storm King, —; Alfred, Burgoyne, Mauritius.

DEPARTURES.

Aug. 11. Christopher Hall, Freeman, New York; Glen Rosa, Rollo, Hull.—12. Matilda Atheling, Power, Mauritius; Orient, Code, London.—13. Sebastapol, Lowther, Mauritius.—14. Jacques Scarin, Martin, Bourbon, via Mauritius; Dragon, Gill, Demerara; Jules Cezard, Laviller, Bourbon; Eastern Empire, Juy, London.—15. Robert Pulsford, Richardson, Liverpool; Evangeline, Wolf, Liverpool; Tantalion Castle, Pole, London; Light Brigade, Evans, Hong Kong; Ontario, Watson, London; Krishna, Platts, Bombay; Golden Empire, Goodall, Mauritius; Caprice, Bourge, Bourbon.—16. Rangoon, Templeton, Akyab, Rangoon, and Mouline; Centaur, Crispin, London.—17. Schah Jehan, Jenkins, Mauritius; Euphrates, Taunton, Bombay, via Madras Coast.—22. Mail str. Candis, Suva.

PASSENGERS DEPARTED.

Per str. Candia.—For MARSEILLES.—Mr. D. Mackinnon. For SOUTHAMPTON.—Capt. J. Chapman, Major Catty, Major Bayly, Mr. R. Scott, Capt. Thackeray and family.

COMMERCIAL.

Calcutta, Aug. 31, 1865.

GOVERNMENT SECURITIES.

Rate of Interest.	Stock.	Selling Price
1 per Cent. Sa.	Sa. Rs.	90 Rs. 8 to 90 14
Do. Transfer Stock.	Sa. Rs.	91 ... 91 4 to 91 8
4 per Cent.	Co.'s Rs. 91 ...	10 0 to 10 6
5 per Cent. P.W.	Co.'s Rs. 101 ...	101 12 to 102 4
5½ per Cent.	Co.'s Rs. 111 ...	110 4 to 111 2
5 per cent., 56-57.	Co.'s Rs. 104 ...	103 14 to 104 2

EXCHANGE.

	On London.	Per Rupee.
Local Bank Bills	at 6 months' sight ...	2 0½ to 2 0½
First Class Credit	at 6 months' sight ...	2 0½ to 2 0½
Bills with Docs.	at 6 months' sight ...	2 0½ to 2 0½
Bank Post Bills.	at 1 months' sight ...	2 0½ to 2 0½

JOINT STOCK SHARES.

	Stock.	Paid-up.	Quoted at
	Ra. each.	Ra.	Ra.
Agra and Masterman's Bank	500	1175	to 1200
Assam Tea Company	200	585	to 590
Bank of Bengal	4000	1750	
Bengal Tea Company	100	130	
Bengal Credit Mobilier (Lim.)	100	115	
Bonded Warehouse Association	445	635	to 650
Borokai Tea Company (Limited)	25	par	
Cachar and Assam Tea Company	200	168	to 170
Ditto (Contributory)	115	30	to 28 dis.
Cachar Tea Company	600	par	
Ditto	500	par	to 5 pm.
Calcutta Docking Company	700	1300	
Calcutta Steam Tug Association	600	550	to 570
Calcutta and South Eastern Railway	52	par	
Central Assam Tea Company	100	65	to 98
Central Cachar Tea Company	200	235	to 240
Ditto, new shares	200	260	to 263
Delhra Doon Tea Company	100	nom.	
Delhi Bank Corporation	500	600	to 705
E. B. Indigo Company	100		
East India Railway Company	218	par	
East India Tea Company	100	130	
Ditto, contributory	80	33	to 35 pm.
Eastern Bengal Tea Company	50	55	to 65
Eastern Cachar Tea Company	100	103	to 107
Ditto, contributory	85	3	to 5 pm.
Eastern Bengal Railway Company	218	par	
Eastern Steam Tug Company	1000	1100	
Equitable Coal Company	250	200	to 205
Ganges Steam Navigation Company	500	Nominal	
Great Eastern Hotel Company	250	215	to 218
Gola Ghaut Tea Company	250	255	to 257½
Ditto new shares	250	262½	
Hindustan, China, and Japan Bank	250		
Hooghly Steam Tug Company	1000	850	to 875
Howrah Docking Company	535	540	to 550
India General Steam Navigation Co.	1000	850	
National Bank of India (Limited)	250	265	to 270
New Fort Gloster Company	600		
North-West Indigo Company	100	70	to 71
North-West Serowing Company	50	nom.	
Oriental Gas Company	£1	15	to 16
Peoples Bank of India	100		
Port Canning Land Company	1000	1125	to 1150
Punjab Bank	100	120	
Punjab Trading	75		
Royal Bank of India	Nominal.		
Serowing Company (Limited)	200	170	to 175
Sinla Bank	500	630	
South Cachar Tea Company	100	75	to 80
Strand Pressing Company (Limited)	62½	250	to 253
Sylhet and Cachar Tea Company	200	nom.	
Tirhoot Indigo	200	160	nom.
Union Steam Tug Company	250	6	to 4 dis.
Upper Assam Tea Company	100	170	to 172

FREIGHTS.

	To London.	To Liverpool.
Saltpetre ...	£1 0 0 to 0 0 0	Nominal.
Sugar	Nominal.	Nominal.
Rice	1 0 0 to 1 2 6	Nominal.
Seeds	2 5 0 to 2 10 0	Nominal.
Jute	1 17 6 to 2 5 0	Nominal.
Cotton	2 2 0 to 2 7 6	2 7 6 to 2 10 0

MADRAS.

MOVEMENTS OF CORPS.

A correspondent signing himself "Justitia" called upon us in yesterday's paper to protest against the contemplated removal of the 18th Hussars from Bangalore to Secunderabad in November next. Our correspondent pointed out that the regiment will have been in India little more than a year, and urged that such frequent changes are anything but calculated to increase the popularity of service in India, a service by no means too popular as it is. The men have barely had time to clear off the debts which every European regiment when it commences service is pretty sure to contract, and yet they are called on to incur the expenses of a fresh move. There are, indeed, many, according to "Justitia," who would find it impossible to move their wives and families at all without assistance from their officers, and this assistance the officers, who are rarely men of fortune, and have already endless calls upon their purse, can ill

afford out of their slender salary to give. "Justitia," therefore, concludes by asking whether "the requirements of the service demand the removal of the regiment," and "what public good is likely to arise therefrom."

We readily admit the force of these objections, and would gladly join "Justitia" in his protest, if we saw any safe escape from the course of which he complains. But, so far as we are able to ascertain, the local authorities have been driven into a choice between two evils, and we are inclined, on the whole to think that they have chosen the lesser evil of the two. Our correspondent is doubtless aware that the 16th Lancers are expected very shortly in Madras. They are on board the *Golden Fleece*, which ought to be here somewhere about September. The Home authorities were probably under the impression when they sent the regiment by Madras that it could disembark at Masulipatam, and thence proceed by the ordinary route, a comparatively short and easy one, to Secunderabad. As it happens, however, the Masulipatam contractor, who used to undertake the conveyance of troops by this route, has discontinued his contract since the cyclone. There would, therefore, be no transits for the troops if they disembarked at Masulipatam. It is still, of course, open to the authorities to send them at once from Madras to Secunderabad, instead of moving the 18th Hussars. But the evils which too commonly result from exposing freshly arrived troops, altogether unaccustomed to a tropical climate, to so long an Indian march as that from Madras to Secunderabad are, we are inclined to think, even greater than those against which our correspondent so strongly and justly protests.

There has been, we believe, more than usual difficulty in arranging the various moves, partly because those at first contemplated would have involved an expenditure in excess of the sanctioned estimate by more than five lacs, and partly because the local authorities are waiting to know whether the supreme Government intend to reduce the European force in this Presidency by one regiment. They have already recommended the reduction of the numerical strength of each regiment (56 in the cavalry, and 60 in the infantry), and, although Sir Gaspard Le Marchant is said to have declared it undesirable to make this reduction in addition to dispensing with a regiment, it is more than probable that both measures will be carried out. The Government are bent upon economising, be the consequences what they may. But upon their decision in this matter depends the ultimate destination of the 60th. Its relief is compulsory, since the home authorities have ordered the 24th from the Mauritius to Rangoon. The 60th must, therefore, be brought to Madras, and, if meanwhile it has been decided to dispense with one regiment, they will probably go home. This step necessitates several troublesome changes. The 18th Royal Irish are going home, and so the 21st will have to be moved from Bellary to Secunderabad, and the 105th from Wellington to Bellary, Wellington being for the future used simply as a convalescent depot. But if, on the other hand, it is decided not to dispense with a regiment, then the 60th, instead of going home, can be used to relieve the 18th at Secunderabad. In fact, the moves generally seem at present to be in a glorious state of uncertainty, not to say confusion.

There is, indeed, one arrangement contemplated against which we beg to enter our most vigorous protest, and trust that all military men will join us. It is proposed to move the 7th N.I. from Raipore to Singapore, embarking them at Munsorecottah. The only intelligible explanation of this extraordinary step is, that whoever arranged the march from Raipore to the sea-board must have taken the shortest route on the map (by Sonepoor and

Russell Konda), forgetful or ignorant of the character of the country. The route lies through one of the deadliest jungles in India, and any regiment taken through it may look out for decimation. We shall have a repetition in Madras of the famous "Mhow March" tragedy. We take it for granted that it cannot be the intention of the authorities to evade the jungle by taking the regiment round by Cuttack, for if so they would scarcely carry it all the way back to Munsorecottah. The natural course would then be to embark from Pooree, and this indeed seems to us the only plan which is at once sensible and safe. It is at any rate clear that both these qualities do not belong to the plan now in contemplation.—*Athenæum and Daily News*, August 26.

MISCELLANEOUS.

MESSRS. C. SHAND'S COTTON-PRESS.—We are glad to learn that these works commenced operations very successfully on Wednesday. They have been erected with a rapidity very unusual in India, the foundations not having been laid before the middle of February. They comprise a large and substantial Press-house, and spacious godowns, with two of Nasmyth's three-cylinder patent presses. As our readers are aware, this success is due to the able management of Mr. W. Sowerby, C.E., as contractor, and Mr. Tipping as engineer.

MR. WHITLEY STOKES has been confirmed in the appointment of Assistant Secretary in the Legislative Department to the Government of India from the 23rd of May last.

THE MADRAS BANK.—Mr. R. C. Walker having declined office, Mr. W. W. Munsie, of the firm of Messrs. Walker and Co., was yesterday elected a director of the Madras Bank, in succession to Mr. H. Hicks, resigned.

MADRAS HARBOUR SCHEME.—We understand that the public spirited Madrassees, who took this scheme in hand, have been perseveringly working at it, regardless of all the difficulties by which in such a place as Madras an enterprise of this magnitude is naturally beset. The capital required is estimated at fifty lakhs, and a considerable portion of this has been already promised in Madras. There is fair prospect, we are told, of obtaining the remainder in the course of this year from other sources, chiefly in Calcutta and Bombay.

THE AGRA BANK.—We understand the Agra and Masterman's Bank are about to erect a handsome building on the Esplanade, designs for which have been already prepared under instructions from Mr. Birks. Those who have seen the designs say that the building bids fair to be one of the greatest ornaments of Madras, the broad lines of blue paint, which have hitherto played so prominent a part in our local architecture, being happily "conspicuous by their absence."

AN ADMINISTRATION REPORT FOR THE STATE OF TRAVANCORE, is of so interesting a nature, although it carries us back to the year 1863-64, that we may well devote a few words to it here. That little principality has clearly proved how well a Native Government can manage its affairs, for its own benefit equally with that of its subjects, when the governing power is led rather than sought to be driven by the British power into the adoption of right courses. Had other Native States been treated in times past with the same friendly moderation and confidence, it is most probable that some of them too would have escaped the rocks and shoals on which they suffered shipwreck. But in a great majority of instances, we lament to say, the high handed policy of the Indian Government, and even more the offensive manner in which British residents at their courts sought to carry it out, baffled the objects which they were directed to accomplish.—*Athenæum and Daily News*.

MADRAS RAILWAY.—We hear that there is every probability of the North-West line of the Madras Railway being opened as far as Cuddapah on the 1st proximo. This will take us some forty miles farther north, and we trust the day is not far distant when Madras will be united by rail to Bombay.

SHIPPING.

ARRIVALS.

Aug. 15. Burlington, Ellis, Adelaide; Empress, Ellis, Auckland.—17. Conrad, Morgan, Glasgow.—18. Belgravia, Jackson, Auckland.—19. Johannes, Moulmein.—20. Great Britain, Marlon, Cardiff.

PASSENGERS ARRIVED.

Per P. and O. S. N. Co.'s str. Candia.—For MADRAS.—Lieut. R. B. Atkinson. For ALEXANDRIA.—Mr. Vancutson. MARSILLES.—Capt. Stevens, Mr. D. Mackinnon, Mr. Macdonald, jun., Lieut. Latouche, Col. Reid, Mr. Jamieson, Mr. Smith, Mr. Ward, Mr. and Mrs. Smallwood. For SOUTHAMPTON.—Capt. Chapman, Major Catty, Mr. McCullagh, Major Bayley, Mr. Scott, Mr. Graham, Major Thackeray and infants, Mrs. Maurice, Mrs. Billows, Mrs. Ward, Mr. and Mrs. Trevelyan and two children, the Rev. W. Spencer, Capt. Armstrong, Capt. Griffiths, Asst.-surg. Shardon, Capt. Riley, Mr. D. Wright, Mr. J. Holmes, Col. Baumgartner. Per French str. Minnam.—For MADRAS.—Mr. Fitzgibbon, Mr. Lafeman, Mr. Huene, the Rev. Mr. Kleiner, the Rev. Mr. Nuh, Mr. Severn, Mr. King, the Rev. Mr. Bottero, Mr. Russ. For CALCUTTA.—Mr. Portugal, Mr. Larousse, Mr. Besumers, Mr. Pilgram.

DEPARTURES.

Aug. 15. Scindian, Roe, Mauritius; Marlner, Irving, Calcutta.—17. Spirit of the Sea, McGuire, Calcutta.—18. Empress, Ellis, Calcutta.—19. Cestrian, McGarr, Liverpool; Edmundsbury, Varler, Rangoon.—23. Gornois, Lairgue, Calcutta.—25. H.M. str. Severn, Trincomallee.

PASSENGERS DEPARTED.

Per P. and O. S. N. Co.'s str. Candia.—For SOUTHAMPTON.—Mrs. Clerk, Mr. B. Minns, Lieut. West. For MARSILLES.—Dr. Blacklock, Capt. Hicks, Dr. and Mrs. Aitkin, Capt. Baillie. For HONG KONG.—Mr. Smith. For PENANG.—Major Haines. For POINT DE GALLE.—Col. Boileau. Per P. and O. S. N. Co.'s str. Bengal.—For SOUTHAMPTON.—Lieut. and Mrs. Bird, Mr. Norton's two children, Capt. Burce, Wray, and C. B. Speke, Lieut. H. Porteous, Mr. Butler. For MARSILLES.—Dr. H. B. Montgomery, Capt. Simpson, his Highness Prince Frederick of Schleswig-Holstein, Mr. K. Schmidt, Mr. Mills. For SOER.—Mr. J. D. Goldingham. For PENANG.—Mrs. Bowie and infant. For SYDNEY.—Mr. W. W. Burt. Per str. Orissa.—Mr. Dawson.

COMMERCIAL.

Madras, Aug. 26, 1865.

BANK OF MADRAS.

Interest on Loans on deposit of Govt. Securities...	5 per ct
On Cash Credits on do. (subject to commission of ½ per cent. on the sum granted) on amount drawn.....	5 per ct.
Discount on Government Bills	4 per ct.
Do. on Private Bills, at or within 3 months.....	7 per ct.
Loans on deposit of Government paper.....	5 per ct.

EXCHANGES.

Document Bills, at 6 months' sight.....	1 1½
Credit to 6 months.....	1 1½
Agents' Bills on England, at 6 months ...	2 0
" " at 3 months.....	1 1½
" " at sight.....	1 1½

RATES OF ADVANCE.

On Govt. 5½ per cent. Promissory Notes.....	100 per ct.
Do. 5½ ditto ditto	95 per ct.
Do. 4½ ditto ditto	90 per ct.
Do. 4½ ditto Stock Receipts	80 per ct.
Do. 4½ ditto Promissory Notes Sica	85 per ct.
Do. 4½ ditto ditto Company's	85 per ct.
Do. 3½ ditto ditto ditto	per ct.
On Tanjore ditto ditto	98 per ct.

GOVERNMENT SECURITIES

5½ per cent. Loan	1859... 10½ to 4 pm
5 per cent. ditto.....	1856-57... 4 to 4½ pm
4 per cent.	1852-53... }
Do.	1855-56... } 8½ to 9 dis.
Do.	1852-53... }
Do.	1854-55... }
5 per cent. Transferable Book Debt	
Tanjore Bonds	½ per ct. dis.
Bank of Madras Shares.....	72 to 75 p.c. pm.

PRICE OF BULLION.

Sovereigns each Rs. 10-3-6

FREIGHTS.

Cotton to London and Liverpool.—£1. 5s. to £2
Indigo and Hides, £1. to £1. 5s.

Rates for Cotton to London range from £1. to £1. 5s. according to the probable departure of vessels, and £1. 12s. 6d. to £1. 15s. to Liverpool.

STOCK AND SHARE MARKET (Aug. 26)—The Bank's rates of interest and discount are unchanged, and money continues very plentiful. In Government Securities there have been frequent fluctuations during the fortnight, in the early part of which rates were almost 1 per cent. all round in advance of those last advised. Of late there has been less inquiry, and the market is now dull at 10½ to 10¾ premium for Five-and-a-Half per Cents, 4 to 4½ for Five per Cents, and 8½ to 9 dis.

count for Four per Cents. Bank of Madras shares have ranged from 70 to 75 per cent. premium, and are now quiet at about 78 at which there are both buyers and sellers.

EXCH.—Rates are firmer, and we quote credits at 9s. 9-16d., and documents at 2s. 11-16d. The banks have drawn for this mail at 2s. 0-16d. to 5-16d. They raised their advertised rates on the 23rd inst. to 2s. for six months' sight drafts.

FREIGHTS are still very dull. Several large clearances have been made of late, but the port is still over supplied with tonnage, and there is little inducement to vessels to lay on. No dead freight is procurable.

BOMBAY.

GOOD SOCIETY AT PESHAWUR.

The *Englishman's* Peshawur correspondent gives the following account of a "genteel" dinner party which he was induced to attend at that station:—"I felt myself compelled by the fear of social exclusion to accept the Gridlestone's kind invitation to dinner, and so it happened that, one evening, I found myself in their drawing-room, patiently waiting for the appearance of my host and hostess, who, being very genteel, think that their guests will not arrive until at least one hour after the time fixed for dinner, and I therefore had the pleasure of prowling about the apartments whilst the servants were lighting the candles and removing the chintz covers from the furniture. At last, my entertainers arrived, and were profuse in their apologies for their rudeness in keeping me waiting so long, but, as Mrs. Gridlestone naively remarked, 'People in society now-a-days are generally so very late in keeping an appointment, that any punctuality quite takes one by surprise,' thereby leaving me to infer that she did not consider me to be in society, and thus at once rendering me very comfortable for the rest of the evening. After a time, a few more highly genteel people came in,—the Snappers, *pere et mere*, with a highly-bred and highly-boned Miss Snapper, in pink muslin *tres décolletée*; young Yamstock, of the Royal Emu Regiment; and Miss Romanillia, damsel either of Italian or Eurasian descent. And we then paired off, like beasts going into the Ark, and marched upon the dinner-room, I escorting the younger Snapper female. The table looked remarkably well, being covered with electro-plate of the very best description, and there being an abundance of light the effect was exactly the same as if it had been real silver, whilst the quantities of wonderful artificial flowers (the work of Mrs. Gridlestone's fairy fingers) lent an air of refinement to the scene which could never have been gained by using the natural flowers fresh from the garden. We had clear soup, as a matter of course, no other sort of pottage being considered correct in good society; and if it was rather watery and tasteless, why, that was all the better for us, as it did not destroy our appetites for the hecatombs of delicious viands (which were afterwards coming. Then we had the whole of a 1lb. canister of salmon, which looked very filling and substantial as it lay amidst an enormous grove of parsley; and there were oyster *pates*, composed of very light pastry (the oysters, like the part of Hamlet, being omitted, by particular desire), and four side dishes, filled with indescribable edibles called '*ongtrays*,' and a saddle of mutton, and chickens, with their legs in paper frills, and loads of sweet stuff, and a dessert of bruised peaches. So it was a grand feast, undoubtedly; but if I could have only have found something really substantial amongst all these genteel trifles, my mind would have been in a happier frame; and if the wine—a harmless beverage, of no particular brand or vintage—had been placed on the table, instead of being handed round, at long intervals, by a nervous *khidmutgar*, perhaps I might have felt rather jollier, especially as this black Ganymede every now and then gave me a champagne *douche* down my back. But still, to be in fashion is more than to be comfortable, and the satisfaction of dining *à la Russe* more than compensates for

such little *contretemps* as the emptying of an '*ongtray*' into your lap, or your eye being knocked out with the corner of a dish; whilst any little delay which occurs in handing round the dishes tends to promote digestion, to facilitate conversation, and to teach true Christian resignation. Our conversation during dinner time was carried on in a low and gentle tone, the remarks of the ladies being, as a rule, so intensely genteel as to be quite inaudible—which I much regretted, as I particularly wished to hear our feminine gentility disporting itself among the intricacies of the English language. Besides, the conversation, although very refreshing at first to an outer-barbarian like myself, certainly became rather monotonous in the end, the only subjects touched upon being the private manners, customs, and daily lives of the English aristocracy, with which everyone appeared to be acquainted, but which to me are a sealed book—my lines having chiefly fallen amongst the shopocracy. I tried hard to get up a mild flirtation with Snapper junior, and advanced as far as a possession of craving for the companionship of a kindred soul—that being my usual poetical way of declaring a *tendresse*—but the sweet Emmeline was so occupied with guarding her shoulders from further exposure, and with eating her dinner in a perfectly *comme il faut* manner, that I could get no response to my amatory allurements, and therefore had to fall back upon the general conversation and anecdotes of blue blood in particular. Of course, we did not perpetrate the horrible vulgarity of remaining at the table after the departure of the ladies, but rose with them, and adjourned (*sans "peg" and sans cheroot*.) to the drawing room, where the nervous *khidmutgar* handed round some very astringent coffee, and where we amused ourselves with turning over the pages of divers '*Books of Beauty*,' containing a galaxy of aristocratic portraits. Then we had some deliciously inarticulate and inaudible Italian songs, in the highest style of art, from the ladies,—the Snapper altogether failing in her utterances, so as to remind me strongly of a croupy hen trying to breathe; and then we all went away, after expressing ourselves intensely delighted with the refined pleasures of the evening. When I reached home I ordered a bountiful grill to be got ready at once, to save me from starvation, and it was not until after a very heavy supper, with copious malt, that I recovered my equanimity of spirit. Then, certainly, as I sat smoking my pet meerschaum out in the garden (I always take a pipe as an anodyne, in preference to a cheroot), and drinking a cool liquid, I could not help laughing as I remembered the fearful fables about the aristocracy in which I had indulged during the evening,—fables of such an apocryphal nature that I should have been ashamed of my own daring mendacity, had I not felt that the stories of my genteel friends were equally fictitious."

MISCELLANEOUS.

ACCIDENT TO AN OFFICER.—A letter from Nynsee Tal says:—"On Tuesday last a very serious, but fortunately not fatal, accident occurred to Captain Stanley, H.M.'s 23rd Royal Welsh Fusiliers. It appears he was riding a rather brisk horse, not accustomed to the hills, somewhat fast down a steep slope, when he saw the road was broken, and in endeavouring to pull up the animal's hind leg went over the brink, and it was precipitated down the *khud*. On reaching the bottom, it alighted on its head, and broke its neck. Captain Stanley, seeing his danger, threw himself off; but he also rolled some distance down the *khud*, and was much bruised about the body, and received several severe cuts in the head. However, his medical attendants say that none of the wounds are of a very serious nature, the only apprehension being the chance of erysip-

las setting in. This is the second accident which has happened here within six days, the other being that of the drowning of a gunner of the Royal Artillery in the lake yesterday week. When in a state of semi-intoxication he went to bathe, and sunk."

OMNIBUSES FOR BOMBAY.—We were recently favoured with an inspection of two photographs of omnibuses, three of which have been shipped, on account of the Bombay Omnibus and General Conveyance Company, on board the *Oberon*, which vessel left England at the end of June last. These vehicles have been built by one of the most eminent carriage-builders in London, with all the latest improvements, especially as regards the comfort of passengers. The maker obtained the prize of £100 from the London General Omnibus Company for the best made omnibuses for two horses. Independent of the ventilators on the roof, a space is open under the coachman's seat; this is another ventilator, by means of which a current of air will pass through the "bus." There is also a sunblind on each side of the carriage, which can be either raised or lowered as required, and if found necessary a canopy can be erected over the roof to protect the outside passengers from the heat of the sun. These carriages are constructed to carry twelve inside and sixteen out. The public will doubtless appreciate them after the misery and long-suffering to which they have been subjected by being compelled to use those intolerable buggies, which are one of the greatest nuisances of the island. The omnibuses are painted white, and in appearance will much resemble the Brompton omnibuses in London. In addition to those on the way out, nine others will shortly follow.—*Times of India*.

LANDSLIP ON THE THULL GHAUT.—On the 21st a landslip occurred on the G. I. P. Railway, about four miles from Kussara, at the Thull Ghaut. The slip, which was caused by the late heavy rains, blocks up the line for about forty-five yards in length; but it will not materially interfere with the passenger traffic, as, in consequence of the measures taken by the railway authorities, passengers can walk from one side to the other in safety—a distance of about a few yards. Effectual steps are being taken to clear the line as rapidly as possible. Yesterday two hundred torches were forwarded from Bombay, to enable the labourers employed in removing the obstruction to work by night; and there was every probability of the line being cleared by the 27th.

DISTURBANCE IN CASHMERE.—The following information contained in a private letter, dated Sreenugger, Cashmere, August 4th, has been kindly put at our disposal:—"One Sher Shah, supported by the Akhoond of Swat, has risen and is not far off. A fight was to have taken place with the Maharajah's troops yesterday, and I suppose Sher Shah will be driven to the hills. An absurd rumour was afloat that the Dogras have been licked; were it so, the Swatees would soon be in Sreenugger and would cut our throats. But were such likely, the Dewan would have given us ample notice to flee to the forts of Hurree Purbut or the Sher Gurhee, till our troops, according to treaty, poured in from Pindee and Sealkote to assist the Maharajah."

PROPOSED NEW WEEKLY PAPER.—It is proposed to issue a new weekly journal from the 31st instant, under the quaint title of *The Powla*, being, we presume, the Hindoostanee term for four annas. We are glad to see it stated that the new paper has already received a great number of promises of support, and that it will be conducted by men of recognised ability, some of whom are not unknown to literary fame.—*Times of India*.

THE GOVERNMENT AGENCY AT SURAT.—We learn that it is contemplated by Government to abolish the office of the agent of his Excellency the Governor at Surat.—*Bombay Gazette*.

ATTOCK, Aug. 3.—A sad instance of the suddenness of death occurred here a few days ago. The paymaster of the 3rd battalion of the Rifle Brigade, when returning from Murree to join his regiment at Nowshera, dropped dead on the boat as he was crossing the Indus. Apoplexy was the immediate cause of death. He was interred the following evening with military honours. He leaves a wife and several children to deplore his loss.

THE BOMBAY AND BENGAL STEAM NAVIGATION COMPANY contemplate running a steamer on the 15th of every month to Aden and Suez in connection with a line of steamers from Alexandria to Liverpool. A regular scale of freight is being arranged, to allow of the shipments of all kinds of produce, and this, together with rates of passage, if we are informed correctly, will shortly be ready for publication.

BHAWULPORE.—Our Upper Sind correspondent gives a gloomy account of the state of affairs in Bhawalpore. The Nawab wanted forty lakhs "on the nail"—as the saying goes, but as his Wuzer could produce only nine, the poor official was disgraced, his property confiscated, and himself thrown into prison. The people from whom the balance of the sum is being wrung are deserting the country to such an extent that outposts have been established to prevent their emigration.—*Sindian*.

CHINA & JAPAN.

We take the following from the *Overland China Mail* of the 12th of August:—

"There is not any political news of importance to communicate by this opportunity. The well-known Tseng Kwo-Fan has been appointed Generalissimo of the Imperial forces in China, in room of San-ko-lin Sin, whose death we reported some time ago. This appointment is calculated to give foreigners a little anxiety, as Tseng Kwo-Fan's leanings are well known to be thoroughly anti-foreign. There is also reason to believe that Prince Kung, who is now at the head of the Board of Foreign Affairs, is not over well affected towards the western 'barbarians.' There appears to be a lull in political matters at Peking, so far as concerns foreign countries, which may be attributed to the expected arrival of Sir Rutherford Alcock, our new Minister for China. Many questions, commercial and otherwise, are at present pending his arrival; and some anxiety exists as to the success of his *regime*. It seems to be a question whether China is to get the better of us, or we the better of China; the object to be attained will of course be that neither should get the better of each other. The loss of Sir Harry Parkes, by his removal from Shanghai, may eventually have an effect upon the progress of affairs in China. What we want is the most open intercourse—commercial, social, and religious—with this vast empire. It would almost appear that we are making rapid strides in this direction. The growing prospects of a railway, or of several small lines of railway, lead us to believe that foreign intercourse with the country is likely to improve.

"We are glad to notice that Imperial authority is again in the ascendant, the Northern rebels having been successfully kept back. It was high time that something should have been done in this direction, as constant anxiety and annoyance were caused to the representatives of foreign Powers by the continual internal disturbances which prevailed in the empire.

"From Japan there is positively nothing of political interest to record. Now that the activity of our New Minister there has been thrown into the balance things may be expected to move on somewhat more satisfactorily; and besides, Sir Harry Parkes is certain to be a popular representative, which is of considerable importance in a country such as Japan."

CEYLON.

The following items are from the *Colombo Observer* of the 31st ult:—

During the fortnight ended the 27th instant, nearly 20,000 cwts. of coffee have been added to our exports of the staple, in the proportions of three-fourths plantation and one-fourth native. The result is that our total exports for the 11 months of season 1864-65 are over 820,000 cwts., of which 578,000 are plantation and 242,000 native.

Political excitement has reached a point during the fortnight. The Governor, after many disappointments and many refusals, has at last succeeded in getting six gentlemen to degrade themselves and retard the progress of the colony, by accepting seats in the Legislative Council under present circumstances. The names of the new members are:—George Dennis B. Harrison, Esq.; George Smyttan Duff, Esq.; Christopher Barker Smith, Esq.; Mutu Coomara Swamy, Esq.; James Adrian Martensz, Esq.; Edward James Dehigame, Esq.

It is a curious coincidence that the steamer which has brought General Hodgson to our shores brought also the not unexpected intelligence of the death, before reaching "Home," of his Excellency's predecessor in command of the forces. General O'Brien, like General Lockyer, temporarily administered the government of Ceylon. Both remained the "year too long," and to both the heat of the Red Sea proved finally fatal. General O'Brien's remains repose at Suez. Let us hope that a different termination of his command awaits General Hodgson, and that after years of usefulness here, years of honourable repose in the old country may be his lot. To an officer whose first residence in Ceylon dates forty years back, the change in the country must be striking.

While active preparations are being made for the opening of the Ceylon Railway on 1st October, a grand scheme is on the tapis for extending the line, when finished to Kandy, on through Gampola, Navellapettia and the Kotmale Valley, to the Rambodde Pass—at the foot of the Mountain range in which Newera Ellia is situated. We have not the slightest doubt that ultimately this scheme will be carried out.

LUCKNOW PRIZE MONEY.

SECOND DISTRIBUTION.

The following appeared in last night's *Gazette*.

Royal Hospital, Chelsea,
Sept., 1865.

Notice is hereby given, that prize rolls for the undermentioned corps, on account of the second distribution of prize money for the operations and capture of Lucknow in 1858, have been received at this hospital; containing the names of those whose shares have been remitted to the commissioners of this hospital by the Government of India; and that distribution of such shares will be made at my office, on the 4th October next, and will be continued on Mondays, Wednesdays, and Fridays, during the hours from eleven to two o'clock.

The following are the rolls which have been received, viz:—

Royal Horse and Foot Artillery, Royal Engineers, Military Train, Medical Staff Corps, 2nd Dragoon Guards, 7th and 9th Dragoons; 5th, 8th, 10th, 20th, 23rd, 32nd, 34th, 38th, 42nd, 53rd, 64th, 75th, 78th, 79th, 80th, 82nd, 84th, 88th, 90th, 93rd, 97th Foot; 2nd and 3rd Battalion Rifle Brigade.

MEDICAL.—We are informed that as a temporary arrangement, Government has been pleased to sanction Lahore Division Order 316 of 16th June last, directing Surgeon-major E. B. Shring, 3rd Native Infantry Regiment, to act as Deputy Inspector-General of Hospitals, v. J. H. Butler, deceased.—*Hurkaru*.



Official Gazette.

BENGAL.

BY THE GOVERNOR-GENERAL.

Simla, Aug. 6.—Mr. F. Macnaghten, of the C.S., is permitted to proceed to Eur. on furl., for a period of 2 years, from the date of embark.

Aug. 7.—Mr. J. H. Condon, civil asst. surg. of Baraich, is granted 3 mo. priv. leave, under the rules applicable to milly. officers in civil employ, from July 28.

Leave of abs. for 43 days is granted to the Rev. J. Clough, junior chaplain of Tounghoo, to enable him to proceed to Calcutta, prep. to availing himself of the leave granted to him on June 7.

Mr. A. Thomas, in med. charge of the station of Kyoak Phyo, in British Burmah, has an ext. of leave of absence, on m.c., for 6 mo., from June 12.

Aug. 8.—Mr. A. Wrixon, head gra. insp. of police, Jubbulpore, is app. to offic. for Capt. F. A. Dickins, dist. supt., during the absence of that officer on the leave granted to him in order No. 2,019, dated July 8.

Mr. H. W. Bowen, asst. supt., has been granted 1 mo. priv. leave from 13th ult.

Lieut. R. W. E. Burrows, offic. asst. district superint. of police, Mundla, is deputed to officiate as district superint. of police, Mundla, from the date on which he took charge from Mr. Higgins.

Mr. W. B. Jones, dep. comr. of Wurda, Central Provinces, is invested with powers described.

Mr. H. S. Mackenzie is permitted to resign the civil service from June 24, 1864.

The Hon. E. Jackson and the Hon. A. G. Macpherson took their seats as puisne judges of the High Court of Judicature at Fort William on 1st inst.

Lieut. G. A. Strover, supernu. asst. comr. 2nd grade in British Burmah, is app. cantonment mag. of Rangoon, v. Capt. Bennet.

The following officers are app. to officiate as asst. district superint. of police in Oude, in the room of Lieut. Ward, district superint., and Lieut. Noble, asst. district superint., absent on m.c. to Europe:—

Mr. J. W. Anderson, v. Lieut. Ward.

Mr. H. A. F. Smith, v. Lieut. Noble.

The Gov. gen. in Council is pleased to sanction the following promotions in the police of the Central Provinces:—

Capt. J. D. Vallance, district superint. 5th cl., to be district superint. 4th cl., v. Capt. W. F. Ireland, dec.

Lieut. H. A. Hammond, asst. dist. superint., 1st class, to be dist. superint., 5th class, in the room of Capt. Vallance.

Mr. W. R. Baillie, offic. dist. superint., to be asst. dist. superint., 2nd class.

Lieut. H. Martin, offic. asst. dist. superint. of police, Jubbulpore, to offic. temp. as dist. superint. of police, Nursingpore.

Lieut. col. C. Douglas, R.A., director gen. of telegraphs in India, availed himself of leave prep. to applying for furl. to Eur. in the milly. dept., on July 24.

Lieut. col. D. G. Robinson, R.E., received charge of the office of director gen. of telegraphs in India from Lieut. col. C. Douglas, on July 24.

Aug. 10.—Mr. R. H. Davies to offic. as chief comr. of Oude during the abs. on leave of Mr. C. J. Wingfield, c.B., in addition to his duties as financial comr.

Aug. 9.—Lieut. J. Jacob, appd. under G.O. No. 254, dated July 8, to be adjt. of the Erinpoorah irregular force, assumed charge of the office on July 14.

Aug. 8.—Lieut. G. G. Young, offic. settlement officer of Seetapore, availed himself, on July 25, of prep. leave granted to him in G.O. No. 1,604, dated August 3, and made over charge of his office to Mr. O. Wood.

Lieut. A. N. Bruce, asst. to the Gov. gen.'s agent in Rajpootana, offic. as political agent in Meywar from April 3 to May 8, inclusive.

Lieut. W. J. W. Muir, asst. to the Gov. gen.'s agent in Rajpootana, offic. as political agent in Joudhpore from April 24 to May 8, inclusive.

Asst. surg. M. W. Mott, in medical charge of the Bhurtpore Agency, returned to his duty on 14th

ult. from the priv. leave granted him in G.O. No. 570, dated March 13.

Aug. 10.—Mr. W. C. Capper, C.S., dep. comr. and settlement officer of Lucknow, has 15 mo. leave to Europe, on m.c., from July 23.

Mr. Capper availed himself on July 15 of the prep. leave granted to him in G.O. No. 1,542, dated 22nd ult.

CIVILIANS FURLOUGH ALLOWANCE.

Simla, Aug. 10.—Read the following despatch from the Right Hon. the Sec. of State for India:—
Financial.—No. 139.

India-office, London, June 16.

To H.E. the Right Hon. the Gov. gen. of India in Council.

SIR,—I have considered in Council your financial letter, dated Feb. 3 last, in which you bring to notice that that portion of Rule 3 of the Revised Civil Absentee Rules, which regulates the allowance to be drawn by civilians on return from leave, is inapplicable to the cases of civilians returning from furlough, and recommend the continuance of the rules hitherto in force, under which a civilian draws the subsistence allowance of his rank from the date of his return from furlough to the date of assuming charge of an acting appointment, or to the date of his receiving a permanent appointment, when he is at once admitted to the full salary thereof.

I see no objection to the continuance of the rules recommended by you, and you will therefore cause the necessary alteration to be made accordingly.—
I have, &c., (Signed) C. Wood.

In accordance with the instructions conveyed in the foregoing despatch, the Gov. gen. in Council is pleased to alter Rule 3 of the Civil Service Furlough and Absentee Rules, as follows:—

“For the interval elapsing between departure from station and the commencement of reckoning absence on furlough, and between the end of reckoning absence on furlough and arrival at station, the absentee shall be allowed special leave calculated at the rate of one day for every ten miles to be travelled, except when railways or steamboats are available, when one day for every 100 miles only will be allowed (or the time actually occupied on the voyage, when its duration exceeds the time calculated at the rate of 100 miles per day), with seven days at the port of embarkation, provided that a period of three months shall in no case be exceeded, and that the time claimed shall have been spent *bona fide* in progress between the place of departure and the place of destination.”

During the interval between departure from station and the commencement of reckoning absence on furlough, the absentee will be entitled to draw a moiety of his allowance; and from the date of his return from furlough, to the date of assuming charge of an acting appointment, or to the date of his receiving a permanent appointment, he will draw the subsistence allowance of his rank.

Aug. 5.—Appointment:—

Major gen. C. Troup, of the gen. inf., to the divl. staff of the army, in succession to Major gen. Sir S. Corbett, dec.

Aug. 8.—With reference to the notification issued by the Govt. of Bengal, dated July 27, the serv. of Asst. surg. J. M. Cameron, civil asst. surg. of Monghyr, and of Asst. surg. S. Delprath, civil asst. surg. of Hazareebaugh, are placed temp. at the disp. of H.E. the C. in C.

The following order, issued by the resident of Hyderabad, is confirmed:—

Directing the following transfers in the Hyderabad contingent:—

4th Inf. Hyderabad Contingent.—Capt. A. Drury, paid doing duty officer, 5th inf., temp. doing duty 4th inf., to be paid doing duty officer.

Aug. 9.—The following proms. are made, subject to H.M.'s approval:—

Cadre late 15th Regt. N.I.—Lieut. J. G. Campbell to be capt., from June 2 last, v. Capt. H. Philpotts, staff corps, dec.

Cadre late 6th Eur. Regt.—Lieut. W. E. D. Broughton to be capt. from July 6 last, v. Capt. J. C. Hamilton, dec.

Cadre late 25th Regt. N.I.—Lieut. H. D. Metcalfe to be capt. from July 7 last, v. Capt. W. F. Ireland, dec.

The following promotion is made, subject to her Majesty's approval:—

Cadre late 1st Eur. L.C.—Lieut. A. G. Webster, 19th hussars, to be capt. from May 16 last, v. Capt. (brevet major) H. H. Gough, v.c., 19th hussars, exchanged to the Bengal staff corps.

The undermentioned surgeon of the Bengal medical dept. is promoted to the rank of surgeon major,

under the provisions of G.G.O. No. 507 of June 20, 1864, subject to her Majesty's approval:—

Surgeon J. T. C. Ross, F.R.C.S., from July 26 last.

With reference to G.G.O. No. 165 of March 2, 1863, the name of the undermentioned officer, who retired from the service under the annuity scheme of 1861, is removed from the list of regimental lieut. colonels of infantry:—

Lieut. col. (major gen., retired list) J. C. Halkett, c.b., by death of Gen. J. Truscott, Bengal inf.

The following promotions by brevet are made under the operation of G.G.O. No. 632 of Aug. 4, 1864, subject to her Majesty's approval:—

Late 27th N.I.—Major T. W. Seager, to be Lieut. col., from July 28, 1865.

Late 10th N.I.—Capt. C. Armstrong, to be major, from July 22, 1865.

Late 60th N.I.—Capt. J. Keer, to be major, from July 26, 1865.

Staff Corps.—Lieut. W. G. Cubitt, v.c., to be capt., from July 26, 1865.

The undermen. officer is permitted to proceed to Europe on m.c.:—

Surg. J. White, M.D., of the med. dept., attached to the 8th Bengal cav., for 20 mo., under new regulations.

STAFF.—The undermen. officer, having completed 26 years' service, eight years of which were on permanent staff employ, to be Lieut. col., from the date specified opposite to his name, under the Royal Warrant of Jan. 16, 1861, subject to H.M.'s approval.

Bengal Staff Corps.—Major R. Ousely, July 29, 1865.

Aug. 10.—The undermen. officers have reported their return from England:—

Lieut. F. H. Conolly, Bengal staff corps, superint. of police, British Burmah, and Lieut. M. P. Rickets, Bengal staff corps, asst. comr., Jabulpore, date of arrival at Fort William, July 28, 1865.

H.E. the Gov. gen. in Council is pleased to notify, for general information, the follg. apps. in the

ODDH VOLUNTEER RIFLE CORPS.

Commandant—Lieut. col. L. Burrow, c.b., Madras staff corps.

Staff.—Major A. E. Wilkinson.

Adjutant.—Lieut. R. H. de Montmorency.

* Lieut. and Qrmr. B. L. Freeman.

Officers of Companies.

Sirmoor or Lucknow Company.

* Capt. M. R. Joyce.

* Lieut. T. Davis.

* Ens. D. Burgess.

Martiniere or Cadet Company.

* Lieut. H. Stobart.

The nomination of the officers with an asterisk before their names has been made subject to their passing an examination in drill before the inspecting officer.

H.E. the Gov. gen. in Council is pleased to notify for general information the following appts. in the

BEHAR MOUNTED RIFLE CORPS.

Commandant.—Major J. Furlong (on leave).

Officers of Troops.

Capt. J. C. C. Daunt, v.c.

* Capt. F. Collingridge.

* Capt. R. M. Skinner.

Lieut. H. L. Holloway.

* Lieut. C. V. Agles.

* Cornet A. S. Urquhart.

* Cornet J. M. Wilson.

* Cornet G. W. Llewellyn.

* Cornet F. Halliday.

The nomination of the officers with an asterisk before their names has been made subject to their passing an examination in drill before the inspecting officer.

Aug. 11.—H.E. the Gov. gen. in Council is pleased to make the following appt.:—

PUNJAB IRREGULAR FORCE.

3rd Punjab Infantry.

Ens. H. Wood, H.M.'s 35th foot, a candidate for the staff corps, to be doing duty officer on prob., v. Lieut. Roberts, appt. qmr.

BY THE LIEUT. GOVERNOR.

Appointments:—

July 27.—Mr. E. Ussher is apptd. to be an asst. superint. of police of the 3rd grade, and is posted to the 4th circle.

Mr. H. Munro is apptd. to be an asst. superint. of police of the 3rd grade, and is posted to the 5th grade.

Mr. E. C. Craster to offic. as sec. to the local committee of instruction at Beerbhoom.

July 28.—Mr. F. J. Cockburn, officg. judge of

Sylhet, is vested with the powers of a special comsr. in that dist., under rega. 11 of 1828.

July 29.—Mr. J. J. S. Driberg, extra asst. comsr. in Assam, is posted to Gawalparah, and is vested with the powers of a mag., dep. coll., and sudder ameen in that district.

July 31.—Mr. R. D. Hime to offic. as joint mag. and dep. coll. of Purneah.

Capt. W. C. S. Clarke, asst. comsr. of Jowai, is vested with the powers of a dep. coll. in the Cossyah and Jynteah hills.

Aug. 1.—Mr. D. M. Barbour to have charge of the sub div. of Thubooa, and to exercise the powers of a subordinate mag. of the 1st class, and the powers of a dep. coll. in Shahabad. Mr. Barbour is further empowered to hold the preliminary enquiry into cases triable by the Court of Sessions, and to exercise all the powers necessary for that purpose.

Aug. 2.—The following district superints. of police are transferred, viz.:—

Lieut. W. L. N. Knyvett, from Dacca to Maldah. Mr. F. T. Platts, from Furreedpore to Dacca.

Mr. W. L. Owen to be district superint. of police in Furreedpore.

The transfers of Lieut. W. L. N. Knyvett and of Messrs. T. J. Maltby and H. M. Raily, notified in the *Calcutta Gazette* of the 5th ult., are cancelled.

The following asst. superints. of police are transferred, viz.:—

Mr. R. S. O'Connor, from Rangpore to Behar.

Mr. A. L. W. Jerdon, from Bhaugulpore to Chumparun.

Aug. 4.—Dr. F. V. Webber, civil surg. of Gawalparah, is transf. to Maldah.

Dr. W. J. Von Lintzgy, med. officer of Maldah, is transf. to Gawalparah.

July 28.—Leave of absence:—

Mr. V. S. Robertson, asst. superint. of police, Gowhaty, for 1 mo., from the 9th inst.

July 29.—Mr. W. Sinclair, asst. revenue surveyor, 2nd division, Lower Provinces, for 3 mo., under the financial notification dated July 31, 1863, from the date on which he may avail himself of the same.

July 31.—Mr. S. S. Hogg, mag. and coll. of Burdwan, for 2 mo., from Sept. 16.

Aug. 2.—Mr. J. Sutcliffe, principal of the Presidency College, for 1 mo. priv. leave.

Aug. 3.—Mr. B. Rattray, asst. superint. of police, Noacolly, for 1 mo.

Mr. C. A. S. Bedford, extra asst. comr., Hazareebaugh, for 2 weeks, from 7th inst.

Mr. D. Lacey, asst. superint. of police, Pooree, for 1 mo., on m.c.

Aug. 4.—Mr. W. H. Thompson, asst. mag. and coll. of Mymensing, for 1 mo.

Aug. 1.—The leave granted, under orders of May 6 last, to Mr. H. C. B. C. Raban, then dep. comr. of Nowgong, is canc. at his own request.

July 31.—The following sub-assistant commissioners in the Sonthal Pergunnahs are transferred:—

Mr. A. C. Woodward from Nulla to Deoghur.

Mr. A. J. Fraser from Deoghur to Nulla.

Aug. 4.—Mr. W. Cornell, officg. dep. coll. of Howrah, is app. to take order for the acquisition of lands on account of the East India Irrigation and Canal Company for the Oolobarah Canal.

Aug. 7.—Mr. L. B. B. King, asst. superint. of survey, Seebaugor, is vested with the powers of an asst. comr. in that district.

Mr. G. S. Andrew is app. to be a dep. mag. and dep. coll., Dacca div., and is posted to the district of Mymensing. Mr. Andrew is vested with the powers of a sub. mag. of the 2nd class in any or all the districts of the Dacca div.

Mr. E. S. Moseley to have temp. charge of the sub-div. of Julpigoree, and to exercise the powers of a sub. mag. of the 1st class and the powers of a dep. coll. in Rangpore.

Mr. T. H. H. Shortt, asst. mag. of Balasore, is empowered to hold preliminary inquiry into cases triable by the Court of Sessions, to commit or hold to bail persons to take their trial before such Court of Sessions, and to exercise all the powers necessary for that purpose.

Mr. M. L. Ferrar, asst. mag. and coll. of Rajshahye, is transf. to Balasore, and is vested with the powers of a subord. mag. of the 2nd class, described in sec. XXII. of the Code of Criminal Procedure, in the latter district.

Dr. N. Chévers is app. to offic. as insp. gen. of gaols, and is vested with the powers of a mag., under rega. XIV. of 1816, within the gaols of the Lower Provs.

Dr. C. R. Francis to offic. as principal of the med. college, Calcutta, and also as professor of medicine in the college, and ex-officio 1st physician of the college hospital.

Aug. 8.—Mr. H. F. J. Kean, to have charge of the sub division of Sasseram, and to exercise the powers of a mag. and dep. coll. in Shahabad.

Mr. R. Grant to offic. as dist. supt. of police of Kamroop, during the absence, on leave, of Capt. C. T. Hitchens.

Mr. J. A. Floyd to offic. as dist. supt. of police at Gawalparah.

Mr. J. R. B. Ross, dep. mag. and dep. coll. of Hooghly, is transferred to Mymensing, and is vested with powers of a magistrate in the latter district.

Mr. W. C. Taylor, dep. mag. and dep. coll. of Mymensing, is transferred to Tipperah, and is vested with powers of a magistrate in the latter district.

Aug. 10.—Mr. F. J. G. Campbell to be dep. registrar of assurances of the sub district of Mymensing, having its head quarters at the sudder station of the district of Mymensing.

Mr. E. V. Westmacott, asst. comr. in Cachar, is vested with powers to try cases under Act 13 of 1859.

Mr. W. Cardozo, moonsiff of Sealtekh, is vested with powers of a subord. mag. 2nd cl. described in sec. 22 of Code of Criminal Procedure, in Cachar.

Leave of absence:—

Lieut. R. C. Beavan, asst. revenue surveyor, 2nd or Southern division, Lower Provinces, for 3 mo., in ext.

Mr. J. Belchambers, asst. superint. of police, Cachar, for 3 mo.

Aug. 7.—Mr. J. Stewart, asst. mag. of Julpigoree, for 2 mo., on being relieved by his successor.

Aug. 8.—Mr. W. M. Smith, asst. comr. of Rajmahal, for 1 mo.

Mr. L. Barber, dep. mag. and dep. coll. of Tipperah, for 1 mo.

Capt. C. T. Hitchens, dist. superint. of police, Kamroop, for 3 mo., from the date on which he may avail himself of the same.

Mr. H. Osborne, officg. sub. dep. opium agent at Ghazee pore, for 1 mo.

Aug. 2.—Lieut. J. Dundas, R.E., asst. engr., 1st grade, assumed charge of the Damooda div., on the 29th ult.

Aug. 2.—Capt. J. L. Watts, R.E., exec. engr., 3rd grade, transf. from the N.W.P., is appd. to offic. as exec. engr. of the presidency div. Capt. Watts assumed charge of the presidency div. on the 15th ult.

Leave.—Mr. W. McCullagh, sub engr., 2nd grade, attached to the Balasore div., for 6 mo.

Aug. 15.—Mr. T. Smith, supervisor, 1st grade, is transf. from the Bhaugulpore and Purneah to the Berhampore div.

BY THE LIEUT.-GOVERNOR, N.W.P.

July 22.—No. 170a.—Major C. Warde, officg. jun. asst. comr. at Nynce Tal, is invested with the powers of a sen. asst. comr. for the trial of civil suits in the provinces of Kumaon and Gurhwal, and with powers to hear appeals from the decisions of the Sudder Ameen and Tehseeldars in original suits.

No. 715a.—Three mo. priv. leave, under the orders of the Govt. of India, dated Oct. 13, 1863, is granted to Capt. G. A. Harrison, dist. supt. of police at Muttra, with effect from the 15th inst., or from the subsequent date on which he may avail himself of the same.

No. 716a.—Mr. E. Berrill, officg. dist. supt. of police at Bijnour, is appointed to offic. as dist. supt. of police at Muttra, during absence on leave of Capt. G. A. Harrison.

No. 705a.—Mr. C. A. Catania officd. as dep. coll. for settlement purposes in the Jaloun dist., from April 11 to June 26.

No. 2,724a.—The usual prep. leave, to enable him to reach the port of embark., with the view of proceeding to Eur. on furl., is granted to Mr. F. Macnaghten, asst. mag. and coll. at Allahabad, with effect from the 20th inst.

No. 2,730a.—Mr. J. O'B. Beckett, sen. asst. comr. of Gurhwal, is appd. to be sen. asst. comr. and settlement officer of Kumaon.

No. 2,731a.—Capt. J. F. L. Fisher is appd. sen. asst. comr., Gurhwal, but will offic. as sen. asst. comr. of Kumaon during the abs. of Mr. Beckett on settlement duty.

No. 2,732a.—Mr. D. M. Gardner, n.a., is appd. to offic. as sen. asst. comr. at Gurhwal during the abs. on deputation of Captain Fisher.

No. 2,739a.—Mr. C. W. Mellor, officg. joint mag. and dep. coll. at Ghazee pore, is transf. in the same capacity to Meerut, on expiry of the leave granted to him by the notification, in this dept., No. 1,907a, dated June 1 last.

No. 2,740a.—Mr. A. B. Patterson, asst. mag. and

coll. of Meerut, is transf. in the same capacity to Ghazee pore.

No. 2,743a.—Two mo. priv. leave is granted to Mr. A. Ross, judge of the court of Sudder Dewanny and Nizamut Adawlut, N.W.P., with effect from 10th inst.

No. 2,748a.—One mo. priv. leave under the orders of the Govt. of India, dated Oct. 13, 1863, is granted to Dr. A. P. Tomkyns, supt. of the central jail at Bareilly, with effect from Sept. 1 next.

No. 2,751a.—With the consent of the officer commanding at Bareilly, Dr. Wilson, asst. surg., 8th regt. N.I., at Bareilly, is placed in charge of the central jail at that station, during the absence on leave of Dr. Tomkyns, and is invested with the powers of a mag., to be exercised within the precincts of the jail under his charge.

July 24.—No. 2,770.—The priv. leave granted to Mr. A. Boulderson, in the notific. of this dept., will have effect from May 1 to 15th inst., and from Oct. 16 to Oct. 31 next.

TIME TO JOIN.

No. 811a.—From several references recently made to Government, it appears that doubts are sometimes felt regarding the effect of the rules determining the length of time allowed for joining a new appointment, and the amount of travelling allowance to which an officer transferred is entitled. All officers are therefore informed that the route which is most convenient for the public service, and most advantageous to Government both in time and expense, whether wholly by rail or by road, or partly by both, is that which they are required to take and by which joining time and travelling allowance will be calculated, on the principle laid down in the order of Government of India, financial department, No. 1,313, dated March 16 last, and republished in the notification of this Government No. 1,081a, dated April 3.

July 22.—No. 1,389a.—Priv. leave of absence for 2 mo. is granted to Lieut. J. B. Sparks, asst. engr., attached to the Agra and Bombay Road, from such date as he may avail himself of the same.

July 25.—No. 1,414a.—Mr. C. Hyne is app. engineer to the local committee of the Futtchegurh district, with the rank of a civil divisional engineer of the 2nd grade.

July 27.—No. 3,594.—Under the operation of Standing Order No. 70 of 1864, leave of absence for 3 mo., from such date as he may avail himself of it, is granted to Mr. W. F. Heath, assistant engineer, 3rd grade, attached to the 6th division, Grand Trunk Road.

July 28.—No. 3,605.—Mr. T. E. Owen, asst. engr., 1st grade, returned on the 17th inst. from the 1 mo. priv. leave granted to him in notification No. 2,177, dated April 6.

July 27.—No. 544a.—Lieut. J. Liston, asst. comr. in the Jhansie div., is invested with the powers of a mag. and with those of a dep. coll.

July 28.—No. 730a.—Mr. A. Bates, asst. dist. superint. of police at Allahabad, is dismissed from the service of Government, with effect from April 7 last, the date on which he was suspended.

BY THE LIEUT. GOVERNOR, PUNJAB.

July 20.—No. 1,062.—With reference to *Punjab Gazette* order No. 810, dated May 31, 1865, Capt. N. Barton is invested, for so long as he may continue to officiate as cantonment mag. of Delhi, with the powers of a sub. mag. of 1st class, within the limits of the cantonment of Delhi, to be styled an asst. cantonment mag., and to have jurisdiction to try small causes for any amount not exceeding fifty rupees.

July 22.—No. 1,066.—Maj. G. McAndrew, dep. inspec. gen. of police, Lahore circle, has 3 mo. priv. leave, with effect from July 15.

July 20.—No. 349.—Mr. H. Millett, 2nd master, Delhi zillah school, is appointed head master of the Peshawur zillah school.

July 22.—No. 514.—Mr. W. J. Blewitt, coll. of customs, Delhi, has leave on m.c. from the date on which he availed himself thereof until Oct. 15.

July 21.—No. 182.—Mr. W. D. Hogan, boiler maker, to be gen. supt. to the suptdg. engr., Punjab flotilla, from July 1, v. Mr. McNeelance, res.

July 22.—No. 184.—Mr. J. Horton, 3rd class engr., Punjab flotilla, has 1 mo. leave.

July 21.—No. 1,498.—The Right Hon. the Sec. of State for India has granted an ext. of leave for 6 mo., on m.c., to Mr. C. Stephen, extra asst. comr., Mooltan.

No. 1,499.—Rev. S. H. Beamish, n.a., chaplain of Jullundur, has 1 mo. priv. leave of absence.

July 22.—No. 1,507.—Leave:—

Lieut. R. G. Sandeman, asst. comr., Bunnoo dist., has 1 mo. priv. leave, with effect from Sept. 1.

No. 1,508.—Mr. W. Coldstream, officg. judge of Small Cause Court, Delhi, has priv. leave for 6 weeks, from Aug. 15.

Lieut. A. F. P. Harcourt, asst. comr., will carry on the duties of the Small Cause Court during Mr. Coldstream's absence.

No. 1,509.—Mr. J. H. Oliver, dep. comr., Sirsa, has 1 mo. priv. leave of absence, from Sept. 18.

Mr. G. Smyth, asst. comr., will carry on the current duties of the dep. comr.'s office during Mr. Oliver's absence.

No. 1,510.—Rev. J. B. D'Aguilar, n.a., chaplain of Umritsur, has 1 mo. priv. leave of absence, with 1 mo. general leave in continuation.

MOVEMENTS OF CORPS AND BATTERIES.

July 24.—No. 187.—The following movements of corps and batteries of the Punjab irregular force are directed on dates which the brig. gen. comdg. may determine:—

Light field battery, from Bunnoo to Dera Ismail Khan.

Light field battery, from Dera Ismail Khan to Kohat.

Light field battery, from Kohat to Bunnoo.

1st Punjab cav., from Dera Ghazee Khan to Dera Ismail Khan.

2nd Punjab cav., from Rajanpore to Dera Ghazee Khan.

3rd Punjab cav., from Bunnoo to Kohat.

4th Punjab cav., from Dera Ismail Khan to Bunnoo.

5th Punjab cav., from Kohat to Rajanpore.

1st Punjab inf., from Abbottabad to Dera Ismail Khan.

2nd Punjab inf., from Dera Ismail Khan to Abbottabad.

3rd Punjab inf., from Dera Ismail Khan to Bunnoo.

4th Punjab inf., from Bunnoo to Dera Ismail Khan.

5th Punjab inf. from Kohat to Bunnoo.

6th Punjab inf., from Bunnoo to Kohat.

No. 188.—Lieut. A. W. Graham, doing duty officer, 2nd Seik inf., is granted leave from June 30 to Oct. 15, to remain at Mussorie on m.c.

July 15.—No. 587c.—Lieut. A. M. Brandreth, R.E., exec. engr., Kohat div., is allowed leave for 20 days, from Aug. 5, or from such subsequent date as he may be able to avail himself of it, prep. to the grant of leave to Eur.

July 20.—No. 626c.—With reference to Govt. of India notification No. 259, of July 13, Private Hughes is posted to the Ferozepore div.

July 21.—No. 1,576.—Mr. P. J. Flynn, exec. engr., 4th grade, 1st div., Lahore and Peshawur road, is allowed 2 mo. special leave, under the operation of para. 3, standing order, No. 70 of 1864.

No. 635c.—Mr. W. Rigby is appd. overseer in the forest dept., and posted to the Sutlej div.

No. 636c.—Lieut. C. A. Sim, R.E., transf. to the Punjab, in Govt. of India notification No. 255, of July 11, is posted to the Delhi div.

July 31.—No. 1,093.—Mr. C. W. P. Watts, officg. dep. comr. of Umritsur, is transf. to Simla as judge of the Small Cause Court, from the date of Capt. Lewin's return from leave.

No. 1,100.—Mr. F. R. Scarlett, judge of Small Cause Court, is perm. transf. from Simla to Umritsur.

July 26.—No. 1,080.—Mr. E. Trenson, officg. asst. dist. superint. of police, is transf. from Gojrat to Hissar.

July 31.—No. 1,098.—Mr. F. A. Kelly, asst. dist. superint. of police, Hoshiarpore, has 1 mo. priv. leave.

No. 1,531.—Appt.—Mr. T. E. Ellison, C.S., is app. an asst. comr. of 3rd class in the Punjab, and posted to Delhi dist.

No. 1,532.—Transfers:—

Mr. R. W. Trafford, asst. comr., from the Lahore to the Umritsur dist.

No. 1,533.—Lieut. C. H. T. Marshall, asst. comr., from the Umritsur to the Lahore dist.

No. 1,535.—Mr. T. W. Bailey, extra asst. comr., from the Umballa to the Delhi dist.

July 28.—No. 1,545.—Leave:—

Mr. H. W. Steel, asst. comr., Jhelum, has obtained 1 mo. priv. leave of absence, from Aug. 15, or such subsequent date as he may avail himself thereof.

No. 1,546.—Major T. W. Mercer, dep. comr., Sealkote, has obtained 1 mo. priv. of absence, from Sept. 1.

July 31.—No. 193.—Appts. :—

The foll. order, dated July 1, by the officer comdg. 3rd Punjab cav., is confirmed:—

Appgt. Lieut. W. C. Anderson, 2nd squad. officer; and Lieut. T. C. Plowden, adjt., to offic. as 2nd squad. officer, but to continue in charge of the adjts. office, with effect from July 1, consequent on the departure of Lieut. A. Vivion, 2nd in comd. and squad. officer, on leave.

And appg. Lieut. R. B. Lockwood, doing duty officer, to offic. as 3rd squadron officer from July 2, the date from which Lieut. J. D. Macpherson, 3rd squadron officer, obtained leave in ext. of priv. leave; Lieut. Lockwood retaining charge of the regtl. accounts and magazine, in addition to his other duties.

Aug. 2.—No. 194.—Appointments:—

The 4th Punjab infantry order, dated July 14, appg. Lieut. W. Snow, wing officer and offic. 2nd in com., to offic. as comdt.; Lieut. A. Hawes, adjt. and offic. wing officer, to offic. as 2nd in com. and wing officer; and Lieut. G. C. deLautour, qrmr. and offic. adjt., to offic. as wing officer, in addition to his other duties, during the absence of Major Hood on leave, or till further orders, is confirmed.

Aug. 1.—No. 1,702.—Leave.—Mr. T. Wilson, exec. engr., 1st div., Lahore and Peshawur Road, has one mo.'s priv. leave.

Aug. 4.—No. 1,113.—Lieut. E. C. O'B. Horsford, offic. district superint. of police, Sirsa, has 1 mo. priv. leave of absence, from Oct. 18.

Mr. W. Haslett, asst. district superint. of police, will carry on the duties during Lieut. Horsford's absence.

Aug. 5.—No. 191.—The Hon. the Lieut. gov. is pleased to accept the resignation by Mr. J. C. Neill of his appt. of 2nd class engr. in the Punjab flotilla, with effect from July 15.

No. 192.—Mr. J. W. Wise, 3rd class engr., Punjab flotilla, is prom. to 2nd class, v. Mr. Neill, with effect from Aug. 1.

Aug. 1.—No. 1,557.—The serv. of Asst. surg. C. E. Wikeley, civil surg. of Loodiana, are placed at the disposal of H.E. the C. in C.

Aug. 5.—No. 1,585.—Lieut. F. French, H.M.'s 20th hussars, has passed an examination in Punjab.

No. 1,593.—Leave.—Major J. T. Norgate, cantonment mag. of Sealkote, has obtained priv. leave of absence for 2 mo., from Sept. 1.

Mr. T. C. Vaughan, extra asst. comr., Sealkote, to offic. as cantonment mag., during the absence of Major Norgate, in addition to his other duties.

No. 1,594.—With reference to Punjab Gazette Order, No. 1,546, dated July 28, Lieut. F. M. Birch, Judge of Small Cause Court, Lahore, will offic. as dep. comr. of Sealkote, for Major Mercer, during the month of Sept.

Aug. 9.—No. 199.—The following regtl. order, dated July 18, by the officer comdg. 5th Goorkha regt., is confirmed:—

Appg. Lieut. H. J. Lawrence, doing duty officer, to offic. as qrmr., from July 19, in addition to his other duties, during the abs. on leave of Lieut. A. P. Broome.

Aug. 2.—No. 780c.—Mr. T. W. Knowles, offic. engr., 7th div., Grand Trunk road, is allowed 1 mo. priv. leave, from such date as he may be able to avail himself of it.

No. 782c.—The following clerk, tempy. employed in the public works dept., Punjab, is brought on the perm. establishment:—

Mr. J. A. Smith, offic. of controller public works accounts, to be clerk of the 11th grade.

Aug. 3.—No. 1,740.—Mr. J. J. Kavanagh, accountant, office of controller of public works accounts, has obtd. two mo. leave, on m.c., with effect from June 29.

No. 792c.—Transfers:—

Lieut. J. Browne, R.E., offic. engr., Lahore div., to local funds establishment, for charge of roads in the Kangra Valley.

Mr. H. Scott, exec. engr., 4th class, from 2nd div., Lahore and Peshawur road, to Lahore div.

BY THE COMMANDER-IN-CHIEF.

THOMASON COLLEGE.—SURVEYING CLASS.

Head Quarters, Simla, July 13.—H.E. the C. in C., in concurrence with Government, is pleased to publish the following rules for the Officers' Surveying Class lately established at the Thomason College, Roorkee:—

1. A candidate for admission must be under the rank of regimental field officer, and must be well acquainted with his ordinary military duties.

2. His application is to be addressed through his commanding officer to the principal of the college, who, if there is room, will forward it for the approval of H.E. the C. in C.

3. The application should reach the principal by Aug. 1 (this year it will be received up to Sept. 1), so that the officer may reach the college by Oct. 1.

4. The course of study will include instruction in military surveying and reconnaissance, plan and topographical drawing at the college, and the laying out and construction of field works under the orders of the commandant of sappers and miners.

5. On the successful completion of the course a certificate will be granted, signed by the principal of the college and the commandant of sappers, a copy of which will be forwarded to army headquarters.

6. The course of instruction will, as a rule, occupy seven months, and no officer will be allowed to remain longer than eight months without special sanction and for special reasons.

7. Officers whose progress is unsatisfactory are liable to be remanded to their regiments before the expiration of the course.

8. Officers studying at Roorkee will be considered absent on duty, and will be so reported in the regimental returns (as in the case of officers now studying in the senior department); but no officer of the Indian army who may be serving under the new Furlough Regulations will be allowed to count the period as service towards pension unless he can furnish the certificate specified in Rule 5.

9. The number of officers is for the present limited to ten.

In cases where an officer, having completed the ordinary course, is likely to benefit by a further course of study at the college, and is anxious to remain longer, a special report will be made by the principal to the officer commanding his regiment, who, if the officer can be spared from his regiment, may forward his application for leave to remain until the close of the college session (Sept. 1).

Leave of absence:—

Royal Artillery.—Lieut. col. H. Francis, 24th brigade, from July 23 to Oct. 23, 1866, to England. 2nd Capt. H. Chichester, 11 batty. 19th brigade, from July 3 to Aug. 3, to Calcutta, thence for 15 mo. to England, from date of embarkation. Lieut. J. A. S. Colquhoun, F batty. 19th brigade, from April 15 to Aug. 15, to visit the Neillgheries. Lieut. H. Geary, E batty. 14th brigade, from date of embarkation at Bombay, to England, overland, to appear before a medical board. Asst. surg. E. Wilkes, F batty. 19th brigade, from June 10 to Sept. 10, to visit Murree, m.c.

6th Dragoons.—Lieut. H. J. Wallace, from date of embarkation at Bombay, to England, for 15 mo.

1st Foot.—Major J. P. Gore, 1st batt., from June 30 to Dec. 31, in ext., to remain in Europe, m.c.

20th Foot.—Lieut. R. H. James, 1st batt., from June 20 to Nov. 30, to visit Nynee Tal, m.c.

23rd Foot.—Ensign A. C. Jackson, 1st batt., from date of leaving regiment, to Calcutta, for 1 mo., m.c.

34th Foot.—Lieut. W. F. Trotter, from 15th to 16th June, in ext., to rejoin.

35th Foot.—Capt. T. Lloyd, from Sept. 29, 1864, to Oct. 4, 1864, in ext., to remain at Lucknow on private affairs.

60th Rifles.—Capt. P. J. Curtis, 3rd batt., from date of embarkation at Madras, to England, overland, on m.c., and Ens. L. Bradford, 3rd batt., from date of embarkation at Madras, to England via the Cape, on m.c.

90th Foot.—Lieut. F. B. Bleazby, from June 1 to Nov. 1, to Murree and Cashmere, on m.c.

94th Foot.—Lieut. col. S. Lyster, from July 3 to Oct. 15, in ext. of priv. leave to Subathoo and hills north of Dehra.

Rifle Brigade.—Col. W. A. Fyers, 2nd batt., from June 29 to Aug. 15, in ext., to Simla.

Late 38th N.I.—Lieut. H. I. Wheler (attached to 43rd N.I.), from date of leaving regt., to Calcutta for 1 mo., on m.c.

Late 46th N.I.—Lieut. R. E. Boyle (3rd squad. officer 12th Bengal cav.), from June 26 to July 8, to Calcutta, preparatory to applying for leave to Europe on m.c.

General List Infantry.—Lieut. H. J. Peet (officg. qrmr. 43rd N.I.), from date of leaving regiment, on m.c.

Medical Department.—Surg. G. H. Ray, M.D. (13th Bengal cav.), from May 29 to Oct. 25, to Murree and Cashmere, on m.c.

TROOPS FOR ENGLAND.

July 15.—Under instructions from Government, H.E. the C. in C. in India is pleased to direct that Nos. 1, 2, and 3 batteries 17th brigade R.A., in the Madras Presidency, be held in readiness to proceed this year to England.

PROMOTION.

The Right Hon. the Secy. of State for India has ruled that unattached officers of the Indian service cannot be promoted to the rank of lieut. till they shall have served 5 years in the grade of ensign, and that such officers are not considered eligible for promotion to the rank of captain till they shall have served 7 years in the grade of lieut.

This restriction does not, however, apply to the case of unattached officers who may be so fortunate as to perform distinguished service in the field.

General officers and others who may have occasion to submit the claims of unattached officers to promotion, will be careful that none but officers who have performed approved ordinary service for the periods specified are recommended for advancement under the conditions above referred to.

The following officer is assigned local rank from the date specified, subject to H.M.'s approval:—

To be Major.—Capt. H. N. Kippen, 12th foot, from April 18.

The C. in C. in India is pleased to make the following promotion, until H.M.'s pleasure shall be known:—

38th Foot.—Ens. T. F. Stillwell to be lieut., by purch., v. Lieut. D. R. Lofthouse, who retires, dated April 1.

This cancels the promotion of Ens. L. W. Lee to this vacancy.

Brevet major J. E. L. Willows, late 10th N.I., attached to the Landour convalescent depot, is directed to do duty at Agra.

Under instructions from Horse Guards, Lieut. L. W. Iredell, 104th foot, is directed to proceed to England, to join the depot companies of his regt.

Appointments:—

7th Bengal Cav.—Brevet major C. H. Barchard, c.n., late 20th N.I., to be 2nd squadron officer, v. Lieut. H. L. Hawkins; dated July 14.

11th N.I.—Lieut. D. C. Hennessy, gen. list, inf., attached to the 28th N.I., to be doing duty officer, v. Lieut. T. R. Taylor, gen. list, inf., dec.; dated July 12.

20th N.I.—Lieut. R. A. Wauchope, late 57th N.I., to be qrmr., v. Lieut. C. C. Brownlow, app. to the Punjab irregular force, dated July 12.

22nd N.I.—Lieut. and Qrmr. C. H. Bridges to act as adj., v. Lieut. C. F. Battye, dated July 12. Lieut. R. Beavan, gen. list, inf., to act as qrmr., v. Lieut. C. H. Bridges, dated July 12.

26th N.I.—Lieut. A. B. Hepburn, late 32nd, att. to the 7th N.I., to be doing duty officer, v. Lieut. A. FitzGerald, dated July 14.

43rd N.I.—Lieut. F. V. H. Sperling, late 5th Eur. regt., to act as adj. during the absence on leave of Lieut. W. F. Bartleman, dated July 12. Lieut. C. St. J. B. Barnett, late 19th N.I., to act as qrmr., dated July 12.

44th N.I.—Lieut. D. Robertson, gen. list, inf., to act as doing duty officer, v. Lieut. E. N. D. La Touche, dated July 12. Capt. L. F. Wells, late 2nd Eur. L.C., is app. to do duty with the 3rd Bengal cav.

Lieut. R. A. Wauchope, late 57th N.I., has been declared by the board of examiners at Fort William to have passed in Hindoostanee on the 3rd inst.

The 6 mo. leave to Calcutta for the purpose of studying the native languages, granted Oct. 25, to Capt. G. F. Ormsby, 2nd drag. gds., is hereby cancelled, that officer not having availed himself of it.

The 6 mo. leave granted to Capt. A. K. J. C. Mackenzie, late 5th Eur. L.C., March 13, will be held to have commenced from May 6, instead of April 15, as therein notified.

Ens. R. C. Nicholletts, 38th foot, is appointed to do duty with the 32nd N.I., at Ferozepore, for the purpose of qualifying himself for the staff corps.

Staff surg. maj. M. B. Gallwey will proceed without delay from Muttra to Agra, and assume medical charge of the 1st batt. 23rd foot.

Asst. surg. F. A. Turton, R.A., at present attached to the 1st batt. 23rd foot, will, on the arrival of Surg. maj. M. B. Gallwey, proceed to Meeran Meer for duty with the royal artillery there.

Staff asst. surg. T. E. Hale, at present attached to the 94th foot, Umballah, will proceed to Meeran Meer for duty with the royal artillery there.

The following transfers will take place, viz.:—

Asst. surg. A. R. Hall, from No. 5 batty., 23rd brig., to D batty., 16th brig., R.A.

Asst. surg. J. Rutherford, m.v., from D to II batty., 16th brig., R.A.

The following Saugor district orders are confirmed:—

Dated 6th ult.—Directing Asst. surg. H. H. Maclean, B batty. 16th brigade, royal art., to relieve Asst. surg. J. Kelly, No. 1 batty. 25th brigade, of medical charge of the royal art. at Saugor.

The following orders issued by officer commanding 38th N.I. are confirmed:—

Dated May 17.—Appointing Lieut. H. T. Larkins, gen. list, inf., attached, to officiate as quartermaster.

Dated 25th ult.—Making the following appointments:—

Capt. J. A. Vanrenen, wing officer, to officiate as 2nd in com. and wing officer.

Lieut. H. L. A. Tottenham, qrmr., to officiate as wing officer.

Lieut. W. V. FitzG. Jacob, doing duty officer, to officiate as qrmr.

Lieut. H. T. Larkins, attached, to officiate as doing duty officer.

The following orders are confirmed:—

Sirhind division order, dated March 2 last, appointing Lieut. C. W. Thomas, instructor of musketry of 21st hussars, to officiate as district inspector of musketry 3rd division, with effect from 1st idem, v. Capt. A. Wright, 81st foot, proceeded to England with his regiment.

By Lieut. col. W. Richardson, c.n., comg. right brigade, Doar field force, dated May 10 last, appointing Lieut. F. Van H. Sperling, offic. wing officer of 43rd N.I., to act as dep. asst. qrmr. gen. to the brigade, in addition to his other duties, with effect from April 10 last, v. Lieut. C. J. Griffiths, 43rd N.I., on m.c.

July 15.—The following orders are confirmed:—

Eastern Frontier brig. order, dated May 16, app. Lieut. C. M. MacGregor, late 68th N.I., brig. maj., to offic. as dep. asst. qrmr. gen., v. Lieut. J. May, late 72nd N.I.

Julpeish station order, dated May 24, app. Capt. H. R. Osborn, 2nd squad. officer, 5th Bengal cav., to offic. as station staff, v. Lieut. A. C. Anderson.

Oude div. order, dated 14th ult., directing Asst. surg. A. G. Crewe, 2nd N.I., to proc. to Cawnpore and relieve Staff Asst. surg. J. Barry, m.d., of the med. charge of the 30th N.I., as a temp. arrangement, making over charge of his own regt. to Surg. A. L. S. Campbell, 7th Bengal cav.

By the officer comdg. the 16th Bengal cav., dated 4th inst., directing the foll. appts., in the room of Capt. R. Topham, comdt., m.c.:—

Lieut. A. G. Owen, 2nd in comd. and squad. officer, to offic. as comdt.

Lieut. W. B. Barwell, 2nd squad. officer, to offic. as 2nd in comd. and squad. officer.

Lieut. E. J. Webber, 3rd squad. officer, to offic. as 2nd squad. officer, in addition to his other duties.

Leave of abs.:—

Brig. Staff.—Brig. gen. P. Harris (comdg. Agra brig.) from June 18 to Oct. 18, in ext.

Gen. Staff.—Lieut. J. May (depy. asst. qrmr. gen.) from July 4 to date of departure, in ext., prep. to proc. to Eur. on m.c.

11th Foot.—Lieuts. E. L. Street, and E. H. Vaughton (1st batt.), from July 15 to July 30, in ext., to remain at Mussoorie.

42nd Foot.—Lieut. A. J. Ceely, from Sept. 25 to Oct. 25, in ext., to remain in England.

46th Foot.—Asst. surg. M. J. E. Fagan, m.d., from date of leaving regt., to Calcutta for one mo., m.c.

54th Foot.—Lieut. M. W. E. Gosset, adjt., from July 16 to Aug. 20, in ext. of priv. leave, to remain at Simla.

55th Foot.—Ensign T. Drew, from date of embarkation to England, via either route, m.c.

82nd Foot.—Asst. surg. R. W. Carter, from date of embarkation to England, by the overland route, m.c.

98th Foot.—Lieut. E. W. De Lousada, from June 13 to Aug. 12, in ext., to remain at Mussoorie, prep. to retiring from the service.

104th Foot.—Major G. Gaynor, from June 30 to July 14, to remain at Calcutta on m.c.

Staff Corps.—Capt. H. Campbell, from July 15 to Oct. 15, to Nynee Tal.

Bombay Staff Corps.—Major C. F. F. Chamberlain, comdt. 23rd N.I., from June 19 to Oct. 20, in ext., to remain at Murree and adjacent hills, on m.c.

Late 19th N.I.—Lieut. A. Battye, wing officer 2nd Goorkah regt., from July 14 to Aug. 14, in ext. of priv. leave, to Murree and Cashmere.

Late 42nd N.I.—Capt. E. F. Litchfield, from June 30 to Aug. 29, in extension, to remain at Simla.

Late 45th N.I.—Lieut. E. P. Ommanney (qr. mr. 41th N.I.), from April 25 to June 1, to Calcutta, on m.c.

Late 46th N.I.—Capt. F. D. Ogilvie (wing officer 27th N.I.), from Aug. 3 to Sept. 30, in extension of priv. leave, to Cashmere and Murree.

Gen. List Cav.—Lieut. E. H. Curtis (attached to 4th Bengal cav.), from July 13 to Aug. 15, in extension of priv. leave, to Murree.

July 21.—The undermentioned officers passed the first or lower standard in Hindoostanee on the 23rd ult., agreeably to Clause IV. of G.G.O. No. 731 of 1864:—

Lieut. A. FitzW. Taylor, gen. list, inf.

Ens. C. Norman, 1st batt. 23rd foot.

The following Barrackpore station orders are confirmed:—

Dated 21st ult.—Directing Asst. surg. J. MacN. Fleming, m.d., 29th N.I., to assume medical charge of the Lahore light horse, in addition to his other duties, v. Asst. surg. G. Bremner, m.d., app. to the 12th N.I.

The following orders are confirmed:—

By the officer commanding the 20th N.I., dated May 8 last, app. Lieut. C. C. Brownlow, gen. list, inf., to offic. as qrmr., v. Lieut. R. Wheeler.

By the officer commanding the 16th N.I., dated May 19 last, app. Lieut. D. R. Clarke, late 55th N.I., to offic. as doing duty officer, v. Lieut. H. A. Pakenham.

By the officer commanding the 21st N.I., dated May 26 last, directing Maj. G. D'Aguliar, 2nd in command and wing officer, to assume command during the absence on leave of Lieut. col. T. A. Carey.

By the officer commanding the 14th Bengal cav., dated 6th ult., appg. Lieut. and Adj. W. S. A. Lockhart to offic. as 2nd in command and squadron officer, in addition to his other duties, with effect from May 31 last, v. Maj. R. Chalmers.

By the officer commanding the 107th foot, dated 8th ult., appg. Lieut. W. G. Mansergh to offic. as adj., with effect from May 17, v. Lieut. C. Middlemass.

By the officer commanding the 22nd N.I., dated 9th ult., appg. Lieut. and Qrmr. C. H. Bridges to offic. as adj., in addition to his other duties, v. Lieut. C. F. Battye.

Dinapore brigade order, dated 11th ult., appg. Maj. C. H. Barchard, c.n., late 20th N.I., to offic. as station interpreter, there being no qualified officer available, v. Maj. C. F. G. Lamb, staff corps, app. garrison qrmr., Fort William.

By the officer commanding the 2nd Bengal cav., dated 15th ult., directing Lieut. and Adj. G. L. K. Hewett to assume command of the regt., as a temp. measure, with effect from 14th idem.

Benares station order, dated 20th ult., directing Asst. surg. J. Carlaw, of the 58th foot, to assume med. charge of the regt., with effect from the 6th idem.

Presidency div. order, dated 24th ult., directing Staff asst. surg. G. Atkinson, m.n., ordered to Saugor, to continue to do duty with the 54th foot, during the illness of Asst. surg. J. A. Lamb.

Erratum.—In G.O.C.C. of the 13th ult., confirming Benares div. order, dated the 19th May last, appg. Capt. V. T. Bayly, 54th foot, to command a detachment of convalescents at Parisnauth, with effect from 9th idem. For "9th idem" read "9th April last."

Leave of absence:—

7th Foot.—Asst. surg. T. Sheehy, m.d. (1st batt.), attached to 5th Punjab cav., from May 8 to Nov. 8, to Cashmere, on m.c.

10th Foot.—Capt. C. Hudson (2nd batt.), from date of embarkation at Madras, to England *via* the Cape, for 15 mo.

12th Foot.—Major J. W. Espinase (2nd batt.), from July 14 to Aug. 17, in ext. of priv. leave, to remain at Mussoorie; and Lieut. H. Magee (2nd batt.), from July 15 to Oct. 15, to Nynee Tal.

46th Foot.—Asst. surg. M. J. E. Fagan, m.d., from date of embarkation, to England by either route, on m.c.

54th Foot.—Asst. surg. J. A. Lamb, from date of embarkation, to England by either route, preceding his regt.

60th Rifles.—Capt. E. C. Ainslie (3rd batt.), from date of embarkation at Madras, to England *via* the Cape, on m.c. This cancels the leave granted in G.O. of the 3rd April last.

77th Foot.—Capt. G. E. Leggett, from June 29 to Oct. 31, in ext. of priv. leave, to remain at Nynee Tal on m.c.; and Surg. F. Holton, from July 1 to Sept. 1, in ext.

94th Foot.—Lieut. C. Wilson, from July 15 to Oct. 14, to Cashmere.

101st Foot.—Capt. N. T. Parsons, from April 15 to Oct. 14, to Almorah and hills north of Dehra. This cancels the leave granted June 13 last.

109th Foot.—Ens. T. V. Shepherd, from date of embarkation at Bombay, to New Zealand for 15 mo., on m.c.

Bengal Inf.—Col. G. W. Bishop (commanding at Jullunder), from Aug. 9 to Oct. 15, in ext., to remain at Mussoorie.

Staff Corps.—Maj. R. Chalmers (2nd in com-

mand and squadron officer 14th Bengal cav.), from May 31 to Nov. 30, to hills north of Dehra, on m.c.; Capt. C. M. Longmore (2nd in command and wing officer 26th N.I.), from July 15 to Oct. 31, in ext. of privilege leave, to remain at Simla, on m.c.; and Lieut. G. F. M. Phillips (qrmr. 8th N.I.), from July 6 to July 24, to Calcutta, prep. to applying for leave to Europe, on m.c.

Late 10th N.I.—Lieut. B. P. Hodgson (att. to the 26th N.I.), from July 25 to Oct. 15, in ext.

Late 37th N.I.—Lieut. J. W. A. Michell (adj. 12th N.I.), from June 12 to Dec. 12, to hills north of Dehra, on m.c.

Medical Staff.—Staff surg. maj. E. Menzies (in medical charge 1st batt. 23rd foot), from July 1 to July 31, in ext. of privilege leave, to remain at Mussoorie.

The following orders are confirmed:—

By the officer commanding the 39th N.I., dated April 30 last, making the following temp. appointments, with effect from May 1 last, v. Maj. G. W. Fraser, commandant, and Maj. E. Thomas, 2nd in command and wing officer, proceeded on court martial duty to Gowhaty:—

1. Lieut. F. Gellie, m.a., wing officer, to offic. as commandant.

2. Lieut. H. Thompson, adj., to offic. as 2nd in command and wing officer, in addition to his other duties.

3. Lieut. W. E. D. Broughton, qrmr., to offic. as wing officer, in addition to his other duties.

By the officer commanding the 4th N.I., dated May 15 last, appg. Lieut. E. N. D. La Touche, doing duty officer, to offic. as qrmr., v. Lieut. E. P. Ommanney.

July 26.—The application of the officer commanding the 98th Regiment, for the schoolmaster of his regiment visiting at the public expense the school of the left wing at Delhi, has the approval of Government.

QUARTERMASTER GENERAL'S DEPARTMENT.

Instructions for the conduct of the duties appertaining to the Quartermaster General's Department, and connected with transport at Fort William, consequent on the abolition of the head-quarters branch of the Quartermaster General's Department now maintained at the Presidency, and the total transfer of the transport duties to the major general commanding the Presidency division.

1. All duties appertaining to matters of detail and routine connected with transport heretofore effected through the channel of the head quarters branch of the Quartermaster General's office at Calcutta, will, from Sept. 1, 1865, be performed under the direct orders and supervision of the major general in command of the Presidency division.

2. The staff of the Quartermaster General's Department attached to the command will consist of an assistant and a deputy assistant quartermaster general.

3. The barrack master at Fort William will be subordinate to the garrison quartermaster, the staff officer of the brigadier general commanding at Fort William.

4. The office of the Quartermaster General's Department attached to the command will be in Fort William.

Major gen. E. R. Mainwaring, Bengal army, is permitted to reside in the Sirhind div., and draw his pay and allowances from the Meerut circle.

Lieut. A. J. Wallace, late 60th N.I., attached to the 7th, is transf. to the 14th N.I., at Benares.

Official notification has been received that the undermen. officers of the 11th foot, recently promoted, have been posted to the 2nd batt.:—

Lieuts. F. N. Callwell and E. R. M. Baskerville.

Lieut. Callwell will proceed to China to join his batt., at the public expense.

Official notification has been received that the undermen. officers of the 23rd foot, recently promoted, have been posted to batts. specified:—

Major C. G. C. Norton, 2nd batt.; Capt. F. Gerard, 1st do.; Capt. L. G. Lyons, 1st do.; Lieut. G. B. Luxford, 2nd do.; Lieut. H. J. Knox, 2nd do.

Major Norton will proceed to Gibraltar, without delay, to join his batt., at the public expense.

Official notification has been received that the undermen. officers of the rifle brig., recently promoted, have been posted to the 3rd batt.:—

Capt. H. M. Moorson and Lieut. R. W. Ormerod. The leave granted to Lieut. H. T. Sheppard, of the 31th Foot, in G.O.C. dated Feb. 24 last, to proceed to England for 15 mo., is cancelled at the request of that officer.

At the expiration of his leave on the 31st July, Staff surg. major E. Menzies will proceed to Meerut,

and assume med. charge of the 14th hussars, v. Staff surg. major R. J. Atkinson, F.R.C.S., transf. to another charge.

Under instructions from the Horse Guards, Capt. A. T. Chapman, of the 34th foot, is directed to proceed to England, at the public expense, for duty with the depot of his regt.

The following Presidency division orders are confirmed:—

Dated 8th ult.—Permitting Capt. H. B. Webster, late 4th Eur. L.C., and Lieut. J. B. Brander, late 37th N.I., to proceed to Lucknow for duty.

Dated 12th idem.—Permitting Maj. J. Smith, staff corps, to proceed to Meerut for duty.

Dated 15th idem.—Permitting Lieut. D. Pringle, late 58th N.I., to proceed to Meerut for duty.

Dated 16th idem.—Permitting Lieut. C. St. J. B. Barnett, late 19th N.I., to proceed to Benares for duty.

Dated 11th inst.—Directing the undermentioned officers to proceed to Putlakowa, for duty with the 11th N.I.:—

Maj. C. Bailly, late 17th N.I.

Capt. R. B. Mackenzie, late 12th N.I.

Lieut. J. G. Barlow, late 54th N.I.

Lieut. R. H. Dyas, late 4th Eur. regt.

The following Lucknow brigade order is confirmed:—

Dated 6th inst.—Appointing Capt. T. W. Rutherford, wing officer 83rd N.I., to offic. as station interp., in addition to his other duties, with effect from 4th idem, v. Major H. Finch.

The following Lahore division order is confirmed:—

Dated 15th ult.—Directing Asst. surg. F. S. Silliant, 21st N.I., to assume med. charge of 3rd N.I., in addition to his other duties, with effect from 3rd idem, in the room of Surg. major E. B. Thring.

The following orders by the Officer commanding 31st N.I., are confirmed:—

Dated Oct. 3 last.—Directing Lieuts. F. Tweddell, gen. list, inf., to offic. as wing officer, and J. T. Harris, staff corps, to offic. as adj., in the room of Lieut. H. V. Riddell.

Dated 7th ult.—Appointing Lieut. R. D. Beeston, gen. list, inf., to offic. as qmr., in room of Lieut. F. Tweddell.

The following orders are confirmed:—

Nowgong station order, dated March 24 last, directing Capt. E. D. Harvest, 97th foot, to assume command of a detachment of invalids proceeding to Nynee Tal, in room of Ensign C. T. W. Penton, 88th foot.

By the Officer commanding 80th foot, dated April 4 last, appointing Capt. G. Sullivan to act as interp. to the regt.

By the officer commanding the 5th N.I., dated May 24, appg. Lieut. A. Harden, doing duty officer, to offic. as qmr., in addition to his other duties, in the room of Lieut. J. H. C. G. Lassalle.

By the officer commanding the 37th N.I., dated 30th idem, appg. Lieuts. C. E. D. Branson, qmr., and C. Ransford, doing duty officer, the former to offic. as adj., and the latter as qmr.

By the officer commanding the 4th N.I., dated 1st inst., appg. Maj. W. H. Stubbs, 2nd in command and wing officer, to offic. as commandant, in addition to his other duties, in room of Lieut. col. J. Liptrott, proceeded on leave.

Leave of absence:—

General Staff.—Lieut. col. C. A. Barwell (asst. adj. gen., Oude division), from Aug. 12 to Oct. 15, in ext. of privilege leave, to remain at Mussoorie.

Royal Horse Art.—Lieuts. T. M. Hazlerigg (D batty. A brig.), from July 1 to Oct. 15, to Mussoorie, on m.c.; and H. Stevenson (B batty. E brig.), from date of embarkation at Bombay, to England for 15 mo.

Royal Art.—Col. M. A. S. Biddulph (13th brig.), from June 30 to Nov. 15, in ext. of privilege leave, to remain at Murree and the adjacent hills, on m.c. (This cancels the leave granted in G.O.C. 10th inst.) Lieut. H. D. Richmond (D batty. 19th brig.), from June 24 to Oct. 15, to Cashmere on m.c.

4th Foot.—Capt. D. G. Clery (1st batt.), from date of embarkation, to England for 15 mo.

18th Foot.—Lieut. H. G. Heath (1st batt.), from date of embarkation at Madras, to England, on m.c.

23rd Foot.—Capt. W. M. Lees (1st batt., offic. dep. judge adv. gen., Oude division), from July 7 to Oct. 20, to visit Hills north of Dehra, on m.c.

46th Foot.—Lieut. R. L. W. M. Maydwell, from June 15 to Oct. 14, to Mussoorie and Hills north of Dehra.

55th Foot.—Capt. O. S. Delano-Osborne, from July 1 to Oct. 15, in ext. of priv. leave, to Murree and Hills north of Dehra; and Lieut. J. H. Evans, from date of embarkation, to England by either route, on m.c.

88th Foot.—Surg. A. H. Fraser, M.D., from June 14 to July 31, in ext. of priv. leave, to remain at Dhurmsala and visit the adjacent hills.

90th Foot.—Lieut. W. S. Hamilton, from Aug. 12 to Nov. 1, in ext. of priv. leave, to Cashmere, on m.c.

Staff Corps.—Capt. C. C. Ekins (wing officer 32nd N.I.), from June 30 to July 31, in ext. of priv. leave, to remain at Simla; and R. Topham (comdt. 16th Bengal cav.), from July 4 to July 31, to Calcutta, on m.c.

Bengal Inf.—Lieut. col. H. E. S. Abbott (offic. comdt. 28th N.I.), from June 1 to Oct. 15, to Mussoorie.

Late 6th Eur. Regt.—Lieut. R. S. Robertson (wing officer 31st N.I.), from April 19 to Dec. 15, to Nynee Tal and Hills north of Dehra, on m.c. This cancels the leave granted in G.O. May 13 last.

Late 34th N.I.—Capt. J. Thomson (adj. 13th N.I.), from June 30 to Nov. 15, in ext.

Late 40th N.I.—Capt. E. J. Wild (2nd in com. and wing officer 40th N.I.), from May 1 to Nov. 1, to Mussoorie, on m.c.

Gen. List, Inf.—Lieut. H. Howell (attached to 15th Bengal cav.), from April 15 to Oct. 15, to Simla.

MADRAS.

BY THE GOVERNOR IN COUNCIL.

Aug. 8 to 26.—Appointments:—

Mr. J. W. Johnston, acting dep. coll. in charge of the treasury at Madura, to be district registrar of assurances of that district.

Capt. W. S. Macleod, 1st regt. L.C., to be cantonment mag. at Bellary.

Lieut. col. F. Young, Madras staff corps, is permitted to resign his appt. as cantonment mag. of Wellington, from this date.

The services of Capt. G. N. Johnstone, staff corps, are replaced at the disposal of H.E. the C. in C.

The services of Asst. surg. E. McL. Ross have been placed at the disposal of the Madras Government of India.

Leave of absence:—

Capt. J. E. Baillie, staff corps, prob. superint. of Mofussil police, for 20 mo., on m.c.

Maj. J. Michael, staff corps, acting supt. of family payments and pensions, 60 days' priv. leave, from Sept. 1.

Capt. J. Obbard, sec. to the mil. fund, is perm. to act for Major Michael, during the abs. and on the responsibility of the latter.

Capt. G. A. Walker, of the staff corps, asst. coms. gen., is perm. to proc. to Bombay on prep. leave for 30 days, on m.c.

2nd Capt. H. W. Wood, R.E., exec. engr., 4th grade, Saugor dist., on m.c. for 20 mo., to Europe, under turr. regs. of 1854, and to embark from Madras.

1st Foot.—Major J. P. Gore, 1st batt., from June 30 to Dec. 31, in ext., to remain in Eur. on m.c.

60th Rifles.—Capt. P. J. Curtis, 3rd batt., from date of embarkation at Madras, to England overland, on m.c.

60th Rifles.—Ens. L. Bradford, 3rd batt., from date of embarkation at Madras, to England, via the Cape, on m.c.

3rd Regt. L.C.—Surg. J. T. Williams, from July 19, 1865, or date of departure, for 3 mo., the first 60 days as priv. leave, to Secunderabad.

Gen. List.—Capt. A. R. Kenney, doing duty 1st L.C., from Aug. 21 to Sept. 23, 1865, in continuation of priv. leave, Bangalore.

19th Foot.—Capt. and paymr. J. Wray, 2nd batt., to England on m.c., unfit to do duty with troops.

46th Foot.—Capt. C. B. C. Speke, to England, on m.c.

60th Rifles.—Lieut. P. O'B. Butler, 3rd batt., to England on m.c.

R. Cole, principal inspector gen. med. dept., is granted priv. leave for 60 days from the 18th inst.; Inspector gen. of hospitals W. Mackenzie will, without prejudice to his own duties, perform those of the principal inspector gen. during Mr. Cole's absence.

Royal Art.—2nd Capt. T. I. M. Hog, No. 1 baty. 20th brig., to England, m.c.; he will report his arrival at the Horse Gds., unfit to do duty with troops; Lieut. C. H. A. Gower, No. 5 baty. 20th brig., from July 15 to Oct. 14; Madras and eastern coast, m.c.

19th Foot.—Capt. and Paymr. J. Wray, 2nd batt., for 3 mo.; Eastern Coast and Madras, on m.c.

10th Foot.—Lieut. C. W. Carter, 2nd batt., for 3

mo., Nundidroog and neighbourhood of Bangalore, on m.c.

Major J. Crisp, of the Eur. veterans, is permitted to proceed to Calcutta for 9 mo., under the old furl. regs., with retrospective effect from the date of embark., the first 60 days being priv. leave.

Appointments:—

Capt. F. W. Hamilton, H.M.'s 21st fus., extra A.D.C., to be A.D.C. to H.E. the Governor.

Major B. M. Deane, 1st batt. 18th royal Irish regt., is app. comdt. of the Convalescent Depot at Wellington, with effect from Nov. 1 next.

Lieut. W. W. Hooper, cadre 7th regt. L.C., doing duty with 4th L.C., is app. to do duty with H.E. the Governor's body guard, as a temp. arrangement.

In anticipation of the services of Major A. Stevens, staff corps, being placed at the disposal of the C. in C., that officer is appointed to do duty at Bangalore, under the orders of the officer comg. Mysore division.

Madras Staff Corps.—Major (brevet lieut. col.) F. Young, having completed 26 years' service, 8 of which were on permanent staff employ, to be lieut. col. from Sept. 18, 1863, under the Royal Warrant of Jan. 16, 1861, subject to her Majesty's approval.

Capt. (brev. maj.) C. S. Elliot, having completed 20 years' service, 6 of which were on permanent staff employ, to be major, from Feb. 10, 1863, under the Royal Warrant of Jan. 16, 1861, subject to H.M.'s approval.

Lieut. (brev. capt.) W. G. Ward, having completed 12 years' service, 4 of which were on permanent staff employ, to be capt., from July 20, 1865, under the Royal Warrant of Jan. 16, 1861, subject to H.M.'s approval.

The undermentioned officers, having completed 26 years' service, 8 of which were on permanent staff employ, to be lieut. cols., from the dates specified against their names, under the Royal Warrant of Jan. 16, 1861, subject to H.M.'s approval:—

Maj. W. H. Crichton, C.B., from Aug. 19, 1865, and Maj. T. C. Longcroft, from Aug. 20, 1865.

No. 754.—The undermentioned officers, having completed 20 years' serv., six of which were on permanent staff employ, to be capt., from the dates specified against their name, under the Royal Warrant of Jan. 16, 1861, subject to H.M.'s app.:

Cpts. W. H. Hessey and R. Q. Mainwaring, from Aug. 20 last.

Promotions:—

Capt. (brevet major) T. C. Ansley, 9th regt. N.I., to be lieut. col., from Aug. 10 last.

Lieut. J. P. T. Sherman, 37th grens., to be capt., from Aug. 15 last.

12th Regt. N.I.—Major L. Tripe to be lieut. col. by brevet, from Aug. 20 last.

Cadre 52nd Regt. N.I.—Capt. E. W. H. Latward to be major by brevet, from Aug. 20 last.

BIRTHS.

BUNBURY.—At Ootacamund, Neilgherries, on 8th July, the wife of Bt.-major A. C. Bunbury, of a daughter.

BROWNE.—At Commillah, on August 15, the wife of J. J. Browne, Esq., of a daughter.

DRURY.—At St. Thomas's Mount, Madras, on Aug. 13, the wife of Rev. C. R. Drury, Chaplain, of a son.

FRESSANGES.—At Cuttack, Aug. 13, the wife of S. J. Fressanges, Esq., of a son.

HOUGHTON.—At Mergin, on July 11, the wife of Lieut. R. Houghton, M. S. C., Superintendent of Police, of a son, still-born.

KELLNER.—At 8, Dacres-lane, Calcutta, Aug. 18, the wife of G. F. Kellner, Esq., of a daughter.

KNOX.—At Chetput, Madras, on Aug. 17, the wife of C. J. Knox, Esq., C. S., of a son.

LIGHTFOOT.—At Morrellunge, Aug. 13, the wife of H. N. Lightfoot, Esq., of a daughter.

RITCHIE.—At Bangalore, on Aug. 13, the wife of A. M. Ritchie, Esq., B.A., Barrister-at-Law, Registrar of H.M.'s High Court at Madras, of a daughter.

SHERBOURNE.—At 11, Strand, Calcutta, Aug. 18, the wife of N. Sherbourne, Esq., of a son.

SMITH.—At Kandy, Aug. 10, the wife of Robert M. Smith, Esq., Oolanakanda Estate, of a daughter.

TEMPLE.—At Calcutta, Aug. 15, the wife of H. G. Temple, solicitor, of a son.

WALKER.—At Ballygunge, Aug. 12, the wife of Alexander Walker, Esq., of a son.

WAY.—At Nagode, Aug. 7, the wife of Lieut. G. A. Way, of a son.

WALLER.—At Monghyr, Aug. 18, the wife of Capt. Waller, Dep. Supt. Police, of a son.

MARRIAGES.

BARSOE—**CRISPEYN**.—At Trincomalie, Ceylon, Aug. 24, Capt. P. J. Barsoe, late master of the *Tory*, to the eldest daughter of B. Crispeyn, Esq., of Royal Dockyard, Trincomalie.

CARWITHEN—**CREASY**.—At Nuwera Ellia, Ceylon, Aug. 18, George Terry Luden Carwithen, Captain in 2nd Batt. of H.M.'s 25th Regt. K.O.B., eldest son of the Rev. George Carwithen, of Ashpington, Cheshire, to Mary Cottam, eldest daughter of Sir Edward and Lady Creasy.

CLARKSON—**LE FEVRE**.—At Moheem, July 31, J. G. Clarkson, Esq., to Mary Catherine, daughter of C. Le Fevre, Esq.

FISCHER—**WHITEHEAD**.—At Bombay, August 9, F. Fischer, of Orad, to Frances Whitehead.

HUMPIDGE—**COLLINS**.—At Calcutta, August 10, J. Humridge, Esq., to Margaret Anne, eldest daughter of B. L. Collins, Esq.

ROSSETTO—**DILLON**.—At Agra, August 12, D. Rossetto, of the Opium Department, late of Venice, to Miss Elizabeth Dillon.

SHEPPEE—**JOHNSTONE**.—At Aden, June 28, F. F. Sheppee, Esq., R.A., to Alice Jessie, daughter of Major M. Johnstone.

WEBSTER—**HARCOURT**.—At Hoollungoor, Upper Assam, Aug. 1, A. Lyell Webster, to Edith St. Clair Harcourt.

WILSON—**DACOSTA**.—At Kussowlie, July 29, T. N. Wilson, Esq., C.S., of Bankipore, to Cordelia Eliza, eldest daughter of E. Dacosta, Esq., of Calcutta.

WOODLOCK—**MORAN**.—At Lucan, July 11, T. Woodlock Esq., to Emilia Jane, eldest daughter of W. Moran, Esq., of Mountjoy-square, Dublin, and late of Calcutta.

DEATHS.

BALL.—At Colombo, Aug. 31, Matilda Welhelmina, wife of Mr. John Ball.

BAKER.—At Barrackpore, Aug. 10, Sarah, wife of H. F. Baker, Esq., and daughter of the late Capt. Sherriif, Bengal army.

BAHADOUR.—At Jetlee, Patna, Aug. 14, the wife of Moonshes Ameer Ali Khan Bahadour.

GODFREY.—At Jubbulpore, Central India, Aug. 6, Irene Lilian, only daughter of Capt. C. J. Godfrey, 10th regt., Madras N.I., aged 24 years.

GILL.—At the Haupper Stud, Calcutta, on the 28th July, Mrs. C. Gill, aged 63, sincerely regretted.

GODFREY.—At Jubbulpore, Central India, on the 6th August, Irene Lilian, only daughter of Capt. Charles James Godfrey, 10th Regt. Madras N.I., aged 2 years 5 months and 12 days.

GARDNER.—At Calcutta, on July 19, of consumption, W. H. Gardner, Esq., aged 27 years and 11 days.

GILLMOR.—At Camp Ahmedabad, on August 14, Clara Greenwood, the infant daughter of Lieut. and Quartermaster J. G. Gillmor, H.M.'s 20th Regiment N.I., aged 5 months.

GUTHRIE.—At Bombay, on August 10, on board his ship, Capt. David Guthrie, of the ship *Inconstant*, aged 55 years.

HAWKINS.—At Kurrachee, on August 2, Lieut.-col. J. R. Hawkins, R.A., aged 43 years.

HEARSEY.—At Allahabad, on August 1, of diarrhoea, Albert John, youngest son of Lieut. A. W. Hearsey, H.M.'s 107th Regiment, aged 1 year and 1 month.

HIGGINS.—At the R.C. School, Byculla, Bombay, on July 30, William, son of Serg.-major Higgins, aged 13 years.

HURST.—At Malabar-hill, on August 20, John Hurst, Esq., partner in Messrs. Peel, Cassels, and Co., aged 31 years.

HERITAGE.—At Calcutta, August 10, Benjamin Heritage, Esq., late a Pensioner in the Bengal Pilot Service, aged 70 years.

HOWEL.—At Allahabad, August 4, Amy Helen, the infant daughter of Captain Howel L. Jones, Royal Artillery.

KING.—At Poona, Mr. Charles King, of Kurrachee, of chronic dysentery.

MACCULLOUGH.—At Cochicadde, Colombo, July 30, William MacCulloch, Esq., aged 66 years.

MORRISON.—At Indore, of cholera, August 8, George Morrison, late Indian Carrying Company, deeply regretted.

MARKUS.—At Kandy, Aug. 19, Charles Peter Markus, Esq., M.B.C.S., England, asst. colonial surg.

OLIVER.—At Nundkote, August 1, Captain Edward Dudley Oliver, 57th Light Infantry.

ORD.—At Malabar-hill, August 5, the wife of Augustus W. Ord, Esq., aged 40 years.

O'BRIEN.—At sea, April 9, on board the ship *King Arthur*, Mr. William O'Brien, late Head Assistant, Military Department, Account Branch, Bengal.

PLATTS.—At Bombay, July 27, Lucy Emily, the only daughter of Captain H. T. and Mrs. Platts.

ROGERS.—At Mussoorie, previous to Aug. 6, Mr. Rogers, Rifle Brigade.

ROSEWELL.—At Calcutta, August 14, of dysentery, Maria Frances Rosewell, relict of the late John Palmer Rosewell, aged 61 years.

ROBINSON.—At Kolagiri, Aug. 16, Anna Maria, inf. daughter of W. Robinson, Esq., C.S.

SMITH.—At Girgaum, Aug. 10, Catherine, the wife of Captain Lawrence Smith, of the Bombay Landing and Shipping Company, aged 42 years.

SMITH.—At Dhurumtollah, Calcutta, Aug. 13, Mrs. S. A. Smith, aged 72 years and 3 months.

SMITH.—Aug. 19, Mr. Daniel Smith, jun., at the early age of 24.

SCOTT.—At Kandy, August 23, George Scott, Esq., Ambalawa Estate, Gampolla, aged 22 years.

WILLIAMS.—At Secunderabad, July 17, Ernest Alfred, fourth child of Surg. J. T. Williams, 3rd Regt. L. C.

WAR OFFICE.

CHANGES, PROMOTIONS, &c.,
IN H.M.'s REGIMENTS SERVING IN INDIA.
Sept. 29.

19th Hussars.—Lieut. H. E. Kensit, from the 20th hussars, to be lieut., v. M. S. Saunders, who exch.

20th Hussars.—Lieut. M. S. Saunders, from the 19th hussars, to be lieut., v. H. E. Kensit, who exch.

7th Foot.—Ens. R. B. & Beckett to be lieut., by purch., v. the Hon. W. P. Moreton, who ret.; W. E. Richardson, gent., to be ens., by purch., v. & Beckett.

18th Foot.—Maj. and brev. col. L. Graham, from the 19th foot, to be major, v. B. M. Deane, who exch.

19th Foot.—Major B. M. Deane, from the 18th foot, to be major, v. Brev. col. L. Graham, who exch.

21st Foot.—Capt. W. J. Close, from the 3rd West India regt., to be capt., v. P. H. Delamere, who exch.

46th Foot.—Ens. J. M. Low to be lieut., by purch., v. H. W. Estridge, who ret.; Gent. Cadet W. Farwell, from the Royal Military College, to be ensign, by purch., v. Low.

77th Foot.—Capt. C. E. L. Lyon, from the 100th foot, to be capt., v. J. Lazenby, who exch.

BREVET.

The undermentioned officers, having completed the qualifying service in the rank of lieut. col., to be cols. under the provisions of the Royal Warrant of Oct. 14, 1858:—

Lieut. col. P. B. Roe, 60th foot.
Lieut. col. J. C. H. Jones, 54th foot.
Lieut. col. G. G. C. Stapylton, 32nd foot.
Lieut., with the honorary rank of capt., H. W. Sibley, paymr., 46th foot, to have the honorary rank of major.
Capt. J. Holland, paymr., depot batt., to have the honorary rank of major.
Sub asst. surg. H. W. Smith, 6th regt. Hyderabad contingent, to have the local and honorary rank of Asst. surg. in India.

Casualties by Death in the Armies of India reported since last Publication.

BENGAL.—Maj. gen. M. E. Sherwill, late H.M.'s 2nd Bengal Fusiliers (10th Regt.), at Kirby-Lonsdale, Westmoreland, aged 51, sept. 25. Lieut. col. G. F. F. Vincent, Retired List, H.M.'s Indian Army, at Bath, aged 72, Sept. 27. S. Winbolt, Esq., late of the Bengal Medical Establishment, at 18, Pelham-crescent, Brompton, aged 63, Sept. 25.

Passengers by the present Mail.

Per str. Ripon.—For MARSEILLES.—From CALCUTTA.—Col. D. Reid, Mr. J. W. Macdonald, Rev. W. Spencer, Mr. and Mrs. Macdougall and infant, Lieut. E. Latouche, Mr. D. MacKinnon, Mr. J. P. Ward, Capt. E. Thackeray and two infants, Mr. J. Smith, Mr. Jamieson. From MADRAS.—Dr. A. Blacklock, Capt. E. Baillie, Dr. Aitken. From ALEXANDRIA.—Mr. Van Cutsem, Mr. M. J. Saba.

Expected at Southampton.

Per str. Precidia.—From CALCUTTA.—Capt. Chapman, Maj. Catty, Mr. McCullagh, Maj. Bayley, Mr. Scott, Mr. Graham, Maj. Thackeray and infants, Mrs. Maurice, Mrs. Billows, Mrs. Ward, Mr. and Mrs. Trevelyan and two children, Rev. W. Spencer, Capt. Armstrong, Capt. Griffith, Asst. surg. Shardon, Capt. Riley, Mr. D. Wright, Mr. J. Holmes, Col. Baumgartner, Mrs. Clerk, Mr. B. Minns, Lieut. West.

To Correspondents.

All letters for insertion in *Allen's Indian Mail* should be accompanied with the real name and address of the writer, "not necessarily for publication, but as a guarantee of good faith."

Communications for the Editor, and Advertisements, should be sent under cover to Messrs. W. M. H. ALLEN & Co., 13, Waterloo-place, S.W.

. Should any delay or irregularity occur in supplying this Paper, communication of the fact to the Publisher will insure a remedy.

ALLEN'S INDIAN MAIL,

SATURDAY, September 30, 1865.

THE ROYAL SANITARY COMMISSION AND DR. LEITH.

THE alarming conclusions of the Royal Commission upon the health of European troops in India were some time since disputed by the local Government; and Dr. Leith, Deputy Inspector-general of Hospitals, and President of the Bombay Sanitary Commission, has just visited the report with what we may consider a conclusive demolition. This "rejoinder" of the Doctor settles the question as far as Bombay is concerned, and leaves little doubt as to the applicability of his facts and arguments to the other presidencies. The object of the Governor of Bombay in directing the investigation made by Dr. Leith, was to ascertain, so far as circumstances would admit, the actual sanitary condition of the Bombay army at the latest date before the introduction of the improvements recommended by the Royal Commission, in order that a starting point more precise than was afforded in the Royal Commission's report upon India generally, being thus obtained, future progress might be more accurately noted. The Governor of Bombay, when ordering the report, determined at the same time that a methodical and minute examination of each station should be made as soon as practicable. In fulfilling this requisition, Dr. Leith, without questioning the conclusions of the Royal Commission as a whole, believed it right to point out certain inaccuracies in the station returns furnished to the Commission, and to mention local circumstances which had been ignored—perhaps unnecessarily so—in the summary conclusions regarding India as a whole, but which were not of an exceptional nature as regarded Bombay, considered separately. The "remarks" of the Royal Commission gave the Doctor reason to suppose that the object of his report had been misunderstood; and he enters into several particulars to justify this view of the case. He complains especially of the Commissioners drawing general conclusions from

particular and exceptional data, as in such instances as the following :—

"With reference to paragraphs 5 and 6, on what is said by me on the means of exercise and recreation, and in which certain deficiencies at Bombay stations are specified, it may be noted that, as is shown in Dr. Rooke's Report, published by the Royal Commission in its Appendix of evidence, Sattara, Ahmedabad, Baroda, and Neemuch, all formerly stations for Native troops only, had been merely occupied by Europeans on account of the Mutiny, and there had not yet been the opportunity of providing for the men's amusements; but so soon as peace and order were restored to the country the deficiencies began to be supplied. The Bombay Town Barracks and the Native stations, Malligaum and Surat, which on the same account had become the temporary residence of European troops, were relinquished by them on the restoration of peace.

"In now referring to these changes and to those others which may be ascertained on comparing the appendix of my report with the station returns, I merely wish to show that, whatever reason the Royal Commission had to write as it did regarding India as a whole, or regarding some stations of Bombay as they were described in the years 1859-1860, the conclusion that there were no means of exercise required some qualification before it could be applied to Bombay after the close of 1863, when I wrote.

"The authors of the 'Remarks' have misunderstood my words.—In so far as it is from the Canteen Fund that their implements for play are obtained, their games are connected with drink, but it is not the case, as might be inferred, that drinking accompanies their games or exercise, or necessarily follows them.—when they take them as confirming the unqualified statement that 'the men's amusements, such as they are, are always connected more or less with drink.' When seeking to represent matters as regarded Bombay, in what appeared to me their true relation, I was not the less desirous that the evils connected with the Canteen should cease, and that the time should soon come when canteens should no longer be needed.

"In regard to the 'Remarks' (paras. 7 and 8) on the sewerage of stations, it must be observed that the Royal Commission recommended the removal of excreta by water and their drainage to an 'available outlet,' and it was altogether silent on the utilisation of the sewage. There was reason for its being understood that when a fall to an 'available outlet,' was spoken of, some existing outlet was intended, and not, as is now suggested in the 'Remarks,' a reservoir to be made for the purpose in a neighbouring field; and knowing as I did the difficulties in the way of utilising liquid sewage in this country, and that at most of the stations of this army neither sea nor public sewer was available, and also that the manure in this prescribed liquid form was not in any way to be profitably employed, there was some excuse in such a case for its having been supposed that an outlet into a river was contemplated. 'It might have been added that the discharge of latrine sewage into the ordinary rivers of this country would be most reprehensible even after it had passed through a filter.'

That errors of the kind have arisen may be easily accounted for by the fact that the Royal Commission drew their averages from a period extending over fifty-seven years previous to 1857, whereas Dr. Leith took the more practical course of confining his investigations to a period of fifteen years, including the exceptional time of the Mutinies and the subsequent years, which of course give the surest indication of things as they are. His figures show that during the time under review there has been a steady fall in the death-rate, and a continuous improvement in the health of the European army in the Bombay Presidency. The average mortality during the last fifteen years was 29 per 1,000; for the last ten years, 27.1; for the last five years, 23.7; for the last four years, 20.9;

for the last three years, 17.5; for the last two years, 16.3; and for the last year (1863), 12.07.

In commenting upon these highly satisfactory results, the Bombay Government observes that "there seems no doubt of the answer to the question whether the present rate of mortality was exaggerated by the Royal Commission." And the resolution adds these significant words :—"There can be no doubt that the unquestionable facts of the case in this Presidency and army did not agree with the general conclusions stated in the commissioners' report, and the knowledge of this fact caused a deep and universal feeling of injustice and wrong in all those commanding and medical officers and others who had laboured of late most zealously and effectively in the cause of sanitary reform. The Governor in Council has reason to know that this feeling pervaded all ranks from the very highest to the very lowest, that it did in many ways great harm to the cause of sanitary reform, and was likely to prove a most serious obstacle to carrying out the many excellent suggestions of the commission."

The Governor in Council might have added—only it was not his business to point to a matter of Imperial policy—that the impression produced by the conclusions of the Royal Commission has tended in no small degree to render Indian service unpopular, and consequently to interfere with recruiting for the line. The results, to be sure, refer only to Bombay; but their application to the whole of India may be taken for granted; and it is much to be regretted that a mistaken mode of calculation, from unnecessary data, should have led to so false an impression upon so important a subject.

SCINDE RAILWAY (INDUS STEAM FLOTILLA, PUNJAB, AND DELHI RAILWAYS) COMPANY.

The half-yearly general meeting of this company was held yesterday (Friday) at the London Tavern; Mr. William Patrick Andrew in the chair.

The Secretary having read the notice convening the meeting, the report of the directors, which has already been published, was taken as read.

The Chairman, in moving the adoption of the report, said he was happy to state that by the recent mail accounts of the traffic were received of a much more favourable nature than was indicated in the report. The directors in all their reports had studiously stated what they believed to be the exact facts of the case, and, if anything, they held out hopes of less prosperity than they believed would be realised. He was happy to say on the present occasion that the statement regarding the traffic, and the hopes held out respecting it, had been more than realised, inasmuch as the traffic managers of the Scinde and Punjab Railway had reported that the traffic on both lines had received a great impetus, with every prospect of its continuing. On the last occasion he had stated before he went into details that they had in all their undertakings about 137 miles of railway open and in working order; that

they had 531 miles under construction; and that they had about 500 miles under survey, making in all entrusted to this company 1,161 miles, without small branches which would be necessary. He had now to state that instead of having only 137 miles open for traffic they had 358; they had 310 under construction, and they had the same number of miles as before under survey. The improvements of the harbour of Kurrachee, on the ultimate success of which all their undertakings must of necessity depend, were going on now with greater vigour than formerly, and had already greatly progressed, inasmuch as two feet more water on the bar was now available. But those improvements, from what cause he was not aware, that had been suggested by the eminent harbour engineer, Mr. Walker, had been interfered with, and only part of that scientific gentleman's ideas had been carried out. Instead of carrying the project out in its integrity, they had only done half of it. He was, however, happy to say, from the private information he had received, that it had now been finally determined to carry out those improvements in their integrity. Those on the spot, both connected with the harbour and with the railway, and the leading commercial men, all looked forward to those improvements as the most certain means of making Kurrachee Harbour the best possible, in fact, second to no harbour in India, unless it was that of Bombay itself. He thought it necessary to make these observations, inasmuch as several of the shareholders had applied to him for information with regard to the position of the harbour. He had already stated that the traffic of the Scinde Railway was increasing, and he might add he had received a letter from the acting agent, reporting a further increase in that traffic. The flotilla, he was happy to say, had also participated in that increased traffic, the steamers being perfectly inadequate to remove the goods at Mooltan. The directors had taken, as would be seen from the report, the best means possible to obtain efficient steamers for the navigation of the Indus. He might say the plan which he originally, above all others, desired was, to place the building of those steamers in the hands of the eminent firms who now had undertaken to build them. He considered it one of the most difficult problems to solve how to get a boat well adapted for that difficult and treacherous river, but he believed they were now in a fair way of solving that most difficult of all problems. If they succeeded according to their expectations they would be in a position to ask the Government boldly to make a very large increase to their flotilla. If they did not succeed it would then be an additional argument for them to urge upon the Government the absolute necessity for the immediate commencement of the railway along the valley of the Indus. But he should be glad to see that they were able, in the first instance, to navigate these treacherous waters with efficient steam vessels. Other means might suggest themselves, such as the turning of that difficult pass at Sukkur by means of a short canal, and should that project be carried out, one obstacle would be removed in the navigation of the river. The more successful the steamers were the more would the commerce of the country be developed, and the more perfect would be the communication by railways. He had had the honour of explaining on several previous occasions that it was not expected the company would meet with any injurious rivalry whatever. He considered after the Indus Valley Railway was constructed, there would be ample room for those vessels to supply the ports of the river, and indeed to carry some of the less valuable and more heavy goods that might not come to the railway. He might now say a few words with regard to the Punjab Railway. It was mentioned in the report

that it was opened throughout at the end of April last. No railway in India has been so highly honoured as that railway had been by the great and illustrious men of the country who had identified themselves with it. The present Governor-General, as they would remember, had turned the first sod, and Sir Robert Montgomery had opened the section to Umritsur. The Viceroy had opened the first section from Lahore towards Mooltan, the opening of the line throughout having been witnessed by the present excellent Governor, Mr. McLeod. The traffic, considering the unusually severe heat of the season—the months of May and June being the hottest in the year, and the least likely for people to travel, or even send their goods—notwithstanding these disadvantages, the traffic was double in the month of June what it had been in the previous month, and the traffic in the last week for which returns had been received was £2,100. That, considering the season and the newness of the undertaking to the natives, was an increase which to him was perfectly satisfactory, as well as to the local authorities. By the last mail the acting agent wrote that there was a large accumulation of merchandise at Mooltan. The estimates taken for the completion of the Punjab Railway had been sent forward by the chief engineer, who thinks the cost of completing the line will but little exceed £2,000,000. His (the chairman's) own opinion had always been that before they had built every station and thoroughly equipped the line with rolling stock, which they had not done yet, the sum of £2,500,000 he had originally named would be very nearly approached. However, it was very gratifying to find that the cost was kept down so much as it would be, notwithstanding the scene of their operations being so remote from the sea. As to the Delhi Railway, the works were progressing rapidly. The arrangements made by their excellent agent, Mr. Stevens, for the local contracts had succeeded well. Everything was being pushed forward, and every preparation was being made by Mr. Brassey to carry that important work to a speedy and satisfactory completion. Those were the four works—the Scinde Railway, the Indus Flotilla, the Punjab Railway, and the Delhi Railway, which they had inaugurated, and so far brought towards completion. But the line of railway of all others to which they attached importance was that along the Indus Valley. They attached importance to that, inasmuch as without it the other three undertakings would be less remunerative to the proprietors, and less valuable to the Government than they must of necessity be if the missing link were supplied. Great credit was due to Mr. Brunton and his staff for their exertions under circumstances of no ordinary difficulty, inasmuch as the last season had been one of unusual severity, and had been attended with great sickness. The plans and sections and maps would do credit to engineers in any country. The route by the left bank he had advocated as the shortest, the easiest, and the cheapest, and the survey and estimates proved that that opinion was correct. Their staff had surveyed from Kotree on the right bank to Sukkur. They had surveyed 480 miles of the left bank, and about 200 on the right bank. But before any final decision could be come to, it was thought necessary to make a third survey, by way of Jacobabad. He considered it waste of time to survey that route. It was beset with physical difficulties, and even if it were one of the easiest lines in the world, as far as he was himself concerned, he would not give his consent to a line strategically on the wrong side of the river. The great thing was to have information on all points, and actual surveys, so as to put them in a position to select the best line. The advantages the Indus Valley line would give to the Government in developing the commerce of the country was very great.

It would also give them great facilities in the movement of troops, and would be the means of saving life. He considered the moving of a regiment up the Indus route by having a railway, instead of the present railway and river communication, would diminish the cost by £1 a man, and instead of taking twenty days it would take four days. He thought that all the circumstances combined must induce the Government to extend their guarantee. He thought by this time next year he might have the pleasure of announcing that the inauguration of this great enterprise had been committed to their hands. He had nothing further to remark on this occasion, and would merely state his desire to give any further information that any gentleman might wish for. He would now move that the report of the directors be received and adopted.

Mr. Williams seconded the resolution.

A Shareholder asked whether it was probable that more money would shortly be wanted for the Delhi Railway.

The Chairman said they had still about £800,000 in the hands of the Government, but they were paying, he was happy to say, large cheques to the contractors as the work progressed, so that the money would be speedily diminished. The directors would not be able to take any money, or make any calls for five or six months. When their money was reduced to £300,000 or £400,000 they would, probably, make a call of about £2 a share, and give the shareholders the option of paying up in full. With regard to the £500,000 additional capital for the Punjab Railway, it would be issued to the existing shareholders in the Punjab Company in the proportion of one share for every three.

The resolution for the adoption of the report was then put and carried unanimously.

A resolution was also past, authorising the raising of £500,000 additional capital by the issue of 25,000 shares of £20 each on account of the Punjab Railway, upon which capital the Secretary of State for India in Council has guaranteed 5 per cent. interest.

A cordial vote of thanks to the chairman then terminated the proceedings.

DEODAR FORESTS.

At the British Association, on September 12, Dr. Cleghorn read a paper upon the "Deodar Forests of the Western Himalaya," and exhibited a sketch map, traced from the Great Trigonometric Survey, showing approximately the position and extent of the Deodar tracts between the Jumna and Indus rivers, so far as ascertained. He dwelt upon the applicability of the wood of the *cedrus deodara* for railway purposes, for which it is found very valuable. A Government officer is now employed upon each of the great rivers of the Punjab for working the forests upon sound principles of conservancy. The quantity of deodar timber brought down the Chenab alone in one year was not less than 12,000 tons. Allusion was made to an interesting and increasing trade in timber upon the Indus and Kabal rivers, an important subject in its commercial and political bearing. The deodar grows at an elevation of from 5,000 to 12,000 feet, in a cold and changeable climate. The natives of the Himalaya invariably prefer the deodar for building purposes. It is used in the construction of temples, forts, and bridges; in damp and exposed situations, with alternate layers of stone, and some of these buildings have stood for centuries. The underground behaviour of this wood in the permanent way of railways has, so far, been satisfactory in the dry climate of the Punjab.

In its native *habitat* the beautiful Himalayan cedar deserves all that has been reported of it, and of all the *coniferae* it yields the most valuable timber for railway purposes. A series of photographs by Colonel C. W.

Hutchinson, R.E., illustrating the characteristic vegetation of the deodar tracts, and other Himalayan trees was exhibited by Dr. Cleghorn, who pointed out the good qualities and uses of all the various species. He also gave the dimensions of several of them, and the rate of growth as indicated by concentric circles of the logs floated down the different rivers. The importance of conserving our Indian forests was first discussed at the British Association meetings in 1850 and 1851, and since then the subject has attracted great attention in India and England.

Mr. Tristram followed upon the same subject, remarking upon the peculiar isolation of certain trees of this kind, and mentioned the attempted growth of cedars in Algeria by the French Government.

Col. Munro thought the deodar would never be of any use if grown too quickly—the quality of the wood so much depends upon the soil in which it is grown.

A discussion took place in which Dr. Thomson, Col. Munro, and Dr. Cleghorn took part, as to the identity of the deodar with the cedar of Lebanon.

CHOLERA EN ROUTE TO AND FROM INDIA.

The following letter to the editor appears in the *Times* :—

Sir,—If you deem the following statement of facts, or my remarks thereupon, of sufficient importance to merit a place in your columns, pray give insertion thereto.

The steamer *Nyanza*, belonging to the Peninsular and Oriental Steam Navigation Company, with the outward Bombay mails and passengers, left Marseilles at nine A.M. on the 6th inst.

Two deaths from cholera had occurred among the ship's company prior to that date, but during that stay in Marseilles, and although no warning was given to the passengers prior to or at their embarkation, cholera was then actually in the ship, and one case terminated fatally on the 7th inst. The dead body was immediately thrown overboard.

At Malta a delay of some fourteen hours occurred. Rigorous quarantine regulations retarded the coaling, and necessitated that work being done by the crew of the steamer, reduced in number by three deaths and sickness. The *Nyanza* arrived at her moorings here at four P.M. on the 12th inst., and, after some delay, the yellow flag was run up, and quarantine declared for ten days from the date of the last death on board, say until the 17th inst.

The passengers addressed a letter to Colonel Stanton, her Britannic Majesty's Agent and Consul-General here, requesting his intercession, in order, if possible, to prevent their missing the steamer *Malta*, from Suez, and so being detained in Egypt until the 27th inst. The Consul replied that he could not interfere in the matter, and that the rules of the Board of Health (which consists of representatives of all countries) could not be set aside.

At a late hour this afternoon a communication arrived from the company's agent ashore to the commander on board, stating that the local authorities had decided to reduce the quarantine from ten to eight days from the last death, and that after a visit of inspection from Dr. Ogilvie early to-morrow the ship will receive free pratique, and the passengers be permitted to proceed on their voyage.

Assuming that the agent is not confusing dates (eight days would imply the 15th, not 14th inst.), and that the passengers proceed by the steamer *Malta* from Suez (that steamer having been delayed by a telegraphic order), your columns will doubtless have conveyed that intelligence to your readers long before this letter reaches you. Possibly the Peninsular and Oriental Company's agents in Marseilles and elsewhere would do well in future, when cholera exists on board any of their ships, to inform passengers prior to embarkation, and if the said passengers salute the pest the risk is their own.

Assuming that the passengers receive no intimation of that kind, and that the disease spreads among them, causing death, would not an action by a widow or children—say for the loss of a husband or father—result in a verdict against the company? Other considerations in any number suggest themselves; take one, that of homeward passengers being coolly embarked in an infected ship.

Although sickness still exists among the crew of the *Nyanza*, all the passengers are in excellent health, and will long retain a grateful recollection

of Colonel Stanton, who, although officially unable to help them, yet displayed extreme kindness and courtesy towards them personally.

Permit me to add that I formed one of the number of passengers who embarked at Marseilles in the *Nyanza*, and that now, as heretofore, I have at all times received unvarying courtesy from the Peninsular and Oriental Company's officials, one and all of them.—I am, Sir, your very obedient servant,
THOMAS CLIFFE.

On board the *Nyanza*, in quarantine at Alexandria, Sept. 13.

SHIPPING.

ARRIVALS.

Sept. 28. Virginia, Mauritius.

DEPARTURES.

Sept. 27. Frenchman, Bombay; McLeod, Rangoon.—28. Grandville, Ceylon; Koh-in-noor, Madras; Jane Symons, Colombo.

PASSENGERS DEPARTED.

Per str. Pera, from Southampton, Sept. 27.—For BOMBAY. —Eas. Moorhouse, Mrs. Adey and infant, Mr. and Mrs. A. K. Blackall, Capt. and Mrs. Sykes, Mrs. O. Morgan, Mr. Markham, Mr. and Mrs. Gilles, Maj. and Mrs. Fanshawe, Dr. Style, Qmr. and Mrs. Topp and two infants, Mr. A. Kever, Mr. J. C. Scott, Capt. and Mrs. Wood, Miss Faithful, Capt. and Mrs. Murray and infant, Mr. A. Campbell, Lieut. Bally, Lieut. H. C. Reynolds, Mr. Deedes, Mrs. Baird, Miss Leathes, Mr. A. Maxwell, Capt. Duncan, Mr. J. E. Pigott, Capt. and Mrs. Mathew and infant, Rev. J. Wilson, Mr. P. M. Hockin, Mr. Fendlebury, Dr. H. Cleghorn, Mr. E. Nicolson, Mr. Ashdown, Mr. Cherry, Lieut. Col. Kennedy, Mr. Smith, Mrs. Rogers, Lieut. Smith, Mr. Rimington, Mr. Dupont, Mr. Piper, Staff Asst. surg. Jagoe. To ALEXANDRIA.—Mr. J. Glover, Mr. Stuart.
Per str. Ripon, from Marseilles.—For BOMBAY.—Lieut. R. C. Hutchinson, Mr. and Mrs. Wiggins, Col. and Mrs. Vialla, Mr. C. Erskine, Mr. C. J. Groom, Mr. J. H. Mathews, Mr. Westropp, Mr. C. E. Fox, Mr. Spence, Col. Worgan, Mr. J. Young, Col. Henning, Capt. and Mrs. Berry, Mr. W. Ramsay, Mrs. Holloway, Mr. Hanley, Mrs. Wilson, Mr. R. Temple, Mr. and Mrs. J. Shaw, Mr. R. B. Nixon, Mr. R. Evans, Mr. C. Wring, Mr. W. Partridge, Mrs. Leathes, Mr. W. H. Havlock, Mr. Daniell, Mr. W. R. Oliver, Mr. E. J. Hardcastle, Mr. J. Simson, Mr. Cameron, Mr. W. T. Roper, Mr. W. Waterston, Mr. C. J. Shaw, Mr. M. C. Cama. To ALEXANDRIA.—Mr. D. Robins.

DOMESTIC.

BIRTHS.

BRODHURST—The wife of Maynard Brodhurst, Esq., H.M.'s Bengal Civil Service, of a daughter, at 7, Cliff-bridge-terrace, Scarborough, Sept. 22.
COXE—The wife of Major Holled W. H. Coxe, Officiating Commissioner, Mooltan, of a son, at Scarborough, Sept. 24.

MARRIAGES.

BARNETT—CONSTANT.—Lieut. col. J. B. Barnett, late Indian Army, to Caroline Mary, daughter of J. Constant, Esq., late 5th Dragoon Guards, at Canterbury, Sept. 21.
LATHBURY—ROSS.—Henry Lathbury, Esq., of Calcutta, to Elizabeth Agnes Ross, daughter of Malcolm Ross, Esq., of the Old Hall, Smedley, Manchester, at St. Luke's, Cheetham-hill, Manchester.

DEATHS.

BRUERE—T. G. S. Bruere, Esq., late of the Madras Civil Service, at Keymer, Sussex, aged 53, Sept. 27.
LAMBE—Alexander J. Lambe, Esq., late of Aurungabad, Bengal, at 8, Coates'-crescent, Edinburgh, aged 74, Sept. 23.
MARJORIBANKS—Mrs. Campbell, relict of the late Campbell Marjoribanks, Esq., at 3, Upper Wimpole-street, Sept. 25.
SHERWILL—Major general M. E. Sherwill, late H.M.'s 2nd Bengal Fusiliers (104th Regiment), at Kirby-Lonsdale, Westmoreland, aged 51, Sept. 25.
VINCENT—Lieut. colonel George Frederick F. Vincent, Retired List, H.M.'s Indian Army, at Bath, aged 72, Sept. 27.
WINBOLT—Samuel Winbolt, Esq., late of the Bengal Medical Establishment, at 18, Pelham-crescent, Brompton, aged 63, Sept. 25.

THE 42ND N. I.—We are informed that the detachments of the 42nd Native Infantry, now in the Bengal Doars of the Bhootan, are to be relieved by the Police force. The death of Colonel M. A. A. Thomson gives promotion to Major O. Wilkinson, of the stud department.

India Office,

September 29, 1865.

ARRIVALS REPORTED IN ENGLAND.

CIVIL.

Bengal Estab.—Messrs. C. B. Garrett, F. Macnaghten, M. Thompson (Uncov.), J. P. Smith (Uncov.).
Madras Estab.—Messrs. G. Smith, J. D. Goldingham.
Bombay Estab.—Messrs. F. R. S. Wyllie, C. R. Ovens, F. D. Chauntrell (Uncov.), C. G. Swanseger, (Uncov.), W. R. Brooke (Uncov.).

PERMITTED TO RETURN TO DUTY.

ECCELESIASTICAL.

Bengal Estab.—Rev. Arthur Stone, M.A., Junior Chaplain.

INDIA EXCHANGES.

BANK AND COMMERCIAL BILLS.

	60 days' sight.	30 days' sight.		60 days' sight.	30 days' sight.
Calcutta	1s. 11½d.	1s. 11½d.	Singapore	4s. 2½d.	4s. 3d.
Madras	1s. 11½d.	1s. 11½d.	Hong Kong	4s. 2½d.	4s. 3d.
Bombay	1s. 11½d.	1s. 11½d.	Shanghai		
Colombo	1s. 11½d.	2 04pm.			

STOCKS AND SECURITIES.

Shares.		Paid.	Prices.
£.			
India Stock, 1874	316		
India 5 per cent.	105½ to 106		
India 4 per cent.	105½		
India 4 per cent. 1888	99		
India Encased Paper 4 p. ct.	102½		
India 5 p. ct. Enfd. Paper, 1872	108½ to 109½		
India Stock, Enfd. Paper, 5½ per cent.	95½		
India Stock Debentures, 1855	99½		
India Stock Debentures, 1859	99½		
" " " " 1863	99½		
" " " " 1864	99½		
" " " " 1864 or 1866	100		
India Debentures, do., £1,000	105½		
Do. 4 per cent., 1866	99½		
India 5 per cent. for account	104½		
India 5 per cent., 1870	15s. to 16s. pm.		
India 4 per cent. 1888	20s. to 25s. pm.		
India Loan Scrip 5 per cent.	31s. to 17s.		
India Bonds, 4 p. ct. (£1,000)			
(India Bonds, £1,000)			
Ditto (under £1,000)			
RAILWAYS.			
Stock			
Bombay, Baroda, and Central India (guar. 5 per ct.)	100	101 to 102	
Ditto F Shares	6	1 d. to 1½ pm.	
Calcutta & S. Eastern (lim.)	100	99 to 100	
Eastern Bengal (gu. 5 p. ct.)	100	101½ to 102½	
East Indian	100	104 to 105	
Ditto J. Extension	15	1½ to 2 pm.	
G. I. Peninsula (guar. 5 p. ct.)	100	104½ to 105½	
Ditto (New ditto)	14	1½ to 2 pm.	
Ditto New	4	1½ to 2 pm.	
Great S. of India (Lim.) Scrip	100	101 to 102	
Ditto 4½ p. c.	2		
Madras (guar. 4½ per ct.)	100	98 to 99	
Ditto 5 per cent.	100	101 to 102	
Ditto (guar. 4½ per cent.)	100	93 to 95	
5th Extension	2		
Scinde (guar. 5 per cent.)	100	101 to 103	
Ditto Indus Steam Flotilla (guar. 5 per ct.)	100	93 to 96 x.d.	
Ditto guar. 5 per cent.	100	100 to 101	
Ditto Delhi guar. 5 p. c.	all	101 to 102	
Ditto	2	1½ to 2 d.	
Punjab (5 per ct.)	100	100½ to 101½	
BANKS.			
50			
20			
Agriand Masterman's (L)...	25	56 to 58	
Asiatic Banking Corp., new issue, £15 pm., on which £7. 10s. has been paid	5	15 to 17 pm.	
Chart. of Ind., Aus., & China	all	26½ to 27½	
Chart. Merc. of India, Lond., and China	all	49 to 51	
Commercial Bank of India*	all	28 to 30	
Hindustan, China, & Japan	25	5 to 3 dis.	
Land Mortgage Bank of India	4	1½ to 2 pm.	
Oriental Bank Corporation	all	61 to 63	
Scinde, Punjab, and Delhi	10	3½ to 2½ dis.	
MISCELLANEOUS.			
5			
5			
5			
Bombay Gas (Lim.)	all	5½ to 5½ pm.	
Second issue	5	par to 1 pm.	
Third issue	2	1½ to 2 pm.	
Ceylon Company (Lim.)	7	3 to 4 pm.	
East India Irr. & Can.	12	3½ to 2½ dis.	
E.I. Financial (Lim.)	7½	4½ to 3½ dis.	
Madras Irrig. and Canal	16	1½ to 1½ dis.	
Do.	all	18½ to 19½	
Nerbudda Coal & Iron (Lim.)	5	1½ to 1½ dis.	
Do. New	2	1 d. par	
North Assam Tea (Lim.)	1½	1 d. to par	
Do. B.	3	2 to 1 dis.	
Oriental Commercial (Lim.)	7½		
Oriental Financial	10	9 to 7 dis.	
Oriental Inland Steam A. (L)	all	1½ to 2½	
P. and O. Steam Nav. Co.	all	75 to 77	
Ditto New	35	17 to 19 pm.	
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VOL. XXIII.—No. 689.] LONDON, TUESDAY, OCTOBER 10, 1865.

[PRICE 6d.]

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Agra.....	" 2	Ceylon..... " 1
China (Hong Kong).....	Aug. 12.	

SUMMARY AND REVIEW.

WE have received our usual files of papers by the Bombay mail, with dates from Calcutta to the 1st of September, and Bombay to the 8th of that month.

The most important news is from Calcutta, and of this the shipwreck of the *Eagle Speed* has attracted the most attention. It is a sad story of an inefficient ship, inefficiently officered, and manned by a dastardly crew. The *Friend of India* sums up the most lamentable facts after the vessel struck, when three of the *Eagle Speed's* boats were launched, manned by the crew, and commanded by Capt. Hoskins, by the pilot (at Capt. Brinsden's request), and by the second officer, the first being ill. Including the coolies who threw themselves into the water on hen-coops, the boats saved 169, and all the Europeans. Capt. Hoskins' boat made five trips, but the others were soon smashed; one of them had at half-past twelve brought off the captain, whom his own crew refused to help. The steamer's boat was also smashed after one trip. Her two large boats were never launched. Capt. Hoskins said, "Had the steamer anchored ahead, and a raft been made, many more lives might have been saved, but there was no material to make a raft of," and Captain Brinsden in vain "asked the steamer to anchor on the bow or astern, and pass lines, in order to

keep up a quicker and safer communication?" Before the captain left, the boat-swain had deserted, the compounder and some *topasses* had broken into the brandy-closet, the interpreter was not to be found, and the pilot, who knew the language, did not return to the ship. "From first to last the crew acted badly. There was some difficulty in getting them to man the boats latterly. They were shamed into it by the passengers." The steamer left for Port Canning; no hint was given to the three hundred miserable wretches who were sinking, to launch the ship's cutter, which had not been used, though the one European left and five negroes did do so, and, with thirty coolies, were afterwards found by the steamer. The ship continued to float all that night, and did not sink till seven on Wednesday morning, justifying the opinion of Captain Hoskins:—"Considering the rate at which the ship was sinking, I was sanguine that we would have succeeded in getting the greater portion of the coolies out." Two steamers were at once sent round from Calcutta, and the *Lady Elyn* returned from Port Canning. They found three coolie lads on the mast of the wreck, and saved about 60 more who had floated to Halliday's and Butcher's Island, where the tigers are said to have destroyed some. The coolies assert that the last European attempted to fire the ship. Of the 497 coolies 260 seem to have perished on that terrible Wednesday morning, or afterwards in the jungle." The pilot is being tried in the Marine Court for losing the ship and abandoning the passengers, and four of the crew have been arrested for setting fire to the vessel, with a view to trial in the Admiralty Court. The evidence heard before the former tribunal disclosed a gross case of incapacity among the officers and drunkenness among the crew—though of the latter, those who behaved the worst seemed to know very well what they were about.

The affairs of Bhootan have advanced a stage. It is stated that almost all the Soobahs and Jungpens of that State—among whom, however, the notorious Tongsoo Penlow was not included—lately assembled at Tassissudon, where, at a recent meeting, the Deb Rajah explained to them clearly that if they were not inclined to make peace with the British Government, he and the Dhurm Rajah would resign, and consider themselves at liberty to make their own arrangements. After much discussion the pacific arguments prevailed, and it was resolved that a letter should be addressed to the British Political

Agent on the subject. Accordingly, the Deb Rajah wrote to Colonel Bruce that the treaties signed by Mr. Eden would be returned, as required, when arrangements for peace should have been completed; but he remarked that nobody compelled Mr. Eden to sign them, and that it was not customary in Bhootan to return any letters or documents previously written. However, the Deb Rajah said that, on receipt of a reply to this, he would depute his Private Secretary and the Prime Minister to Buxa, with a large retinue, with Mr. Eden's documents, and expressed a hope that the British Political Agent, accompanied by Cheeboo Lama, would be at Buxa, to settle the matter at once. It is further said that the Bhootas had resolved to submit to whatever pecuniary allowance the British Government may grant them, provided the Dooars were left freely open to subjects of Bhootan, for carrying on trade in dry fish, oil, cotton, broadcloth, sandal wood, resin, betelnuts, and betel leaves, which latter they consider so essential for the preservation of their lives. The conditions proposed by the British Government appear to have been briefly as follows:—That the Bhootas should acknowledge the surrender of all the Bengal Dooars and lower hills to the British Government; that the compulsory treaties extorted from Mr. Eden should be returned, and a Bhoota chief should come to the Presidency, and apologise to Mr. Eden for the misconduct of the Tongsoo Penlow towards him; and that all the captives now detained in Bhootan against their will should be surrendered to the British Government, and a treaty of friendship and fair dealing entered into for the future. On the Bhootas agreeing to the above, the British Government would, as an act of grace, grant the Bhootan Government an annual allowance of not less than Rs. 25,000 per annum, to be increased hereafter to the maximum sum of Rs. 50,000 per annum, pending good behaviour and the pleasure of the British Government. Thus far all seems pleasant enough, but the difficulty is still with Tongsoo Penlow, and it is believed in Calcutta that the negotiations will prove a failure. The *Englishman*, indeed, says that they should never have been entered into at the present stage of the war. It is at any rate satisfactory to find that the preparations for the advance are being carried on with undiminished vigour, though the name of the commanding officer is not announced. The report in Bombay, by the way, about Colonel Stewart, of course comes from Cal-

cutta. In that city it is now said that Brigadier-general Tytler, who has borne the heat and burden of the sickly and inactive season, is also to be at the head of the new expedition. It may be supposed, therefore, that the Brigadier-general's health is better than it was a short time since. With regard to the plan of the campaign the *Englishman* believes that it is intended to partake more of the character of an expedition for punishment, than of a campaign of aggression. The soldiers will therefore march without tents, and the commander, having dictated peace at Punakha, will withdraw the force to within our own territories. Some prominent positions in the hills will be retained and fortified; but the fatal mistake of occupying the Dooars during the rains will not, it is thought, be repeated.

The sentence upon Mr. Fraser—four years' penal servitude—is considered by a portion of the Calcutta press to be too lenient. Mr. Fraser very probably intended to return the money, and the Court proportioned the punishment to his moral rather than his legal offence—with only the latter of which it had anything to do.

The money and share market reports state that several of the banks and mercantile houses had been purchasing Government securities, in the absence of any other employment for the large cash balances that had accumulated during the preceding two months, there being little or no demand for legitimate business purposes. Loans were still freely obtainable for 3 and 3½ per cent. The share market had been very quiet during the week, and Bank of Bengal shares were rather cheaper. The state of the market was having a depressing effect upon joint-stock companies, the banks not advancing upon any shares but the Bank of Bengal, and the Bengal Credit Mobilier being inadequate for the wants of the public in this respect.

We have no arrival from Madras by this mail, but we hear of a telegram having been received at that Presidency ordering the complete re-organisation of the local army, subject to the supervision of the Supreme Court.

There were unpleasant reports of cholera from Lucknow. This disease, as well as fever and bronchitis, were said to be very prevalent. The depot of H.M.'s 55th Regiment had been the greatest sufferers, according to latest accounts. Four or five men, and as many women and children, had died of the former disease, and though the families had been moved into camp some miles from Lucknow, the sickness had not abated. One man of the Artillery had also died from cholera on the night of the 16th of August, and a lieutenant of the 5th Lancers had been attacked, and was hopelessly ill on the 17th. Five deaths from cholera had likewise occurred in the Church Mission Orphanage amongst the Christian children, of whom many more were suffering at the date of our advices. Cholera had also broken out in the city, and the natives are said to have been dying in large numbers. Fever and bronchitis were principally confined to children in the civil station. There had been a great deal of rain, and this being so the

present sickness was by no means anticipated by the doctors.

The most important news from Bombay is contained in the account of a Durbar held by Sir Bartle Frere, at which he varied the monotony of official addresses by giving, albeit in courteous terms, a sharp reproof to the Chiefs and Sirdars of Western India for not educating themselves and keeping pace in the march of progress with the British Government, as wiser Chiefs and Sirdars were doing elsewhere. If they neglected their mental culture he warned them that they would all fall into decay and lose their territories.

There are more troubles in the Enniskilling Dragoons—still stationed at Mhow, and still commanded by Colonel Crawley. We give a couple of the stories flying about, on the authority of the *Times of India*. The victims—or intended victims—are both subalterns. One was charged with objecting to salute a superior officer when off duty; and the other with borrowing newspapers from the mess-table, and then being detected restoring them. In one case the Commander-in-Chief peremptorily ordered that the offender be released from arrest.

The announcement of the death of Mr. Justice Forbes has been received with great regret.

The next arrival from India is the Calcutta Mail, which left Alexandria on Sunday, and may be expected in London on Saturday evening.

Of home news there is very little afloat. The report of the Royal Commission still remains a sealed book. The only copies issued are marked "confidential," and cannot therefore be made public. It is understood, however, that the members consider the guarantee not complied with, and that among their recommendations are certain changes as to promotion. The bonus question, it is said, is not mentioned in the report, not having been referred to the Commission. It is known that there is a great difference of opinion between the Commissioners and the Horse Guards, and there is no doubt that many changes must take place before the entire question can be satisfactorily settled.

Casualties by Death in the Armies of India reported since last Publication.

BENGAL.—Capt. R. W. Clifford, late of the 20th Hussars, son of the late Capt. Clifford, H.E.I.C.S., at Carn Cottage, co. Cavan, aged 31, Oct. 1. Maj. gen. John MacDuff, C.B., lately commanding the Oude Division, Lucknow, at Newmill-hy-Stanley, Perthshire, aged 65, Sept. 25. Maj. J. T. Saunders, late 41st B.N.L., at Bedford, aged 56, Sept. 27. Lieut. col. W. Simonds, Bengal Army, unmarried, at 39, Fitzroy-square, aged 59, Oct. 5. Maj. Hercules Skinner, late Commandant 14th Bengal Irregular Cavalry, at Ben Rhydding, Yorkshire, aged 52, Oct. 2. Lieut. col. George F. F. Vincent, on the retired list H.M.'s Indian Army, at Bath, aged 72, Sept. 27. Capt. G. W. Munson, District Superintendent of Police at Moodan, Sept. 16. Capt. W. G. B. Tyler, Deputy Commissioner of Sulputore, Sept. 20. General O'Brien, on board the *Goleonda*, in the Red Sea, Lieut. Shakespeare, 30th N.L., Sept. 12. Mr. James McKay, Bengal Marine, late of the Indian Navy, aged 53. Mr. John Taylor, Medical Officer, at Bagdah, Aug. 15. Rev. J. Peel, of the Medical Service, at Travancore.

Passengers by the present Mail.

For VESITIA.—From BOMBAY.—Mrs. Ventz, Mr. Vix, Mr. McPherson, Mr. Rogers, Capt. Campbell, Mr. Armstrong, Mr. Danolly. From ALEXANDRIA.—Mr. Mark.

Expected at Southampton.

Per str. Syria, Oct. 14.—From BOMBAY.—Col. Playfair, Cornet A. Frome, Mr. Steel, Capt. Gordon, Capt. Creery, Mr. Rowlands, Surg. A. Fox, Dr. and Mrs. Harris, Dr. Maul, Mr. Kirkwood, Mr. Ellis, Maj. S. Canning. From ALEXANDRIA.—Mr. S. Yappa, Mr. G. Yappa, Mr. Stewart, Mr. Ditchburn, Dr. McGrath, Mr. Harvey, Mr. R. Knight, Mr. J. Nichol.

BENGAL.

THE MARCH INTO BHOOTAN.

Only six weeks remain for the completion of the preparations for the march of two columns of the British army into Bhootan. These preparations are going on, although the Bhoteas have made another attempt to gain time by promising submission to our too mild demands, and the sanction of the Crown to the invasion of foreign territory has not yet been received. We know a good deal more about the topography and the people of Bhootan than we did a year ago, and we now proceed to publish the latest and most reliable information as to the routes which the two columns are likely to follow, if the present intentions of the military authorities are carried out.

The western or left column, with Colonel Bruce as civil officer, will start from Buxa and deal with Poonakha, Paro and Tassissudon. Buxa has an altitude of 2,400 feet, and Poonakha of 3,759, but Paro is 7,741 feet above the sea, approached through a pass 11,164 feet, while in the direct route between Buxa and Poonakha the Dokiew pass lies at a height of 10,000 feet. The ups and downs, the precipitous cliffs and difficult paths, may be imagined from these facts. From Buxa castle the road ascends and descends to the village of Gygoogoo, eleven miles. Nine miles farther is Muri-chom, a pretty hamlet in the midst of fields of wheat, reached by a rocky and bad road. The next march, of seventeen miles, to Chuka fort is very tiresome. There are two streams crossed by wooden bridges, and the road at one place is almost barred by a precipitous cliff, on the face of which it is cut. Chuka, a strong fort and a mean village, is seen rising from a valley washed by the Temboo. Another seventeen miles' march among the spurs of the hills which shut in the Temboo valley brings the traveller, after a steep ascent, to Chupeha, nearly 8,000 feet above the sea. Here is the finest wheat cultivation in the country. After ten miles of steep descent, by a road tolerably good except where it passes along the face of a cliff above a roaring torrent, Panga is reached, and after seven miles further march by the banks of the river which is overhung by weeping willows, and abounds in fish, Lamroo. Nine miles further is Woollaka or Wanka. Here the Paro Penlow sometimes lives; Paro itself is twelve miles distant. Six miles off is the hot-weather capital of Tassissudon, where the Durbar is at present. Even in May the higher hills are topped with snow, the village itself being 7,271 feet above the sea. The Temboo, which falls into the Berhampooter, washes the walls of Tassissudon, and irrigates the rice and wheat fields. It is well-bridged, and is fordable in May. From Woollaka there is a descent of 1,600 feet for 14½ miles to Telagong, whence the road strikes off to Tassissudon, which can be seen in the distance. Near this the captive Bengalees are kept; on passing the fort of Sontoka, the ascent of the great Dokiew pass begins and occupies three hours. When gained the view is glorious to the south, while Poonakha and the snows of Thibet are seen to the north. A generally steep descent brings the traveller, after eight and a half miles, to Poonakha. The fort and palace stand on the point formed by the confluence of the Patchoo and Matchoo, or father and mother, rivers, which ultimately fall into the Berhampooter. The palace is a mean and dirty structure, consisting of a rectangular enclosure, with the citadel in the centre. That is a six-storied tower in which the Dhurm Rajah lives. This poor boy's rooms are reached by break-neck steps lined with iron, but his reception room in the south of the building is well fitted up. Close to it are some 300 Lamas. The Deb Rajah lives on the west face, and on the east side are the apartments for the Paro (and perhaps the

Tongso) Penlow, the Governor of the place, and the amlah. A bridge across each river gives entrance to the palace, and there is a place of public reception to the north. Outside there are chiefly ruins. The Wandipore castle of the Angdu Forung Jungpen, and the Churring pass by which the natives go to the plains, are visible. They reach the plains in seven days. The route we have described is 103 miles long and consists of 9 marches. If it is necessary for us to proceed against Paro, the column must leave the Poonakha road at Woollaka, 80 miles from Buxa, and go up the valley of the Tukehoo five miles to Pemethong, and then for 8½ miles more through the Biel-yah pass, 11,164 feet high, to Paro. The approach to the fort by the river is easy. The valley is a level plain, stretching away to the very foot of the great Choomalari pass. Paro is much more worthy of being called a capital than any other place in Bhootan. It is a large rectangular building of five stories, and its central tower of seven stories is surmounted by a copper cupola. It is well-kept, and the fine bridge of pine logs by which it is approached is a handsome structure. The town is considerable for Bhootan. Seven miles off is the fort of Dakya Jung, held as a protection against Thibet.

Tongso is 56 miles from Poonakha, and is reached by the Peleelapza pass, 10,873 feet high. If the right column, with Lieut.-Colonel W. Agnew as civil officer, approaches it from Dewangiri, the force will have a journey of 216 miles in 16 marches. The road goes for 8 miles to Rydang; for 11 to Kheguupa, 6,000 feet above the sea; for 10 to Sassee; for 11 to Bailfa by a bad road; for 7 to Roong-dong, famed for its poultry; for 6 to Tass-gong above the Monass, where there is a Chinese house belonging to the Rajah; for 6 to Nulkar, over the Monass swinging bridge; for 6 to Khumna, over the Koolong torrent; for 5 to Phullung; for 9 to Tassangsee, where there is a fort; for 7 to Sana; for 15 to Linjee, before reaching which the Doon-glala peak, 12,474 feet high, has to be traversed; for 8½ to Lenglong over the Kooree; for 6 to Tamashoo; for 11 to Donjai; for 9 to the Penree hut, so high as to be covered with snow at the end of February; for 12½ to Boomdungtung, which is approached through the Roodoola pass, 12,635 feet high; for 14 to Jugur; for 9 to Jaessa and 12½ to Tongso. This is a miserable place, though second in importance only to Poonakha. Its palace seems to be contemptible as a place of defence, its loopholes being placed as if intended for firing in the air. It is situated on a nullah defended by outworks 700 feet above it. On the east side these might, from their situation, be easily demolished by stones. The place itself is commanded in every direction, particularly from a hill to the eastward. The palace is crowded by several hundreds of people, and is less imposing than that of Bay-agur, where Tongso Penlow usually spends the summer. A march by this route from Dewangiri seems physically impossible to any but peaceable and enduring travellers. As Tongso Penlow must, however, be made to feel our power, his stronghold might be approached from Poonakha.

Our readers will see from these details, the most authoritative which can be obtained, that the march of four thousand men into Bhootan is a matter to be well considered and carefully superintended. It will not so much require generalship as tact, readiness of resource, dash, and at the same time a ripe military judgment.—*Friend of India.*

TRIAL OF SIRDAR GOORBUKSH SING.

The trial of Sirdar Goorbuksh Sing, Prime Minister to the Rajah of Nabha, for abetting one Mytaba in the murder of Sirdarnee Mehtab Kour, is one in which the public can scarcely fail to be interested. The delinquent

holds a high and responsible position; the murdered lady occupied one loftier still. The offence is of a singularly dark complexion, and the unravelling of the plot introduces us to scenes which speak of the inner life of an Eastern Court. For the particulars which we are about to lay before our readers we are indebted to our contemporary the *Lahore Chronicle*, who has published in his Supplements of the 5th, 9th and 12th instant the official report of the trial as conducted in the Court of the Deputy Commissioner of Loodianah. The prosecutor on the part of the Crown was Lieutenant R. P. Nisbett, from whose opening address we gather that the prisoner has for a long time served the Nabha State in the highest office it could confer. He had been selected in 1847, by Major Mackeson, the Political Agent at Unballah, to form one of a Council of Regency, when the dethronement of the then Rajah placed a boy on the *Guddee*. Ten years afterwards he was accused of grossly misusing the authority he possessed, for the purpose of aggrandising himself and his family, and he was in consequence dismissed from office and expelled from the Nabha State. His own jagheer also was resumed. For its loyalty to the British Government in 1857 this State was largely increased, and the rajah was allowed the right of adoption, freedom from tribute, and the exercise of powers more independent than those he had up to that time held. In 1862 this chief sought the recall of the prisoner, and applied to the Lieutenant-Governor for the necessary permission. This, with some reluctance, was granted. The rajah had always been sickly, and at this time consumption was hurrying him to his grave, so that ere the prisoner had been recalled many months his master died. Immediately previous to this event the latter had looked round for some one to whom he might entrust the management of the State, and he selected the prisoner, whom he had himself recalled, because he was a man of brilliant attainments. He therefore deputed him on the 9th November, 1863, to act in all departments of the State; in other words, he was to be the head of the Government. We now come to the lady in this case. She was the aunt of the rajah, and as frail in character as she was comely in appearance. She had carried on an intrigue with one of the sons of the prisoner before the expulsion of himself and family from Nabha, and during their involuntary absence she had conferred upon her as a gift a house which belonged to the prisoner. It was not restored to him on his return, and this was a source of constant grief and annoyance to him. He cordially hated her. In January last she had gone to her family estate in the district of Goordaspour, where she was assassinated on the 4th of that month by Mytaba and another. This man had been sentenced to two years' imprisonment in the Nabha Jail in default of payment of a fine of Rs. 200, but before nine days of his term had expired he was released by the prisoner for no assignable reason. He was convicted before the Sessions Court of Umritsur, and was sentenced to imprisonment for life, a mitigated sentence, caused by the discovery, made during the trial, that he had been instigated and hired to commit the crime by the prisoner. The other murderer, who had turned Queen's evidence, stated that Mytaba was released from jail by the orders of the prisoner, and that such release, irrespective of other inducements, was part of the consideration which was paid for the perpetration of the crime. The present Rajah had investigated the case, and in his report to the Commissioner of the Cis-Sutlej States (Colonel Sir Herbert Edwards) had hinted his suspicions of the prisoner.

It appears from the trial that the prisoner entertained a bitter grudge against the unfortunate lady who was done to death in the prime of life. Besides the occupation of the

house which once belonged to him, there was a dispute about certain jewels which the Sirdarnee had lent his son on the occasion of his wedding, and which he, in a fit of "unconscious kleptomania," so common among natives, quietly retained. The lady also had a jagheer, which once belonged to her husband, and this was attached by the prisoner for six years. The prisoner had apparently learnt also that the Rajah had invited her to return to Nabha, with a distinct intimation of his intention to effect the restoration of her jewels. She had, moreover, threatened to complain to the British Government about them. All these causes combined to irritate a man exercising large powers, and it was under repeated representations made by him that the Rajah was induced to order her to retire to her estate in Goordaspour. Shortly after this the prisoner issued verbal instructions to release Mytaba from jail, although but nine days of his sentence of two years had expired. These orders were given to the Nazim of the Criminal Court direct, and to the Jail Nazir himself, through a servant of the prisoner. And now we have the evidence of Mytaba himself. After stating that he had been in prison for debt, he proceeded to say that his uncle waited on the prisoner Sirdar Goorbuksh Sing, about some land, and inquired how long the confinement was to last. He was told by the Sirdar that if Mytaba would undertake a certain business it would terminate at once. His uncle was sure that his hopeful nephew would undertake anything to please the Sirdar, and accordingly a chupprasse went to the jail, got Mytaba released, and carried him to the prisoner, who thereupon said (when they were by themselves) "There is work to be done; will you do it?" and Mytaba replied, "I will if I can, if I cannot I will say so." The latter was then told that the business in hand was a murder; that it was to be committed in the village of Run-gur Nungle, in the Goordaspour district, and that the victim was a woman, who was an enemy of the prisoner, and who had bewitched and poisoned the late Rajah. Mytaba consented, and received Rs. 50, and was told that as he did not know the geography of the Goordaspour district he would be allowed a month to find the village alluded to. The murderer then proceeded to his own village, and thence, by inquiring as he went along, reached Run-gur Nungle. He pretended to be a sugar merchant, and remained near the village for fifteen days, looking about for the house, which he found at last by enquiring from the village boys. "For two nights he went secretly alone round the deceased's house, to see if there was any guard. After this he went for two nights and watched in a roadway beneath the 'chowbara' for an opportunity; he saw a light burning in the room. The Sirdar (prisoner) had told him that Mehtab Kour was of a fair complexion, with a deep voice, and eyes like a cat. The door used to be closed, and he heard the Sirdarnee talking inside. He saw her through the cracks of the door, and in this way he got to know her appearance and her voice. He returned to Nabha, feeling that he could not commit the murder alone." On presenting himself before the prisoner he was told to take another man with him; and having received, at his own request, a sword from the Sirdar, he proceeded to his own village, and got Heera to join him in the undertaking. Mytaba being responsible for getting his (Heera's) brother out of jail. They then set off. We will let witness give the rest in his own words.

"On their arrival witness pointed out to Heera the chowbara where Mehtab Kour slept. At night they went again, and looked well round, and tried the doors, but none of them would open. Heera then said that this would not do, they could not get an opportunity, and that it would be better to come in the evening, before the doors were shut, when the lamps were lighted, and the lady was eating her dinner. There is a barber's house close by, and it was proposed that witness and his friend should

cook their food at the barber's house, and get the information they wanted from the barber's wife. Next day, at 8 or 9 A.M., they went in the garb of travellers to the barber's house, and asked his wife, 'Where is this high chowbara opposite?' She said, 'The Sirdarnee's.' Witness asked, 'What name?' She said, 'Mehtab Kour.' Witness asked, 'Does she live in the chowbara or elsewhere?' She answered, 'The Sirdarnee has another pukka house in which she eats her food, and at night she comes to this chowbara.' Witness and Heera then went into the jungle, and witness asked Heera if he had made up his mind. Heera said, 'when the lady is going from her cook-house to her sleeping apartment that will be the time to kill her.' It was determined not to commit the murder that night, lest suspicion should fall on the barber, but to do it next day. Next day in the evening they both went to the village and concealed themselves in a coach-house, which contained a 'ruth,' and which adjoined the pukka house of the Sirdarnee. Presently they saw the lady go from the chowbara to the cook-house. She was talking to some other woman, and witness pointed her out to Heera. Heera had the sword concealed under his arm, and he said to witness, 'Do you kill her.' Witness replied he could not do it. In the meantime the woman had gone into the cook-house. After two ghurees (about forty minutes), the Sirdarnee came out; she had a young man with her. Heera then stepped forward and struck Mehtab Kour with the sword; witness came up after him. Heera struck Mehtab Kour three times."

In the meantime the Tehseeldar of Phool had received orders from the prisoner to remit a portion of the revenue due by Mytaba's father, and not to enter the sum so remitted in the regular accounts. This man suppressed the fact when Major Cracroft had undertaken the preliminary investigation of the case, and he did so at the request of the prisoner. The evidence given by other witnesses, though not of very great weight when taken singly, yet tells heavily against the prisoner when taken as a whole.—*Hurkaru*.

[The prisoner has since been convicted, and sentenced to transportation for life.]

THE WRECK OF THE "EAGLE SPEED."

On Sunday morning last, the *Eagle Speed*, a ship of 1,400 tons, left Port Canning for the West Indies, with a large shipment of coolies, comprising:—

Male adults ...	...	...	300
Female ditto ...	...	...	99
Boys above ten years of age ...	...	...	30
Girls ditto ditto ...	...	...	29
Infants, boys ...	...	...	19
Ditto, girls ...	...	...	20

Total 497

The number of the officers and crew amounted to thirty-five, and there were on board, besides the pilot, Captain Hoskins, the port-master of Port Canning, a Dr. Sullivan, and two servants. The vessel left the port under towage of the steam tug *Lady Elgin*. All went well the first day, and at night ship and steamer anchored safely near Halliday's Island. They got under weigh early on the following morning, but, on reaching the mouth of the river, encountered very heavy weather, and a high running sea. The ship, however, had got out clear about a mile and a half to the northward of the R. R. Buoy, and the steamer was ready to cast off; but the pilot, so we are informed, wished the vessel to be towed a little further. This was attempted, but owing, unfortunately, to the working of the ship, one of the hawsers parted. A second hawser was passed, but it took upwards of two hours to do this, and, in the meantime, ship and steamer drifted towards the dangerous Roy Mutlah Sands. It would appear, from what we have been told, that no sail was set, nor anchor let go, by the ship until she crossed the Roy Mutlah, in three fathoms, striking heavily. This took place between five and six P.M., but the steamer kept her in tow till between nine and ten P.M., when she herself became disabled, owing to the bursting of one of her steam pipes.

She was therefore obliged to cast off, but remained by the ship, which then anchored. Between the hours of one and two in the morning, rockets, blue-lights, and other signals of distress were made from the stranded ship. The steamer immediately sent off a boat, which returned with the information that the ship appeared to be rapidly sinking. Owing to the accident to the steam pipe, the tug could not get up sufficient steam to near the vessel until dawn. It was then found that, although the ship had not made much water for some time after she struck, yet, towards midnight, the leak had greatly increased, and the coolies were hard at work at the pumps. Three of the ship's boats had been lowered, and succeeded in making the steamer. These boats contained the greater part of the crew, and several coolies. From every source, and they have not been few, from which we have obtained information, we have learnt that, with two or three exceptions, the crew behaved disgracefully. One informant actually goes so far as to state that they wilfully got the boats smashed under the steamer's spinnings, so as to avoid making trips to the doomed vessel, to save the wretched mortals crowded on the deck. It is hard to believe this of English seamen, but we give the tale as it has been told to us, though loath to believe it true. Two of these boats were, however, stove in on first reaching the steamer. The third was taken command of by Captain Hoskins, who, throughout the terrible scene, displayed the courage and humanity of a true British sailor. Until struck down by partial sunstroke, he worked his best to save life, taking coolies from the wreck, and picking up others who had taken to the water on spars and drifts of wood. This boat, however, after Captain Hoskins left it, was unfortunately stove in. The steamer then lowered a boat, and sent it to the wreck; but this boat, on its return, was stove in too. There being then no means of communicating with the ship, and the steamer being crowded with the crew and coolies saved, it was thought advisable that she should make at once for Port Canning, land the rescued, and return to the wreck. Before doing so, however, she was obliged to steam out to sea, to find the light ship, in order to take bearings. This done, she made for the port, and got as far as Halliday's Island that night (Tuesday), where she anchored. Starting immediately after daylight next morning, she picked up a boat, containing one European, four Africans, and thirty-two coolies, who had managed to escape from the ship after the steamer left. These men declared that when they left the vessel she was fast breaking up. We doubt the truth of this story, and we are glad to learn that every assistance available has been sent down to the scene of disaster. The wreck, when last seen, was at anchor, as we stated yesterday, about four and a half miles from the C. B. buoy, and about fifteen miles from the light ship. The steamers *Bulldog* and *Oude* have already gone to the scene of distress, and no energy has been wanting on the part of the owners and agents of the ship and steamer to render every assistance, in the hopes of alleviating the disaster. Notwithstanding all this, however, we fear that the loss of life has been terrible. Out of the total number of coolies embarked (viz., 497, including women and children), only 169 are known to have been saved; 328 unfortunates have, we fear, perished. The weather, on Tuesday night was very bad, and it is apprehended that the vessel then went to pieces. There is, however, a slight hope that the steamer sent down may be able to pick up a number of coolies, who may either be clinging to the wreck, or have got hold of spars, pieces of wood, &c., and drifted towards habitable land. Such, as far as we have been able to learn, are the plain facts of this most unfortunate affair. Of course, a Court of Inquiry will be assembled immediately, to investigate

all the matters connected with this disaster. We may say this, however, that the public will be satisfied with nothing but the most searching inquiry into the conduct of the pilot, officers, and crew of the lost vessel. We think that witnesses might be examined, with a view towards the elucidation of certain matters, regarding which various rumours are at present afloat. Information as to whether the ship was properly and sufficiently manned, whether the captain and crew did their utmost to save the lives committed to their charge, and whether perfect sobriety was the distinguished characteristic on board, will, we hope, be firmly asked for, and obtained. The captain we hear was sick and weakly. The first officer was the same. It is a question, then, for the agents of the ship to answer, why this state of things was allowed. These officers ought not to have been allowed to sail, unless fit to do their duty in any emergency. We commend this point, affecting the efficiency of the commander and the crew, most particularly to the attention of the court of inquiry. Upon this, we think, hinges the whole question of the cause of disaster, and not upon any shortcomings of tug steamer or river. The reported bad conduct of the crew makes the case more disgraceful. We have read of many terrible disasters at sea, but we can picture to ourselves no more appalling scene than that exhibited on the Roy Mutlah Sands on Tuesday last, in the eager looks of the dark faces which thronged the decks of the *Eagle Speed*, and watched with hearts, devoid of hope, the white men steaming away, and leaving them to their cruel and relentless fate.—*Englishman*, Aug. 25.

Particulars have not yet reached us as to the fate of the three hundred deserted coolies left on the wreck of the *Eagle Speed*. We understand that, in addition to the steamers already sent from the Hooghly, the *Lady Elgin* started yesterday morning from Port Canning for the scene of disaster. It is to be hoped that some tidings of the fate of the poor shipwrecked wretches will reach us early to-day.

It has been mentioned to us that the chief cause of the tug *Lady Elgin* leaving the ship and returning to the port was the want of coals, there only being sufficient to enable the steamer to get back to Canning.

We are also assured that the report of a bacchanalian orgie having taken place on board the tug on Tuesday night is without foundation. We are told that, on the contrary, the deepest sympathy was expressed and felt by all on board for the unfortunate beings they were obliged to leave behind. "The health of the two captains was drunk; but no jollity took place." So writes our informant. We presume that the captains referred to are Captain Hoskins and the captain of the tug, for we cannot suppose that there was any reason for drinking the health of the captain of the *Eagle Speed*, unless it were intended to compliment him on having saved his own life.—*Ibid*, August 26.

The following particulars, with which we have been furnished, further explain our telegram published yesterday. The *Lady Elgin* returned to Port Canning, after revisiting the *Eagle Speed* on Saturday night, bringing forty men and four women from Halliday Island and Bulcherry Island. At the time she left the pilot brig *Charlotte* and boats were searching for other survivors, who were supposed to have reached land at different points, to the number of thirty or forty. The *Lady Elgin* communicated with the steamer *Oude*, which remained in attendance off the schooner *Charlotte*, and will communicate with the boats searching the coast. The coolies saved state that the deckhouse floated when the vessel sunk, and afforded them the means of reaching land.—*Ibid*, August 28.

Since the appearance of the above, Mate Pilot J. W. Vardy has been placed on his

trial, in the Marine Court, for the loss of the ship, and unnecessarily abandoning the greater portion of the emigrants after it became a wreck. The evidence, which is too voluminous to be repeated here, confirms the above account in most essential respects. The case stood adjourned at the departure of the mail.

MISCELLANEOUS.

CONDITION OF ROYAL OFFICERS IN INDIA.

—The *Englishman* says:—In the discussions that we look for early next Session in Parliament a prominent place will, we think, be given to the consideration of the position here of Royal officers, and the conditions under which they now serve in India. With the destruction of the government of the East India Company it occasions little surprise that the rights and privileges of the greater part of its servants should, at the same time, be set aside—all guarantees, protestations, and pledges for their preservation notwithstanding. What chiefly aided in carrying the amalgamation measure through both Houses was the pretence that it was thereby intended to put an end to a close monopoly, and to establish the principle that all who served in India should thenceforth participate equally in such advantages as the Indian Government had the means to bestow. What we think will be very clearly shown is, that while a very great deal has been taken away from the larger section of the late Company's officers, it has been expended upon a smaller section of those who were set apart to be the recipients of the loaves and the fishes; but that the Royals, as a body, have been in no way benefited by the change, and are, indeed, in a worse position than ever. Those who entered the service previous to the mutiny obtained, whether at home or here, a certain general advantage by the augmentation of the Royal regiments, which then became permanent, but the officers who have since then joined the line gained nothing thereby. Augmented as the line has been, yet more than one-third of the whole number of regiments must now be quartered in India, whereas the proportion formerly was less than one-fifth. A greater amount of that Indian service, which is now regarded with such extreme aversion, falls now, therefore, to the share of every line officer; and, as the expenses of living here have nearly doubled, all may be considered as serving here at a greater disadvantage than before, to whom no countervailing benefit has been extended.

MINOR PUNISHMENTS IN THE ARMY.—Some very important orders have been issued by the Commander-in-Chief, on the subject of minor punishments in the army. Powers exercised by commanding officers are continued to them; but the license granted to native officers is limited, especially in cavalry regiments. The Commander-in-Chief considers it inexpedient to make rapid changes in systems which have worked well, but he reminds commanding officers of cavalry corps that there is less chance of caprice and petty tyranny if British officers are referred to by native officers for sanction, before the order for punishment is made final. Rules are laid down regarding the forfeiture and restoration of good conduct pay, and are made applicable to all branches of the native army. The whole regulations are to be applicable to the native armies of the three Presidencies—a commencement to assimilating the rules and regulations of the three Presidencies.

EMPLOYMENT OF SIKHS IN NEW ZEALAND.

—A strong brigade of hardy Punjabees, says the *Englishman*, would, at the present crisis, render excellent service in New Zealand, and afford to the Colonial Government the means of putting down, with a high hand, those disturbances which, through the temporizing policy hitherto pursued, threaten to become chronic. The expenditure which would be incurred for such auxiliaries would be considerably less than in supplying European troops from India; but this would be the least im-

portant part of the advantage gained. Independently of the question of expense, it is found that the colonial empire of Great Britain is now so vast that the country is unable to bear a larger drain, in recruiting fresh forces whenever an emergency arises in any of these numerous dependencies. The assistance which might be rendered by the Native forces of India in a large number of those colonies, from the Antipodes to the Cape of Good Hope, becomes, therefore, a matter of very great importance. Whatever uneasiness of feeling there may be as to the dependence which can be placed on our black troops in India, it is certain that we could place implicit confidence in them while they are employed beyond seas. The probability is, too, that those regiments which returned from such duty would ever after prove the most trustworthy of any borne on our rolls.

NEW LINE OF STEAMERS TO SUEZ.—The *Englishman* says:—“Our readers will all hail with satisfaction the establishment by the Bombay and Bengal Steam Navigation Company of a line of first-class steamers between Bombay, Aden, and Suez, in connection with similar vessels to run from Alexandria to Liverpool. The rates the company propose to charge, for the present, for first and second-class passengers to Suez are Rs. 450 and Rs. 250 respectively, and they hope ultimately to convey first-class passengers through to Liverpool for £50. With the rates of freight we are not acquainted, but we believe £8 per ton will be the charge for cotton, and £5 for piece goods. We look upon this as the first attempt at effectual competition with the Peninsular and Oriental Company; how effectual it is likely to be, if the new company understand their own interests sufficiently to furnish tolerable accommodation, a comparison of the above rates with those charged by the Peninsular and Oriental Company and the Messageries Impériales will show. Until the railway to Bombay is completed Calcutta will not, probably, derive the full benefit of these arrangements; though, even now they will allow those who like to put up with the inconvenience of travelling by the mail cart to go first-class from Calcutta to Liverpool, *via* Bombay, for about £80. If the new company realise their hope of being able to carry first-class passengers through to Liverpool for £50, the above sum will further be reduced to £70. Few people, however, will willingly bear the hardships of the overland journey to Bombay, and the number that could possibly be conveyed by that route, under existing arrangements, is very limited. For the next two years, at least, the only easily practicable route from Calcutta to Bombay must continue to be by sea. A company which would run fast steamers from Calcutta to Bombay, and content itself with equally moderate rates for freight and passage, becomes, therefore, a greater desideratum than ever. Such a company would, we believe, at once secure a most lucrative traffic. Much better than this, however, would be a line of steamers from Calcutta to Aden and Suez, *en rapport* with these new arrangements.

ACTION AGAINST THE P. AND O. COMPANY.

—Captain J. J. Brown, of the Naval Reserve, has brought an action against the Peninsular and Oriental Company for 800 rupees, the value of some lost luggage. The plaintiff's evidence was as follows:—I arrived in Bombay on the 14th of April last, and left in defendants steamer *Jeddah*, for Calcutta, on the 15th idem. I took all my baggage, *viz.*, five packages. I applied to the purser for a label, pointing out that all my baggage was labelled with English labels. I paid my passage-money 400 rupees, to the purser after I had gone on board. I could not get a ticket on shore, as it was a holiday—Good Friday, I think. When I asked for a label, the purser said, “We have no labels; but there is no fear; there is no necessity to have your baggage

labelled; there are few passengers, and they are sure to be put safely on board the *Nemesis* at Galle. I asked to be allowed to take the packages into the cabin, but was told it was against the regulations. At Galle, when going on shore, I made a similar request to take them ashore with me, but was again denied any such indulgence. I stayed four or five days at Galle, and on my going on board the *Nemesis*, I inquired if the baggage had arrived. I was answered shortly that some had, and some had not. I found great difficulty in ascertaining whether my baggage was safely on board, and it was not until about five minutes before starting that I found out that one of my packages was missing. I immediately made it known to the captain, who said that nothing could be done until our arrival in Calcutta. I then wrote to the agent of the company, but received no reply. This is the letter I wrote. I see a memo. at foot, but don't know the handwriting. It may be Mr. Wood's, the baggage officer. I mentioned to Captain Patterson that my baggage had not had the destination, Calcutta, marked on them. I was advised by Captain Patterson to put myself in communication with the office in Bombay. I said I could not see what benefit I would derive from this, as I had been nearly two months in getting a reply to a special letter written on the subject. The box contained a full dress and an undress uniform, for a lieutenant in H.M.'s Naval Reserve. All the things were new. They were all contained in one box, with a tin case inside, on which my name was legibly marked. This is the bill of the London firm. The amount charged against me is £50. 13s. 6d. I have been to Harman and Co., and asked what I could get the same sort made for in Calcutta, and have been told not less than Rs. 800. The deposition was confirmed by evidence, and a defence of non-liability was held to be untenable; so the plaintiff got a verdict with full costs.

TORTURE IN THE MOFUSSIL.—The *Englishman* says:—We return to the case of torture by the Beerbhoom police, to which we recently drew attention. The Deputy Inspector-General has investigated the case on the spot, and we are now in possession of authentic particulars. Certain prisoners sent in by Inspector Maclean, as dacoits, were made over, as usual, to the deputy magistrate for commitment to the Court of Sessions. During the preliminary investigation before this officer, none of the prisoners made any complaint against the police; and the subsequent expose of Maclean is due to a piece of jail gossip. Prisoners while awaiting trial naturally talk over the history and the prospects of their respective cases; and a really efficient district officer learns a good deal of what is going on outside by a careful discharge of his duties as head of the district jail. Mr. J. M. Lewis, the magistrate of the district, heard that the dacoits in question were very full of the wrongs they had suffered at the hands of the police; and, with a promptitude worthy of all praise, he sent them forthwith to the deputy magistrate, before whom their case was being tried. This he did in the absence of any formal complaint, and on his own responsibility. The story told by the prisoners is probably exaggerated, but even if only one-tenth of it is true, it is a sufficiently sad one. They stated that they had been burned with a hot iron, stabbed with forks, pricked with needles, and flogged by Mr. Maclean's own hands. One of them deposed that red pepper had been rubbed into his eyes, and other tortures inflicted on him, of which there is not a particle of evidence, and which we will not relate. There is no doubt whatever that their hands were tied in a cruel manner, and that they received a sound beating. A mark of burning is still visible on the body of one of them, and this may, or may not, have been inflicted by the police. Mr. Lewis having, as chief magistrate, taken up the case judicially, then pro-

ceeded, as the head of the police within his district, to call for a report from the superintendent. The crime of the inspector was two-fold. It was an offence against public justice, and Mr. Lewis, as magistrate, accordingly took it up under the Penal Code. It was also an offence against the discipline of the police force, and Mr. Lewis, as head of the district police, made it a subject of departmental inquiry and report. The result has not yet transpired.

THE NEW ACTING CHIEF JUSTICE.—The *Englishman* says:—Among the exceptions that have been taken to the appointment of Mr. Trevor to the acting Chief Justiceship of Bengal, the greatest stress has, perhaps, been laid on one which is altogether irrelevant. Some of our contemporaries, and several of our correspondents, have objected to this appointment on the ground that only a Barrister Judge can legally be made Chief Justice. If it is concluded from this that the acting Chief Justice also cannot legally be other than a Barrister Judge, we can only say that the conclusion is logically erroneous, and incorrect in fact.

INDIGO PROSPECTS.—We learn that the indigo part of the Rajshye Division is quite quiet, though the feeling against indigo on the part of the native zemindars is still very strong. The planters, however, have lately been much increasing their own private cultivation, and the old system of advances is proportionately diminishing. In many factories, too, machinery and steam power are taking the place of human labour, thus rendering the planters independent of coolies.—*Englishman*.

JUDICIAL RETIREMENTS.—We hear that the Honorable Justices Trevor, Loch, Steer and Bayley will retire next year. There will then be just a sufficient number for all purposes, especially as of late the translators of the Sudder Court have not been able to keep pace with the judges, so that business with "old stagers" can hardly be said to be strongly on the side of the English *extrepreneurs*.—*Hurkaru*.

A NEW INDIAN MEDICAL JOURNAL is about to be published by Messrs. Wyman and Co., of Calcutta, under the editorial superintendence of Dr. D. B. Smith, of the Medical College.

SHIPPING.

ARRIVALS.

Aug. 19. British Prince, Christian, Bombay; Young Mechanic, McLoon, Boston and Madras; Mikado, Bards, London; Ardbeg, Hobson, Port Natal and Madras.—20. Peveril of the Peak, Loftus, Madras; Warwick, Trader, Madras.—22. Hyppatia, Thompson, Mauritius.—23. Formby, —; Leobia, Reed, London; Canard, —; Copenhagen, Cowie, Colombo.—24. Shaw Allum, Marchioness of Londonderry, Chusan, Bernica, Cicero, Empress, Apelles, Thyra.

PASSENGERS ARRIVED.

Per str. *Nemesis*.—From SOUTHAMPTON.—Mr. Winterburn, Capt. G. L. Fraser, Surg.-maj. Gibant, Asst.-surg. Grant, Asst.-surg. McLean, Surg. Hooper, Mrs. Gibant, Miss E. Wilson, Miss M. S. Johnson, Mr. J. Racher, Mr. P. K. Hyndman, Mr. H. Broad. From MARSEILLES.—Mr. and Mrs. Duff, Capt. Vanrenen, Mr. F. W. Brooks, Mr. J. Maxwell, Capt. Cheever, Mr. John Hathaway, Mr. Scott. From SEZ.—Mr. Ludston, Mr. Safe. From CEYLON.—Mr. Gordon, Mr. Sutcliffe, Mr. Pearce. From BOMBAY.—Mr. Pietsch, Mr. Danevold. From MELBOURNE.—Mr. Jolly, Mr. Ellis. From SHANGHAI.—Mr. Seaman. From MADRAS.—Mr. J. Nicholas, Mr. Maxwell, Capt. Saunders, Mrs. Saunders and infant, Mrs. Bond, Mr. and Mrs. Tulaghi and three children, Mr. Mitchell, Maj. P. Scott, Mrs. Morgans.

DEPARTURES.

Aug. 18. Carleton, Young, Trinidad; Coringa, Bogart, Boston; John Bellamy, Calvert, London.—19. Orissa, Ballantine, Madras Coast; Arabia, Patterson, Hong Kong; Georgina, Nohmann, Hull; Cingala, Nelson, London; Latona, Sedgwick, Hong Kong.—20. Keiver, Bolton, Straits and Hong Kong; Alexandra, Kelly, Liverpool; William Cole, Tothill, London; Blackwall, Kinnerley, Rangoon and Moulin; Aberdeen, Cole, Liverpool.—21. Thunder, Taylor, Straits and Hong Kong; Indore, Gaine, Singapore and Hong Kong; Essex, Lash, Mauritius.—23. Mouline, Gray, Chittagong and Akyab.—24. Bushier, Cameron, Rangoon, Mouline, and Straits; Candia, Macnamara, Suez; Edouard, Pichaud, Bourbon; Calcutta, Jopp, London.

PASSENGERS DEPARTED.

Per str. *Mula*.—For MADRAS.—Mrs. MacNair, Mrs. Stephenson. For GALLE.—Mr. Merton.

COMMERCIAL.

Calcutta, Sept. 1, 1865.

GOVERNMENT SECURITIES.

Rate of Interest.	Stock.	Selling Price
1 per Cent. Sa.	Sa. Rs. 90	Rs. 99 4 to 90 8
Do. Transfer Stock.	Sa. Rs. 91	91 4 to 91 8
4 per Cent. Co's Rs.	Co's Rs. 91	91 2 to 91 6
5 per Cent. P.W.	Co's Rs. 101	101 8 to 102 0
5½ per Cent.	Co's Rs. 111	110 8 to 110 12
5 per cent., 50-57.	Co's Rs. 104	103 0 to 103 14

EXCHANGE.

	On London.	Per Rupee.
Local Bank Bills	at 6 months' sight	20 1-16 to 3-16
First Class Credit	at 6 months' sight	20 1-2 to 1-2
Bills with Docs.	at 6 months' sight	20 1-2 to 5-16
Bank Post Bills	at 1 months' sight	20 1-2 to 20 1-2

JOINT STOCK SHARES.

Stock.	Paid-up.	Quoted at
	Rs. each.	Rs.
Agra and Masterman's Bank	500	1190 to 1200
Assam Tea Company	200	585 to 590
Bank of Bengal	1000	170 1-2
Bengal Tea Company	100	135 to 137
Bengal Credit Mobilier (Lim.)	100	115 to 118
Bonded Warehouse Association	445	660 to 655
Borokai Tea Company (Limited)	25	640 to 646
Cachar and Assam Tea Company	200	168 to 170
Ditto (Contributory)	115	30 to 28 dis.
Cachar Tea Company	600	600 to 606
Ditto (Contributory)	500	par to 5 pm.
Calcutta Docking Company	700	1365 to 1375
Calcutta Steam Tug Association	600	510 to 515
Calcutta and South Eastern Railway	52	par
Central Assam Tea Company	100	55 to 96
Central Cachar Tea Company	200	230 to 235
Ditto, new shares	200	214 to 215
Dehra Doon Tea Company	100	nom.
Delhi Bank Corporation	500	600 to 705
E. B. Indigo Company	100	nom.
East India Railway Company	218	par
East India Tea Company	100	137 to 138
Ditto, contributory	80	33 to 34 pm.
Eastern Bengal Tea Company	50	55 to 65
Eastern Cachar Tea Company	100	105 to 107
Ditto, contributory	85	3 to 5 pm.
Eastern Bengal Railway Company	218	par
Eastern Steam Tug Company	1000	1100
Equitable Coal Company	250	200 to 205
Ganges Steam Navigation Company	500	Nominal
Great Eastern Hotel Company	250	215 to 218
Gola Ghant Tea Company	250	255 to 257 1-2
Ditto new shares	250	262 1-2
Hindustan, China, and Japan Bank	250	nom.
Hooghly Steam Tug Company	1000	850 to 875
Howrah Docking Company	535	340 to 550
India General Steam Navigation Co.	1000	850
National Bank of India (Limited)	250	5 to 8 pm.
New Fort Gloster Company	600	nom.
North-West Indigo Company	100	70 to 71
North-West Screwing Company	50	nom.
Oriental Gas Company	41	15 to 16
Peoples Bank of India	100	80 to 85
Port Canning Land Company	1000	1125 to 1150
Punjab Bank	110	10 pm.
Punjab Trading	75	nom.
Royal Bank of India	Nominal.	
Screwing Company (Limited)	200	170 to 175
Simla Bank	500	620 to 635
South Cachar Tea Company	100	75 to 80
Strand Pressing Company (Limited)	62 1-2	250 to 252
Sylhet and Cachar Tea Company	200	nom.
Tirhoot Indigo	200	160 nom.
Union Steam Tug Company	250	6 to 4 dis.
Upper Assam Tea Company	100	170 to 172

FREIGHTS.

	To London.	To Liverpool.
Saltpetre	£1 0 0 to 0 0 0	Nominal.
Sugar	Nominal.	Nominal.
Rice	1 0 0 to 1 2 6	Nominal.
Seeds	1 15 0 to 2 10 0	2 0 0
Jute	1 15 0 to 2 7 6	2 0 0
Cotton	2 7 6 to 2 10 0	2 7 6

BOMBAY.

THE GOVERNOR'S GREAT DURBAR.

As previously announced, the Durbar of his Excellency the Governor took place on Sept. 7, at five o'clock, on which occasion the weather was clear and pleasant; all the guests invited commenced entering the Durbar tents, which were pitched on the open plain opposite the Council-hall, and at five o'clock his Excellency with his personal staff arrived at the Durbar, when a salute was fired by a battery from Kirkee, which was located in the rear of the Council-hall and the Sappers and Miners' lines. His Excellency was received by the guard of honour, which was furnished by her Majesty's 4th (King's Own) regiment, consisting of one hundred rank and file, under the command of a commissioned officer, as well as one hundred rank and file from her Majesty's 22nd Regiment. His Excellency's bodyguard was present on the occasion. All the native chieftains, namely, Luximonrow Rodray, Punt Preeteenudce, Punt Suchew, Muntree

Soomunth, and Rajah Ruttunsing, Malligaumkur, the sons of the Rajah of Acukote, all the staff officers, including the Commander of the Forces, Major-General Sir Van Straubenzee, the members of the Legislative Council, commanding officers of the different regiments, field officers, and almost all the officers off duty were present in their full dress. The Durbar tents were honoured by the *elite*, beauty, and fashion of Poona. The native commissioned and non-commissioned officers of the various regiments were also present, and the Sirdars of the Deccan, the Parsee gentry, the soucars, and all the Government native officials, as well as mamludars, &c. The arrangements made for their reception were most satisfactory and creditable to all concerned. His Excellency made a short and eloquent speech to the Sirdars, and in which Mr. Mahudowrow Vittul Vinchorkur was especially mentioned. Afterwards, pan sooparee, har, guzra, atter, and goolab were distributed, and at six o'clock his Excellency left the Durbar tent, when the guns of the Artillery announced his Excellency's departure, and at the same time his Excellency's band played the National Anthem.

The following are the most important passages of his Excellency's address to the chiefs and sirdars, delivered in the Marathé language:—

"There are many subjects of importance to you collectively and individually, which I trust we may have opportunities of discussing before you leave Poona. But there are matters of the greatest interest to us all, on which I should be glad to say more than it is possible to say, either in a general address to you in durbar, or in one or two necessarily brief and formal private interviews. Among these topics there is much which I should be glad to say on the subject of education. By education I do not mean mere reading and writing. Without these elementary means of acquiring knowledge there can be no perfect education. But much may be learnt from travel—from seeing other countries and conversing with men of wider experience and more knowledge than can be met with at any one place. I would gladly write more than can be said orally on this subject of education, but I find from the reports of political officers that a very large proportion of the Marathé chiefs are unable to read and write their own language; and there are very few indeed who know the language of the English Government and the English Sovereign sufficiently well to understand what I might say or write to them in my own tongue. . . . You know that it is the earnest desire of her Majesty the Queen, and of the Government of India, to maintain the class of nobles to which you belong with undiminished hereditary property and influence, and to see them act as leaders of the people in the moral and physical advancement which it is the eminent desire of the British nation to encourage in this country. But this is simply impossible if you neglect all opportunities of learning. I would ask you, if one of the Princes, the sons of Queen Victoria, came amongst us, how many of you would be able to converse with his Royal Highness in his own language? How many of you can read the laws of the country in the language in which they are enacted? or the correspondence of our Government regarding yourselves and your own rights? Nay more—how many of you could tell a traveller, even if he spoke your own language, anything of the history or geography, or of the people or politics, of any part of your own country beyond the immediate neighbourhood of your own territory? The Government of England has of late years decreed that an active share in the Government of this country shall be given to the people of this country as far as they are worthy of it. You have good reason to know that this is no mere figure of speech, for we have done our best to promote worthy men among the Native community to

the highest seats in our Council, and to the bench of our great courts of justice. We would gladly select for such offices men illustrious for their birth and descent—and influential from their rank and family position. How is it, then, that we have been able to find among the Sirdars of the Deccan so few who possess such a knowledge even of their own people and their own public affairs, as to be fitted for such a trust? A powerful nation now protects each and all of you in the enjoyment of his and your property and rights. It is not possible now for any man with a few more retainers, or with better equipment than your own, or even for any one who wields the whole power of Government, unjustly to deprive the weakest of you of his rightful possessions. But there is an enemy against which even the powerful English Government cannot protect you, and that enemy you will find among yourselves. Everything in this world must either grow or decay; and you and your families can be no exception to this great law of nature. It is in the power of every one of you to improve his own estate, to make his ryots contented and happy, to make himself respected by high and low, by his own countrymen as well as by the English Government, and to take a large share in the administration and improvement of the country—a greater share when measured by its capacity for doing good than any minister of former sovereigns could boast. All this power you may command, by simply availing yourselves of those advantages of education and position which are within the reach of you all. But, by neglecting those advantages, it is also within your power to become in each generation smaller and less important men than your forefathers were; to see your lands and revenues slip from your grasp, or remain yours only in name; to see your power and influence usurped by others; to live unhonoured, and to die unlamented. If this be your lot, do not blame the Government under which you live, or any blind fate; for be assured it is entirely your own fault for neglecting the great opportunities before you."

THE ENNISKILLING DRAGOONS AGAIN.

The *Times of India* publishes a long article detailing more "rows" among the officers of this regiment, still commanded by Colonel Crawley at Mhow, from which we make some extracts:—

"If it were not for all the rows that have taken place in the regiment I would put you in my Confidential Report, and I ought to do so. . . . I don't order you (to salute your brother officer when off duty), but . . . if you dare (to omit doing so) I will bring you to a court-martial, so you had better get out of it (the regiment?) as soon as you can." These eminently judicious and soldierly observations, we have good reason to believe, were uttered in a certain orderly room in this Presidency about three months ago. They were addressed by a colonel commanding to a lieutenant who had been summoned to answer the grave charge of declining to salute a captain when off duty, and after he had, before the said colonel, given a very sufficient reason for so declining. There is no need to inform our military readers, either at home or in India, which is the station where the orderly room in question is situated, and scarcely less occasion to specify the regiment in which "all the rows have taken place." . . . On July 20th, in the morning, two copies of the *Court Journal* were placed in the reading-room, but in the afternoon were missing, and Cornet Power directed Mess-sergeant Hand, who had charge of the room, to send round a circular note to all the officers' quarters requesting the journals to be returned. This note was sent amongst the rest to Lieutenant Davies, who signed the paper "No, R. D.," meaning that the papers were not with him. The next morning early

one of the native mess boys was taken by Sergeant Hand and placed in watch to see who brought any papers into the room. The boy was locked in the library by Sergeant Hand, and told to watch, through the glass door, the officers who came in. Corporal Lucas was also told to observe, and in his written statement avers that he could see into the reading room from where he stood. Here, then, were two spies waiting for the luckless wight who might return with the *Court Journals*. And it should be observed that Corporal Lucas, in his written statement, says:—"I suspected that Lieutenant Davies had taken them." But relating to the chief circumstance, there is a discrepancy between the evidence of the boy and the corporal, one which is far more important than that between the two witnesses in a celebrated case reported in the "Apocrypha." We refer to the point where the boy says that he saw Lieut. Davies thrust the two papers under the others on the table, and then ran to call his confederate the corporal, who displayed such supernatural celerity as to witness the same momentary action on the part of Mr. Davies. Corporal Lucas, in his own statement, speaks of Mr. Davies taking out of his breast-pocket and putting the "two newspapers" on the table, and yet afterwards says that "Serg. Hand showed me the papers, the *Court Journals*, which had been on the breakfast table the previous morning." Serg. Hand does not do things by halves in that sort of way. In his statement he says that "Corporal Lucas came to me, and told me that he had just seen Lieutenant Davies . . . take the missing papers, the *Court Journals*, from under the breast of his jacket," and that he "slipped the *Court Journals* in among the other papers." Thus, although Lucas was in a "room behind the library," he could see Mr. Davies put the two papers on the table, that action having already been seen by the clever boy before he called Lucas to witness it; and, though Lucas first saw the papers to be *Court Journals* when he met Sergeant Hand coming out of the news-room, Sergeant Hand writes him down to say that he saw *Court Journals* taken by Mr. Davies out of his pocket and *Court Journals* slipped under the papers on the table. This is a sample of the "statements" which are truly, and as if satirically, described in the official letter of Adj. Luck as "not of the nature of evidence!" No; we think these "statements," if offered as "of the nature of evidence" before a jury of school-boys would have been met with jeers of contempt; and if such "a case" were brought before a certain Bombay judge, in his present mood, would be the occasion for the infliction of a swinging fine, either on the witnesses or the getters up of the case. . . . We wish we were able to publish these statements in full, especially the one in which a lady, "Agnes Helen Davies," has been constrained courageously to come "forward on my honour, concerning an accusation against my husband of having taken from the Mess, and falsely denied having done so, certain papers," &c. Were not the prosecutors' case so utterly weak as to need no serious refutation, the statement of Mrs. Davies would, we think, command a judgment for the cause in which she appears. She says that as her husband was leaving the bungalow to go to the mess room, "I reminded him that there was upon the table an old *Times of India* which he had taken out of the mess room a day or two before. I gave the paper myself into his hand, and he placed it with one other (an English provincial paper, we believe,) beneath his stable jacket, his usual habit when out of doors." Now here is a simple explanation which exonerates the poor Hindoo lad from wilful misrepresentation, though it leaves the two other witnesses to account as they can for their assertions of Lieut. Davies laying down the *Court Journals*, which both he and Mrs. Davies state had not been in their bungalow at all. In support of

this joint affirmation there is the best corroborative evidence that could well be produced. Mrs. Davies says that she regularly receives the *Court Journal* from her friend Mrs. Prior, and, consequently, never requires them from the mess-room. This fact, as to the regular use by Lieut. Davies and his wife of Mrs. Prior's *Court Journals*, was confirmed in the Court of Inquiry by Lieut.-colonel Prior, who was himself President of the Court. We need go no further: here we have four witnesses against three, the four being two officers and their wives, and we elect to accept the testimony of the four."

MISCELLANEOUS.

DEATH OF MR. JUSTICE FORBES.—The Hon. Mr. Justice Kinloch Forbes died at Poona on Thursday night, in the house of the Hon. Mr. Ellis. In him we lose one of the most distinguished civilian judges of the High Court on this side of India. Eminent by his general abilities, he was still more so in certain departments of culture to which a fine taste and sound judgment spontaneously directed themselves. His great knowledge of architecture and architectural remains are a tribute to the one, and the several works on Indian subjects, of which he is the author, speak abundantly for the other. It is a loss to India not easily estimated when men of refined scholarship and high unimpeachable character pass away, for the former acts and reacts in many ways for good upon our Indian policy, and the latter is needed as a counterpoise to some of the effects of the opening of our ports to western immigration. Mr. Justice Forbes was seized about a fortnight ago with some affection of the brain, which his medical attendants have not been able clearly to make out, but it was evident during the greater part of his illness that it would terminate fatally. We have received the intimation of his death so close upon the hour at which we go to press that we reserve a fuller notice of the deceased gentleman's connection with India till our next issue. Mr. Forbes was buried at Poona on Friday evening.—*Bombay Gazette*, Sept. 8.

BOMBAY ITEMS.—An amended scheme for the amalgamation of a number of the new Banks in Bombay has been decided on.—A new Bill has been introduced into the Legislative Council to regulate and restrict the sale of poisons in the Bombay Presidency, in assimilation of the English Acts.—Sir Bartle Frere is expected in Bombay from Poona to receive the Hon. Mr. Maine, who is expected to arrive from Europe by the in-coming mail steamer.—A new Club has been started at Poona, to be called the Club of Western India.

ENSIGN CONOLLY, 72ND HIGHLANDERS.—A letter has been addressed, by order of Sir William Mansfield, the Commander-in-Chief, to Sir C. T. Van-Straubenzee, K.C.B., commander of the forces in Bombay, desiring him to convey his Excellency's best thanks to Ensign Conolly, 72nd Highlanders, for the intelligence and decision displayed by him under the difficult circumstances in which he was placed, owing to the outbreak of cholera in the ranks of a detachment of British troops proceeding under his command from Asseergur to Poona, in April last.

COURSE OF EVENTS IN AFGHANISTAN.—The Ameer of Cabul is reported to have imprisoned Mahomed Raffee Khan and another Sirdar on account of their being suspected of having been concerned in sowing the late dissensions in the family. It is also stated that Sheik Allee Khan is dead. A Persian letter has been received confirming the report of the occupation of Samarkand by a Russian army, and that a Russian and Persian envoy have had a conference with the Ameer Sher Allee Khan at Candahar, and have induced him to return to Cabul instead of proceeding to Herat.

INSURRECTION IN BHAWULPOOR.—The disturbances at Bhawalpoor resulted in a battle between the insurgents, under Beyram Khan, and the Nawab's forces, commanded by Goolam Mahomed, near Chokee Abra, which lasted from eight in the morning till eight at night; there were about 100 men killed and wounded altogether, all of whom, with the exception of thirteen, belonged to the insurgents. The leaders escaped and put their women to the sword to prevent their falling into the hands of the victors.

RAIN IN BOMBAY.—Bombay this season has had a very abundant monsoon, the rainfall being 73.44 inches; eight inches beyond the average fall, and about twenty-two beyond that of last year. As the rain has been pretty general throughout the country, the crops are in consequence looking well.

SHIPPING.

ARRIVALS.

Aug. 23. Tiverton, Smith, London.—24. str. Gunga, Talbot, Galle; str. Salsette, Renoldson, Sydney; Admiral De Ruyter, Stuart, Bushire; str. Baroda, Haselwood, Suez.—25. Weatherfield, Brown, Liverpool.—28. Little Edith, Lys, London; Mary Crocker, Fleming, Mauritius.—29. Oriflamme, Smith, Liverpool; City of Delhi, Taylor, Glasgow.—30. Tinnevely, Pleige, Amsterdam.—31. Beth Shan, Armstrong, Singapore; Dillurree, Banatvane, London.—Sept. 2. Argosy, Swift, Moulmein; Canute, Quinn, Aden.—3. City of Richmond, Gregory, Liverpool; Ezeria, Burns, Liverpool.—4. Catherine Rankin, McMillen, Liverpool.—5. str. Bhima, Bonfellow, Galle.—5. str. Nepaul, Blake, Hong Kong.—6. str. Eweu, Methven, Hong Kong; Minnesota, Laverick, Moulmein; Lady Canning, Hodges, Moulmein.—7. South Carolina, Sharpott, Liverpool; Coringa, Wilson, Sunderland; Helen Marrow, Key, Sarawak.

PASSENGERS ARRIVED.

Per str. Bhima.—Mr. and Mrs. Moreira and two children, Mr. Anderson, Mr. T. Wiener.
Per P. and O. Co.'s str. Baroda.—From Southampton.—Rev. Mr. Neale, Miss Black, Dr. Gilbert, Mrs. Barnett and infant, Capt. Fraser, Mr. C. Broughton, Mr. H. Fisher, Mrs. Robson and infant, Mr. and Mrs. Barton, Mr. J. Scott, Capt. McCulloch, Messrs. F. Maddocks, T. Goodacre, J. Peckham, R. Hayhurst, G. Teedger, C. Floyd, J. Frost, and P. Reid. From Marseilles.—Capt. and Mrs. Hogg, Mr. and Mrs. Minet, Capt. and Mrs. Fox, Messrs. Davies, Shepherd, Leathes, and Fulcher. From Suez.—Messrs. Bulkeley, Keim, and Brandt. From Aden.—Mr. Traill.

DEPARTURES.

Aug. 23. Colorado, Freeman, Calcutta.—24. Salem, Mitchell, Moulmein; Thelatta, Gardiner, Calcutta.—25. str. Rangoon, Blonett, Aden and Suez; str. Governor Higginson, Parker, Kurrachee.—26. Fattay Shaw Allum, Grant, Coast and Calcutta; Mistress of the Seas, Orkney, Liverpool.—28. Jane Leech, Bingham, Rangoon; Nowanuzgur, De Costa, Calcutta.—29. Peri, Edwards, Havre; Cora Linn, McDougall, Liverpool; Caroline Coventry, Jones, Mauritius.—30. Canopus, Clark, London; str. Baroda, Haselwood, China.—31. Duke of Northumberland, Brown, Java.—Sept. 1. str. Punjab, Day, Calcutta; Tulsman, Whiteway, Liverpool; Proteus, Murphy, Calcutta.—2. str. T. A. Gibbs, Milne, Calcutta.—4. str. Gunga, Talbot, Aden and Suez; Persia, Clark, Liverpool.—5. str. Margaret Crawford, Jenkin, Bhowanuggur; Royal Tar, Mark, Cocin.—6. str. Massowah, Greave, Aden and Suez; Ulysses, McIntyre, Calcutta; Nydia, McKelvie, Liverpool; City of Glasgow, Carnaghan, Tutiocria.—7. Ina, Welltroze, Liverpool.—8. Mail str. Carnatic, Grainger, Suez.

PASSENGERS DEPARTED.

Per Ina.—Mr. L. P. Sanderberg, Mr. J. H. Mann, Mr. F. Roberts, Mr. B. Human, Mr. B. H. Human.
Per B. and S. S. Co.'s str. Gunga.—Capt. Phipps, Dr. Davidson, Maj. Brown, Col. and Mrs. Tennant, Mr. Willis, Capt. Clerly, Capt. Wallace, Mrs. Chapin, Mr. Mrs. and Miss Ballantine, Mr. J. R. P. Leggat, Mr. S. Trott, Dr. Allen, Mr. M. Gazzard.
Per P. and O. Co.'s str. Carnatic.—For Suez.—Mr. S. Price. For Aden.—Mr. De Silva. For Southampton.—Col. Playfair, Capt. Campbell, Capt. Creery, Surg. maj. and Mrs. Harris, Mrs. Moizer, Mrs. Lucas, Mr. C. A. Green, Mr. T. Wilde, Mr. Kirkwood, Mr. Steril, Mr. M. Norton, Mr. Rawlins, Mr. J. R. Gordon, Cornet Froom. For Marseilles.—Mrs. G. Veniz, Mr. W. Ellis, Dr. Maule, Mr. Vix, Mr. McPherson, Mr. Rogers.

VESSELS SPOKEN.

Per Tiverton.—On July 27, spoke the ship Weatherfield, from Liverpool to Bombay, seventy days out, in lat. 37° 50' S., long. 40° 29' E.

COMMERCIAL.

Bombay, Sept. 8, 1865.

EXCHANGES.

On London Banks—at
6 months' sight, per rupee, 2s. 0½d.
6 ditto ditto 2s. 0½d. Cred. Bills.
6 ditto ditto 2s. 0½d. Docts.

BANK AND OTHER SHARES

Agra Bank (Rs. 500) 115 pr. cent pm
Asiatic Bank 62
Bombay Bank (Rs. 1,000) 65 do.

Bank of India (Rs. 25)	36 pm.
Central Bank (Rs. 250)	120 do.
Chartered Bank of India, Australia, & China (Rs. 200)	80 do.
Commercial Bank (Rs. 500)	25
Joint-Stock Bank (Rs. 20)	53 do.
Mercantile Bank (Rs. 250)	110 do.
Oriental Bank Corporation (Rs. 250)	110 pm.
Royal Bank of India (Rs. 25)	28 do.
Madras Bank (Rs. 1,000)	73 do.
Apollo Press Co. (Rs. 11,000)	par
Colaba Press Co. (Rs. 2,700)	Rs. 6,000 p. sh.
Fort Press Co. (Rs. 3,667)	Rs. 14,500 p. sh.
Elphinstone Land and Press Co.:—	
(A) share (Rs. 6,000)	3600 Rs. 800 pm.
(B) share (Rs. 6,000)	2500 dis.
Freer Press Co. (Rs. 250)	25 pm.
Victoria Land and Press Co. (Rs. 4,000)	Rs. 2,300 pm.
Bombay Press Co. (Rs. 1,200)	7 per cent. dis.
Great Indian Peninsular Railway Co. Consolidated Stock (Rs. 218-3-0)	Rs. 3,200 p. sh.
Hydraulic Press Co. (Rs. 4,000)	Rs. 500 prem.
Coorla Spinning Co. (Rs. 5,000)	Rs. 500 prem.
Bombay United Spinning and Weaving Co. (Rs. 2,500)	Rs. 90,000 pr. sh.
Colaba Land Co. (Rs. 10,000)	Rs. par
Bonded Warehouse Co. (Rs. 400)	9,000 p. sh. pm.
Back Bay Reclamation Co. (Rs. 5,000 paid-up)	Rs. 150 prem.
Oriental Weaving and Spinning Company (Rs. 2,500)	Rs. 100 prem.
Royal Spinning and Weaving Co. (Rs. 1,500)	Rs. 1,000 prem.
Victoria Spinning Co. (Rs. 5,000)	

GOVERNMENT SECURITIES.

Four per Cent. Sica Rs. Trans. Loan	Rs. 91½
" " Sica Rs. Loan 1882-33	" 91½
" " Co's Rs. Loan 1883-36	" 90½
" " " " 1842-43	" 104½
" " " " 1854-55	" 110½
Five per Cent. Co's Rs. Loan	Rs. 7 do. dis.
Five-and-a-Half per Cent.	par.
Ditto, New £20 Shares (Rs. 87-4-4)	Rs. 600 prem.
Bombay, Baroda, and Central India Railway Co. (Rs. 1,000)	Rs. 100 prem.
Bombay Spinning & Weaving Co. (Rs. 5,000)	Rs. 25 prem.
Great Eastern Spinning and Weaving Company (Rs. 1,100)	Rs. 400
Manookjee Pity's Spinning and Weaving Co. (Rs. 850)	Rs. 3,000
House and Land Investment Co. (Rs. 200)	
Bombay Shipping Co. (Rs. 1,500)	

PRICE OF BULLION, &c.

Sovereigns	each, Rs. 10
Bank of England Notes	" 10
Spanish Dollars	" 300
Caroline Dollars	" 250
Mexican Dollars	" 225
Five Franc Pieces, Rs. 232 tolas	" 214½
German Crowns	" 167
Bar Silver, 17 and 17½ dwt. better, per 100 tolas	" 105
Sycee Silver	" 16-12
Gold Leaf 99½ touch	" 16½
Gold Bars, English	" 16-8
Ditto, Pekin	" 16-8

FREIGHTS.

To London.—Cotton and Wool 20s., nominal; Seeds, 17s. 6d.
Coffee and Gunis, 20s.
To Liverpool.—Cotton, and Wool, 10s. to 20s.; Seeds, 5s., nominal.

LATEST INTELLIGENCE.

PRIVATE TELEGRAMS.

Messrs. Cursetjee, Claver and Co., of Liverpool, on Friday last received telegrams dated Bombay, the 26th Sept., and Oct. 3, with quotations from market prices. The quotations of the latter date are:—

BOMBAY, Oct. 3.

Dhollera, 360r.; Compta, 340r. Cotton only procurable two months' delivery.

MADRAS, Sept. 6.

Government Securities: Five-and-a-Half, 10½ premium; Fives, 4½ premium; Fours, 9 discount; Document Bills, 2s. 1d.

Light Freight: Cotton, £1 to £1. 5s.

Interest on Loans, 7 per cent.

Money Market, rather more active.

40 inches Grey Shirtings, 7 lbs., Rs. 7-4.
No. 40 Mule Twist, good seconds, per bundle, Rs. 5-8.

CHINA.

(By Overland Telegraph from Galle.)

SHANGHAI, Sept. 4.

A successful revolt is reported to have taken place in Western Tartary. The province of Ili has been wrested from the Celestial Empire. The Nyenfei have seized three cities. A Mandarin report states that Burgevine has been drowned.

Tea tending downwards. Silk active. Export to date, 33,000 bales. Exchange on London, 6s. 2d. Freights, 35s. to 40s.

CANTON, Sept. 11.

Grey shirtings unchanged. Tea firm. Total export to date, 51,000,000 lbs. Exchange on London, 4s. 5½d.



Official Gazette.

BENGAL.

BY THE GOVERNOR-GENERAL.

Simla, Aug. 7.—No. 283.—Mr. E. C. Smyth, supervisor, 2nd grade, Central Provs., is permitted, at his own request, to resign his appt. in the public works dept., from Aug. 4.

No. 286.—Mr. W. H. Figott, accountant, 2nd grade, public works dept., Central Provs., is reduced to the rank of accountant, 3rd grade, and transf. to the Rajpootana office of account.

Aug. 14.—No. 977.—The Gov. gen. in Council is pleased to attach Messrs. A. Manson and W. F. Meres, of the civil service, reported qualified for the public service, to the Bengal div. of the Presy. of Fort William.

No. 981.—The services of Lieut. F. H. Conolly, dist. supt. of police in British Burmah, are placed at the disposal of the Govt. of Bengal.

Aug. 16.—No. 1,051.—Messrs. J. W. Neill and A. Manson, junior civil servants, having obtained certificates of high proficiency in Oordoo and Bengali respectively, have each been presented with the authorised donation of Rs. 800.

Aug. 17.—No. 1,100.—The Hon. C. B. Trevor took his seat as offic. Chief Justice of the High Court of Judicature at Fort William, in Bengal, on the forenoon of the 9th inst.

No. 1,101.—Major R. H. M. Aitken, v.c., insp. gen. of police in Oude, is allowed 2 mo. priv. leave under the rules applicable to mily. officers in civil employ, from Sept. 3.

Major De S. Barrow will offic. as insp. gen. during Major Aitken's absence.

No. 1,103.—Mr. N. R. Cumberlege, asst. supt. of police, Berar, relieved Lieut. Hamilton of the charge of the Maiker dist. police on June 10, and Lieut. Hamilton assumed charge of the Oomraotee police on 19th idem.

No. 1,122.—The services of Lieut. C. H. A. Gower, Royal (Madras) art., who was app. to offic. temp. as asst. supt. of police, British Burmah, are replaced at disposal of mily. dept., with effect from July 3.

No. 1,128.—Mr. H. L. Dennys, extra asst. comr. of Seonce, is invested with the powers of a sub. mag. of 2nd class.

Aug. 15.—No. 308.—Lieut. J. H. L. Greenfield, app. on 3rd ult. adjt. to the Deolee irreg. force, assumed charge of his office on 25th idem.

No. 310.—Major J. D. MacDonald, comdt. of the Deolee irreg. force, has priv. leave of absence for 60 days, from Sept. 5 next, or from the date on which he may avail himself of it.

Aug. 14.—No. 1,671.—Mr. C. Lindsay, C.S., dep. comr. of Mohumdee in Oude, has 2 mo. leave, on m.c., from 20th ult.

Mr. H. G. Ross, asst. comr., 1st grade, will offic. as dep. comr. of Mohumdee during absence on leave of Mr. Lindsay.

No. 1,672.—Mr. G. B. Maconochie, offic. settlement officer of Oonao, will offic. as settlement officer of Lucknow, during absence on leave of Mr. Capper, C.S., retaining charge of the Oonao settlement.

No. 1,675.—Capt. A. W. C. Lindsay, asst. supt., 3rd class, Mysore, has priv. leave of absence for 2 mo.

No. 1,677.—Capt. R. Ousely, asst. settlement officer, Roy Bareilly, is granted priv. leave for 2 mo. from Sept. 2 next.

No. 1,679.—Capt. C. E. Watson, asst. comr., 1st grade, in British Burmah, is appointed to offic. as dep. comr., 4th grade.

Aug. 17.—No. 1,940.—Mr. A. Anthony assumed charge of the office of dep. accountant general, Punjab, on Aug. 12.

Aug. 18.—Mr. E. N. C. Braddon, supt. of excise and stamps in Oude, has been allowed 1 mo. priv. leave from Aug. 15.

Aug. 11.—No. 288.—Mr. E. Parsick is appd. an asst. engr., 3rd grade, in the public works dept., and is posted to Oude.

No. 289.—The services of Mr. W. Smith, exec. engr., 1st grade, and offic. superint., 2nd class, Bengal, have been placed at the disposal of the Municipality of Calcutta, for employment on the water

works; he will consequently be borne as a superny. on the public works lists, with effect from July 26.

No. 290.—Mr. A. G. Crommelin, exec. engr., 1st grade, is appd. to offic. as a supern. engr. of the 2nd class, and is transf. from the Cent. Provs. to Bengal, v. W. Smith.

Aug. 12.—No. 291.—Lieut. W. T. Whish, Royal (Madras) engineers, is appd. an exec. engr., 4th grade, and posted to the N.W.P.

Aug. 14.—No. 293.—The undermen. passed student of the Calcutta Civil Engineering College is appd. to the public works dept., as engineer apprentice, and posted to Bengal:—

Mr. A. Atkinson.

Aug. 16.—No. 294.—Mr. E. Clementson, asst. engr., 2nd grade, transf. from the Thayetmyo to the Rangoon div., in pub. works dept., notific. No. 281, dated Aug. 3, 1865, joined the latter div. July 22.

Aug. 14.—No. 783.—The underment. officer is perm. to proc. to Eur. on leave of abs. on m.c.:—

Lieut. G. G. Young, of the Bengal staff corps, asst. settlement officer, Seetapore, Oude, for 20 mo.

No. 784.—With reference to G.O. No. 197 of March 7, 1864, and under the authority of the Right Hon. the Sec. of State for India, it is hereby notified that the accountant gen. to the milv. dept. will, in future, be designated "Controller General of Military Expenditure."

SERGEANT-MAJORS.

Aug. 15.—No. 785.—It is hereby notified that the provisions of G.G.O. No. 318 of March 29, 1865, authorising an increase of pay to sergeant majors of regiments and battalions of infantry of the line, are equally applicable to sergeant majors of depots and detachments.

No. 786.—The underment. officer is perm. to proc. to Eur. on leave on m.c.:—

Major G. A. Williams, Bengal staff corps, 2nd in com. and wing officer, 43rd (Assam) regt. N.L.I., for 20 mo.

No. 788.—The services of Surg. major C. R. Francis, M.B., offic. examiner medical accounts, are placed temporarily at disposal of Government of Bengal, with effect from 9th inst.

No. 790.—The following promotions are made, subject to her Majesty's approval:—

Bengal Cav.—Major (lieut. col. in staff corps) O. Hamilton, from cadre late 2nd Eur. L.C., to be lieut. col.

Cadre late 2nd Eur. L.C.—Capt. (major in 20th hussars) T. T. Boileau to be major, and Lieut. J. S. Irvine to be capt., from Aug. 4, 1865, v. Lieut. col. W. A. A. Thomson, Bengal cav., dec.

Bengal Cav.—Major H. C. Craigie, 19th hussars, from cadre of late 1st Eur. L.C., to be lieut. col.

Cadre late 1st Eur. L.C.—Capt. G. A. Galloway to be major, and Lieut. J. S. Robinson to be capt., from Aug. 4, 1865, v. Lieut. col. O. Hamilton, staff corps, removed from list of regtl. lieut. cols.

Bengal Cavalry.—Major C. Dumbleton, from cadre of late 4th Eur. L.C., to be lieut. col.; Cadre of late 4th Eur. L.C., Capt. (brev. major) O. Wilkinson to be major, and Lieut. D. C. S. L. Carnegie to be capt. from Aug. 4, v. Lieut. col. H. C. Craigie, 19th hussars, removed from the list of regtl. lieut. cols.

PUNJAB IRREGULAR FORCE.

Aug. 16.—5th Punjab Infantry.—Lieut. C. McK. Hall, qmr., to be adjt., v. Lieut. Tytler, dec.

HYDERABAD CONTINGENT.

No. 2 Horse Light Field Battery.—Lieut. H. F. Pritchard, R.A., late offic. comdt., to be paid doing duty officer, with effect from the date on which he made over command of the battery to Capt. Henchy, on his return from sick leave.

No. 795.—The undermen. appts. are made in the commissioned grade of the army commissariat dept. to fill existing vacancies:—

Permanent.—Major J. S. Dunbar, sub. asst. comy. gen., 2nd class, and offic. sub. asst. comy. gen., 1st class, to be sub. asst. comy. gen. 1st class, from June 25, 1865, v. Sub. asst. comy. gen. capt. W. D. Hogg, who vacates, having exceeded the prescribed period of sick furl. to Europe.

Capt. J. A. M. Biggs, late 10th N.I., offic. sub. comy. gen., 1st class, to be sub. asst. comy. gen., 2nd class, v. Major Dunbar.

Capt. Biggs will continue to offic. as sub. asst. comy. gen., 1st class.

No. 796.—The foll. proms. are made in the warrant grades:—

Supernumy. asst. comy. lieut. J. Leonard, veteran establt., examiner, ordnance dept., to be supernumy. dept. comy., from June 14, 1865.

Asst. comy. W. Harris, to be dep. comy., from

June 14, 1865, v. Deputy comy. lieut. J. Lamb, veteran establt., dec.

Supernumy. deputy asst. comy. J. Crohan, to be a supernumy. asst. comy., from June 14, 1865.

Deputy asst. comy. G. Faichnie, to be asst. comy., June 14, 1865, v. Harris, prom.

No. 797.—The following promotion is made, subject to H.M.'s approval:—

Cadre of late 18th N.I.—Lieut. (capt. in the staff corps) B. T. Stafford, to be capt. from July 10, v. Capt. (major in the staff corps) C. W. Nightingale, retired.

Aug. 18.—No. 800.—The services of Lieut. J. Miller, of the late 27th regt. N.I., are placed at the disposal of the foreign dept.

Aug. 18.—No. 1,179.—An extension of leave for 3 mo. on m.c. has been granted by the Right Hon. the Sec. of State to Rev. C. C. Anstey, Bengal ecclesiastical establishment.

Aug. 21.—No. 1,220.—The G.G. in C. is pleased to permit Mr. M. A. G. Shawe to resign the civil service from July 24 last.

No. 1,222.—The G.G. in C. is pleased to grant leave of absence, on m.c., to Mr. W. R. Brooke, asst. supt. of telegraphs, Bombay circle, for 15 mo. from 24th ult.

No. 1,225.—The services of Dr. A. M. Ross, Madras establishment, are, at his own request, replaced at the disposal of the govt. of Fort. St. George.

No. 1,229.—Mr. J. H. Condon, civil asst. surg. of Baraitch, is transf. to Gonda.

Aug. 22.—No. 1,268.—The services of Messrs. T. N. Wilson and M. L. Ferrar, of the Bengal C.S., are placed at disposal of the foreign dept.

No. 1,270.—Dr. Bonavia, asst. civil surg., Lucknow, availed himself on 13th inst. of the 3 mo. priv. leave granted to him in notification No. 440; dated 26th ult.

Aug. 23.—No. 1,287.—Mr. J. C. Duff, dist. superint. of police, Bhundara, in the Central Provs., has 1 mo. priv. leave from 20th inst.

Aug. 24.—No. 1,349.—Mr. J. Lloyd is invested with the powers of a subord. mag. of the 2nd class, while offic. as extra asst. comr. of Bhundara in the Central Provs.

Aug. 16.—No. 956c.—Transfer.—Mr. J. Phillips, overseer, 3rd grade, from the Lower Sirhind div., to the Delhi div.

Aug. 19.—No. 549.—Leave.—Mr. E. C. Palmer, exec. engr., 4th div., Baree Doab Canal, is allowed 1 mo. priv. leave.

Aug. 21.—No. 330.—Capt. G. Ward, asst. resident, Hyderabad, and asst. gen. supt. for the suppression of Thuggee and Dacoity, is vested with the powers of a mag., to be exercised solely in his capacity as asst. gen. supt.

No. 316.—Lieut. J. Jacob, apptd. to be adjt. of the Erippoora irregular force, assumed charge of the office on July 12. Notification No. 302, dated Aug. 9, is accordingly cancelled.

No. 1,714.—Mr. R. M. King, dep. comr. and settlement officer of Pertabgurb, availed himself on the 1st inst. of the priv. leave granted him in G.O. No. 1,540, dated 22nd ult.

Lieut. G. E. Erskine, asst. settlement officer, will officiate as settlement officer during Mr. King's absence.

Aug. 22.—No. 1,718.—Mr. R. A. D. Perreau, salt dept., Punjab, is apptd. to be an extra asst. comr. of the 1st class in British Burmah.

Aug. 24.—No. 1,724.—Mr. W. B. Buckle, apptd. in G.O. No. 1,494, dated 17th ult., to offic. as Gov. Gen.'s agent at Moorsheadabad, is confirmed in that appt., consequent on the decease of Lieut. col. W. A. A. Thompson.

No. 1,727.—Maj. E. B. Ramsay, military asst. to comr. of Mysore, returned to India from furl., and resumed charge of his office on July 27.

No. 1,729.—Maj. J. L. Pearce, supt. of the Ashtagram div. in Mysore, returned to India from m.c. granted him by the Madras Govt., and resumed charge of his office on July 26.

No. 1,731.—Mr. E. B. Thornhill, offic'g. dep. comr. of Fyzabad, is granted priv. leave for 2 mo. from the 28th ult., under section 6 of the new civil service absentee rules.

Mr. Thornhill's services are replaced at the disposal of the N.W.P. Govt. from the date on which the leave expires.

Aug. 25.—No. 2,074.—Mr. G. W. McLeod took charge of the office of the 2nd assist. acct. gen., Madras, on Aug. 4.

CASH BALANCES.

No. 2,102.—In continuation of notification No. 1,636, dated the 28th ultimo, the following statement of cash balances, as reported up to this

date in the Government Treasuries in India, at the close of the month of June last, contrasted with that of the previous years, is published for general information:—

According to the present limits of the several Governments.	1863. June.	1864. June.	1865. June.
Gort. of India	Co's Rs. 4,02,95,687	Co's Rs. 2,26,74,722	Co's Rs. 1,01,07,910
" Bengal	2,13,09,349	1,73,64,095	1,69,18,817
" Brit. Burmah	3,41,03,454	2,53,24,603	28,51,752
" N.W. Provinces (inclg. Oude)	1,20,98,639	1,24,35,974	2,39,80,169
" Punjab	2,67,55,594	2,50,03,556	56,43,004
" Bombay	53,48,550	41,20,886	1,47,35,820
" Central Provs.	36,21,843	31,32,877	2,45,51,973
" Decan	3,98,78,410	2,93,50,338	50,15,539
" Madras			29,44,083
Total	8,134,14,006	13,97,24,049	2,44,56,015

Simla, Aug. 19.—No. 296.—Mr. F. C. Marshall, exec. engr., 3rd grade, public works dept., Oudh, has 12 mo. leave to Europe, on m.c., with effect from July 21.

No. 297.—Capt. W. H. Mackesy, H.M.'s 79th highlanders, asst. engr., 2nd grade, public works dept., Hyderabad, whose services were replaced at the disposal of the military dept. in public works dept. notification No. 241 of July 1, was relieved from his duties on the 21st idem.

RE-ARRANGEMENT OF DIVISIONS.

No. 298.—A re-arrangement of divisions in the Central Provinces has been sanctioned as a tempy. arrangement, with effect from Aug. 1.

The Nagpoor circle will consist of the underment. divisions:—1. Kamptee division; 2. Nagpoor division; 3. Eastern division; 4. Southern division; 5. Irrigation division; 6. Godavery division; 7. Godavery transport and supplying agency.

The Jubbulpore circle will consist of—1. 1st div., Great Northern Road; 2. 2nd do. do.; 3. Saugor div.; 4. Nerbudda div.; 5. Nimar div.

The supng. engr. of the Upper Godavery Circle has been directed to proceed to Nagpoor, and take charge of the Nagpoor Circle.

Lieut. H. W. Clarke, R.E., asst. engr., 2nd grade, will act as asst. to the chief engr. and asst. sec. to the chief comr., v. Mr. A. G. Crommelin, prom.

DISTRIBUTION OF ENGINEERS.

No. 301.—The following will be the distribution of the chief engrs., 2nd and 3rd class, supng. engrs. serving under the Govt. of India, among the classes and grades prescribed, with effect from Oct. 1:—

Chief Engineers, 1st Class.

Lieut. col. J. P. Beadle, R.E., from March 24, 1863, to Bengal, on leave to Europe.

Lieut. col. W. A. Crommelin, c.n., R.E., from Aug. 2, to be insp. gen. of military buildings.

Lieut. col. R. MacLagan, R.E., from Dec. 18, 1860, to Punjab, on leave to Europe.

Col. W. E. Morton, R.E., from Dec. 1, 1861, to N.W.P., on leave to Europe.

Chief Engineers, 2nd Class.

Lieut. col. J. H. Dyas, R.E., from Sept. 15, 1864, to irrigation, N.W.P.

Lieut. col. A. E. Fraser, from Feb. 15, 1862, to lighthouses, British Burmah, on leave to Europe.

Col. E. Lawford, R.E., from March 15, 1861, to Mysore.

Lieut. col. W. Maxwell, R.A., from Feb. 23, to Central Provs.

Chief Engineers, 3rd Class.

Major J. Crofton, R.E., from Oct. 1, 1865, to irrigation, Punjab.

Major C. D. Newmarch, R.E., from Jan. 31, 1862, to British Burmah, on leave to Europe.

Lieut. col. J. E. T. Nicolls, R.E., from Aug. 2, 1865, to Oude, offic. as chief engineer, 1st class, v. Beadle.

Superintending Engineers, 1st Class.

1st Grade.

Lieut. col. J. D. Campbell, R.E., from Jan. 2, 1860, to Punjab.

Lieut. col. C. J. Hodgson, R.E., from Feb. 23, 1865, to Bengal, offic. as chief engr., 1st class, v. Morton.

Lieut. col. C. W. Hutchinson, R.E., from July 15, 1859, to Punjab, offic. as chief engineer, 3rd class, v. Nicolls.

Col. H. Rigny, R.E., from April 14, 1857, to Punjab, on leave to Europe.

Lieut. col. W. D. A. R. Short, R.E., from Nov. 1, 1861, to Bengal.

Col. A. Taylor, c.n., royal engns., from Nov. 1, 1856, to Punjab, offic. as chief engr., 1st class, v. MacLagan.

2nd Grade.

Major T. G. Glover, R.E., from Dec. 1, 1861, to Irrigation, N.W.P.

Capt. F. T. Haig, R.E., from May 1, 1863, to Central Provinces, on leave to Europe.

Mr. H. Leonard, from Sept. 23, 1863, to Bengal, on special duty in England.

Capt. J. O. Mayne, R.E., from March 21, 1862, to Straits Settlements.

Capt. G. Price, S.C., from July 17, 1862, to Hyderabad.

Superintending Engineers, 2nd Class.

(One supernumerary to be absorbed on occurrence of a vacancy.)

1st Grade.

Mr. T. W. Armstrong, from May 1, 1863, to Bengal, offic. 1st class.

Mr. J. G. R. Forlong, M.C.S., from July 17, 1862, to N.W.P., offic. 1st class.

Mr. W. L. Granville, from April 1, 1863, to be consulting architect, Bengal, on leave to Europe.

Major H. W. Gulliver, R.E., from April 8, 1863, to Irrigation, Punjab, offic. 1st class.

Lieut. col. F. P. Layard, S.C., from May 15, 1861, to Bengal.

Capt. F. W. Peile, R.E., from July 20, 1863, to N.W.P., offic. 1st class.

2nd Grade.

Major D. Briggs, S.C., from April 1, to Bengal.

Major H. A. Brownlow, R.E., from March 30, to Irrigation, N.W.P.

Major A. Cadell, R.E., from April 2, 1864, to Punjab.

Major T. C. Merrick, S.C., from Jan. 11, to Irrigation, Punjab.

Capt. C. Pollard, R.E., from Aug. 1, 1863, to Rajpootana, offic. 1st class.

Officiating Chief Engineer, 3rd Class.

Capt. W. S. Oliphant, R.E., exec. engr., 1st grade, from Feb. 2, to British Burmah, v. New-march.

Officiating Superintending Engineers.

2nd Class.

Mr. A. G. Crommelin, exec. engr., 1st grade, from Aug. 11, to Bengal, v. Leonard.

Capt. R. de Bourbel, R.E., from April 1, to Bengal, v. Briggs.

Major J. Fulton, R.A., exec. engr., 2nd grade, from April 7, 1864, to Punjab, v. Merrick.

Mr. W. Purdon, exec. engr., 1st grade, from Jan. 81, to Punjab, v. Taylor.

Capt. L. Russell, R.E., exec. engr., 1st grade, from March 28, to Bengal, v. Hodgson.

Capt. C. T. Stewart, R.E., exec. engr., 1st grade, from Feb. 23, 1865, to N.W.P., v. Hutchinson.

Major J. F. Stoddard, exec. engr., 1st grade, Madras, from Sept. 16, 1864, to Central Provinces, v. Haig.

Aug. 24.—No. 304.—Mr. A. R. Mosley, asst. engr., 1st grade, Central Provinces, was transf. from Saugor to Nerbudda div. of public works on July 1.

No. 305.—The following appt. and transfers of officers of the public works establishment in Oude have been made from the dates specified:—

Mr. J. W. Inglis, exec. engr., 4th grade, offic. in charge of the Fyzabad div., to charge of 3rd Road div., from July 25.

Lieut. H. Y. Murray, asst. engr., 1st grade, from 3rd Oude Road div. to Fyzabad div., from Aug. 2.

Mr. W. C. Wright, asst. engr., 3rd grade from Fyzabad to 1st Oude Road div., from Aug. 14.

No. 306.—Lieut. J. H. Bedford, R.E., exec. engr., Dhar road, Rajpootana circle, is granted 2 mo. priv. leave, with effect from May 1.

In continuation of the above, Lieut. Bedford is granted 3 mo. special leave to study the native languages. This cancels notification No. 163 of May 6 last.

No. 307.—Mr. Clark is apptd. to the public works dept. as an asst. engr. of the 2nd grade, and posted to Bengal.

Aug. 25.—No. 308.—With the sanc. of H.M.'s Sec. of State, H.E. the Gov. gen. in Council is pleased to appoint Lieut. col. W. A. Crommelin chief engr. in Oude, and at present attached on special duty to the public works secretariat, to be insp. gen. of mily. buildings under the Govt. of India, with the rank and pay of a chief engr., 1st class.

This order will have effect from the 2nd inst., being the date of receipt of the Sec. of State's despatch.

No. 309.—The Gov. gen. in Council is pleased to appoint Lieut. col. J. E. T. Nicolls, R.E., to be chief engr. and sec. to the chief commr. of Oude, with effect from the date of Lieut. col. Crommelin's appt. as in p. gen. of military buildings. Lieut. col. Nicolls will continue to offic. as chief engr. and sec. to the Gov. of Bengal, public works dept.

No. 310.—The underment. officers are apptd. to

the public works dept., as asst. engrs., 2nd grade, and posted to the provs. specified:—

Lieut. J. A. Armstrong, R.E., to Bengal;

Lieut. K. C. Pye, R.E., to the Punjab.

Aug. 21.—No. 803.—With reference to G.O. No. 165 of March 2, 1863, the name of the underment. officer who retired from the service under the annuity scheme of 1861, is removed from the list of regtl. lieut. cols. of inf.:—

Lieut. col. (major gen., retired list) H. Boyd, by death of Col. (major gen.) Sir S. Corbett, K.C.B., Bengal inf.

No. 806.—Major J. S. Ogilvie, of the Bengal staff corps, dep. asst. comisy. gen., 2nd class, having returned from sick leave granted him in G.O., No. 697, of the 17th ult., is re-appointed to offic. as dep. asst. comisy. gen., 1st class, from July 22, and until further orders.

No. 807.—With reference to the notification from the home dept., No. 1,122, of the 17th inst., the services of Lieut. C. H. A. Gower, R.A., late offic. asst. supt. of police, British Burmah, are placed at the disposal of H.E. the C. in C., with effect from July 3.

Aug. 22.—No. 808.—H.E. the Gov. gen. in Council is pleased to make the following temporary promotions in the med. dept.:—

Surg. major J. Sutherland to be a dep. insp. gen. of hospitals, with temp. rank, during the period Dep. Insp. gen. of Hospitals J. Naismith may be employed on special duty on the north eastern frontier.

Surg. major E. B. Thring to be a dep. insp. gen. of hospitals, with temp. rank, during the abs. on m.c. to Eur. of Dep. Insp. gen. of Hospitals F. Anderson.

No. 809.—Lieut. col. H. LeP. Trench, of the stud. dept., is allowed leave from the 20th inst. to Oct. 20 next, in ext. of priv. leave, to remain at Mussoorie.

No. 810.—The underment. officers are perm. to proc. to Eur. on leave on m.c.:—

Lieuts. R. D. Beeston and E. N. D. La Touche, of the gen. list inf., for 20 mo., under the new regs.

Aug. 23.—No. 812.—The underment. officer having completed the prescribed period of service as capt. and brevet lieut. col., and as major and brevet lieut. col., and as lieut. col., to be col. in the army from the date specified opposite to his name:—

BREVET.

To be Colonel in the Army.

Lieut. col. H. J. Barr, of the Bombay staff corps, March 17, 1864.

Aug. 24.—No. 813.—The services of Lieut. G. R. Gibbs, of H.M.'s 20th foot, a candidate for the staff corps, are placed at the disposal of the public works dept.

EXAMINATION IN NATIVE LANGUAGES.

No. 814.—In continuation of G.O. No. 734 of 1864, publishing rules in supersession of existings regs. on the subject of exam. in the native languages, H.E. the Gov. gen. in Council is pleased to direct that the selection from the prose of the Prem Saugor, laid down in that order as one of the tests for the second standard, shall, until further notice, consist of the first half of the Prem Saugor, that is, to the conclusion of the 54th chap., page 122.

CORPS OF SAPPERS AND MINERS.

No. 816.—With the sanction of the Right Hon. the Sec. of State, the Right Hon. the Gov. gen. in Council is pleased to lay down the following estab. for the Bengal corps of sappers and miners:—

The officers of the corps are to be officers of the royal engrs., and will consist of one comdnt., who will receive Rs. 700 a month staff salary, with the full pay and allowances of his regtl. rank. This appt. will be considered permanent.

One adjutant.

One interpreter and qmr.

One supt. of instruction.

Supt. of park and field train.

These officers will retain their appointments for four years, being graded on the public works dept. list, and transferable to the public works dept. without loss of grade.

The staff salary of these officers will commence at that of asst. engr., 1st grade, in the public works dept., viz., Rs. 250 a month, and subject to regulation* by the position of their contemporaries employed in the public works dept. in the presidency of Bengal, rising to exec. engr., 3rd grade, on Rs. 400 within the four years, the intermediate step of exec.

* This will be calculated by comparison with the average position held by those officers of the royal engineers who entered the public works department at the same time as the officers serving with the sappers and miners joined the corps.

enr., 4th grade, to take place after a service in India of four years.

The senior of these four officers, if a captain regimentally, will receive also an additional allowance of Rs. 100 a month as second in command.

He will be permitted to retain his appointment beyond the term of four years, until the next senior may be promoted to the rank of captain.

The adjutant and quartermaster will draw respectively an office allowance of Rs. 80 and Rs. 50 monthly, to cover all charges.

All these officers will be required to be mounted, but will not receive any horse allowance in addition to the salaries already sanctioned.

To carry on the duties of the corps, four more officers will be attached to it, with the staff allowance of an assistant field engineer—viz., Rs. 112 a month. After two years' duty this allowance will be increased to Rs. 200. After three years, the officers will become available either to fill any vacancies which may occur in the staff of the corps, or for transfer to the public works department.

These officers will be in addition to any junior officers temporarily serving with the corps, who will receive the allowance of Rs. 60 which has been hitherto granted.

The usual company contingent and command allowance will continue to be paid to officers in charge as heretofore.

The establishment of the corps will be increased by raising the strength of the present ten companies from 80 to 100 privates, each company having one subadar, one jemadar, four havildars, and eight naicks.

In consideration of the necessity for securing a high standard of recruits for this important arm of the service, it has been decided that the pay of all the non-commissioned officers and of the privates who have served in the corps for two years, and who have gone through their course of training as sappers to the satisfaction of the commanding officer, shall be increased by the addition of one rupee a month.

Two native instructors, who will work under the orders of the superintendent of instruction, will be appointed on salaries of Rs. 50 and 30 respectively; and whenever duly-qualified men are obtainable, one non-effective Havildar instructor, on a staff salary of Rs. 5 will be appointed to each company.

H.E. the C. in C. is requested to issue such subsidiary orders, in furtherance of the foregoing, as may be necessary.

The provisions of this order will come into effect, so far as may be feasible, on Oct. 1.

No. 817.—The underment. officers are admitted to the Bengal staff corps, with effect from the dates specified to their respective names, subject to the confirmation of the Right Hon. the Sec. of State for India:—

Capt. F. P. Luard, H.M.'s 104th fus., offic. 2nd in command, 1st regt. Central India horse, from July 1, 1864.

Lieut. (now Capt.) A. H. Bramley, late 44th regt. N.I., district supt. of police, 4th grade, Mozuffnugger, from Feb. 18, 1864.

Lieut. A. Bloomfield, H.M.'s 1st foot, offic. asst. comr., Central Provinces, from April 11, 1864.

Lieut. E. E. Gibson, H.M.'s 103rd royal fusiliers, doing duty officer, 1st regt. Central India horse, from Aug. 4, 1864.

No. 818.—Lieut. A. W. C. Read, H.M.'s 51st light inf., wing officer of the 5th Punjab inf., being no longer a candidate for the staff corps, will cease to belong to the latter corps, and will rejoin the 51st regt. without delay.

No. 819.—H.E. the Gov. gen. in Council is pleased to make the following appts.:—

Punjab Irregular Force.

6th Infantry.

Asst. surg. F. G. Constant, M.D., att. to the 2nd cav., to the med. charge, in room of Asst. surg. Castello, apptd. to the 5th cav., v. Asst. surg. R. T. Lyons, whose appt., as announced in Punjab Govt. notification No. 100, dated April 22, has not taken place. This cancels that part of G.O. No. 345 of 1865, placing Asst. surg. Lyons at the disposal of the Punjab Govt.

2nd Cavalry.

Asst. surg. H. Cayley, in joint med. charge of Simla, to the med. charge, v. Asst. surg. Constant, M.D.

Asst. surg. Cayley will remain in charge of his present duties until Nov. 1 next.

BY THE COMMANDER-IN-CHIEF.

BOOKS.

Head Quarters, Simla, July 31.—Indents for Hindoostanee books for the use of army schools will, as

heretofore, be sent to the superint. of army schools, who, instead of ordering the books from tradesmen at Calcutta, will, after check, forward them to the board of examiners, with recommendation as to the number to be issued.

Brig. gen. G. V. Maxwell, c.n., is transf. from the Mooltan to the Rawul Pindee brigade.

Brig. gen. W. E. Mulcaster, re-appointed to the brigade staff by G.G.O. No. 642, is posted to the Mooltan brigade, and directed to join.

The retirement from the service by the sale of his commission of Cornet C. R. Jones, 1st dragoon guards, published in gen. orders of March 2 last, is, under authority from the Horse Guards, cancelled, dated July 27, 1865.

The foll. orders by the officer comdg. the 29th N.I. are confirmed:—

May 13.—Appg. Lieut. E. Beddy, wing officer, to assume com. of the regt. temp., in addition to his other duties, during absence of Lieut. col. F. T. Wroughton.

Dated 13th inst.—Appg. Capt. G. G. Cunliffe, staff corps, attached, to offic. as qmrm. as a temp. measure, there being no subaltern available, v. Lieut. G. Logan, m.c.

Orders confirmed:—

Allypore station order, dated Feb. 23 last, appg. Lieut. H. S. Marshall, qmrm. 28th N.I., to offic. as station staff, in add. to his other duties, there being no other officer available, v. Lieut. A. Copland, adjt., 19th N.I., proc. on service with his regt.

By the officer commanding 15th Bengal cav., dated 19th ult., making the following appointments, with effect from 1st idem, during absence on special duty of Col. C. Cureton, comdt.:—

Capt. G. A. Prendergast, 2nd in com. and squadron officer, to offic. as comdt.

Capt. W. F. Fergusson, late 5th Eur. L.C., attached, to offic. as 2nd in com. and squadron officer.

By the officer comdg. 23rd N.I., dated 3rd inst., making the following appointments, with effect from 19th ult., v. Major C. F. F. Chamberlain, comdt., proc. on sick leave.

Capt. A. A. Currie, 2nd in com. and wing officer, to offic. as comdt.

Lieut. F. H. B. Marsh, qmrm., to offic. as 2nd in com. and wing officer.

Lieut. D. Adamson, doing duty officer, to offic. as qmrm., in add. to his other duties.

By the officer comdg. 6th N.I., dated 12th inst., appg. Lieut. A. T. Davis, doing duty officer, to offic. as adjt., in addition to other duties, v. Lieut. A. G. Handcock.

Addendum.—To G.O. of Feb. 22 last, confirming Delhi garrison order, dated Dec. 15 last, directing Asst. surg. J. Kelly to assume med. charge of No. 1 battery, 25th brig. R.A., proceeding to Saugor, prefix the word "staff" to asst. surg.

Leave of absence:—

Royal Artillery.—Lieut. F. A. Stubbs (17th brig.), from June 1 to Aug. 31, to Calcutta, on m.c.; Lieut. R. H. Grant (G. battery, 11th brig.), from July 15 to Oct. 15, in extension.

DISCIPLINE—MARCHING OF TROOPS.

Head Quarters, Simla, Aug. 1.—The C. in C. regrets to observe that the G.O. by which the attempt made to insure harmony between the troops on the line of march and the people of the country through which they pass have not always been fully appreciated.

2. Thus, it having been laid down that a civil officer is to attend each corps, it would appear in some instances that commdg. officers have thought that their responsibility for the preservation of good order amongst the men had somehow or other been weakened; in short, that the civil officers, whether British or native, were to answer for the peace rather than themselves.

3. It is impossible to commit a greater mistake than what has been just described.

4. In the circumstances of the line of march the commanding officer's responsibility for the discipline of his men, for the protection of the people and the villagers from exaction or outrage, is simple and absolute.

5. The civil officer is appointed for the purpose of adjudicating on the spot on disputes occurring between the soldiery and the people, on the claims of Ghariwans, or others temporarily attached to the troops by civil authority, for discharge from their engagements, and due satisfaction of their wages.

6. Whilst, therefore, obtaining such information as he can from the civil officer, the commanding officer of a regiment or detachment is bound to take due military precaution for the purposes above-mentioned.

7. He should daily see the civil officer, whether British or native, and personally ascertain whether complaints had been made the day previously of outrage on the line of march, or if any claim or dispute remains unadjusted.

8. On the occasion of the discharge of the carriage or portion of it, or of an exchange of carriage, he should require the certificate of the quartermaster that every Ghariwan, or Surwan, or Cooly had been duly paid up in full.

9. This certificate should then at once be communicated to the civil officer, who should be requested to verify its correctness by appeal to the parties paid, and then to append his countersignature as a voucher. Such certificates should be in duplicate, one copy being retained by the regiment and the other being forwarded to the collector of the district concerned.

10. In a detachment which has no quartermaster, the commanding officer should himself perform the duty of having the Ghariwans and others paid in his presence, the certificates being signed by himself and witnessed by an officer or non-commissioned officer. In the case of a small detachment when a civil officer might not be present, the precaution might be taken of causing the Commissariat Gomashta to be present at the payment, and sign the certificate accordingly.

11. It will be understood from the foregoing rules that the civil officer is attached to the force in the capacity of magistrate. He must be protected in the execution of his duty, and any complaint or representation made by him should be considered at once and treated with the greatest respect.

12. In the case of outrage it may be well to have recourse at once to court-martial, to test the truth of the representation when possible on oath. This suggestion applies equally to European and to native troops.

13. Provost sergeants and others, who may be appointed by commanding officers to preserve order on the line of march amongst followers or stragglers, should be instructed to give assistance to the civil officer for the arrest of offenders, and to do the like without appeal from him; failing which they should be liable to trial when neglect or non-compliance can be proved against them.

It is to be distinctly understood that the concession shown in the reduced charge on account of regimental dogs, thus made by the railway authorities, is only applicable to soldiers, and does not include officers' dogs, on which full tariff rates will be charged.

Capt. A. E. Osborn, late 45th N.I., is appd. to act as fort adjt. at Chunar, and directed to join.

Lieut. H. W. Shoubridge, gen. list, inf., attached to the 97th foot, is appd. to do duty with the 5th lancers, and directed to join.

Lieut. A. F. Taylor, gen. list, inf., attached to the 37th, is transf. to the 33rd N.I., at Lucknow, and directed to join.

The following orders are, with the sanction of Govt., confirmed:—

Benares div. order, dated June 22 last, directing Surg. maj. J. Sutherland, 16th N.I., to proceed and officiate as dep. inspec. gen. of hospitals of the Barrackpore circle, in the room of Surg. F. Anderson, m.d., proceeding to Europe on m.c.

Eastern frontier brig. order, dated the 29th idem, appg. 2nd Capt. R. de Bourbel, R.E., as field engr. to the left brig. Doar field force, with effect from March 1.

ERRATUM.—In G.O.C.C. of March 16, granting leave to Lieut. T. N. Baker, late 31st N.I., for "Lieutenant" read "Captain."

The following Presidency division orders are confirmed:—

Dated June 30.—Directing Hospital apprentice J. Alexander, recently admitted into the service, to do duty at the General Hospital.

Dated 5th ult.—Directing Offic. Assist. Apothecary W. Hart, consequent on the disbandment of the Lahore light horse, to proceed and report himself for duty to the medical officer in charge of the Presy. General Hospital.

ENSIGN B. R. CONOLLY, & C.

No. 5162e.

Adjutant general's Office, Head Quarters,

Simla, Aug. 1.

To Major general Sir C. T. Van Straubenzie, K.C.B. Commanding the Forces, Bombay.

Sir,—I have the honour to acknowledge the receipt of your letter, dated June 26, 1865, No. 1,119, giving cover to a report from Ens. B. R. Conolly, 72nd highlanders, regarding an outbreak of cholera in the ranks of a detachment of British

troops proceeding under his command from Asseerghur to Poona in April last.

By desire of the C. in C. in India, I am to request you will convey to Ensign Conolly H.E.'s best thanks for the intelligence and decision displayed by him under the very difficult circumstances connected with his late march.

A regiment may well be proud when one of its constituents distinguishes himself in the manner which now calls forth the C. in C.'s commendations; and H.E. congratulates Colonel Payne and the 72nd highlanders accordingly.

Sir William Mansfield trusts that it will have been in the power of his commanding officer to promote Corporal Thompson, 72nd highlanders, for the excellent manner in which he supported Ens. Conolly, and the admirable example he set to his comrades on the trying occasion referred to.

The good conduct of Private Whitaker, 18th Royal Irish, and of Gunner Lloyed, R.A., should be respectively brought prominently to the notice of their commanding officers.

H.E. must, however, express his regret that there were other soldiers in the detachment under Ensign Conolly whose conduct was discreditable to them as soldiers and comrades, when required by their officer to assist the sick.

(Signed) D. M. STEWART, Col.,
Deputy Adjt. gen.

BOMBAY.

BY THE GOVERNOR IN COUNCIL.

Bombay Castle, Aug. 16.—No. 434.—Capt. (brev. major) W. Rice, cadre 25th regt. N.L.I., is perm. to proceed to Eur., for the unexpired portion, viz., 1 year and 265 days, of the furl. granted him by G.O. No. 804; dated Oct. 27.

No. 435.—The undermen. officer having completed 20 years' service to be major by brevet, from the date specified, under para. 69 of the despatch from the Right Hon. the Secy. of State for India, No. 194; dated June 17, 1864, subject to H.M.'s approval:—Capt. T. Nuttall, staff corps, Aug. 2.

No. 436.—The undermen. officer having completed 26 years' service, 8 of which were on permanent staff employ, to be lieut. col. from the date specified, under the Royal Warrant of Jan. 16, 1861, subject to H.M.'s approval:—Major W. C. Anderson, Aug. 6.

No. 438.—The following officer having applied for admission to the staff corps, under the provisions of para. 2 of G.O.G.I. No. 531, dated June 27, 1864, is appd. to the Bombay staff corps, from the date specified opposite his name, subject to the approval of H.M.'s Secy. of State for India:—Capt. H. S. Anderson, 23rd N.I., wing officer 21st N.I., or marine batln., from Jan. 1, 1864. (This cancels G.G.O. No. 260; dated May 25, 1864.)

No. 443.—Col. C. W. Tremeneheer, R.E., chief engr. in Sind, is allowed a furl. to Eur. on m.c. for 15 mo.

No. 444.—Surg. R. W. James, m.d., is allowed a furl. to Eur. on m.c. for 20 mo.

Aug. 12.—The services of Lieut. F. H. Jackson, of the gen. list, have been placed temp. at the disposal of the resident at Baroda, for special duty at Kattywar.

Aug. 10.—Capt. F. A. Whish, superint. of Panchgunny, is invested with the powers of a subord. mag. of the 2nd class, in the Sattara dist.

Aug. 16.—Lieut. col. R. M. Westropp, comdt. of the Poona horse, is invested with the powers of a mag. in the Ahmednuggur dist.

Aug. 14.—Conductor W. F. Knight, to be sub engr. 2nd grade, to fill a vacancy.

Aug. 16.—Mr. A. Barrett assumed charge of his appt. as head master of the central school on the 4th inst.

Asst. surg. J. T. Mackenzie, M.B., performed the duties of principal Grant Med. College, from July 24 to 31 last.

Aug. 12.—Mr. C. Guy, 2nd mate of the outer light vessel *Colaba*, is transferred to the pilot department as proby. pilot, to fill a vacancy.

Mr. R. H. Wilkinson to be 2nd mate of the outer light vessel *Colaba*, v. Mr. Guy, transf.

The above arrangements to have effect from Aug. 10, and are subject to any revision of the estab.

Sept. 5.—No. 464.—The following officers are allowed furl. to Europe, on m.c.:—

Lieut. col. R. L. Playfair, Madras staff corps, H.M.'s consul and political agent at Zanzibar, for 20 mo.

Dep. insp. gen. of hospitals J. T. Maule, Madras medical estab., for 6 mo.

No. 465.—The following officers are allowed furl. to Europe, on m.c. :—

Surg. A. Fox, for 3 years.

Asst. surg. R. Dick, M.D., for 20 mo.

Lieut. T. A. Buchanan, H.M.'s 6th regt. N.I., for 18 mo.

Lieut. D. C. Bell, cadre H.M.'s 17th regt. N.I., attached to H.M.'s 7th regt. N.I., for 20 mo.

Sept. 6.—Asst. surg. G. E. Seward, M.D., received charge of the duties of political agent and consul at Zanzibar on July 29.

Aug. 31.—Capt. J. Harpur, acting superint. of police at Ahmednuggur, has priv. leave of absence for 6 weeks, from 1st prox.

Sept. 5.—Mr. A. C. Watt, supernumerary 3rd asst. to the coll. and mag. of Canara, is invested with the powers of a mag. in that district.

The Hon. the Gov. in Council is pleased to invest the undermentioned officers with powers in the Khandeish district :—

Mr. A. H. Spry, 1st asst. mag.

Mr. S. H. Phillips, 2nd mag.

Mr. F. Thelwall, extra 2nd mag.

Aug. 31.—Lieut. F. W. Major, supernumerary asst. superint. Mysore revenue survey, passed an examination in the Marathi language on Aug. 23.

Sept. 2.—Mr. J. G. White, sub-coll. of Broach, has priv. leave for two mo.

Surg. maj. H. Giraud, surg. Jamsetjee Jejeebhoy Hospital, is allowed an ext. to the 30th inst., of the leave of abs. for one mo. granted to him under med. cert. of July 26 last.

Surg. Shepherd received charge, as a temporary arrangement, of the office of superint. of vaccination, Northern Circle, on the 24th ult., from Assist. surg. Dick.

Aug. 31.—Mr. F. B. Walker, assist. engr. 1st grade, has been allowed priv. leave of abs. for one mo. from Aug. 22.

Sept. 4.—Mr. F. B. Walker, 1st grade asst. engr., has passed an examination in the Marathi language according to the test prescribed in Article X. chapter 5 of the Public Works Code.

Sept. 5.—Capt. C. A. Goodfellow, R.E., v.c., is app. acting exec. engr., Bombay defences, v. Lieut. col. J. Jones, R.E.

Sept. 4.—Surg. R. Haines is app. to act as principal of the Grant Medical College during the abs. of Dr. Giraud on sick leave.

Aug. 24.—No. 453.—The services of Asst. surg. A. N. E. Riddell have been placed at the disposal of the comdr. of the forces.

Aug. 29.—No. 454.—The Govt. of India has ruled, subject to the approval of H.M.'s Govt., that in case of the wing of a regt. being detached for a probably long period, and to a great distance, the asst. instructor of musketry shall be att. to one of the wings, and receive the allowances of an asst. instructor for so long as the wings are so separated.

Aug. 30.—No. 458.—Asst. surg. A. Barrie, M.D., is brought on the strength of the Bombay med. estab. from Aug. 2, the date of his arrival at Bombay.

Aug. 29.—Capt. F. P. Bartholomew, acting superint. of police, Dhawar, has passed an examination in the Marathi language according to the rules of Aug. 12, 1863, for the examination of police officers.

Mr. C. B. Izon held the appt. of asst. judge and session judge of Tanna from Jan. 9 to April 28.

Aug. 30.—For the notification in the judicial dept. dated Aug. 7, read the following :—Lieut. H. Reeves, of the staff corps, is apptd. to perform the duties of mag. at Khandalla and along the G.I.P. railway, v. Major Day, during such time as he may be offic. paymr. of pensioners at the Presidency.

Aug. 25.—Lieut. H. L. Lee, R.E., acting exec. engr., Ahmedabad, has been allowed priv. leave from 3rd to 21st Aug., both days inclusive.

Aug. 28.—Third grade overseer T. Pureshrum is allowed leave of absence for 40 days on urgent private affairs, under para. 9 of the Revised Un-covenanted Absentee Rules.

Aug. 24.—The Rev. W. Jones, apptd. by H.M.'s principal Secy. of State for India a jun. chaplain on the Bombay estab., is admitted to the service from Aug. 8, the date of his arrival at Bombay.

Aug. 28.—Lieut. H. Morland, I.N., is appt. actg. signal officer at the light house, Colaba, v. Lieut. Ilavman, dec.

Proby. pilot J. Dodds is prom. to the rank of 3rd class pilot, to fill a vacancy, subject to any revision of estab.

BY THE COMMANDER IN CHIEF.

Adj. Gen.'s Office, Head Qrs., Poona, Aug. 21.—No. 838.—Paymaster Hepworth, 106th foot, is, at

his own request, permitted to proceed to join his regt.

Aug. 22.—No. 810.—The following appts. are made :—

6th Regt. N.I.—Lieut. E. R. Reay, gen. list, to officiate as doing duty officer, v. Bean.

29th Regt. N.I.—Lieut. H. French, from 4th rifles, to officiate as doing duty officer, v. Nicolson.

No. 841.—Surg. major F. W. Harris is apptd. to the medical charge of 9th regt. N.I., v. Taylor, who will be placed on general duty, Poona division of the army, when relieved. Surg. major Harris will travel at the public expense.

APPEALS, STAFF SERVICE.

Aug. 23.—No. 847.—With reference to G.G.O. No. 431, of 8th inst., officers, whose date of admission to the staff corps is affected by the decision of the Sec. of State for India therein notified, are requested to submit their statement of staff service in the form laid down in G.O.C., No. 547, of May 6, 1861.

No. 848.—Major H. Shewell, cadre 2nd European regt. L.I., is apptd. to act as brigade major, Bombay, until the return of Major Bacon from Europe.

No. 849.—The following temporary arrangements are confirmed :—

10th Regt. N.I.—Major H. H. James to officiate as comdt., Capt. T. W. Pierce as second in command, and Capt. R. Burd as wing officer, from July 14 last, until the arrival of Lieut. col. Field.

No. 850.—Leave of absence :—

14th Brigade R.A.—Asst. surg. J. J. D'Altera, to England, by Overland route, m.c.

18th Brigade R.A.—Lieuts. F. B. Roberts and C. S. Graham, to England, by Overland route, m.c. 1st Batt. 4th Foot.—Capt. A. N. Wilson, to England, by Overland route, m.c.

These officers are not available for duty with troops, and will, on arrival, report themselves to the adjt. gen., Horse Guards.

6th Dragoons.—Lieut. W. V. King has leave from Sept. 10 to Nov. 9, pending his retirement from the service.

Aug. 24.—No. 851.—The underment. officers are placed at the disp. of the Govt. for service in Kattywar :—

Lieut. G. B. Simpson, staff corps.

Lieut. W. Scott, staff corps.

Lieut. F. H. Gordon, general list.

Aug. 25.—No. 855.—Lieut. F. A. Beville, gen. list, attached to the 22nd regt. N.I., is transf. to the 12th regt. N.I., for duty with that corps. He will proceed to join as early as possible, and at the public expense.

No. 858.—H.E. the C. in C. in India has been pleased to grant leave as follows :—

Lieut. H. J. Wallace, 6th drags., for 15 mo., from date of embark., to England.

Leave of absence :—

Major J. Fairbrother, staff corps, 2nd in comd. 29th N.I., from Aug. 18 to Sept. 1, to Ghizree, on m.c.

Aug. 29.—No. 870.—Official notification has been received of the undermentioned officer of the 4th foot having been posted as specified :—

Lieut. B. H. Vidal, to 1st batt.

No. 871.—Returned to duty Aug. 24 :—

Capt. G. F. Hogg, staff corps.

Surg. J. Gilbert, medical establishment.

Aug. 30.—No. 876.—The following temporary arrangement is confirmed, with effect from 15th inst. :—

Poona Horse.—Lieut. H. H. D. Owen to officiate as 2nd squadron officer, in addition to his own duties, v. MacNaghten.

No. 877.—Lieut. G. W. Wood, 56th foot, is app. staff officer, Mount Aboo Sanitarium, under the provisions of G.G.O. No. 15, dated Jan. 10 last.

No. 878.—The following order is confirmed :—

Dated Aug. 7.—By the officer comdg. at Aden, apptg. Lieut. Leacock, comdg. No. 4 company sappers and miners, to act as interpreter to the 109th foot, in addition to his other duties.

No. 880.—Leave of absence :—

Capt. T. M. Harris, E. brig. R.I.A., from July 21 to Oct. 21, in ext., on m.c.

Lieut. E. W. Buller, 21st brig. R.A., from July 19 to Nov. 19, in ext., on m.c.

Brevet Col. B. Browne, c.n., 44th foot, from Jan. 14 to April 13, in ext., to remain in England.

Major T. B. Fanshawe, 33rd foot, from July 31 to Aug. 27.

Capt. J. W. J. Stockwell, 95th foot, from Aug. 1 to Oct. 31.

Capt. C. S. Murray, 72nd foot, from June 30 to Oct. 31, on m.c.

Lieut. H. L. Nutt, 103rd foot, from July 19 to Jan. 19, on m.c.

Ens. W. H. Webb, 109th foot, from July 7 to Nov. 7, on m.c.

The underment. officers have obtained leave of absence :—

Capt. J. H. Campbell, 83rd foot, from Aug. 20 to Aug. 30, to proc. to Bombay, on m.c.

Staff Asst. surg. J. G. S. Mathison, med. estab., for 30 days, from date of departure, to proc. to Bombay, on m.c., prep. to obtaining a final certificate to Eur.

No. 889.—The services of Capt. A. Schmid, 109th foot, being urgently required with his regiment, that officer is relieved from the command of the Ghizree Sanitarium, and will proceed to Aden by the first opportunity.

No. 892.—Leave of absence :—

6th Inniskilling Dragoons.—Major D. F. Chambers (paymr.), Cornet J. J. H. Cottle, and Cornet A. Froom—for 30 days from date of departure, to Bombay, m.c.

44th Foot.—Lieut. K. Browne, from Aug. 16 to Oct. 31, in ext., m.c.

24th Regt. N.I.—Capt. G. S. Hawthorn, from Sept. 13 to Oct. 31, in ext. of priv. leave.

3rd Regt. L.C.—Lieut. col. J. Forbes, c.n., for 30 days from date of departure, to Bombay, m.c., prep. to m.c. to Europe.

Subordinate Medical Dept.—Apothecary C. St. Aikin, from 1st to 30th Sept., in ext., to remain in the Deccan, m.c.

No. 882.—The following appointments are made in the 1st regt. Scinde horse :—

Lieut. F. J. Forbes to be 3rd squadron officer, v. Carpendale.

Lieut. C. B. Myers to be adjt., v. Forbes.

No. 883.—H.E. the C. in C. in India has been pleased to make the following promotion, until her Majesty's pleasure shall be known :—

95th Foot.—Ensign H. Bevan to be lieut., by purchase, v. Chapple, retired; Aug. 18, 1865.

BIRTHS.

ARCHISON—At Poona, Aug. 27, the wife of Lieut. col. Aitchison, prematurely of a son, still-born.

AITKEN—At Poona, Aug. 23, the wife of Lieut. col. Aitken, R.A., of a son.

BETTS—At Coocheelah, Cachar, Aug. 14, the wife of C. G. D. Betts, Manager Victoria Tea Company's Plantations, of a son.

BRINE—At Hope Town, Darjeeling, Aug. 18, the wife of F. R. Brine, tea-planter, of a daughter.

BATTEN—At Almorah, Aug. 26, the wife of J. H. Batten, Esq., C.S., of a son.

BELL—At Shahjehanpore, Aug. 24, the wife of Surg. A. Bell, H.M.'s 36th regt., of a son.

CAMPBELL—At Secunderabad, Deccan, Aug. 31, the wife of Capt. A. H. E. Campbell, of a daughter.

CAMPBELL—At Malligam, Sept. 2, the wife of Major E. Campbell, H.M.'s 3rd Regt., of a son.

CAMPBELL—At Berhampore, Aug. 27, wife of the C. H. Campbell, Esq., C.S., of a daughter.

COHEN—At Meerut, Aug. 22, the wife of L. A. Cohen, Esq., of a daughter.

DAVIES—At Dinapore, Aug. 29, the wife of Lieut. T. A. Davies, 1-20th regt., of a son.

DORTON—At Agra, Aug. 25, the wife of Mr. W. Dorton, of a son.

DRUMMOND—At Bankipore, Patna, Aug. 20, the wife of Edward Drummond, Esq., Bengal Civil Service, of a son.

DAVIES—At Bhaugulpore, Aug. 27, the wife of W. R. Davies, Esq., of a daughter.

ELLA—At Byculla, Aug. 30, the wife of Mr. J. Ella, head foreman G.I.P. Railway, of a daughter.

ELLIS—At Panjim (Goa), Aug. 21, the wife of N. W. Ellis, Esq., of a son.

ELLIS—At Agra, on Aug. 31, the wife of Mr. Geo. Ellis, of the firm of Messrs. F. Ellis and Co., of a son and heir.

FURLONG—At Mhow, on Aug. 8, the wife of John Sheldon Furlong, Esq., M.D., Surgeon, 6th Inniskilling Dragoons, of a son.

FOSTER—At Hissar, on Aug. 20, the wife of Mr. F. J. Foster, H.M.'s Customs, of twin sons.

FIDO—At Upper Colaba, Bombay, on Aug. 24, the wife of Mr. J. W. Fido, Second Assistant Melter H.M.'s Mint, of a son.

GREY—At Broach, on Aug. 31, the wife of Mr. W. Grey, P.W.D., of a son.

GRAY—At Kallischuck Factory, Malda, on Aug. 21, the wife of J. J. Gray, of a son.

GILBERT—At 11, Clive-street, on Aug. 26, the wife of G. Gilbert, Esq., of a daughter.

HART—At Darjeeling, on Aug. 24, the wife of Hospital Steward S. S. Hart, H.M.'s 80th Regt., of a son.

HOLMES—At Ferozepore, on Aug. 24, the wife of Lieut. Holmes, Engineers, of a daughter.

HATHWAY—At Mount Abo, on Aug. 22, the wife of Major H. R. Hathway, H.M.'s Bombay Staff Corps, of a daughter.

HUGHES—At Morar, Gwalior, on Aug. 15, the wife of Apothecary J. Hughes, R.A.D., of a daughter.

INNES—At Nynee Tal, on Aug. 22, the wife of Dep. insp. gen. Innes, C.B., of a daughter.

JACOB—At Erinpore, Rajpootana, on Aug. 23, the wife of John Jacob, Esq., Bombay Staff Corps, of a son.

JERR—At Calcutta, on Aug. 25, the wife of J. S. Jebb, Esq., prematurely of a son.

LOW—At Benares, on Aug. 4, the wife of Lieut. J. A. Low, Royal Art., of a daughter.

LYSTER—At Subathoo, on Aug. 12, the wife of Lieut. col. Lyster, 94th Regt., of a son.

MACCULLOCH—At Malabar Hill, on Aug. 26, the wife of H. B. Macculloch, Esq., of a son.

MATHEW—At Malabar, on Aug. 27, the wife of Francis Mathew, Esq., of a son.

MORAY—At Mhow, on Aug. 31, the wife of Capt. Moray, Sappers and Miners, of a son.

MALCOLM—At Kussowlie, Aug. 20, the wife of Capt. G. Malcolm, 31st Regiment, of a son.

MITCHELL—At 11, Ranemoodi-lane, Calcutta, Aug. 29, the wife of R. Mitchell, Esq., of a daughter.

PENNEY—At Middle Colaba, Bombay, Sept. 3, the wife of Johnston Penney, Esq., of a daughter.

REID—At Hyderabad, Seinde, Aug. 24, the wife of Capt. J. H. Reid, R.A., of a son, still-born.

REID—At 3, London-street, Calcutta, Aug. 29, Mrs. J. Maitland Reid, of a son.

RICHARDSON—At Gya, Aug. 28, the wife of Robert John Richardson, Esq., Civil Service, of a son.

ROSS—At Rock Cliffe, Mussoorie, Aug. 24, the wife of Capt. George Campbell Ross, 20th Hussars, of a daughter.

SHERRING—At Benares, Aug. 22, the wife of the Rev. M. A. Sherring, LL.B., of a son.

STEWART—At Jhansi, Aug. 21, the wife of A. MacLeod Stewart, Capt. 4th N.I., of a son.

TANDY—At Bombay, Sept. 6, the wife of Mr. J. J. Tandy, Stationmaster, Boree Bunder, G.I.P. Railway, of a daughter.

TREVOR—At Fort William, Calcutta, Aug. 29, the wife of Capt. S. T. Trevor, R.E., of a daughter.

TYTLER—At Abergeldie, Simla, Aug. 22, the wife of Lieut.-Colonel Robert C. Tytler, of a son.

VIVIAN—At Berhampore, Aug. 23, the wife of George William Vivian, Esq., C.E., of a son.

WEBB—At Agra, Aug. 18, the wife of Mr. John Webb, Agent, Upper India Commercial Association, of a son.

WOOD—At No. 28, Dalhousie-square, Calcutta, Aug. 23, the wife of C. B. Wood, Esq., of a daughter.

YULE—At Bolarum, Aug. 31, the wife of G. U. Yule, Esq., Resident at Hyderabad, Deccan, of a daughter.

MARRIAGES.

BUDD—McGLONE.—At Muttra, Aug. 29, James Edward Budd, Esq., to Adelaide Gertrude, daughter of the late James McGloue, Esq., Medical Service.

FISK—FRANKLAND.—At St. Thomas's Cathedral, Bombay, Sept. 1, Mr. Henry Cornelius Fisk, Assistant Inspector G.I.P.R. Co.'s Electric Telegraphs, to Mrs. Sarah Frankland.

GORDON—GOWER.—At Murree, on the 24th inst., Charles Conway Gordon, Esq., Capt. 79th Highlanders, to Annie, daughter of the Rev. J. Gower, Stoke, near Windsor.

HORTON—JEWELL.—At the Mission Church, Aug. 16, Walter Horton to Henrietta Jewell.

HUSSEY—POWELL.—At St. Paul's Church, Landour, on the 25th Aug., J. H. Hussey, Esq., to Adelaide Julia, daughter of the late James Powell, Esq., Deyrah.

MATSON—GARDENER.—At St. John's Church, Calcutta, on the 24th Aug., Charles Matson, Esq., to Catherine Matilda, youngest daughter of the late Henry B. Gardener, Esq.

STUBBS—BLACK.—At Poona, Sept. 3, Major Stubbs, Officiating First Assistant Resident, Hyderabad, Deccan, to Elizabeth Ellen, daughter of Charles C. Black, Esq., of Greenhill, Harrow.

WAUCHOPE—NORMAN.—At Christ Church, Simla, on the 17th Aug., Robert A. Wauchope, Lieutenant Bengal Army, to Amy, second daughter of the late James Norman, Esq.

DEATHS.

AITKEN—At Poona, Aug. 28, Charles Tudor, inf. son of Lieut. col. Aitken, R.A.

BROWN—At the "Retreat," Byculia, Bombay, Sept. 1, Mr. William Brown, much regretted.

BLACKBURN—At Allahabad, Aug. 27, of cholera, Janet Gentle, relict of the late W. S. Blackburn.

BAKER—At Barrackpore, Aug. 10, Sarah, wife of H. F. Baker, Esq., and daughter of the late Capt. Sheriff, Bengal army.

BROWN—At Saugor, Aug. 15, of cholera, Fanny, wife of Capt. William Brown, R.A.

BROWN—At Saugor, Aug. 15, of cholera, Harriet Mary, eldest daughter of Captain William Brown, R.A., aged 1 year and 5 mo.

CHAMIER—At Ellichpore, Aug. 24, Marguerite Wilhelmna, the child of Major S. Chamier, Artillery, Hyderabad Cont., aged 13 months and 28 days.

COOKE—At Dhoolia, Aug. 30, Grace Isabella, the child of Mr. J. Cooke, Bandmaster H.M.'s 9th Regt. N.I., aged 1 year, 1 month, and 18 days.

DOUGLAS—At Barrackpore, Aug. 23, of rheumatism in the heart, Mr. G. Douglas, of 6, Waterloo-street, Calcutta, aged 42 years.

FRY—At Jubbulpore, Aug. 14, of diarrhoea, Edith Frances Mary, infant daughter of Capt. J. W. Fry, 91st Highlanders, aged three months and a-half.

FORBES—At Poona, Aug. 31, the Hon. Mr. Justice Forbes, C.S.

HAYMAN—At the Lighthouse, Colaba, Capt. W. R. Hayman, aged 63 years.

JACKSON—At Poona, Sept. 1, Mr. J. Jackson, Bandmaster H.M.'s 22nd Regt. N.I., aged 38 years.

JEJEEBHOO—At Mazagon Castle, Aug. 31, Gool-bye, daughter of Sir Jamsetjee Jejeebhoy, Bart.

JOHNSTON—At Calcutta, Aug. 27, Mrs. Elizabeth Johnston, relict of Matthew Johnston, Esq., aged 76 years.

KENNIS—At Tardeo, Aug. 29, Joseph William Horton, son of Mr. W. Kennis, aged 13 months.

LAMB—At Mooltan, Aug. 21, Cecilia Matilda Lilian, infant daughter of Lieut. George Lamb, R.A., Commissary of Ordnance, aged 8 months.

LYONS—At Lanore, on Aug. 19, Mary Lavinia, the wife of Mr. W. H. Lyons, and second daughter of Mr. Jos. Morgan, deputy collector, Subarunpore.

MANSON—At Mooltan, on Aug. 16, Capt. G. W. Manson, district supt. of police.

MARTIN—At Cherrapunjee, on Aug. 24, Janie Elizabeth, the wife of Thomas Martin, Esq., C.E., Executive Engineer of the Lower Assam division, aged 21.

MOORE—At Agra, on Aug. 18, Mr. F. W. Moore, P.W.D.

McKAY—At Calcutta, on Aug. 13, of disease of the heart, Mr. James McKay, Bengal Marine, late of the Indian Navy.

MILES—On Aug. 29, H. Miles, Esq., Assistant Commissioner of Customs, aged 56.

PARKER—At Oomrawatee, East Berar, on Aug. 31, John Archibald M. Parker, Esq., Civil Engineer.

PHILIPS—At Seroor, on Aug. 17, Frances Mary, wife of Lieut. James Philips, Poona Horse, aged 22.

PEET—At Travancore, the Rev. J. Peet, of the C.M.S.

PHILBRICK—On Aug. 2, on board H.M.'s *Guide*, in the Gulf of Martaban, William Edward, infant son of Lieut. T. M. Philbrick, commanding the vessel, aged 10 months and 23 days.

RENDLELL—At Lucknow, on Aug. 20, William Charles, only child of Assistant-surgeon Rendell, 55th Foot, aged 13 months.

STEWART—At Mhow, on Aug. 28, of choleraic diarrhoea, Elizabeth Agnes, the child of G. S. Stewart, Schoolmaster R.A., aged 2 years and 7 months.

TAYLOR—At Bograh, on Aug. 13, of asthma, Mr. John Taylor, Medical Officer.

TYLER—At Lullutpore, Bundelcund, Aug. 20, of cholera, Captain W. G. B. Tyler, Bengal Staff Corps, and Deputy Commissioner of Lullutpore.

TIEBKENS—At Cawnpore, Aug. 23, Alfred James Donald, eldest child of A. H. Tietkens, Esq., aged 1 year 7 months.

WEBB—At Agra, on Sunday, Aug. 27, Harry Fraser, the infant son of Mr. and Mrs. John Webb, aged 9 days.

CALCUTTA AND CHINA MAILS.

ALEXANDRIA, Oct. 8.

The *Mongolia* and *Poonah* left here at day-break to-day for Marseilles and Southampton respectively.

INDIA OFFICE, Oct. 3.

Her Majesty has been pleased to approve of the following promotions and alterations of rank amongst the officers of the Staff Corps and of her Majesty's Indian military forces:—

The undermentioned officer having completed five years' service as major and brev. lieut. col., and as regimental lieut. col., to be colonel in the army, under the operation of Clauses 8 and 9 of Royal Warrant, dated Jan. 31, 1859:—

Lieut. col. G. S. Montgomery, Bombay inf.

BENGAL ARMY.

TO BE LIEUTENANT-COLONELS.

Major C. Jackson, late 39th N.I.
Major H. L. Robertson, late 65th N.I.
Major W. Q. Pogson, late 43rd N.I.
Major F. W. Baugh, late 26th N.I.
Major H. R. Shelton, late 38th N.I.
Major A. S. O. Donaldson, late 45th N.I.
Major W. C. Watson, late 45th N.I.
Major H. E. Young, late 64th N.I.

• TO BE MAJORS.

Capt. A. Cumine, late 4th N.I.
Capt. F. J. Ellis, late 58th N.I.
Capt. M. J. White, late 26th N.I.
Capt. F. C. Innes, of the late 60th N.I.
Capt. F. E. Laing, of the late 17th N.I.
Capt. S. D. White, of the late 3rd Eur. regt.
Capt. W. C. Hamilton, of the late 2nd Eur. regt.
Capt. J. M. Mackenzie, staff corps.
Capt. G. Cavanagh, late 39th N.I.
Capt. R. Stothert, of the late 4th N.I.
Capt. R. C. Lindsey, of the late 24th N.I.
Capt. R. Jenkins, late 5th cav.
Capt. A. C. Bunbury, late 34th N.I.
Capt. F. H. Hammer, late 34th N.I.
Capt. H. J. Allan, late 9th N.I.

TO BE CAPTAINS.

Lieut. W. H. J. Lance, staff corps.
Lieut. W. F. Edwards, late 45th N.I.
Lieut. A. Cockburn, late 52nd N.I.
Lieut. L. B. J. Davies, late 5th Eur. regt.

MADRAS ARMY.

TO BE LIEUTENANT-COLONELS.

Major G. F. Luard, 37th N.I.
Major J. Curtis, 8th N.I.
Major E. Yates, 28th N.I.
Major E. Gage, 15th N.I.
Major G. Paxton, late 44th N.I.

TO BE MAJORS.

Capt. W. Barber, 33rd N.I.
Capt. F. M. Davis, late 44th N.I.
Capt. A. Child, 8th N.I.
Capt. W. Blunt, 7th N.I.
Capt. R. G. Lewis, 31st N.I.
Capt. E. L. M. Evans, late 51st N.I.
Capt. E. O. Leggatt, staff corps.
Capt. G. A. Searle, 35th N.I.
Capt. F. J. Wilson, late 51st N.I.
Capt. W. Boardman, 13th N.I.
Capt. W. Weldon, late 47th N.I.
Capt. C. L. Combe, 23rd N.I.
Capt. C. E. Bates, 16th N.I.
Capt. H. J. T. Neild, 2nd N.I.
Capt. G. W. Playfair, staff corps.
Capt. T. Sweet, 21st N.I.
Capt. W. A. Deey, 41st N.I.
Capt. N. F. Bayley, 12th N.I.
Capt. W. C. P. Haines, 35th N.I.
Capt. R. J. Baker, staff corps.
Capt. W. Barclay, 25th N.I.
Capt. H. C. Z. Claridge, 37th N.I.

TO BE CAPTAINS.

Lieut. H. G. Puckle, 28th N.I.
Lieut. A. T. Cox, 35th N.I.
Lieut. S. H. Williams, 2nd N.I.
Lieut. J. H. E. Johnson, 2nd Eur. inf.
Lieut. J. C. Hay, staff corps.
Lieut. G. E. Fryer, 21st N.I.
Lieut. T. S. M. Robinson, 21st N.I.
Lieut. A. B. Irving, staff corps.
Lieut. P. Burgess, 33rd N.I.
Lieut. G. C. Foord, 7th N.I.

BOMBAY ARMY.

TO BE LIEUTENANT-COLONEL.

Major R. B. Moore, late 3rd cav.

TO BE MAJORS.

Capt. H. H. James, 10th N.I.
Capt. J. M. Holt, 20th N.I.
Capt. T. S. Warden, 4th N.I.
Capt. R. W. Richardes, 10th N.I.
Capt. J. Miles, staff corps.
Capt. J. Miles, late 3rd Eur. regt.
Capt. J. T. Hill, 14th N.I.

TO BE CAPTAINS.

Lieut. J. C. D. S. Moray, 7th N.I.
 Lieut. T. P. B. Walsh, late 1st N.I.
 Lieut. G. M. Lyons, 24th N.I.
 Lieut. F. P. Fortreath, 12th N.I.
 Lieut. A. T. Spens, staff corps.

BENGAL STAFF CORPS.

PROMOTIONS.

To be Lieutenant-colonels.

Major (Brev. col.) A. Fytche.	Major H. C. Adlam.
Major E. L. Dennys.	Major W. Agnew.
Major G. C. Hatch.	Major E. A. Rowlett.

To be Majors.

Capt. (Brev. Lieut. col.) A. Robinson.	Capt. H. P. Williams.
Capt. W. E. Marshall.	Capt. (Brev. major) R. C. Cross.
Capt. (Brev. major) T. James.	Capt. H. R. Wroughton.
Capt. J. A. Tytler, v.c.	Capt. (Brev. major) H. R. Garden.
Capt. R. J. D. Ferris.	Capt. J. Williamson.
Capt. F. J. Stephenson.	Capt. W. Paske.
Capt. (Brev. major) A. W. Owen.	Capt. P. Maxwell.
Capt. S. Black.	Capt. J. Leven.
Capt. E. P. Lloyd.	Capt. W. Reveley.
Capt. C. H. Hall.	Capt. W. C. R. Mylne.
Capt. J. C. Millar.	Capt. H. T. Macpherson, v.c.
Capt. A. T. Armstrong.	Capt. (Brev. major) E. H. Langmore.
Capt. (Brev. major) J. F. Stafford.	Capt. E. B. Clay.
Capt. C. C. Dandridge.	Capt. F. K. Bacon.

To be Captains.

Lieut. J. W. H. Johnstone.	Lieut. C. W. Hawes.
Lieut. G. B. Stainforth.	Lieut. G. N. Money.
Lieut. A. Tulloch.	Lieut. (Brev. capt.) B. R. Chambers.

BENGAL ARMY.

PROMOTIONS.

Infantry.

Major (Brev. lieut. col.) G. R. Cookson, from late 4th N.I., to be lieut. col., v. Garrett, dec.
 Major (Brev. lieut. col.) A. Boyd, from late 2nd Eur. regt., to be lieut. col., v. Chamberlain, prom. to major gen.
 Major (Brev. lieut. col.) H. R. Shelton, from late 38th N.I., to be lieut. col., v. Remy (staff corps), removed from list of lieut. colonels.

Late 4th European L.C.

Lieut. H. B. Lockwood to be capt., v. Caulfield, dec.

Late 11th N.I.

Lieut. (Brev. capt.) T. M. Shelly to be capt., v. Safe, retired.

Late 12th N.I.

Lieut. W. A. Franks to be capt.; Capt. P. G. Scott to be major; Lieut. R. B. Mackenzie to be capt., v. Adams (staff corps), dec.

Late 31st N.I.

Capt. (Brev. major) H. Finch to be major, Lieut. T. N. Baker to be capt., in succession to Tickell (staff corps), ret.

40th N.I.

Lieut. (Brev. capt.) H. E. Waller to be capt., v. Stone, dec.

47th N.I.

Lieut. (Brev. capt.) W. Gordon to be capt., in succession to Walker, dec.

51st N.I.

Lieut. (Brev. capt.) E. P. W. Ripley to be capt., in succession to Abbott, ret.

Late 74th N.I.

Lieut. R. W. Elton to be capt., v. Mew, ret.

ALTERATIONS OF RANK.

Late 2nd Cavalry.

Capt. A. D. Jennings to take rank from Oct. 12, 1863, v. Clifford (20th hussars), ret.

Late 12th N.I.

Capt. P. S. Yorke to take rank from Dec. 24, 1863, v. Hall, ret.

MEDICAL OFFICERS.

To be Surgeons-major.

Surg. G. R. Playfair, M.D.	Surg. F. Turnbull, M.D.
Surg. W. F. Mactier, M.D.	Surg. J. N. Tresider.
Surg. J. Lee, M.D.	Surg. St. George W. Tucker, M.D.
Surg. G. Banister.	Surg. C. M. Smith.
Surg. F. Douglas, M.D.	
Surg. R. J. Atkinson.	

To be Surgeons.

Asst. surg. W. Peskett, v. Wilson, ret.
 Asst. surg. S. Clark, v. Balfour, ret.
 Asst. surg. H. F. Williams, M.D., v. Faithfull, dec.
 Asst. surg. J. B. Allen, v. White, ret.
 Asst. surg. F. N. Macnamara, M.D.

ALTERATIONS OF RANK.

The undermentioned officers to take rank from the dates specified, viz. :—

Surg. F. Corbyn, from May 16, 1863.
 Surg. C. Lowdell, from May 25, 1863.
 Surg. J. Hooper, from June 10, 1863.
 Surg. D. Young, M.D., from July 24, 1863.
 Surg. J. Fayer, M.D., from July 28, 1863.
 Surg. W. H. Adley, from Aug. 24, 1863.
 Surg. E. J. Vivian, from Sept. 16, 1863.
 Surg. J. A. C. Hutchins, from Sept. 25, 1863.
 Surg. J. B. Scriven, from Oct. 12, 1863.
 Surg. J. W. R. Amesbury, from Dec. 18, 1863.
 Surg. C. Stewart, M.D. (dec.), from Dec. 20, 1863.
 Surg. E. McKellar, from Dec. 20, 1863.
 Surg. A. C. C. De Renzy, from March 12, 1864.
 Surg. A. Christian, M.D., from March 24, 1864.
 Surg. J. M. Cunningham, M.D., from April 1, 1864.
 Surg. J. C. Corbyn, M.D., from April 8, 1864.
 Surg. G. M. Govan, M.D., from June 15, 1864.
 Surg. E. H. Perkins, from June 15, 1864.
 Surg. S. C. Townsend, from June 15, 1864.
 Surg. W. B. Beatson, M.D., from June 15, 1864.
 Surg. C. T. Paske, from June 15, 1864.
 Surg. F. B. Dalzel, M.D., from June 15, 1864.
 Surg. S. B. Partridge, from June 15, 1864.
 Surg. E. Taylor, from Aug. 7, 1864.
 Surg. H. W. Spey, from Sept. 26, 1864.
 Surg. A. J. Dale, M.D., from Nov. 1, 1864.
 Surg. A. Young, from Nov. 15, 1864.

MADRAS STAFF CORPS.

PROMOTIONS.

To be Lieutenant-colonels.

Major W. Crewe.	Major S. Mainwaring.
Major T. Peyton.	Major (Brev. lieut. col.) J. E. Mayne.
Major (Brev. col.) A. T. Wilde, c.n.	Major (Brev. lieut. col.) F. J. Goldamid.
Major C. M. Shakespear.	

To be Majors.

Capt. A. J. M. Rainey.	Capt. R. A. Moore.
Capt. J. Michael.	Capt. J. R. G. Magrath.
Capt. C. S. Fagan.	Capt. W. F. Read.
Capt. A. R. Clephane.	Capt. (Brev. major) R. H. Bolton.
Capt. (Brev. major) H. I. Bett.	Capt. J. W. Rideout.
Capt. J. C. Macdonald.	Capt. W. Rose.

To be Captains.

Lieut. J. Lidderdale.	Lieut. H. G. Puckle.
Lieut. J. Lampen.	Lieut. W. Rawlins.
Lieut. G. Briggs.	Lieut. A. A. Johnson.
Lieut. T. G. Clarke.	

MADRAS ARMY.

PROMOTIONS.

Cavalry.

Major C. R. Stainforth from 4th cav., to be lieut. col., v. Barrow (staff corps), removed from list of lieut. colonels.

2nd L.C.

Lieut. A. Farrer to be capt.

4th L.C.

Capt. E. M. Lawford to be major, in succession to Barrow (staff corps), removed from list of lieut. colonels.

Late 5th L.C.

Lieut. T. H. T. Chalon to be capt., in succession to Mayne (staff corps), removed from list of lieut. colonels.

Late 6th L.C.

Lieut. T. M. McDonell to be capt., v. Wood, dec.

Late 8th L.C.

Capt. (Brev. major) J. G. Cookson to be major; Lieut. A. E. Arbuthnot to be capt., v. Kelso, ret.

General List of Cavalry Officers.

Lieut. A. Kenney to be capt., in succession to Barrow (staff corps), removed from list of lieut. colonels.

Infantry.

Major C. P. Y. Triscott, from 43rd N.I., to be lieut. col., in succession to Babbington, prom. to major general.

Major (Brev. lieut. col.) J. D. Dale, from 40th N.I., to be lieut. col., in succession to Freeman, prom. to major general.

10th N.I.

Lieut. E. G. Dixon to be capt., v. Harness, ret.

26th N.I.

Lieut. F. D. Gordon, dec., to be capt., v. Somerville, dec.

43rd N.I.

Capt. (Brev. major) A. W. Drayner to be major, in succession to Babbington, prom. to major general.

Late 44th N.I.

Capt. (Brev. major) G. Paxton to be major; Lieut. (Brev. capt.) H. C. B. Barnett to be capt., v. Western, ret.

ALTERATIONS OF RANK.

2nd L.C.

Capt. P. D. Henderson to take rank from April 28, 1864, v. Carey, ret.

General List of Infantry Officers.

Lieut. E. S. Skinner to take rank from July 28, 1862, in succession to Jones, 51st N.I. (staff corps), resigned.

MEDICAL OFFICERS.

To be Surgeon-major.

Surg. H. Carnegie (dec.)

To be Surgeons.

Asst. surg. J. E. Dickinson.	Asst. surg. H. B. Montgomery.
Asst. surg. C. Smith.	Asst. surg. J. M. Joseph.
Asst. surg. E. D'Arcy Evezard.	Asst. surg. E. S. Cleveland.
Asst. surg. F. Day.	Asst. surg. W. H. Harris, M.D.

BOMBAY STAFF CORPS.

TO BE LIEUTENANT-COLONELS.

Major J. S. Kemball.	Major (Brev. lieut. col.) E. C. Marston.
Major (Brev. lieut. col.) R. Phayre.	

TO BE MAJORS.

Capt. A. F. Battye.	Capt. F. L. Mackeson.
Capt. W. Y. H. Short.	Capt. G. E. Thomas.
Capt. W. Wilson.	Capt. W. Creagh.
Capt. S. C. Law.	Capt. (Brev. lieut. col.) J. A. Wood, v.c.
Capt. (Brev. major) M. S. Green, c.n.	

TO BE CAPTAINS.

Lieut. (Brev. capt.) J. Fairbrother.	Lieut. E. M. Smith.
Lieut. G. W. Hansom.	Lieut. (Brev. capt.) W. H. Rosa.

BOMBAY ARMY.

PROMOTIONS.

1st L.C.

Lieut. F. Stephens to be capt., v. Heath, transf. to 20th hussars.

3rd Cav.

Lieut. A. T. Moore, v.c., to be capt., v. Buckle, retired.

Infantry.

Major C. Hodgkinson, from 28th N.I., to be lieut. col., v. Coley, retired.

18th N.I.

Capt. (Brev. lieut. col.) J. J. Combe to be major, v. Taylor, retired.

28th N.I.

Capt. (Brev. major) J. D. Williams to be major, in succession to Coley, retired.

ALTERATIONS OF RANK.

2nd N.I.

Capt. C. R. Blair to take rank from July 18, 1864, v. Newall, retired.

General List of Infantry Officers.

The undermentioned officers to take rank from the dates specified, viz. :—

Lieut. H. S. Tandy, dated Aug. 12, 1862.
 Lieut. R. Hennell, dated Aug. 23, 1862.
 Lieut. J. E. Gordon, dated Sept. 30, 1862.
 Lieut. W. S. Hore, dated Oct. 5, 1862.
 Lieut. G. R. B. Drummond, dated Jan. 27, 1863.
 Her Majesty has been pleased to approve of the following appointments to her Majesty's Indian Medical Service :—

BENGAL.

TO BE ASSISTANT-SURGEONS.

K. M'Leod, M.D.	J. Bennett, M.D.
J. Cleghorn, M.D.	R. B. Thomson, M.D.
R. Harvey, M.B.	J. R. MacIver, M.D.
R. Reid.	E. B. Gardner.
B. Knowles, M.B.	J. Kelly, M.D.
A. Skeen, M.B.	L. D. Spencer, M.D.

MADRAS.

TO BE ASSISTANT-SURGEONS.

A. Porter, M.D.	D. J. M'Carthy, M.D.
T. E. Ffrench.	W. S. Rawson, M.D.
S. B. Hunt.	J. A. W. Spence.
W. S. Fox.	A. M'Diarmid, M.D.

BOMBAY.

TO BE ASSISTANT-SURGEONS.

H. Cook, M.D.	J. T. Welsh, M.D.
I. B. Lyon.	J. Williams, M.D.
S. Duckering.	A. Barrie, M.D.
A. Brown, M.D.	

REMOVED TRANSFER OF SCINDE.—It is again rumoured that Scinde is to be transferred shortly to the Punjab Government. The *Englishman* believes this is not the case, but that, eventually, and after Sir Bartle Frere vacates the office of Governor of Bombay, the transfer will, in all probability, be made.

To Correspondents.

All letters for insertion in *Allen's Indian Mail* should be accompanied with the real name and address of the writer, "not necessarily for publication, but as a guarantee of good faith."

Communications for the Editor, and Advertisements, should be sent under cover to Messrs. W.M. H. ALLEN & Co., 13, Waterloo-place, S.W.

•• Should any delay or irregularity occur in supplying this Paper, communication of the fact to the Publisher will insure a remedy.

ALLEN'S INDIAN MAIL,

TUESDAY, October 10, 1865.

A PANIC IN THE CIVIL SERVICE.

THE judges, magistrates, commissioners, and other members of the Civil Service in India, are just now looking at one another as people do in a crowd at a railway station, when they see a notice on the wall to "Beware of Pickpockets—respectably dressed." Every man is seized with a suspicion of his neighbour, and the less suspicious the neighbour looks the more he is suspected. It is not, however, the pockets, but the prejudices of the Service in India which are being threatened—the alarm having been caused by a report that among its members is a son of Mr. Calcraft, of the Old Bailey, under an assumed name! The story was first introduced to society in an Allahabad paper, and has, of course, made an extensive acquaintance throughout the country, both the friends and enemies of the "Competition-wallahs" being equally interested in giving it circulation. On the one side the intrusion is resented as an insult to an honourable body of gentlemen; on the other it is received with unkind satisfaction as a consequence of the open, or what has been uncomplimentarily called, the "devil take the hindmost" system of conferring Indian appointments.

The questions naturally suggested by the report in question are, 1st, is it true? and 2nd, if it be true—what is to follow? In reference to the matter of fact a correspondent of the *Englishman*, in reply to doubts expressed on the subject, boldly affirms that he can, "from personal knowledge, state that a Mr. Calcraft, son of the hangman of England, did, just two years ago, actually enter the Civil Service of India, having passed his final examination in Dean's-yard in 1863." Moreover, he adds, "in each of the four years preceding 1863, Mr. Calcraft, senior, sent up a son to the competition; and so carefully had the old gentleman, though burdened with many public duties, attended to his children's education, that four sons, each and all, passed, making a grand total of five, now numbered among the future administrators

of our Indian Empire." This declaration, being properly authenticated by a respectable name, would, of course, have a right to acceptance; but unfortunately for his authority, the writer subsequently admits that his "personal knowledge" is derived from the gossip of other competing candidates during their examinations. The writer, in fact, does not pretend to be able to point out the men, which is the only way of arriving at proof in the matter; and in the meantime the story is received with something more than the degree of credit attaching to a mere possibility. It is true that candidates for the service are required to give their real names and those of their parents, as well as the calling and status of the latter, before going up for examination,—a false statement of those particulars exposing them not only to forfeiture of their appointments but prosecution for fraud. But, on the other hand, it has been stated that the name of Calcraft is only assumed for professional purposes, and it is generally understood that its owner has regular pursuits by which he might be unobjectionably described. The question of fact is, therefore, embarrassing, and the gentlemen concerned are not philosophic enough to give themselves the benefit of the doubt. With regard to what would follow if the fact were established, there is a lively discussion among the journals. One of these—the *Bombay Gazette*—boldly plants itself upon the strictly logical view of the case, declares that if capital punishment be justifiable the hangman should be as respected a functionary as the judge, that even though the calling be infamous it is not for us to visit the degradation of the father upon the children, and that there is no reason why Mr. Calcraft, junior, should not be a valuable acquisition to the service. This kind of argument, being *merely* logical, is, of course, utterly defective. As regards the status of the hangman, we may answer that, in order to be clean, we must get somebody to do dirty work; but, because cleanliness is a virtue, we do not exalt the scavenger as a respected public functionary, and place his calling on a level with that of the scientific gentleman who organises and directs his operations. For the rest of the argument "ladies' reasons" are quite sufficient. We dislike contact with persons having repulsive employments "because we do," and we prefer not to come into close quarters with their sons, because they involve unpleasant ideas. The *Bombay Gazette* asks, What is the reason for the prejudice? There is no reason required. Prejudice precludes the idea of reason at all, and is more powerful in most cases than any that can be brought against it. The moral sense, in fact, is as delicate as the physical sense; and nobody asks us *why* we prefer the Jockey Club Bouquet to the scent of a stable. A hangman's sons may make very efficient

members of the Indian service, but their presence in its ranks is not likely to be agreeable to the other members. If one kind of parentage can bring a man credit another kind of parentage must bring a man discredit, or at any rate place him at a disadvantage, which nothing but his own conduct and character can overcome. The sentiment of the indignant Yeoman who tells Lady Clara Vere de Vere—

"Your pride is yet no mate for mine,
Too proud to care from whence I came,"

has been applauded as an expression of proper independence; but it is simply a good hit at a haughty beauty who takes a cruel advantage of her rank and charms, and the poet can have written it only as a piece of dramatic propriety—not as a laudable maxim in the abstract. In our imperfect state of existence few of us have arrived at this elevation of pride, and until we have we shall continue to regard the sons of hangmen as unpreferable colleagues and companions.

It is much to be feared that this curious question—on whatever foundation it may be based—has been rendered peculiarly vexatious by the anomalous position of the Civil Service in India, the general body of whose members do not—and there is no use in disguising the fact—take the social standing to which they are entitled by their rank. The old complaint against the "competition-wallahs," made from the first, is made now. They do their duty with more or less efficiency—there is at any rate no special complaint on that score—but they are said to want a certain high spirit that belonged to the old class of civil servants, a spirit that sometimes led them astray, but was always worn with grace, and impressed the natives with the idea that they were governed by gentlemen. It is not necessary, nor even desirable, that a young civilian before he is well out of college, or while learning his future duties as assistant magistrate at some mossful station, should maintain a large establishment, and be noted for his lavish entertainments; keep an immense stud, including racers; bet freely and borrow largely, and when out of funds in the hills play at whist for "Arab points;" and not be considered to have graduated in society until he owes a lakh of rupees. But the advocates of the old school still maintain that even this kind of recklessness, though not defensible in itself, indicated, if it did not generate, a dash and daring calculated to bring out the most vigorous qualities of the mind, and was certainly calculated to gain the respect of the governed—a native of the East having little idea of a gentleman except in connection with profusion and display. All this is now a thing of the past. The wallahs—it must not be said to their discredit, for no man is to blame for exercis-

ing common prudence in his own affairs—go out to one of the presidency towns, where, having no family traditions connected with the place, they are simply strangers, they do not “call” and make themselves known, their acquaintance being confined to the other guests at the hotel, or at the boarding-house to which they commonly remove. When they go forth it is frequently in a mere hack conveyance, perhaps even a palankeen, and some are even so forgetful of their dignity as to be seen walking—not only for a “constitutional,” but as an actual mode of progression to office. All this is dreadfully against them; and as society gives them an occasional hint of their failings, they are naturally shy of society; and so it is that the breach gets wider instead of closing up, as it should have done by this time. There are, of course, many men in the service to whom these remarks do not apply; but they will usually tell you that they had quite interest enough to have entered it under the patronage system had that system prevailed in their time. The new class, they will add, are not, as a general rule, such as answer the requirements of the service; and we hear this assertion repeated so often that it is difficult to conceive it quite untrue. The fact that a son or sons of the common hangman may be included in the list of the service is not calculated to raise its reputation, and England cannot afford to trust the administration of her Indian Empire to men who do not command both social influence and political respect.

MISCELLANEOUS.

BILLS ON INDIA.—The biddings for Bills on India took place on Wednesday, the 4th inst., at the Bank of England. The proportions allotted were:—To Calcutta, £102,700; to Madras, £24,000; and to Bombay, £80,000. The minimum price was fixed at 1s. 11½d. on Calcutta and Madras, and 1s. 11½d. on Bombay. Tenders on Calcutta and Madras at 1s. 11½d. will receive in full, and on Bombay at 2s. about 29 per cent.; above these prices in full.

DESPATCH OF THE INDIA AND CHINA MAILS.—(SOUTHAMPTON, Oct. 4.)—The Peninsular and Oriental Company's steamship *Delta*, Captain Kellock, sailed hence to-day, with the mails for Gibraltar, the Mediterranean, Egypt, Aden, Ceylon, India (except Bombay), China, together with eighty-three first and forty-six second-class passengers. The *Delta* took out on freight a full cargo, and 249 boxes specie, value £96,131. 10s., for the following ports, viz:—Alexandria—sovereigns, £29,000. Madras—bar silver, £39,500; gold coin, £1,170; gold thread, £758. Calcutta—precious stones, &c., £1,620. Singapore—beads, &c., £145. Hong Kong—dollars, £20,000; jewellery, £1,983. 10s. Shanghai—jewellery, £205. Penang—Mexican dollars, £1,750.

THE HEAVY CALCUTTA AND CHINA MAILS.—The Peninsular and Oriental Company's steamer *Massilia*, Captain Almond, with the heavy portion of the above mails, arrived at Southampton on Thursday afternoon. She brings 54 passengers and a general cargo, including 1,318 bales of raw silk, value £120,000 sterling.

MESSRS. CHARLES MOORE AND CO. have issued a circular of the formation of a new line of packets from London to Calcutta, to sail on the 5th of each month, to commence in December next.

SHIPPING.

ARRIVALS.

Oct. 1. Malabar, Sarawak; Edendale, Calcutta.—3. Axel, Kurrachee; James Ferguson, Rangoon.—5. Melbourne, Singapore.—7. Silvia, Calcutta; str. Queen of the North, Colombo; Vanguard, Calcutta.—8. Woodville, Japan.

PASSENGERS ARRIVED.

Per Queen of the North.—Mr. R. Bair, Mr. and Mrs. J. G. Faulkner and four children, Mrs. Dalton and three children, Mrs. Campbell and four children.

CASUALTIES.

The Singapore, from Singapore, arrived at Liverpool on the 2nd inst., damaged, having been in collision on the 20th ult. with the Hebe, from Liverpool.

DEPARTURES.

Oct. 1. Frenchman, Bombay.—2. Shackamaxon, Rangoon.—4. Planet, Bombay; Black Case, Colombo; Patriot, Kurrachee; Cetric, Kurrachee; Miranda, Cochin.—6. Pandora, Calcutta.—7. Ann, Madras.

PASSENGERS DEPARTED.

Per Overland Route.

Per str. Delta, from Southampton, Oct. 4.—To CALCUTTA.—Mrs. S. Brown and child, Rev. J. and Mrs. Powrie, Mr. G. T. and Mrs. Smead and infant, Mrs. Grant, Miss Hay, Maj. and Mrs. Holmes, Miss Penny, Miss M. Spry, Miss O'Callaghan, Mrs. W. R. Hooper and infant, Mrs. J. Hart, Mrs. Rat and infant, Mr. Duncan and child, Mrs. F. Alexander, Mr. R. J. Harrison, Miss Ball, Miss E. Cranston, Mr. Paul, Mr. C. Farmer, Miss M. Wood, Miss A. Rock, Mrs. Gideon, Miss M. A. Wheeler, Mrs. Gordon and sister, Miss Jessie Inglis, Col. J. H. Maxwell, Mr. H. Heckford, Mr. A. B. Struthers, Mr. N. Thorne, Mr. F. Shepherd, Miss Don, Mr. A. Robinson, Mr. G. E. Low, Mr. Hobday, Miss Ganser, D. J. Kelly, Mr. Tremaine, Mr. J. Davies, Mr. L. D. Spencer, Staff Surg. maj. S. Ferris, Staff Surg. maj. W. Ivey, Miss Ferris. To MADRAS.—Capt. G. W. Goshing, Mrs. Bivar, Capt. Hunter, Rev. D. G. and Mrs. Clarke, Miss McPherson, Mr. H. Griffith, Lieut. Hildart, Lieut. Churchward, Mr. McPherson. To ALEXANDRIA.—Mr. Laurie, Mr. Bosson, Mr. T. Yates.

Per str. Tadjore, from Marseilles.—To CALCUTTA.—Miss Palmer, Mr. C. E. Cresswell and brother, Mr. G. F. Cockburn, Miss Cockburn, Mr. L. P. Thomas, Mr. J. D. Bell, Mr. L. A. Goodvee, Miss Goodvee, Mr. and Mrs. Probyn, Mrs. E. Macnaghton and three infants, Miss R. Howe, Mr. and Mrs. J. Sladen, Mrs. Graham and infant, Mr. S. A. Apcar, Mrs. S. A. Apcar, Mrs. Gausson, Mr. and Mrs. Medlicott, Miss Stewart, Capt. and Mrs. Grant, Miss Stewart, Mr. J. C. Mackay, Mr. Gausson, Mr. Fuchs, Mr. S. Smith, Miss Baretow, Mr. A. Valletta, Mr. W. F. Cavendish, Mr. Braudreth. To MADRAS.—Miss Godfrey, Dr. and Mrs. Andrews, Miss Cox, Mr. Pearce, Capt. H. L. Prendergast.

DOMESTIC.

BIRTHS.

HUDLESTON—The wife of William Hudleston, Esq., Madras Civil Service, of a son, at Hutton John, Cumberland, Oct. 3.

JAMES—The wife of Captain C. James, Madras Staff Corps, of a son, at Colegreen, Hertford, Sept. 24.

MARRIAGES.

ALEXANDER—QUIN—Major W. C. Alexander, late of H.M.'s Indian Army, to Ellen Charlotte, only daughter of the late Lieut. Colonel Quin, of the Bengal Army, at All Saints, Faddington, Oct. 5.

EDLIN—BROWN—Edward Edlin, Esq., M.D., Bengal Horse Artillery, to Edith Frances, daughter of Frederick Brown, Esq., of Bracon-dale, Norwich, at St. Mark's, Lakenham, Sept. 27.

GALE—THOMAS—Charles William, son of the late Lieut. Colonel John L. Gale, of the Bengal Army, to Sarah Elizabeth, daughter of J. T. Thomas, Esq., at St. Arran's, near Chepstow, Oct. 4.

GIRDLESTONE—ORTON—John Ward Girdlestone, Esq., son of the Rev. Charles Girdlestone, Rector of Kingswinford, to Ellen Ann, daughter of W. Orton, Esq., of Narborough, Sept. 27.

GRAYDON—PENRUDDOCKE—Lieut. Colonel Graydon, H.M.'s Bengal Army, to Charlesanna P., daughter of the late Charles Penruddocke, barrister-at-law, at the Parish Church, Milton, Lilbourne, Wilts, Sept. 26.

HAISEY—WELLS—Thos. F. Halsey, Esq., to Mary Julia, daughter of the late F. O. Wells, Esq., of the Bengal Civil Service, at St. Peter's, Pimlico, Sept. 28.

HEBBERT—GRAY—Henry T. Hebbert, Esq., Bombay Staff Corps, eldest son of Henry Hebbert, Esq., late of the Bombay Civil Service, to Agnes, daughter of the late Rev. Charles Gray, Vicar of Godmanchester, Huntingdonshire, at the Parish Church, Brighton, Sept. 26.

KERBY—HUNTER—Thomas F. Kerby, Esq., M.A., Fellow of Trinity College, Cambridge, to Helen, daughter of Walter J. Hunter, Esq., late of the Bombay Civil Service, of Baughurst House, Hants, at Tanworth, Oct. 3.

YOUNG—CRONYN—Captain D. B. Young, Bombay Staff Corps, to Mary, daughter of the late Rev. Edmund Cronyn, at St. James's, Paddington, Sept. 3.

DEATHS.

ANSTEE—Margaret Frances, daughter of the Rev. C. C. Anstey, Chaplain Bengal Presidency, at Wargrave, aged 7, Sept. 30.

CAULFIELD—Ada Letitia G., eldest daughter of the late Major John Palmer Caulfield, Bengal Cavalry, at Bagueres de Bigorre, Hautes Pyrénées, aged 19, Sept. 25.

CLARKE—Charles F., son of Bennet C. S. Clarke, Esq., Lieut. late I.N., at Sherwood, Torquay, Oct. 3.

CLIFFORD—Robert Wigram Clifford, Esq., late Captain H.M.'s 20th Hussars, eldest son of the late Captain Clifford, H.E.I.C.S., at Carn Cottage, County Cavan, Ireland, aged 39, Oct. 1.

KENDALL—Walter B., son of Bernard Kendall, Esq., H.M.'s Indian Army, at Weymouth, aged 6 years and 3 months, Sept. 30.

MACDUFF—Major General John MacDuff, C.B., lately Commanding the Oude Division, Lucknow, at Newmiln-by-Stanley, Perthshire, aged 65, Sept. 25.

PRINCE—Caroline, wife of John Prince, Esq., formerly of the East India House, at Heathfield, Greenheys, aged 73, Oct. 6.

SAUNDERS—Major T. J. Saunders, late of the 41st B.N.I., at Bedford, aged 56, Sept. 27.

SIMONDS—Lieut. Colonel William Simonds, Bengal Army, Unattached, at 39, Fitzroy-square, aged 79, Oct. 4.

SKINNER—Major Hercules Skinner, late Commandant 14th Bengal Irregular Cavalry, at Ben Rhydding, Yorkshire, aged 52, Oct. 2.

SMITH—Isabella Mary, daughter of Colonel R. A. Smith, H.M.'s Bengal Army, and granddaughter of Physician General W. T. Steven, late Bengal Army, at Callander, Sept. 30. Friends will please accept of this intimation.

THOMPSON—Robert Stuart, son of J. G. Thompson, Esq., Madras Civil Service, at 21, Lilwood-place, Brighton, aged 9, Sept. 28.

VINCENT—Lieut. Colonel George F. F., on the retired list, H.M.'s Indian Army, at Bath, aged 72, Sept. 27.

India Office,

October 9, 1865.

PERMITTED TO RETURN TO DUTY.

ECCLESIASTICAL.

Bengal Estab.—Rev. A. W. Wallis, Senior Chaplain.

TEA PROSPECTS IN THE PUNJAB.—The following is an estimate of the out-turn of the tea plantations in the Punjab:—

	lbs.
Government plantations—Howalbag and Air Tal	30,000
Kumaon and Kuttuvor Valley Tea Company	12,000
Mr. Warrant	12,000
Wheler Brothers	4,000
Doonagiree	4,000
General Store	6,000
Kussanie Tea Company	32,000
Lode Plantation	9,000
Mr. Richards, Soba Ghat	1,000
Mr. Lyall	4,000
Cheo Pannoe, Soba Ghat	2,000
Mr. Gauno	1,000
Mr. Richards, Soba...	3,000
Maine	500
<i>Sil Kote.</i>	
Capt. Cumberland	10,000
Mr. Henry	15,000
<i>Dumlate.</i>	
Murray	1,000
Sitoolee	1,000
Dr. Oldham's plantations	11,000
Total	158,500

CHOLERIA still hangs about the Jubbulpoor and Saugor districts and cantonments. Several casualties have occurred, and encampments have been formed out of barracks.

INDIA EXCHANGES.

BANK AND COMMERCIAL BILLS.

	60 days' sight.	30 days' sight.	60 days' sight.	30 days' sight.
Calcutta	1s. 11½d.	1s. 11½d.	Singapore	1s. 2½d.
Madras	1s. 11½d.	1s. 11½d.	Hong Kong	1s. 2½d.
Bombay	1s. 11½d.	1s. 11½d.	Shanghai	1s. 2½d.
Colonbo	1s. 11½d.	1s. 11½d.		

STOCKS AND SECURITIES.

Shares.	Paid.	Prices.
India Stock, 1874		216 to 219
India 5 per cent.		104½ to 105
India 4 per cent.		105½
India 4 per cent. 1888		101 to 102
India 5 p. ct. Enfd. Paper, 1872		108 to 109
India Stock, Enfd. Paper, 5½ per cent.		95½
India Stock Debentures, 1855		99½
India Stock Debentures, 1855		99½
" " " " 1864		99½
" " " " 1864		99½
India Debentures, do., £1,000		100
Do. 4 per cent., 1866		100
India 5 per cent. for account		104½
India 4 per cent., 1870		99½
India 4 per cent., 1888		104½
India Loan Scrip 5 per cent.		15s. to 16s. pm.
India Bonds, 4 p. ct. (£1,000)		19s. pm.
India Bonds (£1,000)		25s.
Ditto (under £1,000)		

RAILWAYS.

Stock	Bombay, Baroda, and Central India (guar. 5 per cent.)	100	100½ to 101½
20	Ditto F Shares	6	4 d. to 5 pm.
Stock	Calcutta & S. Eastern (lim.)	100	99 to 100
Stock	Eastern Bengal (gu. 5 p. ct.)	100	100½ to 101½
Stock	East Indian	100	102½ to 103½
20	Ditto J. Extension	15	2 to 3 pm.
Stock	G. I. Peninsula (gu. 5 p. ct.)	100	103 to 104
20	Ditto (New ditto)	14	2 to 3 pm.
20	Ditto, New	4	2 to 3 pm.
Stock	Great S. of India (lim.) Scrip	100	100½ to 101½
Stock	Ditto 4½ p. ct.	2	
Stock	Madras (guar. 4½ per cent.)	100	98 to 99
Stock	Ditto 5 per cent.	100	100½ to 101½
Stock	Ditto (guar. 4½ per cent.)	100	93 to 95
20	5th Extension	2	
Stock	Scinde (guar. 5 per cent.)	100	100 to 101
Stock	Ditto Indus Steam Flotilla (guar. 5 per cent.)	100	93 to 96 x d.
Stock	Delhi guar. 5 per cent.	100	100½ to 101½
Stock	Ditto Delhi guar. 5 p. ct.	all	101 to 102
20	Ditto	2	2 to 3 d.
Stock	Punjab (5 per cent.)	100	100 to 101

BANKS.

50	Agra and Masterman's (L.)	25	56 to 58
20	Asiatic Banking Corp., new issue, £15 pm., on which £7. 10s. has been paid	5	17 to 19 pm.
20	Chart. of Ind., Aus., & China	all	25 to 27
25	Chart. Merc. of India, Lond., and China	all	49 to 51
25	Commercial Bank of India	all	28 to 30
100	Hindustan, China, & Japan	25	5 to 3 d.
20	Land Mortgage Bank of India	all	3 to 4 pm.
20	Oriental Bank Corporation	all	50 to 52
20	Scinde, Punjab, and Delhi	10	34 to 2½ dis.

MISCELLANEOUS.

5	Bombay Gas (lim.)	all	5½ to 5½ pm.
5	Second issue	5	par to 1 pm.
5	Third issue	2	1 to 2 pm.
20	Ceylon Company (lim.)	7	3 to 4 pm.
20	East India Irr. & Can.	12	34 to 2½ dis.
50	E. I. Financial (lim.)	75	14 to 34 dis.
20	Madras Irrig. and Canal	15	14 to 3 d.
20	Do.	all	184 to 194
20	Nerbudda Coal & Iron (lim.)	5	1½ to 1 d.
20	Do. New	2	1 d. par
10	North Assam Tea (lim.)	14	1 d. to par
10	Do. B.	8	2 to 1 d.
20	Oriental Commercial (lim.)	70	
20	Oriental Financial	10	9 to 7 d.
10	Oriental Inland Steam A. (L)	all	1½ to 2½
10	P. and O. Steam Nav. Co.	all	75 to 77
60	Ditto New	35	17 to 19 pm.
20	Upper Assam Tea (lim.)	34	24 to 34 pm.
10	Ditto	all	17 to 19

* Incorporated by Royal Charter, issued at 10 pm. (10 pm.)

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W. P. ANDREW, Esq., Chairman of the Company, presiding.

The following Resolutions were carried unanimously:—

1. "That this Meeting receive and adopt the Report of the Directors."
2. "That the Directors be, and are hereby authorised to, raise £500,000 additional Capital, by the issue of 25,000 Shares of £20 each on account of the Punjab Railway, upon which Capital the Secretary of State for India in Council has guaranteed Interest at the rate of £5 per cent. per annum."
3. "That all the Punjab Railway Shares in respect of which the whole sum of £20 shall hereafter be paid up, shall from time to time be converted or consolidated into Punjab Railway Capital Stock."
4. "That the cordial thanks of this Meeting are tendered to W. P. Andrew, Esq., for his courteous conduct in the Chair this day."

W. P. ANDREW, Chairman.

S. H. R. PARRY, Acting Secretary.

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Applications for Shares, from persons not resident in Shanghai, must be accompanied by Power of Attorney to their Agents, to sign the Deed of Settlement on their behalf, and generally to represent them in all matters connected with the Company.

By Order of the Directors,

J. S. MACKINTOSH, Secretary.

Shanghai, 12th July, 1865.

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LONDON: Printed by RICHARD KINDER, Printer, at his Printing Office, Milford Lane, Strand, W.C., in the Parish of St. Clement Danes; and published by JAMES PEARCE ALLEN, 13, Waterloo-place, S.W., both in the County of Middlesex.—October 10, 1865.

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AND OFFICIAL GAZETTE

FROM

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VOL. XXIII.—No. 690.] LONDON, MONDAY, OCTOBER 16, 1865.

[PRICE 6d.]

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DATES OF ADVICES.

Bengal.....	Sept. 8	Burmah (Rangoon) Aug. 16
Madras	" 9	Bombay..... Sept. 12
Agra.....	" 9	Ceylon
		China (Hong Keng)..... Aug. 28.

MAILS TO INDIA.

The Mails to India, China, &c., are made up in London, in each month, as follows:—

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On the 4th, at 8 A.M., via Southampton, to Calcutta, Madras, Ceylon, and China.
On the 10th, at 6 P.M., via Marseilles, to Calcutta, Madras, Ceylon, and China.
On the 12th, at 8 A.M., via Southampton, to Bombay and N.W. Provinces (also for letters only, to Madras and Lower Provinces of Bengal).
On the 18th, at 6 P.M., via Marseilles and Bombay, to all parts of India.
On the 20th, at 8 A.M., via Southampton, to Calcutta, Madras, Ceylon, and China.
On the 26th, at 6 P.M., via Marseilles, to Calcutta, Madras, Ceylon, and China.
On the 27th, at 8 A.M., via Southampton, to Bombay, and N.W. Provinces (also for letters only, to Madras and Lower Provinces of Bengal).

* * * When any of the above dates occur on Sunday, the Mails via Southampton are made up on the previous Evening, and those via Marseilles on the following Evening.

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A French line of mail packets now leaves Marseilles on the 19th of every month for Alexandria. Postage for letters and papers to India and China the same as is charged by the English mail via Marseilles. Letters intended to be forwarded by these packets must be specially addressed "By French mail packet from Marseilles."

Books, Parcels, &c., may not exceed 3 lbs. in weight, or be of greater dimensions than 24 inches in length or 12 inches in width or depth.

IN ALL CASES PREPAYMENT IS COMPULSORY.

SUMMARY AND REVIEW.

WE have received our usual files of papers by the Calcutta mail, with dates from Calcutta to the 8th of September, and Bombay to the 12th of that month—the Bombay papers having reached us by this route for the first time. Also despatches from Madras to the 5th, and Ceylon to the 18th ult.

In Calcutta, the Bhootan question afforded at least one source of satisfaction—that of certainty. The prospects of peace had dissolved into thin air, and the departure of the invading force had become a substantial certainty. Only a few days before the mail left, it seems, the Bhootas had become so impressed with a sense of the responsibility of defying the British power, that even Tounsoo Penlow pretended to have been won over by the peace party. By means of this adherence, real or feigned, he was enabled to take up his old residence with the Deb Rajah at Tassissudon, and thus to bring to bear all his old influence over that chief. The result appears in a declaration—manifestly absurd, and probably invented by Tounsoo Penlow in order to win over the Deb Rajah—that the Chinese are preparing to march a large force to support the Bhootas. On the strength of this anticipated aid the Deb Rajah has, at the eleventh hour, not only rejected our offers, but demanded the evacuation of the Dooars and adherence to the treaty signed by Mr. Eden. He declares, with a sudden accession of dignity which looks rather ridiculous after his former very mild tone, that if we cannot comply with his demands, which are only fair and just, we must prepare for war, which is just what we are doing, and with every prospect of effect. As soon as the rains are over the troops will be concentrated, the right column under Colonel Richardson, and the left under Brigadier Tytler. "General Tytler," says the *Hurkaru*, "was Havelock's right hand, and was spoken of in the highest terms by the hero of Cawnpore. He is a man of extraordinary energy, guided and directed by a cool, thoughtful head, and is decidedly one of the most promising of our future commanders. He impresses all about him with

his earnestness and love of work, and is singularly popular with the force. But besides having seen more actual fighting than any officer in the service, he is, now that Havelock is gone, the best read man on military subjects in the army." Under ordinary circumstances, it is added—"ordinary circumstances," we presume, meaning something in the *veni, vidi, vinci* way—the column will spend their Christmas at Poonakha.

The trial of Assistant Pilot Vardy, for the loss of the *Eagle Speed*, has resulted in the dismissal of that officer from the service. But it appears that the marine authorities are also to blame for neglecting precautions such as are necessary in all pilot waters at the head of the Bay of Bengal. The matter has been taken up by Government, and an inquiry into the conduct of the officers and crew of the ill-fated ship is also proceeding. Some further details will be found elsewhere.

The *Hurkaru* notices that the rent question has reached the pamphlet stage, and that the Zemindars are beginning to see the real drift of affairs between the ryots and those who either own or cultivate the land.

The Calcutta press—and indeed the Calcutta people—are very irate at the Governor-General for his discouragement of private enterprise in irrigation and other public works. It is openly declared that his object is to prevent the financial classes connected with India from increasing their Parliamentary influence, and so interfering with his "civilianising" views of government. The article in the *Westminster Review*, which impugns so forcibly the accepted version of Sir John Lawrence's conduct at the crisis in 1857, is also being taken up by the journals, who are rapidly coming to the conclusion that their former idol bears a strong family likeness to an impostor.

Money continued abundant in Calcutta. The result of the opium sale had been again highly satisfactory.

There is little or no news from Madras, and not much more from Bombay. The Governor-General was at Simla, where some very promising festivities had been

stopped by a telegram bringing news of the illness of his brother, Colonel Alexander Lawrence, now at home. The movements of Sir John are not quite certain. There were still reports of an intended progress through the Upper Provinces, but it was considered most likely that he would proceed to Calcutta, in order to be near at hand during the operations in Bhootan.

The next arrival from India will be the Bombay mail, which arrived at Suez on Thursday, and may be expected in London on Sunday next.

THE BOMBAY MAIL.

ALEXANDRIA, Oct. 14.

The *Pera* and *Ripon* left here at ten A.M. to-day for Marseilles and Southampton respectively; all well.

CALCUTTA AND CHINA MAILS.

SUEZ, Oct. 14.

The *Simla* arrived here at noon to-day. (Four days early.)

HOWARD V. MULL.—In this case the parties consented, in consequence of its importance, to a motion being made to have it tried before two judges instead of one, and yesterday Mr. Bailey, with whom was Mr. Marriott, for the *Times of India*, moved the Chief Justice to sanction the arrangement of parties. Mr. Acting Advocate General White, with whom was Mr. Hayllar, consented on behalf of Mr. Howard. The Chief Justice, however, refused to grant the motion. The case, we believe, will appear in Mr. Justice Couch's list to-day or to-morrow.—*Bombay Gazette*, Oct. 12.

THE PUBLIC WORKS CONGRESS will meet at Poona at the end of the current month. The Revenue Commissioners, Collectors, Superintending Engineers, and other officers have already received intimation to that effect from his Excellency the Governor.

INDIAN GOVERNMENT LOANS.

	Actual Sales.	
	At per Rupee.	Interest taking Co's Rs. 1000 as equivalent to £100
East India 4 per Cent. Transfer Loan Stock, Dividends payable in London, 25th April, and 25th Oct. ...	Sa. R. —	93
1st 4 per Cent. Loan of 1824-25 (Sicca) ...	—	—
2nd 4 per Cent. (Sicca) of 1828-29 ...	—	—
3rd 4 per Cent. (Sicca) of 1832-33 ...	1s 9½d	89
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5th 4 per Cent. 1842-43 ...	1s 9½d	89
3½ per Cent. 1853-54 ...	—	—
6th 4 per Cent. 1854-55 ...	1s 9½d	100
5 per Cent. Public Works Loan 1854-55 ...	2s 0½d	100
4½ per Cent. of 1856-57 ...	2s 0½d	101½
5 per Cent. of 1856-57 ...	2s 0½d	102
5½ per Cent. of 1859-60 ...	2s 2½d	109

Casualties by Death in the Armies of India reported since last Publication.

BENGAL.—At Cawnpore, on the 17th Aug., Lieut. F. M. M. Mapleton, 88th Regt., aged 21. Lieut. J. K. McCausland, late 24th N.I., doing duty 4th Goorkhas, at Almorah, Sept. 3. Asst. surg. M. J. Sutherland Perreau, at Dalingkote, Bhootan, Aug. 12, aged 27.

BOMBAY.—Maj. Henry Lancaster, late of the 20th Regt. Bombay N.I., at Warwick-road, Upper Clapton, aged 44, Oct. 7.

Passengers by the present Mail.

For MARSEILLES.—From CALCUTTA.—Hon. Mrs. Drummond, Mr. D. Lacey. From MADRAS.—Capt. E. Lewis, Lieut. Brusse. From ALEXANDRIA.—Mrs. Brackenbury.

Expected at Southampton.

Per str. *Poonah*.—From CALCUTTA.—Mr. Fenn, Asst. surg. White, Mrs. Ireland and two children, Mr. G. W. Hamilton, Mr. Pennell, Mr. Coates, Mr. J. T. Forbes, Maj. Faithful. From MADRAS.—Lieut. Talbot, Lieut. G. H. Greig. From ALEXANDRIA.—Maj. Chambers.

BENGAL.

BHOOTAN.

The following is from a letter from the Bhootan frontier, under date the 24th ultimo:—

"The messengers sent to Tassissudon, I am told, went from Buxa to Temshoo, near Gygo-goo, and stopped there for a day, on account of the rain. From Temshoo they went to Sabu, and had heavy rain on the road; from Sabu they went to Maricham, and from Maricham to Bandeegong; from Bandeegong to the bank of the Pughlah river, where they were obliged to stop for five days, in consequence of the bridge being carried off by furious torrents. They are like mad elephants coming from a distance, carrying with them large masses of stones, which is very dangerous for travellers. After five days, when the waves subsided, the bridge was repaired, and they went across to Chukka, when they halted for the night. From Chukka they went to Chopchu, which is a great height, and thence proceeded to Pajab by a good level road fit for the passage of all sorts of beasts of burden. From Pajab they went to Lamloo, and from Lamloo to Wallake. From this latter place Tassissudon is only one day's journey; but they were obliged to stop at Jhasee for want of coolies, and on the next day, that is, on the seventeenth day after leaving Buxa, they reached Tassissudon, which is only nine easy marches from Buxa in the dry season.

"The day the messengers reached Tassissudon they did not deliver the letter sent by the political agent, and, on the next morning, they went to the durbar, and in company with the moonshee, or the interpreter, presented it to the Deb Rajah, who ordered one Debe Jumpey to open it. The Debe Jumpey having opened the letter, took out the handkerchief, which he handed over to the Deb Rajah. The letter was then delivered to the moonshee, who read it over to the Bengalee interpreter, and the latter then made a verbal translation in Bhoota for the Debe Jumpey, who explained it to the Deb Rajah, when the British messengers were dismissed. The messengers stopped at Tassissudon for five days, after which they were summoned to the Deb Rajah's durbar, and his reply to the agent to the Governor-general's letter was handed over to the messengers by a servant, in the presence of Thunpoo Jumpey, Deb Jumpey, Wandepore Jumpey, Poonah Jumpey, Lama Jumpey, Kallen, and Donah. They (the messengers) were then ordered to go down.

"During the messengers' stay at Tassissudon, one day the Deb Rajah sent for the messengers, and questioned them as to why they came to Tassissudon at such a bad season, which, the Deb Rajah thinks, is to see the state of the roads. The Deb Rajah further asked what was the object of the messengers coming in such a large number—one man was sufficient to bring a letter. The object of the present messengers coming to Tassissudon, the Deb Rajah concludes, is nothing but to see the roads, and what the Bhootas are doing. The messengers replied that they were come with no bad intention, but that the Agent to the Governor-General sent them with the aforesaid letter. The messengers also said that they were his subjects. The messengers then explained to the Deb Rajah the four conditions of peace, and, with reference to the annual payment of Rs. 25,000, the Deb Rajah said that it would hardly be sufficient for his necessary expenses. From this small sum what should he give to his *amlahs*, what should he pay to the Emperor of China, and what should he eat himself? The British Government wishes to give him Rs. 1,000 in place of Rs. 10,000, and Rs. 5 in the place of Rs. 100. This would not do. Respecting the Doors, the Deb Rajah said he could not give them up. If the burra sahib would kindly make them over to him, the Bhootas would consider it an act of great

kindness. If he would not give them up the Bhootas were helpless, they could not fight with them. With reference to the release of prisoners, he said it was very difficult to trace them out. It was very unfair that he should call upon the people to release the slaves, whom they have bought at enormous prices; however, had this request been made on friendly terms it would have been possible to effect the release; but, without making proper investigations, the English have made war; how, therefore, can the Bhootas release them now? If the British Government will release his dooars he will release their captives.

"With reference to Mr. Eden's documents, and the insults offered him, he said that when Mr. Eden came to Poonahaka last year he was very well received by his *amlah*, and was supplied with all sorts of food procurable in Bhootan; but he, on his return, made false reports. The treaty was signed by his full will and consent, and the Deb Rajah is at a loss to know why the English disapprove of its conditions now."—*Englishman*, Sept. 7.

THE "EAGLE SPEED."—PILOT VARDY FOUND GUILTY.

It required only the weak defence of Pilot Vardy to justify the indignation felt by the public at the coolie shipwreck. He has been sentenced to dismissal from the service, on the unanimous verdict of a jury of two merchants, a captain, and a pilot, for "unskilfulness, ignorance, negligence, or inattention" when in charge of the *Eagle Speed*, and for "unnecessarily abandoning to their fate" the emigrants after the vessel became a wreck. The professional evidence was dead against him, and the professional jurors, including one of the ablest members of his own service, had no doubt as to the justice of the verdict. He is entitled to the benefit of the plea that he was kept in ignorance of the fact that it was his duty to muster the crew of a coolie ship before sailing. To this the protector of emigrants and the emigration agent should certainly have looked. But the court have decided, and justly, that he left Halliday Island with a crew of whom only six or seven were fit for work, in bad weather, and towed by a steamer unfit for the duty; that to the lesser risk of anchoring, when the rope broke, he preferred the greater of drifting on to the sands; that up to the time she struck he thought she was a mile off the sands, and had not a leadsman in the chains; that even with water in her hold, and pieces of her false keel floating about, he did not act as if she had sustained serious damage; that after five o'clock in the morning the pilot, who should have been the last to leave the ship, did not return to it; that in his absence there was not a man on the wreck who knew the language or the locality, and could encourage the men; that even when on board the steamer, and when his boat was smashed, he made no attempt to launch the steamer's boats, or to save the sinking coolies; and that he did not direct the steamer to go to the light ship, which at one time she was close to, and ask her to save the abandoned emigrants. These are facts, proved after full inquiry, which no plea of overwork, or excessive responsibility, can meet. Had the accused been the driver of a locomotive or in charge of a train, and been guilty of similar conduct, the criminal law would have done justice.

Pilot Vardy, though the most responsible, is not the only or perhaps the greatest culprit. Nothing, we fear, but the action of his employers can affect the captain of the steamer. The jury have, therefore, done well, to express their own and public opinion as to his conduct. It is to be regretted that the only penalty of the Merchant Seamen's Act, under which a court is about to be held on the captain and officers of the *Eagle Speed*, is, as in the pilot's case, the loss of certificates. We trust the Bengal

Government will act on the jury's remarks as to the necessity for an inner light at the mouth of the Mutlah. On the 4th July, after the loss of the *P. C. Kinch* there, Messrs. Borradaile, Schiller, and Co. urged the Bengal authorities to place a much larger buoy on the north end of the Roy Mutlah sand, and a light on Halliday Island to be visible at a distance of twenty-four miles, or a floating light on the north end of the sand where the *Eagle Speed* bumped. They recommended the temporary employment of a schooner then anchored at Port Canning for this purpose. The answer was—"the fair way is so clearly marked with buoys that there is no necessity, at least at present, for a light vessel as you propose, on the north-east end of Roy Mutlah." And so, a month after, for want of the light, the chance of saving 265 human beings was thrown away. The necessity, we presume, will now be admitted.—*Friend of India*.

THE GOVERNMENT OF INDIA AND THE EAST INDIA IRRIGATION COMPANY.

We are about to unfold a history which, whether regard be had to the unblushing duplicity of purpose, the cold contempt of the well-being of the people, or the miserable imbecility it discloses, must ever hold a prominent place among the many great scandals of the administration of Sir John Lawrence. If a complication of accidents helped to conceal the actual part taken by the Viceroy in the still unintelligible proceedings connected with the Soonderbuns Reclamation Scheme, he appears, in this history at least, in his true colours, not only doing his utmost to blight all private enterprise, and stay, in its development, the nascent regeneration of the country, but openly avowing the motives by which he is actuated. There is one thing which the present Government of India wise in its own interests, dreads more than any other, and which, we might have felt assured, as we now positively know, it is prepared, at all hazards, to prevent to the utmost of its power. It dreads, above all things, the introduction into Parliament of an influence with interests antagonistic to its own peculiar policy. The investment, to a large extent, of English capital in India would introduce such an influence into Parliament. The Government of India is, therefore, determined to leave no stone unturned to prevent such investment, either directly, by placing obstacles in its way, or indirectly by pursuing a policy which must render it unprofitable and unsafe. We have no hesitation in saying that Sir John Lawrence never expressed his views more truly, and more candidly, or, perhaps, we may say more shamelessly, than when, at an interview with the agent of a great public company, to whom the Government of India had pledged its support, he stated that, independently of his objection that their scheme would involve bargaining with, and consequent oppression of, the people, he for other reasons viewed the creation of such a company as a positive evil, because it would prove a thorn in the side of the Government; for the shareholders in England, numbering among them Members of both Houses of Parliament, with merchants and manufacturers, of wealth and influence, would not be long in feeling their power, and would be but too ready to use it. These are memorable words, as full of truth, we venture to say, as their utterance was full of folly. They form the key to the whole policy of the present Viceroy, and to that of the Minister who has sent him here to carry it out; and the impartial historian of this administration will hand down these words to posterity, side by side with those Machiavellian pretences about oppression of the native, as evidence of its true motives and the utter worthlessness of its policy. That Sir John Lawrence should hold such views is, as we have shown, most natural; and that,

holding them, he should be determined to crush all private enterprise that would tend to create a powerful class with antagonistic interests, is inevitable. The latter part of the administration of Lord Canning, and that of Lord Elgin, had led people to look upon such views as these as relics of the bygone days of the great company. Although it was known that among the old civilians they still survived it was scarcely anticipated that they would be again openly avowed, much less that they would entirely direct the policy of the empire. Unexpected and lamentable, however, as this denouement must be to many, still stranger and more lamentable to us is the profound apathy—with the name of patience we will not dignify it—which has taken possession of the European public in this country at a period which we cannot but regard as a very critical one—one in which we should have expected to see a great struggle, and one in which we believe we shall yet see a great and, perhaps, a final struggle. In Bengal, it may be, we are even now witnessing the commencement of that struggle, though the public, notwithstanding the unprecedented advantage of having the local government in the van, are not bearing their share of the conflict.

The history we are about to unfold, then, is that of the negotiations with the Government of India of the East India Irrigation Company, for works of irrigation and navigation from the River Soane—negotiations entered into by the company at the express invitation of a former Government, and now, we fear, likely soon to be brought to an unfavourable termination, through the perversity and treachery of the present one. Of the importance of this scheme, no one who is acquainted with the scantily-watered districts of South Behar can entertain a doubt. Its accomplishment is, in fact, tantamount to doubling the wealth of the population of the districts to which it is extended. When it is stated that the East India Irrigation Company were prepared to carry out the project so as to extend its benefits to the greatest possible area, upon terms most favourable to both ryots and Government, and under every reasonable restriction which could ensure protection to the people against the bargaining and oppression so much dreaded by Sir John Lawrence, the public will be enabled to form some idea of the loss which the inveterate folly and obstinacy of the Viceroy are about to inflict upon the country. We shall only have time this morning to relate the circumstance which immediately led the company to move in the matter. Their subsequent treatment we reserve as the subject of another article. The Lieutenant-governor of Bengal, then, in January, 1861, recorded a minute, in which, after pointing out the necessity and remunerative nature of irrigation works in Behar, he suggested their consideration to the East India Irrigation Company in the following terms:—"I venture to recommend this enterprising company, in whose success every person connected with India must feel deep interest, to consider Colonel Dickens' scheme of irrigation from the Soane, etc." In consequence of this recommendation, the secretary of the company wrote to the Under-Secretary of State for India in May, 1862, informing him that, after a partial inquiry into the merits of Colonel Dickens' scheme, the directors believed that "an extended plan of works of the same nature would be of great public service, and prove a profitable investment."—*Englishman*.

THE GANGES CANAL.

The animalversions lately made in England by Sir Arthur Cotton, on the manner in which the Ganges Canal has been constructed, appear to have alarmed the Secretary of State for India, for we find that the suggestions and the remarks in question were forwarded to the Viceroy for care-

ful consideration. They were transferred to that very able and scientific officer, Captain Crofton, together with another proposition which had been made for the purpose of removing the acknowledged defects of the Ganges Canal. The plan proposed was to construct a subsidiary channel instead of remodelling the existing canal. This proposition has been rejected by that officer after much inquiry and reflection. His reasons for so doing are first that, whereas the cost of the works for remodelling the present line would be about 40 lacs, and if to this be added the sums which the Government will have to disburse in the shape of compensation to cultivators who have sunk money in water courses, plus the cost of the two schemes, it will stand at 55 and 85 lacs, so that there will be a saving of 30 lacs of rupees by the adoption of the scheme which aims at the remodelling of the present line. When this has been accomplished, the canal will be what it promised to be, but is not now, an efficient navigable canal, in which the velocity of the water will be so regulated as not to exceed three feet per second, which is but little more than two miles an hour. Short branch canals are to be opened to neighbouring towns for the convenience of the canal traffic, a new feature in the case which we cannot sufficiently admire. It will be worked out when an active traffic has actually come into existence, which at present can hardly be said to be the case. Other improvements are to be effected, which we need not detail here, as they are of a purely scientific character, and not likely, therefore, to interest the large majority of our readers. All these are likely to involve a very large outlay, but his Excellency the Governor-General is of opinion that the credit of the original projector of the canal, Sir Proby Cautley, is not diminished by the necessity which has arisen for making good the defects which experience has brought to light. "The Government may reasonably regret that any error should have been committed, and that the absolute additional expense to be incurred in the case is so large. But while reckoning the cost of the oversight which it is now necessary to remedy, the Governor-General in Council desires to record his high sense of the value of Sir Proby Cautley's accomplished work, which, even in its present state, is one of the greatest and most beneficial gifts that the people of India have yet received from their British rulers." Sir Arthur Cotton's views are shown by Captain Crofton to have been in many instances hastily formed, and that their adoption would not only necessitate an enormous expenditure of money, but would withdraw eighty miles of the present canal from irrigation. Captain Crofton's memorandum, with the Government resolutions thereon, was sent home, and has satisfied Sir Charles Wood that the propositions now submitted for the remodelling of the present line of the canal are based on substantial grounds, whilst those of the great antagonists of Sir Proby were mere assumptions. Sanction has, therefore, been accorded to the proposed expenditure, and a well deserved compliment has been paid to the engineering skill and ability of the author of the memorandum.—*Hurkaru*.

MISCELLANEOUS.

FRAUDULENT SPECULATION.—The *Delhi Gazette*, alluding to the case of embezzlement by a bank manager in Calcutta, says:—"We think we have lately heard of a bolder adventurer than Mr. Frazer. The establishment of a bank not a hundred miles from this station, on *nil*, no prestige, no money, is one of the anomalies of the age, and, if we mistake not, the effort has proved a notable failure. We confess to a great antipathy to exchanging shoes with the infatuated individual of whom we have heard. We may have occasion to refer to this matter again."

CAPTAIN REMINGTON IN THE "HUE-AND-CRY."—A most extraordinary document has reached us, and only that it bears the signature of the Deputy-inspector-general of the Oudh Police, we should have hesitated to believe in its genuineness. It is nothing more nor less than the descriptive roll of Captain Remington, of the late 12th N.I., late of the Oudh Police, and doing general duty at Lucknow, who, it is stated, deserted from Lucknow about three months ago, and whom it is requested every endeavour should now be made to apprehend. The following is the description given of him:—Height, five feet six inches; age, twenty-eight or thirty years; complexion, sallow; colour of eyes, light blue, nearly grey; colour of hair, light brown. General appearance.—Captain Remington stands about five feet six inches high, and has a slight stoop about the shoulders; an aquiline nose, teeth slightly blackened by the use of *missy* (antimony); wears his hair very long, flowing over the back and shoulders in the native style; has no hair on his face. Captain Remington, it appears, belonged to the police in Burmah, but having got into hot water with the authorities there, he was transferred in the same capacity, that of assistant-district-superintendent, to the Oudh Police about sixteen or eighteen months ago, and posted to Lucknow. He was not long in Oudh, however, before he obtained a year's furlough, and leaving Lucknow, he was for several months afterwards heard of as residing in the bazzars at Benares. He would now appear to have lost his Oude appointment, but to have been in Lucknow so lately as about three months ago. The present inquiry after him is made by order of the Commander-in-Chief, to whom, we understand, some very serious charges have been preferred against him. A friend, who saw Captain Remington in Lucknow during the exhibition week, says that a more perfect picture of European degeneration, or if an Englishman changed into an Asiatic *debauche*, than that which this unfortunate officer presented, as in a costume between the uniform and that of a Nepaulese general he stood chatting to the natives, to the disgrace of his countrymen, it would not be possible to imagine.—*Mofussilite*.

MOFUSSIL JOURNALISM.—The *Delhi Gazette* warns its readers in every number that the Editor is not in any way responsible for what appears in the correspondence, and seems to consider that the announcement is sufficient to justify the insertion of any communication, however offensive. Here is a specimen from one of the latest issues. It evidently alludes to somebody well known in the station:—"A PORTRAIT.—To the Editor of the *Delhi Gazette*. Sir,—The following portraiture is so true to life, that there is no mistaking the character drawn. THE FOP.—The fop is a complete specimen of an outside philosopher. He is one-third collar, one-sixth patent leather, one-fourth walking-stick, and the rest kid gloves and hair. As to his remote ancestry there is some doubt; but it is now pretty well settled that he is the son of a tailor's goose, ecstatic at the smell of new clothes. He is somewhat nervous, and to dream of tailors' bills gives him the nightmare. By his hair one would judge he had been dipped like Achilles; but it is evident that the goddess must have held him by the head instead of the heels. Nevertheless, such men are useful; if there were no tadpoles there would be no frogs. They are not so entirely to blame for being devoted to externals. Paste diamonds must have a splendid setting to make them sell, only it seems to me a waste of materials to put ten rupees worth of felt on four annas worth of brains."

DYING HINDOOS AND THE GANGES.—The enquiry into the Hindoo practice of carrying the dying to the river side continues. We do not see how Commissioners can answer the questions referred to in the following, which

we take from the *Englishman*:—"We hear that the Commissioners of several districts of the Bengal Presidency have been called on by Government to enquire whether, in their division, the practice of taking the sick Hindoos to the river side prevails, and to what extent; whether there is reason to believe that it is used as a means of getting rid of persons who are obnoxious or troublesome to their relations; whether the dread of exclusion from caste, and belief in the efficacy of a river side death, act as inducements to the destruction of life in the case of those who are taken to the river side to die; and whether the prohibition of the practice would be distasteful to the intelligent portion of the Hindoo population."

THE MOFUSSILITE.—The Meerut correspondent of a Bombay paper says:—"I must not forget to mention that, whereas in Poona they have two or three bad or indifferent journals, in Meerut they have one good one. The *Mofussilite* is both owned and edited by Mrs. Lang. She is the only lady-editor we have had since the good old days when Mrs. Greenway edited the *Meerut Observer*. I believe Mrs. Lang is assisted in her editorial labours by a sudden judge at Agra, and a literary gentleman at Cawnpore, and the paper is certainly the best written in these provinces." One part of this statement is evidently inaccurate, as Mrs. Lang happens to be in Italy, and has lived there for some years.

EXPENSE OF THE ARMY IN INDIA.—The following statement of the total annual cost of the several branches of the European and native armies of the three presidencies will be found interesting. It is taken from an official return containing all the details and the deductions for officers on leave; but the table below gives the net cost of each branch to the State. The cost of each regiment and each battery of artillery is considerably less in the Bengal presidency than in the others, with the exception of the infantry of the European army; but in this case the difference is very trifling. The difference in the cost of each regiment in each presidency is owing to the difference of the cost of provisions, forage, native establishment, &c.:—

Branch.	EUROPEAN ARMY.			Presidencies.		
	Bengal.	Madras.	Bombay.	Bengal.	Madras.	Bombay.
Cavalry, one regiment	Rs. 6,70,110	Rs. 7,04,552	Rs. 7,15,607	Rs. 6,70,110	Rs. 7,04,552	Rs. 7,15,607
Infantry, one regiment	8,22,638	8,09,136	8,18,829	8,22,638	8,09,136	8,18,829
One Bengal Horse Artillery	1,88,973	2,03,308	2,22,863	1,88,973	2,03,308	2,22,863
One Light Foot Battery	1,69,151	1,79,688	1,90,275	1,69,151	1,79,688	1,90,275
One Heavy Battery	1,19,210	1,30,323	1,53,252	1,19,210	1,30,323	1,53,252
One Garrison Battery	77,540	81,200	79,398	77,540	81,200	79,398
Branch.	NATIVE ARMY.			Presidencies.		
	Bengal.	Madras.	Bombay.	Bengal.	Madras.	Bombay.
Cavalry, one regiment	Rs. 2,51,744	Rs. 2,96,201	Rs. 3,64,389	Rs. 2,51,744	Rs. 2,96,201	Rs. 3,64,389
Infantry, one regiment	2,64,305	—	—	2,64,305	—	—
One baty. of Light Foot Artillery	60,439	53,159	—	60,439	53,159	—
One Garrison C Artillery	14,407	—	41,827	14,407	—	41,827
One Co. of Sappers & Miners	29,580	—	44,366	29,580	—	44,366

A MUSEUM FOR AGRA.—The *Delhi Gazette* says:—"We are gratified in being able to announce that the efforts of those interested in the Agra Museum have been so far successful as to ensure its formation. When once established the utility of the institution will be so obvious that the public will hardly permit it to die from inanition. The Municipal Commissioners, at a full meeting held on the 22nd ultimo, sanctioned a grant of Rs. 10,000 from the municipal funds, half to be paid immediately and the remaining moiety on the 1st of May next. In addition to the grant they have sanctioned an allowance of Rs. 200 per mensem towards the funds necessary for the support of the institution, until such time as the income from other sources shall yield Rs. 300 a month. The public will be all the more inclined to applaud the spirit in which the Agra Commissioners have met the

call made upon them when they learn that the Government of the N.W.P., following the example of that of the Punjab, has declined to aid in the scheme by a grant of money from the public funds. Irrespective of the standing plea "the state of the finances," we presume the Honourable the Lieutenant-Governor is influenced in his decision by the principle that in such cases the public should be above asking the aid of the State. The building, as we mentioned on a former occasion when the scheme was originally mooted, will cost Rs. 5,000; an equal sum will be necessary for furniture, for repairs, alterations and additions, and other incidental expenses. The grant by the Municipal Commissioners has secured all that. The monthly expenses are calculated at Rs. 250. That sum may suffice for a beginning, but it will soon be found inadequate. The Commissioners give Rs. 200, as we have said; the remainder must come from the public. Seven thousand rupees in donations have already been promised. Mr. Riddell gives Rs. 3,000; Lalla Joteepershaud Rs. 2,000; and the Local Agricultural Association Rs. 2,000. More we have no doubt will be forthcoming so soon as an appeal to the public is made for the purpose.

THE PENINSULAR AND ORIENTAL STEAM COMPANY appear to be at loggerheads with everybody. Calcutta has grumbled, and the other presidencies have taken up the cry, Australia has determined to have nothing more to do with it, and now we find that its connection with the Mauritius has been severed. The Government of that colony had allowed it £12,000 per annum for the carrying of the mails between Suez and Mauritius, but this sum, it appears, was not enough, and the company, accordingly, taking advantage of the monopoly they enjoy, has given notice that they will discontinue their contract with the colony from 19th June of next year. The Chamber of Commerce accordingly called a meeting, at which it was decided to offer the contract to the Messageries Imperiales Company. In the event of its being accepted, it has been proposed to relieve the steamers during the period of their contract, from quay dues and port charges, except light dues and pilotage. But in case no satisfactory arrangements are concluded with this company, tenders are to be called for the conveyance of the Mauritius mails to and from Aden. There are hopes, however, that the company will undertake the duty, and if these hopes be realised, then, considering the numerous advantages of proximity with India and shorter and regular intercourse with Australia, tenders will be called for, for the establishment of a line to Galle, and Cape Colony will be invited to contribute to that line, as it will secure the transport of their mails from India, China and Australia.—*Hurkaru*.

LIEUT.-COL. CAMPBELL.—By a notification, dated 28th August, the Viceroy, under the authority of the Secretary of State, announces that Lieut.-Col. R. Campbell, of the Bengal Staff Corps, is removed from the service from the date of the publication of the order at the station at which he may be residing. His removal from the service, however, will not affect his pension as Major, to which he is entitled under the regulations. It would have been far more gracious, under the circumstances, to have allowed Col. Campbell to retire on his Major's pension, without making a parade, and confusing punishment and consideration.

COLONEL D. REID, of the Bengal Artillery, has sent in his papers to retire from the service. Colonel Reid's retirement will, we are glad to know, give our much esteemed chief engineer, Colonel William Maxwell, promotion to his full colonelcy.

NOT QUITE FORGIVEN.—The Government, it is said, intends to re-employ Mr. G. C. Fletcher, late Sessions Judge of Bancoorah, but in a lower grade.

A DISAPPOINTED EXPLORER.—The *Pioneer* says:—The request of Lieut. H. M. Smith, of the 46th N.I., for permission to make an exploring tour in Tibet, has been negatived by the Government. The Chinese authorities are much opposed to British officers becoming familiar with the features of Chinese Tartary, and knowing this, the Indian Government are necessarily unwilling to countenance such attempts; besides that, the venturesome traveller in that unknown region would journey on to certain destruction, and an officers life costs the State money. It is still politically desirable that Chinese Tartary should cease to be a *terra incognita*, and surely some ambitious developer might nerve himself to the project of making it known. Government would probably neither bar his departure nor mourn over his non-return.

THE OFFICIAL PITCHFORK AT WORK.—We are sorry to learn that Sir John Lawrence has been at work with this weapon at Moorshedabad, the object of the "lift" being a judge who had been removed for inefficiency. The *Englishman* says:—The Government of Bengal, we understand, had very properly contemplated doing away with the appointment of the agent to the Governor-General at Moorshedabad. When the late Colonel Thompson was ill, the Lieutenant-Governor applied to the Indian Government for the appointment of the commissioner of the division to act as agent to the Governor-General at Moorshedabad in addition to his other duties during the period of Colonel Thompson's leave of absence. On receiving this suggestion, the Viceroy at once appointed Mr. Buckle to the appointment. The Governor-General in Council, on a political view of the matter, is not, we regret to learn, inclined to abolish the appointment and add its duties to those of the Commissioner of the district.

THE SALT WATER LAKE SCHEME.—We hear that a memorandum is in course of signature by the shareholders of the Salt Water Lake Reclamation Company protesting against the continuance of the scheme on the ground that the concessions recommended in the report differ materially from those announced by the promoters in their prospectus. The document has, we learn, already received numerous signatures sufficient, at least, to induce the Government to pause before conceding the lands mentioned in the report, and thus irrevocably involve the unfortunate shareholders in a profitless speculation.—*Hurkaru*.

THE SEAT OF GOVERNMENT.—The Secretary of State continues inexorable in the matter of the seat of Government being at Simla in the hot season. The *Hurkaru* says:—"It is rumoured in high official quarters that the Governor-General has been once more endeavouring to move the Secretary of State to allow the head-quarters of the Government of India to remain on the Simla Hills during summer as a permanent measure, and to accord his sanction to the building of a Government-house on the Hills, which was once disallowed by the India Council."

NOVEL WITNESSES.—We hear that the preliminary investigations held at Roy Bareilly, in Oudh, in the case of alleged fraud against Mr. Inspector Devine, of the Oudh police, presented such a bungle when the proceedings were laid before the Commissioner, that the whole thing has been ordered to be gone through *de novo*. Our readers may laugh, but we are assured that the Assistant Commissioner of Roy Bareilly actually included a pair of bullocks, which the inspector is said to have come by in some irregular way, in the list of witnesses for the prosecution.—*Mofussilite*.

FEROZE SHAH AGAIN.—A report is current in Central India that the rebel leader, Feroze Shah, has again appeared in the Serong Jungles. He was last said to have offered his services to the Khan of Bokhara.

COLONEL ALEXANDER LAWRENCE.—The *Delhi Gazette* says:—We regret to learn that a telegram to his Excellency the Viceroy conveys the intelligence of the dangerous illness of his brother Colonel Alexander Lawrence, of the Madras service, now in England. Unless more favourable accounts are received all the expected gaieties of Simla will be stayed. There was to have been a bachelors' ball on the 1st, and a ball by his Excellency the Commander-in-Chief on the 15th inst.

THE COOLIES SAVED IN THE "EAGLE SPEED."—The *Englishman* has been informed that sixteen of the one hundred and sixty-nine coolies who were saved from the *Eagle Speed* by the *Lady Elgin* have come up to Calcutta, in charge of Dr. Donaldson, and been made over to the emigrant agent's depot. The rest absconded on landing, except three who were sent to the agent by the superintendent of police, and they leave by train to-morrow morning for their respective homes.

TROOPS FOR NATIVE CHIEFS.—We observe that it has been ruled by the Home Government that a limited number of troops may be allowed to the native chiefs, to be retained under their own orders. Ammunition for these forces will be supplied by the Government at the request of the chief, but only so much as shall be sufficient to meet their requirements for a year.

NO SALUTES ON THE SABBATH.—We understand, says the *Englishman*, that the Governor-General in Council has prohibited the firing of salutes for civil or military officers, or Native Princes, on Sundays; but it is not, we believe, intended that the prohibition should extend to return salutes to the flags of foreign States.

CAPTAIN CUNLIFFE AND THE DEWANGIRI AFFAIR.—The Commander-in-Chief, upon a full consideration of the circumstances which led to the removal of Captain Cunliffe from Staff employment, has come to the conclusion that he should be reinstated, and has so reported to the Government of India.

JUNG BAHADOOR AND BHOOTAN.—The *Delhi Gazette* says:—We learn that Sir Jung Bahadur has strongly remonstrated with the Bhootan authorities against entertaining the idea of further resisting the British Government. He advises them to submit without delay and sue for peace.

THE CONTROL OF JAILS.—The Government, we understand, contemplates vesting the control of the jails in an officer other than the magistrate. The officers especially selected and appointed by the Government are to be styled superintendents.

THE DEAD ALIVE.—There is a report that Azimoolah, the famous or rather infamous, secretary to the Nana, has been found to be alive. A party, under Major Mowbray Thomson, has gone out to seize the person supposed to be the rebel in question.

THE COOLY CORPS.—Brigadier-general Tytler has selected Lieutenants H. G. Becher and E. Beddy to organise the Cooly Corps, for service with the troops marching on Bhootan, and the Commander-in-Chief has approved the selection.

RAJAH MAGISTRATES.—The rajahs of Nadda and Seeba, in the Kangra district, have been invested with the powers of subordinate magistrate. They have also received authority to hear and determine all civil suits not exceeding 500 rupees in value.

MALARIA FEVER.—We are sorry to hear that malaria fever has again appeared in those parts of the Hooghly, Nuddoa, and Burdwan districts in which it made great ravages for the last two years.

SHIPPING.

ARRIVALS.

Aug. 31. Str. Nemes, Suez; str. Moulmein; Simla, Akyah, &c.; Bhooqunger; Sidonia, Jeddah; Melbourne; Countess.
Sept. 1. Baroda, John Scott, Gladstone, Slag, and Antoine

Dor.—2. Pierre, Olive Mount, and Westminster.—3. str. Rangoon, Clan Alpine, Innisfallen, and K.B.—4. str. India, and Freehold.—5. str. Orissa, str. Lightning, Kearsarge, and Paul Auguste.

DEPARTURES.

Aug. 30. Atlet Rohoman, Mauritius; Kennington, London; Harmonic, Bourbon; Henry Reed, London; Ayabhoi, Hong Kong; West Derby, Hong Kong; La Marguerite d'Anzon, Mauritius; Francis A. Palmer, Mauritius; White Rose, Clyde; Reine d'Anjou, Bourbon.—31. Marian, London; Woodbine, Madras.—Sept. 2. str. Cashmere, Bombay, &c.; Como, Shanghai; Prince Oscar, London; Berenice, Liverpool.—3. str. Burmah, Akyah, &c.; str. Meinam, Galle, &c.; Lavinia, —; str. Pierre de Nantes, Bourbon.—4. Helvetia, New York; Speculator, Mauritius; Maha Rance, Mauritius; Lalla Rookh, Hong Kong.—5. Calabar, Hong Kong; Oasis, —.

PASSENGERS DEPARTED.

Per str. Meinam.—For MADRAS.—Capt. and Mrs. Abhard, Mrs. Lamorendiere, Mr. and Mrs. J. K. Mellor and infant. For MARSILLES.—Mr. and Mrs. J. O'Kane, Madlle. Martha O'Kane, Dr. Hoskins, Dr. Power, Capt. Watson. For Pondicherry.—Mr. Daly and two infants. For Suez.—Mr. E. Eustace.

Per str. Mooltan.—For MADRAS.—Maj. Aitkin, Mr. Duguid, Dr. and Mrs. Gordon, Miss Dickson, Mrs. Martin and family, Mr. and Mrs. Fuller, Mr. A. Davidson, Mr. J. Stewart. For GALLE.—Mr. Macalister. For SUEZ.—Mr. Cassanova, Mr. W. M. Whitney. For ALEXANDRIA.—Col. Douglas. For MARSILLES.—Hon. Mrs. Drummond, Mr. D. Lacey, Mr. G. W. Hamilton, Mr. F. F. Forbes. For SOUTHAMPTON.—Mr. H. J. Penn, Capt. Mylne, Mr. Bidwell, Mrs. Ireland, Mr. Bostock, Mr. Sterney.

COMMERCIAL.

Calcutta, Sept. 8, 1865.

GOVERNMENT SECURITIES.

Rate of Interest.	Stock.	Selling Price
1 per Cent. Sa.	Sa. Rs.	90 Rs. 8 to 90 13
Do. Trumser Stock....	Sa. Rs.	91 ... 90 12 to 91 3
4 per Cent.	Co's Rs. 91 ...	91 2 to 91 6
5 per Cent. P.W.	Co's Rs. 101 ...	102 2 to 102 4
5½ per Cent.	Co's Rs. 111 ...	110 4 to 110 10
5 per Cent., 56-57.	Co's Rs. 104 ...	103 4 to 103 10

EXCHANGE.

	On London.	Per Rupee.
Local Bank Bills	at 6 months' sight ...	2 0½ to 3-16
First Class Credit	at 6 months' sight ...	2 0½ to 5-16
Bills with Docs.	at 6 months' sight ...	2 0½ to 5-16
Bank Post Bills.....	at 1 months' sight ...	2 0 9-10 to 2 0½

JOINT STOCK SHARES.

	Stock.	Paid-up.	Quoted at
	Ra. each.	Ra.	Ra.
Agra and Masterman's Bank	500 ...	1190 to 1200	
Assam Tea Company	200 ...	585 to 590	
Bank of Bengal	1000 ...	1706½	
Bengal Tea Company	100 ...	135 to 137	
Bengal Credit Mobilier (Lim.)	100 ...	115 to 118	
Bonded Warehouse Association	445 ...	660 to 655	
Borokai Tea Company (Limited)	25 ...	600 to 606	
Cachar and Assam Tea Company ...	200 ...	168 to 170	
Ditto (Contributory)	115 ...	30 to 28 dis.	
Cachar Tea Company	600 ...	600 to 606	
Ditto (contributory)	500 ...	par to 5 pm.	
Calcutta Docking Company	700 ...	1365 to 1375	
Calcutta Steam Tug Association	600 ...	510 to 515	
Calcutta and South Eastern Railway ..	52 ...	par	
Central Assam Tea Company	100 ...	55 to 96	
Central Cachar Tea Company	200 ...	230 to 235	
Ditto, new shares	200 ...	214 to 215	
Dehra Doon Tea Company	160 ...	nom.	
Delhi Bank Corporation	500 ...	600 to 705	
E. B. Indigo Company	100 ...		
East India Railway Company	218 ...	par	
East India Tea Company	100 ...	137 to 138	
Ditto, contributory	80 ...	33 to 34 pm.	
Eastern Bengal Tea Company	50 ...	55 to 65	
Eastern Cachar Tea Company	100 ...	105 to 107	
Ditto, contributory	85 ...	3 to 5 pm.	
Eastern Bengal Railway Company ...	218 ...	par	
Eastern Steam Tug Company	1000 ...	1100	
Equitable Coal Company	250 ...	200 to 205	
Ganges Steam Navigation Company....	500 ...	Nominal	
Great Eastern Hotel Company	250 ...	215 to 218	
Gola Ghaut Tea Company	250 ...	255 to 257½	
Ditto new shares	250 ...	262½	
Hindustan, China, and Japan Bank...	250 ...		
Hooghly Steam Tug Company	1000 ...	850 to 875	
Howrah Docking Company	635 ...	540 to 550	
India General Steam Navigation Co.	1060 ...	850	
National Bank of India (Limited) ...	250 ...	5 to 8 pm.	
New Fort Gloster Company	600 ...		
North-West Indigo Company	100 ...	70 to 71	
North-West Screwing Company	50 ...	nom.	
Oriental Gas Company	£1 ...	15 to 16	
Peoples Bank of India	100 ...	80 to 85	
Port Canning Land Company	1000 ...	1125 to 1150	
Punjab Bank	100 ...	10 pm.	
Punjab Trading	75 ...		
Royal Bank of India	Nominal.		
Screwing Company (Limited)	200 ...	170 to 175	
Simla Bank	500 ...	620 to 625	
South Cachar Tea Company	100 ...	75 to 80	
Strand Pressing Company (Limited)...	62½ ...	250 to 253	
Sylhet and Cachar Tea Company	200 ...	nom.	
Tirhoot Indigo	200 ...	160 nom.	
Union Steam Tug Company	250 ...	6 to 4 dis.	
Upper Assam Tea Company	160 ...	170 to 173	

FREIGHTS.

	To London.	To Liverpool.
Saltpetre ... £0 0 0 to 0 0 0 ...	Nominal.	Nominal.
Sugar	Nominal.	Nominal.
Rice	1 10 0 to 1 13 6 ...	Nominal.
Seeds	1 15 0 to 2 10 0 ...	2 0 0
Jute	2 0 0 to 2 7 6 ...	2 2 6 0 0 0
Cotton	0 0 0 to 0 0 0 ...	2 10 0 0 0 0

MADRAS.

MISCELLANEOUS.

REDUCTION OF EUROPEAN TROOPS.—The *Athenæum* and *Daily News* says:—"We understand that, at the suggestion of the Supreme Government, it has been determined to reduce, by one, the number of European regiments serving in this Presidency. The reduction will take place at an early date, immediately on the departure to New Zealand of a Queen's Regiment now in Calcutta, which will be replaced by one from the Madras Presidency. The vacancy caused here will not be filled up."

MANNERS AT MADRAS.—We have heard of a regimental cap being stuck on a single hair, so exquisitely has it been adjusted. Should any of the officers in the division al- luded to possess such taste, the general of which is turning his back on an immemorial custom, though certainly not on a Horse Guards' order of long standing, they will doubtless feel particularly obliged by this order involving the stationary position of their caps. Perhaps the next order will be that they are not to salute ladies at all:—"MARTIAL LAW."—We are informed that Major General Smyth, C.B., commanding the centre division, has prohibited officers from raising their caps when bowing to ladies. The parties most affected by this order, we presume, will be the tailors, as a cap under the present circum- stances will last twice as long as before."—*Athenæum* and *Daily News*.

SHIPPING.

ARRIVALS.

Aug. 25. Str. Euphrates, —, Calcutta; str. Orissa, Bal- lantine, Calcutta; str. India, Lewis, Bombay.—27. P. and O. str. Nemesis, Beasley, Suez.—28. P. and O. str. Candia, Mac- namara, Calcutta; Madras, Bower, Rangoon.—29. Rockliff, Drew, Penang.—30. Orissa, Henderson, Singapore.—31. Tra- falgar, Stackpool, London.

PASSENGERS ARRIVED.

Per str. Euphrates.—Mr. Wynch and children, Lieut. Bodens, Miss Ward, Maj. Shortland and children, Mrs. Gib- son, Mr. Jacob, Mr. Fussuk, Mr. Moin, Mr. and Mrs. Harvey, Mrs. Duple.

Per str. India.—For MADRAS.—Mr. and Mrs. McKenzie, Mr. Paxton. For CALCUTTA.—Lieut. Ramsden, Mr. Moserop. Per P. and O. Co.'s str. Nemesis.—For MADRAS.—Miss G. Good, Mr. K. T. Best, Mr. R. W. O'Grady, Dr. J. D. Burton, Mr. G. Short, Col. and Mrs. De Sausmarez, Mr. Drury, Rev. E. J. Goodhart, Mr. Kidd, Col. McDonnell, Mr. Mulcaster, Mrs. Nicholson, Mr. Pietsch, Mr. John.

Per P. and O. str. Candia.—For MADRAS.—Lieut. R. B. Atkinson. Per str. Madras.—For MADRAS.—Capt. Edgecombe, Lieut. Gleig, Ens. Willis, Rev. W. Dawson, Miss Dawson, William Valley and child, William Watkins, W. M. Thompson.

Per Rockliff.—For MADRAS.—Mrs. Williams, Mrs. Middle- coat, Mr. Gibbons, Mrs. Prior, Mrs. Thompson and child, Mrs. Fisher and five children. For CALCUTTA.—Mr. and Mrs. Shaw, Mrs. Tyndall and three children, Mr. and Mrs. An- drews, Mr. Towers, Mrs. Houlton, Miss Wilson, Mr. Godwin, Mrs. Goudie, Mrs. Alpine, Mrs. Scott, Miss Lambert, Miss Sheldrake.

DEPARTURES.

Aug. 25. Melbourne, Walters, Calcutta; Lord of the Isle, Graham, Liverpool.—26. Euphrates, Taunton, Bombay; Howrah, Hawkins, London.—27. John Scott, Penfold, Cal- cutta; P. and O. str. Nemesis, Beasley, Calcutta.—28. Benares, Miller, London.—29. Octavia, Bristow, London; Coleroon, Duncan, Calcutta; P. and O. str. Candia, Mac- namara, Suez; str. India, Lewis, Calcutta.—30. War Cloud, Macdonald, London; str. Orissa, Ballantine, Calcutta.—31. Victoria Bridge, Lawrie, Ceylong.

PASSENGERS DEPARTED.

Per str. Euphrates.—Mr. B. W. Puckle, Mr. R. Clarke, Mr. Boyd, Mr. Wilsent.

Per P. and O. S. N. Co.'s str. Candia.—For SOUTHAMPTON. —Mrs. Clerk, Mr. B. Mims, Lieut. West. For MARSEILLES. —Dr. Blacklock, Dr. Atkin, Capt. Bartlett, Capt. Hincks, Mr. N. Clarke. For PENANG.—Major Haines. For HONG KONG. —Mr. Smith. For GALLE.—Col. Boileau.

Per str. Orissa.—For CANADANA.—Capt. Mullins. For GORAPULPORE.—Lieut. Neill.

COMMERCIAL.

Madras, Sept. 5, 1865.

BANK OF MADRAS.

Interest on Loans and deposit of Govt. Securities...	5 per ct.
On Cash Credit on do. subject to commission of 1 per cent. on the sum granted on amount drawn.	5 per ct.
Discount on Government Bills	4 per ct.
Do. on Private Bills, at or within 3 months...	7 per ct.
Loans on deposit of Government paper...	5 per ct.

EXCHANGES.

Document Bills, at 6 months' sight.....	1 11½
Credit to 6 months.....	2 0
Agents' Bills on England, at 6 months ...	1 11½
" " " at 3 months ...	1 11½
" " " at sight.....	1 11½

RATES OF ADVANCE.

On Govt. 5½ per cent. Promissory Notes.....	100 per ct.
Ditto 5 ditto ditto	95 per ct.
Ditto 4½ ditto ditto	90 per ct.
Ditto 4 ditto Stock Receipts	80 per ct.
Ditto 4 ditto Promissory Notes Sica	85 per ct.
Ditto 3½ ditto ditto Company's	85 per ct.
On Tanjore ditto ditto ditto	98 per ct.

GOVERNMENT SECURITIES.

5½ per cent. Loan	1859... 10½ to 4 pm
5 per cent. ditto.....	1856-57... 4 to 4½ pm
4 per cent. ditto.....	1852-53... 82 to 9 dis.
Ditto.....	1853-54... 82 to 9 dis.
Ditto.....	1854-55... 82 to 9 dis.
5 per cent. Transferable Book Debt	— per ct. dis.
Tanjore Bonds	72 to 75 p.c. pm.
Bank of Madras Shares.....	— per ct.

PRICE OF BULLION.

Sovereigns each Rs. 10-3-6

FREIGHTS.

Cotton to London and Liverpool.—£1. 5s. to £2

Indigo and Hides, £1. to £1. 5s.

Rates for Cotton to London range from £1. to £1. 5s., accord- ing to the probable departure of vessels, and £1. 12s. 6d. to £1. 15s. to Liverpool.

BOMBAY.

OCCUPATION OF SAMARKAND BY A RUSSIAN ARMY.

We have received a short Persian letter confirming the report of the occupation of Samarkand by a Russian army, as also that an advance has been made upon Badaksha, from which place Cabul can be reached by a route offering few obstructions in about twenty-eight days. The Russians have adopted a very con- ciliatory line of policy, which is highly ap- plauded by those who are brought into con- tact with them. Two envoys (Russian and Persian), after a long conference with the Ameer Sher Ali Khan at Candahar have, it is affirmed, induced the Ameer to return to Cabul instead of proceeding to Herat. The writer implies that should certain terms which the Ameer may propose to the British Govern- ment be not accepted, an alliance will be formed with Russia. It is stated that the Tribes in Swat are arming themselves, and that a num- ber of firearms, secretly purchased at Pesh- wur, have been forwarded to Swat. We give the following translation of a part of the letter, as it will doubtless prove interesting to many:—"The Russian army has arrived from Bokhara at Badaksha, but Ameer Sher Ali Khan is still at a distance of some kos from Candahar, and has not yet gone up close to the city with his forces. There is a talk now of a reconciliation between Sher Ali Khan and Mahomed Sharif Khan, provided that the latter releases the brother of the former, Afzul Khan, and al- lows him to retain and exercise his rights of sovereignty as before. Mahomed Azim Khan is ready to give his consent to these terms. Several sirdars have been detected in a new conspiracy, and papers bearing their seal have been discovered. These papers were obtained in the following manner. Shah Murdan Khan, of Jellalabad, arrested some person of whom he had a suspicion, and searched him, and found a paper in his possession to the effect that Sheikh Meer Sirdar, of the army of Ameer Sher Ali Khan and Ruffek Khan, had written that they hoped the British Government would bear in mind the dissensions which they had sown amongst the sons of Dost Mahomed. The man so arrested was sent with the paper found on him to Ameer Sher Ali Khan. It is reported that Sher Ali Khan has been killed by the hand of Mahomed Ameer Khan's son. Other accounts say that his death is due to the grief which he experienced at the murder of his brother and son."—*Pioneer*.

THE UNCOVENANTED SERVICE.—It is not unlikely that in the first sitting of the new Parliament among the questions that will be set down for consideration and debate will be that of the East India Covenanted and Uncovenanted Services, as Mr. Danby Seymour had previously given notice that he thought the time had come when the two services might be put on the same footing, and certainly when we look at the Uncovenanted Service now and compare it with what it was some fifteen years back he great change that has come over it cannot but be observed by all who have resided that length of time in India. True it is that the rules relating to furlough and leave generally which were promulgated a year or two back are by no means so favourable to the interests of the service as they might have been, but owing to that want of unanimity which would appear to be a striking characteristic of uncovenanted officers, nothing effectual was done, though the complaints at the time the rules were issued here were both loud and deep.—*Our Paper*.

HIGHWAY ROBBERY AND ASSAULT ON THE ESPLANADE BY DAYLIGHT.—An extraordinary charge of assault and highway robbery was in- vestigated before Mr. Barton, Sept. 11, at the Fort police-court. A parsee named Jamsetjee Hormusjee, described as a cook, was charged at the instance of a Hindoo printer, employed in the Secretariat, named Ramjee Mahdowjee, with committing a violent assault upon and robbing him of a silver watch shortly after five o'clock on Friday evening on the Esplanade, near the site of the new European General Hospital. It appeared that the prisoner and three other parsees, at the time in question, attacked the prosecutor, knocked out one of his teeth, and robbed him of his watch. The case is the more remarkable as the offence was not committed by European loafers, but by Parsees, who are proverbially peaceful and well conducted people.

THE MACDONALD MEDAL.—Referring to the order of Government of the 3rd of May last, the Director of Public Instruction on the 1st inst. requested that Government would be pleased to permit a gold medal, of the value of Rs. 100, to be struck annually at the Mint, free of charge, on account of Major Macdonald's foundation. He found, on inquiry, that about one-half of the sum provided by Major Macdonald would be expended if the medal were to be executed by an engraver. It seemed highly advisable, therefore, that per- mission should be given to have the medal cast at the Mint free of charge. The founder has furnished Mr. Powell with a device for the medal. In conformity with the Director's re- quest, Government has directed that a gold medal, of the value of Rs. 100, which sum will be paid by Major Macdonald, be struck annu- ally at the Mint, at the public charge.

A PECULIAR PHASE OF THE SHOE QUESTION.

—We learn from a correspondent that a very interesting case was disposed of a short time ago by the magistrate of Carwar. It appears that some time ago a Mahomedan resident of Carwar, named Seedee Pochin, presented a petition to a high judicial officer of that station for employment as a peon. The official de- clined to give him the situation on the ground that the petitioner did not bear a good charac- ter. The man presented a second petition in court to the judge, and while his sheristadar was interpreting the purport of the petition, the impudent Mussulman became enraged and took a pair of shoes which were then lying in court and flung them at the judge. He then attempted to run away, but was immediately secured and sent to the magistrate for trial. On being convicted he was sentenced to two years' rigorous imprisonment.—*Times of India*.

DR. LIVINGSTONE, the famous African tra- veller, was amongst the passengers which arrived from Europe yesterday by the mail steamer.—*Bombay Gazette*, Oct. 12.

SEVERE PROPRIETY IN HIGH PLACES.—There are frequent complaints made by correspondents of the journals on the score of the dullness of Government-house parties. Sir John Lawrence, it seems, has most dreadfully dreary and respectable people to his reunions, and his A.D.C.s being all middle-aged, staid men, the light and airy element is almost entirely dispensed with. Sir William Mansfield's tendencies are in a similar direction, and now we find the same complaint made against Sir Charles Straubenzee. Here is an allusion to the fact from a local letter:—"I alluded in my last letter to a communication which had appeared in the *Poona Observer*, regarding the Commander-in-Chief's hospitality. Strangely enough, this epistle was followed up by another in the *Deccan Herald*, written with a somewhat similar object, and signed 'Dando.' Next we find a letter in the *Herald* from 'Bertha Florence' amusingly cutting up the two former, saying, 'If Sir Charles will only do as we want to, he will not think of asking any of the stiff old parsons, doctors, or bilious old officers to his house. We only want those who can sing and dance and be amiable to join our party; and why only such people should not be asked over and over again I am sure I cannot guess.' And it certainly does seem rather hard that a gentleman should not be allowed to choose his own friends. This is probably the first time that his doing so has been made the subject of a somewhat virulent correspondence in the public press."

"TOM CRINGLE."—The *Bombay Gazette* says:—"The extensively known correspondent of the *Times of India*, Thomas Cringle, Esq., leaves us, not in search of health this time, but in search of a settlement, where his merits as a public man will be duly appreciated. Tom Cringle was gifted with a ready pen and with a lively and entertaining style. To some of his writings we owe it that improvements were at once made; but Tom Cringle was not an impartial writer. This does, however, not matter much. He generally attacked measures, not men, and as a pleasant writer his letters were eagerly read. The *Times of India* will have good reason to regret their discontinuance."

COLONEL PLAYFAIR, POLITICAL AGENT AT ZANZIBAR, has arrived at Bombay. He has been ill for some time past, and was obliged to leave very suddenly on that account. The Sultan leaves Zanzibar about the 25th of next month. He will be accompanied by three frigates, and comes to Bombay for the purpose of paying a visit. It was Colonel Playfair's intention to have travelled in company with the Sultan, had his health permitted him to have waited long enough.

THE VACANT JUDGESHIP.—It is believed that Mr. Francis Lloyd, Judge and Session Judge of Dharwar, is likely to be appointed a judge of the High Court, in room of the late Hon. Mr. Justice Forbes.—*Bombay Gazette*, Oct. 12.

SHIPPING.

ARRIVALS.

Sept. 11. Benares, White, Suez.

PASSENGERS ARRIVED.

Per P. and O. Co.'s str. Benares.—From Southampton.—Miss Nelson, Mrs. Rowell, Mr. Mark Lemon, jun., Mrs. J. Robertson, Messrs. A. Senior, R. C. Langdon, J. Payne, A. Miles, G. Henzell, G. Low, J. Curry, J. Spink, W. Wiet, J. Tyndell, J. Culling, E. Newton, W. Rowe, W. Venn, O. Ward, Cottrell, Stretch, J. Vansittart, J. Steere, G. James, B. Tyeis, Needs, Mrs. Needs and infant, Miss Needs, Lieut. and Mrs. Mackenzie. From Marseilles.—Messrs. Ballard, Miss Cox, Capt. and Mrs. Holberton, Lieut. Maldon, Dr. Livingstone, Messrs. Betham, White, Thompson, Clarke, Somerville, Solomon, Taylor, Stearns, Ezekiel, Woodhouse, Maime, Boulton, Tucker, Seeman, Williams, Stewart, D. Eichel. From Socz.—Mr. T. Spada, Mr. D. Spada, Madame Spada, Mr. M. Victor, Capt. Zerb. From Aden.—Capt. Napier, Mr. Edward Logan, Mr. E. Easied, Mr. G. Barkway.

DEPARTURES.

Sept. 11. str. Bombay, Burne, Australia; str. Kurrachee, Cottier, Kurrachee; Mistress of the Seas, Paine, Calcutta; Conate, Quinn, Calcutta; Sir John Manderville, Greig, Calcutta; Manula, Cameron, Calcutta.

CHINA & JAPAN.

The *China Overland Mail* of Aug. 28 says: "In the way of political news the past fortnight has been unusually barren. Some misapprehension appears to exist as to the death of General San-ko-lin-sin, who was said to have fallen on the field whilst fighting the Nyenfei rebels. It is now reported that he fled on being defeated, took refuge in a peasant's cottage, and was there murdered in cold blood. The matter is now one of very small consequence. Tseng Kwo-fan succeeds to the supreme command of the Northern armies, and the Nyenfei have disappeared westwards, where they can pillage under easier circumstances."

"Sir Harry Parkes has, we hear, commenced diplomatic operations in Japan, with his usual cheerful activity, firmness, and 'pluck.' On arriving in Yokohama he surveyed the state of affairs, and being resolved that all the treaty privileges should be observed, and the interests as well as the dignity of Britain cared for, he soon intimated his intention of re-establishing the English Legation at Yedo, a post which has always proved one of honour, because of danger."

"There was some opposition to granting our Minister an official residence at Yedo; but the thing was insisted upon and carried."

CEYLON.

(From the *Colombo Observer*, September 18.)

The weather has been all that could be desired for preparing and despatching coffee, but certainly we are as much surprised as any of our readers can be at the enormous return for the past fortnight. No less than 43,000 cwts. of coffee, exported in the first half (less than half of September) is certainly a new feature in our trade. If anticipations are realised the total out-turn of the season will be as follows:—Plantation, 607,000 cwts.; native, 269,000 cwts.; total, 876,000 cwts. Indeed, it is quite possible that the round numbers may be made up as follows:—Plantation, 610,000 cwts.; native, 270,000 cwts.; total, 880,000 cwts. That will be 102,000 in excess of the largest crop previously exported from Ceylon. Counting local consumption and berries lost (always a considerable proportion, in some districts especially), we can have no doubt that the total production of coffee in Ceylon in 1864-65 was up to the full million of cwts.

Since our last the *Government Gazette* has given to the community a number of Drafts of Ordinances which are to engage the attention of the local Legislature from the 27th inst. and onwards. The Railway and Land Registration Bills are to be amended—the Labour Laws are to be consolidated—Municipalities are to be established—the duties of Masters Attendants are to be defined—and the imitation of Trade Marks is to be rendered penal—the marriage law is to be amended.

The Ceylon League and its object, notwithstanding the sneers and objections of persons who seem dreadfully afraid of progress, are gaining with the public. They have been endorsed by public meetings at Badulla, Jaffna, and, apparently, Dickoya; and a public meeting has just been held at Colombo, the best attended and most enthusiastic we have seen for years, at which the resignation of the unofficial members "as the most significant protest that could have been entered against the course pursued by the Secretary of State for the colonies," was most heartily approved.

CAPTAIN NICOLLS, R.A.—At the request of the president of the Military Commission now sitting, Captain Nicolls, Royal Artillery, late Assistant Military Secretary, will remain in the colony until further orders, for the purpose of giving evidence on the subject under investigation.



Official Gazette.

BENGAL.

BY THE GOVERNOR-GENERAL.

Sinla, Aug. 26.—No. 1,374.—Dr. Condon, civil assist. surg., Baraich, availed himself, on the 3rd inst., of the 3 mo. priv. leave granted to him on the 7th idem.

Aug. 28.—No. 1,387.—The Gov. gen. in Council is pleased to extend the provisions of Act 16 of 1864 to the Province of Mysore.

No. 1,397.—Mr. W. R. Baillie, assist. dist. supt. police, Nagpore, in the Central Provs., has obtained leave of abs., on m.c., for 6 mo., from such date as he may avail himself of the same.

No. 1,398.—The servs. of Lieut. W. Hamilton, dist. superint. of police in Berar, are placed at the disposal of the foreign dept.

No. 1,399.—Mr. G. J. Moberly, superint. of telegraphs, Indore Circle, availed himself on June 26 of the 1 mo. priv. leave of abs. granted to him in notification No. 2,211, dated 8th ult.

Aug. 30.—No. 1,452.—The Right Rev. the Lord Bishop of Calcutta has granted 2 mo. priv. leave to the Rev. M. R. Burge, chaplain of Lucknow, who availed himself of the same on the 10th inst.

No. 1,453.—The Rev. J. C. Herdman, D.D., reported his departure from India per str. *Bengal*, which vessel was left by the pilot at sea on the 10th instant.

No. 1,454.—The Gov. gen. in Council has been pleased to make the following appointments, with effect from the date of retirement from the service (10th inst) of the Rev. J. C. Herdman, D.D.:—

The Rev. R. Henderson to be senior chaplain, and the Rev. J. N. Thomson to be chaplain, of the Church of Scotland on the Bengal estab.

No. 1,458.—The undermentioned officer in the Central Provinces is invested with the powers of a subord. magistrate 1st class described in sec. 22, Act 25, of 1861:—

Lieut. T. A. Scott, asst. commissioner.

RETIREMENT OF CHAPLAINS.

Aug. 31.—No. 1,504.—The following despatch from the Rt. Hon. the Secretary of State for India, No. 167, dated July 8, is published:—

To H.E. the Rt. Hon. the Governor-General of India in Council.

Sir,—I have considered in Council your ecclesiastical letters dated April 5 and 10, 1865, Nos. 2 and 4, requesting information on certain questions which have arisen in connection with the rules for the retirement of chaplains, laid down in my financial despatch of Feb. 17, 1865, No. 32.

2. In regard to the first point, as to the interpretation to be placed on the words "must resign," in Rule II., her Majesty's Government intended "resignation of the service," and they cannot allow "resignation of the superior allowances" to be regarded as a fulfilment of the condition prescribed in the rule in question.

3. With respect to the second point on which a decision is requested, her Majesty's Government concur with you in thinking that there would be hardship in refusing the increased pension to a senior chaplain on retirement, in the event of the third chaplain on the list electing to accept the promotion in lieu of the increased pension, as provided in Rule III., and will therefore allow the increased pension to be granted on the retirement within the prescribed period of one of the senior chaplains, even although a permanent vacancy may not thereby be caused.—I have, &c., (Signed) C. Wood.

No. 1,515.—Lieut. G. A. Strover, cantonment mag. of Rangoon, assumed charge of that office from Lieut. G. W. Cole on Aug. 8.

Lieut. G. A. Strover is invested with the powers of a mag., described in Section 22 of Act XXV. of 1861, and also with the powers of a judge of the Court of Small Causes, and with power to try suits under Section 6 of Act XXII. of 1864, up to Rs. 400, within the limits of the cantonment of Rangoon.

Aug. 30.—No. 337.—H.E. the Viceroy and Gov. gen. of India in Council is pleased to extend to the Hyderabad assigned dists. the provisions of Act XXVII. of 1860, being an Act for facilitating the

collection of debts on successions, and for the security of parties paying debts to the representatives of deceased persons.

Aug. 31.—No. 339.—Under Section 47, Part V. of Act V. of 1865, the Gov. gen. in Council is pleased to issue to Mr. Friederich Hahn, a license to grant certificates of marriage between native Christians within the province of Coorg.

Aug. 28.—No. 321.—Lieut. J. Miller, of the late 27th regt. N.I., is appointed to offic. as paid doing duty officer in the 2nd regt., central India horse.

BOMBAY A FRENCH CONSULATE.

Aug. 30.—No. 742.—H.M. the Emperor of France having created Bombay a Consulate of the Empire, H.E. the Gov. gen. in Council is pleased, subject to the confirmation of H.M.'s Govt., to recognise Mr. Chenon as Consul for France at Bombay.

Pending Mr. Chenon's arrival at Bombay, Mr. Otto Muller will exercise the functions of vice-consul for France at that Pres.

Aug. 28.—No. 1,745.—Lieut. J. Berkeley, asst. for boundary settlements in Malwa, is app. to be 2nd asst. to the Gov. gen.'s agent for Central India.

No. 1,757.—Major A. R. E. Hutchinson, political agent at Gwalior, received charge of the Gwalior Treasury from Major J. A. Wright on the 4th inst.

No. 1,749.—Surgeon M. F. Manifold, H.M.'s 34th regt., is app. to medical charge of the Gwalior political agency, in addition to his own duties, during the absence on leave of Asst. surg. J. C. Morice.

No. 1,752.—Mr. D. Sinclair, asst. settlement officer of Raepore, Central Provinces, has priv. leave for 2 mo. from date he may avail himself of same.

Aug. 30.—No. 1,765.—Mr. W. C. Capper, dep. comsnr. and settlement officer of Lucknow, sailed for England on the steamer *Simla*, which vessel was left by the pilot at sea on 24th ult.

No. 1,770.—Capt. C. E. Watson, asst. comsnr. 1st grade in British Burmah, is app. to be an offic. dep. comsnr. 4th grade from 24th ult.

No. 1,774.—The prep. leave for 25 days granted to Mr. F. R. Wyllie, asst. secretary to the chief comsnr., Central Provinces, is extended to 30 days.

No. 1,776.—Capt. E. G. Clark, asst. settlement officer, Fyzabad, availed himself on 16th inst. of the priv. leave granted him in G.O. No. 1,418 of 6th ult.

No. 2,161.—Mr. E. N. C. Braddon, superint. of excise and stamps in Oude, availed himself on the 21st inst. of the priv. leave for 1 mo. granted to him in notification of the 18th idem.

No. 2,173.—Mr. R. Taylor took charge of the office of dep. accountant gen., Madras, on Aug. 8 last.

Aug. 29.—No. 311.—Major F. Tyrrell, Madras staff corps, exec. engr., 2nd grade, was posted to the charge of the Seetapoor div. of public works, Oude, on Aug. 15.

No. 312.—Capt. F. S. Stanton, R.E., exec. engr., 1st grade, Bengal, is appd. to act as a superint. engr. of the 2nd class, 2nd grade, and is posted to Bengal, v. Mr. T. W. Armstrong, who has leave to Eur. on m.c.

No. 318.—Lieut. G. R. Gibbs, of the 20th foot, is appointed to the public works dept., as an asst. engr. of the 2nd grade, and posted to the Rajpootana circle.

Aug. 31.—No. 314.—Major A. Stevens is permitted, at his own request, to resign his appointment of supt. of the transport and supply dept. of the Upper Godavery circle, with effect from June 26, 1864.

No. 315.—Capt. A. M. Lang, R.E., exec. engr., 2nd grade, assumed charge of the office of asst. to the chief engr. and asst. secy. to the chief comr., Oude, in the public works dept., on Aug. 23.

Aug. 25.—No. 17f.—Mr. W. Jacob, offic. asst. conservator of forests, central div. Seonoe in the Central Provinces, has been granted priv. leave of absence for 3 mo., from July 20, or from such date as he may avail himself of the same.

Aug. 28.—No. 820.—The undermentioned officer is permitted to proceed to Europe on urgent private affairs:—

Capt. E. T. Thackeray, v.c., R.E., exec. engr., 4th class, public works dept., 1st Allahabad div., for 6 mo., without pay.

No. 821.—The undermentioned officer is perm. to proceed to Europe on leave of abs., on m.c.:—

Asst. surg. T. G. Skardon, of the medical dept., civil assist. surg., Jhansie, for 20 mo., under new regs.

No. 822.—With reference to the notification from the Govt., N.W.P., No. 3,047a of Aug. 16 last, the services of honorary Asst. surg. F. H. A. Leach, late offic. civil assist. surg. at Futtahpore, are placed

at the disp. of H.E. the C. in C., with effect from July 18 last, the date on which he was relieved of his duties.

Aug. 29.—No. 823.—The promotion of Lieut. col. H. Barr, of Bombay Staff Corps, to the rank of col. in the army, as announced in G.G.O. No. 812, of 23rd inst., is subject to the approval of her Majesty.

No. 825.—G.G.O. No. 675 of 10th ult., granting permission to Lieut. G. E. J. Maidman, Bengal staff corps, to proceed to sea on m.c. for 4 mo., is cancelled at his own request.

No. 826.—The undermen. officer is permitted to proceed to Europe on m.c.:—Capt. (Brevet major) N. F. Bayly, 12th regt. Madras N.I., for 20 mo.

Aug. 30.—No. 827.—Under instructions from the Right Hon. the Sec. of State for India, Lieut. col. R. Campbell, Bengal staff corps, is removed from the service from the date of publication of this order at the station at which he may be residing, without prejudice to the pension to which he is entitled under the regulations, viz., that of a major.

No. 829.—The undermen. officers having completed 20 years' service, 6 years of which were on permanent staff employ, to be majors from the dates specified opposite to their respective names, under the royal warrant of Jan. 16, 1861, subject to H.M.'s approval:—

Bengal Staff Corps.

Capt. and Brevet major A. S. Allen, Aug. 19.

Capt. G. M. Battye, Aug. 20.

ABOLITION OF BOAT ALLOWANCE.

No. 303.—H.E. the G.G. in C. is pleased to direct that boat allowance shall no longer be issued to commissioned and warrant officers, and that the rules under which that allowance has heretofore been drawn, as laid down in sec. 7 of the Pay Code of 1849, shall be abrogated.

Aug. 31.—No. 831.—The underment. officers having completed 12 years' service, 4 years of which were on permanent staff employ, to be captains, from the dates specified opposite to their respective names, under the royal warrant of Jan. 16, 1861, subject to H.M.'s approval:—

Bengal Staff Corps.

Lieut. and brev. capt. W. Playfair, Oct. 29, 1864.

Lieut. and brev. capt. G. W. Manson (deceased), Aug. 16.

No. 832.—The foll. prom. is made:—

To be Sub Conductor P.W.D.—Serg. M. Gaynor.

No. 833.—The underment. officers having completed 20 years' service, 6 years of which were on permanent staff employ, to be majors from the date specified opposite to their respective names, under the royal warrant of Jan. 16, 1861, subject to H.M.'s approval:—

Bengal Staff Corps.—Capt. and brev. maj. G. A. Williams, Capt. C. S. W. Ogilvie, Capt. and brev. maj. W. J. Ward, from Aug. 23.

No. 834.—The leave of abs. to the hills north of Deyrah, from July 16, 1865, to Jan. 16, 1866, granted to Vet. surg. J. S. Woods, of the stud dept., in G.G.O. No. 739 of July 31 last, is to be held to have effect from Aug. 1, 1865—the date on which he availed himself of the leave—to Feb. 1, 1866, instead of the dates previously notified.

No. 835.—The services of Lieut. F. J. N. Mackenzie, of the Bengal staff corps, are placed temp. at the disposal of H.E. the C. in C. for special serv. from Nov. 15 next, without prejudice to his present appt. as staff officer of the Punjab irreg. force.

No. 836.—The undermentioned officers are admitted to the Bengal staff corps, with effect from the dates specified opposite to their respective names, subject to the confirmation of the Right Hon. the Sec. of State for India:—

Lieut. G. E. Macpherson, gen. list, inf., offic. qrmr., 4th Goorkha regt., from May 11.

Lieut. J. K. McCausland, late 34th N.I., offic. doing duty officer, 4th Goorkha regt., from May 11.

Sept. 1.—No. 837.—The undermentioned officers are admitted to the Bengal staff corps, with effect from the dates specified opposite to their respective names, subject to the confirmation of the Right Hon. the Sec. of State for India:—

Lieut. J. D. Macpherson, late 65th N.I., 3rd squadron officer, 3rd Punjab cav., from Aug. 7, 1862.

Lieut. A. M. Ommanney, late 17th N.I., 2nd squadron officer, corps of guides, from June 28, 1862.

Lieut. A. J. D. Howes, late 73rd N.I., adjt., 4th Punjab inf., from April 5, 1861.

Lieut. G. C. DeLaunoy, gen. list, inf., qrmr., 4th Punjab inf., from June 23, 1863.

Lieut. T. F. Bruce, gen. list, inf., qrmr., 6th Punjab inf., from May 11, 1863.

BY THE LIEUT. GOVERNOR.

Aug. 9.—Dr. D. Picachy to be medical officer of Purneah.

Aug. 11.—Maj. E. P. Lloyd, officg. cantonment mag. of Dinapore, is authorised to perform the duties and exercise the powers conferred on dist. mags.

Aug. 12.—Mr. C. E. C. Merington, asst. mag. and coll. of Sarun, is transf. to Shahabad, and is vested with powers of a sub. mag. of the 1st class, described in section XXII. of the Code of Criminal Procedure, and the powers of a dep. coll., in the latter dist.

Aug. 15.—Mr. T. Norman to be vice-chairman of the municipal commissioners for the suburbs of Calcutta.

Aug. 17.—Mr. T. H. H. Shortt, asst. to the mag. and coll. of Balasore, is vested with power to receive and try cases within his competence.

May 18.—Dr. L. A. Kidd to be medical officer of Koozsteah and medical inspector of labourers.

Aug. 10.—Leave of absence:—

Dr. B. B. Ford, officg. med. officer of Rungpore, for 1 mo., in ext. of leave granted to him under orders of May 25.

Aug. 12.—Mr. J. King, supt. of the Pres. jail, for 10 days.

Aug. 16.—Dr. G. F. Hoff, med. officer of Bancoorah, for 1 week.

Aug. 17.—The services of the foll. junior civil servants are placed at the disposal of the Govt. of India in the home dept.:—

Mr. M. L. Ferrar, B.A., asst. to the mag. and coll. of Rajshahye.

Mr. T. N. Wilson, asst. to the mag. and coll. of Patna.

Aug. 18.—On the report of the board of examiners the foll. officers are declared to have passed in April the examination prescribed in Govt. resolution of Nov. 19, 1851:—

By the second or higher standard.

Lieut. L. J. H. Grey.

Mr. A. Weekes.

Capt. W. C. S. Clarke, still liable to a further examination in Urdu.

Aug. 17.—No. 285.—Transfers.—Mr. J. A. Bonnett, supervisor 2nd grade, from Sylhet to 1st division, Grand Trunk Road.

Mr. E. G. Rooke, local overseer 1st grade, from 1st to 2nd division, Grand Trunk Road.

Aug. 10.—No. 5,089.—Appointments:—

Mr. J. W. Tawney to be an asst. comsnr. in the Western Doora of Bootan.

Aug. 29.—Mr. W. V. G. Tayler to officiate as magistrate and collector of Burdwan during the absence on leave of Mr. S. S. Hogg.

Mr. A. C. Mangles to officiate as joint mag. and dep. coll. of Tirhoot.

Aug. 30.—Mr. T. B. Lane, junior secretary to the Board of Revenue, to officiate as superint. and remembrancer of legal affairs, with effect from 25th inst., during the absence on leave of Mr. F. R. Cockerell, in addition to the duties of his own office.

Aug. 16.—Leave of absence:—

Dr. R. A. Barker, medical officer of Cachar, has priv. leave for 1 mo. from date he may avail himself of same.

Aug. 24.—Dr. P. F. Bellow, civil asst. surg. of Rajshahye, for 1 mo. from 5th prox.

Mr. W. Scott, dep. mag. and dep. coll. of Rajshahye, for 1 mo.

Mr. J. Masters, asst. superint. of police, Sebsaugor, has priv. leave from Dec. 10 to 29 last.

Aug. 25.—Mr. J. D. Ouseley, asst. to the mag. and coll. of Rajshahye, for 2 mo.

Aug. 26.—Mr. C. F. Wintle, sub dep. opium agent of Goruckpore, for 1 mo., from Oct. 1 next, or any other date on which he may avail himself of the leave.

Aug. 29.—Mr. A. R. Thompson, officg. judge of Nuddea, for 2 mo., from the date on which he may be relieved of his successor.

Aug. 30.—Mr. F. R. Cockerell, superint. and remembrancer of legal affairs, for 2 mo., from 25th inst.

Mr. H. M. Weatherall, district superint. of police, Purneah, having resumed charge of his duties on 16th ult., the remaining portion of the leave granted to him under orders of July 12 last is canc.

BOOTAN DOOARS.

Aug. 21.—It is hereby notified that in regard to police the Eastern and Western Doora of Bootan and the districts of Darjeeling, Rungpore, and Gawalparah have been formed into one Circle of Superintendence, and placed under Capt. W. R. Gordon, officg. dep. insp. gen. of police, Bootan Doora.

Aug. 24.—No. 1,724.—Mr. W. B. Buckle, appd. in G.O. No. 1,494, dated 17th ult., to offic. as gov. gen.'s agent at Moorshedabad, is confirmed in that appt., consequent on the decease of Lieut. col. W. A. A. Thompson.

Aug. 31.—No. 303.—Transfer.—Mr. T. Smith, supervisor, 1st grade, from the Behampore to the Jessore road div.

Sept. 1.—No. 304.—Mr. T. J. Macnamara, exec. engr., 4th grade, assumed charge of the Cuttack div. on the 21st current, afternoon.

No. 305.—The following engr. apprentice, att. to Bengal, is posted temp. to the div. specified opposite to his name:—Mr. A. Atkinson, Presidency div.

BY THE LIEUT. GOV. N.W.P.

Aug. 7.—No. 748a.—One mo. priv. leave of abs., under the orders of the Govt. of India, dated Oct. 13, 1863, is granted to Capt. W. H. Garton, dist. superint. of police at Oraie, with effect from the 15th ult., or from the subsequent date on which he may avail himself of the same.

No. 749a.—Mr. T. Catania, offic. asst. dist. superint. of police, is appd. to offic. as dist. superint. of police at Oraie, during the abs. on leave of Capt. Garton.

No. 754a.—Three mo. priv. leave, under the orders of the Govt. of India, dated Oct. 13, 1863, is granted to Capt. B. G. Vandergucht, dist. supt. of police at Ghazepore, with effect from the 1st inst.

No. 755a.—Lieut. R. J. Young, asst. dist. supt. of police, is appd. to offic. as dist. superint. of police at Ghazepore, during the abs. on leave of Capt. Vandergucht, or until further orders.

Aug. 3.—No. 2,903a.—Three mo. priv. leave of abs., under sec. VI. of the new C.S. Absentee Rules, is granted to Mr. T. B. Tracy, joint mag. and dep. coll. at Meerut, with effect from the 1st inst., or from the subsequent date on which he may avail himself of the same.

Aug. 4.—No. 2,911a.—Three mo. priv. leave of abs., under sec. VI. of the new C.S. Absentee Rules, is granted to Mr. W. Johnston, registrar general of assurance, and comsr. of stamps, N.W.P., with effect from the 3rd inst.

No. 2,912a.—Mr. E. Macnaghten, judge of the Court of Small Causes at Allahabad, is app. to offic. as registrar-gen. of assurances and commissioner of stamps, during the abs., on leave, of Mr. W. Johnston, or till further orders.

No. 2,919a.—Mr. R. H. Smith, principal sudder ameen at Benares, is app. to offic. as judge of the Court of Small Causes at that station, in addition to his other duties.

No. 2,926a.—Mr. C. W. Mellor, jt. mag. and dep. coll., is transferred, in the same capacity, to Allygurh.

No. 2,927a.—Mr. S. O. B. Ridsdale, n.a., asst. mag. and coll. at Allygurh, is transferred, in the same capacity, to Meerut.

Aug. 7.—No. 2,932a.—Mr. J. M. Pears, C.S., reported qualified for the public service, and attached to N.W.P., the Punjab, and Oude, is posted as an assist. to the Benares div., and is invested with the powers of a subord. mag. of the 2nd class, and with those of an assist. coll.

No. 2,934a.—Leave of abs., on m.c., till Oct. 15 next, is granted to the Rev. B. J. Bland, n.a., chaplain of Muttra, from July 15.

No. 2,937a.—Three mos.' priv. leave is granted to Mr. R. T. Hobert, assist. mag. and coll. at Banda, with effect from 10th inst., or from the subsequent date on which he may avail himself of the same.

No. 2,938.—Mr. R. D. Spedding, offic. jt. mag. and dep. coll. at Cawnpore, is transferred, in the same capacity, to Banda.

Aug. 5.—No. 1,539a.—Mr. F. B. Pemberton is apptd. engr. to the local committee of the Agra dist., and to the municipal comsrs. of Agra, with the rank of a civil div. engr. of the 2nd grade.

Dated Allahabad, Aug. 7.—No. 3,716.—With reference to notification No. 1,212a, dated 11th ult., Maj. F. G. Stainforth, asst. engr. 1st grade, took charge of the Meerut div. public works on the 21st idem.

Aug. 8.—No. 3,725.—Capt. H. E. Whish, exec. engr., Benares div. public works, returned on the 28th ult. from 3 mo. priv. leave granted to him in notification No. 2,000, dated March 30.

Aug. 16.—No. 594a.—Capt. W. Smith, cantonment mag. of Allahabad, is, with the consent of H.E. the Viceroy and Gov. gen. in Council, app. a cantonment mag. of 1st class, with effect from the 4th inst.

No. 791a.—Three mos.' priv. leave, under the orders of the Govt. of India, dated Oct. 13, 1863, is granted to Lieut. R. B. Graham, dist. superint. of police at Allahabad, with effect from 24th inst.

No. 792a.—Mr. H. B. Goad, assist. dist. suptd. of police, is app. to offic. as dist. superint. of police at Allahabad during the absence, on leave, of Lieut. R. B. Graham, or till further orders.

Aug. 11.—No. 2,995a.—Mr. A. B. Patterson, assist. mag. and coll. at Meerut, is transferred in the same capacity to Allygurh.

No. 2,996a.—Mr. W. Barris, asst. mag. and coll. at Allygurh, is transf. in the same capacity to Ghazepore.

No. 2,997a.—The notification in this dept., No. 2,740a, dated the 22nd ult., by which Mr. A. B. Patterson, asst. mag. and coll. at Meerut, was transferred to Ghazepore, is hereby cancelled.

No. 3,011a.—Two mo. priv. leave is granted to Mr. A. M. Markham, asst. mag. and coll. at Bareilly, with effect from Sept. 1.

No. 3,014a.—One mo. priv. leave has been granted to the Rev. B. Sharp, n.a., chaplain of Agra.

No. 3,016a.—Three mo. priv. leave has been granted to the Rev. J. M. Thomson, m.a., asst. chaplain of the Church of Scotland at Meerut, from 1st inst.

Aug. 14.—No. 3,028a.—Capt. F. R. N. Fortescue, late 73rd regt. N.I., is appd. cantonment mag. of Benares. He is invested with the powers of a mag.

Capt. Fortescue is also invested with the powers of a Small Cause Court judge within the same limits, in suits for an amount not exceeding Rs. 50.

No. 3,033a.—Mr. E. Waterfield, joint mag. and dep. coll. of the 1st grade at Humeerpore, is appd. to offic. as mag. and coll. of that dist., as a temp. arrangement.

Aug. 16.—No. 3,047a.—The serv. of Hon. Asst. surg. F. H. A. Leach, offic. civil asst. surg. at Futehpore, are replaced at the disp. of the Govt. of India, in the mil. dept., from July 18.

No. 3,054a.—Dr. G. White, I.L.M.'s 77th regt., is placed in charge of the med. duties of the central gaol at Bareilly, during the abs. on leave of Dr. Tomkyns.

No. 3,056a.—Mr. E. Colvin, superint. of the Turai Pergunnahs, and jt. mag. and dep. coll. of Pilibheet, has priv. leave for 1 mo. from 1st inst.

No. 3,060a.—With the consent of the officer comd. at Jhansie, Surg. major J. N. Tresidder, 4th regt. N.I., is placed in charge of the civil medical duties at that station, in addition to his other duties, as a temp. arrangement, with effect from July 21.

Nymee Tal, Aug. 8.—No. 1,570a.—Mr. A. J. Macdonald is permitted to resign his appointment as engineer to the Local Committees of the Bijour and Moradabad districts, and is reposted to the 1st circle, public works dept., N.W.P.

Allahabad, Aug. 17.—No. 3,764.—Mr. W. F. Heath, asst. engr. 3rd grade, attached to 6th div., Grand Trunk Road, availed himself on 1st inst. of leave granted in notification No. 3,594 of July 27.

Dated Aug. 18.—No. 3,785.—Lieut. J. B. Sparks, asst. engr., 2nd grade, is transf. from the Agra and Bombay road, to the Gwalior div. public works.

Aug. 22.—No. 608a.—Mr. W. R. Burkitt, offic. joint mag. and dep. coll., is declared to be in magisterial charge of circles 2 and 3 of the Bustee dist.

Aug. 23.—No. 833a.—Mr. E. P. Finn, of the forest dept., is app. an extra asst. comr. of the 4th class in the Jhansie div.

No. 834a.—Mr. Finn is invested with the powers of a sub mag. of the 2nd grade, as described in sec. 22 of the Criminal Procedure Code.

Dated Aug. 22.—No. 3,106a.—Mr. J. Kennedy, asst. mag. and coll., is appd. a municipal comr. for the city and suburbs of Agra, under Act XXVI. of 1850, v. Mr. J. H. Fisher, transf. to Furruckabad.

No. 3,109a.—Three mo. leave of absence, m.c., under the rules applicable to military officers in civil employ, is granted to Dr. F. Corbyn, civil surg. of Bareilly, with effect from the 16th inst.

No. 3,110a.—With the consent of the Brig. gen. comd. the Rohilkund dist., Dr. Wilson, of the 8th regt. N.I., will take charge of the civil med. duties at Bareilly, in addition to his other duties, during the absence, on leave, of Dr. Corbyn.

No. 3,114a.—The services of Dr. J. M. Cunningham, superint. Central Prison at Meerut, are placed temp. at the disposal of the Govt. of India, in the military dept., with a view to his employ. as sec. to the Sanitary Commission at Simla, during absence of Dr. J. P. Walker.

No. 3,120a.—Dr. W. Moir, m.b., civil asst. surg. of Meerut, is appd. to the charge of the med. duties of the Central Prison at Meerut, in addition to his present duties, during the absence, on deputation, of Dr. J. M. Cunningham, or until further orders.

Aug. 19.—No. 1,690a.—Leave of absence on m.c., to Dec. 31, 1865, is granted to Capt. J. T. Tovey,

officg. exec. engr., Cawnpore div. public works, in ext.

No. 3,794.—Priv. leave for 1 mo. is granted to Mr. W. Kennelly, overseer, 2nd grade, attached to the Bareilly div. public works, with effect from the 20th prox.

No. 3,813.—With reference to notification No. 1,570a, dated 8th inst., Mr. A. J. Macdonald, asst. engr. 1st grade, is posted to the 5th div. Grand Trunk road, v. Mr. S. de V. H. Alexander, asst. engr. 2nd grade, transf. to the 3rd div. Grand Trunk road.

Aug. 25.—No. 3,865.—Priv. leave for 2 mo. is granted to Capt. D. Limond, exec. engr., 2nd Allahabad div. public works, from Sept. 1 next.

Mr. T. E. Owen, asst. engr. 1st grade, will hold charge of the 2nd Allahabad div. during Capt. Limond's absence.

BY THE LIEUT. GOVERNOR, PUNJAB.

Aug. 8.—No. 1,122.—Mr. L. Griffin, officg. personal asst. to the judicial comr., Punjab, has obtained 2 mo. priv. leave of absence from Sept. 15, or such subsequent date as he may avail himself thereof.

Aug. 10.—No. 1,128.—Capt. O. Menzies, dist. supt. of police, Umritsur, has obtained priv. leave of absence for 2 mo., from Aug. 16, or such subsequent date as he may avail himself thereof.

Capt. J. C. P. Baillie, dist. supt. of police, Lahore, to hold charge in both Lahore and Umritsur dists. during the absence of Capt. Menzies.

No. 1,129.—Major T. Staples, dist. supt. of police, Shahpoor, has obtained 2 mo. priv. leave of absence from Aug. 21, or such subsequent date as he may avail himself thereof.

Mr. E. A. Marshall, asst. dist. supt. of police, Montgomery, to offic. as dist. supt. at Shahpoor, during the absence of Major Staples.

Aug. 14.—No. 1,154.—The services of Lieut. P. H. Kirke, asst. dist. supt. of police, are placed at the disposal of H.E. the C. in C., with effect from July 20.

Aug. 8.—No. 1,606.—Mr. J. A. E. Miller, extra asst. comr., Lahore, has obtained 1 mo. priv. leave of absence from Sept. 15.

No. 1,607.—Surg. major C. M. Smith, civil surg. of Lahore, has obtained 1 mo. priv. leave of absence from Sept. 1.

No. 1,608.—Capt. R. J. L. Crutchley, cantonment mag. of Ferozepoor, has 2 mo. priv. leave of absence from date of his availing himself thereof.

Mr. G. Thomson, extra asst. comr., Ferozepoor, will perform the civil duties of the cantonment mag. during Capt. Crutchley's absence, in addition to his own.

Aug. 12.—No. 1,622.—The services of Mr. B. H. Powell, asst. comr., Lahore, are temporarily placed at the disposal of the Govt. of India, in the home dept., with effect from Aug. 1, for employment in the postal dept.

No. 1,623.—Mr. D. Fitzpatrick, asst. comr., Delhi, has obtained priv. leave of absence for 1 mo., from Sept. 1.

No. 1,624.—The priv. leave of absence for 1 mo. granted to Mr. A. H. Benton, asst. comr., Loodiana, is to have effect from Aug. 4.

No. 1,626.—Appointments.—The undermentioned officers are app. asst. comrs. of the 3rd class, in the Punjab, and posted to the districts noted opposite their names:—

Mr. F. Venning, C.S., Umritsur.

Mr. F. D. Bullock, C.S., Lahore.

Aug. 11.—No. 292.—The 5th Punjab inf. regtl. order No. 377, dated July 20, apptg. Lieut. C. McK. Hall, quarterm., to act as adj., in addition to his other duties, from 14th idem, is confirmed.

Aug. 15.—No. 203.—Leave:—Lieut. W. W. H. Scott, doing duty officer, 5th Punjab cav., has obtained leave of absence, on m.c., from July 2 to Nov. 1, to remain at Murree.

Aug. 9.—No. 855c.—Promotions.—The undermtd. officers having passed the prescribed exam., are prom. to asst. enrgs. of the 2nd grade, with effect from date on which they passed the exam.:—

Mr. R. D. Falkner, asst. engr., 3rd grade, bridges and branch road div.

Mr. C. B. Leupolt, asst. engr., 3rd grade, hill roads div.

Mr. W. Quarry, asst. engr., 3rd grade, Upper Sirhind div.

Aug. 17.—No. 1,176.—Mr. P. Broadway, asst. supt. of police, is reduced from 4th to the 5th grade, 2nd class.

No. 1,177.—Mr. J. Turnbull, asst. dist. supt. of police, is prom. from 5th to the 4th grade, 2nd class, v. Broadway.

Aug. 21.—No. 871.—Leave:—The leave of

absence, on m.c., granted to Mr. G. W. Leitner, Principal Lahore College, in *Punjab Gazette* Order No. 343, dated July 15, is extended to July 23.

Aug. 18.—No. 199.—Appointment:—Mr. J. G. Owens is app. an engr. of the 3rd class, in the Punjab flotilla, to fill an existing vacancy.

Aug. 21.—No. 200.—Leave.—Capt. W. H. Hampton, supt., inland navigation, has 1 week's priv. leave of absence from the date of his availing himself thereof.

No. 201.—Appointment:—Mr. F. McKenzie is app. an engr. of the 3rd class, in the Punjab flotilla, on probation, with effect from Aug. 12, v. Mr. Wise, prom.

Aug. 21.—No. 1,675.—Mr. L. Cowan, asst. comnr., from the Jhelum to the Goorgaon dist.

No. 1,676.—Mr. L. Cowan, asst. comnr., to offic. as dep. comnr. of Goorgaon, during leave of Major J. M. Cripps.

No. 1,677.—The priv. leave of absence granted to Capt. F. J. Millar, asst. comnr., Umballa, is cane.

No. 1,678.—Capt. F. J. Millar, asst. comnr., Umballa, offic. as personal asst. to the comnr., Umballa, from May 25 to July 4, in the room of Mr. D. G. Berkley, deputed to Delhi.

No. 1,679.—Capt. F. J. Millar, asst. comnr., Umballa, is transf. temp. to the Ludiana dist., with effect from July 5, to offic. as dep. comnr. during the absence on leave of Mr. C. P. Elliott.

No. 1,680.—Leave:—Mr. W. M. Young, asst. comnr., Kohat, has obtained 1 mo. priv. leave of absence from Sept. 9.

No. 1,681.—Capt. E. P. Gurdon, officg. judge of Small Cause Court, Peshawur, has priv. leave of absence from Aug. 10 to Oct. 1.

No. 1,684.—The priv. leave for 1 mo. granted to Surg. maj. C. M. Smith, civil surg. of Lahore, is to reckon from the 21st idem., instead of from Sept. 1.

No. 1,689.—Mr. F. H. Cooper, c.n., comnr., Lahore, has 2 mo. priv. leave of absence.

Mr. A. Brandreth, dep. comnr., Gojranwalla, to offic. as comnr. of Lahore, during the absence on leave of Mr. Cooper.

5th Punjab Cavalry.

Aug. 19.—No. 210.—Capt. G. B. Crispin, 2nd squad. officer, 5th Punjab cav., is allowed leave from 13th to 31st inst., in ext. of priv. leave, to remain at Murree.

Aug. 23.—No. 212.—Appointments:—The 1st Punjab cav. order, dated 7th inst. apptg. Lieut. and adj. G. Stewart to offic. as 2nd squad. officer, in addition to his other duties, in room of Capt. E. P. W. Ripley, app. offic. 2nd in comd. and squad. officer, is confirmed.

No. 213.—The 5th Punjab inf. regtl. order, dated 3rd inst., apptg. Lieut. C. E. Stewart 2nd in comd. and wing officer, to offic. as comdt.; and Lieut. A. W. Crewe Read, wing officer, to offic. as 2nd in comd. and wing officer, during the absence of Col. Vaughan, comdt., on leave, is confirmed.

No. 579.—The services of Mr. R. A. D. Perreau, asst. patrol, salt dept., are placed at the disposal of the Govt. of India, in the foreign dept.

Aug. 25.—No. 1,200.—The services of Lieut. C. T. Lane, district superint. of police, are placed at the disposal of the Govt. of India, in the home dept., from Oct. 15, 1865, for employment in Berar.

Aug. 28.—No. 1,203.—Major A. LeGallais, district superint. of police, Kurnal, has obtained 2 mo. priv. leave of absence, with effect from Sept. 26, 1865, or such subsequent date as he may avail himself thereof.

Lieut. M. Millett, asst. district superint. of police, Delhi, to offic. as district superint. at Kurnal, during the absence on leave of Major LeGallais.

Mr. T. A. O'Connor, asst. district superint. of police, Goorgaon, to do duty at Delhi during Lieut. Millett's absence.

Aug. 23.—No. 1,703.—Capt. H. B. Urmston, dep. comr. of Bunnoo, has 1 mo. priv. leave, from Sept. 1, 1865, or such date as he may avail himself thereof.

Aug. 28.—No. 1,718.—Mr. F. E. Moore, personal asst. to the financial comr., is re-apptd. an asst. comr. from Oct. 1, 1865, and posted to the Jhelum district, to be placed in charge of the outpost of Pind Dadun Khan.

No. 1,719.—Major J. W. Bristow, dep. comr., Jhelum, has 1 mo. priv. leave, from Sept. 22, 1865.

Mr. F. E. Moore, asst. comr., will hold charge of the Jhelum dist. during the absence of Major Bristow.

No. 219.—The regtl. order, dated 14th inst., by the officer comdg. 1st Punjab inf., apptg. Lieut. J. M. Tulloch, doing duty officer, to offic. as qrmr., in addition to his other duties, during the absence of Lieut. A. P. Broome, is confirmed.

Aug. 25.—No. 1,061c.—Mr. G. Davies, at pre-

sent accountant, 4th class, on prob., in central office of accounts, is transf., as clerk, to the local funds branch of that office.

BY THE COMMANDER-IN-CHIEF.

Head Quarters, Simla, July 31.—Leave of absence: 18th Hussars.—Cornet G. Watson (at Madras), to England overland, on m.c.; Vet. surg. J. Mills (at Madras), to England overland, on m.c.

20th Hussars.—Major T. T. Boileau, from July 5 to Sept. 30, to Murree, on m.c.

35th Foot.—Major C. Armstrong, from Aug. 6 to Oct. 14, in extension.

42nd Foot.—Lieut. G. A. Furse, from July 8 to Oct. 14, to Murree and Cashmere, on m.c.

46th Foot.—Capt. C. B. C. Speke, from date of leaving regt., to Calcutta, for 1 mo., m.c.

51st Foot.—Capt. J. S. C. Harcourt, from July 1 to Oct. 15, to Murree, m.c.

79th Foot.—Col. R. M. Best, from July 31 to Oct. 7, in ext.

98th Foot.—Capt. W. Dowler (paymr.), from June 27 to Nov. 26, to Mussoorie, m.c.

104th Foot.—Ens. A. L. Wynter, from June 15 to Oct. 15, to Mussoorie, m.c.

Staff Corps.—Capt. H. L. Hawkins, from July 15 to Aug. 15, in ext., to remain in Calcutta, prep. to embarking for Europe on furl.

Bengal Inf.—Lieut. col. J. Gordon (comdnt. 10th N.I.), from Aug. 10 to Oct. 15, to Mussoorie; and Col. H. F. Dunsford, c.n. (comdnt. 28th N.I.), from July 29 to Oct. 15, in ext. of priv. leave, to Simla.

Late 63rd N.I.—Capt. J. Reay, from Oct. 1 to Nov. 29, to the Presidency, prep. to applying for furl. to Europe.

Gen. List, Inf.—Lieut. C. N. Hodgson (qrmr. 26th N.I.), from Aug. 1 to Oct. 15, to Simla.

Unatt. List.—Lieut. J. S. Melville (doing duty at Sealkote), from June 26 to July 25, in ext., to Calcutta, m.c.

Med. Dept.—Surg. D. Young (in med. charge 39th N.I.), from July 4 to July 9, in ext., to remain at Calcutta, prep. to embarking for Australia; and Asst. surg. P. W. Sutherland (in med. charge 14th Bengal cav.), from May 15 to Nov. 15, in ext. of priv. leave, to visit Darjeeling and the hills north of Dehra, m.c.

Aug. 1.—The following Allahabad brigade orders are confirmed:—

Dated June 14 last.—Appg. Col. G. Bouchier, c.n., comdg. the royal art., to assume com. of the brigade, v. Brig. gen. D. Rainier, 98th foot, proc. on leave.

Dated 14th ult.—Directing Hon. asst. surg. F. H. A. Leach, on being relieved of the civil medical charge of Futtchpore, to proceed to Allahabad and report himself to the Dep. insp. gen. of Hospitals, Cawnpore Circle, for duty.

Orders confirmed:—

Nagode station order, dated Oct. 13 last, directing Asst. surg. J. A. Scott, 91st foot, to assume medical charge of the civil station and jail, with effect from 12th idem.

By the officer comdg. 11th N.I., dated 1st ult., making the following appointments, v. Lieut. col. E. D. Watson, proc. on leave:—

Lieut. C. M. Busby, offic. wing officer, to offic. as comdt.

Lieut. and offic. adjt. H. G. Becher to offic. as 2nd in com. and wing officer, in add. to his other duties.

Lieut. T. R. Taylor, doing duty officer, to offic. as wing officer, in addition to his other duties.

By the officer comdg. the 21st N.I., dated the 1st idem., making the following arrangements during the indisposition of Major G. D'Aguiar:—

Lieut. H. Collett, officg. 2nd in comd. and wing officer, to offic. as comdnt.

Lieut. and Adjt. W. R. Martin, officg. wing officer, to offic. as 2nd in comd. and wing officer, in addition to his other duties.

Lieut. F. W. Collis, doing duty officer, to offic. as wing officer, in addition to his other duties.

By the same officer, dated the 3rd idem., apptg. Lieut. F. W. Collis, doing duty and officg. wing officer, to offic. as qrmr., in addition to his other duties, there being no other officer available.

Leave of absence:—

Brigade Staff.—Brig. gen. P. Hill, c.n., comdg. Cawnpore brig., from Sept. 7 to Oct. 15, in ext.

Royal Horse Art.—Col. J. Abbott, F brig. comdg. R.A., Sirhind div., from July 25 to Oct. 15, in ext., to Simla and the adjacent hills; Asst. surg. J. Kinahan, M.D., E baty. F brig., from date of embark., to England overland, on m.c.

Royal Art.—Capt. W. Dickson, No. 1 baty. 24th brig., from June 12 to Oct. 15, to Dalhousie and hills north of Dehra, on m.c.

Royal Art.—Lieut. G. L. Engstrom (C baty. 14th brig.), from date of embark. at Bombay, to England, overland, m.c.

19th Hussars.—Capt. M. Clarke, from July 24 to Oct. 15, in ext.

7th Foot.—Lieut. W. L. Barr, 1st batt., from July 11 to Oct. 11, to Simla, on m.c.

36th Foot.—Lieut. T. E. P. Tyrwhitt, instructor of musketry, from July 13 to Aug. 15, in ext., to remain at Mussoorie.

46th Foot.—Capt. C. B. C. Speke, from date of embark. to Nov. 15, to the Neilgherries, on m.c.

55th Foot.—Major T. S. Brown, from April 14 to Oct. 14, Lucknow.

58th Foot.—Lieut. R. W. Archibald, instructor of musketry, from April 10 to Oct. 15, to Cashmere.

104th Foot.—Major G. Gaynor, from date of embark., to England, by either route, m.c.

Staff Corps.—Lieut. col. W. H. Ryves, comdt. 8th Bengal cav., from July 19 to Aug. 5, in ext.; Capt. C. MacFarlane, from Aug. 4 to Oct. 15, in ext.; Capt. C. Shaw, offic. comdt. 2nd B. cav., from June 13 to July 12, in ext., to enable him to rejoin.

Bombay Staff Corps.—Capt. H. F. Bolton, from June 5 to July 5, to Calcutta, m.c.

Late 2nd E.L.C.—Capt. H. Melville, offg. 2nd in com. and squadron officer, 2nd Bengal cav., from July 30 to Oct. 15, in ext.

Late 28th N.I.—Lieut. H. R. Wintle, from July 12 to Oct. 15, to Monghyr.

Late 45th N.I.—Lieut. H. W. Webster, attached to 30th N.I., from Aug. 19 to Oct. 15, in ext., for the purpose of studying the native languages.

Late 69th N.I.—Lieut. col. J. Nisbett, comdt. 37th N.I., from July 19 to Oct. 15, in ext.

Gen. List, Inf.—Lieut. J. A. D. Gordon, attached to 41st N.I., from 6th to 21st Aug., in ext., for the purpose of studying the native languages.

Medical Dept.—Surgeon E. C. Thorp, M.D., in medical charge 43rd N.I., from March 2 to May 9, in ext., to Calcutta, prep. to m.c. to Europe.

RETURN HOME OF C, D, AND E BATTERIES R.H.A.

Under instructions from Govt. H.E. the C. in C. in India is pleased to direct that C, D, and E batteries C brigade R.H.A., be held in readiness to proceed this year to England.

The non-commissioned officers, artificers, and men of these batteries, desirous of extending their service in this country, will be allowed to volunteer for the R.H.A. in any of the three presidencies.

The non-commissioned officers and artificers volunteering to remain in India will take rank in the new brigades to which they may be posted, according to the date of their promotion.

The undermentioned officers who appeared for examination in the native languages before half-yearly committees held on the 10th ult., have been declared by the Board of Examiners at Fort William to have passed the second standard in Hindoostanee, agreeably to Clauses V. and VI. of G.G.O. No. 734 of 1864:—

Capt. M. Macleod, 42nd foot.

Lieut. W. T. Stuart, p.r., staff corps.

Lieut. E. Hay, gen. list, cav.

The following orders, by the officer commanding 107th foot, are confirmed:—

Dated June 27 last.—Appointing Ensign F. W. Nicolay to act as asst. instructor of musketry, in the room of Lieut. W. G. Manserg, app. acting instructor of musketry.

Dated 10th ult.—Appointing Ensign J. Jordan to be asst. instructor of musketry in the room of Ens. F. W. Nicolay.

The following Oude division orders are confirmed:—

Dated 6th ult.—Directing Staff Asst. surg. A. F. Preston, M.B., attached to 7th drag. gds., to proceed to Fyzabad for duty.

Dated 22nd idem.—Directing Asst. surg. J. Cameron, M.D., civil surg. of Seetapore, to assume med. charge of 8th Bengal cav. temporarily, in addition to his other duties, on the departure of Surg. J. White, M.D., on m.c.

The following Peshawur brigade orders are confirmed:—

Dated June 23 last.—Appointing Lieut. H. H. Birch, adj. 27th N.I., to be station interp., there being no qualified officer available.

Dated 8th ult.—Directing Asst. surg. J. H. Oliver, No. 3 baty. 24th brig. R.A., to do duty with 51st foot.

The following orders are confirmed:—

By the Officer commanding 1st batt. 11th foot, dated June 1 last, appointing Ensign G. Brehon to be asst. instructor of musketry.

Fyzabad brigade order, dated June 5 last, ap-

pointing Lieut. col. J. S. D. Tulloch, staff corps, to assume command of the station from 6th idem, in room of Lieut. col. R. Troup, Bengal inf., proceeded on leave.

By the Officer commanding 19th Bengal cav., dated June 24 last, making the following appointments, with effect from April 15 last, in room of Major H. C. Cottley, 2nd in com. and squadron officer, proceeded on sick leave:—

Lieut. J. Upperton, 2nd squadron officer, to offic. as 2nd in com. and squadron officer.

Lieut. H. B. Hanna, adj., to offic. as 2nd squadron officer.

Lieut. W. W. Biscoe, 3rd squadron officer, to offic. as adj.

Lieut. W. Loch, doing duty officer, to offic. as 3rd squadron officer.

MADRAS.

BY THE GOVERNOR IN COUNCIL.

Aug. 18.—No. 296.—The undermentioned officer has returned to his duty, by permission of the Home Govt., without prejudice to his rank:—

Capt. (brev. maj.) W. C. P. Haines, 35th regt. N.I., arrived at Madras Aug. 14.

The leave to Australia granted in G.O.G. June 10, 1864, No. 213, to Lieut. D. W. Williams, cadre 48th regt. N.I., doing duty 33rd regt. N.I., is ext. from 14th to 24th July, the date of his arrival at Madras.

Aug. 22.—Appointments:—

Mr. R. H. Lyons, 3rd class dep. coll. of Ganjam district, to act in the 2nd class, during the absence of Mr. Bates on leave.

Mr. F. Brandt, acting head asst. to the coll. and mag. of Salem, is invested with the power to hear and dispose of appeals from the convictions of the sub. mags. stationed within his division.

Col. A. J. M. Boileau, R.E., superintg. eng. of the 4th division, has privilege leave for 1 mo., and general leave for 1 mo. Capt. J. Goddard, R.E., exec. eng. 1st grade, will offic. as superintg. eng. of the 4th division, in addition to his own duties, during the absence of Col. Boileau.

The underment. officers are permitted to proceed to Europe:—

Surg. maj. A. Blacklock, physician, General Hospital, and professor of medicine and clinical medicine, on m.c. for 20 mos. under the furl. regs. of 1854, and to embark from Madras.

Aug. 25.—The Hon. C. Pelly, member of the Board of Revenue, has 3 mo. leave.

The notification of the prom. of Capt. E. J. Storey to a first class asst. superintendentship of police, which was published under date of the 8th inst., is cane.

The admission to the staff corps of the underment. officers is to have effect from Feb. 18, 1861, and not from the 19th idem, as indicated in the G.O., subject to the approval of H.M.'s Secretary of State for India:—

Lieut. J. Ewing.

Lieut. A. B. Irving.

Lieut. C. A. Shortt (the late), H.M.'s 66th regt.

Lieut. T. O. Underwood.

Lieut. G. C. Bird.

Lieut. (brev. capt.) W. Robertson.

Lieut. (brev. capt.) W. G. Ward.

Appointments:—

Aug. 29.—Mr. F. S. Child to be civil and session judge of Tinnevely.

Mr. J. G. Thompson to be civil and session judge of Cuddapah, but to continue to act as civil and session judge of Chingleput during the employment of Mr. A. W. Phillips on other duty.

Capt. C. J. Richards, 38th regt. N.I., to be cantonment mag. at Wellington.

Mr. E. C. G. Thomas to be sub coll. and joint mag. of Malabar, but to act as civil and sessions judge of Cuddapah, during the employment of Mr. Thompson on other duty.

Second Capt. H. N. D. Prendergast, v.c., R.E., to be dep. consulting engr. for railways, from date of Capt. Lindsay's departure.

Mr. J. G. Clarkson, divl. exec. engr., Madras Irrigation and Canal Company, to be a lay trustee of the chaplaincy of Coonoor.

Capt. C. Elliott, c.b., offic. superint. of the Asta-gram div., Mysore commission, and Mr. W. Barnes, to be lay trustees of the church at Mysore.

Capt. H. T. Rogers, R.E., is to be considered to have acted as mint master, from July 17 to 31, 1865, without prejudice to his other appt.

The Rev. E. S. Goodhart, n.a., is admitted as a junior chaplain on the Madras estab., from the 27th inst., the date of his arrival at Madras, by the steamer *Nemesis*.

Under the provs. of sec. 23 of the code of criminal procedure the underment. officers are invested with the powers of a mag. within the limits of the cantonments specified opposite their respective names:—

Capt. W. S. McLeod, 1st regt. L.C., Bellary.

Capt. C. J. Richards, 38th N.I., Wellington.

Lieut. col. R. Hamilton, of the staff corps, dep. sec. to Govt. in the mily. dept., is granted priv. leave of abs. for 30 days, from Sept. 4.

Aug. 26.—No. 310.—Lieut. col. W. G. Woods, of the staff corps, acting supnt. and agent for army clothing, is granted priv. leave of abs. for 34 days, from date of departure. Major H. H. Firth, of the staff corps, will act for Lieut. col. Woods, during the abs. and on the responsibility of the latter.

Aug. 29.—No. 311.—H.E. the Gov. in Council is pleased to make the following appts:—

Lieut. col. E. E. Miller, of the staff corps, dep. comsy. gen., to act as comsy. gen.; Maj. J. Loudon, of the staff corps, asst. comsy. gen., 1st class, to act as dep. comsy. gen.—during the abs. of Col. J. Hill, comsy. gen., on the general leave granted in G.O.G. July 25, No. 265.

The underment. officer has returned to his duty, by permission of the home Govt., without prejudice to his rank:—

Lieut. col. (brev. col.) G. De Saumarez, 24th regt. N.I., arrived at Madras Aug. 27

The underment. officer is permitted to proceed to Europe:—

Capt. (brev. major) V. J. Shortland, of the 24th regt. N.I., on m.c. for 20 mo., under the old furl. regs., and to embark from Madras.

MOVEMENTS OF CORPS.

The following movements of corps are ordered:—

Native Infantry.

3rd Regt. L.I., from Tonghoo to Madras.

5th Regt. N.I., from Thyetmyo to Hurryhur.

7th Regt. N.I., from Rypeore to Singapore, to embark at Munsoorcottah.

9th Regt. N.I., from Moulmein to Trichinopoly.

11th Regt. N.I., from Berhampore to Rypeore.

16th Regt. N.I., from Madras to Tonghoo.

25th Regt. N.I., from Trichinopoly to Moulmein, to embark at Negapatam.

29th Regt. N.I., from Saugor to Secunderabad.

30th Regt. N.I., from Hurryhur to Thyetmyo, to embark at Madras.

32nd Regt. N.I., from Secunderabad to Saugor.

34th Regt. L.I., from Singapore to Berhampore.

MADRAS ARMY.

Fort St. George, Aug. 29.—No. 312.—The following extract from a military despatch from the Right Hon. the Sec. of State for India is published:—

Despatch dated May 31, 1865.

No. 67.—1. I observe from your last official army List, that the names of the officers on the general list, who were appt. under the new conditions and have been transferred to the new line regts., have been removed from the list of your Presidency.

2. No authority has been given by me for this course, nor is it in accordance with the instructions contained in my despatch to the Govt. of India, dated June 17 last, No. 194, paragraph 55, which directed the removal of the names of certain officers from the cadres of regts., but did not authorise a similar course with respect to the names of officers on the general list.

3. The removal of these officers' names would give an undue advantage to the officers of the general list in regard to the pro., and cannot therefore be sanctioned.

4. The names of these officers must be re-inserted in italics in their proper places on the list on which their names have been hitherto borne.

In accordance with the foregoing instructions of H. M.'s Govt., the following list, showing the position and dates of rank of the officers concerned, as they should stand in the cavalry and infantry general lists of the Madras army, are published:—

Cavalry General List.

Capt. V. E. Law, v. Fraser, 3rd L.C., July 16, 1864, as at present.

Capt. H. E. Kensis, 20th hussars, v. Lawford, 4th L.C., Nov. 30, 1864.

Capt. J. D. Bird, 20th hussars, v. Grant, 3rd L.C. Jan. 19, 1865.

Lieut. A. R. Kenney, v. Hope, 8rd L.C., March 14, 1861.

Lieut. S. Bullock, v. Simson, 5th L.C., March 27, 1861.

Lieut. A. Curtois, v. Stewart, 4th L.C., April 21, 1861, as at present.

* The promotions of these two officers to the rank of captain, made in G.O.G. Dec. 9, 1864, No. 468, and July 25, 1865, No. 265, are hereby cancelled.

Lieut. H. A. Yates, v. Fellowes, 3rd L.C., May 14, 1861, do.

Lieut. W. D. B. Ketchen, v. Hodgson, 2nd L.C., May 17, 1861, do.

Lieut. A. H. A. Colville, v. Grant, 3rd L.C., Sept. 20, 1861, do.

Lieut. H. Cracroft, v. Aynsley, 6th L.C., Nov. 3, 1861, do.

Lieut. F. M. Onslow, v. Helbert, 5th L.C., Dec. 26, 1861, do.

Lieut. H. R. Hope, v. Money, 3rd L.C., Jan. 1, 1862, do.

Lieut. F. W. Bullor, v. Fairlie, 6th L.C., Jan. 1, 1862, do.

Lieut. A. G. W. Hemans, v. Stewart, 8th L.C., Jan. 20, 1862, do.

Lieut. G. M. Onslow, 20th hussars, v. Alexander, 8th L.C., May 20, 1862.

Lieut. W. B. Warner, v. Fraser, 3rd L.C., July 1, 1862, as at present.

Lieut. D. J. S. McLeod, v. Parsons, 1st L.C., July 20, 1862, do.

Lieut. H. W. Pardoe, v. Wellesley, 1st L.C., Aug. 15, 1862, do.

Lieut. C. M. A. Morant, v. Elliott, 5th L.C., Sept. 20, 1862, do.

Lieut. T. Deane, 21st hussars, v. Clerk, 2nd L.C., March 4, 1863.

The names of officers of the infantry general list, above Lieut. Lonsdale, are not published, as their position and dates of rank are not affected.

Lieut. C. H. Lonsdale, 105th foot, v. Daunt, 25th N.I., Dec. 30, 1861.

Lieut. N. D. McAllum, v. Moore, 29th N.I., Jan. 1, 1862, as at present.

Lieut. T. R. Byng, v. Smith, 27th N.I., Jan. 1, 1862, ditto.

Lieut. C. R. Bradstreet, v. Vizard, 35th N.I., Jan. 1, 1862, ditto.

Lieut. R. E. Cox, v. Weldon, 42nd N.I., Jan. 1, 1862, ditto.

Lieut. W. C. Ellis, v. Lord, 20th N.I., Jan. 1, 1862, ditto.

Lieut. R. T. Chapman, v. Strickland, 49th N.I., Jan. 1, 1862, ditto.

Lieut. T. C. Briggs, v. Puckle, 3rd L.I., Jan. 1, 1862, ditto.

Lieut. H. R. Ogilvie, v. Grant, 15th N.I., Jan. 1, 1862, ditto.

Lieut. H. R. Shelley, v. Paxton, 43rd N.I., Jan. 1, 1862, ditto.

Lieut. G. E. Weston, v. Philips, 41st N.I., Jan. 1, 1862, ditto.

Lieut. W. H. St. A. Wilton, v. Magrath, 1st N.I., Jan. 1, 1862, ditto.

Lieut. J. E. F. Strettell, v. Beresford, 16th N.I., Jan. 1, 1862, ditto.

Lieut. S. W. McIver, v. Broome, 28th N.I., Jan. 1, 1862, ditto.

Lieut. F. H. Mathias, v. Somerville, 26th N.I., Jan. 1, 1862, ditto.

Lieut. C. H. Trotman, v. Mitcalfe, 10th N.I., Jan. 1, 1862, do.

Lieut. A. C. Mottet, v. Cadell, 36th N.I., Jan. 1, 1862, do.

Lieut. J. S. Blaxland, v. Grant, 44th N.I., Jan. 1, 1862, do.

Lieut. S. L. Bagshawe, v. Chapman, 17th N.I., Jan. 1, 1862, do.

Lieut. E. Moore, v. Campbell, 51st N.I., Jan. 1, 1862, do.

Lieut. R. Nelson, v. Lateward, 52nd N.I., Jan. 1, 1862, do.

Lieut. G. J. vanSomeren, v. Drever, 31st L.I., Jan. 1, 1862, do.

Lieut. E. J. Gunthorpe, v. Frazer, 25th N.I., Jan. 1, 1862, do.

Lieut. C. Walker, v. Swauston, 7th N.I., Jan. 1, 1862, do.

Lieut. H. E. Gower, v. Dyer, 50th N.I., Jan. 1, 1862, do.

Lieut. E. G. Blenkinsop, v. Bradford, 3rd M.E.R., Jan. 1, 1862, do.

Lieut. F. Farrer, v. Kincaid, 22nd N.I., Jan. 1, 1862, do.

Lieut. T. S. Magan, v. Skottowe, 2nd N.I., Jan. 1, 1862, do.

Lieut. R. G. Briggs, v. Read, 3rd L.I., Jan. 1, 1862, do.

Lieut. F. J. Lawder, v. Clay, 3rd L.I., Jan. 1, 1862, do.

Lieut. A. Anderson, v. Nuttall, 17th N.I., Jan. 1, 1862, do.

Lieut. T. E. Thorpe, v. Mackie, 24th N.I., Jan. 1, 1862, do.

Lieut. C. Curtois, v. Shortland, 24th N.I., Jan. 1, 1862, do.

Lieut. R. L. N. Sturt, v. Stewart, 39th N.I., Jan. 1, 1862, do.

Lieut. R. Wilson, v. James, 43rd N.I., Jan. 1, 1862, do.
 Lieut. H. W. Bairnsfather, v. Russell, 43rd N.I., Jan. 1, 1862, do.
 Lieut. A. W. L. Anderson, v. Moxon, 45th N.I., Jan. 1, 1862, do.
 Lieut. R. F. Taylor, v. Bowen, 48th N.I., Jan. 1, 1862, do.
 Lieut. R. C. Hutchinson, v. Bradish, 15th N.I., Jan. 3, 1862, do.
 Lieut. A. S. Tollemache, 108th foot, v. McNeill, 13th N.I., Jan. 18, 1862.
 Lieut. C. J. Dyke, 108th foot, v. Hutchison, 28th N.I., Jan. 22, 1862.
 Lieut. A. C. Williams, v. Bowyer, 14th N.I., Jan. 25, 1862, as at present.
 Lieut. H. W. A. Willins, 105th foot, v. Lake, 3rd L.I., Jan. 31, 1862.
 Lieut. W. McD. Robinson, v. Homan, 50th N.I., Feb. 28, 1862, as at present.
 Lieut. H. H. G. Hands, v. Yorston, 26th N.I., March 15, 1862, do.
 Lieut. A. Erskine, 108th Foot, v. Shelley, 31st L.I., April 1, 1862.
 Lieut. H. J. Nicholls, v. Crossman, 41st N.I., April 21, 1862, as at present.
 Lieut. J. E. Whitehead, 105th foot, v. Halhed, 52nd N.I., April 26, 1862, exchanged to 66th foot, Jan. 23, 1865. Will be removed from the Army List.
 Lieut. J. G. R. D. Macneill, v. Ryves, 19th N.I., May 7, 1862, as at present.
 Lieut. H. A. A. Prior, v. Beddek, 2nd E.L.I., May 22, 1862, ditto.
 Lieut. F. W. Graham, 108th foot, v. Underwood, 49th N.I., June 1, 1862.
 Lieut. J. F. Pinhey, v. Stephenson, 44th N.I., June 10, 1862, as at present.
 Lieut. J. Blair, 102nd foot, v. Jones, 51st N.I., July 29, 1862.
 Lieut. E. S. Skinner, v. Beckley, 9th N.I., July 30, 1862.
 Lieut. F. R. B. Byrch, v. Dunbar, 12th N.I., July 30, 1862, as at present.
 Lieut. F. Hole, v. Hankin, 15th N.I., July 30, 1862, ditto.
 Lieut. J. Nicholson, v. Hudleston, 41st N.I., July 30, 1862, dismissed the service, Oct. 2, 1863.
 Lieut. A. M. Black, v. Gordon, 15th N.I., July 30, 1862, as at present.
 Lieut. C. W. Blenkin, v. Therry, 15th N.I., July 30, 1862, ditto.
 Lieut. J. C. V. White, 102nd foot, v. Griffith, 45th N.I., July 30, 1862, died Nov. 25, 1863.
 Lieut. A. G. C. Power, 105th foot, v. Georges, 30th N.I., July 30, 1862.
 Lieut. W. S. Arbutnot, 108th foot, v. Hosken, 33rd N.I., July 30, 1862.
 Lieut. R. Hunter, v. Gordon, 24th N.I., July 30, 1862, as at present.
 Lieut. H. E. D. Bayley, v. Hearn, 26th N.I., July 30, 1862, as at present.
 Lieut. J. H. Gaussen, v. Nicholson, 27th N.I., July 30, 1862, as at present.
 Lieut. C. H. Carr, 102nd foot, v. Macdonald, 35th N.I., July 30, 1862.
 Lieut. H. A. Hogge, 105th foot, v. Wray, 35th N.I., July 30, 1862.
 Lieut. J. L. G. Silver (late), v. Shaw, 27th N.I., July 30, 1862, died June 19, 1865.
 Lieut. J. Arnott, 105th foot, v. Wilkinson, 35th N.I., July 30, 1862.
 Lieut. D. C. Budd, 20th hussars, v. Sewell, 36th N.I., July 30, 1862.
 Lieut. E. W. G. Williams, 105th foot, v. Raikes, 38th N.I., July 30, 1862.
 Lieut. P. Justice, 105th foot, v. Hart, 40th N.I., July 30, 1862.
 Lieut. H. T. H. Baber, v. Gordon, 28th N.I., July 30, 1862.
 Lieut. S. L. Hunt, v. Stokes, 29th N.I., July 30, 1862, as at present.
 Lieut. E. T. Rogers, v. Caulfield, 65th N.I., July 30, 1862, died Feb. 12, 1863.
 Lieut. H. E. Wilkinson, 105th foot, v. Wyse, 34th L.I., July 31, 1862, died March 17, 1864.
 Lieut. H. L. Berkley, v. Palmer, 22nd N.I., Aug. 1, 1862.
 Lieut. R. C. Andrew, 21st hussars, v. Worsop, 21st N.I., Aug. 6, 1862.
 Lieut. R. G. Newbolt, 105th foot, v. Bowley, 3rd M.E.R., Aug. 15, 1862.
 Lieut. J. S. A. Bruff, 19th hussars, v. Rowlandson, 10th N.I., Aug. 15, 1862.
 Lieut. S. Renaud, 108th foot, v. Taylor, 20th N.I., Aug. 15, 1862.
 Lieut. A. Hamilton, 102nd foot, v. Stuart, 17th N.I., Aug. 30, 1862.

Lieut. J. Hotham, v. Munro, 6th N.I., Sept. 1, 1862.
 Lieut. A. Munro, 108th foot, v. Knyvet, 41st N.I., Sept. 25, 1862.
 Lieut. G. F. Preston, 102nd foot, v. Cotton, 4th N.I., Oct. 31, 1862.
 Lieut. L. W. Iredell, 104th foot, v. Menzies, 31st L.I., Dec. 10, 1862.
 Lieut. L. Smith, 108th foot, v. Adams, 37th grens., from Oct. 10, 1862.
 Lieut. T. B. Turner, 102nd foot, v. Beatty, 10th N.I., Dec. 30, 1862.
 Lieut. A. F. Wilkinson, v. Smith, 27th N.I., Dec. 30, 1862.
 Lieut. A. Chaplin, v. Stoddart, 3rd M.E.R., Jan. 2, 1863.
 Lieut. G. Lecky, v. Mackenzie, 41st N.I., Jan. 5, 1863.
 Lieut. J. Winslow, 106th foot, v. Stafford, 34th L.I., Jan. 12, 1863.
 Lieut. W. M. Playfair, 107th foot, v. Hawkes, 44th N.I., Jan. 14, 1863.
 Lieut. W. H. C. Smith, 104th foot, v. Creery, 3rd M.E.R., Feb. 5, 1863.
 Lieut. J. G. M. DeL. Bean, 107th foot, v. Rogers, gen. list, Feb. 13, 1863.
 Lieut. H. White, v. Williams, 18th N.I., March 2, 1863.
 Lieut. H. J. Beattie, 20th hussars, v. Swanston, 37th grens., March 2, 1863.
 Lieut. G. C. Cooper, v. Millar, 33rd N.I., March 22, 1863.
 Lieut. C. E. L. Eastall, v. Montgomerie, 3rd L.I., March 23, 1863.
 Lieut. J. W. M. Cotton, 21st hussars, v. McMahon, 30th N.I., March 25, 1863.
 Lieut. F. E. Spry, v. Fane, 11th N.I., April 3, 1863.
 Lieut. A. J. Shaw, v. Campbell, 45th N.I., April 10, 1863.
 Lieut. R. G. E. Dalrymple, 19th hussars, v. Sadler, 49th N.I., April 13, 1863.
 Lieut. F. J. F. Munro, v. Griffith, 48th N.I., April 15, 1863.
 Lieut. C. C. Campbell, v. Stephens, 31st L.I., April 15, 1863.
 Lieut. E. P. Maltby, v. Rawlins, 17th N.I., April 24, 1864.
 Lieut. W. Miller, v. Stiles, 4th N.I., April 27, 1863.
 Lieut. R. M. Clerk, v. Gumm, 31st L.I., April 28, 1863.
 Lieut. T. W. Sandes, staff corps, v. Hill, 48th N.I., April 29, 1863.
 Lieut. M. H. Wratislaw, v. Shirrefs, 25th N.I., May 1, 1863.
 Lieut. A. Hynes, 109th foot, v. Vandeleur, 49th N.I., May 4, 1863.
 Lieut. A. Lloyd, 101st foot, v. Kennedy, 23rd L.I., May 30, 1863.
 Lieut. T. Price, 103rd foot, v. Burn, 5th N.I., June 2, 1863.
 Lieut. A. R. Sanderson, 105th foot, v. Milner, 15th N.I., June 15, 1863, killed in action Nov. 20, 1863.
 Lieut. F. G. Faber, 102nd foot, v. Tollemache, 48th N.I., June 24, 1863.
 Lieut. A. H. Mayhew, 109th foot, v. Barnett, 44th N.I., July 4, 1863.
 Lieut. E. G. P. Wood, 103rd foot, v. Scott, 19th N.I., July 16, 1863.
 Lieut. J. T. Cummins, v. Johnstone, 1st N.I., July 25, 1863.
 Lieut. F. E. Shepherd, 108th foot, v. Elliot, 11th N.I., July 25, 1863.
 Lieut. T. A. Tharp, 104th foot, v. Taylor, 1st N.I., Aug. 25, 1863.
 Lieut. E. R. Coker, 106th foot, v. Bell, 6th N.I., Aug. 29, 1863.
 Lieut. A. H. S. Neill, 103rd foot, v. Lee, 37th grenadiers, Sept. 10, 1863.
 Lieut. A. L. Wynter, 104th foot, v. Wetherall, gen. list, Sept. 14, 1863.
 Lieut. A. F. Kenny, v. Gordon, 26th N.I., Sept. 29, 1863, res. May 12, 1864.
 Lieut. J. J. Fletcher, v. Nicholson, gen. list, Oct. 3, 1863.
 Lieut. W. Hamilton, v. Osborn, 30th N.I., Nov. 14, 1863.
 Lieut. E. H. Fisher, v. Sanderson, gen. list, Nov. 21, 1863.
 Lieut. F. T. Powis, v. White, gen. list, Nov. 26, 1863.
 Lieut. W. Stainforth, v. Ouchterlony, 2nd Eur. L.I., Dec. 3, 1863.
 Lieut. D. Heming, v. Logan, 37th grenadiers, Jan. 8, 1864.

Lieut. W. H. M. Francklyn, v. New, 33rd N.I., Jan. 18, 1864.
 Lieut. T. H. Campbell, v. Sandys, 48th N.I., Feb. 18, 1864.
 Lieut. H. C. Hamilton, v. Seton, 1st M.F., Feb. 26, 1864.
 Lieut. R. H. T. Hill, v. Barrington, 52nd N.I., Feb. 29, 1864.
 Lieut. R. Stokoe, v. Oliver, 1st M.F., March 1, 1864.
 Lieut. C. J. Johnston, v. Ross, 39th N.I., March 16, 1864.
 Lieut. G. G. Bird, 106th foot, v. Wyly, 18th N.I., March 18, 1864.
 Lieut. H. M. Dale, v. Wilkinson, gen. list, March 18, 1864.
 Lieut. F. W. Nicolay, 107th foot, v. Dixon, 10th N.I., March 20, 1864.
 Lieut. F. A. Wetherall, v. Merritt, 9th N.I., March 21, 1864.
 Lieut. C. H. Sheppard, v. Browne, 24th N.I., March 28, 1864.

BOMBAY.

BY THE GOVERNOR IN COUNCIL.

Bombay Castle, Sept. 12.—No. 470.—Asst. surg. F. Beaumont, Madras medical estab., residency surgeon, Indore, has furlough to Europe for 20 mo., m.c.

No. 471.—The following officers have furlough to Europe for 20 mo., m.c. :—

Lieut. G. T. Stevens, staff corps, adjt. H.M.'s 21st regt. N.I.

Lieut. C. F. James, staff corps, adjt. H.M.'s 20th regt. N.I.

Sept. 13.—Lieut. E. W. West, 28th regt. N.I., has been app. to act as asst. political agent in the Mahee Kanta.

Sept. 8.—ERRATUM.—For the Government notification, dated 5th inst., published in Government Gazette, read the following :—

The Hon. the Governor in Council is pleased to invest the undermentioned officers with the powers contemplated by Act 13 of 1859, in the Khandeish district :—

Mr. A. H. Spry, 1st asst. magistrate.

Mr. S. H. Phillpotts, 2nd asst. mag.

Mr. F. Thelwall, extra 2nd asst. mag.

Sept. 9.—Major W. Southey, Madras staff corps, 1st class dep. coll. and mag. of Kurrachee, to be Scindee translator to Government in Scinde.

Sept. 13.—The Hon. the Governor in Council is pleased to invest each of the undermentioned officers with the powers of a subord. mag. 2nd class, and with powers to commit cases to the sessions in their respective districts :—

Mr. H. J. Stokes, supernu. 3rd asst. to coll. and mag. of Belgaum.

Mr. J. Jardine, supernu. asst. to the coll. and mag. of Dharwar.

No. 477.—Asst. surg. H. Cook, m.d., and Asst. surg. J. T. Welsh, m.d., are brought on the strength of the Bombay med. estab., from Aug. 31, the date of their arrival in Bombay.

No. 478.—The furl. to Eur. granted in G.O. No. 465, of 5th inst., to Lieut. T. A. Buchanan, H.M.'s 6th regt. N.I., is, with permission, to proceed via Egypt.

No. 479.—Surg. maj. F. W. Harris is allowed a furl. to Eur. for 20 mo., on m.c.

No. 481.—The foll. officer of the R.E. is raised to increased pay, viz. :—Lieut. col. A. Cowper, v. Kendall, prom., dated April 14.

No. 482.—The underment. officer, having completed 20 years' service, to be major by brevet, from the date specified, under para. 69 of the despatch from the Right Hon. the Secy. of State for India No. 194, dated June 17, 1864, subject to H.M.'s approval :—Capt. J. F. Berthon, Sept. 8.

No. 483.—The foll. officer having applied for admission to the staff corps, under the provisions of para. 5 of G.O.G.I. No. 531, dated June 27, 1864, is app. to the Bombay staff corps from the date specified opposite his name, subject to the approval of H.M.'s Secy. of State for India :—Lieut. (Brev. capt.) W. T. Mills, 25th N.L.I., wing officer 30th N.I. or Jacob's rifles, from July 1.

Lieut. F. S. MacGillivray, superint. of police at Shikarpoor, is allowed leave of abs. for 1 mo., on m.c., under para. 39 of the new mil. furl. regs.

Sept. 4.—Mr. A. Taylor is appd. to offic. as dep. comsdr. of customs, salt, and opium, P.D., until further orders.

Sept. 6.—Mr. A. C. Trevor's duty under the settlement officer in Guzerat having expired on the 31st ult., he has been re-appd. 2nd asst. coll. and

mag. at Kaira from the 1st inst., and to act as 1st asst. coll. and mag. at Kaira from the date of assuming charge.

Sept. 9.—Mr. A. C. Watt has been appd. acting 2nd asst. coll. and mag. of Canara, from July 12 last.

Mr. H. J. Stokes to be supernumerary 3rd asst. to the coll. and mag. of Belgaum.

Mr. J. Jardine to be supernumerary asst. to the coll. and mag. of Dharwar.

Sept. 12.—Mr. A. Faulkner to be 2nd asst. comanr. of customs, salt, and opium, v. Mr. H. Miles, dec.

Mr. H. Cameron to be offic. 4th class asst. comanr. of customs, salt, and opium, v. Mr. M. F. Ingle.

Mr. H. Summers is appd. asst. to the superint., rev. survey and assessment, Goozerat, in succession to the late Mr. A. H. Jordan. Mr. Summers is also appd. a dep. coll. in the Surat collectorate so long as he is employed on special survey and settlement duty in that collectorate, and is vested with powers.

The appt. of Mr. A. C. Watt as supernumerary 8rd asst. coll. and mag. of Canara, made on March 22 last, is to have effect from Jan. 10 last.

Sept. 9.—Asst. surg. Stedman received charge of the duties of surg. to the Jamsetjee Jejeebhoy Hospital on July 24 last, and Asst. surg. Joynt, m.d., those of asst. surg. to the Jamsetjee Jejeebhoy Hospital, on the same date, v. Surg. major Girand, m.d., reported sick.

Sept. 11.—Mr. G. Miles, asst. sec. to Govt. in the judicial dept., is appd. auditor of the accounts of the Mauritius emigration agency at Bombay.

Sept. 12.—Asst. surg. H. Day, m.d., civil surg. Rutnagherry, is allowed priv. leave of abs. for 2 mo., from 25th inst., under Sec. VI. of the New Covenanted Civil Service Absentee Rules, his duties during his absence being performed by Asst. surg. Barry, m.d., general duty Bombay garrison.

Staff asst. surg. Taylor acted as supt. Lunatic Asylum, Colaba, from 31st ult. to 7th inst., both days inclusive, during the abs. of Dr. Niven on special duty in the Deccan.

Sept. 13.—Major W. Southey is appd. educational insp. in Scinde, during the abs. on leave to England of Mr. Moore.

BIRTHS.

ALDRED.—At Coconada, Aug. 27, the wife of Mr. J. Aldred, Inspector of Police, Godavery district, of a son.

ATTWOOD.—At Hazareebaugh, Aug. 27, the wife of Lieut. F. R. Attwood, 27th Inniskillings, of a daughter.

BALDWIN.—At Allahabad, Sept. 4, the wife of Rev. J. R. Baldwin, Civil Chaplain of Allahabad, of a son.

BAUMGARTNER.—At Hazareebaugh, Sept. 4, the wife of Col. R. J. Baumgartner, c.b., 27th Inniskillings, of a son.

BRODIE.—At Colpetty, Sept. 7, Mrs. W. C. Brodie, of a son.

CARSON.—At Marandahn, Colombo, Sept. 5, the wife of F. A. Carson, Esq., of a daughter.

CROSS.—At Sehore, Malwa, Sept. 1, the wife of Major Robert Cogan Cross, of a daughter.

DAVIES.—At Rangoon, June 21, the wife of Major H. N. Davies, Secretary to Chief Commissioner of British Burmah, of a daughter.

DAVIDSON.—At Trevandrum, Travancore, Aug. 30, the wife of Alfred A. Davidson, Esq., of a son.

ERSKINE.—At Fort William, Calcutta, Aug. 27 last, the wife of Lieut. W. Erskine, H.M.'s 54th Regt., of a daughter.

FRYER.—At Rangoon, Aug. 18, the wife of Capt. G. E. Fryer, Assistant Secretary to the Chief Commissioner, of a daughter.

HARDINGE.—At Muttra, Sept. 8, the wife of Bradford Hardinge, Esq., C.S., of a son.

HINGE.—At Lucknow, Sept. 8, the wife of Veterinary Surgeon D. J. Hinge, R.A., of a daughter.

HOGG.—At Nowgong, Sept. 4, the wife of Lieut. T. W. Hogg, 1st Bengal Cavalry, of a daughter.

IMLAH.—At Bellevue House, Kandy, Sept. 15, the wife of James Imlah, Esq., Happottella, of a daughter.

LEAHY.—At Berhampore, Sept. 3, the wife of Mr. P. Leahy, Commissariat Department, of a son.

MCLAUGHLIN.—At Arrah, Sept. 1, the wife of F. H. McLaughlin, b.c.s., of a son.

MACKENZIE.—At Seebpore, Sept. 6, the wife of R. C. S. Mackenzie, Esq., of a son.

MAXWELL.—At Benares, Sept. 1, the wife of T. Maxwell, Esq., Surgeon, 14th Regt. N.I., of a daughter.

MACKENZIE.—At Seebpore, Sept. 6, the wife of R. C. S. Mackenzie, Esq., of a son.

MEDLEY.—At Roorkie, Sept. 6, the wife of Major Medley, R.E., of a son.

PARLBY.—At Fort William, Sept. 3, the wife of Capt. Parlby, Fort Adjutant, of a daughter.

PAVE.—At Colombo, Sept. 7, the wife of John Henry Pave, of a son.

PRINGLE.—At Bombay, Aug. 3, the wife of Dr. Pringle, of a son.

ROME.—At 45, Chowringhee-road, Calcutta, Sept. 2, the wife of James Rome, of a daughter.

ROSS.—At Seebpore, Howrah, Sept. 1, the wife of Mr. Charles Ross, of a daughter.

RAPHAEL.—At Calcutta, Sept. 8, the wife of S. A. Raphael, Esq., of a son.

RANSOM.—At Calcutta, Sept. 1, the wife of S. Ransom, Esq., of a son, still-born.

ROW.—At Calcutta, Sept. 4, the wife of Capt. M. I. Row, of a son.

SIM.—At Murree, the wife of Lieut. col. George Sim, of a son.

SMART.—At Kurnool, Aug. 21, the wife of F. A. Smart, Esq., C.E., of a daughter.

STALKART.—At Seetulpore, Chupra, Aug. 31, the wife of John Stalkart, Esq., of twin sons.

TYTLER.—At Ootacamund, Aug. 23, the wife of Capt. T. P. Fraser Tytler, of a daughter.

WATT.—At Hoolangomna House, Matelle, Ceylon, Sept. 11, the wife of the Rev. John Watt, Presbyterian Chaplain, of a daughter.

MARRIAGES.

DAVIDSON.—HUTCHEONS.—At the Scotch Kirk, Sept. 12, Charles Stuart Davidson, Horogalla, Elkadua, to Barbara, only daughter of Mr. William Hutcheons, Banff, Scotland.

MITCHELL.—SMEDLEY.—At Trinity Church, Colombo, Sept. 6, William Wilson Mitchell, Esq., to Mary Hume Craven, eldest daughter of the late E. H. Smedley, Esq., District Judge, Kandy.

NELSON.—EASTFIELD.—At Subathoo, Sept. 1, J. J. S. Nelson, Lieut. 38th Regt., to Margaret Eastfield, third daughter of J. Taylor, Esq.

THORPE.—SCANLON.—At St. Stephen's Church, Calcutta, July 5, Mr. John Crowther Thorpe, Chief Engineer, steamer *India*, to Louisa Scanlon, of the Lower Orphanage.

DEATHS.

ANNIBAL.—R. Annibal, passenger by the P. and O. Company's *S. S. Benares*, from Southampton to Bombay, in the Red Sea, on Sept. 2, of heat apoplexy.

BANCROFT.—At Lucknow, Sept. 4, Mary Anne, the wife of Serg. N. W. Bancroft, aged 39.

BARKER.—At Calcutta, Coolie Bazaar, Aug. 30, Capt. D. H. Barker, aged 47.

BEATSON.—At Kishnaghur, Aug. 30, Mrs. Anne Elizabeth Beatson, aged 26.

CLOETE.—At St. Thomas's Mount, Madras, Sept. 8, Henry Sargeant, son of Capt. H. D. Cloete.

DUNNE.—At Mymensingh, Aug. 26, Henrietta Frances, only daughter of A. D. Dunne, Esq., aged 3.

DOYLE.—On Sept. 10, Frederick Maitland, son of Henry and Annie Doyle, aged 2 years.

MACFARLANE.—At Lucknow, on Sept. 5, William Macfarlane, Esq., manager of the Lucknow branch of the Bank of Bengal.

MAPLETON.—At Cawnpore, on Aug. 17, Lieut. F. Madan Maitland Mapleton, 88th Regt.

MCCAUSLAND.—At Almorah, on Sept. 3, Lieut. J. K. McCausland, late 34th N.I., doing duty with 4th Goorkhas.

PERREAU.—At Dalingkote, Bhootan, on Aug. 12, Asst. surg. Montague James Sutherland Perreau, aged 27 years.

PEMBERTON.—At Simla, on Aug. 22, Sholto Douglas, son of Capt. D. S. Pemberton.

RATTRAY.—At Serampore, Sept. 3, Frances Rattray, the widow of Robert Haldane Rattray, Esq., C.S., aged 46 years.

ROWLAND.—At sea, July 28, on board the Mail Steamer *Simla*, Miss Alice E. Rowland, aged 19 years.

SCOTT.—At Mussoorie, Sept. 3, Charles, only child of Lieutenant C. C. Scott Moncrieff, R.E., aged one year and nine months.

TUCKER.—Sept. 10, Louisa H. J., the wife of George Tucker, Esq.

TYRRELL.—At Seetapoor, Aug. 30, the son of Major and Mrs. Tyrrell, aged ten months.

VIVIAN.—At Berhampore, Aug. 31, Reginald Thomson, infant son of Geo. Wm. Vivian, Esq., C.E.

WAR OFFICE.

CHANGES, PROMOTIONS, &c., IN H.M.'s REGIMENTS SERVING IN INDIA. Oct. 10.

Royal Regt. of Artillery.—Major gen. T. G. Higgins to be col. comdnt., v. Lieut. gen. H. W. Gordon, dec.; Sept. 20.

Royal Artillery.—Lieut. col. and Brev. col. E. Price, c.b., to be col., v. R. Fitzgerald Crawford, removed as a general officer; Aug. 31. Lieut. col. and Brev. col. J. W. Domville to be col., v. J. St. George, c.b., removed as a general officer; Sept. 20. Capt. and Brev. major H. A. Smyth to be lieut. col., v. Price; Aug. 31. Capt. H. B. Sandford to be lieut. col., v. T. Biggs, retired upon full pay; Sept. 14. Capt. and Brev. Major P. W. Philipps to be lieut. col., v. Domville; Sept. 20. 2nd Capt. and Adj. E. Markham to be capt., v. Smyth; Aug. 31. 2nd Capt. W. De Vitre to be capt., v. Sandford; Sept. 14. 2nd Capt. H. R. Porter to be capt., v. Philipps; Sept. 20. Lieut. L. C. A. A. De Cetto to be 2nd capt., v. Markham; Aug. 31. Lieut. T. C. Fletcher to be 2nd capt., v. De Vitre; Sept. 14. Lieut. H. Anderson to be 2nd capt., v. Porter; Sept. 20. Lieut. F. Brinkley, from the seconded list, to be lieut., v. C. H. Pickering, prom.; Oct. 10. 2nd Capt. F. G. Ravenhill to be adj., v. Markham; Aug. 31.

Military Train.—Gent. cadet F. Luttmann-Johnson, from Royal Military College, to be ensign, without purch., v. Kennett, transf. to 4th drag. gds.; Oct. 10.

1st Regt. Foot.—Paymr., with hon. rank of Capt., G. Craig, from h.p., late of the military train, to be paymr., v. J. Deacon, placed upon h.p.; Oct. 10.

11th Foot.—Lieut. P. W. Jordan to be capt., by purch., v. T. L. Stack, who ret.; Ensign G. V. Meredith to be lieut., by purch., v. Jordan; G. N. Thomas, gent., to be ensign, by purch., v. Meredith; Oct. 10.

12th Foot.—C. J. E. Rhenins, gent., to be ensign, by purch., v. J. D. H. Stewart, transf. to 11th hussars; Oct. 10.

33rd Foot.—Staff surg. J. Sinclair, m.d., to be surg., v. W. Hanbury, app. to the staff; Oct. 10.

56th Foot.—Capt. J. W. Huskisson, from h.p. late 56th foot, to be capt., v. W. W. Bassett, who ret. on tempy. h.p.; Oct. 10.

60th Foot.—Lieut. N. Dogherty, from h.p. late Turkish contingent, to be lieut., v. Moody, prom. to a h.p. compy., without purch.; Ensign C. M. Turner to be lieut., by purch., v. N. Dogherty, who retires; J. N. B. Price, gent., to be ensign, by purch., v. Turner; Oct. 10.

Rifle Brigade.—Paymr., with hon. rank of Major, T. H. Ratcliff, from h.p., late of military train, to be paymr., v. T. Gough, dec.; Oct. 10.

MEDICAL DEPARTMENT.

Surg. W. Hanbury, from 33rd foot, to be staff surg., v. J. Sinclair, m.d., app. to 33rd foot; Oct. 10.

BREVET.

The following promotions to take place in succession to Lieut. gen. H. W. Gordon, royal regt. of art., who died Sept. 19:—

Major gen. E. Sabine to be lieut. gen.; Sept. 20. Col., with local rank of Major gen., J. St. George, c.b., to be major gen.; Sept. 20.

Major G. F. C. Pocock, unattached, to be lieut. col.; Sept. 20.

The following promotions to take place in succession to Major gen. W. C. Anderson, royal regt. of art., who died Aug. 30, 1865:—

Col. R. Fitzgerald Crawford, from R.A., to be major gen.; Aug. 31.

Capt. and Brev. major G. C. Henry, R.A., to be lieut. col.; Aug. 31.

Lieut. col. T. B. Collinson, R.E., having completed the qualifying service in the rank of lieut. col., to be col., under the provisions of the Royal Warrant of Oct. 14, 1858; Sept. 20.

Lieut. col. T. Diggs, on the retired full pay list of R.A., to be col., the rank being honorary only; Sept. 14.

INDIA EXCHANGES.

BANK AND COMMERCIAL BILLS.

	60 days' sight.	30 days' sight.	60 days' sight.	30 days' sight.
Calcutta	1s. 11d.	1s. 11d.	Singapore	4s. 4d.
Madras	1s. 11d.	1s. 11d.	Hong Kong	4s. 4d.
Bombay	1s. 11d.	1s. 11d.	Shanghai	—
Colombo	1s. pu.	1 0 1/2pm.		
Bar Silver, per oz., std. 5s. 1d.				
Mexican Dollars, per oz. 4s. 11d.				
Five Franc Pieces, per oz. 4s. 11d.				

To Correspondents.

All letters for insertion in *Allen's Indian Mail* should be accompanied with the real name and address of the writer, "not necessarily for publication, but as a guarantee of good faith."

Communications for the Editor, and Advertisements, should be sent under cover to Messrs. W.M. H. ALLEN & Co., 13, Waterloo place, S.W.

. Should any delay or irregularity occur in supplying this Paper, communication of the fact to the Publisher will insure a remedy.

ALLEN'S INDIAN MAIL,

MONDAY, October 16, 1865.

A NEW PHASE OF THE AMALGAMATION QUESTION.

THERE seems every reason to believe that the case of the Indian officers will not be settled without another appeal to Parliament; and, in order that the question may not be decided too easily or too soon, it now appears that the Royal officers are about to make a demonstration against the Amalgamation Act, under which, it is declared, their position in India has changed considerably for the worse. This is the report current in Calcutta, and has nothing to do with the alleged difference between the Horse Guards and the members of the last—or, perhaps, it would be safer to say latest—Royal Commission; so that between these different elements a very pretty complication may be expected. The *Englishman*, which has stated the case of the Royal officers in a very forcible manner, declares that not only will their grievances be forced upon the attention of Parliament in the ensuing Session, but the question will be raised as to the expediency of re-constituting a local European force for service in India.

On the part of the Royals it is contended that, whereas the Amalgamation Act was passed with the avowed object of getting rid of a monopoly, and equalising the conditions of service to all troops employed in India, the officers of the line are very far from getting their share of the loaves and fishes. They have Indian pay and allowances, but they have not Indian pensions, nor many advantages possessed by the officers of the Staff Corps, and even those with native regiments. And this notwithstanding that one-third of their number are kept constantly on Indian service, instead of something less than one-fifth, as under the old state of things, and that the cost of living in the country is double what it was. They may, it is true, go into the Staff Corps, but to do so they have not only to pass arduous examinations, but must sacrifice the value of their commissions, and give themselves up entirely to an Indian career—beginning life afresh in fact, which few are disposed to do, at any rate after they have

got their captaincies. They may also, on passing certain examinations, get posts on the Staff (if they happen to have in without forfeiting their present positions; but they justly argue that any extensive adoption of such opportunities would be greatly injurious to the efficiency of the service, and conducive to a similar state of things to that which broke up the Native Army. As for the amalgamation measure being a simplification of the old system, the effect has been to substitute for two, no less than five distinct services. Thus we have in India, as the writer in the *Englishman* points out:—1st, the Royals proper, the Queen's regiments going backwards and forwards as they have always done. 2nd. The new line regiments, which may hereafter become completely assimilated to those of the line, but which, for at least a quarter of a century longer, will retain their peculiar distinctions. 3rd. The Locals proper, the men whose condition is held to be exactly what it was before, though opinions differ upon the subject, and for only about half of whom there is or can be employment. 4th. The officers of the Staff Corps, who serve under conditions quite different from other classes of officers, for doing the same duty. 5th. The officers on the general list, who, as the writer says, "have entered on 'spec,' as it were, for we believe no special condition was made with them other than that they should have no claim to anything which it might be found convenient to withhold from them."

On such terms as these, adds the *Englishman*, "it would be well if the Indian Government could secure the services of all in its employ; but as this cannot be, it is merely an evil that there should be this general list class, on its own peculiar footing, in addition to four other classes, each of which is distinct from any other. The general list, being the youngest of the whole five, is likely to survive three of them. The ordinary regiments that pass to and fro may, of course, be supplied from England for an indefinite time to come. We trust, then, that the special attention of Parliament will be closely directed to the mode in which the chief defect in the late Company's system has been aggravated by the miserable bungling," &c.—we withhold some uncomplimentary epithets with which the sentence concludes.

Without entering minutely into the case of the Royals, we must at least admit generally that it has justice on its side. And the claims of this class, so far from being opposed to those of the Indian officers, should do their cause good service by arousing the Legislature to a sense of the utter failure of the Amalgamation measure to satisfy any of the parties concerned. Though the Indians have been for the most part Secessionists, the Royals have been

generally looked upon as supporters of the Union; but when both classes agree that separation would be for the better, there is an additional chance of the end being gained. Local interests may be neglected, as we have seen, but the question has become one of Imperial policy; and when this fact is fully understood, the Legislature can scarcely do less than act in a decided manner. The Indian officers may therefore be assured of this—that failing a proper adjustment of their claims, there is every probability of the abandonment of amalgamation altogether, and the restoration of the local service to something like its former footing.

INDIAN MAILS.—A WORD WITH MR. REUTER.

THE Barbadians say of themselves that they have only one fault—they are too brave. Perhaps Mr. Reuter is of opinion that the one fault of his telegrams is—that they are too speedy. If so, we can assure him that he is mistaken. We allude particularly to the telegrams announcing the progress of the homeward mails from India. When there are breaks in the line we are prepared for a little delay, and the longer the distance the less certain will the arrival be in point of time. But there is no reason why information of the arrival of the mail at Suez, Alexandria, or Malta, should not be telegraphed until the day after the steamer has left, as is usually the case. For instance, on Saturday evening, the London journals published the first intelligence of the arrival of the mail at Malta, in a despatch dated Thursday, stating that the steamer had *left* Malta on the previous day. The Sunday papers contained no later news, and it is only on Monday morning that the public are informed, by a telegram dated Saturday, that the mail arrived at Marseilles at 10 A.M. on that day. The mail was then in the Post-office; so that the readers of the morning papers must literally have "got up very early" to have gained the information before the receipt of their letters. It would be far better if, whether from Suez, Alexandria, Malta, or Marseilles, the telegram was despatched *on the arrival* of the steamer, with an intimation when she was to leave; and it is obvious that in the case of Marseilles, unless particular promptitude be exercised, it is of no use telegraphing at all. In fact, if the Post-office brought the mails from Marseilles in reasonable time, instead of taking from thirty to thirty-six hours for the purpose, they would always outstrip the telegraph, under present arrangements. Of course some of the delay of which we complain is attributable to the Peninsular and Oriental Company's agents; but it is to Mr. Reuter's interest to make them more prompt, and it is to be hoped that he will bestir himself for the purpose.

COURT OF BANKRUPTCY.—Oct. 10. [Before Mr. Registrar ROCHE.] IN RE LOUIS EMIL RUNTZ REES.

This was a meeting for proof of debts and choice of assignees. The bankrupt described himself as of 45, Commercial Sale Rooms, Mincing-lane, merchant, trading as Emil Rees, lately trading in co-partnership with Edward Wyttenback, of Calcutta, under the style of E. Wyttenback and Co., also in partnership with Julius Sonderman, at Lucknow, under the firm of J. Sonderman and Co., but now of 16, Mincing-lane, merchant's clerk. The failure is attributed to non-receipt of remittances from abroad, depreciation of produce, and the failure of other houses. The preliminary statement, prepared by Messrs. Johnstone, discloses debts to the extent of about £14,000; with assets not yet ascertained, but believed to be of trifling value. Amongst the creditors are the Delhi Banking Corporation, £3,461; Bank of Hindustan, China, and Japan, £710; Mr. T. A. Morgan, 32, Fenchurch-street, merchant, £3,500; and Mr. J. Rohrweger, Fen-court, Fenchurch-street, merchant, £2,120. Mr. J. P. Mugins, of Commercial Sale Rooms, Mincing-lane, merchant, was now chosen creditors' assignee; Messrs. Thomas and Hollams being the solicitors under the proceeding.

THE BANDA AND KIRWEE PRIZE MONEY.

The Court of Admiralty, Dr. Lushington presiding, were engaged on Monday, Oct. 9, with the case of Major-General Sir George Whitlock v. General Eyre, executor of Lord Clyde, and others. There were two motions, referring to the evidence and the closing of the proceedings, before the hearing. One was on the part of Major-General Whitlock, and the other on the part of one of the claimants to share in the booty, which exceeds in amount half a million sterling.

The Queen's Advocate, with whom was Mr. Ayrton, M.P., appeared on the part of Major-General Whitlock and others; Mr. Vernon Lushington for the executor of Lord Clyde; Mr. Pritchard for Major Osborn and others; Mr. Giffard for Colonel Norman; Dr. Tristram for Sir Hugh Rose; Mr. Bayford for General Wheeler; Mr. Cohen for General Roberts; Mr. E. C. Clarkson, Mr. Walker, and Mr. Bush represented other general officers who claimed to share in the fund now waiting to be distributed. The Treasury had, by special order, referred the matter to Dr. Lushington.

The Queen's Advocate moved that all the documents printed and comprised in the six volumes filed, bearing date on or previously to the 7th June, 1858 (the day of the capture), should be received and read, and have the same validity and effect as if they were affidavits in the cause, and that the 31st October instant be the last day for closing the evidence. The parties he had the honour to represent were the actual captors, and the object of the application was to admit all the official documents previously to the 7th June, 1858, when the capture took place, and the other documents bearing date subsequently to the 7th June, 1858, would not be admitted as evidence, but would come under a special category and different consideration to the other documents.

Mr. Vernon Lushington and the other learned counsel opposed the application in the order in which their names appeared. They severally urged that the object of this motion was to exclude evidence, and that justice could not be done unless all the documents printed in the six volumes at the instance of the plaintiffs were received as evidence. Unless the whole of the documents were admitted, evidence would have to be obtained from India at

great expense and delay; and Mr. Bayford declared that if all the documents were not received the case could not be closed before October next year. Further, it was urged that, on the part of Major-general Whitlock, certain admissions which were expected had not been made. The object of the application was to exclude a memoranda which Lord Clyde drew up of the campaign, and which showed the position of the several general officers who claimed as constructive captors of the booty. The nine learned gentlemen who appeared opposed the motions on both grounds.

His Lordship, after hearing the Queen's Advocate in reply, who complained of the attack made by the combined forces of his learned friends who mustered in such numbers, gave his opinion on the two motions. He had read through the six volumes, and was now on his second journey through them. He well remembered the Deccan case, which occurred forty-five years since, and in that cause no objection was taken to the admission of evidence. There could be no rule laid down in the present case; he could not be fettered in receiving documents, and unless the objects of the motions was to exclude evidence it was wholly unnecessary. His Lordship decided on admitting all the documents subject to any objection. The parties would bring in all the documents to the 31st instant, and could afterwards apply to admit other evidence.

Order accordingly.

IMPORTATION OF LUNATICS FROM INDIA.

At the meeting of Middlesex magistrates, on Thursday, Mr. Dixon brought under the notice of the Court a communication from Mr. Collins, the clerk to the board of guardians to the Poplar Union, in which it was stated that on the 11th September, eleven persons, all lunatics, natives of India, were landed from the ship *Devonshire*, arriving in the East India Dock, and belonging to Messrs. Wigram and Sons. They were immediately taken to the Poplar Workhouse, and ten of them were sent off to Hanwell Lunatic Asylum, the other one remaining in the workhouse. It was urged that it was hard upon the ratepayers that these lunatics should be brought from India to become a burden upon the ratepayers of this country, and trusted that application would be made to the India Board to devise some means of ridding them of this serious charge.

Mr. Halswell said that very recently more than 18 Indian lunatics had been landed, and were now wandering about this country, and if they were to be compelled to take into the county lunatic asylums all these wandering lunatics the consequence would be most frightful. One of the lunatics to whom he had referred had been a convict lunatic for 25 years, and two of them had been brought from the distant province of Upper Scinde. This was a new phase in the government of India, for while it was under the control of the East India Company these lunatics were all taken care of by them in India; but since India had been placed under the government these lunatics were brought over to this country. In the present case, to show the system, a cabin and attendants had been appropriated to them on their voyage. He thought this was a matter that ought to be taken up at once.

The Chairman said it was one of the most important questions that had ever come before the Court, and deserved the attention of a special committee to inquire into all the facts, and to report to the India Board or the Secretary of State if they should deem it necessary to do so.

This suggestion was adopted, and a committee was appointed consisting of the chairman of the court, Mr. Henry Pownall; Mr. Kemshead, chairman of accounts; and the chairmen of the committee of visitors of the two lunatic asylums, Mr. Dixon and Mr. Halswell.

MISCELLANEOUS.

ORDER OF THE BATH.—(WAR-OFFICE, Oct. 9.)—The Queen has been graciously pleased to give orders for the appointment of Lieutenant-General Sir John Gaspard Le Marchant, G.C.M.G., late Governor and Commander-in-Chief in and over the Island of Malta and its dependencies, to be an Ordinary Member of the Civil Division of the Second Class, or Knights Commanders of the Most Honourable Order of the Bath.

DESPATCH OF THE BOMBAY MAELS.—(SOUTHAMPTON, Oct. 12.)—The Peninsular and Oriental Company's steamship *Nyanza*, Captain Weeks, sailed this afternoon with the mails for Gibraltar, the Mediterranean, Egypt, Aden, Bombay, and Upper Bengal. She took out 80 first and 60 second-class passengers, and on freight, specie value £104,837, of which amount £15,900 is sovereigns for Alexandria, and the remainder for Bombay, comprising bar gold, £3,200; bar silver, £84,600; and watches, jewellery, &c., £1,137. Amongst the passengers are Captains Coote, Johnson, Haly, Vardon, and Walrond; Colonels Sandwith and Playfair; Staff-surgeons Hector, Spaw, and Spurway; Major-general Atherly; Surg. Sinclair, and Lieutenants Grace, Curtin, and Leggett.

THE BOMBAY AND MAURITIUS MAELS.—(SOUTHAMPTON, Oct. 14.)—The Peninsular and Oriental steamship *Syria*, Captain Christian, with the heavy portion of the above mails, arrived this evening at 6.45. She brings 129 passengers and eight packages specie, value £1,380. Her cargo includes 2,396 bales of raw silk, valued at £180,000 sterling.

ORIENTAL FINANCIAL CORPORATION.—At a meeting of the above company, held on the 12th inst., at the London Tavern, it was (with one dissentient) resolved, that the amalgamation with the Mediterranean Bank, which is to be united to the Bank of Bombay, be carried out, and that three shareholders of the Oriental Financial Company be united with the directors in superintending the winding-up of that company. It is believed that eventually, of the £10 per share called up, nearly all the surplus beyond the sum credited by the Bank of Bombay, £4 per share, will be realised. We congratulate the shareholders on the improved position of the Oriental Financial Company.

SHIPPING.

ARRIVALS.

Oct. 10. City of Amoy, Calcutta; City of Madras, Calcutta; City of Brussels, Calcutta; Woodville, Nagasaki; Elizabeth, Singapore; Ava, Cochin; Belsize, Mauritius; Mutiah, Mauritius; Ida, Singapore; Pollux, Mouline; Schlor, Rangoon. —11. Florence Nightingale, Calcutta; Aaron Brown, Bombay; Martha Bernie, Madras; Victory, Calcutta; Aleyone, Mauritius; Dora, Yokohama; Palestine, Ceylon; Arthur, Mouline; Queen of Australia, Calcutta; Medusa, Madras; Gitan, Calcutta; Kendworth Castle, Calcutta; Ananta, Calcutta; Sir R. Sepping, Madras; Zingari, Bombay; City of Ningpo, Calcutta; Lady Macdonald, Kurrachee; Martin Luther, Singapore. —12. Western Ocean, Madras; Clytemnestra, Calcutta; Sandringham, Bombay; Tomogonops, Bombay; Patriot Queen, Calcutta; Palmyra, Colombo; Crested Wave, Cochin; Palmerston, Colombo; West, Singapore; Ravensbourne, Calcutta; Amina Elizabeth, Batavia; Prince Alfred, Calcutta; Star of Erin, Calcutta, Malta, Rangoon; General Shipley, Rangoon; Wasp, Bombay; City of Bangor, Bassem; Rajmahal, Calcutta. —13. West, Singapore; Canada Belle, Mouline; Martin Luther, Singapore; Silver Cloud, Singapore; Zingara, Bombay; Compton, Bombay; War Cloud, Bombay; Caricoa, Bombay; Sharpshooter, Singapore; China, Rangoon.

DEPARTURES.

Oct. 12. Prince Alfred, Mauritius; Carioca, Bombay. —13. Indian Empire, Calcutta.

PASSENGERS DEPARTED.

Per Overland Route.

Per str. *Nyanza*, Oct. 12.—From SOUTHAMPTON.—For BOMBAY.—Mrs. Playfair and two infants, Col. and Mrs. Sandville, Miss Newton, Col. and Mrs. Playfair, Lieut. C. and Mrs. Grace, Miss Scott, Mr. E. T. Candy, Mr. R. E. Candy, Miss A. C. Harrison, Mr. L. Cooper, Mr. T. D. Mackenzie, Mr. J. R. Middleton, Miss Ashburner, Lieut. J. A. Curtin, Miss Prendergast, Capt. T. S. Coote, Mr. and Mrs. Beattie and three children, Mr. A. D. Carey, the Rev. Mr. and Mrs. Beatty, Miss Brown, Miss Milner, Mr. Stewart, Mr. H. Platt, Mr. S. Platt, Mr. Green, Mr. A. McDiarmid, Mrs. S. W. Booker, Mrs. Sinclair and infant, Mrs. B. Winton, Mr. E.

Winton, Surg. Sinclair, Mrs. Campbell, Mr. W. Coyle, Mr. Eyre, Miss Brown, Mr. J. V. Cleary. For ALEXANDRIA.—Capt. Johnson, Mrs. Coster, Miss Slater, Mr. and Mrs. Pertrici, Mr. Gilmour.

Per P. and O. str.—From MARSEILLES.—For BOMBAY.—Miss S. Scott, Capt. and Mrs. C. W. Finch, Col. Adams, Lieut. and Mrs. Osborn, Mr. L. Cooper, Mr. and Mrs. J. A. Reeve, Earl St. Maur, Capt. Kempson, Mr. Williams, Mr. Best, Mr. Scott and friend, Lieut. Thomas, Capt. Harris, Mr. T. Blay, Mr. Barnard, Mr. A. F. Wallace, Capt. E. Raynsford, Messrs. E. and B. Winton, Mrs. Campbell, Mr. J. Campbell, Miss Rindermann, Mr. J. Elphinstone, Capt. Hayshe, Mr. J. Mac-kinnon, Mr. J. Thomson, Mr. Brand, Mr. Grant, Mr. Buack-hausen.

NAUTICAL INCIDENT.

LIVERPOOL, Oct. 13.—The Dreadnought, from Bombay to Liverpool, was spoken on the 29th of September by the Annie, brigantine, which arrived here this day from Iquique, with foremast, mainmast, and jibboom carried away, the hands being employed clearing the wreck from the ship's side. She signalled that she required no assistance, but that her rudder was damaged, probably by the wreck, as a heavy sea was running.

DOMESTIC.

BIRTH.

KENDALL.—The wife of Bernard Kendall, Esq., of H.M.'s Indian Army, of a son, at Weymouth, Oct. 9.

MARRIAGES.

ALLEN—WHITEHEAD.—Robert Allen, Esq., of Sudbury, Suffolk, to Louisa, daughter of Capt. W. H. Whitehead, H.E.I.C.S., Hamilton-square, Liverpool, at St. James's Church, Piccadilly, Oct. 11.

ANDERSON—NEWLYN.—Benjamin T. G. Anderson, Esq., of Inshielair, Selkirkshire, N.B., to Amelia, daughter of the late Major William R. Newlyn, H.M.'s Madras Staff Corps, at Walcot Church, Bath, Oct. 10.

HUDDLESTON—CROFT.—Josiah Huddleston, Esq., Captain 41st Madras N.I., to Frances Croft, daughter of the Rev. G. J. Huddleston, rector of Tunworth, Hants, Oct. 10.

MASTER—BEGGIE.—John Henry Master, Esq., Madras C.S., to Gertrude E., daughter of Alfred Beggie, Esq., late of the Bengal C.S., at St. James's Church, Tunbridge Wells, Oct. 12.

REISSNER—GRANT.—Edward J. Reissner, Esq., of Berlin, to Letitia M., daughter of the late James C. Grant, Esq., of Calcutta, at St. Mary's, Islington, Oct. 9.

DEATHS.

CAVE.—Matilda, the wife of Major G. N. Cave, Bengal Staff Corps, at Westbury, Sherbourne, Dorsetshire, Oct. 5.

CLERK.—Henrietta Frances, wife of Robert Clerk, Esq., late of the Madras C.S., at Westholme, Somersetshire, Oct. 7.

CLOUGH.—Francis Clough, Esq., of Bombay, at Chelsea, aged 49, Oct. 6.

LANCASTER.—Major Henry Lancaster, late of the 20th Regt. Bombay N.I., at Warwick-road, Upper Clapton, aged 44, Oct. 7.

MANTUA.—The Princess Maria Eliza de Gonzaga, daughter of the late Col. Coke, of the Indian Army, and wife of H.S.H. the Prince Alexander 1st, of Gonzaga, Duhery, Mantua, &c., aged 62, Oct. 10.

RANSFORD.—Isabella, daughter of John Ransford, Esq., late Staff Surg. Bengal Army, at 1, Ellendale-villas, Bournemouth, Hants, aged 27, Oct. 10.

India Office,

October 9, 1865.

ARRIVALS REPORTED IN ENGLAND.

MILITARY.

Bengal Estab.—Asst. surg. T. B. Farnecombe, Med. Estab.; Major G. A. Williams, Staff Corps; Lieut. W. B. Birch, 21st N.I.; Lieut. G. G. Young, Staff Corps; Lieut. E. La Touche, Inf.

Madras Estab.—Surg. H. B. Montgomery, Med. Estab.; Lieut. H. W. Bird, 6th L.C.; Lieut. H. Porteous, 43rd N.I.; Capt. J. Simpson, Staff Corps; Surg. W. Aitken, Med. Estab.; Surg. major A. Blacklock, Med. Estab.; Capt. J. E. Baillie, Staff Corps.

Bombay Estab.—Capt. A. Macnaghten, 2nd L.C.; Major T. Nuttall, Staff Corps.

GRANTED EXTENSION OF LEAVE.

MILITARY.

Bengal Estab.—Lieut. M. H. Heathcote, Staff Corps, 6 mo.; Surg. major W. F. Mactier, Med. Estab., 6 mo.; Lieut. W. J. Cochrane, 68th N.I., 6 mo.; Major J. P. Briggs, 40th N.I., 6 mo.; Lieut. W. C. Carnegie, 4th Eur. Cav., 6 mo.; Lieut. H. F. Woodcock, Inf., 6 mo.; Surg. major E. Goodeve,

Med. Estab., 6 mo.; Lieut. J. B. Chatterton, 41st N.I., 6 mo.; Capt. J. A. Gayer, 2nd Eur. Regt., 6 mo.

Madras Estab.—Major J. Barclay, 8th L.C., 6 mo.; Major G. Atkinson, 6th N.I., 6 mo.; Lieut. C. Craufurd, 15th N.I., 6 mo.; Capt. F. Pictet, 49th N.I., 6 mo.; Surg. major J. W. Mudge, Med. Estab., 6 mo.

Bombay Estab.—Capt. A. T. Spens, Staff Corps, 6 mo.; Lieut. col. C. F. Grant, 3rd N.I., 6 mo.; Lieut. A. C. Babington, Inf., 6 mo.; Lieut. H. C. Moore, Engrs., 6 mo.

PERMITTED TO RETURN TO DUTY.

MILITARY.

Bengal Estab.—Capt. W. G. Keppel, 6th Eur. Regt.; Lieut. C. S. Noble, 72nd N.I.; Capt. G. Wheeler, Staff Corps; Lieut. T. H. Drake, Inf.; Asst. surg. A. Best, Med. Estab.; Surg. major C. Archer, Med. Estab.; Capt. W. Hogg, Staff Corps; Lieut. D. Stewart, Inf.

Madras Estab.—Lieut. W. A. Cheke, 13th N.I.; Lieut. D. H. Trail, Engrs.; Capt. H. Fraser, 3rd L.C.; Major J. Davidson, Staff Corps.

Bombay Estab.—Capt. C. F. Boulton, Staff Corps.

STOCKS AND SECURITIES.

Shares.		Paid.	Prices.
£.			
	India Stock, 1874.....		216 to 219
	India 5 per cent.		104½ to 105
	India 4 per cent.		98½
	India 4 per cent. 1888		105½
	India Enforced Paper 4 pr. ct.		89
	India 5 p. ct. Enfd. Paper, 1872		101 to 102
	India Stock, Enfd. Paper, 5½		
	per cent.		108 to 109
	India Stock Debentures, 1858		95½
	India Stock Debentures, 1869		
	" " " 1863		99½
	" " " 1864		99½
	" " " 1864 or 1866		99½
	India Debentures, do., £1,000		
	Do. 4 per cent., 1866.....		100
	India 5 per cent. for account....		
	India 5 per cent., 1870		104½
	India 4 per cent., 1888.....		99½
	India Loan Scrip 5 per cent.		104½
	India Bonds, 4 p. ct. (£1,000)		15s. to 16s. pm.
	India Bonds (£1,000)		22s. pm.
	Ditto (under £1,000)		17s.
	RAILWAYS.		
Stock	Bombay, Baroda, and Central India (guar. 5 per ct.)	100	100½ to 101½
20	Ditto F Shares	6	4 d. to 4½ pm.
Stock	Calcutta & S. Eastern (lim.)	100	99 to 100
Stock	Eastern Bengal (gu. 5 p. ct.)	100	101 to 102
Stock	East Indian	100	102½ to 103½
20	Ditto J. Extension	15	4 to 4½ pm.
Stock	G. I. Peninsula (gu. 5 p. ct.)	100	103 to 104
20	Ditto (New ditto)	14	4 to 4½ pm.
20	Ditto, New	4	4 to 4½ pm.
Stock	Great S. of India (Lim.) Scrip	100	101 to 102
Stock	Ditto 4½ p. c.	2	
Stock	Madras (guar. 4½ per ct.) ..	100	88 to 90
Stock	Ditto 5 per cent.	100	100½ to 101½
Stock	Ditto (guar. 4½ per cent)	100	92 to 94
20	5th Extension	2	
Stock	Scinde (guar. 5 per cent.) ..	100	100 to 101
Stock	Ditto Indus Steam Flotilla		
	(guar. 5 per ct.)	100	93 to 96 x d.
Stock	Delhi guar. 5 per cent.	100	100½ to 101½
Stock	Ditto Delhi gua. 5 p. c.	all	100½ to 101½
20	Ditto	2	4 to 4½ d.
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FROM

BRITISH & FOREIGN INDIA, CHINA, & ALL PARTS OF THE EAST.

(WITH THIS PAPER "THE INDIAN NEWS" IS NOW INCORPORATED.)

VOL. XXIII.—No. 691.] LONDON, MONDAY, OCTOBER 23, 1865.

[PRICE 6d.]

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DATES OF ADVICES.

Bengal.....	Sept. 22	Burmah (Rangoon)	Aug. 16
Madras	" 23	Bombay.....	Sept. 29
Agra.....	" 23	Ceylon	" 18
China (Hong Kong).....	Aug. 28.		

MAILS TO INDIA.

The Mails to India, China, &c., are made up in London, in each month, as follows:—

On the 3rd, at 6 P.M., via Marseilles and Bombay, to all parts of India.
On the 4th, at 8 A.M., via Southampton, to Calcutta, Madras, Ceylon, and China.
On the 10th, at 6 P.M., via Marseilles, to Calcutta, Madras, Ceylon, and China.
On the 12th, at 8 A.M., via Southampton, to Bombay and N.W. Provinces (also for letters only, to Madras and Lower Provinces of Bengal).
On the 18th, at 6 P.M., via Marseilles and Bombay, to all parts of India.
On the 20th, at 8 A.M., via Southampton, to Calcutta, Madras, Ceylon, and China.
On the 26th, at 6 P.M., via Marseilles, to Calcutta, Madras, Ceylon, and China.
On the 27th, at 8 A.M., via Southampton, to Bombay, and N.W. Provinces (also for letters only, to Madras and Lower Provinces of Bengal).

* * * When any of the above dates occur on Sunday, the Mails via Southampton are made up on the previous Evening, and those via Marseilles on the following Evening.

RATES OF POSTAGE.

LETTERS.

Via Marseilles, $\frac{1}{2}$ oz., 16d. ... 1 oz., 1s. 8d.
Every portion of an oz. afterwards an additional 1s. 8d.
Via Southampton, $\frac{1}{2}$ oz., 6d. ... 1 oz., 1s.
Every portion of an oz. afterwards an additional 1s.

NEWSPAPERS.

Via Marseilles, 4 oz., 3d. ... 8 oz., 6d.
Each succeeding 4 oz., 3d.
Via Southampton, $\frac{1}{2}$ oz., 2d. ... 8 oz., 3d.
Each succeeding 4 oz., 1d.

BOOKS, PATTERNS, &c.

Via Marseilles, 4 oz., 6d. ... 8 oz., 1s.
Each succeeding 8 oz., 1s.
Via Southampton, 4 oz., 4d. ... 8 oz., 8d.
Each succeeding 8 oz., 8d.

A French line of mail packets now leaves Marseilles on the 15th of every month for Alexandria. Postage for letters and papers to India and China the same as is charged by the English mail via Marseilles. Letters intended to be forwarded by these packets must be specially addressed "By French mail packet from Marseilles."

Books, Parcels, &c., may not exceed 3 lbs. in weight, or be of greater dimensions than 24 inches in length or 12 inches in width or depth.

[IN ALL CASES PREPAYMENT IS COMPULSORY.]

SUMMARY AND REVIEW.

We have received our usual files of papers, from Bombay to the 29th of September, and Calcutta to the 22nd of that month.

The Viceroy was still at Simla, but was expected to leave on October 20. It was believed, however, that his Excellency would not go to Calcutta for the season, but would hold the next session of his Council at Agra or Allahabad. It was uncertain whether he would hold the anticipated durbar, but in the event of his doing so Delhi was supposed to be the favoured place. Sir Bartle Frere and Sir William Mansfield were still disporting themselves at Poonah, where the usual courtly gaieties were in full force. The Governor had a distinguished guest in the person of the Hon. Mr. Maine, who had arrived in Bombay a short time before, and was expected to accompany Sir Bartle to the Nagpore Exhibition, which is to be opened on the 24th December next. By that time the Nagpore extension of the Great Indian Peninsular Railway will be a little advanced. Its opening to Badnaira was expected in November next, and to Kowta in the March following; but the whole line to Nagpore will not, it seems, be completed until January 1867.

Another Maharaj scandal case is reported in one of the Vernacular papers. A certain Maharaj has committed a vile outrage on a Hindoo child under ten years of age.

The 23rd Regiment N.I. had been ordered on field service to Kattiawar, to give an account of the Wagheers.

A new club was being formed at Simla—a United Service Club, to be confined to officers of the army and covenanted civil servants. Such an institution will be, doubtless, very acceptable. "The Simla Club" now existing is not a club at all, but an hotel, used more or less indiscriminately by the public, though it has special accommodation for private occasions, such as a large room for balls, theatricals, &c. It was never comparable to the "Himalaya," at Mussoorie, which, by the way, is not a service club, but is open to all comers who can pass the ordeal of the ballot.

There was a rumour that the King

of Bokhara has fallen out with the Russians, and has confiscated the property of the Russian merchants there, and that the Russians have done the same with the property of Bokhara and Cabul merchants, and that the King of Bokhara has marched a large body of troops against the Russians.

The above items comprise about all the notable news in Bombay, where even the weather had not proved of its usual service as a topic for talk. The rains had been of a very seasonable character, and the crops and the public health very satisfactory.

From the Bengal side we learn very little that we did not know before. There is "nothing new," we are told, from Bhootan, and the same remark will apply to most other places. The Deb Rajah still held out, and preparations were still proceeding to make him give in. He will have the Dooars and nothing but the Dooars, and declares that £2,500 is inadequate to meet his expenses. It is said, however, that there are still two parties in the Durbar—one in favour of peace.

Sir Barnes Peacock, the Chief Justice, had arrived at Calcutta from his airing at Madras; but he was still very unwell, and unable to attend to his duties. The Madras trip is clearly not enough for him, and it is probable that he will return home.

Honours are plentiful in the City of Palaces, but unfortunately without wearers. It is stated that upwards of 30,000 surplus or unclaimed war medals, stars, crosses, bars, or clasps, are in deposit at the Adjutant-general's office.

A smart shock of an earthquake had been felt in Calcutta on the 9th—the direction of the heave being south-easterly.

The Government have settled an allowance of £778 a month to the members of the family of the ex-King of Delhi, and have also settled a little matter with the ex-King of Oude. The whole of the landed property of the latter has been escheated, with the exception of the tombs of his ancestors, which belong to the category of "things which are of no use to anybody but the owner." Of course, the pension of the ex-King remains as heretofore.

There has been a little doing in stray rebels. The report of the upturning of Feroze Shah and Azimoolah—both believed to be dead—is repeated; and we now learn that Laloo Singh and his band, who murdered the Dya Rajah in the North-Western Provinces, have been discovered by the police, and are awaiting their trial; also that Armudsen, a notorious rebel of 1857, has been found guilty at Cawnpore, and sentenced to imprisonment for life.

The official inquiry into the *Eagle Speed* affair has been concluded, but no decision has been made known. Three more of the coolies left to perish have been picked up, but there seems no hope of others having been saved.

It is stated that a very serious collision has occurred between the police and the people of Poree with regard to the suppression of hook-swinging. A special report has been submitted to Government on the subject by the Commissioner of Cuttack.

From Madras we learn that the despatch of the Secretary of State for India upon the re-organisation of the local army had been received. We publish the document elsewhere.

It was said that the head quarters of the Madras army was to be removed to Bangalore.

The cattle disease is reported to have broken out in the Neilgherries, and Government was about to institute an inquiry into the nature of the disease—with more success, it is to be hoped, than has attended the attempt in this country.

The next arrival from India will be the Calcutta Mail, which left Alexandria on Friday last at noon, and may be expected in London on Saturday evening.

Casualties by Death in the Armies of India reported since last Publication.

BENGALE.—Capt. A. Ferguson, 42nd Royal Highlanders, at Murree, Sept. 11. Dep. Asst. commissary J. Lennon, at Calcutta, Sept. 4. Lieut. F. C. Bewsher, Bengal Staff Corps, at Guilford-street, Russell-square, aged 25, Oct. 16. J. Murray, Esq., late H.E.I.C.S., at 125, Marylebone-road, aged 54, Oct. 17. Capt. W. G. Baxter, Supervisor, Akbari Dept., at Calcutta, Sept. 3. Maj. T. E. B. Lees, Staff Corps, 2nd in com. of the 31st Regt. N.I., Sept. 39. Capt. C. Micham, 14th Bengal Cav., and of the Madras Staff Corps, at Kalka, Sept. 12.

MADRAS.—Col. S. S. Trevor, Madras Art., at Weston-super-Mare, aged 69, Oct. 12.

BOMBAY.—Maj. gen. James Scott, H.M.'s Bombay Army, at St. Andrew's, N.B., Oct. 11.

Passengers by the present Mail.

For MARSHELLS.—From BOMBAY.—Mrs. and Miss Heycock Mr. Heycock, Capt. Rice, Maj. Clarke Mrs. Danter-vale and two children, Mr. Evans, Capt. and Mrs. Williams, Mr. and Mrs. Thomas, Mrs. Roberts and child, Lieut. Briggs, Col. aged, Mr. S. Arnold, Lieut. and Mr. Stevens, Miss Davies and two infants. From ALEXANDRIA.—Mr. Nelson.

Expected at Southampton.

Per str. Ripon, Oct. 27.—From BOMBAY.—Lieut. A. Parnell, R.N., Lieut. G. J. Morris, Mrs. Mure and three children Mrs. Wear and child, Mrs. Davies Mrs. Hayman Mrs. Emily Robinson, Miss Mary Backhouse, Miss Percy, Dr. Diver Mrs. Diver and family, Mr. J. H. Barry, Mr. Powell, Mr. W. Holmes. From CALCUTTA.—Mrs. Fielder and infant, Mrs. Birch and child, Mrs. Jones and infant, Maj. Balmain, Maj. J. W. Low, Asst. surg. Page, Dr. Irvine, Lieut. Perry, Mr. W. E. Brookes.

BENGAL.

THE CURRENCY SCHEME IN PRACTICE.

The Board of Revenue have submitted to Government some elaborate tabular statements, showing the circulation of Government currency notes in Lower Bengal. Last year the returns, when submitted, were singularly incomplete; this year, although a little better, they are still imperfect in many essential points of detail, and can only be relied on to give an approximate result of the system. The board, however, hope that, by means of the registers recently prescribed and introduced, the returns next year will be as nearly correct as possible. They attribute the want of correctness in the statements now submitted to the fact that the orders of Government specifying the particular information required were not received till February last, and they very naively remark that the "classification of the receipts and issues for the first nine months has, they suspect, been often made almost at haphazard. In few districts it has not been attempted at all."

A comparison of the results now given, with those of last year, becomes, under these circumstances, absolutely useless. All that we can do therefore is to extract such figures as seem to show the general results of the circulation, and wait until correct returns, based upon carefully and systematically kept registers, shall enable us to form a definite opinion on the merits of the scheme as shown in its actual working. Very few notes have been transmitted from the Bank of Bengal. The figures given show only 9,927 notes, aggregating Rs. 5,34,300, and of these about a half, or 4,532 notes for Rs. 2,91,300, were sent to the Dacca branch of the Bank. The remittances to the Bank have, however, been very considerable, being no less than 37,585 notes, for Rs. 74,05,570, and of this sum Rs. 36,62,130, represented by no less than 28,806 notes, were received at the Bank from the metropolitan districts of Hooghly, Burdwan, Nuddea, and the 24-Pergunnahs. 2,702 notes, for the sum of Rs. 4,68,030, were remitted by the Dacca Branch Bank. This would seem to show that the circulation of notes is, comparatively speaking, restricted, and that the system, except in the neighbourhood of Calcutta, is as little liked by the people as it is little understood.

The excess of stock for the year is 5,45,250 rupees. If to this is added the surplus of remittances to the Bank of Bengal over remittances from the Bank, we find that 74,16,529 rupees of notes have found their way to the Mofussil treasuries, without the intervention of Government or the Bank.—*Hurkaru.*

A MAHA BARNEE AT HURDWAR.

It has seldom been our lot to read a more masterly account of the great gathering of pilgrims which takes place at Hurdwar, in accordance with time-honoured religious teaching, than that which Messrs. Daniel and Watson have submitted to the Government of the North-Western Provinces connected with the late Mela. It appears that the day was a more than ordinarily holy one, because of the conjunction with it of certain "propitious periods;" and as learned pundits are very scarce in the N.W.P. above Benares, no one in the neighbourhood of Hurdwar was prepared for so enormous a concourse of pilgrims. They came from various parts of the Punjab, Ludianah, Pindce, Pattiala, and Meywar, and from all parts of India. They began to enter the Saharunpore district about the 17th of March, and kept on increasing steadily in number till the 22nd, so that when the magistrate of that station was making his way to Hurdwar, he passed through forty-five miles of pilgrims moving in one long dense column. They took entire possession of the

town, covered every yard of available ground, and spread high up the hill sides of the Sewalics. The police, under Captain Watson, had been busy from the 21st constructing bridges to the islands in the sacred stream, and making arrangements for the protection of the people of the town. On the 23rd one bridge was ready, and a vast multitude of bathers passed over to the island, and the second was finished on the 24th, by which time the main roads and passages were so completely choked by them that great numbers who could not get near Hurdwar encamped where they were stopped, and their encampments reached east and south beyond Kunkhul and Jowallapore. Every available man belonging to the police of the district was hastily called to Hurdwar and thrown into the place, for the numbers of pilgrims hourly increased. "On looking round at the surging multitudes it seemed impossible to expect that this great mass of men, women, and children, from the uttermost parts of India would be able to fulfil the intention with which they had come." It is not surprising that serious misgivings were entertained by both the superintendent of police and the magistrate as to how this living mass was to extricate itself, how bathe in the stream, how find its way to its home again. Then, again, there was the grave probability of a collision between the dense line of pilgrims that approached the ghat to bathe, and the equally dense line of those who had performed their ablutions. To obviate this an open road was secured from the ghat, and the pilgrims were obliged to approach it by another. The guards on the bazaar route were strengthened, and certain checks which were believed to be efficient were applied to arrest the onward pressure of the crowd. A constable was placed on the roof of a house immediately over the sacred ghat, whose business it was to telegraph to the police below the state of the ghat, whereupon the approach of the bathers was either accelerated or retarded, so that "a motion of this man's hand influenced the movements of a column of men extending from Hurdwar to Kunkhul." But notwithstanding all these precautions a dreadful tragedy was very nearly enacted. The bathing, says the magistrate, "had been going on freely since the 22nd by day; on the morning of the 25th from three o'clock dense masses began moving towards the ghat; by six o'clock the crowd was intense, and kept increasing rapidly up to nine o'clock. The masses streaming in from all quarters had poured down the Bazaar road to the ghat, and returned by the upper road under the hills, but hundreds had found their way one by one past the lines of police, and had, after several hours' perseverance on the part of each individual, formed themselves into a strong body, and then suddenly found themselves face to face with the steady mass pouring back from the ghat. Had these two parties met, there would have been a horrible catastrophe; the spot where they stopped had been worked up in a few hours from thin light mud into a thick deep quagmire. I happened to be on the spot in time to save a meeting; and, on being shortly after joined by Captain Watson, we were able to lead on the return pilgrims, force back the opposing party to the proper channel, and by a judicious application of the check established by Captain Watson at the ghat and island, in half an hour the crowd was completely under control. It was just at the time when Captain Watson joined me that the front line of return pilgrims was so heavily pressed from behind as not to be able to hold back any longer, and gave way slightly. This caused some dozen or so to be thrown down, and though not half a minute had elapsed before the bodies were extricated from the crowd and mud, four were taken out dead. I consider no amount of foresight could have prevented this loss of life, and that the move which caused this accident went a great way

towards saving a very great many lives. About the same time, in the Bazaar road, three people died from suffocation." Besides these casualties there were four girls drowned on the evening of the 24th, in attempting to cross the Ganges to the Bijour side; an old woman was knocked down by a bullock and died; and a man bathing at Mayapore was carried away by the stream and drowned. Some attempts were made to come to a conclusion as to the number of people who were collected, but all calculation was found to be impossible. The Brahmins, however, maintained that there were not less than twenty-five lakhs, or two and a-half millions present. In the course of two days the crowd had wended away, and the magistrate on his return to Seharunpore rode through forty-two miles of pilgrims. Those who had left on the 27th had reached the Jumna, so that the actual cavalcade on one road alone extended in a thick unbroken column over a length of sixty miles! It is painful to reflect that this vast multitude had come from all parts of the country, some from the most distant, with only one object, to bathe in the Ganges and wash away their sins. Delicate women and children had traversed the land, steadily overcoming all obstacles, and patiently bearing every inconvenience, in order to do something to propitiate Heaven. If we say to them, with St. Paul at Athens, "ye are too superstitious," they may well tell us, "we read you, ye Christians, a lesson on earnestness and fixedness of purpose in matters of religion, which you will be the better for taking closely to heart."—*Hurkaru*.

MOFUSSIL JUSTICE.

On Saturday morning, James Purris De Vine, an inspector in the Oudh police, was placed in the dock before Mr. Justice Macpherson, to take his trial; 1st, for having made a false statement in a certain declaration; 2nd, for having given false evidence in a judicial proceeding; 3rd, for having made an illegal search in the house of one Girdaree Singh, knowing that he was likely to save property from forfeiture to the State; 4th, for criminal breach of trust in misappropriating a part of the property seized during the above search; 5th, for having made an illegal search in the houses of Ramdial, Duttolall and Raberdeem. Here we have crimes enough in all conscience, gross neglect of duty being the lightest, the others being perjury and criminal breach of trust.

De Vine was an inspector in the Oudh police stationed at Roy Bareilly, and as far back as November, 1863, he, under the orders of his official superiors, searched the house of the late notorious rebel Girdaree Singh at Pyramow. Seven months afterwards, having received fresh orders, he, on the 7th May, 1864, searched the house of one Mussamut Rammeah, at Pyramow, for property belonging to Girdaree Singh. From 7th May, 1864, to 24th March, 1865, he continued to do his duty at Roy Bareilly, no one apparently dreaming of bringing any charge against him. Of his conduct at Roy Bareilly we shall let the following extract from the Annual Police Report of that district speak:—

"Inspector 4th Grade, Mr. De Vine, has been a most useful and able assistant to me during the past year, and I have to thank him for the great care and attention he has paid to his work. His accounts, Major Barrow, D. I. General, when here, considered unequalled in the Oudh police. Mr. De Vine's conduct has been unexceptionable, and he has well looked after the police at head quarters, and superintended the office Malkana, &c., to my entire satisfaction. He is a very fair drill, and has brought forward all recruits very quickly. I have much pleasure in thus noticing him to the inspector general. Signed, R. STAINFORTH, Lieutenant, District Superintendent, R. B."

On 21st March, 1865, Inspector De Vine was transferred to Lucknow, and appointed Inspector of the East Division of the City Police, and here, whilst filling a most respon-

sible and onerous post, he gained the following public testimonial to his conduct:—

"Inspector De Vine joined this department as a deputy inspector the latter end of May last, obtained his promotion to the fourth grade of inspector in November; he is an excellent accountant, is rapidly becoming conversant with all police work in office, and is also most useful and energetic out of office. I have a very high opinion of his capabilities, and am confident that he will ere long prove himself a first rate police officer. Signed, E. HILL, Captain, District Superintendent, Lucknow."

The antecedents of the man showed that this attention to his duties was no more than might have been expected of him. He wears on his breast the Crimean medal with three clasps, the Turkish medal, the Indian mutiny medal, and he has been recommended for the Victoria Cross. He has served with distinction and credit as a soldier in the Artillery, in the Turkish Telegraph Department, towards the close of the Crimean war in the Ordnance Department and in the police, and besides being an educated man, he bears, as we have seen, a very high character. Having deserved promotion by his conduct at Bareilly, he was transferred to Lucknow, and here on the 7th June he was arrested and taken to Bareilly to answer to the many and grave charges brought against him. At Bareilly he was committed for trial, and was ordered to be sent immediately to Calcutta, and besides the guard, &c., no less than 37 persons were sent down as witnesses against him. On committal he was ordered to be conveyed to the Presidency in irons, whilst so struck with the heinousness of his offences was the assistant deputy commissioner that he remarked that he would, if he had the power, have passed a sentence of ten years' penal servitude. However, De Vine was to receive some consideration, for on finding security to the extent of 5,000 rupees, he was allowed to travel to Calcutta, in custody, to be sure, but without being ironed. Meanwhile a conviction being regarded, we presume, as inevitable, his property in Oude was seized and sold, and the proceeds confiscated to the State.

We come now to the trial. De Vine was arraigned, but on the case being called on, Mr. Justice Macpherson remarked:—

"That he had examined the preliminary proceedings taken by the committing magistrate and found that the charge was not sustainable, the evidence taken being wholly irrelevant to the case in question, extremely vague, superfluous, and loose. It was the duty of the committing magistrate to have strictly confined himself to the point in question, and not to have overwhelmed the case with such a superabundant mass of useless evidence. He thought the time of the Court and public would be uselessly thrown away in investigating into or trying such a case. He would, therefore, order the prisoner to be discharged at once."

The remarks of the learned judge require no colouring at our hands to show the way in which the committing magistrate did his duty. We shall only remark that according to law De Vine may be again arrested on this charge at any time within the next three years. But in connection with this case there is an episode which, if it were not vouched for authoritatively, we should deem scarcely credible.

Whilst at Lucknow De Vine was living with a Mrs. Brown, who at his request proceeded early in June to Roy Bareilly to look after the property he had left behind on his transfer to the capital of the province. The Roy Bareilly authorities, however, arrested her on the 4th June, and seized everything belonging to her, but the clothes, &c., on her person. She was confined in a room in her bungalow, and allowed to see no one, whilst four sentries were kept in the same room night and day! This arrest, we read, "so frightened her that it brought on sickness, and at 2 A.M. of the 12th of June she died!"

The magistrate in this case was C. R. Crommelin, Esq., Assistant Deputy Commissioner of Roy Bareilly.—*Hurkaru*.

MISCELLANEOUS.

THE MAILS, INDIAN AND OVERLAND.—The *Englishman* says:—The attention of the Director-General of Post-offices is directed towards the acceleration of the mails, particularly between Bombay and Calcutta. New arrangements are in progress to bring the Bombay mails via Mirzapore to Calcutta, which, it is expected, will be carried out in Nov. next. Much depends on the progress of the railways for the full completion of the postal service via Nagpore and Mirzapore. At one time, it was hoped that the Nagpore branch of the railway would be ready, as far as Wurdah, the frontier of Nagpore, by March, 1866; but now it seems that Nagpore will not be reached until the beginning of 1867. However, in the meantime, the roads are being hurried on and expedited, and arrangements have been made for a mail cart from Wurdah to Mirzapore, from the beginning of November. The advisability of changing the route for the overland mails between Calcutta and Bombay will then be tested. The adoption of the route via Mirzapore and Wurdah will, it is expected, effect a saving of thirteen hours in the time of transit of the mails. Every gain in point of despatch, however small, is to be desired. The slight saving of time that will be thus effected will not, however, do much towards obviating the inconvenience at present resulting from the absurd arrangement, through which we are, during a portion of the year, reduced to a bi-monthly communication with Europe. The simultaneous departure of the overland mail via Bombay, and that from Calcutta, via Galle, renders the latter mail perfectly useless for either general or commercial purposes. Yet the public has still to pay for a means of despatch from which it cannot possibly derive any advantage. Now that Bombay has been brought so near Calcutta, the time has evidently arrived for establishing a weekly mail between Bombay and England, in lieu of the alternate fortnightly mail, via Bombay and via Galle. The present arrangement is a mere waste of the public money, and exposes the folly of long contracts in such matters. The question has long since been taken up by the Chamber of Commerce; the Director-General of Post-offices has urged the course we recommended in these columns six months ago upon the Government of India; and the latter has addressed the Secretary of State to the same effect. It appears, however, that, in some way or other, the convenience of Australia and China would be affected, and, while threatened with an enhanced rate of postage, we are the last considered.

PROPOSED EMBANKMENT OF THE HOOGHLY.—An English company is, we understand, in the course of formation, which proposes the embankment of the whole river frontage of the Hooghly, from Prinsep Ghat to Chitpore Bridge, with landing wharves, steam and hydraulic cranes, and suitable landing sheds and warehouses. The cost of the undertaking is estimated at £3,000,000 sterling, and it has, we hear, the support of men of undoubted wealth and position. The scheme is based upon certain concessions on the part of the Local Government, and has been very favourably received by the Home authorities. If the undertaking be carried out—and there seems very little doubt about it—the trade of Calcutta will receive an immense impetus. The subject is one of great importance to the mercantile community of this city, and well deserving of every support which Government can legitimately give to it.—*Englishman*.

A NEW P. AND O. STEAMER.—The Peninsular and Oriental Steam Navigation Company have sent out a new steamer called the *Delhi*, of 1,331 tons. She arrived here on Wednesday, having made the voyage from Southampton, touching at Mauritius and Point de Galle, in sixty-two days. She is said to be sister boat to the *Golconda*, but much the faster of the two.

EXTRA DOING-DUTY OFFICERS OF NATIVE REGIMENTS.—The addition of one doing-duty officer to all the regiments of Native Infantry and Cavalry, and of the Punjab Irregular Force, in the service, raises the authorised number of officers with each regiment to seven, one of whom, however, is the surgeon. In this point of view the measure is, perhaps, of no very great importance. It assumes, however, stronger bearing when we regard it, as we believe we ought, as the expression of the determination of Sir William Mansfield to adhere to what is called the irregular system. The addition of a seventh officer is undeniably an admission that this irregular system has not fulfilled, up to the present moment, the objects of those who introduced it. The Umbeylea campaign, and the little war in Bhootan, showed that, under the smallest pressure it was liable to collapse. So well is this understood at head-quarters, that the regiments ordered to take a part in the ensuing campaign on our Eastern Frontier are, we understand, to be largely supplemented by doing-duty officers drawn from other regiments, not by calling for volunteers, to which Sir William Mansfield, as a precisian, has a constitutional objection,—but by a system of selection which it is to be hoped will be discriminating. It is evident from this, that one, at least, of the radical vices of the irregular system is known at head-quarters, and the great *panacea* for meeting the evil is the addition of one doing-duty officer to each regiment. We cannot say that this idea gives us a very high opinion of the capacity of Sir William Mansfield as a real reformer: it leaves almost untouched the evil which it is intended to remedy. There are two strong objections to the irregular system. The one is that the officers do not belong to the regiment,—they are simply attached to it. It happens, then, that in the ordinary course of promotion, or by transfer for purposes of discipline, they do not long remain with their corps, often not long enough to become acquainted with their men, to the extent that all officers ought to be. Again, not belonging to the regiment, feeling it quite upon the cards that they might any day be removed to take up another appointment, it is impossible that officers could feel the same interest in a regiment in which they were merely as birds of passage, as in one in which they had entered when young and impressionable, and in which all their experience had been gained. This is bad enough, but it is worse when it comes to compaigning.—*Englishman*.

CAPTAIN INGRAM'S CASE.—The eccentricities of military judicial procedure have, of late, attracted frequent attention both in India and England, but we have seldom either heard or read of proceedings so remarkable as those which are now being carried out in the case of Captain Ingram, who is about to be brought for trial before a court-martial on a charge of misappropriating public moneys. We can scarcely believe that the able and high-principled officer who now exercises supreme control over her Majesty's army in India can be fully or intimately acquainted with all the circumstances of this most painful case. We cannot believe that Sir William Mansfield would wittingly sanction the open violation of an assurance held out by official superiors to Capt. Ingram, and which, though not amounting to a precise and formal pledge, yet had all the moral force of a promise. We do not think his Excellency, were he apprised of all the facts, would suffer a man, however culpable he might be, to be wheedled by promises into a course of self-crimination, and then suffer the disclosures made, or the admissions recorded, to be used against him to his prejudice and ruin. Yet such are the facts of this distressing case. Captain Ingram, as has been proved before the Court of Inquiry, was induced by promises held out to him by his immediate superior, Captain Browne, to give information

which criminated himself. He was induced to bring forward evidence to enable the Government to convict several native offenders, and recover large sums of money which others had misappropriated. He was not even spared the humiliation and pain of giving personal testimony in court against these offenders who have been convicted and sentenced on the information and evidence thus supplied! In all this he acted, was allowed, was encouraged to act, to all intents and purposes as a man admitted as Queen's evidence. His superiors, the Government, and the public have derived benefit from his assistance—assistance fully, freely, and unreservedly rendered, without reference to the effect upon himself. Is it fair or right, judicially or morally, that after having induced him thus to act, having led him on by hopes and promises thus to aid in the conviction of others who had participated in the acts now laid to Captain Ingram's charge, that he should himself be dragged before a court-martial, the evidence thus furnished used against him, and the criminals convicted on his information brought forward to give against him retributory evidence, heightened no doubt by a spirit of revenge? We cannot believe that such a course of procedure will be tolerated when all the facts are known. We hope for the credit of military administration that the Commander-in-Chief will interfere to prevent so great a scandal, and that whatever offences Captain Ingram may have committed he will be allowed to make good the deficit, and escape the ignominy of a public trial of which the discredit will attach as much to others as to himself. It is of little importance either to the discipline of the army or the interests of the public whether a single offender escapes an ordeal which may or may not be merited; but it is of infinite importance that a great principle should not be wantonly violated, and that the good faith and honour of Government should be, under all circumstances, maintained. Sir William Mansfield is not the man to shut his eyes to this distinction. We shall watch the course of proceedings with great interest, and revert to the subject again at a fitting time.—*Pioneer*.

ESTABLISHMENT OF COURTS OF CIRCUIT.—Whatever doubt there may be about the evils that have resulted from the abolition of the grand jury, it is pretty certain that we have as yet derived from the measure none of those advantages for the sake of it which it carried out. The chief object of Mr. Maine's Bill was the establishment of Courts of Circuit at the principal stations in the Mofussil. Upon no other grounds, we are convinced, would the measure have been permitted to pass with so little opposition. Upon no other grounds, indeed, could its necessity have been even plausibly maintained. As yet, however, we see no indication of the establishment of Courts of Circuit, and the public will soon begin to suspect that it has been deceived as to the real objects of the abolition. Yesterday, Mr. Justice Macpherson, under the new Act, availed himself of the power of cancelling the charge in a case prosecuted by the Crown; and the remarks made by him on the occasion show how greatly Mr. Maine overrated the improved knowledge and discretion of magistrates in India. Had the Court not exhibited greater care in the case of Mr. DeVine than it did in others we have previously noticed, we should have had a repetition of the injustice already thrice inflicted on different prisoners under the new Act. As it is, the ignorance of the committing officer has resulted in sufficient hardship and inconvenience to the parties concerned, the defendant and thirty-five witnesses having been unnecessarily sent down to Calcutta from a distant part of the country, at the cost of endless annoyance and loss of time to them, and great expense to the State. Most of this hardship and expense would have been obviated, had the scheme of Courts of Circuit been carried out. Against many of the con-

sequences of magisterial incompetence, however, nothing, it would seem, can protect us. In unailable cases, for instance, innocent men are continually subjected to all the hardship of imprisonment previous to trial, with but the faintest hopes of relief from the interference of a superior authority. The late notorious case of Mr. Blumhardt is an instance in point; and the defendant De Vine, who was discharged on Saturday by Mr. Justice Macpherson, would, it appears, have been sent down to Calcutta by the Assistant Deputy Commissioner in irons, had he been unable to find bail in the sum of Rs. 5,000.—*Englishman*, Sept. 22.

RECENT LOSS SUSTAINED BY THE P. AND O. COMPANY.—GALLE, Aug. 15.—Since the memorable *Malabar* diamond case nothing has created greater sensation than the recent loss sustained by the P. and O. Company of a box of gold bars valued at £5,000. The circumstances of this daring robbery are enveloped in mystery, and though I have tried hard to learn them, I have been only partially successful. The rumoured version is as follows:—It appears that in June last the box was appropriated by some persons employed in transshipping specie and bullion from the *Jeddo* to the Bombay steamer, the purloiners availing themselves of a mistake committed by the transshipping clerk, who paid off forty-one boxes and unwittingly inserted one less in his boat note. The loss was not ascertained till the steamer reached Bombay. Strenuous efforts are being made to bring the perpetrators of this extensive robbery to justice; fourteen persons have been taken up on suspicion, and the evidence already adduced speaks most damningly against six of them, especially against the tallier who was on duty on board the Bombay steamer, and against his brother-in-law, in whose house the empty box is said to have been discovered. The probability of a speedy detection is not to be despaired of, as evidently more than two must be implicated in the deed.—*Ceylon Times*.

GAY DOINGS AT SIMLA.—Simla has outdone Calcutta in spirit and energy. As you may suppose, this effort has not been made without immense energy and cost. Most indefatigable has been Captain A. G. Christie, the honorary secretary, and the result is the fact of an entire Italian Opera Company of about sixty members being engaged for four months next year, to give two performances a week, in all thirty-two nights. The price of single tickets will be three hundred rupees for the season—not transferable—four hundred transferable—six hundred for two seats transferable, and five hundred for two seats not transferable. I believe nearly a hundred have already been subscribed for. The weather still rainy—mist, fogs, and drizzly rain every day—giving sneaking colds and the blues to every one. Such out-door gaieties as picnics and croquet, are completely put an end to. A ball and theatricals to-morrow at Kennedy-house, and a bachelors' ball at the club on the 1st. Great preparations are being made to render the coming *bal masque* worthy of its promoters. It is fully believed it will exceed every thing of the kind ever known—no expense being spared by all and every one, that their "get up" should be perfect.—*Mofussilite*.

THE BARRACKPORE EJECTMENT CASE.—Judgment was yesterday (Sept. 21) given by Mr. Justice Norman in the famous Barrack-pore ejectment case. The decision of the Court was in favour of the plaintiff, with damages to the amount of Rs. 500.

HOPE FOR THE UNCOVENANTED.—The Home Government have called for a list of the Uncovenanted Civil Service on the Bengal establishment (wherever employed) who are eligible for the office of judge in the High Court.

A NEW ROUTE.—We are happy to find that a proposal has been made to Government for opening a communication with the Chinese provinces east of Assam.

MUTUAL IMPROVEMENT IN MILITARY CIRCLES.

—If Sir William Mansfield does not take care the officers of the army will get a great deal too clever to live. Here is a new scheme of his Excellency's, as noticed by the *Englishman*:—"We learn that the Commander-in-Chief has suggested a novel plan for encouraging the study of the native languages. He has issued a circular recommending interpreters and others who have passed in the languages to teach officers of their own regiments who have a desire to study. He says the officers who teach may be paid the usual *moonshee* allowance of thirty rupees a month for doing the work, or whatever sum may be agreed upon, but not to exceed the thirty rupees a month. The Commander-in-Chief thinks great advantages might arise from this friendly mode of tuition, the whole being quite optional on all sides. The beginners would study with their brother officers, and the more advanced would, no doubt, seek the aid of the *pundit* or *moonshee*. The gentlemen instructors would improve their own knowledge whilst teaching, and a taste for Oriental literature would be encouraged, as discussions on points of grammar, and Oriental customs or history, would be sure to arise. The idea is curious enough, and betrays the hand of some visitor from Utopia, who must have cast the glamour of his enthusiasm over the practical and clear intellect of Sir W. Mansfield on this subject. Should any officer be bold enough to undertake the work, the discussions of the habits of the Hindoos of the Bytal Puchesse, or the moslems of the Bagho-Behar, will no doubt be interesting and curious enough; but how far they will improve the parties in the Orientals, it is not so easy to say. As the teachers are only to be elementary we do not see, either, how there can be much improvement to either party—certainly not to the interpreter. The circular goes on to say that the more advanced pupils will no doubt go to *pundits* and *moonshees*, so the amateur teacher will only deal with *alif be* and the declensions. The curious idea of paying a brother officer thirty rupees a month for his services does strike us as very ludicrous at first, and in this light it is very generally received in the army." The *Englishman* does not make the suggestion; nevertheless it is just possible that the mutual improvement might occasionally resolve itself into cheroots and brandy panee.

PRESENT STATE OF LUCKNOW.—We have endeavoured upon several occasions, in the columns of this paper, to draw the attention of the authorities and public to the high price of all the necessaries of life and the consequent destitution in the city of Lucknow, this, be it remembered, in the face of the most promising crops in all parts of the country. People at a distance will be at a loss to reconcile these facts, but to those on the spot, at least to the few who know or care anything about our native fellow subjects, the thing is very simple—the want of means of communication. The roads (if they can be so called), bad at all times, are in many places impassable at this season of the year. The consequence is, supplies sufficient for the want of even the now diminished capital cannot be brought in. Thus the plenty of the Mofussil cannot contribute a portion of their surplus to satisfy the city demand, nor save thousands of the inhabitants from starvation.—*Oude Gazette*.

PREPARATIONS IN BHOUTAN.—We learn from Bhoutan that Tounsoo Penlow's Dewan has reached Tassissudon with 150 followers. The object of his coming, it is reported, is to consult with the Deb Rajah as to the offensive and defensive posts to be taken by the Booteah chiefs in the ensuing cold weather.—*Hurkaru*.

A NEW JOURNAL FOR THE PUNJAB.—We hear that Mr. Henry Cope intends starting a new journal, which is to be issued twice a week, having for its birth-place the station of Umrour. The publication is to commence in November next.—*Mofussilite*.

VERY STRICT.—From a correspondence between Sir Charles Wood and the Lords of the Treasury, we see that the latter have pledged themselves not to empower Chartered Joint Stock Companies to establish agencies or branches in India till they shall have conformed to the existing laws of the country, and to refrain from granting the Asiatic Banking Corporation, or other Banking Companies, permission to establish such agencies without the previous concurrence of the Secretary of State.

CIDER AND SCIENCE.—The ruler of Jummo has entertained several Europeans for the purpose of manufacturing cider, and for the establishment of electric telegraph lines in his dominions.

SHIPPING.

ARRIVALS.

Sept. 1. Stag, Ellis, Zanzibar; Baroda, Tully, Liverpool; John Scott, Penfold, Madras; Gladstone, Boules, Colombo; Antoine Dor, Nee, Reunion.—2. Pierre, Bernard, Nantes; Olive Mount, Tanner, Cocanada; Westminster, Tripps, Madras.—3. Ringoon, Templeton, Montelun, Ringoon, and Akyab; B. K., Guilman, Bombay; Clan Alpine, Crockett, Hong Kong and Straits; Jonsallan, Gibson, Bombay and False Point.—4. Indu, Lewis, Bombay via Madras Coast; Freeland, Rogers, Kurrachee.—5. Orissa, Ballantine, Madras Coast; Lightning, Rogers, Hong Kong and Straits; Kearsage, Balen, Melbourne; Paul Auguste, Messuaker, Pondicherry.—7. John Bought, Bitham, Hong Kong and Straits; Prince Arthur, Port Blair.—9. str. Simla, Palmerston, Hydaspes, William Rennie, and Thalatta.—10. Bolton Abbey, Jodabary.—11. Leonide.—12. str. Delhi, John Musterman, Colorado, and Andorra.—13. Adrienne, Viscount Canning, and Golden Sunset.—14. str. Montlucien, Childwickbury, Knight Errant, Azra, Whitehaven Lass, Euphrates, Calcutta Merchant, Gaulois.—15. str. Pegu and T. A. Gibb.—18. Mitaka.—19. str. Cashmere.—20. str. Meimam and Punjab, Victoria.—21. str. Golden Fleece, Chetfain.

PASSENGERS ARRIVED.

Per str. Simla.—From SOUTHAMPTON.—Messrs. R. Cohen, W. McInnis, J. F. O'Brien, H. Lobb, F. W. Wiese, J. Campbell, J. Patterson, J. W. Alexander, J. A. Wainor, J. McDonald, Dr. and Mrs. White, Capt. and Mrs. Brown and infant, Mrs. Anderson, D. S. McKay, Mr. and Mrs. Craw, Mr. D. Stenbridge, Mr. and Mrs. Brooks, Mary Gathrie, Asst. surg. Murray, Surg. maj. and Mrs. Turnbull. From Marseilles.—Col. Wroughton, Lieut. and Mrs. Adams, and Mrs. Bonides, Capt. Mallor, Mr. Beake. From BOMBAY.—Mr. Luro, From GALLE.—Mr. and Mrs. Trevellet, Lieut. McNeil, Mr. Alban. From MADRAS.—Mrs. Williams, Dr. Gordon, Sir Bar. Es. Petcock, D. A. Smith, Mr. Broome, Mr. McDonnell, Mr. J. Ryall, Mr. and Mrs. McDonnell and infant, Mr. and Mrs. Purley and infant.

DEPARTURES.

Sept. 2. Cashmere, Baxter, Bombay via Madras Coast; Como, Jones, Shanghai; Prince Oscar, Leng London; Borence, Campbell, Liverpool.—3. Burmah, Frame, Bombay via Madras Coast; Meimam, Gauvain, Galle via Madras Coast; Varuna, Sheppard, London, St. Pierre, Horvans, Bourbon.—4. Helvetia, Warren, New York; Speculator, Keilham, Mauritius; Maha Rance, Bitson, Mauritius; Lilla, Rookh, Erie, Hong Kong.—5. Calabar, Thompson, Hong Kong; Oasis, Parsel, Demerara.—6. Fiery Cross, Cowans, Bombay; Granton, Balfour, Kurrachee.—7. Mulmein, Gray, Chittagong and Akyab; Catharine Apear, Swanson, Bombay and Madras; Pamphonses, Contis, Mauritius.—9. Bernice and Waverley.—10. str. Mooltan.—11. Koonar.—12. Richard Busted, Arabia, Clymene, and Racer.—14. Whirlwind, Cambridge, Robert McKenzie, Shave, Denard, Avalanche, Benna Camia, and Ismail.—15. Royal George, Duse of Athol, and Susan Huks.—16. str. India, Governor Langdon, Sapphire, Surrey, Annie Duthie, Ajax, Highland Light, La Foi.—17. str. Clan Alpine, Ringoon, and Lightning; Aurora.—18. str. Arratoon Apear, Lord Clyde, British Princess.—19. Vernon.—20. Royal Albert, Carrizal, Allum Gher, and Jason.

PASSENGERS DEPARTED.

Per str. Simla.—For MADRAS.—Mr. and Mrs. Cowell and family, Mr. R. Wilson, Messrs. De Souza and Cassia, Mr. H. Hutchinson, Mr. Dalu, Messrs. Gentle and Lowen, Mr. H. Gowie, Junr, Mr. W. B. Fraser, Mr. and Mrs. Nichol, Mr. Dundas, Lieut. Hooper, Mr. C. B. Norman, Mr. Hicks, Dr. Cameron, Mr. Martin. For GALLE.—Mr. Jenkinson, Mr. J. Rose, Mr. C. B. Wallis, Mr. Lackerstein. For SOER.—Capt. Hill, Mr. Strechly. For ALEXANDRIA.—Mrs. Campbell. For Marseilles.—Mr. Gould, Mr. J. H. Wo die. For SOUTHAMPTON.—Mrs. Fichter and infant, Mrs. Birch and child, Mrs. Jones and infant, Maj. Bahman, Maj. J. W. Low, Asst. surg. Page, Dr. Irvine, Lieut. Perry, Mr. W. E. Brooks.

COMMERCIAL.

Calcutta, Sept. 21, 1865.

GOVERNMENT SECURITIES.

Rate of Interest.	Stock.	Selling Price.
4 per Cent. S.A.	Sa. Rs. 90	90 to 91
Do. Transfer Stock	Sa. Rs. 91	90 1/2 to 91 3/4
4 per Cent. P.W.	Co's Rs. 101	91 2 to 91 6
5 per Cent. P.W.	Co's Rs. 101	102 2 to 102 4
5 per Cent. S.A.	Co's Rs. 111	110 4 to 111 3/4
5 per Cent. S.A.	Co's Rs. 104	104 1/2 to 105

EXCHANGE.

On London.	Per Rupee.
Local Bank Bills	at 6 months' sight ... 2 6 7-16 to 2 6 11-16
First Class Credit	at 6 months' sight ... 2 6 11-16 to 2 6 11-16
Bills with Drafts	at 6 months' sight ... 2 6 11-16 to 2 6 11-16
Bank Post Bills	at 1 months' sight ... 2 6 9-10 to 2 6 9-10

JOINT STOCK SHARES.

Stock.	Paid-up. Rs. each.	Quoted at Rs.
Agra and Masterman's Bank	500	1190
Assam Tea Company	200	580
Bank of Bengal	1000	1750
Bengal Tea Company	100	130
Bengal Credit Mobilier (Lim.)	100	105
Bonded Warehouse Association	445	675 to 680
Borokai Tea Company (Limited)	25	par
Cachar and Assam Tea Company	200	168 to 170
Ditto (Contributory)	115	30 to 28 dis.
Cachar Tea Company	600	585
Ditto (contributory)	500	par to 5 pm.
Calcutta Docking Company	700	1300 ex div.
Calcutta Steam Tug Association	600	600
Calcutta and South Eastern Railway	52	par
Central Assam Tea Company	100	55
Central Cachar Tea Company	200	238
Ditto, new shares	200	214 to 215
Dehra Doon Tea Company	100	nom.
Delhi Bank Corporation	500	600 to 705
E. B. Indigo Company	100	par
East India Railway Company	218	135
East India Tea Company	100	33 to 34 pm.
Ditto (contributory)	80	par.
Eastern Bengal Tea Company	50	100 to 101
Eastern Cachar Tea Company	100	3 to 5 pm.
Ditto (contributory)	85	par
Eastern Bengal Railway Company	218	par
Eastern Steam Tug Company	1000	200 to 205
Equitable Coal Company	250	Nominal
Ganges Steam Navigation Company	500	208 to 210
Great Eastern Hotel Company	250	265 to 267
Gola Ghaut Tea Company	250	255
Ditto new shares	250	255
Hindustan, China, and Japan Bank	250	550
Hoghigh Steam Tug Company	1000	520 to 525
Howrah Docking Company	535	800 ex div.
India General Steam Navigation Co.	1000	250
National Bank of India (Limited)	250	70 to 71
New Fort Gloster Company	600	nom.
North-West Indigo Company	100	14 ex div.
North-West Sewing Company	60	80 to 85
Oriental Gas Company	21	1220 to 1225
Peoples Bank of India	100	114 to 115
Pon Canning Land Company	1000	Nominal.
Punjab Bank	100	160 to 165
Punjab Trading	75	625 to 630
Royal Bank of India	100	75
Sewing Company (Limited)	200	250 to 253
Simla Bank	500	125
South Cachar Tea Company	100	175
Strand Pressing Company (Limited)	624	170 to 173
Selhet and Cachar Tea Company	200	
Tichon Indigo	200	
Union Steam Tug Company	250	
Upper Assam Tea Company	100	

FREIGHTS.

	To London.	To Liverpool.
Saltpetre	21 0 0 to 2 10 0	Nominal.
Sugar	Nominal.	1 5 0
Rice	0 0 0 to 0 0 0	1 10 0 to 1 12 6
Seeds	2 10 0 to 2 12 6	2 0 0
Jute	2 6 0 to 2 8 9	2 3 6
Cotton	2 7 6 to 2 10 0	2 10 0

MADRAS.

MISCELLANEOUS.

THE GOVERNORSHIP OF MADRAS.—We do not believe that there is the faintest truth in the report which was spread by the *Lahore Chronicle*, and has been repeated by other papers, that Lord Dufferin will succeed Sir William Denison as Governor of Madras, with a view of qualifying himself for the Vice-regal throne when it becomes vacant. Three years ago Lord Dufferin was offered, and refused, the government of Bombay, subsequently bestowed on Sir Bartle Frere, and it is not likely that he would now accept a government which, in a political and commercial sense, is of far less importance. That Lord Dufferin will succeed to the Vice-regal throne is extremely probable, and he is at the present moment qualifying himself for that post in a far more effectual manner than if he were learning political and commercial wisdom in an office subordinate to Sir John Lawrence. As Under Secretary of State for India Lord Dufferin has infinitely better opportunities for becoming acquainted with the wants and requirements of India than if he were at Madras. We shall be rejoiced if the main part of the rumour turn out to be true, and he be selected to occupy the seat when it becomes vacant. The mistake will never again be committed, we may feel sure, of entrusting this empire to an old Indian. The Governor-General of India ought to be a nobleman, a stranger to the passions and prejudices of Indian politics, formed in that English school which ripens the intellect, without blunting the perceptions and hardening the manners.—*Englishman*.

DOUBLE MURDER IN THE MADRAS ROADS.

Just as good people on shore were thinking about preparing for church on Sunday morning, a deed of the most foul and inhuman nature was being perpetrated in the Madras roads. The barque *Harriet*, of 343 tons, M. L. Goularte, commander, which is now lying in the roads, was the scene of a dreadful tragedy, which resulted in the death of two people and in serious injury to two others. The ship is manned by a crew of Malay and Chinese seamen, only the captain and chief mate being Europeans. About half-past nine in the morning, Captain Goularte ordered his men to get up an anchor which had been broken and lost. The Serang, named Raboo, called the men together, and repeated the captain's order. All obeyed but a seaman named Pailay. The captain was near the hatchway, and called out twice to Pailay, but the latter still refused. It appears that the captain then gave the man a slight push, with a view of sending him towards his work, when Pailay immediately drew his knife, turned round, and stabbed the captain five or six times in rapid succession in the bowels, chest, back and neck. The chief mate endeavoured to render the captain assistance, but was attacked in the same savage manner, received a stab in the arm, and only saved himself by taking to the fore rigging. The murderer then attacked the Tindal, who is stated to have been his brother-in-law, and has confessed that he cut this man's throat, and then threw him overboard. Not satisfied with this, the bloodthirsty ruffian then began to climb the rigging in order to get at the mate once more, but the latter avoided him by jumping into the water, and swimming towards the *Barham*, whose boat was at once pushed off to his rescue. Captain Way, of this ship, accompanied by his third mate and boatswain, went on board the *Harriet*, where the murderer confronted them with two knives. After disarming him of one of the knives, Captain Way gallantly closed with him, when a fierce struggle ensued. The captain received a wound in the hip, and another blow was aimed at his heart, and was so near to the mark it grazed his side. How the struggle might have ended it is impossible to say, but at this moment the boatswain rendered the Malay powerless by knocking him down with a handspike. The police then came on board, the murderer was strongly bound, and conveyed to the Penitentiary.—*Madras Times*.

THE MYSORE ADOPTION.—A meeting of the native inhabitants of Madras, very largely and most respectfully attended, has been held at Patcheappah's Hall, to consider an address to be presented to H.H. the Rajah of Mysore, on his adoption of a son. An address of a very congratulatory character on the course adopted by the Rajah, and strongly condemnatory of the British policy in respect to the case, was unanimously agreed to.

THE 16TH LANCERS.—The whole of the 16th Queen's Lancers have arrived at Madras, and gone on to Bangalore. This station, it is said, is to be the future head-quarters of the Madras Army.

SHIPPING.

ARRIVALS.

Aug 31. John Masterman, May, Mauritius; Jessie Isabel, Oculitree, London; Adela, Symons, Colombo.—Sept. 3. Mula, Bland, Calcutta; Coldstream, Kennedy, Adelaide. 4. Jaffa, Young, Negapatam.—5. P. and O. str. Suma, Weston, Suez.—6. French str. Meinam, Gannain, Calcutta.—8. Berar, Hall, Wellington; Minden, March, London; Lincolnes, Sleight-holm, London.—9. str. Golden Fleece, Kerr, Plymouth; str. Burnah, Irvine, Calcutta.—10. T. A. Gibbs, Milne, Bombay; Victoria Bridge, Lowry, Ceylon; Leaping Water, MacNeily, London.—11. Eskdale, Ross, Glasgow.

PASSENGERS ARRIVED.

Per P. and O. S. N. Co's str. Suma.—Mr. and Mrs. Perrie, Miss Simpson, Mr. A. M. Branson, Surg. Nott, Mr. H. Neill, Capt. Thompson, Capt. O'Neill, Col. Cholverly, Mr. Aikman, Mr. H. Benbury, Mr. Kenney, Mr. Boxham.
Per French str. Meinam.—For MADRAS.—Capt. and Mrs. Oobard, Mrs. Lamorender, Mr. and Mrs. Mellor, Mr. J. Wrightfield, Mr. Mrs., and Miss Forster, Mr. English. For Pondicherry.—Mrs. Daly and three children. For Galle.

—Mr. Senanayake, Mr. J. Smith, Mr. Walker, Mr. F. Gribbins, For Suez.—Mr. E. Enston. For MARSKEILLES.—Mr. Mrs., and Miss Okavre, Dr. Haskins, Dr. Powers, Capt. Watson, Lieut. Schonbridge, the Rev. Victor De Jesus, Sister Marce Veronique, Mr. J. Enseline.

Per str. Golden Fleece.—Lieut.-col. T. W. White, Major H. D. A. P. B. Burchell, Capt. H. C. Williamson, W. P. Barnall, W. J. Wauchope, Lieut. J. Turner, A. W. Erskine, A. C. D. Bree, C. Agnew, J. D. Barker, Cornets Boville, J. C. Kennedy, H. A. Reid, W. C. Pullen, C. E. P. Chaplin, W. N. Hill, Paymaster T. Dymon, Ridingmaster Brown, Quartermaster J. Fuller, Surg. maj. J. Macbeath, Asst. surgs. C. A. James, W. T. Forster, Vet.-surg. J. J. Richardson, Mrs. Macbeath, Mrs. Turner and child, Mrs. Brown, Mrs. Farmer, Mrs. Richardson.

Per str. Burnah.—Mr. C. W. Wood, Master Onslow, Mr. and Mrs. E. B. Ford and two children, Miss Jones, Miss Gaynor, Mr. J. C. Shaw, D. Rosbottom, Mrs. V. Fannale and three children, the Rev. Mr. Inglis, Major Boswall.

DEPARTURES.

Sept. 1. John Masterman, May, Calcutta; Theresa, Batty, London.—2. Hurkaru, Helps, Liverpool.—3. Eagle, Macpherson, London.—4. Clara, Barrow, Mauritius; str. Madras, Bowers, Ranzoon.—5. Euphrates, Bcher, Calcutta. 6. Mula, Bland, Bombay; P. and O. str. Suma, Weston, Calcutta; Meinam, Gannain, Galle.—7. Clyde, Robb, Calcutta.—8. str. Jaffna, Young, Colombo; Glenora, Edwards, London.—9. Barham, Way, London.—10. Burnah, Irvine, Bombay; Anne Dymes, Cobbs, London.

PASSENGERS DEPARTED.

Per P. and O. S. N. Co's str. Suma.—Dr. J. H. Condon, Sir Barnes Peacock, Mrs. Broom, Mr. and Mrs. McDonell and infant, Mrs. Williams, Mr. D. A. Smith, Mr. F. Royall.

Per Glenora.—Mr. and Mrs. Gibbs and two children.

Per Barham.—Mrs. Blake and three children, Mrs. Christie, Mrs. Douglas's seven children, Mrs. Boswell and child, Mrs. Tucker, Mrs. Stephenson and four children, Mrs. S. L. Wait and five children, two Misses Dawson, the Rev. Mr. Blake, Mr. T. Christie, the Rev. F. A. Douglas, the Rev. Mr. Tucker, the Rev. H. D. Boswell, Dr. E. H. Condon, Mr. E. J. H. Vanderlin, the Rev. A. Symons and four children, Col. Miller's two children, Mr. W. H. Linton, Mr. Sowerby's child, two Masters Mateers, Serg. Madden, Mrs. Hill's two children.

Per Anne Dymes.—Mr. J. Andrew.

BOMBAY.

SCENES IN COURT.

In a suit heard before Mr. Justice Anstey, in the High Court, a native witness, connected with one of the local banks, gave his evidence in such a manner as to call for the animadversion of the Court, his Lordship remarking that the witness had been guilty of "gross prevarication," for which he was fined Rs. 20. His Lordship further said—"These native official witnesses come here and talk like parrots about things—just the way with our judicial system and our educational system—they will say things they have got by heart. I don't believe this man's evidence. If the bank chooses to send to the Court men like him, it must take the consequences." In allowing the action to be withdrawn, his Lordship further expressed his opinion:—"It is certainly a very remarkable fact that these natives in every department, no matter how well instructed, cannot be made to describe things according to their own sterling and intrinsic essence; but they will go on using a stereotyped phrase, and every time they reproduce it in one common form."

"EXHIBITS" AT THE HIGH COURT.—During the hearing of the case of Dadabhoj Nowrojee and Co., v. Jugjeevun Hemjee, before Mr. Justice Anstey, his Lordship stopped Mr. Cooper in the examination of a witness, who referred to a certain document, which was not, at the moment, put in or marked by the Deputy Registrar and remarked—"I wish, and I have directed the Deputy Registrar not to mark in future any documents unless he should be requested to do so by the counsel. Really the indolence and negligence with which these matters are left to the judge is perfectly shocking. The gentlemen who wish to have documents put in must themselves see that they are marked by the Registrar. I cannot allow my notes to be encumbered with mere reference to documents which might not be put in after all."

"WE HAVE NO PUBLIC IN BOMBAY."—In the trial of a case heard yesterday before Mr. Justice Anstey, his Lordship had occasion to condemn the transactions of joint-stock companies that bought their own shares for

the purpose of rigging the market, as nothing less than a fraud.

Mr. Taylor said that the expression of his lordship's opinion would be of service to the public, among whom a different view of the matter appeared to be entertained. His lordship thereupon remarked:—"I am very much afraid, Mr. Taylor (and I say it with great sorrow), that we have no public in Bombay, nor anywhere else on this side of Europe."

THE BENCH AND THE BAR.—In the course of the hearing of the case of Pestonjee Jehangir Lamna, at a recent sitting of the Insolvent Debtors' Court, Dr. Reid, who appeared to support the insolvent, was understood to remark, among other things, that his client sincerely regretted the mischief he had done to himself and others by his speculation in shares.

Mr. Justice Anstey, the presiding Commissioner, said Dr. Reid ought never to make such a remark in court. It was quite unusual; and his lordship never heard of such a thing before he came out to this unfortunate country.

Dr. Reid said he did not see he had done anything wrong. There was nothing unusual in the remark.

Mr. Justice Anstey observed he never knew such a thing to be attempted—it would not be tolerated in any English court.

Dr. Reid said he spoke from his instructions what he considered was due to his client.

Mr. Justice Anstey affirmed that he was surprised that any gentleman who had been called to the Bar should make such a statement to a court, and persist in making it after an expression of the court's disapprobation.

Dr. Reid said he merely mentioned what, according to his instructions, the insolvent himself would state when in the witness-box. The learned counsel was not aware that he was at all guilty of any irregularity.

Mr. Justice Anstey affirmed that it was derogatory to the character of a member of the bar to put forward such a remark. If the counsel wished to make it his proper place to do so would be in the witness-box. It was unprofessional.

Dr. Reid said he could not submit to his conduct being called unprofessional. He had done nothing irregular; and the only thing he could do was to protest against his conduct being called unprofessional.

Mr. Justice Anstey: Well, do it.

The matter then dropped.

SUTTA AND VYADA.—On Saturday, in a case before Mr. Justice Anstey, a witness, who described himself as a broker, was being cross-examined by Mr. Taylor as to the nature of certain transactions in a bank's own shares in which he had acted as broker for the directors, was fined Rs. 60 under the following circumstances:—

Mr. Taylor: What transactions were you broker in between the plaintiff and the defendant?—I had large transactions with both firms.

Mr. Taylor: Were those transactions in what are called sutta contract?—I do not know if they were.

Mr. Taylor: What! you can't recollect the nature of the transactions in which you acted as broker? I cannot say.

His lordship: If you do not answer the question I will fine you ten rupees.

Mr. Taylor: Have you acted as broker for either of the parties in any sutta transactions?—I do not know what a sutta transaction is. I have acted in many sutta contracts for opium and cotton and shares for both parties.

His Lordship: You are fined ten rupees.

Mr. Taylor: Were you engaged in any sutta transactions for Tapidass about the 20th Feb. last?—I don't know what you mean by a sutta transaction.

His Lordship: Another ten rupees. You have just said the contrary.

Mr. Taylor then asked the question somewhat differently, and as the witness still gave stupid answers, his Lordship fined him another ten rupees, and then asked: Had the *sutta* transactions in which you were engaged anything to do with the parties to this suit?

Witness: I have done contracts for them.

His Lordship: I fine you ten rupees more. I shall now stop fining you at this rate, and the next fine will be twenty rupees; the next forty; and after that I shall commit you to gaol if you still persist in giving these evasive answers. It is astonishing how difficult it is to get an answer from you. You had better beware, for this is Saturday, and if I have to send you to gaol you will certainly have to remain there forty-eight hours, as to-morrow will be Sunday, and you cannot get out on that day.

After another question or two, his lordship inflicted the fine of twenty rupees, and the witness only escaped the next Rs. 40 by Mr. Taylor giving up the question he was asking.

In re-examination, the witness explained to Mr. Green that *sutta* transactions were *ryada* or time-bargains, and that the one word was sometimes used for the other.

THE INNISKILLINGS.

TO THE EDITOR OF THE "TIMES OF INDIA."

SIR,—On Friday last, the 1st of September, a most violent article appeared in the *Deccan Herald*, relative to an affair which occurred three months ago in the Inniskilling Dragoons. Round a thread of truth the writer of the article in question has woven such a collection of misstatements that it would be difficult to separate truth from fiction; but it is impossible to allow the article in question to remain uncontradicted. The principal object of the writer, it is plainly seen, is to throw discredit on the commanding officer of the Inniskilling Dragoons, and the violence of his attack is mainly directed against him; but in attacking the commanding officer of a regiment the whole body of officers suffer with him, and, therefore, I consider it my duty to send to your columns this letter, and to inform your readers through it that the article in question is untrue in most particulars, violent, and abusive in all, and written in the worst possible taste throughout. I am not of course able to refer to anything that has occurred in the regiment to which I have the honour to belong; but I trust that you and all other editors of newspapers who have the honour of the English army at heart will refrain from publishing any attacks on a regiment which it should be the duty of all to uphold. It is perfectly right that a newspaper should be an outlet for the expression of public opinion, and a free press is one of an Englishman's dearest privileges; but when the columns of a newspaper are made the medium through which any discontented officer or soldier is able to pour forth bitter words against his commanding officer, it would make one almost lament that such a freedom was allowed. I am quite certain that you will not allow your columns to be the receptacle of such an effusion as the article I allude to, but I would appeal to you, as Editor of one of the most influential papers in India, to show that you do not countenance in any way such a malicious attack as the one I allude to. As we are promised [by the *Herald*] further statements regarding regimental matters, I hope that this letter will be sufficient contradiction for the remainder of the Mhow correspondent's budget, for I have not the least doubt that the continuation of the attack will prove to be as untrue as the commencement.—Trusting you will find room in your paper for this letter, I remain, yours faithfully,

CHARLES W. THESIGER,

Major, Inniskilling Dragoons.

Mhow, September 4th, 1865.

We willingly find room for Major Thesiger's letter, and are glad to accord to it a prominent

place; we are also obliged for Major Thesiger's good opinion, and very much approve the course he takes in allying his name to his letter. He will find on scanning our issue of the 6th that his favourable opinion of us will have to undergo a severe test; but we have confidence in his gentlemanly fairness in asking him to give us a patient hearing, whilst perusing our comments of that day on "something that has occurred in the regiment to which he has the honour to belong." It seems needful to ask Major Thesiger to make a little effort to meet us, on the only terms on which "the privileges of the press" can be maintained, more so because he makes the grand mistake of taking the whole for a part. We demur decidedly to his statement that in criticising the conduct of a "commanding officer of a regiment, the whole body of officers suffer with him." On the contrary, they are far more likely to remain under unjust aspersion if free public criticism is not at liberty to single out offenders from the offended. And as to its being the duty of the press "to uphold a regiment," that service cannot be performed by supporting anything and everything that may occur within a regiment. We trust that so far as we may venture to claim any right to "have the honour of the English army at heart," we shall endeavour to cherish that honour; and not the least efficient means of doing so is, for us to point out distinctly any dereliction of honour and gentlemanly conduct therein. Whilst we would do this unflinchingly, we shall always decline to afford "a medium through which any discontented officer or soldier may pour forth bitter words against his commanding officer," or—what is more to the purpose—against any brother officer. Of course we speak only for ourselves, and are not to be judged by what the *Deccan* or any other *Herald* may say or do. With regard to our comments on the transactions at Mhow, which Major Thesiger may have read ere this, he will see that little is said as to the "affair" of three months ago; and with regard to the proceedings before the Court of Inquiry, we had good materials on which to found a judgment. That judgment was come to with a very anxious desire to say the right thing; and, we trust, with as complete an exemption from any malicious feeling as Major Thesiger himself can lay claim to.—*Times of India*.

MISCELLANEOUS.

OPENING OF THE G. I. P. R. TAPEE VIADUCT.—To celebrate the completion of the Taptee Viaduct on the G. I. P. Railway, an excursion to it from Boorhanpoor was made on Thursday last by a few gentlemen connected with contract No. 15, accompanied by some friends. The excursionists left Boorhanpoor about eight in the morning, in a gaily decorated truck, attached to the contractors' train, and on arrival at the Taptee made a brief inspection of the noble bridge, afterwards proceeding to Bhopawul to partake of a cold collation, to which the party had been invited by Mr. W. B. Wright, the representative of Mr. George Wythes, the contractor.—*Times of India*.

THE "BENARES," which arrived with the English mail of the 18th ult., is reported to have brought 31 lacs in specie, the first considerable amount of bullion that has been imported from Europe since March last.—*Bombay Gazette*.

THE INSPECTOR OF SCHOOLS, RAWAL PINDEE CIRCLE.—We are glad to learn that Mr. Charles Pearson, B.A., at present officiating as an inspector in the Educational Department at this station, obtains the appointment of Inspector of Schools for the Rawal Pindia Circle. Mr. Pearson is a graduate of St. John's College, Cambridge, and has had great experience in the Educational Department of the North West.—*Mofussilite*.

THE KHAN OF KHELAT.—A good deal having lately been heard regarding the Khan of Khelat, it might perhaps be interesting to some of our readers to know something of the whereabouts and history of this chieftain. Khelat, though the smallest, is by far the most important province of Beloochistan, as it contains the capital and seat of Government (such Government as it is). Khodabad Khan was born in 1839, and is son of that Melrah Khan who was slain at the capture of his capital by the British on 13th November of the same year. He was thus half-brother to Nusseer Khan, who died in 1857, whom he succeeded on the throne. The death of Nusseer Khan, an able and faithful friend of the English, followed by that of his minister, just at the outbreak of the Indian mutiny—opened the door to disturbance in Khelat, which continued till 1858, when General Jacob succeeded in arranging disputes between the Khan and his nobles. Among these turbulent spirits was the Jam of Bela. He is a petty chief, whose right is hereditary, but who is not considered actual ruler until recognised by the Khan; but, when fully established, he possesses sovereign power, merely furnishing a military contingent when required by his superior. Khodabad Khan does not seem to be a popular prince; and the disaffection of the chiefs burst forth openly in March, 1863, which outbreak ended in the dethronement of this ruler, who remained in exile till July, 1864—when, through the influence of Colonel Green, he was recalled and re-ascended the throne.—*Times of India*.

RAWUL PINDEE AFFAIRS.—The Horse Artillery and 42nd are to march on the 20th of Oct. I think they will find the carriage in the vocative case. The volunteering from the Horse Artillery to remain in the country has closed. Twenty-four men go to Madras, four to Bengal, and one to Bombay. This is three times the amount that volunteered when the A. and B. Batteries went home. The commanding officer and two lieutenants will also remain. People say the days of miracles are gone by, but if the following be not one, it cannot be far from it. Lieutenant Green, B. Battery, 19th Brigade Royal Artillery, a few nights ago was going the "station rounds." The night was dark; he had visited all the guards, and the native cavalry being the last, he dismissed the Sowar and commenced to gallop off home by a short cut. There was a large well in the road, which he did not see till he came up close to it, when it was too late to attempt to pull his horse up. He tried to leap it, but the horse's fore feet only touched the opposite side; consequently Lieutenant Green and horse were hurled to the bottom, the horse turning over twice during the descent. The well is eight yards wide and twenty-five yards in depth. The horse was killed on the spot, but, strange to say, the rider escaped with merely a severe shaking. Lieutenant Green is undoubtedly one of the finest horsemen in India; he kept on the horse till near the bottom, and threw himself clear. There was only a foot of water in the well. Mr. Green remained sitting on his dead horse from 11 o'clock P.M. till 6 o'clock A.M. the next morning, when he was pulled up by some of the artillery. To make the matter complete, there was a nest of large snakes at the bottom—one was fourteen feet long. Lieutenant Green would not allow them to be killed, as they did not molest him.—*Mofussilite*.

THE MAHARAJAH OF PUTTEALA.—His Highness the Maharajah of Putteala has obtained the permission of Government to pay a complimentary visit to H.E. the Viceroy at Simla. He will probably go up about the middle of October.—*Pioneer*.

AS IT SHOULD BE.—We learn that a telegram was lately received by a firm in Bombay in eighteen hours twenty-three minutes after it was despatched from Amsterdam.—*Times of India*.

THE WAGHEERS.—The Wagheers still remain unsubdued. The last intelligence mentions a brush having taken place between them and Major Richards' force about a fortnight ago, when they were hotly pursued all day, but not overtaken until late in the evening, by which time they had retreated to one of their impregnable strongholds in the Burdahi hills; from this, however, after several shots had been exchanged they retreated, getting away under cover of the darkness. A few days afterwards it was discovered that they had occupied a strong fort some thirty miles off; but on hearing on the approach of Major Richards' force they quitted it for their favourite retreat in the hills. On their way there, they were not far from meeting our troops face to face in the plains, but this was not known until an hour or so after. Lieutenant Russell, the Assistant Political Agent, had a miraculous escape. As he was riding three or four miles ahead of our force, accompanied by a few sowars, he came suddenly on the Wagheers. The meeting was equally unexpected on both sides; they, however, poured in a volley upon him, a ball passing through his horse's body. The poor animal had strength left to carry its master to a village about a mile off, where it dropped dead. Lieutenant Russell escaped to a fort some ten miles off, but one or two of his escort were killed on the spot and cut to pieces, the rest escaping slightly wounded. The Wagheers, finding this part of the country too hot for them, fled to the Okhamandel jungles—another favourite retreat of theirs; but I have no doubt they will meet with an unpleasantly warm reception from the troops stationed there. Notwithstanding they lead this cat-and-dog life, never being allowed to rest many days anywhere, it has produced no change in their habits. This little war is most harassing to the troops engaged in it, particularly at this inclement season. It is, however, not likely soon to be brought to a close until a much larger force is employed in its suppression, and I believe Government is now about to take measures to effect its complete and final check. A great many rich and influential natives have been arrested for secretly instigating the rebellion. The Rana of Porbander, who has lately returned from a pilgrimage to Benares, is said to be deeply implicated; and fresh and glaring discoveries are daily made, confirming the suspicions that have for some time been entertained against him. Should this be considered acceptable for your columns, I shall be happy at another time to inform you of the doings of our troops, as soon as I can learn them, but the official reports on the subject are sometimes difficult to obtain.—*Times of India.*

BOMBAY MONEY MARKET.—(Bombay, Sept. 28.)—Our money market has been comparatively easy, although since the departure of last mail there has existed a greater demand for accommodation. Business is being resumed with great vigour, and for the remainder of the year remittances to the interior are likely to be heavy, and a rise on the present value of money may therefore be looked for. The latest bank return shows a slight increase in the cash balance, which will probably be further added to within the next week or two by recent remittances being returned from the Mint, so that there is no immediate necessity for an advance in present rates, which are 7 per cent. for loans on Government paper, and 9 and 8 on three and two months mercantile bills. Short dates can be negotiated rather under these rates.

BOMBAY A FRENCH CONSULATE.—The Emperor of France having created Bombay a Consulate of the Empire, his Excellency the Governor-general in Council is pleased to recognise Mr. Chenon as Consul for France at Bombay. Pending Mr. Chenon's arrival, Mr. Otto Muller will exercise the functions of Vice-Consul for France at this Presidency.—*Times of India.*

THE NEW CHIEF ENGINEER IN SCINDE.—We are glad to learn that Colonel J. G. Fyfe is to be our next chief engineer. Colonel Fyfe's knowledge of hydraulic engineering and the great experience he has had in the construction and conservation of canals peculiarly qualify him for the post to which he stands nominated. Mr. Parkes' plans will doubtless now have fair play in their execution, and the result cannot but be a great improvement in our harbour. All hands in the Public Works Department will hail with delight the return of Colonel Fyfe to Scinde, excepting probably one gentleman, who, however, has sufficient service to enable him to retire on a pension.—*Our Paper.*

REDUCTION OF SALARY.—We hear the Government of India have reduced the salary of the Under-Secretary to Government in the Legislative Department from Rs. 1,500 to Rs. 1,000 per mensem. Under these altered circumstances the present Secretary, Mr. Birdwood, vacates the appointment in October next.—*Bombay Gazette.*

A MOVEABLE COLUMN is to be established, to be called the "Meean Meer Moveable Column," and to consist of the following:—F battery 11th Brigade, Royal Artillery. 3 Troops of the 19th Bengal Lancers. 3 Companies of H.M.'s 82nd Regiment. 2 Companies of the 3rd Native Infantry. 2 Companies of the 21st Punjab Native Infantry.

THE PARSEE MATRIMONIAL COURT.—The Parsee Marriage Act comes into operation from to-morrow. Government have appointed twelve delegates from among the Parsee community who will sit in the Matrimonial Court, with a judge of the High Court, to hear and dispose of the cases arising from family feuds.—*Bombay Gazette, Sept. 29.*

DEATH ON BOARD THE "BENARES" IN THE RED SEA.—Mr. R. Annibal, passenger by the P. and O. Company's S.S. *Benares* from Southampton to Bombay, died in the Red Sea on the 2nd Sept., of heat apoplexy, and was buried the same evening. He was on his way to join the Bombay Gas Company.—*Bombay Gazette.*

THE "POWLA."—We have heard from a private source that the *Powla* will be published under the direction of the Committee of the Society for the Promotion of Christian Knowledge at the Presidency; and that one of its editors is to be the Rev. C. Kirk.—*Scinde Summachar.*

THE COMMAND OF THE PESHAWUR DIVISION.—There are rumours abroad that Major-general Sir John Garrook, K.C.B., is likely to resign the command of the Peshawur division, although, in the ordinary routine, his tour of service would not terminate until June, 1868.—*Mofussilite.*

SHIPPING.

ARRIVALS.

Sept. 8. John Renton, Hong, Rangoon; str. Ephraates, Tainin, Calcutta; str. Governor Hargison, Parker, Kurrachee;—10. str. Nagotana, Adams, Glasgow; Ellen, Townswick, Rangoon;—11. str. Beares, White, Suez;—13. Owenzandy, Brown, Hull;—14. Royal Alexandra, Bowning, London;—16. Indian Chief, Smith, Liverpool; 1st Lt. Salvo, Miles, Mauritius;—18. Crusader, Grosund, Greenock;—19. str. Malt, Bland, Galle; Confidence, Cameron, Greenock; William Wilson, Melbur, London;—22. str. Jeddo, Fitzgerald, Sydney; L. m. McFarish, Calcutta; str. Burnah, Irvine, Calcutta;—23. str. Behar, Hyde, Hong Kong; str. Sydney, Lovewell, J. m. a; str. Catherine Apear, Swanson, Calcutta;—27. str. Malta, Murray, Suez.

PASSENGERS ARRIVED.

Per P. and O. Co.'s str. *Malta*—From MARSEILLES.—Mr. and Mrs. H. M. Grant, Lieut. Weddell, Mr. Slight, Lieut. Col. Combe, Lieut. Mosley, Col. and Mrs. Brown, Mr. J. Taylor, Mr. Cliffe, Mr. Rouse. From SOUTHAMPTON.—Mr. and Mrs. G. T. Gierten and two children, Mr. A. Wilkinson, Staff Surg. Humphrey, Asst. Surg. McDonald, Mr. J. E. Blake, Mr. A. B. Robinson, Mr. G. O'Brien, Mr. E. Vallance, Mr. J. Candy, Capt. A. Stewart, Mr. and Mrs. Maunty, Mr. D. Low, Mr. Mackay, Mrs. Hudson, Mrs. Thompson, Mr. and Mrs. C. E. Culling, Mrs. Humphrey, Mr. J. Sargent, Mr. J. D. Sherman, Mr. B. Bucknashaw, Mr. A. Taylor, Mr. A. Rigg, Mr. B. Smith, Mr. J. Andrews, Mr. J. Rieker, Mr. H. Edwards, Mr. A. Moore, Mr. J. Mervy, Mr. C. H. Bous, Mr. J. H. Well, Mr. A. B. Carter, Mr. D. C. Mr. A. Hurson, Mr. N. Varcoe, Mr. Yeoman, Mr. Rothwell, Mr. Taperell, Miss P. Bull. From SUEZ.—Mr. Rouse, Capt. Campbell, Miss P. Douglas, Mr. T. Milburn. From ADEN.—Major Welsh, J.

DEPARTURES.

Sept. 9. Str. *Carnatic*, Grainger, Aden and Suez; str. *Bombay Castle*, Wadge, Hong Kong; *Ophelia*, Stuckland, Liverpool;—11. *Manila*, Cameron, Calcutta; Sir John Mandeville, Greg, Calcutta; *Canute*, Quinn, Calcutta; *Mistress of the Seas*, Paine, Calcutta; str. *Bombay*, Burce, Galle and Australia;—13. *Cambay*, Jackson, Liverpool; *Admiral De Reuter*, Steven, Batavia; *Arundel*, Whyte, Liverpool;—15. str. *Eneus*, Methven, China; str. *Asia*, Melville, Coast and Calcutta;—16. str. *Koima*, Coburn, Aden and Suez; *Hurly Puddemsey*, Morr, Liverpool; *Nagpore*, Jenkins, Calcutta; *Platan*, Brown, Moulmein; *Statesman*, Morrison, Penang;—18. *Bombay*, Miller, Aden; *Bushire Merchant*, Nacoda, Calcutta;—19. *Lise*, Cadet, Malabar Coast; City of Edinburgh, Soden, Liverpool;—21. *Punjab*, Nacoda, Calcutta; *Fa'ze Allau*, Stafford, Persian Gulf; *Research*, Churchill, Calcutta;—21. *Malden*, Smith, Calcutta;—23. *Missouri*, Coburn, Matras; *Mitades*, Lobb, Moulmein;—26. Atanta, Basu's, Persian Gulf; *Scimitar*, Potts, Calcutta;—27. *Fannyvel*, Plenge, Tatabarin; *Chasmerden*, Gibson, Calcutta;—29. Mail str. *Jeddo*, Suez.

PASSENGERS DEPARTED.

Per P. and O. Co.'s str. *Carnatic*.—For SUEZ.—Major G. Cumming, Mr. Hore. For MARSEILLES.—Mr. W. F. Armstrong. For SOUTHAMPTON.—Lieut. D. C. Bell, Mr. Campbell, Mr. Bell, Surg. Fox. Per str. *Koima*.—For SUEZ.—Col. Fuller, Adjutant-general, R.A., Major Chambers, H.M.'s 6th Dragoons, Cornet Cottle, H.M.'s 6th Dragoons, Lieuts. Buchanan and Cruikshank, Lieut. and Mrs. J. and family, Surgs. Dick, Beaumont, and Summers, Major Washington, Mr. J. Bryner, Mr. H. Jacobs, Mr. Pagano, Lieut. Clark, Capt. Z. ab. Per P. and O. Co.'s str. *Jeddo*.—For SUEZ.—Col. Forbes, Lieut. Stevens, Dr. Lord, Mr. Maclean, Mr. S. Price, Mr. Lawrie. For MARSEILLES.—Major W. C. Clarke, Capt. Arthur Carey, R.H.A., Capt. Rice, Mrs. Danterville and two children, Mr. and Mrs. Thomas, Mr. and Mrs. Williams, Mrs. Roberts, Mrs. and Miss Heycock, Mr. A. H. Heycock, Mr. Briggs, Mr. J. B. Sharp, Mr. W. Herbert Evans. For SOUTHAMPTON.—Lieut. A. Parrell, R.E., Lieut. G. J. Morris, Mrs. Muter and three children, Mrs. Weir and child, Mrs. Davies, Mrs. Hayman, Mrs. Emily Robertson, Miss Mary Beckhouse, Miss Piercy, Dr. Dyer, Mrs. Dyer and family, Mr. J. H. Barry, Mr. Powell, Mr. W. Holmes.

COMMERCIAL.

Bombay, Sept. 29, 1865.

EXCHANGES.

On London Banks—at 6 months' sight, per rupee, 2s 0d. 6 ditto ditto 2s 0d. to 9-16 Cred. Bills. 6 ditto ditto 2s 0d. to 2 Dcts.

BANK AND OTHER SHARES.

Agua Bank (Rs. 500)	115 pr. cent pm
Asiatic Bank	62
Bombay Bank (Rs. 1,000)	62 do.
Bank of India (Rs. 35)	36 pm.
Central Bank (Rs. 250)	120 do.
Chartered Bank of India, Australia, & China (Rs. 200)	80 do.
Commercial Bank (Rs. 500)	25
Joint-Stock Bank (Rs. 200)	63 do.
Mercantile Bank (Rs. 250)	119 do.
Oriental Bank Corporation (Rs. 250)	110 pm.
Royal Bank of India (Rs. 25)	28 do.
Madras Bank (Rs. 1,000)	73 do.
Apolo Press Co. (Rs. 11,000)	par
Colaba Press Co. (Rs. 2,700)	Rs. 6,000 p. sh.
Fort Press Co. (Rs. 3,667)	Rs. 14,500 p. sh.
Elephant and Land Press Co.—	
(A) share (Rs. 6,000)	5600 Rs. 800 pm.
(B) share (Rs. 6,000)	2500 dis.
Free Press Co. (Rs. 250)	25 pm.
Victoria Land and Press Co. (Rs. 4,000)	Rs. 2500 pm.
Bombay Press Co. (Rs. 1,200)	7 per cent. dis.
Great Indian Peninsula Railway Co. Consolidated Stock (Rs. 215-3-0)	Rs. 3-2-0 p. sh.
Hydraulic Press Co. (Rs. 4,000)	Rs. 500 prem.
Coorla Spinning Co. (Rs. 5,000)	Rs. 500 prem.
Bombay United Spinning and Weaving Co. (Rs. 2,500)	Rs. 500 prem.
Colaba Land Co. (Rs. 10,000)	Rs. 3000 p. sh.
Bonded Warehouse Co. (Rs. 400)	Rs. par
Back Bay Reclamation Co. Rs. 5,000 put-up	9,000 p. sh. pm.
Oriental Weaving and Spinning Company (Rs. 2,500)	Rs. 150 prem.
Royal Spinning and Weaving Co. (Rs. 1,500)	Rs. 100 prem.
Victoria Spinning Co. (Rs. 5,000)	Rs. 1,000 prem.

GOVERNMENT SECURITIES.

Four per Cent. Suez (Rs. Trans. Loan)	Rs. 91
" " Suez (Rs. Loan 1852-33)	92 1/2
" " Co's Rs. Loan 1855-56	90 1/2
" " " " 1842-43	1854-55
Five per Cent. Co's Rs. Loan	104 1/2
Five and a Half per Cent.	111
Ditto, New 220 Shares (Rs. 57-4-1)	Rs. 7 do. dis.
Bombay, Baroda, and Central India Railway Co. (Rs. 1,000)	par.
Bombay Spinning & Weaving Co. (Rs. 5,000)	Rs. 600 prem.
Great Eastern Spinning and Weaving Company (Rs. 1,100)	Rs. 100 prem.
Manockjee Potty's Spinning and Weaving Co. (Rs. 850)	Rs. 25 prem.
House and Land Investment Co. (Rs. 200)	Rs. 400
Bombay Shipping Co. (Rs. 1,500)	Rs. 3,000

PRICE OF BULLION, &c.

Sovereigns	ach. Rs. 10
Bank of England Notes	10
Spanish Dollars	240
Central Bank	220
Mexican Dollars	225
Five Franc Pieces, Rs. 225 folas	205
German Crowns	21 1/2
Bar Silver, 17 and 17 1/2 dwt. better, per 100 tolas	107

FREIGHTS.

To Liverpool—Cotton, £1. 2s. 6d. to £1. 7s. 6d., and by one or two favourite iron ships, £1 has been paid. For October, £1 to £1. 2s. 6d., and for November, £1. 5s. to £1. 10s.

EXPORTS.—Bombay, Sept. 28.—We have had an active and hardening market for nearly all descriptions of imports since the departure of the last mail, and dealers generally have shown more confidence in operating than for many months back. The demand for second hands for up country supply has been on a most satisfactory scale, considering the season of the year, and as advices from home are more favourable a stronger feeling has sprung up here. In Manchester grey goods there has been a brisk business in progress, and holders, although most of them look for a further rise in prices, have met the demand freely. The advance in prices may be stated at 2 to 8 ans. on 40 in. shirtings, 4 to 8 ans. on the heavier weights, of 45 in., 5 ans. on printers, 1 to 2 ans. on madapolams, and 2 to 3 ans. on jaconets and mulls. Since the latest advices have been received from England dealers have shown more confidence still, and are anxious to secure parcels of favourite goods expected to arrive up to the end of the year. Holders, however, are not disposed to sell. Bleached goods have been in good inquiry, but prices being still proportionately low with those of grey goods, importers are not offering freely. Prints and dyed cloths have attracted more inquiry without leading to much business. Thread fabrics have been in very active request at an improvement in price. Yarns, both grey and coloured, have been largely dealt in at an advance of $\frac{1}{4}$ an. to 2 ans. per lb. The latter description is asked for freely to arrive. Metals have been dull of sale, but some improvement may be looked for shortly.

EXPORTS.—Bombay, Sept. 28.—Cotton.—Soon after the departure of last mail our market began to show signs of animation, and since then has continued strong, with a large business doing at hardening rates. The arrivals from the up country districts and coast ports have been much less than was looked for, and this has compelled operators to confine their attention to purchases for future delivery, on which terms dealers have been somewhat difficult to deal with. Most European houses hold large orders from home (in very many cases unlimited as to price), and extensive engagements have been entered into under these in Dhollerah for delivery up to the end of November Rs. 310 to Rs. 354, and in Oomrawuttu at Rs. 285 to Rs. 310. A small business has been done in ready branch, and both Compta and Sawginned Bharwar have found ready buyers. The contract made for all descriptions must far exceed the probable receipts during the next two months. Our quotations show an advance of from Rs. 30 to Rs. 50 per candy over those of last mail, and the market closes very strong, with every indication of a further rise, in response to the more favourable advices coming in from your side. Shipments since the 5th amount to 37,657 bales, against 28,654 bales shipped during the previous fortnight.

DESPATCH OF THE INDIA, CHINA, AND AUSTRALIAN MAILS.—(SOUTHAMPTON, Oct. 20.)—The Peninsular and Oriental Company's steamship *Syria*, Captain Roskell, sailed hence to-day, with the mails for Gibraltar, the Mediterranean, Egypt, Aden, Ceylon, India (except Bombay), China, Mauritius, Cape of Good Hope, Australia, and New Zealand. She took out eighty first and fifty second-class passengers, amongst whom were Ensigns Sealey and Justice, Lieutenant Bule, Captain Chase, and the Rev. Mr. Clarke. The *Syria* took out a general cargo, and on freight sixty-five boxes specie, value £18,759, for the following ports, viz.:—Ceylon—jewellery, £100. Madras—gold coin, £2,215; silver ditto, £1. 4s.; gold thread, &c., £1,565. 7s. Calcutta—silver coin, £25; watches, jewellery, &c., £936. Hong Kong—dollars, £325; jewellery, £100. Shanghai—jewellery, £717. Hobson's Bay, jewellery, &c., £600; and for Sydney, jewellery, &c., £1,865.

THE CALCUTTA, CHINA, AND AUSTRALIAN MAILS.—SOUTHAMPTON, October 22.—The Peninsular and Oriental Company's steamship *Poonah*, Captain Field, with the heavy Calcutta, China, and Australian mails, arrived this morning. She brings 89 passengers, amongst whom is the Rev. Mr. Gardner, chaplain to her Majesty's forces, from Gibraltar. Mr. Quaife, purser to the company's steamer *Behar*, died on board the *Poonah* on the 18th inst. The *Poonah* has on freight 8 packages of specie, value £165,000, also 6 packages of valuables, and 2,022 packages of cargo, including 1,755 bales of raw silk, value £150,000 sterling.

LATEST INTELLIGENCE.

(By Direct Overland Telegraph)

BOMBAY, Oct. 6 (10 P.M.).

Shirtings and twist improving. Cotton advancing. Dhollerah, 415. Shipments since the 30th ult.: 7,500 bales. Exchange on London, 2s. 0 $\frac{1}{2}$ d. Freights 30s.

The rate of discount has been raised 1 per cent.

CALCUTTA, Oct. 5.

There is no business doing here.



Official Gazette.

BENGAL.

BY THE GOVERNOR-GENERAL.

Simla, Sept. 4.—Lieut. col. J. E. Gastrell, staff corps, received charge of the office of dep. surveyor gen., with the superintendence of revenue surveys, from Lieut. col. D. G. Robinson, R.E., on the forenoon of July 24.

Sept. 5.—Mr. H. W. Bowen, asst. supnt. of police, Oomrawuttie dist., availed himself, on the forenoon of July 24, of the priv. leave granted to him on Aug. 8.

Sept. 6.—Capt. A. R. McMahon, officg. dep. comr., 4th grade, assumed charge of the duties of mag. of Akyab, from Lieut. G. A. Strover, supernum. asst. comr., 2nd grade, on the forenoon of July 29.

Dr. J. C. Whishaw, civil asst. surg., Fyzabad, returned on the forenoon of July 7 from 2 mo. leave on m.c., granted to him May 27.

Sept. 7.—Mr. F. M. Bird, of the civil service, is admitted to a furl. for a period of 3 years.

The Rev. C. T. Toussaint has been appd. to be a jun. chaplain on the Bengal estab. The appt. will take effect from 1st inst.

Sept. 6.—Lieut. W. Hamilton, dist. supnt. of police in Berar, is appd. to be an asst. comr. of the 3rd class in Oude.

Sept. 4.—The services of Messrs. T. N. Wilson and M. L. Ferrar, of the C.S., are placed at the disposal of the chief comr. of Oude for employment in that province.

Sept. 5.—The services of Major F. H. Hanmer, asst. comr. of Nagpore, are placed at the disposal of the N.W.P. Govt.

Capt. F. A. Fenton, dep. comr. of Raepore, in the Central Provinces, has obtained priv. leave of absence for 3 mo. from Nov. 1.

Mr. C. W. McMin, asst. comr. in Oude, is appointed to offic. as asst. settlement officer of Seetapore, during the absence on leave of Lieut. G. G. Young.

Lieut. col. R. S. Dobbs, supt. of the Nundidroog div., Mysore, has obtained priv. leave of absence for 3 mo. from 1st inst.

Major J. L. Pearse, supt. of the Ashtagram div., will offic. as supt. of the Nundidroog div. during Lieut. col. Dobbs's absence.

Major C. Elliot, c.b., will offic. as supt. of the Ashtagram div.

Lieut. col. T. Clerk will offic. as supt. of the Nugger div.

Sept. 4.—The services of Capt. F. D. M. Brown, v.c., of the 101st royal Bengal fus., a candidate for the staff corps, are placed at the disposal of the public works dept.

Sept. 5.—The undermentioned officers are permitted to proceed to Eur. on m.c.:—

Asst. surg. E. J. Hoskins, m.d., of the med. dept., attached to the 14th Bengal cav., for 18 mo., under new regs.

Lieut. H. W. Shoubridge, of gen. list, inf., for 18 mo., under the new regs.

Sept. 11.—No. 1,843.—Capt. C. E. Watson, while offic. as dep. comr., 4th grade, British Burmah, is app. marriage registrar for the district of Ramree, Arracan div.

No. 1,845.—The Gov. gen. in Council is pleased to appoint Mr. B. L. Rice to be inspector of schools in the province of Mysore, with effect from July 1.

Sept. 14.—No. 1,937.—The Hon. H. S. Maine reported his return to India on the 11th inst., from the leave of absence granted to him on the 18th of March last.

Sept. 9.—No. 1,837.—Major J. Stubbs, officg. 1st asst. to the resident of Hyderabad, has obtained priv. leave for 15 days, from the 21st ult.

No. 1,839.—Major F. E. A. Chamier, settlement officer of Durriabad, availed himself on the 28th ult. of the priv. leave granted him in G.O. No. 1,570, dated July 31, 1865.

Mr. H. B. Harrington, asst. settlement officer, will officiate as settlement officer of Durriabad during Major Chamier's absence.

Sept. 11.—No. 1,845.—Lieut. T. Cadell, v.c., dep. Bheel agent and political asst. at Manpore, is granted priv. leave for 2 $\frac{1}{2}$ mo. from 7th inst.

No. 1,847.—Major F. N. Bayly, asst. comr., 1st

grade, British Burmah, has 3 weeks' prep. leave from 2nd ult., to Calcutta for the purpose of appearing before the med. board, making over charge of his office to Mr. H. W. Beddy, dep. comr., 3rd grade, Bassein.

No. 1,849.—Major G. Faithfull, dep. comr., 1st grade, British Burmah, has 14 days' prep. leave from the 22nd ult., to proceed to Calcutta, m.c.

Major Faithfull made over charge of the office of dep. comr., Amherst dist., and of the Treasury, to Mr. G. E. Barr, asst. comr., 3rd class, on the afternoon of the 21st idem.

No. 1,851.—Major H. F. Waddington, acting settlement officer, Mundla, is appd. to hold charge of the Jubbulpore settlement in addition to his own duties, during the absence on leave of Mr. C. Grant.

Lieut. H. C. E. Ward, asst. comr., Jubbulpore, will offic. as dep. comr. during Mr. Grant's absence.

No. 1,853.—Capt. W. Munro, asst. comr., 2nd grade, in British Burmah, assumed charge of the duties of asst. comr. at Henzada in the Myanong dist., on the forenoon of July 3.

Capt. C. E. Watson, asst. comr., 1st grade, made over charge of the duties of asst. comr. at Younzaleen in the Martaban dist., to Capt. W. P. Harrison, dep. comr. of Martaban, on the afternoon of the 1st July, and assumed charge of the office of dep. comr. of Ramree, from Capt. A. R. McMahon, officg. dep. comr., 4th grade, on the afternoon of the 24th idem.

Sept. 12.—No. 1,855.—Lieut. R. F. St. A. St. John, of H.M.'s 60th rifles, is appd. to be an asst. comr., 3rd grade, in British Burmah.

Sept. 13.—No. 1,858.—Dr. A. Young, officg. dep. comr. of Durriabad, is granted 14 days' leave, under the rules applicable to mil. officers in civil employ, to proceed to Calcutta, on m.c., the leave to commence from the date on which he may avail himself of it.

Sept. 14.—No. 1,862.—Brevet major H. Dixon, 22nd Madras N.I., obtained leave from Dec. 26 to Jan. 6 last, to enable him to join his late appointment in the Mysore Commission.

No. 1,864.—Capt. P. W. Bannerman, appointed in G.O. No. 1,565, dated July 27, to be Bheel agent and political assistant, Bhopawur agency, and commandant of the Malwa Bheel corps, received charge of his office from Major W. G. Cumming on 21st ult.

No. 1,866.—Major H. M. Elliott, dep. superint. 1st class in Mysore, returned to his duty on 15th ult. from the leave to Europe granted him by the Madras Government.

No. 1,868.—Lieut. col. T. Clerk, offic. superint. of the Nugger division, Mysore, has priv. leave for ten days from date he may avail himself of same.

No. 1,870.—Major J. J. Fulton, offic. dep. comr. of Mundla, Central Provinces, has priv. leave for 1 mo. from date on which Mr. Grant, on return from leave, may resume charge of the Jubbulpore Settlement from Major Waddington.

Sept. 15.—No. 1,880.—With reference to Home Dept. notification, No. 431, dated July 26, H.E. the Viceroy and Gov. gen. in Council is pleased to confirm the Hon. W. Muir in the appt. of secr. to the Govt. of India in the foreign dept., with effect from April 27 last.

Sept. 13.—No. 2,327.—Leave.—Mr. R. [Sterndale, asst. comr. of issue of paper currency, Nagpore circle in the Central Provs., has obtained 1 mo. priv. leave from such date as he may avail himself of the same.

LEAVE TO COVENANTED CIVIL SERVANTS.

Sept. 15.—No. 2,376.—The foll. is published for general information:—

From E. H. Lushington, Esq., Secy. to the Govt. of India, Financial Dept., to the Acct. gen., N.W.P., (No. 1,772, dated Simla, Aug. 11).

Sir,—I am directed to acknowledge the receipt of two letters from the late officiating civil paymaster, N.W.P., Nos. 31 and 41, dated respectively June 29 and July 1 last, submitting for consideration the three following questions connected with leave of absence to covenanted civil servants, viz.:—

1. Does section 9 require an interval of six months between two instalments of privilege leave?
2. Does section 8 bar the enjoyment in one calendar year of instalments amounting to more than one calendar month, when leave has been accumulated?
3. Must a service of three months be required after privilege leave, previous to furlough or retirement?

In answering all these questions negatively, I am directed to observe that the meaning of the rules regarding privilege leave will be clear, if rules 6 and

8 were read according to the following arrangement of them, viz:—

The Government may grant leave of absence for one month in each calendar year.

As a general rule, such leave will be in one period, but it shall be discretionary with the Government to sanction leave under this rule in two instalments, not exceeding in the aggregate one month within the calendar year.

No second leave can be granted under this rule, until the completion of eleven months from the expiration of the last leave, if taken at one time; or, until the completion of six months from the expiration of the last instalment of a leave if it has been divided.

An officer not availing himself of leave in any year, may obtain leave for two months after the expiration of twenty-two months from the termination of his last leave; and if two years pass without enjoyment of the privilege, he may obtain leave for three months, after the expiration of thirty-three months from the termination of his last leave.

An officer to whom an accumulation of leave may be thus due, and who may take only a portion of it, may be allowed to take the remainder subsequently.

Ordered that a copy of the foregoing letter be sent to all the accountants general and deputy accountants general for information and guidance.

No. 324.—Mr. A. R. Mosley, C.E., asst. engr., 1st grade, Central Provs., is transf. from the Nerbuddah to the Nagpore div.

Sept. 12.—No. 325.—Mr. M. Dalton, acct., 4th grade, public works dept., Oude, is granted 1 mo. priv. leave, with effect from the 1st inst.

No. 226.—Mr. R. Wiseman, overseer, 2nd grade, public works dept., Oude, is removed from the dept.

Sept. 14.—No. 327.—Capt. F. D. M. Brown, v.c., H.M.'s 101st foot, is app. to the public works dept., as an asst. engr. of the 2nd grade, and posted to the N.W.P.

Sept. 11.—No. 849.—The leave to Eur. on m.c., for 20 mo., under the new regs., granted to Lieut. C. R. Cock, of the late 20th regt. N.I., in G.O. No. 1,029, of Dec. 15, 1864, is commuted to leave to the Cape of Good Hope, on the same account.

No. 850.—The undermen. officer is permitted to proceed to Europe:—

Major G. Faithful, of Bengal staff corps, 1st class dep. comr., Amherst, British Burmah, for 6 mo., without pay.

No. 851.—The undermen. officer is permitted to proceed to Europe on leave of absence, on m.c.:—

Assist. surg. J. H. White, of med. dept., in med. charge 7th regt. N.I., for 20 mo., under new regs.

Sept. 12.—No. 852.—The undermen. officers have reported their return from England:—

Capt. and Brev. maj. G. L. Fraser, of Bengal staff corps, assist. adjt. gen., and Capt. A. D. Varenen, of Bengal staff corps, revenue surveyor, 3rd div., Oude, date of arrival at Fort William, Aug. 31.

Lieut. R. A. Dobbin, of late 6th Eur. regt.; date of arrival at Fort William, Sept. 1.

No. 853.—Lieut. R. A. Dobbin, of late 6th Eur. regt., is allowed an ext. of leave from Aug. 18 to Aug. 31, the date on which he returned to Bengal from sick leave to Europe.

No. 856.—H.M. has been pleased to appt. the underment. gentleman to be an asst. surg. in H.M.'s Indian military forces at the presy. of Bengal. He is accordingly admitted into the service:—

Mr. R. Harvey, m.b., date of arrival at Fort William, Sept. 13.

No. 860.—Capt. C. S. W. Ogilvie, Bengal staff corps, dep. asst. comsy. gen., 1st class, is allowed leave from 9th inst. to 20th prox., in ext., to remain at Murree and visit Cashmere and the interior, on m.c.

Sept. 15.—No. 862.—The follg. orders, issued by the resident at Hyderabad, are confirmed:—

Aug. 22.—No. 120.—Granting 1 mo. leave on private affairs to Capt. T. T. Turton, officg. 2nd in command, 1st inf., Hyderabad contingent, in ext. of the priv. leave obtained by him in Hyderabad order No. 113, dated July 20.

Sept. 2.—No. 128.—Confirming Aurungabad station order dated Jan. 6, directing Asst. surg. H. Crocker, m.b., 4th inf., Hyderabad contingent, to assume med. charge of No. 3 light field horse batty., Hyderabad contingent, and details of the station.

No. 863.—Vet. surg. J. Bicknell, officg. in vet. charge of the Poosah stud, is perm., at his own request, to res. his appt. in the stud dept., and his services are accordingly placed at the disposal of H.E. the C. in C.

Sept. 11.—Under clause 26 of the regls. appended to the Regtl. Debts Act of 1863, it is notified that

reports of the deaths of the undermen. officers, on the dates specified, were received in the military dept., during the month of Aug.:—

H.M.'s 2nd Drag. Guards.—Capt. A. Cassidy, March 21, England.

H.M.'s 46th Foot.—Surg. A. G. Montgomery, June 27, Lucknow.

1. Staff Corps.—Maj. A. P. S. Moncrieff, 29th ditto, Benares.

Capt. H. Phillpotts, 1st ditto, Deolee.

Gen. List, Infantry.—Lieut. T. R. Taylor, July 6, Patla Kowa.

Lieut. R. C. S. C. Tytler, 14th ditto, Sreenuggur.

Late 4th Eur. Regt.—Capt. W. P. Fisher, 8th ditto, Mooltan.

Late 18th N.I.—Lieut. E. Knatchbull, 25th ditto, Patla Kowa.

Late 25th N.I.—Capt. W. F. Ireland, 6th ditto, Nursingpore.

Late 29th N.I.—Lieut. col. M. B. Whish, 5th ditto, Nynee Tal.

Vet. Establt.—Lieut. G. McDowell, 18th ditto, Peshawur.

BY THE LIEUT. GOVERNOR.

No. 5,215.—Aug. 23.—Appointments.—Mr. J. A. Graham to be secy. to the local committee of public instruction at Darjeeling.

Sept. 2.—Dr. R. Harvey to officiate as civil asst. surg. of Shahabad.

Sept. 4.—The follg. officers are appd. to the Assam volunteer cav., viz.:—

Lieut. W. W. Hume to be lieut. and adjt.

Mr. B. E. C. Comber to be lieut.

Mr. H. E. J. Hannay to be cornet.

Sept. 6.—Mr. J. D. Maclean, asst. mag. and coll., to have charge of the sub divs. of Sherghotty and Aurungabad, and to exercise the powers of a subordinate mag. of the 1st class, and the powers of a dep. coll., in Behar.

Mr. A. H. Giles to be a municipal comsr. for the town of Kishnuggur.

Mr. A. Thompson, now on leave, to be civil and sessions judge of Nuddea.

Mr. W. F. McDonell to officiate as civil and sessions judge of Nuddea during the absence of Mr. A. R. Thompson, or until further orders.

Mr. E. Drummond to be mag. and coll. of Purneah, but to continue to officiate as mag. and coll. of Patna.

Mr. R. L. Mangles to be mag. and coll. of Bhaugulpore, but to continue to act as mag. and coll. of Tipperah until relieved by his successor, or until further orders.

Mr. H. A. R. Alexander to be mag. and coll. of Tipperah, but to continue to officiate as additional judge of Hooghly and Burdwan.

Mr. H. Balfour to be a mag. and coll. of the 1st grade in Fubna.

Mr. J. M. Lewis to be superint. of stamps and stationery in Calcutta, but to continue to offic. as mag. and coll. of Beerbhoom.

Mr. F. G. Millett to offic. as superint. of stamps and stationery in Calcutta.

Mr. F. J. Cockburn to be civil and sessions judge of Sylhet.

Mr. G. Bright to be civil and sessions judge of Dacca, but to continue to offic. as civil and sessions judge of Burdwan.

Mr. A. J. R. Bainbridge to be a mag. and coll. of the 1st grade, and to continue to offic. as mag. and coll. of the 24-Pergunnahs.

Lieut. W. F. Trotter to be a prob. asst. superint. of police at Shahabad.

Mr. R. H. Renny, dep. mag. and dep. coll. of Noncolly, is posted to Dakhin Shabbazpore.

Mr. H. C. Connolly to be medical officer of Bogra.

Aug. 31.—Leave of absence:—

Mr. H. T. Baker, offic. district superint. of police, Sylhet, for 6 mo., from 17th inst., the date on which he made over charge of his office to Mr. W. W. Daly, asst. superint. of police.

Sept. 8.—Mr. S. DaCosta, officg. princ. sudder ameen of Rungpore.

Sept. 6.—Mr. W. C. Costley, dep. mag. and dep. coll. of Sherghotty and Aurungabad, for 3 mo.

Sept. 7.—Mr. D. Lacey, asst. superint. of police, Pooree, for 15 mo.

Sept. 2.—The Right Hon. the Sec. of State has granted an ext. of leave for 6 mo., on m.c., to Mr. P. Hordern, of the education dept. in Bengal.

The serv. of Dr. J. J. Durant, civil asst. surg. of Shahabad, are placed temp. at the disp. of the Govt. of India in the mily. dept. for employment in the Dooars of Bhootan.

Sept. 8.—The services of Mr. C. Chapman, of the opium dept. in Oude, are placed at the disp. of the Govt. of India in the public works dept. for employment in the forest dept.

LEAVE TO UNCOVENANTED SERVANTS.

Sept. 7.—The following resolution of the Government of India in the financial department is published for general information:—

No. 1,802.

Extract from the Proceedings of the Government of India in the Financial Department, Simla, under date Aug. 16, 1865.

Read an endorsement from the public works department, No. 1,108e, dated June 27, 1865, referring for consideration the two following questions connected with leave of absence to uncovenanted servants:—

1st. Whether six months' leave on private affairs can be granted to an uncovenanted officer who has not served six years from the date of first appointment.

2nd. Whether the leave can be taken by instalments.

Resolution.—The Governor general in Council observes that the first leave for six months is *not* due until the completion of six years' service, and that the six months' leave cannot be taken in two instalments; the rule says explicitly "leave on private affairs for six months in *one period*."

Sept. 7.—No. 311.—Mr. F. W. Mann, sub engr. 1st grade, attached to the Presidency division, has priv. leave for 1 mo., with effect from such date as he may avail himself of same.

Sept. 8.—No. 312.—Mr. J. Robinson, asst. engr. 3rd grade, attached to the Burrakur division, is prom. to 2nd grade from 5th current, the date on which he passed the prescribed examination.

Aug. 28.—Mr. R. Falcon, extra asst. comsnnr., received charge of the treasury of Zillah Durrung from Capt. T. Lamb, dep. comsnnr., on Aug. 21, and he has been authorised to draw bills on all public treasuries.

Aug. 21.—Capt. Walcott, asst. comsnnr., has been placed in charge of the treasury at Seebasgur, and he has been authorised to draw bills on all other public treasuries.

Aug. 28.—Mr. B. Stainforth, asst. supnt. of police, Burhee, is transf. to the Eastern Dooars of Bootan.

Sept. 2.—Mr. C. Jennings to offic. as dist. supnt. of police of Moorsshedabad during the abs., on special duty, of Mr. W. P. Davis.

Mr. C. H. Malpas to offic. as dist. supnt. of Nowgong during the abs., on leave, of Mr. T. Weldon, with effect from the date on which he received charge.

Lieut. A. R. Wilkinson to offic. as dist. supnt. of the Western Dooars during the abs., on deputation, of Capt. W. R. Gordon.

Mr. E. O. White to be asst. supnt. of police at Patna.

Mr. A. C. Marshall, asst. supnt. of police, Shahabad, is transf. to the Western Dooars.

Sept. 6.—Mr. T. F. Bignold to offic. as mag. and coll. of Shalabad from 15th ult., the date on which he received charge from Mr. J. P. Ward, until Mr. Maclean's arrival.

Sept. 8.—Mr. G. H. O'Donel to be a sub asst. revenue surveyor in the 5th div., with effect from 1st inst.

Sept. 11.—Mr. W. F. Meres to be asst. to the mag. and coll. of Maldah, and to exercise the powers of a sub. mag. of the 2nd class.

Mr. J. R. B. Ross, dep. mag. and dep. coll. of Wooghly, is transferred to Howrah, and is vested with the powers of a mag. in that dist. This cancels his transfer to Mymensing, notified in the *Calcutta Gazette* of the 11th inst.

Mr. S. DaCosta to be principal sudder ameen of Rungpore.

Sept. 13.—Mr. A. Pendleton to be an hon. mag. in Port Canning, and to exercise the powers of a subord. mag. of the 2nd class in the 24-Pergunnahs.

Mr. A. C. Woodward to be a member of the local committee of public instruction at Deoghur.

Sept. 7.—Leave of absence:—

Mr. P. A. Humphrey, offic. jt. mag. and dep. coll. of Rajshahye, for 14 days, in ext.

Sept. 8.—Mr. W. H. Thompson, assist. mag. and coll. of Mymensing, for one mo., in ext. of the leave granted under orders of 4th ult.

Capt. B. W. D. Morton, dept. comnr. of Gawalparrah, for 1 mo., under sec. 6 of the covenanted service absentee rules, from the date on which he may have made over charge of his duties to Mr. J. S. Driberg.

Sept. 14.—Mr. R. Towers, asst. mag. of Chooa-dangah, for 1 mo., under sec. 6 of the covenanted service absentee rules.

Mr. F. J. Dickens, asst. supnt. of police, Nuddea, for 1 mo.

Mr. W. R. Davies, dep. mag. and dep. coll. of Bhaugulpore, for 18 mo.

Supplementary commissions of the peace for the town of Calcutta were issued from the High Court of Judicature at Fort William, in Bengal, on the dates mentioned below, directed to the following officers, viz. :—

Mr. J. King, Feb. 4, 1865.

Lieut. col. J. E. T. Nicolls, May 9, 1865.

Mr. H. Cowie, ditto.

Maj. H. Raban, ditto.

Mr. D. Ezra, ditto.

Mr. H. A. Eglinton, ditto.

Mr. C. H. Ogbourne, ditto.

A supplementary commission of the peace for Bengal, Behar, and Orissa was issued on July 12 by the High Court of Judicature at Fort William in Bengal, directed to the undermntd. officers, viz. :—

Mr. D. M. Barbour, Patna.

Mr. J. A. Hopkins, Maunbhoon.

Mr. W. H. Grimley, Bhaugulpore.

Mr. J. A. Graham, Darjeeling.

Mr. T. H. H. Shortt, Tumlook.

Mr. J. J. Livesay, Pooree.

Mr. A. Y. Yardley, Maunbhoon.

Mr. R. C. Sterndale, Sonthal Pergunnahs.

Mr. A. C. Woodward, Sonthal Pergunnahs.

Mr. H. Rattray, Dacca.

Sept. 14.—No. 317.—Mr. R. Gregory, overseer, 3rd grade, on probation, attached to the Tumlook div., is app. permanently an overseer of the 2nd grade.

Sept. 18.—No. 318.—Transfers.—Mr. F. Bond, exec. engr., 3rd grade, from the Balasore to the Cuttack div.

Mr. J. A. Windle, exec. engr., 4th grade, from the Hidgelee to the Balasore div., as officg. exec. engr.

Mr. T. J. Macnamara, exec. engr., 4th grade, from the Cuttack to the Hidgelee div., as officg. exec. engr.

BY THE LIEUT. GOVERNOR, PUNJAB.

Sept. 9.—No. 1,283.—Lieut. L. Tucker, asst. dist. superint. of police, is appd. to offic. as dist. superint. at Mooltan from the date of Capt. G. W. Manson's decease, v. Lieut. E. Newbery, offic. personal asst. to the insp. gen. of police, or until further orders.

No. 1,284.—Mr. P. W. White, asst. dist. superint. of police, is transf. from Mozuffurgurh to Mooltan.

Sept. 5.—No. 1,759.—Mr. J. B. Lyall, asst. comsnr., is appd. to offic. as dep. comsnr. of the Kangra dist., during the abs. on duty of Major Elphinstone.

Sept. 6.—No. 1,769.—Mr. J. A. E. Miller, extra asst. comr., Lahore, will offic. as personal asst. to the financial comr., v. Mr. F. E. Moore, employed as asst. comr.

Sept. 7.—No. 1,783.—Asst. surg. H. Cookson, in med. charge of Hoshiarpore, has 2 mo. priv. leave from Sept. 15, or such subsequent date as he may avail himself thereof.

Sept. 8.—No. 1,790.—Mr. H. W. Mitnish is appd. to the med. charge of the civil station of Amballa, as a temp. measure, during the abs. on leave of Asst. surg. R. S. Bateson.

No. 1,792.—Sub asst. surg. Neem Chundor Goop-too, from the Jullundur dispensary, to the med. charge of the civil station of Hoshiarpore, as a temp. arrangement, during the abs. of Asst. surg. H. Cookson.

Sept. 11.—No. 1,801.—Mr. J. Goldney, extra asst. comr., Peshawar, has obtained 15 days' priv. leave of abs. from the date of his availing himself thereof.

Sept. 6.—No. 255.—The Kohat station order, dated Aug. 19, appg. Brevet capt. F. T. Bainbridge, 3rd Seikh inf., to offic. as station staff, in add. to his other duties, from 4th idem, is confirmed.

No. 226.—Capt. B. R. Chambers, officg. 2nd in com., 3rd Seikh inf., is allowed leave of abs. from Aug. 18 to Nov. 1, to remain at Murree, on m.c., in ext. of priv. leave.

No. 227.—Asst. surg. J. E. Constant, 6th Punjab in., is allowed leave of abs. from Aug. 23 to Oct. 23, in ext. of priv. leave, to visit Cashmere.

No. 228.—The leave, in ext. of priv. leave, granted to Lieut. J. D. Macpherson, 3rd squadron officer, 3rd Punjab cav., will commence from June 30, instead of July 2, as notified in Punjab order No. 147, dated June 16.

No. 229.—Lieut. Gustavinski, wing officer, 2nd Punjab inf., has general leave from July 17 to Aug. 18, 1865, in ext. of sick leave granted in Punjab order No. 80, dated March 31, 1865, to enable him to rejoin his regt.

No. 232.—Colonel S. Browne, c.b., v.c., comdt., corps of guides, has obtained leave from Nov. 10 to Dec. 1, 1865, on private affairs, to visit Calcutta.

No. 233.—The 3rd Seikh infantry regtl. order, dated Aug. 28, 1865, appg. Brev. capt. F. T. Bainbridge, officg. wing officer, to officiate as 2nd in com. and wing officer, in addition to his own duties, from the 18th idem, v. Capt. B. R. Chambers on leave, is confirmed.

No. 231.—The 3rd Punjab infantry regtl. order, dated Aug. 22, 1865, appg. Ensign H. M. M. Wood, recently appd. doing duty officer to the regt., to offic. as qrmr., in addition to his other duties, v. Lieut. A. S. Roberts, officg. as adjt., during the absence on leave of Lieut. C. K. Mackinnon, is confirmed.

Sept. 6.—No. 1,182c.—Mr. H. Scott, exec. engr., Lahore div., is allowed 2 mo. leave on m.c., from Aug. 13, 1865.

Sept. 11.—With reference to Govt. of India notification No. 310, dated Simla, Aug. 25, 1865, Lieut. K. C. Pye, R.E., asst. engr., 2nd grade, is posted to the Upper Sirhind div.

BY THE COMMANDER-IN-CHIEF.

Head Quarters, Simla, Aug. 1.—The following orders are confirmed :—

Dinapore brigade order, dated June 24 last, appointing Asst. surg. A. F. S. Clarke, m.d., F batty. 16th brig. R.A., to the temporary medical charge of 16th N.I., in addition to his other duties, in room of Surg. major J. Sutherland, appointed offic. deputy inspector gen. of hospitals, Barrackpore circle.

By the Officer commanding 30th N.I., dated 27th idem, making the following appointments, with effect from 20th idem, in room of Major R. G. Mayne, offic. comdt., app. to com. 43rd N.I. :—

Capt. G. C. Huxham, 2nd in command and wing officer, to offic. as comdt.

Capt. R. D. Campbell, wing officer, to offic. as 2nd in com. and wing officer.

Lieut. H. A. Lewes, adj., to offic. as wing officer.

Lieut. C. J. Durand, offic. doing duty officer, to offic. as qrmr.

By the Officer commanding 13th Bengal cav., dated 5th ult., appointing Lieut. R. W. Napier, doing duty officer, to offic. as 3rd squadron officer, in addition to his other duties, in room of Lieut. H. E. Ryves, proceeded on leave.

By the Officer commanding 8th N.I., dated 8th ult., making the following appointments, in room of Lieut. G. F. M. Phillips, qrmr., proceeded on sick leave :—

Lieut. C. J. Walter, doing duty officer, to offic. as qrmr.

Lieut. C. McD. Skene, gen. list, inf., attached, to offic. as doing duty officer.

By the Officer commanding 45th N.I., dated 15th ult., making the following appointments, with effect from 5th idem, in room of Capt. J. C. Hamilton, 2nd in com. and wing officer, dec. :—

Capt. F. M. Armstrong, wing officer, to offic. as 2nd in com. and wing officer.

Lieut. C. L. Woodruffe, qrmr., to offic. as wing officer.

Lieut. R. E. S. Smith, doing duty officer, to offic. as qrmr.

Presidency division order, dated 20th ult., permitting Capt. J. P. A. Theobald, late 3rd Eur. L.C., to proceed and do duty with 5th Bengal cav.

Leave of absence :—

R.H. Artillery.—Vet. surg. J. Ferris (E batty. A. brig.), from July 8 to Aug. 8, in ext. of priv. leave, to remain at Simla, on m.c.

7th Drag. Guards.—Paymr. W. F. Wheble, from June 29 to Oct. 31, to Simla, on m.c.

12th Foot.—Lieut. A. L. Whipple (2nd batt.), from July 13 to Aug. 15, in ext., to remain at Nynee Tal, on m.c.

88th Foot.—Lieut. T. Hale, from July 14 to Oct. 15, in ext., to remain at Mussoorie, on m.c.

91th Foot.—Capt. W. W. J. Bruce, from date of leaving the regt., to Calcutta for 1 mo., and thence to England for 6 mo.

Med. Dept.—Surg. J. White, m.d. (in med. charge 8th Bengal cav.), from July 22 to Aug. 21, to Calcutta, on m.c.

Med. Staff.—Staff Asst. surg. W. Atkinson (attached to 51st foot), from July 16 to July 31, in ext., on m.c.

Unattached List.—Lieut. J. Bray (barrackmr. at Morar), from date of relief from his duties for 6 mo., to Mussoorie and Nynee Tal, on m.c.

Aug. 7.—Major gen. C. Troup, c.b., Bengal inf., app. to divisional staff of the army in G.G.O. No. 765 of 5th inst., is posted to Benares div.

With the sanction of Govt., Brev. major W. E. Warrand, R.E., is perm. to reckon a portion of the leave obtained by him in 1857-58, viz.—from Dec. 18, 1857, to March 24, 1858, as leave prep. to furl., under new furl. rules.

Brev. col. C. Pattenson, Bengal inf., is transf. for

gen. duty from Delhi to Agra, to which station he will proceed on the expiration of his leave.

The following officers are assigned local rank from the dates specified, subject to H.M.'s approval :—
To be Majors.—Capt. J. C. Hailes, R.A. (Bombay), June 13; Capt. R. A. Morse, D. G. Anderson, and J. Shekleton, R.A. (Bombay), June 14.

The undermentioned officers are app. to do gen. duty at the stations specified :—

Lieut. col. H. E. Young, late 64th N.I., at Agra, on expiration of his present leave.

Major H. Larkins, late 49th N.I., at Moradabad, on expiration of his present leave.

The undermentioned officers of the 36th foot are directed to proceed to England, at the public expense, to join the regimental depot :—

Capt. W. C. Hill and Lieut. L. G. O. Stucley.

Official notification has been received of the undermentioned officers of the 7th, 11th, and 20th foot and rifle brigade having been posted to the battalions specified :—

7th Foot.—Lieut. col. T. W. Marten to 1st batt.; Major J. M. Clayhills to 1st batt.; Capt. A. J. Harrison to 2nd batt.; Lieuts. T. Groube to 1st batt., and H. W. Rochfort to 2nd batt.

Rifle Brigade.—Lieut. H. J. T. Walpole to 2nd batt.

11th Foot.—Capt. W. D. Naper to 2nd batt.

20th Foot.—Lieut. C. S. Elliott to 1st batt.

Under the provisions of G.G.O. No. 585 of 1852, Lieut. A. Landon, gen. list, inf., is perm. to study at the Thomason College, Roorkee, from Jan. 1 to Nov. 1, 1866.

Under instructions from the Horse Guards, Cornet A. W. G. Brebner, 20th hussars, is directed to proceed at once to England, for duty with the depot of his regt.

With the sanction of Govt., Ensign E. B. Bishop, 54th foot, is attached to 28th N.I., at Meerut, in view to qualifying himself for the staff corps.

Leave of absence :—

7th Drag. Guards.—Major F. G. Smith, from June 22 to Dec. 16, to remain in England, on m.c.

7th Hussars.—Cornet R. Masters, from June 7 to Sept. 30, to remain in England, on m.c.

38th Foot.—Ensign C. A. S. Menteath, from June 9 to Dec. 16, to remain in England, on m.c.

77th Foot.—Capt. J. Lazenby, from July 25 to Sept. 29, to remain in England, on m.c.

80th Foot.—Ensign J. C. Robinson, from June 11 to Dec. 14, to remain in England, on m.c.

98th Foot.—Capt. T. F. Lloyd, from July 24 to Sept. 30, to remain in England, on m.c.

The following Oude division orders are confirmed :

Dated 8th ult.—Appointing Major C. P. Catty, 46th foot, to offic. as deputy judge advocate gen. of the division temp., in room of Capt. W. M. Lees.

Dated 15th ult.—Appointing Lieut. A. G. Handcock, adj. 6th N.I., arrived at divisional head qrs., to offic. as deputy judge advocate gen. of the div., in room of Capt. W. M. Lees.

The following orders are confirmed :—

By the Commander of the Forces, Bombay, dated June 5 last, appointing Lieut. W. J. Holt to act as qrmr. to 1st batt. 4th foot, in room of Capt. T. Burridge, prom.

Gwalior district order, dated June 22 last, directing the following medical arrangements :—

Staff Asst. surg. R. Turner, m.d., attached, to relieve Surg. major Tresidder of med. charge of 104th foot.

Surg. major J. N. Tresidder, attached to 104th foot, on being relieved, to assume med. charge of 4th N.I., v. Asst. surg. F. Parsons.

Asst. surg. F. Parsons, 4th N.I., on being relieved, to proceed and assume med. charge of 38th N.I., at Nagode.

By the Officer commanding 21st hussars, dated 7th ult., appointing Lieut. D. G. Fitcher to offic. as instructor of musketry, with effect from April 21 last, in room of Lieut. C. W. Thomas, proceeded to England.

By the Officer commanding 1st batt. 7th foot, dated 10th ult., making the following alterations in the committee of paymastership :—

Capt. N. D. Robinson to be president, v. Capt. G. Wedderburne.

Capt. W. H. Surman is relieved from the committee as a member.

By the Officer commanding 44th N.I., dated 15th ult., making the following appointments, with effect from 10th idem, in room of Lieut. E. Lightfoot, wing officer, proceeded on sick leave :—

Lieut. F. W. Williams, adj., to offic. as wing officer.

Lieut. E. N. D. La Touche, offic. qrmr., to offic. as adj., in addition to his other duties.

Peshawar brigade order, dated 17th ult., appoint-

ing Capt. G. B. Stainforth, 2nd in com. and wing officer 4th Sikh inf., to be station interp.

Meerut division order, dated 19th ult., directing the following temporary medical arrangement:—

Asst. surg. A. O. Cowan, M.D., D. batty. 11th brig. R.A., to afford med. aid to 2nd batt. rifle brig., in addition to his other duties.

By the officer comdg. the 33rd N.I., dated 20th ult., appg. Lieut. J. E. Alexander, R.A., att. to the regt., to offic. as doing duty officer, in room of Lieut. A. F. Jones.

By the officer comdg. the 12th Bengal cav., dated 20th ult., app. Lieut. H. A. McNair, late 29th N.I., att., to offic. as adjt. during the absence on leave of Lieut. R. D. Osborn, or until further orders.

By the officer comdg. the 8th Bengal cav., dated 24th ult., app. Major W. J. Ward, 2nd in comd. and squad. officer, to offic. as comdt., with effect from 20th idem, in the room of Lieut. col. W. H. Ryves, proc. on leave.

MADRAS.

BY THE GOVERNOR IN COUNCIL.

Aug. 28.—The princ. insp. gen., med. dept., has granted to Asst. surg. Mr. C. Furnell, civil surg., Cochin, priv. leave of absence for 30 days, from date of departure.

Capt. G. M. Payne, exec. engr., Madura dist., availed himself of the 3 mo. priv. leave, granted July 21 last, from Aug. 11 last.

Sept. 1.—The underment. gentleman has obt'd. leave of absence:—

Capt. H. D. Cloete, superint. of police, Madras dist., priv. leave for 2 mo., from the 12th inst.

Capt. R. Beatty, acting asst. superint. of police, 1st class, Salem, to act as superint. of police, Madras dist., during the absence of Capt. H. D. Cloete on leave.

Lieut. D. Heming, gen. list, doing duty with 5th regt. N.I., to act as prob. asst. superint. of police, 2nd class, in the Godavery dist.

Capt. J. Leonhard, superint. of sea customs at Mansurkotta, in the Ganjam dist., to act as dep. registrar of assurances of that sub dist.

Mr. J. D. Manuel to act as dep. registrar of assurances of the sub dist. of Shenkerydrug, in the Salem dist., during the absence on leave of N. R. Modely, dep. tahsildar of Shenkerydrug.

Col. A. J. M. Boileau, R.E., superint. engr. of the 4th div., delivered over charge of his office to Capt. Godard on Aug. 29 last.

Sept. 1.—No. 317.—H.E. the Gov. gen. in Council is pleased to make the following prom., subject to H.M.'s app.:—

Surg. F. L. Clementson, to be surg. major, with effect from Aug. 20 last.

With reference to G.O.G. of Feb. 10, 1863, No. 41, the name of the underment. officer, who retired from the service under the annuity scheme, will be removed from the list of regtl. lieut. cols. of inf.:—

Lieut. col. (major gen.) D. H. Stevenson, by the death of Col. (lieut. gen.) W. Watkins, on July 22 last.

The underment. officer is perm. to proceed to Europe:—

2nd Capt. J. G. Lindsay, R.E., dep. consulting engr. for railways, on m.c. for 20 mo., and to embark from Madras.

Returned to duty:—

Surg. maj. J. C. Burton, M.D., med. dept., arrived at Madras on Aug. 27.

Lieut. F. Middlecoat, 7th regt. N.I., arrived at Madras on Aug. 30.

The board of revenue have granted 1 mo. priv. leave to Mr. J. G. Horsfall, asst. coll., Godavery dist.

No. 485.—The acting controller of military accounts has granted priv. leave for 60 days to Maj. J. W. Rideout, examiner, pay dept., and to Dr. Mackay, acting examiner, med. accounts, the former from the 31st inst., and the latter from the 8th prox., or date of departure.

Aug. 29.—Mr. T. E. Greenfield will perform the duties of examiner, pay dept., and Maj. Fasken those of examiner, med. accounts, during the above periods of absence.

The supt. of marine has granted Mr. P. Wight, accountant of the office, priv. leave for 3 mo. from the 4th prox.

Sept. 1.—One mo. leave from the 2nd inst. is granted to Mr. M. Christian, supt. of the silver laminating dept.

Surg. maj. W. Aitkin, M.D., supt. of the Lying-in-Hospital, and professor of midwifery, on m.c. for 20 mo., under the furl. regs. of 1854, and to embark from Madras.

Fort St. George, Sept. 5.—Mr. D. Shaw, chief clerk of the court of small causes, Madras, privilege leave for 1 mo., from the 13th inst.

Rev. W. S. Trotman, M.A., joint chaplain of Kamptee and Seetabuldee, for 2 mo., on m.c. in ext. of the leave granted to him in the *Gazette* of May 26 last.

Appointments:—

Aug. 23.—Lieuts. H. O. Graham, staff corps, and J. F. T. Sherman, 37th regt., to be probationary assts. in the revenue survey dept.

Sept. 5.—Mr. H. Newman, to be asst. to the coll. and mag. of the Kistna district.

Mr. C. W. W. Martin, to be asst. to the coll. and mag. of the district of Nellore.

Mr. N. A. Roupell, to be asst. to the coll. and mag. of the district of South Canara.

Asst. surg. W. N. Chipperfield, garrison asst. surg., Fort St. George, and professor of anatomy and physiology in the Medical College, to act as physician, general hospital, and professor of medicine and clinical medicine, during the absence of Surg. maj. A. Blacklock.

Asst. surg. A. E. McL. Ross, to act as garrison asst. surg., Fort St. George, and professor of anatomy and physiology in the Medical College, during employ. of Asst. surg. Chipperfield on other duty.

Mr. E. de Linares to be British consular agent at Yanam.

The appointments of Messrs. Child, Thompson, and Thomas, notified in the *Gazette* of the 29th ult., are to take effect from the 18th inst., the date of Mr. Goldie's retirement.

Mr. C. Cotton was appointed a probationary asst. in the revenue survey dept. on July 1.

The services of Lieut. col. F. Young, Madras staff corps, are replaced at the disposal of H.E. the C. in C., from the 29th ult.

Mr. G. Thornhill, coll. and mag. of Kistna district, delivered over charge of the district to Mr. T. A. N. Chase, acting coll., on the 25th ult.

Maj. H. N. D. Prendergast, R.E., v.c., assumed charge of the office of deputy consulting engineer for railways in the forenoon of the 1st inst.

Surg. maj. G. J. Shaw, M.D., assay master, Madras, resumed charge of the office from Dr. Busted on the 4th inst.

Mr. J. W. Best, acting head asst. to the coll. and mag. of Madura, is invested, under section 412 of the Code of Criminal Procedure, with power to hear and dispose of appeals from the convictions of the sub. mags. of the 2nd class stationed in the division under his charge.

Sept. 5.—No. 319.—H.E. the Gov. in Council is pleased to make the following appts., consequent on the N. div. of this army having ceased to be a divl. com., under the provisions of G.O.G. Aug. 30, 1864, No. 335, and the transfer of Major gen. Armstrong to the S. div.

Col. R. N. Faunce, 38th regt. N.I., brig. gen. of the 2nd class, to be a brig. gen. of the 1st class.

Col. G. De Sausmarcz, 24th regt. N.I., to be a brig. gen. of the 2nd class.

The leave to the Eastern Coast and sea, granted in G.O. June 26, 1863, No. 222, to Capt. (brevet major) J. H. Doveton, of the 3rd regt. L.C., is extended from June 7 to 13, to enable him to join regtl. head qrs.

Lieut. D. W. Williams, cadre 48th regt. N.I., doing duty 33rd regt. N.I., is permitted to proceed to Australia for one year, without pay, from date of embarkation.

The offic. supt. revenue survey has granted to Mr. J. Ross, sub asst. of No. 1 survey party, priv. leave of abs. for 15 days, from the date of his being relieved.

No. 72.—Leave of abs. has been granted to Mr. J. J. Johnson, insp. of police, Bellary, for one mo.

Sept. 6.—Leave of Absence:—

Maj. R. M. Macdonald, registrar gen. of assurances, priv. leave for 2 mo. and 16 days.

Sept. 7.—Capt. H. W. Wood, R.E., exec. engr., Tanjore dist., 1 mo. leave from the 8th ult., prep. to Europe on m.c.

Appointments:—

Lieut. A. J. Filgate, R.E., acting dep. controller of public works accounts, to be dep. controller of public works accounts.

Lieut. C. Cunningham, R.E., acting asst. engr., to be asst. engr., 2nd grade, v. Lieut. Filgate.

Lieut. H. C. Smith, R.E., acting asst. engr., to be asst. engr., 2nd grade, v. Lieut. Wish.

Lieut. R. R. E. Brockman, R.E., to act as asst. engr., v. Major Flint, prom.

Sept. 8.—Lieut. L. W. Halstead, Madras staff corps, to act as asst. superint. of police, 1st class, Salem dist., during the employ. on other duty of Capt. R. Beatty.

Mr. A. Wedderburn, coll. and mag. of Tinnevely, to be a lay trustee of the church at Palamcottah.

The undermen. officers are invested with the powers of a subord. mag. of the 2nd class:—

Mr. H. Newman, asst. to the coll. and mag. of the Kistna dist.

Mr. C. W. W. Martin, asst. to the coll. and mag. of Nellore.

Mr. N. A. Roupell, asst. to the coll. and mag. of South Canara.

The officers named below are authorised, under section 196 of the Code of Criminal Procedure, to take down the evidence of witnesses with their own hands, in English:—

Mr. J. D. Robinson, mag. of North Arcot.

Mr. R. W. Barlow, acting joint mag. of North Arcot.

Mr. J. F. Price, acting head asst. to the mag. of North Arcot.

H.E. the Gov. gen. in Council is pleased to appt. the undermen. officers to be superints. of the several dist. jails, specified opposite to their respective names:—

First Class Jails.

Salem (temp.).—Asst. surg. W. H. Roberts, M.D., zillah surg.

Bellary.—Capt. W. S. Macleod, cantonment mag.

Cuddapah.—The coll. and mag., who will be competent to delegate his duty during his absence from head qrs., to one of his covenanted assts. acting under his orders.

Nellore.—Asst. surg. E. E. Lloyd, acting zillah surg.

Chittoor.—Asst. surg. W. F. DeFabeck, civil surg.

Cuddalore.—Asst. surg. J. Bilderbeck, civil surg.

Trichinopoly.—Capt. A. F. F. Bloomfield, acting cantonment mag.

Coimbatore (temporarily).—Asst. surg. W. F. Davis, M.D., zillah surg.

Vizagapatam.—Asst. surg. J. Dougall, acting zillah surg.

Calicut.—Asst. surg. R. E. Pearse, civil surg.

Second Class Jails.

Berhampore.—Asst. surg. R. W. Cockerill, zillah surg.

Masulipatam.—Asst. surg. G. H. Alexander, M.D., acting surg.

Guntoor.—Asst. surg. F. O. B. Wither, acting civil surg.

Rajahmundry.—Asst. surg. J. Croudace, zillah surg.

Kurnool.—Asst. surg. J. Keess, M.D., in med. charge of the civil estab., &c.

Chingleput.—Asst. surg. W. J. Busted, zillah surg.

Tanjore.—Asst. surg. J. Ross, M.B., zillah surg.

Tranquebar.—Asst. surg. J. Murray, M.D., acting civil surg.

Tinnevely.—Asst. surg. R. Wilson, M.D., zillah surg.

Madura.—Asst. surg. S. Rule, M.D., zillah surg.

Mangalore.—Asst. surg. H. King, M.D., zillah surg.

Tellicherry.—Sub Asst. surg. D. R. Thompson, M.D., acting civil surg.

No. 323.—Appointment:—

Lieut. A. R. Kenney, cav. gen. list, to be adj. of H.E. the Gov.'s body guard.

Returned to duty:—

Capt. H. Fraser, staff corps, asst. resident at Hyderabad, arrived at Bombay Aug. 24.

Asst. surg. H. King, A.B., M.D., is re-admitted on the estab. from Nov. 9, 1864, the date of his arrival at Bombay, instead of from that of his arrival at Mangalore (22nd idem), as notified in G.O., Jan. 17, No. 23.

Sept. 12.—Leave of absence:—

Lieut. col. H. Colbeck, senior mag. of police, priv. leave for 1 mo., from the 2nd prox.

Asst. surg. S. Rule, zillah surg. of Madura, priv. leave for 3 mo., from the date of quitting his station.

Appointments:—

Rev. J. McKee, B.A., chaplain of Calicut, to act as chaplain of Trevandrum.

Rev. C. D. Gibson, M.A., acting chaplain of Masulipatam, to act as chaplain of Calicut.

The priv. leave for 1 mo. granted to Mr. D. Shaw, chief clerk to the Court of Small Causes, Madras, on the 5th inst., is canc., at his own request.

The appt. of Lieut. W. Halsted, Madras staff corps, as acting asst. superint. of police, Salem, notified in the *Gazette* of the 8th inst., is canc. at his own request.

The undermentioned members of the Madras

covenanted civil service have attained the rank of third class, on the 8th inst.:—

Mr. F. B. Molony, Mr. J. D. Goldingham, and Mr. C. T. Longley.

Mr. E. B. Ford, acting coll. and mag. and agent to the gov. of Fort St. George in Ganjam, delivered over charge of the dist. to Mr. G. D. Leman, acting principal asst. coll., in the afternoon of the 2nd inst.

PRIVILEGE LEAVE.

Sept. 12.—The Govt. of India have ruled that, under the revised civil service furlough and absentee rules, a covenanted civil servant is not required to serve for 3 mo. after return from priv. leave before taking furlough or retiring from the service.

(By order) W. HUDLESTON,
Acting Secretary to Government.

Returned to duty:—

Lieut. (brev. capt.) T. O'Neill, 6th regt. N.I., arrived at Madras on Sept. 6, 1865.

Madras Staff Corps.

No. 329.—Lieut. C. J. Jennings, having completed 12 years' service, four of which were on permanent staff employ, to be capt. from Sept. 10, 1865, under the Royal warrant of Jan. 16, 1861, subject to H.M.'s approval.

Madras Volunteer Guards.

No. 330.—H.E. the Gov. gen. in Council is pleased to accept the resignation by Ensign W. Fraser, C.E., No. 1 Company, of his commission in the volunteer guards.

Mr. B. C. Dumphy is appd. Taluq overseer in the southern range, presidency, from Sept. 5, 1865, on the condition that he passes the examination prescribed for that grade, within one year of his appt., as authorised in G.O. No. 2,537, of Aug. 31, 1865.

The Reorganisation of the Madras Army. (From the Secretary to the Government of India to the Secretary to Government, Madras.)

It appearing that the time has arrived when the system of organisation now in force in Bengal and Bombay may be fitly introduced into the native army of Madras, I am directed to request you to inform his Excellency the Governor in Council that he has the authority of the Government of India to carry out the change from such date as may be most convenient.

2. The G. O. by the Governor-general, No. 161A, of 29th October, 1863, will show the rates of pay, &c., to be drawn by officers under the new organisation, and a copy of a despatch addressed to the Adjutant-general on the same date will be useful, as it lays down the duties to be allotted to officers, and conveys instructions as to the mode of carrying out the change.

3. Although the Governor-General in Council sanctions the introduction of the new organisation as respects position and duties of both European and Native officers in the cavalry and infantry of the Madras army, his Excellency considers that it will be advisable to defer for the present changing the Madras cavalry into Silladar Horse. I am, therefore, to request no change may be made in respect to the pay of men in the cavalry, or in the system under which they are armed and clothed, or as to the provision and feeding of horses or supply and repair of saddlery. In fact, the only change in this branch at present will be similar to the change made in the infantry, viz., that native officers shall command troops, and European officers take the duties of squadron officers, &c., under the new organisation.

4. The Governor-general in Council, however, considers it desirable to introduce the Silladar system as soon as may be practicable, and, therefore, directs that no recruits may be enlisted in the present four regiments. When a sufficient number of men have been absorbed in these four regiments to meet the cost of the corps of Silladar cavalry, a regiment of that arm may be raised, to which any of the native officers and non-commissioned officers of the old regiments of light cavalry, who may seem well fitted for Silladar Horse, may be transferred, but before this is carried out, reference should be made to the Government of India.

Such arrangements for the repair of saddlery and shoeing of horses under the direction of squadron officers, as may seem efficient and economical can be ordered for these regiments as long as they continue on the footing laid down.

5. Under the new system, officers, commanding squadrons and wings draw an allowance for payment of their men (which includes repair of arms and accoutrements in the Infantry), and a memo-

randum will be sent to you from the office of this department in Calcutta, to show the mode in which pay is drawn and disbursed in Bengal.

6. In Bengal and Bombay the allowance given to squadron officers is not intended to cover any costs of repair of arms or accoutrements, as these are the property of the men; but under the system ordered for the Madras Cavalry for the present, officers commanding squadrons will have to repair arms and accoutrements, which will still be the property of the Government. Such additional allowances should therefore be given to these officers as will cover charges that they must necessarily incur on this account.

7. The system of interpreters laid down for the armies of Bengal and Bombay in G. O. G. G. No. 755 of Aug. 3, 1865, will come into operation in the Madras army simultaneously with the introduction of the new organisation.

H.E. in Council desires me to remark that in carrying into effect the proposed changes, it is a matter of great importance to consider the status of existing officers, rather than a principle of absolute selection, with a view of obtaining the very best officers in the army for command.

9. The measure is at first one of transition, and consequently commanding officers should not be disturbed unless really unfit. In like manner, seconds in command and wing officers should be taken from a roll made up of the whole army generally, according to minority.

10. Copy of a memorandum showing the principles adopted in the Bombay army in carrying out the change of system forms one of the enclosures in this despatch. The Governor-general in Council concurs in the propriety of the principles therein stated to have been observed in the Bombay Presidency, and H.E. entirely approves of officers not passed in the languages, but otherwise qualified, being allowed to occupy appointments for a time under the new organisation, but without staff pay.

11. Officers on leave in Europe, on medical certificate, might be allowed the benefit of their rank and standing, just as if they were in India, subjected to forfeiture, if their leave is converted into furlough, as would be the case if they proceeded to Europe under the new furlough regulations.

12. Officers who, by change of system, are deprived of the command allowance of troops and companies without obtaining any staff salary, may be allowed compensation for the loss while in the actual performance of duty with regiments.

13. It is to be remarked, and should be made clear to the non-commissioned officers and soldiers, that they are not in any way affected by the change, either as regards present position, pay and allowances, or the regulations to which they are accustomed, and it seems desirable to avoid calling the new system "irregular," it being a misnomer, and calculated to mislead.

14. The position of native officers is raised, but the terms of their service are unaltered, and it is to be remarked that they generally participated in the advantages of increased pay granted last year.

15. It is believed that all essential points connected with the proposed change have been treated of in the foregoing paragraphs; but if any difficulty occurs, I am to request an early reference, which will be at once replied to.

ORDER OF THE MADRAS GOVERNMENT.

Ordered, that the foregoing letter be communicated to his Excellency the Commander-in-Chief and the controller of military accounts.

The Governor in Council requests that his Excellency will have the goodness to cause a draft G. O. G., giving effect to the instructions of the Government of India from a date to be proposed therein, to be submitted to Government through the controller of military accounts, who will forward it with the necessary report on the financial arrangements involved.

In the subsidiary instructions to be subsequently issued by the Commander-in-Chief, the draft of which the Government request may be also submitted, through the controller of military accounts, for their approval, the wishes of the Government of India in paragraphs 13 and 14 of the letter above recorded will be carefully attended to.

BOMBAY.

BY THE GOVERNOR IN COUNCIL.

From Sept. 21 to 28.

Lieut. E. W. West, 28th N.I., has been app. to act as assistant political agent in the Mahee Kanta. Major W. Southey, 1st class dep. coll. and mag. of Kurrachee, to be Sindee translator to Government in Sind.

Mr. A. Taylor is app. to offic. as dep. comr. of customs, salt, and opium, P.D.

Mr. A. C. Trevor's duty under the settlement officer in Guzerat having expired on 31st ult., he has been re-app. 2nd asst. coll. and mag. at Kaira, from 1st inst., and to act as 1st asst. coll. and mag. at Kaira from the date of assuming charge.

Mr. A. C. Watt has been app. acting 2nd asst. coll. and mag. of Canara.

Mr. H. J. Stokes to be supernumerary 3rd asst. to the coll. and mag. of Belgaum.

Mr. J. Jardine to be supernumerary asst. to the coll. and mag. of Dharwar.

Mr. A. Faulkner to be 2nd class assist. comr. of customs, salt, and opium.

Mr. H. Cameron to be officg. 4th class assist. comr. of customs, salt, and opium.

Mr. H. Summers is app. assist. to the superint. rev. survey and assessment, Guzerat, in succession to the late Mr. A. H. Jordan. Mr. Summers is also app. a dep. coll. in the Surat collectorate so long as he is employed on special survey and settlement duty in that collectorate.

Mr. J. A. Forbes has been app. a member of the commission to carry out the provisions of Act 32 of 1860 in the town and island of Bombay.

Assist. surg. Stedman received charge of the duties of surg. to the Jamsetjee Jejeebhoy Hospital on July 24 last, and Assist. surg. Joynt, M.D., those of assist. surg. to the Jamsetjee Jejeebhoy Hospital, on same date, v. Surg. maj. Giraud, M.D., reported sick.

Mr. G. Miles, assist. sec. to Govt. in the Judicial Dept., is app. auditor of the accounts of the Mauritius Emigration Agency at Bombay, until further orders.

Major W. Southey is app. educational inspector in Scinde during the abs. on leave to England of Mr. Moore.

Capt. P. Fenwick, assistant resident at Baroda, has been allowed leave of abs. for one mo., on m.c., to proceed to the Decan.

The Hon. the Governor in Council is pleased to make the following appointments:—

Capt. T. C. Coles to act as superint. of police at Tanna.

Lieut. F. S. McGillivray to act as superint. of police at Kulladghee.

Capt. S. Scott to act as superint. of police at Ahmedabad.

Lieut. H. S. Daniell to be asst. superint. of police at Ahmednuggur, continuing to act as superint. of police at Satara until relieved by Major J. Harpur.

Lieut. G. F. Birdwood to act as asst. superint. of police at Ahmednuggur, and to take charge of the office of superint. of police at that station on Major J. Harpur proceeding on leave.

Lieut. F. J. Wise to be 2nd asst. superint. of police in Khandeish, and adjt. of the Khandeish Bheel corps, and to act as 1st asst. superint. of police, Khandeish.

Lieut. G. H. F. Codrington to act as adjt. of the Khandeish Bheel corps, and 2nd asst. to the superint. of police, Khandeish.

Lieut. F. H. Segrave to be asst. superint. of police at Ahmedabad.

Lieut. R. Westmacott to act as adjt. of the Guzerat Bheel corps, and asst. superint. of police, Punch Mahals.

Lieut. W. H. Wilson to be asst. superint. of police at Surat.

Mr. W. Wedderburn to act as judge and session judge at Kurrachee.

Lieut. R. J. Crawford, staff corps, is appd. to act as superint. of police at Shikarpore.

The Gov. in Council has been pleased to make the following appts.:—

The Rev. A. Polehampton as joint chaplain of Poona.

The Rev. J. H. T. Blunt as chaplain of Hyderabad and Kotree.

The Rev. G. C. Reynell as chaplain of Byculla and Tanna.

The Rev. G. L. Allen as chaplain of the fort, Belgaum.

Mr. A. Campbell to be 1st officer of the gunboat Clyde, from Aug. 18.

BIRTHS.

ALLEN—At Howrah, on Sept. 11, the wife of W. Allen, Esq., East Indian Railway, of a daughter. BOLST—At Simla, on Sept. 1, the wife of Mr. Henry A. Bolst, of a son.

BALDOCK—At Kamptee, on Aug. 12, the wife of J. Baldock, Esq., 14th brig. royal art., of a son.

BENN—At Poona, on Sept. 15, the wife of C. E. Benn, Esq., of a daughter.

BIRDWOOD—At Kirkee, on Sept. 13, the wife of H. M. Birdwood, Esq., C.S., of a son.

BYTHELL—At Bombay, on Sept. 22, the wife of Lieut. Reginald Bythell, of a daughter.

CAMPBELL—At Tezporo, Assam, on Sept. 10, the wife of James D. Campbell, Esq., of a daughter, still-born.

COWLEY—At 12, Garden Reach, Calcutta, on Sept. 11, the wife of Mr. W. H. Cowley, of a son.

CROSS—At Sehore Malwa, on Sept. 1, the wife of Major Robert Cogan Cross, Bengal Staff Corps, Bhopal batt., of a daughter.

COSTLEY—At Gya, Sept. 2, the wife of W. C. Costley, Esq., of a daughter.

DAY—At the Esplanade, Bombay, Sept. 25, the wife of Major H. Day, of a son.

FOORD—At Akolah, West Berar, Sept. 22, the wife of Captain H. H. Foord, Madras Staff Corps, of a daughter.

GLOVER—At Chinchpoogly Hill, Sept. 16, the wife of Samuel Glover, Esq., of a daughter.

GRANT—At Bombay, Sept. 13, the wife of Lieut. Colonel Ewen Grant, Bombay Army, of a son.

GEDDES—At Berhampore, Sept. 18, the wife of Lieut. A. D. Geddes, 27th Inniskillings, of a daughter.

GRANT—At Midnapore, Sept. 14, the wife of Trevor Grant, Esq., of a son.

HOWE—At Belle Cottage, Mussoorie, Sept. 10, the wife of William Arthur Howe, Esq., C.S., of a daughter.

HOXAR—At Dhurumberpore, Ghazepore, Sept. 9, the wife of C. F. F. de Hoxar, Esq., of a son.

LAMB—Sept. 14, the wife of Mr. Lamb, Store-keeper of the Bombay Gas Company (Limited), of a son.

LANE—At Bellary, Sept. 18, the wife of Capt. H. Powys Lane, R.H.A., of a son.

MAULE—At Bombay, Sept. 17, the wife of the Rev. W. Maule, Chaplain of Colaba, of a son.

MANUK—At Calcutta, Sept. 9, Mrs. G. J. M. Manuk, of a daughter.

MOORE—At Serampore, Sept. 9, the wife of John Moore, Esq., of a daughter.

MACLEOD—At Kolchamptore, Jessore, Sept. 10, the wife of J. S. Macleod, Esq., of a son.

MARRITT—At Silchar, Cachar, Sept. 10, the wife of J. F. Marritt, Esq., tea planter, of a daughter.

NEWMAN—At Calcutta, Sept. 14, the wife of T. Newman, Esq., of a daughter.

ONSLow—At Ahmednuggur, Sept. 9, the wife of the Rev. A. L. Omslow, of a daughter.

PILCHER—At Mazagon, Sept. 16, the wife of Mr. G. E. Pilcher, of a daughter.

PALMER—At Murree, on the 14th Sept., the wife of Major C. O'B. Palmer, late 1st E. B. Fusiliers, of a son.

ROBINSON—Sept. 21st, at the residence of Major Chitty, Malabar Hill, the wife of Commander Robinson, Indian Navy, of a daughter.

RICHARDSON—At Jessore, on the 6th Sept., the wife of H. Richardson, Esq., C. S., of a son.

SIMS—On the 9th Sept. the wife of E. H. Sims, Esq., solicitor, of a daughter.

SMYTHE—At Umballa, on the 16th Sept., the wife of Mr. R. S. Smythe, of a son.

STAVELEY—At Camp, Ahmedabad, Sept. 20th, the wife of Brigadier General Sir Charles Staveley, K.C.B., of a son.

STEWART—At Kaira, Sept. 10th, the wife of T. H. Stewart, Esq., Bombay Civil Service, of a daughter.

SUMMERS—At Bombay, Sept. 14th, the wife of G. A. Summers, of a son.

WATSON—At Oomrawuttee, East Berar, Sept. 2, the wife of Archibald Wat-on, Esq., of a son (prematurely), who survived only 30 hours.

WHITE—At Agra, Aug. 21, the wife of R. White, Barrack Master, of a son.

WHITLEY—At Bandora, Sept. 16, the wife of George Whitley, Esq., of a daughter.

WEATHERALL—At Purneah, Sept. 8, the wife of H. M. Weatherall, Esq., District Superintendent, of a son, still-born.

WRIGHT—At Subathoo, Sept. 12, the wife of Surgeon Thomas Wright, 80th Regt., of a son.

YULE—At Bolarum, Aug. 31, the wife of G. U. Yule, Esq., Resident at Hyderabad, Deccan, of a daughter.

MARRIAGES.

BROWNE-MILLER—At Calcutta, on Sept. 19, at the Church of the Sacred Heart of Jesus, Dhurumtollah, and afterwards at St. John's Church, Mr. Henry Browne, licensed pilot, to Eliza Miller, widow of the late Capt. F. Miller, of the steamer *Rangoon*.

BAYLY-MATHEW—On Sept. 9, at the Fort Chapel, Bombay, and afterwards at Byculla Church, George Bayly, C.E., youngest son of G. W. Bayly, Esq., "Tolka" Company, Dublin, to Victoria Juliet, daughter of the late F. Mathew, Esq., of Rock View, County Tipperary.

CARTER-COWIE—On Sept. 8, at St. Paul's Cathedral, Calcutta, Charles Alexander Edward Stapleton Carter, Bengal Army, eldest son of Lieut.-col. and the Hon. Mrs. Carter, to Helen, eldest daughter of the late John Cowie, Esq.

CLARKE-BERE—At Nynee Tal, on Aug. 17, W. W. Clarke, Esq., C.E., Executive Engineer, Bareilly, to Emily Anne, eldest daughter of Maj. E. Baker Bere, of Horne Hall, Stanhope, Durham, late 16th Lancers.

DAUN-BRUCE—On Sept. 21, at Christ Church, Byculla, Bombay, Major J. Daun, Retired List, H.M.'s Bombay Army, to Clara Anna Ellen, widow of the late Capt. G. M. Bruce, of the Andaman Sebundy Corps, fourth daughter of the late James Barton, Esq., of Madras.

GREGORY-LANG—On Sept. 14, at the Roman Catholic Chapel, Aden, Mr. John Gregory, Sub-Conductor Ordnance Department, to Mary Ann Lang, only daughter of Mr. Thomas Lang, Conductor, of the same department.

HARPER-GIRAUD—At Christ Church, Byculla, Bombay, on Sept. 19, Jervis Harper, capt. Bombay Staff Corps, to Gertrude Georgiana, eldest daughter of Herbert Giraud, M.D., surg. major Bombay Army, and Principal of Grant Medical College.

KELLY-DICKSON—At Chinsurah, on Sept. 6, at the Presbyterian Chapel, Mr. John Kelly, apothecary depot, H.M.'s British Forces, to Elizabeth, eldest daughter of the late Mr. John Dickson.

KINDLER-HAMMOND—At St. John's Church, Calcutta, on Sept. 9, Charles Andrew Henry Kinder, Esq., to Mary Anne, eldest daughter of the late J. Hammond, Esq., of London.

TRAILL-CHRISTIE—At St. Stephen's, Ootacamund, on Sept. 7, by the Ven. Archdeacon Dealtry, assisted by the Rev. G. E. Morris, D. A. Traill-Christie, Esq. (late of Bombay), to Elizabeth Agnes, younger daughter of the late David Traill, Esq., Madras Medical Service.

DEATHS.

BUSHER—At Kurnal, on the 13th ult., Louisa, the wife of Commander R. Busher (Stud Department), aged 33 years.

BAXTER—At Calcutta, on the 3rd Sept., Captain William George Baxter, Supervisor, Abkaree Department, aged 49 years.

BURN—At Poona, Mary Ann, the eldest daughter of the late Mr. and Mrs. J. Burn, of Bombay, aged 20 years.

CONNOLLY—At Morar, Gwalior, on the night of the 15th September, Sub-Conductor James Connolly, Army Commissariat Department, aged 36.

COLERIDGE—At Bikaner, on the 29th August, of fever, Austen Ernest Coleridge, eldest son of Ernest Coleridge, Esq., M.R.C.S.E., aged 36 years.

FERGUSON—At Murree, on the 11th Sept., Captain A. Ferguson, 42nd Royal Highlanders.

FIRTH—At Bombay, Sept. 26, Georgina Louisa, wife of Edwin St. John Firth, of the Indian Carrying Company (Limited), aged 20.

FURNIVALE—At Kusowhie, Sept. 17, Lucie, the beloved child of W. C. Furnivale, Civil Engineer, aged one year and fifteen days, of diphtheria.

HART—At Calcutta, Sept. 11, Charles Samuel, the son of Mr. John Hart (Sub-Medical Department), House Surgeon M. W. Medical College Hospital, aged 3 years.

HILLS—At Neechindipore, Sept. 12, Mrs. Barbara Hills, widow of the late James Hills, Esq., of Ratchee Ratta.

JACKSON—At Berhampore, Sept. 7, Agnes Hillocks, wife of G. M. Jackson, Esq.

LEES—At Nynee Tal, Sept. 19, very suddenly, Major T. E. Bridgeman Lees, Staff Corps, second in command of the 31st Regt. N.I.

LEMON—At Calcutta, Sept. 14, Deputy Assistant Commissary Isaac Lemon, late head clerk of the Adjutant General's Office, aged 72.

MACKNIGHT—At No. 2, Fanchie-place, Sept. 18, William MacKnight, Esq., aged 28.

MYLNE—At Morar, Gwalior, Sept. 13, Clarence Kinloch, infant son of Major Mylne, Bengal Staff Corps.

MACPHERSON—At Malabar-hill, Bombay, Sept. 7, Catherine Isabella Jane, infant daughter of George Macpherson, Esq., C.S.

MIDDLETON—At Hyderabad, Scinde, Sept. 3, Edith, the wife of Clement Alexander Middleton, Esq., aged 29.

MYLOTT—At the Convent, Kamptee, Sept. 15, Cecilia Mary, the infant daughter of John E. Mylott, C.E., G.I.P. Railway, Oomrawuttee.

MCMAHON—At Saugor, Central India, Sept. 10, Hessey K., infant daughter of Qrmr.-sergt. John McMahon, 4th Regt. Madras L.C.

MECHAM—At Kalka, Sept. 12, Capt. C. Mecham, 10th Bengal Cav. (Lancers), and of the Madras Staff Corps.

NESBITT—At 4, Middle-street, Cooly Bazaar, Calcutta, Sept. 13, Henry E. Kerr, the infant son of Mr. and Mrs. Nesbitt.

PENNEY—At Middle Colaba, Sept. 7, Margaret Dow, the infant daughter of Johnston Penney, Esq.

PEREIRA—At No. 22, Church-street, Mazagon, Sept. 27, Francisca Elizabeth, the wife of Mr. Peter Pereira, aged 24.

REAY—At Fyzabad, Sept. 10, the infant son of Captain and Mrs. J. Reay, late 63rd Regiment N.I.

RATTRAY—at Serampore, Sept. 2, Frances, relict of the late Robert Haldane Rattray, Esq., S.C.S., of consumption, aged 46.

STEVENS—At sea, on board the *Bowena*, March 29, B. G. Stevens, Esq., late manager of the Jorehaut Tea Company, Assam.

SUTHERLAND—At sea, on board the ship *Marlborough*, June 30, Olivia Emilie, wife of Stanley S. Sutherland, Esq., H.M.'s Indian Army.

SPEIRS—At Bombay, Mr. William Speirs, third son of the late Colonel Alexander Speirs, Resident of Nagpore, aged 32.

TEMPLE—At Calcutta, Sept. 20, Charles Ogilvy, infant son of H. G. Temple, Esq., aged five weeks.

TODD—At Barrackpore, Sept. 11, Mrs. Charlotte Tilney Todd, widow of the late Captain Todd, Bengal Army.

TAUNTON—At Bandora, Sept. 15, the wife of Mr. R. Taunton, Commander B.I.S.N. Co.'s steamer *Comorin*, aged 23.

TUCKER—Sept. 10, after a long illness, Louisa, the wife of George Tucker, Esq.

WINNER—On board the ship *Hannibal*, in the English Channel, July 20, Caroline, the wife of Mr. James Winner, of Calcutta.

WALKER—At Purneah, Sept. 10, Edward Marley Walker, Esq., aged 23.

WINTLE—At Monghyr, Sept. 16, Harriet Marian, the wife of Lieut. H. S. Wintle, late Lahore light horse, aged 28.

Royal Artillery.

The Deputy Adjutant-general, Colonel G. Gambier, by command of his Royal Highness the Duke of Cambridge, has issued a general regimental order of the Royal Artillery, dated the 13th inst., which contains the following items of information:—

His Royal Highness the Field Marshal Commanding-in-Chief has been pleased to make the following appointments:—Lieut.-colonel and Brevet-colonel W. A. Middleton, C.B., to the A Brigade, Royal Horse Artillery, vice the Hon. G. T. Devereux, who resigns the Horse Artillery only; Lieut.-colonel and Brevet-colonel H. F. Strange, C.B., to the B Brigade, Royal Horse Artillery, vice Price, promoted; Lieut.-colonel A. C. Pigou, to be assistant-adjutant-general to the Royal Artillery in Ireland, vice Strange; Lieut.-colonel H. P. Newton, to the command of the Royal Artillery at Alderney, vice Pigou; Capt. Edward Markham, to A Brigade, Royal Horse Artillery, vice Brevet-major Paget, who resigns the Horse Artillery only, and is posted to the 4th Brigade; Capt. and Brevet-major W. H. Goodenough, to be brigade-major to the Royal Artillery at Aldershot, v. Wolfe, appointed deputy assistant quartermaster-general at that station; Second Captain and Brevet Major W. Stirling, to B Brigade, Royal Horse Artillery, vice Ravenhill, appointed adjutant to A Brigade. The undermentioned officers are raised to increased pay, viz.:—Brevet Colonel W. A. Middleton, C.B., A Brigade, Royal Horse Artillery, vice the Hon. G. T. Devereux; Brevet Colonel the Hon. T. Devereux, 12th Brigade, vice Middleton; Brevet Colonel H. F. Strange, C.B., B Brigade, Royal Horse Artillery, vice Price, promoted; Lieutenant-Colonel A. F. F. Lennox, 7th Brigade, vice Domville, promoted; Lieutenant-Colonel G. G. Brown, 18th Brigade, vice Biggs, retired upon full pay; Lieutenant S. Hopkins, 15th Brigade, vice De Cetto; Lieutenant R. H. F. Rennie, 20th Brigade, vice Anderson; Lieutenant L. F. Perry, 11th Brigade, vice Fletcher.

To Correspondents.

All letters for insertion in *Allen's Indian Mail* should be accompanied with the real name and address of the writer, "not necessarily for publication, but as a guarantee of good faith."

Communications for the Editor, and Advertisements, should be sent under cover to Messrs. WM. H. ALLEN & Co., 13, Waterloo-place, S.W.

Should any delay or irregularity occur in supplying this Paper, communication of the fact to the Publisher will insure a remedy.

ALLEN'S INDIAN MAIL,

MONDAY, October 23, 1865.

IRRIGATION AND IRRITATION.

WOULD the coquette in Pope's poem really have stewed a child for the sake of a complexion wash? The poet says she would "scarcely" have gone so far, but he evidently considers it within the range of possibility. An ensign who had nothing to say to his partner at a ball is recorded to have expressed a wish that "somebody was dead," in order that he might tell her the news. Would he have privately assassinated a particular friend in order to bring out his own conversational powers? Such cases of conscience are difficult to determine. It may, for instance, be at least open to doubt whether a journalist, however pressed for a topic, would bring about an unnecessary battle, or even a murder under moderately extenuating circumstances, merely for the pleasure of airing his eloquence. Supposing a thousand men were killed, and the writer got a thousand lines out of the transaction—a life a line would surely be a large cost for the cleverest commentary. Still it may be suspected that the best regulated journalist can feel consoled for an occasional calamity by the fact that he is able to say some fine things about it. The *Friend of India*, the other day, openly avowed its wish for some great question to arise that would convulse the country and divide the press into two great parties; and it can scarcely be supposed that the writer regrets the fulfilment of his desire which promises to take place, albeit the occasion is not one of great satisfaction to the community.

The question to which we refer is—shall irrigation works in India be conducted by private agency or the Government? Lord Canning, influenced doubtless by Colonel Yule, when that officer was at the head of the department of public works, was in favour of private agency, and gave the water supplies of Orissa to the East India Irrigation Company. But Colonel Yule was succeeded by Colonel Strachey, who had entirely opposite ideas on the subject, and Lord Elgin, who, in his turn, probably took his opinions from the department,

wrote a minute in favour of Government action, which has left the question an open one until the present time. Sir John Lawrence, and the Governor and members of the councils of the three Presidencies, have in the meanwhile expressed their opinions, and their minutes and memoranda are now made known to the public, with Sir Charles Wood's decision thereon. The result is that the Indian Secretary concurs in the principle laid down by Lord Elgin and Sir John Lawrence, "that the State should undertake directly all the irrigation works it can practically manage, in preference to entrusting them to private companies, and that when the surplus revenues and available balances prove insufficient to supply the requirements of the country, funds by means of loans should be raised." In order to carry out this principle it is proposed to create an Irrigation Department for the prosecution of works all over India, involving an expenditure of twenty-nine millions sterling, of which twenty are to be borrowed in the next ten years.

It is evident from this proposal that the Indian Government intend to take the work seriously in hand, and that the chance of a private association getting a share in the profit is very remote. The East India Irrigation Company, which had accepted the invitation of Lord Canning's Government to construct the canals planned by Colonel Dickens, upon whom the management of public works has devolved, is even now in a difficulty in consequence of the unfavourable terms offered, and there is every probability that the negotiations will be broken off—the commencement of the work, of course, being indefinitely delayed.

The reasons advanced by Sir John Lawrence for the conclusion at which he has arrived amount to these:—That such works as those of irrigation should be undertaken by the State, because the people look to the State for improvements of the kind, and the peculiar interest of the Government in the soil points to such a course as a public duty; that questions in social life, and many more connected with the land, are likely to arise in which the interests of the people and those of a company may come in conflict, and in such cases the State would deal most leniently with private claims; that the retention of a water rent by Government would be a convenient medium of raising additional taxation when necessary, without exciting discontent; the latter advantage, Sir John considering, being preferable to the indirect one caused by the expenditure of private capital, which, by increasing the wealth of the people, would give stability to the revenue and security to the Government. The other opinions differ in some respects, but are generally more or less in favour of the

new policy. Mr. Maine declares for it unreservedly, upon Imperial grounds, curiously enough saying not a word about practicabilities. Mr. Harington considers the arguments of the Governor-General unanswerable. Sir William Denison and Sir Robert Napier would employ companies, but only as contractors. Sir Bartle Frere and Sir William Mansfield would combine the State and private companies as in the case of the Bank of Bombay. The only man who takes, to any strong extent, the non-official side, is, of all others, Sir Charles Trevelyan. It would be most unfortunate, says Sir Charles, if, through over-sensitiveness of present or impending evil, we were altogether to reject private enterprise and depend upon Government agency. Even if the Government had nothing else in hand, its utmost powers would be taxed in providing for the irrigation of all India. But how is it to perform the task, when, in addition to its legitimate functions—those of legislation and administration—it has all the roads, bridges, and civil and military buildings of every description to construct and maintain? Even now the Government is overtaken. In roads, which are public works, there are immense requirements, while the railways, which are private enterprises, are the only satisfactory means of transit. Moreover, he reminds us that, whatever may be wrong in the contracts with the Madras Irrigation Company, the works extending across the entire breadth of the Presidency, from Kurnool to Nellore, as well as those which are to rescue Cuttack from periodical devastation, would have no existence but for that association. The Government, he adds, can act only as a great joint-stock company, which must delegate the work to others. Official agency is only a single superintendence, working under many checks and interruptions, whereas private agency may be indefinitely multiplied, and acts with spirit and continuity. The only fund possessed by Government for carrying on such operations, is the produce of taxation in a poor country, the insufficient capital of which yields a high rate of profit; while the fund upon which private interest is based, is limited only by the overflowing wealth of England, the unemployed annual accretion of which would be more than sufficient to make India what she should be. The employment of private agency would be a great benefit if it did no more good than keeping the Government out of the money market; and the plan has the additional advantage of allowing the prosecution of the works, whatever political pressure may arise—as the railways were carried on throughout the mutinies. If the companies lose their money they cannot help benefiting the country, and whatever the ill success of

their schemes, they at least ask no aid from Government. What Sir Charles recommends is a combination of private and public agency.

We believe that these views are sound, and that the practically exclusive Government agency which has been proposed would not only be slow and unsatisfactory in operation, but would involve a risk that the State should not take upon itself without the most urgent necessity. Out of doors the proposal is loudly condemned. The mercantile interest in Calcutta is denouncing it in unmeasured terms, and it is certain to be strongly opposed in Parliament. Already the announcement of the determination of Government has added to Sir John Lawrence's growing unpopularity. His object in rejecting private agency is declared to be—to keep British capital as much out of India as possible, so that it may not, by being represented in the House of Commons, create an interest in that assembly which will interfere with his peculiar views of Government. Such an imputation of motives would be justifiable only on the strongest evidence; and this the *Englishman* professes to supply from the Governor-general's own lips. "At an interview," we are told, "with the agent of a great public company to which the Government had pledged its support, Sir John stated that, independent of his objection that the scheme would involve bargaining with, and consequent oppression of the people, he for other reasons viewed the creation of such a company as a positive evil, because it would prove a thorn in the side of Government; for the shareholders in England, numbering among them members of both Houses of Parliament, with merchants and manufacturers of wealth and influence, would not be long in feeling their power, and would be but too ready to use it."

Such an avowal as this is calculated to touch home sensibilities equally with those of Calcutta, so a very pretty little quarrel may be expected which, we should say, is likely to gratify the *Friend of India's* love of controversy for some time to come.

MISCELLANEOUS.

BILLS ON INDIA.—The biddings for 23,00,000 rupees in bills on India took place on Wednesday, the 18th inst., at the Bank of England. The proportions allotted were:—To Calcutta, 9,82,000 rupees; to Madras, 4,18,000 rupees; and to Bombay, 9,00,000 rupees. The minimum price was as before, 1s. 11½d. on Calcutta and Madras, and 1s. 11¾d. on Bombay. Tenders on Calcutta and Madras at 1s. 11¾d., will receive about 47 per cent., and on Bombay, at 2s., about 19 per cent.; above these prices in full.

EXPORT OF SPECIE.—The steamer *Syria*, which sailed on the 20th inst., took out only £12,266 in specie, of which £2,216 is gold, for Madras; £25 silver, for Calcutta; £9,700 silver, for Hong Kong; and £325 silver, for Yokohama.

DEATH OF LIEUTENANT-COLONEL PARKER.

—This distinguished officer expired on Friday last at Edinburgh. Lieutenant-Colonel Parker was present with his regiment (the 71st Highlanders) at the last half yearly inspection by the Commander-in-Chief, in the Queen's Park, Edinburgh, on the 4th inst., at which time he was in the enjoyment of excellent health. On the 13th he felt a little indisposed, and kept his room for some time, thinking the attack would pass away, but the malady rapidly developed into typhoid fever, which eventually carried him off. The deceased officer, who was a son of Sir William Parker, Bart., Admiral of the Fleet, was only forty-three years of age; but, though a young soldier, he had seen a great deal of service. He joined the regiment as Ensign in 1842, and passed through the grades of Lieutenant on the 16th of February, 1844, and Captain on the 26th of December, 1851. He was promoted to the rank of Brevet-Major on the 7th of December, 1858; to that of Major on the 3rd November, 1862; and that of Brevet Lieutenant-Colonel on the 5th August, 1864. He was with his regiment during the Crimean war, including the taking of Kertch and Yenikale, for which he obtained a medal with clasps, 5th Class of the Order of the Medjidie, and the Turkish medal. When the regiment was in Central India, in 1858, he acted as staff officer of the field force, under Sir John Michel, and was present at the actions of Kaghur, Mongrowlee, and Sindwah, in all of which he so distinguished himself that, besides being immediately promoted to a brevet-majorship, he received a medal with clasps. At Goona he commanded the field force from September to December, 1859, with much acceptance. His ability and courage in the Afghan war, during a portion of which he commanded the 71st, attracted the attention of the Commander-in-Chief, who frequently mentioned his gallant conduct in his despatches; and on the conclusion of the war he was promoted to the rank of brevet lieutenant-colonel in the army.

APPOINTMENT.—(Downing-street, Oct. 19.)—The Queen has been pleased to appoint Sir Richard Graves MacDonnell, Knt., and c.b., to be Governor and Commander-in-Chief of the Colony of Hong Kong and its dependencies.

ORIENTAL BANK CORPORATION.—At a meeting of the Oriental Bank Corporation, held on Thursday, the 19th inst., Mr. H. G. Gordon, the chairman, stated that the only business was the declaration of an ad interim dividend of £1. 5s. per share for the half-year ending June 30, being at the rate of 10 per cent. per annum. He attributed the fact that the dividend was not so large as on the former occasion to the great fall that took place last year in all articles of Indian produce, to the commercial crisis that ensued, and to the heavy failures, which compelled the bank to restrict business in almost every quarter. Though they were thereby prevented from earning large profits, they had the satisfaction of knowing that they had escaped the heavy loss some rival banks had suffered. A dividend as recommended was declared.

CHARTERED BANK OF INDIA, AUSTRALIA, AND CHINA.—At an extraordinary meeting of the Chartered Bank of India, Australia, and China, held on Wednesday, the 18th instant, Mr. Mitchell, M.P., presiding, which was held for the purpose of declaring an interim dividend for the half-year ending June 30, it was moved that the dividend be at the rate of 5 per cent. per annum, free of income-tax, payable on the 25th inst. This was agreed to, and the dividend declared accordingly.

BOKHARA.—The St. Petersburg journals announce that an ambassador from Bokhara, with a numerous train, has crossed the Russian frontier on his way to St. Petersburg. The object of this mission is to announce the accession to the throne of the new Emir Mouza-

fareddin and to present an elephant to the Emperor. The reports of the defeat of the Russians at Tashkend have not received any confirmation.

SHIPPING.

ARRIVALS.

Oct. 16. Tewkesbury, Manilla; Helenslee, Bassein; Kirkman, Calcutta; Madura, Bombay; Princess Royal, Calcutta; Rajmahal, Calcutta; Canova, Bombay; Palinnur, Bombay; Caroline, Penang; Alice Ritaon, Colombo; Lloyd, Mouleim; Star of Scotia, Calcutta.—17. Ceylon, Madras; Rathfern, Calcutta; Egantine, Colombo; Chuchina, Calcutta; Matilda, Bassein; Assam Valley, Mouleim; Corea, Rangoon; Rubens, Akyah.—18. Zephyr, Singapore; Royal Bride, Colombo; Hudson, Bassein; Herald of the Morning, Calcutta; William Clowes, Mauritius.—19. Kensington, Akyah; Rinaldo, Calcutta; Gem, Mauritius.—21. Zenobia, Bombay.

DEPARTURES.

Oct. 16. Star of the North, Point de Galle.—17. Mrg Merillies, Colombo; Hahummann, Bombay; Queen of India, Bombay.—18. Clydesdale, Calcutta; Ellen Bates, Bombay; Streton Audley, Calcutta; Zenophy, Batavia; India, Batavia.—20. Minden, Kurrachee; Marlboro', Calcutta.—21. Kingdom of Fife, Madras; Isabella, Mauritius; Helios, Ceylon.

NAUTICAL INCIDENTS.

New York, Oct. 5.—The Spark of the Ocean, from Amherst to Falmouth, put into Mauritius on the 4th Aug. leaky, &c., and would have to discharge.
The In Te Spes, from Sunderland to Bombay, was off the Wight on the 16th March, and has not since been heard of.

PASSENGERS DEPARTED.

Per Overland Route.

Per str. Syria, from Southampton, Oct. 20.—To CALCUTTA.—Mr. G. O. Beeby, Mr. A. Gordon, Mrs. S. Mankienrey, Mrs. F. H. Smith, Mrs. Apar, Mr. D. Conliffe, Mr. L. J. Jackson, Maj. gen. and Mrs. Fleming, Miss Fleming, Mrs. C. C. Johnson, Mr. and Mrs. J. S. Blackett, Mr. F. D. Harcourt, Lieut. G. W. Holdsworth, Mr. H. Deu, Rev. Mr. and Mrs. Stone, Mrs. and Miss Stewart, Mr. G. C. Sconce, Mrs. Thornhill, Mr. G. H. Grant, Mrs. Gen. Mactier, Mr. and Mrs. M. H. Griffiths, Mr. and Mrs. A. Shakespear, Mr. W. Pearce, Mr. T. H. G. Drake, Miss Mackintosh, Mr. T. O. Wilkinson, Mrs. Stann, Mr. N. Deane, Mr. W. H. E. Ferranoni, Mr. W. Newton, Mr. Dampier, Miss Agabeg. To ALEXANDRIA.—Miss Martin, Rev. H. Martin. To MADRAS.—Miss Lawrence.

Per str. Pera.—From MARSEILLES.—To CALCUTTA.—Mr. C. P. Carmichael, Mr. and Mrs. S. Mankienrey, Mrs. F. H. Smith, Mrs. Apar, Mr. D. Conliffe, Mr. L. J. Jackson, Maj. gen. and Mrs. Fleming, Miss Fleming, Mrs. C. C. Johnson, Mr. and Mrs. J. S. Blackett, Mr. F. D. Harcourt, Lieut. G. W. Holdsworth, Mr. H. Deu, Rev. Mr. and Mrs. Stone, Mrs. and Miss Stewart, Mr. G. C. Sconce, Mrs. Thornhill, Mr. G. H. Grant, Mrs. Gen. Mactier, Mr. and Mrs. M. H. Griffiths, Mr. and Mrs. A. Shakespear, Mr. W. Pearce, Mr. T. H. G. Drake, Miss Mackintosh, Mr. T. O. Wilkinson, Mrs. Stann, Mr. N. Deane, Mr. W. H. E. Ferranoni, Mr. W. Newton, Mr. Dampier, Miss Agabeg. To ALEXANDRIA.—Miss Martin, Rev. H. Martin. To MADRAS.—Miss Lawrence.

DOMESTIC.

BIRTH.

PUCKLE.—The wife of Major Puckle, Mysore Commission, of a son, at Cambridge-street, Hyde-park, Oct. 2.

MARRIAGES.

ADAMS—WARWICK.—William Redmond Scott Adams, 23rd Bombay L.I., only son of Colonel William Scott Adams, late dep. quartermaster general of the Army, Bombay, to Maud Alice Jane, daughter of William A. Warwick, at St. Mary's Church, Cheltenham, Oct. 17.

HYSLOR—BELLIS.—Archibald Hyslop, Esq., of Bimlipatam, Madras Presidency, eldest son of Colonel Hyslop, of Lotus, late Madras Artillery, to Mary M., daughter of the Rev. R. Bellis, at St. James's Church, Jersey, Oct. 12.

ILETT—HAMILTON.—Stanham D. Ilett, Esq., to Janette, widow of the late James Hamilton, Esq., H.E.I.C.S., at St. Mary's Church, Islington, Oct. 19.

MURTON—COLLARD.—Edward Murton, Esq., of Pedding-house, Wingham, to Sophia, daughter of Capt. G. P. Collard, late H.E.I.C.S., at St. Mildred's Church, Canterbury, Oct. 5.

POGSON—HARRISON.—Lieut.-Colonel John Pogson, H.M.'s Bombay Army, to Alice, daughter of the late Edmund Harrison, Esq., at Harrietsham, Kent, Oct. 11.

PUDDICOMBE—LESLIE.—Rev. Alfred T. Puddicombe, to Mary J., daughter of the late Captain James F. Leslie, of the Madras N.I., at St. John's Church, Clifton, Oct. 12.

ROTCH—SANDYS.—William D. Rotch, Esq., of the Inner Temple, London, to Florence Mary, daughter of the late Rev. Claudius Sandys, Chaplain, Bombay Establishment, at Leghorn, Oct. 10.

DEATHS.

BEAUMONT.—John Reynolds, the son of Thomas G. Beaumont, Esq., of Bombay, at St. Leonards-on-Sea, aged 11 months 8 days, Oct. 17.

BENSON.—Ralph St. John Browne, the infant son of W. R. Benson, Esq., B.C.S., at 17, York-street, Portman-square, Oct. 19.

BESHER.—Francis C. Bewsher, Lieut. Bengal Staff Corps, at Guildford-street, Russell-square, aged 25, Oct. 16.

BUNCE.—Louisa, widow of the late John Bunce, Surgeon, H.E.I.C.S., at 7, Spring-street, Sussex-gardens, Oct. 17.

HARDINGE.—The Dowry Viscountess Hardinge, at the house of her son, Sir W. James, Batten-shanger, near Sandwich.

MURRAY.—J. Murray, Esq., late of the H.E.I.C.S., at 125, Marylebone-road, aged 54, Oct. 17.

SCOTT.—Major gen. James Scott, H.M.'s Bombay Army, at St. Andrew's, N.B., Oct. 11.

TREVOR.—Col. Samuel S. Trevor, of the Madras Art., at Weston-super-Mare, aged 69, Oct. 12.

India Office,

October 21, 1865.

ARRIVALS REPORTED IN ENGLAND.

CIVIL.

Bengal Estab.—Messrs. S. H. C. Tayler, 6 mo.; H. S. J. Ross, 6 mo.; C. J. Powlett, 2 mo.; W. Blundell (Uncov.), 3 mo.; C. Stephen (Uncov.), 6 mo.; Capt. F. P. Mulloy (Uncov.), 3 mo.

Bombay Estab.—Mr. L. H. B. Tucker, 6 mo.; Capt. J. W. Young, late I.N. (Uncov.), 6 mo.; Messrs. A. W. Cowan (Uncov.), 6 mo.; W. H. Price (Uncov.), 3 mo.

ECCLESIASTICAL.

Bengal Estab.—Rev. W. Spencer, B.A., Junior Chaplain, Bengal, reports arrival on furl.

MILITARY.

Bengal Estab.—Asst. surg. T. Skardon, Med. Estab.; Lieut. H. Shoubridge, Inf.; Capt. E. Thackeray, Engrs.; Surg. major F. Mouat, Med. Estab.; Asst. surg. E. J. Hoskins, Med. Estab.; Lieut. H. J. Peet, 43rd N.I.; Lieut. H. J. Wheeler, 48th N.I.

Madras Estab.—Major N. Bayly, 12th N.I.; Dep. Insp. Gen. Hosp. J. Maule, Med. Estab.; Lieut. col. R. L. Playfair, Staff Corps; Surg. major F. Harris, Med. Estab.

Bombay Estab.—Capt. H. Moore, Staff Corps; Surg. A. Fox, Med. Estab.; Major W. G. Cumming, Staff Corps.

GRANTED EXTENSION OF LEAVE.

MILITARY.

Bengal Estab.—Lieut. J. S. Robinson, 1st Eur. cav., 6 mo.; Lieut. J. M. Glubb, 38th N.I., 6 mo.

Madras Estab.—Lieut. D. McNeill, 26th N.I., 6 mo.; Capt. F. Haig, Eng., 6 mo.; Capt. W. Stoddart, 3rd Eur. regt., 6 mo.; Lieut. W. Broughton, 35th N.I., 6 mo.; Major G. Dick, 3rd N.I., 6 mo.; Surg. maj. J. Mackintosh, Med. Estab., 6 mo.

Bombay Estab.—Capt. J. A. Gayer, 2nd Eur. regt., 6 mo.; Col. J. Liddell, c.b., Inf., 6 mo.; Maj. T. Baumgartner, Staff Corps, 6 mo.; Lieut. D. Pedder, Inf., 5 mo.; Surg. J. Walsh, Med. Estab., 6 mo.; Lieut. C. Newport, 10th N.I., 6 mo.; Maj. J. Bonus, Eng., 6 mo.; Asst. surg. A. Adey, Med. Estab., 6 mo.; Lieut. col. J. B. Close, Eng., 6 mo.

PERMITTED TO RETURN TO DUTY.

CIVIL.

Bengal Estab.—Messrs. G. F. Cockburn, C. P. Carmichael, L. S. Jackson, C. E. Chapman, O. Toogood, J. W. Power, R. F. Saunders, Lieut. G. C. Sconce, late I.N. (Uncov.).

Madras Estab.—Messrs. D. Williams, C. F. Chamber, J. D. Mayne (Uncov.).

Bombay Estab.—Messrs. W. Ramsay, C. J. Erskine, M. I. M. S. Stewart, C. G. Kenball, G. W. Cline, L.L.D. (Uncov.), W. Foxton.

MILITARY.

Bengal Estab.—Surg. maj. G. Morton, Med. Estab.; Capt. G. Gillespie, Staff Corps; Lieut. A. W. Parker, Inf.; Lieut. M. Gatacre, Staff Corps; Lieut. A. Murray, 68th N.I.; Maj. J. B. Thel-

wall, c.b., Staff Corps; Capt. R. Smith, 59th N.I.; Lieut. R. Wimberley, Inf.; Asst. surg. J. McDermott, Med. Estab.; Surg. H. A. Oldfield, Med. Estab.

Madras Estab.—Surg. J. B. Fleming, Med. Estab.; Asst. surg. J. Hefferman, Med. Estab.; Lieut. G. P. Worster, 53rd N.I.

Bombay Estab.—Maj. W. F. Anderson, 11th N.I.; Capt. C. A. Moore, 2nd Light Cav.; Maj. T. Thatcher, Staff Corps; Lieut. M. Wainwright, Invalid Estab.

INDIA EXCHANGES.

BANK AND COMMERCIAL BILLS.

	60 days' sight.	30 days' sight.	60 days' sight.	30 days' sight.
Calcutta	1s. 11½d.	1s. 11½d.	Singapore	4s. 4½d.
Madras	1s. 11½d.	1s. 11½d.	Hong Kong	4s. 4½d.
Bombay	1s. 11½d.	1s. 11½d.	Shanghai	—
Colombo	1s. 11½d.	1s. 11½d.		
Bar Silver, per oz., std.	...	...	5s. 1d.	
Mexican Dollars, per oz.	...	...	4s. 11½d.	
Five Franc Pieces, per oz.	...	...	4s. 11½d.	

STOCKS AND SECURITIES.

Shares.		Paid.	Prices.
India Stock, 1874	...	...	217 to 230
India 5 per cent.	...	...	104½ to 105
India 4 per cent.	...	...	99½
India 3 per cent.	...	...	105½
India 2 per cent.	...	...	89
India 1 per cent.	...	...	100½
India 5 p. ct. Enfd. Paper, 1872	...	...	107½ to 108½
India Stock, Enfd. Paper, 5 p. cent.	...	...	95½
India Stock Debentures, 1855	...	...	99½
India Stock Debentures, 1855	...	...	99½
India Debentures, do., £1,000	...	...	100
Do. 4 per cent., 1866	...	...	104½
India 5 per cent. for account	...	...	99½
India 5 per cent., 1870	...	...	104½
India 4 per cent., 1855	...	...	104½
India Loan Scrip 5 per cent.	...	...	15s. to 16s. pm.
India Bonds, 4 p. ct. (£1,000)	...	...	17s. to 23s. pm.
India Bonds (£1,000)	...	...	17s.
Ditto (under £1,000)	...	...
RAILWAYS.			
Stock	Bombay, Baroda, and Central India (guar. 5 per cent.)	100	101 to 102
20	Ditto F Shares	6	½ d. to 1 pm.
Stock	Calcutta & S. Eastern (lim.)	100	99 to 100
Stock	Eastern Bengal (gu. 5 p. ct.)	100	101 to 102
Stock	East Indian	100	103 to 104
20	Ditto J. Extension	all	½ to 1 pm.
Stock	G. I. Peninsula (gu. 5 p. ct.)	100	103 to 105
20	Ditto (New ditto)	14	½ to 1 pm.
20	Ditto, New	4	½ to 1 pm.
Stock	Great S. of India (Lim.) Scrip	100	101 to 102
Stock	Ditto ½ p. c.	2	
Stock	Madras/guar. 4½ per cent.	100	87 to 89
Stock	Ditto 5 per cent.	100	101 to 102
Stock	Ditto (guar. 4½ per cent.)	100	92 to 94
20	5th Extension	2	
Stock	Scinde (guar. 5 per cent.)	100	100½ to 101½
Stock	Ditto Indus Steam Flotilla (guar. 5 per cent.)	100	
Stock	Delhi guar. 5 per cent.	100	100½ to 101½
Stock	Ditto Delhi gua. 5 p. c.	all	100½ to 101½
20	Ditto	2	½ to 1 d.
Stock	Punjab (5 per cent.)	100	100½ to 101½
BANKS.			
50	Agra and Masterman's (L.)	25	56 to 58
20	Asiatic Banking Corp., new issue, £15 pm., on which £7.10s. has been paid	5	18 to 20 pm.
90	Chart. of Ind., Aus., & China	all	24 to 25
25	Chart. Merc. of India, Lond., & China	all	49 to 51
95	Commercial Bank of India	all	31 to 33
100	Hindustan, China, & Japan	25	20 to 22
20	Land Mortgage Bank of India	4	1 to 1½ pm.
25	Oriental Bank Corporation	all	51 to 53
20	Scinde, Punjab, and Delhi	10	3½ to 2½ dis.
MISCELLANEOUS.			
5	Bombay Gas (Lim.)	all	5½ to 5½ pm.*
5	Second issue	5	½ to 1 pm.
5	Third issue	2	½ to 1 pm.
20	Ceylon Company (Lim.)	7	3½ to 3½ pm.
90	East India Irr. & Can.	12	4 to 3 dis.
50	E. I. Financial (Lim.)	7½	
20	Madras Irrig. and Canal	15	2 to 1 dis.
20	Do.	all	15½ to 15½
20	Nerbudda Coal & Iron (Lim.)	5	1½ to 1½ dis.
20	Do. New	1	1 d. par
10	North Assam Tea (Lim.)	1½	1 d. to par
20	Do. B.	5	2½ to 1½ dis.
90	Oriental Commercial (Lim.)	7½	
60	Oriental Financial	10	9 to 7 dis.
10	Oriental India Steam A. (L.)	all	1½ to 2½
60	P. and O. Steam Nav. Co.	all	74 to 76
50	Ditto New	35	17 to 19 pm.
10	Upper Assam Tea (Lim.)	4½	2½ to 3½ pm.
10	Ditto	all	15 to 17

50	Agra and Masterman's (L.)	25	56 to 58
20	Asiatic Banking Corp., new issue, £15 pm., on which £7.10s. has been paid	5	18 to 20 pm.
90	Chart. of Ind., Aus., & China	all	24 to 25
25	Chart. Merc. of India, Lond., & China	all	49 to 51
95	Commercial Bank of India	all	31 to 33
100	Hindustan, China, & Japan	25	20 to 22
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5	Third issue	2	½ to 1 pm.
20	Ceylon Company (Lim.)	7	3½ to 3½ pm.
90	East India Irr. & Can.	12	4 to 3 dis.
50	E. I. Financial (Lim.)	7½	
20	Madras Irrig. and Canal	15	2 to 1 dis.
20	Do.	all	15½ to 15½
20	Nerbudda Coal & Iron (Lim.)	5	1½ to 1½ dis.
20	Do. New	1	1 d. par
10	North Assam Tea (Lim.)	1½	1 d. to par
20	Do. B.	5	2½ to 1½ dis.
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50	Ditto New	35	17 to 19 pm.
10	Upper Assam Tea (Lim.)	4½	2½ to 3½ pm.
10	Ditto	all	15 to 17

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LONDON: Printed by RICHARD KINDER, Printer, at his Printing Office, Milford-lane, Strand, W.C., in the Parish of St. Clement-Danvers, and published by JAMES PEARCE ALLEN, 13, Waterloo-place, S.W., both in the County of Middlesex.—October 23, 1865.

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FROM

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VOL. XXIII.—No. 692.] LONDON, SATURDAY, OCTOBER 28, 1865.

[PRICE 6d.]

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DATES OF ADVICES.

Bengal.....	Sept. 23	Burmah (Rangoon)	Aug. 16
Madras	" 27	Bombay.....	Sept. 29
Agra.....	" 26	Ceylon	" 26
China (Hong Kong).....	Sept. 11.		

MAILS TO INDIA.

The Mails to India, China, &c., are made up in London, in each month, as follows:—

On the 3rd, at 6 P.M., via Marseilles and Bombay, to all parts of India.
On the 4th, at 8 A.M., via Southampton, to Calcutta, Madras, Ceylon, and China.
On the 10th, at 6 P.M., via Marseilles, to Calcutta, Madras, Ceylon, and China.
On the 13th, at 8 A.M., via Southampton, to Bombay and N.W. Provinces (also for letters only, to Madras and Lower Provinces of Bengal).
On the 18th, at 6 P.M., via Marseilles and Bombay, to all parts of India.
On the 20th, at 8 A.M., via Southampton, to Calcutta, Madras, Ceylon, and China.
On the 26th, at 6 P.M., via Marseilles, to Calcutta, Madras, Ceylon, and China.
On the 27th, at 8 A.M., via Southampton, to Bombay, and N.W. Provinces (also for letters only, to Madras and Lower Provinces of Bengal).

* * * When any of the above dates occur on Sunday, the Mails via Southampton are made up on the previous Evening, and those via Marseilles on the following Evening.

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A French line of mail packets now leaves Marseilles on the 19th of every month for Alexandria. Postage for letters and papers to India and China the same as is charged by the English mail via Marseilles. Letters intended to be forwarded by these packets must be specially addressed "By French mail packet from Marseilles."

Books, Parcels, &c., may not exceed 8 lbs. in weight, or be of greater dimensions than 24 inches in length or 12 inches in width & depth.

IN A.D. CASES PREPAYMENT IS COMPULSORY.

SUMMARY AND REVIEW.

We have received by the Calcutta Mail our usual files of papers from that presidency, to the 22nd of September, which, however, is no later date than those brought *via* Bombay by the mail of the 29th, the Calcutta and Bombay mails having left the former place on the same day. We have little news, therefore, to add to our former summary.

In Calcutta the Doorgah Poojah holidays were just beginning, and the city preparing for a fortnight of desertion. It is a dreary time in Calcutta for those who are left behind, and the papers, which cannot very well transplant themselves, usually make the discovery in the interval that Government is a great deal too compliant to the prejudices of the natives in allowing a suspension of business to such an extent. But nobody who can get away makes any complaint of the kind, and the feeling of the lament is too evident to make any impression.

The number of tourists this year promised to be unusually great, owing to the increased railway accommodation, and the liberal arrangements of the companies for excursions. Time was when a Calcutta man was a rare bird in the North-West, and a Calcutta lady had only been heard of. In the City of Palaces the "up-country people" were admitted to be very pleasant in their way, and undoubtedly hospitable, but dreadfully rough, and sadly wanting in the kind of manners which "stamp the caste of Vere de Vere." The up-country people, on the other hand, considered the Calcutta people in very much the same light as sailors regard marines—as awful cockneys who knew nothing of the world beyond the ditch, and took delight in nothing within it but quill-driving and bura khanas. Of late years, since intercourse has become more general, the impression on either side has been, to a great extent, removed. The broad distinction between town and country is still recognised in the two classes; but the "man about Calcutta" is no more considered necessarily a prig than the man about the North-West is con-

sidered necessarily a boor; and it has even been found that there is not half so much difference as was supposed between the Presidency and the Mofussil ladies, even when put to the test of bonnets. Now that the railway makes intercourse more frequent than ever, whatever prejudice remains on one side or the other cannot fail to wear off. There is one change, however. Neither the Calcutta nor the North-West people are so hospitable as they were. They give one another dinners, as people do everywhere; but there is no putting up at other people's houses as a matter of course. At the Presidency the practice has been long since discontinued; and now we find the provinces following the same example. In another part of our paper will be found a letter from a Mofussilite, making severe reflections upon Calcutta tourists for inflicting themselves upon their country friends, and advising them, these holidays, to go to the hotels. This is sad.

The *Friend of India* says that the management of the Bhootan war "seems to be attended with the fatality of divided counsels and humiliating delay;" but the *Friend* never believes that any Government can go right that persists in staying in the Hills instead of remaining within dictation distance of Serampore—to say nothing of considerations of a commercial character connected with the isolation of that place. The road-making may not have begun, General Tytler may be on crutches, and General Bruce may be alone, as the writer says; but we may be certain that the expedition will not be allowed to lose the cold weather, and that even the highest authorities concerned will be found to do their duty rather than otherwise.

The late article in the *Westminster Review* against Sir John Lawrence continues to engage public attention. The *Friend of India* has come to the rescue of the Governor-general with considerable force. In Bombay the article seems to be generally condemned as unjust, and dictated by personal hostility.

The *Delhi Gazette* publishes what professes to be an authentic account of the new scandals among the officers of the

anniskilling Dragoons, which will be found among our extracts.

The irrigation question continues to excite discussion, and the general feeling is against the Government.

The Madras papers furnish a few items of news, which will be found elsewhere. The reorganisation of the local army is the principal topic of conversation in the Presidency.

From Ceylon the "heads of intelligence" include the following items: The coffee season has closed with a total of 876,000 cwts.; the Legislative Council has been opened by the Governor, whose opening speech is full of projects calculated to advance colonial prosperity; the revenue prospects are encouraging; the first section of the Ceylon Railway was to be opened on the 2nd of this month; the Ceylon League was carrying on its proceedings with vigour. The obituary includes the name of the Hon. R. T. Pennyfather, the auditor-general of the colony.

The next arrival from India will be the Bombay mail, which is due in London about the 6th November.

OUTWARD BOMBAY MAILS.—The Peninsular and Oriental Company's steamship *Massilia*, Captain Almond, sailed from Southampton yesterday (Friday) with the mails for Gibraltar, the Mediterranean, Egypt, Aden, Bombay, and Upper Bengal. She took out 78 first and 39 second class passengers, and in freight a full cargo, including 1,050 boxes specie, value £347,714, of which amount are sovereigns for Alexandria £3,000, and the remainder for Bombay, comprising bar silver, bar gold, gold and silver coin, jewellery, &c.

EXPORT OF BULLION.—The exports of bullion by the steamers of the Messageries Impériales from Marseilles on Sept. 29, Oct. 9, and Oct. 19 were as follows:—To Madras, gold, £435; silver, £110,144; to Calcutta, silver, £209,796. The exports per P. and O. Company's steamers from Marseilles on Oct. 12 and Oct. 20 were:—to Bombay, silver, £273,600; to Madras, £1,848.

THE BOMBAY MAILS.—(SOUTHAMPTON, Oct. 28).—The P. and O. Company's steamer *Ripon*, with the heavy portion of the above mails, has arrived here. She brings 53 passengers, £200 in specie, and a general cargo, including 856 bales of raw silk, value £75,000.

Casualties by Death in the Armies of India reported since last Publication.

H.M.'s Forces.—Lieut.-gen. Sir J. B. Hearsey, K.C.B., commanding H.M.'s 21st Hussars, and late 6th Bengal L.C., at 24, Rue Marguette, Boulogne-sur-Mer, aged 72, Oct. 23.

BENGAL.—Major R. Mayne, Bengal Staff Corps, at Darjeeling, Sept. 18.

BOMBAY.—Lieut. David Bell, 17th Bombay N.I., on board the P. and O. str. *Carnatic*, between Aden and Suez, on his passage home, Sept. 22.

Passengers by the present Mail.

For Marseilles.—From Calcutta.—Mr. Goud, Mr. J. H. Wardie, Mr. and Mrs. Carter and child, Mr. Finch, Mr. Lingham. From Alexandria.—Mrs. Campbell, Major Queaue, Mr. F. Lane, Capt. Piott, Mr. P. Faure.

Expected at Southampton.

Per str. *Tanjore*, Nov. 2.—From Calcutta.—Mr. Carling, Mr. and Mrs. Nair and child, Major Baiman, Mr. J. Lowe, Asst.-surg. Page, Dr. Irvine, Lieut. Perry, Mr. W. Brookes, Mrs. Dayles and infant, Mr. J. Cuttley, Mr. R. Clarke, Capt. Hawkins, Mrs. Howard and infant, Mrs. Feider, M. S. Birch and child, Mr. Stockley, Capt. Hill. From Madras.—Lieut. Maunie, Mr. Gouldie, Mrs. Hitchens, Lieut. W. How, Lieut. Hodges. From Alexandria.—Miss Gattley.

BENGAL.

MISCELLANEOUS.

CAPTAIN REMINGTON.—A letter from Allahabad in the *Indian Daily News* says:—I have just heard that Captain A. G. Remington has been safely escorted to Lucknow, where, I suppose, he will have to appear before a court-martial. I have not yet been able to learn the charges which he is likely to be tried upon. From all I can gather, it appears that he is shaken in intellect, although he is not mad. He professes to be a Deist, and does not consider he has done any harm in turning Fakeer. Report says he has made no end of money, and that the natives really look upon him in the light of a very holy man. For his own sake it is a great pity that he did not, previous to becoming a Fakeer, resign the service. Nothing can now restore him to his former position, and disgrace to himself and relatives will now be the upshot of his folly. This step will promote Lieutenant F. D. Harrington, of the 12th Regiment N. I., to his Captaincy.

VOYAGES OF DEATH.—The *Hindoo Patriot* says:—Well may the voyages of cooly transport ships sailing from India be called "voyages of death." Would it be believed that during the last twelve months about one thousand coolies were drowned in these "voyages of death?" The number is thus detailed by a correspondent of a morning contemporary:—In the *Ally* there were drowned, 318; *Eagle Speed* ditto, 262; *Clarence* there died about 103; *Golden South* ditto, 120; *Fusilier* died and drowned, 189; total, 987. What does the above melancholy fact disclose? Is there nobody responsible for the transport of coolies? We do not know the exact number of coolies who annually emigrate to foreign countries from India. The number it is said is steadily increasing; but we may, we think, fairly assume it at ten thousand, and of these ten thousand poor unfortunate beings who, desirous of selling their labour to the best advantage, voluntarily exiled themselves from their mother-country, one thousand met with a watery grave uncarried-for and unlamented. Could anything be more sad or disgraceful to Government, which professes a paternal solicitude for their welfare? It is true that so far as routine and red tape go our Government has done what may be required of it. We have a Cooly Emigration Act providing for the safe transport and protection of the coolies. That law prescribes fully how the coolies are to be looked after before embarkation, how they are to be fed, clothed, and housed, and when sick, to be doctored, what space should be allotted to them in the ship, what ration should be given to them on board, and the like. There is then a protector of emigrants with the necessary establishment to superintend the carrying out of the emigration rules, and the compliance therewith of the emigration agents. But what is the practical result of these paternal arrangements of the Government? Death by drowning of one thousand men in every ten thousand! We would recommend a general commission of inquiry, composed of merchants, civilians, and ship captains, into the present system of coolie emigration, with special reference to the disasters which led to the loss of the lives of one thousand coolies in the course of twelve months.

THE AGE OF CHIVALRY HAS PASSED.—The following broad hint, which does not savour of the old "Anglo-Indian hospitality," at one time proverbial, appears in the *Indian Daily News*, in a letter from the North-West:—"The approach of the Doorga Poojah holidays and the rush of ditchers to these remote abodes of innocence prompt me to request that you will remind some of our official visitants that we shall, during the holidays, require every inch of space, every morsel of

ice, and every drop of beer, for our personal friends, whom we hope to see in great crowds. I am induced to give this gentle hint to our friends in Dalhousie-square, who appear to think that the old days of Mofussil cheer are to last for ever. Fond delusion! During the last two years we have been literally over-run with a swarm of auditors, store-keepers, stock-takers, traffic-clerks, even policemen, and really, were they actually our personal friends, the tax upon our leisure, our larders and our cellars, would be insupportable. These gentry should be aware that when on duty on the line there is always within an hour's ride either an hotel, a refreshment room, or a dak-bungalow, easily accessible. They have the less excuse for sponging on persons with whom they come officially in contact as the old woman in Alderman's-walk makes them one and all very handsome allowances for hotel bills. I could point to more than one highly-paid officer who avoids these hostilities as if they were pest-houses; and lives from one year's end to another upon people who don't desire their company, but for very shame's sake cannot bundle kurro the door and windows against them. These gentlemen draw their pay, draw their allowances, give up their town lodging, and possibly charge their servants as chuprassees. I hope this mild hint will have some effect."

IN ADVANCE OF THE AGE.—A Calcutta letter says:—A young woman of fifteen made an attempt last week of trying the Bloomer costume by donning boy's clothes and a silk hat, but unfortunately for herself she was stopped for furiously driving a pair of horses in a brownberry by a European constable, who innocently told the Court that he pulled her down from her seat, thinking she was a lad; but she proved a match for him, and after tearing off his coat got away on foot, only to be recaptured after doing a little more damage to the policeman's clothes. She was introduced to the Court, after spending a night at the thannah, in her evening's costume as a "swell from Broadway," and, considering her youth, merely fined to the extent of damage she had committed, warned, and discharged.

AZIMOOLLAH TRAPPED.—The *Delhi Gazette* says:—"The Nana has been secured so often, that we, as a rule, refuse to believe in rumours of the capture of any of the few leading men of the rebellion still at large. But we are inclined to think that Azimoolah, the Nana's astute secretary, who counselled the traitorous destruction of the helpless garrison of Cawnpore, is at length safe on the road to either the gallows or a jagheer. Captain Mowbray Thompson has succeeded in trapping him. Fit captor of the blood-stained monster. We learn that this Azimoolah has been for some time serving the Government in the capacity of a Tehsildar in Churkari. Depend upon it Nana Dhundoo-punt is a *chif cunushtubul* somewhere,—very likely in the Viceroy's camp."

MADRAS.

MISCELLANEOUS.

TIGERS AND THEIR CAPTORS.—The Government are still waging a successful, if somewhat expensive, war against the tigers. We learn that since October, 1863, when an enhanced reward of Rs. 100 per animal was offered for a further period of two years, thirty-five tigers have been shot in the Hill tracts of the Vizagapatam district. The collector, however, reports that the number of deaths caused by these brutes is still very high. For the year past it was no less than forty-one—that is, forty-one deaths were reported; but as we only took up (and that very insufficiently) the Malkagiri taluqs at the close of the year, and as much of Golconda is still without police, it is probable that many deaths

curred of which we have no reckoning. He, therefore, earnestly requests that the 10 rupees reward be continued, and declared permanent. It has, he believes, done a great deal of good, and he does not think the standing reward of 35 rupees a sufficient inducement for our Hill men to undertake the achievement. "They reverence the tiger as they reverence every other object of fear, and he who kills a tiger incurs a considerable expenditure in cleansing himself from the crime." The Government have accordingly sanctioned the continuance of a higher rate of reward for killing a tiger in the Vizagapatam district, viz., Rs. 100, until further orders.—*Madras Times*.

A BLACK AFFAIR.—All the Dhobies in Bangalore are in ecstasies of joy at the report that the manager of the Washing Company is *non est inventus*. It was supposed at first he had been drowned in the boiler, scalded to death by steam, or titivated off in the crimping machine. Others had it, that during the late high wind whilst in the act of hanging out a lady's skirt to dry he became enveloped in its folds and was carried off as in a balloon. At all events it is a case of slope, of skeddaddling, of mizzling. We don't know exactly how many bars of soap are lost, but there are many rumours afloat.

BARBEROUS.—Our barbers are in despair. The fiat has gone forth, and there is to be no more shaving among the troops. The 10th Foot must not shave as the 10th Hussars did not dance. They have discarded their barbers and rendered disconsolate many poor nappis. Whether the men will still be expected to carry shaving brushes and razors among their kit necessities and be liable to make them good if absent, our barber did not tell us, but he did tell us that the 10th had dispensed with the services of a "shaver," and only kept "a cut hair man." Why the men cannot please themselves as to whether they sport hirsute appendages or not we cannot imagine. Suppose a man cannot raise a beard? that nature has given him a face as smooth as a woman's, what is he to do—cork his upper lip and lower jaws every time he goes on parade?—*Our Paper*.

THE LOCAL GOVERNMENT have appointed a committee of inquiry into the best mode of remodelling the present system of weights and measures for this Presidency. They are so various, that legislative interference has become necessary, but that fact was known long ago, and the executive has so much information on the subject in its hands, that we should hardly have thought more necessary. Still, it is high time that the matter were brought to an issue, with a fresh investigation or without it. The report of the Municipal Commissioners for the past year has appeared, and is on the whole a favourable one. There was very little cholera, and the total deaths are said to have been fewer by 1,449 than in the former year.

THE RAJAH OF MYSORE.—The natives of Madras have held a meeting, which the Sheriff declined to summon at their request, for the purpose of congratulating his Highness the Rajah of Mysore on his adoption of an heir. It will, of course, have no political effect, but is worth notice as indicative of native feeling, very broadly expressed, on a subject which deeply penetrates the Hindu mind, and may bear the fruit of mistrust and discontent hereafter should Mysore be annexed to the British Indian Empire when the Rajah dies.

THE GOVERNOR OF MADRAS proceeds to the Neilgherries to-morrow, accompanied by Mr. A. J. Arbuthnot, the Chief Secretary. During his absence the business of Government will be conducted in the ordinary way, by the officials on the spot. It is reported that the Army Head-Quarters are to be removed from Madras, either to Bangalore or the Neilgherries, as our present Commander-in-Chief has an aversion to the plains. We see no objection to this as a military point of view. In fact, the

change might prove beneficial, since his Excellency has in these parts very few troops to command; but how about his seat in Council, and the emoluments connected therewith? Is he still to enjoy them, and yet not sit at the Council table? We fancied that his presence there was valuable, and consequently highly paid for, but in his absence the money might be better appropriated.

COALS TO NEWCASTLE.—Two granite blocks have arrived out from England as pedestals for the Cubbon statue. One of the greatest drawbacks to the prosperity of Mysore it is well known is the entire absence of granite, the country not possessing a single quarry of the stone! Hence the necessity of sending to England for two pieces whereon to put Sir Mark's effigy. Poor Mysore!—no granite in the country!

COLONEL WILSON.—Some animadversion has justly been caused here by the appointment of Colonel Wilson, the superintendent of the Madras police force, to succeed Mr. Rhode, C.S., as inspector of jails in the presidency. There is no doubt that the nomination should have fallen to a medical officer, the fittest of all persons to hold it, and the preference of a military man naturally suggests the idea of a job very injurious to the medical service, and far from creditable to the Government. We publish with much regret the following extract of a private letter from Trichinopoly dated 19th September, announcing the sudden and melancholy death of Mr. R. C. Fraser, C.E., and his wife. "I got an awful shock yesterday, hearing of the fearfully sudden death of Mr. Fraser and his wife by an accident. They left this, the night before last, to go to some place in the district where his work took him, and on the bridge, about twenty miles from here, the bullocks got restive and backed, bringing the carriage against the parapet of the bridge, which yielded to the force, and carriage, bullocks, driver, and all went over, smash. The bodies were only found last night, and were buried this morning. The driver escaped; having been thrown off; he swam ashore, but the rest went down at once; they (Mr. and Mrs. Fraser) were asleep, it seems, when the bullocks backed and became restive."

SHIPPING.

ARRIVALS.

Sept. 11. Southern Cross, Rogers, London; Ann Banfield, Edwards, Galle.—12. Themis, Williamson, Moulmein; Nile, Owen, Gravesend, Robinson, Crusoe, Darlington, Colombo.—13. str. Punjab, Day, Bombay.—14. P. and O. str. Mooltan, Dunn, Suez, Traisgar, Stockpool, Calcutta.—15. Blenheim, Shaw, London.—16. str. Meinam, Galvain, Galle.—18. Alvington, Hamden, Ceylon.—19. Anglesa, Jones, London; Elentheria, Witherington, Aden.—20. Woodbine, Day, Calcutta.—21. str. India, Lewis, Calcutta.—25. Cleadon, —, London.

PASSENGERS ARRIVED.

Per Nile.—Mr. and Mrs. Lawrence, Mrs. Nerity, Mrs. Lovelock, Mrs. Owen, Miss Boyer, Miss Atkinson, Dr. Bennett, Dr. Cleghorn, Mr. Stonehouse, Mr. Nicolay, Dr. Stewart, Mrs. Collins and four children, Mrs. Scattergood and three children, Mrs. Podd, Mrs. Creed.
Per str. Punjab.—Mr. W. C. Lees, Mr. Richardson.
Per P. and O. S. N. Co.'s str. Mooltan.—Mr. A. Davidson, Major Aitkin, Dr. and Mrs. Gordon, Miss Dickson, Mrs. Martin and infant, Mr. and Mrs. Fuller, Mr. J. Stewart, Mr. Duguid, Major Baker, Mr. J. Maxwell, the Hon. Justice Morgan.
Per Blenheim.—Capt. and Mrs. Swinton, Miss Urquhart, Mr. Butler.
Per French str. Meinam.—For MADRAS.—Capt. and Mrs. Templer, Capt. and Mrs. Window, Mr. Anderson, the Rev. Mr. St. Cess, the Rev. Mr. Benet, the Rev. Mr. Charier, the Rev. Mr. Naive, the Rev. Mr. Lebrun, Mr. and Mrs. Reid.
For CALCUTTA.—The Rev. Mr. Carey, Mr. Lillie, Mr. Schmitt, Mr. Haunach, Mr. and Mrs. Peil, General M. Henry, Mr. Farnz.
Per Anglesa.—Major and Mrs. White, Capt. and Mrs. McMahon, the Rev. Mr. and Mrs. Money, Miss Barber, Miss Birch, Miss Neale, Miss Farley, Mrs. Monteith, Mr. Galloway, Mr. P. Hurry, Mr. Hill, Mr. Harding, Mr. Thacker.
Per str. India.—For MADRAS.—The Hon. Justice Phear, Mr. B. I. Field. For NEGAPATAM.—Capt. and Mrs. Bourne and infant. For BOMBAY.—Capt. Sanders, Mr. Galt, Mr. Binning.
Per Indomitable.—From MAURITIUS.—Messrs. S. Sandeford, T. Richards, W. Madge.
Per P. and O. S. N. Co.'s str. Bengal.—For MADRAS.—Mr. and Mrs. Powney, Mr. Jor Clridge, Mr. and Mrs. Peacock, Mr. Rudd, Mr. Gillespie, Dr. Bude, Mr. Kellie, Mr. Flood, Mr. Smith, Mr. Matorin, Lieut. Mollard, Col. Dickson, Capt. Whigham, Miss Beade, Mr. D'Souza, Mr. Kerr, Mr. Tonkin.

DEPARTURES.

Sept. 11. Gibb, Milne, Calcutta; Victoria Bridge, Lowry Calcutta.—14. Jolar, Wright, London; Regis, Brown Varina; str. Punjab, Day, Calcutta.—16. P. and O. str. Mooltan, Dunn, Suez, Traisgar, Stockpool, Calcutta.—16. str. Meinam, Galvain, Calcutta. Golden Fleece, —, Calcutta; Nile, Owen, Calcutta.—17. Charles Cooper, Jordan, Calcutta.—18. Western Empire, Woodworth, Liverpool; Cricatual Queen, Watt, Calcutta.—19. York, Breary, Fort Blair; Bon Accoril, Campbell, Liverpool; Anglesa, Jones, Calcutta.—23. Hammersmith, Nair, London.—26. Elentheria, Wetherington, Calcutta.

PASSENGERS DEPARTED.

Per str. Punjab.—For COCANADA.—Mr. Kenny.
Per P. and O. S. N. Co.'s str. Mooltan.—For SOUTHAMPTON.—Lieut. Talbot, Lieut. J. H. Gleig, Mr. W. Robertson.
For MARSEILLES.—Capt. E. Lewis, Lieut. Russell.
For SYDNEY.—Mr. D. W. Williams. For PENANG.—Major and Mrs. Metcalfe and two infants. For SINGAPORE.—Mr. C. F. Wilkinson, Conductor Finn. For BOMBAY.—Mr. J. D. Robinson. For GALLE.—Serj. Hefferman, Mr. E. Tonkin.
Per P. and O. S. N. Co.'s str. Bengal.—For CALCUTTA.—Mrs. McNair, Mrs. Scot and two infants, Mr. Stewart, Lieut. J. R. B. Atkinson.

COMMERCIAL.

Madras, Sept. 27, 1865.

BANK OF MADRAS.

Interest on Loans or deposit of Govt. Securities... 9 per ct.
On Cash Credits on do. subject to commission of ½ per cent. on the sum granted on amount drawn... 9 per ct.
Discount on Government Bills... 8 per ct.
Ditto on Private Bills, at or within 3 months... 11 per ct.
Loans on deposit of Government paper... 5 per ct.

EXCHANGES.

Document Bills, at 6 months' sight... 1 1½
Credit to 6 months... 1 1½
Agents' Bills on England, at 6 months... 2 0
" " at 3 months... 1 1½
" " at sight... 1 1½

RATES OF ADVANCE.

On Govt. ½ per cent. Promissory Notes... 100 per ct.
Ditto 5 ditto ditto... 95 per ct.
Ditto 4½ ditto ditto... 90 per ct.
Ditto 4 ditto Stock Receipts... 80 per ct.
Ditto 4 ditto Promissory Notes Sica... 85 per ct.
Ditto 4 ditto ditto Company's... 85 per ct.
Ditto 3½ ditto ditto ditto... — per ct.
On Tanjore ditto ditto ditto... 98 per ct.

GOVERNMENT SECURITIES.

5½ per cent. Loan... 1859... 10 pm
5 per cent. ditto... 1856-57... 4 pm
4 per cent. ditto... 1852-53... —
Ditto... 1855-56... —
Ditto... 1842-43... —
Ditto... 1854-55... —
5 per cent. Transferable Book Debt... —
Tanjore Bonds... ½ per ct. dis.
Bank of Madras Shares... 75 to 74 p.c. pm

PRICE OF BULLION.

Sovereigns... each Rs. 10-3-6

FREIGHTS.

Cotton to London and Liverpool.—£2. 5s. to £2. 10s.
Indigo and Hides, £2. 10s. to £2.

BOMBAY.

THE NEW SCANDALS IN THE INNISKILLINGS.

It is far from being a pleasing task to refer again to recent unpleasant occurrences at Mhow; but strict justice towards those mixed up in the business demands the publication by us of a version of the tale which differs somewhat from that given by the journals on the Bombay side of India. After receiving and commenting upon the one side of the story, we lost no time in procuring the other, which we accept as the more probable of the two, and as such offer it to our readers.

We are informed of the intention of the colonel of the Inniskilling Dragoons to have the matter brought into a court of law, in order that the facts of the case, verified by a competent judge, may be laid before the public. Without at all wishing to interfere with the intentions of Colonel Crawley and his advisers, we cannot avoid expressing our disapproval of the step. Matters are already much more unpleasant than they should be, and we very much doubt that regimental or private misunderstandings, as explained by "gentlemen of the long robe," and viewed by judges on the bench ever satisfy the public so completely as to stay criticism, and allay the irritation of those immediately concerned. Taking the "Burney

case" as an example, we are quite justified in thinking that an appeal to the law in such matters tends to inflame rather than subdue passion, and widens the breach it was intended to close. Not that the cases are similar. Brigadier Burney sought to clear himself from a foul stigma on his character; Colonel Crawley has no such necessity. The latter officer may rest assured that, whatever may be the feeling of those who seek only the vilification of his public character as the commander of a British regiment, the general public, at least that intelligent portion of it fully impressed with a sense of moral responsibility, will not be misled by a one-sided statement unless they are forced, by the reticence of those who should take measures to clear themselves of false imputations, to form and express an *ex parte* judgment. No public man can in this age afford, except under certain circumstances, to pass over in silence the criticisms and imputations of the press; and, at the same time, no honest conductor of a reputable journal would dare with impunity to disregard the appeal of any man for redress, provided it be not couched in language which gives him the option of rejecting it on the score of impudence or disrespect.

In the communications now before us we are told "it is right that the very numerous subscribers to the *Delhi Gazette* should know the real truth of these much-to-be-regretted occurrences." It is precisely with that object in view that we asked to be furnished with facts by "an impartial observer." The object of those who hastened to the publication of their version of the unpleasant affairs under notice was, we are told, "to abuse and vilify Colonel Crawley and the officers of the Dragoons, and to throw odium on Major-general Green and the court of inquiry on which no officer connected with the regiment sat." With the object in view we have no concern whatever, that can be but a matter of opinion. We confine ourselves strictly to facts, and those facts we believe to have been as we now describe them.

About the end of May last Lieut. Davies, of the 6th Dragoons, refused to return the salute of his superior officer, Capt. Weatherly, a salute given in the way usual between friends when meeting during an evening drive. Now, in the good old days of which we sometimes hear so much, to refuse the courteous salutation of an equal involved consequences very often producing serious results. The happy times when men could, in vindication of their outraged feelings, draw rapiers and set to with a will till one or other of the opponents was pinked, have long since passed away, though the irritability of weak human nature has in no way abated. To relieve that irritability and to seek redress for premeditated insult, the only class of gentlemen who now carry swords have but one resource, an appeal to the gentleman in whom centres the honour and well-being of the corps. This step Captain Weatherly adopted. He reported to his commanding officer the circumstance of his having been treated with marked disrespect in a place of public resort. The erring lieutenant was confronted with his accuser, informed of the charge brought against him, and, in the presence of Majors the Hon. C. W. Thesiger and Wirgman, and Adjutant Luck, asked to explain himself. The only explanation tendered was, as we said on the former occasion when we alluded to the affair, that Mrs. Weatherly had been calling Mrs. Davies "names." Captain Weatherly at this juncture interposed by the remark that his wife had only said that Mrs. Davies was not a lady! This simple interpolation resulted in the rejoinder, "It's an infamous lie!"

Here, then, we have at once, and at the very commencement of the proceedings, the elements of a very neat, comfortable family upheaving. "It's an infamous lie" is not gene-

rally a popular phrase among men occupying high positions in the service of the British Crown; it is one happily so unusual that the commanding officer was evidently unprepared to meet the expression as we think he should have done. He simply said he would not permit the further use of such language, and that the orderly-room was not the place in which to use the names of ladies disrespectfully, or in which their little misunderstandings should be discussed; moreover, that he would not countenance "cuttings" amongst his officers, as there had already been dissensions enough amongst them. He continued by saying:—"Mind, Mr. Davies, I do not order you to salute Captain Weatherly, but you omit to do so if you dare."

In that passage we come upon the second instance of want of firmness, and the first of want of tact on the part of Colonel Crawley. A junior officer is told by his commanding officer that he is not "ordered," but he dare not omit to salute the gentleman whose word was immediately before impugned in language rather stronger than that in general use anywhere beyond the purlieus of Billingsgate or Holywell-street. Better if Colonel Crawley had said:—"It is beyond my province to order you to return the salute of your brother officers, in social intercourse, but as your commanding officer I would strongly recommend your attending, as much for your own sake as for that of the harmony of the regiment which I intend to preserve, to the requirements of your position in that respect." As it was Lieutenant Davies replied by saying:—"Have I not always done my duty well? I am sure, Colonel, I never passed you without saluting." Had we not the whole facts before us we would have imagined the Colonel saying—"No, you have never done so, and I require you simply to bear in mind that I wish you to be at all times as courteous to every officer in the gallant regiment I have the honour to command as you have been to me their chief." But not so. The feelings of an angry man were further inflamed (failure in tact No. 2) by the retort—"No; if you had dared to do so I would have made you pass me till you saluted properly. You have got into a wrong groove, Mr. Davies, and I recommend you to get out of it as soon as you can." We are told Colonel Crawley's manner was all that it should have been in firmness and temper. We do not doubt the calmness of his temper on the trying occasion, but we have endeavoured to show that he was, with the best intentions, we believe, wanting in firmness and tact. He will, we trust, take our remarks in good part. In making them we are not unmindful of the fact that since the *Smales-cum-Lilly* business he has had much to contend against, much to try his equanimity; and that withal he has been very successful in regaining the good will, with only two exceptions, of his officers. For his own sake as much as for the sake of the regiment, we disapproved of his return to it, under the impression that he would do better by an exchange. We are assured that there are but two gentlemen who still nurse their old animosity and give it play whenever opportunity offers. They may, we believe, be gained over by the true appreciation and constant practice of that *saviter in modo et fortiter in re* which should characterise every man in high command.

The interesting episode we have given above occurred so far back as May last. It formed the gossip of the station for a day or two, perhaps, and then very properly passed into oblivion. A subsequent event of a nature far more unpleasant caused its resuscitation, because the same officers, Captain Weatherly and Lieutenant Davies, were the chief actors in it as well. We think it better to allow one of our correspondents to tell the tale in his own words:—

"Towards the end of July two *Court Journals* were taken out of the mess-anteroom of the 6th

Dragoons, which was against rules. A paper was sent round to all the officers requesting each to say if he had taken them (not with a view to any further notice, but in order that the papers might be returned). This circular came back with an unanimous denial. Some remarks were made by the officers in the mess-house at the time, that all the officers had denied taking the *Court Journals*, but, as they were gone, there must be a thief about the place. This being overheard by the mess sergeant, in whose immediate charge the papers were, he, entirely on his own responsibility, and to clear his own character and those of the other mess servants, placed one of the latter in the library (which opens by a glass door into the anteroom), with instructions to let him and the mess corporal know if he should see any one bring papers into the anteroom. The following morning the *Court Journals* were still missing. The boy took up his position. After some time the lieutenant above referred to came into the anteroom, and sat down to read a newspaper; he presently took some others from under his stable jacket, and pushed them under some on the centre table. The boy immediately called the corporal and sergeant, both came in, and the latter, lifting up the papers pointed out by the boy, found the two *Court Journals* and charged Lieutenant — with bringing them back; Mr. — blustered a little, asked who had ordered a spy to be set for him, but — did nothing more! The Sergeant reported the circumstance to the President of the Mess, a Major in the Regiment, and to the President of the Library Committee, Captain —; both, as in duty bound, reported to the Commanding Officer that Lieutenant — had been seen returning the *Court Journals* to the Mess, 'No,' with his initials, being opposite his name in the paper circulated the previous day."

The Colonel, who from his position is the guardian of the honour of a regiment, was obliged to investigate the affair, and, having seen the evidence of the three witnesses, sent for Lieutenant —, and asked what he wished to advance. Lieutenant — denied the whole thing. The Colonel said you had better return home and send me a written statement; at this interview the 2nd Lieut.-Colonel, two majors, Captain —, and the adjutant were present. Lieutenant — sent in a statement in which, for the first time, he acknowledged that he had brought two papers to the Mess under his stable jacket, but that one was the *Times of India*, and the other not a *Court Journal*. As matters had now become more serious, it was impossible to avoid laying the affair before the Major-general (from that moment the commanding officer of the 6th Dragoons had nothing more to say or do in it), who, after carefully considering both sides of the question, ordered a Court of Inquiry of three field officers unconnected in any way with the 6th Dragoons. This Court sat for several days, and except by the *Times of India* was considered to have performed its duty, that of taking evidence only, honourably, fairly and patiently. On perusal of the evidence so elicited the Major-general ordered Lieutenant — into arrest, and forwarded the papers to head quarters, Poona.

To the extreme surprise of everyone, the Commander-in-Chief, Bombay, ordered the Major-general to release Lieutenant — from arrest, and at the same time to read to the officers of the 6th Dragoons a wiggling so intemperate and so unjust that every officer of the regiment, except two or so, whose names can be guessed, expressed his disgust, and called upon Colonel Crawley, as the head of the regiment, to repudiate the sentiments, &c., imputed to them by the Commander-in-Chief, Bombay. So that there is a very pretty quarrel.

In the meantime Captain — having discovered the author of the article in the *Deccan Herald*, in which his wife's name was brought up, paid him a visit at Indore, and, on his refusal to apologise, horsewhipped him in the presence of his clerks. The all but unanimous opinion here is, "sarved him right."

MISCELLANEOUS.

MR. BARTON AND DR. GIRAUD.—Some general remarks made by the acting senior

magistrate the other day were supposed by the Government analyser to have a particular reference, and the consequence was a correspondence which has occasioned the following lively remarks from the *Deccan Herald*:—"The Magistrate and the 'Analytical.'—What will be the ultimate result of this great controversy we have no means of ascertaining. Probably, as Dr. Giraud and Mr. Barton have been acquainted for years, one will ask the other to dinner, and sing—

Let analysing be forgot,
And never brought to min'.
We'll tak' a cup o' kindness yet,
For auld lang syne.

And surely you'll be your pint stoup,
As sure as I'll be mine,
And we'll drain the cup o' kindness yet,
For auld lang syne.

And should you ere come before me,
I will remit the fine,
And take you to the tiffin-room,
For auld lang syne.

In India old friends ought never to fall out. Life is too brief to be disturbed by paltry feuds. Our motto is "Peace on earth, and good will amongst men." Let us never forget that we are living under a *Frere-ternal* Government, that does its best to tranquillise the *ryots*, and promote the highest state of felicity amongst husband-men generally."

UNIFORM SYSTEM OF WEIGHTS AND MEASURES FOR BOMBAY.—In December last a committee was appointed by Government to deliberate on the best mode of attaining a uniform system of weights and measures for all India. The members of the committee, after expressing their respective views on the question submitted to them in separate minutes, met for the final harmonising of their opinions. Looking forward to the time—although that may be distant—when the decimal system shall be introduced into England, the committee unanimously expressed their opinion in favour of its introduction into India. They recommend a pound avoirdupois as the unit of weight; and suggest that the English gallon holding 10 lbs. of clear water be introduced into India as the unit of liquid measure, and that the gallon also might be taken as the unit of dry measure. The committee recommend the adoption of the English linear measure of an inch, foot, yard, and mile; and for square or land measure they suggest the adoption of the English acre as a unit decennially divided. The committee urges that, whatever system may be adopted, it should be imperatively enforced over all British India, and that the Native States be also pressed to adopt it.

KING STORK ON THE BOMBAY BENCH.—One of Mr. Anstey's first acts on the Bench was to give a very proper decision in reference to time bargains, concerning which the *Bombay Gazette* contains the following:—"Mr. Justice Anstey has dealt a death-blow to litigation on time bargain contracts in Bombay, that is to say, if his exposition of the law be confirmed by the higher tribunal before which his decision is likely to be carried. Narrow shall be the way and straight the gate, henceforth, to all who want the judicial enforcement of such contracts, so narrow that few of those engaged in the late transactions of the share market will be able to pass through. Mr. Justice Anstey holds that the mere fact of there having been a printed form of contract in common use for the sale and purchase of shares deliverable on the first of July is of itself suspicious, requiring very powerful testimony to remove the suspicion. These blank printed forms were circulated by thousands during the share mania, and his Lordship judicially asserts that it is much more consistent with probability that everyone of these transactions is a gambling transaction, than that not one is. Apart from a calculation of probabilities it is well known that the first of July contracts were as notoriously and essentially gambling con-

tracts as if the result depended upon the turn of a dice box, instead of the turn of the market, and the postponed date was agreed upon among other reasons that the uncertainty might be complete on both sides. Shares are not like a cotton-crop, which there may be the most legitimate commercial reasons for purchasing before it is grown, with delivery at a distant date; they can be obtained in the market at any time, on a day or an hour's notice; it may be, at an enhanced price; but it may also be at a diminished one. Mr. Justice Anstey means therefore to insist in all future case that the *bona fides* of every share transaction for future delivery must be clearly made out, and he seems to require that the plaintiff, if he is the seller, must prove that he had a stock of shares in hand of the kind sold, sufficient to cover all his time-bargain transactions in that class of shares, and that he kept these in his possession during all the interval from the date of entering into the contract to the date of delivery. It does not appear to be enough that the seller can prove that he held as many shares as would cover the individual transaction regarding which he sues; he must be able to cover all his transactions. Again, Mr. Justice Anstey holds that the contract is rescinded by the sale of the shares, certainly, in every case, (and the cases were numerous,) where instructions were given by the holder of the shares to an auctioneer on the 1st July, the time for the completion of the contract not having then fully expired; and he leans, at least, to the opinion, if he has not expressed it, that the sale of the shares at any later period also rescinds the contract. Mr. Anstey has since carried consternation among fraudulent insolvents, by sentencing one to two years, and another to a year's imprisonment, by virtue of this power under the Penal Code. The former delinquent is a relative of Sir Jamsetjee Jeejeebhoy.

A RUFFIANLY ENGLISHMAN.—A native journal (*Guizerat Mitra*) thus comments on recent indecent assaults committed by a European at a railway station:—"A railway station on the Baroda line was lately the scene of a shocking and unparalleled outrage practised upon female passengers by a base European. It was dark when the train arrived, when the cries and shrieks of women were heard. A tiger had entered the fold and was committing devastations in the flock of sheep. The European was the all-powerful, furious brute. He had stolen into a carriage and stripped several native ladies of their clothes, and misbehaved towards them. It was shuddering to discover them in that plight. They wept, and they were deeply ashamed of themselves; for is there anything worse under heaven than what befel them? The heartless fiend was dragged out; he pleaded he was drunk. Yet he found his way into a carriage where there were females, and was for some time deliberately engaged in committing his villainy. Surely a more heartless and a more painful case than this we have never noticed. The public will be anxious to learn what has been done with the vile offender. There was a Government officer in the carriage, who was a witness of the scene, and we fervently hope the case has not been suppressed. Such criminal behaviour towards a number of innocent and defenceless creatures, whether it be the consequence of drunkenness or not matters little, should be severely punished.

CHARGE OF ATTEMPT TO POISON.—A correspondent writes:—"There is rather a serious criminal case up at Jubbulpore just now, in which Mr. Charles Uppham, an inspector of the E.I. Railway, has charged three of his servants with poisoning him. Mr. Uppham says that he saw, at a distance of ten paces, his servants pounding the dhatura fruit, which one of them had got from a tree close by his house, and squeezing the juice through a towel into his stew. He called for the stew as if to partake of it, but after a little while he told

his kit that he was not hungry, and to keep the stew on the table for breakfast next morning, resolving himself to make it over to the railway doctor. Next morning he called for 'chota hazree,' partook of tea and handcakes, and then mounted his horse and rode towards the doctor's. He was obliged to halt at a bungalow on the line, as he felt his head affected. Mr. Augier, the occupant of the bungalow, took him in, called in another person, but neither could make out what was the matter with Mr. Uppham, for he reeled to and fro like a drunken man. The doctor ultimately came to the conclusion that dhatura had been administered to Mr. Uppham. Before the magistrate, who committed the prisoners to the Sessions, one confessed to having brought the fruit from the tree alluded to by Mr. Uppham, another confessed to its being pounded and made over to the kit, but he (the kit) says he did not give it to his master, but took it for ear-ache himself. The kit's own brother, who is Mr. Uppham's chuprassee, deposes that he never saw him using dhatura for ear-ache. The prisoners say that Mr. Uppham was drunk the night before he left for the doctor's place, and that he was firing a revolver at night in the house. Mr. Uppham says he was sober enough to know that his servants intended to rob or injure him; that he had proof of it, inasmuch as they came to him after he had written a letter to the doctor, and resisted on being told for whom it was, and what were the contents, and that his object in firing off his revolver was to clean it out, and box it up, so as to keep a dangerous weapon from the servants' hands in case they attacked him."

"JEAMES" IN INDIA.—There is, we understand from a prospectus sent to us, a club of the most exclusive nature in course of formation at a certain celebrated hill station. Some of the proposed rules of this forthcoming institution are characterised by such a manly disregard for mere adventitious circumstances of rank and positions, such an entire absence of "flunkeyism," that (as other clubs are elsewhere in course of formation) we deem it a sacred duty to give them wide publicity. Be it noted, then, first, that an invitation to join this club is to be forwarded to "commanding officers and covenanted civil servants" only. No barrister, no uncovenanted civilian, no member of that scurrilous Fourth Estate, is to be enrolled in the *libro d'oro* of this Phoenix Club; covenanted civilians and commanding officers are to be balloted for, but members of the Supreme Council are to be eligible without ballot. Glorious distinction! Honourable concession to real merit! No flunkeyism in this at any rate! Further, his Excellency the Viceroy is to be solicited to become *ex-officio* patron, and his Excellency the Commander-in-Chief to be *ex-officio* president, and divers other lengthy titled personages are to be *ex-officio* vices and managers. There is a perfume of official dignity, a refrain of official harmony about these pleasing arrangements, that arrest the attention and delight the contemplation of mere humble outsiders. What a lesson have we here to those members of another club who not long since evinced so far less dutiful a spirit towards a former Commander-in-Chief. Spirit of Kowtow, all hail! How might a man attain an entrance into this thy sanctuary? How may one paint the extatic bliss of those favoured beings, the members of the Supreme Council of India, who are to be admitted into this thy favoured abode without being balloted for,—on the payment of the absurdly small sum of Rs. 150? Conceive how delightfully the time would pass with the Viceroy at the head and the Commander-in-Chief at the foot of the table, and nothing but "covenanted civil servants and commanding officers" above, below, around. What genial humour, what sparkling wit, what flashes of genius, what fire of eloquence might

we not there enjoy with all these great, good, and clever men to teach and enliven us. "Alas! alas!" will say the excluded, "What then have we done that we Peri-like are ever to mourn at the gates of this terrestrial paradise; never, never to cross its blessed portals? For us there is, alas! no hope; no hope!" "But stay," some are able to exclaim, "we have sons! Great thought! We have sons; and, though we be not of the British Hangman's illustrious family, our sons, even our sons, may become covenanted civilians, may cross the charmed threshold, and may, delightful hope! one day become members, real living members, of the Phoenix Club of S——. *Delhi Gazette.*

EDUCATION IN THE BOMBAY PRESIDENCY.—Mr. E. I. Howard, the late director of public instruction in the presidency of Bombay, has published a review of the progress of education in the presidency during the nine years he held office. The results, which are highly satisfactory, show that ten years ago the number of schools and quasi-colleges, under the charge of the department of Public Instruction was 353, and that now they number 954. The number of scholars also has increased from 21,677 to 66,000. But beyond the jurisdiction, so to speak, of the educational department, there are many indigenous schools and institutions presided over by men who have received their own education in the schools of the department, and these indigenous schools and institutions, it is estimated, educate nearly as many children as are educated in the department's schools. The cost of the State schools during the ten years has been about £200,000, and the people have spontaneously supplemented this grant by a payment of £212,000 from their own means. Before the mutinies the State spent only £21,000 on the schools of the Presidency, and in 1858-59 that sum dwindled to £14,400. While the area of education has been thus widening, the quality has been also improving. The standard is dragged up and maintained by inspection and university tests and examinations, and while, on the one hand, the knowledge of English is extending, and the ability to read and write the vernacular is becoming honourable and more general, these vernaculars, on the other hand, are becoming enriched with translations of some English standard works, and with books treating more or less of English influence.

REPORT OF THE "MILDEW COMMITTEE."—Mildew in piece goods has, for three or four years, been one of the most crying evils that the merchants of Bombay have had to deal with in the ordinary course of their trade operations, and in March last it formed the subject of several discussions in the Chamber of Commerce, terminating in the appointment of a committee, which has amassed a large and useful body of information on the subject. They elicited the written opinions of the members of the Chamber of Commerce, and it appears from the report that there is an "entire unanimity" among the merchants here that mildew has mainly been experienced by importers since the supply of American cotton to the English markets was shut off, and that it is caused by an undue proportion of size in the cloth or by bad sizing. The committee very evenly distributes the blame between the manufacturers and the buyers, alleging that the high price of cotton since 1861, the difficulty of disposing of goods at an advanced price, and the necessity of keeping the mills open have operated as so many temptations to the former, and admitting that competition has induced carelessness and want of selection among the latter. The committee recommend no action in the matter beyond the transmission of certain of the answers to their queries to the Manchester Chamber of Commerce, in what, we fear, is the vain hope that "the mere calling attention to the subject will be attended with most useful results."



Official Gazette.

BENGAL.

BY THE GOVERNOR-GENERAL.

Simla, Sept. 7.—No. 1,829.—Mr. C. J. Wingfield, chief comr. of Oude, availed himself of the priv. leave granted him in G.O. No. 1,478, dated July 15 last, on 26th ult., making over charge of his office to Mr. R. H. Davies, financial comr.

Sept. 4.—No. 817.—Capt. P. St. G. Græme, R.A. (Madras), is re appd. to the public works dept. as an asst. engr. of the 1st grade, and posted to the N.W.P.

No. 318.—Lieut. E. Harvey, R.E., asst. engr., 2nd grade, public works dept., Central Provinces, is allowed 2½ mo. leave of absence on m.c., with effect from Aug. 22.

No. 320.—Mr. J. Adam, exec. engr., 3rd grade, is transf. from British Burmah to Bengal.

Sept. 6.—No. 321.—The following transfers of officers of the public works estab., Central Provs., are notified:—

Major E. A. Saunders, M.S.C., exec. engr., 4th grade, from the Kamptee to the Eastern div., v. Lieut. P. Montgomerie, R.E., proceeded on sick leave.

Capt. H. G. Fuckle, M.S.C., exec. engr., 4th grade, from the Southern to the Kamptee div.

Mr. R. Tyndall, exec. engr., 4th grade, from the 2nd div. Great Northern Road, to the Southern division.

Sept. 7.—No. 322.—Two mo. leave of absence on m.c. is granted to Mr. J. A. Minchall, overseer, 2nd grade, public works dept., Mysore, with effect from the date he may avail himself of the same.

Sept. 4.—No. 181.—Lieut. G. J. Vansomeren, 1st asst. conservator of forests, of the Ashtagram div., Mysore, has been granted 10 days' leave of absence, from June 15, or date of departure, to proceed to the Neilgherries and Bangalore.

No. 842.—The following proms. are made, subject to H.M.'s approval:—

Cadre of the late 30th N.I.—Lieut. (capt. in the staff corps) H. L. Hawkins, to be capt., from July 11, v. Capt. (brevet major) S. Sage, dec.

Cadre of the late 42nd N.I.—Lieut. W. Howey, to be capt. from Aug. 21, v. Capt. W. G. B. Tyler, staff corps, dec.

Sept. 6.—No. 843.—The underment. officer having completed the prescribed period of service as major and brevet lieut. col., and as regtl. lieut. col., to be col. in the army from the date specified opposite to his name, subject to the approval of her Majesty:—
Brevet.—To be Colonel in the Army.

Lieut. col. J. Forbes, C.B., Bombay cav., June 14, 1864.

No. 844.—The following order, issued by the resident at Hyderabad, is confirmed:—

Aug. 3.—No. 115.—Directing Asst. surg. G. D. Riddell, 3rd inf., Hyderabad contingent, to afford med. aid to the civil estab. and jail at Ellichpoor, with effect from the date of his assuming charge of the usual allowance of Rs. 100 per mensem.

No. 845.—The following order, issued by the resident at Hyderabad, is confirmed:—

Aug. 21.—No. 119.—Granting 6 mo. leave of abs., on being relieved of his civil appt., to Lieut. W. Tweedie, adjt., 1st cav., Hyderabad contingent, and offg. 2nd asst. resident, Hyderabad, to enable him to prosecute his studies in Persian and undergo an exam. at Bombay.

Sept. 7.—No. 846.—The underment. officer is admitted to the Bengal staff corps, with effect from the date specified opposite to his name, subject to the confirmation of the Right Hon. the Sec. of State for India:—

Capt. and brevet major J. H. Jenkins, late 44th N.I., dep. asst. coms. gen., March 6, 1862.

Sept. 18.—No. 2,017.—Major R. J. Baker, district superint. of police, Sumbulpore, Central Provinces, has leave, on m.c., till Feb. 28, 1866, from such date as he may avail himself of the same.

No. 2,020.—Mr. R. F. Stack, solicitor to Government, has priv. leave for 1 mo.

No. 2,024.—Lieut. L. B. Bance, late 47th regt. Madras N.I., is app. to offic. asst. supt. of police, British Burmah, v. Lieut. G. A. Gower.

No. 2,029.—Major R. H. M. Aitken, v.c., insp.

gen. of police in Oude, availed himself on 5th inst. of the 2 mo. priv. leave granted to him on 17th ult.

No. 2,031.—Lieut. C. T. Lane, late of the 16th N.I., to be district superint. of police in Berar, v. Lieut. W. Hamilton, from Oct. 15.

No. 2,037.—Mr. R. B. Flindell, superint. of telegraphs, Dacca Circle, has leave of absence for 1 mo., with effect from the date on which he may avail himself of the same.

During Mr. Flindell's absence Mr. Asst. superint. J. W. Grinnol will remain in charge of the circle.

No. 2,039.—Under the rules applicable to military officers in civil employ, Dr. J. C. Corbyn, insp. of prisons in Oude, has leave from Aug. 1 to 13, inclusive.

Sept. 19.—No. 2,081.—Mr. A. G. Grote to offic. as an asst. dist. superint. of police in the Cent. Provs., in the room of Mr. F. H. C. Cox, asst. dist. superint. of police, Raepore, whose services were temply. placed at the disposal of the public works dept., May 17. Mr. Grote is posted to the Jubbulpore dist.

Sept. 20.—No. 2,132.—Mr. J. Drysdale, superint. of the judicial comr.'s office, Cent. Provs., officiated as judge of the Small Cause Court, Nagpore, from April 1 to Aug. 28, 1865.

Lieut. M. P. Ricketts, asst. comr., is appd. to offic. as judge of the Small Cause Court, Nagpore.

No. 2,135.—Lieut. M. P. Ricketts, offic. judge of the Small Cause Court, Nagpore, with the powers of a deputy comr. These powers will be exercised within the limits of the Nagpore dist.

No. 2,146.—The services of Rev. J. M. Thomson, chaplain of the Church of Scotland, are placed at the disposal of the Government of Bengal from 1st prox.

Sept. 22.—No. 2,181.—The Gov. gen. in Council is pleased to attach Mr. G. J. Nicholls, C.S., reported qualified for the public service, to the N.W.P., the Punjab, and Oude. His services are placed at the disposal of the foreign dept.

No. 2,183.—The Hon. Sir B. Peacock, Knt., chief justice of the High Court of Judicature at Fort William in Bengal, returned to the Presidency and resumed charge of his duties on the 11th inst.

Sept. 16.—No. 797.—H.E. the Viceroy and Gov. gen. in Council is pleased to recognise the appt. of Mr. W. Fairlie to be consular agent for the United States at Chittagong.

No. 359.—Capt. W. G. Wood, appd. in G.O. No. 254, dated June 29 last, to be asst. resident at Hyderabad, and asst. gen. superint. for the suppression of Thuggee and Dacoitee, assumed charge of his office on the 28th ult.

Sept. 21.—No. 368.—A commission of the peace was issued from the High Court of Judicature of Fort William, in Bengal, on the 6th inst., directed to the undermentioned officer serving in Central India:—Capt. C. Martin, political asst. at Goonah.

Sept. 16.—No. 1,886.—Lieut. G. F. Blowers, adjt. of the Malwa Bheel corps, will conduct, in addition to his own office, the current duties of the deputy Bheel agent, during the absence on leave of Capt. T. Cadell.

No. 1,888.—Capt. C. Cogan, supernu. asst., Berar revenue survey, has leave from Aug. 25 to Oct. 24, for the purpose of appearing before the Committee of Examination for the Mahratta language, in Bombay.

No. 1,890.—Capt. H. G. Thomson, offic. dep. superint. of the Hassan district, in Mysore, has priv. leave for 1 mo. from 1st inst.

Sept. 19.—No. 1,900.—Capt. G. F. Hayward, asst. to political agent in Meywar, has priv. leave for 1 mo. from 10th inst.

No. 1,902.—Lieut. J. C. Berkeley, app. in G.O. No. 1,745, dated 28th ult., to be 2nd asst. to Gov. gen.'s agent for Central India, assumed charge of his office and of the Indore treasury on Aug. 21.

Sept. 21.—No. 1,914.—Lieut. J. W. M. Anderson, asst. superint., Mysore revenue survey, has priv. leave for 1 mo. from date on which he may avail himself of it.

No. 1,916.—Col. H. D. Daly, comdt. of Central India horse and political asst., Western Malwa, has priv. leave for 6 weeks.

Lieut. J. S. Irvine, staff officer, Central India horse, will conduct the current duties of Col. Daly's political charge during his absence.

Sept. 22.—No. 1,918.—Lieut. S. Brooke, asst. comr., Nimar, is app. to offic. as asst. settlement officer in the Chanda district.

Sept. 20.—No. 2,430.—Capt. H. Hyde, Master of the Calcutta Mint and Head Commissioner of Paper Currency, has priv. leave for 2 mo.

Appointments:—
Dr. Shekleton to act for Capt. Hyde, Mint Master, Calcutta, and Head Commissioner of Paper Cur-

rency, and Dr. Graham to offic. for Dr. Shekleton as A-say Master of the Calcutta Mint.

No. 2,485.—Mr. A. R. Gordon, asst. to the dep. comr. of the Allahabad Circle of Issue of Paper Currency, to be a-st. to the comr., dept. of issue of paper currency, Bombay.

Mr. J. C. Harrison, asst. to the comr., dept. of issue of paper currency, Bombay, to be a-st. to the dep. comr. of the Allahabad Circle of Issue of Paper Currency.

Sept. 16.—No. 328.—Mr. E. Parsick, asst. engr., 8rd grade, public works dept., Oude, was posted to the Fyzabad div. of public works on Aug. 23.

Sept. 19.—No. 331.—Mr. G. Prussia, acct., 2nd grade, public works dept., British Burmah, is permitted, at his own request, to resign his appt.

No. 332.—Lieut. H. W. Clarke, R.E., asst. engr., 2nd grade, offic. asst. to chief engr., and offic. asst. secy. to chief comr., public works dept., Central Provs., is allowed 1 mo. leave, with effect from Sept. 6, prep. to applying for leave to England on m.c.

No. 334.—Lieut. J. A. Armstrong, R.E., asst. engr., 2nd grade, public works dept., Bengal, is transf. to the Punjab.

Sept. 21.—No. 335.—The foll. transfers of asst. engr. of the public works dept. are notified:—

Mr. J. McDowell, asst. engr., 3rd grade, from the Punjab to the N.W.P.

Mr. J. H. Penn, asst. engr., 3rd grade, from the N.W.P. to the Punjab.

No. 337.—The underment. persons are appt. to the account branch of the public works dept., as accts. of the 4th grade, on probation, and posted to the Central Provs., with effect from Sept. 1.

Messrs. S. H. Richards, and C. Thaminodurm.

Sept. 16.—No. 22f.—Mr. H. Leeds, offic. conservator of forests, British Burmah, is granted 3 mo. priv. leave of absence to visit the Neilgherries, from the 20th inst.

PAYMASTERS' FAMILIES.

Sept. 18.—No. 864.—Under the authority of the Right Hon. the Secretary of State for India, it is hereby notified that when a paymaster is detained in India on the public service after the embarkation of his regiment, his wife and family will be provided with a passage home in the ship conveying the regiment, and be charged the messing contribution only under the new passage warrant.

2. If, however, the paymaster wishes his wife to remain and accompany him overland, he will be liable to defray the whole cost of her passage.

3. In case of a paymaster sergeant being detained in India on duty after the embarkation of his regiment, he will be provided with a second class passage overland to England, and his family will accompany the regiment. Should the paymaster sergeant desire to take his family with him overland, he must defray the whole cost of their passage.

No. 865.—The undermentioned officer is admitted to the Bengal staff corps, with effect from the date specified opposite to his name, subject to the confirmation of the Right Hon. the Secretary of State for India:—

Lieut. A. J. C. Birch, 101st royal Bengal fus., 3rd squadron officer, 15th Bengal cav., from Feb. 18, 1861.

Sept. 19.—No. 866.—With reference to the notification issued by the Government of Bengal, dated Sept. 2, 1865, the services of Asst. surg. J. J. Durant, civil asst. surg. of Shahabad, are placed temp. at disposal of H.E. the C. in C., for employment in the Doonars of Bhootan.

No. 868.—Capt. A. D. Varren, Bengal staff corps, revenue surveyor, 3rd div., Oude, has an ext. of leave from Aug. 30 to 31, the date on which he reported his return to Bengal from m.c. to Europe.

No. 869.—The following order, issued by the Government of Fort St. George, is confirmed:—

Dated Aug. 10.—No. 287.—Granting leave of absence to Europe, on m.c., to Capt. A. C. Bruce, 91st (Argyllshire) highlanders, dep. asst. qmr. gen., Pres. div., for 20 mo.

The leave to Europe granted to Capt. Bruce by the Government of Madras in the above G.O. will have effect from May 30, the date of his dep. from Calcutta on the leave on m.c. granted him in G.O. No. 570 of June 7 last.

No. 871.—Vet. surg. J. R. Hoey, Bengal estab., is permitted to retire from the service on a pension of £250 per annum, with effect from July 23.

No. 872.—Major J. H. Balmain, of the late 4th Eur. Bengal L.C., is permitted to retire from the service on the pension of his rank, from 23rd inst.

No. 874.—The undermentioned officer is admitted to the Bengal Staff Corps, with effect from the date

specified opposite to his name, subject to the confirmation of the Right Hon. the Sec. of State for India:—

Capt. F. D. M. Brown, v.c., of the 101st Royal Bengal fus., asst. engr. of 2nd grade, public works dept., N.W.P., from Sept. 14.

Sept. 20.—No. 875.—The undermentioned officer having completed the prescribed period of service as lieut. col., to be colonel in the army, from the date specified opposite to his name, subject to the approval of her Majesty:—

Brevet—To be Colonel in the Army.

Lieut. Col. W. F. Marriott, Bombay Staff Corps, from Aug. 16.

INSPECTORS-GENERAL OF HOSPITALS.

Sept. 21.—No. 877.—Under the authority of the Right Hon. the Sec. of State for India, it is announced that the salary of Rs. 2,500 per mensem, fixed for Inspectors-general of hospitals, in para. 28 of the despatch published in G.G.O. No. 1,060 of Dec. 23, 1864, was intended to be passed to all officers of that grade, irrespective of any change in their position and duties, with exception of the Principal Inspectors-general of the Medical Department in Bengal, Madras, and Bombay, who will continue to receive Rs. 3,000, Rs. 2,750, and Rs. 2,500 a month respectively, until further orders.

No. 878.—The undermentioned officer is admitted to the Bengal Staff Corps, with effect from the date specified opposite to his name, subject to the confirmation of the Right Hon. the Sec. of State for India:—

Capt. H. M. Bodham, R.A., deputy comr., Hazareebagh, from Feb. 19, 1861.

Sept. 22.—No. 879.—H.E. the Gov. gen. in Council has sanctioned the formation of a Volunteer corps in the district of Luckimpore, to be called the "Assam Volunteer Cavalry," and to make the following appt. to the corps:—

To be Commandant.—Major A. K. Comber, of the Bengal staff corps.

BY THE LIEUT.-GOVERNOR, N.W.P.

Aug. 29.—No. 620a.—Under Section 38 of Act XXV. of 1861, his honour the Lieut. gov. is pleased to invest Mr. J. Quinn, asst. mag. and coll. at Benares.

Aug. 31.—No. 627a.—Mr. W. W. G. Cornwall, asst. mag. at Chunari, is invested with powers to try, without reference by the mag., those cases which he is at present competent to try upon reference by the mag.

No. 3,150a.—One mo. priv. leave of absence, under the orders of the Govt. of India, dated Oct. 13, 1863, is granted to Maj. G. F. Carnegie, canton. mag. of Futteghurh, with effect from the date on which he may avail himself of the same.

No. 3,151a.—With the consent of the officer commanding the station, Maj. H. Grant, station in-erp. at Futteghurh, will offic. also as canton. mag. at Futteghurh during the absence on leave of Maj. Carnegie.

Aug. 29.—No. 3,159a.—The notification in this dept., No. 2,938a, dated the 7th inst., by which Mr. R. D. Spedding, offic. joint mag. and dep. coll. at Cawnpore, was transf. to Banda, is hereby cancelled.

No. 3,163a.—One mo. priv. leave is granted to Mr. S. J. Beecher, civil and sessions judge of Saharunpore, with effect from 26th inst.

No. 3,172a.—Capt. J. Steward, comy. of ordnance, offic. as canton. mag. of Cawnpore, in addition to his own duties, from the 16th July to the 14th inst.

No. 3,177a.—With the consent of the officer commanding at Cawnpore, Capt. R. D. Campbell, of the 30th regt. Punjab N.I., is app. to offic. as canton. mag. of Cawnpore, in addition to his own duties, as a temp. arrangement, with effect from the 15th inst. He is invested with the powers of a mag. within the canton. of Cawnpore, under the provisions of Section 23 of Act XXV. of 1864.

Under Section 6 of Act XXII. of 1864, Capt. Campbell is also invested with the powers of a Small Cause Court judge within the same limits, in suits for an amount not exceeding fifty rupees.

Aug. 31.—No. 3,167a.—Mr. E. Montagu, offic. joint mag. and dep. coll. at Cawnpore, will offic. as dep. comr. of Lullupore, as a temp. arrangement.

Aug. 23.—No. 1,725a.—The undermentd. gentleman is app. a member of the road and ferry fund committee of the Boolunshuhur dist.:—

Mr. R. J. Crosthwaite, asst. mag.

Aug. 26.—No. 1,760a.—Priv. leave of absence for 1 mo., from the 11th inst., is granted to Capt. E. T. Thackeray, exec. engr., 1st Allahabad div. pub. works.

No. 1,762a.—Leave of absence to Oct. 20 is

granted to Maj. J. G. R. Forlong, suptg. engr. 8rd Circle N.W.P., in continuation of 1 mo. priv. leave.

Allahabad, Aug. 28.—No. 3,891.—With reference to notifications Nos. 2,001 and 3,725, dated respectively March 30 and Aug. 8, Mr. J. Sheldon, asst. engr., 1st grade, rejoined the 3rd div. Grand Trunk Road on the 10th inst.

Sept. 1.—No. 3,920.—With reference to Govt. of India notification No. 291, dated 12th ult., Lieut. W. T. Whish, royal (Madras) engr., exec. engr. 4th grade, is posted to the 3rd circle, for employ. in the Gwalior div. public works.

Sept. 6.—No. 632a.—The resignation by Mr. J. Monro, patrol, customs dept., of the judicial powers vested in him by the notification of Govt., No. 162, dated March 2, 1861, is accepted, with effect from this date.

Sept. 8.—No. 643a.—Mr. J. A. Loch, joint mag. and dep. coll. at Muttra, is declared to be in magisterial charge of Pergunnahs Chatta and Kosee in the Muttra district.

Sept. 4.—No. 3,215a.—Mr. S. N. Martin, mag. and coll. of Moozuffernuggur, has 1 mo. priv. leave of absence, with effect from 20th inst.

No. 3,216a.—Mr. R. J. Leeds is app. to offic. as mag. and coll. of Moozuffernuggur during the abs. on leave of Mr. S. N. Martin.

No. 3,220a.—Mr. W. Roberts, judge of the Court of Sudder Dewanny and Nizamut Adawlut, has 2 mo. priv. leave of absence, with effect from 26th inst.

No. 3,223a.—Mr. J. G. Pilcher, M.D., civil asst. surg. of Moradabad, has 2 mo. leave of absence, m.c.

Sept. 6.—No. 3,241a.—Mr. E. G. Jenkinson, dep. comr. of Jhansie, has 3 mo. priv. leave, with effect from 10th inst.

No. 3,242a.—Mr. W. R. N. James, offic. asst. comr., is app. to offic. as dep. comr. of Jhansie, as a temp. arrangement.

No. 3,247a.—Rev. H. Tuson, M.A., chaplain of Roorkee, has 2 mo. priv. leave, with effect from 1st inst.

No. 3,252a.—Surg. maj. Tresidder, Jhansie, is placed in charge of the jail at that station as a temp. arrangement, and is invested with the powers of a mag., to be exercised within the precinct of the jail under his charge.

No. 3,254a.—Dr. J. D. Wyllie, civil asst. surg. at Nynsee Tal, is app. a municipal comr. for that Settlement, in room of Dr. Sutherland, and, res.

Sept. 2.—No. 1,835a.—The resignation of his appt. by Mr. H. C. Woods, attached to the 1st Allahabad div. pub. works, is accepted.

Sept. 4.—No. 3,959.—Lieut. J. B. Sparks, asst. engr., 2nd grade, left the Agra and Bombay Road div. on 2nd idem, and joined the Gwalior div. public works on Aug. 23.

No. 3,960.—Lieut. J. B. Sparks, asst. engr., 2nd grade, availed himself, on 26th ult., of the 2 mo. priv. leave granted to him in notification No. 1,389a, dated July 22 last.

Sept. 7.—No. 3,997.—Lieut. G. T. Maitland, asst. engr., 2nd grade, received charge of the 1st Allahabad div. from Capt. E. T. Thackeray, exec. engr., on 12th idem.

Dated Sept. 13.—No. 657a.—Under section 38 of Act XXV. of 1861, his Honour the Lieut. gov. is pleased to invest Mr. G. Butt, asst. mag. at Moradabad, with authority to hold the preliminary inquiry into cases triable by the court of session.

Sept. 9.—No. 852a.—The notification in this dept., No. 792a, dated the 16th ult., by which Mr. H. B. Goad was appt. to offic. as dist. superint. of police at Allahabad, during absence, on leave, of Lieut. R. B. Graham, is hereby rescinded, as Lieut. Graham has cancelled the application for leave.

Sept. 11.—No. 3,277a.—Two mo. priv. leave of absence, under the orders of the Govt. of India, dated Oct. 13, 1863, is granted to Surg. maj. G. R. Playfair, civil surg., and principal of the med. school at Agra, with effect from the 25th inst.

No. 3,278a.—Dr. R. Moir, supt. of the central jail, is app. to offic. as civil surg. and principal of med. school at the station, in addition to his other duties, during absence, on leave, of Dr. Playfair.

No. 3,287a.—Two mo. leave on m.c. has been granted to Rev. B. Sharp, B.A., chaplain of Agra, with effect from the date on which he may avail himself of the same, in succession to the 1 mo. priv. leave of absence granted to him by the notification in this dept., No. 3,014a, dated 12th ult.

Sept. 13.—No. 3,309a.—Rev. Mr. Woodside is app. chairman of the municipal comrs. for Deyrah Doon, v. Gen. J. Taylor.

No. 3,333a.—Dr. J. G. Pilcher, M.D., civil asst. surg. of Moradabad, is placed in charge of the central jail at Meerut during the absence of Dr. Cunningham, and is invested with powers of a mag., to be exercised within the precincts of the jail.

Sept. 9.—No. 1,917a.—Capt. W. Jackson, exec. engr. 3rd div. Grand Trunk Road, is appd. to the charge of 1st Allahabad div. public works, during absence of Capt. T. Thackeray.

Mr. E. Battie, exec. engr., Cawnpore div., Ganges Canal, is appd. to charge of 3rd div. Grand Trunk Road, v. Jackson.

Sept. 12.—No. 4,052.—With reference to notification No. 3,865, dated 25th ult., Capt. D. Limond, exec. eng., made over charge of the 2nd Allahabad div. public works, to Mr. T. E. Owen, asst. engr., on the 2nd inst., and availed himself of the 2 mo. priv. leave from the 8rd idem.

Sept. 14.—No. 4,080.—Prep. leave for 1 mo. is granted to Capt. E. T. Thackeray, R.E., exec. engr., 1st Allahabad div. public works, with effect from Aug. 12. This cancels the priv. leave granted in notification No. 1,760a, dated Aug. 25 last.

No. 4,084.—Capt. P. St. G. Graine, R.A. (Madras), asst. engr., 1st grade, posted to the N.W.P. by Govt. of India, No. 317, dated the 4th inst., has been att. to the 2nd circle, for employ. in the Cawnpore div. public works, which he joined on the 2nd idem.

No. 4,091.—With reference to notification No. 3,818, dated 22nd ult., Mr. A. J. Macdonald, asst. engr., 1st grade, joined the 5th div. Grand Trunk Road on the 30th idem.

BY THE LIEUT. GOVERNOR, PUNJAB.

Aug. 30.—No. 1,223.—Lieut. E. Newberry, dist. superint. of police (offic. personal asst. to the inspector gen.), is transf. from the Sirsa to the Mooltan dist., but will continue to offic. in his present appt.

No. 1,224.—Lieut. E. C. O'B. Horsford, asst. dist. superint. of police, and offic. dist. superint. at Sirsa, is prom. to the rank of dist. superint. of police, 3rd grade, v. Capt. G. W. Manson, dec. Lieut. Horsford is posted to the Sirsa dist.

No. 1,225.—The priv. leave granted to Lieut. E. C. O'B. Horsford, dist. superint. of police, Sirsa, dated Aug. 4, is to take effect from Sept. 18.

No. 1,226.—Promotions.—Mr. R. C. Jones, asst. dist. superint. of police, from the 2nd grade, 2nd class, to the 2nd grade, 1st class, v. Lieut. Kircke, whose services have been placed at the disposal of H.E. the C. in C.

No. 1,227.—Mr. J. S. Christie, asst. dist. superint. of police, from the 3rd to the 2nd grade of the 2nd class, v. Mr. Jones, prom.

No. 1,228.—Mr. H. S. Nicholletts, asst. dist. superint. of police, from the 4th to the 3rd grade of the 2nd class, v. Mr. Christie, prom.

No. 1,229.—Mr. F. Kelly, asst. dist. superint. of police, from the 5th to the 4th grade of the 2nd class, v. Mr. Nicholletts, prom.

No. 1,230.—Mr. E. Tronson, offic. dist. superint. of police, is app. to be an asst. dist. superint. of the 5th grade, 2nd class, v. Mr. F. Kelly, prom.

Aug. 29.—No. 588.—Mr. B. Browne, superint., wood and grass preserves, has obtained 1 mo. priv. leave, from Sept. 10.

Aug. 31.—No. 1,735.—Mr. A. R. Bulman, C.S., asst. comr., from the Mooltan to the Umballa dist.

Sept. 4.—No. 1,750.—Transfers.—Mr. F. R. Scariett, judge of small cause court, from Umritsur to Peshawur, on being relieved by Capt. Gurdon.

No. 1,751.—Capt. W. G. Waterfield, judge of small cause court, from Peshawur to Umritsur; but to continue to offic. as dep. comr. of Goojerat.

No. 1,752.—Capt. E. P. Gurdon, offic. judge of small cause court, Peshawur, to offic. as judge of small cause court, Umritsur, on the expiration of his leave.

No. 1,753.—The services of Mr. F. E. Moore, personal asst. to the financial comr., are placed at the disposal of the dep. comr. of Jhelum for employment as asst. comr. in charge of Pind Dadun Khan.

Sept. 13.—No. 1,298.—Capt. E. E. Bond, district superint. of police, Jhelum, has 1 mo. priv. leave, from Sept. 20 last.

Mr. F. L. Edwards, asst. dist. superint. of police, will carry on the current duties during Capt. Bond's absence.

Sept. 14.—No. 1,303.—Appointments:—

Mr. C. V. Creagh is appd. to offic. as an asst. dist. superint. of police, v. Lieut. Tucker, offic. as dist. superint. Mr. Creagh is posted to the Mooltan dist.

Sept. 16.—No. 216.—Mr. J. H. Cooper is appd. mate of the str. *Napier*, with effect from Sept. 9 last, v. Mr. Hodgson, dec.

Sept. 18.—No. 1,829.—Transfers:—Asst. surg. J. W. Johnston, M.D., from the civil med. charge of Goojerat to that of Loodiana, with effect from Oct. 1.

No. 1,834.—Mr. J. G. Ryall, extra asst. comsnr., from the Jung to the Lahore dist.

Sept. 15.—No. 238.—Surg. C. K. Webb is granted leave for 2 mo., from Oct. 15 next, to visit Calcutta, prep. to submitting an application for furl. to Eur.

Sept. 12.—No. 1,287c.—The Jullundur div. of public works is transf. from the 2nd to the 3rd circle of superintendency.

No. 2,187.—Capt. G. A. Craster, exec. engr., Mooltan div., is allowed 1 mo. priv. leave.

No. 2,188.—Mr. L. B. Bean, exec. engr., 3rd div., Lahore and Peshawur road, is allowed 1 mo. priv. leave.

Sept. 18.—No. 2,225.—The prom. of Mr. T. Lett, to be clerk of the 9th grade, notified in No. 7,521 of April 1 last, is antedated to Feb. 17 last, the date of his joining the Huzara div.

Sept. 19.—No. 2,234.—Lieut. Lambert, R.E., exec. engr., Peshawur div., is allowed 1 mo. priv. leave, from Oct. 2 next.

BY THE COMMANDER-IN-CHIEF.

Head Quarters, Simla, Aug. 7.—Leave of absence: Royal Horse Artillery.—Capt. P. J. Campbell (E batty., A brig.), from Sept. 29 to Oct. 15, in ext.

Royal Artillery.—2nd Capt. F. FitzRoy (No. 8 batty., 25th brig.), from April 16 to 23, in ext., prep. to embarkation for England; W. A. P. Wyllie (A batty., 11th brig.), from Aug. 2 to Oct. 15, in ext.; and J. Hayes (No. 5 batty., 23rd brig.), from date of embarkation, to England overland, on m.c.

19th Foot.—Lieuts. R. G. Traill (1st batt., instr. of musketry), from date of embarkation, to England by either route, on m.c.; E. A. Dickenson (1st batt.), from June 23 to July 23, in ext.; and C. V. Hifferman (1st batt.), from Aug. 15 to Aug. 31, in ext.

27th Foot.—Ensign W. Erskine, from July 11 to July 16, in ext., to enable him to rejoin.

33rd Foot.—Lieut. F. Easton, from date of embarkation, to England overland, on m.c.

36th Foot.—Capt. E. W. Phillips, from Aug. 20 to Oct. 15, in ext.

90th Foot.—Lieut. R. I. Ward, adjt., from Sept. 12 to Oct. 15, in ext.

94th Foot.—Lieut. H. V. Cullinan, from July 15 to Oct. 14, to Cashmere.

Staff Corps.—Lieut. E. Lightfoot, wing officer 44th N.I., from July 5 to Aug. 5, to Calcutta, on m.c.

Bengal Infantry.—Lieut. col. E. D. Watson, comdnt. 11th N.I., from July 1 to Sept. 1, to Calcutta, on m.c.

General List Infantry.—Lieuts. W. F. Tucker, attached to 23rd N.I., from April 15 to Aug. 15, in ext., for the purpose of studying the native languages; S. E. Becher, attached to the 2nd Goorkha regt., from July 20 to Oct. 20, to Presidency, for the purpose of studying the native languages; H. S. Moules, attached to the 12th N.I., from July 9 to Aug. 9, to Calcutta, on m.c.; and F. W. Crohan, attached to the 11th N.I., from July 2 to Nov. 1, to Darjeeling, on m.c.

Medical Dept.—Surg. major R. J. Atkinson, F.R.C.S., in med. charge 30th N.I., from July 8 to Nov. 8, to Nynsee Tal, on m.c.; Asst. surg. J. C. Morice, attached to 16th Bengal cav., from June 30 to Oct. 1, in ext., on m.c.

RATIONS.

Aug. 9.—The subject of the establishment of regimental bakeries in British regiments in India having been brought to the notice of the C. in C., his Excellency, although being aware that there are good reasons, connected with the climate and the duties required from European soldiers when campaigning or on the line of march in this country, why the old system of native bakers for the supply of ration bread should not be discontinued, would suggest to commanding officers that the art of baking may be advantageously cultivated in a department of the regimental workshops.

2. It is understood that this is done with great success in two or three corps, stations being supplied with fancy bread, &c., in this manner, the bakers performing their duties and parades like other artisans in the regimental workshops.

3. Besides the profit to the men concerned, the art of baking would always be preserved in regiments to meet extraordinary contingencies of service, and for the more effective supervision of the native bakers if necessary.

The foll. officer is assigned local rank from the date specified, subject to H.M.'s approval:—

To be Captain.—Lieut. R. G. Macdonald, of the 97th foot, from July 26.

The C. in C. in India accepts the retirement from the service, by the sale of his commission, to Ena. G. Campbell, of the 79th foot, subject to approval by H.M., dated Aug. 8.

Ens. R. C. Nicholletts, of the 38th foot, is appd. to do duty with 12th Bengal cav., at Meerut, for the purpose of qualifying himself for the staff corps, instead of with the 32nd N.I., at Ferozepore, as notified in G.O.C.C. of 15th ult.

The 6 mo. leave on private affairs granted in G.O.C.C. of April 8 last, to Capt. R. Alexander, of the 20th hussars, is hereby canc., that officer not having availed himself of the indulgence.

Addendum.—To G.O. of June 29 last, confirming regl. order by the officer comdg. the 90th foot, dated May 17 last, appg. Lieut. R. I. Ward, instr. of musketry, to act as adjt., in addition to his other duties, add the words, "with effect from May 4 last."

The following orders, issued in conformity with Adjt. gen.'s circular No. 94e, dated June 30 last, attaching the undermen. officers to the corps specified, are confirmed:—

Benares div. order, dated the 8th ult.:—

Capt. C. Richarides, late 63rd N.I., doing duty at Dinapore, to the 16th N.I., at Dinapore.

Sirhind div. order, dated the 11th ult.:—

Capt. C. H. Mechem, Madras staff corps, doing duty at Umballah, to do duty with the 10th Bengal cav. at Umballah.

Capt. R. B. Dundas, late 38th N.I., doing duty at Umballah, to do duty with the 22nd N.I. at Umballah.

Lahore division order, dated 11th ult.:—

Lieut. M. J. Moore, general list, cav., doing duty at Meean Meer, to do duty with 19th Bengal cav. at Meean Meer.

Presidency division order, dated 13th ult.:—

Lieut. H. C. Garden, late 57th N.I., doing duty at Barrackpore, to do duty with the 20th N.I., at Barrackpore.

Oude division order, dated 16th ult.:—

Lieut. D. M. Strong, general list, infantry, doing duty with 5th lancers at Lucknow, to do duty with 3rd Bengal cav. at Bareilly.

Lieut. E. Hughes, general list, infantry, doing duty with 5th lancers at Lucknow, to do duty with 3rd Bengal cav. at Bareilly, to join the squadron at Cawnpore.

Lieut. M. C. Smith, late 6th Eur. regt., doing duty with 5th lancers at Lucknow, to do duty with 7th Bengal cav. at Lucknow.

Capt. H. B. Webster, late 4th Eur. L.C., doing duty at Allahabad, to do duty with the 8th Bengal cav. at Seetapore.

Lieut. J. B. Brander, late 37th N.I., doing duty at Lucknow, to do duty with 2nd N.I. at Lucknow.

Capt. T. C. Anderson, late 12th N.I., doing duty at Allahabad, to do duty with the 7th N.I. at Allahabad.

Capt. J. Reay, late 63rd N.I., doing duty at Fyzabad, to do duty with the 33rd N.I. at Lucknow.

Meerut div. order, dated 31st ult.:—

Lieut. J. Miller, late 27th N.I., doing duty with 19th hussars at Meerut, to do duty with 12th Bengal cav. at Meerut.

Lieut. J. Fraser, gen. list, inf., doing duty with 98th foot at Roorkee, to do duty with 28th N.I. at Meerut.

Capt. S. G. Warde, late 11th N.I., doing duty at Muttra, to do duty with 37th N.I. at Agra.

Rohilcund district order, dated 10th ult.:—

Capt. W. B. Peile, late 38th N.I., station interpreter, Moradabad, with effect from Sept. 1, to do duty with 10th N.I. at Moradabad.

Morar station order, dated 7th ult.:—

Capt. A. Cockburn, late 52nd N.I., doing duty at Morar, to do duty with 35th N.I. at Morar.

Allahabad brigade orders confirmed, dated 27th idem:—

App. Surg. maj. J. F. Beatson, B.A. and M.D., and Assist. surg. J. Browne, B.A. and F.R.C.S.I., attached to the late General Hospital, to offic., the former as garrison surgeon and the latter as garrison assist. surgeon, with effect from 22nd idem.

The 1 mo. leave granted to Lieut. A. Battye, wing officer 2nd Goorkha regt., in G.O.C.C. of July 15, to visit Murree and Cashmere, is canc. at that officer's request.

The following transfer and posting of medical officers are directed:—

Dep. insp. gen. of Hospitals E. Hare (at present on leave) from Agra to Lahore Circle of Medical Superintendence.

Surg. major H. Cape, F.R.C.S., temp. attached to 19th, is posted to 8th Bengal cav., in room of Surg. J. White.

The following orders by the officer commanding the Doaba Outposts are confirmed:—

Dated June 30 last.—Directing Lieut. H. M. Pratt, adjt. 4th Sikh inf., to assume temporary command of Fort Michnee, in addition to his other duties, in the room of Lieut. S. Hotham, doing duty 23rd N.I., proceeding to rejoin regimental headquarters.

Dated the 15th ult.—Directing Lieut. W. R. Hamilton, doing duty officer 4th Bengal cav., to assume temporary command of Fort Shubkudur, in addition to his other duties, in the room of Capt. E. H. C. Simpson, 2nd squad. officer 4th Bengal cav.

The following orders by the officer comdg. the 28th N.I., are confirmed:—

Dated the 30th ult.—Making the following appts., during the absence on leave of Col. H. T. Dunsford, c.b.:—

Lieut. H. C. T. Jarrett, v.c., wing officer, to offic. as comdt.

Lieut. G. S. Hills, adjt., to offic. as wing officer, in addition to his other duties.

Dated the 4th inst.—Making the following appts.: Lieut. col. A. Robinson, 2nd in command and wing officer, to assume command.

Lieut. H. C. T. Jarrett, v.c., wing officer, to offic. as 2nd in command and wing officer.

The following orders are confirmed:—

By Brig. gen. J. M. B. F. Tytler, c.b., comdg. left brigade Doora field force, dated 12th March last, directing Asst. surg. J. Richardson to proceed to Bala (in the Bhootan Dooras), and assume med. charge of 19th N.I., in room of Surg. C. T. Paske, proceeding on leave.

Jubbulpore station order, dated May 11 inst., directing Capt. H. F. Bolton, Bombay staff corps, to do general duty at the station.

Dacca station order, dated June 13 last, appg. Lieut. H. A. Pakenham, late 55th, att. to the 17th N.I., to offic. as station staff, and to take charge of the post guns, in room of Lieut. W. E. Rutherford, proceeding on leave.

By the officer comdg. the 12th Bengal cav., dated June 26 last, appg. Capt. P. S. Yorke, 2nd squadron officer, to offic. as adjt., in add. to his other duties, as a temp. measure, there being no subaltern officer available, in room of Lieut. R. E. Boyle, proceeding on sick leave.

By the officer comdg. the 13th N.I., dated 1st ult., making the following appts.:—

Capt. T. Taylor, 2nd in com. and wing officer, to offic. as comdt., in add. to his other duties, in room of Major H. King.

Lieut. and qmr. G. B. Stevens to offic. as adjt., in add. to his other duties, with effect from June 30 last, in room of Capt. J. Thomson.

By the officer comdg. the 16th N.I., dated 10th ult., directing the foll. appts. in room of Lieut. col. R. C. Germon, comdt., and Capt. E. B. Foote, wing officer, proceeded on court martial duty:—

Lieut. W. G. Cubitt, v.c., adjt., to offic. as comdt.

Lieut. A. B. Clare, offic. qmr., to officiate as adjt. and wing officer, in addition to his other duties, there being no other qualified officer available.

Hazareebaugh station order, dated the 29th ult., appg. Staff asst. surg. A. Turner, M.D., att. to the 27th foot, to the med. charge of the garrison military prison, in addition to his other duties, with effect from April 1 last.

Leave of Absence:—

Brig. Staff.—Brig. gen. A. C. Errington (comdg. Delhi brig.), from date of availing himself of the leave, to Simla for 3 mo., on m.c.

Royal Engineers.—Lieut. J. A. Armstrong (att. to the Sebundy sappers and miners), from July 24 to Oct. 15, in ext.

R.H. Art.—2nd Capt. G. M. Dobbin (A batty., F brig.), from July 26 to Aug. 26, in ext.

Royal Art.—Capt. E. Simeon (No. 2 batty. 24th brig.), from July 8 to Oct. 8, to Dalhousie, on m.c.

1st Drag. Guards.—Lieut. C. T. Hatfield, from Aug. 1 to April 30, 1866, to England.

Leave of absence:—

Capt. W. B. Armstrong, 7th drag. gds., to England, from date of embark., by either route, m.c.

Lieut. T. A. Mills, 1st foot, from date of embark. at Madras, to England, m.c.

Lieut. E. Lewis, 21st foot, from date of embark. at Madras, to England, for 6 mo.

23rd Foot.—Capt. G. W. H. Russell, 1st batt., from Sept. 1 to Oct. 15; and Lieut. G. Wildes, 1st batt., from Aug. 15 to Oct. 15, in ext.

34th Foot.—Capt. A. L. T. Chapman, from July 27 to Aug. 10, in ext., prep. to proc. to join the depot of his regt.

45th Foot.—Capt. W. H. Mathew, from date of embark. at Bombay, to England, overland, m.c.

82nd Foot.—Lieut. B. L. Cumberland, from July 13 to Aug. 12, in ext.

REDUCTION OF G BATTY. 18TH BRIG. R.A.

Sept. 1.—In compliance with the instructions of Government, H.E. the C. in C. in India is pleased to direct that G batty. 18th brigade royal art., being the last field battery of the junior brigade in the Bombay Presidency, be reduced.

Detailed instructions respecting the distribution of the officers, non-commissioned officers, and men will be communicated to H.E. the Commander of the Forces, Bombay Presidency.

The C. in C. is pleased to appoint Capt. K. J. W. Coghill, brigade major of Cawnpore, to officiate as asst. adjt. gen., Oude division, during the absence on leave of Lieut. col. C. A. Barwell.

Major A. G. Nedham, staff corps, is app. to do gen. duty at Meerut, and directed to join on the expiration of his present leave.

Lieut. col. E. Bradford, late 23rd N.I., is permitted to do gen. duty in Fort William on the expiration of his present tour of duty with the Landour convalescent depot.

Capt. (now Lieut. col.) C. R. Baugh, 9th Bombay N.I., held the acting appointments of brigade major and deputy asst. qmr. gen. to the 1st brig. Gwalior div. from Feb. 5 to 17, 1859.

The undermentioned officers have been declared by the Board of Examiners at Fort William to have passed the 2nd standard in Hindoostanee:—

Lieuts. J. Stevenson, 54th foot, and W. E. Gowan, gen. list, inf.

Ens. H. Paterson, 98th foot, is permitted to study at the Thomason College, Roorkee, till Nov. 1, 1866, and is directed to join.

The C. in C. in India is pleased to make the following promotion, until H.M.'s pleasure shall be known:—

107th Foot.—Ens. J. G. M. DeL. Bean to be lieut., v. Lieut. W. H. Hyne, who resigns; dated Aug. 25.

Official notification has been received of the undermentioned officer of the 11th foot having been posted to the battalion specified:—

Lieut. F. N. Callwell, to 1st batt.

This cancels the order published in G.O.C.C., dated July 26 last.

Under instructions from Horse Guards, Capt. H. Sergison-Smith, who has exchanged from 5th to 12th lancers, is directed to proceed to England, at his own expense, to join the latter corps.

The foll. orders are confirmed:—

By the officer comdg. the 21st N.I., dated July 10 last, directing Major E. B. Clay, staff corps, to resume command, v. Lieut. H. Collet.

By the officer comdg. the 7th Bengal cav., dated July 18 last, app. Lieut. M. C. Smith, late 6th Eur. regt., attached, to offic. as 2nd squad. officer.

By the officer comdg. the 43rd N.I., dated the 1st ult., making the following appts., v. Major G. A. Williams, offic. comdt., proceeded on leave:—

Capt. R. Y. Chambers, offic. 2nd in comd. and wing officer, to offic. as comdt.

Lieut. F. V. H. Sperling to offic. as 2nd in comd. and wing officer, in addition to his other duties.

By the officer comdg. the Doaba outposts, dated the 2nd ult., appg. Lieut. H. E. Ryves, 3rd squad. officer 12th Bengal cav., to the temp. comd. of Fort Shubkudur, in addition to his other duties, v. Lieut. H. M. Pratt, adjt. 4th Sikh inf., rejoined regtl. head qrs.

Sept. 4.—Under instructions from the Horse Guards, Major W. H. Queade, of the 2nd batt. 12th foot, is directed to proc. to England for duty with the depot companies of his regt.

Lieut. G. E. Macpherson, offic. qmr. 4th Goorkha regt., to be A.D.C. to Major gen. C. Troup, c.b., comdg. the Benares div.

The C. in C. in India is pleased to make the foll. appts. until H.M.'s pleasure shall be known:—

2nd Batt. Rifle Brig.—Lieut. E. H. Chamberlin to be adjt., v. Ens. G. Rogers, dec., dated Aug. 5.

2nd Brig. 21st Foot.—Lieut. A. Clark-Kennedy, from 46th foot, to be lieut., v. Lieut. G. H. Anderson, who exchanges, dated Aug. 25.

46th Foot.—Lieut. G. H. Anderson, from 21st foot, to be lieut., v. Lieut. A. Clark-Kennedy, who exchanges, dated Aug. 25.

6th Drags.—Cornet W. J. Power to be lieut., by purch., v. Lieut. W. V. King, who retires, dated Aug. 29.

88th Foot.—Ens. F. A. S. D'Acosta to be lieut., without purch., v. Lieut. F. M. M. Mapleton, dec., dated Aug. 18.

The C. in C. in India has accepted the retirement from the service, by the sale of his commission, of

Ens. George W. H. Hutton, 1st batt. 20th foot, subject to approval by H.M., dated Aug. 31.

The retirement from the service, by the sale of his commission, of Lieut. R. S. Burgess, 2nd batt. 10th foot, has been accepted by the C. in C. in India, subject to approval, dated Aug. 30.

Maj. S. B. Cookson, of the staff corps, and Lieut. H. Holford, att., 36th N.I., are app. to the comd. of Cooly corps to be raised for service on the Eastern Frontier.

The undermntd. officers are app. to do duty as specified:—

Lieut. col. T. R. Snow, Bengal cav., to do gen. duty at Moradabad (on expiration of his present leave).

Capt. W. Kelly, vet. estabtd., to do gen. duty at Roorkee (on expiration of his present leave).

With reference to G.G.O., No. 664 of 1865, the following med. officers are app. to the Allahabad garrison:—

Surg. maj. J. E. Beatson, M.D. and B.A., to be garrison surg.

Asst. surg. Browne, B.A. and F.R.C.S.I., to be garrison asst. surg.

Royal Horse Art.—Lieut. col. A. Wintle (F brig.), from Oct. 16 to Oct. 31, in ext., to remain at Simla.

Royal Art.—2nd Capt. T. I. M. Hog (adjt. No. 1 battery 20th brig.), from date of embark. to Eng. overland, on m.c.

2nd Capt. J. Tasker (D battery 18th brig.), from Nov. 12 to April 13, 1866, in ext.

Lieut. L. W. Taylor, (adjt. B battery 19th brig.), from Aug. 21 to Sept. 19, in ext. of priv. leave, to visit Dehra and Mussoorie.

Asst. surg. G. N. Irvine, M.D. (G battery 19th brig.), from Sept. 1 to Oct. 1, to Calcutta, on m.c.

3rd Drag. Gds.—Capt. A. H. White, from date of embark. at Bombay, to England, overland, m.c.

7th Drag. Gds.—Capt. W. B. Armstrong, from Aug. 7 to Sept. 6, to Calcutta, m.c.

20th Hussars.—Lieut. F. French, interpreter, from Aug. 15 to Sept. 15, in ext.

12th Foot.—Lieut. A. L. Whipple, 2nd batt., Aug. 15 to Oct. 15, in ext.

42nd Foot.—Capt. A. Ferguson, from Aug. 20 to Oct. 19, to Murree, on m.c.

44th Foot.—Col. A. Browne, c.b., from Jan. 14 to April 13, 1866, in ext.

60th Foot.—Lieut. P. O'B. Butler, 3rd batt., from date of embark. to Madras, to England, overland, m.c.

104th Foot.—Capt. C. K. Mylne, from date of embark., to England, by either route, m.c.

Rifle Brigade.—Eng. A. M. Egerton, 2nd batt., from July 25 to Sept. 15, in ext. of priv. leave.

Staff Corps.—Maj. H. King, comdt. 13th N.I., from Oct. 1 to 15, in ext.

Surg. W. Pesket, att. to the 38th N.I., from Aug. 5 to Nov. 30, in ext., to remain in the neighbourhood of Calcutta, on m.c.

Sept. 4.—The undermntd. officers passed in the 1st standard in Hindoostanee agreeably to G.G.O. No. 690 of 1865, on the 7th ult.:—

Lieut. C. B. Sandys, R.A.

Ens. E. J. Lugard, 1st batt. 4th foot.

Capt. H. Browne, 97th foot, comdt. invalid depot, Fort William.

Lieut. J. McNair, late 57th N.I.

The following Dinapore brig. orders are confirmed:—

Dated the 7th July.—Directing Col. J. Cormick, comdg. 1st batt. 20th foot, to assume comd. of the brig., in the room of Brig. gen. D. Pott, proceeded on duty.

Dated the 9th idem.—Directing Lieut. col. J. W. L. Bird, late 11th N.I., doing gen. duty, to assume comd. of the brig., in the room of Col. Cormick, proceeded on duty.

Dated the 14th idem.—Directing Lieut. col. J. W. L. Bird, late 11th N.I., to assume comd. of the brig., in room of Brig. gen. D. Pott, proceeding to Benares on duty.

The following orders are confirmed:—

By the officer comdg. the 42nd N.I., dated Feb. 20, making the following appts. in the room of Maj. H. M. Garstin, comdt., proc. on m.c.:—

Maj. F. V. R. Jervis, 2nd in comd. and wing officer, to offic. as comdt.

Maj. J. M. Nuttall, wing officer, to offic. as 2nd in comd. and wing officer.

Lieut. H. W. Williams, adjt., to offic. as wing officer, in addition to his other duties.

By the officer comdg. the 88th foot, dated May 22 last, appg. Lieut. F. M. M. Mapleton, to offic. as adjt., with effect from April 25 preceding, during absence of Lieut. and adjt. H. G. Moore.

By the officer comdg. the 2nd Ghorka regt., dated July 20 last, making the following appts. in

the room of Major H. T. Macpherson, v.c., comdt., proceeded on court martial duty:—

Capt. D. Macintyre, 2nd in command and wing officer, to officiate as comdt.

Lieut. A. Battye, wing officer, to officiate as 2nd in command and wing officer.

Lieut. H. P. P. Nash, adjt., to officiate as wing officer.

Lieut. E. B. Cox, doing duty officer, to officiate as adjt., in addition to his other duties.

Jullunder brig. order, dated the 1st ult., appg. Maj. B. H. Baugh, staff corps, doing gen. duty, to be station interpreter, in the room of Lieut. col. C. Harris, Bengal inf., res.

By the officer comdg. the 12th N.I., dated the 8th ult., appg. Lieut. L. Blathwayt, doing duty officer, to officiate as adjt., in addition to his other duties, with effect from June 12 last, in the room of Lieut. and adjt. J. W. A. Michell, proceeded on m.c.

By the officer comdg. 10th N.I., dated 10th ult., making the following appointments, in the room of Lieut. col. J. Gordon, comdt., proceeding on leave:—

Lieut. col. H. L. Robertson, 2nd in com. and wing officer, to officiate as comdt.

Major C. L. Montgomery, wing officer, to officiate as 2nd in com. and wing officer.

Lieut. F. S. Carr, doing duty officer, to officiate as wing officer, in addition to his other duties.

By the officer comdg. 38th N.I., dated 14th ult., making the following appointments, v. Major C. B. Basden, offic. 2nd in com. and wing officer, proceeded to join 45th N.I.:—

Capt. J. A. Vanrenen, wing officer, to officiate as 2nd in com. and wing officer.

Lieut. H. L. A. Tottenham, qrmr., to officiate as wing officer.

Lieut. W. V. FitzG. Jacob, doing duty officer, to officiate as qrmr.

Lieut. H. T. Larkins, attached, to officiate as doing duty officer.

By the officer comdg. the 5th Bengal cav., dated the 14th ult., appg. Lieut. H. A. Shakespear, 3rd squadron officer, to officiate as 2nd squadron officer, in addition to his other duties, with effect from the 7th idem, in room of Capt. H. K. Osborn, app. 2nd in com. and squadron officer.

Presidency div. order, dated 17th ult., directing Asst. surg. J. E. Clark, of 38th foot, to proceed to Parisnath, and assume med. charge of the depot at that place.

Leave of absence:—

Brigade Staff.—Brigdr. gen. D. Rainier (com. Allahabad brigade), from Aug. 23 to Oct. 15, to Landour and hills north of Dehra.

Royal Horse Art.—Lieut. col. A. Wintle (F brigade), from Oct. 16 to Oct. 31, in ext.

Royal Art.—2nd Capt. T. I. M. Hog (adjt. No. 1 batt., 20th brig.), date of embarkation to England overland, on m.c. Second Capt. J. Tasker (D battery, 18th brigade), from Nov. 12 to April 13, 1866, in ext., to remain in England.

Aug. 11.—Leave of absence:—

109th Foot.—Ens. R. T. Mayne, and Asst. surg. A. F. Churchill, m.d., from date of embark., to England, m.c.

Staff Corps.—Lieut. G. E. J. Maidman, doing gen. duty at Putlakawa, from June 15 to July 15, to Calcutta, and from July 16 to Nov. 15, to Hazarebagh, on m.c.

Late 3rd Eur. Regt.—Lieut. A. D. Campbell, attached to the 15th N.I., from July 15 to Sept. 1, to Calcutta, prep. to applying for m.c. to Eur.

Late 67th N.I.—Capt. W. B. Girdlestone, 2nd in comd. and wing officer 16th N.I., from Aug. 29 to Oct. 15, to Mussoorie.

Late 72nd N.I.—Maj. C. Andrews, doing gen. duty at Nagode, from Oct. 20 to Jan. 10, 1866, to Calcutta, prep. to furl. to Eur.

Gen. List, Inf.—Lieut. H. Beal, from Aug. 3 to Nov. 3, to hills north of Dehra, on m.c., and B. H. Russell, offic. inst. of musketry, 104th foot, from Aug. 8 to Oct. 15, in ext.

Ordnance Dept.—Conductor T. Heathcote, from Aug. 1 to Dec. 1, prep. to retiring from the service.

Aug. 16.—The underment. officers, having completed a course of instruction in musketry at Hythe, have received the certificates as specified:—

Capt. G. A. Brown, late 21st N.I., 2nd in com. and wing officer, 21st N.I., 1st class extra.

Lieuts. J. Finnis, late 5th Eur. regt., and J. R. Pearson, staff corps, 1st class.

Lieut. col. G. Strangways, Bengal inf., is permitted to do gen. duty at Roorkee, instead of at Dinapore on the expiration of his present leave.

By Lieut. col. E. D. Watson, comdg. left centre column Doar Field Force, dated Nov. 29 last, app. the late Lieut. A. J. W. Cumming, R.E., asst. field engr.

Lahore div. order, dated June 16 last, directing Surg. maj. E. B. Thring, of the 3rd N.I., to act as dep. insp. gen. of hospitals of the Lahore circle, as a temp. arrangement, with effect from 3rd idem, in room of dep. insp. of hospitals J. H. Butler, F.R.C.S., dec.

The foll. pres. div. orders are confirmed:—

Dated July 13 last.—Directing Lieut. W. D. Mac-turk, late 64th N.I., to do duty with the 34th N.I., in Fort William.

The foll. Benares div. orders are confirmed:—

Dated July 8 last.—Directing Capt. J. A. M. Patton, late 1st Eur. L.C., to proc. to Segowlie and do duty with the 17th Bengal cav.

Dated 7th inst.—Appt. Brig. gen. D. Pott to assume comd. of the div., with effect from the 2nd idem, in the room of Maj. gen. Sir S. Corbett, K.C.B., dec.

The foll. orders are confirmed:—

Right Brig. Dooar Field Force order, dated April 6 last, directing Asst. surg. J. G. French, M.D., to do duty with the med. depot at Gowhattay.

Goruckpore station order, dated May 25 last, directing Civil Asst. surg. A. H. Hillson, M.D., to afford med. aid to the 26th N.I., in the room of Surg. maj. F. M. Clifford, proc. on leave.

By Major J. I. Murray, comdg. at Rungiah (Bhootan), dated 7th ult., appg. Lieut. R. E. Wil-mot, doing duty officer of the 14th Bengal cav., to officiate as station staff in addition to his other duties, in the room of Lieut. F. H. Williams.

Eastern Frontier Brig. order, dated 22nd ult., directing Dr. S. Lynch, civil med. officer at Tez-pore, with the concurrence of the civil authority, to assume med. charge of the head qrs. and right wing 12th N.I., temp., with effect from May 6 last.

Rohilkund div. order, dated 1st inst., app. Asst. surg. G. F. White, of the 77th foot, to the med. charge of the brig. staff, in the room of Civil surg. F. Corbyn, M.D., res.

By the officer comdg. the 88th foot, dated the 8th inst., appg. Ens. C. T. W. Penton to officiate as adjt. during the illness of Lieut. F. M. M. Mapleton.

By the officer comdg. the 26th N.I., dated the 8th inst., appg. Lieut. A. B. Heburn, doing duty officer, to officiate as wing officer, during such time as Capt. M. G. Smith may officiate as 2nd in com. and wing officer.

Leave of absence:—

Royal Horse Art.—Capt. M. Elliot (C batty. C brig.), from July 16 to Oct. 15, in ext. of priv. leave, to remain at Simla; and C. R. Hill (D batty. A brig.), from Aug. 15 to Oct. 15, in ext., to Mussoorie.

Royal Art.—Col. D. Reid, from date of embarkation, to England by either route, m.c.; Lieut. H. A. Mackey (A batty. 11 brig.), from July 17 to Oct. 17, to Nynee Tal, on m.c.; F. A. Stubbs (17th brig.), from date of embarkation, to England by overland route, m.c.; L. F. Perry (C batty. 11th brig.), from Aug. 14 to Nov. 15, in ext. of priv. leave, to remain at Nynee Tal, on m.c.; and Qrmr. J. Holbourn (16th brig.), from Aug. 9 to Dec. 1, to Simla and hills north of Dehra, on m.c.

7th Foot.—Lieut. G. Barton (1st batty.), from Sept. 3 to Oct. 15, in ext. of priv. leave, to remain in Cashmere; and R. B. a'Beckett (1st batty.), from June 14 to July 13.

27th Foot.—Col. R. J. Baumgartner, c.b., from date of embarkation, to England by the overland route, m.c.

46th Foot.—Major C. P. Catty, from Aug. 12 to Sept. 12, to Calcutta, thence to England for 15 mo.

88th Foot.—Capt. W. C. Pearson, from July 29 to Oct. 29, in ext.

97th Foot.—Ens. R. A. Swetenham, from May 26 to Sept. 30.

98th Foot.—Capt. K. Brett, from Aug. 1 to Oct. 31, to Mussoorie and hills north of Dehra, prep. to retiring from the serv. by the sale of his commission.

104th Foot.—Ensign B. Huddleston, from July 27 to Oct. 15, to Mussoorie, on m.c.

107th Foot.—Capt. G. S. Dysart, from Aug. 12 to Nov. 12, to hills north of Dehra, on m.c.

Staff Corps.—Lieut. G. E. J. Maidman, from July 15 to Nov. 15, to Hazarebagh on m.c.

Late 60th N.I.—Capt. R. B. Hill (officg. 2nd squadron officer, 8th B.C., from July 8 to Jan. 8, 1866, to Mussoorie, on m.c.

Late 71st N.I.—Lieut. col. H. Dinning (2nd in com. and wing officer 44th N.I.), from Aug. 14 to Dec. 14, to Mussoorie and hills north of Dehra, on m.c.

General List Inf.—Lieut. H. W. Shoubridge, from Aug. 7 to Oct. 7; and R. D. Beaston (attached to 31st N.I.), from July 15 to Sept. 13, to Calcutta, m.c.

Barrack Dept.—Dept. asst. coms. J. Matthews (barrack master at Jullundur), from July 25 to Oct. 1, to Dhurmsala, on m.c.

Second Doing-Duty Officers.

Sept. 8.—In continuation of para. 1 of G.G.O. No. 531 of 1864, and with reference to para. 12 of the Secretary of State's despatch No. 44 of Feb. 9, 1864, published in G.G.O. No. 530 of 1864, the Right Hon. the Gov. Gen. in Council is pleased to sanction the appointment of a second doing-duty officer to each regiment of native cavalry and infantry in the armies of the three Presidencies and of the Punjab irregular force, so as to provide a reserve for the staff corps, and for the various departments in which military officers are employed in India.

2. Officers will be nominated to this post on probation; and, if belonging to regiments of the British army, must be candidates for the staff corps. They must have passed in the native languages by the second standard, or by the P.H. examination, and must have fulfilled all the conditions required by paras. 18, 19, and 20 of Sir C. Wood's despatch No. 44 of 1864.

3. They will receive the scale of pay and staff salary laid down in G.G.O., No. 161a, of the 29th of October, 1863, for doing duty officers of cavalry and infantry respectively, and will be required to pass the tests laid down in G.G.O., No. 531 of 1864, for the branch of the service to which they are attached within one year from the date of appointment as doing duty officers.

4. Upon so passing officers will be confirmed as second doing duty officers, and will continue to be borne as such until they receive advancement or obtain employment in some other branch of the public service. They will be transferred to the Staff Corps if they belong to British regiments, or if they belong to the Indian Army, and are candidates for the Staff Corps, with effect from date of appointment on probation.

5. An officer who fails to pass the tests within the year allowed for probation will cease to be borne as 2nd doing duty officer, and if belonging to a British regt., will rejoin his corps. If an officer of the Indian army, he will be employed as his Excellency the C. in C. may be pleased to direct.

6. With two doing duty officers per regt., it is not considered necessary to appt. any other officer to a corps, consequent upon the employment of a doing duty officer tempy. in another situation, or during his absence on leave.

Note.—The 2nd doing duty officer in cavalry will not be entitled to the allowance of Rs. 30 per mensem granted to the present doing duty officer for writer and stationery, for performing the duties of quartermaster.

MADRAS.

BY THE GOVERNOR IN COUNCIL.

Sept. 15.—Appointment:—

Lieut. T. Lavie, 24th regt. N.I., to be a lay trustee of the chaplaincy of Vizianagram.

Mr. G. Thornhill, acting coll. and mag. and agent to the Gov. of Fort St. George in Ganjam, assumed charge of the dist. from Mr. G. D. Leman, acting princ. asst. coll., on the 4th inst.

Sept. 13.—The Gov. in Council is pleased to appt. Mr. F. C. Brown, an hon. mag. in the dist. of Malabar, and to invest him with the powers of a subord. mag. of the 1st class.

LEAVE CIVIL SERVICE.

Fort St. George, Sept. 12.—The Govt. of India have ruled that, under the revised civil service furlough and absentee rules, a covenanted civil servant is not required to serve for three months after return from privilege leave before taking furlough or retiring from the service. (By order)

W. HUDLESTON, Acting Secy. to Govt.

Sept. 15.—No. 331.—Proms., subject to H.M.'s approval:—

Surg. J. Brett, M.D., to be surg. major, from Sept. 12 last.

Asst. surg. H. T. Shaw to be surg., from Sept. 10 last.

Returned to duty:—

Lieut. J. Stonhouse, 5th regt. N.I., arrived at Madras on Sept. 12 last.

ARRIVAL OF 16TH LANCERS.

Fort St. George, Sept. 15.—No. 332.—H.M.'s 16th Lancers are brought on the establishment of Fort St. George, from Sept. 9, the date of their arrival at Madras.

Sept. 19.—Mr. A. J. Arbuthnot, chief sec. to Govt., will attend H.E. the Gov. as sec., and during

his abs. from the presidency the duties of the public, &c., depts., will be conducted by the acting sec. to Govt. in the rev. dept.

Sept. 19.—Appointments:—

Asst. surg. S. J. Wyndowe, M.D., to be chemical examiner and professor of chemistry, in the medical college.

The Rev. C. W. S. Taunton, B.A., to act as joint chaplain of Secunderabad, to proceed direct to that station from Indore.

Sept. 15.—No. 446.—Leave of absence:—

Priv. leave is granted to Lieut. col. T. H. Campbell, superint. gun carriage factory, for 40 days, from Sept. 20. Col. J. L. B. Barrow will take charge of the office during Lieut. col. Campbell's abs.

Capt. H. T. Rogers, R.E., exec. engr., assumed charge of his duties, on Sept. 4, from Major Fren-dergast.

Sept. 19.—No. 338.—Capt. (brevet major) W. C. Clarke, of the 2nd regt. L.C., is perm. to proc. to Bombay on m.c., with leave for 2 mo., from Sept. 15 last, for the purpose of appearing before a final med. board.

The underment. officers have returned to their duty by perm. of the Home Govt., without prejudice to their rank:—

Capt. W. Thompson, 7th regt. L.C., doing duty 1st regt. L.C.; arrived at Madras on Sept. 6 last.

Lieut. (brevet capt.) J. E. Swinton, 26th regt. N.I., and Lieut. J. W. S. Butler, 17th regt. N.I.; arrived at Madras on Sept. 16 last.

No. 337.—Madras Staff Corps.—Major E. F. Burton, having completed 26 years' serv., 8 of which were on perm. staff employ, to be lieut. col., from Sept. 18 last, under the Royal Warrant of Jan. 16, 1861, subject to H.M.'s approval.

Lieut. (brevet capt.) W. Robertson, having completed 12 years' serv., 4 of which were on perm. staff employ, to be capt., from April 25, 1864, under the Royal Warrant of Jan. 16, 1861.

Sept. 22.—The appts. of Asst. surg. Wyndowe as chemical examiner and professor of chemistry in the Medical College, notified in the *Gazette* of the 19th inst., are to take effect from the 16th inst.

The Rev. S. T. Pettigrew, M.A., attained the rank of chaplain on April 8 last, the date from which the Rev. A. H. Alcock, M.A., retired from the serv.

Mr. E. C. G. Thomas, acting civil and sessions judge of Cuddapah, received charge of the court from Mr. F. S. Child, on the 18th inst.

The underment. officers have assumed charge of the gaols, from the dates noted opposite their respective names:—

Asst. surg. W. F. De Fabeck, Chittoor, Sept. 12 last.

Asst. surg. G. H. Alexander, M.D., Masulipatam, Sept. 13 last.

Asst. surg. T. Croudace, Rajahmundry, Sept. 14 last.

No. 340.—H.E. the Gov. in Council is pleased to make the following alterations of rank, subject to H.M.'s approval:—

ALTERATIONS OF RANK.

Infantry General List.

Lieut. D. Heming, from Dec. 15, 1863, v. Phillips, 22nd regt. N.I.

Lieut. W. H. M. Francklyne, from Jan. 8, 1864, v. Logan, 37th grens.

Lieut. T. H. Campbell, from Jan. 18, 1864, v. New, 83rd regt. N.I.

Lieut. H. C. Hamilton, from Feb. 18, 1864, v. Sandys, 48th regt. N.I.

Lieut. R. H. T. Hill, from Feb. 26, 1864, v. Seton, 1st Madras fus.

Lieut. R. Stooke, from Feb. 29, 1864, v. Barrington, 52nd regt. N.I.

Lieut. C. J. Johnston, from March 1, 1864, v. Oliver, 1st Madras fus.

Lieut. G. G. Bird (106th foot), from March 16, 1864, v. Ross, 39th regt. N.I.

Lieut. H. M. Dale, from March 18, 1864, v. Wylly, 18th regt. N.I.

Lieut. F. W. Nicolay (107th foot), from March 18, 1864, v. Wilkinsou, gen. list.

Lieut. F. A. Wetherall, from March 20, 1864, v. Dixon, 10th regt. N.I.

Lieut. C. H. Sheppard, from March 21, 1864, v. Merritt, 9th regt. N.I.

The underment. officer is perm. to proceed to Europe:—

Lieut. gen. J. E. Williams, of the inf., on furl., under the old regt., and to embark from Madras.

The underment. officers have returned to their duty, by perm. of the Home Govt., without prejudice to their rank:—

Capt. F. Templer, Eur. veterans, arrived at Cuddalore on Sept. 15 last.

■ Captain (brevet major) W. E. White, 30th regt.

N.I., and Capt. W. R. Mesham, staff corps, arrived at Madras on Sept. 19 last.

Madras Staff Corps.

No. 341.—The underment. officers having applied for admission to the staff corps, under the provs. of para. 2 of G.O.G.G. No. 531 of 1864, republished in Madras G.O.G., July 22, 1864, No. 276, are admitted thereto from the dates specified against their names, subject to the approval of H.M.'s Sec. of State for India:—

Lieut. M. Furlong, cadre 47th regt. N.I., late acting qmrr. and interpreter 3rd regt. L.C.; Dec. 6, 1862.

Lieut. E. A. Wood, cadre 51st regt. N.I., acting adjt. 28th regt. N.I.; Feb. 26, 1864.

Under instructions from H.M.'s Govt., the admission to the staff corps of (the late) Lieut. C. A. Shortt, of H.M.'s 66th regt., notified in the orders dated Dec. 13, 1864, No. 473; July 4, 1865, No. 246; Aug. 25, 1865, No. 309, is cano.

Appointments:—

Rev. E. S. Goodhart, B.A., to act as joint chaplain of Vepery, to take effect from 1st inst.

Mr. H. J. Stokes to be supernumerary 3rd asst. to the coll. and mag. of Belgium.

Asst. surg. W. H. Harris, M.D., to be superint. of the Lying-in Hospital, and Professor of Midwifery in the Medical College.

Asst. surg. G. E. Whitton, M.B., residency surg., Travancore, to act as civil surg. of Cochin, during the employment of Asst. surg. Furnell on other duty.

Asst. surg. J. Murray, M.D., acting civil surgeon of Tranquebar, to be civil surgeon of that zillah, to take effect from 29th ult.

Asst. surg. M. C. Furnell, civil surg. of Cochin, to act as Professor of Anatomy and Physiology in the Medical College, during the employment of Asst. surg. Chipperfield on other duty.

Capt. J. Beatty, R.E., exec. engr., 4th grade, will offic. as suptng. engr. of the 1st div., in addition to his other duties, during the absence of Capt. Ryves.

The distribution of the exec. and asst. engr. of the public works dept. of this pres., among the classes and grades prescribed, has, under instructions from the Govt. of India, been altered as shown below:—

	Present.	As now altered.
Exec. Engrs. 1st Grade ...	3	6
Do. 2nd do. ...	5	7
Do. 3rd do. ...	6	6
Do. 4th do. ...	12	7
Asst. Engrs. 1st Grade ...	6	9
Do. 2nd do. ...	20	17

With reference to the above, the following promotions and alterations of rank are ordered, to take effect from 1st proximo:—

From exec. engineer 2nd grade to exec. engineer 1st grade:—

Capt. W. C. Palmer, staff corps.

Capt. J. Vertue, roy. engr.

Capt. G. M. Payne, staff corps.

From exec. engineer 3rd grade to exec. engineer 2nd grade:—

Mr. W. Fraser, C.E.

Major W. T. F. Farewell, staff corps.

Major L. Paxton, staff corps.

Capt. T. Beckley, roy. engr.

Capt. H. T. Rogers, roy. engr.

From exec. engineer 4th grade to exec. engineer 3rd grade:—

Capt. C. G. Philipps, staff corps.

Capt. J. Beatty, roy. engr.

Mr. W. S. Harington.

Capt. W. Chrystie, roy. engr.

Mr. G. S. Sage.

From asst. engineer 2nd grade to asst. engineer 1st grade:—

Lieut. D. H. Trail, roy. engr.

Lieut. W. C. Coningham, roy. engr.

Lieut. H. M. Vibart, roy. engr.

Sept. 19.—Leave of absence:—
Lieut. col. R. L. Playfair, Madras staff corps, H.M.'s Consul and political agent at Zanzibar, for 20 mo., to Europe.

Dep. insp. gen. of hospitals J. T. Maule, Madras medical estab., for 6 mo., to Europe.

Capt. (brev. maj.) W. C. Clark, 2nd regt. L.C., for 2 mo., on m.c., to Bombay, from Sept. 15.

Royal Artillery.—Capt. T. B. Swete, 23rd brig., to England, on m.c.

Lieut. A. M. Rawlins, C batty. D brig., to England, on m.c.

Lieut. gen. J. E. Williams, inf., on furl. to Eur., to embark from Madras.

108th Regt.—Ens. C. B. Cooke, for 6 mo., to Madras, from Sept. 12.

14th Regt. N.I.—Lieut. col. G. S. Dobbie, from

Aug. 18 to Nov. 30, on m.c., to Bangalore and Madras.

Late 44th Regt. N.I.—Major (brev. lieut. col.) G. Paxton, doing duty 33rd regt. N.I., for 2 mo., on m.c., to Madras, from Sept. 15, or date of dep.

Transfers:—

Under instructions received from the Horse Guards, the undermentioned officers are transferred to batteries as follows:—

Lieut. W. S. Helbert, from D batty. 23rd brig. to D batty. D. H. brig.; Lieut. D. Cowie, from No. 7 batty., 23rd brig. to F batty. D. H. brig.—to join on duty at the public expense.

Lieut. R. H. Plunkett, from B to C batty. 23rd brigade. Lieut. J. C. Gillespie, from No. 5 to D batty. 23rd brigade. Lieut. P. K. L. Beaver, from supernu. to D batty. 23rd brigade. Lieut. N. Powlett, from supernu. to D batty. 23rd brigade.—To proceed to join their batteries on arrival at Madras, when provided with conveyance by rail, &c., by the qmrr. gen. on duty, at the public expense.

Lieut. J. D. Tyzack, from supernu. to No. 7 batty. 23rd brigade.—To join at St. Thomas's Mount on arrival at Madras.

Removals and postings:—

Dep. insp. gen. of hospitals E. G. Balfour, from acting, Mysore division, to act in the Hyd. suby. force during Dr. Maule's absence.

Act. dep. insp. gen. of hospitals C. W. Pickering to act in the Mysore division.

BOMBAY.

BY THE GOVERNOR IN COUNCIL.

Bombay Castle, Sept. 15.—No. 484.—Lieut. H. W. Clarke, royal (Bengal) engr., asst. engr., 2nd grade, is allowed a furl. to Eur. for 20 mo., on m.c.

Sept. 16.—No. 485.—Principal Insp. gen., med. dept., M. Stovell, M.D., has 60 days' priv. leave from the 2nd prox., his duties during his absence being performed by Insp. gen. of hospitals F. S. Ar-nott, M.D.

PRIZE MONIES.

Sept. 18.—No. 486.—H.E. the Gov. in Council is pleased to authorise the immediate distribution of the second and final payments of the following prize moneys:—

Nurgood prize money at Rs. 3 10 0 per share.
Shorapore do. " 8 11 0 do.
Sathpoora do. " 16 13 0 do.

Claims thereto should be accordingly preferred on the examiner, prize accounts, in the same manner, and under the same conditions, as prescribed for the first payments under G.G.O. No. 415 of Aug. 8, 1863.

No. 491.—The underment. officer, having completed 20 years' service, six of which were on permanent staff employ, to be major from the date specified, under the Royal Warrant of Jan. 16, 1861, subject to H.M.'s approval:—

Capt. (Brev. Major) J. Miles, Sept. 8.

No. 492.—The underment. officer, having completed 12 years' service, to be capt. by brevet from the date specified, under para. 69 of the despatch from the Right Hon. the Secy. of State for India, No. 194, dated June 17, 1864, subject to H.M.'s approval:—

Lieut. H. Philipps, Sept. 10.

No. 493.—The underment. med. officer, having completed 12 years' service, to be surg., from the date specified:—

Asst. surg. F. S. Stedman, Sept. 10.

No. 494.—Lieut. E. W. West, 28th regt., has been app. to act as asst. political agent in the Mahee Kanta.

No. 497.—The leave of abs. granted to Lieut. J. H. R. Cruickshank, R.E., in G.O. No. 450, dated Aug. 23 last, is to have effect from Sept. 16 inst.

Lieut. E. W. West assumed charge of his duties as acting asst. political agent in the Mahee Kanta Sept. 15.

Major J. W. Lester, of the Bombay staff corps, entered on his duties as comr. for the settlement of the boundary disputes between the Baroda and Joonaghur States, Sept. 1.

Sept. 18.—Lieut. R. J. Crawford, staff corps, is appd. to act as superint. of police at Shikarpoor.

Sept. 20.—Lieut. H. N. Reeves, doing magisterial duty on the G.I.P. railway, to have the powers of a mag. in the dist. of Poona, Tanna and Ahmednuggur, and power to commit cases to the sessions.

Sept. 15.—Mr. A. C. Jervoise acted as coll. and mag. of Canara from Sept. 6 to Oct. 2, 1864.

Sept. 16.—Mr. A. Taylor acted as dep. comr. of customs, salt, and opium, Presidency div., from May 25 to July 25.

The appt. of Mr. A. Taylor to offic. as dep. comr. of customs, Presidency div., notified in G.O. of the 4th inst., is to have retrospective effect from Aug. 9, the date on which he assumed charge of those duties.

Sept. 19.—Erratum.—In the Govt. notification dated Sept. 9, published at page 580 of the *Government Gazette* of 14th idem, for "Asst. surg. Joynt, M.D.," read "Asst. surg. Hojel."

Sept. 20.—Capt. W. W. Goodfellow, R.E., acting exec. engr., Canara, resumed charge of his duties July 17.

The Governor in Council has been pleased to make the following appt. :—

The Rev. E. N. Dickenson, chaplain on this estab., has been granted special leave on private affairs for 3 mo. without pay, in ext. of the 3 mo. priv. leave allowed under Govt. notification dated April 9, and the Rev. R. Easum, jun. chaplain, has been granted an ext. of 6 mo. leave on m.c.

Sept. 25.—No. 499.—Lieut. J. C. Briggs, Madras gen. list, doing duty officer 4th regt. cav., Hyderabad contingent, is allowed a furl. to Eur. for 18 mo. on m.c., with permission to proceed *via* Egypt.

No. 501.—The following officers have furl. to Eur. on m.c., with permission to proceed *via* Egypt :—

Col. J. Forbes, C.B., 3rd regt. light cav., for 18 months.

Surg. R. G. Lord, M.D., civil surg. at Poona, for 20 mo.

Lieut. G. G. Morris, gen. list, doing duty officer H.M.'s 23rd regt., N.L.I., for 20 mo.

No. 502.—The following officers have furl. to Europe on m.c., with perm. to proceed *via* Egypt :—

Major W. C. Clarke, 2nd regt. Madras light cav., paymr. Hyderabad subsidiary force, for 3 years.

Capt. G. A. Walker, Madras staff corps, asst. comsyr. gen. Nagpore field force, for 20 mo.

Sept. 27.—No. 506.—Lieut. F. P. Worthy, of the staff corps, is apptd. a probationer in the commissariat dept.

No. 507.—The services of Lieut. F. P. Forteach, adjt. 12th regt. N.I., have been placed tempy. at the disposal of the Resident at Baroda, for employ. in the Mahee Kanta as boundary settlement officer.

No. 508.—The foll. prom. is made :—

8th Regt., N.I.—Lieut. (capt. in the staff corps) M. W. Parker to have the position of capt. from Aug. 18, 1865, v. Richardson, dec.

The services of F. P. Forteach, adjt. 12th regt. N.I., have been temporarily placed at the disposal of the resident of Baroda for employment in the Mahee Kanta as boundary settlement officer.

Sept. 23.—Mr. C. A. Middleton, judge and sessions judge of Kurrachee, is allowed special leave on private affairs for 6 mo., under the provs. of sec. 9, cap. 2, of the new covenanted C.S. absentee rules.

Sept. 26.—The Hon. the Gov. in Council is pleased to notify that Mr. F. D. Faithfull, 2nd judge of the Court of Small Causes at Bombay, has assumed, from Aug. 3, 1865, the surname of Chantrell in lieu of the surname of Faithfull, by which he was formerly called and known.

Mr. A. C. Trevor, 1st asst. to the coll. and mag. of Kaira, is invested with the powers of a mag. in that dist.

Mr. G. W. R. Campbell, superint. of police, Canara, has passed an examination in the Canarese language according to the rules of Aug. 12, 1863, for the examination of police officers.

Mr. C. M. Hogg, 1st asst. mag. in charge of the Broach sub collectorate, is empowered to hear appeals under sec. 412 of the code of criminal procedure.

Sept. 27.—Mr. H. J. Stokes, supernmy. 3rd asst. to the coll. and mag. of Belgaum, is invested with the powers of a sub. mag. of the 1st class in that dist.

Mr. A. L. Spens, judge of the Court of Small Causes at Ahmedabad, and acting gen. asst. judge and session judge at Broach, is allowed leave to Europe on m.c. for 15 mo., from Oct. 14, together with prepy. leave computable under sec. III., cap. I. of the rules.

Sept. 21.—Mr. R. E. H. Light, asst. superint. rev. survey and assessment, Southern Mahratta country, is allowed priv. leave for 40 days.

Sept. 25.—Mr. A. F. Bellasis has been apptd. comsyr. of customs, salt, and opium, from April 29 last until the return from England of Mr. A. D. Robertson.

Sept. 27.—The appt. of Mr. G. H. Johns as 3rd asst. coll. and mag. of Kaira, made on June 23, 1865, is to have effect from May 31, 1865.

Sept. 25.—Mr. H. E. Jacob, under sec. to Govt. in the revenue, financial, and general dept., has priv. leave for 3 mo.

Sept. 26.—The Hon. the Gov. in Council is pleased to appt. A. T. Crawford, Esq., C.S., muni-

cipal comr., Bombay, to be a member of the architectural improvement committee, Bombay.

The priv. leave for 1 mo. granted to Mr. T. B. Walker, asst. engr., 1st grade, dated Aug. 31, 1865, is to have effect from Sept. 4 instead of Aug. 22, 1865.

Sept. 27.—Surg. R. Haines is apptd. to act as chemical analyser to Govt. during Dr. Giraud's absence, with effect from July 31 last.

Sir. A. Grant, Bart., director of public instruction, has been appointed to the office of vice chancellor of the University of Bombay.

Sept. 22.—Lieut. H. Morland is apptd. signal officer, Colaba light house, v. Hayman, dec.

BY THE COMMANDER IN CHIEF.

Adjt. Gen.'s Office, Head Qrs., Poona, Sept. 4.—

No. 896.—The following exchange of appts. is sanctioned, at the request of the officers concerned :—

Major Holt, wing officer 20th regt. N.I., to be station staff officer at Baroda.

Capt. F. W. Brown, staff corps, to be wing officer, 20th regt. N.I.

No. 897.—Capt. Bower, 44th foot, having been reported fit for duty, is directed to rejoin his regt.

Sept. 5.—No. 902.—Lieut. col. D. Gaye, royal art., is apptd. to act as asst. adjt. gen. of art. from the date of departure of Lieut. col. Fuller until further orders.

Sept. 6.—No. 906.—Vet. surg. C. E. Barton is directed to proceed to Ahmedabad, and is placed in vet. charge of the art. in the Northern Division.

No. 909.—Leave of absence :—

Cornet A. Froom, 6th drags., to proceed to England by the overland route, m.c.

Ensign C. M. Davidson, 1st batt. 4th foot, to proceed to England by the overland route, m.c.

These officers are not available for duty with troops, and will, on arrival, report themselves to the adjt. gen., Horse Guards.

Capt. R. L. Campbell, staff corps, from Sept. 1 to Sept. 30, on m.c.

Vet. surg. H. J. Fitter, attached to head quarters 14th regt. royal artily., vet. dept., from Sept. 3 to Sept. 30, on m.c.

Lieut. col. C. H. Fuller, E brig. R.H.A., from Sept. 2 to Sept. 9, to Bombay on m.c., prep. to final certificate to England.

Sept. 8.—No. 912.—Lieut. and Adjt. Garsia, 56th foot, is directed to precede his regt. to England, for the purpose of undergoing a course of musketry instruction at Hythe.

Lieut. Garsia will proceed overland by the first mail in Nov. next.

Sept. 9.—No. 914.—The foll. order is confirmed :—

Dated Aug. 24.—By Col. Crawley, comdg. 6th Inniskilling drags., appg. the undernamed officers a committee of paymastership, during the abs. on m.c. of Prymr. Chambers :—

President.—Lieut. col. J. De M. M. Prior.

Members.—Major the Hon. C. W. Thesiger and Maj. T. Wirgman,

And with the consent, and on the responsibility of the committee, appg. Capt. R. W. Renshaw to offic. as paymr.

No. 919.—Leave of absence, subject to confirmation by H.E. the C. in C. in India :—

Capt. J. H. Campbell, 33rd foot, to England by the overland route, m.c.

This officer is available for duty with troops, and will, on arrival, report himself to the Adjt. gen., Horse Gds.

Lieut. G. T. D. Glasgow, att. to 11th regt. N.I., gen. list, from Sept. 10 to Oct. 24, to Bombay, to appear before the civil and mily. exam. committee.

Lieut. F. Spring, 18th brig. R.A., from Aug. 31 to Sept. 14, in ext.

Capt. J. H. Campbell, 33rd foot, from Aug. 31 to Sept. 30, in ext.

Lieut. C. F. James, adjt. 20th regt. N.I., staff corps, for 30 days from date of departure, to Bombay, on m.c., prep. to obtaining a final m.c. to Eur.

Sept. 11.—No. 921.—The C. in C. in India has been pleased to make the foll. prom. until H.M.'s pleasure shall be known :—

6th Drags.—Cornet W. J. Power to be lieut., by purch., v. King, who retires; Aug. 29.

No. 922.—The foll. temp. arrangement is confirmed, with effect from Sept. 3 :—

20th Regt. N.I.—Lieut. J. G. Gilmour to offic. as adjt., in add. to his own duties, v. James.

Sept. 12.—No. 924.—Lieut. A. H. Wodehouse, gen. list, is attached to the 26th regt. N.I.

Sept. 13.—No. 925.—The following appts. are made :—

Poona Horse.—Capt. A. T. Reid, 2nd squadron officer 1st Scinde horse, to offic. as 2nd squadron officer, v. MacNaghten.

1st Scinde Horse.—Lieut. J. F. Forbes, 3rd squadron officer, to be 2nd squadron officer, v. Reid.

No. 926.—Surg. J. Gilbert is apptd. to the med. charge of the 13th regt. N.I., v. Fox, proceeding to Europe.

No. 927.—Under the provisions of G.O.C. No. 253 of March 30, 1863, Lieut. A. Greenland, 56th foot, is, in the absence of a qualified subaltern, apptd. acting interp. to the regt.

No. 928.—Capt. Clay, 103rd foot, is apptd. in add. to his other duties, and until the arrival of Brev. major Welsh, to act as jun. insp. of musketry.

No. 929.—Asst. surg. J. T. Welsh, M.D., lately arrived from England, is placed upon gen. duty, N. div.

No. 930.—Capt. (brevet major) T. J. MacLachlan, 21st brig. royal art., joined the depot brig. for duty on Aug. 1.

No. 933.—Leave of absence :—

2nd Capt. C. E. Newport, 18th brig. R.A., from July 28 to March 28, m.c.

Lieut. col. E. Wray, C.B., 21st brig. R.A., from July 20, 1865, to Jan. 20, 1866, in ext.

2nd Capt. A. Carey, E brig. R.H.A., for 6 mo. from date of departure, to England.

Sept. 14.—No. 934.—Lieut. G. B. Leslie, 24th regt. N.I., is app. to com. 2nd company of sappers and miners at Kirkee.

No. 935.—That part of G.O.C. No. 833 of Aug. 19, which appoints Lieut. T. W. Sanders adjt. of the 30th regt. N.I. or Jacob's rifles, is cancl. at that officer's request.

No. 936.—The following appt. is made :—

30th Regt. N.I., or Jacob's Rifles.—Lieut. C. A. Cunningham, staff corps, to be adjt., v. Doig.

Lieut. Sanders will continue to perform the duties of adjt. 30th regt. N.I., in addition to those of qmrmr., until relieved by Lieut. Cunningham.

No. 937.—Returned to duty on Sept. 11 :—

Lieut. G. Mackenzie, staff corps.

No. 938.—The undermentioned officer is reported to have passed in Hindustani by the first standard :—

Ens. E. L. Clarke, 103rd foot.

Sept. 15.—No. 940.—The undermentioned officers are transf. to do duty with regiments as follows :—

Lieut. H. L. Walter, 9th regt. N.I., to 16th regt. N.I.

Lieut. S. M. Hay, cadre 31st regt., attached to 14th regt. N.I., to 16th regt. N.I.

Lieut. W. E. Simpson, gen. list, attached to 25th regt. N.L.I., to 16th regt. N.I.

Lieut. J. W. Holland, 24th regt. N.I., to 23rd regt. N.L.I.

Lieut. J. E. Kershaw, gen. list, attached to 22nd regt. N.I., to 23rd regt. N.L.I.

Lieut. C. J. A. Yates, gen. list, attached to 3rd regt. N.I., to 23rd regt. N.L.I.

The above officers will proceed to join as early as possible, at the public expense.

Those for the 16th regt. N.I. will report themselves to the Deputy qmrmr. gen., Bombay, and those for the 23rd regt. N.I. will join the wing of that corps now at Tanna.

No. 941.—Ens. M. R. Healy, 95th foot, is app. paymaster of the Kurrachee depot, v. Martin, res.

No. 942.—Returned to duty on Sept. 11 :—

Lieut. P. D. Malden, 6th regt. N.I.

Sept. 16.—No. 945.—The foll. temp. arrangement is confirmed :—

23rd Regt. N.L.I.—Capt. M. R. Bruce to offic. as wing officer, with effect from Sept. 5, during the absence of Major Waddington on leave.

No. 946.—Capt. A. Phillips, cadre 29th regt. N.I., is attached to the 21st regt. N.I. or marine batt.

No. 947.—The following order is confirmed :—

Dated Aug. 31.—By Major gen. Green, C.B., directing Major McGowan to continue to perform the duty of brig. major, Mhow, until the arrival of Capt. Cornwell.

No. 951.—Leave of absence :—

Capt. B. G. Graham, 33rd foot, from April 14 to June 14, 1866, in ext., on private affairs.

Lieut. C. W. N. Guinness, 72nd foot, from Jan. 1 to March 31, 1866, in ext., on private affairs.

Lieut. F. M. Hunter, 106th foot, from July 25 to Oct. 17, m.c.

Ens. R. T. Mayne, 109th foot, from July 25, 1865, to Jan. 26, 1866, m.c.

Lieut. col. C. B. Fuller, E brig. R.H.A., to England by overland route, m.c.

Paymr. D. F. Chambers, 6th drags., to England by overland route, m.c.

Cornet J. J. H. Cottle, 6th drags., to England by overland route, m.c.

Capt. E. D. Smith, 95th foot, to England by overland route, m.c.

Cornet Cottle is, and Capt. Smith and Paymr. Chambers are not, available for duty with troops.

They will report themselves on arrival to the Adj. gen., Horse Guards.

Major J. Fairbrother, 2nd in command 29th regt. N.I., staff corps, from Sept. 1 to Sept. 20, in ext., to remain at Ghizree, m.c.

Major R. J. Ederly, 2nd in command 5th regt. N.L.I., cadre 29th regt. N.I., from Sept. 8 to Oct. 8, to Bombay, on m.c., prep. to obtaining a final certificate to Europe.

Sept. 19.—No. 954.—The following appt. is made:—

21st Regiment N.I., or Marine Battalion.

Lieut. P. D. Malden, cadre 6th regt. N.I., to offic. as adjt., as a temp. arrangement.

Sept. 20.—No. 955.—With reference to G.O.C. No. 1,057, of Nov. 19, 1864, Major J. Bates was entitled to travel from Deesa to Nusseerabad at the public expense.

No. 959.—Leave of absence.

Lieut. col. C. B. Fuller, E brig. R.H.A., from Sept. 10 to Sept. 16, in ext., to remain at Bombay, on m.c.

Lieut. and adjt. R. M. Chambers, 5th regt. N.L.I., from Sept. 15 to Oct. 15, to Vingorla and the Sea Coast, on m.c.

Sept. 22.—No. 963.—Asst. surg. Barrie, M.D., is app. to medical charge of left wing 23rd regt. N.L.I., under orders to embark on field service.

Sept. 23.—No. 966.—20th Regt. N.I.—Lieut. R. A. Prideaux, qmrr. 3rd regt. N.I., is app. to officiate as adjt., v. James.

No. 967.—The services of Lieut. col. J. S. Kemball, staff corps, being no longer required at Malligaum, that officer will revert to general duty at Poona.

No. 968.—Order confirmed:—

Dated Aug. 20.—By Lieut. col. Maude, comd. 109th foot, appointing Lieut. C. P. Forbes to act as adjt. during the absence of Lieut. Schmidt on leave.

No. 973.—Leave of absence:—

44th Foot.—Paymr. G. C. Gooch, from Nov. 29 to date of arrival of 44th regt. in England, in ext. 72nd Foot.—Lieut. A. Tanner, from Sept. 29 to March 28, to England.

Staff Corps.—Major W. G. Mainwaring, comdt. 30th regt. N.I. (Jacob's rifles), from 1st to 20th Sept., in ext.

E Brigade, R.H.A.—2nd Capt. A. Carey, from 26th to 29th Sept., to Bombay, prep. to England.

72nd Foot.—Lieut. A. Tanner, from 22nd to 28th Sept., to Bombay, prep. to England.

Gen. List.—Lieut. G. G. Morris, doing duty officer 23rd regt. N.L.I., from 20th to 30th Sept., to the Deccan, m.c.

MUSKETRY INSTRUCTION.

Aug. 21.—H.E. the C. in C. has directed that the accompanying return [return omitted], showing the averages and percentages of the British troops serving in the Bengal presy., which have been exercised in the annual course of musketry instruction for the year 1864-5, be published in G.O., and that the particular attention of officers comd. divs., stations, and regts. be drawn to the following extract from Horse Guards' G.O. No. 861, of Jan. 2:—

"The shooting is bad in all cases in which the figure of merit is below 50—when the average points in file firing are under 12, and in skirmishing under 8; and when the time taken to expend 10 rounds in rapid file firing exceeds 7 minutes, it evidences defective instruction in the platoon exercise."

Sir W. Mansfield has great satisfaction in recording his approbation of the zeal and exertions which have been displayed by all ranks of the 88th, 34th, and 42nd regts., and by Capt. Rowland's company 55th regt., the best shooting company in Bengal, as well as of the satisfactory improvement shown by the 98th, 38th, and 1st batt. 19th regts.

Aug. 24.—Major gen. A. Tucker, C.B., Bengal cav., is permitted to reside in the Peshawar div., and draw his pay from the Rawul Pindce pay office.

The C. in C. in India is pleased to make the foll. proms., until H.M.'s pleasure shall be known:—

42nd Foot.—Ens. E. P. Hicks to be lieut., by purch., v. Lieut. F. O. V. Haldane, who retires, dated Aug. 18.

51st Foot.—Lieut. A. W. C. Read to be captain, without purchase, v. Capt. E. D. Oliver, dec., dated Aug. 2.

Ens. R. Stratford to be lieut., without purch., v. Lieut. A. W. C. Read, prom., dated Aug. 2.

95th Foot.—Ens. H. Bevan to be lieut., by purch., v. Lieut. E. Chapple, who retires, dated Aug. 18.

The C. in C. in India is pleased to make the following appts.:—

38th N.I.—Major R. Larkins, late 49th N.I., to offic. as 2nd in com. and wing officer, v. Major C. B. Basden, apptd. to the 45th N.I., dated Aug. 10.

45th N.I.—Major C. B. Basden, offic. 2nd in com. and wing officer, 38th N.I., to be 2nd in com. and wing officer, v. Capt. J. C. Hamilton, dec., dated Aug. 10.

The retirement from the service, by the sale of his commission, of Ens. W. R. Green, 3rd batt. 60th rifles, has been accepted by the C. in C. in India, dated Aug. 19.

Official notification has been received of the undermen. officer of the 11th foot having been posted to the batln. specified:—Lieut. J. P. Tighe, to 2nd batln.

The following orders are, with the sanction of Govt., confirmed:—

By Brig. gen. J. M. B. F. Tytler, C.B., comdg. left brig. Doogar field force, dated April 10 last, appg. Lieut. F. Bailey, R.E., comdg. 2nd comy. sappers and miners, an asst. field engr., with effect from March 19 last.

Eastern frontier brig. order, dated June 12 last, appg. Lieut. C. N. Judge, R.E., and asst. field engr. to the left brig. Doogar field force, with effect from March 20 last.

Ditto, dated the 20th ult. appg. the late Lieut. J. H. Urquhart, R.E., an asst. field engr. to the right column Doogar field force, with effect from Nov. 19.

The following Cawnpore brig. orders are confirmed:—

Dated the 5th idem.—Directing Asst. surg. W. Curran, 88th foot, to assume med. charge of the detachments of the 3rd Bengal cav. and 2nd N.I., with effect from Jan. 4 to Feb. 20, in the room of Asst. surg. R. E. Heath, M.D., 88th foot, proceeded on duty.

The following orders are confirmed:—

Kangra dist. order, dated May 19, 1864, directing Asst. surg. A. Taylor, in civil med. charge of Dhurmsalla, to assume med. charge of the Bhagsoo convalescent depot, with effect from 17th idem, in the room of Asst. surg. C. O. Daniell, M.D.

Mooltan garrison order, dated 12th ult., appg. Lieut. C. E. Macaulay, adjt. of the 11th Bengal cav., to offic. as station interpreter, in add. to his other duties, there being no qualified officer available, in the room of Capt. W. P. Fisher, late 4th Eur. regt., dec.

By the officer comdg. the 8th Bengal cav., dated 1st inst., appg. Lieut. J. A. McNeale, doing duty officer, to offic. as 3rd squadron officer, in room of Lieut. H. Chapman, proceeding on leave, and Lieut. G. MacCall, gen. list, inf., attached, to offic. as doing duty officer.

By the officer comdg. the 25th N.I., dated the 9th inst., making the following appts., with effect from the 4th idem, during the abs. on leave of Capt. J. W. Hoggan.

Capt. N. Barton, wing officer, to offic. as 2nd in com. and wing officer.

Lieut. R. Worsely, adjt., to offic. as wing officer, in add. to his other duties.

Benares station order, dated June 30 last, appg. Major W. Forbes, late 27th N.I., doing gen. duty, to offic. as supnt. of the Sudder Bazaar.

Barrackpore station order, dated 10th inst., directing Vet. surg. S. T. Goddard, 16th brig. royal art., to afford professional aid, in add. to his other duties, to 88 Australian remounts, under charge of Lieut. H. S. Higginson, D batty. 16th brig. royal art.

Leave of absence:—

Rifle Brigade.—Capt. A. G. C. Inge (2nd batt.), from June 10 to Oct. 14, to remain in England on m.c.

Royal Art.—Lieut.-col. H. LeG. Bruce (19th brig.), from Aug. 11 to Oct. 15, in ext.; Capt. C. Raikes (20th brig.), from date of embarkation at Madras, to England, on m.c.

7th Hussars.—Asst. surg. R. C. Lever, M.D., from Aug. 14 to Aug. 31, in ext. of priv. leave, to remain in Cashmere.

21st Foot.—Qmrr. P. F. Foley (2nd batln.), from date of embarkation at Madras, to England, overland, m.c.

72nd Foot.—Lieut. S. D. Burges, from date of embarkation at Bombay, to England, overland, m.c.

76th Foot.—Capt. J. H. Tripp, and Ens. T. W. Best, from date of embarkation at Madras, to England, m.c.

BIRTHS.

ANDERSON.—At Dalhousie, on Sept. 12, the wife of Capt. P. C. Anderson, R.A., of a son.

BEYRON.—At Jeypoor, on Sept. 22, the wife of Capt. W. H. Beyron, of a daughter.

BARWELL.—At Mussoorie, on 10th inst., the wife of Lieut. col. Barwell, A.A.G., of a son.

BLAIR.—At Meaan Meer, on Sept. 7, the wife of Capt. Robert Blair, 3rd Regt. N.I., of a son.

BIBRA.—At Howrah, Seebpore, on Sept. 8, the wife of Mr. Louis Von Bibra, of a daughter.

BEATSON.—At Saugor, Central India, on 16th inst., the wife of Mr. W. W. Beatson, H.M.'s Customs, of a daughter.

CAMPBELL.—At Nynee Tal, on 9th inst., the wife of Capt. Henri Campbell, Staff Corps, of a daughter.

COCKBURN.—At Murree, Sept. 10, the wife of Captain H. A. Cockburn, Paymaster and Superintendent N. Pensioners, Oudh, of a son.

ELLES.—At Simla, Sept. 15, the wife of Captain W. K. Elles, 38th Regiment, of a daughter.

GLEESON.—At Saharunpore, Sept. 22, the wife of Mr. E. Gleeson, head clerk, Stud-office, of a daughter.

GRANT.—At Bombay, Sept. 18, the wife of Lieut. col. Ewen Grant, Bombay Army, of a son.

GORDON.—At Coimbatore, Sept. 16, the wife of. Huntly P. Gordon, Esq., C.S., of a daughter.

HAY.—At Murree, Sept. 9, the wife of Captain G. J. D'lymple Hay, Bengal Staff Corps, of a son.

HANNAGAN.—At Jubbulpore, Sept. 21, the wife of Mr. J. S. Hannagan, of twin sons.

LEEMING.—At Coonoor, Sept. 20, the wife of the Rev. W. Leeming, Chaplain of Vepery, Madras, of a son.

MACLEOD.—At Mussoorie, Aug. 30, the wife of Lieutenant-Colonel H. B. Macleod, Royal Artillery, of a son.

NAIRNE.—At Umballa, Sept. 17, the wife of S. N. McLeod Nairne, Esq., Lieutenant H.M.'s 94th Regt., of a daughter.

O'DOWDA.—At Futtahghur, Aug. 28, the wife of Lieutenant J. W. O'Dowda, Bengal Staff Corps, of a son.

OLDFIELD.—At Fyzabad, Sept. 17, the wife of Captain R. Oldfield, A-11 R.A., of a daughter.

PEMBERTON.—At Mussoorie, Sept. 12, the wife of F. B. Pemberton, Esq., Civil Engineer, Agra Division, of a son.

PORTER.—At Saugor, Sept. 6, the wife of J. H. Porter, Esq., Surgeon, 97th Regt., of a daughter.

RENTIERS.—At 30, Park-street, Calcutta, Sept. 9, the wife of J. B. Rentiers, Esq., of a daughter.

RIMMER.—At Landour, Sept. 8, the wife of Assistant-Surgeon J. Rimmer, Royal Artillery, of a daughter.

ROBINSON.—At Howrah, Sept. 2, the wife of Arthur W. Robinson, Esq., of a son.

RAFAEL.—At 30, Theatre-road, Calcutta, Sept. 8, the wife of S. A. Raphael, Esq., of a son.

SHAKESPEAR.—At Bareilly, Sept. 8, the wife of Lieut.-Colonel Galbot Shakespear, Bengal Staff Corps, of a son.

SYMMONS.—At Nynee Tal, Sept. 6, the wife of the Rev. G. Davey Symonds, Chaplain, of a son.

WRIGHT.—At Subathoo, on Sept. 12, the wife of Surgeon Thomas Wright, 80th Regiment, of a son.

WALTER.—At Saugor, Central India, on Sept. 17, the wife of Major Frederick Arthur Walter, 97th Regiment, of a son.

WALKER.—At Rawul Pindce, on Sept. 8, the wife of Lieut. T. Nicholls Walker, 13th Regiment N.I., of a daughter.

MARRIAGES.

COX—BLAKE.—At St. Mary Magdalene's Church, Meaan Meer, on Sept. 4, W. C. Cox, Esq., Punjab Railway, Mooltan, to Miss Elizabeth Blake.

HORTON—JEWELL.—At the Mission Church, Calcutta, on Aug. 16, Walter Horton, to Henrietta Jewell.

DEATHS.

BELL.—On board the P. and O. steamer *Carnatic*, between Aden and Suez, on his passage home, Sept. 22, David C. Bell, Lieut. H.M.'s 17th Bombay N.I.

BRANSON.—At Sladen's Gardens, Chetput, Madras, on Sept. 23, Harry Lionel Scott, aged 8, youngest son of the late H. W. Branson, Esq.

DOYLE.—At Calcutta, on Sept. 10, Frederick Maltland, infant son of Henry and Annie Doyle, aged 2 years.

HUGHES.—At Morar, Gwalior, on Sept. 22, Ellen, the wife of Apothecary James Hughes.

JONES.—At Mullapore, North Canara, on Sept. 8, Harriett Elizabeth, second daughter of James W. and Rebecca P. Jones, aged 6 years.

LAKE.—At Bombay, on Sept. 8, the infant son of Mr. and Mrs. Charles Lake.

LOVELY.—At the Old Church Parsonage, Calcutta, Sept. 7, Frank Giffanders, infant son of the Rev. George Lovely.

ROSAMOND—At Fort William, on the 10th Sept., Mrs. Rosamond, wife of Mr. Rosamond, Barrack Master, after a few days' illness, aged 26.

MACDONALD—At Bangalore, on the 10th Sept., Caroline, the wife of Major R. M. Macdonald, Staff Corps, aged 28 years.

MAYNE—At Darjeeling, Sept. 18, Major R. Mayne, Bengal Staff Corps.

REVIE—Accidentally drowned in the Ganges, on the 14th Sept., Conductor Duncan Revie, Ordnance Department, Foreman Gun Carriage Agency.

YOUNG—At Howrah, Sept. 8, Agnes, the infant daughter of Mr. G. Young.

WAR OFFICE.

CHANGES, PROMOTIONS, &c., IN H.M.'s REGIMENTS SERVING IN INDIA. Oct. 20.

10th Foot.—Lieut. A. Fraser to be capt., by purch., v. C. A. Armstrong, ret.; Ensign J. J. Kennedy to be lieut., by purch., v. Fraser; Ensign W. G. C. Johnstone, from 94th foot, to be ensign, v. Kennedy; Oct. 20.

42nd Foot.—Lieut. G. A. Furse to be capt., without purch., v. A. Ferguson, dec.; Ensign E. P. Hicks to be lieut., without purch., v. Furse; Ensign C. J. Eden, from 80th foot, to be ensign, v. Hicks; Oct. 20.

94th Foot.—Ensign M. C. A. Cavagnari, from 24th foot, to be ensign, v. W. G. C. Johnstone, transf. to 10th foot; Oct. 20.

Rifle Brigade.—Qrmer. serg. W. J. Stanley to be qrmr., v. F. Piper, transf. to a depot battalion; Oct. 20.

MEDICAL DEPARTMENT.

Staff asst. surg. N. Avent has been permitted to resign his commission; Oct. 20.

Asst. surg. W. G. N. Manley, from royal art., to be staff surgeon, for distinguished and meritorious services rendered to the sick and wounded in the field during the recent operations in New Zealand, v. Staff surg. T. M. Bleckley, M.B., appointed to 46th Foot; Oct. 20.

BREVET.

The undermentioned promts. to take place in succession to Major gen. J. M'Duff, C.B., who died on Sept. 25, 1865:—

Brevet Col. F. P. Danne, major, half-pay, unatt., to have the rank of major gen.; Sept. 26.

Brevet Col. R. J. P. Vassall, major, half-pay, unatt., to have the rank of major gen.; Sept. 26.

Lieut. col. and Brevet Col. J. P. Sparks, C.B., from inspg. field officer of a recruiting dist., to be major gen.; Sept. 26.

Major F. P. Lea, half-pay, unatt., to be lieut. col.; Sept. 26.

Capt. H. Bent, R.A., to be major; Sept. 26.

Major and Brevet Lieut. col. J. H. C. Robertson, half-pay, 100th foot, dep. qrmr. gen., Malta, having completed the qualifying service in the rank of lieut. col., to be col., under the provs. of the Royal Warrant of Oct. 14, 1858; Sept. 27.

Lieut. I. J. Corcoran, veteran estab., Bengal, to have the honorary rank of capt.; Oct. 20.

Lieut. W. Kelly, veteran estab., Bengal, to have the honorary rank of capt.; Oct. 20.

Dep. Asst. comsy. J. Brown, Madras, commissariat dept., to have the honorary rank of lieut.; Oct. 20.

Dep. Asst. comsy. C. Hexton, Bombay, to have the honorary rank of lieut.; Oct. 20.

INDIA OFFICE, Oct. 24.

Her Majesty has been pleased to approve of the following promotions, alterations of rank, and resignations amongst the officers of her Majesty's Indian military forces, and in the Staff Corps:—

BREVET.

The undermentioned officer having completed five years' service as capt. and brev. lieut. col., and as major and brev. lieut. col., to be col. in the army, under operation of Clause 8 of the Royal Warrant of Jan. 31, 1859:—

Major and brev. lieut. col. H. Daly, C.B., Bombay staff corps.

Maj. J. A. Wood, v.c., Bombay staff corps, to be lieut. col.

Capt. T. Sweet, Madras inf., to be maj., in succession to Lieut. gen. H. Ross, Madras inf., dec.

Maj. O. Hamilton, Bengal staff corps, to be lieut. col.; Capt. W. C. F. Gosling, royal (Madras) art., to be maj., in succession to Lieut. gen. Dun, Madras inf., dec.

Major O. E. Rothney, Bengal staff corps, to be lieut. col.; Capt. C. D. Waddell, royal (Madras) art., to be maj., in succession to Lieut. gen. G. Sandys, Madras cav., dec.

Maj. W. J. F. M. Stafford, Bengal staff corps, to be lieut. col.; Capt. A. Stewart, royal (Madras) art., to be maj., in succession to Lieut. gen. M. C. Paul, Bengal inf., dec.

Major C. T. Aitchison, Bombay staff corps, to be lieut. col.; Capt. R. Caulfield, Madras cav., to be major, in succession to Lieut. gen. R. Powney, Bengal art., dec.

BENGAL ARMY.

TO BE LIEUTENANT-COLONELS.

Major E. Bradford, late 23rd N.I.

Major J. Nisbett, late 69th N.I.

Major W. Graydon, late 16th N.I.

Major E. Thomas, late 3rd Eur. regt.

TO BE MAJORS.

Capt. J. Ruggles, late 41st N.I.

Capt. E. St. George, late 1st Eur. regt.

Capt. W. N. Lees, LL.D., late 42nd N.I.

Capt. C. Baily, late 17th N.I.

TO BE CAPTAINS.

Lieut. S. G. Warde, late 11th N.I.

Lieut. J. Stevenson, late 33rd N.I.

MADRAS ARMY.

TO BE LIEUTENANT-COLONEL.

Major C. J. Bradley, 24th N.I.

TO BE MAJORS.

Capt. A. E. Bowen, 19th N.I.

Capt. G. H. Stiles, 4th N.I.

TO BE CAPTAINS.

Lieut. C. J. Gunning, 37th N.I.

BOMBAY ARMY.

TO BE LIEUTENANT-COLONELS.

Major J. G. Scott, 22nd N.I.

Major J. Pogeon, 17th N.I.

Major C. R. Baugh, 9th N.I.

Major E. Grant 3rd N.I.

TO BE MAJOR.

Capt. J. H. S. Pierce, 24th N.I.

BENGAL STAFF CORPS.

TO BE LIEUTENANT-COLONELS.

Major W. Fullerton.

Major C. Holroyd.

Major N. R. Sneyd.

Major A. Hunter.

Major R. C. Germon.

Major and (Brev. lieut. col.) C. J. Roberts.

TO BE MAJORS.

Capt. (brev. maj.) E. H. C. Wintle.

Capt. (brev. maj.) A. L. Gallais.

Capt. A. G. Priestley.

Capt. (brev. maj.) J. G. Sparks.

Capt. (brev. maj.) J. T. Norgate.

Capt. C. J. Godby.

Capt. J. S. Ogilvie.

Capt. N. W. Elphinstone.

Capt. (brev. maj.) H. F. M. Boisragon.

Capt. J. K. Cowper.

Capt. J. Sykes.

Capt. W. Nembhard.

Capt. J. B. Smyly.

TO BE CAPTAINS.

Lieut. (brev. capt.) G. B. C. Simpson.

Lieut. R. J. Walker.

Lieut. H. L. Hawkins.

Lieut. P. C. Rynd.

Lieut. E. S. Fox.

BENGAL ARMY.

PROMOTIONS.

Infantry.

Lieut. col. (maj. gen.) J. E. Landers to be col., v. Andrée, dec.

Maj. (brev. lieut. col.) D. S. Dodgson, from late 30th N.I., to be lieut. col., v. Nicoll (staff corps), removed from list of lieut. col.

Major F. W. Baugh, from late 26th N.I., to be lieut. col., v. Dalton (staff corps), removed from list of cols.

Late 3rd European Regiment.

Capt. (brev. maj.) E. Thomas to be maj.

Lieut. (brev. capt.) S. D. White to be capt., in succession to Andrée, dec.

Late 30th N.I.

Capt. (brev. maj.) W. D. Bishop to be maj., in succession to Nicoll (staff corps), removed from list of lieut. cols.

Late 34th N.I.

Capt. (brev. lieut. col.) P. H. K. Dewaal to be maj.

Lieut. (brev. maj.) F. H. Hammer to be capt., v. Walker, dec.

Late 39th N.I.

Capt. (brev. lieut. col.) C. Jackson to be maj., v. Thomas, dec.

ALTERATIONS OF RANK.

Infantry.

Lieut. col. H. R. Shelton to take rank from Jan. 24.

Late 47th N.I.

Capt. W. Gordon to take rank from Jan. 24.

MEDICAL OFFICERS.

PROMOTIONS.

To be Surgeons-major.

Surg. J. P. Walker, M.D.

Surg. R. S. O. Thring, M.D.

Surg. J. Squire.

To be Surgeons.

Asst. surg. R. F. Hutchison, M.D.

Asst. surg. J. Picthall, M.D.

Asst. surg. A. C. Crew.

ALTERATIONS OF RANK.

The undermentioned officers take rank as follows:—

Surg. E. T. Taylor, from July 11, 1864.

Surg. H. W. Spry, from Aug. 7, 1864.

Surg. A. J. Dale, from Sept. 26, 1864.

Surg. A. Young, from Oct. 4, 1864.

Surg. G. Barnard, from Jan. 28, 1865.

MADRAS STAFF CORPS.

TO BE LIEUTENANT-COLONELS.

Major J. H. N. Maclean.

TO BE MAJORS.

Capt. A. J. Butt.

Capt. R. J. Baker.

Capt. F. G. Hodgson.

TO BE CAPTAINS.

Lieut. J. D. W. Sewell.

MADRAS ARMY.

Infantry.

Lieut. cols. to be cols. (maj. gen.) W. C. McLeod, v. Steel, dec.

Lieut. cols. to be cols. (maj. gen.) G. A. Baillie, 28th N.I.

Lieut. (brev. capt.) W. Cunningham to be capt., v. Yates, dec.

Late 45th N.I.

Lieut. G. W. Cox to be capt., v. Moxon, ret.

MEDICAL OFFICERS.

To be Surgeon-major.

Surg. W. A. Leslie.

To be Surgeon.

Asst. surg. W. H. Rean, M.D.

BOMBAY STAFF CORPS.

TO BE LIEUTENANT-COLONELS.

Major E. A. Green.

Major W. B. Gray.

Major W. Lodwick.

TO BE MAJORS.

Capt. W. T. Chitty.

Capt. T. M. Baumgartner.

Capt. A. W. Graham.

Capt. H. Beville.

Capt. W. Waddington.

TO BE CAPTAINS.

Lieut. J. R. Strutt.

Lieut. F. J. T. Ross.

Lieut. A. T. Spens.

Lieut. F. W. Knight.

Lieut. C. J. Anderson.

Lieut. R. G. Watson.

BOMBAY ARMY.

1st Light Cavalry.

Lieut. E. G. Jenkins to be capt., v. Stevens, ret.

5th N.I.

Lieut. S. Fellows to be capt., v. Ramsay, ret.

MEDICAL OFFICERS.

To be Surgeons-major.

J. C. Trestrail.

J. Peet.

H. J. Giraud.

T. B. Johnstone.

J. Turner.

F. Broughton.

D. Wyllie.

H. Pitman.

J. Y. Smith.

R. Nicholson.

W. C. Coles.

J. F. Shekleton.

To be Surgeons.

Asst. surg. H. P. Lawrence.

Asst. surg. J. M. Knapp.

Asst. surg. T. Murray.

Asst. surg. C. J. Sylvester.

Asst. surg. J. Pirie.

Asst. surg. J. Daubeney.

Asst. surg. J. Bean.

Asst. surg. W. Peach.

Asst. surg. G. F. H. Brown.

Asst. surg. J. Gilbert.

Asst. surg. J. Mills.

Asst. surg. J. S. Rimington.

Asst. surg. R. Haines.

Asst. surg. G. R. Ballingall.

Asst. surg. J. Welsh.

Asst. surg. W. G. Hunter.

Asst. surg. J. Bain.

Asst. surg. T. B. Beatty.

Asst. surg. F. G. Joynt.

Asst. surg. W. E. Wood.

Asst. surg. A. Fox.

Asst. surg. A. V. Ward.

Asst. surg. C. Thomson.

Asst. surg. J. Glen.

Asst. surg. R. W. James.

Asst. surg. T. M. Lowndes.

Asst. surg. H. O. Thorold.

Asst. surg. M. M. Mackenzie.

Asst. surg. A. M. Rogers.

Asst. surg. T. E. P. Martin.

Asst. surg. J. P. Stratton.

Asst. surg. J. Lumsdaine.

Asst. surg. W. J. Moore.

Asst. surg. W. A. Shepherd.

Asst. surg. H. J. Gane.

Asst. surg. J. M. Barnett.

RESIGNATIONS.

Lieut. J. W. Grant, late 42nd Bengal N.I.

Lieut. G. P. Wood, gen. list, Madras inf.

The date of the prom. of Lieut. col. C. C. M'Callum, Madras staff corps, should be Jan. 10, 1863, instead of the date given in *London Gazette* of March 28, 1865.

The date of the prom. of Major Faulkner, 6th Bombay N.I., should be 26th April, 1863, instead of the date given in *London Gazette* of March 28, 1865.

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To Correspondents.

All letters for insertion in *Allen's Indian Mail* should be accompanied with the real name and address of the writer, "not necessarily for publication, but as a guarantee of good faith."

Communications for the Editor, and Advertisements, should be sent under cover to Messrs. WM. H. ALLEN & Co., 13, Waterloo-place, S.W.

. Should any delay or irregularity occur in supplying this Paper, communication of the fact to the Publisher will insure a remedy.

ALLEN'S INDIAN MAIL,

SATURDAY, October 28, 1865.

MR. CALCRAFT AND THE INDIAN CIVIL SERVICE.

We have received, from authority which we may best characterise by saying that it could not be better, some information concerning the family of the public executioner, disposing of a question lately discussed in these columns.

The functionary in question, we are informed, has two sons, the youngest of whom is now about forty years of age. They have both been sailors, but have left the sea, and have been employed in this country for some years, one as a cooper, and the other as a labourer, in a large vinegar manufactory. They are both married men, with young children. They have one sister, also married, and these constitute the entire family. It is, therefore, impossible that any member of this interesting household can be in the Indian Civil Service, even if the pecuniary circumstances of the father—whose sole regular stipend is a guinea a week from the Corporation of London, with the addition of an extra guinea for each execution—would admit of his giving them the necessary training.

In reference to a pert remark made by the *Spectator* upon ourselves in connection with the subject, we may here observe that we never declared our belief that the son or sons of the hangman were in the Indian Civil Service, nor, in the event of their belonging to that body, wished to remove them from it. We said just what the *Spectator* said after us, that such an event must be accepted as a logical consequence of the competition system, but we added that it was not likely to be satisfactory to the members of the service on that account, and that a little prejudice upon the subject might be considered excusable.

KING STORK ON THE BOMBAY BENCH.

When John Wilkes was asked by a celebrated French lady how far it was pos-

sible to go in England in reviling the Sovereign, he answered, "That is exactly what I am trying to find out." The *Times of India* seems bent upon making the same experiment in reference to a judge. Mr. Chisholm Anstey, since his appearance on the bench, has, to be sure, invited opposition. It is not in the nature of the ex-M.P. in England, ex-Attorney-general at Hong Kong, and ex-leader of the Bombay bar, to say less than he means, and, like most very earnest persons, he frequently says a little more. In our last number we published, from his particular enemy in the local press, a lively selection from his recent ebullitions against witnesses, attorneys, barristers, and others, for more or less grave departures from an irreproachable course of conduct. Were we disposed to devote about the entire of our extract columns to the purpose, we might quote in return the savage comments which Mr. Anstey's outspokenness has drawn down upon him from the editor of the journal alluded to and his little band of correspondents. A list even of the epithets employed by these writers, as ingeniously collected by a correspondent of the *Bombay Gazette*, occupies the greater part of a column. Without venturing to quote the entire collection, we may remark that it is made up of such matter as this:—Mr. Anstey's appointment was incongruous; he has audacity; he has brow-beaten witnesses, and vituperated his brethren of the Bar; he vents diatribes, and has volcanic bursts of temper; he exhibits injudicious severity; he imposes inevitable fines; he scoffs at and reviles the natives; he will never learn to respect the British law; he is detested by all who know him best; he is a thorn in the side; he wants good breeding; he is guilty of rudeness; he is a public nuisance; he has a captious propensity; he is unfit for a post of honour; he is eccentric; he is like a mad bull; he disregards judicial dignity; he has a revolting trait of character; he is a bully; he has animus; he has an overbearing and ferocious temper; he delays the administration of justice; he has vile taste, freely indulged; he indulges feelings of envy; he has malicious spitefulness; he has execrably bad taste; his name is mentioned with abhorrence; he is guilty of snobbism on the Bench; he has been impatient to insult the Jainsetjee family; he sneers; he acts the part of a snob on the bench; he exhibits himself; he proves how little his own birth has done for him; he has outbursts of temper; he does not repent; he is famed for his peculiar amenities from China to Chancery-lane; he has gained unenviable notoriety; he has a truculent bearing; he has lowered the traditional dignity of the bench; he is not at all fit for the bench; he has discredited

himself and the bench as well, &c. Among the remarks quoted, the compiler observes there are at least four which might entail prosecution under the Penal Code.

All this would be very wrong, even if it were based on an appearance of fact; for grave imputations against a judge, affecting his honour and fair administration of the law, may surely not be properly made at hazard, and merely as a matter of opinion, not only by the editor, but by chance correspondents of a newspaper. But the curious part of the present case is, as the *Bombay Gazette* points out, that Mr. Anstey, except as to the mode in which he administers his reproofs or penalties, is not really considered to be in the wrong. On the contrary, he has, as the *Gazette* says, while giving offence to individuals, conferred an inestimable service upon the public. "His relentless severity to shameless and fraudulent insolvents [he has sentenced one to a year's, and another to two years' imprisonment] has raised by many degrees the standard of commercial morality in a city in which men were beginning to act generally on the belief that any kind of roguery might be practised here with impunity. His stern administration of justice is already purifying Bombay society." In fact he reproves attorneys and their clerks, and even counsel, if they do not attend to their duties; he threatens and fines prevaricating witnesses; but he always acts in the interest of the suitors and the strict administration of justice.

For a man who takes so Quixotic a view of his duties as this, professional popularity is impossible; and certain classes of the public against whose failings he is always running full tilt, are also naturally numbered among his enemies. Witnesses with a turn for perjury for instance—that is to say nine native witnesses out of ten—must cordially detest him, and fraudulent bankrupts whom he sends to jail are not likely to be on the list of his particular friends; but by the respectable portion of the public Mr. Anstey is both respected and trusted, and his strict integrity and unflinching zeal in the interests of his clients have never been denied by his bitterest opponents. The estimation in which he is held, indeed, is sufficiently shown by the fact that, before his elevation to the bench—which, for the present, however, is only in an officiating capacity—he had by far the largest practice at the Bombay bar. That Mr. Anstey is often injudicious is not to be denied; but his injudiciousness is principally confined to telling the truth at the wrong time or place; and it is rather too much that for this failing he should be assailed as we have seen, by a clique who seem determined to bring down upon themselves the penalties of the law of libel.

MISCELLANEOUS.

THE LATE MAJOR ROBERT MAYNE.—We regret to have to record the death at Darjeeling, on the 18th September, of Major Robert Graham Mayne, of the Bengal Staff Corps. He had seen much service as a Lieut. in the 59th N.I. He went through the whole of the first Punjab campaign, and was especially distinguished at the battle of Sohraon, where he commanded a company. During the late mutiny he did good service in command of the 3rd Madras Cavalry (a great portion of which Regiment remained faithful) in the Saur district. He went through the whole Bhootan campaign in command of the 30th Regiment of Punjab Native Infantry, and never entirely recovered from the effects of his exposure to that deadly climate. He was the youngest son of the late Rev. Robert Mayne, of Limpfield, Surrey, great nephew to the late William Mayne, Lord Newhaven, and brother of that highly distinguished officer the late Colonel William Mayne, Aide-de-Camp to the Queen. He was forty-five years of age, and leaves a widow and seven young children.

MEMORIAL TO THE LATE LORD CLYDE.—A handsome memorial stone of polished Aberdeen granite is now in the course of erection, by Mr. T. Gaffin, the sculptor, of the Quadrant, Regent-street, in Westminster Abbey, in memory of the late Lord Clyde. The stone bears the following inscription: "Beneath this stone rest the remains of Colin Campbell, Lord Clyde, who by his own deserts, through fifty years of arduous service, from the earliest battles in the Peninsular war to the pacification of India in 1858, rose to the rank of Field Marshal and the Peerage. He died lamented by the Queen, the army, and the people, Aug. 14, 1863, in the 71st year of his age."

MONUMENT TO THE LATE VISCOUNT COMBERMERE.—The ceremony of unveiling a statue erected at Chester to the memory of the late General Combermere took place on Wednesday last. The memorial is situate opposite Chester Castle Gate, contiguous to the monument of Matthew Henry, the Great Commentator, and in full view of the Chester Race-course. The pedestal on which the statue rests is composed of massive blocks of granite, from quarries near Falmouth Harbour, Cornwall, the height of the column being 12 feet, that of the statue being about the same, making the total height from the ground to the top, 24 feet. His lordship is represented as sitting upon his favourite charger, in military uniform, facing towards Wales, the likeness of the Viscount being pronounced by all competent judges a most excellent one. The inscription on the front of the pedestal is simply as follows:—"Erected in honour of Stapleton Cotton, Viscount Combermere, Field Marshal. Born 1773. Died 1865." On the reverse side are inscribed the following names of places associated with the distinguished achievements of the deceased: Flanders, Cape of Good Hope, Malavelly, Seringapatam, the Douro, Talavera, Torres Vedras, Busaco, Villa Gracia, Castrajon, Fuentes d'Onor, Salamanca, Ciudad Rodrigo, El Bodon, the Pyrenees, Orthes, Toulouse, West Indies, Bhurtpore. A procession was formed of the memorial committee, with the civic and local dignitaries and gentry, who proceeded to the monument, around which were drawn up the Chester Rifle Volunteers and Artillery Volunteers. At the behest of Earl Grosvenor, M.P., Lieut.-General the Hon. Sir Edward Cust delivered an address. Afterwards the procession moved on to the site of the New Town Hall, of which the Mayor laid the foundation-stone with due ceremony.

GREAT INDIAN PENINSULA RAILWAY.—The report to be read at the half-yearly meeting to be held at the London Tavern on Tuesday includes the following items:—No further portion of the railway was opened for traffic

during the half-year. The number of miles worked over was 588 as compared with 553 in the corresponding half of the previous year. The receipts of the half-year show a highly satisfactory increase upon the receipts of the corresponding period in last year; the total amount having been for the half-year to the 30th June, 1865, £557,121. 4s. 1d., or £947. 9s. 8d. per mile, against £325,007. 12s. 1d., or £587. 14s. 4d. per mile, in the half-year to the 30th June, 1864; being an increase of £232,113. 12s., or £359. 15s. 4d. per mile. This proves that the anticipations formed of the traffic to be obtained upon the opening of the railway across the Ghats were well founded, and it shows that the facilities of transit thereby created are being rapidly taken advantage of by the natives and others in India. The expenditure of the half-year amounted to £326,209. 2s. 5d., or 58.55 per cent. of the receipts, leaving a balance of £230,912. 1s. 8d. to be carried to the credit of the company's interest account with the Government, the balance in the half-year to 30th June, 1864, having been £94,506. 8s. 3d. The net profit of the half-year is equal to six per cent. per annum upon the amount returned from India, as the outlay to the present time, upon the railway opened for traffic. The continuation of the Nagpur branch from Shegaum to Budnaira (70½ miles), which is the next portion to be completed, is, however, in a very forward state, and will shortly be ready for opening. Upon the line to Jubbulpore the Taptee viaduct has been finished, and a train of the contractors has passed over it, along the line as far as the fifty-seventh mile from Bhosawul. The site for the passenger terminus in Bombay has at length been settled, that of Moodie Bay having been finally sanctioned by the Government. Under an arrangement with the Government, the company are to execute the necessary reclamation works, and the Government will repay the cost of the works up to one foot above high water level.

SHIPPING.

ARRIVALS.

Oct. 23. Zenobie, Bombay.—26. Starling Fawn, Bombay; Flower of the Forest, Calcutta; Sea Chief, Bassein; Julia Augusta, Colombo; Trevelyan, Calcutta; Forest Rights, Calcutta; Chaturanga, Colombo; Geelons, Colombo.—27. Christian, Newton, Singapore; Sea Pink, Bombay; Bosphorus, Rangoon; Richard Cobden, Singapore; Miriam, Mouline.

DEPARTURES.

Oct. 23. Celestial Empire, Bombay; Marlborough, Calcutta.—24. Krishna, Bombay; Britannia, Point de Galle.—26. Koap Horn, Batavia.

DOMESTIC.

BIRTHS.

DUNLOP.—The wife of Hamilton G. Dunlop, Esq., of Calcutta, of a son, at Jersey, Oct. 20.
HILL.—The wife of Capt. Eustace Hill, Madras Staff Corps, of a daughter, at 12, Boltons, West Brompton, Oct. 28.
PEARSON.—The wife of Capt. G. F. Pearson, Madras Staff Corps, of a daughter, at Abergeldie, Oct. 26.

MARRIAGES.

CARTER.—NIGHTINGALE.—Lieut.-Colonel J. W. Carter, H.M.'s Bengal Army, to Sophia, widow of the late Capt. E. H. Nightingale, 23rd Regt. M.L.I., and daughter of the late Lieut-General Robert Blackall, H.M.'s Bengal Army, at St. Mark's, Lycombe, Bath, Oct. 18.
JAMES.—HARRISON.—Rev. Acland James, son of the late Rev. Dr. James, Bishop of Calcutta, to Frances M., daughter of the late Rev. Thomas Harrison, of Firby, in the county of York, at St. George's, Hanover-square, Oct. 18.

DEATHS.

HEARSEY.—Lieut.-general Sir John Bennett Hearsay, K.C.B., commanding H.M.'s 21st Hussars, and late 6th Bengal Light Cavalry, at 24, rue Marquette, Boulogne sur Mer, aged 72, Oct. 28.
LANE.—H. S. Lane, Esq., of Broad Oak, Sussex, and late of the Bengal Civil Service, by the accidental upsetting of his carriage, aged 65, Oct. 18.

RICHARDS.—The widow of Colonel Goddard Richards, late of the Bengal Army, at Versailles, aged 85, Oct. 8.
SCOTT.—Major-general James Scott, H.M.'s Bombay Army, at St. Andrews, N.B., Oct. 11.
WALKER.—Mary, widow of Captain Robert Walker, of the Bengal Artillery, at Park-terrace, Brixton, aged 62, Oct. 22.
WYLDE.—Maud M. M., infant daughter of Captain Edward A. Wyld, R.M.L.I., at New Brompton, Kent, Oct. 20.

INDIA EXCHANGES.

BANK AND COMMERCIAL BILLS.

	60 days' sight.	90 days' sight.		60 days' sight.	90 days' sight.
Calcutta	1s. 11½d.	3s. 0d.	Singapore	4s. 4½d.	4s. 5d.
Madras	1s. 11½d.	3s. 0d.	Hong Kong	4s. 4½d.	4s. 5d.
Bombay	1s. 0½d.	2s. 0½d.	Shanghai	—	—
Colombo	1s. pm.	1 0½pm.			
Bar Silver, per oz., std.	—	—	5s. 1½d.		
Mexican Dollars, per oz.	—	—	4s. 11½d.		
Five Franc Pieces, per oz.	—	—	4s. 11½d.		

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Shares.		Paid.	Prices.
£.			
	India Stock, 1874.....		316 to 319
	India 5 per cent.		104½ to 105
	India 4 per cent.		98½
	India 4 per cent. 1868 ..		105½
	India 5 p. ct. Enfd. Paper, 1873		99
	India Stock, Enfd. Paper, 5½		101½ to 102½
	per cent.		107½ to 108½
	India Stock Debentures, 1857		95½
	India Stock Debentures, 1857		99½
	" " " 1863		99½
	" " " 1864		98½
	" " " 1864 or 1866		98
	India Debentures, do., £1,000		98
	Do. 4 per cent., 1866.....		105 4½
	India 5 per cent. for account...		99½
	India 5 per cent., 1870		104½
	India 4 per cent., 1868.....		15s. to 16s. pm.
	India Loan Scrip 5 per cent		20s. to 21s. pm.
	India Bonds, 4 p. ct. (£1,000)		24s. to 25s.
	India Bonds (£1,000)		
	Ditto (under £1,000)		
	RAILWAYS.		
Stock	Bombay, Baroda, and Central India (guar. 5 per cent.)	100	101½ to 102½
90	Ditto F Shares	6	1 d. to 1 pm.
Stock	Calcutta & S. Eastern (lim.)	100	99 to 100
Stock	Eastern Bengal (gu. 5 p. ct.)	100	101 to 102
Stock	East Indian	100	104½ to 105½
90	Ditto J. Extension.....	all	2 to 2 pm.
Stock	G. I. Peninsula (guar. 5 p. ct.)	100	104 to 105
90	Ditto (New ditto)	14	2 to 2 pm.
20	Ditto, New.....	4	2 to 2 pm.
Stock	Great S. of India (Lim.) Scrip	100	101 to 102
Stock	Ditto 4½ p. c.	2	
Stock	Madras (guar. 4½ per cent.)	100	85 to 90
Stock	Ditto 5 per cent.	100	101 to 102
Stock	Ditto (guar. 4½ per cent.)	100	93 to 95
90	5th Extension.....	2	
Stock	Scinde (guar. 5 per cent.)	100	100½ to 101½
Stock	Ditto Indus Steam Flotilla		
	(guar. 5 per cent.).....	100	
Stock	Delhi guar. 5 per cent.	100	100½ to 101½
Stock	Ditto Delhi guar. 5 p. c.	all	100½ to 101½
90	Ditto	2	1 d. to 1 pm.
Stock	Punjab (5 per cent.)	100	100 to 101
	BANKS.		
50	Agra and Masterman's (L.)...	25	57 to 58
20	Asiatic Banking Corp., new issue, 215 pm., on which 27. 10s. has been paid	5	18 to 20 pm.
90	Chart. of Ind., Aus., & China	all	24 to 25
25	Chart. Merc. of India, Lond., and China	all	49 to 51
95	Commercial Bank of India	all	30½ to 31½
100	Hindustan, China, & Japan	25	20 to 22
20	Land Mortgage Bank of India	4	1 d. to 1 pm.
25	Oriental Bank Corporation...	all	51 to 53
20	Scinde, Punjab, and Delhi	10	4½ to 5½ dis.
	MISCELLANEOUS.		
5	Bombay Gas (Lim.)	all	51 to 52 pm.
5	Second issue	5	1 d. to 1 pm.
5	Third issue	5	1 d. to 1 pm.
20	Ceylon Company (Lim.)	7	3½ to 3½ pm.
20	East India Irr. & Can.....	12	4 to 5 dis.
50	E.I. Financial (Lim.)	7½	
20	Madras Irrig. and Canal.....	15	3 to 1 dis.
20	Do.	all	18½ to 19½
20	Nerbudda Coal & Iron (Lim.)	5	14 to 15 dis.
20	Do. New	2	1 d. par
10	North Assam Tea (Lim.)	1½	1 d. to par
	Do. B.	5	2½ to 1½ dis.
20	Oriental Commercial (Lim.)...	7½	
20	Oriental Financial	10	9 to 7 dis.
10	Oriental Inland Steam & (L.)	all	1½ to 2½
50	P. and O. Steam Nav. Co. ...	all	74 to 76
50	Ditto New	35	17 to 19 pm.
10	Upper Assam Tea (Lim.)	4½	24 to 25 pm.
	Ditto	all	14 to 17

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LONDON: Printed by RICHARD KINDER, Printer, at his
 Printing Office, Milford-lane, Strand, W.C., in the Parish
 of St. Clement Danes; and published by JAMES PEARCE
 ALLEN, 13, Waterloo-place, S.W., both in the County of
 Middlesex.—October 28, 1865.

ALLEN'S INDIAN MAIL

AND OFFICIAL GAZETTE

FROM

BRITISH & FOREIGN INDIA, CHINA, & ALL PARTS OF THE EAST.

(WITH THIS PAPER "THE INDIAN NEWS" IS NOW INCORPORATED.)

VOL. XXIII.—No. 693.] LONDON, MONDAY, NOVEMBER 6, 1865.

[PRICE 6d.]

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DATES OF ADVICES.

Bengal.....	Oct. 7	Burmah (Rangoon) Aug. 16
Madras.....	" 6	Bombay..... Oct. 13
Agra.....	" 7	Ceylon..... Sept. 30
China (Hong Kong).....	Sept. 11.	

MAILS TO INDIA.

The Mails to India, China, &c., are made up in London, in each month, as follows:—

- On the 3rd, at 6 P.M., via Marseilles and Bombay, to all parts of India.
- On the 4th, at 8 A.M., via Southampton, to Calcutta, Madras, Ceylon, and China.
- On the 10th, at 6 P.M., via Marseilles, to Calcutta, Madras, Ceylon, and China.
- On the 12th, at 8 A.M., via Southampton, to Bombay and N.W. Provinces (also for letters only, to Madras and Lower Provinces of Bengal).
- On the 15th, at 6 P.M., via Marseilles and Bombay, to all parts of India.
- On the 20th, at 8 A.M., via Southampton, to Calcutta, Madras, Ceylon, and China.
- On the 26th, at 6 P.M., via Marseilles, to Calcutta, Madras, Ceylon, and China.
- On the 27th, at 8 A.M., via Southampton, to Bombay, and N.W. Provinces (also for letters only, to Madras and Lower Provinces of Bengal).

* When any of the above dates occur on Sunday, the Mails via Southampton are made up on the previous Evening, and those via Marseilles on the following Evening.

RATES OF POSTAGE.

LETTERS.

- Via Marseilles, $\frac{1}{2}$ oz., 10d. ... 1 oz., 1s. 8d.
- Every portion of an oz. afterwards an additional 1s. 8d.
- Via Southampton, $\frac{1}{2}$ oz., 6d. ... 1 oz., 1s.
- Every portion of an oz. afterwards an additional 1s.

NEWSPAPERS.

- Via Marseilles, 4 oz., 3d. ... 8 oz., 6d.
- Each succeeding 4 oz., 3d.

- Via Southampton, 4 oz., 2d. ... 8 oz., 3d.
- Each succeeding 4 oz., 1d.

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- Via Marseilles, 4 oz., 6d. ... 8 oz., 1s.
- Each succeeding 8 oz., 1s.
- Via Southampton, 4 oz., 4d. ... 8 oz., 8d.
- Each succeeding 8 oz., 8d.

A French line of mail packets now leaves Marseilles on the 19th of every month for Alexandria. Postage for letters and papers to India and China the same as is charged by the English mail via Marseilles. Letters intended to be forwarded by these packets must be specially addressed "By French mail packet from Marseilles."

Books, Parcels, &c., may not exceed 3 lbs. in weight, or be of greater dimensions than 2 $\frac{1}{2}$ inches in length or 12 inches in width or depth.

IN ALL CASES PREPAYMENT IS COMPULSORY.

SUMMARY AND REVIEW.

WE have received our usual files of papers, from Bombay to the 13th of October, and Calcutta to the 7th of that month.

In Calcutta the Doorgah Poojah holidays had set in, and commerce was in a state of suspension; the temperature was higher than the *Englishman* remembers during any previous October, and rain, which was much wanted, was not apparently forthcoming. Calcutta of course was "empty;" but its emptiness, like that of London in the autumn, would not be noticed by a stranger; and after all, however empty a town may be, it is always fuller than the country. The absentees, too, had left behind them a little to talk about, in the expected return of the Governor-general, who was to leave Simla on 25th of October, and arrive at Calcutta about the first of this month, to conduct an unusually busy legislative session. The announcement of this change in Sir John's arrangements was made in the official *Gazette*, and its publication has excited no little indignation. known, as it was, to be dictated from home. "Yesterday," says the *Englishman*, "a scrap of paper was circulated all over India, intimating that the Viceroy of this great country was not permitted to spend the cold weather at the place which he had selected as his winter residence, but that he had been ordered down to Calcutta." The first feeling, the writer adds, upon reading the announcement would be one of indignation. This, however, "would be speedily succeeded by an impression of the want of tact and judgment which should have caused such a degradation—which should have inflicted upon the Viceroy this painful and public rebuff." At the same time the writer thinks Sir Charles Wood quite right in desiring the Governor-General's presence at the Presidency, and Sir John Lawrence principally wrong for not having ascertained the wishes of the Secretary of State on the subject, instead of pretending to have a will of his own. The opinion of the *Friend of India* we publish elsewhere.

There was no change in Bhootan politics, except that the Chinese were seriously

supposed to be bent on assisting the enemy. The preparations continued unabated, but the campaign was not to commence before the end of December.

The general holiday left the money market unchanged.

In Bombay the Governor's reception of the Sultan of Zanzibar, and the Great Durbar held in his honour, were the official events of the week. Another distinguished stranger—Dr. Livingstone—was also a visitor at the Presidency, and had delivered a lecture upon African Discovery before the Asiatic Society.

A great social improvement has been made in Bombay. The city has been lighted with gas, to the immense astonishment of the natives. It is expected that this means of illumination will supersede oil in all well-to-do houses.

The trial of three fraudulent directors of one of the financial associations brought into existence by the late monetary mania, has attracted a great deal of public attention. When these speculations came to be wound up, one of the most common features in connection with them was, as the *Bombay Gazette* remarks, the liberality with which the directors had helped themselves to the money of the shareholders in the name of loans. Another feature also, which revealed the rottenness of the great majority of these schemes, was the prevalent habit of each company investing largely in its own shares, with the view of running them up to a high fictitious premium. In the case which has just been tried before the Criminal Sessions the directors of a company, or the greater number of them, entered into an arrangement in their personal and non-official capacities when premiums were high, and the prospects golden, for the extensive purchase of shares. The market collapsed suddenly, and left them with their worthless paper. Tempted to shift the loss upon the shareholders, four of the directors, who had become the guiding spirits in the company, caused fabricated minutes, which pretended to authorise the purchase, and fabricated entries of the transactions to be made in the books, by which the unfortunate shareholders would have been made to bear the whole loss, and by which their own original outlay would have been refunded. One of the parties, however, divulged the villany, and it formed the subject of lengthened preliminary inquiry some weeks ago before the police court. The three directors have since stood their trial before the Criminal Sessions, and two of

them have been sentenced to transportation for life, with the confiscation of all their movable and immovable property to the Crown; and the third, who came later into the plot, has been sentenced to four years' rigorous imprisonment. The prisoners all belong to the Hindoo community, and were possessed of considerable wealth. The sentences have caused great astonishment and no little indignation among the native community, whose sympathy with the delinquents is not concealed; and poor Mr. Anstey—still the best abused man in Bombay—is roundly accused of excessive and unjust severity. The *Times of India*, however, is comparatively letting the learned gentleman alone, and the journals elsewhere generally endorse the opinion of the *Bombay Gazette*, that he is just the man wanted for the occasion—the kind of doctor who will deal most effectually with the disease.

Colonel Stanley has, after all, been deprived of the command of the 15th Regiment of Native Infantry. He is the officer, it may be remembered, who so bullied Captain Bushe, of his regiment, and assaulted one of his own sepoys with his sword while on parade. Local leniency gave him nothing more than a reprimand at the time; but the Supreme Government has now stepped in to the vindication of discipline and decency, and Colonel Stanley knows his regiment no more.

It is stated that the Bokhara troops have been defeated by a small division of Russian troops recently, near Tashakund. The latter have since advanced within six marches of Bokhara.

From Cabul we learn that the troops of the Ameer are in a very discontented mood, large arrears of pay being due to them. The Sirdar Ubdoolrahman Khan, son of Ufzul Khan, has written a letter to the Ameer upbraiding him for the treatment to which his father is subjected, and also accusing the Ameer Sahib with having poisoned Sirdar Mahomed Oosman Khan, winding up by declaring that he will kill him should his father die in his hands.

A loan is about to be raised by the Municipal Commissioner for public purposes; it is not yet decided whether the loan would be negotiated in Bombay or in England.

The public health continued to improve, notwithstanding the setting in of the hot weather; the latest weekly returns gave the total number of deaths during that period at 322.

The money market was tightening, and there was every prospect of a revival of speculation consequent on the steady rise of cotton. The Bombay Bank had raised its rates one per cent.

The next arrival from India will be the Calcutta Mail, which may be expected in London on Saturday next.

LATEST INTELLIGENCE.

(By Direct Overland Telegraph.)

BOMBAY, Oct. 13 (2.55 P.M.).

Shirtings and twist higher. Cotton good inquiry. Dhollerah, 410 rupees. Shipments since the 6th inst: 20,000 bales. Exchange on London, 2s. 1d. Freights 45s.

The rate of discount has been raised 2 per cent.

The latest date from London is the 4th inst. CALCUTTA, Oct. 12.

Seven-pound shirtings, 8s. 2a. Exchange on London, 2s. 0½d.

The rate of discount has been raised 2 per cent.

JAPAN.

(By Overland Telegraph from Galle.)

SHANGHAI, Sept. 21.

The quarrel between the Tycoon and Prince Nagato has been settled.

A plot to murder the former has been discovered.

It is rumoured that Sir Harry Parkes's negotiations with the Japanese Government have been well received.

CHINA.

CANTON, Sept. 27.

Tea unchanged. Export to date, 58,000,000 lbs. Exchange on London, 4s. 6d.

SHANGHAI, Sept. 21.

Tea declining. Silk quiet. Export to date, 37,000 bales. Exchange on London, 6s. 1½d.

CALCUTTA AND CHINA MAILS.

ALEXANDRIA, Nov. 4.

The *Syria* left here at 10.30 A.M., and the *Pera* at 4.30 P.M. yesterday.

The former may be expected at Marseilles on the 9th, and the latter at Southampton about the 10th instant.

PROGRESS IN BOMBAY.—In the Bombay Presidency there are thirteen spinning and weaving mills, nine of which are situated within the city of Bombay, one at Coorla, two at Surat, and the other at Ahmedabad. There are also nine mills for ginning and pressing cotton, at all of which steam power is used, besides sixteen factories connected with railways and other establishments. In the spinning and weaving mills alone there are nearly 8,000 hands employed; in the other mills, cotton presses, &c., there are about 2,000 hands employed.

PUBLIC SWIMMING BATHS.—We understand that Mr. Hastings, C.E., has received from Mr. Crawford, the municipal commissioner, an official intimation, to the effect that the Vehar water will be granted, free of charge, for his proposed public swimming baths on the Esplanade, on condition that the water afterwards be made available for road purposes. The absence of any kind of public baths in Bombay has ever been matter of astonishment to every one, and should Mr. Hastings be able to complete his undertaking, as there is a good prospect of his doing, these baths will be a great boon to the city. We believe salt water baths will also be added if the first plan meet with encouragement from the public.—*Times of India*.

Casualties by Death in the Armies of India reported since last Publication.

H.M.'s Forces.—Lieut. A. S. Maurice, 91st Highlanders, on board the *Simla*, on his passage home from India, aged 27, Oct. 11.

BENGAL.—Capt. James Trevelyan, Bengal Staff Corps, at Ford-park, Plymouth, Oct. 31. Lieut. gen. Salter, Bengal Army, in the Bengal Presidency, October. Lieut. Ommamney, of the Guides, murdered by fanatics at Murcan, Lahore, previous to Oct. 6. Dr. T. Parker, at Pubna, Sept. 21, aged 67.

Passengers by the present Mail.

For Marseilles.—From Bombay.—Mr. Aiken, Col Smyth, Capt. and Mrs. Wilkins and infant, Mr. Cullen, Mr. de Melchee.

Expected at Southampton.

Per *St. Moritz*, Nov. 10.—From Bombay.—Mrs. Aiken and three children, Mr. and Mrs. Spence and three children, Mrs. Burton, Mr. A. Chubbuck, and two children, Mrs. T. J. Harrison, Lieut. Montagu, Mr. Brett, Lieut. Armstrong, Lieut. Martin, Mrs. Bremer, Mr. and Mrs. Pender, Mrs. Peck and child, Mr. Tidd, Lieut. Col. and Mrs. Foxsett and child, Lieut. Trevelyan, Mr. and Mrs. Lawrence and two children, Mr. Bremer, Mrs. Bedingfield, Mr. T. Le Cœp. From ALEXANDRIA.—Mr. Alderton.

BENGAL.

BHOOTAN.

The following arrangements as regards the distribution of the force for the ensuing campaign in Bhootan and its equipment have received the sanction of the Supreme Government.

The force will be composed of the following number of regiments and batteries:—Two Batteries of Artillery; two Companies of Sappers and Miners; two Wings British Infantry; six Regiments Native Infantry; 1,000 coolies, formed into a Coolie Corps of two wings, 500 men each.

Mules, or yaboo, will be allowed for regiments and batteries, each corps and battery having its separate train of animals; the load for each animal to be two maunds, more or less, with reference to the nature of the ground to be traversed. These animals will, where circumstances permit, be procured by the commandants; but as some of the corps intended for the service may be in places where they have not the opportunity of purchasing mules or yaboo, the Commander-in-Chief will indicate those for which his Excellency would desire the Commissariat to supply carriage. In either case, whether purchased by the commandants or supplied by the Commissariat, the cattle attached to regiments and batteries will be entirely under the control of the commanding officers, who will be responsible for the animals, as they would be for cavalry horses—the drivers being on the footing of followers under their orders. The Commissariat train will also include carriage for spare ammunition, viz., 100 rounds per gun, and 100 rounds per man, for the engineer park, and for one month's supply of dry provisions and rum, with 100 mules for hospital and caecoles for each column, and will be under the direction of the Commissariat officer in charge of the expedition.

It is recommended that, for the purposes of carriage, it will be better to depend more on cattle than coolies, but a coolie corps composed of 1,000 men will be formed, divided into two wings, one of which will be attached to each column—not in substitution of, but in addition to the mule and bullock carriage sanctioned—for employment in such manner as the officers commanding may direct. Elephants will generally be used in supplying the bases of operations at the entrance to the hills, and for pushing on supplies as the roads are improved, after the first advance of the troops has taken place.

The following calculations for carriage of a force for hill service have received the sanction of Government:—Allowance to officers, 80lbs.; to officers' mess, one mule to five officers; to British soldiers, 30lbs., to include carriage of two blankets and a great coat; to native officers, 30lbs.; to native soldiers, 12lbs., to include two blankets. No tents to be taken with the force, but every man to be provided with an extra blanket. For hospital, one native paul to be supplied for every two hundred combatants, European or native. Hospital stores to be allowed at the rate of 80lbs. for every one hundred Europeans, and 20lbs. for every one hundred native soldiers. Hill *dandies* to be supplied to the troops, at the rate of ten per cent. for Europeans, and two per cent. for natives, with six men per *dandy*. Sixty rounds of ammunition to be carried in pouch, and one hundred and forty rounds on animals with the regiment. One hundred rounds per man to be in reserve at nearest depot. Two days' dry provisions are to be carried by the troops, and eight days' on animals with the regiments. Live stock to be driven. The Commissariat Department to have fifteen days' supply with the force, one month's in nearest issue depot, and five months' at the bases of operations. The following are to be the only followers allowed to accompany the troops:—

One servant to every officer, and two *syces* for the whole of the mounted officers of a regiment or detachment. Seven per cent. with the troops, to include cooks and *blesties*; a small hospital establishment; one Lascar for every hospital paul; one driver for every two animals, battery equipment excepted.

The following is the strength of a Mountain Train Battery of six guns or howitzers, with 100 rounds of ammunition per gun, and rations for eight days for soldiers, mules, and followers:—Four European officers, including a medical officer; 106 non-commissioned officers and men; 108 battery mules, and drivers, at one to each animal. 111 followers, as per following detail—viz., Five officers' servants; eight troop servants, at 7 per cent.; sixty *dooly bearers* (six men each for ten *doolies*); one Lascar for the hospital paul; eight servants for the hospital; and twenty-nine mule drivers, at one for every two animals.—*Englishman*.

The *Hulkarn* says:—"We hear from Bhootan that a rumour is abroad in the interior to the effect that the Chinese have certainly promised their assistance in the impending war with the British in the ensuing cold weather, and that the Chinese authorities beyond the mountains have instructed the Dhurm Rajah to make provision for the Chinese troops about to leave for Bhootan."

THE GOVERNOR GENERAL AND THE SECRETARY OF STATE FOR INDIA.

The refusal of the Secretary of State to permit the Viceroy to spend the cold as well as the hot season away from the capital, following close upon his veto of the export duties and proposed loan, once more raises the question which is at the foundation of the good Government of India—the relation of the Council of Calcutta to that of Westminster. That question was first started in 1860 by the grant of more than half a million sterling to the family of Tippoo, in opposition to the advice of Lord Canning, and in spite of the indignation of the whole Indian public, Native and English. Lord Canning so bitterly resented that act, that Sir C. Wood wrote an apologetic defence much more humble than that in which Lord Stanley excused the tone of his very proper protest against the confiscation of Oudh. In those days the aggression of the Secretary of State on the powers and dignity of the Governor-General was so new, so rude, and so unjustifiable in its objects, that the public rather too indiscriminately condemned interference from home of every kind. This feeling was intensified by the subservience of Lord Elgin. In spite of somewhat distinguished services to the Crown in Jamaica, Canada, China, and Japan, that nobleman had seen his college companions, Dalhousie and Canning, preferred to himself in being appointed to the great object of his ambition in India. Up to the last it was doubtful if he would be selected, and before the prize was fairly within his grasp, Sir C. Wood well understood that the new Viceroy would prove an humble agent instead of an equal (in some respects a superior) power. When Sir John Lawrence landed at Calcutta in the middle of January, 1864, it was believed that his stern nature, his obstinate resolution, would virtually restore to the office of Governor-General that power which belonged to it from Wellesley to Dalhousie, if not that dignity which took the place of the power in the case of Lord Canning, after the legislative changes during his tenure of office.

These changes at once seriously contracted the power of the Governor-General, while they clothed him with the external honours of a Viceroy. In the days of the East India Company the relation of the Governor-General to the Court of Directors was very vague. His ability to do what he liked, and to dictate a great policy instead of accepting one which

was humiliating, lay in the fact that he had two masters—the Board of Control and the Court of Directors. The former selected him, the latter could only recall him, as in Lord Ellenborough's case. The Governor-General must have been more than ordinarily weak who could not get his way between them, for they rarely agreed. Except, for instance, when he differed with his Council about the annexation of Oudh, Lord Dalhousie never consulted either authority about his great conquests, until he had laid the train and the match was ready to fire it. What his predecessors wanted in force of character they made up by taking advantage of the geographical argument of distance. Lord Wellesley, who had that force of character, knowing that the Court would grudge him the money, did not inform it of his intention to build the Government houses in Calcutta and Barrackpore till the foundation stone of the former had been laid. Fifteen months after, when the refusal came, the Calcutta Palace was a fact, and the Barrackpore House alone suffered till Lord Hastings completed the great Marquis's plans. The fall of Delhi, which resulted in the obliteration of the Great Mogul dynasty, and the abolition of the Company, changed all this. Sir Barnes Peacock sounded the first note, declaring that every grant of land or money by Lord Canning in his splendid durbars to loyal chiefs, without the consent of the Secretary of State in Council, was illegal. We shall never forget how the announcement, suddenly, and perhaps incautiously, made from the Vice-President's chair by the law adviser of the Council, fell like a thunderbolt on his colleagues. Sir Bartle Frere in his reply became almost inarticulate with excitement, charging the law member with rashness and neglect of duty in not first communicating his opinion to the Executive Council. But the opinion was correct, and a clause in a subsequent Act of Parliament was required to legalise these grants. Parliament, in 1858, took direct charge of a dependency whose revenues amounted to forty millions sterling, and it was a constitutional necessity that the expenditure of that money should be supervised by itself, or by such a body as the Council to whom it delegated the duty. The legislation of 1861 followed, completing that of 1858 by restricting the legislative powers, also, of the Governor-General. Then came those orders, expressed in the curtest, and, some would say, most impertinent language, forbidding the Governor-General to create a new appointment, to sanction an increase of salary, or to reward extra duty without permission. In one case, of which we shall probably hear more, Sir C. Wood, a few weeks ago, went so far as to order the return of a petty sum which had been spontaneously granted by the Government of India as an acknowledgment of a special work ably performed by a public servant.

When, therefore, we contrast the subservience of the present Governor-General to the Secretary of State, with the dignity of Lord Canning and the kingly power of Lord Dalhousie, we must remember the legal difference between their respective positions. But, making every allowance for this, it is our duty to warn Sir John Lawrence that the English public declare his submission to be excessive, and the native public consider it to be humiliating. The unfortunate thing is that, in the two instances of the export duties and his continued absence from Calcutta, Sir C. Wood's interference must be pronounced to be for the good of the Empire, and has been accepted with satisfaction by those who, like ourselves, consider the mere fact of interference at all dangerous to the stability of our power. There should be no medium between upholding every act of the Viceroy and recalling him. The wise words of Mr. J. S. Mill should never be for-

gotten—"It cannot be too often repeated, that in a country like India everything depends on the personal qualities and capacities of the agents of Government. This truth is the cardinal principle of Indian administration." Against the legal difficulties put in the way of the independence of the Viceroy by Acts of Parliament must be set the constitutional action of personal character. Since the Indian has, too rashly, been absorbed into the Imperial system of civil and military administration, the Imperial system of check and counter-check must be brought into play. Parliament never meant that her Majesty's Viceroy should be the mere subordinate of the Secretary of State, any more than that the War Office should always yield to the Horse Guards, or the Premier to the pressure of the Crown, as in the days of George III. In plain words, the Indian public wish to see the Viceroy resist the Secretary of State—they think Sir John Lawrence's proper position is that of antagonism to Sir C. Wood. At present it is that of complete subservience. Squabbles and quarrels will not necessarily arise, but, if they do, the result will be a compromise only less beneficial to the empire than the unchecked will of great rulers like some of Sir John's predecessors. A Lord Ellenborough with his vagaries and subject only to recall, will do less evil than a ruler who, with more judgment but less governing instinct, allows submissively and without public protest a Secretary of State eight thousand miles off to dictate the policy of a war like that in Bhootan, which has disgraced us throughout Asia, and will yet cost as much as the subjugation of a fertile kingdom.

It is unfortunate for Sir John Lawrence that he is a Bengal civilian, although of the Punjab stamp, and, above all, that for some years he was the almost unresisting colleague of Sir C. Wood in the Westminster Council of old Indians. Mr. J. S. Mill, himself an old India-house official, and a hater of pure English influence in India, remarks:—"There are good reasons why the Viceroy should not be a member of the regular service. All services have, more or less, their class prejudices, from which the supreme ruler ought to be exempt. Neither are men, however able and experienced, who have passed their lives in Asia so likely to possess the most advanced European ideas in general statesmanship, which the chief ruler should carry out with him, and blend with the results of Indian experience." Sir John Lawrence can prove the incorrectness of this in his own case only by so acting that the Secretary of State's veto will not be justified by public opinion, as it has been in two recent instances, and by manifesting such resoluteness, dignity, and pride that Sir C. Wood's interference will be of no avail. What the Chief Commissioner of the Punjab did in 1857, when the wire was cut, the Viceroy of India must henceforth in spirit do, in spite of the Indo-European Telegraph, his old civilian associations, and his former subordination to Sir C. Wood, if he is to maintain, or add to, his past reputation.—*Friend of India*.

DEATH IN THE GANGES.

Next to the festivities of the Doorga Pooja, the subject which at present is most occupying the native mind is, perhaps, the late Minute of the Bengal Government on the custom of taking the dying to the banks of the Ganges. A portion of the native press themselves were the first to suggest the propriety of interference with a rite which they admitted, even when not abused, to be both horrible and pernicious, and, when abused, a cloak for murder. The Lieutenant-Governor has recorded his opinion that, since the natives themselves have begun to express their disapproval of the custom, the time has arrived for the Government to interfere for the purpose of suppressing it. In other words, it is thought that a serious crime may

be very well prohibited by the State among a certain class of its subjects, when a portion of that class themselves have begun to see the impropriety of perpetrating it. The religious aspect of the question is, however, so grave that the Government of Bengal has very properly abstained from moving in the matter without the consent of the Viceroy in Council. There can be no doubt that, if there is any one rite of paramount importance to a strict Hindoo, next to the offering up of the *pinda* for the souls of the departed, it is this. Setting aside, however, the religious objection to interference, the question involves a difficulty which cannot easily be overcome. The Government would certainly be exceeding its province if it were to forbid sick persons being simply taken to the banks of the Ganges; for in that act, looked at by itself, there is nothing either repulsive or necessarily pernicious. It is other acts, commonly accompanying this, which are horrible, pernicious, and criminal. If a man prefers to die by the banks of the Ganges, it certainly seems hard for the State to interpose and compel him to die in his own house; but the State can legitimately interfere, and is, indeed, bound to interfere, to prevent a man being wilfully drowned or choked to death, either at his own desire or that of his friends; and, much more, to put a stop to a compulsory submission to these disagreeable and fatal operations. Now, the question is, would it be possible to stop the one effectually, without stopping the other? Can the drowning be prevented, without interdicting the banks of the Ganges *in toto*? Can, in fact, the abuse of the rite, and the objectionable features of it be stopped, except by stopping, also, that part of it which is harmless and unobjectionable? The *Dacca Prokash*, in speaking of this subject, quotes the following passage of the *Kaurna Purana*:—"The man who dies consciously in the Ganges obtains salvation (*mukti*), but he who dies unconsciously goes to the *Brahmalok*," which, says the *Dacca Prokash*, "is a department of heaven from which he is liable to relapse into another birth, by way of punishment for sin; but *mukti* is a state of final deliverance from sin and its consequences." The writer goes on to say:—"From this precept, it is clear that *mukti* is obtained only by the man who dies consciously. But one does not see that people are conscious when the death-rattle has set in; hence, conscious Hindoos are immersed before the death-rattle sets in, and in that position await death; otherwise they have no chance of obtaining *mukti* (salvation)." From this we see, at the same time, how great a temptation the immediate proximity of the sacred stream, not to speak of less pure motives, must always be to the attendants to hasten the death of their relative by immersing him while still fully conscious; and yet how great a hardship it would be entirely to prohibit the rite. "Half a loaf is better than no bread;" *mukti* is, no doubt, the most desirable to every believing Hindoo; but if he cannot obtain *mukti*, he would rather have *Brahmalok* than be entirely shut out of heaven. Yet it certainly does not seem to us that Government can ever hope to stop Ganges murder without prohibiting the rite altogether; unless, indeed, every funeral is accompanied by the police, and even they, if natives, as, of course, in the majority of cases, they must be, would connive at the murder for a few rupees. One of the native papers has remarked that it is superfluous for Government to interfere to prevent a practice which, it is admitted, is dying out of itself. This we cannot admit. The practice has, it is true, begun to die out; but it may take a long time in dying. It is well known that it is dying out only among a certain section of the Hindoo community; and though, perhaps, that section is a continually increasing one, there is very little doubt that the staunch Hindoo party will continue to exist, and, if

not prevented, to perpetrate Ganges murder for many a long day yet.—*Englishman*.

NEW RULES FOR THE REGULATION OF INCREASES AND PROMOTIONS.

The following rules have been framed by Government, in accordance with the instructions of the Secretary of State, for the regulation of increases and promotions to Government officers:—

1. No increases to salaries sanctioned by the Government of India, except those due to promotions under existing regulations, or to periodic increases, according to scales already sanctioned, or to any revisions of such scales which do not involve additional expense, can take effect till the commencement of the ensuing financial year, when they will be provided for by a suitable entry in that year's Budget. This rule applies to salaries which, when increased, shall not exceed Rs. 5,000 per annum. No increases of this sort, therefore, can take effect in any year, if the sanction of the Government of India is not obtained to it before the issue of the orders on the year's Budget estimate.
2. When the salary which it is proposed to increase would, with the increase, exceed Rs. 5,000 per annum, the addition must be approved by the Secretary of State before it can be passed in the Budget estimate. If any such increase, therefore, is contemplated by any local government or administration, it must be borne in mind that no action can be taken until the receipt of a reply from the Secretary of State, pending which Budget provision for the increase cannot be passed by the Government of India.
3. The Budget estimates of all local governments and administrations must be accompanied by a schedule of all increases requiring the sanction of the Secretary of State, or the Government of India, under Rules I. and II., for which provision is made in the Budget.
4. Under these orders all special increases of salaries will, as a rule, take effect from the 1st of April; the first payment will then fall in the following year—i.e., in May. Exceptions will only be admitted under very peculiar circumstances.
5. No new appointments will be created by the Government of India carrying a salary of more than Rs. 3,000 per annum, except in cases of real and *bona fide* emergency, and then it must be always distinctly understood, and the person appointed is to be given to understand also, that the appointment is made provisionally, subject to the confirmation of her Majesty's Government. All notifications appointing persons to such posts, so long as they remain unsanctioned by the Secretary of State, may conveniently declare that the appointment is "subject to the approval by her Majesty's Government of the creation of the post."
6. Applications for the creation of new appointments carrying salaries of not more than Rs. 3,000 per annum will be dealt with as heretofore.

MISCELLANEOUS.

SIR WILLIAM MANSFIELD'S MUTUAL INSTRUCTION SCHEME.—No little amusement has been excited in the Bengal Army by the publication of an extraordinary circular respecting the instruction of military officers in native languages. The idea is, that interpreters or other officers might be invited to instruct their brother officers, at a remuneration not exceeding thirty rupees per mensem, the amount which is at present paid to a native moonshee. The circular says:—"It is probable that the elementary student would go to the English instructor, and the more advanced to the pundit, or moonshee." This, we also think, is very probable; the elementary student would learn his alphabet from the English instructor, and his grammar from the native moonshee; and the happy consequences of this arrangement are thus indicated:—"His Excellency observes that other advantages besides elementary instruction would flow from such a course. Thus, the instructor himself would become a much better linguist from having to teach others. The habit of discussing points of grammar and subjects connected with Oriental literature would insensibly grow up amongst gentlemen engaged in a common study, in which one portion of them was helping the

other." A more charming picture of an ideal military life has never yet flashed before the eyes of the most enthusiastic young lady of the present age. It reminds us of the ideal household of the Sabbatarian member of Parliament, in which, if the footman was more serious than the cook, he was expected to improve the cook, but if the cook was more serious than the footman, she was expected to improve the footman. But what a pretty glimpse we obtain of the Arcadian simplicity which exists in barracks! The old dames' school, held every morning by the interpreter, for the purpose of teaching the native alphabet to his brother officers; the punishment of those truants who might prefer a morning ride or round of calls to the acquisition of philological knowledge; the realisation of that mad dream of boyhood, of being allowed to smoke during school hours; the total change in the conversation from horsedogs and ladies to the intricacies of grammar, or the chaste morality of "Bagh-o-Bahar" and "Betul Puchesi;" and all these grand social and educational advantages to be obtained by giving the pay to the interpreter, which erewhile went to the Moonshee, and which, alas, goes to the Moonshee again, directly the pupil knows as much as his English instructor, a climax which, in the case of ardent students, would be attained in about a fortnight, or thereabouts. Perchance, however, the stimulus of thirty rupees per mensem may induce the interpreter to go ahead, and keep one day's lesson in advance of his pupils for an indefinite period, artfully suggesting beer during school hours, when a pupil is going on too fast for his master, and demanding cheroots as an appropriate punishment whenever a pupil is going too slow. Perchance, also, the discussions upon grammar and Oriental literature may occasionally lead to differences of opinion, and to heavy bets on points of syntax and literary history; but, in such cases, the Moonshee ought always to be on the spot, that any approach to unseemly disorders or personal hostilities may be avoided by a prompt decision from the highest and best authority.—*Englishman's Saturday Evening Journal*.

CAPTAIN REMINGTON.—The following is from the *Mofussilite*:—"Captain Remington, whose eccentricities we commented on in a late issue, has been captured in Benares. He passed through Cawnpore on the 17th inst. in charge of a police officer, dressed in a mauve *dhotee* and with gold bangles on his legs and arms. The natives everywhere prostrated themselves before him and addressed him as *Goosain Ji*; looking on him, no doubt, as a saint of great celebrity. He evidently thinks himself a much injured individual; for he was heard to say: "Why is the Commander-in-Chief persecuting me? I have only abstracted my thoughts from worldly affairs and fixed them in contemplation on the Deity." He is now a prisoner in Lucknow. We understand his Excellency the Commander-in-Chief will not bring this officer to trial by court martial, as was anticipated, but that his case will be submitted to a Commission of Lunacy, with a view to his being sent to England.

PROBABLE VACANCIES IN THE BENGAL C.S.—We understand that the following gentlemen will retire from the Civil Service next year: The Hon. Mr. Steer, in February; and the Hon. Mr. Trevor, in May. The seats of these gentlemen in the High Court will not, it is said, be filled up. Mr. R. P. Harrison will probably retire in April, and be succeeded by Mr. H. Sandeman.—*Englishman*.

THE HON. THE LIEUTENANT-GOVERNOR of these provinces will be in Allahabad early in October. It will be necessary for his Honour to be present at his capital when the Viceroy passes through.—*Delhi Gazette*.

CAPT. FOSBERY.—Government has granted 5,000 rupees to Capt. G. V. Fosbery, in acknowledgment of his exertions to perfect a rifled shell.

COURT MARTIAL AT BENARES.—BENARES, Sept. 18.—The general court martial which assembled here on the 11th instant still sits daily in the mess-house of the 58th Foot; President, Colonel Cormick, 20th Foot. The prisoner, Surgeon Phillip Henry Eustace Cross, of H.M.'s 58th Foot, is on his trial on three distinct charges:—1st. Neglect of duty in not making proper arrangements for the admission into hospital of certain men of the 58th Regiment reported sick and unfit for duty, on four several instances. 2nd. Neglect of duty in not personally inspecting the throats of men of the 58th Regiment reported sick and unfit for duty, in two instances he having deputed that duty to the regimental apothecary. 3rd. Insulting and provoking language to Deputy Inspector-General of Hospitals Dunbar, in the hospital of the 58th Regiment at Benares, on the 6th June 1865, in saying, "I thought your province was with the chamber-pots and that sort of thing," or words to that effect. The last seems the most serious charge, and I believe the evidence in support of it is most clear. As for the second charge, it is generally understood that the medical subordinates in a military hospital are to take an active, and not merely a passive part in the interior economy and practice of these establishments. However, the opinion of the Court on this particular point will settle the question one way or the other. The prosecution closed yesterday, and the prisoner enters upon his examination of witnesses for the defence to-day; the termination of the proceedings of course is uncertain, but it is thought will be this week. There are six officers from Dinapore, one from Hazareebagh, four from Allahabad, one from Cawnpore, and one from Lucknow.—*Pioneer*.—Sept. 29.—The court-martial on Surgeon Cross, H.M.'s 58th Foot, closed to-day, allowing two days for the defence. Colonel Cormick, the President, is very ill with dysentery, and will have to leave for Europe on medical certificate. His place has been taken by Lieut.-col. Thomas, 27th Foot. The court has daily been sitting from 10 A.M. to 4 P.M. since 11th inst. In my opinion it will be found that a few have burned their fingers over this trial; for should the court convict Surgeon Cross on the two first charges, they will then be able to do the same for every British medical officer in India, for it is a well known fact, also laid down in Bengal medical regulations, that the medical officer is to visit the sick in hospital, morning and evening, the apothecary and his subordinates doing the work in the interval, otherwise why would the Government allow to each regiment in the country one apothecary, one assistant apothecary, one steward, and three apprentices? The third charge is—but you shall judge for yourself, and many will be sorry that the prisoner was not removed without a trial. Many of the apothecaries are diplomaed men. I could point out more men than you would like to insert in your paper that hold independent charges, and nearly all that Surgeon Cross brought up to his trial had medical charge of either white or black troops.—*Indian Daily News*.

FIRE AT SEA.—(SINGAPORE, Sept. 28.)—The *Lightning*, steamer, left the roads early this morning for Hong Kong, heavily laden with opium, cotton, saltpetre, tin, &c. After proceeding a few miles the cargo in the after hold was found to be on fire, and she immediately steamed back to the anchorage and was run into shallow water. Every communication between the sea and the vessel was then opened to admit the water, and after discharging several chests of opium and getting down about two tiers below the lower decks the fire was discovered, evidently caused by spontaneous combustion of the cotton, many bales of which were on fire. The ends of several opium chests were burnt out, and streams of melted tin were running about over the bales of cotton. By 9.30 A.M. the water in the after hold was within three feet

of the lower deck, and the fire was considerably checked by 10 A.M. She is now discharging her damaged cargo, and is able to pump the water out with her own engines.

THE "EAGLE SPEED" INQUIRY.—We think that it is now time that the public should learn what further action is to be taken by the Government in the matter of the *Eagle Speed*. Pilot Vardy has been dismissed the service, and public opinion has approved of the sentence; but though one of those most culpable, he is certainly not the only one deserving of punishment. Captain Brinsden, of the *Eagle Speed*, has been allowed to leave Calcutta, without any expression from the Court or the Government regarding his conduct. The captain of the *Lady Elgin* has been suspended, "pending," we are told, "the orders of Government." There are some doubts as to the power of Government to issue any orders at all affecting him; but whether these doubts have any good foundation or not, it behoves the Government, we think, to lose no further time in giving expression to its intentions regarding this officer—the most blameworthy, in our opinion, where all were deserving of blame.—*Englishman*.

COURT OF INQUIRY AT ALLAHABAD.—ALLAHABAD, Sept. 30.—A Court of Inquiry assembled this morning to inquire "into such matters as may be laid before it." The president is Major F. J. Nelson, Captain H. L. Jones and Captain R. E. Anderson are members, and Captain H. R. B. Worsely is interpreter. The matter is "scandal." I may tell you so much that an officer appears to have enticed some sergeant's wife away, and this court is to inquire into all the circumstances attending the same. I hope there may be no foundation for the report, as the said officer is an old soldier, and a universal favourite. Alas! what troubles women get us into. A commission, five hundred a year, and a respectable position, constitute a large stake for a *liaison* with a sergeant's wife. But we must wait till we hear more.

MILITARY ITEMS.—We (*Englishman*) learn that it is in contemplation to substitute cloth for serge in the dress regulations of the army. —We may state, for those interested in the question, that the service of officers of the Staff Corps counts towards promotion under all circumstances, except during absence on leave, or loss of employment from misconduct. —It has been recommended by the Commander-in-Chief, that warrant officers in India, holding the departmental ranks of Deputy, Assistant, and Deputy-Assistant Commissioners, receive honorary commissions.—An order has been received from the Horse Guards, that, from the 1st of January next, an officer, before being appointed on the personal Staff of a General, must pass the examination laid down in pp. 78-79 of the Queen's Regulations, 1859.

MAJOR ELDERTON.—We regret to state that Major Elderton, divisional paymaster, Meerut, has been suspended from his duties.—*Hurkaru*.

SHIPPING.

ARRIVALS.

Sept. 25. Princess Soomawatty, Trafalgar, Charlemagne, Clydes, Charles Cooper, Nourad, Nile, Comandant, Proteus, La Phaulconne, Mary Bobby, Rattlesnake.—26 Medway, Nowanuggur, Jennie Adele, Moorall, Clyde, Shelomohi, Manilla, Green Jacket, Sarah, Emma.—27 str. Arabia, London, Mozul, Canute, Fatty Allion, Atet Rohoman, Birman.—28 str. Benual, Iskendershah.—29 str. Bushner, Suez.—30 str. Moulmein, Wide Awake.—Oct. 1. Binchimo.—2. Anglesea, Elphinstone, Suez.—3. str. Orissa, str. Asia, British Monarch, Sir J. Mandeville. 4. str. Rangoon, Fathe Shah Aham.—5. str. Thunder, City of Lahore.

PASSENGERS ARRIVED.

Per P. and O. str. Bengd.—From SOUTHAMPTON.—Lieut.-col. and Mrs. Woodcock, Mr. and Mrs. Harrison and child, Mrs. Fisher, Miss R. Fleming, Mr. O'Grady, Mr. Fairweather, Mr. Groundwater, Mr. Haat, Maj. Tickle, Mrs. Livermore and infant, Master and Miss Livermore, Miss Pearson, Mrs. and Miss Kuleside, Mr. Allen, Mr. Martin, Capt. and Mrs. Roberts and infant, Mr. Gordon, Lieut. Cook, Mr. Herring, Mrs. Loder, Lieut. Young, Lieut. Hughes, Lieut. Bourke, Lieut. Blake, Lieut. Riordan, Lieut. Howard,

Lieut. Dickenson, Lieut. Doeg, Lieut. West, Lieut. Ryan, Lieut. Hutchison, Lieut. Eustace, Lieut. Pensfield, Lieut. Backhouse, Lieut. E. Ward, Lieut. C. H. Brown, Lieut. Mulock, Mrs. Mulock, Mr. Baker, Mr. Smith, Mr. and Mrs. McMullen, Mr. Rutledge, Capt. Everett, Mrs. Mitchell and two infants, Messrs. D. Brown, T. Owen, R. Roberts, J. Kidd, S. Nicholas. From MARSEILLES.—Mr. and Mrs. Groome, Lieut. Johnstone, Mr. Anderson, Lieut. Spalding, Mr. Bridgett. From SUZ.—Mr. J. McGregor, Mr. A. Siddle, Mr. Granville. From SYDNEY.—Dr. J. S. Hughes. From MELBOURNE.—Mr. Orkney, Mrs. Warner and child, two Misses Warner, Mrs. Cooper and five children, Lieut.-col. Stephens. From CRYLON.—Mrs. West and infant. From MADRAS.—Mrs. McNair, Mrs. Scott and three children, Mr. Steward, Lieut. Atkinson, Mrs. McCullam.

DEPARTURES.

Sept. 22. Lloyd Rayner.—23. str. Cashmere, Simla, and Orissa; Marian.—24. str. Moulmein; Eureka.—25. str. T. A. Gibb; John o' Gaunt, Kooria Moorla, and Sidonie.—26. Tubal Can, Redgauntlet, Ganges, Ophir, and Sea Horse.—27. Empress, Nicobar, Templar, Hamlet, Chimela, Providence, Pierre, and Antoine Dor.—28. Blencathra and Sydney Dacres.—29. Assaye, Irwell, Revenue, Edward, Percy, Maggie Lauder, Disraeli, Lightning, and Glenfalloch.—30. Cardross.—Oct. 1. Benares, Prince Charlie, Maritana, Peveril of the Peak, and Ernestine.—2. Melbrek, Storm King, Indian Merchant, and Gustave and Louis.—3. str. Menam, Pungaub, and Pegu; Thyra.—4. Northern Empire, Chusan, Netherly, Thomas Seddon, Tuftcomb, and Baroda.—5. str. Balhousie; W. H. Haselden, James Crossfield, and Marlborough.—6. James Edwards.

PASSENGERS DEPARTED.

Per str. Pioneer.—Messrs. Trotter, Gibbon, Boothby McNaughten, and Gillhooley. Per str. Cashmere.—For RANGOON.—E. W. Pittar, Esq., Rev. — Schmidt, Archibald Blair, Esq., Edw. Mackintosh, Esq., Edw. Thurburn, Esq., For Moulmein.—S. C. Kennedy, Esq., Lieut. Jackson, R.E., W. C. Fyle, Esq., Hon. F. A. Glover, Hugh Sandeman, Esq., Mr. and Mrs. Fuller and child, John Coryton, Esq., Mr. and Mrs. Downless, L. Balfour, Esq., S. Fenn, Esq., W. Marshall, Esq., H. Reinhold, Esq., J. Murdoch, Esq., R. M. Shore, Esq.

COMMERCIAL.

Calcutta, Oct. 7, 1865.

GOVERNMENT SECURITIES.

Rate of Interest.	Stock.	Selling Price.
1 per Cent., Sa.	90 Rs. 90	to 91
Do. Transfer Stock...	Sa. Rs. 91	to 91 3
4 per Cent.	Co's Rs. 91	to 91 3
5 per Cent. P.W.	Co's Rs. 101	to 100 8 to 0
5½ per Cent.	Co's Rs. 111	to 110 4 to 111½
5 per cent., 56-57.....	Co's Rs. 101	to 101½ to 1

EXCHANGE.

	On London.	Per Rupee.
Local Bank Bills	at 6 months' sight	207-16 to 2 0½
First Class Credit	at 6 months' sight	204 to 2 0½
Bills with Drafts.	at 6 months' sight	201-16 to 2 0½
Bank Post Bills.....	at 1 months' sight	209-10 to 2 0½

JOINT STOCK SHARES.

Stock.	Paid-up.	Quoted at
	Rs. each.	Rs.
Agra and Masterman's Bank	500	11 90
Assam Tea Company	200	55 to 590
Bank of Bengal	4000	6300 to 7000
Bengal Tea Company	100	137
Bengal Credit Mobilier (Lmt.)	100	193
Banded War-mouse Association	415	653
Borokai Tea Company (Limited)	50	par
Cachar and Assam Tea Company	200	168 to 170
Ditto (Contributory)	115	30 to 29 dis.
Cachar Tea Company	600	605
Ditto (Contributory)	500	par to 5 pm.
Calcutta Docking Company	700	1300 to 1310
Calcutta-Stream Tug Association	600	543
Calcutta and South Eastern Railway	52	par
Central Assam Tea Company	100	58
Central Cachar Tea Company	200	240
Ditto, new shares	200	220
Dehra Doon Tea Company	100	86
Delhi Bank Corporation	500	750
E. B. Indigo Company	100	nom.
East India Railway Company	218	219
East India Tea Company	100	120
Ditto, contributory	80	33 to 34 pm
Eastern Bengal Tea Company	50	65
Eastern Cachar Tea Company	100	107
Ditto, contributory	85	3 to 5 pm.
Eastern Bengal Railway Company	218	216
Eastern Steam Tug Company	1000	1100
Equitable Coal Company	250	20 to 205
Ganges Steam Navigation Company	500	Nominal
Great Eastern Hotel Company	250	218
Gola Ghaut Tea Company	250	280
Ditto new shares	250	255
Hindustan, China, and Japan Bank	250	
Hooghly Steam Tug Company	1000	850 to 900
Howrah Docking Company	500	610 to 615
India General Steam Navigation Co.	1000	par
National Bank of India (Limited)	250	269
New Fort Gostor Company	600	
North-West Indigo Company	100	53
North-West Sewing Company	50	nom.
Oriental Gas Company	41	14 to 15
Peoples Bank of India	100	80 to 85
Port Canning Land Company	10 00	203
Punjab Bank	100	10 prem.
Punjab Trading	75	5 to 10 pm.
Royal Bank of India		Nominal.
Sewing Company (Limited)	200	75 dis.
Simla Bank	500	625
South Cachar Tea Company	100	75
Strand Pressing Company (Limited)	623	250 to 252
Sylhet and Cachar Tea Company	200	175
Tirhoot Indigo	200	par
Union Steam Tug Company	250	6 to 4 dis.
Upper Assam Tea Company	100	200 to 202

WEIGHTS.

	To London.	To Liverpool.
Saltpetre ...	21 0 0 to 2 10 0 ...	Nominal.
Sugar	Nominal.	1 5 0
Rice	0 0 0 to 0 0 0 ...	1 10 0 to 1 12 6
Seeds	2 10 0 to 2 12 6 ...	2 0 0
Jute	2 2 6 to 2 8 9 ...	2 2 6 0 0 0
Cotton	2 7 6 to 2 10 0 ...	2 10 0 0 0 0

MADRAS.

HORSE-WHIIPPING AN EDITOR.

The *Bangalore Herald* of Oct. 4 says:—On Thursday last we were brutally assaulted in our office by an officer of the name of Watkins, of the 18th Hussars. The case came on for hearing on Monday last, and was yesterday committed for trial to the High Court. Mr. Gordon conducted the case for the prosecution, and Mr. Ruddle that for the defence. The court was crowded both days, and the closing remarks of the magistrate, Captain Hill, appeared to cause considerable excitement, more especially when he said that it was his duty to take such steps as would afford the public protection against "Military tyranny," and that the conduct of the prisoner was "brutal, ferocious, and cowardly." Time will not admit of our giving more than the grounds of commitment at present. The case having been committed to the Sessions, we for obvious reasons refrain from commenting on it.

Captain Hill, before the officers who were present left the court, said, with reference to the words "military tyranny":

"I, as a military officer myself, beg to apologise for this unguarded expression, and so far to qualify it as to give my true meaning, i.e., that it was necessary for the liberty of the subject and the interests of the community that the public should be guarded from anything approaching to tyranny over them by the combined action of military men."

In the course of his remarks upon the case Captain Hill said:—"The assault appears to have been an act premeditated by the defendant. He comes to the office in a carriage accompanied by two or three officers. None of these officers accompany him into the office, which is strange, if we are to believe the defendant's statement, that he came merely for an apology. Next, though coming in a coach he brought his whip with him, and took the whip with him into the editor's room. His subsequent conduct shows for what purpose the whip was taken. Mr. Shallard says, in his evidence, that the defendant, after calling him "a damned blackguard," caught his eye, and made a movement towards the door, and that he moved simultaneously to the door to open it for him to show him the door. Even admitting that the defendant's version of the facts, as put forward by his counsel, to be true, that the defendant demanded an apology, which was refused, and that the prosecutor pushed against the defendant as he advanced to the door, and that the blow in the face might have been given in retaliation, yet the evidence before the court, viz., that of Mr. Shallard and the third witness, Casavool Naiker, shows that Mr. Watkins first shut the door (the inference from this act is self-apparent, showing the defendant's object; the prosecutor could not have done so, having no object in view). He then gives him (Mr. Shallard), unprepared as he was to meet the attack, a knock-down blow in the face, and while the prosecutor is staggering from its effects he administers to him a severe castigation with his whip. It was no ordinary castigation—the marks on Mr. Shallard's person testify to the severity of the blows: some of them having cut deep into the flesh, even through the coat causing blood to flow; the whip must consequently have been a much heavier one than that before the Court. Mr. Taylor, the first witness, hearing the scuffle in the inner room, now pushes the door open, sees the prosecutor lying prostrate on the ground, with

the defendant standing over flogging him. He receives a cut across the forehead himself with the whip. They move into the printing-office; the assault is renewed again, evidently on no provocation, and the prisoner then leaves in the coach with his friends. Considering the sudden nature of the attack, the respective position of the parties, the great disparity between them in respect to strength and physique, and the severity of the blows given, I can characterise the assault only as brutal, ferocious, and cowardly.

The cause of the assault was some remarks made by the editor of the *Bangalore Herald* upon the following police report:—"Coronet Watkins, of H.M.'s 18th Hussars, was charged by one Chenniah with kicking him. The prosecutor, a waiter employed by the mess butler, stated that on Thursday last Mr. Watkins gave orders that dinner should be ready for three persons at 6 o'clock P.M. When it was served and the gentlemen had sat down the defendant ordered him to call the butler. He accordingly went and brought the butler, on which the defendant asked, 'What did I say to you?' He replied that he had called the butler as he had been desired. The defendant then got up, swore at him, and gave him a kick on the back and threw a roll of bread at him. After that he said, 'Why do you stare at me so?' and then gave him a push, two or three kicks, and a blow on his side. As for himself, under this accumulated weight of ill-usage, he spoke not a word. The defendant pleaded guilty to having kicked the prisoner, but on provocation. The magistrate remarked that an act of stupidity or negligence on the part of a servant, whether European or native, can under no circumstances justify the commission of a breach of the peace. Fined Rs. 20. No portion of it to be awarded to complainant, on account of his impertinent conduct after receiving the kick."

MISCELLANEOUS.

A NEAT THING IN EXAMINATIONS.—A letter from Madras says:—I shall close my letter narrating a little incident that occurred in a certain office within a hundred miles of the fort, and within the last three months. It is the current joke of the department. A mechanical engineer presented himself in the authorised quarter for a certificate of qualification. He was duly introduced to the examiner, when the following edifying dialogue ensued:—Examiner: (After a few professional questions of no particular consequence)—Can you define a hollow cylinder? Candidate: (Who had evidently been sharpening his wits with old cognac). A hollow cylinder, Sir, is an old tin pot, *hic*—with the bottom banged out of it. Examiner: (Looking at his man over his spectacles) Ah!—not very professional certainly—but correct. And now, pray, what is a *solid* cylinder? Candidate: (On the spur of the moment)—*Hic*—A pile of Rupees. Examiner: That will do. There's your certificate. It is said that the candidate was soon afterwards discovered celebrating his success in a liquid which he imbibed from a hollow cylinder which had *not* the bottom banged out of it.

A LEGITIMATE SUBJECT FOR INQUIRY.—To the Editor of the *Madras Times*.—Sir,—Can any of your military readers authenticate, by names, dates, and instances, the truth (if it be truth) of the following startling passage in the last *Calcutta Review*, No. 81 page 101? The critique is on "Kaye's Sepoy War," and the reviewer is speaking of European officers:—"For years before the mutiny, Government had done everything to diminish the influence of the officers by lessening their authority, depriving them of the power of promotion, and even at one time, on the Madras side, by receiving reports from the native spy in each regiment regarding the officers."—Yours truly, HISTORICUS.

NARROW ESCAPE.—The steamer *Madras* had a very narrow escape of being wrecked in the Madras roads on the 29th ult. She took the ground on that night on a shoal some twenty miles off the Godavery point, when it was found expedient to throw the cargo overboard; this having been effected, she floated at one P.M. on the following day.

BOMBAY.

CHARGE OF FORGERY, &c., AGAINST THE DIRECTORS OF THE COMMERCIAL FINANCE AND STOCK EXCHANGE CORPORATION.

At the High Court, on the 29th September, Dyal Jayras, Khuttow Ludha, and Cullianjee Ludha (No. 36 of the Calendar), were respectively arraigned at the bar for forgery, abetment of forgery, and abetment of criminal breach of trust. The evidence having been gone through, the jury retired for about twenty minutes, and returned with a verdict of guilty against the prisoners on all counts of the indictment. The prisoner Cullianjee Ludha was recommended to mercy.

His Lordship (Mr. Justice Anstey) sentenced Dyal Jayras and Khuttow Ludha to transportation for life; and that their moveable and immoveable property be forfeited to the Crown. Cullianjee Ludha, who was recommended to mercy, was sentenced to four years' rigorous imprisonment.

The trial, says the *Bombay Gazette*, created so much interest among the native community that there were about five hundred spectators in Court on Saturday, the 30th ult., to hear the result of this most interesting case. No sooner had the presiding judge passed the sentence of transportation for life upon the prisoners Dyal Jayras and Khuttow Ludha than a deal of noise was created in Court. His Lordship immediately ordered the sheriff's officers to bring before him those who thus interrupted the Court from its business. The deputy-sheriff and other officers tried their utmost to find out the parties who created such a disturbance, but were unsuccessful in their search. His Lordship regretted that the sheriff's officers were unable to keep the crowd quiet, and asked what was the use of these officers in Court when they were unable to discharge their duty satisfactorily.

Another incident of the trial is related by the same journal:—Mr. Luckmildass Khimjee, a native merchant, and one of her Majesty's Justices of the Peace of the town and island of Bombay, was severely reprimanded by Mr. Justice Anstey at the Criminal Sessions on the 30th ult., for the unsatisfactory way and the hesitating manner in which he gave his evidence in the case of the Queen against the three directors of the Commercial Finance and Stock Exchange Corporation. It appears from the evidence of this man, before the court, that he was aware of the plot which was to be made against Cullianjee Ludha, one of the prisoners, but he neglected to lay an information at the proper quarter against the parties who contrived to ruin the accused. He, the witness, it further appears, attended before the acting senior magistrate of police to stand as security for the prisoner Cullianjee, but he never said a word to the magistrate about this plot. His Lordship remarked from the Bench as follows:—"You ought to be struck off immediately from the commission of the peace for not going and giving information before the magistrate about the plot. Go down, sir—you are a disgrace to the commission of the peace. Leave the Court, sir—or box, rather. I shall cause proper communication to be made in the proper quarter about you."

DURBAR AT THE TOWN-HALL.

His Excellency the Governor held a full dress durbar in the Town-hall on Wednesday afternoon (11th Sept.), for the reception of his

Highness Sooltan Seyed Majid, the Sultan of Zanzibar, who is at present paying a brief visit to the Presidency of Bombay. The hour fixed for the occasion was five o'clock, but considerably before that time the large and spacious hall—which was suitably fitted up—began to receive the company who desired to pay their respects to the Sultan. A *guddee* was placed between two columns on the east side of the building, and facing the grand entrance, and on either side there were several rows of seats, all of which were filled, and even standing room had to be drawn upon. About a quarter to five o'clock a detachment of 150 men of the 45th Regiment of Foot arrived, with their band, in front of the hall; and a guard of honour—consisting, as usual, of 100 men—was formed, facing the entrance, while the remaining number lined the interior of the building and the flight of steps in front. The 4th Native Rifles and the Marine Battalion formed a "street" from the entrance of Church Gate-street to the hall. There was, as might be expected, a large crowd of natives assembled in the Elphinstone Circle, presenting to the eye a motley mass of puggeries and gaudy costumes. His Excellency the Governor arrived shortly before five o'clock, and entered the building by the southern entrance, remaining in an ante-room till the approach of the Sultan was intimated. He then entered the hall, and the large assemblage which had gathered rose to receive him. Having saluted the company with frequent bows he passed to the front and descended to the foot of the steps, accompanied by his aides-de-camp, his military and private secretaries, Sir Charles van Straubenzee, Brigadier Tapp, Captain Barker, Sir Alexander Grant, and others. After the lapse of a few minutes the carriage of the Sultan, containing his Highness, Colonel Taylor, and two of the Sultan's private *suits*, drove up, while two or three carriages which followed immediately after brought numerous others of his retinue. On the arrival of his Highness the guard of honour presented arms, and a salute of twenty-one guns was fired from the battery. On alighting, his Highness shook hands cordially with Sir Bartle, who introduced him severally to the gentlemen around him. They then entered the hall, the whole of the company rising, and stepped up to the *guddee*, where the Governor gave his distinguished visitor the seat of honour on his right hand. The personal appearance of the Sultan was, of course, the object of some interest, and the remarks that passed about him were in every way complimentary. His features are of a superior Arab caste, handsome in themselves, and disclosing both intelligence and good nature. His costume was remarkable by an entire absence of ostentation, and his sandalled soles showed him to be a true son of the desert. The front seats on either side of the Sultan and the Governor were occupied by prominent military and official gentlemen present, among them being the following: Hon. Mr. Maine, Dr. David Livingstone, Sir Charles van Straubenzee, Col. Taylor, Sir Alex. Grant, Mr. Justice Couch, Mr. Justice Tucker, Mr. Justice Anstey, Mr. Justice Janardhan Wassokw, Hon. Mr. White, Hon. Mr. Fogg, Hon. Rastomjee Jamsetjee, Sir Jamsetjee Jeejeebhoy, Brigadier Tapp, Captain Barker, A. C. Gunpert, Esq., Dr. Sinclair, &c. The back seats, as already hinted, were quite filled—a considerable number of ladies being present, and a sprinkling of Parsees, Hindoos, and other natives. To the gentlemen on the front seats the Sultan was introduced by Sir Bartle, by the Sultan. In this way about twenty minutes were occupied, and the proceedings of the durbar were then brought to a close. His Highness was conducted by the Governor back to his carriage, and on leaving was saluted from the battery and by the guard of honour in the same way as on his arrival. Shortly afterwards Sir Bartle also left, and the rest of the company gradually dispersed.

SERIOUS ACCIDENT ON THE EGYPTIAN RAILWAY.

We (*Times of India*) have been requested to publish the following letter, addressed to the directors of the P. and O. Company by the passengers per steamer *Malta*, with a request that the disgraceful management of the Suez line be brought under the notice of his Highness the Pasha:—

"Alexandria, Aug. 27, 1865.

"To the Directors of the Peninsular and Oriental Company, London.

"Gentlemen,—We, the undersigned passengers ex *S. S. Malta* from Bombay, beg that you will bring to the notice of his Highness the Pasha, in the strongest manner possible, the negligent and disgraceful manner in which the railway line from Suez to this place is conducted.

"We left Suez on Saturday evening at seven o'clock (the 26th inst.), and, at station No. 8, our train had hardly come to a stop when a luggage train ran into us with much violence, causing very much alarm to all, and injuries to many of us. Our engine and tender were off the line, and we could find no one who seemed capable of doing anything to assist us in our great difficulties. For upwards of an hour ladies and children had to remain in the open air while our train had to be put to rights, not by any officials, but mainly by ourselves. The drivers of the two trains were most decidedly unfit to have been entrusted with the charge of a train, being very far from sober. At Cairo the wounded were attended to by a medical gentleman; but no official expressed the least concern at the miraculous escape we had from what might have been a most fearful catastrophe. This morning, at a station near a bridge across the Nile, it was discovered that the axle of one of our baggage carriages was in a very bad and heated state, and yet again there seemed to be no one in charge to suggest a remedy, remove the carriage, or do anything to ensure our safety; and it was only by the majority of the passengers getting out of the train, and refusing to proceed, that we at last got the damaged wagon removed to the end of the train; and at the station beyond, the axle was so bad that we telegraphed to Alexandria for a pilot engine to come for it, and we left the wagon on the line. Had we not been determined, and had not the wagon been removed, there can be no doubt that a most serious accident would have taken place.

"While bringing these serious matters before his Highness, we would also suggest that the railway officials at the several stations should supply water to the passengers without demanding such extortionate fees as a shilling a glass. The whole conduct of the line is most disgraceful, and we hope that this remonstrance may have the effect of making things at least a little better.—We are, gentlemen, yours obediently, E. Tremeneere, Colonel, R.E.; G. Sealy, Colonel, R.A.; A. H. White, Captain; C. R. Evans, C.S.; F. L. Brown, L. P. Greig; C. E. Mitchell, H. Hodgson, Major; W. G. La Touche, Lieut.; C. Schmidt, Lieut.; R. N. Wylie, R. F. Young, T. O. Ramsden, C. H. Reynolds, J. Greaves."

A FATAL MARCH FROM NUSSEERABAD.

TO THE EDITOR OF THE "TIMES OF INDIA."

SIR,—Before the "fatal march from Mhow" becomes shrouded in oblivion, the following cognate facts should be made public:—

In the early part of April, 1864, the following detail of the 106th Foot left Nusseerabad en route for Khandalla:—Privates Steel, Byrne, McFarlane, O'Callaghan, Monk, Robertson, and (lance-corporal in charge) Green.

All had won medals, and Monk and Byrne had also good conduct medals. Steel had upwards of ten years' service, and all the other men had upwards of twenty-one years' service. Good conduct badges they all had.

These war-and-good-conduct-decorated veterans were, with the exception of Steel, all entitled to pension, and the whole were on their way to England to be discharged. They had, moreover, only arrived at Nusseerabad from Mhow two months before. The distance between Nusseerabad and Khandalla is over 740 miles, 450 of which they were to have marched behind the camels that carried their kits, viz., to Nargaum, the nearest railway station—over the same ground as the "fatal march." None

of the party, however, reached Nargaum in 1864. Private Monk was left behind at Nee-much, in an almost hopeless condition; Privates McFarlane and Steel died on the way; four only reached Mhow, where a veto was put on their further progress for that season: heat, exposure, and fatigue, acting on debilitated constitutions, had done their work.

All the world knows that no class of men stands so much in need of control as the old soldier, whose life has been spent in acquiring that perfection of military virtue in the ranks, unreflecting dependence on the will and judgment of others. And here were seven men, types of their class, unleashed from the trammels of twenty years' restraint, started, at the beginning of the deadly hot season, to perform a journey of nearly five hundred miles through the jungle-paths of India. Two of them lie down and die by the way-side, without medical assistance or help other than may be rendered by one ignorant man to another in his mortal extremity, and are put into a hole by the roadside by their comrades, while another owes his life to his proximity to a camp at the time of being struck down.

The friends of the deceased have been making inquiries respecting them, and may possibly appeal to the friends of the unrepresented in the next Parliament.

It has been stated in England in relation to the "fatal march from Mhow," that such mismanagement never occurred during the raj of the Honourable Company; it would be much safer to say that such mismanagement was never made public. AN OBSERVER.

MISCELLANEOUS.

LIGHTING OF BOMBAY WITH GAS.—On Saturday night, the 7th Oct., a portion of the town of Bombay was for the first time lighted with gas. When, in May last, the Bombay Gas Works were publicly inaugurated, it was expected that ere many weeks had elapsed the whole of the city would be lighted, but difficulties arose that thwarted the company's plans and deferred the completion of their works. It was not until Saturday, therefore, that it was possible to have a portion of the city lighted; and although that portion is necessarily circumscribed, yet ere long there is little doubt that Bombay will be as well lighted as any English town. On Saturday night the lamps in the Bhendy Bazaar, on the Esplanade, and in Church-street were lighted; and these alone were sufficiently numerous to excite the greatest wonder amongst large numbers of the natives. The lamps were lighted during the afternoon, and as the lamplighters went from lamp to lamp they were followed by crowds of inquisitive natives who gazed in mute astonishment at the new Western innovation.

THE CHOLERA.—It is with extreme regret we learn that cholera of a frightfully virulent type has broken out amongst the wing of H.M.'s 45th Regiment at Nee-much. Out of forty admissions into hospital, no less than thirty have proved fatal: seventy-five per cent. of deaths to admissions look to us more like a plague than a common or even extraordinary outburst of epidemic cholera. This dreadful ratio of deaths to attacks has so depressed the men's spirit, and thereby predisposed them to fall victims to the disease, that we believe a wing of the 33rd (the Duke of Wellington's) Regiment will immediately be ordered to march from Poona to relieve the wing of the 45th Regiment at Nee-much, which wing will come to Poona as early as possible next month. Strange that all the troops in Nee-much should be comparatively healthy, only two or three cases of sporadic cholera having occurred amongst them, while the more dangerous type of the disease has proved so fatal to the doomed wing of the 45th.—*Poona Observer.*—We learn by a letter dated the 1st October that cholera had again made its appearance in the lines of her Majesty's 106th Regiment at Nus-

seerabad. The whole regiment had moved out of the station and under canvas at five A.M. of that day. From Neemuch we learn that "the disease appears to have made great havoc among the troops; the regiment has been out under canvas during the month of September." And from Ajmere that "cholera has made its appearance. A few men of the European detachment were attacked with it."

—*Delhi Gazette.*

THE PREVARICATING WITNESSES.—The three witnesses who gave false evidence on Oct. 9 in a case at the sessions have been committed for trial; but as the sessions terminated before the indictments could be prepared, the case has been traversed to the next sessions. Mr. Macculloch was instructed to apply for bail on behalf of one of the prisoners; and Mr. Justice Anstey, in granting bail to the amount of Rs. 4,000 for each prisoner and two sureties in Rs. 2,000 each, said he could not lose sight of the fact that the bail of a Parsee prisoner, charged with the self-same offence, had just been estreated, as the prisoner had fled. The sympathy with crime which had been brought to light among the wealthy portion of the native community during the sessions was something awful to contemplate; indeed, it might, he feared, be said of the native inhabitants of Bombay at the present day, as it was of the English during the reign of Charles the First, that they broke their fasts and their oaths with the same peace of mind.

—*Bombay Gazette.*

THE FRAUDULENT BROKER.—The case of Cursetjee Dossabhoj, the broker charged with criminal breach of trust and cheating, in respect to the sale of twenty-three shares in the Albert Spinning and Weaving Company, was tried on Saturday, and resulted in a conviction followed by the severe sentence of ten years' transportation. From the prisoner's long standing as a broker, and his previous character, the trial excited great interest, and there were in the court at least twenty gentlemen connected with banks, besides most of the European brokers. The offence with which he was charged has been such a common one, but, at the same time, owing to the loose method of conducting share transactions, one so difficult of detection, that it is well an example has been made; at the same time, the general feeling with regard to Cursetjee's case is, that the sentence was unnecessarily severe, and, it is said, that a memorial to H. E. the Governor, praying for its revision, is being prepared.

—*Times of India.*

THE WAGHEER EXPEDITION.—The *Times of India* of Oct. 13, says:—This day the left wing of her Majesty's 23rd Native Light Infantry are embarking for service in Kattiawar. The right wing will shortly embark from Kurra- chee. The two Lieutenant-Colonels who are commandant and second in command will, it is said, remain at Dwarka, while the left wing, officered by such a "scratch pack" of officers as we alluded to some time ago—men good and true, no doubt, but utterly unknown to the men as the men are to them—will take the field under the military command (it is whispered) of Major Keating, v.c., Political Agent of the Province. If this heterogeneous body does not meet with signal disaster, his Highness the Guikowar's revolted subjects and their Mekkani allies will have sadly derogated from the wild valour which even Colonel Honner found it so difficult to tame. Are these Wagheers the Poles of Western India? They are not wild beasts; there must be some better way of settling this chronic difficulty than anything that can be done by the mixed multitude who are thus being sent to do what is the Guikowar's proper work.

VISITORS TO CASHMERE.—The following order has been issued from Simla, dated Sept. 20:—"The Government of India having determined to restrict the number of visitors to Cashmere to two hundred (200) annually, officers serving under the orders of the Com-

mander-in-Chief, who may be desirous of travelling in the territories of the Maharajah of Jumbou, are recommended to intimate their wishes to the Secretary, Punjab Government, after the 1st January, as permission to visit Cashmere will be granted strictly according to priority of applications. In the event of an officer's leave being subsequently refused by the Commander-in-Chief, intimation will at once be made to the Punjab Government in order that the necessary permit may be issued to the next applicant on the registered list. It is to be understood that officers intending to proceed to Cashmere on privilege leave must previously obtain the requisite sanction from the Punjab Government.

REPORT UPON PUBLIC WORKS.—A report by the Accountant-General, Public Works Department of India, on the Public Works Budget-Estimate for 1865-66 has been published. The total estimated outlay on public works in India is stated at eleven millions sterling, being also the annual expenditure for the preceding three years, so that the total expenditure estimated to be spent on public works in four years is 44 millions of pounds sterling. Of the sum of 11 millions for 1865-66 £5,363,841 is set aside for public works, excluding enterprises "guaranteed" and "aided," and that sum is in excess of the amount for the previous year by nearly a million sterling, which again was nearly a million in excess of the average grant of the four years from 1859-60 to 1863-64. Of the increase under this head in the current year half a million is due to increase in the special grant made to Bombay in consideration of receipts to be realised by sales of land in connection with the removal of the ramparts of the old fortifications. Looking at the different objects on which that sum is to be expended we find that the grant for military works (£1,274,000) is nearly double that of the previous year; also that the grant for civil buildings is increased by about £280,000, while that for public improvement shows a reduction of £200,000. The large increase to the military estimate is to carry on to completion as fast as possible the permanent buildings required throughout India for the accommodation of the troops. The increase in the grant for civil buildings is in consequence of a demand for increased jail accommodation, especially in Bengal, Punjab, British Burmah, and the central provinces. Of the remaining six millions of "total estimated outlay" a sum of £36,000 is set aside to meet the expenditure on guaranteed irrigation works and unguaranteed railways. A sum of £207,425 is set aside to meet the expenditure on guaranteed railways. This makes a total State outlay of £5,667,425. A further sum of 1½ million is supplied by local funds, and the outlay on railways and irrigation works of which the interest is guaranteed by the State is £4,165,000.

INSOLVENCY AND MR. JUSTICE ANSTHEY.—Justice Anstey has been severe on reckless insolvents and time-bargainers, but not too much so. His manner is gruff, but his justice is sound and hedged round with a high moral tendency, or, more properly, a rogue-preventive power, which is likely to do good. Many a man who rushed to the Insolvent Court for the benefit of the Act, has crumpled up his schedule since he has learnt how Anstey manages the affairs of the court, and they prefer making the best settlement they can to suffering the infliction of Anstey's whitewash-brush. In fact, the other judges seem to have left the honour and glory of adjusting the lost balance of our commercial credit to Anstey, and well and quick is he performing it.—*Bombay Correspondent of the Englishman.*

THE BOMBAY BAR.—The question of pre-audience at the Bombay bar has been decided by the Chief Justice. It is now settled that the Acting Advocate General is only to have pre-audience when engaged on Crown business.

SHIPPING.

ARRIVALS.

Sept. 29. str. Margaret Crawford, Jenkins, Campta; Castle Avon, Spencer, Liverpool.—Oct. 2. Victoria, Nacoda, Zanzibar; Secondershaw, Nacoda, Zanzibar; Naderahaw, Nacoda, Zanzibar; Africa, Nacoda, Zanzibar.—4. str. Onssa, Curling, Hong Kong.—10. Ann Buckle, Crossley, Kurrachee.

DEPARTURES.

Sept. 28. Henry More, Scale, Liverpool.—19. Alsager, Peterson, Calcutta.—30. str. Jeddo, Farquhar, Aden and Suez; str. Benares, White, China, &c.; Sea Queen, Davies, Liverpool; Dharwar, White, Liverpool; Hamood, Nacoda, Calcutta; Defiance, Symons, Havre; Wartenburg, Chase, Rangoon.—Oct. 2. str. Bhima, Bonfellow, Aden and Suez.—3. Simoon, Murphy, Liverpool; Canopus, Kennedy, Liverpool.—4. Vickery, Nacoda, Persian Gulf.—5. Rock Light, Williams, Liverpool.—7. Dominion, Bullock, Calcutta, via Coast; Princess Alexandra, Allen, Liverpool.—9. Eurretta, Jewson, Liverpool; Minnesota, Laverick, Mouline; Jehan-geer, McDermott, Calcutta.—10. str. Mula, Sproule, Aden and Suez; Arracana, Hunter, Liverpool; Camperdown, Cosens, Kurrachee; Fattay Sallum, Miles, Coast and Calcutta.—11. Erie, McKenzie, Calcutta; Viscount Saudon, Hawkins, Galic.—13. Mail str. Malta, Hyde, Suez.

PASSENGERS DEPARTED.

Per P. and O. Co.'s str. Malta.—For SUEZ.—Mr. Thomas Cliffe. For MARSILLES.—Capt. and Mrs. H. Wilkins, R.E. and infant, Mr. S. LeCocq, Mrs. Beddingfield and infant, Mr. Aitken, Col. Smythe. For SOUTHAMPTON.—Mrs. Barrow, Mrs. Peile and child, Mr. and Mrs. Spens and three children, Mr. John Atkinson, Lieut.-col. and Mrs. W. Fawcett and child, Lieut. P. Montgomerie, R.E., Mr. Robert Lowe, Mr. and Mrs. A. J. Lawrence and two children, Mrs. Aitken and two children, Mr. P. Eastland de Michele and daughter, Lieut. H. L. Armstrong, R.A., Mr. Hudson, Mr. R. Bostock, Mrs. Clutterbuck and two children, Lieut. Twynning, Mrs. Brebner, Mr. C. Racine, Mr. John Burbridge, Mr. Brett, Mrs. S. J. Harrison, Lieut. Martin, Mr. and Mrs. Pedder, Mr. J. Anderson, Mr. S. Hulse. For MALTA.—Dr. and Miss Giraud.

COMMERCIAL.

Bombay, Oct. 13, 1865.

EXCHANGES.

On London Banks—at
6 months' sight, per rupee, 2s. 0½d.
6 ditto ditto 2s. 0½d. to 9-16 Cred. Bills.
6 ditto ditto 2s. 0½d. to ¼ Docts.

BANK AND OTHER SHARES

Agra Bank (Rs. 500)	115 pr. cent pm
Asiatic Bank	65
Bombay Bank (Rs. 1,000)	75 do.
Bank of India (Rs. 25)	36 pm.
Central Bank (Rs. 250)	120 do.
Chartered Bank of India, Australia, & China (Rs. 200)	60 do.
Commercial Bank (Rs. 500)	26
Joint-Stock Bank (Rs. 20)	83 do.
Mercantile Bank (Rs. 250)	100 do.
Oriental Bank Corporation (Rs. 250)	120 pm.
Royal Bank of India (Rs. 25)	28 do.
Madras Bank (Rs. 1,000)	73 do.
Apollo Press Co. (Rs. 11,000)	par
Colaba Press Co. (Rs. 2,700)	Rs. 6,000 p. sh.
Fort Press Co. (Rs. 3,667)	Rs. 14,500 p. sh.
Elphinstone Land and Press Co.:— (A) share (Rs. 6,000)	3600
(B) share (Rs. 6,000)	2500
Frere Press Co. (Rs. 250)	2500
Victoria Land and Press Co. (Rs. 4,000)	25 pm.
Bombay Press Co. (Rs. 1,200)	Rs. 2300 pm.
Great Indian Peninsular Railway Co. Consolidated Stock (Rs. 218-3-4)	7 per cent. dis.
Hydraulic Press Co. (Rs. 4,000)	Rs. 3,200 p. sh.
Gooria Spinning Co. (Rs. 5,000)	Rs. 500 prem.
Bombay United Spinning and Weaving Co. (Rs. 2,500)	Rs. 500 prem.
Colaba Land Co. (Rs. 10,000)	Rs. 90,000 pr. sh.
Bonded Warehouse Co. (Rs. 400)	Rs. par
Back Bay Reclamation Co. Rs. 5,000 paid-up	9,000 p. sh. pm.
Oriental Weaving and Spinning Company (Rs. 2,500)	Rs. 150 prem.
Royal Spinning and Weaving Co. (Rs. 1,500)	Rs. 100 prem.
Victoria Spinning Co. (Rs. 5,000)	Rs. 1,000 prem.

GOVERNMENT SECURITIES.

Four per Cent. Sica Rs. Trans. Loan	Rs. 91
" " Sica Rs. Loan 1832-33	" 91½
" " Sica Rs. Loan 1835-36	" 90½
" " " " 1842-43	" 90½
" " " " 1854-55	" 90½
Five per Cent. Co.'s Rs. Loan	" 104½
Five-and-a-Half per Cent.	" 111
Ditto, New £20 Shares (Rs. 87-4-4)	Rs. 7 do. dis.
Bombay, Baroda, and Central India Railway Co. (Rs. 1,000)	par.
Bombay Spinning & Weaving Co. (Rs. 5,000)	Rs. 600 prem.
Great Eastern Spinning and Weaving Company (Rs. 1,100)	Rs. 100 prem.
Manockjee Pitty's Spinning and Weaving Co. (Rs. 850)	Rs. 25 prem.
House and Land Investment Co. (Rs. 200)	Rs. 400
Bombay Shipping Co. (Rs. 1,500)	Rs. 3,000

PRICE OF BULLION, &c.

Sovereigns	each, Rs. 10
Bank of England Notes	" 10
Spanish Dollars	" 3/4
Carolus Dollars	" 2/90
Mexican Dollars	" 2/25
Five Franc Pieces, Rs. 232 tolas	" 205

FREIGHTS.

To Liverpool.—Cotton, £1. 10s. to £2; Seeds, 12s. 6d., nom.
To London.—Cotton, £1. 6s., nom. 1 Seeds, 15s., nom.



Official Gazette.

BENGAL.

BY THE GOVERNOR-GENERAL.

Simla, Sept. 25.—No. 2,234.—The serv. of the Rev. T. C. Toussaint, jun. chaplain, are placed at the disp. of the Govt. of the N.W.P.

No. 2,237.—Mr. C. F. Anderson is appd. to offic. as an asst. dist. superint. of police in the Central Provs.

No. 2,241.—The Gov. gen. in Council has been pleased to grant to Mr. J. Garrett, director of public instruction in Mysore, 16 days' priv. leave of abs., from the 5th inst.

Sept. 27.—No. 2,291.—Capt. the Hon. J. H. Fraser, asst. superint. of Port Blair, assumed charge of his duties on Aug. 11.

No. 2,300.—Lieut. W. Miller, of the 7th regt. Madras N.I., is appd. to offic. as dist. superint. of police, Sumbulpore, during the abs. of Major Barker on m.c.

MOVEMENTS OF THE VICEROY.

Sept. 22.—The Viceroy and Gov. gen. will leave Simla on Oct. 25.

His Excellency will pass through Umballa on the 27th, leave Delhi on the 29th, and arrive at the Presidency on or about Nov. 1.

Sept. 23.—No. 1,927a.—Capt. E. G. Clark and S. S. Boulderson are appd. to be settlement officers of the Mohumdee and Baraitch districts respectively, from Oct. 1, 1865.

Sept. 26.—No. 1,948.—The Gov. gen. in Council has made the foll. apps. in the Central Provinces commission:—

Lieut. W. Vertue, offic. asst. comsr., to be asst. comsr., v. Capt. Hammer, transf. to the N.W.P.

Mr. G. J. Nicholls, C.S., to be offic. asst. comsr., v. Lieut. Vertue.

Sept. 25.—No. 332.—The Gov. gen. in Council is pleased to confirm the order issued on the 4th inst., by the officer comdg. Central India horse, directing Lieut. A. Bannerman, adjt., 2nd regt., and offic. 2nd squadron officer, 1st regt., to offic. as adjt. to the latter corps, v. Lieut. Irvine, prom.

No. 335.—Major J. D. MacDonald, comdnt. of the Deolee irreg. force, availed himself on the 5th inst. of the priv. leave granted him in G.O. No. 310, dated 15th ult.

No. 1,938.—Lieut. A. Bloomfield, of the Bengal staff corps, is confirmed in his appt. of asst. comnr. in the Central Provs., with effect from Nov. 5, 1864.

No. 1,940.—Mr. A. C. Lyall, offic. comnr., Nagpore div., has priv. leave for 2 mo. from Oct. 28.

No. 1,942.—Lieut. col. T. Clerk, offic. supt. of the Nuggur div., Mysore, availed himself of the priv. leave granted him, dated 14th inst., on Aug. 21, and returned to duty on 27th idem.

No. 1,944.—Capt. H. Fraser, 2nd asst. to resident at Hyderabad, returned from leave to England on 1st inst., and resumed charge of his duties on the following day.

Sept. 28.—No. 1,962.—Mr. C. Phillips, asst. comnr., 2nd grade, British Burmah, made over charge of the office of extra asst. comnr. at Mynanung, to the dep. comnr., on 4th ult., and took charge of the asst. comnr.'s office at Bassein, from the dep. comnr., on 14th idem.

ALLOWANCES OF SUSPENDED OFFICIALS.

Extract from the proceedings of the Government of India in the Financial Department, dated Simla, Sept. 26, 1865.

Read a letter from the Government of Bengal, No. 668, dated Feb. 15, 1865, requesting that some definite rule may be laid down to regulate the allowances of ministerial and other officers of Government suspended from office pending inquiry into their conduct, and eventually restored; and to fix definitely the principle on which any period of such a suspension can be reckoned towards pension.

Read a circular from the financial department, No. 962, dated June 23, 1865, calling on the Governments of Madras and Bombay to furnish information as to the practice in those presidencies.

Read the replies from those Governments, No. 385 and 377, dated respectively April 26 and Aug. 8, 1865.

Resolution.—The Governor-general in Council pleased to pass the following rules:—

1. Subsistence to an unconvenanted servant who is suspended pending an inquiry into his conduct should be limited, before the result of the inquiry is known, to one-fourth of his salary, unless he be an European on pay exceeding Rs. 25, in which case the subsistence is to be allowed at one-fourth of salary to an amount not less than Rs. 25 monthly.

2. Should the officer be reinstated, he may, at the discretion of the local Government or of the head of department to whom the local Government may delegate such authority, be allowed full salary if he shall have been fully acquitted, or a portion of his salary if the result of the inquiry should be censure or admonition; but where censure or admonition is awarded, the subsistence allowance during suspension must be so adjusted as not to involve additional charge.

3. When the payment which the local Government may adjudge for the period of suspension to an officer who is reinstated involves additional expense, it must be separately provided for.

4. An officer whose suspension is followed by dismissal will not be allowed more than the subsistence which may be admissible to him under Rule 1 for the period that he was suspended.

5. The time passed under suspension pending inquiry is taken into account as service towards pension in cases of reinstatement: where suspension has been adjusted as a penalty, the period is disallowed.

Sept. 26.—No. 2,592a.—The Governor-general in Council is pleased to appoint Mr. H. Ives, a patrol on the Hoshungabad customs line, to be 4th class collector of customs, Chutteesgurh line, in the Central Provinces, from the date on which he may join his appointment at Raepore.

Sept. 28.—No. 2,633.—Capt. H. Hyde made over and Dr. J. F. Shekleton received charge of the Calcutta mint and the department of issue of paper currency on Sept. 8.

Dr. J. F. Shekleton made over and Dr. H. W. Graham received charge of the office of assay master of the Calcutta mint on Sept. 8.

Sept. 27.—No. 2,645.—Mr. E. N. C. Braddon, superint. of excise and stamps in Oude, resumed charge of his duties on the forenoon of Sept. 21.

CASH BALANCES.

Sept. 29.—No. 2,700.—In continuation of notification No. 2,102, dated the 25th ult., the following statement of cash balances, as reported up to this date in the Government Treasuries in India, at the close of the month of July last, contrasted with that of the previous years, is published for general information:—

According to the present limits of the several Governments.	1863. July.	1864. July.	1865. July.
Govt. of India	Co.'s Rs. 3,85,53,289	Co.'s Rs. 2,35,26,025	Co.'s Rs. 2,01,75,588
" Bengal	2,03,07,722	1,65,88,793	1,55,50,166
" Brit. Burmah			26,24,768
" N. W. P. (incl. Oude)	3,29,27,327	2,25,74,849	2,35,38,928
" Punjab	1,17,30,937	1,19,05,709	1,55,52,902
" Bombay	2,18,23,185	2,29,11,673	2,06,89,974
" Central Provs.	54,28,002	54,47,379	47,20,067
" Decan	32,21,941	25,55,947	29,44,707
" Madras	3,67,93,163	2,81,22,903	2,27,19,303
Total	17,06,92,666	13,34,31,251	13,45,21,400

Sept. 22.—No. 338.—Mr. A. Wilson, exec. engr., 3rd grade, public works dept., Hyderabad, is permitted at his own request to resign his appointment in the dept., with effect from the date he may be relieved of his duties.

Sept. 25.—No. 339.—Mr. R. D. Hamilton is struck off the strength of the public works account dept., with effect from Nov. 29, 1864.

No. 341.—Mr. J. A. Minchall, overseer, 2nd grade, public works dept., Mysore, returned to duty on Aug. 30, from the 2 mo. leave on m.c., granted to him Sept. 7, and is posted to the North Astragum div.

Sept. 26.—No. 344.—The name of Capt. E. S. Wood, 33rd foot, asst. engr., 1st grade, public works dept., N.W.P., is struck off the strength of the public works dept., with the view of his returning to military duty on his being relieved from the duty in the forest dept. in Oude, on which he is at present employed.

Sept. 28.—No. 315.—The undermentioned asst. engineers 3rd grade, public works dept., Oude, are promoted to the rank of asst. engineer 2nd grade, with effect from 1st Sept. :—

Messrs. H. W. Hughes and W. C. Wright.

Sept. 25.—No. 880.—The undermentioned officers have reported their return from England:—

Capt. G. A. Brown, late 21st N.I., 2nd in com. and wing officer 1st N.I.; and 2nd Capt. H. A. Mallock, royal art., storekeeper, electric telegraph dept.; date of arrival at Fort William, Sept. 9.

No. 881.—Major J. C. Griffith, royal art., coms. of ordnance at Peshawar, has leave for 6 mo. from 1st inst., to Cashmere and Simla, m.c.

No. 882.—The leave on m.c. granted to Capt. H. A. Cockburn, paymr. and superint. of native pensioners, Lucknow Circle, on 4th April last, is extended to Oct. 31.

No. 884.—STAFF.—The undermentioned officers, having completed 12 years' service, 4 years of which were on permanent staff employ, to be captains from the dates specified opposite to their respective names, under the Royal Warrant of Jan. 16, 1861, subject to H.M.'s approval:—

Lieut. A. H. Bramley, March 10, 1864.

Lieut. C. A. DeKantow, Sept. 14, 1865.

Sept. 26.—No. 886.—Assist. surg. J. M. Cameron, of the med. dept., civil assist. surg., Monghyr, is permitted to proceed to the Neilgherry Hills, on m.c., and to be absent from Bengal on that account for 3 mos.

Sept. 28.—No. 890.—Appointment:—

PUNJAB FRONTIER FORCE.

5th Punjab Infantry.

Lieut. P. W. Smith, gen. list, inf., doing duty officer, 3rd Sikh inf., to be qrmr., v. Lieut. Hall, appointed adjt.

No. 891.—The following order issued by the resident at Hyderabad, is confirmed:—

Dated Sept. 6.—No. 131.—Granting six weeks' leave of absence, from Sept. 10, to Lieut. T. C. Briggs, offic. paid doing duty officer, 4th cav., Hyderabad contingent, to Bombay, prep. to proceeding to Europe on m.c.

STAFF.—No. 892.—The undermentioned officer is admitted to the Bengal staff corps, with effect from the date specified opposite to his name, subject to the confirmation of the Right Hon. the Sec. of State for India:—

Lieut. W. B. Birch, of the late 21st regt. N.I., dist. supt. of police, Nuddea, March 18.

Sept. 29.—No. 893.—The services of Lieut. F. J. N. Mackenzie, of the Bengal staff corps, staff officer of the Punjab irregular force, are placed at the disposal of H.E. the C. in C. from the 15th prox., instead of from Nov. 15, as specified in G.G.O., No. 835, of the 31st ult.

STAFF.—No. 894.—The undermentioned officer is admitted to the Bengal staff corps, with effect from the date specified opposite to his name, subject to the confirmation of the Right Hon. the Sec. of State for India:—

Lieut. W. E. Forbes, R.A., asst. settlement officer, Oude, Feb. 11, 1861.

No. 895.—The services of Capt. J. S. Irvine, late 2nd Eur. L.C., who vacates his appt. as adjt., 1st regt. Central India horse, consequent on promotion, are placed at disposal of H.E. the C. in C.

No. 896.—H.E. the Gov. gen. in Council is pleased to promote the undermen. vety. surgs. of the Indian service to the grade of vety. surgs. of the 1st class, under the operation of the Royal warrant of July 1, 1859, and agreeably to the instructions of the Right Hon. the Secy. of State for India:—

Vety. surg. I. Bicknell, date of first commission May 10, 1828.

Vety. surg. R. C. Hulse, do. Aug. 23, 1828.

Vety. surg. A. C. Williams, do. Oct. 5, 1843.

Vety. surg. J. Siddall, do. July 17, 1844.

Vety. surg. W. Johnson, do. June 19, 1846.

Vety. surg. A. Turnbull, do. March 17, 1847.

BY THE LIEUT. GOVERNOR.

Sept. 4.—No. 5,382.—Apts.:—Mr. C. H. Tawney, M.A., to be an asst. professor in the Presidency College, with effect from 3rd ult., and to continue to offic. as professor of history and political economy during Mr. Cowell's absence on leave, or until further orders.

Sept. 15.—Mr. J. B. Pratt, dep. mag. and dep. coll. of Diamond Harbour, is transf. to Moorshebadad, and is vested with the powers of a subord. mag. of the 2nd class.

Sept. 21.—The following dist. superints. of police are prom., viz.:—

To the Second Grade.

Capt. H. P. W. Wynch.

Capt. A. Francis.

Capt. F. N. Miles.

To the Third Grade.

Capt. C. T. Hitchins.

Capt. A. Tulloch.

Lieut. R. M. Skinner.

Lieut. W. E. Chambers.

To the Fourth Grade.

Mr. T. J. Maltby.

Mr. F. Adams.

Mr. W. H. Verner to be tempy. an asst. comr. in Darjeeling, and to exercise the powers of a subord. mag. of the 2nd class, described in section XXII. of the Code of Criminal Procedure, and the powers of a dep. coll. in that territory.

Mr. R. H. Ellis, asst. superint. of police, officd. as dist. superint. of Mysenising from April 1 to July 23 last.

Sept. 18.—Mr. W. H. Brodhurst, judge of Sarun, for 16 days, from the 11th prox., prep. to retiring from the service.

Mr. Brodhurst will make over charge of his office to the princ. sudder ameen of Sarun.

Mr. H. Doveton, dep. mag. and dep. coll. of Tirhoot, for one mo.

Mr. F. Jones, officg. superint. of survey, 3rd div., for 2 mo. and 15 days, from the 1st prox.

The following officer is allowed leave during the ensuing Dusserrah vacation:—

Mr. H. S. Thompson, judge of the Small Cause Court of Backergunge.

Sept. 20.—Mr. J. Beames, officg. mag. and coll. of Purneah, for 10 days.

Mr. T. W. Gribble, asst. mag. of Maldah, for 2 mo., from the 8th inst.

Mr. C. Jennings, officg. dist. superint. of police, Moorsheadabad, for 1 mo., from the 27th prox.

Sept. 21.—No. 322.—Leave of absence:—

Mr. T. W. Armstrong, superint. engr. 2nd class, 1st grade, Cuttack circle, for 1 year, on m.c., to proc. to Eur. Mr. T. W. Armstrong is also allowed prep. leave, from the 25th current to the date of the departure of the first mail steamer of the next month.

No. 323.—Mr. J. F. Gailiffe, collector of tolls and supervisor of the Calcutta Canals and Tolly's Nullah, is allowed priv. leave for 1 mo.

Mr. J. O'Flaherty, exec. engr., 2nd grade, Circular and Eastern Canals' div., will act as coll. of tolls and supervisor of the Calcutta Canals and Tolly's Nullah during the abs. of Mr. Gailiffe on priv. leave.

No. 324.—Mr. J. A. Stewart, exec. engr., 3rd grade, Dacca div., is allowed priv. leave for 2 mo.

Sept. 23.—No. 326.—Mr. A. G. Crommelin, appd. officg. superint. engr., and attached to Bengal, is posted to the Cuttack circle.

No. 327.—Mr. R. Craig, temp. supervisor, 1st grade, attached to the Jessore road div., for 2 mo., on m.c.

Sept. 20.—Appointments:—

Mr. H. S. Beadon acted as asst. to Lieut. col. Haughton, chief civil and political officer, Bootan Doar force, from Dec. 7, 1864, to April 14, 1865.

Sept. 30.—Lieut. F. H. Conolly to be a district superint. of police of 3rd grade in Nuddea.

Sept. 23.—Capt. E. Y. Walcott to be dep. registrar of assurances of the sub district of Seebnagor, having its head quarters at the Sudder station of the district of Seebnagor.

Sept. 21.—Leave of absence:—

Mr. F. J. Cockburn, judge of Sylhet, for 1 mo., from Nov. 1 next, making over charge of the current duties of his office to the Principal Sudder Ameen of the district.

Mr. A. Pigou, judge of Hooghly, for 2 mo.

Capt. J. G. Reddie, master attendant, Calcutta, for 1 mo., making over charge of his office to the dep. master attendant.

Sept. 22.—Major E. H. C. Wintle, cantonment mag. of Dum Dum, for 3 mo., from the date on which he may avail himself of the leave.

Sept. 23.—Dr. T. Parker, medical officer of Pubna, for 1 mo.

Mr. G. S. Swiney, asst. revenue surveyor, 3rd div., Lower Provinces, for 1 mo., from 9th prox.

Sept. 21.—The transfer of Mr. W. C. Taylor, dep. mag. and dep. coll. of Mysenising, to Tipperah, is cancl.

The leave granted to Mr. H. S. Thompson, judge of the Small Cause Court of Backergunge, on 18th inst., is cancl. at his own request.

BY THE LIEUT.-GOVERNOR, N.W.P.

Sept. 16.—No. 879a.—One mo. priv. leave of absence, dated Oct. 13, 1863, is granted to Major W. H. S. Earle, dist. supt. of police at Bareilly, with effect from the 1st prox.

Sept. 18.—No. 882a.—The notification in this department, No. 716a, dated July 22 last, by which Mr. E. Berrill was app. to offic. as district supt. of police at Muttra, during the absence, on leave, of Major G. A. Harrison, is hereby rescinded, in con-

sequence of Major Harrison having cancl. his application for leave of absence.

No. 885a.—One mo. priv. leave of absence is granted to Mr. H. B. Goad, asst. dist. supt. of police at Benares, with effect from 15th ult., or from the subsequent date on which he may have availed himself of the same.

No. 889a.—Two mo. priv. leave, dated Oct. 13, 1863, is granted to Capt. J. T. Watson, dist. supt. of police at Saharunpore, with effect from 20th inst.

No. 890a.—Mr. R. Knyvett, asst. dist. supt. of police, is app. to offic. as dist. supt. of police at Saharunpore, during the absence on leave of Capt. Watson.

No. 3,343a.—Mr. G. M. Beckett, M.A.C.S., is appointed to be civil asst. surg. of Buxtee.

Sept. 16.—No. 3,346a.—Mr. C. C. Hicks, extra asst. comr., officd. as dep. comr. of Jhansie from Aug. 20 to 24.

No. 3,347a.—Lieut. J. Liston, asst. comr., assumed charge of the duties of dep. comr. of Jhansie Aug. 25.

No. 3,349a.—One mo. priv. leave of absence is granted to Hon. R. Drummond, officg. comr. of Allahabad, with effect from 15th inst.

No. 3,358a.—The notifications in this dept., Nos. 2,730a and 2,731a, dated July 22 last, by which Mr. J. O'B. Beckett was appd. senior asst. comr. and settlement officer of Kumaon, and Capt. J. F. L. Fisher, senior asst. comr. of Gurhwal, will have effect from the date on which Mr. B. W. Colvin assumed charge of his duties at Mynpoorie.

No. 3,368a.—One mo. priv. leave is granted to Mr. H. R. Wilson, asst. settlement officer at Budaon, with effect from 1st prox.

No. 3,372a.—The Lieut. gov. has been pleased to approve and confirm the election made at the annual meeting of householders of the civil station of Allahabad, held on Aug. 8, of the following gentlemen to be municipal commissioners for the year 1865-66, within the said civil station:—

T. Moss, J. S. Colliss, R. Carr, A. W. Wollaston, Esqrs., Baboo Nilcomul Mittur, G. M. Bryan, R. Johnson, and S. Bird, Esqrs.

No. 3,376a.—Mr. John Power is app. to be civil and sess. judge of Goruckpore, but will continue to offic. as civil and sess. judge of Futtehpore.

No. 3,377a.—Mr. C. R. Lindsay, offic. civil and sess. judge of Moradabad, is confirmed in that appt.

No. 3,379a.—One mo. priv. leave of absence is granted to Mr. V. Berkeley, judge of the Small Cause Court at Agra, with effect from 29th ult.

Sept. 19.—No. 3,390.—The services of Mr. C. Pearson, M.A., offic. inspector, 1st circle, dept. public instruction of N.W.P., are placed at disposal of Govt. of Punjab, from Nov. 15 next.

No. 3,396a.—An ext. of 3½ mo. leave, on m.c., is granted to Mr. S. Thornton, dep. coll., at Cawnpore.

No. 3,399a.—One mo. priv. leave of absence is granted to Mr. R. M. Edwards, mag. and coll. of Bareilly, with effect from 1st prox.

No. 3,400a.—Mr. E. Colvin, joint mag. and dep. coll. of Philibheet, is app. to offic. as mag. and coll. of Bareilly, during leave of Mr. R. M. Edwards.

Sept. 21.—No. 3,403a.—Maj. F. H. Hanmer, asst. comr. of Nagpore, whose services have been placed at the disposal of this Govt., is app. to offic. as cant. mag. of Cawnpore. He is invested with the powers of a mag., to be exercised within the limits of the Cawnpore cantonments.

Maj. Hanmer is invested with the powers of a small cause court judge within the same limits, in suits for an amount not exceeding 50 rupees.

No. 3,413a.—Fifteen mo. priv. leave of absence to Eur. on m.c., together with 18 days' prep. leave, is granted to Mr. J. H. Carter, asst. comr. of Jaloun.

No. 3,414a.—Mr. J. V. Sturt, extra asst. comr. in the Jhansie div., is app. to offic. as asst. comr., during the absence, on leave, of Mr. J. H. Carter, or until further orders.

Sept. 20.—No. 4,136.—The 1 mo. priv. leave granted to Mr. T. Tapsell, account., 4th grade, N.W.P., is confirmed.

No. 4,137.—Mr. J. Macdonald, asst. engr. 1st grade 3rd div. Grand Trunk road, availed himself, on the 11th inst., of the 3 mo. priv. leave granted to him, dated 5th ult.

Sept. 22.—No. 4,147.—Mr. W. McCleery, asst. engr. 3rd grade, attached to 2nd Allahabad div. pub. works, having passed the usual exam., is prom. to 2nd grade, with effect from 2nd inst.

No. 4,148.—Priv. leave for 1 mo. is granted to Mr. H. F. White, civil divisional engr., Goruckpore, from the 10th inst., or from such date as he may avail himself of it.

Sept. 28.—No. 911a.—Lieut. J. H. Lassale as-

sumed charge of his duties as officg. 2nd asst. dist. supt. of police, Ajmere and Mhairwara police corps on the forenoon of July 24.

Sept. 21.—No. 3,425a.—One mo. priv. leave of absence, under Section VI. of the New Civil Service Absentee Rules, is granted to Mr. J. H. Prinsep, mag. and coll. of Allypore, with effect from the 1st inst.

No. 3,435a.—Mr. C. W. Mellor, joint mag. and dep. coll. at Allypore, is app. to offic. as mag. and coll. at that station, during the absence, on leave, of Mr. Prinsep.

No. 3,439a.—One mo. priv. leave of absence is granted to Mr. R. Griffith, M.A., officg. insp. of public instruction of the 3rd circle, and principal of the Govt. college at Benares, with effect from the 15th inst.

Sept. 26.—No. 3,468a.—His Honour the Lieut. Gov. has been pleased to make the following appts., with effect from the date of decease of Capt. Tyler:—

Maj. F. A. Corbett, asst. comr. in the Jhansie div., to be dep. comr., 4th class, at Lullupore.

Mr. Montague will continue to offic. as dep. comr. of Lullupore, or until further orders.

Mr. J. Alone, asst. comr., 2nd class, to be asst. comr., 1st class.

Mr. W. R. N. James, extra asst. comr., 1st class, to be asst. comr., 2nd class.

Mr. J. V. Sturt, extra asst. comr., 2nd class, to be extra asst. comr., 1st class.

Mr. W. C. Greenwood, extra asst. comr., 3rd class, to be extra asst. comr., 2nd class.

Sept. 27.—No. 3,478a.—Mr. E. B. Thornhill is app. to be joint mag. and dep. coll. at Allahabad.

Sept. 28.—No. 3,504a.—Three mo. leave of absence, on m.c., is granted to Mr. N. Parsick, dep. coll., Jounpore, in supersession of the leave granted to him by the notification in this dept., No. 1,917a, dated June 3.

Sept. 29.—No. 4,224.—With reference to notification No. 3,813, dated 22nd ult., Mr. S. de V. H. Alexander, asst. engr., 2nd grade, joined the 3rd div. Grand Trunk road on 16th inst.

BY THE LIEUT. GOVERNOR, PUNJAB.

Sept. 19.—No. 1,844.—Transfer.—Mr. M. S. Champneys, asst. comr., from the Hoshiarpore to the Jullundur dist.

No. 1,849.—Leave.—Capt. J. W. H. Johnstone, comr., Bunnos, has obtained 1 mo. priv. leave of absence from Oct. 1, or such subsequent date as he may avail himself thereof.

Sept. 21.—No. 1,863.—The services of the Rev. W. G. Cowie, B.A., chaplain in Cashmere, are placed at the disposal of the Govt. of Bengal from Oct. 1.

Sept. 25.—No. 1,894.—Transfers.—Mr. A. H. Benton, asst. comr., from the Loodiana to the Jhung dist.

No. 1,895.—Mr. F. D. Bullock, asst. comr., from the Lahore to the Jhung dist.

No. 1,898.—Mr. J. D. Tremlett, asst. comr., from the Jullundur to the Lahore dist.

No. 1,898.—Leave.—The priv. leave of absence granted to Mr. W. Coldstream, officg. judge of small cause court, Delhi, in *Punjab Gazette* order No. 1,508, dated July 22, is ext. by 5 days.

No. 1,899.—Lieut. C. McNeile, asst. comr., Peshawur, has obtained 1 mo. leave of absence, on private affairs, under the milly. rules, from the date of his availing himself thereof.

Sept. 19.—No. 1,349c.—With reference to *Punjab Gazette* order, No. 412c, of July 1, granting Mr. T. Login, exec. engr., 5 mo. leave on m.c., the leave should have effect from May 24, and not May 23, as therein stated.

BY THE COMMANDER-IN-CHIEF.

Head Quarters, Simla, Aug. 24.—Leave of absence:—

82nd Foot.—Capt. J. F. Pilkington, from Aug. 6 to Sept. 5, to Calcutta, m.c.

90th Foot.—Ens. C. B. Norman, from July 27 to Oct. 15, to visit Murree and Cashmere, on m.c.

102nd Foot.—Lieut. W. Cleland, from date of embarkation at Madras, to England overland, m.c.

Staff Corps.—Capt. J. W. Hoggan (2nd in command and wing officer 25th N.I.), from Aug. 4 to Aug. 10, in ext. of priv. leave, to remain at Simla on m.c.; and Capt. F. Allen (wing officer 18th N.I.), from Aug. 15 to Nov. 16, in ext. of priv. leave, to remain at Nynee Tal on m.c.

Late 38th N.I.—Capt. R. B. Dundas (att. to the 22nd N.I.), from Sept. 1 to Oct. 15, in ext. of priv. leave, to remain at Kussowlie.

Late 55th N.I.—Lieut. D. R. Clarke (att. to the 16th N.I.), from Aug. 19 to Oct. 15, in ext. of priv. leave, to remain at Simla.

Gen. List Inf.—Lieut. A. J. Stead (doing duty 11th N.I.), from July 3 to Nov. 1, to Darjeeling, on m.c.

Gen. List Inf., Madras.—Lieut. R. F. Taylor (att. to the 10th Madras, N.I.), from July 30 to Jan. 30, in ext. of priv. leave to Madras, for the purpose of studying the native languages.

Medical Dept.—Asst. surg. T. B. Farncombe (in med. charge 11th N.I.), from July 1 to Aug. 31, to Calcutta, m.c.

Sept. 6.—The following orders are confirmed:—

By the officer comdg. the 11th N.I., dated July 30 last, appg. Lieut. J. G. Barlow, late 54th N.I., att., to offic. as doing duty officer and qrmr.

Gowhaty station order, dated July 31 last, appg. Asst. surg. J. H. Thornton, m.b. and b.a., to relieve Asst. surg. R. Brown from the med. charge of the Eurasian company of art. and left wing 12th N.I., and directing the latter officer to proc. and assume med. charge of the 43rd N.I.

By the officer comdg. the 26th N.I., dated the 1st ult., appg. Capt. M. G. Smith, wing officer, to offic. as 2nd in command and wing officer, with effect from July 15 last, v. Capt. C. M. Longmore, on m.c.

Benares div. order, dated the 4th ult., directing Asst. surg. J. M. Cameron, on being relieved from the civil med. charge of Monghyr, to proc. and report himself for duty to the dep. insp. gen. of hospitals, Doar field force.

By the officer comdg. the 27th N.I., dated the 5th ult., directing the following appts., with effect from the 3rd idem., in the room of Capt. F. D. Ogilvie, wing officer, on leave:—

Lieut. H. H. Birch, adjt., to officiate as wing officer.

Lieut. C. E. Hunter, doing duty officer, to officiate as adjt., in addition to his other duties.

By the officer comdg. 2nd Goorkhas, dated 6th ult., making the following appointments, in the room of Major H. T. Macpherson, v.c., comdt., proceeded on court martial duty:—

Capt. D. Macintyre, 2nd in com. and wing officer, to officiate as comdt.

Lieut. A. Battye, wing officer, to officiate as 2nd in com. and wing officer.

Lieut. H. P. P. Nash, adjt., to officiate as wing officer.

Lieut. E. B. Cox, doing duty officer, to officiate as adjt., in addition to his other duties.

Oude division order, dated 11th ult., directing Asst. surg. F. J. Pettingal to proceed to Gowhaty for duty with the Doar field force.

The leave for 4 mo. granted to Lieut. G. E. J. Maidman, staff corps, in G.O.C.C. of 16th ult., to visit Hazareebaugh, is hereby cancelled.

Leave of absence:—

Royal Artillery.—Col. G. P. Sealy, comdg. 18 brig., from date of embark. at Bombay, to England overland, on m.c.; Capt. C. Raikes, D baty. 23rd brig., from date of embark. at Bombay, to England overland, on m.c.; Lieut. A. D. Anderson, No. 6 baty. 22nd brig., from July 1 to Oct. 15, in ext.; Surg. W. W. Mills, att. to the 58th foot, from Aug. 26 to Sept. 26, to Calcutta, on m.c.

1st Foot.—Lieut. H. Fossett, 1st batt., from date of embark. at Madras, to England for 17 mo., doing duty with troops on the voyage.

4th Foot.—Capt. A. N. Wilson, 1st batt., from date of embark. at Bombay, to England overland, on m.c.

11th Foot.—Ens. M. N. Gubbins, 1st batt., from June 2 to Oct. 2, to enable him to join regtl. head qrs.

27th Foot.—Qrmr. J. Trenor, from Oct. 1 to Oct. 31, to Calcutta, and thence to England for 15 mo.

51st Foot.—Capt. A. Brigstocke, from Oct. 25 to Dec. 31, in ext., to remain in England.

76th Foot.—Ens. H. O. Carey, from date of embark. at Madras, to England, overland, m.c.

79th Foot.—Major G. M. Miller, from June 1 to Sept. 13, 1866, to remain in England.

85th Foot.—Capt. G. S. Watson, from Aug. 22 to Sept. 20, to Calcutta, m.c.

97th Foot.—Asst. surg. J. L. Power, from date of embark., to England, by either route, m.c.

104th Foot.—Capt. C. K. Mylne, from Aug. 4 to Sept. 5, to Calcutta, m.c.

106th Foot.—Lieut. E. G. Peyton, from date of embark. at Bombay, to England for 15 mo.

Staff Corps.—Captain H. L. Hawkins, from Aug. 15 to Oct. 15, in ext., prep. to proc. on furl. to Eur., and Lieut. H. C. Fagan (att. to 16th Bengal cav.), from Sept. 5 to Oct. 5, to Calcutta, m.c.

Late 10th N.I.—Lieut. C. W. Campbell, 2nd squad. officer, 2nd B cav., from Aug. 18 to Oct. 15, n ext.

Gen. List, Inf.—Lieut. C. D. G. Newington, att. to the 14th N.I., from Aug. 10 to Oct. 15, to Calcutta, for the purpose of studying the native languages.

Med. Staff.—Staff Asst. surg. E. H. Condon, m.b., att. to the 2nd batt. 21st foot, from date of embark. at Madras, to England via the Cape, to appear before a med. board.

Sept. 7.—The following orders are confirmed:—

Eastern frontier brigade order, dated July 21, directing the following medical arrangements:—

Directing Asst. surg. J. Richardson, m.b., to assume medical charge of the depot, which is to be transferred to Julpesh; and Asst. surg. A. R. Wag-

horn to the medical charge of the 11th N.I. at Putla Kowa.

Directing Asst. surg. F. Powell, m.b., to assume medical charge of the wing of 5th Bengal cav. at Putla Kowa.

Allahabad brigade order, dated 14th ult., directing Honorary Asst. surg. F. H. A. Leach to do duty with the royal art.

By the officer comdg. 16th N.I., dated 25th ult., making the following appointments:—

Directing Capt. F. B. Foote, wing officer, to officiate as comdt.

Lieut. and adjt. W. G. Cubitt, v.c., to officiate as wing officer.

Lieut. A. B. Clare, doing duty officer and offic. qrmr., to officiate as adjt., in addition to his other duties.

ERRATUM.—In G.O.C.C. of April 27 last, granting leave of absence to Surg. major J. M. Jones, read "J. H. Jones."

Sept. 13.—The C. in C. in India is pleased to make the following proms., until H.M.'s pleasure shall be known:—

80th Foot.—Capt. J. L. W. Nunn to be maj., by purchase, v. Maj. E. Hardinge, who retires, dated Sept. 7.

Lieut. F. FitzClarence Goldard to be capt., by purchase, v. Capt. J. L. W. Nunn, prom., dated Sept. 7.

Ens. J. C. Robinson to be lieut., by purchase, v. Lieut. F. FitzClarence Goldard, prom., dated Sept. 7.

82nd Foot.—Lieut. C. Spencer to be capt., without purchase, v. Capt. J. F. Pilkington, dec., dated Aug. 29.

Ens. H. W. Nicholson to be lieut., without purchase, v. L. C. Spencer, prom., dated Aug. 29.

94th Foot.—Ens. S. N. MacLeod Nairne to be lieut., without purchase, v. Lieut. F. J. Hassard, dec., dated Aug. 29.

Under instructions from the Horse Guards, the exchange between Staff Asst. surg. F. Pout and Asst. surg. W. Venour, 46th foot, published in G.O.C.C. of June 8 last, is cancelled, dated Sept. 2.

The undermen. officers, &c., passed in the 1st standard in Hindoostanee, agreeably to G.S.O., No. 734 of 1864, July 10 last:—

Lieuts. J. H. Alexander, H. G. Young, S. Cargill, H. A. Graves, and Asst. surg. A. O. Cowan, m.d., R.A.

Lieuts. T. B. B. Savi, G. F. O. Boughey, and T. H. Holdich, R.E.

Lieuts. H. A. Bushman, and Cornet W. S. Lillingston, 7th hussars.

Lieuts. M. J. Moore, gen. list, cav.; R. H. Ross, J. R. B. Buscarlet, and Ens. L. R. Battye, 35th foot.

Lieut. H. R. Tracey, 36th foot.

Ensigns G. M. Abbott, 82nd foot, and F. R. C. Voyle, 91st foot.

Lieut. A. H. A. Gordon, 98th foot.

Vet. surg. H. Farrell, att. to the R.A.

Sergt. W. Mitchell, commissariat dept.

Barrack sergt. G. Moulton, barrack dept.

Bombardier Ferrier, F. baty. 11th brig., R.A.

Lance corporal J. Ward, and Private A. G. Fernleigh, 7th drag. gds.

Privates R. Watkins, 1st batln. 23rd foot; W. Reid, 38th foot; J. Ballard, 51st foot; Quinn, 77th foot; and D. Neeglan, 107th foot.

Acting sergt. W. Dyer, Corporal J. Church, and Private R. Nunan, 2nd batln. rifle brig.

Official notification has been received of the undermentioned officers of the rifle brig. having exchanged to batlins. specified:—

Lieuts. F. Wilson, to the 1st batln.; and C. Fairchild, to the 2nd batln.

The following Pres. div. orders are confirmed:—

Intd 2nd inst.—Directing Asst. surg. B. T. Giraud, m.b., 19th hussars, lately arrived, and Apothecary W. A. Kidd, the former to proceed and do duty with 97th foot at Saugor, and the latter at the General Hospital.

Orders confirmed:—

Darjeeling station order, dated Oct. 29, 1864 directing Civil surg. B. Simpson, m.d., b.a., to afford medical aid to the detachment of 17th N.I. at Runjeet.

By Major A. S. Allen, comdg. detachment of 5th N.I., dated April 10 last, directing Dr. R. A. Barker, civil surg., Cachar, with the concurrence of the civil authorities, to assume medical charge of a detachment of the 5th N.I., there being no other medical officer available.

By the officer comdg. 90th foot, dated July 17 last, appg. Lieut. D. MacLachlan, asst. instructor of musketry, to offic. as adjt., v. Lieut. R. I. Ward, proc. on leave.

By the officer comdg. 23rd N.I., dated July 31 last, making the following appts.:—

Capt. E. H. Woodcock, wing officer, to offic. as 2nd in com. and wing officer.

Lieut. H. St. G. Tucker, adjt., to offic. as wing officer.

Lieut. F. H. B. Marsh, qrmr., to offic. as adjt.

By the officer comdg. 2nd Goorkha regt., dated 2nd ult., making the following appointments, with effect from June 1 last, during the absence on duty of Maj. H. T. Macpherson, v.c., comdt.:—

Capt. D. Macintyre, 2nd in command and wing officer, to offic. as commandant.

Lieut. A. Battye, wing officer, to officiate as 2nd in command and wing officer.

Lieut. H. P. P. Nash, adjt., to offic. as wing officer.

Lieut. E. B. Cox, officg. qrmr., to offic. as adjt., in addition to his other duties.

By the officer commanding the 2nd Bengal cav., dated the 11th ult., making the following appointments, during the absence on leave of Lieut. C. W. Campbell, 2nd squadron officer:—

Lieut. G. L. K. Hewett, adjt., to offic. as 2nd in command and squadron officer, retaining charge of the qrmr.'s office.

Lieut. F. Knowles, 3rd squadron officer, to offic. as 2nd squadron officer and adjt.

Lieut. H. C. Kemble, doing duty officer, to offic. as 3rd squadron officer.

By the officer commanding the 30th N.I., dated the 26th ult., appointing Capt. J. G. Campbell, late 15th N.I., attached, to offic. as qrmr., with effect from the 19th idem., as a special case, there being no other qualified officer available.

By the officer commanding the 1st batt. 20th foot, dated the 27th ult., appointing Lieut. G. R. Gibbs to be interpreter to the regt.

Ferozepore brigade order, dated the 30th ult., directing Lieut. col. W. D. Morgan, comdg. 32nd N.I., to assume command of the station, in the room of Lieut. col. H. R. Hibbert, 1st batt. 7th foot, proc. on leave.

Allahabad brigade order, dated 30th ult., directing Asst. surg. J. R. Murray, m.d., 107th foot, to afford med. aid to the 7th N.I., temp., in addition to his other duties, on the departure of Asst. surg. J. H. White, on sick leave.

Leave of absence:—

Royal Art.—Lieut. col. H. LeG. Bruce, 19th brigade, from Oct. 15 to 31, in ext.

Rifle Brigade.—Surg. J. B. C. Read, 3rd batt., from Aug. 17 to Oct. 15, to Murree, on m.c.

27th Foot.—Col. R. J. Baumgartner, c.b., from Aug. 17 to Sept. 17, to Calcutta, m.c.

36th Foot.—Lieut. H. T. C. Roberts, from date of embark., to England, for 6 mo.

38th Foot.—Ens. J. D. C. Serrell, from Aug. 24 to Sept. 24, to Calcutta, m.c.

82nd Foot.—Lieut. B. L. Cumberland, from Aug. 12 to Oct. 13, in ext.

88th Foot.—Capt. G. S. Watson, from date of embark., to England, by either route, m.c.

97th Foot.—Asst. surg. J. L. Power, from Aug. 10 to Sept. 10, to Calcutta, m.c.

Late 42nd N.I.—Capt. E. F. Litchfield, from Aug. 30 to Sept. 15, in ext.

Gen. List, Inf.—Lieut. E. N. D. LaTouche, doing duty officer, 44th N.I., from Aug. 5 to Sept. 5, to Calcutta, m.c.

Med. Dept.—Asst. surg. J. H. White, in med. charge of 7th N.I., from Sept. 1 to date of embark., prep. to applying for leave to Eur., on m.c.

Medical Staff.—Staff Asst. surg. W. J. Page, att. to the 97th foot, from date of leaving regt., to Calcutta, for 1 mo., m.c.

Sept. 14.—Appointments:—

37th N.I.—Capt. A. A. Bruce, officg. wing officer, is confirmed in that appt., dated Sept. 5.

38th N.I.—Major A. G. Nedham, staff corps, to offic. as 2nd in com. and wing officer, v. Major C. B. Basden, appt. to the 45th N.I., dated Aug. 29.

(N.B.—This cancels the appt. of Maj. R. Larkins to this vacancy.)

The C. in C. in India is pleased to make the foll. appt., until H.M.'s pleasure shall be known:—

20th Hussars.—Lieut. A. W. Brodhurst to be adjt., v. Capt. J. C. Lockwood, prom., dated Jan. 28.

The C. in C. is pleased to assign the local rank of capt. in India to the following officer of the British service, under the provisions of para. 70 of the Sec. of State's despatch published in G.G.O. No. 632, dated Aug. 4, 1864, subject to H.M.'s approval:—
2nd Battalion 12th Foot.—Capt. F. E. Medhurst to be captain, dated June 14, 1862.

The C. in C. in India is pleased to make the following appointment:—

Landour Convalescent Depot.—Lieut. F. S. S. Brind, 1st batt. 19th foot, to be station staff, v. Capt. P. Hunter, 82nd foot, whose services are required with his regt.; dated Sept. 12 last.

Capt. E. K. O. Gilbert, staff corps, is temp. appt. brigade major to the force employed in Assam.

Under instruction from the Horse Guards, Lieut. J. C. Bradshaw, 1st batt. 23rd royal Welch fus., will proceed to join the depot companies of his batt. at home at the public expense.

Lieut. R. A. Dobbin, late 6th Eur. regt., recently arrived from m. c. to Europe, is permitted to proceed and do duty with 18th N.I. at Bhaugulpore.

Staff asst. surg. F. Howard, at present attached to R.A. at Allahabad, will proceed without delay to Nowgong, where the services of a med. officer are urgently required for a detachment of the 97th foot.

The Allahabad brigade order, dated the 23rd ult., directing Col. G. Bouchier, c.b., comdg. R.A., to assume comd. of the station and brigade in the room of Brig. gen. D. Rainier, proceeded on leave, is confirmed.

Erratum.—In G.O.C.C. of June 1 last, confirming regtl. order by the officer comdg. the 40th N.I., dated April 25 last, directing certain offic. appts. during the abs. on leave of Capt. E. J. Wild, 2nd in comd. and wing officer, with effect from March 26 last, read, "with effect from April 26 last."

Sept. 21.—The underment. officers are appt. to do duty with the regts. specified below:—

Those officers who are at present on leave of abs. may proc. to join the regts. to which they are posted on the expiry of their leave.

With the 7th Bengal Cavalry at Lucknow.—Capt. H. G. Jenkins, late 4th Eur. L.C., on leave at Nynee Tal.

With the 18th Bengal Cav. at Rawul Pindee.—Capt. F. W. Russell, late 3rd Eur. L.C., on leave to Cashmere.

Capt. A. K. J. C. Mackenzie, late 5th Eur. L.C., on leave to Cashmere.

With the 4th N.I. at Jhansi.—Capt. H. Campbell, staff corps, on leave to Nynee Tal.

With the 9th N.I. at Fyzabad (under orders to the Eastern frontier).—Lieut. H. Beal, gen. list, inf., on leave to the hills north of Dehra.

With the 10th N.I. at Moradabad.—Capt. C. D. S. Clarke, late 73rd N.I., on leave to Landour.

With the 13th N.I. at Peshawur.—Capt. W. F. Edwards, late 45th N.I., on leave to Mussoorie.

Lieut. R. C. Clifford, late 38th N.I., on leave to Cashmere.

With the 15th N.I. at Dorundah (under orders to Ferozepore).—Capt. A. H. B. Bruce, staff corps, doing duty with the Landour convalescent depot, to do duty at Ferozepore on the expiration of his term of duty at the depot, pending arrival of the 15th N.I. at that station in course of the relief.

Lieut. H. P. Kirke, gen. list, inf., to do duty at Ferozepore as directed in case of Capt. Bruce.

With the 17th N.I. at Dacca.—Capt. E. R. C. Wilcox, late 4th Eur. regt., on leave to Almorah.

Lieut. H. U. Smith, late 46th N.I., on leave to Nynee Tal and Almorah.

With the 19th N.I. at Julpesh, Bhootan (under orders to Allygurh and Futtelghur).—Capt. H. A. Prinsep, late 3rd Eur. regt., on leave to Mussoorie, to do duty at Allygurh, pending arrival of the 19th N.I. at that station in course of the relief.

With the 20th N.I. at Rawul Pindee.—Capt. C. Macfarlane, staff corps, on leave to Simla and hills north of Dehra.

With 21st N.I. at Meean Meer.—Capt. J. H. Tyler, late 20th N.I., on leave to Mussoorie.

With the 27th N.I. at Peshawur.—Capt. J. R. Currie, late 4th N.I., on leave to hills north of Dehra.

Capt. J. G. S. Matheson, late 2nd Eur. Bengal fus., on leave to Simla.

Capt. R. D. Griffin, late 61th N.I., on leave to Mussoorie.

With the 31st N.I. at Buxa Bhootan (under orders to Umballah).—Capt. H. F. Inglesfield, late 38th N.I., doing duty with the Landour convalescent depot, to do duty at Umballah on the expiry of his

term of duty at the depot, pending arrival of the 31st N.I. at that station in course of the relief.

With the 45th N.I. at Jullundur.—Capt. J. E. D. Wilson, late 42nd N.I., on leave to Simla.

To the 2nd Goorka Regt. at Rawul Pindee.—Capt. C. W. Hawes, staff corps, on leave to Cashmere.

BOMBAY.

BY THE GOVERNOR IN COUNCIL.

BATTA.

Bombay Castle, Sept. 28.—No. 511.—Under instructions from her Majesty's Principal Secretary of State for India, Government is pleased to direct that all claims remaining unpaid on account of Persian donation batta must be preferred to the examiner, pay department, before March 31 next, supported in the prescribed manner. Certificates that the claims have not been paid in England must also be attached, under the signature of officers commanding corps or heads of departments. Any neglect of this order, except in cases where compliance can be proved to have been impracticable, will be held sufficient reason for negating future claims.

Sept. 29.—No. 513.—The services of Major F. Hewett, canton. jt. mag. at Sholapoor, are placed at disposal of H.E. the C. in C. for general duty.

Oct. 4.—No. 518.—The undermentioned medical officers are brought on the strength of H.M.'s British forces in this Presidency from Sept. 27, the date of their arrival at the Pres.:—

Staff surg. A. Humfrey.

Staff asst. surg. W. McConnell, m.d.

Staff asst. surg. J. F. Blake, m.b.

Staff asst. surg. A. B. Robinson.

Staff asst. surg. E. R. O'Brien, m.d.

Staff asst. surg. E. Vallance.

Staff asst. surg. J. Candy, m.d.

Oct. 3.—Mr. G. Norman, acting coll. of Bombay, is vested with the powers of a mag. of police in the town and island of Bombay.

Oct. 4.—Mr. G. T. Gierzen, supt. of police at Dharwar, having returned to duty on 27th ult., the unexpired portion of the leave for 6 mo. dated Jan. 18 is cane.

The Hon. the Chief Justice of H.M.'s High Court of Judicature has granted Mr. W. A. East, dep. reg. to the appellate side of that court, priv. leave for 1 mo. from Nov. 3 to Dec. 2.

Sept. 26.—Mr. A. G. Maury, asst. comr. of customs, salt, and opium, has leave for 1 mo., on m.c., from 23rd inst.

Sept. 28.—Capt. G. A. Laughton to be supt. of the revenue survey of the town and island of Bombay.

Sept. 30.—Mr. W. Boulton, 3rd class dep. coll. in Sind, having returned to duty on 16th inst., the unexpired portion of the leave for 2 yr. granted to him on Nov. 4, 1863, is cane.

Messrs. P. J. L. De Souza and J. Howell, late sub-asst. surgs., were deputed upon special duty in the civil dept. to Kurrachee on May 8, and continued so employed till June 22, the date of their return to Bombay.

Oct. 4.—Mr. W. S. Howard, asst. engr., 1st grade, has priv. leave for 1 mo. from Sept. 16.

Lieut. M. J. Macartney, R.E., asst. engr., 1st grade, received charge of the office of the exec. engr., Sattara, on Sept. 18, as a temp. measure.

H.E. the Gov. in Council has been pleased to direct that the Elphinstone Institution, otherwise called the Central School, be designated in future the Elphinstone High School, and Mr. W. J. Jeaffreson, B.A., be styled "Principal," and Mr. Arthur Barrett "Vice-Principal," of the Elphinstone High School.

Sept. 29.—Mr. J. D. Freeman, deputy shipping master, is appointed shipping master from the date of Lieut. Hayman's dec.

Oct. 4.—Mr. T. Morris is appointed a prob. pilot from Oct. 1, v. Mr. Guy, res.

Oct. 10.—No. 521.—Surg. maj. H. J. Giraud, m.d., med. estab., is allowed a furlough to Europe for 18 mo., on m.c.

No. 522.—Lieut. P. Montgomerie, R.E. (Madras), asst. exec. engr., Cent. Provs., is allowed a furlough to Europe for 20 mo., on m.c.

Oct. 11.—No. 523.—With the sanction of the Right Hon. the Secy. of State for India, Capt. Ferguson's admission to the staff corps, as announced in G.O. No. 536, Nov. 1, 1864, is antedated to July 31, 1862.

No. 524.—The admission to the staff corps of the undermen. officers is antedated to Feb. 18, 1861, in accordance with G.G.O. No. 431, of Aug. 8, 1865,

subject to the approval of the Right Hon. the Secy. of State for India:—

1. Capt. W. H. Ross.

2. Lieut. W. H. Wilson.

No. 525.—The prom. to capt. in the staff corps of W. H. Ross is antedated to Dec. 20, 1864, subject to H.M.'s approval.

No. 525.—The undermen. officer, having completed 26 years' service, 8 of which were on permanent staff employ, to be lieut. col. from the date specified, under the Royal warrant of Jan. 16, 1861, subject to H.M.'s approval:—

Major H. B. Hodgson, Sept. 22, 1865.

No. 527.—The undermen. officer, having completed 12 years' service, 4 of which were on permanent staff employ, to be capt. from the date specified, under the Royal warrant of Jan. 16, 1861, subject to H.M.'s approval:—

Lieut. G. C. Grant, Oct. 4, 1864.

Oct. 11.—Capt. P. Fenwick, asst. resident at Baroda, resumed charge of his duties on Sept. 30.

Asst. surg. W. H. Colvill, civil surg. at Bushire, resumed charge of his duties on Aug. 13.

Oct. 5.—Mr. W. Wedderburn is app. asst. judge and session judge of Ahmednuggur, continuing to act as judge of Kurrachee.

Oct. 9.—Major J. M. Holt, staff officer at Baroda, is app. a mag. in the Surat, Broach, Ahmedabad, and Kaira districts, to dispose of railway cases.

Appointments:—

Lieut. F. H. Segrave, H.M.'s 16th regt. N.I., to be supt. of railway police on the Bombay, Baroda, and Central India Railway.

Lieut. G. F. Birdwood, Bombay staff corps, to be supt. of railway police on the Great Indian Peninsula Railway.

The above officers to be assistants to the district superintendents of police through which the railways pass.

Oct. 10.—Major W. Pirie, supt. of police, Rutnagherry, is allowed priv. leave of absence for 3 mo. from Oct. 20 last, under sec. 6 of the New Covenanted Civil Service Absentee Rules.

Oct. 11.—Mr. A. C. Trevor, 1st asst. to coll. and mag. of Kaira, is vested with the powers contemplated in Act 13 of 1859 in the Kaira district.

Oct. 7.—Messrs. M. B. Baker and G. Ayerst, of the civil service, passed an examination in the Murathee language on the 2nd inst.

The following appointments are made:—

Mr. M. B. Baker, to be asst. to coll. and mag. of Khandeish.

Mr. G. Ayerst, to be asst. to coll. and mag. of Tanna.

Mr. G. M. Grant, to be asst. to coll. and mag. of Surat.

Messrs. J. Nugent and E. Cordeaux, to be aasts. to coll. and mag. of Sattara.

Oct. 9.—Mr. W. G. Pedder, survey settlement officer in Guzerat, is allowed leave, on m.c., for 15 mo., to proc. to Eur., under sec. 11, chap. 3 of the new covenanted C.S. furl. and absentee rules.

Mr. T. H. Stewart acted as 1st asst. coll. and mag. of Kaira, from May 17 to Sept. 22 last.

Oct. 10.—Mr. G. Norman has been appt. coll. of Bombay, special income tax consmr., coll. of income-tax for the town and island of Bombay, and president of the income-tax commission and superint. of stamps and stationery from July 15 last, until further orders.

Oct. 11.—The priv. leave for 40 days granted on the 21st ult. to Mr. R. E. H. Light, asst. superint. rev. survey, Southern Maratha country, is cane. at his own request.

Mr. W. B. Mulock acted as 2nd asst. coll. and mag. of Surat from April 7 to June 22 last.

Oct. 11.—Surg. major H. Giraud, m.d., is perm. to res. the appts. of surg. to the Jamsetjee Jeejeebhoy Hospital and chemical analyser to Govt. from the 14th inst.

Oct. 10.—The Hon. the Gov. in Council is pleased to make the following appts. in the public works dept.:—

Capt. A. U. H. Finch, R.E., acting exec. engr., Ahmednuggur and Nassick, to be acting exec. engr. of Sattara, in the room of Capt. C. A. Goodfellow, R.E., v.c.

Lieut. W. M. Ducat, R.E., exec. engr., Northern Konkan, to be exec. engr. for reclamations, Bombay.

Oct. 11.—Serg. J. Parkhill, overseer 1st grade, has been allowed priv. leave for 1 mo., from Sept. 7 last.

Major W. R. Houghton, staff corps, exec. engr., 4th grade, has been allowed priv. leave for 15 days, from Sept. 23 last.

The Rev. J. Paton is appt. asst. chaplain of the Church of England at the Presidency, but to remain with the 72nd Highlanders until the departure of the regt. for Eur.

BY THE COMMANDER-IN-CHIEF.

Head Quarters, Simla, July 15.—No. 977.—The following temp. arrangement is confirmed, with effect from Sept. 21 :—

21st Regt. N.I. or Marine Battalion.—Lieut. T. L. Fraser to offic. as adjt. until the arrival of Lieut. Malden.

Adjt. Gen.'s Office, Head Quarters, Poona, Sept. 27.—No. 980.—Appointments :—

26th Regt. N.I.—Brev. maj. G. L. Thomson is confirmed as 2nd in com., v. Sinclair, who vacates on the expiration of 20 mo. leave of abs.

Capt. M. R. Bruce, cadre 23rd regt. N.L.I., to be wing officer, v. Thomson.

Capt. C. M. Ducat will continue attached to 26th regt. N.I.

4th Regt. N.I. or Rifle Corps.—Lieut. A. H. Woodhouse, general list, to be doing duty officer, v. French.

2nd Scinde Horse.—Lieut. A. M. Hogg, 103rd foot, to be doing duty officer on probation, v. Hay, permitted to resign.

No. 981.—The following appointments in the quartermaster general's dept. are made, with effect from 19th inst., v. Lieut. col. Burrows, whose period of staff service expired on that date :—

Capt. R. Mallaby to be assist. qrmr. gen.

Lieut. R. L. Campbell is confirmed as dep. assist. qrmr. gen., v. Mallaby.

No. 982.—H.E. the C. in C. in India has been pleased to app. Brev. maj. Foster, 95th foot, to com. the Kurrachee depot, in succession to Brev. Lieut. col. Faussett, 44th foot, who resigns.

No. 983.—Surg. major H. Pitman is app. to the med. charge of the 1st gren. regt. N.I. at Aden.

No. 984.—The undermentioned officer passed the required examination in the native language as follows :—

Hindoostanee, Staff Test.—Lieut. C. M. Erskine, 103rd foot, on Jan. 10, 1865.

No. 985.—Lieut. A. R. Heyland acted as interp. to 56th foot, from May 28 to Aug. 31 inclusive.

No. 987.—Leave of absence :—

109th Foot.—Lieut. and Adjt. O. Schmidt, to proceed to England by the overland route, for the purpose of appearing before a medical board.

Royal Engrs.—Lieut. A. Parnell, to England by the overland route, for the purpose of appearing before a medical board.

Sept. 28.—No. 989.—Principal Vet. surg. J. Collins is permitted to proceed on his annual tour of inspection.

Sept. 29.—No. 993.—The following G.O. by H.E. the C. in C. in India, dated Simla, Sept. 4, is republished :—

No. 414.—The undermentioned officer passed in the First Standard in Hindoostanee, agreeably to G.G.O. No. 690, on 7th ult. :—

Ens. E. J. Lugard, 1st batt. 4th foot.

Sept. 30.—No. 995.—The following appointments are made :—

12th Regt. N.I.

Lieut. C. Wodehouse, qrmr., to be adjt., v. Forreath, placed on civil employ.

Lieut. G. G. H. Fulton, staff corps, to be qrmr., v. Wodehouse.

13th Regt. N.I.

Capt. J. Galloway, staff corps, to offic. as qrmr., as a temp. measure, v. Worthy, app. to the commissariat dept.

Lieut. W. B. Seton, gen. list, app. to offic. as doing duty officer, to be second doing duty officer, from Sept. 19.

28th Regt. N.I.

Capt. J. C. D. Moray, staff corps, to be qrmr., v. Cunningham.

Capt. E. M. Smith, staff corps, to com. No. 1 comp. sappers and miners, v. Moray.

Lieut. C. Hay, staff corps, to com. No. 3 comp. sappers and miners, v. Fulton.

No. 996.—The C. in C. in India has sanctioned the undermentioned officer, 44th regt., proceeding to England by the overland route on the embarkation of his regt., for the purpose of undergoing a course of musketry instruction at Hythe :—

Lieut. and adjt. Pigott.

No. 997.—The Dep. insp. gen. of hospitals, British troops, proceeded to Bombay on duty on Aug. 9 last.

No. 998.—Leave of absence :—

18th Brig. R.A.—Lieut. col. G. G. Brown, from June 29 to Sept. 26, in ext.

106th Foot.—Lieut. S. Menteth, from Aug. 11 to May 11, 1866.

33rd Foot.—Lieut. F. Easton, from Aug. 16 to Feb. 16, 1866, on m.c.

45th Foot.—Capt. W. H. Mathew, from Aug. 18 to Feb. 18, 1866, on m.c.

18th Brig. R.A.—2nd Capt. J. Tasker, from Nov. 12 to April 13, in ext.

23rd Regt. N.L.I.—Lieut. G. G. Morris, gen. list, for 30 days from date of dep., to Bombay, on m.c.

Oct. 2.—No. 1,000.—The undermentioned medical officers of her Majesty's British forces, recently arrived from England, are attached as follows :—

Staff surg. A. Humfrey, to medical charge 33rd foot, Poona.

Staff asst. surg. W. McConnell, M.D., to 33rd foot.

Staff asst. surg. J. F. Blake, M.B., to 1st batt. 4th foot.

Staff asst. surg. A. B. Robinson, to ditto.

Staff asst. surg. E. R. O'Brien, M.D., to the royal art., Kirkee.

Staff asst. surg. E. Vallance, to head qrs. 14th brigade, royal art., Ahmedabad.

Staff asst. surg. J. Candy, M.D., to head qrs. 45th foot, Bombay.

No. 1,001.—Capt. A. F. Stewart, 6th dragoons, is attached to the general depot for duty until the opening of the season, when he will proceed to rejoin his regiment.

Oct. 3.—No. 1,003.—Returned to duty, Sept. 27 : Lieut. col. J. J. Combe, 18th regt. N.I.

Lieut. C. Wodehouse, staff corps.

No. 1,004.—Capt. and lieut. col. Faussett, 44th foot, is permitted to precede his regiment to England by the Overland route, at the public expense, reporting himself on arrival to the adjt. gen., Horse Guards.

Oct. 4.—No. 1,007.—The following temporary arrangement is confirmed :—

28th Regt. N.I.—Lieut. C. A. Cunningham to continue to perform the duties of qrmr. till Nov. 1, or till the arrival of Capt. Moray.

Leave of absence :—

No. 1,010.—Lieut. E. G. Peyton, 106th foot, 15 mo. from date of embarkation at Bombay, to England.

Lieut. E. R. Goode, 16th regt. N.I., attached to 26th regt. N.I., from Sept. 24 to Oct. 24, to Bombay, prepy. to obtaining a final certificate to Europe.

Apothecary A. Ramsay (attached to 18th brig. R.A.), subord. med. dept., from Oct. 1 to Oct. 31, in ext., on m.c.

Apothecary C. St. Aikin, 109th foot, subord. med. dept., from Oct. 1 to Oct. 31, on m.c.

Oct. 6.—No. 1,013.—The foll. appt. is made :— 15th Regt. N.I.—Col. G. Malcolm, C.B., staff corps, to command, v. Stanley, removed.

This appt. will not interfere with Brigadier gen. Malcolm's temp. command of the Ahmednuggur brig.

No. 1,019.—The following temp. arrangement is confirmed, with effect from Aug. 31 :—

30th Regt. N.I. or Jacob's Rifles.

Capt. T. Bell to offic. as comdt., and Capt. W. T. Mills as 2nd in comd., during the absence of Maj. Mainwaring.

No. 1,020.—The following order is confirmed :—

Dated Sept. 27.—By the officer comdg. at Rajcote, directing Capt. Blowers to perform the duties of station staff officer, during the absence of Capt. Heathcote, on special duty to Nusseerabad.

No. 1,021.—Capt. W. Weir, 103rd foot, is app. to the comd. of the Ghizree Sanitarium.

No. 1,026.—Leave of absence :—

Lieut. F. C. Hudson, 109th foot, 8 mo. from date of leaving his regt., to England.

Lieut. J. J. Marten, 1st batt. 4th foot, to England by the overland route, on m.c.

Brev. col. W. R. Preston, 45th foot, to England by overland route, for m.c.

These officers are not available for duty with troops, and will, on arrival, report themselves to the adjt. gen., Horse Guards.

Leaves of absence :—

Col. W. J. Smythe, 14th brigade R.A., from Sept. 29 to Oct. 28 ; and Capt. E. Coghlan, 106th foot, from Oct. 5 to Nov. 4, to Bombay, on m.c.

Oct. 7.—The undermen. officers will appear before the general examination committee, to be assembled at the Town-hall, Bombay, on the 10th inst., for examination in the native languages, as follows :—

Hindoostanee—2nd Standard.

Lieut. J. H. Bedford, R.E.

Major J. Miles, cadre 3rd Eur. regt.

Lieut. H. A. Hobson, general list, offic. qrmr. 22nd regt. N.I.

Lieut. J. E. Gordon, general list, attached to 3rd regt. L.C.

Lieut. E. S. Walcott, general list, attached to 10th regt. N.I.

Lieut. G. T. D. Glasgow, gen. list, attached to 11th regt. N.I.

Capt. A. Hawthorn, 9th regt. N.I., attached to 21st regt. N.I.

Marathi.

Lieut. F. Plummer, 4th foot.

Lieut. C. E. Fisher, staff corps.

Lieut. F. J. S. Adam, staff corps, qrmr. 10th regt. N.I.

Lieut. G. R. B. Drummond, gen. list, qrmr. 26th regt. N.I.

Capt. S. J. Thorp, cadre 3rd Eur. regt.

Sanscrit.

Lieut. G. A. Jacob, staff corps, superint. of army schools.

BIRTHS.

ANTHONY—At Seonee, on Sept. 14, the wife of Mr. J. Anthony, head clerk, Deputy Commissioner's office, Seonee, of a daughter.

AINSWORTH—At Bombay, on Oct. 8, the wife of Mr. Ainsworth, of a daughter.

BECK—At Agra, on Oct. 1, the wife of Mr. Thomas Beck, Public Works Department, of a son.

BROWNING—At Barrackpore, on Sept. 24, the wife of F. R. Browning, Esq., C.E., of a daughter.

BLACK—At Kursiong, near Darjeeling, on Sept. 27, the wife of B. Black, Esq., C.E., Public Works Department, of a daughter.

BRUCE—At Shaik Budeen, in the Derajar, the wife of Rev. Robert Bruce, C.M.S., missionary of the Highans, of a daughter.

BATHER—At Belgium, on Oct. 1, the wife of Mr. Sub-Conductor W. Bather, Ordnance Department, of a son.

CLAYTON—At Roorkee, on the 2nd inst., the wife of Edward G. Clayton, Lieut., Royal Engineers, of a daughter.

COLVIN—At Simla, on Sept. 27, the wife of A. Colvin, Esq., C.S., of a daughter.

CROSTHWAITER—At Puttealee, on Sept. 18, Etah district, the wife of C. H. T. Crosthwaite, Esq., C.S., of a son.

CALDER—At Calcutta, on Oct. 5, the wife of Mr. David Calder, of a son.

COCKBURN—At Jessore, Sept. 25, the wife of James Cockburn, Esq., of a son.

CARRINGTON—At Calcutta, on Sept. 24, the wife of Edmund Carrington, Esq., of a daughter.

DONALD—At Chittagong, Sept. 25, the wife of J. H. Donald, Esq., of a son.

DUFFIELD—At Deesa, Sept. 28, the wife of Mr. F. Duffield, schoolmaster H.M.'s 56th regt., of a daughter.

DAVIES—At Shahpore, Punjab, the wife of Capt. W. G. Davies, dep. comsr., of a daughter.

DE SOUZA—At Cavet, Bombay, the wife of Mr. Emidio De Souza, of a son.

FORBES—At Sehore, Central India, Sept. 30, the Hon. Mrs. Hamilton Forbes, of a daughter.

FLYNN—At Cawnpore, Sept. 24, the wife of W. O. Flynn, officers' mess sergt., 88th C.R., of a daughter.

GRIFFIN—At Benares, Sept. 25, the wife of Capt. E. C. Griffin, R.A., of a son.

HUNTER—At Allahabad, Oct. 4, the wife of Lieut. col. A. Hunter, of a daughter, who survived her birth only a few hours.

HATCH—At Colaba, Oct. 9, the wife of Lieut. col. Hatch, R.A., of a daughter.

HATCHELL—At Singapore, Aug. 23, the wife of D. T. Hatchell, Esq., Lieut. and adjt. 34th Madras L.I., of a son.

HOWARD—At Sylhet, Sept. 27, the wife of W. G. Howard, Esq., of a daughter.

HURFORD—At Subathoo, Sept. 21, the wife of Capt. H. P. Hurford, 38th Regt., of a son.

HUTCHINSON—At Goonah, Sept. 28, the wife of C. W. Hutchinson, Esq., prematurely, of a daughter, stillborn.

LIMOND—At Nynee Tal, the wife of Capt. D. Limond, R.E., of a son.

LACKERSTEEN—At Calcutta, Oct. 2, Countess Lackersteens, of a daughter.

LANDALE—At Bhagulpore, Sept. 16, the wife of Mr. B. R. Landale, of Bulliah Factory, Shahabad, of a son.

MANDY—At Calcutta, Sept. 27, the wife of Mr. J. C. Mandy, of a son.

MCLEAVY—At Meerut, Sept. 28, the wife of Mr. H. B. McLeavy, of a son.

MAIDMENT—At Parell, Bombay, Oct. 11, the wife of Mr. E. E. Maidment, of a son.

MARTIN—At Bandra, Sept. 26, the wife of Mr. D. McCarthy, District Superintendent of Police, of a daughter.

NISBETT—At Nynee Tal, Sept. 24, the wife of Lieut. col. Nisbett, 37th N.I., of a son.

OLIVER—At Sattara, Oct. 3, the wife of Captain Oliver, of a son.

PIERCE—At Sehore (Bhopal) Central India, Oct. 24, the wife of Mr. R. W. Pierce, Sehore School, of a son.

POLLOCK—At Sheikhboodeen, near Dera Ismael Khan, the wife of Major F. R. Pollock, Commissioner, Derajat, of a daughter.
ROSE—At Ballygunge, Oct. 2, the wife of Mr. John Rose, of a daughter.
VICTOR—At Nursingpore, C.I., the wife of Mr. H. Victor, of a daughter.
VINCENT—At Breach Candy, Bombay, Oct. 9, the wife of Lieut. col. Vincent, of a son.
WALKER—At Peergunge, Purneah, Sept. 18, the wife of Mr. R. C. Walker, of a son.
WARD—At Jaulnah, Sept. 26, the wife of Capt. W. G. Ward, M.O.C., of a daughter.
WOODCOCK—At Seetapore, Oude, Sept. 26, the wife of Lieut. E. M. Woodcock, District Superintendent of Police, of a son.

MARRIAGES.

BODDAM—HUSBAND.—At Hazareebagh, Sept. 21, Major Hungerford M. Boddam, Deputy Commr., to Louisa M. Husband-Baird, youngest daughter of the late Wm. Husband, Esq.
BYRNES—MARTIN.—At the Catholic Cathedral, Oct. 2, J. Byrnes, Esq., of Gopulpore, to Miss Mary Teresa Martin, daughter of Patrick Martin, Esq., Dublin.
CHRISTIE—TRAIL.—At St. Stephen's, Ootacamund, Sept. 7, D. A. Traill Christie, Esq., late of Bombay, to Elizabeth Agnes, youngest daughter of the late David Trail, Esq., Madras Medical Service.
COCKBURN—HAMILTON.—At Kotagerry, Neilgherries, Oct. 3, Francis Lascelles Cockburn, Esq., to Mary Ann McCracken, daughter of Major Johnston Hamilton, Madras Ordnance Staff.
DALTON—PRICE.—At St. John's Church, Mirzapore, on Sept. 26, Milward Henry Dalton, Esq., to Emma Isabella Jane, eldest daughter of the late J. D. Price, Esq., of Ghazepore.
GRUNDY—BOYCE.—At Serampore, on Sept. 30, Edwin Land-er Grundy, Esq., E.I. Railway, to Kate, only daughter of the late Captain Boyce, of Birkenhead.
HALLIDAY—BISHOP.—At Christ Church, Mussoorie, on Sept. 26, Lieut. George Thomas Halliday, late 4th Bengal European Cavalry, second son of Sir Frederick Halliday, K.C.B., to Mari- anne Louisa Cartwright, second daughter of Colonel George Williams Bishop, commanding at Jullundur.
HEWETSON—ATKINSON.—At St. Thomas' Cathedral, Bombay, on Sept. 27, Barry D. Hewetson, Esq., Superintending Engineer Mazagon Land and Reclamation Company, to Isabella Eliza, widow of J. H. Atkinson, Esq., and only daughter of William Dale, Esq., of Ealing, England.
MAUNSELL—DICKSON.—At St. John's in the Wilderness, Nynce Tal, Sept. 20, Dr. S. E. Maunsell, 97th Regt., third son of the late Rev. Thomas Maunsell, of Fintona, county Tyrone, Ireland, to Madeline Cecilia, second daughter of T. Burnie Dickson, Esq.
OLDHAM—HODGES.—At St. Paul's Church, Landour, N.W. Provinces, Sept. 28, Arthur Oldham, Lieut. H.M.'s Bengal Army, eldest son of Joseph Oldham, Esq., of Oakfield, Devonshire, to Matilda Helen, third daughter of the late Robert Hodges, Esq.
SHARP—O'CALLAGHAN.—At the Church of Holy Trinity, Allahabad, Sept. 25, Harry E. Sharp, Esq., late Lieut. 34th Regt., to Mary, eldest daughter of the late T. O'Callaghan, Esq., of Benares.
TRIBE—JONES.—At Christ Church, Kussowlie, Sept. 12, Constantine Charles Barron Tribe, Esq., 1st Batt. H.M.'s 19th Regt., to Catherine Augusta, youngest daughter of the late J. B. Jones, Esq.
WATSON—TAWSE.—At St. John's, Calcutta, Sept. 21, James Watson, Esq., Superintending Engineer, Bengal River Steamer Company, to Isabella, only daughter of Alexander Tawse, Esq., of Dundee.

DEATHS.

ADAM—On board the steamer *Agas*, on the Berhampooter, three days' distance below Gowhatty, Sept. 19, Ebenezer Adam, Esq., suddenly, of fever, aged 26.
ALGOE—At 15-2, Park-street, Calcutta, Sept. 11, Mrs. Fanny Algoe, relict of the late Col. Algoe, formerly commanding H.M.'s 6th Regiment of Foot, aged 84.
BARNES—At Kalbadavi, Oct. 2, Cornelia Ursula, the daughter of Mr. William Barnes, head passenger guard, G.I.P. Railway, aged 3.

BURN—At Momahabad, Sept. 23, Frederick Alexander, son of Dr. Burn.
COOPER—At 15-2, Park-street, Calcutta, Sept. 11, Francis Cooper, Esq., aged 42.
CRAWFORD—At Alipore, Oct. 5, Mary Katherine, the only daughter of J. A. Crawford, Esq., Collector of Customs, aged 13 months.
DE MONTE—At No. 10, Wellesley-square, Calcutta, Sept. 22, Ellen de Monte, daughter of the late Rev. F. de Monte.
DALY—At Dum Dum, Calcutta, Sept. 22, Louisa Daly, daughter of the late Dr. George Daly, House Surgeon, Medical College Hospital, aged 22.
HIGGS—On Sept. 26, at Bombay, Harriet, widow of the late J. A. Higgs, aged 48 years.
HEWETT—On Sept. 21, at Mhow, Fanny Elizabeth, the wife of Major W. S. Hewett, Assistant-adjutant-general.
JACOB—At Erispoorah, on Sept. 25, Jessie, the infant child of Lieut. John Jacob, Bombay Staff Corps, aged 18 months.
JORDAN—At Burrisaul, on Sept. 23, Mrs. A. M. Jordan, relict of the late J. J. Jordan, Principal Sudder Ameen of 24-Pergunnahs.
KURSHLIT—On Oct. 6, at Mazagon, Mary, the wife of Mr. Henry Kurshlit, aged 36.
McKEY—At Buxa Doar, Bhootan, on Sept. 21, of scorbutic dysentery, Mr. P. Mc-Key, bandmaster, 3rd Goorkha Regiment, aged 50 years.
PEDLER—At Lingsoogoor, Sept. 24, Laura Eliza, the wife of Captain J. P. Pedler, M.S.C.
PARKER—At Pubna, Sept. 24, Dr. T. Parker, Civil Surgeon, aged 67 years, 10 months, and 20 days.
RAYMER—At the European General Hospital, Bombay, Oct. 1, Mrs. Hannah Raymer, widow of the late W. Raymer, Deputy Collector, aged 42.
SEWELL—At Belaram, Sept. 26, Robert Frederick Dalrymple, son of Lieut. Sewell.
TOMKINS—At Luckimpore, North Assam, Aug. 17, J. B. Tomkins, Esq., aged 27.
WATSON—At Mussoorie, Sept. 29, Alice Harriet, the beloved daughter of Captain and Mrs. John Thornhill Watson, aged 6 years and 6 months.

WAR OFFICE.

CHANGES, PROMOTIONS, &c.,
IN H.M.'s REGIMENTS SERVING IN INDIA.

Oct. 31.

STAFF.

Lieut. gen. Sir J. H. Grant, G.C.B., to be genr. gen., v. Lieut. gen. Sir R. Airey, K.C.B., appointed Gov. and C. in C. at Gibraltar; Nov. 1.

Nov. 3.

21st Hussars.—Maj. gen. W. Parlbay to be col., v. Lieut. gen. Sir J. B. Hearsey, K.C.B., dec.

Royal Artillery.—Capt. J. C. Hailes to be lieut. col., v. H. B. Sandford, ret. upon full pay; Capt. and Brev. maj. T. T. Haggard, from the supernum. list, to be lieut. col., v. Biggs, ret. upon full pay; Second capt. G. Twiss to be capt., v. Hailes; Lieut. H. C. Brown to be second capt., v. Twiss; Lieut. C. Trench to be second capt., v. M. H. Fitzmaurice, dec.; Second capt. P. H. Sandilands to be adj., v. Fitzmaurice, dec.; Second capt. J. M. Barn to be adj., v. Hailes, who resigns the adjutancy only. The prom. of Capt. Sandford as lieut. col. to bear date Aug. 3, 1865, in succession to Hawkins, dec., and not Sept. 14, 1865, in succession to Biggs, ret. upon full pay, as stated in the *Gazette* of the 10th ult. The prom. of the undermentioned officers to be antedated as follows:—Capt. W. De Vitre, dated Aug. 3; Second capt. T. C. Fletcher, dated Aug. 3; Second capt. E. A. Slessor, dated Aug. 3; Second capt. L. C. A. De Cetto, dated Aug. 15; Second capt. H. Anderson, dated Aug. 31.

BREVET.

Maj. gen. P. Faddy, on the ret. full pay list of R.A., to be lieut. gen., he having at the time of his retirement been senior to Maj. gen. Sabine, prom. to the rank of lieut. gen. in the *Gazette* of the 10th ult., v. Gordon, dec.

Lieut. col. H. B. Sandford, on the ret. full pay list of the R.A., to be col., the rank being honorary only.

Paymr. J. Graham, R.A., to be capt., the rank being honorary only.

THE NEW BOMBAY INSOLVENT ACT, having received the assent of the Governor General, came into operation on the 1st inst.

To Correspondents.

All letters for insertion in *Allen's Indian Mail* should be accompanied with the real name and address of the writer, "not necessarily for publication, but as a guarantee of good faith."

Communications for the Editor, and Advertisements, should be sent under cover to Messrs. W. M. H. ALLEN & Co., 13, Waterloo-place, S.W.

*• Should any delay or irregularity occur in supplying this Paper, communication of the fact to the Publisher will insure a remedy.

ALLEN'S INDIAN MAIL,

MONDAY, November 6, 1865.

THE SCANDALS IN THE INNISKILLING KILLING DRAGOONS.

It is difficult for two men to be very intimate friends if their wives happen to be very intimate enemies; but peace and quietness at least may be preserved with a little discretion; and we know of no law which deprives military men of this advantage any more than civilians. Supposing in either case that the men have not interfered in the quarrel, they may still preserve outward courtesies to a certain extent, and supposing that they have made the affair their own, they may agree to be "cuts," if they think proper, upon all social occasions. But our readers who may have perused certain accounts which have appeared of late in these columns concerning the Inniskilling Dragoons—or rather the officers of that distinguished regiment—will see that military men may be denied this happy arrangement if they happen to have arbitrary commanding officers, or under circumstances of peculiar pressure exercised upon them in the regiment. It appears from the proceedings which have been very circumstantially narrated, that the wives of Captain Weatherly and Lieutenant Davies were on such bad terms—the former "calling the latter names"—that the husband of the aggrieved lady considered himself bound to notice the fact. But no particular harm need have been done by Mr. Davies quietly dropping Captain Weatherly's acquaintance so long as their respective duties were not interfered with in consequence. The mischief was made by the complaint of the captain of his brother officer failing to return his salute on the public drive, and by Colonel Crawley having made the mistake of entertaining the charge. We all know that when Colonel Dawkins refused to shake hands with Lord Rokeby the other day, on an occasion of a social meeting of a professional character, it was found impossible—with every desire to stretch the law—to make the omission a formal military offence. But Colonel Crawley most improperly chose to consider

the omission of Mr. Davies in that light, and reprimanded that officer in most unjustifiable terms for his conduct. The commanding officer would have had good reason for "pulling up" Mr. Davies for his use of such language as "an infamous lie"—provoked though it was by Captain Weatherly's "explanation" that his wife had only said that Mr. Davies's wife was not a lady. But Colonel Crawley obviously failed to take proper action on that ground, the threats which he employed to the offending officer having simply reference to his omission to return the salute. The colonel, in fact, from the circumstances of the *rencontre* taking place in the orderly-room, had an opportunity for interference which he would not otherwise have possessed, and by the exercise of a little judgment and discretion he might have stopped the quarrel at that point. But it is evident that Mr. Davies was in the colonel's bad books, and was not intended to receive any favour.

That the affair would not end with the scene in the orderly-room was to be expected. It is wonderful, indeed, that Mr. Davies escaped unscathed for so long a period as from May to July. But the occasion was sure to come, and the little matter of the *Court Journals* was as fair a chance as could have been expected. It is declared in the impartial account furnished to the *Delhi Gazette*, that the "little black boy in the cupboard," upon whom the *Pall Mall Gazette* has been so facetious, was posted for observation by the sergeant in charge, and not by Captain Weatherly; but the latter, as President of the Library Committee, *should* have been aware of the means of detection resorted to, and he most certainly took a prominent part in the subsequent proceedings. And apart from the impropriety of the mode by which the evidence was obtained, Mr. Davies was most unfairly treated in not being allowed the benefit of the failure of that evidence in its most essential respect. The "little black boy in the cupboard" declared that he saw Mr. Davies enter the mess ante-room, remove two newspapers from beneath his stable-jacket, and deposit them among the other papers on the table. After his departure the two missing *Court Journals*, which he had declared had not been in his possession, were found on the table; but the boy could not say that these were the papers he had seen deposited; and Mr. Davies declares positively that they were not—the papers which he had returned to the mess being the *Times of India* and another journal which he named. This statement was corroborated by Mrs. Davies, who declared, on her honour, that she saw her husband, before leaving the house, place the papers in question under his stable-jacket, where he was in the habit of carrying such

things. Whatever might be the value of the lady's evidence in a Court of Law, it should be of at least as much weight as that of the little black boy in a Court of Honour, even were there any discrepancy between the two. But it so happened that the statements were perfectly reconcilable; and, nevertheless, we find the Court of Inquiry accepting the little black boy's evidence in every particular, and rejecting that of both Mrs. Davies and her husband, though there would have been no inconsistency or improbability involved by accepting it also. It was in consequence of Mr. Davies's explanation being considered unsatisfactory that the case was handed up to the General commanding the division—upon whom, and not upon Colonel Crawley, must rest the blame of placing Mr. Davies under arrest—a measure which, we need scarcely remind our readers, was immediately reversed by the Presidency Commander-in-Chief. But even now there is a very pretty quarrel or two to be settled before this unfortunate affair can be considered at an end. Sir Charles Straubenzeel, we are told, accompanied his order for Mr. Davies's release with a strong "wiggling" of the other officers concerned in the proceedings. These, it seems, have manifested great indignation at the tone of the document in question, and have taken the remarkable course of calling upon Colonel Crawley to address a reply to head-quarters upon the subject, repudiating the sentiments imputed to them, &c., &c. Should the Colonel be so foolish as to lend himself to any such folly as this, we may safely suppose that things will be made worse instead of better; and in the meantime Captain Weatherly has introduced a further complication by horsewhipping the manager of a local bank—"before all his clerks"—for being the author of an obnoxious article upon the subject in the *Deccan Herald*!

In the end, it seems not improbable that Colonel Crawley will lose his command of the Inniskilling Dragoons, and a few other saddles also be emptied in the commissioned ranks of that regiment—all because one officer was not allowed to cease social intercourse with another officer who appears to have been at least an accomplice in insulting his wife—such a mode of resentment being nothing more than a right belonging to every man, a right continually exercised in the service as well as out of it, and against which there is no provision whatever in military law.

MISCELLANEOUS.

THE LATE LIEUT.-GEN. SIR J. B. HEARSEY, K.C.B.—The colonelcy of the 21st Hussars is rendered vacant by the death of Lieutenant-general Sir John Bennett Hearsey, K.C.B., who died at 24, Rue Marquetra, Boulogne-sur-Mer, on the 23rd ult., from bronchitis, in

his seventy-third year. Sir John Hearsey, who formerly belonged to the 6th Bengal Native Cavalry, had received the Indian war medal, with three clasps, for the Nepaul war (slightly wounded on three occasions), battle of Sectabuldee (dangerously wounded), and the siege and capture of Bhurtpore (slightly wounded). He commanded a cavalry division in the Punjab campaign of 1848-49, including the battles of Chillianwalla and Goojerat; and commanded all the cavalry in pursuit of the Sikhs and Afghans; and at the surrender of the Sikh army of 13,000 men and sixty-three guns, for which he received the medal with two clasps, and the Companionship of the Bath. Sir John was nominated a Knight Commander of the Bath for services during the Indian mutiny, when he commanded the Presidency division at Barrackpore, and dealt very effectually with a mutinous native corps. In 1841, having then served 34 years in India without furlough, he was presented by the Bengal Cavalry officers with a handsome silver vase, with the names of the battles in which the Bengal Native Cavalry had been distinguished, and also their own names inscribed thereon, as a testimonial of their esteem, and a recognition of his services in that branch of the Bengal Native Army. The deceased general's commissions bore date respectively as follows:—Coronet, 14th September, 1808; Lieutenant, 1st November, 1809; Captain, 31st August, 1819; Major, 19th November, 1835; Lieutenant-Colonel, 28th December, 1838; Colonel, 19th March, 1849; Major-General, 28th November, 1854; and Lieut.-General, 15th June, 1862.

BILLS ON INDIA.—The biddings for 35,00,000 rupees in bills on India took place on Wednesday, the 1st inst., at the Bank of England. The proportions allotted were:—To Calcutta, 19,16,000 rupees; to Madras, 5,84,000 rupees; and to Bombay, 10,00,000 rupees. The minimum price was as before, 1s. 11½d. on Calcutta and Madras, and 1s. 11¾d. on Bombay. Tenders on Calcutta and Madras at 1s. 11½d., will receive about 52 per cent., and on Bombay, at 2s. 0¼d., about 17 per cent.; above these prices in full. According to a notice from the India-office, it appears that the amount for which tenders for bills of exchange will be received at the Bank of England on Wednesday, the 15th instant, will be 35,00,000, of which not more than 10,00,000 rupees will be drawn on the Government of Bombay.

DESPATCH OF THE INDIA AND CHINA MAILS.—SOUTHAMPTON, Nov. 4.—The Peninsular and Oriental Company's steamship *Poonah*, Captain Field, sailed hence with mails for Gibraltar, the Mediterranean, Egypt, Aden, Ceylon, India (except Bombay), and China. She took out 118 first and 60 second-class passengers, and on freight a general cargo, including 344 boxes of specie, value £96,815. 3s., for the following ports, viz.:—Suez, jewellery, £70; Galle, jewellery, £95; Madras, bar silver, £26,250; gold coin, £3,314. 8s.; gold thread, watches, &c., £1,048. 15s.; Calcutta, bar silver, £33,870; silver ware, &c., £1,390; Singapore, jewellery, £290; Hong Kong, dollars, £12,168; sundries, £1,079; Shanghai, dollars, £300; Calcutta, five franc pieces, £15,000; and for Alexandria, sovereigns, £2,000.

DEATH OF MRS. CAMERON.—The sympathy of the country will be painfully moved by the announcement of the death of Mrs. Cameron, the mother of Consul Cameron. Her health has been undermined, and she has at last sunk under the suspense and misery she so long endured in consequence of the cruel imprisonment and torture of her son. — *Pall Mall Gazette*.

CONSULAR APPOINTMENT.—(*Foreign Office, Nov. 2.*)—The Queen has been graciously pleased to appoint George West, Esq., now British Vice Consul at Suez, to be her Majesty's Consul at the same port.

THE REDUCTION OF THE MADRAS ARMY.—The military authorities at home have consented to the proposition of the Indian Government to reduce the strength of the Army in Madras by one battalion. The relief of the 1st battalion 18th Royal Irish, by the 2nd battalion 24th, from the Mauritius, is, however, being carried out, and the consequence of this step will be that the 80th Regiment will return to England in the spring, its place in Bengal being taken by one of the battalions now quartered in the Madras Presidency. The 80th will follow the 44th, 72nd, 54th, 56th, and 1st battalion 18th, already under orders for home.—*Army and Navy Gazette.*

THE HEAVY CALCUTTA AND CHINA MAILS.—The Peninsular and Oriental Company's steamship *Tanjore*, Captain Brooks, with the above mails, and 120 passengers, arrived at Southampton on Saturday. She brings on freight five packages of specie, value £1,777 and a general cargo, including 1,573 bales of raw silk, value £140,000 sterling. The *Tanjore* experienced between Malta and Gibraltar strong head winds, along the coast of Spain N.W.E. gale and heavy head sea, across the Bay rain, and northerly fresh winds up the Channel, a decreasing northerly gale. On the 22nd the *Tanjore* spoke the *Nyanza*, 23rd the *Mongolia*, both for Alexandria.

GREAT INDIAN PENINSULA RAILWAY.—The half-yearly meeting of the shareholders was held on Tuesday at the London Tavern. Mr. W. J. Hamilton was in the chair. The chairman moved the adoption of the report, the substance of which has already appeared, and congratulated the shareholders on the very satisfactory position of the company. The motion having been seconded by Mr. Frith, was carried unanimously. Mr. C. Packer was elected an auditor, and a vote of thanks to the chairman and directors closed the proceedings.

PASSAGE OF OFFICERS' WIVES.—A War-office circular has been received at Chatham Garrison, announcing that the Secretary of State for War, with the concurrence of the Secretary of State for India, has decided that the wives of general officers appointed to the staff in India, who may be unable through sickness to accompany their husbands to India, will have their passage paid at the public expense.

EXPORT OF SPECIE.—The India and China mail steamer *Poonah* takes out specie to the value of £92,842, of which £2,000 in gold is for Alexandria; £3,314 in gold and £75,120 in silver for India; and £12,408 in silver for China.

SHIPPING.

ARRIVALS.

Oct. 29. Dharwar, Bombay; Majestic, Old Calabar, Baby Castle, Manila; Tenasserim, Calcutta; Pontiac, Bombay; Marian, Moulmein.—30. Queen of Beauty, Calcutta; Isabella Robinson, Colombo; Buccentaur, Calcutta; Vicksburg, Calcutta.—Nov. 2. Conqueror, Colombo.—3. Mary Russell, Moulmein; Ion, Moulmein; Knight of Snowden, Calcutta.—4. Hecuba, Calcutta.

NAUTICAL INCIDENT.

Ramsgate, Oct. 27.—The bark *Juno*, of and from Rotterdam for Rangoon, was lost in Long Sound on the 20th inst. Crew saved.

DEPARTURES.

Oct. 28. Gladstone, Aden; Inkermann, Calcutta; Sam Mendall, Bombay; Clara Hargrove, New Calabar; Ottago, Bombay; Edward P. Bonverie, Bombay; Berwick Castle, Calcutta.—30. Latona, Calcutta (put back to Liverpool with rudder damaged); Cheshire, Calcutta (from Liverpool, parted hawser on the 29th off the Skerries while in tow of steam tug).—Nov. 1. Warwick, Calcutta (put back to Deal).—3. Jalawar, Negapatam; Maria Hay, Calcutta; City of Tanjore, Bombay; Lothian, Colombo; Alfred Victor, Singapore; B. C. Ambardass, Bombay; Sarah Sands, Bombay.

PASSENGERS DEPARTED.

Per Overland Route.

Per str. *Massilia*, from Southampton, Oct. 27.—To Bombay.—Mr. and Mrs. Kemball, Mrs. La Touche and child, Mrs. W. Maclean, Miss Bell, Mrs. Radcliff and two children, Maj. and Mrs. Anderson, Miss Haines, Miss Waters, Mr. and Mrs. Kennelly, Mrs. W. Gray, Mr. and Mrs. Clayhills, Lieut. G. M. Kennedy, Mr. D. Maclean, Capt. G. M. Billington, Mr. Woodgate, Mrs. Watson and two infants, Mr. C. H. Hamilton, Mr. C. Douglas, Mr. Gregory, Mr. R. Henderson, Mr. Sten-

house, Mr. H. Hough, Capt. and Mrs. F. J. Hill, Mr. Thorpe, Mr. W. Abbott, Mr. Maddox, Mr. McGlashan, Capt. J. Coulter. To CALCUTTA.—Mr. S. Brown, Mr. J. Beckwith. To ALEXANDRIA.—Mr. and Mrs. Parry, Mr. Hardcastle, Mr. Wilton, Mr. G. H. Betts.

From MARSEILLES.—To BOMBAY.—Capt. E. and Mrs. Giles, Mr. and Mrs. Peart, Col. and Mrs. Furneaux, Miss Clifould, Capt. C. F. Bouton, Mrs. Shaw, three Misses Shaw, Mr. and Mrs. B. Pearce and child, Capt. H. Fraser, Mr. J. B. Hayne, Mr. M. C. Cunn, Capt. and Mrs. Moore, Mrs. E. J. Howard, Mr. H. B. Muir, Mr. C. Speth, Mr. A. Cherry, Mr. D. Graham, Mr. G. Gasset, Mr. G. F. Robinson. To ALEXANDRIA.—Col. and Mrs. Slade, Mr. Grace, Mr. and Mrs. Gibbs, Maj. and Mrs. Fielden, Mr. W. Watson, Mr. C. Watson.

Per str. *Poonah*, from Southampton, Nov. 4.—To CALCUTTA.—Lieut. and Miss Galsker, Mrs. Monteth and infant, Mrs. J. R. Muspratt and sister, Mrs. Dands, Capt. R. Smith, Maj. and Mrs. P. Dirom, Miss Hotchkiss, Capt. A. Combe, Mr. A. Carr, Mrs. R. S. Moncrieff, Miss Hebronn, Mr. Hobday, Mr. and Mrs. McAllum and child, Lieut. Col. Ingelly, Capt. Hardock, Lieut. Gray, Miss Dickins, Mr. Green, Mr. T. Hawkes, Mrs. Algar, Mr. A. Simson, Mr. Hogg, Mr. A. Wilson, Mr. A. Mowbray, Maj. Bleaymire, Miss C. Monteth, Mr. Cruickshank, Mr. R. Reid, Mrs. Cornell and child, Mrs. Van Gelden. To MADRAS.—Mr. J. J. Heffernan, Col. and Mrs. McGoun, Miss McGoun, Miss Marshall, Lieut. Farrer, Lady Le Marchant and two ladies, Mr. H. S. George, Miss Harris, Miss Franklin, Col. Stevens, Asst. surg. Hunt, Mr. C. A. Rogers. To ALEXANDRIA.—Mrs. McDermott and four children, Mrs. E. Swan, Mr. and Mrs. Caven.

Per str. *Nyanza*, from Marseilles.—To CALCUTTA.—Miss Bland, Mr. J. McLeis and two children, Mr. J. H. Williams, Mr. R. Lyall, Rev. A. Garstin, Miss Garstin, Mrs. and Miss Moffatt, Mrs. Stevens, Mr. W. Bainbridge, Mr. and Mrs. F. A. Cohen, Mr. J. W. Mirfield and friend, Mrs. and Miss Murray, Lieut. R. C. Hennessy, Lieut. Col. F. C. Brooke, Mrs. C. J. Wilkinson, Maj. Brownlow, Mr. and Mrs. A. L. Agabeg and two children, Mrs. H. Clay, Capt. W. S. Young, Mr. and Mrs. G. E. Howard, Maj. Gordon, Mrs. Lillic, Miss Watson, Miss Bell, Mr. C. T. Wallis, Misses Tweedie, Mr. J. Blackburn, Mr. G. G. Morris, Mr. J. C. Charles, Mrs. McChery, Mr. J. W. Power, Dr. Smith, Mr. C. Toogood, Mr. W. M. Muirhead, Mr. Taylor, Mr. W. H. Bradbury, Lieut. Gillespie, Capt. and Mrs. Chapman, Mr. and Mrs. Swan. To MADRAS.—Mr. and Mrs. F. Channier and three children and governess, Lieut. Beauchamp, Dr. J. B. Fleming, Capt. Callander, R.A., Capt. and Mrs. Fitzgerald.

Per Messageries Imperiales str., from Marseilles, Oct. 29.—To CALCUTTA.—Mr. Haldane, Mr. Tornaro, H. Koebel, Mr. K. von Hofen, Mr. Buskin, Surg. McDermott, Mr. Pritchard, Dr. Booth, Mr. Bensley. To MADRAS.—Capt. Harrison, Lieut. Trail, Lieut. Worcester.

DOMESTIC.

BIRTH.

SHAW.—The wife of Major A. A. Shaw, late Madras Army, of a daughter, at the Vaux Garny, near St. Servan, Oct. 24.

MARRIAGES.

FOOT—EDGAR.—William Rayne Foot, Esq., of 15, Belsize-road, St. John's-wood, to Eliza Annie, only daughter of the late Robert Edgar, Esq., and niece of the late Lieut.-gen. Sir Scudamore W. Steel, K.C.B., H.M.'s Indian Army, at St. Stephen's, Westbourne-park, Oct. 31.

GLYNN—CRAWFORD.—William A., elder son of William Anthony Glynn, Esq., of Fairy-hill, Isle of Wight, and Boyton, Cornwall, to Margaret A., only daughter of Robert Wigram Crawford, Esq., M.P., at St. Peter's, Pimlico, Nov. 2.

HUME—HARRIS.—Hamilton Hume, Esq., son of the late James Hume, Esq., Senior Magistrate of Calcutta, to Bessie, daughter of the Rev. James Harris, Vicar of Wellington, Somersetshire, at St. John's Church, Kingston-vale, Oct. 28.

RATHBORNE—HUNTER.—John Garnett Rathborne, Esq., of Dunsine, county Dublin, to Eliza, widow of the late Lieut.-col. Hunter, H.M.'s 2nd Bombay Cav., at St. Mary's Church, Bryanston-square, Nov. 2.

ROWLEY—CAMPELL.—Robert H. R. Rowley, Esq., Captain Royal Artillery, to Amelia, daughter of Major-gen. A. Lorn Campbell, H.M.'s Bengal Cav. (retired), and granddaughter of Abercrombie Dick, Esq., late Bengal Civil Service, at the Episcopal Chapel, Stirling, Oct. 31.

STRADLING—PRIDEAUX.—Robert A. Stradling, of Dale, near Milford, Pembrokeshire, Captain in H.M.'s late Indian Navy, to Laura Mary, daughter of the late William Prideaux, Esq., at the Church of St. Stephen the Martyr, Avenue-road, Regent's-park, Oct. 26.

WYNCH—BALMAIN.—Alex. Wynch, Captain Royal Artillery, son of Colonel John Wynch, late Madras Horse Artillery, to Mary Jane, daughter of Lieut.-col. J. G. Balmain, Royal Artillery, at St. Mary's Church, Bathwick, Bath, Oct. 26.

DEATHS.

BLACKWOOD.—The Hon. Henry Stevenson Blackwood, youngest son of Hans, Lord Dufferin and Claneboye, Oct. 25.

BRUCE.—James Bruce, Esq., late Bengal Medical Service, at 24, Queen-street, Edinburgh, aged 66, Oct. 27.

CAMERON.—At Clevedon House, Reading, the residence of her son-in-law, Aletta, widow of the late Colonel Allan Cameron, and mother of Consul Cameron, now a chained captive in Abyssinia, Nov. 2. Her death was accelerated by grief and anxiety upon her son's account.

COOKSON.—Joseph Cookson, Esq., late of the Royal York Crescent, Clifton, at Pau, Basses Pyrenees, aged 83, Oct. 26.

COTTON.—Lady Augusta Cotton, widow of General Sir Willoughby Cotton, G.C.B., at Severn Stoke, Worcestershire, aged 80, Nov. 1.

DAVIDSON.—Anna Maria L. B., widow of the late Captain H. M. Davidson, of H.M.'s 29th Bengal N.I., at Bognor, Sussex, aged 42, Oct. 30.

ECKLEY.—Ann, relict of the late Captain Leslie Eckley, H.E.I.C.S., at Fulham, aged 69, Oct. 28.

MACKEY.—Donald Campbell Mackey, Esq., Consul at Calcutta for Denmark, Sweden, and Norway, at 69, Gloucester-place, Hyde-park, aged 51, Oct. 29.

MAURICE.—Lieut. Atherton S. Maurice, of the 91st Highlanders, on board the *Simla*, on his passage home from India, aged 27, Oct. 14.

SWAN.—Henry Swan, Esq., of Furredepore, Lower Bengal, at Maude-grove, West Brompton, aged 47, Nov. 1.

TREVENEN.—Captain James Trevenen, Bengal Staff Corps, at Ford-park, Plymouth, Oct. 31.

WITHER.—Elizabeth M., wife of the Rev. H. J. B. Wither, and daughter of the late E. W. Blunt, Esq., of Kempshott-park, at Worthing Rectory, Oct. 22.

India Office,

November 4, 1865.

ARRIVALS REPORTED IN ENGLAND.

MILITARY.

Bengal Estab.—Asst. surg. H. J. White, Med. Estab.;

Lieut. E. P. Ommanney, 45th N.I.; Lieut. H. W.

Clarke, Engrs.; Major G. Faithfull, Staff Corps.

Madras Estab.—Asst. surg. T. Beaumont, Med.

Estab.; Lieut. T. C. Briggs, Inf.; Capt. W. C.

Clarke, 2nd L.C.

Bombay Estab.—Lieut. F. A. Buchanan, Inf.; Lieut.

C. F. James, Staff Corps.

GRANTED EXTENSION OF LEAVE.

MILITARY.

Bengal Estab.—Lieut. Col. E. J. Rickards, Staff

Corps, 6 mo.; Lieut. A. C. Paddy, Engrs., 3 mo.;

Surg. major J. Macpherson, Med. Estab., 4 mo.;

Asst. surg. D. B. Daly, Med. Estab., 6 mo.; Col.

H. Rigby, Engrs., 6 mo.; Capt. W. Hichens,

Engrs., 6 mo.

Madras Estab.—Lieut. J. Alves, 36th N.I., 6 mo.;

Capt. W. Cunningham, 28th N.I., 6 mo.; Major

A. Rishton, 1st N.I., 6 mo.

Bombay Estab.—Lieut. Col. F. A. Cowper, Staff

Corps, 6 mo.; Lieut. E. Kerrick, Staff Corps,

6 mo.; Lieut. W. Manson, Engrs., 6 mo.

PERMITTED TO RETURN TO DUTY.

MILITARY.

Bengal Estab.—Lieut. G. R. Hennessy, Staff Corps.

Madras Estab.—Capt. W. J. Morris, 4th L.C.;

Lieut. B. A. Bloomfield, 19th N.I.; Capt. T. G.

Clarke, Staff Corps; Lieut. E. G. Beauchamp,

45th N.I.

Bombay Estab.—Capt. J. Currie, Staff Corps; Lieut.

Col. R. B. Moore, 3rd L.C.; Lieut. G. F. Beville,

Staff Corps, Capt. D. B. Young, Staff Corps;

Capt. P. Dodds, Staff Corps.

PERMITTED TO RETIRE.

MILITARY.

Bengal Estab.—Major F. K. Bacon, Staff Corps.

Madras Estab.—Capt. G. W. Sanders, 9th N.I.,

Sept. 8.

Bombay Estab.—Lieut. C. Douglas, 15th N.I., Oct. 7.

DR. LIVINGSTONE has delivered an address to the members of the Bombay Branch of the Royal Asiatic Society, and to which the public were admitted. He gave a very comprehensive view of the physical geography of Central Africa, and of the ethnology of the inhabitants. He spoke of the slave trade as the only barrier to the civilisation of Africa, expressing his determination to devote all his energies to the establishment there of lawful commerce, and to make an opening for Christian missions. He explained in detail the geographical objects he will have in view in his forthcoming explorations.

INDIA EXCHANGES.

BANK AND COMMERCIAL BILLS.

	60 days' sight.	30 days' sight.		60 days' sight.	30 days' sight.
Calcutta.	1s. 11½d.	2s. 0d.	Singapore.	4s. 4½d.	4s. 5½d.
Madras.	1s. 11½d.	2s. 0d.	Hong Kong.	4s. 4½d.	4s. 5½d.
Bombay.	2s. 0d.	2s. 0½d.	Shanghai.	—	—
Colombo.	1s. 11½d.	1 0½pm.			

Bar Silver, per oz., std.	5s. 1½d.
Mexican Dollars, per oz.	4s. 11½d.
Five Franc Pieces, per oz.	4s. 11½d.

STOCKS AND SECURITIES.

Shares.		Paid.	Prices.
India Stock, 1874...		216 to 219	
India 5 per cent.		104½ to 105	
India 4 per cent.		98½	
India 4 per cent. 1888		106½	
India Esufed Paper 4 pr. ct.		89	
India 5 p. ct. Enfd. Paper, 1872		101 to 103	
India Stock, Enfd. Paper, 5½		107½ to 108½	
India Stock Debentures, 1858		95½	
India Stock Debentures, 1859		99½	
" " " 1863		99½	
" " " 1864 or 1866		95½	
India Debentures, do., £1,000		98	
Do. 4 per cent., 1866		105 4½	
India 5 per cent. for account		99½	
India 5 per cent., 1870		104½	
India 4 per cent., 1888		15s. to 16s. pm.	
India Loan Scrip 5 per cent		20s. to 25s. pm.	
India Bonds, 4 p. ct. (£1,000)		19s. to 24s. pm.	
India Bonds (£1,000)			
Ditto (under £1,000)			

Stock	Bombay, Baroda, and Central India (guar. 5 per cent.)	100	102 to 103
90	Ditto F Shares	6	½ d. to 1 pm.
Stock	Calcutta & S. Eastern (Lim.)	100	99 to 100
Stock	Eastern Bengal (gu. 5 p. ct.)	100	101½ to 102½
Stock	East Indian	100	104 to 105
20	Ditto J. Extension	all	½ to 3 pm.
Stock	G. I. Peninsula (gu. 5 p. ct.)	100	104½ to 105½
20	Ditto (New ditto)	14	½ to 4 pm.
20	Ditto, New	4	½ to 4 pm.
Stock	Great S. of India (Lim.) Scrip	100	101 to 102
Stock	Ditto 4½ p. c.	2	
Stock	Madras (guar. 4½ per cent.)	100	88 to 90
Stock	Ditto 5 per cent.	100	101 to 102
Stock	Ditto (guar. 4½ per cent.)	100	23 to 25
20	5th Extension	2	
Stock	Scinde (guar. 5 per cent.)	100	100½ to 101½
Stock	Ditto Indus Steam Flotilla (guar. 5 per cent.)	100	
Stock	Delhi guar. 5 per cent.	100	100½ to 101½
Stock	Ditto Delhi gua. 5 p. c.	all	100½ to 101½
20	Ditto	2	½ to 4 d.
Stock	Punjab (5 per cent.)	100	100½ to 101½

50	Agriand Masterman's (L.)	25	57 to 58
20	Asiatic Banking Corp., new issue, £15 pm., on which £7. 10s. has been paid	5	18 to 20 pm.
90	Chart. of Ind., Aus., & China	all	24 xd.
25	Chart. Merc. of India, London, and China	all	49 to 51
25	Commercial Bank of India	all	30 to 31½
100	Hindustan, China, & Japan	25	19 to 21
20	Land Mortgage Bank of India	4	½ to 4 pm.
25	Oriental Bank Corporation	all	51
20	Scinde, Punjab, and Delhi	10	½ to 3½ dis.

5	Bombay Gas (Lim.)	all	51 to 54 pm.
5	Second issue	5	4 to 4 pm.
5	Third issue	3	½ to 4 pm.
20	Ceylon Company (Lim.)	7	3½ to 3½ pm.
90	East India Irr. & Can.	12	4 to 3 dis.
50	E. I. Financial (Lim.)	7½	
20	Madras Irrig. and Canal	15	3 to 1 dis.
20	Do.	all	18½ to 19½
20	Nerbudda Coal & Iron (Lim.)	5	1½ to 1½ dis
10	Do. New	2	1 d. par
20	North Assam Tea (Lim.)	1½	1 d. to par
10	Do. B.	5	2 to 1 dis.
20	Oriental Commercial (Lim.)	7½	
50	Oriental Financial	10	9 to 7 dis.
10	Oriental India Steam A. (L.)	all	1½ to 2½
50	P. and O. Steam Nav. Co.	all	74 to 76
50	Ditto New	35	17 to 19 pm.
10	Upper Assam Tea (Lim.)	all	2 to 3 pm.
10	Ditto	all	14 to 17

* Incorporated by Royal Charter, issued at 10 pm. (10 pd.)

COLONEL WALLACE, RESIDENT OF BARODA, it is believed, goes to Kittiwari on the 5th or 6th of the present month. He will retire from the service for good on his return, and Colonel Barr is expected to get the appointment.

LIEUT. ARTHUR OMMANNEY, of the Guide Corps, has been murdered by a fanatic at Murdan.

ADVERTISEMENTS.

OFFICERS on Furlough, belonging to the LOCAL INDIAN SERVICE, ARE REQUESTED TO SEND THEIR ADDRESSES TO the Honorary Secretary of the "Amalgamation Inquiry Committee," 3A, King-street, St. James's-square, S.W.

CIVIL SERVICE OF INDIA.—A COMPETITIVE EXAMINATION OF CANDIDATES will be held by the CIVIL SERVICE COMMISSIONERS on MARCH 19th next and following days. The Competition will be open to all natural-born subjects of Her Majesty who, on the 1st of March next, shall be over Seventeen and under Twenty-one years of age, and of good health and character. Copies of the Regulations may be obtained on application to the Secretary, Civil Service Commission, London, S.W.

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LONDON: Printed by RICHARD KINDER, Printer, at his Printing Office, Milford Lane, Strand, W.C., in the Parish of St. Clement Dances; and published by JAMES PEARCE ALLEN, 13, Waterloo-place, S.W., both in the County of Middlesex.—November 6, 1865.

ALLEN'S INDIAN MAIL

AND OFFICIAL GAZETTE

FROM

BRITISH & FOREIGN INDIA, CHINA, & ALL PARTS OF THE EAST.

(WITH THIS PAPER "THE INDIAN NEWS" IS NOW INCORPORATED.)

VOL. XXIII.—No. 694.] LONDON, SATURDAY, NOVEMBER 11, 1865.

[PRICE 6d.]

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Bengal.....	Oct. 8	Burmah (Rangoon) Sept. 18
Madras	" 13	Bombay..... Oct. 13
Agra.....	" 8	Ceylon
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MAILS TO INDIA.

The Mails to India, China, &c., are made up in London, in each month, as follows:—

- On the 3rd, at 6 P.M., via Marseilles and Bombay, to all parts of India.
- On the 4th, at 8 A.M., via Southampton, to Calcutta, Madras, Ceylon, and China.
- On the 10th, at 6 P.M., via Marseilles, to Calcutta, Madras, Ceylon, and China.
- On the 12th, at 8 A.M., via Southampton, to Bombay and N.W. Provinces (also for letters only, to Madras and Lower Provinces of Bengal).
- On the 18th, at 6 P.M., via Marseilles and Bombay, to all parts of India.
- On the 20th, at 8 A.M., via Southampton, to Calcutta, Madras, Ceylon, and China.
- On the 26th, at 6 P.M., via Marseilles, to Calcutta, Madras, Ceylon, and China.
- On the 27th, at 8 A.M., via Southampton, to Bombay, and N.W. Provinces (also for letters only, to Madras and Lower Provinces of Bengal).

* * * When any of the above dates occur on Sunday, the Mails via Southampton are made up on the previous Evening, and those via Marseilles on the following Evening.

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A French line of mail packets now leaves Marseilles on the 19th of every month for Alexandria. Postage for letters and papers to India and China the same as is charged by the English mail via Marseilles. Letters intended to be forwarded by these packets must be specially addressed "By French mail packet from Marseilles."

Books, Parcels, &c., may not exceed 3 lbs. in weight, or be of greater dimensions than 24 inches in length or 12 inches in width or depth.

IN ALL CASES PREPAYMENT IS COMPULSORY.

SUMMARY AND REVIEW.

WE have received our usual files of papers, from Calcutta to the 8th of October, and Madras to the 13th of that month—only one day later, as far as Calcutta is concerned, than those received by the Bombay mail.

The City of Palaces was still under the influence of the holidays, and a dead calm prevailed in the sea of intelligence. The affairs of Bhootan occupied a little attention, but very little indeed. The old game, the *Hurkaru* considers, is apparently to be played over again between the Deb Rajah and his recalcitrant chief, the Tongsoo Penlow. The former is wearied of the state of submission in which the latter desires to keep him, and has accordingly issued a proclamation to all his "barons bold" to meet him on "Tassiusudon's heights," to concert measures for the coming struggle with the British. Irritated at this sudden display of energy on the part of the monarch, Tongsoo Penlow has declared that he will take no part in the programme, but will fight or yield as his individual interests may happen to require. In the meantime, the writer considers, the action of the Government is not altogether free from blame. It is still proceeding upon the assumption that the work before the troops is comparatively an easy one, and little is, therefore, done in the way of either throwing a larger force into Western Bhootan, where the game will really have to be played out, or in securing correct and reliable information as to the routes in the interior.

The *Eagle Speed* inquiry has resulted in Captain Heath, of the *Lady Elgin*, who acted the principal part in the abandonment of the coolies, being deprived of his certificate—the most severe sentence, we presume, which could have been awarded, but a very lenient one as regards deserts. The obstinacy of the Marine Department, in not providing an inner floating light in the channel of the river, has been very properly exposed, and the omission is to be supplied for the future. Had such a light been provided, it is considered that not a soul on board the *Eagle Speed* would have been lost.

The negotiations which the Government have been carrying on for some time with the Court of Katmandoo, for the repression of crime on the border territory between the British possessions and Nepaul, have come to rather a lame and impotent conclusion. The Resident had an interview with Jung Bahadoor on the subject, when His Excellency expressed himself highly favourable to the British proposals; but the result of a correspondence upon the subject was that the Durbar would not agree that Nepaulese offenders should be surrendered for trial in the English courts. They promise, however, an efficient system of police of their own in furtherance of the object.

Murders among Europeans appear to be on the increase in Calcutta. A ruffian has beaten his wife so severely that she died. We are inclined to think that crimes of the kind, committed by our own countrymen, are treated too leniently in India—unless the victim be a native, when every now and then it is found necessary to make a severe example.

Madras, as regards news, has holidays nearly all the year round. There are more items than usual, however, by this mail, which will be found elsewhere. The horse-whipping case at Bangalore is making some noise in what are called "military circles," where the cantonment magistrates' remarks upon the cornet's conduct are not much relished. There has been a great rise in the Madras markets—principally on account of cotton. Particulars will be found elsewhere.

One report in connection with Madras has a home source. It is considered probable that Lord Napier will be the next Governor, in succession to Sir William Denison.

The next arrival from India will be the Bombay Mail, which is due on the 20th inst., but has not yet been telegraphed from Suez.

Among home news we much regret to include an accident to Sir Charles Wood in the hunting-field, which was at first believed to be of a dangerous character. We are assured, however, on later authority, that the right hon. baronet was not

so much hurt as was supposed, and that a few days will restore him to his accustomed health. The *Army and Navy Gazette* of this day states that the accident was nothing but an ordinary "cropper," and that some scratches about the forehead are the whole of the injuries sustained.

While referring to Sir Charles Wood, we may mention a report current in the clubs that his labours are to be transferred from the India-office to the Admiralty, in which latter department Sir Charles has had experience in former times.

The Matella Coffee Estates Company of Ceylon (Limited) has just issued a very attractive prospectus, which will be found in another column. The objects of the company are the acquisition and working of coffee estates, and the sale of their produce. Three valuable estates have already been purchased, and 614 acres have been planted, 552 being in full bearing, and the remainder will be so next year. Considering the extraordinary prosperity of coffee cultivation, and the immense profits made by other companies engaged in it, the prospects of the present undertaking appear remarkably good; and the names on the direction are an assurance that its interests will not be neglected.

LATEST INTELLIGENCE.

(By Direct Overland Telegraph.)

BOMBAY, Oct. 20 (2.35 P.M.).

There is no business doing, on account of the native holidays.

CALCUTTA, Oct. 19.

Seven-pound shirtings, 8r. 2a.; 40s. mule twist, 10 annas; indigo unchanged. Exchange on London, 2s. 0½d.

The rate of discount has again been raised 1 per cent.

BOMBAY, Oct. 24 (4 P.M.).

Seven-pound shirtings, 7r. 14a. Cotton firm and advancing. Dhollerah, 450 rupees. Shipments since the 20th inst., 30,000 bales. Exchange on London, 2s. 1¾d. Government Securities: Four per Cents., 89; Five per Cents., 102½; Five-and-a-Half per Cents., 108. Freight, 35s.

The latest date from London is the 13th of October.

BOMBAY, Oct. 28 (2.35 P.M.).

Manchester goods very firm. Cotton steady. Dhollerah, 425 rupees. Export of the week, 32,000 bales. Exchange on London, 2s. 1¾d. Government Securities: Four per Cents., 88; Five per Cents., 100; Five-and-a-Half per Cents., 107½.

CALCUTTA, Oct. 27.

Shirtings firm and advancing. Exchange on London, 2s. 1d.

The latest London date is the 14th October.

CHINA.

(By Overland Telegraph from Galle.)

SHANGHAI, Oct. 9.

A great question has arisen with regard to the suppression of piracy in the China seas, which is daily becoming more dangerous.

The Taku forts have been evacuated by the allied garrison.

A great hurricane has occurred at Manilla,

CANTON, Oct. 15.

Tea unchanged. Total export to date, 64,500,000 lbs. Exchange on London, 4s. 5½d.

SHANGHAI, Oct. 9.

Tea declining. Silk active, and dearer. Exchange on London, 6s. 3d. Freights, 25s. to 35s.

THE INNISKILLING DRAGOONS.—The *Army and Navy Gazette* of this day contains the following:—"We believe that the Duke of Cambridge is only waiting for the complete official correspondence to be placed before him, in order to deal with the unfortunate affairs of the Inniskilling Dragoons. We trust that when he has consulted deliberately he will act decisively in whatever way he may think just and most advisable in the interests of the service. We are informed of some circumstances connected with the later occurrences in the Inniskillings. It would appear that it was only a few days before the last mail left Bombay that Major-general Green, who commanded at Mhow, ordered all the officers of the Inniskilling Dragoons to assemble. With the brigade staff officers, they did so; and then the General told them that he was ordered by the Commander-in-Chief at Bombay to read to them his remarks on the subject of the officer's remonstrance on his, the Commander-in-Chief's, late decision regarding Lieut. Davies. Among other things he was glad to observe from the letters of the officers generally that most of them had nothing to do with the espionage, but, on the other hand, he, the Commander-in-Chief, was justified in what he had formerly said on the subject, in so far as that four of the officers had wished this espionage to be established, and especially Captain Weatherley, had stated that it was the wish of the dining members that it should take place. The Commander-in-Chief then went on and analysed the whole of the evidence, and said from it he came to the conclusion that there was not a shadow of foundation to prove that Mr. Davies had been seen to put the *Court Journals* down in the reading room, or had them in his possession, "and he honourably acquitted him of the whole of the affair;" and the Commander-in-Chief advised the officers to behave to Lieut. Davies in the same way as to any other brother officer, and on no account to continue keeping him in Coventry. This letter occupied four foolscap pages; when it had been read, General Green intimated to the officers that they might go away, with the exception of the field officers, who were to remain. The General then read another letter from the Commander-in-Chief, which was very nearly as follows:—"He, the Commander-in-Chief, said as nearly all the officers of the regiment present at Mhow had forwarded letters to him, commenting on his decision, such conduct appeared to him very like a combination of the officers to set discipline aside. He alluded especially to the letter of Colonel Crawley as highly insubordinate, and of so grave a nature that he intended forwarding it on to higher authority, and also the letters of Major Thesiger and Major Wirgman." The Commander-in-Chief said that "the discipline of the British Army could not be kept up if such letters were allowed."

Casualties by Death in the Armies of India reported since last Publication.

H.M.'s FORCES.—Capt. John Mee, late 24th Regt., at Southampton, Sept. 29, aged 86.

Passengers by the present Mail.

FOR MARSEILLES.—From CALCUTTA.—Dr. and Mrs. Crewe and child, Lieut. Vaughan, Rev. Mr. Mazuchelli, Mr. J. W. Armstrong. From MADRAS.—Col. and Mrs. Paxton and two children, Miss Stoddart, Capt. Swete. From ALEXANDRIA.—Capt. Cadell.

Expected at Southampton.

Per str. Pera, Nov. 17.—From CALCUTTA.—Maj. Webster, Maj. D. Aglar, Lieut. Elliott, Lieut. Durand, Lieut. Bradshaw, Dr. Mills, Mrs. Thomas, Mr. Belling, Capt. and Mrs. Wilson, Mr. and Mrs. Allen and infant, Miss Allan, Mrs. Thompson and infant, Mrs. Rangarner and three children, Mrs. Stacey and three children, Lieut. Wynter, Mrs. Sibbald, Mr. Steever. From MADRAS.—Lieut. gen. Williams, Capt. and Mrs. Heywood, Mrs. John and infant, Mr. and Mrs. Deane and three children, Mr. Cameron, Mr. Fleming. From ALEXANDRIA.—Mr. Coe, Mr. Richardson, Mrs. Vecchino.

To Correspondents.

All letters for insertion in *Allen's Indian Mail* should be accompanied with the real name and address of the writer, "not necessarily for publication, but as a guarantee of good faith."

Communications for the Editor, and Advertisements, should be sent under cover to Messrs. W.M. H. ALLEN & Co., 13, Waterloo-place, S.W.

* Should any delay or irregularity occur in supplying this Paper, communication of the fact to the Publisher will insure a remedy.

ALLEN'S INDIAN MAIL,

SATURDAY, November 11, 1865.

A MYSTERIOUS DESPATCH.

A FEW months since, in commenting upon the case of the Talookdars of Oude, we published the substance of an official despatch on the subject not included in the Oude Blue-book, but which we had good reason to believe authentic. It is addressed by Colonel Durand, on the part of the Supreme Government, to Mr. Davies, on his appointment to the Financial Commissionership in Oude, and is dated September 15, 1864. It declares that the Viceroy "views with much displeasure the system which has sprung up in Oude since the mutinies of conferring upon Talookdars the sole proprietary rights in lands, to the exclusion of all tenants' rights; thus placing the sole power in the hands of an aristocracy who, until very recently, were our open and avowed enemies. This system," continues the Colonel, "has been based upon a mistaken policy. While his Excellency is willing to concede to the aristocracy of Oude all the privileges to which they are by hereditary right entitled, he cannot consent to place in their hands irresponsible power, thereby subjecting the tenants to an evil nowhere else existing in India. A total revision of the *sunnuds* therefore becomes necessary. Your first duty will be to investigate carefully all claims to proprietary rights, recording each case separately. Claims that have been in abeyance for upwards of twenty years need not be interfered with." Mr. Davies is then directed to "report to Government each district separately, in a tabular form, similar to the reports on the Punjab jaghires;" and he is "authorised to correspond with the Foreign Department concerning all matters relating to financial matters in Oude." The despatch concludes with the expression of his Excellency's "fullest reliance on Mr. Davies' ability to carry out the measures now proposed in a masterly manner, without respect of persons," and the announcement that it is intended, "as soon as the land tenures in Oude have been adjusted, to abolish the Chief Commissionership,

and place the province under the control of the Lieutenant-governor of the North-West Provinces."

The importance of the declaration of policy here conveyed—made before the decision of the Calcutta Council on the subject, and opposed as it is to Sir Charles Wood's subsequent statement, that after a searching inquiry no trace could be found of the supposed rights of hereditary occupancy—need scarcely be pointed out; and Mr. Davies having since affirmed, in an official circular, that the despatch in question was never received by him, the genuineness of the document has naturally been called in question. By several writers in India—principally "our own correspondents" in Oude—it is denounced as a forgery; but it is curious that those who so denounce it are in favour of the policy which it avows. Here, for instance, is a specimen from a letter in a Bombay paper, referring to the appearance of the despatch in the *Press*, which, with the *Standard* and the *Morning Herald*, published it in common with ourselves:—"What a rascally piece of fabrication that was which the *Press* published, and which was evidently the work of some one in Oude. Mr. Davies' most unqualified contradiction of it will teach the *Press* to be careful in future how it allows itself to be imposed on again by designing scoundrels. No more incendiary a statement could have been put forward than that Sir John Lawrence desired a revision or recision of the talookdaree sunnuds, and that Mr. Davies had been instructed accordingly. Mr. Davies has promptly denied ever having received any such instructions, and the lie thus directly given to the statement will at least have the effect of destroying all belief in such other statements which the *Press* or any other London or Indian journal may put forth in future. It is not likely that Mr. Davies will interfere much with existing arrangements, but there cannot be a doubt that sooner or later the whole of the talookdaree tenures will be subjected to the strictest investigation. The whole system is rotten."

Supposing that the concluding statements, which we have marked in italics, be true, the assumed fabrication of the despatch has, after all, only anticipated the instructions which Sir John Lawrence ought to issue, if he has not done so; and the injury done to the Government is not, therefore, very great, however unjustifiable may be the act in itself. This consideration is, however, apart from the question of the authenticity of the document, with regard to which one fact is important—that although Mr. Davies has denied receiving it, the Governor-general has made no disclaimer of his own alleged share in the transaction. Until such a disclaimer be made, from the highest authority, the charge of forgery cannot be

sustained. Moreover, a very brief examination of the correspondence of about the same period, contained in the Blue-book, will show that the instructions here purporting to be given to Mr. Davies are thoroughly consistent with the opinions of Sir John Lawrence then expressed; and, but for the fact that it anticipates the decision of the Council, and even of the Advocate-general, the despatch would seem to have a natural place in the collection. Indeed, on the 19th of September, four days after the date of the document in debate, we find the following extract (the only portion of the communication published) of a letter from the Governor-general to Sir Charles Wood:—

"The subject of the land tenures in Oude has engaged our attention, and a despatch will be addressed to you as soon as we are in receipt of the Advocate-general's opinion on certain points connected therewith, which we have considered it necessary to refer to him. Meanwhile, we have not deemed it expedient to delay giving Mr. Wingfield the assistance which he requires and has asked for."

One supposition is the not unnatural one that the despatch was suppressed by the Home Government. But we have good reason to believe that Sir Charles Wood knew nothing of its existence until a copy was shown to him by a member of the House of Commons, and that he immediately forwarded it to Sir John Lawrence for an explanation, which does not seem to have arrived. The only effect of Sir Charles Wood's communication, apparently, is the disclaimer of Mr. Davies to which we have referred. For ourselves, as being responsible, in common with some of our contemporaries, for the publication of the substance of the document, we may here repeat our previous statement, that we accepted it on what appeared excellent authority, of whose good faith we are still assured. The supposition that the document was forged, either in India or in this country, is scarcely compatible with the consistency to which we have referred as existing between it and the published correspondence on the subject; for the despatch was received in this country in March last, long before the issue of the Blue-book, which might have supplied the material; having been obtained, we are informed, by more or less direct means, from the Foreign-office in Calcutta!

BENGAL.

"AN HONOURABLE MAN."

Under the above title the *Friend of India* has an article upon a question arising out of the Hon. Ashley Eden's unfortunate mission to Bhootan, of which the following is the most important part:—

"The *Westminster Review* declared that Mr. C. U. Aitchison, in a *precis* of the Bhootan papers in the Foreign-office, wilfully suppressed that Mr. Eden had represented to the Government, at a very early stage of his progress, the unfavourable results of his mission; and that, because Colonel Durand, the Secretary, replied he 'did not think the state of affairs unfavourable,' the whole responsibility of the further advance of the Envoy rests with the very Government which afterwards rebuked him for advancing. Such a charge against a brother secretary, Mr. Eden must have been well aware was the most serious that could be brought, involving as it did forever the private character and public reputation of the most distinguished of the competition civilians. It was based by the well-tutored Reviewer on Mr. Eden's elaborate defence of his conduct, dated 25th July. If it was true that Mr. Eden had represented these difficulties and had been instructed to advance, the letters were not in the Foreign-office, Mr. Aitchison never saw them, and they formed no part of the Blue-book published by the Secretary of State. In alluding to this matter a fortnight ago we said there might have been a private or demi-official correspondence between Eden and Colonel Durand, and if so it ought to be published, since Mr. Eden had referred to it in a public letter. Mr. Aitchison seems, naturally enough, to have taken the same view. In defence of his reputation he applied to the Government of India officially for information as to the existence of the demi-official letters, and for their publication if they existed. The Government of India has, we believe, informed him that they do exist, and has recorded a minute entirely acquitting him of the charges brought by Mr. Eden and his unscrupulous supporters. The demi-official correspondence is to be put upon record in the Foreign-office, and sent to the Secretary of State, so that, when the next Blue-book on Bhootan is published in England, it may appear.

"In referring to these letters in a public despatch Mr. Eden committed, as every public man well knows, the most heinous breach of official etiquette. Such letters are unavoidable in public life, and Sir C. Wood has often employed them to neutralise despatches written under the pressure of his Council and against his views. Lord Canning suffered grievously from them, especially in the White Mutiny, of which he was made the scapegoat. But he never allowed the public to know of their existence, confining himself to similar letters under which Sir C. Wood must have often winced. Did Mr. Eden commit a breach of the strictest law of official life and cause a distinguished member of his own service to be grossly traduced, as an injured man under the pressure of the stern necessities of self-defence; or did he thus act in the belief that his audacious and unsupported assertion would be unchallenged, and he would have the benefit of this really baseless but seemingly sound defence in his great straits? It pains us to be obliged to have to say of any English gentleman in India, that all the facts show he was guilty of the latter course. Will it be believed that these letters justify a far severer condemnation of Mr. Eden's conduct than the Under-Secretary calmly and officially passed in his *precis*? When the Secretary of State publishes the letters answered by Colonel Durand, to which the Envoy alludes in his tardy defence of 25th July, the public will be able to judge what were the difficulties to which Colonel

EXPORT OF BULLION.

Per the Messageries Impériales Company's str. *Deluse*,
Oct. 29, from Marseilles.

	Gold.	Silver.
Alexandria	£10,000	—
Pondicherry	220	—
Madras	—	£1,600
Calcutta	—	261,772
	£10,620	£266,372

Per the Peninsular and Oriental Company's str. *Delta*,
Nov. 5, from Marseilles.

	Gold.	Silver.
Bombay	—	£561,428
Madras	£1,200	—
Hong Kong	14,000	—

Durand referred when he said they were 'not unfavourable to a successful issue.' Mr. Eden had reported that the Dalimkote Soubah had received him with honour, firing constant salutes. He expressed the belief that even if a split in the Bhootan Durbar took place, though unfavourable to the progress of the mission in some respects it would be favourable in others, since both parties would be likely to court the Envoy's favour. The only difficulty he anticipated was rationing the camp. That was the state of affairs Colonel Durand referred to as not unfavourable to a successful issue. We do not hesitate to say that the publication of all the letters side by side with Mr. Eden's official report of 21st April will prove that, in his eagerness not to be kept from pushing on, he concealed every difficulty except that of rations, and represented every circumstance as most favourable.

"In the whole course of our experience, it has never been our lot to read or to deal with a case in which conduct so contemptible on the part of a public man has been defended by means which we cannot characterise as they deserve. Mr. Aitchison's reputation has been most nobly vindicated by the Government of India. The Honourable Ashley Eden's we leave to the public."

The letter referred to from Government is as follows:—

No. 1,909.

From the Secretary to the Government of India, to C. U. Aitchison, Esq., late Under-Secretary to the Government of India, Foreign Department.

Simla, Sept. 20, 1865.

Sir,—Your letter, dated 14th instant, having been under consideration of the Right Hon. the Governor-General in Council, I have received his Excellency's command to communicate, for your satisfaction, the following reply:—

2. The statement contained in your *precis* regarding the Bhootan Embassy is entirely borne out by the records of my office. There is no letter, public or demi-official, upon the records, nor was any received in the office, at the period referred to, other than those you have noted in the extract at the beginning of your letter.

3. You are doubtless aware that certain demi-official communications were received by the Viceroy and the Secretary. These will now be brought upon record officially, and copies of the same will be transmitted at an early date to the Secretary of State, for the information of Her Majesty's Government.—I have the honour to be, Sir, your most obedient servant,

(Signed) W. MUIR,
Secretary to the Government of India.

On this the *Englishman* makes the following remarks:—

"As requested, we publish this morning the correspondence between Mr. C. U. Aitchison and the Foreign Secretary, which appears in our correspondence columns. This correspondence simply shows that no official letter had been received in the Foreign Secretariat when Mr. Aitchison drew his *precis*, not referred to by him. We are quite willing to believe that the demi-official communications, referred to by the Secretary as having been received by the Viceroy and the Secretary during that period, were kept from Mr. Aitchison's knowledge. At the same time, we believe that there is not the least doubt that Mr. Eden informed the Government of his departure, and kept them fully acquainted with his progress. The correspondence brings to light the singular fact that communications from Mr. Eden, which it is now considered proper to transmit to the Secretary of State, have been suppressed for upwards of a year."

ADMINISTRATION OF OUDE.

We have had for some time on our table the annual report on the administration of the Province of Oude for last year, but the discussion of topics of greater and more general interest compelled us to let the volume stand by. In this dull week, however, when Calcutta looks something like Tadmor in its solitude, Oude may very possibly furnish food for

thought and comment. We naturally turn to the political section, not because we think it possible that it may supply stirring tales of incursions by border tribes and dashing raids by truculent mountaineers, but because of the general barrenness of the sections around it, which deal with "excise" and "land-tax" and other such dreary stuff. It appears that there have been one or two differences of opinion with the Nepaul Government as to certain boundary lines which have been laid down between the countries, but these are said to have been of little importance, whereas the restrictions which have been imposed upon trade by the Court of Khatmandoo are productive of serious losses and inconveniences. The Nepaulese Government had prohibited its subjects from taking their goods into Oude, with a view to compelling all British subjects to repair to Nepal-gunge to purchase Nepaulese products and sell their own. The consequence is, that the bazaars within British territory which were in a flourishing condition not long ago, have now been nearly ruined. It is added that the subject has been referred to the Supreme Government, but we scarcely see what it can do in the matter. The Court of Nepaul is a tolerably pachydermatous one, and has more than once already turned a deaf ear to the charmings of this Government, and it is not likely now to resign a system by which it avowedly benefits, and by which its people are advantaged. It is true that it is a very shortsighted one, but Jung Bahadoor's visit to England did not make a finished political economist of him, whatever else it might have done. It taught him, doubtless, the gigantic strength and resources of Great Britain, and silently inculcated the necessity of holding a "calm sough" instead of falling out with so unpleasantly powerful a neighbour, but the great Minister of Nepaul and *de facto* king of the country, did not form the acquaintance of that excellent lady Mrs. Marcett, and is not, therefore, able to see that in the long run the policy he has adopted must prove detrimental to his country.

The report next turns to the Mahomedans of Oude. Ever since the mutinies this section of the population has given the Government a great deal of trouble, and caused the public considerable uneasiness throughout the Bengal Presidency. The terrible failure of their grand coup to butcher us all and recover the sovereignty of India has only taught them to conspire with greater caution and circumspection. There is now no Poorbeah army to corrupt, and there is no great personage about whom to rally, unless it be the wretched debauchee at Garden Reach; and so they have put the finger of patience between the teeth of conspiracy, and are incessantly brooding over disappointed hopes, and visionary prospects of vengeance and triumph. Plausible, courteous, and smooth-tongued, it is impossible to believe that we have conspirators in such men, and yet the revelations at Umballah made us lay our hands on one, of whose fidelity and loyalty the late Opium Agent at Patna had not a shadow of doubt, and whose conduct and deportment towards the officials with whom he transacted business were unimpeachable. That this hatred to the British Government is the feature by which the Wahabee is more particularly distinguished is admitted, but it is equally beyond doubt that no sincere and conscientious Moslem can be altogether free from the taint of disloyalty. The fermentation caused by the Sittana campaign has, to some extent, subsided, and we are glad to believe that the Government is not ignorant of the fact that Mahomedan India is sleepless though quiet. When our arms were crushing the endeavours of fanaticism in the defiles of Sittana, several bands of faqueers arrived at Lucknow from the Punjab; they stated that they had come to bathe first at Adjudia and then at Allahabad; but as the political horizon

looked murky towards the West, it is not surprising that the officials of Lucknow looked upon these men with suspicion, and carefully watched their proceedings. We are glad, however, to learn that nothing was elicited to show that their advent had any political significance. India is too deeply indebted to Punjabees to receive any tales of their disloyalty without the greatest hesitation and distrust. When their co-religionists were lapping the blood of Christians in the N.W.P. and Oude, they execrated them in tones both loud and deep, and testified to the honesty of this outburst by sabreing and bayoneting them wherever they found them in arms against the Government under whose banners they themselves fought and bled. The Punjab Cavalry hesitated as little to run a Mahomedan traitor through as a Poorbeah sepoy whom the latter had deluded. It is gratifying, therefore, to learn that these bands of faqueers had nothing else in view than the professed object of their journey, i.e., a quiet pilgrimage to Adjudia and Allahabad, at a time when their co-religionists in Patna had been arming the Sittana fanatics through the instrumentality of a commissariat contractor at Umballah, were warring on the heights of Ambeyla against the English infidel.

The attention of the Chief Commissioner of Oude appears to have been called to the exorbitant expenditure which attends marriages among the Talookdars. The same subject was taken in hand in the Punjab not long ago, when the Chiefs and Rajahs of that province were induced to consent to certain conditions for the more economical regulation of such expenses. The Talookdars of Oude have subscribed to the following conditions, but the Chief Commissioner adds that it will be difficult, in fact impossible, to enforce them unless the Rajpoot Chiefs of Rajpootana, Mynpooree, and Rewa can be induced to co-operate:—

"That no Chuttreya should borrow, or help to borrow, of another, superfluous paraphernalia on occasions of celebrating marriages, such as elephants, horses, camels, &c."

"That the bridegroom's father should take no money from the bride's father, more than would simply suffice to entertain the party accompanying him at the marriage."

"That the Chuttreyas should give their daughters in marriage to none but those of equal rank."

"That the marriage expenses should not exceed one-half of the annual income of the contracting parties."

"That this covenant be binding for two years, unless the Chuttreyas in the North-Western Provinces adopt it for their guidance. The honorary secretary was requested to take steps to obtain the concurrence of the Chuttreya clans in the North-Western Provinces to the covenant."

The transition from marriage expenses to female infanticide is unfortunately easy in this country. Mr. Wingfield states that inquiries leave no room to doubt that this inhuman practice still prevails, especially among the higher caste Rajpoots in the east of Oude. It was found in 611 villages in Pertabgurh that there were only 2,081 girls to 6,012 boys. There is, however, a general impression that the crime has materially diminished of late years, and this opinion is fortified by the census returns of between two and three hundred villages, "which show the proportion of girls under one year of age in Rajpoot to those in non-Rajpoot villages, to be as 63 to 91, while under four years of age the proportion was only 45 to 87." Here also, we may say, that unless the principal Rajpoot clans in other parts of the country co-operate with their brethren in Oude, and put down the chief cause of female infanticide, viz., the ruinous expense of marrying daughters, no permanent change will, or can, be effected. The expedient of quartering extra police on all villages where infanticide is proved by the marked disproportion of the sexes, is doubtless a good one, but

it is on every account desirable that the chiefs should be induced to take this matter more energetically in hand, and cause the hideous practice to be abandoned, by the introduction of measures which will strike at the root of the evil.—*Hurkaru*.

MISCELLANEOUS.

MILITARY ITEMS.—Major-general Showers returned to Fort William on Thursday evening from Berhampore. He is still suffering from illness, and has not yet re-assumed his divisional command.—By the death of Lieut.-general Salter, just reported, Major-general Wheeler, commanding the Meerut division, will succeed to colonel's allowances. This prize he will thus obtain after forty-seven years' service. So much for the assertion which Lord Dufferin ventured lately to make in the House of Commons—that whereas colonel's allowances were ordinarily obtained in forty-five years, they are now (through the beneficent arrangements made by Sir Charles Wood) gained in thirty-nine years.—The command of the 43rd N.I., vacant by the death of Major Mayne, has been given to Major S. B. Cookson, lately appointed to organise the Bhootan Cooly Corps.—His Excellency the Commander-in-Chief will leave Simla on the 15th of September, accompanied by the Quartermaster-general and Military Secretary. He will be at Umballa on the 17th, and at Meerut about the 20th, visiting Landour and Roorkee en route. The remainder of the staff will be at Meerut on the 27th. From Meerut, His Excellency will visit the stations lying adjacent to the railway, including Delhi and Agra. The Government, at the recommendation of the Commander-in-Chief, has conferred the local rank of Major-general on Brigadier-general Tytler, C.B., to take effect from the 1st October, and to continue during the time he holds command of the Bhootan field force. A second in command, with local rank of Brigadier-gen., has also been allowed, with an Assistant Adjutant-general, and an A.D.C. We hear that the following officers will be gazetted to these appointments:—Brigadier-general Turner, C.B., Peshawur; Lieutenant-colonel Wright, A.A.G.—his service on the divisional staff at Peshawur having just expired; Lieutenant Beaumont, H.M.'s 80th Foot. Major-general Tytler, in addition to his present staff, will be allowed an Assistant Adjutant-general. Captain K. J. W. Coghill will be appointed to this post. Captain Norman, Assistant Quartermaster-general at the Presidency, will join the force in Bhootan.

THE NEW SIMLA CLUB.—The correspondents of the papers are still attacking this scheme for its exclusiveness. One of them remarks:—"It is no novelty to have United Service Clubs, and Army and Navy, and Rag and Famiah, and Travellers and Orientals, and Athenians, and the like classes, forming themselves into clubs; but in this country, where the eligibles beyond the pale of the services are so few, the exclusiveness intended is not creditable to the promoters of this club. Perhaps the idea is to make Simla altogether a place of residence for members of H.M.'s service alone. Members of Council are, it seems, to be eligible without ballot; they are the superior deities of this community of demigods, and require no scrutiny. The prospectus does not say whether this means the Executive Council only: this should be amended or explained, for there is the Legislative Council, with two European and three native members not on the rolls of the chosen people. Only imagine the horror of admitting two merchants into this exquisite society, without ballot even! Fancy the Rajah of Burdwan, or of Vizianagaram, walking into this club, with mouthful of paun, in skull-cap and general *deshabille*, calling for *hookahs*, quite at home, under the exclusive rules! The oversight would then be evident."

NEWS FROM LAHORE.—A letter contains the following:—"Our commissioner, Mr. Cooper, who left at the beginning of the month on a visit to Murree and Cashmere, is said to have met with an accident up-hill by breaking his leg, which will prevent his resuming his duties so early as expected. In the meantime Mr. A. Brandreth officiates as commissioner. I hear rumours of the probability of our Volunteer rifle corps, the first in efficiency and the oldest in India, and of which Sir Robert Montgomery was so proud, coming to an end—a catastrophe every one here most sincerely regrets, not merely for the amusement and recreation it afforded us all through the winter months, but for the moral effect it undoubtedly exercised over the ill-disposed portion of the population. The cause of its being likely to be broken up is said to be owing to the commanding officer's objection to recommend the present officers for regular commissions, which, according to the new constitution of Volunteer corps, I believe is necessary. This is deemed a slur on the body who elected them, at which they have taken umbrage."

THE KING OF BURMAH AND MADAME D'ORGONI.—Who has not heard of M. D'Orgoni, the French adventurer who went to Ava some time ago to make a fortune, and would have made it, too, if death had not cut short his career? We believe he made a great noise at the Court of the Golden Foot about his extraordinary influence at the Tuilleries, and all that sort of thing, by which Royal tigers in the East are generally tamed. At any rate, he succeeded in securing from the King the monopoly of exporting earth oil, engaging to pay his Majesty the annual sum of Rs. 1,20,000, in return for which that potentate was to make over to him monthly 3,00,000 viss (whatever that may be) of earth oil. The enterprising Frenchman having died, his widow intimated to the King her intention of carrying on the engagement, having completed the necessary arrangements. Common gallantry, to say nothing of humanity to a widow and her children, ought to have secured his Majesty's consent, but, unfortunately for the lady, he had heard that the value of earth oil had greatly "ris," and so he quietly quashed the monopoly, and issued his orders for the sale and exportation of all the earth oil which had been produced already. The distressed lady proceeded to Mandalay to try the effect of a personal interview, but his Majesty had already received an offer of Rs. 1,50,000 per annum for the monopoly, and so nothing came of her last cast. A correspondent of the *Rangoon Gazette*, from whose letter we have gleaned the foregoing facts, adds, that every article which is produced in Burmah Proper, and which can be profitably disposed of in British Burmah, is bought and sold on his Majesty's account by his agents or factors. He has put his hand on wheat, gram, cutch, timber, and cotton, and now, hearing of the enhanced value of earth oil, has grasped that also. We pay this gentleman seven or eight lacs of rupees in the shape of frontier customs.

MOVEMENTS OF BRITISH REGIMENTS.—Intelligence has been received from Madras, that on the arrival of the 2nd Battalion of her Majesty's 24th Regiment from the Mauritius, where they are now stationed, the corps would be despatched to Rangoon, to relieve the 3rd Battalion of her Majesty's 60th Royal Rifles, which would proceed to the coast and disembark at Madras. The 24th were to leave the Mauritius in October, and allowing six weeks for the voyage, they would reach India towards the end of November, and Rangoon about the middle of December. A fine selection could be made in that month of ships in this port, for the conveyance of the gallant Rifles to Fort St. George. A couple of steamers, the *Madras* and the *Arracan*, might be employed to facilitate the movements of the sailing vessels across the Bay of Bengal at that period of the year.—*Rangoon Times*, Sept. 9.

THE RICE CROP.—We regret to learn from the Rangoon papers, that the King of Siam has determined not to remove the restriction which he imposed on the exportation of rice, until it is certain that a fair crop will be gathered at the close of the season. Rice is now scarce and dear even in Bengal, we believe, and a sharp demand will have to be made on British Burmah for that article. It appears that the prospects there are very reassuring. With a cultivation of two and a half millions of acres, no diminution in the yield, on comparison with last year, is anticipated in the Akyab-district. There are, moreover, seventy-three thousand acres in Ramree and twenty-three thousand in Sandoway under cultivation, so that the prospect is a very fair one, of there being a surplus for exportation at the coming shipping season.

WRECK OF THE SHIP "IDAS."—Some days ago the fine ship *Idas*, bound from Moulmain to the United Kingdom with a cargo of timber on board, was blown by a severe squall on the eastern end of the Barragua shoal, where she finally stuck and became a complete wreck. As the sea was rolling over the vessel there seemed to be no hope of doing anything towards saving her, especially during the rough monsoon weather which is now being experienced on this coast. The crew took to the boats to save their lives. The captain and some of the officers and men came up to town early last week, but the long boat, with the stewardess and eighteen men on board, was missing for several days, and there was no doubt that it had been swept out to sea by the tide. Fortunately, the missing boat has arrived, and no lives are reported to be lost. The day following the arrival of the captain in town, the wreck and cargo were sold for the benefit of the underwriters. Under the provisions of Act I. of 1859, the Commissioner of the Division, Major R. D. Ardagh, has appointed a Marine Court of Inquiry to be held, composed of the Master Attendant, Captain Harold Lewis, and George Bulloch, Esq., honorary magistrate, to cite such persons who appear before them, and to institute such investigation as may be necessary, to ascertain the cause of the disaster, and whether blame can be attached to anyone for its occurrence. The Court will meet on an early date.—*Rangoon Times*, Sept. 9.

THE CINCHONA CULTIVATION AT DARJEELING seems to flourish beyond expectation. In July no less than 14,000 cuttings were made, a greater number than has ever been made since the establishment of the plantation. The higher elevations seem to suit the more common specimens *Cinchona C. Succurubra*, and *C. Officinalis* admirably, and we have seen what is literally a large *Cinchona* plantation from which we may spread the cultivation at other and favourable spots along the southern ranges of the Himalayas. The extreme humidity which characterised July, and the high temperature of that month were of the greatest service to the plants, and fostered their growth in the most extraordinary manner. During the month the total rain fall at the fourth plantation was 44.4 inches, or nearly half of the total rain fall for the seven months of the current year 95.58 inches. At this plantation the maximum temperature for the month was 87.10, the minimum 67.9, and the mean for the month 77.54. During the month a specimen of the *C. Pabudiana* at the fourth plantation shot up from a mere sprout to a fine plant of 13 inches in height. The total number of *Cinchona* plants in various plantations at the end of July was 80,717.

THE "EAGLE SPEED."—The inquiry into the causes of the loss of the *Eagle Speed* has resulted in the punishment of Captain Heath, of the steamer *Lady Elgin*, by depriving him of his certificate, and in the exposure of the Marine Department, to whose dogged official obstinacy is to be attributed the absence of an inner-floating light in the channel of the

Mutlah. Had that light been there, not a soul on board the ill-fated ship would have been lost. The subject had been pressed upon the attention of the Bengal Government more than once, and it was referred by the Lieut.-Governor to the department in question, when the Superintendent, Captain Reddie, strenuously opposed the project, although a ship, the *P. C. Kinch*, had been lost only a short time before the reference was made, very much in consequence of the want of an inner light. The destruction of 300 human beings in the *Eagle Speed* has roused the Government at last, and the *Charlotte* schooner has been converted into a light vessel.—*Hurkaru*.

THE GARRISON GRAVE-YARD AT LUCKNOW.—After the relief of the Lucknow Garrison, a grave-yard was opened out on the ground between the Residency and the Inayet Bagh, for the burial of those who might die among the troops occupying the Kaiser Bagh and neighbouring buildings. In the alterations now in progress, that grave-yard has been demolished, and the ground is now being levelled. We have been asked how the remains of our countrymen interred there have been disposed of. We have no doubt that they have been removed with care to consecrated ground, but it is desirable that the authorities afford positive information upon this point.—*Oude Gazette*.

NATIVE ESCORTS CUT DOWN.—Some time ago a proposal was made to Government, arising, we believe, from a visit paid by Scindiah to Allahabad, [that native chiefs and sirdars should not be allowed to enter a walled city, when accompanied by a large number of retainers. The proposal was negatived at the time, but orders have recently been issued, by which it is ruled that henceforth, when chiefs or sirdars enter British territory, they must be accompanied by a limited number of followers, instead of the multitudes they have hitherto rejoiced in leading.

MAJESTY STRIPPED OF ITS EXTERNALS.—It is somewhat singular to note how long it takes the Government to discover matters which may be called important trifles. When the King of Oudh was deposed and brought to Calcutta, it was not thought necessary to impress upon him the necessity for a change in the style of his signature, and he therefore continued to write himself "Shah Aalum." Considering the state of Moslem feeling in India, and the position and circumstances of the ex-king, it was intimated to him that this signature had better be abandoned. The suggestion was complied with, and the king now writes his name only, "Wajid Ally." It is said that since the alteration was introduced there is a marked change in the bearing and conduct of this prince. It is not difficult to imagine that he would cling to even the veriest trifle which seemed in any way to intimate that his rank and dignity were still real.—*Hurkaru*.

HORRIBLE MURDER IN CALCUTTA.—We are sorry to learn that another murder has been committed, the victim on this occasion being an unfortunate lady named Macleod. She had been grievously maltreated by her husband on several occasions, and on the night before last he assaulted her so severely with a thick stick that he beat her to death. He then placed the body in a palanquin and sent it to the hospital, thus endeavouring to create for himself such a loop-hole as that through which the ruffian Lefevre was allowed to creep by the sapient jury before whom he was tried for braining his wretched leman, Eliza Nash. The particulars will be duly laid before our readers.

THE "ENGLISHMAN" learns that it is in contemplation to substitute cloth for serge in the dress regulations of the army. It also states for those interested in the question that the service of officers of the Staff Corps counts towards promotion under all circumstances, except during absence on leave, or loss of employment from misconduct; and that it has been recommended by the Commander-in-

Chief that warrant officers in India, holding the departmental ranks of Deputy, Assistant, and Deputy-Assistant Commissioners, receive honorary commissions. Also an order has been received from the Horse Guards, that, from the 1st of January next, an officer, before being appointed on the personal staff of a general, must pass the examination laid down in pp. 78-79 of the Queen's Regulations, 1859.

CATMANDO AFFAIRS.—The negotiations which the Government has been carrying on for some time with the Court of Catmando have come, we are sorry to say, to a very important conclusion. Those negotiations were intended to suppress crime in the border country between the possessions of the two States, by which the frontier is frequently vexed and disturbed. The Resident had an interview with Sir Jung Bahadur, at which the views of the Government were fully explained. Those views, and the result of the interview, are given elsewhere, and need not, therefore, be dwelt on here. A promise has, however, been given that an efficient police along the frontier will be organised, which will co-operate with the British Police in our territories.—*Hurkaru*.

STATIONERY REFORM.—Orders have been issued by Government to the effect that whatever letters are despatched from Government offices are to be written on Europe paper. It is intended to continue the use of country-made paper to docketts, &c. This measure has been necessitated by the discovery that country-made paper is not durable; and much inconvenience has arisen from important public documents becoming illegible.

THE INDIAN BRANCH RAILWAY.—Erroneous reports from time to time have been sent from this place respecting the Indian Branch Railway; with a view to correct them, and to furnish the public with an account of matters as they actually are, we give a prominent place to the following notes of progress on works under construction, with which we have been kindly favoured:—The first land, viz., for about two miles of the line, was made over to the company by Government in June of last year. The railway, from the Charbagh Station at Lucknow to the banks of the Ganges at Cawnpore is 42½ miles long. The last of the land for this first section of the company's operations was obtained in May of the present year. The average time during which the works have been in progress throughout is about nine months. The result is as follows:—Embankments and cuttings finished; bridges and culverts finished with the exception of two (2), the arching of which is in progress. Many of the level crossings and much of the fencing completed. The remainder in a forward state. Ballast collected, and being laid down ready for the sleepers. Permanent way and rolling way stock on the way from England. Lucknow Station, which is intended to form eventually a central depot for Oude under military protection, is in an advanced state. Some twenty buildings are in course of construction. The first roadside station will be at Harownee on the Sundeela, Mohan and Bunnee road, the second at Ajaen, near Nawabgunj, and third at Oonao. These are all in a forward state, some of the buildings being about to be roofed. A temporary terminus is being erected on the bank of the Ganges near the pontoon bridge, and is in an advanced condition. There are about 5,000 people in regular employment. The line is expected to be ready for traffic about the middle of next year. Upon another occasion we purport making a few remarks upon the benefit this place has derived, and is deriving, from the execution of these works.—*Oudh Gazette*.

NEARLY DROWNED.—The *Sam Prokash* contains an interesting account of the wonderful escape from drowning of Captain Etrick, late Adjutant of the 7th Fusiliers, and Mr. White, connected with the Baliankadee Factory, in Faredpore. They were riding along the road

to the west of the factory; and the accident, which very nearly proved fatal to them, took place at a spot where a fierce current had broken through the road. Mr. White's life was saved through the heroic efforts of his companion, but with the help of a peasant who was passing, who descended into the water up to his waist, and seized hold of Mr. White and drew him upon firm ground. Mr. White's aunt has given a liberal reward to this peasant.—*Indian Daily News*.

GOVERNMENT have issued instructions for the erection of barracks for a British regiment and a Goorkha corps, and the construction also of a convalescent depot in the neighbourhood of Dalhousie. The Goorkha regiment will be placed at Buklah.

SIRDAR GOOR BUKSH SING, who was committed by the magistrate of Loodianah for aiding and abetting in the murder of Sirdarnee Mehtab Kour, has been acquitted and released by the sessions judge.

MADRAS.

MISCELLANEOUS.

MADRAS STOCK AND SHARE MARKET.—During the fortnight our market has been adversely affected by the anxiety shown by holders to realise securities, partly in consequence of the advance in the value of money, but chiefly on account of the excitement in the cotton market. The demand for accommodation has greatly increased, and large remittances of specie in payment of cotton continue to be made to the Mofussil. On the 10th instant the Bank of Madras further advanced their rates one per cent. all round. Government Securities are being forced on the market, and there being but few purchasers, rates have declined from 1½ to 2 per cent. during the fortnight. Four per Cents., which on the 6th ultimo were saleable at 8½ discount, were barely worth 12 discount on the 6th instant. Fives, which were worth 4 premium, declined to 3 on the 6th inst., but have since advanced to 3½ premium. Five-and-a-half are worth about 8½ premium. Madras Bank shares are maintained at 73 per cent. premium, at which sales are reported; but little is doing either here or in Bombay. Exchange is steadily rising, though there are not very many drafts offering at the moment. Credits which were placed at 2s. 1½d. on the 4th inst. have been sold for this mail at 1s. 2d. 5-16 to 7-16. Documents have been negotiated at 2s. 1½d. Bank bills at six months' sight have been purchased at 2s. ¾d. for this mail. Drafts on Bombay have been sold to a large amount during the fortnight at rates ranging from 2 per cent. discount on the 28th ult. to 3 per cent. on the 12th inst. The rate on Calcutta drafts declined about ¼ per cent. between the 27th and 29th ult., but has since advanced to 2 per cent. discount.

THE FRACAS AT BANGALORE.—Another correspondent has favoured us with an account of the assault case which has just created such a commotion in Bangalore, and it is curious to see how widely his view of Captain Hill's magisterial conduct differs from the view taken in the letter we published yesterday. According to one writer, Captain Hill has shown himself to be all that a magistrate should be; according to the other, he has furnished an awful example of what a magistrate should not be. The key to this discrepancy would be very simple if both writers were interested parties, but we have every reason to believe that they are both wholly disinterested, and we know quite enough of both to be sure that they are not guilty of any intentional unfairness. It is therefore a tolerable presumption that each view contains a certain amount of truth, and that Captain Hill has at once fairly laid himself open both to praise and blame. We are inclined to think that the praise ought very much to predominate. The public is more

concerned with what a magistrate does than with what he says, and Captain Hill appears to us to have ingeniously earned Charles the Second's epitaph reversed. What he did was wise enough, but another epithet must, we fear, be accorded to what he said. For the interests of the public it was most necessary that Cornet Watkin's offence should be treated with exemplary severity, and Captain Hill deserves the highest praise for the moral courage, which, as a military magistrate in a military cantonment, he has shown in braving the prejudices, professional and local, of his brethren, whose sympathies very naturally were strongly in favour of the defendant. It is therefore much to be regretted that Captain Hill should have marred the effect of this course by ill-judged talk about "military tyranny," and an altogether uncalled-for severity of comment upon the character of the offence brought before him.—*Athenæum*.

THE INDIAN TRAMWAY.—The formal opening of the Indian Tramway Company's line between Arcotum and Conjeeveram took place on the 30th September, when the agents and secretaries invited a number of gentlemen to make the trip, hospitably entertaining them with breakfast and tiffin. At the latter meal the toast of "Success to the Tramway Company" was proposed by Mr. Pycroft, and received due honours. The cost of the line has been somewhat less than five and a half lacs of rupees, or in round numbers 30,000 rupees a mile, and its construction is said to be excellent in every respect. A lucrative traffic has already sprung up, and will doubtless soon increase, and lead, we trust, to the early formation of other branch lines of the same kind, which are calculated to be of great advantage to the country through which they pass, as well as to benefit the main lines of railway, by serving the purpose of feeders to them.—*Athenæum*.

PROVIDENTIAL ESCAPE.—On Saturday evening last the horse of Captain Hill, the cantonment magistrate, fell with him, and threw his rider. We are happy to say that beyond a few scratches on the face Captain Hill escaped other injuries. On the same evening, also, Mr. Ricketts, the first judge of the Small Cause Court, met with an accident, his horse having fallen and rolled over, and in this case also we are glad to hear his rider was uninjured. These were lucky escapes for the gentlemen named and for the public. It would have been very inconvenient to themselves and the public to have had both judge and magistrate on the sick list. Suitors and prisoners, be thankful!—*Mysore Paper*, Sept. 12.

COLLEGE BOARDING HOUSES.—Steps are being taken to institute boarding houses in connection with the Presidency College. This measure has already been adopted with respect to several scholastic institutions in the Bombay Presidency, where the system works well, as it no doubt will do here likewise, not only tending to the convenience of scholars whose families are not residents of Madras, but further to render more intimate the relations between them and the masters of the college, one of whom will be placed at the head of the contemplated establishment. The necessary building for the above purpose will be erected within the precincts of the Chempauk Palace.—*Athenæum*.

THE HORSEWHIPPING CASE AT BANGALORE.—The *Athenæum*, alluding to the case of Cornet Watkins and the editor of the *Bangalore Herald*, says:—"The case, which was a very gross one, has been committed for trial by a higher Court, but it is yet uncertain where the jurisdiction over it lies. Most probably the matter will have to be dealt with at Calcutta, as Mysore is beyond the limits within which the Madras High Court can act under the existing state of the law."

THE GOVERNOR continues for the present on the Hills, but will return to the Presidency next month.

EXPORTS.—The price of Western cotton has advanced fully Rs. 80 per candy since the 27th ultimo. During the fortnight purchases have been made at Rs. 205, Rs. 210, Rs. 230, and Rs. 250 per candy, the last rate having been reached on the 12th instant. The dealers are now asking Rs. 280, but as it is doubtful whether the dealers could supply a large quantity immediately, this rate can hardly be regarded as the actual price of the day. The demand is very active, and it is believed that at no date during the American War were there so many orders in our market as there are at the present time. At Tuticorin we hear of purchases of Tinnevely cotton at prices ranging from Rs. 175 to Rs. 200 per candy. Our last quotation is Rs. 220, but nominal only, sellers holding off. At Cochin the price of cocoa nut oil continues to advance, and as much as Rs. 106 per candy is asked, at which unprecedented rate for immediate delivery the article is not obtainable in any quantity. Every candy is being purchased for Bombay by native shippers.

IMPORTS.—The exciting intelligence received from England during the fortnight has had a great influence on this market, and stimulated a very active enquiry on the part of the dealers. Holders are, however, indisposed to effect large sales at current rates, and the transactions during the fortnight have consequently not been very extensive. Some speculative purchases at greatly enhanced prices, supposed to be on Bombay account, are reported, and the market closes with great firmness. In 7lb. Shirtings which are held in but very small quantities by native dealers both here and in the Mofussil, an advance of 12 to 14 annas per piece has been established. In 40 Mule Twist sales have been made during the fortnight at prices ranging between Rs. 5-4 to Rs. 6-6. In Grey Madapolans and Jaconets no transactions are reported, and prices are nominally unaltered. Turkey Red Goods are a little dearer. Prints are maintained, but no advance has been made. There is a good demand for Turkey Red Yarn, other colours are enquired for at a slight advance, but not much business has been done. Metals are cheaper and over supplied.

THE GEOLOGICAL SURVEY.—One of the latest instances of niggardliness on the part of the Supreme Government we purpose alluding to this morning, and the subject has been particularly impressed upon us by reading Dr. Oldham's "Report on the Geological Survey of India and of the Museum of Geology, Calcutta, for the official year ending on the 30th of April, 1865." The Geological Survey of India was established under Lord Dalhousie's auspices some ten years ago. It might have been deferred many years later, only that the influence of science at home had been brought to bear upon the late East India Company, and the importance of a systematic geological survey of the country had been demonstrated to the satisfaction of the magnates of Leadenhall-street. The numbers of the surveyors, however, as sanctioned, were ridiculously small, having regard to the amount of territory to be examined. A few additions have since been made to the strength of Dr. Oldham's establishment, but at the present moment we believe that the total number of gentlemen connected with the survey is below twelve. During nine years of hard work, we observe, from the index to the Indian Atlas, that one square sheet (No. 79) of the Madras Presidency has been completely surveyed and mapped, that the main portion of sheet 61 has been surveyed and mapped, while portions of sheets 77 and 78 have been surveyed, but the maps and reports thereon are not yet ready for publication. The area "in progress" at the present time is represented by sheets 58 and 76 of the Atlas. As compared with other parts of India a large extent of ground has been got over by the three gentlemen belonging to the Madras branch of the survey. It must be

remembered that each sheet of the Atlas represents an area of 14,500 square miles, and as for geological purposes it is necessary to cross and recross the districts under examination without reference to the existence of roads and thoroughfares, it will be evident that a large amount of tedious and toilsome work is involved in the survey and mapping of a single sheet of the Atlas. In Bengal the Ramagunde coal-fields have been surveyed and mapped, and also a considerable portion of the country in Central India, including the valley of the Nerbudda. In Burmah considerable progress has been made in the examination of the delta of the great rivers. A beginning has been made in the survey of the Bombay Presidency, and also in the Punjab and the Lower Himalayas. The work as yet finished, however, is so small in comparison with that which remains to be done, that the surveyed portions are represented in the Map of India by small scattered dots and blotches of red, not one fiftieth, perhaps, of the whole area. At the present rate of progress the Survey may be perhaps completed about the year 2,000, when it will perhaps be necessary to recommence and go over the whole with greater minuteness.—*Athenæum*.

THE CAERNATIC COFFEE COMPANY.—We are glad to learn that the profits of this company for the year ending March 31 last amount to Rs. 51,000, and that it is proposed to declare a dividend at the rate of 5 per cent. on the paid-up capital. The directors have every confidence in the ultimate success of the undertaking as a remunerative investment; and although they would not lead their friends to expect any great results at the next declaration of dividend, they mention that a large increase is looked for in the season after next, as much land of the company's own planting will then come into bearing. The valuable land on the Annamallay Hills obtained from Government at the upset prices of five rupees per acre is being opened up by Mr. Lees, an experienced Ceylon planter, who is now on the spot.—*Athenæum*.

THE PARIS INDUSTRIAL EXHIBITION.—On the 13th ult. the Secretary to the Government of India was instructed to inform the Madras Government that a reference having been made to the Secretary of State on the question of expending money from the public revenues for the collection of articles for the Industrial Exhibition proposed to be held in Paris in 1867, it is desirable that, pending a reply from him, no such expenditure should be incurred. It does not appear that there is any pressure as to time, the Exhibition not opening till May, 1867, so that there will be a full year for the collection and despatch of articles after the receipt of the Secretary of State's orders. There is, however, says Mr. Bayley, no objection, but the contrary, to the immediate appointment of committees, who, it is hoped, will, as is the case in England, find some occupation in furthering the object of individuals who may be desirous to contribute to the support of the Exhibition, or to send articles to it.

NATIVE ENLIGHTENMENT.—We may mention as particularly worthy of notice, because it shows how the value of a superior class of European education is rising in native esteem, the fact that one of the smaller districts of it, and by no means a wealthy one, namely, Canara, has offered to Government a contribution of Rs. 65,000, toward the establishment of a provincial school. That large sum has been subscribed for the purpose by little more than two thousand persons. Their liberality was of course cordially responded to by Sir William Denison and his colleagues, and the school is accordingly to be established at Mangalore. A more gratifying incident it has seldom fallen to our lot to record.—*Athenæum*.

THE NATIVE LANGUAGES.—The authorities of the Central Provinces, we hear, contemplate the discontinuance of the exclusive use

of the Oordoo language throughout the province, and the substitution of Mahratta, the vernacular of the province. The substitution of Mahratta in a few of the courts of the Central Provinces has worked most satisfactorily, the people having taken every opportunity to express their gratification at the change.

GOOD NEWS FOR DOG FANCIERS.—The *Coldstream*, which has just arrived from Australia, has brought among other things a consignment of dogs, about forty in number. We hear that the canine cargo comprised Kangaroo-hounds, greyhounds, Italian greyhounds, sheep-dogs, bull-dogs, mastiffs, spaniels, and bull-terriers. In addition, there are two emus, and a number of parrots and other birds. We understand that information concerning these new arrivals may be obtained from Messrs. Goodchild and Co.—*Madras Times*.

SHIPPING.

ARRIVALS.

Sept. 27. Tirzah, Miller, Glasgow; Sir Robert Sale, Lansdown, Shanghai; P. and O. str. Simla, Weston, Calcutta; str. Asia, Melville, Bombay; str. Orissa, Ballantine, Calcutta.—30. str. Madras, Bowen, Rangoon.—30. Middlesex, Cammel, Cork; Tarquin, Londt, Mauritius.—Oct. 2. Viceroy, Davies, Glasgow.—7. Scindian, Rae, Mauritius; Athenae, Seals, Glasgow.—8. Missouri, Calhoun, Bombay.—11. Racehorse, Seward, Fremantle.

PASSENGERS ARRIVED.

Per P. and O. Simla.—Mr. and Mrs. Cowell, Mr. Hutchinson, Mr. Dallas, Mr. Grille, Mr. Lowen, Mr. H. Cowie, Mr. H. B. Yarr, Mr. and Mrs. Nicholl, Mr. Dundas, Mr. Hicks, Dr. Cameron, Mr. Mitchell, Mr. Aitken, D'Souza, Cassila, Mr. and Mrs. Brooks and infant, Lieut. Hooper, Mr. C. B. Norman, Mr. Pigeon, Mr. J. Hose, Mr. J. Marton, Hon. Justice and Mrs. Norman, Mr. Halford, Mr. Gordon.

Per str. Orissa.—W. Frester, Esq., J. Peters, Esq., M. Mac-michael, Esq.

Per str. Madras.—Lieut. col. McIntyre, Lieut. Cole, Mr. and Mrs. Haines, Mrs. Simmou, Mr. Jones, Mr. and Mrs. Leeds.

Per Middlesex.—Capt. H. S. Knight, Capt. H. S. Higgins, Capt. Gilmore, wife and child, Lieut. E. B. L. Lieut. W. M. Barclay and wife, Lieut. J. H. Croft, Fns. T. Ralnforth, Ens. A. A. Weigall, Ens. Hamer, Surg. Macbeth.

Per str. Panjab.—Col. Spottiswoode, Col. Russell, Capt. and Mrs. Byres, Lieut. Wilkinson, Hon. N. P. Jacob, T. Powes, Esq., Mr. Crawford, G. Cornet, Esq., Mr. Begnum, Mr. and Mrs. Cullen, Mr. Hoffman, Mr. O'Donohuey.

Per str. Meisam.—For FOWDICKHART.—Mr. Peacock, Mrs. Freion, Mr. J. F. Giffie, Mr. and Mrs. Rion, Mr. McDonald, Mr. Salmon. For SUZ.—Mr. E. Chural, Mr. Marenz, Mr. S. Russell, Mr. G. Fournier, Mr. Woodcock.

Per Alexander Barlog.—Mrs. Henderson and child, Maj. Hutchinson.

Per Scindian.—C. Carr, J. Bacon.

Per str. Far East.—Mr. J. J. Jervois, Mrs. Guerier. For CAL-CUTTA.—Col. and Mrs. Ross, 24th Regt. N.I.

Per Racehorse.—Messrs. E. S. and J. James, T. Devenport, and J. Brady, Mrs. Brady and child, Messrs. A. Sterling, J. Buckley, T. Seamore, G. Savill, G. Storey, J. Roll and wife, T. Taylor and wife, Mr. M. A. Smith.

Per P. and O. str. Candia.—Asst. surg. McCully, Lieut. Pon-lot, Mr. Blakeley, Capt. and Mrs. Bernsford, Capt. and Mrs. Goldie, Ens. Robertson, C. Durrant, Capt. and Mrs. Montgo-merie, Maj. and Mrs. Smith, Mr. Cotton, Mr. Fortey, Mr. Rudge, Mr. Cartwright, Capt. Johnston, Mr. Hopper, Mrs. Wenchope, Dr. B. B. and Mrs. Smyth, Mr. Rose, Mr. Bean-ford.

DEPARTURES.

Sept. 18. P. and O. str. Simla, Weston, Suez; Great Brit-tain, Marton, Calcutta.—30. Annie Frost, Calcutta; Coldstream, Kennedy, Mauritius.—Oct. 1. Celestial Queen, Wals, Calcutta.—4. Middlesex, Cammel, Calcutta.—5. Dun-phale Castle, Fleck, Colombo.—7. Southern Cross, Rogers, Penang.—8. Berar, Hall, Liverpool.—12. Burmah, Clarke, London; Conrad, Morgan, London.

PASSENGERS DEPARTED.

Per P. and O. S. N. Co.'s str. Simla.—For SOUTHAMPTON.—Mr. J. H. Goldie, Mrs. B. C. Hitchens, Messrs G. Gordon, R. Rhodes, W. Bell, W. Harvey, Lieut. Whitton, Lieut. L. Hodges. For GALLI.—Mr. Beaufort, Mr. Rose.

Per str. Asia.—For MASULIPATAM.—Mr. Newman, Capt. Barclay, Capt. and Mrs. Warden and two children. For VINDAPATAM.—Gen. Faunce. For COCANADA.—Mrs. Chapman. For BIMPATAM.—Mrs. Shaw.

Per P. and O. S. N. Co.'s str. Candia.—Mr. L. Evans, Mrs. Evans, Mr. G. H. Anderson, Lieut. C. Inglis, Mr. and Mrs. Fuller, Mr. Davidson, Messrs. Harrison, King, Wade, De Souza, Capt. Capel, Messrs. Hicks, A. Pigeon, Morris, Dandae, W. B. Farr, Gentle, Lowen, Dallis, Aitken, Gordon, Martin, the Hon. N. P. Jacobs, three Misses Gabbett, Mr. H. Cowie, Mr. T. B. Mellor, Lieut. Inglis.

COMMERCIAL.

Madras, Oct. 13, 1865.

BANK OF MADRAS.

Interest on Loans and deposit of Govt. Securities... 10 per ct.
On Cash Credits on do. (subject to commission of
1 per cent. on the sum granted) on amount
10 per ct.
On Cash Credits on do. (subject to commission of
1 per cent. on the sum granted) on amount
9 per ct.

EXCHANGES.

Document Bills, at 6 months' sight.....	1 11½
Credit to 6 months.....	2 0
Agents' Bills on England, at 6 months ...	1 11½
" " " at 3 months ...	1 11½
" " " at sight.....	1 11½

RATES OF ADVANCE.

On Govt. 5½ percent. Promissory Notes.....	104 per ct.
Ditto 5 ditto ditto.....	98 per ct.
Ditto 4½ ditto ditto.....	90 per ct.
Ditto 4 ditto Stock Receipts.....	80 per ct.
Ditto 4 ditto Promissory Notes Sica.....	83 per ct.
Ditto 4 ditto ditto Company's.....	83 per ct.
Ditto 3½ ditto ditto ditto.....	— per ct.
On Tanjore ditto ditto ditto.....	98 per ct.

GOVERNMENT SECURITIES

5½ per cent. Loan.....	1859... 8½ pm
5 per cent. ditto.....	1856-57... 8½ pm
4 per cent. ditto.....	1852-53... 11½ dia.
Ditto.....	1856-56... 11½ dia.
Ditto.....	1842-43... 11½ dia.
Ditto.....	1844-45... 11½ dia.
5 per cent. Transferable Book Debt.....	— per ct. dia.
Tanjore Bonds.....	75 p.c. pm
Bank of Madras Shares.....	75 p.c. pm

PRICE OF BULLION.

Sovereigns each Rs. 10-3-6

FREIGHTS.

Cotton to London and Liverpool.—23. 12s. 6d. to 23. 5s.
Indigo and Hides, 23. 10s.

BOMBAY.

CASHMERE.

Familiar with Himalayan travel and life in the Happy Valley we can testify to the general correctness of the descriptions furnished to the *Bombay Gazette* by a correspondent. His pictures are not overdrawn in any way—they rather fall short of the truth—they are simple pencil sketches, and cannot be called finished pictures. With an eye for the beautiful, the means at his command, travelling as a European, are few, and do not permit him to give finished pictures. His aesthetic taste finds but incomplete expression in words. The work on Cashmere is yet to be written. The item for such a work is rapidly passing away. There can be little doubt that Western civilisation will force its way into the valley not very long hence, and then, as everywhere else, it will be found "stale, flat, and prosaic." Travel in the Himalayas, however, will always continue invested with peculiar charms. The solitude and grandeur—the vast immensity of nature, will remain untouched amid all the social or commercial revolutions of the earth, and continue to attract the lover of the solitary, the beautiful, and the grand. Probably in all the vast surface of the globe there is nothing to rival travels on the Himalayan valley of the Sutlej, the Beas, the Chenab, and the Indus. In some parts far north the scenery becomes oppressively grand:—

—Rocks on rocks in wild confusion hurl'd,
The ruins of an ancient giant world.

Many travellers have said that the beauty of Cashmere women has been much exaggerated. They must either have been crusty old bachelors, who mistook their coolie women for Cashmerees, or people who never possessed a spark of enthusiasm for the fair and the beautiful. Excelling all Asiatic races in face and form, their minds are peculiarly feminine. Their colour is a warm, rich, rosy brown. Forms which embody the very poetry of motion, and features perfect whether taken as a whole or in detail, these make Cashmere women perfect models of beauty. It is next to impossible for a European to converse with them, and very difficult even to get a passing glance at them. We can speak confidently on this point. In private life and among one another there is none of that mock modesty and false shame which make Hindoo and Mus-sulman women in India appear so unlovely. Feminine in the tone of their mind, their wit and jests are as remarkable as those of their European sisters in polished circles.

It is remarkable that not far from Cash-mere, and next, too, to some of the ugliest

district famed for the perfect beauty of its women. We refer to Khutan. Separated from Cashmere by about two hundred miles from the very wildest Himalayan territory, and on the other side of the Karakorum range, Khutan is one of the sub-divisions of Eastern Toorkistan. The people are mostly Mussul-mans, and fanatic beyond all expression. The beauty of the women there has passed into a Central Asian proverb, and the Emperor of China's seraglio was chiefly supplied thence. Khutan will soon probably become a Russian outpost.

The occasion of this article was the state-ment regarding Cashmere shawls which ap-peared in our last extract of the *Gazette's* cor-respondent. It is partially erroneous, and calculated to mislead. Cashmere shawls, as is well known, are made in great variety at Amritsar, Noorpoor, and Loodiana, in the Punjab, where weavers from Cashmere have settled. Most residents in North India are imposed on with shawls called Cashmere, but made in the Punjab, inferior in every way. Of inferior wool, work, and colour, it is only the experienced and long practised eye which can tell which is Punjab and which genuine Cashmere stuff. Even respectable Punjab natives, who should be expected to know these things, are very much out in their practical knowledge of the subject. There is, perhaps, only one shawl trader out of Cashmere who can show genuine Cashmere stuff—old Lalla Juggut, of Delhi, who sup-plied the old Imperial family. Not one genuine Cashmere shawl is possessed by the scores of Cashmerees themselves who wander about North India and the Hills with their so-called Cashmere stuffs. Failing Lalla Juggut, the only resource is Cashmere itself. The correspondent is pretty correct in his prices of shawls worked on a sheet. He is, however, out in saying that those worked in pieces cost only from six to seven hundred rupees. He must have seen only the very poorest speci-mens, but even then the price is never below fifteen hundred. It is a trick with Cash-mere dealers not to show good shawls till the last extremity. The shawls worked on pieces are the real and true variety. A de-cently good shawl of this kind can hardly be got under three thousand rupees. The Cashmere correspondent does not seem to ap-preciate their fineness, he under-rates their price, and he very nearly puts both kinds—those on sheets and those in pieces, under the same head. The difference between a shawl worth Rs. 150 and one worth Rs. 3,000 is considerable, and can hardly be mistaken. The shawls sent so abundantly to Europe are mostly of the cheaper sorts. The reasons for the wide difference between the two sorts are too many to be mentioned here. Suffice it to say that the true Cashmere shawl will attract the most prominent attention anywhere, that it is lovely and fine beyond description, hav-ing no other work that will compare with it, and that it will last a century and longer.—*Athenaeum*.

MISCELLANEOUS.

A GENERAL PEACEMAKER DEPUTED TO MHOW.—More than a fortnight ago, we be-lieve that a general officer was deputed to Mhow with the object of his promoting a re-conciliation between contending parties at that cantonment. The general is a man of experience, and his views should command re-spect, even amongst officers who could so far forget themselves as to resent the decision of the Commander-in-Chief. But the peacemaker will require to exercise very considerable impartiality as well as firmness; and we trust that he is not a man who can be misled in his judgment because on one side of a question the numbers and even influence of interested parties may greatly preponderate over the few in whose side right may happen to be.—*Times of India*.

CURIOSITIES IN BRIGADE ORDERS.—The *Friend of India* has some remarks upon an affair which has excited considerable amusement in the North-West. "It appears," says the *Friend*, "that not many weeks ago Brigadier-General Auchmuty Tucker was forced, on promotion to the rank of major-general, to give up the command of the station of Rawul Pindiee. He took advantage of the occasion to issue a final valedictory order. In this order he thanked everybody. He thanked the commanding officers, and, through them, the officers, non-commissioned officers, and men; he thanked the cantonment magistrate, the executive officers, the executive engineer, the divisional paymaster, the barrackmaster, the brigade major, and the deputy-inspector-general of police; he thanked the Church of England chaplain, the Presbyterian clergymen, the Roman Catholic priest, and the inspector of post-offices; and, finally, he congratulated the older residents of the station generally, civil, military, and mercantile, on the transformation of Rawul Pindiee, during the tenure of his command, from being 'the most desolate, ill cared-for, and neglected station Sir Hugh Rose had ever seen, into a station second to few in general appearance; and he urged on householders to continue their efforts to make it "one of the prettiest and best cared-for stations, as it was assuredly one of the healthiest in Upper India." There was, we admit, nothing treasonable in this farewell order: it was the harmless prattle of a garrulous old Indian. It was absurd, and of a nature to excite laughter; but these are the characteristics of such prattle. And in that light it seems to have been regarded by the residents of Rawul Pindiee in general. One member of the community, however, thinking it a pity that the world should lose so sentimental an adieu, wrote a parody upon it, and published this in an up-country newspaper. The parody was read also at Rawul Pindiee, and was enjoyed there, as elsewhere, by all except one. This one was the officer who succeeded to the command of the brigade—Colonel E. R. Priestley.

Colonel Priestley's notions of the privacy of a communication seem to have grown wonderfully since he last dined at the United Service Club in Calcutta. In fact, he was so penetrated with horror at the idea that any one could be so dishonourable, so wanting in good feeling, good sense and good taste as to turn a Brigade Order into ridicule, that to rebuke this perpetrator of the infamy he rushed into print, and issued an order which we do not hesitate to designate as the most remarkable of the three. We need not quote the rest of the *Friend's* remarks. The order is as follows:—"These recently made of a Brigade Order communicating the thanks of the General Officer who has so long been at the head of the brigade, in turning it publicly into ridicule, deserves direct and unqualified censure. It would be useless to appeal to the good sense, good taste, and good feeling of the person who has allowed himself to be betrayed into an act, which plainly proves the absence of those qualities in all who may have to do with it. Orders are confidential communications addressed by officers to those under their command. To treat therefore orders with open disrespect, is to court prompt retribution. It may seem safer but it is less honourable to do so secretly; and to communicate them to any person or persons by whom they may be turned to bad account and made use of to injure the general or troops, either materially or in character, discipline or morals, is an offence of the same nature, and differing from it only in degree as betraying the watch-word to, or holding communication with, the enemy."

ROUMURED TROUBLES IN CENTRAL INDIA.—Central India is always rife with all sorts of rumours. At one time, we learn, that a big chief has threatened a little one, or that the Bheels and Meenas have been more than

usually troublesome, or that the religious feelings of some Mohammedan prince have led him to outrage the social ties of his Hindoo subjects. Battle and murder, and sudden death, seem common, and security, and order, and justice uncommon amongst a people who live under an intensified form of Oriental Government. The last rumour of the kind is that the chiefs or Nazims of East and West Bhopal have grievously fallen out, and are consequently anxious to prove to each other that the world has only room for one of them. The cause of the quarrel has not transpired, but it is very likely to be some question of revenue or precedence. At all events each Kardar has bit his thumb, and now grasps the hilt of his tulwar, whilst he breathes out to his "Moosahibs" and "sellahkars" the most dreadful threats. The tutelary deity of peace, however, in the shape of a political agent will probably step in and dissolve with the charm of his presence the elements of the feeble tempest.

A MODEL STATION.—Here is a cheerful account of Kussowlie, from a letter in the *Delhi Gazette*:—"As regards the residents in the station, their case is truly miserable. The soldiers have at any rate their own theatricals to go to; but the civilians and officers, with their ladies, have no amusement of any sort, except in the day time, that lively game, croquet! A more frightful place than Kussowlie for a civilised being to spend six months in could not be found, I am sure, on the face of the earth. Nobody is ever seen out taking a walk; and the houses are so scattered that their occupants might be supposed by a stranger to be passing penal sentences of solitary confinement. By parties who ought to know, I am informed that the liveliest house in the station is the dark bungalow. There are almost as many cliques in the station as there are people; and the place is so awfully moral that it is a positive fact that two officers were hauled up to the orderly-room the other day for smoking in the verandah of the theatre during one of our performances! Though the number of residents is very limited, there are many of them who never enter anybody's house but their own; so you can easily imagine how glad these jarring elements must be of meeting in some building, where they can enjoy an evening's amusement without compromising one another."

THE RUSSIANS IN CENTRAL ASIA.—The last news from Central Asia is startling if reliable. The only country with which Bokhara has hitherto condescended to maintain permanently courteous relations is Russia. In the dismemberment of Kokhan both Powers have been as friendly as Prussia and Austria in Schleswig. But the advance of the Christians in the shape of the Russians has roused the fanaticism of the only class whom the Ameer of Bokhara fears—the Moollas of Samarkand. After exciting the revolt in Chinese Tartary, which has resulted in the defeat of the Chinese garrisons, they have stirred up the Ameer to fight the Russians. Accordingly, as the story is told in a Kokhan letter to some Cabul merchants quoted by the *Delhi Gazette's* news-writer, the Moollas, along with the regular troops, suddenly attacked and defeated a Russian regiment posted near the city of Kokhan. The Russian general remonstrated on this breach of friendship, and gave the Ameer a week's grace, during which the latter attacked the whole force, 4,000 strong, and was defeated. Acting on their skillful policy, which is to convince the people that they have come to deliver them from the yoke of fanatical tyrants, the Russians are said to have presented each captured sepoy with two gold mohurs, and to have nursed the wounded. They then occupied the city of Kokhan. This news reached Cabul at the end of August. Meanwhile, the Ameer of Cabul has declared his intention of wintering in Candahar, and boasts that he will re-conquer Toorkistan next April. At the same time he has taken

refuge in the Candahar fort. Abdoolruhman Khan has driven the Ameer's Lieutenant out of every stronghold in Toorkistan, and is likely to make himself master of Bamean, the Governor of which is calling loudly for troops and guns. Our own information confirms the Russian story to this extent—that Russia, having Bokhara in her power, proposes to seize the Toorkistan provinces just revolted from the Ameer of Cabul, and is ready to make use of the civil war there for the accomplishment of her design of making her frontier march with that of British India.—*Friend of India.*

CHINA & JAPAN.

We take the following from the *Overland China Mail* of the 27th September:—

"The news of the fortnight has no significance whatever, which is perhaps the best intelligence we are able to convey. It is noticeable of late that no species of complication has arisen between the Chinese and foreign authorities. There appears to be a tacit agreement among us all to keep the peace heartily, and we are glad to think that this decision has been mutually arrived at. His Excellency the Prince of Kung is fully aware of the value of foreign alliance, and seems inclined to grant every facility for the carrying on of trade between China and foreign nations. It cannot be denied that the past few years have witnessed a very distinct change in the attitude of the Chinese Government towards ourselves. The strong feeling of repulsion which once characterised the rulers of Peking has entirely disappeared, and we have now to do with a set of officials who are perfectly willing to meet us more than half way. This is so far fortunate, and it is worthy of notice that English diplomacy is mainly entitled to the credit of such pleasing results. No doubt the other nations deserve credit for the cordial manner in which they have supported the policy of England, and there can be no doubt that they will continue that support steadily.

"So far as regards the internal affairs of the empire, there is nothing particular to record. The numerous petty rebellions which formerly menaced the peace of the empire seem to be melting away, if we may judge, at least, from the absolute absence of advices to the contrary from any of the former seats of contention; and we are glad to believe that the lethargy that has long oppressed the rulers of China is rapidly being thrown off. It would be too much to expect that a vast empire of some thousand years' existence should become modernized in a single generation; but there are distinct prospects of a thoroughly civilized future for China in the course of 20 years.

"From Japan the news regarding foreign relations is not of great importance. Rumours, however, are afloat that Sir Harry Parkes is not to be allowed his own way; but to these rumours it is not necessary to attach any consequence. Sir Harry's fame has, we understand, preceded him to Japan. His career in China has been fully reported to all those with whom he has to do in the country of the Rising Sun, and the utter uselessness of attempting to persuade him into any sinister political measure is very well known to the Daimios and to the Japanese officials.

"Shanghai is not at present over-prolific of news of a stirring nature, everything appearing to move pretty smoothly in that portion of the north. The Supreme Court for China and Japan was formally opened there on the 4th inst.; and the conduct of the new occupant of the bench, Sir Edmund Hornby, seems to give general approbation.

"All is quiet at Canton and Macao. Affairs are improving at Manila.

"In Hong Kong there is nothing of moment to note. The health of the colony is not of the best."

MADRAS.

BY THE GOVERNOR IN COUNCIL.

Fort St. George, Sept. 29.—No. 347.—Appointments:—

Capt. (Brev. Lieut. col.) R. Cadell, royal (Madras) art., to be a comy. of ordnance 1st class, v. Capt. (Brev. major) C. H. Harrison, removed on prom.

Col. G. W. Y. Simpson, R.A., inspector gen. of ordnance and magazines, is granted priv. leave of absence for 30 days, from 4th proximo.

Major C. H. Drury, staff corps, acting controller of military accounts, is granted priv. leave for 60 days, from 30th inst. Major J. G. Touch, personal asst. to controller, and compiler pay dept., will conduct the duties of the controller's office during Major Drury's absence.

The undermentioned officer is perm. to proceed to Europe:—

Capt. (Brev. major) W. S. S. Mulcaster, cadre 6th regt. L.C., doing duty 1st regt. L.C., for 3 years, under old furl. regs., and to embark from Madras.

Returned to duty:—

Asst. surg. G. Bidie, M.D., med. dept.; arrived at Madras Sept. 24.

MADRAS STAFF CORPS.—Oct. 3.—No. 351.—The date of rank assigned to Capt. H. G. Puckle in G.O. Feb. 21, 1865, No. 71, is altered from Feb. 19, 1865, to Dec. 9, 1864, subject to H.M.'s approval.

Sept. 23.—Mr. J. A. Wood, head surveyor of No. 2 survey party, has priv. leave for 1 mo., from Oct. 1, 1865.

One mo. priv. leave has been granted to Mr. M. C. Fernandez, manager of the superint. engr.'s office, 7th div., from Sept. 18.

Sept. 25.—One mo. priv. leave has been granted to Mr. J. George, asst. engr. Coimbatore range, Coimbatore district, from Oct. 1.

SADDLE CONTRACT FUND.

Oct. 3.—No. 354.—The Gov. in Council is pleased to direct that the following final statement, exhibiting the names of officers, and the periods for which they are entitled to share in the Consolidated Saddle Contract Fund of native cavalry regiments, from May 1, 1864, to April 30, 1865, be published in general orders:—

Distribution Details.

4 regts. L.C. at 1 share each	...	...	4	shares
Body guard	...	...	0 1/4	"
			4 1/4	"

Amount of contract allowance from May 1, 1864, to April 30, 1865, as per computation statement	...	...	Rs. 27,956	8	0
Amount of proceeds of sales of articles of saddlery	...	...	290	4	7
			28,246	12	7

Deduct amount of expenses incurred from May, 1864, to April, 1865	22,885	14	1
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Amount for final distribution Rs. 5,360 14 6

Amount of Share to each Officer.

Total.

1st Regt. L.C.					
Lieut. col. C. S. Bivar, for whole year	...	1,261	6	2	1,261 6 2
2nd Regt. L.C.					
Lieut. col. W. C. R. Macdonald, for whole year	...	1,261	6	2	1,261 6 2
3rd Regt. L.C.					
Lieut. col. A. J. Kelso, from May 1 to May 13, and from June 23 to Nov. 30, 1864, 174 days	...	601	5	1	
Lieut. col. G. T. Radcliffe, from May 14 to June 22, and from Dec. 1, 1864, to April 30, 1865, 191 days	...	660	1	1	
					1,261 6 2
4th Regt. L.C.					
Col. P. T. Cherry, for whole year	...	1,261	6	2	1,261 6 2
Body Guard.					
Lieut. col. J. M. Macgregor, for whole year	...	815	5	6	815 5 6
Total	...	...	...	...	Rs. 5,360 14 2
Lost by fraction	...	...	...	...	0 0 4
Total	...	...	...	...	Rs. 5,360 14 6

The Gov. in Council is pleased to direct that the balance due on account of the Consolidated Saddle Contract Fund be discharged accordingly, in the usual manner.

Sept. 12.—No. 1,855.—Lieut. R. F. St. A. St. John, H.M.'s 60th rifles, is app. to be an asst. comr., 3rd grade, in British Burma.

Sept. 14.—No. 1,862.—Brev. major H. Dixon, 22nd Madras N.I., obtained leave from Dec. 26, 1864, to Jan. 6, 1865, to enable him to join his late app. in the Mysore Commission.

No. 1,866.—Major H. M. Elliott, dep. superint., 1st class, in Mysore, returned to his duty on the 15th ult., from the leave to Europe granted him by the Madras Govt.

No. 1,868.—Lieut. col. T. Clerk, offic. superint. of the Nuggur division, Mysore, has obtained priv. leave for 10 days, from the date on which he may avail himself of it.

No. 1,870.—Major J. J. Fulton, offic. dep. comr. of Mundla, in the Central Provs., has obtained priv. leave for 1 mo., from the date on which Mr. Grant, on return from leave, may resume charge of the Jubbulpore Settlement from Major Waddington.

Oct. 3.—Leave of absence:—

Dep. Comy. P. Curley, sub engr., 3rd grade, Nellore district, leave on m.c., to Bangalore and the Neilgherry Hills, from Sept. 21 to Dec. 31.

Appointments:—

Capt. H. Biden, comdt. No. 3 light field horse batty., Hyderabad contingent, to be a lay trustee of the chaplaincy of Aurangabad, v. Lieut. Sewell.

Mr. W. F. Hewetson, dep. coll. at Calicut, to be marriage registrar of the district of Malabar.

The undermentioned officers have assumed charge of the jails from the dates noted opposite their respective names:—

Asst. surg. W. F. Davis, M.D., Coimbatore, Sept. 11.

Asst. surg. J. Ross, M.B., Tanjore, Sept. 11.

Asst. surg. W. J. Busted, Chingleput, Sept. 29.

The services of Capt. F. F. R. Bishop, acting asst. superint. of police in the Kurnool district, are replaced at the disposal of H.E. the C. in C. at his own request.

Oct. 2.—Mr. P. Johnson having returned to duty this day, the unexpired portion of leave granted to him by the Chief Sec. on Sept. 1 last is cancelled.

Oct. 3.—No. 350.—The undermentioned officer is permitted to proceed to Europe:—

Major (Brev. Lieut. col.) G. Paxton, cadre 44th regt. N.I., doing duty 33rd regt. N.I., on m.c. for 20 mo., under the furl. regs. of 1854, and to embark from Madras.

Lieut. col. G. W. Russell, staff corps, paymaster Northern Circle, is granted leave for 6 mo., from date of departure, the first 60 days being priv. leave. Major A. Ritherdon, staff corps, will act as paymr. Northern Circle, during Lieut. col. Russell's absence.

MOVEMENTS OF ARTILLERY.

The artillery movements notified in G.O. May 9, 1865, No. 174, are cancelled, and the following are ordered:—

Two batteries 5th brig. R.A., from England to Mount.

One battery ditto, from England to Rangoon.

No. 1 batty. 17th brig. R.A., from Mount to England.

No. 2 batty. 17th brig. R.A., from Penang to England.

No. 3 batty. 17th brig. R.A., from Kamptee to England.

No. 1 batty. 20th brig. R.A., from Rangoon to Kamptee.

No. 5 batty. 23rd brig. R.A., from Bellary to Rangoon.

Oct. 10.—Asst. surg. G. Bidie, M.B., to be professor of botany and materia medica in the Medical College, to take effect from the 25th ult.

Brig. gen. G. De Saumarez to be a lay trustee of the chaplaincy of Cannanore, v. Brig. gen. Faunce.

Capt. R. F. Oakes, R.E., 1st grade, v. Capt. Virtue, and to continue to act as supering. engr., 1st class, 1st grade, during the employment of Lieut. col. Wilkieson on other duty, or until further orders.

Major A. W. Ritherdon, staff corps, to act as exec. engr. during the absence of Capt. Wood, or until further orders.

Lieut. A. C. Smith, R.E., acting asst. engr., to be asst. engr., 2nd grade, v. Mr. Frazer, dec.

The foll. transfers are ordered:—

Mr. A. Lawford, exec. engr., 4th grade, from the South Arcot to the Tanjore dist.

Mr. K. E. Norfor, asst. engr., 2nd grade, from the Godavery to the South Arcot dist.

The undermentioned members of the Madras civil service have attained the rank of 5th class on Oct. 7:—

Mr. H. Linton.

Mr. J. H. Nelson.

The undermentioned officers in the police, having passed the prescribed test in law, and previously in the vernaculars, are confirmed in their respective appointments:—

Lieut. A. J. F. Gordon, probationary superint. of police, Madura.

Lieut. C. A. Porteous, probationary superint. of police, Tinnevely.

Lieut. G. Chrystie, probationary asst. superint. of police, 1st class, Nellore.

CHAPLAINS' LEAVE TO EUROPE.

The following extract from a despatch from the Right Hon. the Secretary of State for India, ecclesiastical dept., No. 14, dated Aug. 17, is published for general information:—

Para. 1. It is stated in the certificate furnished, on the 26th Oct. last, by the civil paymaster in the Punjab, to the Rev. C. E. Hadow, a junior chaplain on the Bengal estab., that leave to Europe on m.c. was granted to that gentleman for two years. Under the present regulations, however, the utmost period for which it is competent to the Governments in India to grant to chaplains sick leave to England is eighteen months. I have, therefore, informed Mr. Hadow that eighteen months must be the limit of his original leave. Should he be allowed in this country an extension of leave beyond that period, you will be duly advised of the same.

PRIVILEGE LEAVE.

The foll. ruling of the Govt. of India, regarding the grant of priv. leave to covenanted civil servants, in instalments, is published for general information:—

"From the civil pay master, N.W.P., to the Secretary to the Government of India, financial department, No. 413, dated Oct. 12, 1865.

"As officers are now applying, under para. 8 of the new civil rules, for an 'instalment' of accumulated leave, I have the honour to ask the effect of such division on future accumulations. An officer entitled to three months' leave is absent for one month only, from April 1 to April 30, 1865—when will he be again entitled to full three months' leave? would suggest that a continuous service of eleven months should give him one month's leave in addition to the unexhausted accumulation. Thus, in the case given above, if he served continuously from May 1, 1865, to March 31, 1866, he should again become entitled to three months' leave; but if he take a second instalment from Aug. 1 to 31, 1865, he should serve from Sept. 1 to Aug. 1, 1866, before becoming again entitled to two months' leave.

"I suppose the division of accumulated privilege leave under this rule is left wholly to the discretion of the Government granting leave."

From R. H. Hollingbery, Esq., 2nd Assistant Secretary to the Government of India, Financial Department, to the Civil Paymaster, North-Western Provinces.—(No. 93, dated Simla, May 6, 1865).

In reply to your letter No. 413, dated April 12, 1865, I am directed to state that the Governor-general in Council is pleased to approve of your interpretation of the rule respecting the division of accumulated privilege leave.

(A true copy.)

(Signed) J. E. COOKE, Asst. Secy. to Govt.

The above ruling is applicable to military officers in civil employ.

By order, H. HUDLESTON, Acting Secy. to Govt.

No. 361.—The Gov. in Council is pleased to make the following appt. and proms., the latter subject to H.M.'s approval:—

Lieut. P. Sanderson, R.H.A., to act as extra A.D.C. to H.E. the Gov.

27th Regt. N.I.—Senior Lieut. E. Faunce (staff corps) to have the position of capt., v. Mecham, dec.; dated Sept. 13.

Cadre 42nd Regt. N.I.—Senior Capt. (Brev. maj.) H. D. Faulkner to be major, and Senior Lieut. H. R. Elliot to be capt. v. Atkinson, dec.; date of commissions, Sept. 16.

Capt. W. A. Beath, cadre 45th Regt. N.I., doing duty with the 13th Regt. N.I., is perm. to proceed to Madras and the western coast on furl for 2 years from date of departure, under the furl. regs. of 1854.

ERRATUM.—In the movements of R.A., notified in G.O.G., Oct. 3, No. 350, the destination of No.

5 baty. 28rd brig. is "Penang," and not "Rangoon."

OFFICERS EMPLOYED.

No. 363.—The following extract from a letter from the Secy. to the Govt. of India, military dept., No. 800, dated Simla, Sept. 21, is published in G.O. :—

The Right Hon. the Gov. gen. in Council is pleased to decide that all military officers employed in depts. under the military dept. of govt. shall be under the military rules, in respect to priv. leave. Officers employed under the foreign and home depts. [political, public, judicial, and revenue, in Madras] are under the civil rules, except those officers serving in the few native corps not under the military dept., who remain under the military rules.

These rules apply equally to medical officers.

TRAVELLING ALLOWANCES—DEPUTY-INSPECTOR-GENERAL OF HOSPITALS.

No. 864.—The Gov. gen. in Council is pleased to publish the following decision [communicated to the milly. acct. dept. in proceedings of Govt., No. 355, of Feb. 2, 1863, with effect from that date] of the Govt. of India.

H.E. the Gov. gen. in Council sanctions the grant to a dep. insp. gen. of hospitals, when on tours of inspection, of the rate of travelling allowance drawn in Bengal, in lieu of the major's extra batta, hitherto admitted to him.

The rates are 3 annas a mile, when the journey is, or can be, performed by railway, and 8 annas a mile when ordinarily travelling by land by other modes of conveyance.

When the duty involves a journey by sea or river steamer, a passage may be granted at the public expense, instead of the travelling allowance, the officer paying the usual rate of table money.

Oct. 7.—No. 650.—The asst. exam. pay dept. has extended the leave granted in notification dated Aug. 22, to Mr. A. St. L. Mitchell, auditor, 2nd class, for 1 mo.

Oct. 13.—Apts. :—

Mr. E. B. Foord, to be civil and sess. judge of Berhampore.

Mr. J. R. Kindersley, to be civil and sess. judge of Bellary.

Mr. W. T. Blair, to be civil and sess. judge of Rajahmundry, but to continue to offic. as Insp. comr.

Mr. H. Morris, to act as civil and sess. judge of Rajahmundry, but to continue to act as civil and sess. judge of Berhampore, until relieved by Mr. Foord.

Mr. R. W. Barlow, to be sub coll. and joint mag. of North Arcot.

Mr. A. C. Burnell, to be head asst. to the coll. and mag. of North Arcot, but to continue to act as head asst. to the coll. and mag. of Malabar, during the employ. of Mr. Garstin on other duty, or until further orders.

Oct. 11.—On the report of the Central Committee of the Board of Examiners, the foll. assts. are declared to have qualified, under the rules published by Govt., in their resolution, dated May 26, 1854 :—

Second or Higher Standard.—Messrs. J. F. Price, P. L. Roberts, H. P. Gordon, E. Storr, A. C. Burnell, F. Brandt, and O. B. Irvine.

First or Lower Standard.—Messrs. J. G. Horsfall, H. Wigram, and B. Horsburgh.

Oct. 13.—Mr. R. R. Cotton, Civil and sess. judge of Madras, reported his return to the Pres. on the 11th inst., per steamer *Candia*.

Capt. J. G. Ryves, R.E., suptng. engr. of the 1st div., delivered over charge of his office to Capt. J. Beatty on the 6th inst.

ERRATUM.—In the *Fort Saint George Gazette* of the 10th inst., for "Capt. R. F. Oakes, R.E., 1st grade, v. Capt. Virtue, and to continue to act as suptng. engr., 1st class, 1st grade, during the employ. of Lieut. col. Wilkieson on other duty," read "Capt. R. F. Oakes, R.E., to be exec. engr., 1st grade, v. Capt. Virtue, and to continue to act as suptng. engr., 1st class, during the employ. of Lieut. col. Wilkieson on other duty."

Oct. 11.—No. 365.—The undermen. officer is perm. to proceed to Europe :—Lieut. T. Cadell, v.c., of the Bengal staff corps, dep. Bheel agent and political asst. at Manpore, on m.c. for 15 mo., under the furl. regs. of 1854, and to embark from Madras.

Oct. 13.—No. 366.—The retirement from the service (notified in G.O.G. Feb. 10, No. 60), of Surg. major J. C. Campbell, on a pension of £550 per annum, has been confirmed by H.M.'s Sec. of State for India.

Returned to duty.—Major F. N. Smith, staff corps, 1st class dep. controller of accounts, dept. public works, Mysore, arrived at Madras Oct. 11.

MOVEMENT OF REGIMENTS.

The following movements of corps are ordered, with reference to those notified in G.O.G. Aug. 15, No. 289 :—

3rd battn. 60th rifles, from Rangoon to Fort St. George, to be there stationed.

76th regt. of foot, from Fort St. George to Bangalore (by wings), as a tempy. arrangement, to await further orders.

ALLOWANCE TO ACTING QUARTERMASTERS.

Oct. 13.—No. 367.—It is hereby notified that the Govt. of India have authorised the grant "of an allowance of Rs. 3 per diem, to Acting qmrs. and paymrs. of wings of regts., when separated from head qrs., with retrospective effect from date of nomination as regards present incumbents of the combined apts."

Oct. 12.—The Principal insp. gen., medical dept., has granted to Surg. maj. C. M. Duff, m.d., surg. 3rd district, priv. leave of absence for 60 days, from Oct. 12, or from date of dep.

Oct. 3.—The Superintending Engineer, 1st div., has granted 1 mo. priv. leave to Mr. J. W. Rundall, exec. engr., Godavery district, from Nov. 1, or date of dep.

Oct. 4.—Supervisor O'Neill is granted 1 mo. leave, on private affairs.

Oct. 10.—No. 79.—Lieut. A. Balmer, superint. of police, Nellore, has priv. leave of absence for 2 mo.

Oct. 13.—No. 80.—The leave granted to Insp. H. Thomson, Ganjam police, has been extended to Dec. 20.

[From Oct. 3 to Oct. 13.]

Mr. W. Nisbet has been permitted to resign the Madras civil service from Aug. 24, and has been granted an invalid pension of £250 per annum from that date, under the terms of the despatch from the Rt. Hon. the Secretary of State for India, dated Nov. 25, 1862, No. 193.

Leave of absence :—

Capt. (brevet major) W. C. C. Mulcaster, cadre 6th Regt. L.C., doing duty with 1st regt. L.C., for 3 years, to Europe, to embark from Madras.

18th Hussars.—Lieut. W. Yeldham, from date on which his regt. marches from Bangalore to Secunderabad, to Jan. 31 next, to Bangalore.

Major (brevet lieut. col.) G. Paxton, cadre 44th regt. N.I., doing duty with 33rd regt. N.I., on m.c. for 20 mo. to Europe, to embark from Madras.

Lieut. col. G. W. Russell, staff corps, paymr., Northern circle, for 6 mo. from date of departure, the first sixty days being priv. leave. Major A. Ritherdon, staff corps, will act as paymr., Northern circle, during Lieut. col. Russell's absence.

Leave of absence :—

Royal Artillery.—Capt. C. Raikes, 20th brig., from date of embarkation at Madras, to England, on m.c.

21st Foot.—Qrmr. P. F. Foley, 2nd batt., from date of embarkation at Madras, to England, on m.c.

76th Foot.—Capt. J. H. Tripp, from date of embarkation at Madras, to England, on m.c.

76th Foot.—Ensign T. W. Best, from date of embarkation at Madras, to England, on m.c.

102nd Foot.—Lieut. W. Cleland, from date of embarkation at Madras, to England, overland, on m.c.

General List, Infantry, Madras.—Lieut. R. F. Taylor, attached to the 10th Madras N.I., from July 30 to Jan. 30, 1866, in extension of leave to Madras, for the purpose of studying the native languages.

Late 42nd Regt. N.I.—Major G. H. Atkinson, doing duty 34th regt. L.I., from Aug. 29, 1865, or from date of departure, to March 1, 1866—Madras and the eastern coast, Bangalore and the Neilgherries, on m.c.

Major W. C. Clarke, 2nd regt. Madras L.C., paymr. Hyderabad subsidiary force, for 3 years, to Europe.

Capt. G. A. Walker, Madras staff corps, asst. comsy. gen., Nagpore field force, for 20 mo., to Europe.

76th Foot.—Lieut. T. T. Hodges, to England on m.c.; he will report his arrival at the Horse Guards.

Capt. W. A. Beath, cadre 45th regt. N.I., doing duty with the 13th regt. N.I., is perm. to proceed to Madras and the Western Coast, on furl. for 2 years, from date of departure.

Royal Art.—2nd Capt. T. I. M. Hogg (adjt. No. 1 batty. 20th brig.), from date of embarkation, to England overland, m.c.

60th Foot.—Lieut. P. O. B. Butler (3rd batn.), from date of embarkation at Madras, to England overland, m.c.

General Staff.—Lieut. col. E. J. Lawder, dep. qmr. gen., for 60 days, from Oct. 9, or date of dep. from Madras—priv. leave.

Asst. surg. G. Bidie, m.d., medical dept.; arrived at Madras on Sept. 24.

Postings :—

Capt. (brev. maj.) R. S. Couchman, 12th regt. N.I., will do duty, from Oct. 1, under the orders of the officer commanding Mysore div., who will attach him to one of the native corps serving under his com.

Lieut. F. Middlecoat, 7th regt. N.I., recently arrived from England, will do duty with the 16th regt. N.I., until the arrival of his regt. at Munsoorcottah, for embarkation to Singapore.

Dep. asst. qmr. gen., and Lieut. R. D. Thorne, to the Ceded Districts.

Under instructions received through the Dep. adjt. gen., R.A., in India, dated March 11, the postings of the undermentioned assistant surgeons of the R.A. in this Pres. are to be considered as standing on that date, as follows :—

Asst. surg. H. L. Randell, B batty. 20th brig.

Asst. surg. K. W. Cumming, m.d., C batty. 20th brig.

Asst. surg. C. Grey, D batty. 20th brig.

Asst. surg. R. W. Berkeley, No. 5 batty. 20th brig.

Asst. surg. E. Nicholson, F batty. 20th brig.

Asst. surg. J. S. McAdam, A batty. 23rd brig.

Asst. surg. R. J. Owen, C batty. 23rd brig.

Asst. surg. G. Simon, D batty. 23rd brig.

Asst. surg. W. M. Calder, E batty. 23rd brig.

Asst. surg. W. Leach, F batty. 23rd brig.

Surg. H. T. Shaw, from late promotion to N.I. depot and medical charge of Eur. art. veteran cp., Palaveram.

Lieut. col. F. Young, staff corps, under the orders of the officer comg. Southern div.

Major W. A. Riach, 12th regt. N.I., under the orders of the officer comg. Ceded districts.

Removal.—Surg. D. Baillie, m.d., from 108th foot to 38th N.I.

Artillery Commands.—Pending the sanction of the C. in C. in India, the following changes in the commands of the Royal artillery in the Madras Presidency are ordered :—

1. Colonel G. P. Eaton (late promotion), 17th brig. R.A., to command the 17th brig. and Royal art., centre div., to join at the expiration of his present leave.

2. Lieut. col. A. W. Macintire, c.n., D brig. Royal horse art., commanding Royal art., Pegu div., will proceed to Bangalore, with the view to his assuming command of the D brig. Royal horse art. and Royal art., Mysore div., to join forthwith.

13th Regt. N.I.—Sen. capt. brev. major C. W. Taylor to be major, and Lieut. B. F. Heysham (capt. in staff corps) to have the position of Capt., v. Brooking ret.; date of commission, May 29.

Sept. 20.—No. 875.—The undermen. officer having completed the prescribed period of service as lieut. col., to be col. in the army from the date specified opposite to his name, subject to the approval of H.M. :—

Brevet.—To be Colonel in the Army.

Lieut. col. W. F. Marriott, Bombay staff corps, Aug. 16.

27th Regt. N.I.—Sen. lieut. E. Faunce (staff corps) to have the position of capt., v. Mecham dec.; dated Sept. 13.

Cadre 42nd Regt. N.I.—Sen. capt. (brev. major) H. D. Faulkner, to be major, and Sen. lieut. H. R. Elliot, to be capt. v. Atkinson dec.; date of commission, Sept. 16.

Removals and postings :—

Staff asst. surg. P. Smith, m.d., to do duty 105th foot.

Staff asst. surg. T. M. Kirkwood, from doing duty 105th foot, to do duty 2nd batt. 10th foot; to join when relieved.

Staff asst. surg. J. B. Kelly, to do duty 76th foot.

Staff asst. surg. S. Flood, to Rangoon, for duty with troops, Pegu div.

Staff asst. surg. J. Martin, to do duty 1st Royals.

Asst. surg. R. W. Berkeley, from doing duty, art., Bangalore, to No. 5 batty. 20th brig. R.A.

The underment. officers of H.M.'s 16th lancers, who arrived from England, per str. *Bengal*, on Sept. 24, will proceed to join their corps at Bangalore, on duty, at the public expense :—

Lieut. col. W. T. Dickson.

Capt. R. Whigham.

Lieut. R. T. Maillard.

BOMBAY.**NAVAL.**

Marine Dept., Bombay Castle, Oct. 2.—No. 20.—The following tempy. arrangement is confirmed:—Mr. sub conductor Crockwell to be acting conductor in the marine storekeeper's dept. from July 8, v. Conductor Semler, proceeded to England on m.c., and since discharged the service.

No. 21.—The following tempy. arrangements and appts. are confirmed:—

Mr. A. H. Durant to be sub conductor in the marine storekeeper's dept. from Aug. 2, to fill an existing vacancy.

Mr. J. Todd, 3rd officer of the *Coromandel*, to be 2nd officer of that vessel from Aug. 4, v. Mr. Hay, resigned.

Mr. M. Bran to be 3rd officer of the *Coromandel*, from Aug. 5, v. Mr. Todd, prom.

Oct. 3.—No. 22.—The following tempy. arrangements and appts. are confirmed:—

Mr. J. Newton, 2nd class engr. of the *Feroza*, proceeding from Calcutta to Bombay for the purpose of obtaining his discharge, to be accommodated with a passage on board the steam vessel *Carnatic*, from the date of her leaving that port.

Mr. E. Dawes, comdg. the gunboat *Clyde*, to be store accountant of that vessel from May 30 last, inclusive.

Mr. W. Gillard to be 2nd officer of the gunboat *Clyde*, from the 10th inst.

Mr. Chambers received charge of the Govt. observatory from Commander Robinson on the 12th instant.

BIRTH.

MACDOUGALL.—At Raneegunge, Sept. 12, the wife of A. C. Macdougall, Bengal Police, of a son.

DEATHS.

BRUNTON.—At Kurnool, Sept. 16, Ellen H., the wife of Mr. R. L. Brunton, Madras Irrigation and Canal Company's Service.

CAPRON.—In Mana Madura, Sept. 22, Henry H., infant son of the Rev. W. B. Capron.

WAR OFFICE.

CHANGES, PROMOTIONS, &c.,
IN H.M.'s REGIMENTS SERVING IN INDIA.
Nov. 7.

Royal Artillery.—Staff Asst. surg. M. J. Jones to be asst. surg., v. W. G. N. Manley, prom. on staff.
12th Foot.—Staff surg. W. G. N. Manley to be surg., v. A. F. Bartley, app. to staff.

90th Foot.—Lieut. D. MacLachlan to be instructor of musketry, v. Lieut. R. I. Ward, app. adj.

Rifle Brigade.—Ensign A. H. S. Montgomery to be lieut., without purch., v. G. Rogers, dec.

BREVET.

Major and Brev. Lieut. col. W. R. B. Smith, late h.p. unattached, to be col.

Capt. H. N. Kippen, 12th foot, to have the local rank of major in India.

Nov. 10.

Royal Art.—Second Capt. E. P. B. Turner to be capt., v. Capt. and Brev. maj. E. F. Craufurd, placed upon half-pay. Lieut. H. C. Lewes to be 2nd capt., v. Turner. The surname of the 2nd capt. prom. to be capt., v. Sandford, in the *Gazette* of the 10th ult., is Denis de Vitre, and not de Vitre, as then stated.

4th Foot.—Staff Asst. surg. W. Creyk, M.B., to be Asst. surg., v. E. Miller, M.D., who res.

7th Foot.—Lieut. W. Daly to be instructor of musketry, v. Lieut. H. S. Harrison, prom. on June 20, 1865.

10th Foot.—Ens. N. E. Carr to be lieut., without purch., v. C. C. Parkinson, dec.; Ensign E. G. Green to be lieut., by purch., v. J. J. Kennedy, whose prom. on Oct. 20, 1865, has been cancl.; Ensign T. Orton to be lieut., by purch., v. R. S. Burgess, who retires; Ensign W. Cook, from the 16th foot, to be ensign, v. Carr; A. G. Bridge, gent., to be ensign, by purch., v. Orton.

11th Foot.—Lieut. C. Garsia, from the 89th foot, to be lieut., v. E. H. Vaughton, who exchanges; Staff Asst. surg. D. J. Canny to be asst. surg., v. R. T. Scott, app. to the staff.

12th Foot.—Capt. and Brev. major W. H. Queade to be major, without purch., v. Brev. col. J. F. Kempt, dec.; Lieut. W. Keough, to be capt., without purch., v. Brev. Major Queade; Ensign A.

Woodward to be lieut., without purch., v. Keough; Ensign G. L. B. Thomas to be lieut., without purch., v. A. L. Whipple, dec.; Ensign A. J. H. Daubeney to be lieut., by purch., v. Woodward, whose prom., on Aug. 8, 1865, has been cancl.; Ensign J. A. Miley, from the 59th foot, to be ensign, v. Daubeney; Gent. Cadet O. Williams, from the Royal Military College, to be ensign, without purch., v. Thomas.

16th Foot.—Gent. cadet C. Roberts, from the Royal Military College, to be ensign, without purch., v. W. Cooke, transf. to the 10th foot.

19th Foot.—Lieut. G. D. Michell, from the 66th foot, to be lieut., v. G. A. Warden, who exch.; Gent. cadet G. E. Langford, from the Royal Military College, to be ensign, without purch., v. Remington, transf. to the 88th foot.

20th Foot.—F. W. Birch, gent., to be ensign, by purch., v. G. W. H. Hutton, who ret.

21st Foot.—Lieut. A. Clark-Kennedy, from the 46th foot, to be lieut., v. G. H. Anderson, who exch.; Lieut. G. V. Lamb, from the Military Train, to be lieut., v. B. L. Warner, who exch.; Lieut. W. C. Ralston to be adj., v. Lieut. F. G. Jackson, who res. that app. on June 9, 1865.

25th Foot.—H. W. Thompson, gent., to be ensign, by purch., v. E. L. Durand, transf. to the 96th foot.

46th Foot.—Lieut. G. H. Anderson, from the 21st foot, to be lieut., v. A. Clark-Kennedy, who exch.

51st Foot.—Lieut. H. S. Tompson to be capt., by purch., v. E. D. Oliver, whose prom., by purch., on June 30, 1865, has been cancl.; Ensign R. Stratford to be lieut., without purch., v. E. D. Oliver, dec.; Gent. cadet G. Denshire, from the Royal Military College, to be ensign, without purch., v. Stratford.

60th Foot.—F. J. A. Wood, gent., to be ensign, by purch., v. E. C. Wood, transf. to the 88th foot.

76th Foot.—Lieut. B. Simmer, from the 53rd foot, to be lieut., v. R. Waller, who exch.

88th Foot.—Lieut. T. Burke to be capt., without purchase, v. G. S. Watson, dec.; Ensign F. A. S. D'Acosta to be lieut., without purch., v. F. M. M. Mapleton, dec.; Ensign H. Howorth to be lieut., without purch., v. Burke; Ensign F. A. Remington, from the 19th foot, to be ensign, v. D'Acosta.

94th Foot.—Ensign S. N. M'L. Nairne, to be lieut., without purch., v. F. J. Hassard, dec.; Gentleman cadet F. T. C. De Vernet, from the Royal Military College, to be ensign, without purch., v. Nairne.

25th Foot.—Ensign A. D. Saportas to be lieut., by purch., v. E. Chapple, who rets.; C. E. Wheeler, gent., to be ensign, by purch., v. Saportas.

98th Foot.—Lieut. C. G. Heathcote to be capt., by purch., v. K. Brett, who rets.; Ensign H. J. G. Robinson to be lieut., by purch., v. Heathcote; the Hon. M. Curzon to be ensign, by purch., v. Robinson; Gent. cadet H. Cooper, from the Royal Military College, to be ensign, without purch., v. the Hon. M. Curzon, transf. to the rifle brig.

105th Foot.—Colour sergt. T. Langford, from the 76th foot, to be qrmr., v. T. Gorman, dec.

Rifle Brigade.—Lieut. H. C. G. Dugdale to be capt., by purch., v. A. G. C. Inge, who rets.; Ensign H. S. Brownrigg to be lieut., by purch., v. Dugdale; Ensign the Hon. M. Curzon, from the 98th foot, to be ensign, v. Montgomery, prom.; E. C. Hartopp, gent., to be ensign, by purch., v. Brownrigg; Sergt. major C. J. Knot to be ensign, without purch., v. R. Dundas, dec. The commission as adjt. of Lieut. E. H. Chamberlain has been antedated to Aug. 5, 1865.

MEDICAL DEPARTMENT.

The undermen. staff surgs. having completed 20 years' full pay service to be staff surgs. major, under the provisions of the Royal Warrant of Oct. 1, 1858:—H. M. Webb, m.b., and G. W. Powell.

Asst. surg. R. T. Scott, from the 11th foot, to be staff asst. surg., v. D. J. Canny, appd. to the 11th foot.

Asst. surg. J. Y. Donaldson, m.d., from the 100th foot, to be staff asst. surg., v. J. Thompson, appd. to the 100th foot.

Staff asst. surg. W. H. Jenkins, upon half pay, has been perm. to res. his commission.

BREVET.

Lieut. col. and Brev. col. H. Renny, 81st foot, to have the temp. rank of brig. gen. while in command of a brigade.

Capt. F. B. Norman, Bengal staff corps, to be maj.

Capt. W. Macdonald, late 25th Bengal N.I., district superint. of police, 3rd class, to be maj.

Capt. J. Ruggles, late 51st Bengal N.I., offic. commandant 19th Bengal N.I., to be maj.

Lieut. R. C. Macdonald, 97th foot, to have the local rank of capt. in India.

Qrmr. W. Cousins, retired upon half-pay, late Royal Military Asylum, to have the hon. rank of capt.

The undermentioned promotions to take place in succession to Lieut. gen. Sir J. B. Hearsay, K.C.B., colonel 21st hussars, who died on the 23rd October, 1865:—

Maj. gen. W. F. Forster, military secretary to the Field Marshal commanding in chief, and colonel 81st foot, to be lieut. gen.

Brev. col. R. Chetwode, capt., h.p., 3rd drag. gda., to have the rank of maj. gen.

Brev. col. J. P. Westropp, capt., h.p., unattached, to have the rank of maj. gen.

Brev. col. G. M. Reeves, c.n., from lieut. col., 99th foot, to be maj. gen.

Capt. and Brev. maj. W. J. Williams, R.A., to be lieut. col.

Capt. W. W. J. Bruce, 94th foot, to be maj.

The undermentioned officers having completed the qualifying service in the rank of lieut. col., to be cols. under the provisions of the Royal Warrant of Oct. 14, 1858:—

Maj. and Brev. lieut. col. G. C. Vialle, 95th foot.

Lieut. col. F. Fane, 25th foot.

INDIA OFFICE, Nov. 6.

Her Majesty has been pleased to approve of the following alterations of rank amongst the officers of her Majesty's Indian military forces and of the Staff Corps:—

BREVET.

Major E. P. Arthur, Bombay staff corps, to be lieut. col.; Capt. B. C. Hitchens, royal (Madras) art., to be major, in succession to lieut. gen. Sir S. W. Steel, K.C.B., Madras inf., dec.

Major H. Le P. Trench, Bengal inf., to be lieut. col.; Capt. J. H. Elwyn, royal (Madras) art., to be major, in succession to Gen. R. C. Andree, Bengal inf., dec.

Major G. W. M. Hall, Bengal staff corps, to be lieut. col.; Capt. T. M. Baumgartner, Bombay staff corps, to be major, in succession to Major gen. J. Matthie, Bengal inf., dec.

Major J. A. Collier, Bombay staff corps, to be lieut. col.; Capt. T. H. Stoddard, Madras staff corps, to be major, in succession to Gen. M. Boyd, Bengal inf., dec.

BENGAL ARMY.

TO BE LIEUTENANT-COLONEL.

Major H. Dinning, late 71st N.I.

TO BE MAJOR.

Capt. G. L. Frazer, Bengal staff corps.

MADRAS ARMY.

TO BE MAJORS.

Capt. A. Jenkins, 2nd N.I.

Capt. E. N. Norton, late 18th N.I.

Capt. T. Greenway, late 50th N.I.

Capt. W. Ramsay, 10th N.I.

BOMBAY ARMY.

TO BE LIEUTENANT-COLONEL.

Major J. Peyton, 23rd N.I.

BENGAL STAFF CORPS.

ADMISSIONS.

To be Captains.

Capt. W. M. Lees, 23rd foot.

2nd Capt. G. C. Depree, royal (Bengal) art.

Capt. (Brev. major) J. J. H. Gordon, 46th foot.

Capt. R. J. L. Crutchley, 79th foot.

To be Lieutenants.

Lieut. (Brev. capt.) W. Playfair, late 43rd N.I.

Lieut. C. O' L. L. Prendergrast, 52nd foot.

Lieut. G. S. Hills, late 38th N.I.

Lieut. A. Vallings, 108th foot.

Lieut. C. H. Bridges, late 15th N.I.

Lieut. J. Butler, gen. list, inf.

PROMOTIONS.

To be Lieutenant-colonels.

Major A. Macqueen.

To be Major.

Capt. J. Perkins.

To be Captain.

Lieut. (Brev. capt.) F. N. Miles.

BENGAL ARMY.

PROMOTIONS.

Cavalry.

Major C. H. Nicholetts, from late 1st Eur. Cav., to be lieut. col., v. Tucker, prom. to major gen.

Late 1st Cavalry.

Lieut. R. G. Birch to be capt., in succession to Tucker, prom. to major gen.

Infantry.

Major (Brev. Lieut. col.) J. P. P. T. Hawkey, from the late 74th N.I., to be lieut. col., v. Mainwaring, prom. to major gen.

Late 29th N.I.

Capt. (Brev. Lieut. col.) C. S. J. Terrot to be major; Lieut. H. St. G. Tucker to be capt., in succession to Whish, dec.

ALTERATION OF RANK.

Infantry.

Lieut. col. F. W. Baugh to take rank from March 12, 1865.

Late 3rd European Regiment.

Major (Brev. Lieut. col.) E. Thomas to take rank from March 12, 1865.

Capt. (Brev. major) S. D. White to take rank from March 12, 1865.

MADRAS STAFF CORPS.

ADMISSIONS.

To be Captains.

Capt. W. G. M. Strickland, late 49th N.I.

Capt. H. C. Wright, late 42nd N.I.

To be Lieutenants.

Lieut. N. D. Robertson, 19th N.I.

Lieut. K. J. L. Mackenzie, royal (Madras) art.

Lieut. G. H. Trevor, royal (Madras) art.

Lieut. J. D. S. Bennet, 5th N.I.

PROMOTIONS.

To be Lieutenant-colonels.

Major E. J. Lawder. | Major G. R. Phillips.

To be Majors.

Capt. C. Elliott, c.b. | Capt. (Brev. major) W.

Capt. G. N. Johnstone. | Fana.

Capt. G. A. Harrison.

To be Captain.

Lieut. C. J. Pearse.

MADRAS ARMY.

PROMOTION.

17th N.I.

Lieut. T. P. F. Tytler to be capt., v. Rawlins, dec.

BOMBAY STAFF CORPS.

PROMOTIONS.

To be Majors.

Capt. (Brev. major) W. | Capt. J. Fairbrother.

Gray.

BOMBAY ARMY.

PROMOTION.

12th N.I.

Capt. (Brev. major) H. Y. Beale to be major, v. Soppitt, dec.

MEDICAL OFFICERS.

PROMOTIONS.

To be Surgeons-major.

Surg. J. F. Steinhauser. | Surg. F. W. Harris.

To be Surgeon.

Asst. surg. C. G. H. Ross.

INDIAN GOVERNMENT LOANS.

	Actual Sales.	
	At per Rupee.	Interest taking Co.'s Rs. 1000 as equivalent to £100
East India 4 per Cent. Transfer Loan Stock, Dividends payable in London, 25th April, and 25th Oct. ...	Sa. R. —	93
* 1st 4 per Cent. Loan of 1824-25 (Sicca) ...	—	—
2nd 4 per Cent. (Sicca) of 1828-29 ...	—	—
3rd 4 per Cent. (Sicca) of 1832-33 ...	1s 9½d	89
4th 4 per Cent. 1835-36 ...	1s 9½d	88
5th 4 per Cent. 1842-43 ...	1s 9½d	88
3½ per Cent. 1853-54 ...	—	—
6th 4 per Cent. 1854-55 ...	1s 9½d	88
5 per Cent. Public Works Loan 1854-55 ...	2s 0d	100
4½ per Cent. of 1856-57 ...	2s 0½d	101½
5 per Cent. of 1856-57 ...	2s 0½d	101
5½ per Cent. of 1859-60 ...	2s 1½d	108

LOSS OF THREE HOMEWARD BOUND CHINA SHIPS.—A telegram has been received in the city from Calcutta, dated Oct. 31, reporting the total loss of three ships from China for London, with most valuable cargoes. The message gives the following particulars: "The barque *Alice Maud*, 458 tons, Captain Sorensen, from Hong Kong, lost on the 6th of October; crew saved. The ship *Garrawalt*, 621 tons, Captain Phillips, from Shanghai for London, totally wrecked at Point of Taiwan; she was a first-class built ship, A 1 at Lloyd's for 14 years. The ship *War Eagle*, 599 tons, Captain Maulet, which sailed from Singapore on the 19th of September, has been lost at the Thousand Islands, near Anjer; crew saved." The amount of insurance effected on the above ships is very great.

MISCELLANEOUS.

ACCIDENT TO SIR C. WOOD.—A very alarming accident occurred on Thursday to Sir Charles Wood. The Badsworth Hounds met at Marr village, near Doncaster, and the Secretary for India was enjoying the sports of the field. Sir Charles was in the act of opening a gate near the residence of the late Rev. J. W. Armytage, at Hickleton, when his hat fell off, which caused the horse he was riding to plunge and gallop with him across the adjoining field, ultimately throwing him violently upon his head against a stone wall. His head was severely cut, and Sir Charles remained for some time insensible. The assistance of Mr. Kenyon, of Hooton Pagnell, was immediately procured. Although the hounds were running in full cry at the time Lord Hawke ordered them to be stopped out of respect to so thorough a sportsman.—*Times*. An evening paper of Friday says:—"We are glad to be able to state that a very favourable account has been received this morning of Sir Charles Wood. He had a fall, but it was not a severe one, and the doctor says, if he keeps quiet for a day or two, he will be all right."

MILITARY ITEMS.—Major-general Sir C. Van Straubenzee, who has been acting Commander-in-Chief in Bombay, returns home on the arrival out of Sir Robert Napier. His divisional command will, in all probability, be filled by Brigadier-general Frank Adams, c.b., now commanding a brigade at Aldershot. Brigadier Adams had formerly commanded a brigade in the Bombay Presidency, which he gave up last spring, on the return of his regiment, the 28th, to England.—Major-general Sir John Garrook has resigned the command of the Peshawar division, and his place will be taken by Colonel Rainier, of the 98th Regiment, now commanding a brigade in the Bengal Presidency.—An army good service pension is vacant by General Parlbys's appointment to the colonelcy of the 21st Hussars.—Colonel George Campbell, c.b., formerly of the 52nd Light Infantry, and now Inspecting Field Officer at Leeds, will succeed Brigadier-general Adams in command of a brigade at Aldershot.—We understand that Colonel H. Bingham, of the 60th Rifles, will succeed Colonel Campbell as Inspecting Field Officer at Leeds.—*Army and Navy Gazette*.

HEALTH OF THE ARMY IN INDIA.—From the Blue-book, lately issued from the Army Medical Department we gather the following summary of the health of the European army in India in 1863—some of the results of which have been already alluded to in these columns:—The average strength of the European troops serving in India in 1863 was 67,525 non-commissioned officers and men. The admissions into hospital among them amounted to 110,357, and the deaths to 1,442 in India, and 154 among invalids on their passage home or at the Invalid Depot, while awaiting their discharge, making a total of 1,596. The admissions therefore were in the proportion of 1,634, and the deaths of 23.64 per 1,000 of the mean strength. These results show a reduction in both the admissions and deaths compared with the proportion in 1862. The deaths per 1,000 among the troops in each of the Presidencies was (omitting decimals) 26 in Bengal, 22 in Madras, and 16 in Bombay. Last year the proportions were 37, 19, and 27 in these presidencies respectively. There was a reduction in the admissions into hospital in all the presidencies, but most marked in Bombay. There also was a very considerable reduction in the mortality in Bengal and Bombay, but a slight increase in Madras. The reduction in the admissions in all the presidencies has been chiefly in miasmatic diseases. In Bengal and Bombay there has also been a decrease in the amount of venereal. The marked decrease in the mortality in Bengal and Bombay has been in miasmatic diseases, while the increase in that of

Madras has been due to miasmatic and tubercular diseases, and to accidents. From the statistics of invaliding from India, it would appear that during the year 1863 there were 1,415 invalids sent home to England from Bengal, 506 from Madras, and 401 from Bombay, being in the ratio of 33, 40, and 32 per 1,000 of the strength serving in each presidency respectively. The table shows a large relative proportion of men invalided from Bengal on account of paroxysmal fevers, rheumatism, and the diseases of the digestive system; from Madras for dysentery and diarrhoea, venereal, and tubercular diseases; and from Bombay for diathetic diseases and those of the circulatory system. The numbers finally discharged the service of the Invalid Depot in England were, of invalids from Bengal, 773, from Madras, 186, and from Bombay, 407. This shows a slight increase in the number finally discharged as invalids compared with the average of the three preceding years. Taking the European force in India collectively, the proportion discharged in 1863 was 20.23, and on the average of the three preceding years, 14.57 per 1,000 of the strength. Diseases of the digestive system—chiefly affections of the liver—and rheumatism were the most frequent causes of discharge, but diseases of the nervous and circulatory systems, enthetic and tubercular diseases, dysentery and diarrhoea, and diseases of nutrition, also furnished considerable numbers.

THE BANDA AND KIRWEE PRIZE MONEY.

At the Admiralty Court on Tuesday this important case, involving the distribution of about £700,000 sterling, captured from the rebels in the Indian mutiny in the year 1858, again came under consideration. Dr. Twiss, Q.C., appeared on the part of Captain D. Campbell, of the Sappers and Miners, for leave to appeal; the Queen's Advocate, Mr. Prendergast, and Mr. Ayrton, M.P., were for General Sir George Whitlock and others, the actual captors of the booty. Dr. Twiss claimed, on the part of Captain Campbell, that the statement he had made of his claim should be printed, and that he should have a copy of the pleadings and evidence already printed. The Queen's Advocate objected to the motion. Captain Campbell appeared before the Court in the petition of Sir George Whitlock, and now he made a claim as to the alleged finding of some jewels and money. Dr. Twiss said Captain Campbell claimed 25 per cent. for the property he had found, and which, no doubt, formed part of the booty to be distributed. The Queen's Advocate said Captain Campbell was admitted already as a claimant to the booty; in fact, he was stated to be in the company "H," when it should have been "L." Dr. Lushington: Then you turned "H" into "L"—(a laugh). The question was discussed at considerable length. His Lordship repeatedly declared that he had no jurisdiction to decide as to the percentage for finding property, and if the parties had come with the intention to get him to decide that question all he could say was that they had come to the wrong shop—(a laugh). Eventually leave was given that the petition of Captain Campbell should be printed, but no opinion was given as to percentage.

SIBERIA AND PEKIN TELEGRAPH.—The Cabinet of St. Petersburg has not yet succeeded in obtaining authorisation to connect the telegraphic lines of Siberia with Peking. An attempt made at Shanghai by an Englishman has not been more successful. The posts were broken and the wires cut during the night.

THE ASIATIC BANK CORPORATION have declared an interim dividend at the rate of 5 per cent., free of income-tax, on the original shares, which will be payable on and after the 13th instant.

ADULTERATION OF COTTON GOODS.—The *Times* mentions in its City article of Wednesday that "cotton goods shipped from Man-

chester to India have of late been found to be mixed with a proportion of foreign substances, far beyond anything previously experienced. The articles thus manufactured have become mildewed and rotten, as they are especially liable to absorb moisture, and it is said that from all the up-country dealers complaints are received by the merchants at Bombay and Calcutta, and that the repute of British goods is undergoing damage that may create a prejudice such as it would take years to eradicate."

SHIPPING.

ARRIVALS.

Nov. 6. Golden Lawn, Moulmein; Sea Ranger Singapore.—9. John Allen, Bombay; Winifred, Calcutta; Mackay, Kurrachee.

DEPARTURES.

Nov. 6. Clyde, Kenny, Madras; City of Cashmere, Calcutta.—7. Devonvale, Penang; Crouch Brothers, Colombo; Elizabeth Fry, Bombay; Florence Nightingale, Calcutta; Riverside, Calcutta; Thomas Brocklebank, Calcutta; str. Robert Lowe, Singapore; Southern Belle, Madras.—9. Victoria, Rangoon.

DOMESTIC.

BIRTHS.

LAMPEN—The wife of Capt. Lampen, Madras Staff Corps, of a daughter, at 14, Royal-crescent, Edinburgh, Nov. 3.

MOXON—The wife of Capt. T. Moxon, Retired List, Madras Army, of a son, at Charlton, near Woolwich, Oct. 29.

WILLOCK—The wife of H. D. Willock, Esq., Bengal Civil Service, of a daughter, at Castelnau-house, Mortlake, Oct. 30.

MARRIAGES.

BRIGHT—MURRAY.—James A. Bright, Esq., to Marian, widow of Stephen Murray, Esq., late of the Bengal Staff Corps, at St. Stephen's Church, Westbourne-park, Nov. 2.

CLINE—CREWS.—George W. Cline, Esq., LL.D., son of G. R. Cline, Esq., Allahabad, to Lilla, daughter of Charles Crews, Esq., at the Church of St. John the Baptist, Kentish-town, Nov. 4.

CREWS—LINGHAM.—Edward Crews, Esq., to Eliza Matilda, daughter of the late Alfred Lingham, Esq., of Calcutta, at the Church of St. John the Baptist, Kentish-town, Nov. 4.

KEMPSON—FISHER.—Matthew E. Kempson, M.A., Director of Public Instruction, North-West Provinces, to Mary H., daughter of the Rev. John Fisher, Rector of Higham-on-the-Hill, Leicestershire, at Higham-on-the-Hill, Nov. 2.

LEITAO—ERSKINE.—Antonio Cesar De Lima Leitao, D.C.L., to Matilda, daughter of the late George K. Erskine, Captain in the late Hon. E.I.Co.'s 12th Bombay Lancers, at the British Consulate, Lisbon, Oct. 26.

DEATHS.

COWPER—Charlotte, widow of the late Lieut. col. commandant T. A. Cowper, Bombay Engineers, at 14, St. Petersburg-place, aged 70, Nov. 3.

HARPER—The Venerable Henry Harper, M.A., Rector of Elveden, and late Archdeacon of Madras, at Elveden Rectory, Suffolk, aged 81, Oct. 29.

SHAW—Merrick A. G. Shawe, Bengal Civil Service, at 32, Chepstow-place, W., Nov. 6.

India Office,

November 10, 1865.

ARRIVALS REPORTED IN ENGLAND.

CIVIL.

Bengal Estab.—Messrs. W. C. Capper, J. H. Carter, J. O'Kane (Uncov.), W. McCullagh (Uncov.), C. Grant (Uncov.), R. B. Bidwell (Uncov.).

Bombay Estab.—Messrs. C. G. Kembal, S. Müller (Uncov.).

ECCLESIASTICAL.

Bengal Estab.—Rev. Fitz H. W. Ellis, M.A., Chaplain; Oct. 23.

GRANTED EXTENSION OF LEAVE.

CIVIL.

Bengal Estab.—Sir T. J. Metcalfe, Bart., C.B., 6 mo.; Mr. A. Gray (Uncov.), 5 mo.

Madras Estab.—Messrs. A. P. Hodgson, 3 mo.; W. M. Scharlieb (Uncov.), 6 mo.

Bombay Estab.—Mr. J. Hunter, 6 mo.

PERMITTED TO RETURN TO DUTY.

CIVIL.

Bengal Estab.—Messrs. R. Wall, A. L. J. Cappel (Uncov.), P. Bonnaud (Uncov.).

Bombay Estab.—Messrs. G. S. Forbes, C. Hordern (Uncov.).

ECCLESIASTICAL.

Madras Estab.—Rev. A. Kinloch, Chaplain; Oct. 27.

PERMITTED TO RESIGN.

CIVIL.

Bengal Estab.—Lord W. M. Hay.

ECCLESIASTICAL.

Bengal Estab.—Rev. C. C. Anstey; Oct. 23.

INDIA EXCHANGES.

BANK AND COMMERCIAL BILLS.

	60 days' sight.	30 days' sight.		60 days' sight.	30 days' sight.
Calcutta.	1s. 11½d.	2s. 0d.	Singapore.	4s. 5½d.	4s. 6d.
Madras.	1s. 11½d.	2s. 0d.	Hong Kong.	4s. 5½d.	4s. 6d.
Bombay.	2s. 0d.	2s. 0½d.	Shanghai.		
Colombo.	1s. pm.	1 0½pm.			

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Shares.		Paid.	Prices.
£.	India Stock, 1874.		216
	India 5 per cent.		105
	India 4 per cent.		96½
	India 4 per cent. 1888.		105½
	India Enforced Paper 4 pr. ct.		89
	India 5 pr. ct. Enfd. Paper, 1872.		101 to 102
	India Stock, Enfd. Paper, 5½ per cent.		107½ to 108½
	India Stock Debentures, 1855.		95½
	India Stock Debentures, 1859.		99½
	" " " 1863.		99½
	" " " 1864 or 1866.		98½
	India Debentures, do., £1,000.		
	Do. 4 per cent., 1866.		98
	India 5 per cent. for account.		
	India 5 per cent., 1870.		105 4½
	India 4 per cent., 1888.		99½
	India Loan Scrip 5 per cent.		104½
	India Bonds, 4 pr. ct. (£1,000).		15s. to 16s. pm.
	India Bonds (£1,000).		20s. to 25s. pm.
	Ditto (under £1,000).		19s. to 24s. pm.
	RAILWAYS.		
Stock	Bombay, Baroda, and Central India (guar. 5 per ct.)	100	102
	Ditto F Shares.	6	¼ d. to ½ pm.
Stock	Calcutta & S. Eastern (lim.)	100	99 to 100
Stock	Eastern Bengal (gu. 5 pr. ct.)	100	101½ to 102½
Stock	East Indian.	100	104½
	Ditto J. Extension.	all	½ to ¾ pm.
Stock	G. I. Peninsula (gu. 5 pr. ct.)	100	104½
	Ditto (New ditto).	14	½ to ¾ pm.
Stock	Ditto, New.	4	½ to ¾ pm.
Stock	Great S. of India (lim.) Scrip	100	101 to 102
	Ditto ½ pr. ct.	2	
Stock	Madras (guar. 4½ pr. ct.)	100	88 to 90
Stock	Ditto 5 per cent.	100	101 to 102
Stock	Ditto (guar. 4½ pr. ct.)	100	93 to 95
Stock	5th Extension.	2	
Stock	Scinde (guar. 5 per cent.)	100	101
Stock	Ditto Indus Steam Flotilla (guar. 5 pr. ct.)	100	
Stock	Ditto 5 pr. ct.	100	100½ to 101½
Stock	Ditto Delhi gua. 5 pr. ct.	all	100½ to 101½
	Ditto.	2	¼ to ½ d.
Stock	Punjab (5 pr. ct.)	100	100½ to 101½
	BANKS.		
50	Agra and Masterman's (L.)	25	56
20	Asiatic Banking Corp., new issue, £15 pm., on which £7. 10s. has been paid.	5	19½ pm.
20	Chart. of Ind., Aus., & China.	all	23 xd.
25	Chart. Merc. of India, Lond., and China.	all	19 to 51
25	Commercial Bank of India.	all	30½ to 31½
100	Hindustan, China, & Japan.	25	19 to 21
20	Land Mortgage Bank of India.	4	½ to ¾ pm.
25	Oriental Bank Corporation.	all	51
20	Scinde, Punjab, & Delhi (L.)	10	5½ dis.
	MISCELLANEOUS.		
5	Bombay Gas (lim.)	all	5½ to 5½ pm.
5	Second issue.	5	½ to ¾ pm.
5	Third issue.	2	½ to ¾ pm.
20	Ceylon Company (lim.)	7	¾ to 3½ pm.
20	East India Irr. & Can.	12	
50	E. I. Financial (lim.)	7½	
20	Madras Irrig. and Canal.	15	2 to 1 dis.
20	Do.	all	18½ to 19½
20	Nerbudda Coal & Iron (lim.)	5	1½ to 1½ dis.
20	Do. New.	2	1 d., par
10	North Assam Tea (lim.)	1½	1 d. to par
20	Do. B.	5	2 to 1 dis.
20	Oriental Commercial (lim.)	7½	
10	Oriental Financial.	10	12 dis.
10	Oriental India Steam A. (L.)	all	13 to 2½
50	P. and O. Steam Nav. Co.	all	74 to 76
50	Ditto New.	35	17 to 19 pm.
10	Upper Assam Tea (lim.)	4½	14 to 17
10	Ditto.	all	

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The crop for the year 1865-6, and which is now partly picked, is estimated between 5,000 and 5,500 cwt., and as the vendor bears all expenses of up keep to the 30th June last, 5,000 cwt. should give a net profit available for dividend and reserve fund of more than £10,000.

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Usual Signature
Name in full
Residence
Profession
Date

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The Transfer-books of the Company will be CLOSED from the 20th to the 29th instant, both days inclusive.

By Order of the Board of Directors,

JOHN WESTWOOD, Secretary.
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LONDON: Printed by RICHARD KINDER, Printer, at his Printing Office, Milford-lane, Strand, W.C., in the Parish of St. Clement Dunes; and published by JAMES PEARCE ALLEN, 13, Waterloo-place, S.W., both in the County of Middlesex.—November 11, 1865.

ALLEN'S INDIAN MAIL

AND OFFICIAL GAZETTE

FROM

BRITISH & FOREIGN INDIA, CHINA, & ALL PARTS OF THE EAST.

(WITH THIS PAPER "THE INDIAN NEWS" IS NOW INCORPORATED.)

VOL. XXIII.—No. 695.] LONDON, THURSDAY, NOVEMBER 23, 1865.

[PRICE 6d.]

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MAILS TO INDIA.

The Mails to India, China, &c., are made up in London; in each month, as follows:—
On the 3rd, at 6 P.M., via Marseilles and Bombay, to all parts of India.
On the 4th, at 8 A.M., via Southampton, to Calcutta, Madras, Ceylon, and China.
On the 10th, at 6 P.M., via Marseilles, to Calcutta, Madras, Ceylon, and China.
On the 12th, at 8 A.M., via Southampton, to Bombay and N.W. Provinces (also for letters only, to Madras and Lower Provinces of Bengal).
On the 18th, at 6 P.M., via Marseilles and Bombay, to all parts of India.
On the 20th, at 8 A.M., via Southampton, to Calcutta, Madras, Ceylon, and China.
On the 26th, at 6 P.M., via Marseilles, to Calcutta, Madras, Ceylon, and China.
On the 27th, at 8 A.M., via Southampton, to Bombay, and N.W. Provinces (also for letters only, to Madras and Lower Provinces of Bengal).

* * When any of the above dates occur on Sunday, the Mails via Southampton are made up on the previous Evening, and those via Marseilles on the following Evening.

RATES OF POSTAGE.

LETTERS.

Via Marseilles, $\frac{1}{2}$ oz., 10d. ... 1 oz., 1s. 8d.
Every portion of an oz. afterwards an additional 1s. 8d.
Via Southampton, $\frac{1}{2}$ oz., 6d. ... 1 oz., 1s.
Every portion of an oz. afterwards an additional 1s.

NEWSPAPERS.

Via Marseilles, 4 oz., 3d. ... 8 oz., 6d.
Each succeeding 4 oz., 3d.
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Each succeeding 4 oz., 1d.

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Via Marseilles, 4 oz., 6d. ... 8 oz., 1s.
Each succeeding 8 oz., 1s.
Via Southampton, 4 oz., 4d. ... 8 oz., 8d.
Each succeeding 8 oz., 8d.

A French line of mail packets now leaves Marseilles on the 19th of every month for Alexandria. Postage for letters and papers to India and China the same as is charged by the English mail via Marseilles. Letters intended to be forwarded by these packets must be specially addressed "By French mail packet from Marseilles."

Books, Parcels, &c., may not exceed 3 lbs. in weight, or be of greater dimensions than 24 inches in length or 12 inches in width or depth.

IN ALL CASES PREPAYMENT IS COMPULSORY.

SUMMARY AND REVIEW.

We have received our usual files of papers from Bombay to the 28th of October, Calcutta to the 22nd, Madras to the 24th, and Ceylon to the 17th of that month—the latter arrival being unusual via Bombay.

The most important intelligence which we have to notice in this place is the announcement of peace with Bhootan, made by a telegram from Sir Bartle Frere to Sir Charles Wood. The despatch, dated Saturday, November 14, was received at the India-office on the 15th—an apparent degree of speed strongly suggestive of a mistake. To judge by ordinary rates of progress, the 4th would seem far more likely to be the real date than the 14th. With regard to the fact itself, however, there is no reason for doubt. Up to the date of the latest arrival, preparations for the campaign were in full force; but it was known that these would not be relaxed pending any proposed negotiations, and that the Government was determined to push on the war until peace, if agreed to, should be actually signed. Tongsoo Penlow had determined to hold the road from Dewangiri to his own territory, leaving the Deb Rajah to arrange, as best he could, for the defence and protection of the rest of the country. On the part of the British Government, the greatest difficulty was experienced in arranging for the conveyance of baggage or military stores—owing to the objection of the cattle drivers to venture beyond the boundaries of Assam and Kooch Behar. On the other hand, the sudden cessation which had taken place in the rains—though unfortunate on every other account—was, of course, facilitating to the movement of troops, and it was thought that the advance might be made sooner than had been anticipated. But peace, though not expected, was still it seems on the cards. For according to the *Englishman*, the Viceroy, even at the last moment, had addressed a letter to the Deb Rajah, warning him of our movements, and still holding out to him the opportunity of coming to terms. "As negotiations at this juncture," says our contemporary, "could

not fail to be most embarrassing, and no dependence could be placed on any terms they might lead to, we regard this policy as both weak and dangerous." It has, however, been successful so far as the signing of peace is concerned. How far the Bhooteas will observe the conditions is quite another matter.

The committee appointed after the great cyclone of 1864 to report upon the moorings of the Port of Calcutta, have recommended the adoption of the system of screw moorings instead of that hitherto in use, as likely not only to secure the most efficient known means of mooring ships, but also the most economical. The committee have further recommended the immediate construction of screw pile jetties. They are also of opinion that if it be found practicable to establish screw pile lighthouses, such structures will be found less costly than the lightships both in first construction and after maintenance."

An outbreak has taken place at the Arrah jail, particulars of which will be found elsewhere. A determined attack was made upon the authorities; but there seems to have been no political feelings at work. Judges and jailors are everywhere considered by the criminal class as natural enemies.

The Viceroy, as already announced, was not to arrive in Calcutta until the 2nd of November. During the cold season the Commander-in-Chief and Staff were to take up their quarters at Barrackpore, while the Adjutant-General's department was to be located at Calcutta.

The death of Major-general Showers, commanding the Presidency Division, had cast a real gloom over Calcutta. The deceased was an admirable officer and an admirable man, and in his professional and private character was equally respected. He was a Christian Soldier of the Havelock type, and he so thoroughly carried out his principles that a copy of the Scriptures might generally be found on his official desk, to be consulted in the intervals of business—a fact which came under the present writer's observation when the subject of these remarks commanded at Agra.

Sir C. Van Straubenzee had arrived at the Presidency en route for Europe by the present mail. His urbanity and social qualities, we are told, have rendered him a very popular commander-in-chief, and his departure causes much regret at Poonah head-quarters. Sir Robert Napier was hourly expected by the mail then overdue.

It is said that many changes in the Staff of the Mhow division of the army are taking place. Major-general Green, C.B., is resigning command of the division; and at present is likely to be succeeded by Colonel T. Tapp, C.B., of the 103rd Foot.

From Madras there is very little news of note, except that Sir Gaspard Le Marchant is said to be the Governor elect to succeed Sir William Denison, retaining the local command-in-chief at the same time. A few items from Ceylon will be found elsewhere.

The business of the Bombay Legislative Council had terminated for the present session. The Governor had returned to Poona, and was to proceed shortly on a tour in the Southern Mahratta country.

It was whispered that the Chief Justice of the Bombay High Court (Sir Mathew R. Sausse) will retire in December next, and that he will be succeeded by Sir Joseph Arnold, the senior puisne judge.

The Bombay Chamber of Commerce has passed a resolution condemning the course pursued by the Asiatic Banking Corporation and the Central Bank of Western India in refusing, at their option, to receive payment and deliver up shipping documents hypothecated to them as collateral security; the Chamber resolved that it is "contrary to mercantile usage, and tends to obstruct business and interfere with mercantile confidence."

The captains of the merchant ships in the port have been holding a meeting to protest against magisterial interference between themselves and their men, whom they claim the privilege to ill-treat at discretion. It is not supposed the remonstrants will increase their privileges by this course of action.

The state of affairs in Afghanistan are still disturbed, the disaffected brothers of the Ameer are coquetting with the Shah of Bokhara, and the Russians are supporting this potentate.

A painful impression has been caused by the sale of an English girl, by her parents, to a native rajah. The girl is only fourteen years of age. Her parents have not been apprehended, nor does it appear that there has been any interference in the matter on the part of the authorities.

Commercial affairs are improving in all three Presidencies. In Calcutta, we are told that the Money Market is gradually growing more stringent, in consequence of the set in of an active demand for Bombay and Madras, rather than of any great increase in business there. The Bank of Bengal, on the 19th ult., raised its rates one per cent., as it had already twice done during the previous week. In Bombay the sudden advance in the price of cotton had restored a good degree of animation to business; when the high prices in the Liverpool market were quoted there was great excitement. Very large quantities of cotton changed hands, and in a few cases enormous gains were realised. There has since been greater quietness, mainly because all the cotton available has been purchased, and little reliance could be placed on the quality of that to hand. The supplies from Dharwar and the re-

moter districts of Berar were only beginning to arrive; it is said that the cotton from the former district is even finer in quality than ever before. The shares in all the better joint-stock undertakings of Bombay have advanced; but there is little speculation, and there seems every prospect of a return of sound prosperity to Western India.

The next arrival from India will be the Calcutta Mail, which has not been heard of since its arrival at Suez was telegraphed a few days ago.

SIR CHARLES WOOD.—We regret to hear that the accident to the Indian Secretary is understood to be more serious than was at first supposed. The Right Hon. Baronet has not attended at the India Office since the unfortunate occurrence, nor is it expected that he will be able to do so for some time to come.

LATEST INTELLIGENCE.

THE WAR WITH BHOOTAN.

The following telegram was received on Wednesday, the 15th inst., at the India-office:—

"FROM SIR BARTLE FRERE TO SIR CHARLES WOOD, INDIA-OFFICE.

"SATTARA, Nov. 14, 1865, 2.15 P.M.

"Colonel Bruce signed treaty of peace with Bhootan in public Durbar yesterday."

(By Direct Overland Telegraph)

BOMBAY, Nov. 4 (1.44 P.M.).

The markets are quiet. Dhollerah Cotton, 425. Export of the week, 2,800 bales. Exchange on London, 2s. 1½d.

The latest London date is to the 25th of October.

CALCUTTA, Nov. 3.

Seven-pound shirtings, 8s. Exchange on London, 2s. 1½d. Government Securities: Four per Cents., 88½; Five per Cents., 103½; Five-and-a-Half per Cents., 109½. Freights, 40s.

THE CALCUTTA AND CHINA MAILS.

CALCUTTA, Nov. 8.

Owing to a sudden change in the river (Hooghly) the *Mooltan* is neaped, and cannot leave here until the 14th instant.

[NOTE.—The proper date of departure is Nov. 9; it is therefore probable that the Calcutta, China, and Australian mails, due at Marseilles on the 11th and Southampton on the 19th December, will be five days late.]

Casualties by Death in the Armies of India reported since last Publication.

BENGAL.—Maj. gen. St. George Daniel Showers, C.B., Bengal Army, late commanding the Presidency Division, at Calcutta, lately. Lieut. col. James Glencairn Burns, one of the sons of the poet Robert Burns, late H.E.I.C.S., aged 73. Maj. David Lester Richardson, at 1, Lambourne-road, Clapham, aged 64. Nov. 17. Dep. commissary J. C. Synnys, late Public Works Dept., attached to Invalid Pension Establishment, aged 65, at Murree, Oct. 11. Lieut. col. J. D. Dale, 25th N.I. Rers. R. S. Fullerton, C. G. Niebel, and R. T. Noble. MADRAS.—Ens. Alfred James, 25th Regt., aged 21, accidentally drowned at Colombo on the 14th ult. in endeavouring to save the life of a native. Lieut. gen. Henry Sargent, of the Madras Army, at Oxney Court, near Dover, Nov. 19. Capt. F. A. P. Wood, R.M.L.L., at Hastings, aged 39, Oct. 29. Capt. F. Maughan, late H.E.I.C.S., at Rosencath Manse, Dumbartonshire, N.B., aged 82, Nov. 13. Maj. gen. A. Pinson, late of the Madras Army, at Exeter, aged 65, Nov. 14.

Passengers by the present Mail.

FOR MARSEILLES.—From BOMBAY.—Mr. D. Rose, Lieut. Wise, Lieut. Hogz, Mrs. Taylor. From ALEXANDRIA.—Mme. Mattiuen and child, Mr. Johnston and child, Mrs. Brookes and infant, Mrs. Walker, Dr. Elliott, Capt. Morland.

Expected at Southampton.

Per str. Delta, Nov. 27.—From BOMBAY.—Mr. Goode, Mrs. Nott and child, Mrs. Jones, Lieut. Hebbert, Surg.-maj. Seaman, 2nd Master Cumming, Mr. Lunsden, Ensign Wood, Mrs. Green and four children, Mr. Westmacott, Dr. Rowland, Mr. Scrivener. From ALEXANDRIA.—Dr. Fitchie, Capt. Thurlie, Mrs. Torrent, Mr. Cooper.

To Correspondents.

All letters for insertion in *Allen's Indian Mail* should be accompanied with the real name and address of the writer, "not necessarily for publication, but as a guarantee of good faith."

Communications for the Editor, and Advertisements, should be sent under cover to Messrs. WM. H. ALLEN & Co., 13, Waterloo-place, S.W.

. Should any delay or irregularity occur in supplying this Paper, communication of the fact to the Publisher will insure a remedy.

ALLEN'S INDIAN MAIL,

THURSDAY, November 23, 1865.

THE LATE MAJOR D. L. RICHARDSON.

We publish in another column a notice of the death of Major David Lester Richardson, late of the East India Company's Service. The announcement is made by the *Court Circular*, of which journal the deceased officer had been editor and proprietor for some years. Major Richardson had from early life been much devoted to literary pursuits; and one of his latest occupations was the editorship of *Allen's Indian Mail*, which he held for some time, in conjunction with his other duties. Born in 1801, he was appointed a cadet on the Bengal Establishment at the usual age, and proceeded to Calcutta. He saw, however, but little military service, being early placed in civil employ. At one time he served on the personal staff of Lord William Bentinck, and he has told us himself, in some interesting papers upon Macaulay, published in the *Court Circular* some months ago, of his association with that illustrious man in Calcutta, in connexion with the Educational Department. Macaulay appears to have had a very high opinion of his subordinate's talents and attainments. In later years Major Richardson, who had passed to the Invalid Establishment, left the employment of Government and became Principal of the Hindoo Metropolitan College. He employed himself besides greatly with his pen, and was for a considerable time Editor of the *Bengal Hurkaru*, having accepted the post on the retirement of the Rev. Mr. Bellew. He had for some years previously, we believe, conducted the *Calcutta Literary Gazette*, in which a great number of his poems and criticisms first appeared. Major Richardson relinquished the *Hurkaru* early in 1857, and having retired upon his pension, gave up his attention entirely to the career which most accorded with his tastes. His health, however, soon began to fail, and late he suffered so severely from an internal malady as to be unfit for any sus-

tained work, though he continued to employ his pen almost to the last. His death took place on Friday morning, Nov. 17. Major Richardson has left behind him several volumes of verse and prose, collected for the most part from periodicals. They evince an extensive acquaintance with a wide range of English literature; but the Poets and Essayists of a past day were evidently his favourite studies, Byron, Shelley, and the "Lake Poets" being, perhaps, the latest to which he has given any great attention. His criticism evinces a keen appreciation and an elevated and delicate taste; while his verse is marked by a pure poetic feeling which places it on a higher level than many works of greater power. In his general writings, indeed, it was impossible to mistake the indications of high culture and accomplishments and genuine love of literature by which they were marked.

THE COMPETITIONERS IN TROUBLE AGAIN.

THERE seems no rest for the Wallahs. In England as well as in India the press pursues them with a remorseless activity, not only upon the system which they represent, but their personal qualities, and professional and social claims. The Indian papers are particularly irritating; for they are at close quarters with their victims, and can make "pot shots" at weak places which would be tolerably safe from the British long range. And curiously enough the journals which are least favourable to the new class of civil servants are exactly those who were most adverse to the old class. The reforming writers in fact, who were most zealous in denouncing the monopoly of the Company, and the monopolists of office under its rule, are foremost now in finding fault with the present state of things. They attacked the old school as a tyrannical oligarchy, assuming insolent pretensions to social superiority; they attack the new school as nobodies, who as an Ensign once said in a sublime spirit of contempt, "actually owe their position to their talents," and blame them for not keeping up the position in society to which they are entitled. In Calcutta in particular there is always some report afloat of an uncomplimentary character, concerning this much badgered body of public servants. At one time it was said that the successful candidates were all to be sent to the Universities for a few terms, to "learn manners" before being let loose upon our Empire in the East; and there was this truth at least in the story, that a proposition of the kind was made by Sir Charles Trevelyan, and was very punctually negatived by Sir Charles Wood. Then it was declared that the Inns of Court were to be substituted for the Universities, and that

the Wallahs were to take the degree of barrister-at-law before going out. There was no truth whatever, we believe, in this idea. The story about the hangman's sons being in the service—now proved to be unfounded—had its origin apparently in a malicious hoax. And there is always some question being discussed in the local papers about the unfortunate Wallah's habits—their alleged tendency to herd together at stray boarding-houses, and avoidance of society proper—not to know which is to be unknown indeed, in Calcutta. And at the present time the *Englishman* is circulating a report that they are all to be sent up country as soon as they arrive at the Presidency, in retaliation, it is supposed, for their shyness, and indisposition, it is further added, to enter into matrimonial engagements; for, of course, on the "three-hundred-a-year-dead-or-alive" principle, they are as tempting as their predecessors to match-making mammas.

In this country the discussion upon the subject is naturally of a less personal kind, being principally confined to the regulations in reference to Examinations—whether the present are or are not calculated to secure the best men. In more than one morning paper, during the last few weeks, there have been many letters upon the subject, the writers agreeing but little with one another except as regards the main point—that a change of some sort is desirable. The principal question at issue is whether the examinations shall be so arduous as to be most favourable to University and Public School men, or more especially adapted to the miscellaneous youth of the country, educated at private establishments, or it may be crammed for the purpose by professional trainers. One of the best advocates on the former side is the writer of a letter in the *Times* a few days ago, signed "A Public-School Master;" but he made very slight impression upon our august contemporary, who decided that the present kind of examinations are best fitted to attain the object of the main system—that is to say, to get the cleverest available men from all classes in the country—and that if the training of the Universities and Public Schools be unfavourable to success in the examinations, the best plan would be to change the training and leave the examinations as they are—to bring Mahomed to the mountain, in fact, on the failure of the other alternative.

This conclusion is, we think, too sweeping. The object of the competitive arrangement is undoubtedly to get the best available candidates from all classes in the country; but this object is surely not answered by the practical discouragement of any particular class—and if such discouragement must fall somewhere, it seems absurd to allow it to fall upon the chief

seats of learning in the land. It would be well for the Universities and Public Schools to widen their range, and some day they will have to do so; but in the meantime it is in the interest of the service and the cause of good government in India that some concessions should be made towards these institutions. Such a course would involve no injustice to the miscellaneous aspirant, who ought to be able to get up one class of subjects as well as another. The only difference would be in rendering cramming not quite so easy, and this, however unpleasant to the candidate, is at least a gain to the country. It may be, as is frequently alleged, that Indian service has grown unpopular, and no longer offers attractions to University and Public School men who have any fair opportunities for a home career. But if such be the case, it is highly important that we should be sure of the fact. As it is, we can only hazard the supposition to account for the certainly decreased number of candidates from the classes in question.

We must be understood as expressing no opinion upon any possible shortcomings of the Competitioners, as a body, in comparison with their patronage predecessors. That there are many able and efficient men among them is beyond a doubt; while it is impossible that their number can include any such "bad bargains" as occasionally got into the service under the old system. That the new men may not take very easily to general society is likely enough; but it should be remembered that they started with a strong prejudice against them, and every discussion upon the subject, instead of closing the breach, is calculated to widen it. Our object in making these remarks was rather to notice the progress of opinion upon the subject than to pretend to decide what must remain for some time to come a very doubtful question. We should not forget, however, to remark upon one of the many suggestions concerning the subject—that in reference to Civil Servants taking the degree of barrister-at-law. Of late years a great many of these gentlemen have kept terms at one of the Inns of Court during their visits home, and been "called" before their departure, their object being to qualify for an additional class of appointments, or, at least, in the capacity of magistrates or judges, to obtain a greater degree of respect from the local Bar than is apt to be accorded to Civil Service men on the Bench. We are not sure, however, that the object is gained so unfailingly by the means as in former times; for people who see that the new dignity has made no particular change in its wearer, will not believe that he is quite the same thing as a regularly trained and practising member of the body. The natives indeed call such men *kutchu* barristers, and make a broad

distinction between them and their *pukka* professional brothers. We may mention, however, for the benefit of those members of the service who may desire to attain the dignity, and especially as some misconception exists on the subject, that the Inns of Court some time since agreed to a resolution in common, taking off one year out of the three years necessary for keeping terms, in the case of students proceeding to India or the colonies—in consideration, doubtless, of the local nature of a portion of the training.

INDIAN TRAMWAY COMPANY.—The report of the directors, to be submitted at the general meeting on the 29th inst., states that the works on the Arconum and Conjeveram line have advanced steadily and satisfactorily. The line was opened for a length of sixteen miles and three-quarters on the 8th of May last, and further to the terminus at Little Conjeveram on the 1st of August, 1865; the whole distance being eighteen miles sixty-five chains. The land has been provided by the Government, fourteen miles and a-half of the line being constructed upon the ordinary Government public road, and four miles and a-half on land where no road previously existed. The gross receipts from the 8th of May to the 31st of August amounted to £1,769; and of this sum the receipts of three weeks from the opening, during a festival, on the 8th of May to the 31st of May, were £857; for the month of June, £275; for July, £283; and for August, £354; or an average of £450 per month. It is impossible at this early period to accurately estimate the future traffic; but to realise a net profit of 5 per cent. on the whole capital a revenue of £9 per mile will suffice. The total expenditure, after payment of all charges of whatever kind, was £88,934. 15s. 1d.; but of this expenditure there has been incurred in payment of interest, during construction, £6,151. 2s. 8d., and in items applicable to the surveys and expenses in Madras and in the other Presidencies, £6,848. 17s. 4d., previous to undertaking the Arconum line. Of the capital of £100,000 there remain yet 2,825 unallotted shares of £5 each, equal to £14,125 unexpended. The goods and passenger traffic are both likely to increase and to be permanent, "through booking" to and from Madras having commenced on the 1st of August. In estimating the future value of the line and its probable pecuniary results, the shareholders will bear in mind that the lines connecting Calcutta, the North-Western Provinces, and Bombay join the Madras Railway at Arconum; that an extension to the French settlement of Pondicherry, to connect it with Madras and the above northern lines, is in contemplation, and urgently demanded; and that the whole traffic must, under these circumstances, pass over the Arconum line.

VACANT BISHOPRICS IN CHINA AND HONG KONG.—The American bishopric in China, recently vacated by the death of Bishop Boone, has been conferred on the Rev. William Channing Moore Williams, who has been for many years a missionary in China and Japan. The appointment to the English bishopric of Victoria (Hong Kong) has not yet been made.

TROUBLESOME NEIGHBOURS.—It is said that certain followers of the late Koor Singh, of Arrah, who have settled in the Nepalese Terai, north of Tihoot, are making preparations for a raid upon the British territories. The Nepaul Durbar has assured the Government that it will take stringent measures to prevent them.

BENGAL.

THE GOVERNMENT OF INDIA ON THE WRONGS OF THEIR OFFICERS.

A perusal of the returns of the correspondence between the Government of India and the Governments of Fort St. George and Bombay, on the subject of Sir C. Wood's remedy for the injustice brought about by amalgamation, will satisfy any impartial mind as to the terrible confusion which the violent departure from ancient ways, attempted in 1861, has caused in the Indian army. Perhaps the strangest circumstance in the whole matter is the utter inability of those who ought to be the guides and leaders of the mass, who helped to devise the new scheme, to suggest any practical remedy. We see two Commanders-in-Chief out of the three floundering in the dark, either blindly accepting the dictum of the Secretary of State, or simply confessing that the solution of the subject is too great for their powers; the third pointing out the injustice which he cannot remedy. Thus Sir Hugh Rose shows so little knowledge of the subject on which he was called to offer an opinion, that he declares "the local officers gain very important and solid advantages under the recently-sanctioned regulations." We have not heard that this "opinion" has restored to any local officer his lost standing, his place in his disbanded regiment, or, what was more important than all, his career as a soldier. Sir William Mansfield is far more reticent. He declares that "the difficulty is very great," and, it being apparently insurmountable, he leaves it without attempting a remedy or offering a suggestion. Sir Hope Grant evidently sympathises with the local officers, but he contents himself with pointing out the injustice and anomalies which the Secretary of State's order has produced, and with charitably suggesting that the effects of the promotions ordered may have been lost sight of at the India-house.

With one exception we do not find the remarks made by the Governments more valuable, or more indicative of the real feeling of all, but the small minority of officers who have benefited by amalgamation, prevalent in India. The Madras Government merely forwards the case, as made out by Colonel Cooke, to the Government of India and to the Home Authorities. The Bombay Government, with the boldness for which it is famous, exposes the weak points of Sir C. Wood's scheme, its anomalies, its injustice, its general unfairness, with a severe logic in which it is impossible to detect a flaw. But what can we say of the despatch on the subject of the Government of India? Overruling the remonstrances of Sir Bartle Frere, it directs him not to delay the publication of promotions in the Bombay Army, and in informing the Secretary of State of this order, it writes thus:—"It is scarcely possible that extensive changes in the army should ever be made without unfavourably affecting the position of some individuals relatively, i.e., as compared with some of the others; and the instance in question is no exception to the rule. But we think there can be no doubt that, by the measures ordered in your despatch, substantial hardship in the matter of promotion is avoided." This was the deliberate opinion of the Government of India in November 1864. Yet though the opinion of the Government as a body, it was not apparently the opinion of all the members of whom the Government is composed. To that despatch there is wanting the signature of that member of Council who is the representative in Council of the Indian army. Sir Robert Napier, it appears, was not of opinion that "substantial hardship in the matter of promotion had been avoided." The absence of his signature is extremely significant. The only member of Council capable of forming an opinion on

the subject—for it is purely technical—does not sign the despatch. It is not to the civilian members of Council that the officers of the Indian army ever looked for sympathy and redress.

The paragraph which we have quoted from the letter of the Government of India is the more unfortunate, as it was not only incorrect in itself, but it put into the hands of Sir C. Wood a weapon of which he was too ready to avail himself. It is curious to notice how, in all his replies to complaints about the Indian army, he repeats and falls back upon this unfortunate assertion. When driven to the wall in the House of Commons by Captain Jervis, the "opinion of the Government of India" constituted the main point of his argument. In his letter to the Government of Madras, after indulging in a few characteristic platitudes, such as, "no sound conclusion can be arrived at by a partial view of the operation of those measures," "it was incumbent upon your Government to have inquired carefully into statements of this nature," he falls back upon the old support—the opinion of the Government of India. Such being the unfortunate result of the loose and inexact expressions of the Government of India, the press of India may not inappropriately borrow from Sir C. Wood one of the platitudes we have quoted, and remind the Government that "at the present time it was especially incumbent upon them to have enquired carefully into the accuracy of statements of this nature." If the Government of India be right, the House of Commons must be wrong. The Government of India declares that substantial justice had been done; the House of Commons, by the appointment of a new commission to re-open the question, gave a very decided opinion that justice had not been done. If the anticipations contained in letters from officers of high position in England, and indulged in by the journals, prove correct, the commission appointed will have decided that substantial justice had not been done to the Indian officers. Can the Government of India be surprised that their local officers should fly to the House of Commons for redress, should deluge it with petitions, when the Government itself thus openly expresses its want of sympathy with their wrongs? It seems most extraordinary that a purely military despatch, affecting only military officers, yet which the military member of Council did not sanction by his signature, should have met with so ready an acceptance from the non-professional members. Was it indifference, was it carelessness, was it the pressure of, to them, more important business, that caused this strange acquiescence of the civilian members only in a despatch that vitally affected for evil the fortunes of Indian officers? The signature of a member of a Council to a document connected with his department is considered sufficient to guarantee its correctness; but that the other members should have signed a most important military despatch from which the signature of the military member was wanting, is a fact which, under all the circumstances of the case, ought not to be looked over.

What have the Government of India gained by this careless assent to opinions which no one out of the Council Chamber would have endorsed? They have aided Sir C. Wood to put down Sir William Denison, and they have, by its aid, performed the same office for Sir Bartle Frere, but that is really all. The opinion was quoted in vain in the House of Commons. The statement of the Government of India, which ought to be decisive on such a question, was quoted by Sir C. Wood amid the "derisive laughter" and "ironical cheers" of the Opposition benches. Lord Stanley, who voted that substantial justice had not been meted out to Indian officers in the matter of promotion, was ready, had there been necessity, to support that by his speech. In no high quarter, except in the India House, for

which it was penned, has that opinion met with sympathy or approval. But it has served on the other hand to show officers that their individual cases of wrong have but little chance of being listened to in a fair and kindly spirit in this country, and that they must appeal, as they have appealed heretofore, to the higher tribunal of the House of Commons. Such a course may not conduce to the discipline or good feeling of the Indian army, but why, in that case, does the Government force it upon its officers?—*Friend of India.*

THE LATE MAJOR-GENERAL SHOWERS.

We (*Englishman*) announce, with a feeling of regret, which we believe will be felt far beyond the Presidency, where it must be universal amongst the English community, the death, yesterday morning (Oct. 8), in Fort William, of Major-General St. G. D. Showers, C.B., commanding the Presidency Division. By this casualty the Government loses a most gallant and zealous soldier, and private society a perfect English gentleman, a warm and attached friend, and a man eminent for all the social virtues. The name of General Showers will always be indissolubly connected with, and wound up in, the memorable siege of Delhi, where, amongst the many who distinguished themselves during that momentous event, he was conspicuous for gallantry, energy, and devotion. In peace, as in war, the services of General Showers retained their full value to the Government and the military service, and his tenure of the presidency command during the last five years has been marked by a high capacity for administration, and resulted in an excellent state of general discipline and efficiency, and innumerable benefits and advantages to the private soldier, by whom the deceased officer will be long remembered and regretted.

(*Hurkaru.*)

General Showers was a man whom we cannot call great in the sense that we speak of Outram and Henry Lawrence, and yet he was a man of mark, whose place amongst us will not be easily filled, and who had won the reputation of being a thorough soldier, a thorough gentleman, and a thorough Christian. If General Showers has not won the greater honours attained by men with larger opportunities, he has yet run a career of singular usefulness and honour, and has set an example which it would be well for our younger officers to set before them. He was a man of Havellock's stamp, a man without fear, and who realised in all its fullness the peculiar significance which in the mind of an Englishman attaches to the idea of duty.

Entering the army in the early part of 1825, it was his lot to see much service, and to rise but slowly, till the siege of Delhi saw him a colonel in command of a brigade, and fighting with a valour which won for him the unstinted confidence and admiration of those under him. When the terrible siege was over, he quieted the Delhi district by a display of energy and determination which awed the natives, even more than the terrible vigour with which he launched his column at their disordered ranks, whenever they were mad enough to risk the chance of such an onset.

But to go back; on the death of the Nawab Homayoon Jah, of Moorshedabad, Captain Showers was selected to fill the responsible post of Superintendent to the young Nazim, and well did he perform his part. So well that the Nawab Nazim never forgot his tutor and friend, and always treated the General with respect and affection almost filial. As soon as he heard of his illness he placed the Moorshedabad Palace at his disposal, and to no one will the death of the General prove a severer blow than to his former pupil. This affection, which the General reciprocated, is honourable to both alike, and shows that, in spite of his devotion to duty, the General, like

many other earnest and able men, had qualities which won for him friendships as abiding as they were tender.

General Showers has long been sick; almost as soon as he took the command of the Presidency Division, he was called on to chastise the Cossyah and Jynteah tribes, and it was whilst in their jungles that he was attacked by the sickness which finally carried him off. A trip to England put off the end, but could not prevent it.

The event becomes the more mournful as it took place on the eve of an intended sea-voyage, and was, so to speak, unexpected. It is long since the sympathy of the public was evinced in so marked a manner—nearly every man of note followed the General to the grave; and no one could see the immense crowd which had gathered to take part in the ceremony without feeling how powerful a claim to public favour and confidence is that unobtrusive discharge of duty which was so marked a characteristic of General Showers.

The army has lost one of its best chiefs, and the soldiers one of their best friends in the blow which has smitten down a public servant trusted and looked up to on all sides, and ever ready to answer any call the Government might make upon his services.

OUTBREAK AT THE ARRAH JAIL.

The Arrah jail has lately been the scene of one of those outbreaks which every now and then occur among convicts in all parts of the world, and which generally, therefore, can hardly be said to have any political significance. The *darogah*, or jailor, had, it appears, lately been changed, and the former incumbent was undergoing sentence in the jail—a fact which was in itself likely to be a fruitful source of disaffection. A correspondent writes: "A story also seems to have got abroad in the jail, that all the prisoners were to be put in uniform, which alarmed the prejudices of the Rajpoots, in particular, who consider it contrary to caste to eat their food with clothes that have seams. But, be the cause of the disaffection what it may, the outbreak occurred under the following circumstances. One of the prisoners was ordered by the magistrate to receive fifteen stripes, for a breach of jail discipline. At the time the punishment was to be inflicted, it so happened that the magistrate, the assistant, or deputy-magistrate, the European inspector of police, and the jailor, were all present. The culprit had been secured to the stake, and one stroke of the rattan had already fallen, when a tall athletic Rajpoot seized a long bamboo, and slyly moved just behind the magistrate; and no sooner had he got within a proper distance, than he lifted up the bamboo for a telling, and, perchance, a murderous blow at that official's head. It was just at this critical moment that both the inspector and jailor observed the Rajpoot, rushed upon him, and seized the bamboo. There was a determined struggle, when a second convict, also with a bamboo, came to the rescue of his comrade; but it so happened that the stroke he gave to the bamboo, which the two officers and the mutineer were struggling for, caused it to break in two; and thus both the inspector and jailor found themselves most conveniently and opportunely armed. This was the commencement of the affray. The ringleaders were soon driven back, but it was found that a number of the prisoners had begun to arm themselves with bamboos, &c. There were but four police-constables at this time within the jail, but there were twelve more outside, and these were immediately called in. This number, however, had to be told off in two parties, as there were two points to be protected, to prevent the escape of the prisoners out of the jail, and, for this reason also, the police force could not leave their posts. Under these circumstances, as might be expected, the prisoners on one side were giving battle, by throwing

every possible kind of missile they could lay their hands on at the magistrate's party, and varying the game now and then by charging them; but every time they attempted this they were driven back by a bristling display of the bayonet's point. Thus it went on for some time, when one of the policemen fired off his gun. It so happened that, up to this point, he was the only man that had his piece loaded; but how he came to fire, remains to be explained. However, no one was hurt; but this very circumstance seemed to give the mutineers heart, for they grew bolder, and charged again and again, with more and more determination. The Inspector, an old soldier, by way of precaution, now ordered his men to load; and it was not long after that the affair seemed to grow quite serious enough to justify the police firing. Who gave the order to do so, or whether any order was given, is matter for inquiry, which, we believe, is now going on; but the men fired, and three of the convicts were knocked over, and among them the tall Rajpoot who commenced the *emeute*. This appeared to bring the rioters to their senses, as it most assuredly put an end to the riot." A considerable number of the prisoners, however, effected their escape.—*Englishman.*

MISCELLANEOUS.

NEW POST-OFFICE ACT.—The new Post-office Act, published in the *Gazette of India* of the 7th instant, contains two concessions of trifling importance to the public. It is proposed that the rate of postage upon letters above two tolas in weight should increase by an anna for each half tola, instead of by two annas for each tola. The effect of this will be that letters weighing more than two tolas, and not more than two tolas and a half, will be charged with a postage of five, instead of six annas, as formerly. The other concession refers to the rates to be charged on parcels to be conveyed by the Indian post, by sea. Eight annas was previously the charge for all parcels not exceeding one hundred tolas in weight. It is now proposed to charge two and four annas for parcels not exceeding twenty and forty tolas respectively. Neither of these changes will probably much affect the revenue, the number of inland letters exceeding one tola in weight, and of sea parcels, being comparatively small. Section 22 of this Act, which gives the Governor-General authority to make registration in certain cases compulsory, constitutes an important alteration in the law, which was greatly needed, and is likely to prove beneficial by preventing the despatch of money and valuables in unregistered letters. A source of temptation which, even in England, was frequently too strong for the letter-carrier, will thus be removed. Altogether, the changes proposed by this enactment are not so many, or so important, as one might have expected from its length. The heavy and anomalous rate of postage upon newspapers is left untouched, and, while a weight of four ounces is allowed to English imported papers for an anna, only six tolas, or two ounces, are allowed to newspapers printed in India sent through the inland post. Surely the improved state of inland communication points to the present as a time when the opportunity might be taken of removing this anomaly, by allowing ten tolas instead of six. We trust, also, that the proposed Act will be followed by a reduction of the registration fee, to say double the ordinary postage—a measure which would remove the only obstacle to the more general use of the Indian Post-office, and double the revenue of the department.—*Englishman.*

LIABILITIES OF THE LATE GOVERNMENT OF OUDE.—The Home Government have approved the proceedings of the Indian Government in rejecting all the claims against the late Native Government of Oude.

OPIMUM SALE AT CALCUTTA.—The opium sale was held on the 20th October, and, as we had surmised, on the ground floor of the Exchange, a precaution for which Messrs. MacKenzie, Lyall, and Co. deserve every credit. The sale of Behar opium was only 2,620 chests, or no less than 300 chests under the quantity brought forward. The effects of the large stocks held by buyers was apparent in yesterday's sale. Benares opium receded to almost the same figures as in the August sale. The Behar drug held a kind of half-way position, due, no doubt, to the smaller quantity bought. 5,055 chests were sold, which will bring the stock up to 13,855 chests. The following table will show the prices realised at the last three sales:—

	Highest.	Lowest.	Average.	Total.
August	1,070	1,025	1,047-3-7½	30,57,900
September	1,195	1,150	1,160-15-5½	33,90,025
October	1,135	1,055	1,091-13-9½	28,60,675

	Highest.	Lowest.	Average.	Total.
August	1,045	1,025	1,034-11-3½	25,19,475
September	1,175	1,140	1,157-13-4	28,19,325
October	1,045	1,025	1,035-14-9½	25,22,475

Comparing the sales for September and October, we have the following results:—

Behar	...	Rs. 60	less on the highest price.
Benares	...	130	"
Behar	...	95	" lowest price.
Benares	...	115	"
Behar	...	78 1 8½	" average price.
Benares	...	121 14 6½	"
Behar	...	4,29,350	" total proceeds of the sale.
Benares	...	2,965,850	"

—*Hurkaru*.

AN ODD TALE.—A story of an extraordinary nature is afloat in the station to the following effect:—An old widow lady, wife of a Colonel of the Bengal Army who was murdered in the mutiny, has for a long time been leading a life of almost entire seclusion; those who formerly had been her most intimate acquaintances being refused admittance, their letters even being declined acceptance. However, three or four days ago the daughter of the old lady arrived, and with her husband, Major—, called at the house and begged to see her mother; the servants declined to give them an entry, whereon the Major forced his way through them, and, proceeding into the drawing-room, found old Mrs.—, who, on recognising her daughter, flew into her arms overjoyed at her meeting, &c., &c. It now turns out that the servants have been systematically preventing visitors from coming into the house, opening and getting answered all letters, &c., &c. The old lady's confidential servant immediately on Major—'s unforcibly entering fled, and has not since been heard of. Of this man there seems to be well-founded suspicions, arising from facts now being brought to light, that he was the actual murderer of the Colonel above alluded to, had been his servant for years before the mutiny, and was so at the time of his master's death, when he bolted, and was afterwards known to have turned a *fakcer*. By plausible means he succeeded in persuading Mrs.— that he knew nothing about the murder of her husband, but merely left for his own personal safety. The police are endeavouring to apprehend the ruffian, and is to be hoped they may be successful.—*Pioneer*, October 9.

REST-HOUSES FOR TROOPS.—The Governor-General in Council has determined that rest-houses for 180 single men and 20 families, giving each single man 1,000 cubic feet of air, exclusive of verandah, shall be built at Sahibgunge, Dinapore, Allahabad, Cawnpore, Toondla, Meerut and Umballa, with quarters for officer at the rate of 3 per cent., and the necessary offices.

THE CINCHONA PLANT AT DARJEELING.—The first sale of Cinchona plants at Darjeeling, held on the 2nd ult., was as satisfactory as might have been expected. Although there was little or no competition, there was a fair demand, and the whole of the plants offered for sale were disposed of at the upset price of four annas each.

MILITARY ITEMS.—We hear that the following changes are likely to take place in the relief of regiments, in consequence of the arrangements with regard to Bhootan:—H.M.'s 91st to Agra, H.M.'s 27th to Dum-Dum, and H.M.'s 41st from England to Hazareebaugh. Colonel Dunsford, C.B., is re-appointed temporarily to the Brigade Staff of the Army, with the rank of Brigadier-general from Nov. 1. He will leave Simla for Peshawur, to assume command of the brigade there, on the 20th Oct.—The designation of the Punjab Irregular Force will be in future the Punjab Frontier Force. The Government of India does not consider the former appropriate. It has been stated that the 91st Highlanders, and not the 41st Regiment, as set down in "the Relief," will relieve the 23rd Welch Fusiliers in Agra. This point has not yet, however, been finally settled. The 91st have not received any order to change their route. The matter will be decided in a few days we dare say.—Captain G. G. Cunliffe, of the Staff Corps, is to officiate as second in command and wing officer of the 43rd N. I., vice Williams, on sick leave to England.—Captain B. N. Smith, officiating second squadron officer, 15th Bengal Cavalry, has been appointed wing officer of the 24th N. I., vice Scott, who has overstayed his leave.—Captain E. M. Jones, first battalion, 20th regiment, A.-D.-C. to Major-General Sir John Garvock, has been ordered to join his battalion, a wing of which is proceeding to Bhootan.

DEATH AT NYNEE TAL.—The Nynee Tal correspondent of the *Pioneer* says:—"I little thought, when in my last letter I told you of the melancholy death of Lieut. Whipple, of the 12th Regiment, that I should so soon have to record another under still more melancholy circumstances. Major Lees, wing officer of H.M.'s 31st N.I., and doing duty at the Depot, died at the Club very suddenly on the night of the 18th inst. He was at the band the evening before, and twenty-four hours did not elapse before that same band was playing the Dead March over the poor fellow. Major Lees was very well known, and was a great favourite in the station. Nynee Tal has been most unfortunate this season; four officers of some rank and standing have been carried away, and several have been obliged to seek change of climate. It is curious to notice that about the four worst thunderstorms we have had this year have taken place while these four funerals were going on, the most fearful of all bursting upon us as poor Major Lees's coffin was being lowered into its last resting-place."

THE DYCE SOMBRE CASE.—Our Delhi correspondent lately announced that the great case of the heirs of Dyce Sombre, v. the Secretary of State, for the possession and mesne profits of certain estates in the province of Delhi, was to be appealed. The great public interest and importance of this *cause célèbre* will be at once appreciated when it is stated that the sum claimed is so large that, even with the assistance of the rise in the price of opium, Mr. Massey would be compelled to impose new taxes upon the country to satisfy the amount, if decreed against the Government.—*Englishman*.

POLYANDRY.—We had rather an amusing case in our Criminal Court last Thursday. A young woman named Boory (we suppose so named from her shrewdness) appeared to be the subject of litigation between two living husbands, a Moslem and a Eurasian. We hear the contending parties are on very slippery ground, and have an eel of a woman to deal with. We hope the Hakim who was to decide the case will not order her to be halved, as she is already the half of some one.—*Dacca News*.

A STRANGE ORDER.—We hear (says the *Hurkaru*) that orders have been issued by Government for the release of all the Booteahs now confined in the Assam and Rungapore jails. The object of this has not transpired.

NEW REGULATION FOR STAFF ALLOWANCES.—It has been ruled by Government that when a commanding officer of a brigade of Royal Artillery, or of a regiment of British Cavalry or Infantry, acts in command of a brigade on the half staff allowance, he shall receive his regimental pay and allowances, in addition to the half staff salary of the acting appointment. The same rule will be applied in the case of an officer, not of the staff corps, and not holding a regimental command, succeeding to the command of a brigade. Whenever an acting officer comes upon the full staff salary he will receive staff corps pay only, in addition to the staff allowance. It is further ruled that an officiating officer's claim to the higher allowances (as also those of regimental officers appointed by his temporary removal from the corps) must depend on confirmation of his appointment, until the appearance of which in general orders no additional allowances can be drawn.

THE LATE MR. THOMAS.—The *Hurkaru* says:—Yesterday Mr. Robert Thomas, of the well-known firm of indigo brokers, died, after a short illness, at the not great age of fifty-six years. Mr. Thomas was for many years a merchant in Calcutta, and had seen many of the vicissitudes which tried the mettle and strength of Calcutta merchants during the last quarter of a century. But in all the changes of the time, whether in adversity or in success, he retained the respect and friendly feeling of the community.

THE MYSTERIOUS OUDE DESPATCH.—The *Englishman* says:—We are informed that the famous letter of instruction addressed to Mr. Davis, Commissioner of Oude, and which first appeared in the London press, was a forgery; for not only has Mr. Davis denied the receipt of any such document, as has already been announced in the Lucknow papers, but the Government of India has declared that no letter of the kind was ever written.

CONFISCATED PROPERTY.—The Lieutenant-governor of Bengal has directed the sale of the landed and immovable property belonging to the Patna Wahabees, convicted of treason at Patna and Umballa. The proceeds are to be carried to the credit of the State. The value is estimated to be 22,000 rupees, of which 18,500 rupees belonged to the conspirator Elahee Bux. Ahmedoolah's property is estimated to be worth only about 2,500 rupees.

THE DUTCH AT ASSAHAN.—Rangoon and Straits papers state that the Dutch have taken possession of Assahan. A quarrel has taken place between the King of Bangkok and the French Consul at that place, on account of which the latter is said to have left, to lay his case before the Emperor.

THE WAHABEES.—The *Hurkaru* hears that intrigues and plots are still in progress on the part of the Wahabee leaders ascertained to be with the fanatic colony in Mulka Sittana, for whose apprehension the Cabul Ameer has been requested by Government to take measures.

SKITTLE ALLEY ARRANGEMENTS.—Government have directed that when skittle-alleys are provided they shall be completed with pins and balls by the department of Public Works, but that all renewals and repairs are to be made from the Canteen funds.

SHIPPING.

ARRIVALS.

Oct. 6. City of Lahore, London.—7. *Blanche Moore*, Liverpool, &c.; Nagpur, Bombay.—8. str. *Cashmere*, Moulmein, &c.; Regina, Madras Coast; Celestial Queen, Madras; Mahanada, Liverpool.—9. *Annie Frost*, Madras; Fathel Reymany, Gulf; Fez Rohoman, Muscat; Challenger, Moulmein; Bella Islena, —; Fatty Sultan, Bombay; Duneland, Penang.—10. *Conflict*, Gravesend; Great Britain, Madras; Blackwall, Moulmein; Gustave, —, Nagpur.—11. str. *Cheduba*, Straits, &c.; str. *Reiver*, Hong Kong, &c.; Far East, Mauritius, &c.; York, Madras; Waterloo, —.—13. str. *Oris*, Akyab, &c.—14. str. *Highflyer*, Madras; Anita, Marseilles.—15. str. *Candia*, Suez.—16. str. *Catharine Apar*, Bombay.—19. *Pegu*, Rangoon.—20. str. *Meinam*, Suez.

PASSENGERS ARRIVED.

Per str. Thunder.—From HONG KONG.—Mr. Creation, Mr. Campbell, Mr. Turner. From SINGAPORE.—Mr. McClellan, Mr. Goolbly, Mr. W. H. Thompson. From PENANG.—Mr. Campbell, Mrs. Willis.

Per P. and O. Co.'s str. Candia.—From SOUTHAMPTON.—Mrs. Wood, Miss Paterson, Miss Watkins, Lieut. and Mrs. Newham, two Misses Bella, Mr. and Mrs. Reynolds, Lieut. Murray, Mr. R. Bloomfield, Mr. Smith, Miss Bruce, Mr. and Mrs. Wingrove, Mr. Aylmar, Mr. Lyle, Mr. Grant, Mr. Beresford, Mr. Stevens, Lieut. Dyce, Mr. Ross, Mr. McGregor, Capt. Vandeleur, Mr. Cruikshank, Mr. Ferris, Mrs. Cowper, Mr. J. Anderson, Capt. and Mrs. Ravenshill, Mrs. Brown, Mr. Bourne, Mr. Jones, Mr. Coulter, Mr. Lydiard, Miss Hope, Mr. J. Maddocks, Mr. J. Walter, Mrs. Rose, Capt. Dowie, Mr. Maxwell, Mr. R. Maxwell, Miss Maxwell. From MANSEILLES.—Capt. and Mrs. Williams, Dr. Cox, Mr. Crawford, Miss Noble, Mr. and Mrs. Douglas, Mr. and Mrs. Hamilton, two Misses Sparks, Capt. Cory, Mr. d'Avigdor, Mr. Geoghegan, Mr. Davison. From GALLÉ.—Mr. J. Willis, Mr. Lackerstein, Mr. Scultz, Mr. Brown, Mr. Woodruffe, Mr. Beaufort. From MADRAS.—Lieut. Ingles, Mr. Harrison, Mr. King, Mr. Wade, Capt. Capel, Mr. Pigou, Mr. Morris, Hon. N. P. Jacobs, three Misses Gubbett, Mr. Mellor, Mr. and Mrs. Evans, Mr. and Mrs. Tuller and infant, Mr. De Souza, Mr. Cosella, Mr. Hicks, Mr. Dundas, Mr. Farr, Mr. Gentle, Mr. Lowen, Mr. Dallas, Mr. Cockerell, Mr. Atkin, Mr. Gordon, Mr. Martin, Mr. Cowie, Mr. Davidson, Mr. Wilson, Mr. J. W. Martin, Mr. Rose.

DEPARTURES.

Oct. 6. James Edwards, Bombay.—7. str. Orissa, Chittagong, &c.; Henry Handley, Hong Kong.—8. str. Busheer, Rangoon, &c.—9. Copenhagen, Demerara.—10. str. Delhi, Suez.—11. Joven Louis, Colombo.—13. Bengali, Colombo.—14. Turkey, Mauritius; Melbourne, Hull.—15. May Flower, Colombo; Dashing Wave, Boston.—16. Hengist, Liverpool; George Croshaw, Colombo.—17. str. Arabia, Bombay, &c.; str. Rangoon, Akyab, &c.; Industry, Colombo.—19. Shaw Allum, Mauritius; Hypatia, Colombo; Combermere, Bombay; Ellenborough, Hong Kong; Freeland, Colombo; Erance, Hong Kong, Alfred, Marseilles.—20. str. Reiver, &c.; Belleisle, &c.—22. Mail str. Bengal, Suez.

PASSENGERS DEPARTED.

Per str. Orissa.—For AKYAB.—Mr. and Mrs. R. Cragg, Mr. James M. Bryce. For CHITTAGONG.—Mr. T. Determus.

Per Rangoon.—For AKYAB.—Mr. Henry Crowe. For RANGOON.—Mr. J. Fette, Mr. C. Bremner. For MOULMEIN.—Mr. W. E. Rogers, Mr. W. Lloyd, the Rev. D. Starrow.

Per Arabia.—For MADRAS.—Miss M. A. Walton, Mr. C. E. R. Girdlestone.

COMMERCIAL.

Calcutta, Oct. 20, 1865.

GOVERNMENT SECURITIES.

Rate of Interest.	Stock.	Selling Price.
4 per Cent. Sa.	Sa. Rs. 90	Rs. 87 8 to 88 0
Do. Transfer Stock.	Sa. Rs. 91	Rs. 90 12 to 91 3
4 per Cent. Co's Rs.	Co's Rs. 91	Rs. 88 0 to 89 8
5 per Cent. P.W.	Co's Rs. 101	Rs. 101 4 to 101 12
5½ per Cent.	Co's Rs. 111	Rs. 108 0 to 108 8
5 per cent., 56-57.	Co's Rs. 104	Rs. 102 8 to 103 0

EXCHANGE.

On London.	Per Rupee.
Local Bank Bills at 6 months' sight	2 0½ to 2 1
First Class Credit at 6 months' sight	2 1 to 2 1½
Bills with Docs. at 6 months' sight	2 1½ to 2 1
Bank Post Bills at 1 months' sight	2 09-10 to 2 0½

JOINT STOCK SHARES.

Stock.	Paid-up.	Quoted at
Ra. e. ch.	Ra. e. ch.	Ra.
Agra and Masterman's Bank	500	1000
Assam Tea Company	200	575
Bank of Bengal	400	1793½ to 1800
Bengal Tea Company	100	125
Benzel Credit Mobilier (Lim.)	100	4 to 5 pm
B-m-d Warehouse Association	445	680
Borokai Tea Company (Limited)	25	par
Cachar and Assam Tea Company	200	155
Ditto (Contributory)	115	30 dis.
Cachar Tea Company	600	585
Ditto (Contributory)	500	par to 5 pm
Calcutta Docking Company	700	1310 to 1320
Calcutta Steam Tug Association	600	480
Calcutta and South Eastern Railway	53	par
Central Assam Tea Company	100	95
Central Cachar Tea Company	200	240
Ditto, new shares	200	220
Dehra Doon Tea Company	100	86
Delhi Bank Corporation	500	700
E. B. Indigo Company	100	nom.
East India Railway Company	218	218
East India Tea Company	100	125
Ditto, contributory	80	25 to 33 pm
Eastern Bengal Tea Company	50	55
Eastern Cachar Tea Company	100	105
Ditto, contributory	85	5 dis to par
Eastern Bengal Railway Company	218	218
Eastern Steam Tug Company	1000	1000
Equitable Coal Company	250	200 to 205
Ganges Steam Navigation Company	500	Nominal
Great Eastern Hotel Company	250	218
Gola Ghat Tea Company	250	250
Ditto new shares	250	267
Hindustan China and Japan Bank	250	
Hooghly Steam Tug Company	1000	850
Howrah Docking Company	500	545
India General Steam Navigation Co.	1000	800 to 810
National Bank of India (Limited)	250	258
New Fort Gloster Company	600	
North-West Indigo Company	100	71
North-West Screwing Company	50	nom.
Oriental Gas Company	41	13
Peoples Bank of India	100	nom.
Port Canning Land Company	1000	1290 to 1300
Punjab Bank	100	115
Punjab Trading	76	5 to 10 pm.

Royal Bank of India	Nominal.
Screwing Company (Limited)	200 ... 150
Simla Bank	500 ... 625 to 650
South Cachar Tea Company	100 ... 75
Strand Pressing Company (Limited)	624 ... 250 to 252
Sylhet and Cachar Tea Company	200 ... 125
Tirho Indigo	200 ... 170
Union Steam Tug Company	250 ... 6 to 4 dis.
Upper Assam Tea Company	140 ... 170 to 200

FREIGHTS.

	To London.	To Liverpool.
Saltpetre	21 0 0 to 1 5 0	1 5 0
Sugar	Nominal.	1 5 0
Rice	0 0 0 to 0 0 0	1 6 3 to 0 0 0
Seeds	2 5 0 to 2 10 0	2 0 0
Jute	2 5 0 to 0 0 0	2 5 6
Cotton	2 10 0 to 2 13 6	2 10 0

MADRAS.

MISCELLANEOUS.

SIR W. DENISON'S SUCCESSOR.—It is reported that Sir Gaspard Le Marchant is to succeed Sir W. Denison as Governor of Madras, retaining his appointment of Commander-in-Chief.

RAILWAY TERMINUS AT TRIMULGHERRY.—An important link in the widely-extending network of railway which is spreading through the country is adverted to by the *Athenæum and Daily News*:—"We understand that Col. Anderson, the Consulting Engineer for Railways, has, at the request of the Supreme Government, been deputed to Trimulgherry, near Secunderabad, to advise upon the construction of the G. I. Peninsular Railway Terminus at that station. This terminus, which, we hear, is to form the junction of the lines of the three Presidencies, is to be a fortified post as well; and in the absence of a duly qualified officer from Bombay, Colonel Anderson has been requested to proceed up, as being well experienced in fortification and military matters generally."

HOW TO PASS EXAMINATIONS.—The following appears in Madras general orders:—"It has come to the knowledge of the Commissioner for the Uncovenanted Civil Service Examinations that the envelopes containing the examination papers for the late Special Test Examination, sent to Salem for performance by the candidates there, were opened, and the contents of a large majority of the papers made known to many of the candidates before the examination. Under the orders of Government the Commissioner gives notice, that the examination at Salem for the year 1865 is declared to be null and void, and that none of the candidates at that station will be passed; and, further, that no person who was a candidate for examination at Salem, by the late special test, will be permitted to be appointed to any post, for which a certificate of having passed such special test is necessary, either permanently or on probation, until after the result of the Special Test Examination, to be held in August, 1866, may be known."

SHIPPING.

ARRIVALS.

Oct. 13. P. and O. str. Delhi, King, Calcutta.—14. Alnwick Castle, De Casteriet, Gravesend; Nazpore, Macdonald, Shanghai.—15. str. Burmah, Pronid, Bombay.—16. str. Meinam, Gauvain, Gallé.—18. Alayo, Hicks, Moulmein.

PASSENGERS ARRIVED.

Per P. and O. S. N. Co.'s str. Delhi.—For MADRAS.—Col. Munday, Mrs. Gilbert, Private J. Wilson, Capt. Roberts. For GALLÉ.—Mr. Voss.

Per Alnwick Castle.—Mr. and Mrs. Stone, Mr. and Mrs. MacLagan, Mrs. Kennedy, Mrs. Tabart, Miss Bolton, Miss Shaw, Mrs. Beahy, Mrs. Hodgkinson and family, Mrs. J. Chapman, Mrs. D. Pope.

Per str. Burmah.—Mrs. Gen. Farmer, Mrs. Hamilton and child.

Per French str. Meinam.—Right Rev. Dr. Fennelly, Right Rev. Dr. Dissommier, Right Rev. Dr. Charbonnaux, Rev. Mr. Colgan, Rev. Mr. Moncourrier, Rev. Mr. Condon, Rev. Mr. Birron, Rev. Mr. De Gellis, Rev. Mr. Cager, Mr. and Mrs. L. Horton and three infants, Mrs. Schmidt, Mrs. Hutcher, Mrs. Scheep, Mrs. Brner, Mrs. Kolb, Mr. Gander, Mr. Knoblock, Mr. Lienter, Lieut.-col. and Mrs. Warden, Mr. Read, Mr. Mustan, Mr. Lemish and two infants, Mrs. De Rozario, Mr. Roche, Mr. Ducas.

DEPARTURES.

Oct. 4. Middlesex, Cammel, Calcutta; str. Madras, Bowers, Calcutta; Dunphade Castle, Fieck, Colombo.—13. Reaumur, Coup, Mauritius; Cashmere, War, Mauritius.—14. Lincolns, Sleightholm, Taticorn; P. and O. str. Delhi, King, Suez.

PASSENGERS DEPARTED.

Per P. and O. str. Delhi.—For SOUTHAMPTON.—Lieut. gen. J. E. Williams, Mrs. Deane and four children, Capt. and Mrs. Heywood, Lieut. J. Keith, Mrs. John and infant, W. H. Cameron, Esq., W. H. Kenning, Esq., Messrs. G. Health, W. Long, J. Liliez, C. Benworth, A. MacPhane, R. Barnett, G. Gibbons. For MARSEILLES.—Col. and Mrs. Payton and two infants, Miss Stoddart, Capt. Levete. For SUEZ.—Capt. Cadell. For SYDNEY.—Mr. Allen. For SINGAPORE.—Lieut. Ardagh. For POINT DE GALLÉ.—Mr. S. B. Cooimfield.

Per str. Madras.—For RANGOON.—Lieut. col. Selby, Col. T. C. Longcroft, Asst. surg. Flood, Mr. Banbury, Mr. G. H. W. Carr, Conductor Berry and wife.

Per str. Burmah.—Mrs. Kennedy, Miss Byns, Maj. Ritherdon.

BOMBAY.

SALE OF AN ENGLISH GIRL TO THE CHIEF OF BHATWA.

(Abridged from the *Delhi Gazette*.)

We have received a startling letter from a correspondent who, although he has gathered the particulars of the incident which forms the subject of his communication from hearsay, places implicit confidence in the truth of the information he has supplied to us. We for our part scarcely know whether to believe or discredit the statement contained in the letter; not because we doubt the honesty of our correspondent, but because the occurrence we are about to notice is of so unusual a nature and argues so much depravity in those involved in the transaction set forth in the statement of our correspondent, that we would fain persuade ourselves our correspondent has been misinformed by some one possessing but an imperfect knowledge of the matter.

It appears that a certain chief, who holds sway in the state of Bhatwa, in the Kattyawar territory, and who is named *Khamaldeen* or *Kumalodeen*, lately conceived a desire to add to his live stock in his *harem*, although bowed down with the weight of seventy years, by procuring an English girl and inducing her to take up her residence within its sacred precincts. For this purpose emissaries were despatched to Ahmedabad, where lived an Englishman with his wife and children. They were a dissolute couple by all accounts, and of course had long rubbed skirts with poverty; yet they had something which the wealthy chief of Bhatwa did not possess. They had an English girl, their daughter, named Anne, a girl of about fourteen years of age, and the Bhatwa emissaries having looked about them and ascertained the resources of the place at once determined to make the parents an offer for the person of their daughter. The sum of three thousand rupees was the tempting bait which was to make them drive their little fish into the Nawab of Bhatwa's net, and the experiment succeeded. The father agreed, for and in consideration of Rupees 3,000, to consign his daughter for her life to the tender care of Kumalodeen. The bargain having been struck, the contracting parties made the best of their way to Bhatwa, where the money was to be paid and the goods delivered. Arrived at their destination, this child of fourteen, the offspring of English parents, and a daughter of the Christian Church, was handed over to her purchaser, and the delicate-minded parents became the happy possessors of 3,000 rupees.

At this stage of the proceedings a clergyman, the chaplain of Rajkote, to whom the circumstance was reported, tried to interpose between the unnatural parents of Anne and her brutal purchaser, by calling upon the political agent of Kattyawar to exert his authority and rescue the child from the destruction to which, body and soul, she was doomed by her natural guardians. Our correspondent does not vouch for the truth of the report which has reached him touching the action taken by the Political Agent in the matter, but what he says is that Anne, after she had become the Nawab's property, was solemnly made to ab-

jure the errors of the Christian Church, and formally received into communion with the followers of the true prophet. The political officer, it is said, deputed his jemadar to be present at the ceremony, and this functionary brought him a full and particular account of all that took place on the occasion.

The next step taken in regard to the child was to marry her, after the Mahomedan fashion, to the purchaser, but before this interesting ceremony (which, we believe, is not regarded quite in the light of a sacrament by the sons of peace) was performed, the political officer is reported to have caused the youthful bridegroom, just turned seventy, to draw up a marriage settlement, by which the new light of the *harem* is secured in the possession of an income of rupees two thousand and odd per annum, including an item of thirty rupees for *pan* and *sooparee*, which may be looked upon as an equivalent for pin money. The Political Agent, however, was not satisfied with this provision for the present wants of Anne, and, being a far-sighted man, he took care to secure her against any unpleasant accident, such as desertion, for instance, that might happen in the future. He caused another deed to be drawn up, by which it is stipulated that, in the event of her being at any time banished from that blessed abode of virtue, the *harem*, she is to receive, for the term of her natural life, the handsome allowance of Rs. 250 per mensem, or Rs. 3,000 per annum.

Of the Political Agent's part in the transaction we are unwilling to speak here, because we have not been furnished with information on this head sufficiently reliable to justify our commenting with severity on an officer who has gained so high a place in the opinion of the Government, and we could not speak of conduct such as that now imputed to him with any degree of patience. We can only trust that what is laid to his charge may prove a groundless fabrication. Meanwhile, what is left us is to brood over the effect which this most disgraceful incident will produce on the native mind.

We are surprised that the Government of Bombay has not in some public manner noticed this most flagrant instance of child-vending on the part of a British subject. The act is fraught with so much future danger, that immediate steps should have been taken to bring the offenders at least to justice, if it was too late to rescue their victim.

MISCELLANEOUS.

THE MURDER OF LIEUTENANT OMMANNEY.—The *Lahore Chronicle* gives the following particulars of this unfortunate event:—Another victim has fallen by the hand of a fanatic assassin on the frontier. Arthur Manaton Ommanney, Lieutenant in the Cavalry of the Guide Corps, stationed at Murdan, was riding on the evening of the 3rd instant past the house in which the band practises, when a Mussulman approached him saying he had a petition to make, and, at the same moment, seizing the horse's rein, he stabbed poor Ommanney with a knife under the right armpit. The murderer was immediately apprehended by the bandsmen, and is now in safe custody. He states that he is a native of Bela, near Jelallabad, a follower of Syud Mobaruk Shah of Mulkah, and had come to Murdan with the express determination of taking the life of a "Feringhee" in revenge for the burning of Mulkah during the Umbeylah campaign. After the above was in type we received information that the murderer, having been convicted on the clearest evidence, was hanged on the 5th instant.

THE LAST OF THE EXHIBITION.—A meeting of the shareholders of the Bombay International Exhibition has been held, at which it was decided to wind up the affairs of the company voluntarily forthwith.

THE DOCUMENT-BILLS QUESTION.—The Chamber of Commerce of Bombay has held a meeting in reference to the rights of exchange banks to refuse to receive payment of document bills, and their claim to hold the securities attached thereto for the purpose of covering other debts of the drawer. The course adopted by the Asiatic Bank and the Central Bank of Western India was unanimously condemned by the Chamber, and a resolution was passed that it tended to obstruct business and interfere with mercantile credit, and further that the Committee of the Chamber be authorised to take what steps in reference thereto they might consider necessary. It was apparent to the members that no compulsion could be brought to bear on any bank who resorted to the method of demanding letters of hypothecation containing a clause authorising them, under all circumstances where the drawer of the document bill was indebted to them otherwise, to set-off the securities against these other debts. It appeared, however, from what transpired at the meeting, that it was not a general thing with the Bombay banks to demand such unlimited securities as those of the banks whose action in London had raised the present important question, most of them being satisfied with a clause empowering the banks to retain the securities only in the event of failure to accept or pay the document bill, or of the bankruptcy of the drawee or acceptor. The two banks, therefore, who have placed themselves in the present unwonted position will henceforth find it necessary to conform their practice in such matters to that of the other banks, if they would not see their business finding its way into other channels.—*Bombay Gazette.*

SAFETY OF THE MAILS IN NATIVE STATES.—The Governor-General has proposed a set of more stringent rules regarding the responsibility of Native States for the safety of the mails; under these rules every State will be held liable for the value of the property plundered, and the minimum penalty will be £50 in addition to the value of the property.

A CURE FOR LOAFERS.—The magistrates of Bombay have lately adopted a plan for dealing with confirmed loafers, which appears to us to promise better results than that which the magistrates of Calcutta pursue. The plan in question is—to flog them. This may sound harsh, but we are disposed to believe that it will be in the long run the most prudent as well as the most merciful policy to follow.—*Hurkaru.*

THE BOMBAY COUNCIL.—A reference was some time back made to the Indian Government, as to whether the Bombay Government is at liberty to appoint a member of the Legislative Council. The India Government decided the matter in the affirmative. Sir Charles Wood has approved this decision.

THE NEW CLUB AT SIMLA.—It is believed that the new club at Simla will soon be organised. We hear from a private source that the extraordinary exclusive rule, on which we commented a short time ago, is likely to be withdrawn.—*Englishman.*

ARRIVAL OF TROOPS.—The left wing of H.M.'s 49th Regiment arrived in Bombay on the 18th inst. on board the steamer *Melbourne*, and the head-quarters wing of the 26th Regiment on board the *Dilawar* on the 26th inst. (after a splendid run of 89 days from Portsmouth), all well.

ROYAL REFUGEES.—We find that Sirdars Aslam Khan and Mahomed Hosein Khan, members of the Royal family of Cabul, lately sought an asylum in British territory, and the Government of the Punjab have made proper arrangements for their reception.

THE PRESIDENCY DIVISION.—Major-General Welshman has been ordered to Calcutta, to assume command of the Presidency Division, and Brigadier-General Dunsford to Peshawur, to command the brigade there.

DELAYS OF THE TELEGRAPH.—The latest English date received via the Indo-European telegraph is, London 14th instant. A great deal of dissatisfaction is expressed at the tardy manner in which these messages are forwarded. This message was upwards of twelve days in transit.

SUPPLY OF ICE.—The Government have leased the ice house to Messrs. Stearns, Hobart, and Co., who have made arrangements for a regular and abundant supply of ice to the Bombay public.

NEW TELEGRAPH CABLES.—The question of laying buoyant telegraph cables in deep waters on the principle suggested by Major Oldershaw, of the Royal Artillery, is being agitated in Bombay.

THE ARTILLERY RELIEFS will commence next month, the F 18 Battery are to leave Kirkee for Neemuch on the 2nd proximo, and the D 14 on the 7th proximo for Ahmedabad.

SUSPENSION OF AN OFFICER.—We regret to hear that Captain F. M. H. Forbes, of the Staff Corps, Superintendent Chumba Hill States, has been suspended.—*Hurkaru.*

THE WEATHER for the past week has been extremely hot, yet the public health is reported good, and the crops throughout the Presidency are generally in a thriving condition.

MR. STEWART ST. JOHN GORDON has been appointed an additional member of the Governor-General's Legislative Council.

SHIPPING.

ARRIVALS.

Oct. 13. Str. Rangoon, Blewett, Suez.—14. India, Crawford, Moulemin.—15. Luguhanna, Kennedy, Liverpool.—17. Adeo, Ripley, Zanzibar.—18. str. Melbourne, Auld, Kingstown.—20. Schall Jehan, Rodger, Mauritius; Atlet Bahimou, Nacoda, Bushire; Cyclops, Cordiner, Liverpool.—21. Helen Scott, Stewart, Liverpool; Alumbagh, Bulwin, London.—22. Indus, Lee, London; Europe, Aubert, Bordeaux; City of Shanghai, Murray, Glasgow; Aurora, Gret, Calcutta; str. Ottawa, Eastley, Singapore; Negotiator, Mitchell, Liverpool; Josiah L. Hale, Nowell, Moulemin.—23. str. Punjaub, Day, Calcutta; Shaw Allum, Muratino, Calcutta; British Nation, Bare, Liverpool; str. Northam, Parish, Galie.—24. Star of the North, Whyatt, Sunderland.—25. Timoorshaw, Dodds, Moulemin; Bosphorus, Blanchard, Boston; Krishna, Plates, Calcutta.—26. Alabama, Hellenbrock, Moulemin; Dhollera, Starkie, Liverpool; Delaware, Bailie, Portsmouth; Express, Mumford, Cocanada; Mysore, Nazoor, Balagary.—27. Maroonah, Birch, Liverpool; str. Lord Clyde, Tulputt, Cochín.

PASSENGERS ARRIVED.

Per Alumbagh.—Mr. and Mrs. Grant.
Per City of Shanghai.—Mr. and Mrs. Angus, Mr. and Mrs. Glurdon, Miss Bennett.
Per P. and O. str. Rangoon.—From SOUTHAMPTON.—Maj. Hoste, Mr. C. E. Brown, Lieut. Parsons, Mrs. Robinson, Mr. John Smith, Mr. H. Robinson, Mr. J. Ross, Mr. H. Orchard, Mr. W. Newton, Mr. O. Tomlinson, Mr. T. Barry, Mr. and Mrs. J. Lawee, Mr. J. Ward, Mr. J. Ogden, Mr. G. Noble, Mr. W. Nesbit, Mr. R. London, Mrs. Scotland, Mrs. Bishop, Commander Byron, Mr. Peddon, Mr. Best, Mr. J. Williams, Mr. J. Wynn, Mr. J. Jennings, Mr. A. H. Cummal, Mr. Wilkison, Lieut. Brockman, Mr. Boosey, Mr. John Hall, Mrs. Wynne and infant. From MARSEILLES.—Col. Taylor, Mr. and Mrs. Broughton, Col. and Mrs. Scott, Capt. and Mrs. Haig, Mr. Morgan, Mr. C. Peile, Mr. Eglinton, Mr. Ford, Rev. E. Dickenson, Rev. F. Sharpin, Mr. Warwick, Mr. Orr, Capt. Mignon, Hon. Mr. Lewis, Advocate gen., Mr. Fezheyder, Mrs. Pelly, Col. Pelly, Lieut. French, Mr. C. Pudicombe, Mr. T. Loynds, Mr. H. Apudur, Mr. Capille, Mr. Brown, Mr. Palmer, Mr. Curtis, Mr. Jooal. From SUZ.—Mr. and Mrs. McIntyre, Mr. Smith, Mr. Grant, Mr. W. Deer.

DEPARTURES.

Oct. 13. Sea Forth, Woodward, Calcutta; Gladiator, Murray, Colombo.—14. str. Malta, Hyde, Suez; str. Salette, Rennoldson, China.—16. Talbot, James, London.—17. Achilles, Wallace, Liverpool; Luzon, Robinson, Hong Kong; Coringa, Wilson, Colombo.—18. Pride of the Ocean, Anderson, Liverpool; Fanny, Weir, Rangoon.—19. Lucy and Harriet, Uhrbruck, Calcutta; Nile, Bristol, Kurrachee.—21. Jamsetjee Cursetjee, Selkirk, Liverpool.—23. Victoria Cross, Cowley, Liverpool.—24. Cutch Merchant, Nacoda, Calcutta; Beth Shaw, Armstrong, Jedda; str. Nada, Thompson, Suez.—25. Lady Canning, Hodges, Calcutta.—27. Rescue, Theland, Calcutta; Indian, Irving, Rangoon.—29. Mail str. Orissa, Curling, Suez.

PASSENGERS DEPARTED.

Per str. Nada.—Mr. W. B. Johnston and son, Capt. Preston, Mrs. Preston and child, Dr. Ritchie, Lieut. Onslow, Hudson, Hilton, and Morland, Dr. Elliot, Mrs. Brooke and two children, Dr. and Mrs. Brake, Miss Brake, Mrs. Walker, Capt. Cousens, Capt. Therle.
Per P. and O. Co.'s str. Orissa.—From SUZ.—Capt. Mellie, Lieut. Finch. For MARSEILLES.—Lieut. Wise, Mr. D. Rose, For SOUTHAMPTON.—Surg.-maj. Seaman, Lieut. Hebbert, Mrs. Taylor, Mrs. Green and two children, Mrs. Nott, Mrs. Stewart, Mrs. Jones, Mr. S. Aslie, Mr. J. Hay, Mr. Scavener, Mr. Rowlands.

COMMERCIAL.

Bombay, Oct. 28, 1865.

EXCHANGES.

On London Banks—at	
6 months' sight, per rupee, 2s. 0½d.	
6 ditto ditto 2s. 0½d. to 9-16 Cred. Bills.	
6 ditto ditto 2s. 0½d. to 2 Docts.	

BANK AND OTHER SHARES

Agra Bank (Rs. 500)	112 pr. cent pm
Asiatic Bank	65
Bombay Bank (Rs. 1,000)	65 do.
Bank of India (Rs. 25)	36 pm.
Central Bank (Rs. 250)	120 do.
Chartered Bank of India, Australia, & China (Rs. 200)	60 do.
Commercial Bank (Rs. 500)	32
Joint-Stock Bank (Rs. 20)	83 do.
Mercantile Bank (Rs. 250)	110 do.
Oriental Bank Corporation (Rs. 250)	110 pm.
Royal Bank of India (Rs. 25)	28 do.
Madras Bank (Rs. 1,000)	80 do.
Apollo Press Co. (Rs. 11,000)	par
Colaba Press Co. (Rs. 2,700)	Rs. 6,000 p. sh.
Fort Press Co. (Rs. 3,667)	Rs. 14,500 p. sh.
Elphinstone Land and Press Co.:	
(A) share (Rs. 6,000)	3600 Rs. 650 pm.
(B) share (Rs. 6,000)	2500 dis.
Frere Press Co. (Rs. 250)	25 pm.
Victoria Land and Press Co. (Rs. 4,000)	2500 pm.
Bombay Press Co. (Rs. 1,200)	7 per cent. dis.
Great Indian Peninsular Railway Co. Consolidated Stock (Rs. 218-3-0)	Rs. 3,200 p. sh.
Hydraulic Press Co. (Rs. 4,000)	Rs. 500 prem.
Corla Spinning Co. (Rs. 5,000)	Rs. 90,0-9 pr. sh.
Bombay United Spinning and Weaving Co. (Rs. 2,500)	Rs. par
Colaba Land Co. (Rs. 10,000)	8,800 p. sh. pm.
Ronded Warehouse Co. (Rs. 400)	Rs. 150 prem.
Back Bay Reclamation Co. Rs. 5,000 paid-up	Rs. 100 prem.
Oriental Weaving and Spinning Company (Rs. 2,500)	Rs. 1,000 prem.
Royal Spinning and Weaving Co. (Rs. 1,500)	
Victoria Spinning Co. (Rs. 5,000)	

GOVERNMENT SECURITIES.

Four per Cent. Sica Rs. Trans. Loan	Rs. 91
" " Sica Rs. Loan 1852-53	" 91½
" " Co.'s Rs. Loan 1853-56	" 90½
" " " " 1854-55	" 104½
Five per Cent. Co.'s Rs. Loan	" 111
Five-and-a-Half per Cent.	" 7 do. dis.
Ditto, New £20 Shares (Rs. 87-4-1)	
Bombay, Baroda, and Central India Railway Co. (Rs. 1,000)	par.
Bombay Spinning & Weaving Co. (Rs. 5,000)	Rs. 600 prem.
Great Eastern Spinning and Weaving Company (Rs. 1,100)	Rs. 100 prem.
Manchester Petty's Spinning and Weaving Co. (Rs. 850)	Rs. 25 prem.
House and Land Investment Co. (Rs. 200)	Rs. 400
Bombay Shipping Co. (Rs. 1,500)	Rs. 3,000

PRICE OF BULLION, &c.

Sovereigns	each, Rs. 10
Bank of England Notes	" 10
Spanish Dollars	" 30
Carolin Dollars	" 290

FREIGHTS.

To Liverpool—Cotton, 11. 5s. : Seeds, 12s. 6d.	
To London—Cotton, 11. 12s. 6d. to 12 : Seeds, 2s. 6d. nom.	

CEYLON.

The *Colombo Observer* of the 17th October contains but little news of general interest.

There was a mistake made in the last statement of coffee exports for the year, which is now set right.

It will be seen (says our contemporary) that the coffee export of 1864-65 was not 876,000 cwts., but actually 884,000, or only 116,000 under the million. We sent away very nearly 610,000 cwts. of plantation, an increase of 91,000 over last season; and 274,000 cwts. native, or very nearly twice the export of that kind in last season. Of both kinds our export was 884,000, against 657,000, an increase of 226,000.

The deaths in rapid succession of Colonel Sim, Mr. Pennefather and now Mr. Murray, whose decease we record with great regret, has thrown a large amount of patronage into the hands of the Governor and the Secretary of State. The Governor has at once filled up the vacancy at Jaffna and made other minor permanent appointments which will be found duly noticed in our extracts from the *Gazette*. Major Skinner acts as auditor-general, and Mr. Noad continues to act as surveyor-general.

The first section of the Ceylon Railway was opened formally to the public on the 2nd inst., when the train to Ambepasse carried 84 passengers, 69 of whom were third class. The earnings for the day amounted to £31.



Official Gazette.

BENGAL.

BY THE GOVERNOR-GENERAL.

Sinla, Oct. 3.—No. 2,473.—Asst. surg. B. T. Suffrein assumed medical charge of the civil station of Prome, British Burmah, on Aug. 29, as a temp. arrangement.

Oct. 2.—No. 2,476.—S. St. J. Gordon, Esq., Bombay C.S., is nominated an additional member of the Council of the Gov. gen., for the purpose of making laws and regulations only.

Oct. 3.—No. 2,481.—The undermentioned officers in Oude are invested with the powers of a sub. mag. of 1st class:—

Mr. C. W. McMin, C.S., asst. comr., 3rd grade, Hurdul, offic. asst. settlement officer.

Mr. J. Woodburn, C.S., offic. asst. comr., Seetapore.

Oct. 6.—No. 2,536.—Mr. R. G. Hodson, dep. insp. of schools, Mysore, has 1 mo. priv. leave, from Oct. 1.

Sinla, Oct. 5.—No. 1,982.—Mr. E. S. Robertson, C.S., now attached to N.W.P., is app. to offic. as dep. comr. of Fyzabad in Oudh.

Oct. 6.—No. 1,993.—Surg. T. W. R. Amesbury, of the 1st Bengal cav., is app. to the med. charge of the polit. agency and civil estab. at Nowgong, in addition to his other duties.

Oct. 3.—No. 1,968.—Lieut. H. Spearman, asst. comr., 3rd grade, in British Burmah, has been granted priv. leave of absence from July 3 to Aug. 4, inclusive.

Oct. 4.—No. 1,971.—Mr. A. J. Lawrence, settl. officer of Bhundara, in the Central Provinces, has priv. leave for 3 mo. from 1st inst.

No. 1,973.—Mr. C. Lindsay, dep. comr. of Mohumdee in Oudh, returned to his duty on the forenoon of the 20th ult., from the leave granted him in G.O. No. 1,671, dated Aug. 14.

No. 1,975.—Asst. surg. T. Beaumont, M.D., in med. charge of the Indore Residency, has 12 days' leave from 7th ult., to Bombay, prep. to furl. to Eur. on m.c.

No. 1,977.—Lieut. E. Faunce, app. in G.O. No. 1,491, dated July 17, to be officg. asst. comr., 3rd class, in the Hyderabad Assigned Districts, assumed charge of his office at Oomrawattee on the afternoon of Aug. 29.

Oct. 5.—No. 1,979.—Capt. H. F. Newmarch, dep. comr. of Bhundara, is app. to offic. as settl. officer of that dist., in addition to his own duties, during the absence on leave of Mr. A. J. Lawrence.

Oct. 3.—No. 2,741.—Lieut. W. Vertue, asst. comr., Nagpore, in the Central Provinces, will carry on the duties of the Asst. to the dep. comr. of the Nagpore circle of issue of paper currency, during Mr. Sterndale's absence on leave.

Oct. 6.—No. 2,781.—Appointments.—Mr. R. P. Harrison to be comptroller gen. of accounts.

Mr. T. Peachey to be dep. comptroller gen. of accounts, but to continue in addition to discharge the duties of principal asst. secy. in the financial dept.

Sept. 29.—No. 346.—Mr. A. B. Gatherer, asst. engr., 3rd grade, public works dept., Mysore, is transf. from the Bangalore to the South Astagram div., with effect from Oct. 1.

Oct. 4.—No. 347.—Mr. S. J. Simpson, appd. an asst., 4th grade, on probation, is confirmed in that appt., with effect from April 3.

No. 348.—Mr. S. Wood, appd. in notification No. 343 of 26th ult. an asst. of the 4th grade, on probation, and posted to the Central Provs., is confirmed in that appt., with effect from Sept. 1.

Oct. 5.—No. 350.—Erratum.—In public works dept. notification No. 342, dated Sept. 25, transferring certain upper subordinates from the Punjab to Rajpootana, for Punjab read North-Western Provinces.

No. 351.—Mr. E. Haldwell, supervisor, 2nd grade, public works dept., Mysore, is allowed 1 mo. priv. leave, with effect from Oct. 1.

Oct. 2.—No. 897.—The following promotion is made, subject to H.M.'s approval:—

Late 3rd Eur. L.C.—Lieut. H. P. Peacock to be capt., from May 6, v. Capt. W. J. S. Richards, 21st hussars, dec.

No. 898.—Capt. R. O. H. Forbes, of the Bengal

staff corps, is allowed furl. in India on privat affairs for 2 years, from Oct. 15.

Oct. 3.—No. 900.—The Right Hon. the Gov. gen. in Council is pleased to confer the local and temp. rank of major gen. on Brig. gen. J. M. B. F. Tytler, C.B., while in command of the troops on the Eastern frontier, and during the continuance of operations against Bhootan, with effect from Nov. 1 next. Major gen. Tytler will be considered on the footing of an officer comdg. a division in the field.

Brig. gen. W. W. Turner, C.B., comdg. the Peshawur brig., is appd. 2nd in com. of the force serving under the orders of Major gen. Tytler, C.B.; and Lieut. col. T. Wright, who has just completed the prescribed period of service as asst. adjt. gen. of the Peshawur div., is nominated in the same capacity to the troops on the Eastern frontier, as long as they may constitute a divisional com.

Oct. 4.—No. 901.—The undermen. officer has reported his return from England:—Lieut. col. R. C. Wroughton, Bengal inf., dep. coms. gen. date of arrival at Fort William, Sept. 9.

No. 902.—The undermen. officer is perm. to proceed to Europe on leave of absence, on m.c.:—Surg. A. G. Creve, of the med. dept., in med. charge, 30th N.I., for 20 mo., under new regs.

No. 903.—The undermen. officer having completed 26 yrs. service, 8 of which were on permanent staff employ, to be lieut. col. from the date specified opposite to his name, under the Royal Warrant of Jan. 16, 1861, subject to H.M.'s approval:—

Bengal Staff Corps.—Maj. J. S. Davies, Sept. 18.

No. 904.—The undermen. officers having completed 20 yrs. service, 6 of which were on permanent staff employ, to be majors from the dates specified opposite to their respective names, under the Royal Warrant of Jan. 16, 1861, subject to H.M.'s approval:—

Bengal Staff Corps.—Captains E. K. O. Gilbert, and B. G. V. Gucht, Sept. 20.

No. 910.—H.E. the Gov. gen. in Council is pleased to notify for general information the foll. appt. in the Cachar mounted volunteers:—

2nd Troop.—Capt. T. J. Phillips, subject to his passing an examination in drill before the inspecting officer.

No. 911.—Capt. A. W. C. Read, of the 51st (King's Own) L.I., having been permitted to withdraw his application to be no longer considered a candidate for the staff corps, the G.O. No. 818, of Aug. 25, removing him from the appt. of wing officer of the 5th regt., Punjab inf., is cane., and he will continue in that situation.

No. 912.—Capt. A. W. C. Read, 51st (King's Own) L.I., wing officer, 5th Punjab inf., is admitted to the Bengal staff corps, subject to the approval of H.M.'s Secy. of State for India; date of admission, Aug. 3.

No. 914.—H.E. the Gov. gen. in Council is pleased to make the foll. appt.:—

Punjab Frontier Force—Corps of Guides.

Lieut. A. H. Davis, late 2nd Bombay Eur. regt., at present attached to the corps of guides, to be doing duty officer with the cavalry of that regt. on prob.

No. 915.—The undermen. surg. of the Bengal med. dept. is prom. to the rank of surg. maj., under the provs. of G.G.O. No. 507 of June 20, 1861, subject to H.M.'s approval:—

Surg. A. Fleming, M.D., from Sept. 20.

No. 916.—The following proms. are made, subject to H.M.'s approval:—

Bengal Staff Corps.—Maj. H. M. Garstin to be lieut. col., from June 13, v. Gen. J. Truscott, Bengal inf., dec.

Bengal Cav.—Capt. J. P. A. Theobald to be maj., from June 13, v. Gen. J. Truscott, Bengal inf., dec.

No. 917.—The following proms. are made, subject to H.M.'s approval:—

Cadre of the late 5th Eur. L.C.—Lieut. A. W. Capel to be capt., from July 11, v. Capt. S. Boul-derson, transf. to 18th foot; and Lieut. H. A. Shakespear to be capt., from July 18, v. Capt. H. C. Sitwell.

No. 918.—The undermen. officer is perm. to proceed to Eur. on leave on m.c.:—

Lieut. H. C. Fagan, of the Bengal staff corps, for 20 mo.

No. 919.—The following order, issued by the resident at Hyderabad, is confirmed:—

No. 133, dated Sept. 8.—Sanctioning exchange of appts. between Lieut. and Adj. H. F. H. Sewell, 4th inf., Hyderabad contin., and Lieut. and Adj. A. L. Playfair, 5th inf., Hyderabad contin.

Oct. 11.—No. 2,684.—Mr. P. J. Paul assumed medical charge of the station of Kyook Phyou, Arakan div., British Burmah, on Aug. 31 last.

No. 2,686.—Dr. J. H. Condon, civil asst. surg., Gonda, and superint. of the Gonda Jail, assumed charge of his office on 25th ult.

No. 2,688.—One mo. priv. leave is granted to Rev. J. E. Tandy, chaplain of Lucknow cantonment. No. 2,692.—Mr. H. W. Bowen, asst. district supt. of police, Oomrawuttee district in Hyderabad, returned to duty on Aug. 30.

No. 2,698.—Dr. J. H. Condon, superint. of the Gonda div. jail, is invested with the powers of a mag., to be exercised within the precincts of the jail under his charge.

No. 2,700.—Mr. R. F. Stack, solicitor to Govt., availed himself on 29th ult. of priv. leave granted to him on 18th idem.

Oct. 12.—No. 2,757.—Under the rules applicable to military officers in civil employ, Lieut. R. Stainforth, district superint. of police, Durriabad, Oude, has 3 mo. priv. leave.

Mr. H. A. F. Smith, offic. asst. district superint. of police, Fyzabad, will offic. for Lieut. Stainforth during his absence.

No. 2,759.—Lieut. Stainforth availed himself of his leave on 26th ult.

No. 2,761.—Mr. J. Garrett, director of public instruction in Mysore, returned from priv. leave and resumed charge of his duties on Sept. 20.

No. 2,763.—Capt. H. Lewis, master attendant, Rangoon, returned from priv. leave and resumed charge of his office on Sept. 25.

Oct. 10.—No. 2,011.—Surg. A. V. Ward, Bombay medical estab., is app. temp. to medical charge of the Indore Residency during the absence on leave of Asst. surg. T. Beaumont, M.D.

Oct. 7.—No. 2,002.—Capt. C. J. Pearse, offic. dep. superint. of the Bangalore district, has priv. leave for 2 mo. from 1st inst., or from date he may avail himself of same.

No. 2,004.—Capt. T. Cadell, v.c., dep. Bheel agent and political asst. at Manpore, availed himself on 7th ult. of leave granted him in G.O. No. 1,845, dated Sept. 11, making over charge of the current duties of his office to Lieut. G. F. Blowers, adjt. of Malwa Bheel corps, on same date.

No. 2,006.—Lieut. A. H. Eckford, asst. comsgr. of Sultanpore, Oude, has further extension of leave to Oct. 15, m.c.

Oct. 10.—No. 2,021.—Major H. M. Elliott, 1st class dep. superint. of the Shimoga district, Mysore, resumed charge of his office from Major J. J. Hamilton on Sept. 15.

No. 2,023.—Major J. Stubbs, offic. 1st asst. to Resident at Hyderabad, returned to his duty on 9th ult. from priv. leave granted in G.O. No. 1,837, dated Sept. 9.

No. 2,025.—Capt. E. Thompson, dep. comr. and settlement officer of Setapora, returned to his duty on 24th ult., from the priv. leave granted him in G.O. No. 1,538, dated July 22.

Oct. 12.—No. 2,038.—Mr. W. H. Kerr is reappd. to the office of supt. of Coorg from the date of the expiration of the leave granted him in G.O. No. 582, dated March 13.

Oct. 13.—No. 2,915.—Mr. J. C. Harrison, asst. to the dept. comr. of the Allahabad circle of issue of paper currency, has obtained 3 mo. priv. leave.

Oct. 6.—No. 354.—Messrs. J. W. Fordham and W. Hoggan, acctns., 2nd and 3rd grades respectively, are transf. from the N.W.P. to the Rajpootana office of account, with effect from May 1.

Mr. C. Ashton is appd. an acct., 4th grade, on probation, and posted to the Rajpootana office of account, with effect from the same date.

Oct. 10.—No. 355.—The underment. passed students of the Thomason Civil Engineering College are app. to the engr. estab. of the public works dept., in the grade of engr. apprentice, with effect from Sept. 1, and posted as follows:—

Messrs. G. W. Dodsworth and W. H. Johnson, to the Punjab.

Messrs. F. Rose and H. L. Monk, to the Central Provs.

Oct. 11.—No. 357.—Lieut. E. L. Marryat, R.E., asst. engr., 1st grade, public works dept., Central Provs., is perm. to resign his appt. in the dept., and his services are placed at the disposal of the Govt. of Bombay.

No. 359.—Mr. W. T. Maclean is app., as a temp. arrangement, to be an accountant of the 3rd grade, and posted to the office of the acct. gen., public works dept., with effect from Sept. 19.

Oct. 12.—No. 360.—Mr. E. Hyde, exec. engr., 4th grade, is transf. from British Burmah to Bengal.

No. 361.—Mr. J. T. Robinson, acct., 1st grade, Bengal, temp. att. to the office of the acct. gen., public works dept., will have the temp. rank of dep. contrl. while employed on special duty at Bombay.

No. 362.—Mr. D. A. Gantzer, acct., 1st grade, Bengal, at present offic. as dep. contrl. in Hyderabad, is transf. in the latter capacity, to the office of the acct. gen., public works dept., as a temp. arrangement, for special duty at Bombay.

Oct. 10.—No. 25f.—Mr. H. Leeds, offic. conservator of forests, British Burmah, availed himself of the priv. leave granted him in notification No. 22f., dated Sept. 16, on the 18th idem.

No. 920.—Capt. (brev. maj.) J. G. Hathorn, R.A., 2nd class comy. of ordnance, asst. to the insp. gen. of ordnance, is allowed leave of absence for 12 mo., from 2nd inst., to visit Darjeeling on m.c., under the new regltns.

No. 921.—The undermntd. officer is perm. to proceed to Eur. on leave of absence on m.c.:—

Maj. R. F. Webster, of the late 3rd Eurp. regt., for 20 mo., under the old regltns.

No. 922.—The undermntd. officer is perm. to proceed to Eur. on leave of absence on m.c.:—

Lieut. H. E. Eliot, of the gen. list inf., for 12 mo., under the new regltns.

No. 924.—The underment. officer is permitted to proceed to Europe on leave on m.c.:—

Lieut. C. J. Durand, of the late 14th regt. N.I., for 20 mo., under the new regs.

No. 927.—To proc. to Eur. on leave of abs. on m.c.:—

Capt. (brevet major) G. D'Aguilar, of the late 4th regt. N.I., 2nd in command and wing officer 21st regt. (Punjab) N.I., for 20 mo., under the new regs.

PASSAGE MONEY.

No. 928.—The Right Hon. the Gov. gen. in Council is pleased to direct that G.O.'s by the Gov. gen., No. 185 of 1840, and No. 143, dated May 3, 1844, be cancelled, and that hereafter passage money be passed to officers proceeding to Europe who may be entitled thereto, on a copy of the authority permitting them to go, and a certificate by the commander, agent, or owner of the vessel that the officer has engaged a passage.

Oct. 11.—No. 929.—The serv. of Lieut. R. F. St. A. St. John, of H.M.'s 3rd batt. 60th royal rifles, a candidate for the staff corps, are placed at the disp. of the foreign dept., with effect from Sept. 12 last.

No. 930.—With reference to G.G.O. No. 900 of 1865, H.E. the Gov. gen. in Council is pleased to re-appoint Col. H. F. Dunsford, c.b., comdnt. 28th (Punjab) regt. N.I., to the brigade staff of the army, temp., with the rank of brig. gen., from the 1st prox.

No. 931.—H.E. the Gov. gen. in Council is pleased to make the following appt.:—

Major gen. I. Welchman, c.b., Bengal inf., to the div. staff of the army, in succ. to Major gen. St. G. D. Showers, c.b., dec.

SUBALTERN EXAMINATIONS.

Oct. 12.—No. 933.—In partial modification of G.O. No. 847 of Sept. 8, the Right Hon. the Gov. gen. in Council is pleased to sanction the appt. of subalterns of H.M.'s British and Indian forces, who have only passed the first standard in Hindoostani, but who are in other respects qualified to the post of second doing-duty officer in regiments of native cavalry and infantry, on probation, provided that there are not sufficient officers available who have passed by the second standard or by the P. H. Examination.

Such officers will not receive any staff pay until they pass in the second standard, but from date of so passing they will be entitled to the usual allowances. They will, however, from date of joining, if belonging to the infantry, be allowed Rs. 30 per mensem for one horse when attached to infantry, and Rs. 60 for two horses if attached to cavalry.

Failing to pass by the second standard within one year from date of appointment, they will cease to be borne as second doing-duty officers, and if belonging to the British service will rejoin their regiments.

This order in no way interferes with the other provisions of the G.G.O. No. 847, by which no officer of a British corps can be appointed to a native regiment who is not a candidate for the Staff Corps, and by which certain qualifications are required prior to appointment on probation, as well as at the termination of the year allowed for probation.

This order is applicable to the three Presidencies.

PAID DOING-DUTY OFFICERS.

No. 934.—With reference to G.G.O. No. 847 of Sept. 8, the Right Hon. the Governor Gen. in Council is pleased to direct that, in special cases and as a temp. measure, where other employment is not available

for them, capt. of the staff corps or Indian forces (if duly qualified in the native languages) may be nominated to the post of paid doing-duty officers with regts. of native cav. and inf.

This order is applicable to the three Presidencies.

No. 935.—The services of Lieut. F. Firebrace, R.E., are placed at the disposal of the pub. works dept.

No. 937.—Maj. O. Wilkinson, of the late 4th Europ. light cav., officg. sub asst. stud. dept., is perm., at his own request, to resign his appt. in the stud. dept., and his services are accordingly placed at the disposal of H.E. the C. in C.

Oct. 13.—No. 938.—The undermntd. officers have reported their return from England:—

Lieut. (brev. capt.) W. E. R. Roberts, late 54th regt. N.I.

Lieut. J. Johnstone, late 68th regt., N.I.

Lieut. F. W. Macmullen, gen. list, cav., date of arrival at Fort William, Sept. 29.

No. 939.—The foll. order, issued by the Govt. of Bombay, is confirmed:—

No. 484, dated Sept. 15, granting leave to Eur. on m.c. to Lieut. H. W. Clarke, roy. (Bengal) engs., asst. engr., 2nd class dept. public works, for 20 mo., under the new regs.

No. 940.—The underment. officer is permitted to proceed to Europe on leave on m.c.:—

Lieut. P. H. M. Wynter, of the late 32nd regt. N.I., qmrm. 18th regt. N.I., for 15 mo., under new regs.

No. 941.—H.E. the Gov. Gen. in Council is pleased to make the foll. temp. appts.:—

Army Comstr. Dept.—Lieut. T. N. Walker, wing officer, 13th regt. N.I., and Lieut. W. R. Bunbury, doing duty officer, 2nd regt. N.I., to officiate as sub-asst. comsrs. gen. of the 2nd class.

No. 942.—H.E. the Gov. gen. in Council is pleased to make the following appt.:—

Punjab Frontier Force.—Lieut. E. C. Codrington, wing officer, 5th Goorkha regt., to offic. as staff officer of the force during the period Lieut. Mackenzie may be employed on special service in Bhootan.

BY THE LIEUT. GOVERNOR.

Sept. 23.—No. 5,498.—The following asst. supnta. of police to offic. temp., as dist. supnts. in the districts mentioned against their names, viz.:—

Mr. A. C. Bolst in Durrung.

Mr. W. W. Daly in Sylhet.

Mr. H. Dawson officd. as dist. supnt. of police in Purneah from March 13 to July 15 last.

Mr. R. S. O'Connor, asst. supnt. of police, is transf. from Gya to Cachar.

Mr. A. Hope to offic. as civil and sessions judge of Sarun.

Mr. J. S. Drummond to offic. as mag. and coll. of Gya.

Mr. H. F. J. Kean to offic. as joint mag. and dep. coll. of Gya.

Mr. T. W. Gribble to have charge of the sub div. of Sasseram, to exercise the powers of a sub mag. of the 1st class, and the powers of a dep. coll., in Shahabad.

Oct. 3.—Mr. F. Grant, dep. mag. and dep. coll. of Nattore, is transf. to the Western Doors of Bhootan, and is vested with the powers of a sub mag. of the 1st class, in those Doors.

Mr. Grant will make over charge of his office to the mag. of Rajshahye.

Oct. 10.—Lieut. G. B. Johnstone is prom. to the 3rd grade of dist. supnts. of police, with effect from 21st ult. His name will stand in the list above that of Lieut. F. H. Conolly.

Mr. R. S. O'Connor to be a dist. supnt. of police of the 5th grade.

Aug. 30.—Leave of Absence.—Mr. T. F. W. Smith, officg. joint mag. and dep. coll. of Mymensing, for 1 mo., from 11th inst., under sec. 6 of the covenanted service absentee rules.

Sept. 23.—Mr. H. M. Weatherall, dist. supnt. of police of Purneah, for 6 mo.

Oct. 9.—No. 329.—Transfer.—Mr. J. O'Flaherty, local asst. engr., 3rd grade, from the Hidgellie to the Balasore div.

Oct. 10.—No. 330.—Mr. A. G. Crommelin, officg. superintg. engr., assumed charge of the Cuttack circle on the 25th ult., afternoon.

No. 331.—The following order issued by the Government of India, public works dept., is re published for information:—

Sept. 20.—No. 334.—Lieut. J. A. Armstrong, R.E., asst. engr., 2nd grade, public works dept., Bengal, is transf. to the Punjab.

No. 332.—Posting.—Capt. J. L. Watts, R.E., exec. engr., 3rd grade, officg. exec. engr., Presidency div., is permanently posted to that div.

No. 333.—Capt. W. R. Tucker, R.E., exec. engr., 2nd grade, offic. exec. engr., Berhampore div., to offic. as exec. engr., Presidency div., during the absence of Capt. Watts, R.E., on service in Bhootan, or until further orders.

Camp Cherra Poonjee, Aug. 28.—Mr. R. Falcon, extra asst. comr., received charge of the Treasury of Zillah Durrung from Capt. T. Lamb, dep. comr., Aug. 21, and he has been authorised to draw bills on all public Treasuries.

Sept. 18.—No. 5,756.—Mr. G. Smith, asst. comsr. of Pakour, is temporarily vested with the powers of a magistrate in the district of Rajmehal.

Sept. 23.—Appointments:—

Capt. Hedayut Ali is relieved of his duties as asst. comsr. in the Western Doonars, and is app., in addition to his present duties as comdt. of the Cooch Behar forces, to be an asst. to the comsr. of Cooch Behar and to the chief political officer for Bhootan, and an hon. magistrate throughout the Bhootan Doonars.

Mr. W. W. Farquharson to be an hon. magistrate in Beerbhoom, and to exercise the powers of a subord. magistrate 2nd class in that district.

Mr. R. Pereira to be uncov. assistant to the comsr. of Chittagong.

Oct. 9.—Mr. S. C. Bayley to officiate as secretary to the Government of Bengal during absence on leave of Hon. A. Eden.

Mr. J. Geoghegan to be under secretary, but to officiate as junior secretary to the Government of Bengal.

Oct. 10.—Mr. E. J. Barton, asst. mag. and coll., to have charge of the sub div. of Khoordah, and to exercise the powers of a subord. mag. 1st class and powers of a dep. coll. in Pooree.

Oct. 11.—Mr. W. C. Madge to officiate as a dep. mag. and a dep. coll. in the Chittagong div., to be posted to Chittagong, and to exercise the powers of a subord. mag. 2nd class in any or all the districts of that division.

Mr. O. S. Stack to be district superint. of police in Rajshahye.

Mr. W. H. Thompson, asst. to the mag. and coll. of Mymensing, is transferred to Backergunge, and is vested with the powers of a subord. mag. 2nd class in that district.

Rev. R. Henderson to be senior chaplain of St. Andrew's Church, Calcutta, with effect from the date of the Rev. Dr. Herdman's departure from India.

Rev. J. M. Thomson to be junior chaplain of St. Andrew's Church, Calcutta, from the 1st inst.

Oct. 12.—Major E. W. E. Howard to offic. as cantonment mag. of Dum-Dum, during the absence, on leave, of Major Wintle. Major Howard is vested with the powers of a mag.

Mr. R. B. Smart, revenue surveyor, first div., Lower Provinces, is vested with the powers of a dep. coll. in Lower Assam.

Lieut. W. L. N. Knyvett to be a member of the local committee of public instruction at Maldah.

Dr. J. Meredith to be secy. to the local committee of public instruction at Pooree.

Oct. 13.—Mr. P. H. Scanlan, hon. mag. of Kurlong, is vested with the powers of a sub. mag. of the 1st class, in Darjeeling.

Sept. 11.—Leave of absence:—

Rev. Dr. Mazuchelli, chaplain of Kidderpore, for 18 mo., under Section V., Clause b. of the Furlough and Absentee Rules for Chaplains.

Oct. 9.—Mr. G. Bright, judge of Dacca, for 1 mo.

Oct. 10.—Mr. J. F. Brown, supt. of survey, 2nd div., for 3 mo., from the 15th inst., or any other date on which he may avail himself of the leave.

Oct. 12.—Hon. A. Eden, secy. to the Govt. of Bengal, for 2 mo., from 9th inst.

Oct. 14.—Rev. J. Wenger, offic. Bengalee translator to Govt., from the 16th to the end of the current month.

Oct. 16.—Mr. H. Beverley, offic. under secy. to the Govt. of Bengal, for 1 mo.

Sept. 23.—The appointment of Mr. A. R. Thompson to be civil and session judge of Nuddea will have effect from Aug. 1 last.

Oct. 13.—The leave granted to Mr. C. F. Wintle, sub dep. opium agent of the Gorruckpore div., under orders of Aug. 26 last, is canc. at his own request.

Oct. 10.—No. 334.—Mr. G. W. Vivian, exec. engr., 3rd grade, Nizamut dept., Moorsshedabad, is placed in temp. charge of the Berhampore div., in addition to his present duties.

No. 336.—Lieut. G. S. Hills, R.E., tempy. exec. engr., 4th grade, Schillong div., to offic. as exec. engr., Lower Assam div. Lieut. Hills will also retain charge of the Schillong div. until relieved.

No. 837.—Mr. J. O'Flaherty, jun., local asst. engr., 3rd grade, attached to the Balasore div., is promoted to the 2nd grade from the 14th ult., the date on which he passed the prescribed examination.

Oct. 11.—No. 338.—Lieut. J. H. Smith, R.E., asst. engr., 2nd grade, attached to the Assam circle, is posted to the Upper Assam div.

Oct. 14.—No. 340.—Mr. H. Adams, accountant, 4th grade, attached to the central office of account, Bengal, is permitted to resign his appt. with effect from July 20, 1865.

Oct. 17.—No. 344.—Mr. T. W. Armstrong, supering. engr., 2nd class, 1st grade, Cuttack circle, reported his departure on m.c. to Europe on the 10th inst.

No. 345.—Capt. F. S. Stanton, R.E., apptd. to act as suptdg. engr. of the 2nd class, 2nd grade, is posted to the south-eastern circle.

Capt. Stanton assumed charge of the south-eastern circle on the 13th inst.

No. 346.—Leave:—

Mr. T. Martin, exec. engr., 2nd grade, Lower Assam div., for 1 yr. and 6 mo., on m.c., under sections 11 and 20, rule I., of the revised uncovenanted service absentee regs., to proceed to Europe.

Mr. Martin has prep. leave from 4th inst. to date of departure of second mail steamer of this month.

Court Martial.

ASSISTANT-SURGEON J. D. SAINTER,
ROYAL ARTILLERY.

Head Quarters, Simla, Sept. 23.—At a general court martial assembled at Hazareebagh, on Friday, July 14, 1865, Assistant surgeon James Dow Sainter, of the royal artillery, was arraigned on the following charge:—

Charge.—For gross neglect of duty, to the prejudice of good order and military discipline, in the following instances:—

1st Instance.—For having, when in medical charge of G battery, 16th brigade, royal artillery, on the line of march from "Ghyretty Ghat" to "Hazareebagh," failed to admit into hospital, for medical treatment, the late Bombardier James Mitchell, of the said battery, until Jan. 7, 1865, at Camp Frajafetta, and then only after the urgent remonstrance of the officer commanding the battery, notwithstanding that the said deceased bombardier had been for many days previously, that is from about Dec. 27, 1864, in a state which required his admission into hospital, and had during the said period frequently gone to hospital for medical aid, and had on Jan. 3, 1865, been twice sent to hospital with formal sick reports.

2nd Instance.—For having, while holding the aforesaid medical charge, failed to admit into hospital for medical treatment Gunner David McBirnie, of G Battery, until the forenoon of the 7th Jan., 1865, and then only on the urgent remonstrance of the officer commanding the battery, although on the preceding day the said Gunner had been twice taken to hospital, and again early on the morning of the 7th January, 1865, in a state of ill-health requiring his admission into hospital.

Finding.—The court is of opinion that the prisoner, Assistant-Surgeon James Dow Sainter, of the Royal Artillery, is not guilty of the charge preferred against him, and does acquit him thereof.

(Signed) J. CORNICK, Colonel, President.

Hazareebagh, 24th July, 1865.

Revised Finding.—The Court, having maturely weighed the arguments of H.E. the Commander-in-Chief contained in the foregoing letter, finds that the prisoner, Assistant-Surgeon James Dow Sainter, of the Royal Artillery, is, as regards the 1st instance of the charge, guilty; the 2nd instance of the charge, not guilty; the preamble of the charge, guilty, with the exception of the word "Gross," of which, and of the 2nd instance of the charge, he is acquitted.

Sentence.—The Court now sentences the prisoner, Assistant-Surgeon James Dow Sainter, of the Royal Artillery, to be severely reprimanded in such manner as the Commander-in-Chief may please to direct.

Hazareebagh, 21st August, 1865.

APPROVED AND CONFIRMED.

(Signed) W. R. MASSFIELD, General.

Head Quarters, Simla, 8th September, 1865.

MADRAS.

BY THE GOVERNOR IN COUNCIL.

Fort St. George, Oct. 5.—The app. of Capt. H. L. Grove, Madras staff corps, to be asst. to the coll. and mag. of Vizagapatam, provisionally made by this Govt. July 11 last, has been confirmed.

Oct. 6.—Lieut. W. H. St. A. Wilton, acting asst. superint. of police, 1st class, Ganjam, to institute prosecutions under Sec. 81 of Act XIII. of 1864, for offences committed in that district.

Oct. 4.—Mr. W. Nisbet has been perm. to resign the Madras C.S. from Aug. 24, and has been granted an invalid pension of £250 per annum, from that date, under the terms of the despatch from the Right Hon. the Sec. of State for India, dated Nov. 25, 1862, No. 193.

Bombay Castle, Sept. 27.—Mr. H. J. Stokes, supernum. 3rd asst. to coll. and mag. of Belgaum, is invested with the powers of a sub. mag., 1st class, in that district.

Fort St. George, Oct. 6.—No. 357.—The Gov. in Council is pleased to make the following promotions, subject to H.M.'s approval:—

13th Regt. N.I.—Sen. Capt. (Brev. major) C. W. Taylor to be major, and Lieut. B. F. Heysham (capt. in staff corps), to have the position of capt., v. Brooking, ret. Date of commission, May 29.

Oct. 3.—The offic. superint. revenue survey has granted to Mr. Webb, head surveyor of Cuddapah survey party, leave of absence for 15 days.

Sept. 29.—The superint. engr., 3rd division, has granted Major Palmer, exec. engr. of the Cuddapah district, 20 days priv. leave, from 25th inst.

The superint. engr., 3rd division, has granted Mr. Supervisor Bruce, of the Kurnoo district, 6 mo. leave, from 24th inst.

Oct. 17.—The underment. gentlemen have obtained leave of absence:—

Mr. E. G. R. Fane, coll. and mag. of the Madras dist., priv. leave for 1 mo., from Nov. 1.

Lieut. col. W. J. Wilson, comr. of police, Madras, priv. leave for 3 mo., from the 19th inst.

Oct. 13.—Appts:—

Asst. surg. E. McL. Ross, to act as residency surg. of Trevancore, during the employ. of Mr. Whitton on other duty, or until further orders.

Oct. 17.—The appts. of Messrs. Foord, Kindersley, Blair, Barlow, and Burnell, notified in the Gazette of the 13th inst., are to take effect from the 28th inst.

Major J. H. M. S. Stewart, R.E., to have charge of the office of the consulting engr. for railways, during the employ. of Lieut. col. Anderson on special duty, without prejudice to his appt. of Under Secy. to Govt., in the public works dept.

Asst. surg. F. O. B. Wither, acting civil surg. of Guntoor, assumed charge of the jail at that station on the afternoon of 13th ult.

The services of Asst. surg. H. King, M.N., zillah surg. and supt. of jail at Mangalore, are temp. placed at the disposal of H.E. the C. in C., for regtl. duty.

Under sect. 82 of Act XIII. of 1864, the Gov. in Council is pleased to authorise Mr. W. D. Horsley, joint mag. of Cuddapah dist., to perform the duties and exercise the powers which, by the aforesaid Act, are assigned to and conferred on the "mag. of the district."

No. 371.—Appts:—

Major C. W. S. Young, staff corps, dep. asst. comsy. gen., 1st class, to act as asst. comsy. gen. 2nd class, during the absence on leave to Europe, of Capt. G. A. Walker, asst. comsy. gen., 2nd class, or until further orders.

Capt. H. P. Hawkes, staff corps, dept. asst. commissary gen., 2nd class, to act as dep. asst. comsy. gen., 1st class, during the absence on leave to Eur. of Capt. G. A. Walker, asst. comsy. gen., 2nd class, or until further orders.

Capt. G. J. D. Heath, staff corps, sub. asst. commissary gen., 1st class, to act as dep. asst. comsy. gen., 2nd class, during the absence on leave to Eur. of Capt. G. A. Walker, asst. comsy. gen., 2nd class, or until further orders.

Returned to his Duty.—Capt. T. S. Hawks, staff corps, arrived at Madras Oct. 16.

Asst. surg. S. J. Wyndowe, M.D., chemical examiner, and prof. of chemistry, med. college, is to be considered as having been absent on gen. leave, from Sept. 3 to Sept. 15, inclusive.

Oct. 20.—Appointment:—

Conductor W. F. Bateman, supervisor, 1st grade, to act as sub engr., 3rd grade, during the abs. of Dep. comsy. P. Curley, or until further orders.

Under the provs. of sec. 81 of Act XIII. of 1864, the Gov. in Council is pleased to appt. the undermen. officers to institute prosecutions under the said Act for offences committed within their respective districts:—

Lieut. H. W. H. Cox, acting superint. of police, Cuddapah.

Capt. (brevet major) C. E. Bates, prob. superint. of police, Trichinopoly.

Lieut. A. J. F. Gordon, superint. of police, Madura.

Lieut. C. Gordon, acting asst. superint. of police, 1st class, Vizagapatam.

Lieut. W. H. Hoskins, acting superint. of police, Krishna.

Lieut. R. G. Jenkins, acting superint. of police, South Canara.

Lieut. H. S. Court, acting asst. superint. of police, 1st class, North Arcot.

J. Kelsall, Esq., C.S., acting asst. superint. of police, 1st class, Bellary.

With reference to order dated 17th inst., granting 3 mo. priv. leave to Lieut. col. Wilson, coms. of police, Capt. C. S. Hearn will continue to conduct the duties of the coms. office during Col. Wilson's abs., or till further orders.

Maj. J. H. M. Shaw Stewart, roy. engrs., assumed charge of the office of consulting engr. for railways on the 19th inst.

Mr. H. M. Elliot, indexer, Govt. office, public works dept., has cumulative priv. leave from 21st inst. to 30th prox., under the financial resolution of Govt. of India, No. 3,478, dated July 31, 1863.

Oct. 20.—No. 373.—The Gov. in Council is pleased to make the following proms., subject to H.M.'s approval:—

2nd Regiment N.I.

Senior Major A. Wyndham, lieut. col. in the staff corps, to have the position of lieut. col.; Capt. S. Mainwaring, lieut. col. in staff corps, to have the position of major; and Lieut. (brevet capt.) A. H. M. Dickey, to be capt., in succession to Dale, 28th N.I., dec.; dates of commissions, Oct. 12 last.

1st Regiment N.I.

Senior Major W. F. Eden, lieut. col. in staff corps, to have the position of lieut. col.; Capt. (brevet major) A. L. Rishton, to be major; and Lieut. E. D. Gompertz, capt. in staff corps, to have the position of capt., in succession to Wyndham, removed from the list of regtl. lieut. cols.; dates of commissions, Oct. 12 last.

16th Regiment N.I.

Senior Major (brevet lieut. col.) H. E. Walpole, to be lieut. col.; Capt. (brevet lieut. col.) J. Daniel, to be major; and Lieut. S. Galbraith, capt. in staff corps, to have the position of capt., in succession to Eden, removed from the list of regtl. lieut. cols.; dates of commissions, Oct. 12 last.

The undermentioned officers are perm. to proc. to Eur. —

Major (brevet lieut. col.) M. C. Spottiswoode, 24th regt. N.I., on m.c. for 20 mo., under the furl. reg. of 1854, and to embark from Madras.

Capt. G. W. Cox, cadre 45th regt. N.I., doing duty with the 34th regt. L.I., on m.c. for 20 mo., under the furl. reg. of 1854, and to embark from Singapore.

The undermentioned non-commissioned officer is transf. to the non-effective estab., on the superior pension authorised to sergeants in G.O.G., March 20, 1820, subject to the confirmation of the Right Hon. the Sec. of State for India:—

Staff Brigade Sergeant C. Wilkinson, local serv., No. 5,699, H.M.'s Madras art.; pension payable in England.

MEMO.—The date of return to duty of Capt. T. S. Hawke, staff corps, is Oct. 14, and not the 16th, as notified in G.O.G., 17th idem., No. 371.

Oct. 18.—The Board of Revenue have granted 1 mo. priv. leave to Mr. F. R. H. Sharp, acting head asst. coll. of Kurnool.

The Account. Gen. has granted priv. leave for 3 mo. to Mr. H. A. Moraes, unconvananted asst., head of the budget and finance dept.

DISBURSEMENT OF CIVIL CHARGES.

On and after the 1st prox. the system of disbursing civil charges as recommended by the English Commissioners, and adopted by the Government of India, will be introduced at this Presidency.

BOMBAY.

BY THE GOVERNOR IN COUNCIL.

Bombay Castle, Oct. 16.—No. 530.—Dep. insp. gen. of hospitals D. Ritchie, M.D., is allowed a furl. to Europe on m.c., for 6 mo.

Oct. 17.—No. 531.—Lieut. E. R. Goode, cadre H.M.'s 16th regt. N.I., attached to H.M.'s 26th regt. N.I., is allowed a furl. to Europe for 18 mo., on m.c.

No. 532.—Asst. surg. J. Brake, M.D., of the Bengal med. estab., supnt. of vaccination in the Central Provs., is allowed a furl. to Europe for 18 mo., on m.c.

Oct. 18.—No. 533.—Lieut. H. C. Onslow, Madras staff corps, offic. adjt. 4th cav., Hyderabad contingent, is allowed a furl. to Europe for 20 mo., on m.c.

No. 534.—In supersession of the pay laid down in article 347, page 210, appendix 3, of Jameson's Code, for Quartermasters to Wings of Regiments of British Cavalry and Infantry, the staff pay of acting qrms. and payms. of wings of regts. when separated from headqrs., whether stationary or marching, is fixed at Rs. 3 per diem with retrospective effect in favour of present incumbents of the combined appts., from the dates of their appts.

No. 535.—The following proms. are made, subject to H.M.'s approval:—

Cadre 29th Regt. N.I.—Capt. (brev. major) T. T. Piers to be major, and Lieut. (capt. in staff corps) A. Wardrop to have the position of capt. from Oct. 8, v. Edgerley dec.

No. 536.—With reference to G.O.O. No. 166, dated March 23, 1863, the name of the underment. officer, who retired from the service under the Annuity Scheme of 1861, is removed from the list of regtl. lieut. cols. of inf.:—

Lieut. col. (major gen., retired list) N. P. MacDougall, died June 10.

Oct. 18.—Lieut. col. L. Pelly, political resident in the Persian Gulf, resumed charge of the duties of his appt. on the 14th inst., on return from leave to Europe.

Oct. 17.—Mr. G. Ayerst, supernumerary asst. to the coll. and mag. of Tanna, is invested with the powers of a sub mag. of 1st class, Tanna district, and with power to commit cases to the Sessions Court.

Oct. 18.—Mr. J. W. Orr, clerk and sealer to the Court for the Relief of Insolvent Debtors at Bombay, returned to Bombay from the extended leave of absence granted to him, as published in Govt. notification of July 6, and resumed his duties on 14th inst.

Oct. 17.—Lieut. C. E. Fisher, asst. superint. of bazaars at Poona, to be deputy settlement officer, Left Bank Survey in Sind.

Oct. 16.—Messrs. T. Cotgrave and H. Cameron have passed the prescribed examination in Hindoostanee according to the first standard.

Oct. 13.—Mr. W. J. Jeaffreson, Principal of the Elphinstone High School, has 1 year's furl. to Eur., on m.c.

Oct. 18.—H.E. the Gov. in Council has been pleased to direct that the head quarters of the office of the director of public instruction be transf. to Poona.

Lieut. H. Morland, dock master, has 6 mo. leave to England.

Oct. 20.—No. 539.—Capt. S. Cousens, 21st regt. N.I., or marine batt., is allowed a furl. to Eur. for 3 years, on private affairs, from Sept. 15, under the old furl. regtlus.

Oct. 23.—No. 540.—Maj. T. Ross is app. cantont. mag. at Sholapoor, and will assume the duties when relieved of his present duties by Lieut. col. Sandwith from furl.

Oct. 24.—No. 541.—Capt. G. Napier, comy. of ordnance at Aden, is granted 30 days' leave, on private affairs, in ext. of 2 mo. priv. leave granted him.

No. 542.—Lieut. C. E. Fisher, staff corps, has been app. dep. settl. officer, left bank survey, Sind.

No. 543.—The following arrangements in the commissariat dept. are made, to have effect from June 24, the date of Capt. L'Estrange's departure for England:—

Capt. R. T. Clarke, acting dep. asst. comnr. gen. 2nd class, to be acting dep. asst. comy. gen. 1st class, during the absence of Lieut. col. Dunsterville, v. Keays, prom.

Lieut. J. B. Fenwick, sub asst. comy. gen. 1st class, to be acting dep. asst. comy. gen. 2nd class, until Maj. Thacker joins the dept.

Maj. Berthon, sub asst. comy. gen. 2nd class, to be acting sub asst. comy. gen. 1st class, v. Fenwick, prom.

Capt. Bolton, supery. sub asst. comy. gen., to be acting sub asst. comy. gen. 2nd class, v. Berthon, prom.

No. 544.—The following arrangements are made in the commissariat dept., to have effect from the 13th inst., viz.:—

Capt. Mignon, dep. asst. comy. gen. 2nd class, to be acting dep. asst. comy. gen. 1st class, v. Keays, prom., during the absence of Lieut. col. Dunsterville.

Capt. R. T. Clarke, acting dep. asst. comy. gen. 1st class, to revert to the grade of acting dep. asst. comy. gen. 2nd class.

Capt. J. B. Fenwick, acting dep. asst. comy. gen. 2nd class, to revert to the grade of sub asst. comy. gen. 1st class.

Maj. Berthon, acting sub asst. comy. gen. 1st class, to revert to the grade of sub asst. comy. gen. 2nd class.

Lieut. J. S. D. Bolton, sub asst. comy. gen. 2nd class, to revert to the grade of supery. sub asst. comy. gen.

Oct. 25.—No. 545.—Mr. R. G. Betham, late examiner marine dept., is app. pension paymaster, Poona div., from the date on which under the orders of Govt. he took charge of that office from Maj. Reynolds, and he will hereafter exchange offices with Capt. Bourdillon, the pension paymaster at Dapoolie, at such time and in such manner as the controller of military accounts may direct.

No. 550.—Surg. R. Millar has been app. to act as civil surgeon at Poona.

No. 551.—Capt. T. E. Britten, staff corps, has been app. to act as superint. of pensioners, Chalisgaum.

No. 552.—The following officer, having applied for admission to the staff corps under the provisions of paragraph 5 of G.O.G.I. No. 531, dated June 27, 1864, is appointed to the Bombay staff corps from the date specified opposite his name, subject to the approval of H.M.'s Secretary of State for India:—

Lieut. W. F. Prideaux, gen. list, 3rd asst. polit. resident, Aden; from March 22, 1865.

Oct. 25.—Mr. J. C. Edwards acted as polit. resident in the Persian Gulf during the absence of Lieut. col. L. Pelly from duty.

Asst. surg. J. T. Welsh, 18th regt. N.I., received charge of the duties of civil surg. at Dhooj on 7th inst.

Oct. 23.—Asst. surg. T. G. Hewlett is confirmed in the appointment of coroner of Bombay.

Lieut. W. H. Wilson is app. superint. of railway police on the Bombay, Baroda, and Central India Railway, and asst. to the superints. of police in the several districts through which the railway passes.

The appointment of Lieut. F. H. Segrave as superint. of railway police on the Bombay, Baroda, and Central India Railway is cancelled, at his own request.

The Hon. the Governor in Council is pleased to make the following appointments:—

The Hon. G. A. Hobart to act as judge and sess. judge of Khandeish, but not to join till relieved.

Mr. W. M. P. Coghlan to be sen. asst. judge and sess. judge of the Konkun for the detached station of Rutnagherry, acting as joint judge and sess. judge at Rutnagherry, but to continue to act as judge and sess. judge of Khandeish till relieved.

Mr. R. W. Hunter to be sen. asst. judge and sess. judge of Surat for the detached station of Broach.

Mr. C. B. Izon is confirmed in the appointment of asst. judge and sess. judge of the Konkun.

Mr. W. H. Newnham to be asst. judge and sess. judge of Dharwar, continuing to act as senior asst. judge and sess. judge of the Konkun for the detached station of Rutnagherry.

Oct. 24.—The Hon. the Governor in Council is pleased to invest each of the undermentioned officers with the powers of a magistrate in the Ahmedabad district:—

Capt. S. Scott, act. superint. of police at Ahmedabad.

Lieut. F. H. Segrave, asst. superint. of police at Ahmedabad.

Mr. M. B. Baker, supernu. asst. to the coll. and mag. of Khandeish, is invested with the powers of a subord. mag. 1st class, and with powers to commit cases to the sessions in the Khandeish district.

Oct. 25.—Mr. E. H. Lidderdale, supernumerary asst. to the coll. and mag. of Sattara, is invested with the powers of a subord. mag. of the 1st class in the Sattara dist., and with power to commit cases to the sessions court.

Mr. J. F. Hore, 1st judge of the Court of Small Causes at Bombay, is allowed priv. leave of absence for 1 mo. from the 1st proximo, under Section 16 of the Revised Unconvananted Service Absentee Rules.

The Hon. the Chief Justice of H.M.'s High Court of Judicature at Bombay, has been pleased to grant Mr. S. Compton, prothonotary, ecclesiastical registrar, and Admiralty registrar, priv. leave of absence for 1 mo. from Nov. 3 to Dec. 2 next, both days inclusive, and to appoint Mr. J. W. Orr, B.A., to act for Mr. Compton during his absence.

Oct. 23.—Mr. F. Thelwall to act as 1st asst. coll. and mag. of Canara, v. Mr. A. A. C. Jervoise.

Mr. J. A. G. Duff to act as coll. and mag. of Canara.

Mr. W. G. Pender to be 2nd asst. to the coll. and mag. of Canara.

Oct. 25.—Capt. T. E. Britten, Bombay staff corps, to act as superint. of pensioners, Chalisgaum.

Mr. W. P. Walsh to act as asst. conservator of forests in Surat and the Northern div.

Mr. H. Cameron was employed as asst. comr. of

customs, salt, and opium, 2nd class, from Aug. 30 to Sept. 30.

Oct. 23.—Asst. surg. J. Pinkerton, superint. of vaccination in Scind, and Lieut. A. Wood, of the Belooch regt., have passed an exa. in the Sindee language according to the 2nd standard.

Oct. 24.—Surg. Millar is appd. to act as civil surg. at Poona.

Oct. 25.—The appd. of Dr. Davies, civil surg. at Kurwar, as sec. to the committee for the management of the charitable dispensary at that station, is to have effect from June 1.

Lieut. col. C. Scott, R.E., having returned from furl, assumed charge of his duties as superintdgr. engr., Southern div., Oct. 17.

The Rev. G. N. Mitford, chaplain of Rajkote and Bhooj, has been granted 3 mo. priv. leave, from the date of his quitting his station.

Oct. 23.—Mr. Henriques, head clerk of the shipping master's office, is appd. dep. shipping master as a tempy. arrangement.

BY THE COMMANDER IN CHIEF.

Adj. Gen.'s Office, Head Quarters, Poona, Oct. 9.—**ERRATUM.**—In G.O.C. No. 981, dated 27th ult., instead of "Captain R. Mallaby to be asst. qmr. gen.," read "Major R. Baigrie is confirmed as asst. qmr. gen. v. Lieut. col. Burrows, and Lieut. R. Campbell confirmed, v. Baigrie."

Oct. 10.—No. 1,031.—The undermen. officers are reported to have passed in Hindoostani by the first standard:—

Lieut. C. W. E. Murphy, 21st brig. R.A.

Lieut. J. T. Watling, 45th foot.

Oct. 11.—No. 1,033.—The follg. transfers of div. staff officers are ordered:—

Judge Advocate Gen.'s Dept.

Major C. O. Maude, deputy judge advocate gen. from the Mhow div. of the army to the Poona div. of the army.

Lieut. col. J. W. F. Sandwith, deputy judge advocate gen., from the Poona div. of the army to the Mhow div. of the army.

The above arrangements will take place on the return of Lieut. col. Sandwith from Europe.

Quartermaster Gen.'s Dept.

Major W. V. Shewell, asst. qmr. gen., from the Mhow div. of the army to the northern div. of the army.

Major R. Baigrie, asst. qmr., from Sind div. of the army to the Mhow div. of the army.

Lieut. R. L. Campbell, dep. asst. qmr. gen., from the northern div. of the army to the Sind div. of the army.

The latter officer to proceed by the next steamer to Kurrachee, to relieve Maj. Baigrie, and each officer as relieved will proceed to join his new station as early as possible.

No. 1,034.—The foll. appt. is made:—

3rd Regt. Sind Horse.—Lieut. W. Reynolds, 3rd squad, officer 2nd regt., to be adjt., v. Codrington.

No. 1,035.—The foll. temp. arrangement is confirmed, with effect from Sept. 29:—

3rd Regt. Sind Horse.—Lieut. E. S. Reynolds to offic. as adjt. in addition to his other duties, v. Codrington.

No. 1,036.—Lieut. S. Carter, gen. list, is transf. to do duty from the 20th to the 13th regt. N.I.

No. 1,037.—With the sanction of Govt., Mai. W. Reynolds, invalid estab., is permitted to reside and draw his pay and allowance at the Neilgherry Hills.

No. 1,039.—Leave of absence:—

Col. W. J. Smythe, 14th brig. R.A., to England by overland route, m.c.

Lieut. E. Brett, 3rd drag. gds., from Oct. 4, to Nov. 5, to Bombay, on m.c., prep. to a final certificate to Eur.

Lieut. H. W. Harris, cadre 10th N.I., att. to 1st regt. L.C., to Bombay, on m.c. prep. to a final certificate to Eur.

No. 1,044.—The C. in C. in India has been pleased to assign local rank in India to the following officers of the British service, under the provisions of para. 70 of the Secy. of State's despatch, published in G.G.O., No. 379 of 1864, subject to H.M.'s approval:—

45th Foot.—Lieut. R. Grey to be capt., dated April 22.

103rd Foot.—Major F. S. Kempt to be lieut. col., dated July 6.

Oct. 14.—No. 1,045.—The following orders are confirmed:—

Dated Oct. 4.—By the maj. gen. comdg. Sind div., appointing Brev. maj. Carmichael, 95th foot, to the command of the Ghizree sanitarium, until the arrival of Capt. Weir, 108rd foot.

Dated Oct. 8.—By the officer comdg. 44th foot, appointing Lieut. Pitt, asst. instructor of musketry to the regt., with effect from the 9th idem.

No. 1,047.—The services of Staff asst. surg. Blake, now attached to the 4th foot, being urgently required at Mhow, he is directed to proceed to that station on the opening of the season, at the public expense, and to report himself for general duty in the Mhow div. On arrival he will be attached to the 103rd foot.

BIRTHS.

BENNERTZ—At Sealdah House, Calcutta, at 1.30 A.M., on Oct. 19, the wife of Mr. T. H. Bennertz, of a son.

CHARDON—At Calcutta, on Oct. 17, the wife of E. Chardon, Esq., indigo planter, of a son.

DAVIS—At No. 9, Loudon-street, Calcutta, on Oct. 17, the wife of J. B. Davis, of Cachar, of a son.

EDWARDS—At No. 6, Victoria-square, Calcutta, on Oct. 6, the wife of W. H. Edwards, Esq., C.E., of a daughter.

HAYES—At Chyebassa, on Oct. 9, the wife of Dr. W. H. Hayes, dep. comr., of a daughter.

HARTRICK—At Chinsurah, on Oct. 15, the wife of William Hartwick, Esq., Royal Fusiliers, of a daughter.

MARRETT—At Silchar, Cachar, on Sept. 10, the wife of J. F. Marrett, Esq., tea planter, of a daughter.

MARTINELLI—At Calcutta, Sept. 13, the wife of Mr. J. P. Martinelli, of a daughter.

ONRAET—At Bhaugulpore, Oct. 13, the wife of P. T. Onraet, Esq., of a daughter.

REES—At Sylhet, Oct. 8, the wife of F. W. J. Rees, C.E., prematurely, of a daughter.

ROGERS—At No. 5, Sooterkin's-lane, Calcutta, Oct. 9, the wife of Mr. P. B. Rogers, of a son.

SMITH—At Calcutta, Oct. 1, the wife of J. White Smith, Esq., of a son.

SKELTON—At Bishop's College, Calcutta, Oct. 15, the wife of the Rev. T. Skelton, of a daughter.

TROTTER—At Calcutta, Oct. 19, the wife of W. H. Trotter, Esq., of a daughter.

MARRIAGES.

ATKINSON—CLEGHORN.—At the Scotch Church, Calcutta, on the 17th October, George William Elliott Atkinson, Esq., to Isabella, second daughter of the late William Cleghorn, Esq.

CLARK—PETERSON.—At Christ Church, Simla, on the 7th October, by the Rev. T. C. Smyth, D.D., Hugh Clark, Esq., M.D., Bengal Medical Service, to Eveline Barwell, eldest daughter of F. Peterson, Esq., of Simla.

COCHRANE—PEARSON.—At Saint Andrew's Church, Calcutta, on the 4th October, Samuel Cochrane, Agra and Masterman's Bank, to Euphemia, youngest daughter of the late Alexander Pearson, Burnghards, Kilconquhar, Fifeshire, N.B.

DRAPER—DILLON.—At Ahmedabad, October 23, by the Rev. C. T. Wilson, M.A., Sergeant Thomas Draper, E-14 Royal Artillery, to Miss Bridget Dillon.

DREWETT—EYRE.—At St. Thomas' Cathedral, Oct. 24, by the Rev. W. K. Fletcher, Thomas Drewett, Locomotive Department, B. B. and C. I. Railway, to Elizabeth, eldest daughter of Colonel T. Eyre, Eyre-court, County Galway.

D'AUBENY—STOUT.—At Christ's Church, Mussoorie, Oct. 5, B. C. D'Aubeny, H.M.'s 36th regt., to Harriet Blackburn, youngest daughter of the late C. B. Stout, Esq.

FINLAYSON—HOWE.—At the Cathedral, Calcutta, Sept. 30, Mr. William Finlayson, to Harriet Smith Aldwell, daughter of the late Thomas C. Howe, Esq.

GENESTE—NEALE.—At St. Thomas' Church, Calcutta, Oct. 19, Frank A. B. Geneste, Esq., C.E., to Julia T. Neale, niece and adopted daughter of Mrs. William La Hunt Wilson.

LAWRIE—BRUCE.—At St. Paul's Cathedral, Calcutta, Oct. 17, Alexander Lawrie, to Cecilia Stuart, daughter of the late James Bruce, Esq., M.D., London.

MCNEILE—PRIOR.—At Dhurmsala, Lieut. C. McNeile, Assistant Commissioner, son of Rev. Canon McNeile, to Fany Sophia, youngest daughter of Colonel C. Prior, Comdg. 1st Goorkha Light Infantry.

OLDHAM—HODGES.—At St. Paul's Church, Landour, N.W. Provinces, Sept. 28, Lieut. Arthur Oldham, H.M.'s Bengal Army, eldest son of Joseph Oldham, Esq., of Oakfield, Devonshire, to Matilda Helen, third daughter of the late R. Hodges, Esq.

OUSELEY—PALMER.—At Meerut, Oct. 13, Gores Ouseley, Esq., C.S., to Mary Caroline, third daughter of Colonel Henry Palmer, H.M.'s Indian Army.

PIDDINGTON—ALBERT.—At St. James' Church, Calcutta, Oct. 14, Edmund Piddington, Esq., Attorney-at-Law, son of the late Henry Piddington, Esq., to Elizabeth Albert, daughter of the late F. Albert, Esq., indigo planter.

RIDGWAY—SHEETZ.—At St. Paul's Church, Landour, Oct. 11, Captain Poltimore Ridgway, 94th Regt., to Francis Bryan, daughter of James Sheetz, Esq., Civil Surgeon of Futtehpore.

SIMS—ROBINSON.—At Christ's Church, Byculla, Bombay, by the Rev. G. Reynell, M.A., Mr. Richard Proctor Sims, resident engineer Bombay Reclamation Company, to Mrs. Mary Theresa Robinson.

THOMAS—GOMES.—At the Lall Bazaar Baptist Chapel, Calcutta, Oct. 6, Mr. A. Thomas, of the melting dept., Mint, to Mrs. Sarah Gomes, widow of the late Mr. F. Gomes.

WARNER—RAYSON.—At the cathedral, Bombay, Oct. 21, by the Rev. F. J. Spring, M.A., Henry Warner, Esq., late H.M.'s I.N., to Isabella Emblyn Rayson, eldest daughter of the late P. Rayson, Esq., Cumberland, late of Calcutta.

YOUNG—SMITH.—At St. Andrew's Church, Calcutta, Oct. 9, Mr. George Young, to Margaret, third daughter of Mr. James Smith, Elgin, Scotland.

DEATHS.

AUBREY—At 2, Park-street, Calcutta, Oct. 13, John Hampton Aubrey, Esq. (of the firm of Messrs. Shearwood and Co., of Cossitollah), aged 34.

BERKELEY—On Oct. 14, at Bareilly, H. J. F. Berkeley, Esq., aged 76 years.

CHUCKERBUTTY—On Oct. 6, Edward Lovely, inf. son of Dr. S. Goodeve Chuckerbutty, Assistant Surgeon, Bengal Army, aged 11 months and 11 days.

CONOLLY—At Ballygunge, Oct. 4, Eliza, the wife of F. H. Conolly, Lieutenant, Bengal Staff Corps.

DERRIDON—On Sept. 25, at Agra, Ellen Derridon, the wife of the late Major Louis Derridon, aged 88 years.

ERSKINE—At Pertabgurb, Oudh, Oct. 11, Francis Mountstuart Elphinstone, the infant son of G. Elphinstone Erskine, Esq., Bombay Lancers, and Officiating Settlement officer of Pertabgurb.

GLASS—At Indroghur, Cachar, Sept. 18, of typhoid fever, Frances Anne Grant, the wife of W. A. Glass, tea planter, aged 21 years, 8 months, and 26 days.

HARRISON—At 4, Park-street, Calcutta, Oct. 16, Herbert A. Beckett, the son of H. L. Harrison, Esq., C. S., aged 4 months.

JOHN—At her residence, North-road, Entally, of typhoid fever, Mrs. Eliza David John, aged 53 years.

MONEY—On Oct. 15, at Allahabad, Mary Ann wife of Rowland Money, C.S., aged 43.

OMMANNEY—On Oct. 3, at Murdan, killed by an assassin, Lieut. Arthur Manaton Ommanney, of the Corps of Guides, son of Major-general Ommanney, late Royal Engineers.

OSBORNE—On Oct. 8, at Sehore, Central India, Charles William Stopford, the eldest child of Major Willoughby Osborne, aged 2 years, 7 months, and 18 days.

PARKER—On Oct. 11, at Mahoba, of croup, Mary Ethel, daughter of W. H. Parker, Esq., Executive Engineer, Bundelcund Roads, aged 4 months.

SAUNDERS—On Oct. 6, at Kussowlie, Alice Jane, the wife of Henry George Saunders, Esq., late 3rd European Regiment, aged 28 years.

STAIG—On Oct. 14, at Bausrah, near Raneegunge, Mr. C. S. Staig, Zemindary Manager of the East India Coal Company, aged 35.

SAVI—At Koothea, Oct. 1, Thomas Alexander H. Savi, son of the late J. H. Savi, aged 31.

TOMKINS—At Luckimpore, Upper Assam, Aug. 17, John Brown Tomkins, aged 27.

THOMAS—At 44, Park-street, Calcutta, Oct. 10, Robert Thomas, Esq., aged 56.

TWEDDELL—At Bareilly, Oct. 1, Henry, infant son of Francis Tweddell, Esq., of diarrhoea.

TUCKER—At Calcutta, Oct. 14, Harriet Margaret, the wife of Capt. William Raffles Tucker, Roy. Engrs., aged 27.

WILLOUGHBY—OSBORNE—At Sehore, Central India, Oct. 8, Charles William Stopford, eldest child of Major Willoughby-Osborne, aged 2 years.

YOUNGHUSAND—At Nusseerabad, Oct. 18, Ellen Edith, infant daughter of Brigdr.-gen. Young-husband, C.B.

HOME.

ADMIRALTY COURT.—Nov. 14.

[Before Dr. LUSHINGTON.]

THE BANDA AND KIRWEE PRIZE MONEY.

This important case again came before the Court. The sum involved is £540,000, besides interest, and the question is the right share in the distribution of the money.

The Queen's Advocate (with whom was Mr. Ayrton, M.P.) appeared for General Sir George Whitlock and others, the actual captors of the booty; Dr. Deane, Q.C., represented Sir Hugh Rose; Mr. Cohen, General Roberts; Mr. Bayford another general officer; Mr. T. Hughes, M.P., Mr. C. Pollock, and other counsel appeared for parties.

The Queen's Advocate applied to the Court to order the evidence brought in by the defendants to be proved by a certain date, and also to fix the hearing. Until the day was appointed for the hearing the Court could have applications made. He suggested January 8 to commence the case.

Dr. Deane, Q.C., requested that the motions should be transposed. Sir Hugh Rose had not filed any evidence. The day proposed was convenient for all parties.

Mr. Hughes, M.P., said the 8th of January would suit the convenience of the Chancery barristers engaged in the case.

His Lordship said he had read the documents. They were very interesting, but by no means could a large portion be admitted as evidence on the hearing.

The Queen's Advocate said the Court on the question of costs would know how to deal with the parties.

His Lordship remarked that he had printed pages from *Blackwood's Magazine* among the evidence—(a laugh).

Mr. Cohen submitted that it was good evidence. The article was written by the quartermaster of the regiment, and contained the whole facts. It might be evidence in the case.

The Queen's Advocate suggested that the parties should consider what should be printed, and after the intimation of the Court they would be careful what they allowed to remain as evidence.

His Lordship appointed the 8th January to commence the case. He could make no order as to the printing, but the parties would bear in mind what he had said. There must be some latitude, but he had statements before him long before and long after the capture, which could not be received as evidence.

The 8th January was fixed for the hearing.

MISCELLANEOUS.

DEATH OF MAJOR DAVID LESTER RICHARDSON.—The *Court Circular* of Saturday contains the following:—It is with deep regret that we have to announce the death of Major David Lester Richardson, who was for many years the proprietor and editor of the *Court Circular*, having resigned his position only last week. Major Richardson was born in 1801, and had seen long service in India. He was also well known to the literary world, first as the editor of the *Bengal Hurkaru*, and subsequently as the author of many scientific and literary works. His loss will be severely felt by a large circle of friends and admirers.

DEATH OF MAJOR-GENERAL ST. GEORGE SHOWERS, C.B.—We regret to announce that the private friends of Major-General St. George Daniel Showers, C.B., of her Majesty's Indian forces (Bengal establishment), lately commanding the Bengal Presidency division, have received intelligence of his death. The gallant deceased had just engaged his passage home to England. He commanded the 1st Infantry Brigade at the battle of Badlee-ka-Serai, and during the operations before Delhi was severely wounded in two places whilst commanding a column in a successful attack made on the enemy's position on 12th August,

1857, and also commanded the movable column in the district of Delhi after the capture of that city (medal and C.B.). General Showers, who originally belonged to the 72nd Bengal Native Infantry, entered the service as ensign, Jan. 9, 1825; became lieutenant, June 25, 1826; captain, Feb. 22, 1836; brevet-major, Nov. 9, 1846; major, April 24, 1847; lieutenant-colonel, May 10, 1853; brevet-colonel, Nov. 28, 1854; and major-general, Jan. 13, 1864. By this casualty Colonel John Liddell, C.B., Bombay army, is promoted to the rank of Major-General.

DEATH OF COLONEL BURNS, SON OF THE POET.—On Saturday last, at Cheltenham, where he had long resided, died Lieutenant Colonel James Glencairn Burns, one of the sons of the poet Robert Burns. With his brother, William Nicol Burns, he entered the East India Company's service at an early age. Both the brothers attained the same rank. Colonel James Glencairn Burns, named after the poet's early patron, the Earl of Glencairn, was in his seventy-second year.

BILLS ON INDIA.—The biddings for bills on India took place on Wednesday, the 15th inst., at the Bank of England. The proportions allotted were:—To Calcutta, 26,38,000 rupees; to Madras, 15,000 rupees; and to Bombay, 10,00,000 rupees. The minimum price was as before—1s. 11½d. on Calcutta and Madras, and 1s. 11¼d. on Bombay. Tenders on Calcutta and Madras, at 2s., will receive in full, and on Bombay, at 2s. 0¼d., about 20 per cent.; above these prices in full.

DESPATCH OF THE BOMBAY MAILS.—(SOUTHAMPTON, Nov. 12.)—The Peninsular and Oriental Company's steamship *Ripon*, Captain Rogers, sailed this morning with the mails for Gibraltar, the Mediterranean, Egypt, Aden, Bombay, and Upper Bengal. She took out 101 first and 34 second-class passengers, and on freight a general cargo, including 1,399 boxes specie value £406,672, of which amount £13,185 in sovereigns and jewellery, £120 for Alexandria, and the remainder for Bombay, consisting of bar silver, £390,365; silver coin, £800; sovereigns, £1,128; and watches, &c., £1,074.

DESPATCH OF THE INDIA, CHINA, AND AUSTRALIAN MAILS.—SOUTHAMPTON, Nov. 20.—The Peninsular and Oriental Company's steamship *Tanjore*, Captain Brooks, sailed hence this afternoon with the mails for Gibraltar, the Mediterranean, Egypt, Aden, Ceylon, India (except Bombay), China, Mauritius, Cape of Good Hope, Australia, and New Zealand. She took out eighty-five first and thirty-five second-class passengers, and on freight a general cargo, including forty-one boxes of specie, value £12,853. 15s., for the following ports, viz.:—Madras, gold coin, £1,325; gold thread, watches, &c., £1,550. 15s.; Calcutta, gold and silver plate, &c., £2,034; Hong Kong, bar silver, £3,000; jewellery, £100; Shanghai, bar silver, £1,170; dollars, £284; Hong Kong, silver coin, £1,000; watches, £485; Melbourne, gold chains, £800; and watches and jewellery, £605.

ARRIVAL OF THE HEAVY BOMBAY MAILS.—(SOUTHAMPTON, Nov. 12.)—The Peninsular and Oriental Company's steamship *Mongolia*, Captain Stewart, with the heavy Bombay mails, arrived this morning. She brings sixty-six passengers, thirteen packages specie, value £42,735, and a general cargo, including 1,159 bales of raw silk, value £95,000 sterling.

ARRIVAL OF THE HEAVY CALCUTTA AND CHINA MAILS.—(SOUTHAMPTON, Nov. 15.)—The Peninsular and Oriental Company's steamer *Pera*, with the heavy portion of the above mails, has arrived. She brings 134 passengers, and twenty-four packages specie, value not stated, and a general cargo, including 1,119 packages of raw silk, value £80,000.

HIS HIGHNESS THE MAHARAJAH DHULEEP SINGH and the Maharanee have returned to Elvedon-hall, near Thetford, after an absence of some months.

APPLICATION FOR SUMMONSES AGAINST MAJOR-GEN. PEARS, &c.—On Wednesday week Mr. Arnold was occupied in hearing an application of the Marquis de St. Maurice for summonses against Major-general Pears and G. P. Cochrane, of the India Board, for conspiracy. Applicant stated that he wanted a summons for *suppressio veri*, or, in other words, suppressing facts which they were in duty bound to have stated and made known. They had conspired to state that the Governor of Madras had dismissed him from the East India Company's service for not attending to his duty, and had so prevented his application for captain's half pay being attended to, whereas they knew and were fully aware that at the time he was discharged by the Governor of Madras he was under the Company's care in England unknown to the said Governor, and was duly admitted afterwards to be still in the service, and admitted to lieutenant's half pay. He was, however, captain retired since 1845, but had never received a captain's half pay, and his application to the India-house would not be heard, nor would they listen to him in any way through letters written by Major-general Pears and G. P. Cochrane, of the India Board. Mr. Arnold said, "I have given myself pains to listen to your application, hoping that after having heard the whole of your claim I might be able to render you some assistance, but you have not set forth any grounds upon which I can grant you a summons. I am very sorry to hear such a pitiable tale, but I cannot help you, and your only remedy—if remedy you have, which I very much doubt—is by filing an application in the Court of Queen's Bench."

TROOPS FOR CEYLON.—On Thursday detachments of the second battalion 25th (King's Own Borderers) Regiment, the Army Hospital Corps, and the Ceylon Rifle Regiment, to the number of 103 non-commissioned officers and men, with two officers' wives, and 15 women and children, embarked at Gravesend on board the chartered troopship *Isabella*, for Colombo. The following officers embarked with the troops:—Lieut. C. F. Barnardiston, and Lieut. C. De Swete and wife, 2nd battalion 25th Regiment; Lieut. H. K. Fenwick and Lieut. J. B. Pilkington and wife, Ceylon Rifles; and Staff Assistant Surgeon O'Farrell.

ORDERS have been received at Chatham garrison directing Captain C. Butler, and Captain C. French, attached to the depot of the 94th regt., to embark for Calcutta to join the service companies of the 94th regt. in India. Captain R. D. Barrett, 19th regt., has also received orders to hold himself in readiness to join the head-quarters of that regiment in Bengal.

ROYAL ARTILLERY.—The undermentioned officers of the Royal Artillery have been raised to increased pay, viz.:—Lieut.-colonel F. Conybeare, 18th brigade, vice Biggs, retired upon full pay; Lieut. Lockyer, 9th brigade, vice Macdougall, transferred to the Madras Corps; Lieut. E. N. Nash, 15th brigade, vice Bowie, transferred to the Madras Staff Corps; and Lieut. J. R. Slade, 1st brigade, vice Trench, promoted.

THE GREAT PRIZE MONEY CASE.—The great Banda and Kirwee Prize Money case is fixed for hearing on the 8th January. The War-office has been urgently attacked for the delay in the distribution, but it appears unreasonably so, as the War-office has nothing to do with the distribution of prize money.

ENSIGN JAMES, 2nd battalion 25th regiment, was accidentally drowned at Colombo on the 14th Oct., while endeavouring to save the life of a native. The deceased was only in his 21st year, and entered the service July 8, 1862.

CONSULAR APPOINTMENT.—(Foreign-office, Nov. 18.)—The Queen has been pleased to approve of Mr. James Whittall as Consul-general at Hong Kong for the King of the Hawaiian Islands.

INDIAN BRANCH RAILWAY.—The report of the directors, read at the sixth ordinary general meeting, held on Friday last at the London Tavern, Mr. W. Dent in the chair, states that from the very satisfactory progress made the works on the line from Lucknow to Cawnpore would be completed without difficulty by the end of the year, and that the road would be ready to receive the permanent way materials when they arrived. The despatch of those materials was commenced in July last, and the entire quantity, with the telegraph materials and a sufficiency of rolling stock, would reach India in time to admit of the line being opened for traffic probably by the middle of next year. Detailed traffic returns recently received from India, and extending over the last twelve months, showed that the expectations raised as to the amount of traffic between Lucknow and Cawnpore were likely to be fully realised. Those traffic returns were also highly satisfactory, as proving by the proportion and nature of the produce leaving Lucknow that Oude had great exporting resources, which could not fail to be largely developed by increased facilities of communication to the profit both of the railway and the country. The traffic on the Nulhatee line showed an increase in the receipts on the average of about £70 a month, and it was satisfactory that the permanent way was in very good order. The report of Mr. H. Lambert, the acting chief engineer, stated that there were 5,000 men in regular employment on the works. With regard to the Rohilkund lines the working section of the line from Shahjehanpore to Shahabad Junction, and the land survey from Bareilly to Shahabad Junction, were completed. The trial and working sections and land survey and plans from Shahabad Junction to Moradabad were made, and also a trial section of the branch from Shahabad to Allypore. The traffic receipts on the Nulhatee line, 27 miles in length, for the half-year ending the 30th of June last, amounted to £3,032, and the expenses to £1,730, or 57.06 per cent., leaving a balance of £1,302. The financial statement to the 30th of June showed that £266,019 had been received, and £206,263 expended, including £20,350 for interest on capital, leaving a balance of £59,756. The amount of the capital was £1,000,000, of which £246,719 had been raised. The report was adopted.

EASTERN BENGAL RAILWAY.—The report of the directors for the half-year ending 30th June, 1865, states that the traffic for the half-year has been satisfactory, and that the net receipts have amounted to about 4½ per cent. per annum on the capital expended. The receipts during the first thirteen weeks of the present half-year, compared with those of the corresponding period in last year, show an improvement of above £5,000. The agent in India has entered into traffic arrangements with the River Steamer Company for establishing a regular bi-monthly communication in connection with the railway between Kooshtea, the terminal station on the Ganges, and the district of Assam. A traffic arrangement has also been entered into with the Assam Company, by which the carriage of the whole of their teas, stores, and coolies has been secured to the railway. The directors, in consequence of the urgent demands of the residents of the Dacca district for direct steam communication with this railway, chartered a steamer, which for the last five months has been running between Kooshtea and Dacca. The regularity with which this service has been performed has gained the confidence of the public, and has resulted in the steamer obtaining a full complement of passengers and goods. The directors have secured the services of Mr. Leslie, C.E., as their chief engineer, for the execution of the works of the Goalundo Extension. Mr. Langley, one of the auditors, has sent in his resignation; an election of an auditor will, therefore, take place at the meet-

ing. The directors regret the resignation from the board of Colonel Anderson, C.B., and Mr. Mackenzie. The directors have taken this opportunity of securing the services of Colonel Strachey, R.E., late Secretary to the Government of India in the Public Works Department.

MADRAS RAILWAY.—The thirteenth half-yearly meeting of the shareholders in this company was held on Friday, at the London Tavern. Mr. J. A. Arbuthnot presided. The report, which has been published, was taken as read, and after a slight discussion was unanimously adopted.

THE DIRECTORS OF THE MADRAS IRRIGATION AND CANAL COMPANY have issued a report, to be presented at the thirteenth ordinary general meeting of shareholders. It states that the admission of water into the main canal has been conducted with great care and prudence, and the consolidation of the embankment has progressed satisfactorily. The works have therefore been rendered, it is hoped, secure and trustworthy for the extended supply of irrigation, which may be fairly expected to arise during the season 1866. The total receipts on account of capital amounted on the 1st instant to £935,033, of which there had been expended in England £30,454, and in and for India £883,406; leaving a balance of £51,627 in hand, and the sum of £64,967 to be received on account of the present guaranteed capital of £1,000,000.

PASSAGE-MONEY OF GENERAL OFFICERS' WIVES.—A circular memorandum has been received at Woolwich garrison to the effect that the Secretary of State for War, with the concurrence of the Secretary of State for India, has decided that the wives of general officers appointed to the staff in India shall have their passage paid at the public expense, provided the claim is made within six months of the officer embarking. In extreme cases, however, the period of the claim may be extended to nine months, after which no claim will be entertained.

FRENCH ARTISANS FOR JAPAN.—About sixty skilled workmen of various trades have just been engaged by the Japanese ambassadors, now at Brest, to accompany them to the East, to work for the Government of Japan at very liberal wages.

SHIPPING.

ARRIVALS.

Nov. 14. Indemnity, Madras.—15. Boulden Lawn, Moulmein; Wintred, Calcutta.—16. Ophir, Singapore; Georg and Johan, Bassin; Albion, Mauritius; Europa, Moulmein.—18. Morning Star, Bombay; Fredrica, Mauritius; Fortitude, Singapore; Sir George Pollock, Colombo; Bangalore, Madras; Lady Octavia, Calcutta.—20. Undine, Calcutta; Addison, Bassin; City of Foochoo, Calcutta.—21. Alexandra, Calcutta; P. Rochemund, Bombay; Belvedere, Madras; Thomas Bell, Calcutta; Ealing Grove, Colombo.

DEPARTURES.

Nov. 11. Indiana, Rangoon; Wamboyne, Calcutta; str. Benjamin Berry, Manila; Albert Edward, Madras.—12. Sailor Prince, Manila.—18. Cape City, Mauritius.—20. Arago, Bombay.—21. A. O. A., Colombo (put back).

PASSENGERS DEPARTED.

Per Overland Route.

Per str. Ripon, from Southampton, Nov. 12.—To BOMBAY.—Mrs. and Miss Heath, Capt. and Miss Currie, Capt. and Mrs. G. Taylor, Mrs. Gen. Malcolm and infant, Capt. and Mrs. Geary, Mrs. C. Clark, Mr. and Miss Tribe, Mr. and Mrs. G. W. Clive, Mr. Green, Miss Hughes, Mr. T. G. Beaumont, Mrs. Holmes, Miss A. L. Marriott, Mrs. Ingle, Lieut. T. W. Hunter, Capt. S. W. Bent, Mr. H. Crooke, Mr. J. F. Lea, Miss Stock Mr. and Mrs. Harrison, Mr. J. A. Jackson, Mr. J. Newsom, Mr. W. Allingham, Mr. T. B. Ferguson, Lieut. Blomfield, Lieut. col. Moore, Mr. F. C. Hicks, Mr. Bates and brother, Capt. and Mrs. Groves, Mr. and Mrs. Fogarty, Mrs. Penson, Capt. Ellis, Mr. and Mrs. Thatcher and child, Mr. T. H. Seacy, Capt. W. A. Baker, Capt. Gaby, Mrs. Loortor and child. To ALEXANDRIA.—Mrs. Kirtan and child, Miss Kirtan, Mrs. Roberts and two children, Capt. Bexte.

Per str. SYRIA.—From MARSEILLES.—To BOMBAY.—Mrs. James, Capt. St. George Caulfield, Mr. Hordern, Lieut. G. F. Beville, Capt. and Mrs. D. B. Young, Mr. and Mrs. C. E. Chapman, Mr. and Mrs. Wimbler, Mr. J. M. Slaten, Capt. W. A. Gillespie, Mr. E. D. Bacon, Mrs. Williams, Mr. J. Watson, Lieut. Nason, Mr. F. Marval, Mr. F. L. and Mrs. Brown, Mr. Dale, Mr. J. D. Sybrant, Col. and Mrs. Slade, Mr. Blay, Mr. E. Walker, Mr. H. Leonard, Mr. Campbell, Mrs. E. J. Howard, Mr. Williams and friend, Mr. H. W. Beauford. To ALEXANDRIA.—Mr. and Mrs. and two Misses Bower.

Per str. Tanjore, from Southampton, Nov. 20.—For CALCUTTA.—Mr. and Mrs. Erskine, Mr. and Mrs. Mayne, Mrs. R. M. Aitken, Mrs. Brundell, Miss Rice, Mrs. Sage, Dr. A. Van Best, Dr. and Mrs. Collins, Miss Leighton, Mr. H. Cobb, Miss Ingle, Rev. W. B. and Mrs. Drawbridge, Maj., Mrs., and Miss Steele, Capt. and Mrs. Keppel, Mrs. Churcher and child, Mr. C. Shaden, Mrs. H. Kelly, Miss Barton, Mr. and Mrs. R. F. Trotter, Miss Trotter and two children, Mr. and Mrs. A. C. Cunningham and child, Mrs. E. J. P. Jones and daughter, Mrs. J. Galbreath and child, two Misses Toose, Mr. J. Edward, Miss L. Campbell, Mr. M. H. Allen, Miss Spencer, Mrs. C. R. Jennings, Capt. Wheeler, Mr. A. Hutchinson, Mr. G. Campbell, Maj. and Mrs. Ilvediff and child, Mr. C. L. Rundle, Mr. P. Harris, Mrs. Holland. To MADRAS.—Miss Dobbie, Capt. and Mrs. Graham, Mrs. G. Thornhill, Capt. Daran, Mrs. Miller, Miss Smith, Miss Norfor, Miss Griffith, Col. Stevens.

Per str. Masilia.—From MARSEILLES.—For CALCUTTA.—Mr. T. H. Cowie and a gentleman, Vet.-surg. W. Johnson, Capt. T. W. Bosragon, Mrs. Rowe and friend, Capt. A. Darling, Mr. and Mrs. C. B. Garrett, Mr. P. Henvey, Mr. and Mrs. Wall, Mr. Gerbach, Mr. and Mrs. Giban, Mr. Hodgson, Miss Bryndham, Mrs. and Miss Watkins, Lieut. R. Thomson, Miss Woodside, Mr. W. S. Akinson, Mr. Stewart, Mr. Eagleton, Col. and Mrs. Fooks, Miss Mackintosh, Mr. Power. For MADRAS.—Mrs. Aine, Miss Watt, Mrs. and Miss Preedy.

Per Messageries Impériales str. Sid, Nov. 19.—For CALCUTTA.—Col. Austin, Mr. Shillingford and brother, Surgeon Morton, Miss Macnab, Mrs. Money, Mrs. Niebuhr, Mr. Dugdale, the Hon. T. C. Scott, Mr. and Mrs. Bruce, Mr. Mackay, Lieut. Bisset, Mr. Dickman, Capt. McQueen, Mr. Raikes, Mr. Apperly. For MADRAS.—Lieut. Manaring, Mr. Money, Mr. and Mrs. Hyslop, Mr. C. D. Maclean, Mr. and Mrs. Arbuthnot, Capt. James, Mrs. Miller, Miss Smith. For ALEXANDRIA.—Mr. Jeffrey, Mr. Tod, Mrs. Christian, Mr. Christian, Miss Whittaker, Mr. Lehubbi.

DOMESTIC.

BIRTHS.

ARROW—The wife of Capt. Frederick Arrow, of a daughter, at Pilgrim's Hall, South Weald, Essex, Nov. 11.
BARNES—The wife of Osmond Barnes, Esq., 10th Bengal Lancers, of a daughter, Nov. 15.
BOLDERO—The wife of the Rev. J. S. Boldero, of a son, at Enville, Nov. 12.
BEGGIE—Mrs. Warberton Beggie, of a daughter, at 21, Alva-street, Edinburgh, Nov. 17.
CONSTABLE—The wife of Capt. Constable, H.M.'s late Indian Navy, of a daughter, at Hamilton-terrace, St. John's-wood, Nov. 9.
JOHNSON—The wife of Edward Johnson, Esq., of Calcutta, at Kinburn-lodge, Egham-hill, near Staines, Nov. 11.
LEWIN—The wife of Spencer R. Lewin, Esq., of a son, at Wildford, Ware, Nov. 16.
ROBERTS—The wife of Capt. H. C. Roberts, Madras Staff Corps, of a daughter, at Bayswater, Nov. 18.
SANDEMAN—The wife of Alfred Sandeman, Esq., of a daughter, at 7, Sussex-square, Nov. 20.

MARRIAGES.

BIRCH-KENNY—William Brereton Birch, Bengal Staff Corps, to Alice, daughter of Thomas J. Kenny, of Kooshtea, Bengal, at St. James's Church, Westbourne-terrace, Nov. 9.
HEATHCOTE-CUNNINGHAM—The Rev. Gilbert V. Heathcote, to Helen M., daughter of the late John J. Cunningham, Esq., H.E.I.C.S., at the Holy Trinity Church, Paddington, Nov. 14.
LYNE-HARE—Francis P. Lyne, Assistant Paymaster R.N., eldest son of Francis Lyne, Esq., of Hambleton, Hants, to Robina S., widow of the late Lieut. E. M. Hare, Madras Army, at St. Jude's Church, Southsea, Nov. 8.
OLDFIELD-BAYLEY—The Rev. George B. Oldfield, son of H. S. Oldfield, Esq., of Farley-hill, Berks, to Henrietta E., daughter of W. H. Bayley, Esq., of 25, Cambridge-square, London, formerly of the Madras Civil Service, at the Church of St. John, Paddington, Nov. 14.
STEWART-GOODWYN—George Stewart, Esq., son of the late Lieut. general George Mackenzie Stewart, to Susan Alexander, widow of the late Henry Goodwyn, Esq., Royal (Bengal) Engineers, at St. Thomas's Chapel, Edinburgh, Nov. 9.
WELD-FIELD—Major George Weld, of the Bengal Staff Corps, to Eleanor L., widow of the late James Field, Esq., Akyab, at St. George's, Hanover-square, Nov. 8.

DEATHS.

BRUERE—Annie Julia, second daughter of the late J. G. S. Bruere, Esq., at Worthing, aged 27, Nov. 19.
BURNS—Lieut. colonel James Glencairn Burns, the youngest son of the poet, at his residence in Cheltenham, from the effects of an accident, aged 72, Nov. 18.
CONOLLY—Maria C., daughter of the late W. J. Conolly, Esq., of the Bengal Civil Service, at 25, Chester-square, Nov. 12.

DAVIS—W. D. Davis, Esq., late of the Madras Civil Service, at Folkestone, aged 68, Nov. 17.

GRIFFITH—Arthur George De Winton, son of Lieut. general J. G. Griffith, Colonel Commandant R.A., at Tunbridge-wells, aged 10 years and 9 months, Nov. 18.

MACINNES—John R., son of the late General Mac Innes, at the Lower-heath, Hampstead, aged 30, Nov. 18.

MAUGHAN—Capt. Philip Maughan, late Hon. E.I. Co.'s Service, at Roseneath Manse, Dumbarton-shire, N.B., aged 82, Nov. 13.

PINSON—Major general Albert Pinson, late of the Madras Army, at Exeter, aged 65, Nov. 14.

RICHARDSON—Major David Lester Richardson, at 1, Lambourne-road, near The Grange, Clapham, aged 64, Nov. 17.

SAGE—Hannah, widow of Major general William Sage, H.M.'s Bengal Army, at Dawlish, South Devon, Nov. 11.

SARGENT—Lieut. general Henry Sargent, of the Madras Army, at Oxney-court, near Dover, Nov. 19.

TANNER—John A. Tanner, son of John Tanner, Esq., of Bombay, at Brighton, aged 13 years 5 months, Nov. 11.

VINCENT—Joseph Vincent, late of H.M.'s Bengal Pilot Service, at Albert-square, Stratford, aged 39, Nov. 13.

WILKINSON—Edward H. Wilkinson, Esq., of the Oriental Bank Corporation, at Claremont-place, Forest-gate, aged 31, Nov. 12.

WOOD—Frederick A. P. Wood, Captain R.M.L.I., at Hastings, aged 39, Oct. 29.

India Office,

November 22, 1865.

ARRIVALS REPORTED IN ENGLAND.

ECCELESIASTICAL.

Bengal Estab.—Rev. F. F. Mazuchelli, Junior Chaplain, reports his arrival at Marseilles on sick leave; Nov. 12.

MILITARY.

Bengal Estab.—Lieut. C. W. Perreau, Inf.; Capt. H. L. Hawkins, Staff Corps; Lieut. T. Cadell, v.c., Staff Corps; Major G. D'Aguliar, 4th N.I.; Lieut. C. J. Durand, 14th N.I.

Madras Estab.—Capt. G. W. Cox, 45th N.I.; Capt. G. A. Walker, Staff Corps; Lieut. P. Montgomerie, Engrs.

Bombay Estab.—Asst. surg. R. Dick, Med. Estab.; Capt. W. Rice, 25th N.I.; Surg. R. G. Lord, Med. Estab.; Lieut. J. H. Cruikshank, Engrs.; Capt. H. Wilkins, Engrs.

GRANTED EXTENSION OF LEAVE.

MILITARY.

Bengal Estab.—Capt. J. Thompson, 58th N.I., 6 mo.; Lieut. col. J. C. Brooke, Staff Corps, 6 mo.; Major T. A. Corbett, Staff Corps, 6 mo.; Lieut. col. C. L. Showers, Inf., 4 mo.; Capt. L. B. Davies, 5th Eur. Regt., 4 mo.; Major S. R. Owen, 19th N.I., 6 mo.; Asst. surg. D. Hood, Med. Estab., 6 mo.; Capt. W. F. Leicester, Staff Corps, 6 mo.; Surg. maj. E. Downes, Med. Est., 6 mo.; Lieut. F. H. Hood, Inf., 6 mo.

Madras Estab.—Capt. T. McDowell, 6th L.C., 6 mo.; Capt. R. Farrer, 21st N.I., 8 mo.; Asst. surg. J. Hefferman, Med. Estab., 8 mo.; Lieut. G. E. Borradaile, Staff Corps, 6 mo.; Lieut. A. D. Philips, 43rd N.I., 6 mo.; Lieut. A. B. Hamilton, 34th N.I., 6 mo.; Lieut. G. Godfrey, Inf., 6 mo.

Bombay Estab.—Surg. maj. D. Carnegie, Med. Est., 3 mo.; Lieut. E. H. Noyes, 10th N.I., 6 mo.; Capt. R. L. Bingham, Staff Corps, 4 mo.

PERMITTED TO RETURN TO DUTY.

ECCELESIASTICAL.

Madras Estab.—Rev. T. A. C. Pratt, M.A., Junior Chaplain.

Bombay Estab.—Rev. John Dawson, Asst. Chaplain, Church of Scotland.

MILITARY.

Bengal Estab.—Surg. J. Ewart, Med. Estab.; Major J. Gordon, Staff Corps; Capt. T. W. Boisragon, Staff Corps; Lieut. E. D. Smith, Inf.; Lieut. J. W. McQueen, Staff Corps; Col. C. Reid, c.b., Staff Corps; Capt. J. Gillespie, Staff Corps; Vet. surg. W. Johnson, Vet. Estab.; Lieut. H. H. Cowper, Cav.; Capt. G. F. Graham, 5th Eur. Regt.; Major G. B. Mainwaring, 16th N.I.; Major J. A. Steel, Staff Corps; Major A. Blackwood, Staff Corps.

Madras Estab.—Capt. G. S. Hooper, 1st L.C.; Capt. P. Dyer, Staff Corps; Lieut. W. Rowlandson, 17th N.I.; Lieut. col. C. O. Lukin, 41st

N.I.; Major G. A. Searle, 35th N.I.; Capt. J. Crawford, Staff Corps; Lieut. G. M. Balfour, 3rd Eur. Regt.; Lieut. E. A. Campbell, 11th N.I.

Bombay Estab.—Lieut. G. R. Peart, Inf.; Major E. A. Bacon, Staff Corps; Asst. surg. H. C. Kingstone, Med. Estab.; Lieut. col. J. Pogson, 17th N.I.; Lieut. W. R. Adams, 23rd N.I.; Lieut. H. T. Hibbert, Staff Corps; Lieut. J. A. Rowlandson, Inf.

APPOINTMENTS.

Bengal Estab.—Rev. George Green Gillan to be an Asst. Chaplain of the Church of Scotland.

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	India 4 per cent.		96½
	India 4 per cent. 1889		105½ to 106
	India Encased Paper 4 pr. ct.		69
	India 5 p. ct. Enfd. Paper, 1872		101 to 102
	India Stock, Enfd. Paper, 5, per cent.		107½ to 108½
	India Stock Debentures, 1865		95½
	India Stock Debentures, 1865		99½
	India Debentures, do., £1,000		99½
	Do. 4 per cent., 1866		98½
	India 5 percent. for account....		98
	India 5 per cent., 1870		106½ to 5
	India 4 per cent., 1888		99½
	India Loan Scrip 5 per cent.		104½
	India Bonds, 4 p. ct. (£1,000)		13s. to 18s. pm.
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	Bombay, Baroda, and Central India (guar. 5 per ct.)	100	102½ to 103½
20	Ditto F Shares	6	1 d. to 1½ pm.
Stock	Calcutta & S. Eastern (lim.)	100	99 to 100
Stock	Eastern Bengal (gu. 5 p. ct.)	100	102 to 103
Stock	East Indian	100	104 to 105
20	Ditto J. Extension	all	104 to 105
Stock	G. I. Peninsula (gu. 5 p. ct.)	100	104 to 105
20	Ditto (New ditto)	14	104 to 105
20	Ditto, New	4	104 to 105
Stock	Great J. of India (Lim.) Scrip	100	101 to 102
Stock	Ditto 4½ p. c.	2	
Stock	Madras (guar. 4½ per ct.)	100	88 to 90
Stock	Ditto 5 per cent.	100	101½ to 102½
Stock	Ditto (guar. 4½ percent	100	23 to 25
20	5th Extension	2	
Stock	Scinde (guar. 5 per cent.)	100	101 to 102
Stock	Ditto Ludna Steam Flotilla (guar. 5 per ct.)	100	
Stock	Delhi guar. 5 per cent.	100	101 to 102
Stock	Ditto Delhi guar. 5 p. c.	2	100½ to 101½
20	Ditto	all	1 d. to 1½
Stock	Punjab (5 per ct.)	100	101 to 102

50			
	Agra and Masterman's (L.)	25	56 to 58
20	Asiatic Banking Corp., new issue, £15 pm., on which £7. 10s. has been paid	5	18 to 20 pm.
20	Chart. of Ind., Aus., & China	all	23½ to 24½
25	Chart. Merc. of India, Lond. & China	all	18 to 50
25	Commercial Bank of India	all	30 to 31
100	Hindustan, China, & Japan	25	18 to 20
20	Land Mortgage Bank of India	4	1 d. to 1½ pm.
25	Oriental Bank Corporation	all	51
20	Scinde, Punjab, & Delhi (L.)	10	1½ to 3½ dis.

5			
	Bombay Gas (Lim.)	all	5½ to 5½ pm.
5	Second issue	5	1 d. to 1½ pm.
5	Third issue	8	1 d. to 1½ pm.
20	Ceylon Company (Lim.)	2	3 to 3½ pm.
20	East India Irr. & Can.	12	1 d. to 3 dis.
20	E.I. Financial (Lim.)	7½	
60	Madras Irrig. and Canal	15	1½ to 1½ dis.
20	Do.	all	18½ to 19½
20	Nerbudda Coal & Iron (Lim.)	5	3 to 1 dis.
20	Do. New	2	1 to 1 dis.
10	North Assam Tea (Lim.)	1½	1 d. to par
20	Do. B.	7½	2 to 1 dis.
20	Oriental Commercial (Lim.)	10	
50	Oriental Financial	10	9 to 7 dis.
10	Oriental Inland Steam A. (L.)	all	1 to 3
50	P. and O. Steam Nav. Co.	all	13 to 75
5	Ditto New	85	17 to 19 pm.
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INDIA OFFICE, 10th November, 1865.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN, That the SECRETARY OF STATE for INDIA in COUNCIL has RECEIVED from the GOVERNMENT of MADRAS the undermentioned SCHEDULES, viz.:—

Schedule of all Sums of Money, Bonds, and other Securities received by the Administrator-General on account of each Estate remaining under his charge, together with the Payments made thereout, and the Balances. Prepared up to 30th June, 1865, under Section XXXIV. of Act VIII. of 1855.

Schedule of all Administrations whereof the final Balances have been paid to the persons entitled to the same, specifying the amount of such Balances, and the persons to whom paid. Prepared from the 1st January to 30th June, 1865, under Section XXXIV. of Act VIII. of 1855.

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Schedule of all Trusts whereof the final Balances have been paid to the persons entitled to the same, specifying the amount of such Balances, and the persons to whom paid. Prepared from the 1st January to 30th June, 1865, under Section XXXIV. of Act VIII. of 1855.

The said Schedules are open to the inspection of the public, at the Department of the Official Agent to the Administrators-General of India, in this Office.

INDIAN MEDICAL SERVICE.

INDIA OFFICE, S.W., 11th November, 1865.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN, That an EXAMINATION of CANDIDATES for FIFTY APPOINTMENTS as ASSISTANT-SURGEONS in her Majesty's INDIAN MEDICAL SERVICE, will be held at CHELSEA HOSPITAL, on the 19th MARCH, 1866.

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Deputy-Chairman—FRANCIS WM. RUSSELL, Esq., M.P.
Harry Borradaile, Esq. William Mackinnon, Esq.
William Dent, jun., Esq. Sir Charles Nicholson, Bart.
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The Corporation grant Drafts, and negotiate or collect bills payable at Bombay, Calcutta, Kurrachee, Lahore, Umrutaur, Madras and Ceylon. They issue circular notes and letters of credit, and undertake the sale and purchase of Indian and other securities, receipt of pay, dividends, &c.

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ASIATIC BANKING CORPORATION.

INCORPORATED BY ROYAL CHARTER.

AUTHORISED CAPITAL, £2,000,000; PAID-UP CAPITAL, £300,000.

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The Corporation grant Drafts, and negotiate Bills of Exchange, payable at the above places, issue Letters of Credit, and conduct every description of banking business connected with the East.

They effect the purchase and sale of Indian Securities, the receipt of dividends, &c., and undertake the safe custody of securities.

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(Limited).

ARMY AND NAVY AGENTS AND BANKERS.

CAPITAL, ONE MILLION STERLING.

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GEORGE E. HUDSON, General Manager.

9, Waterloo-place, Pall-mall, London.

THE MADRAS IRRIGATION AND CANAL COMPANY.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN, That the THIRTEENTH ORDINARY GENERAL MEETING of the Shareholders of the Madras Irrigation and Canal Company will be held at the Company's Offices, 8 and 9, Queen-street-place, Southwark-bridge, in the City of London, on WEDNESDAY, the 29th day of November instant, at One o'clock precisely.

The Transfer-books of the Company will be CLOSED from the 20th to the 29th instant, both days inclusive.

By Order of the Board of Directors.

JOHN WESTWOOD, Secretary.

8 and 9, Queen-street-place, Southwark-bridge, London, E.C., 4th Nov., 1865.

THE EAST INDIA IRRIGATION AND CANAL COMPANY.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN, That the NINTH ORDINARY GENERAL MEETING of the Shareholders of the East India Irrigation and Canal Company will be held at the Company's Offices, 8 and 9, Queen-street-place, Southwark-bridge, in the City of London, on THURSDAY, the 30th day of November instant, at One o'clock precisely, for the general business of the Company, and for the purpose of confirming a declaration made by the Directors of forfeiture of certain shares for non-payment of calls.

The Transfer-books of the Company will be CLOSED from the 20th to the 30th instant, both days inclusive.

By Order of the Board of Directors.

JOHN WESTWOOD, Secretary.

8 and 9, Queen-street-place, Southwark-bridge, London, E.C., 4th Nov., 1865.

INDIAN TRAMWAY COMPANY
(LIMITED).

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN, That the FOURTH ORDINARY GENERAL MEETING of the SHAREHOLDERS in the Indian Tramway Company (Limited) will be held on WEDNESDAY, the 29th Instant, at the Office of the Company, 62, MOORGATE-STREET, in the City of London, at One o'clock precisely, for the purpose of receiving and considering a Report of the Directors, and for transacting the ordinary business of the Company; and, further, that after the business of the General Meeting is concluded, the meeting will be made special for the purpose of considering the following Resolution:—

"That the Directors be, and are hereby authorised to arrange with the Right Honourable the Secretary of State for India in Council for the extension of the Line from Conjeeveram to Pondicherry, upon such terms as the Board may approve, subject to confirmation by the Shareholders at a meeting to be convened for the purpose."

By Order of the Board.

M. R. SCOTT, Secretary.

62, Moorgate-street, 21st Nov., 1865.

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JULY, 1865.

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LONDON: Printed by RICHARD KINDER, Printer, at his Printing Office, Milford-lane, Strand, W.C., in the Parish of St. Clement-Danes; and published by JAMES PEARCE ALLEN, 13, Waterloo-place, S.W., both in the County of Middlesex.—November 23, 1865.

ALLEN'S INDIAN MAIL

AND OFFICIAL GAZETTE

FROM

BRITISH & FOREIGN INDIA, CHINA, & ALL PARTS OF THE EAST.

(WITH THIS PAPER "THE INDIAN NEWS" IS NOW INCORPORATED.)

Vol. XXIII.—No. 696.]

LONDON, TUESDAY, NOVEMBER 28, 1865.

[PRICE 6d.]

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DATES OF ADVICES.

Bengal.....	Oct. 22	Burmah (Rangoon) Oct. 17
Madras	" 27	Bombay
Agra.....	" 28	Ceylon
China (Hong Kong)	Oct. 14	

MAILS TO INDIA.

The Mails to India, China, &c., are made up in London, in each month, as follows:—

- On the 3rd, at 6 P.M., via Marseilles and Bombay, to all parts of India.
- On the 4th, at 8 A.M., via Southampton, to Calcutta, Madras, Ceylon, and China.
- On the 10th, at 6 P.M., via Marseilles, to Calcutta, Madras, Ceylon, and China.
- On the 12th, at 8 A.M., via Southampton, to Bombay and N.W. Provinces (also for letters only, to Madras and Lower Provinces of Bengal).
- On the 18th, at 6 P.M., via Marseilles and Bombay, to all parts of India.
- On the 20th, at 8 A.M., via Southampton, to Calcutta, Madras, Ceylon, and China.
- On the 26th, at 6 P.M., via Marseilles, to Calcutta, Madras, Ceylon, and China.
- On the 27th, at 8 A.M., via Southampton, to Bombay, and N.W. Provinces (also for letters only, to Madras and Lower Provinces of Bengal).

* * * When any of the above dates occur on Sunday, the Mails via Southampton are made up on the previous Evening, and those via Marseilles on the following Evening.

RATES OF POSTAGE.

LETTERS.

- Via Marseilles, $\frac{1}{2}$ oz., 10d. ... 1 oz., 1s. 8d.
- Every portion of an oz. afterwards an additional 1s. 8d.
- Via Southampton, $\frac{1}{2}$ oz., 6d. ... 1 oz., 1s.
- Every portion of an oz. afterwards an additional 1s.

NEWSPAPERS.

- Via Marseilles, 4 oz., 3d. ... 8 oz., 6d.
- Each succeeding 4 oz., 3d.
- Via Southampton, 4 oz., 2d. ... 8 oz., 3d.
- Each succeeding 4 oz., 1d.

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A French line of mail packets now leaves Marseilles on the 19th of every month for Alexandria. Postage for letters and papers to India and China the same as is charged by the English mail via Marseilles. Letters intended to be forwarded by these packets must be specially addressed "By French mail packet from Marseilles."

Books, Parcels, &c., may not exceed 3 lbs. in weight, or be of greater dimensions than 24 inches in length or 12 inches in width or depth.

IN ALL CASES PREPAYMENT IS COMPULSORY.

SUMMARY AND REVIEW.

We have received our usual files of papers, from Calcutta to the 22nd of October, Madras to the 27th, and Ceylon to the 23rd of that month.

The Calcutta date, it will be seen, is no later than that received via Bombay, so there is no fresh news from the City of Palaces. The intense heat and drought still continued, and appeared to be pretty general through Bengal and Behar, where crops were being ruined and rivers dried up, and things generally tending towards famine. In Calcutta, epidemic fever had made its appearance in its old haunts, and cholera was said to be raging at Dum Dum.

At Madras the principal event of the fortnight was the publication of the new order for the reorganization of the Presidency Army. The document has already appeared in these columns; but we give elsewhere a list of the postings of officers consequent upon the change, published in the *Athenæum* and *Daily News*. We also add the notification of the Governor, who does not conceal his disapproval of the measure—a sentiment, by the way, very generally shared, and more particularly by those whom it concerns. One of the latter, writing to the *Athenæum* on the subject, says that the result of an examination of the new conditions was this:—"Putting aside prospects, etc., I made it a question of profit or loss of pay, and turned to the order laying down the rates of pay under the new organisation. With much surprise I came to the conclusion that the infantry are great gainers, as a general rule, and the cavalry are losers. I was also surprised to see that an infantry major, 2nd in command and right wing officer, draws in the aggregate Rs. 20 a month more than a cavalry major, 2nd in command and 1st squadron officer; and that the infantry captain and left wing officer draws Rs. 70 a month more than the cavalry captain and senior squadron officer.

... Moreover, to make matters worse for the cavalry officer, he is ordered on his smaller amount of pay to maintain three chargers, that is, to buy and keep up three good

horses, which must be approved of by the commanding officer before they are mustered, while the infantry officer has to keep one horse, which need not necessarily be an expensive one. Perhaps you, or any of your readers, may be able to tell me if there is anything extra given corresponding to the old horse allowance; I am told there is not. I can hardly believe it. If there was, it would then only bring the pay of the cavalry to about a par with the infantry, instead of the cavalry being the better paid service of the two, as it was in the good old times. Our army will be on a far different footing to the Bengal or Bombay armies. We do not expect that more than four cavalry regiments will be raised, which lieut.-colonels will command, majors will be second in command, while the squadrons will be commanded by very senior captains, and the rest of the officers will get what regimental appointments they can, or be attached to regiments to do duty. There are but few chances of other than regimental employment for officers in this Presidency; the consequence is that two-thirds of our army will for the future be unemployed."

The Governor was expected to return to Madras on the day of the departure of the mail, and in reference to his arrival the *Athenæum* says:—"It is hoped that something will shortly be done to reduce to practice the interminable theoretic discussions about the water supply of Madras, and other projects therewith connected, which have been talked and written about for thirty years. Mr. Fraser, C.E., is said to have nearly completed his plans, including those for the Adyar and Cooum works and the Junction Canal, and they will all perhaps go up to Government by the end of the year. Sir William Denison inspected Mr. Fraser's plans before leaving the Presidency, and he is known to cherish a wish that operations should commence while he still holds the reins, but this will be impracticable, unless he consents to begin with the easiest, cheapest, and most urgent undertaking, of bringing in water from the Red Hills."

The *Athenæum* attaches no credit to the story about Sir Gaspard Le Marchant succeeding to the Governorship, retaining also the Command in Chief.

The trial of Cornet Watkins for his assault upon the editor of the *Bangalore Herald* was to take place at the ensuing Sessions before the High Court.

Great discontent was excited by the raising of the fares, both for passengers and goods, on the Madras Railway—a very injudicious step, especially as large supplies of cotton were coming in, and the use of the line for the purpose would be considerably checked.

The monsoon was anxiously expected, but had not set in. There was, however, unusually good health throughout the Presidency.

In Ceylon there was a great deal of political activity, both as regards the Government and the Opposition. Party spirit, taking a personal turn in one of the local papers, had led to a case of horse-whipping. Some particulars will be found elsewhere.

The next arrival from India will be the Bombay mail, which arrived at Suez on Sunday morning last, and may be expected in London on Tuesday next.

We believe we may state with certainty that a considerable reduction in the European force quartered in India has been determined on, and that the order for the purpose will be shortly sent out.

LATEST INTELLIGENCE.

(By Direct Overland Telegraph.)

BOMBAY, Nov. 11 (2.7 P.M.).

Manchester goods flat. Cotton dull. Dhollerah, 415r. Export of the week, 35,000 bales.

Exchange on London, 2s. 1½d.

Four per Cent. Government Securities, 88½; Five per Cents., ditto, 102; Five-and-a-Half per Cents., 108½.

The latest London date is Nov. 2.

CALCUTTA, Nov. 10.

Piece goods dull. Indigo unchanged.

Exchange on London, 2s. 1½d. Freights, 45s.

BOMBAY, Nov. 17 (3.28 P.M.).

Grey shirtings and twist in good demand. Cotton steady. Dhollerah, 420r. Export of the week, 34,000 bales. Exchange on London, 2s. 1½d. Freights, 35s.

The latest London date is the 6th Nov.

BOMBAY, Nov. 18.

The treaty of peace with Bhootan was signed on the 11th. Full apology is made to the British Government, and all the Dooars are ceded. The prisoners are also given up, and free trade is established between British India and Bhootan.

CALCUTTA, Nov. 16.

Piece goods steady. Indigo advancing. Exchange on London, 2s. 1½d. Government Securities: Four per Cents., 88½; Five per Cents., 103½; Five-and-a-Half per Cents., 109½.

Passengers by the present Mail.

For Marseilles.—From CALCUTTA.—Rev. Mr. Lewis, Mrs. Lewis and two children, Mrs. Wintle and infant, Lieut. Inglis, Mr. Martin, Capt. and Mrs. Bruce and two children, Mr. Grimes, Mr. Guddleston, Capt. Dalton, Mr. and Mrs. Peacock and infant. From ALEXANDRIA.—Capt. Wellis.

Expected at Southampton.

Per str. Nyanza, Dec. 2.—From CALCUTTA.—Mr. and Mrs. Trevor, Mr. Trousdell, Lieut. Campbell, Capt. Dalton, Mr. Manson, Dr. Phillips, Dr. Brew. From MADRAS.—Col. Spottiswoode.

To Correspondents.

All letters for insertion in *Allen's Indian Mail* should be accompanied with the real name and address of the writer, "not necessarily for publication, but as a guarantee of good faith."

Communications for the Editor, and Advertisements, should be sent under cover to Messrs. W.M. H. ALLEN & Co., 13, Waterloo-place, S.W.

. Should any delay or irregularity occur in supplying this Paper, communication of the fact to the Publisher will insure a remedy.

ALLEN'S INDIAN MAIL,

TUESDAY, November 28, 1865.

THE AMALGAMATION GRIEVANCE.

WE observe an announcement that "officers on furlough belonging to the local Indian Service are requested to send their addresses to the Honorary Secretary of the Amalgamation Inquiry Committee, 3A, King-street, St. James's-square, S.W." One would have thought such an intimation would be scarcely necessary, considering the strong interest which every officer of the class in question must take in the objects of the committee. But we are informed that the co-operation of that body—largely rendered as it has been—with the action of this most important organisation has come principally from India, and that too many officers in England have been comparatively inactive in the matter. It may be said, perhaps, that the enjoyment of furlough or the renovation of health in England are less favourable conditions than the performance of routine duty in India for brooding over injuries, and still less for contributing towards their correction. But the real fact we believe to be that Indian officers in this country have so deep-rooted an idea of official obduracy and public indifference on the subject, that they despair of any good being done even by the energetic and influential exertions which are being made on their behalf.

If such be really the feeling at work, we can assure the officers concerned that they form an inadequate estimate, if not of their own grievances, at least of their chances of recognition and redress. After so much has been done, there surely must be good reason to expect more; and we ourselves are assured that the conductors of what may be called the "movement" in this matter were never at any previous period so sanguine as at present in ultimate success. As far as they have gone Parliament has most decidedly gone with them; and the public—to judge by the attention given to the subject by the press—are by no means so indifferent to the interests of Indian officers as seems to be supposed. Indeed, the general apathy in respect to Indian affairs, whether

in or out of Parliament, is principally ascribable to their want of familiarity; to the apparent difficulty of marking their merits and remembering their technicalities. These natural obstacles have been, moreover, strengthened by the lengthened separation of India from the general category of Imperial concerns. Legislators without special experience or study have seldom ventured to take a part in Indian questions, leaving them to be dealt with by what may be considered a Committee of the House, and contenting themselves with voting, when they voted at all, according to their party predilections. There is every sign in these latter days of a better state of things; but time alone can bring them about; and meanwhile a question like the present is precisely one in which the public are likely to take an active interest. Its comprehension involves no particular difficulties connected with the country; the professional technicalities incident to its discussion may safely be left to a few spokesmen; but everybody can understand that the rights of the officers of an illustrious service are not to be cut from under them without national dishonour—more especially when those rights have been guaranteed by an Act of the Legislature, admitted to have been violated in some of its most important respects. As yet we have no authoritative information as to the report of the latest—we will not venture to say the last—Royal Commission upon the subject; and the fact of the decision being so scrupulously withheld—even from the committee whose legitimate action should meet with more courteous recognition—is not very favourable to the immediate settlement of the case. But we are well satisfied that this possibility, so far from being injurious to the object, would only tend to its more complete attainment; for the case will be far stronger in the new Parliament than it was in the old, and the most certain assurances have been given that it will be taken up with vigour in the ensuing session.

With these prospects in view it is especially desirable that the co-operation of officers in England should be given to those who are working in their behalf; and we trust that no "cold shade" of official obstruction will discourage their warm and hearty support. Let them, at all events, place themselves in communication with the committee in King-street, and obtain an opportunity to judge for themselves.

THE MYSTERIOUS DESPATCH.

IN our last number we published a paragraph from the *Englishman* disposing of the question of the mysterious Oude despatch in the following brief terms:—

"We are informed that the famous letter of instruction addressed to Mr. Davies, Commissioner of

Oude, which first appeared in the *London Press*, was a forgery; for not only has Mr. Davies denied the receipt of any such document, as has already been announced in the Lucknow papers, but the Government of India has declared that no letter of the kind was ever written."

A contemporary considers this sufficiently explicit. We do not: Mr. Davies made an official denial of the reception of the document. Where is the official denial of its dictation or despatch on the part of the Government of India? The *Englishman* has been informed. Informed by whom? Not necessarily by the Government of India, according to the terms of the explanation. For all that we are assured to the contrary, anybody may have dropped into the office and made the assertion, which is repeated without any reference to authority. Surely this is a very unsatisfactory mode of settling a question implicating so seriously the discretion—to say the least of it—of the supreme authority in India. Indeed, it is much to be desired, for the sake of Sir John Lawrence himself—whose enemies are busy in that country with any available materials for damaging his administration—that a more direct denial should be given, if any such can be made. Even though the despatch were drafted and withheld upon further consideration—which is not an unlikely supposition—it would be far better to avow the fact than allow the explanation to be made in such ambiguous terms as the above. A communication not despatched has no official existence, and neither the partisans of the Talookdars nor the public generally, have a right to judge of official acts by a document found in an office, and published without the sanction or knowledge of authority. But the matter having gone so far, it is only fair to all parties that not only the truth, but the whole truth, be known. If the despatch be a forgery, the next question must be, "Who is the forger?" But it does not appear that any inquiry upon that point is in contemplation. We are much afraid that the monster raised by the Opposition party in Oude will not be laid by the little paragraph in the *Englishman*.

Since the above was in type we have received, indirectly, a communication from India, repeating, upon the same authority as that upon which we relied for our former statements upon this subject, that the despatch emanated from the Foreign-office in Calcutta, whence the copy published was procured; and the writer further declares that "a secret and private, though strictly official and public, correspondence" has been going on for a twelvemonth and more, between Mr. Davies and Sir John Lawrence—a correspondence commenced by the despatch in question, in which, it will be remembered, Mr. Davies is authorised to correspond with the Foreign Department upon financial

matters in Oude. The correspondence, it is added, was not allowed to pass through Mr. Wingfield's hands, as that official was known to uphold the existing policy.

Such statements as these render it more desirable than ever that the Government of India should make some direct avowal. Here we have a despatch published in London, bearing all the appearance of a genuine document, accurately foreshadowing and describing the policy which Sir John Lawrence has proposed in Oude. It was published, too, at a time when the minutes of the Governor-general and the official papers on the subject were unknown to any but high functionaries in India. Yet the task of disclaiming such a despatch is left to the addressee, instead of the addressor, the latter being the responsible person, from whom, we repeat, the public expect to hear on the subject.

EAST INDIA IRRIGATION AND CANAL COMPANY.—The report of the directors, to be presented at the meeting on the 30th inst., contains the following:—The past season has in India been of a really exceptional nature, and specially obstructive to open-air operations; nevertheless, most praiseworthy exertions have been made by the staff generally, so that the anticipated satisfactory state of things has been delayed only for a short period. According to the statements now made by the chief engineer it would appear—1st. That an early realisation of profits from irrigation may, with certainty (though to a small extent at first), be anticipated. 2nd. That by July next the company will be able to supply a large area of land with water for irrigation from the three main irrigating canals in the Cuttack Delta, described in former reports. 3rd. That by the same time further portions of the canal intended to connect Calcutta with Midnapore, and of the tidal canal intended to connect Balasore with Calcutta, will be opened for traffic. 4th. That the tolls upon the still unfinished first section of the Calcutta and Midnapore Canal (the Oolaberiah Canal), have steadily increased, although from the scarcity of boats, caused by the cyclone of October, 1864, trade had become restrained for a time. 5th. That the tolls on the Banka Nulla Canal—the 1st section of the Tidal Canal—had also increased. 6th. That an arrangement has been concluded with the Bengal Coal Company for the carriage of their coal through the Oolaberiah Canal by the boats of this company. And 7th. That the remainder of this company's boats have been fully employed with other freights. With deep regret the directors announce to the shareholders the death of their late colleague, Lieut.-gen. Westrop Watkins, since the last general meeting of the company. The vacancy thus created at the board it is not intended to fill up. General Sir George Pollock, G.C.B., K.S.I., &c., and Lieut.-col. John Grimes, two of the present directors, retire, but offer themselves for re-election; and Thomas Quested Finnis, Esq., Alderman, one of the auditors, will also retire, but offers himself for re-election. The audited accounts of the company will be printed as usual at the ordinary yearly meeting of shareholders in May next; but it may be satisfactory to state here that on the 31st ult. a sum of £582,737 had been received on account of capital; and that the expenditure in England and remittances to India amount to £519,109, leaving a balance in hand in England of £63,628, of which £10,000 has since been forwarded to India.

BENGAL.

DUTCH AGGRESSION AND ENGLISH INTERESTS IN THE EASTERN SEAS.

Since their cruel massacre of our countrymen in Amboyna, which has been exceeded in atrocity only by the Asiatic horrors of the Calcutta Black Hole and the Cawnpore Well, the Dutch have steadily resisted English interests, and secretly, but successfully, violated treaty rights in the Eastern Archipelago. In the sixteenth century the three maritime powers of Europe, the Portuguese, the Dutch, and the English, were successively attracted by the spices of Sumatra, Java, and the Celebes. But soon England found a more attractive field for her energies on the continent of India, where she finally destroyed her French rival's influence by the events which followed the war with Tippee. Hardly had Lord Wellesley accomplished this, when it became necessary for Lord Minto to take from the Republic those provinces in the Eastern Archipelago which had become its property in virtue of the submission of Holland to France. Thus England had all the East at her feet; she was mistress of the seas, the islands and the coasts of the southern hemisphere from the Cape to Japan. At the time that Wellington, entering Paris as a conqueror, was the foremost man of Europe, the East India Company held as proud a position in Asia. Sir Stamford Raffles, acting on a policy of free trade and Christian benevolence, governed the Eastern Archipelago in a way which would long ago have made it as profitable as Bengal, and its people more prosperous than any in India. But, as has so often been the case since, in an evil moment Lord Castlereagh, at Vienna, sacrificed the interests of England in the East to her supposed influence in Europe, and Java with the adjacent islands once more reverted to the again independent Dutch. In 1824, desirous to avoid collision with the Dutch and to promote the good of the Malays, George Canning concluded a treaty with the Hague, under which we retired from Sumatra, and the Dutch evacuated the opposite peninsula of Malacca. We exchanged our old factory of Bencoolen for the small territory of Malacca, and we both stipulated that the chiefs in either country should be left independent, and that, to secure this, all treaties of alliance or trade made in the Eastern Archipelago should be communicated to each other. Each power, while keeping what it had, bound itself to make no further annexations. We cannot, for instance, accept any direct dominance over Larut, the misgovernment of which is seriously injuring our Province Wellesley, without Dutch permission. So strictly have we acted on the treaty, that when we entered into engagements with the Sultan of Borneo, we generously obtained for the Dutch the same commercial rights which we secured for ourselves.

Whatever may be said of the grasping acquisitiveness of England in bygone days, we have been almost Quixotic in our relations towards the Dutch since we restored Java. When the treaty of 1824 was made the Netherlands Government made a "solemn disavowal of any design to aim either at political supremacy or at commercial monopoly in the Eastern Archipelago." We use language strictly warranted by their own confessions, when we say that, in the forty years since, the authorities of Netherlands India have persistently falsified that solemn pledge. They have annexed independent States, they have withdrawn from them on our threatening remonstrances, and have returned to the spoil when we seemed to have forgotten it—such has been their aim at political supremacy. Having thus violated the treaty, they have taken the second step of forcing their new feudatories to shut out all other traders, to submit

to a ruinous tariff, and to specially disavow all connection with England—such has been their love of commercial monopoly. The result of this is that the civilisation of the natives in the northern or independent half of Sumatra has been checked, for the Dutch allow neither unfettered commerce nor tolerate education; and the trade of Singapore and Malacca, but especially Penang, has been threatened with extinction, for the last is the great entrepôt of the pepper of Sumatra. Last mail brought up to the Government of India, and took to the home authorities, the Chambers of Commerce, and Messrs. J. Crawford and Horsman, for Parliament, the resolutions of a public meeting held at Penang, denouncing, in calmly indignant terms, the proceedings of the Dutch.

In 1841, and again in 1850, Lord Palmerston acted vigorously in answer to similar representations. The Dutch had annexed Siak, about the middle of the east coast of Sumatra and almost opposite Malacca. Being then in his vigour, Lord Palmerston declared that the independence of Siak must be respected, and it was respected accordingly. In 1846 her Majesty's Minister at the Hague reported the withdrawal of the Dutch troops from the east coast of Sumatra, and "that the Dutch Government would no longer interfere with the execution of the commercial treaties with the native Powers existing previous to 1824." But the famous Van den Bosch, the author of the culture system so much praised by Mr. W. Money in his able work on Java, had craftily said of Siak, that its annexation must be gone about with the greatest caution; that the opposition of England must be respected "as yet and until we are well established everywhere else." The time came in 1856, and the conquest of Siak then was followed up by that of Delli and Langkat, great pepper ports, on the ground that they were its dependencies. In 1862 the Governor of the Straits Settlements represented this latter act of aggression to Lord Elgin, and informed him that the Dutch had established their influence on the east coast of Sumatra, over a distance of 240 miles, between Timian and Bila Pannai, nearly opposite to Penang; that they were apparently aiming at the occupation of the seven ports on that coast, of which four are the chief pepper ports; and that they had even taken part of Acheen in violation of the Treaty of 1824. Lord Elgin sent home to the Cabinet a vigorous protest on the subject, but nearly three years have now elapsed, and the Lord Palmerston who wrote so resolutely in 1841 has taken no notice of the falsification of the pledges then made to him. Satisfied that they will not be interfered with, at a time when the foreign policy of England reflects the age of the two statesmen at the head of its ministry, the Dutch have now added Assahan to Delli, Langkat, and Siak, and their next morsel will be the old kingdom of Acheen, whose sovereign has been our faithful ally for centuries. And the vindication of this further act of aggression rests on the occupation of Siak, the alleged suzerain of Assahan, although in 1841 Lord Palmerston forced the Dutch to surrender their ill-gotten gains, and the Chief of Siak in 1823 specially engaged to allow his feudatories to make any engagements with the British Government.

In spite of the treaty of 1824, it would not become England to object to the extension of Dutch supremacy over the native States of Sumatra, if that supremacy were in any sense a guarantee of the civilisation and prosperity of the people, or of the maintenance of our commercial rights. But in every case of illegal annexation the Dutch have closed the ports, and converted what was a prosperous inter-insular trade into a coasting monopoly. It is high time for her Majesty's Government again to interfere, as it did in 1841 and in 1850, in order to preserve the very existence of those settlements which it is about to form into a separate colony. The spirited representations

of the Penang merchants will, through Mr. J. Crawford and the Right Hon. E. Horsman, M.P., who are so deeply interested in the settlement, certainly cause the House of Commons to act. And we doubt not the Government of Sir John Lawrence will reiterate still more emphatically the request of Lord Elgin to her Majesty's Ministers to call on the Netherlands Government.

1st. To withdraw from, and respect the independence of Acheen, Siak, Assahan, Delli, and Langkat.

2nd. To abrogate every article in every treaty with any native State in the Eastern Seas previous or subsequent to the conclusion of the Treaty of London of the 17th March, 1824, which tends to the injury of British trade.

3rd. To abstain from all interference with the free access of British trade to the ports of any native Power in the Eastern Archipelago, whether the Dutch have treaties with such Power or not; or to any port whatever in the Eastern Seas, except such as may have been *bona fide* held by the Dutch on the 17th March, 1824, in which latter ports British trade is to be admitted on the footing of the trade of the most favoured nation.—*Friend of India*.

MISCELLANEOUS.

THE CASE OF MR. WILLIAMS.—The investigation into the case of Mr. Williams, an Extra Assistant Commissioner in Oude, by Mr. Tucker, Special Commissioner, appointed for the purpose, has, we hear, resulted in an acquittal. The indictment contained several charges, but these were reduced by Mr. Tucker to a single issue, in effect, namely, whether Mr. Williams had advanced money to Zemindars on interest, or whether he had merely made them occasional advances, in order to enable them to settle on his lands, and bring them under cultivation. Mr. Williams would seem to have only done the latter, and Mr. Tucker holds him guiltless of any impropriety in the matter. Mr. Williams continues under suspension, pending the orders of the Governor-General on Mr. Tucker's report.

CHANGES IN THE ORDNANCE DEPARTMENT.—We understand that considerable changes are likely to take place in the ordnance department during the ensuing year. Colonel Lewis, deputy inspector-general of ordnance, Major Currie, agent for gun carriages, and Major Griffith, 1st class commissary of ordnance, are all, it is said, about to proceed to Europe in the spring, on twenty months' leave; and Major Hlathorn, assistant to the inspector-general of ordnance, has already left Calcutta for England, on leave under medical certificate. We believe Captain Welch, now at Saugor, will succeed to the latter appointment, when relieved by Captain Hunter, who is at present in charge of this arsenal. The removals consequent upon the vacancies likely to occur amongst the seniors of the department will change the positions of five or six officers in the department, and give an equal number of promotions to higher grades. This night, under ordinary circumstances, be considered a run of good luck; but on referring to the Army List we find that the officers at the head of the list of third class commissaries have been from seven to eight years without a permanent step of promotion, to which they are surely now well entitled. Rumour has it that neither Colonel Lewis nor Major Griffith contemplate a return to India.—*Delhi Gazette*.

A HINT FOR SENSATIONAL NOVEL WRITERS. A female whose name we have been unable to ascertain, and who is the wife of a gentleman residing in the Upper Provinces, some short time back applied to the commanding officer of the Royal Artillery, stationed at Barrackpore, for permission to enlist. She had disguised herself, was dressed like a gen-

tleman, wore a gold watch and chain, and passed a few days with the men of the regiment, till a reply from head-quarters was received to a reference which had been made for permission to admit her. An unfavourable reply having been received, the commanding officer to whom the application was made interested himself on her behalf, and spoke to some official or other to try and do something for her. This request was complied with, but not long after that the would-be-soldier fell seriously ill, and as the medical gentleman who was called in to attend on her found it necessary to examine her chest, the examination was proceeded with, and it was then for the first time discovered the applicant was a female. The secret being out, the lady, it is said, made a full confession of the following facts:—That she had had a quarrel with her husband, and left the house and the country where she resided on horseback; that her horse dying on the way, she purchased another with some money which she had; that she travelled on till she came to a railway terminus—that she took the train and came to Calcutta; that all her money had been spent on the journey, and that she was left destitute. We have not yet been made acquainted with her fate.—*Indian Daily News*.

OUTRAGEOUS ATTEMPT.—The following particulars have reached us of a shameful and outrageous attempt on a lady on the night of Saturday last. The lady, who is the wife of the captain of a ship, retired as usual to rest in her apartments at Garden Reach. At about two in the morning she was disturbed by finding a man lying alongside of her in bed with his arm around her. The intentions of the scoundrel who had intruded were soon evident, but he was most vigorously resisted, and that so successfully that the lady overcame the man, had him down on his back, and kept him down until her cries for help were heard. When the man was seized and made over to the police he was discovered to be a grandson of the ex-King of Oude! He has been made over to the police of the 24-Pergunnahs, and will be tried before the magistrate of that division. We shall be careful to publish the result of the trial.—*Indian Daily News*, Oct. 19.

THE LANGUAGES.—G. G. O., No. 847 of 8th September, 1865, is so far modified as to admit of subalterns who have only passed the first standard in Hindustani, though otherwise qualified, assuming on probation the position of second doing-duty officer in native cavalry and infantry regiments, provided officers who have passed the P. H. examination are not available. They will not be permitted to draw staff pay until they have passed the second standard, but they will receive horse allowance, if attached to the infantry at 30 and if to the cavalry at 60 per mensem. Failing to pass the higher standard within a year after joining they will have to vacate. Captains of the staff corps or Indian forces, when other employment is not available for them, may, in special cases, and as a temporary measure, if qualified in the native languages, be nominated to the post of paid doing-duty officers with regiments of native cavalry and infantry.

A GANG OF PROFESSIONAL POISONERS.—Major Barrow, Officiating Inspector-General of Police, has returned from Sultanpore, where he succeeded in capturing eight out of a gang of twelve poisoners. From the confession of one of them (who was concerned in a late case of poisoning), it would appear that they have infested the province for the last seven years. The operations of this gang have not been confined to poisoning alone, but they have extended to dacoity. From the confessions of the informer a light has been thrown on the Oonao mysterious murders of 1861-62, as the deposition in some parts refers to them. It would appear that these murders, or some of them, were committed by this gang, who first drugged their victims, and then put a rope

round their necks to mislead the police into the belief that the perpetrators were Thugs (Stranglers) not Thugs (Poisoners); the drug administered was powdered datoura (Stramonium), and it was generally given in the hooka or in sherbet. It is hoped that the apprehension of this gang, coupled with the conviction of four men of another recently captured in Baraiteh, will totally eradicate the crime from the province, as the confessions of these men have cleared up nearly every undiscovered case of this diabolical crime that has occurred since 1859.—*Oudh Gazette*.

LUCKNOW, Oct 9.—H.M.'s 46th Foot are still under canvas; but as the men are rapidly being restored to health, and comparatively few cases in hospital are now under treatment, it is very likely they will in the course of a few days return to barracks. The 5th Royal Irish Lancers and the artillery are doing well since out of camp. It is unknown when they return to cantonment. The native regiments are apparently enjoying remarkably good health. Almost annually changes and transfers are made in the Oudh Commission. Very strange that Captain J. S. Ross, of the 36th Madras regiment, has managed to remain at Gondah since the year 1858 up to the present time. To this officer it is a matter of interest, no doubt, to remain in one particular station for a period of seven years. Mr. Wilmot Lane, Deputy Commissioner, in consequence of ill-health, has, I learn, applied for a furlough to Europe. His *locum tenens* will very likely be Mr. P. Carnegie, of Fyzabad, who was once here in the same capacity; but, properly speaking, I consider it is the huq, or claim, of Mr. Hercules Ross, an officer of merit and considerable experience, in fact, one of the ablest officers in the commission.

MADRAS.

A RAILWAY TO PONDICHERRY.

A railway from Madras to Pondicherry will, we believe, be an accomplished fact within three years. In our issue of the 2nd instant we gave an account of the inauguration of the tramway between Arcot Junction, on the Madras Railway, and Conjevaram, one of the most sacred cities in Southern India. We are happy to be now able to announce that the negotiations with the Government of Pondicherry have terminated in a convention which reflects most creditably on the Governor, and cannot but prove highly satisfactory to all persons interested in the extension of the undertakings of the Indian Tramway Company.

The Indian Tramway Company have, as we observed on the 2nd instant, suffered great injustice at the hands of the Secretary of State, and been so unceremoniously deprived of the support originally promised them at the urgent recommendation of the Indian Governments as to be compelled to return to the public capital subscribed for the prosecution in various parts of India of such works as the Conjevaram Tramway. But the directors did not abandon their projects *in toto*, and the encouragement they have now received from the French Government at Pondicherry, so different from that which they had a right to expect from the Indian Secretary, will, we anticipate, result in their eventually carrying out all the objects for which the company was established.

The Pondicherry Government have fortunately a large annual surplus at their disposal, which hitherto has been absorbed by the Imperial Exchequer for want of any better investment. The power of disposing of this balance is reserved by the Imperial Government, but in effect the Government of Pondicherry are justly permitted to expend it when needed on that colony. Of this balance it has been proposed by the Colonial Government to grant £8,000 per annum for twenty years certain as a subsidy to the Indian Tramway Com-

pany for constructing a railway to connect Pondicherry with Belpur, Tindavanam, Carangooly, Chingleput, Wallajahbad, and Conjevaram, a distance in all of 123 miles. From Belpur Pondicherry draws almost all the grain, indigo, and salt, which form the chief products in which the colony is interested. The Government require that the gauge shall be five feet six inches, and as a proof of their implicit confidence in British honesty of purpose, they leave the company otherwise at liberty to carry out the work in the manner most satisfactory to themselves. The company will have to buy all the land that they may require in French territory, excepting such as may be owned by the Government; but to prevent the work being impeded by excessive demands for compensation, the Government will proclaim that the railway is a work of public utility, and, in accordance with French law, will have the value of all private lands the company need assessed by two committees, against whose final estimate there will be no appeal. The company will ballast this part of the line, excepting when Government bridges can be made available, and will construct at their own cost all the bridges which may be necessary. The Government leave the question of fares, speed, maintenance, and all other matters to the company, and after settling about the land required, will simply pay the £8,000 per annum for the twenty years succeeding the commencement of the line. From the British Government the company will probably solicit a further guarantee, but it is improbable that it will be granted, though the Secretary of State will doubtless be prepared to give the ballasted road and the bridges to the company free of expense. The terms of the convention between the company's local agents and the Pondicherry Government have been telegraphed direct to London and Paris, and as we neither anticipate opposition on the part of the French minister of foreign affairs, nor difficulty in raising the requisite capital in England, the survey of the route and the manufacture of the requisite materials should commence in January next. The district offers no engineering difficulties, the level is almost uniform, and by commencing at both ends simultaneously the work should be completed at the beginning of 1868. The narrow gauge of the Conjevaram tramway will before that date be substituted by the broad gauge, and the line will in all respects resemble the Great Trunk Indian Railways.—*Madras Times*, October 16.

MISCELLANEOUS.

SIR G. LE MARCHANT.—We hear it stated, with some amount of confidence, that Sir Gaspard Le Marchant will succeed Sir William Denison as Governor of Madras, retaining his present office of Commander-in-Chief. This will be similar to what was allowed in the case of the Marquis of Tweeddale. Sir Gaspard, it is believed, will enter into active civil and military measures when the change to which we have alluded takes place. He is allowed on all hands to possess immense application, and a very considerable amount of first-rate talent.—*Nilgherry Excelsior*, Oct. 12.

THE ORGANISATION OF THE NATIVE ARMY.—We are informed that all the papers connected with this subject, together with the necessary orders thereon by the Commander-in-Chief, were sent in to Government on Tuesday last, with an intimation of his Excellency's wish that the new system should come into operation from the 1st November. But, as these orders have yet to receive the approval of the several members of Government as well as of the Government of India, and then published and circulated to the army, is it possible that the new arrangement can have effect so soon?

MESSING OF NATIVE REGIMENTS.—We hear that the Commander-in-Chief has called for information as to whether the native regiments

of cavalry and infantry, formed under the new organisation, would be disposed to adopt the messing system which prevails in Punjab corps, where cooks are sanctioned as part of the regimental establishment. Should the information called for be favourable to the messing system, we hear an application will be made to the Government, for sanction, for the entertainment of cooks in all the regiments in question, on the same scale as is allowed for Punjab regiments.

RAILWAY FARES.—We believe it is quite determined to raise the rates for first and second class passengers by the Madras Railway, and that the change will be introduced about the end of the present month. No consideration is to be allowed for children more than three years old. If we have been correctly informed, first class rates by day will be increased by 50 per cent., and by night nearly 100 per cent. Thus at present the fare to Bangalore is Rs. 13-9; hereafter it will be by day Rs. 20-5-6, and by night Rs. 24-13-10. To Salem instead of Rs. 12-15, the fare by day will be Rs. 19-6-6, and by night Rs. 23-11-6. To Coimbatore instead of Rs. 18-14, the traveller must pay Rs. 28-5, and to Bepore Rs. 38-2-6 instead of Rs. 25-7;—night travellers are only charged extra to Salem. These alterations will materially increase the cost of a trip to the Hills, and will, we apprehend, compel many people to put up with second class accommodation, the rates for which to Bangalore instead of Rs. 5-10-5 will be Rs. 6-12-6 by day and Rs. 7-14-7 by night; to Salem instead of Rs. 5-6-3 by day, Rs. 6-7-6, and by night Rs. 7-8-9; to Coimbatore Rs. 9-7, instead of Rs. 7-13-10,—and to Bepore Rs. 12-11-6 instead of Rs. 10-9-7. We doubt very much whether the receipts from first class passengers will be at all increased under the proposed arrangement, if indeed they do not materially decrease.

INTENDED TESTIMONIAL TO MR. THORNHILL.—The inhabitants of Masulipatam recently requested the permission of Government to give Mr. Thornhill, in consideration of the various favours received by them from that gentleman, after the late cyclone, a silver plate or jug, as a token of their love and esteem towards him. On the 27th September the following order was passed by Government on the application:—The Governor in Council regrets that the orders in force, which prohibit public officers in India from receiving presents, preclude his complying with the application made in the foregoing letter; but he wishes it to be understood that it is only on the ground that the rules of the service prohibit the acceptance of such presents that he feels it his duty to withhold his assent on the present occasion. The Government sympathise most fully in the feeling which has induced the inhabitants of Masulipatam to make the application, and which is alike honourable to Mr. Thornhill and to the community of Masulipatam.—*Athenaeum and Daily News*.

THE REMOVAL OF ARMY HEAD QUARTERS.—It is reported that the Army Head Quarters are to be removed from Madras, either to Bangalore or the Nilgherries, as our present Commander-in-Chief has an aversion to the plains. We (*Athenaeum*) see no objection to this in a military point of view. In fact the change might prove beneficial, since his Excellency has in these parts very few troops to command; but how about his seat in Council, and the emoluments connected therewith? Is he still to enjoy them, and yet not sit at the Council table? We fancied that his presence there was valuable, and consequently highly paid for, but in his absence the money might be better appropriated.

OFFICIAL CHANGES.—We learn that on the retirement of Mr. Rohde, the Inspector-General of Jails, which is expected to take place about the end of the year, the office will be conferred on a medical officer of some standing in the service, and that the salary will be

reduced from Rs. 2,500, the amount drawn by the present incumbent, to Rs. 1,700 per month.

ANOTHER STEAMER ON SHORE.—We regret to learn that intelligence was received by telegram yesterday (Oct. 26) that the B. I. S. N. Co.'s steamer *Arabia* got on shore near Point Gordeware, close to Hope Island, yesterday morning. The steamer *Burmah* has gone to her assistance with boats, &c., from Coconada Roads.

SHIPPING.

ARRIVALS.

Oct. 14. Alnwick Castle, De Carteret, Gravesend.—20. Futerpe, Storey, Colombo; Princess Royal, Anderson, Colombo.—23. Mary Scott, Wilson, London.—26. Hero, Mordue, Penang.—25. str. Pioneer, —, Rangoon; str. Arabia, —, Bimlipatam.

PASSENGERS ARRIVED.

Per str. Pioneer.—Mrs. Baker, Maj. Kerr, Conductor Ewing, wife, and seven children, Conductor Ware, wife, and two children, Conductor Allmark, wife, and two children, Serje. maj. T. Papply, Capt. Meppen, Miss Hutchins, Capt. Barclay, Mr. A. Maiden.
Per str. Arabia.—Mrs. Thomson, Miss Gibson, Miss Walter, three Misses O'Neill, J. W. Smyth, Esq.

DEPARTURES.

Oct. 14. Linelles, Sleightholm, Taticorin.—15. Alnwick Castle, —, Calcutta.—16. Indomitable, Poyntz, Calcutta.—18. Minden, March, London via Taticorin; Eskdale, Ross, London; Woodbine, Day, Colombo.—24. Alice, Anderson, London.—26. Scindian, Rae, London.

COMMERCIAL.

Madras, Oct. 27, 1865.

BANK OF MADRAS.

Interest on Loans and deposit of Govt. Securities... 12 per ct.
On Cash Credits on do. (subject to commission of ½ per cent. on the sum granted) on amount drawn... 12 per ct.
Discount on Government Bills... 9 per ct.
Ditto on Private Bills, at or within 3 months... 14 per ct.
Loans on deposit of Government paper... 5 per ct.

EXCHANGES.

Document Bills, at 6 months' sight... 1 11½
Credit to 6 months... 2 0
Agents' Bills on England, at 6 months... 2 0
" " " at 3 months... 2 0
" " " at sight... 2 0

RATES OF ADVANCE.

On Govt. 5½ per cent. Promissory Notes... 104 per ct.
Ditto 5 ditto ditto... 98 per ct.
Ditto 4½ ditto ditto... 90 per ct.
Ditto 4 ditto Stock Receipts... 80 per ct.
Ditto 4 ditto Promissory Notes Sicca... 83 per ct.
Ditto 4 ditto ditto Company's... 83 per ct.
Ditto 3½ ditto ditto ditto... — per ct.
On Emjore ditto ditto ditto... 98 per ct.

GOVERNMENT SECURITIES

5½ per cent. Loan... 1859... 5½ pm
5 per cent. ditto... 1856-57... 2 to 2½ pm
4 per cent. ditto... 1852-53... 12 to 11½ dis.
Ditto... 1853-54...
Ditto... 1854-55...
5 per cent. Transferable Book Debt... 4 per ct. dis.
Tanjore Bonds... 80 to 82 p.c. pm
Bank of Madras Shares... each Rs. 10-3-6

PRICE OF BULLION.

Sovereigns... each Rs. 10-3-6

FREIGHTS.

Cotton to London and Liverpool.—£3 to £3. 5s.; Sugar, 17s. 6d.; Indigo and Blues, £3 to £3. 10s.; Seeds, £3.

STOCK AND SHARE MARKET (October 27).—The demand for money continues very active. The Bank on the 16th inst. advanced their rates of discount 2 per cent. all round; loans on Government securities are now unobtainable under the rate of 12 per cent. per annum. In Government paper but few transactions have been reported, and the market is exceedingly dull, rates ranging at 8 to 10½ per cent. for Five-and-a-Half per Cents, 2 to 2½ per cent. for Five per Cents, and 11½ to 12 dis. for Four per Cents. Bank of Madras shares, which were selling at 72 to 75 on the 16th, advanced to 80 to 82 per cent. prem. on the 20th. They declined to 77 on the 22nd, but have since recovered, and are now worth 80.

Exports (October 27).—Immediately after the departure of last night the price of Western Cotton has run up to Rs. 300 per catty by speculative purchases for resale in Madras, but as legitimate buyers held back the excitement soon subsided, and the price rapidly fell to Rs. 250 to Rs. 255, at which sales have been made. There is but little available for immediate delivery. At Taticorin the price of Innerveley Cotton similarly advanced to Rs. 260 per catty, but the price has since declined to Rs. 240, at which figure no business is reported. No Coffee is offering here. Hides, Skins, and Horns are going forward on native account, prices being too high to admit of European firms touching them. In 1860, a request on the excitement in the cotton trade, is neglected, and but little is coming forward. Seeds on the coast are slightly weaker, the demand having declined. A few small purchases of Sugar at Rs. 30 to 33 have resulted from the improving advices from the home market. Red Wood is scarce; the demand on native account is active. At Cochin native shippers continue to

buy up for shipment to Bombay all the Coconut Oil offering at about Rs. 106 to Rs. 107 per catty, equal to £14. 10s. f. o. b. ex foreign exchange. The exports to Europe from the 1st August to date amount to only one-third of the exports during the same period last year.

BOMBAY.

STANLEY v. BUSHE.
"AUDI ALTERAM PARTEM."

[Communicated.]

During the month of February last a Court of Inquiry was ordered to assemble at Mhow, for the purpose of investigating certain complaints, or charges, which were made by Captain Bushe, of the 15th Regiment Bombay N.I., against his commanding officer, Lieutenant-Colonel Stanley.

Many *ex parte* statements have appeared in various Indian journals, and freely circulated, to the detriment of the Lieutenant-Colonel's character, but as the case was under investigation and was subsequently decided by the commander of the Bombay forces, Lieutenant-Colonel Stanley did not deem it correct to take notice of anonymous scribbles; but as he has been removed from the command of his regiment, we consider it to be but rendering simple justice to him to publish the following authenticated version of all the circumstances of the case.

The charges against Lieutenant-Colonel Stanley were:—1st. For using violent and abusive language, when on a brigade parade, on the 25th January, 1865, to Captain Bushe. 2ndly. For having, on a brigade parade, on the 11th January, 1865, attacked, cut, and stabbed with his sword, a private of the regiment under his command.

On hearing the nature of these charges, on the 1st February, 1865, Lieutenant-Colonel Stanley was informed for the first time that he had ever given Captain Bushe cause for offence, or that any man under his command had ever received an injury at his hands. Lieutenant-Colonel Stanley is most confident that he did not make use of any abusive expressions to Captain Bushe as asserted; but let it be supposed that his statements are not altogether correct on this point, the fact that Captain Bushe should have allowed five days to elapse without taking the slightest notice of the alleged insult offered, but, on the contrary, met the Lieutenant-Colonel on friendly terms during the four succeeding days at the mess and billiard table, is beyond all comprehension. The Court of Inquiry assembled about the 24th February, or one month after the alleged violent and abusive language had been used, during which time Captain Bushe had not once stated what the exact expressions were by which he felt himself aggrieved.

On the first day's sitting of the Court of Inquiry, Captain Bushe distinctly stated before the court that he made no complaints against Lieutenant-Colonel Stanley, and when told that he had made complaints he said he had no wish to make them, and that he would withdraw the allegation about the wounding of the sepoy, if the Lieutenant-Colonel would promise not to prefer charges afterwards against him for making a false statement, and that he might make use of his letter on a subsequent occasion if necessary, which contained the allegations. He was told that the withdrawal of his accusations must be unconditional. He then asked to be allowed until the following day before giving his answer, when, as a matter of course, he said he would proceed in the matter and endeavour to prove his statements. He was asked whether he was prepared to state the nature of the abusive language of which he complained, as a long time had elapsed, and he had as yet failed to do so, while Lieutenant-Colonel Stanley was in profound ignorance of having given expression to any language which could possibly be called abusive towards the captain. He declined to state what the language was, but requested to be allowed to call witnesses

to prove it. Lieutenant-Colonel Stanley objected to this mode of procedure, which objection was, however, over-ruled by the Court, on the score that Captain Bushe was not called upon to criminate himself! The Articles of War set forth, under the head of "Redress of Wrongs," that "If any officer shall think himself wronged by his commanding officer, and shall, upon due application made to him, not receive the redress to which he may consider himself to be entitled, he may complain, &c., &c.," but Captain Bushe had never on any occasion appealed to Lieutenant-Colonel Stanley as having a grievance!

Officers at Poona and elsewhere were written to for their statements of the case. Another month passed away before their statements were received, when, out of five or six, only one officer affirmed that the Lieutenant-Colonel had expressed himself in an abusive manner to Captain Bushe on the parade of the 25th January. The Court of Inquiry re-assembled, the statements of the absentees were read out, and the proceedings were stated to be closed. The Lieutenant-Colonel went on leave for a few days, during which time the Court assembled again (about the 27th March), and Captain Bushe, with a full knowledge of the nature of the statements which had been received, was asked whether he could not then inform the Court in regard to the matter of the language which had formed the subject of complaint against the Lieutenant-Colonel. This proceeding took place, it will be observed, rather more than two months after the alleged occurrence. Captain Bushe then shaped his answer so as to coincide somewhat with the one statement which had been handed in by Lieut. Goad, of the 72nd Highlanders. Whatever answer Captain Bushe did give on that occasion, it was never made known to Lieutenant-Colonel Stanley. It seems to be altogether out of the question that Captain Bushe could possibly have been addressed by the Lieutenant-Colonel in the abusive terms set forth by Lieutenant Goad; indeed it was widely known in Mhow that Captain Bushe had not heard a word of abuse from the lips of his commanding officer as addressed to himself. We should be sorry to pay any officer so bad a compliment, or rather insult him by asserting that he could have been assailed in the language described ("Captain Bushe, d— your eyes, where the hell have you sent the Ilavildars to,") without taking notice of it on the very first opportunity after the parade. Had these words been uttered Capt. Bushe could not have failed to have heard them, as the Lieutenant-Colonel was not half a dozen yards from him at the time he is said to have uttered the expression we have quoted. The Adjutant, Lieutenant Thomson, of the 72nd Highlanders, was within a horse's length of Lieutenant-Colonel Stanley at this time, and when called upon for his statement said he did not hear the abuse, although much closer that Lieutenant Goad could possibly have been, but he said he thought he heard Lieutenant-Colonel Stanley say, "D— n your eyes" to some one, he could not say to whom. All that Lieutenant-Colonel Stanley did say to Captain Bushe on the occasion of dressing the line on the Brigade parade of the 25th January was, on receiving an answer touching the dressing, viz., "All right," "All right! nothing can be more wrong," and then he completed what ought to have been done by Captain Bushe some time before. Colonel Payn, it seems, had drawn Lieutenant-Colonel Stanley's attention to the fact that his regiment was spoiling the whole line, and asked who was the second in command, whose duty it was to dress the line. Lieutenant-Colonel Stanley admits that he spoke in a quick and hasty tone of voice in consequence of this blundering on the right, and any commanding officer who entertained the slightest feeling for the credit of his regiment would unquestionably have done the same under similar circumstances. One point is as clear as noonday,

that Lieutenant-Colonel Stanley was never allowed an opportunity of making the *amende*, even supposing he had used the language of which he was accused. For four days after the occurrence as stated, (and we consider that this fact bears repetition) Captain Bushe met his commanding officer when off duty apparently on the best of terms, never once intimating by word or deed that his feelings had in any way been wounded by him.

With reference to the parade of the 11th January, 1865, on which occasion Lieut.-Col. Stanley was accused of wounding by his sword a sepoy in the ranks, it seems that the first hint the Lieut.-Col. received of this alleged affair was on the 30th January (or 19 days after the occurrence was rumoured to have taken place), from the Major of the regiment, who then gave information that Captain Bushe intended to prefer a charge founded on the gossip of camp only.

It would seem that when the 15th Regiment was advancing in line on the field day of the 11th January many of the left centre company became crowded, crushed, as it were, together. Lieut.-Colonel Stanley rode up to this disordered company, and with his sword hit the musket of a man who had not brought it to the shoulder on the word "halt." Something extraordinary must have occurred to have prompted the Lieut.-Colonel to act as rapidly as he did, for it cannot be credited by men of sound minds that any other motive prompted him than the desire to correct a serious blunder or to prevent mischief.

The nature of the evidence in this matter must not be overlooked. We will speak first of Lieutenant Berthon. When Lieutenant-Colonel Stanley assumed the command of the regiment, in 1864, a stranger to every one in the regiment, Lieutenant Berthon was holding the post of adjutant. His unfitness for the performance of the duties of that office soon became apparent, and he was ordered by the Commander-in-Chief to resign it. Ever after the ex-adjutant regarded the Lieutenant-Colonel as his bitter enemy. On the 12th of January, 1865, the day after the parade in question, Lieutenant Berthon presented himself, he stated, at the regimental hospital, for what reason it is not known; and while in conversation with Dr. Thorold, the regimental surgeon, a report was made by the native assistant to the effect that a sepoy had been admitted the evening before wounded by the bayonet of a comrade. The medical officer then, it appears, interrogated the man, when he again stated that he had been wounded by a bayonet. The said wound was so trifling that no medical treatment was deemed necessary; a piece of wet cloth was ordered to be applied to it; the sepoy was allowed to eat his usual daily food, and in the course of two or three days he returned to his work. Lieutenant Berthon, on hearing the report of the assistant, said to the medical officer that perhaps the man had been wounded by Lieutenant-Colonel Stanley's sword, for he saw the Lieutenant-Colonel on the preceding day when on parade "strike a man's musket with his sword." On the cross-examination of Lieutenant Berthon the above was elicited, and he admitted that he originated the story about the man having been wounded by Lieutenant-Colonel Stanley's sword. Thus the case was furnished, and a molehill gradually became a mountain. Not an officer in the regiment attempted to speak to the Lieutenant-Colonel on the subject of the report which was being circulated against him. It is but due to Lieutenant-Colonel Stanley to mention the relative positions which existed between Lieutenant Berthon and himself since he assumed the command of the 15th Regiment, as it furnishes matter for all who are in the habit of studying "cause and effect."

Doctor Thorold next appears as a witness. He at once corroborated Lieutenant Berthon's evidence about the sepoy having been admit-

ted into hospital wounded by a bayonet; but on the following day he again appeared before the Court of Inquiry, and intimated his wish to make an alteration in regard to his previous day's evidence; the change was to the effect that he had had conversation with his hospital assistants, who were about to appear as witnesses, from whom he learned that they intended to say the sepoy had stated he had been wounded by a sword. The doctor at once adopted their views! His amended evidence was, that he perhaps mistook the nature of the hospital assistant's report on the morning of the 12th January, and that *very likely* they reported the man to have been admitted wounded by a sword, but he *might* have mistaken "sword" for "*sungeen*," the words being, he said, *so similar in sound*! The report, it must be known, was made in England by a man who speaks English well. Comment is unnecessary.

The statement of the sepoy himself before the Court of Inquiry is very difficult to be understood. As for the poor fellow having ever entertained any sense of wrong perpetrated towards him by the Lieutenant-Colonel, that idea is instantly disabused by the fact of his bringing his brother shortly after the alleged occurrence before the Lieutenant-Colonel for enlistment into the 15th Regiment. He never made any complaint to his company officer, nor did his company officer ever hint as much to the Lieutenant-Colonel, that any man had ever felt aggrieved by an act of his on any occasion. After a lapse of seven weeks (and when Captain Bushe discovered that his commission depended upon the nature of the evidence which he could adduce), this sepoy is called into court by him in support of the charges which he had preferred.

The sepoy, when called into court, stated that, in the first instance, he did say he had been wounded by a bayonet, but at that time he was confused, and knew not what he was saying; that he subsequently, when his senses returned, stated that he had been wounded by the sword of the commanding officer on parade. It seems impossible to attach credibility to this evidence, for after the man was wounded, as he stated, on parade, he must have remained there for about two hours, marching across country and doubling at the charge. It is simply a physical impossibility that any man could have done so, equipped in field service order, his great coat strapped on his back. Nevertheless, he sets forth that, after the regiment was dismissed on its private parade ground, he went to his lines, opened his clothes, and, on seeing much blood, fainted, saturating the ground with blood where he fell. On fainting he was taken to the hospital, without changing his clothes. The shirt and tunic, which he had worn throughout the day, were then taken off in the hospital; no mark of blood was seen on the tunic by any one, and only a very small spot on the shirt. Importance has been attached to these most improbable statements. Moreover, they were acted upon, but not one word of the evidence was taken on oath, consequently the whole of the proceedings of the Court of Inquiry are not worth a rush as judicial documents. Seven weeks elapsed before any evidence was taken in the matter. Captain Bushe, on gossip alone, made his attacks on Lieutenant-Colonel Stanley. Of his own knowledge he knew nothing, either as regards the abusive language, or the alleged assault on the sepoy. He trusted entirely to others to furnish proof in support of his allegations.

It will be observed that Lieut. Goad came forward nobly to support his friend Captain Bushe. As to the "language" matters were not minced in any way. On the brigade parade of the 11th January, although no one of the 15th Regt. saw him, he was, he stated, close to Lieut.-Colonel Stanley when a sepoy was attacked and "cut across the shoulder" by the Lieut.-Colonel's sword! Now the sepoy was

not touched on the shoulder. Had such been the case it would have been susceptible of the clearest proof. He then went on to say that the conduct of the Lieut.-Colonel towards the sepoy was such as would occasion "grievous bodily harm;" also that he heard the Colonel say, "I wish my sword were sharp enough, and I would cut the — in two," or words to that effect. But Lieut. Iredell, the adjutant, and Lieut. Berthon, the quartermaster of the 15th Regiment, were close to Lieut.-Colonel Stanley on this occasion; the former affirmed that he did not hear the Lieut.-Colonel make use of any expression, and the latter before the Court of Inquiry said that he heard the words "D—n sword," no more. These two officers were respectively within two and six horses' lengths of the Colonel, when he rode up to the disordered company, as above described. Neither of them saw Lieutenant Goad on that occasion, which, there is little doubt, they must have done had he been, as he affirmed, close to Colonel Stanley. The Colonel must also have seen him. But wherever Lieutenant Goad happened to be he did not fail to see and hear a great deal more than those who were closer at hand. It is indeed difficult to accept such statements with any degree of gravity.—*Delhi Gazette.*

MISCELLANEOUS.

A SHIPMASTER'S GRIEVANCE.—The shipmasters in the harbour of Bombay are under the impression that they are very badly used by the powers that be who administer justice in the police-court here. They have held several meetings on board one of the ships in harbour to protest against what they imagine to be a tendency in the police decisions to destroy discipline in their vessels. Every one knows that sailors everywhere are a rough and unmanageable class of men, and that when in port they are frequently getting into trouble, either with their officers or through the over-liberal use of their proverbial beverage. It is quite as generally admitted that the master of a vessel can, and often does, intentionally or through infirmity of temper and character make the seaman's position very uncomfortable on board. However, the shipmasters in the harbour of Bombay do not seem to have very much to complain of in reference to the support they have received from the police-court in the maintenance of discipline in their ships. Out of 270 cases which came before the police-court during the last five months, 240 have been decided in their favour, and not much over two dozen have been dismissed. In several of the cases that were brought before the court, the masters were proved to have been guilty of gross cruelty to one or more of their men, and were punished accordingly. In two or three other cases, masters have given orders which the men refused to obey, and on their being brought before the magistrate charged with refusing to obey lawful commands, the magistrate held that the captain had exceeded his duty in issuing such commands, and dismissed the case. A number of shipmasters, taking alarm at this assertion of the magisterial authority to protect seamen from the hard usages of some of the members of their profession, accordingly held several meetings, and finally resolved to memorialise the Governor in Council and to put themselves in communication with the Board of Trade on the subject. It is unfortunate for them that a very considerable difference of opinion exists among masters of vessels themselves as to some of the very decisions put forward in support of their memorial.—*Bombay Gazette.*

CAPTAIN WEBBE, of the invalid establishment, was found dead in his bed, at Gorpore, on Sunday morning last. An inquest was held on his remains, presided over by Major Campbell, 22nd Regt. N.I., when a verdict was returned "found dead in his bungalow." His remains were interred the same evening in the

Protestant cemetery, with the military honours due to his rank.—*Poona Observer.*

DEATH OF CONDUCTOR HODGSON.—We regret to announce the death on Saturday night or early on Sunday morning of Conductor Hodgson, of the Sappers and Miners. The deceased was under arrest, and was to have been tried by court-martial in a few days for some trivial military offence.—*Poona Observer.*

CHINA & JAPAN.

The *Overland China Mail* of Oct. 14 contains the following:—

"The political news of the past fortnight is not precisely nil, but almost entirely so, from the absence of any occurrence either in China or Japan likely seriously to affect the existing relations of these empires with Western nations, or indicative of any movement of importance in the internal life of the one or the other.

"Repeated acts of piracy along the coast, between this port and Shanghai, have given rise to a very strong feeling among the shipping and mercantile community in China that unless something very decided is at once effected by the combined action of the respective Governments they will be obliged in self-defence to arm every ship and lancha engaged in the coasting trade, and effect for themselves what the authorities will not do for them.

"Pekin, we are happy to be able to say, is not in the hands of the rebels. What a wonderful lot of speculations and suggestions we shall find in the columns of the English newspapers consequent on the receipt in London of that lying telegram! We have not heard, however, that it had any effect on the markets. From Manila we have a report of a destructive hurricane which prevailed there on the 26th and 27th ult. At Canton everything is quiet."

CEYLON.

THE FORTNIGHT.

The summary of the *Colombo Observer* of Oct. 30 contains the following:—

Since our last the rains of the North-East monsoon have fallen so heavily and so continuously that but little could possibly be done in the preparation and shipment of coffee. Legislation has progressed rapidly since our last. The Governor has given his formal assent to the following Bills:—Ordinance amending Land Registration Ordinance, Loan Board Ordinance, Ordinance relating to the Fraudulent Marking of Merchandise, Masters Attendants' Ordinance, Legal Age of Majority Ordinance, Ordinance amending Marriage Ordinance, Ordinance amending Stamp Ordinance, 1861, Ordinance relating to the Ceylon Railway.

The Labour Ordinance, after being fully discussed and considerably amended in committee, was read a third time, and passed. It will probably receive the Governor's assent at the next sitting, but there is a suspending clause, and it will not come into operation until her Majesty's assent is proclaimed. If the Secretary of State for India, to whom the Bill is to be submitted, offers no objection, the law will probably come into operation in March of next year. The labour laws of Ceylon, generally simple and fair towards employer and employed, will then be found in one short ordinance.

Political discussion has been carried on with much animation during the fortnight, and we regret to say that it has, between two of the combatants, passed from the domain of argument to that of brute violence. Mr. Cruwell, the assailant, is a German born; Mr. Lorenz, the other party to the row, is the son of a Prussian, who passed from the military service

of the Dutch in Ceylon into the civil service of the English Government. [The origin of the quarrel was an article in the *Ceylon Examiner*. Mr. Cruwell horsewhipped Mr. Lorenz in his own office.]

Public meetings, more or less in connection with the League, or the objects it has in view, have been held at Jaffna and Caltura. A list of subscriptions annexed to the report of the Jaffna meeting in the *Freeman* amounts to £26.

The railway, the works of which must have been severely tried by the recent excessive rains, is quietly progressing. The section open has earned regularly about £26 a day, the total from the 2nd to the 25th of October being £630. This is at the rate of more than £800 a month, a very fair return, considering that the running commenced in the interval between the two coffee crops.

The Oriental Hotels Company's building operations are proceeding rapidly at Galle, under the supervision of the agents, Messrs. Vanderspar and Co., and the architect, Mr. J. F. Churchill. The great steam port will shortly have one pressing want supplied in a first-class hotel.

A meeting has been held in Colombo for the purpose of establishing a Sailors' Home. The project is meeting with general and liberal support, the subscriptions during the week which it has been before the public being close on £370.

BURMAH.

CATTLE DISEASE AT RANGOON.

[Extract from Diary of Captain Horace Browne, D.C.]

"RANGOON, July 24 to 27, 1865.

"The cattle murrain appears now to be abating at Syriam and in its neighbourhood; I have only been able to find one sick bullock and two sick buffaloes. The bullock was taken ill in the evening, the first symptoms being giddiness and trembling. I saw it the next morning: it was then lying on its side, apparently insensible, breathing heavily; a white watery discharge was flowing copiously from its nostrils; every few minutes a spasmodic action would affect all the muscles of the body. The legs were stretched rigidly out, and the animal was apparently in great pain. In the intervals between the spasms the animal ground its teeth. It remained in this state till the evening, when it died. The owner administered to it a decoction of mango leaves and salt, and a collyrium of the usual ingredients had been applied to its eyes. This type of disease is one which many bullocks have died of, but it seldom attacks buffaloes.

"One of the buffaloes at Bogyooop was suffering from the form of disease which has carried off so many of them this year. I saw the animal in the early morning; it had been attacked the night before, the attack commencing as usual with a hoarse cough. The animal then became stupid and downcast, and after that the diarrhoea commenced. When I saw it, it did not appear to be an unpractised eye to be suffering any great pain, but it must have been affected in some way, as it allowed me to go close up to it. The purging was still going on, but no blood had yet made its appearance, and there was therefore a hope that it might recover. The animal was standing up, it would not eat, but drank water freely. The owner had wisely separated it from the herd, and placed it under a tree in the enclosure of a Kyoung; he would not attempt any remedies, but left the animal to its fate.

"The other buffalo was suffering from another form of disease, for which the Burmans did not appear able to invent a name. The animal was standing still in its stable; every now and then a spasmodic action of the muscles of the head and forequarters would take place; this and total loss of appetite appeared to be the only symptoms of the disease. One of the bystanders having suggested a

remedy, it was at once prepared and administered by the owner. He plucked a few handsfull of the *urena lobata*, placed it in a mortar, and ground the juice out of it. He mixed some salt with the juice, and then administered it as a drench to the buffalo. The murrain from which such numbers have died this year is a kind of dysentery, but a very small proportion of the animals which are attacked recover. When the discharge becomes mixed with the blood the animal is considered past hope. The medicines which have been applied are numerous, but none of them seem to have been successful. The proportion of recoveries among the animals which are not treated appear to be just the same as among those which are treated. Buffaloes which have been recently brought into the district either from Tenasserim or Upper Pegu appear to have been much more subject to be attacked by the murrain than those which have been bred in the country. I have been told of instances where men from this part of the country have bought half a dozen or more buffaloes at Kankareet or Moulmein, and have lost every one of them by disease before reaching their houses.

"Before the murrain visits a certain locality the buffaloes are said to have a presentiment of what is coming. During the night, without any apparent cause, all the buffaloes of the village will get into a state of great excitement, rush madly about their pens, and try to get loose. The next day the murrain will break out among them. This is singular, but it has been told to me by so many different people that there must be some truth in it."

DESPATCH OF THE BOMBAY MAILS.—(SOUTHAMPTON, Nov. 27.)—The Peninsular and Oriental Company's steamship *Mongolia*, Captain Stewart, sailed hence to-day with the mails for Gibraltar, the Mediterranean, Egypt, Aden, Bombay, and Upper Bengal. She took out 60 first and 45 second-class passengers, and on freight specie value £130,416, of which amount £12,500 in sovereigns is for Alexandria, and the remainder for Bombay, consisting of bar gold, £40,000; bar silver, £319,450; silver coin, £57,900; gold thread, &c., £566.

EXPORT OF BULLION FROM MARSEILLES.—The following latest exports of bullion are given in Mr. James Low's Indian Circular:—By the steamers of the P. and O. Company from Marseilles—Madras, gold, £370; silver, £928; Calcutta, silver, £9,200; Bombay, silver, £184,481. By the steamers of the Messageries Impériales—Ceylon, silver, £46,440; Pondicherry, gold, £621; silver, £1,200; Madras, gold, £820; silver, £79,432; Calcutta, silver, £122,692; Singapore, gold, £120; silver, £34,800.

CHINA.

(By Overland Telegraph from Galle.)

CANTON, Oct. 28.
Grey shirtings and twist higher. Exchange on London, 4s. 5½d.

SHANGHAI, Oct. 21.
Tea and silk firm. Exchange on London, 6s. 3d.

OUTWARD BOMBAY MAIL.

MALTA, Nov. 23.
The *Ripon* (from Southampton on 12th Nov.) reached Malta on the 22nd at 9 A.M., and left at 4 P.M. for Alexandria.

The *Syria* (from Marseilles on 20th Nov) arrived on the 22nd at 6 P.M., and left on the 23rd at 1 P.M. for Alexandria.

THE MAURITIUS MAIL.

SUEZ, Nov. 24.
The *Sultan*, with the mail from Mauritius, arrived here at 2 P.M. to-day (Friday).



Official Gazette.

BENGAL.

BY THE LIEUT.-GOVERNOR, N.W.P.
THE MAGISTRACY.

Oct. 3.—No. 714a.—Under sec. 38 of Act XXV. of 1861, his honour the Lieut. gov. is pleased to invest the undermen, gentlemen with authority to hold the preliminary inquiry into cases triable by the Court of Session, or by any Supreme Court of Judicature, and to empower them to commit, or to hold to bail, persons to take their trial before such Court of Session or Supreme Court of Judicature, and to exercise all the powers necessary for such purpose:—

Mr. T. G. Hanson, asst. mag., Budaon.
Mr. H. M. Rogers, asst. mag., Shahjehanpore.

No. 716a.—His honour the Lieut. gov. is pleased to invest Mr. W. M. Tidy, asst. mag. at Allygurh, with authority to hold the preliminary inquiry into cases triable by the Court of Session, or by any Supreme Court of Judicature, and to empower him to commit, or to hold to bail, persons to take their trial before such Court of Session or Supreme Court of Judicature, and to exercise all the powers necessary for such purpose.

No. 720a.—Mr. E. Montague, offic. dep. comsr., Lullupore, is invested with the powers described.

No. 723a.—The Hon. the Lieut. Gov. is pleased to appoint Mr. J. Finn to be an hon. mag., and to invest him with the powers of a subordinate mag. of the 1st class, to be exercised within the town and pergunnah of Nujebabad, Rohilkund div.

Oct. 4.—No. 727a.—Under sec. 38 of Act 25 of 1861, his Honour the Lieut. Gov. is pleased to invest Mr. E. C. Buck, asst. mag. at Cawnpore, with authority to hold the preliminary inquiry into cases triable by the court of session, or by any supreme court of judicature, and to empower him to commit, or to hold to bail, persons to take their trial before such court of session or supreme court of judicature, and to exercise all the powers necessary for such purpose.

Oct. 3.—No. 3542a.—Six weeks' priv. leave of absence has been granted to Rev. J. Sharkey, B.A., chaplain of Meerut, with effect from the date on which he may avail himself of the same.

Oct. 4.—No. 3567a.—Mr. E. B. Thornhill, joint mag. and dep. coll., Allahabad, is transferred in the same capacity to Ghazepore.

No. 3571a.—With the consent of the officer commanding, Asst. surg. White, B 22 R.A., is placed in charge of the civil medical duties at Jhamsie, during the absence of Dr. Tresider, or until further orders, with effect from the 4th ult.

MEDALS.

Oct. 10.—No. 183.—Medals for services rendered during the Mutiny have been received for the undermentioned gentlemen, and will be delivered on application to the office of the Secretary to the Govt. of the North-Western Provinces, Allahabad.

If the medals are not claimed within three months from this date, they will be returned to the Govt. of India:—

J. Archer, Baraitch, dep. comr.'s office.
James Farrel, sheriff's officer of the Supreme Court of Calcutta.

G. Hodgkinson, Baraitch commissionership.
W. Macpherson, unpassed civilian, Dacca.

Oct. 3.—No. 4,281.—With reference to notification No. 3,920, dated 1st ult., Lieut. W. T. Whish, royal (Madras) engr., exec. engr., 4th grade, joined the Gwalior division public works on the 21st idem.

No. 2,256a.—Privilege leave for 3 mo. is granted to Maj. G. E. Watson, exec. engr., Gwalior division, public works, from such date as he may avail himself of the same after the 15th inst.

Oct. 7.—No. 4,312.—Under the operation of G.O.G. No. 3,478, dated July 31, 1863, privilege leave for 3 mo. is granted to Mr. G. P. Pigott, accountant, 2nd grade, with effect from the 1st prox.

Oct. 10.—No. 4,349.—The following promotions are made in the public works dept., North-Western Provinces, with effect from the 1st inst.:—

To be Executive Engineers of the 1st Grade.

Mr. G. N. Dodd, exec. engr., 2nd grade, 5th division Grand Trunk Road.

Mr. W. W. Clarke, exec. engr., 2nd grade, Rohilkund Trunk Road.

To be Executive Engineers of the 2nd Grade.

Capt. C. S. Thomason, exec. engr. of 3rd grade, Rohilkund Canals.

Mr. E. Claxton, exec. engr. of 3rd grade, asst. to chief engr., irrigation works, N.W.P.

Lieut. W. Willcocks, exec. engr. of 3rd grade, Meerut div. Ganges Canal.

Mr. E. Battie, exec. engr. 3rd grade, 3rd div. Grand Trunk Road.

To be Executive Engineers of the 3rd Grade.

Lieut. E. Swetenham, exec. engr. of 4th grade, Jhamsie div. public works.

Major E. D. Ross, exec. engr. of 4th grade, Roorkee and Dehra Road.

Lieut. J. Eckford, exec. engr. of 4th grade, Doon Canals.

Mr. W. H. Parker, exec. engr., 4th grade, Bundelkund Road div.

To be Executive Engineer of the 4th Grade.

Lieut. J. Birney, asst. engr. of 1st grade, Nynce Tal sub-div.

To be Supervisors 2nd Grade.

Sergeant H. Potter, overseer 1st grade, Cawnpore div. public works.

Sergeant R. Bruce, overseer 1st grade, Allygurh div. Ganges Canal.

To be Overseer 2nd Grade.

Luchmun Pershad, overseer 3rd grade, 3rd div. Grand Trunk Road.

Oct. 11.—No. 973.—The services of the undermentioned gentlemen are placed tempy. at the disposal of the Govt. of India, in the military dept., for employ. in Bhootan:—

C. O. Daniell, Esq., M.D., civil asst. surg. of Jounpore.

H. S. Smith, Esq., M.D., civil asst. surg. of Muttra.

A. H. Hilson, Esq., M.D., civil asst. surg. of Goruckpore.

No. 981.—T. W. Sheppard, Esq., M.D., civil asst. surg. of Azimgurh, is transf. in the same capacity to Jounpore, when relieved of his present duties.

No. 985.—With the consent of the officer comdg. at Muttra, the surg. in med. charge of 2nd (the Queen's) drag. gds. is placed in charge of the civil med. duties, in addition to his own, as a temp. arrangement, during the absence of Dr. Smith, or until further orders.

No. 989.—With the consent of the officer comdg. the 87th N.I., at Goruckpore, Dr. Pemberton is placed in charge of the civil med. duties at that station, in addition to his own, as a temp. arrangement, until further orders, with effect from the date on which Dr. Hilson made over charge.

Oct. 16.—No. 3,597a.—2 mo. priv. leave is granted to Mr. C. E. R. Girdlestone, offic. joint mag. and dep. coll. at Allahabad, with effect from the 5th inst., or from the subsequent date on which he may avail himself of the same.

Oct. 9.—No. 4,326.—Serg. M. Johnstone, supervisor 2nd grade, transf. by the superint. engr., 1st circle, from the Bareilly div. Public Works, to the 6th div. Grand Trunk Road, joined the latter div. on Aug. 28.

No. 4,327.—With reference to Notification No. 3,813, of Aug. 22 last, Mr. S. de V. H. Alexander, asst. engr., 2nd grade, left the 5th div. Grand Trunk Road on the 15th ult., to join the 2nd circle.

BY THE LIEUT. GOVERNOR, PUNJAB.

Oct. 2.—No. 1,357.—Mr. J. W. Smyth, personal asst. to judicial comr., whose services were placed at the disposal of the dep. comr. of Kangra by *Punjab Gazette* order No. 984, dated May 2, will revert to his appt. as personal asst. to judicial comr.

No. 221.—Commander G. Peck will assume charge of the current duties of the office of superint. inland navigation during the absence of Capt. W. H. Hampton, from Sukkur, on duty.

No. 1,913.—Leave.—Rev. I. C. Matthews, B.A., chaplain of Delhi, has obtained 1 mo. priv. leave of absence from the date of his availing himself thereof.

Oct. 4.—No. 1,929.—Mr. G. E. Wakefield, asst. comr., Ferozepoor, has 1 mo. priv. leave of absence from Oct. 15, or such subsequent date as he may avail himself thereof.

Oct. 2.—No. 2,341.—Lieut. C. A. Sim, R.E., asst. engr., Delhi div., is allowed 1 mo. priv. leave, from such date as he may avail himself of it.

3rd Punjab Infantry.

Oct. 2.—No. 244.—Capt. P. C. Rynd, 2nd in comd., 3rd Punjab inf., is granted leave on m.c., in ext. of priv. leave, from Aug. 18 to 31, to remain at Shaikh Bodeen.

Oct. 9.—No. 1,958.—Mr. G. E. Pool, hony. asst. surg. in civil med. charge, Goorgaon, is transferred to Shahpore.

No. 1,962.—The attention of all military officers in civil or political employ in the Punjab and its dependencies is called to the orders published in the *Punjab Gazette* of Aug. 12, 1863, regarding no demand certificates.

Oct. 10.—No. 1,975.—Capt. E. L. Ommanney, asst. comr., Peshawur, has obtained priv. leave for 1 mo.

No. 1,986.—The services of Asst. surg. A. Taylor, in civil med. charge, Dhurmsala, are placed, at his own request, at the disposal of H.E. the C. in C.

Oct. 7.—No. 247.—Lieut. J. D. Macpherson, 3rd squad. officer, 3rd Punjab cav., is perm. to study at the Thomason College, Roorkee, from Oct. 1, 1865, to May 1, 1866.

THE PUNJAB IRREGULAR FORCE.

No. 248.—Under instructions from the Govt. of India, it is notified that, as the present designation of the "Punjab Irregular Force" is no longer considered appropriate, that force will in future be styled, in all official documents, the "Punjab Frontier Force."

Oct. 11.—No. 251.—Appointments.—The following 5th Punjab inf. regimental orders are confirmed:

Sept. 5.—Appointing Lieut. and Adj. C. McK. Hall to offic. as 2nd in command and wing officer, in addition to his other duties, v. Lieut. C. Read, ordered to rejoin H.M.'s 51st L.I.

Sept. 13.—Appointing Lieut. W. F. S. Perry, doing duty officer, to offic. as qr. mr., in addition to his other duties.

Oct. 2.—No. 1,501c.—Posting.—Lieut. J. M. Armstrong, R.E., asst. engr., 2nd grade, transferred to the Punjab by Govt. of India notification No. 334, of Sept. 20, is posted to the 2nd division, Lahore and Peshawur Road.

Oct. 4.—No. 1,538c.—Promotion.—The promotion to asst. engr., 2nd grade, of Mr. A. M. Nimmo, notified in *Punjab Gazette* Order No. 6,774, of March 8, is ante-dated to Sept. 26, 1864.

Oct. 7.—No. 1,580c.—Transfers.—Mr. J. D. Smith, exec. engr., Umritsur civil works, to Dalhousie, in anticipation of sanction of Govt. of India to the constitution of Dalhousie as a separate exec. charge.

Mr. W. B. Harington, exec. engr., Rawul Pindee division, to Umritsur civil works.

No. 1,596c.—Appointment.—J. L. Stewart, Esq., M.D., offic. conservator of forests, Punjab, is confirmed in that appointment.

Oct. 17.—No. 1,444.—Mr. P. W. Woodcock, offic. asst. dist. superint. of police, is allowed to resign his appt., at his own request.

Oct. 14.—No. 229.—Mr. J. F. Jeffroy, 1st class engr., Punjab Steam Flotilla, to be 2nd asst. to the superint. engr. and boiler-maker.

No. 230.—Mr. J. Moody, 2nd class engr., Punjab steam flotilla, is prom. to 1st class, v. Jeffroy.

Oct. 12.—No. 1,996.—Major A. L. Busk, dep. comr., on special duty in the Umballah div., has 1 mo. priv. leave, from the date of his availing himself thereof.

Oct. 14.—No. 253.—Lieut. A. P. Broome, qrmr. 1st Punjab inf., to remain at Simla from July 28 to Oct. 15, on m.c., in ext. of leave.

Oct. 16.—No. 259.—Appointment:—The following 3rd Punjab cav. regimental orders, dated Oct. 2, are confirmed:—

Appg. Lieut. R. B. Lockwood, offic. 3rd squadron officer, to offic. as adjt., retaining charge of the magazine, v. Lieut. and adjt. T. C. Plowden, offic. as 3rd squadron officer, and Lieut. W. C. Anderson, offic. 2nd in com., to receive charge of the 3rd squadron, v. Lieut. J. D. Macpherson.

No. 260.—Erratum.—In *Punjab Gazette* order, No. 244, dated Oct. 2 last, for "Capt. P. C. Rynd, 2nd in comd. 3rd Punjab inf.," read "Lieut. G. N. Saunders, offic. wing officer 3rd Punjab inf."

Oct. 18.—No. 261.—Appointments:—

The regtl. order, dated 9th inst., issued by the officer comdg. the corps of guides, appg. Lieut. W. J. Forlong, adjt., to offic. as jun. squad. officer, v. Lieut. A. M. Ommanney, dec., but to retain charge of the adjt.'s office until return of Lieut. Battye from leave; Lieut. W. Battye, jun. wing officer, to offic. as adjt.; Lieut. A. G. Hammond, qrmr., to offic. as jun. wing officer; and Lieut. A. J. Nicholson, doing duty officer, to offic. as qrmr., is confirmed.

Oct. 10.—No. 1,634c.—Mr. A. C. Cregeen, asst. engr., 1st grade, to the charge of the Hill roads exec. div., from Aug. 1 last.

Oct. 14.—No. 2,447.—Major T. Brown, c.B.,

asst. engr., Upper Sirhind div., is allowed 2 mo. priv. leave, from Nov. 1 next, or from such date as he may avail himself of it.

BY THE COMMANDER-IN-CHIEF.

Sept. 16.—The C. in C. in India is pleased to make the foll. prom., until H.M.'s pleasure shall be known:—

98th Foot.—Ensign H. Paterson to be lieut., by purchase, v. Lieut. S. W. Vardon, who retires, dated Sept. 9, 1865.

The C. in C. in India is pleased to assign local rank in India to the foll. officers of the British service, under the provisions of paragraph 70 of the Secy. of State's despatch, published in Govt. G.O. No. 632, dated Aug. 4, 1864, subject to H.M.'s approval:—

19th Hussars.—Major R. Richardson, to be lieut. col., dated March 26, 1865.

Royal Artillery (Madras).—To be Majors.—Capts R. G. F. Henegan, P. D. Horne, J. R. Magrath, J. McK. Macintyre, and W. J. Bradford, dated June 13 last.

Capt. J. Blair, G. C. Robinson, and F. Cobbe, dated June 14 last.

Royal Engrs. (Madras).—To be Majors.—Capts. J. Bean and F. T. Haig, dated Dec. 9, 1864; and A. S. Moberly, dated June 13.

19th Foot.—H. S. G. S. Knight to be major, dated Sept. 2.

27th Foot.—Capt. M. Fanning to be major, dated Feb. 1, 1864.

45th Foot.—Lieut. R. Grey to be capt., dated April 22.

76th Foot.—Capt. and local Major C. O'Donoghue to be lieut. col., dated Aug. 29.

97th Foot.—Lieut. J. C. Minto to be capt., dated Aug. 19.

101st Foot.—Capt. N. T. Parsons to be major, dated July 26.

102nd Foot.—Capt. E. S. Daniell and E. Dunbar to be majors, dated June 14.

103rd Foot.—Major F. S. Kempt to be lieut. col., dated July 6.

105th Foot.—Capt. J. Bradish to be capt., dated Feb. 18, 1861.

Official notification has been received of the underment. officers of the rifle brig. having exchanged to batts. specified:—

Lieuts. C. Fairfield, to the 3rd batt., and G. H. Verney, to the 2nd batt.

Capt. L. F. Wells, late 2nd Eur. Bengal cav., is directed to do gen. duty at Umballah as a temp. arrangement, and until the arrival there of the 3rd Bengal cav., en route to Peshawar.

Surg. major J. M. S. Fogo, R.H.A., will proceed at once to Calcutta and assume charge of the office of the insp. gen. of hospitals H.M.'s British forces, and of the dep. insp. gen. of hospitals H.M.'s British forces, of the Pres. and Benares divs., during the abs. on priv. leave of Dep. insp. gen. of hospitals Dr. C. A. Gordon, c.n.

The C. in C. in India has accepted the resignation of Asst. surg. R. J. Owen, M.D., of the C batty., 23rd brig., royal art., subject to approval by H.M., dated Sept. 13.

With the sanction of Govt., Capt. M. Macleod, 42nd foot, is directed to do duty with the 13th Bengal cav., in view to qualifying himself for the staff corps.

Lieut. H. B. Swiney, gen. list, inf., doing duty with the 40th N.I., is permitted to do duty with the 5th lancers for the purpose of being instructed in cav. drill.

The following orders are confirmed:—

By the officer comdg. 20th hussars, dated March 23 last, appg. Lieut. M. S. Saunders, to offic. as instructor of musketry, in the room of Lieut. H. E. Kensit, transf. to the 19th hussars.

By the officer comdg. the 104th foot, dated 11th ult., appg. Lieut. H. J. Woodward to offic. as instructor of musketry.

By the officer comdg. the 2nd batt. rifle brig., dated 1st inst., directing Lieut. G. S. Byng to act as interpreter.

By the officer comdg. the 3rd batln. rifle brig., dated 7th ult., nominating the undermen. officers a committee of paymastership:—

Capt. E. Fortescue to act as president;

Capt. C. E. Buckley, member;

Lieut. F. E. Kerr, member;

and directing Lieut. Kerr to act as paymr. on the responsibility of the committee, with effect from July 30 last.

H.R.H. the Field Marshal C. in C. has been pleased to grant leave of absence to the undermen. officers:—

5th Lancers.—Capt. D. R. Vandeleur, from Aug.

8 to Sept. 8, to remain in England, on private affairs.

23rd Foot.—Capt. R. Beckford (1st batln.), from July 11 to Nov. 11, in ext., to remain in England, on m.c.

35th Foot.—Lieut. W. B. Payn, from July 29 to Sept. 30, in ext., to remain in England, on m.c.

97th Foot.—Lieuts. T. E. Stuart, from July 29 to Oct. 14, and T. C. Wharton, from July 21 to Nov. 21, in ext., to remain in England, on m.c.

Rifle Brig.—Ens. W. F. Cavendish (2nd batln.), from July 24 to Sept. 20, to remain in England, on private affairs.

LEAVE.

Head qrs., Simla, Sept. 20.—The Govt. of India having determined to restrict the number of visitors to Cashmere to two hundred (200) annually, officers serving under the orders of the C. in C., who may be desirous of travelling in the territories of the Maharajah of Jumbho, are recommended to intimate their wishes to the secretary, Punjab Govt., after Jan. 1, as permission to visit Cashmere will be granted strictly according to priority of applications.

In the event of an officer's leave being subsequently refused by the C. in C., intimation will at once be made to the Punjab Govt. in order that the necessary permit may be issued to the next applicant on the registered list.

It is to be understood that officers intending to proceed to Cashmere on privilege leave must previously obtain the requisite sanction from the Punjab Govt.

CANTEENS.

In continuation of G.O.C.C. of June 2 last, publishing revised canteen rules, it is hereby notified that the Govt. of India has sanctioned the following canteen establishment and rates of pay for the royal artillery:—

For a single detached battery:—

1 canteen sergeant on Rs. 10 a month.

1 assistant on Rs. 5 a month.

For a small division of 2 or 3 batteries:—

1 canteen sergeant on Rs. 15 a month.

1 assistant on Rs. 10 a month.

For a large division of 4 or more batteries:—

1 canteen sergeant on Rs. 35 a month

1 assistant " 11 " } as for a

1 writer " 10 " } regiment.

The C. in C. in India has accepted the retirement from the service, by the sale of his commission, of Ensign T. P. Palmer, 1st batt. 19th foot, subject to H.M.'s approval, dated Sept. 13.

Appt.—Kurrachee Depot.—Brev. maj. H. Foster, of the 95th foot, to be comdt., v. Brev. Lieut. col. Faussett, 44th foot, who resigns the appt.; dated Sept. 13.

The 6 mo. leave on m.c. granted in G.O.C.C. of March 22 to Lieut. col. P. Drummond, comdt. 36th N.I., will be reckoned from April 12 to Oct. 26, instead of the dates therein notified.

The 6 mo. leave granted in G.O.C.C. of the 1st ult. to Lieut. R. W. Archibald, of the 58th foot, will expire on Sept. 30, instead of the date therein notified.

The foll. orders are confirmed:—

By the officer comdg. the 82nd foot, dated the 18th ult., apptg. Maj. C. R. Richardson to officiate as interpreter to the regt., with effect from Sept. 1 following.

By the officer comdg. the 1st batt. 19th foot, dated the 30th ult., apptg. Lieut. F. S. S. Brind to officiate as interpreter to the regt., with effect from Sept. 1 following.

By the officer comdg. the 2nd N.I., dated 4th inst. making the following appts., with effect from 2nd idem, v. Major H. Finch, 2nd in com. and wing officer, on leave:—

Capt. W. B. Shawe, wing officer, to offic. as 2nd in com. and wing officer.

Lieut. T. K. Cowie, adj., to offic. as wing officer.

Lieut. and qrm. F. W. Williams to offic. as adjt., in add. to his other duties.

By the officer comdg. the 36th N.I., dated 4th inst., making the following appts., v. Unattached Lieut. H. Holford, adjt., apptd. to another situation:—

Lieut. R. F. C. A. Tytler, qrm., to offic. as adjt.

Unattached Lieut. T. Hardy, doing duty officer, to offic. as qrm.

Leave of absence:—

Royal Horse Artillery.—Major J. Bonham (D batty., C brig.), from Aug. 22 to Oct. 22, to Nynce Tal, on m.c.; and 2nd Capt. A. Carey (C batty., F brig.), from date of embarkation at Bombay, to England for 6 mo.

Royal Artillery.—Col. E. K. Money (25th brig.), from Nov. 1 to Feb. 1, 1867, to England, on private affairs; 2nd Capt. J. C. G. Price (G. batty., 16th brig.), to Dec. 31, in ext., to remain in England; Lieut. L. F. Perry (C batty., 11th brig.), and Lieut. C. S. Graham (F batty., 18th brig.), from date of embarkation, to England, overland, on m.c.; and Asst. surg. J. D'Altera (14th brig.), from date of embarkation at Bombay, to England, overland, on m.c.

7th Foot.—Capt. H. Kerr (1st batt.), from April 15 to Oct. 15, to visit Cashmere.

23rd Foot.—Capt. J. K. S. Henderson (1st batt.), from Sept. 10 to Oct. 31, to visit Nynce Tal, and the hills north of Dehra, on m.c.

33rd Foot.—Capt. B. G. Graham, from April 14 to June 14, in ext., to remain in England.

42nd Foot.—Lieut. J. A. Drake, from Sept. 1 to Oct. 31, to Murree, on m.c.

58th Foot.—Lieut. G. V. C. Napier, from Sept. 1 to Sept. 4, in ext., to enable him to rejoin.

72nd Foot.—Lieut. C. W. N. Guinness, from Jan. 1, 1866, to March 31, 1866, in ext., to enable him to rejoin in England, direct from Australia.

77th Foot.—Capt. A. W. Williams, from Oct. 15 to Dec. 31, in ext.

88th Foot.—Lieut. J. Irwin, from date of embarkation, to England, for 15 mo.

91st Foot.—Lieut. A. P. Maurice, from date of embarkation, to England, overland, m.c.

Staff Corps.—Lieut. A. A. Dick, 2nd in com. and squadron officer, 11th Bengal cav., from Aug. 4 to Aug. 15, in ext. of priv. leave, to enable him to rejoin.

Late 2nd European Bengal Fusiliers.—Lieut. C. H. Cantor, adjt., 5th Bengal cav., from May 15 to Oct. 30, to Darjeeling, on m.c.

Late 21st N.I.—Capt. T. G. Koss, att. to the 5th Bengal cav., from Jan. 31 to Oct. 30, to Darjeeling, on m.c. This cancels the leave granted in G.O.C.C.; dated Jan. 12 last.

Late 31st N.I.—Major H. Finch, 2nd in com. and W. O. 2nd N.I., from Sept. 1 to Jan. 1, 1866, in ext. of priv. leave, to remain at Landour, on m.c.

Gen. List, Cav.—Lieut. E. Wells, 2nd squadron officer, 13th Bengal cav., from Aug. 27 to Oct. 25, in ext. of priv. leave, to Cashmere, on m.c.

Gen. List, Inf.—Lieut. H. Wylle, att. to the 10th Bengal cav., from Aug. 15 to Oct. 15, in ext. of priv. leave, to remain at Simla, on m.c.

Medical Dept.—Surg. A. G. Crewe, 2nd N.I., from Sept. 9 to Oct. 9, to Calcutta, to appear before a medical board.

Asst. surg. J. H. Thornton, M.B., N.A., 44th N.I., from Sept. 1 to Oct. 31, to the Cossyah Hills, on m.c.

LEAVE.—MUSKETRY INSTRUCTORS.

Sept. 28.—It is hereby notified for general information and guidance that applications for privilege leave of absence for regimental instructors of musketry will in future be considered by general officers commanding divisions and districts in communication with district inspectors of musketry, without reference to head quarters, as enjoined by G.O. British forces, Sept. 6, 1860.

The officer instructor of musketry cannot be permitted to be absent from his regt., on leave on private affairs, during any portion of the annual course.

It is hereby notified that the Govt. of India have been pleased to decide that all military officers employed in depts. under the military dept. of Govt. shall be under the mily. rules in respect to privilege leave.

Officers employed under the foreign and home depts. are under the civil rules; except those officers serving in the few native corps not under the mily. dept. who remain under mily. rules.

These rules apply equally to medical officers.

The C. in C. in India is pleased to make the following appts. until H.M.'s pleasure shall be known:—

7th Hussars.—Lieut. L. F. Jamieson, from the 79th foot, to be lieut., v. Lieut. A. L'E. H. Holmes, who exes.; dated Sept. 18.

79th Foot.—Lieut. A. L'E. H. Holmes, from the 7th hussars, to be lieut., v. Lieut. L. F. Jamieson, who exes.; dated Sept. 18.

The C. in C. in India is pleased to make the following proms., until H.M.'s pleasure shall be known:—

2nd Batt. 21st Foot.—Ens. J. Davidson, to be lieut., by purch., v. Lieut. E. Bussell, who rets.; dated Sept. 19.

42nd Foot.—Lieut. G. A. Furse to be capt., without purch., v. Capt. A. Fergusson, dec.; dated Sept. 12.

Ens. A. J. Colquhoun to be lieut., without purch., v. Lieut. G. A. Furse, prom.; dated Sept. 12.

Pending H.M.'s approval, the C. in C. in India is pleased to sanction an exchange of batlms. between the following officers:—Capt. C. J. F. Smith-Forbes, 1st batln. 19th foot, and E. N. Kindersley, 2nd batln. 19th foot.

The C. in C. has sanctioned the undermen. officer of the 44th foot proceeding to England by the overland route, on the embarkation of his regt., for the purpose of undergoing a course of musketry instruction at Hythe:—Lieut. and adjt. E. C. P. Pigott.

MADRAS.

BY THE GOVERNOR IN COUNCIL.

Leave of absence:—

Fort St. George, Oct. 24.—Asst. comy. M. Howard, sub engr., dept. of public works, 3 mo. leave on m.c., in continuation of that granted to him in the *Gazette* of Aug. 8 last.

Asst. surg. H. King, m.b., doing duty 14th regt. N.I., to act as zillah surg. and supt. of the jail at Mangalore, without prejudice to his military duties.

Capt. J. Leonhard, acting dep. registrar of assurances of Mansurkatta, in the Ganjam dist., to be dep. registrar of assurances of that sub dist., v. T. K. Rao, dec.

Asst. apothecary F. H. H. Smith to be sub asst. surg. of the 3rd class, and dep. supt. of vaccination, with temp. rank, and to do duty in the Godavery circle during the absence of Dr. S. P. Andy on other duty. Mr. Smith will report himself to the gen. supt. of vaccination.

Acting sub asst. surg. L. W. Lincoln, dep. supt. of vaccination in the Godavery circle, is posted to No. 1, or Madras circle.

The special leave granted to Lieut. col. F. H. Randall, R.E., in the *Fort St. George Gazette* of May 19, 1863, is extended to 5 years.

The leave of absence granted to Capt. P. T. Sims, 6th regt. N.I., supt. of police, Kistna dist., on m.c. to Eur. for 20 mo., having expired on the 19th inst., his services are replaced at the disposal of H.E. the C. in C.

Mr. R. R. Cotton, civil and session judge of Madura, resumed charge of the court from Mr. C. N. Pochin on 21st inst.

Mr. J. Rohde, insp. gen. of jails, resumed charge of the office on the 19th inst. The leave granted to Lieut. col. W. J. Wilson will accordingly take effect from the 20th idem.

Capt. H. L. Grove, senior asst. to the coll. and mag. of Vizagapatam, to perform the duties and exercise powers which are assigned to and conferred on the mag. of the dist.

No. 375.—Apts. and alterations of rank, the latter subject to H.M.'s approval:—

Capt. D. Scott, of the staff corps, dep. asst. qrmr. gen., to be an asst. qrmr. gen., v. Major H. H. O'Connell, perm. to resign his appt. at his own request.

Capt. W. R. Mesham, of the staff corps, to be a dep. asst. qrmr. gen., to complete the estab.

Infantry General List.

Lieut. G. G. Bird, ensign in H.M.'s 106th foot, from March 1, 1864, v. Lieut. Turton, 8th N.I., deceased.

Lieut. H. M. Dale, from 16th March, 1864, v. Lieut. Ross, 39th N.I., dismissed the service.

Lieut. F. A. Wetherall, from March 18, 1864, v. Lieut. Wyllie, 18th N.I., dec.

Lieut. C. H. Sheppard, from March 20, 1864, v. Lieut. Dixon, 10th N.I., prom.

Major H. Y. Beale, of the 12th regt. Bombay N.I., brig. major at Aden, is granted an extension of leave to the Neilgherries, on m.c., until Oct. 31, 1866.

MOVEMENTS OF REGIMENTS.

The following movements of corps are ordered:—

British Infantry.

2nd batt. 21st foot, from Bellary to Secunderabad. 76th foot, from camp Bangalore (with reference to G.O.G. Oct. 11, No. 366) to Bellary.

THE REORGANISATION OF THE MADRAS ARMY.

No. 377.—Under the authority of the Govt. of India, H.E. the Gov. in Council directs that the system of organisation, now in force in Bengal and Bombay, be introduced into the native army of this Presy. from Nov. 1.

The future estab. of officers for regts. of native cav. and inf. will be as below specified, and the staff salaries to be drawn by the several officers serving with native regts. under the new organisation is shown opposite their respective positions:—

Cavalry Regiments—Staff Salary per Mensem.

Commandant	Rs. 700
Second in command also commanding a squadron	300
Senior squadron officer	210
Junior do.	180
Adjutant	250
Doing duty officer	150

NOTE.—The 2nd in comd. and squad. officers will each draw Rs. 40 per mensem, for payment of their respective squads. and for the repair of arms and accoutrements.

The adjt. will also draw Rs. 50, office allowance.

The doing duty officer, who will perform any duties that may be assigned to him, such as would devolve upon a qrmr., &c., will draw also Rs. 30 per mensem, for writer and stationery.

Comdts. are to maintain three chargers, all other officers two only.

Inf. Regiments—Staff Salary per Mensem.

Commandant	Rs. 600
Senior wing commandant	270
Junior do.	230
Adjutant	200
Quartermaster	150
Doing duty officer	100

NOTE.—The two wing comdts. will each draw also Rs. 80 per mensem, or Rs. 20 per company, for the payment and repair of arms and accoutrements of companies of their respective wings.

The adjt. will also draw Rs. 50, office allowance.

All inf. officers are to maintain one charger.

The staff salaries now authorised are to be drawn in addition to staff corps pay only.

Officers who, by the change of system, are deprived of the command allowance of troops and companies, without obtaining any staff salary, will be allowed compensation for the loss, at the rate of Rs. 30 per mensem, while in the actual performance of duty with regts.

The regulations respecting "Interpreters," published in G.O.G. No. 755, of Aug. 3, 1865 (G.O.G. No. 298, dated Aug. 18, 1865), will come into operation simultaneously with the introduction of the new organisation, viz., from Nov. 1, 1865.

Officers appt. to native corps under the organisation now ordered, will take rank regimentally, according to their standing in the army. But in all cases, the comdt. in virtue of his appt. will command the regt., and the 2nd in command will rank next in the corp, independently of army rank.

The Govt. of India in sanctioning the introduction of the new organisation, as respects the position and duties of both European and native officers in the cavalry and infantry of the Madras army, has intimated that it is considered advisable to defer for the present changing the Madras cavalry into Silladar horse. No change is therefore intended in respect to the pay of the men in the cavalry, or in the system under which they are armed and clothed, or as to the provision, feeding, &c., of horses or supply and repair of saddlery. The only change in this branch at present will be similar to that made in the infantry, viz., that native officers shall command the troops, and European officers take the duties of squadron officers, &c., under the new organisation. In view, however, to the early introduction of the Silladar system, the enlistment of recruits for the cavalry will at once cease.

The existing arrangements for the supply and repair of saddles will remain as at present until further orders. For the renewal and repair of all stable gear and for the shoeing of horses an allowance of two rupees per horse per mensem will be granted, from which two annas will be payable to the vet. surg. for supplying country medicines, &c.

H.E. the C. in C. will have the goodness to issue the necessary subsidiary orders for carrying out the new arrangements.

One month's priv. leave has been granted to Mr. W. F. Donaghue, supervisor, D.P.W., Shealli Taluq. Tanjore district, from the date he avails himself of it, under G.O., Feb. 3, 1867, No. 29.

The priv. leave granted to Mr. J. George, asst. engr., Coimbatore range, Coimbatore district, is extended for another month, under the financial resolution of the Govt. of India, dated July 31, 1863, No. 3,478.

Priv. leave of absence has been granted to Capt. G. R. F. Bardin, dep. asst. comsy. gen., for 60 days, from date of departure from Bellary.

No. 710.—The Acting Controller of Military Accounts has granted 60 days' priv. leave to Major T. Gillilan, acting military accountant.

Major Firth, staff corps, will, with the sanction of H.E. the C. in C., perform Major Gillilan's duties during his absence.

Statement showing the names of the junior civil servants who have passed the examination held on Oct. 9 last:—

Telugu.

Mr. J. Sturrock, arrived Nov. 20, 1864.
Mr. E. Gibson, arrived Nov. 25, 1864.
Mr. H. F. Clogstoun, arrived Nov. 25, 1864.
Mr. C. J. Knox, arrived Feb. 28 last; passed in Tamil, April 10 last.

Mr. H. P. Austin, arrived Dec. 28 last.
Mr. G. R. Chamberlain, arrived Nov. 7, 1864.
Mr. A. J. B. Atkinson, arrived Oct. 13, 1864.
Mr. H. B. Grigg, arrived Jan. 8 last.
Mr. T. V. D. Hardinge, arrived Oct. 25, 1864; passed in Tamil, April 10 last.
Mr. E. Turner, arrived Nov. 20, 1864.
Mr. C. A. Bird, arrived Nov. 7, 1864.

Tamil.

Mr. L. R. Burrows, arrived Nov. 7, 1864; passed in Telugu, April 10 last.

Mr. F. E. Hall, arrived Nov. 7, 1864; passed in Telugu, April 10 last.

Mr. W. A. Happell, arrived Nov. 25, 1864; passed in Telugu, April 10 last.

Mr. E. N. Overbury, arrived Nov. 25, 1864; passed in Telugu, April 10 last.

Mr. L. A. Campbell, arrived Dec. 30, 1864.

The undermen. junior civil servants have passed the prescribed examination in the vernacular entered opposite their names:—

Mr. S. T. McCarthy, passed in Tamil; test, that prescribed for the major reward of Rs. 1,600; passed Oct. 9 last.

Mr. G. McWatters, passed in Tamil; test, that prescribed for the major reward of Rs. 1,600; passed 9 last.

Leave of absence:—

Oct. 27.—Mr. C. G. Master, acting sub sec. to the board of revenue, has priv. leave for 1 mo. and 20 days, to proc. to the Neilgherries.

Appointments:—

Mr. G. Banbury, to act as coll. and mag. of the Madras dist., during the abs. of Mr. Fane on leave, or until further orders.

Mr. S. T. McCarthy, to be asst. to the coll. and mag. of Kurnool.

Mr. A. L. Lister, to be asst. to the coll. and mag. of Cuddapah.

Mr. D. Buick, to be asst. to the coll. and mag. of Bellary.

Mr. C. N. Pochin, judge of the Court of Small Causes at Madura, assumed charge of the court from Mr. J. H. Nelson on the 23rd inst.

Mr. O. B. Irvine, acting head asst. mag. of South Arcot, is authorised to take down the evidence of witnesses with his own hand in English.

Under sec. XXIII. of the Code of Criminal Procedure, the underment. officers are invested with the powers of a subord. mag. of the 2nd class:—

Mr. C. H. McBride, acting dep. coll. in the North Arcot dist.

Mr. E. Thomas, acting dep. coll. in the South Arcot dist.

Mr. M. Platel, tahsildar of Cochin, in the Malabar dist.

Oct. 12.—No. 2,038.—Mr. W. H. Kerr is re-appt. to the office of superint. of Coorg from the date of the expiration of the leave granted him in G.O. No. 582, dated March 13 last.

The undermentioned officer has passed the prescribed examination in the Vernacular:—

Lieut. C. Cunningham, R.E., asst. engr., Tamil, full test prescribed at page 118 of *Fort St. George Gazette* for Jan. 23, 1863; Oct. 9.

Oct. 27.—No. 379.—The services of the undermentioned officers are placed, at their own request, at the disposal of H.E. the C. in C. for regimental duty:—

Lieut. col. T. Greenaway, staff corps, acting exec. engr., Trichinopoly.

Capt. (brev. licut. col.) C. P. Molony, 25th regt. N.I., exec. engr., Kistnah district.

Major F. Applegath, staff corps, in charge of pensioners, &c., Masulipatam.

Capt. H. J. T. Neild, 2nd regt. N.I., in charge of pensioners, &c., Chicacole.

Oct. 11.—No. 929.—The services of Lieut. R. F. St. A. St. John, H.M.'s 3rd batt., 60th royal rifles, a candidate for the staff corps, are placed at the disposal of the foreign dept., with effect from Sept. 12, 1865.

Oct. 27.—No. 381.—The following extracts from notifications in the *Gazette of India* are re-published:—

Home Dept., Simla, Oct. 8.—No. 2,473.—Asst. surg. B. T. Suffrein assumed med. charge of the civil station of Prome, British Burmah, on Aug. 29, as a temp. arrangement.

Foreign Dept., Sindia, Oct. 4.—No. 1,975.—Asst. surg. T. Beaumont, M.D., in med. charge of the Indore Residency, has 12 days' leave, from 7th ult. to Bombay, prep. to applying for furl. to Europe, on m.c.

No. 1,977.—Lieut. E. Faunce, app. in G.O. No. 1,491, dated July 17 last, to be offic. asst. comr., 3rd class, Hyderabad Assigned Districts, assumed charge of his office at Oomrawattee on Aug. 29.

Oct. 7.—No. 2,602.—Capt. C. J. Pearce, offic. dep. superint. of the Bangalore District, has priv. leave for 2 mo., from 1st inst.

Oct. 10.—No. 2,021.—Major H. M. Elliott, 1st class dep. superint. of the Shimoga District in Mysore, resumed charge of his office from Major J. J. Hamilton on Sept. 15.

No. 2,023.—Major J. Stubbs, offic. 1st asst. to the Resident at Hyderabad, returned to his duty on 9th ult. from priv. leave.

Oct. 3.—No. 2,741.—Lieut. W. Vertue, asst. comr., Nagpore, Central Provinces, will carry on the duties of asst. to dep. comr. of Nagpore Circle of Issue of Paper Currency during Mr. Sterndale's absence on leave.

Oct. 27.—No. 382.—The following extract from G.O. by Govt. of Bombay is republished:—

Bombay Castle, Oct. 18.—No. 533.—Lieut. H. C. Onslow, Madras staff corps, offic. adjt. 4th cav., Hyderabad Contingent, has a furl. to Europe for 20 mo., on m.c.

Comp Mercara, Oct. 22.—The superint., revenue survey, has granted to act. sub asst. Mr. H. Vaughan, of Cuddapah survey party, priv. leave of absence for 20 days, under sec. 25 of the revised rules, from Nov. 1 next.

Chapank, Oct. 25.—Under the order of the Government of India, dated July 31, 1863, No. 3,478, cumulative priv. leave has been granted by the offic. superint., revenue survey, to Head surveyor Mr. S. Johnson, of the Kurnool survey party, for 45 days from Sept. 25.

Madras, Oct. 26.—The coms. gen. has, under the provision of G.O.G. No. 77, dated March 21, 1857, granted priv. leave to Lieut. col. E. E. Miller, dep. coms. gen., for 60 days from 30th inst.

NEW REORGANISATION.

POSTINGS OF OFFICERS UNDER THE GOVERNMENT ORDER OF OCTOBER 24.

1st Regiment L.C.

Lieut. col. C. S. Bivar, acting, 1st L.C., comdnt.
Major (brev. lieut. col.) S. W. Vine, acting, 6th L.C., 2nd in com. offic. 2nd in com. 3rd cav.

Major H. E. Dyneley, acting, 1st L.C., sen. squadron officer, offic. 2nd in com.

Capt. W. G. Morris, acting, 1st L.C., jun. squadron officer, sen. squadron officer.

Capt. ———, 1st L.C., offic. jun. squad. officer.

Lieut. H. R. Hope, gen. list, adjt.

Lieut. A. R. Kenny, gen. list, doing duty officer, on other duty.

2nd Regiment L.C.

Lieut. col. J. Buchanan, 4th L.C., comdnt.
Lieut. col. C. R. Stainforth, acting, 1st L.C., 2nd in com.

Major J. G. Cookson, acting, 8th L.C., senior squadron officer.

Capt. (brev. maj.) W. C. Clarke, acting, 2nd L.C., junior squadron officer, Europe, m.c.

Capt. (brev. maj.) J. H. Doveton, acting, 3rd L.C., offic. junior officer.

Lieut. ———, adjt.

Lieut. A. F. Curtis, 5th L.C., offic. adjt.

Lieut. A. Curtois, general list, doing duty officer.

3rd Regiment L.C.

Lieut. col. the Hon. H. Arbuthnot, 2nd L.C., comdnt., Europe, furlough.

Lieut. col. G. T. Radcliffe, acting, 3rd L.C., 2nd in com., offic. comdnt.

Major (brev. lieut. col.) S. W. Vine, acting, 6th L.C., offic. 2nd in com.

Major E. M. Lawford, acting, 4th L.C., senior squadron officer.

Capt. (brev. maj.) J. Barclay, acting, 8th L.C., junior squadron officer, Europe, m.c.

Capt. G. A. Arbuthnot, 8th L.C., offic. junior squadron officer.

Lieut. ———, adjt.

Lieut. W. W. Edwards, 8th L.C., offic. adjt.

Lieut. ———, doing duty officer.

4th Regiment L.C.

Lieut. col. (brev. col.) P. T. Cherry, 2nd L.C., comdnt.

Lieut. col. W. C. Macdonald, staff corps, 2nd in command.

Major A. H. Hope, staff corps, senior squadron officer.

Capt. (brev. maj.), R. Caulfield, acting, 7th L.C., junior squadron officer.

Lieut. P. L. Gordon, 6th L.C., adjt.

Lieut. H. H. Bird, 6th L.C., doing duty officer.

1st Regiment N.I.

Lieut. col. W. H. Watts, 1st N.I., comdnt., Eur. furl.

Major J. C. Day, staff corps, offic. comdnt.

Major A. L. Rishton, acting, 1st N.I., senior wing comdnt., Eur., m.c.

Capt. (brev. maj.) W. H. Cuming, acting, 1st N.I., junior wing comdnt., offic. senior wing comdnt.

Capt. (brev. major) C. W. Cox, 1st N.I., offic. junior comdnt., offic. senior wing comdnt.

Lieut. H. H. Hallett, 17th N.I., adjt.

Lieut. A. Chaplin, gen. list, qrmr.

Lieut. G. Tyndall, 1st N.I., doing duty officer, Eur., furl.

2nd Regiment N.I.

Lieut. col. (brevet col.) R. W. O. Grady, 2nd N.I., comdnt.

Lieut. col. A. S. Steel, staff corps, sen. wing comdnt.; Eur. furl.

Major H. Acton, staff corps, jun. wing comdnt., offic. sen.; Eur. furl.

Major A. Drury, staff corps, offic. jun. comdnt., offic. sen.; Eur. furl.

Lieut. (brevet capt.) R. Griffith, staff corps, adjt.

Lieut. R. P. Blake, gen. list, offic. qrmr.

Lieut. J. H. M. Barnett, 16th N.I., doing duty officer.

3rd Regiment L.I.

Lieut. col. J. Kitson, 13th N.I., comdnt.

Major (lieut. col.) R. Jones, acting, 3rd L.I., sen. wing comdnt.; Eur. furl.

Capt. (brevet major) F. M. Hautain, acting, 3rd L.I., jun. wing comdnt., offic. sen.; Eur. furl.

Capt. (brevet major) P. S. Cunningham, acting, 3rd L.I., offic. jun. comdnt., offic. sen.; Eur. furl.

Lieut. R. C. Evans, on staff corps, adjt.

Lieut. ———, qrmr.

Lieut. (brevet capt.) R. C. Lavie, 3rd L.I., doing duty officer; Eur. m.c.

4th Regiment N.I.

Lieut. col. H. Stevens, 4th N.I., comdnt., Eur., m.c.

Major J. J. Brine, 4th N.I., sen. wing comdnt., offic. comdnt.

Capt. (brevet major) W. J. Jones, 4th N.I., offic. wing comdnt., offic. comdnt.

Capt. (brevet major) C. P. Harkness, 4th N.I., offic. jun. wing comdnt.

Lieut. ———, adjt.

Lieut. C. Mackenzie, 4th N.I., offic. adjt.

Lieut. W. Anderson, 4th N.I., qrmr.

Lieut. I. A. Fitzgerald, late 43rd N.I., offic. doing duty officer.

5th Regiment N.I.

Lieut. col. H. D. Innes, 15th N.I., comdnt.

Major G. Smart, 21st N.I., sen. wing comdnt., offic. wing comdnt. 21st N.I.

Capt. (brevet major) C. Nicholls, acting, 5th N.I., jun. wing comdnt., offic. sen. wing comdnt.

Capt. (brev. major) P. L. Holmes, acting, 17th N.I., offic. jun. wing comdnt.

Lieut. (brev. capt.) F. Gadsden, staff corps, adjt.

Lieut. (brev. capt.) A. F. Searle, 32nd N.I., qrmr.

Lieut. ———, doing duty officer.

6th Regiment N.I.

Lieut. col. F. G. Kempster, staff corps, comdnt.

Capt. (brev. major) J. Shand, acting, late 51st N.I., sen. wing comdnt.

Capt. (brev. lieut. col.) W. Swinson, 6th N.I., jun. wing comdnt., Europe m.c.

Capt. H. G. Dickinson, 45th N.I., offic. jun. wing comdnt.

Lieut. ———, adjt.

Lieut. (brev. capt.) C. J. R. Bell, 6th N.I., offic. adjt.

Lieut. W. P. Dicken, 6th N.I., qrmr.

Lieut. L. C. Desborough, 51st N.I., doing duty officer.

7th Regiment N.I.

Lieut. col. (brev. col.) C. Ireland, 35th N.I., comdnt., on other duty.

Lieut. col. S. I. Batten, staff corps, sen. wing comdnt., offic. comdnt.

Capt. (brev. lieut. col.) B. Hodson, acting, 7th N.I., jun. wing comdnt., offic. sen. wing comdnt.

Capt. (brev. major) E. Metcalfe, 48th N.I., offic. jun. wing comdnt.

Lieut. ———, adjt.

Lieut. H. S. Johnson, 7th N.I., offic. adjt.

Lieut. ———, qrmr.

Lieut. G. C. Foord, 7th N.I., doing duty officer.

8th Regiment N.I.

Lieut. col. W. J. Cooke, 8th N.I., comdnt.

Major (lieut. col.) J. Curtis, 8th N.I., sen. wing comdnt.

Capt. (brev. major) H. C. Fletcher, 8th N.I., jun. wing comdnt., offic. sen. wing comdnt., 19th N.I.

Capt. (brev. major) A. Child, acting, 8th N.I., offic. jun. wing comdnt.

Lieut. ———, adjt.

Lieut. R. W. Hesketh, 8th N.I., offic. adjt.

Lieut. A. T. Rolland, staff corps, qrmr.

Lieut. ———, doing duty officer.

9th Regiment N.I.

Lieut. (col. brev. col.) H. W. Blake, 9th N.I., comdnt.

Lieut. col. C. M. Shakespear, staff corps, sen. wing comdnt.

Major F. Applegath, staff corps, jun. wing comdnt., offic. sen. wing comdnt., 33rd N.I.

Major H. H. Firth, staff corps, offic. jun. wing comdnt.

Lieut. J. H. Richmond, 9th N.I., adjt.

Lieut. ———, qrmr.

Lieut. ———, doing duty officer.

10th Regiment N.I.

Lieut. col. H. C. Gosling, 10th N.I., comdnt.

Major H. L. Christie, acting, 10th N.I., sen. wing comdnt., Europe, m.c.

Major A. N. H. Lynch, 19th N.I., offic. sen. wing comdnt.

Major W. Ramsay, 10th N.I., jun. wing comdnt., Europe, m.c.

Capt. A. Gahagan, 10th N.I., offic. ditto.

Lieut. T. J. Cotton, 10th N.I., adjt.

Lieut. H. F. De Lousada, 51st N.I., qrmr.

Lieut. O. M. Bradshaw, 10th N.I., offic. doing duty officer.

11th Regiment N.I.

Lieut. col. G. Sturrock, 11th N.I., comdnt.

Capt. (brev. col.) C. J. Fullerton, acting, 11th N.I., senior wing comdnt.

Capt. (brev. col.) G. T. Luard, 37th gren., junior wing comdnt., offic. senior wing comdnt. 37th.

Capt. (brev. maj.) C. D. Grant, 11th N.I., offic. junior wing comdnt.

Lieut. ———, adjt.

Lieut. M. H. L. Harris, 11th N.I., offic. adjt.

Lieut. A. T. Woodhouse, 11th N.I., qrmr.

Lieut. S. W. B. Sherman, 11th N.I., doing duty officer, Europe, m.c.

12th Regiment N.I.

Lieut. col. J. G. Halliday, 12th N.I., comdnt.

Major L. Tripe, acting, 12th N.I., senior wing comdnt.

Capt. (brev. lieut. col.) G. Harkness, 25th N.I., junior wing comdnt., Europe, m.c.

Capt. (brev. maj.) W. A. Riach, 12th N.I., offic. junior wing comdnt.

Lieut. G. N. Ross, 12th N.I., adjt.

Lieut. T. W. Sander, staff corps, qrmr.

Lieut. W. Miller, gen. list, doing duty officer.

13th Regiment N.I.

Lieut. col. E. F. Barton, staff corps, comdnt., Europe, furlough.

Major C. Pulley, 50th N.I., offic. comdnt.

Major C. W. Taylor, 13th N.I., sen. wing comdnt.

Capt. (brev. major) J. W. Rutherford, acting, 47th N.I., jun. wing comdnt., Europe, m.c.

Capt. (brev. major) H. Boardman, 13th N.I., offic. jun. wing comdnt.

Lieut. C. M. Moberly, staff corps, adjt.

Lieut. ———, qrmr.

Lieut. ———, doing duty officer.

14th Regiment N.I.

Lieut. col. G. S. Dobbie, 14th N.I., comdnt.

Lieut. col. T. Greenaway, staff corps, sen. wing comdnt.

Major T. E. Bell, staff corps, jun. wing comdnt., Europe, m.c.

Major A. G. W. Burn, staff corps, offic. jun. wing comdnt.

Lieut. A. W. Foord, staff corps, adjt.

Lieut. ———, qrmr.

Lieut. ———, doing duty officer.

15th Regiment N.I.

Lieut. col. R. A. Doria, 22nd N.I., comdnt., Eur., furl.

Major (brev. lieut. col.) E. Gage, 15th N.I., offic. comdnt.

Major A. D. McDougall, acting, 3rd M.E.R., sen. wing comdnt.

Capt. (brev. maj.) W. S. Davis, acting, 15th N.I., jun. wing comdnt.

Lieut. A. S. Grove, staff corps, adjt.

Lieut. R. E. Cox, gen. list, qrmr.

Lieut. ———, doing duty officer.

16th Regiment N.I.

Lieut. col. (brev. col.) T. G. E. G. Kenny, 3rd L.I., comdnt.

- Capt. (brev. lieut. col.) J. Daniel, 16th N.I., sen. wing comdnt.
- Capt. (brev. major) C. W. Dun, acting, 43rd N.I., jun. wing comdnt., Europe, m.c.
- Capt. (brev. major) C. R. de M. Hutchison, 20th N.I., offic. jun. wing comdnt.
- Lieut. L. W. Halsted, staff corps, adjt.
- Lieut. J. B. Reid, 16th N.I., qrmr., Europe, m.c.
- , offic. qrmr.
- Lieut. R. S. Gray, 16th N.I., doing duty officer.
- 17th Regiment N.I.
- Lieut. col. (brevet col.) W. K. Babington, 17th N.I., comdnt.
- Major J. C. Day, staff corps, sen. wing comdnt., offic. comdnt. 1st N.I.
- Major W. D. Stanley, staff corps, jun. wing comdnt., offic. sen. wing comdnt.
- Major H. J. Bett, staff corps, offic. jun. wing comdnt.
- , adjt.
- Lieut. F. D. Plowden, 17th N.I., offic. adjt.
- Lieut. W. Rowlandson, 17th N.I., qrmr.; Eur., m.c.
- Lieut. G. Pirrie, 17th N.I., doing duty officer.
- 19th Regiment N.I.
- Lieut. col. H. Nott, 19th N.I., comdnt.
- Capt. (brevet major) A. H. Gordon, acting, 51st N.I., sen. wing comdnt., offic. sen. wing comdnt. 30th N.I.
- Capt. (brevet major) H. C. Fletcher, 8th N.I., offic. sen. wing comdnt.
- Capt. (brevet major) A. N. H. Lynch, acting, 19th N.I., jun. wing comdnt., offic. sen. wing comdnt. 10th N.I.
- Capt. C. L. Pereira, staff corps, offic. jun. wing comdnt.
- Lieut. N. D. Robertson, staff corps, adjt.
- Lieut. W. L. Ranking, gen. list, qrmr.
- Lieut. B. A. Bloomfield, 19th N.I., doing duty officer.
- 20th Regiment N.I.
- Lieut. col. W. H. Freese, 23rd L.I., comdnt., Eur., m.c.
- Major G. M. Carter, acting, 1st M.F., offic. comdnt.
- Major (brev. lieut. col.) G. Paxton, 44th N.I., senior wing comdnt., Eur., m.c.
- Capt. (brev. lieut. col.) T. C. Ansley, acting, 9th N.I., junior wing comdnt., offic. senior wing comdnt.
- Capt. (brev. major) F. W. A. Rolson, 20th N.I., offic. junior wing comdnt.
- Lieut. W. O. Foord, staff corps, adjt.
- Lieut. A. Y. Brookings, staff corps, qrmr.
- Lieut. J. O. Goldie, 20th N.I., doing duty officer.
- 21st Regiment N.I.
- Major (brev. lieut. col.) R. Woolley, 28th N.I., comdnt., Europe, furlough.
- Major G. Smart, 21st N.I., offic. comdnt.
- Major A. W. Drayner, acting, 43rd N.I., sen. wing comdnt.
- Capt. T. Sweet, 21st N.I., jun. wing comdnt.
- Lieut. G. Murray, 21st N.I., adjt.
- Lieut. F. B. Boone, 6th N.I., qrmr.
- , doing duty officer.
- 22nd Regiment N.I.
- Lieut. col. D. Hedson, 22nd N.I., comdnt.
- Major A. Cannan, 22nd N.I., sen. wing comdnt., Europe, furlough.
- Capt. (brev. major) H. Dixon, 22nd N.I., jun. wing comdnt., offic. sen. wing comdnt.
- Capt. G. Kallender, acting, 22nd N.I., offic. jun. wing comdnt.
- , adjt.
- Lieut. D. Mouro, 43rd N.I., offic. adjt.
- Lieut. (brev. capt.) R. A. Walters, 59th N.I., qrmr.
- 23rd Regiment L.I.
- Lieut. col. M. Cholmley, 27th N.I., comdnt., Europe, m.c.
- Major K. Macaulay, 23rd L.I., sen. wing comdnt., offic. comdnt.
- Capt. (brev. maj.) W. Serres, 51st N.I., jun. wing comdnt., offic. sen. wing comdnt.
- Capt. (brev. maj.) C. L. Coombe, 23rd L.I., offic. jun. wing comdnt.
- Lieut. E. J. Watson, staff corps, adjt.
- Lieut. P. A. Van Homrigh, 23rd L.I., qrmr.
- 24th Regiment N.I.
- Major (brev. lieut. col.) H. E. Walpole, 16th N.I., comdnt.
- Major (brev. lieut. col.) M. C. Spottiswoode, 24th N.I., sen. wing comdnt., Europe, m.c.
- Capt. W. K. Hawkis, 49th N.I., jun. wing comdnt., offic. sen. wing comdnt.
- Capt. C. J. Bradley, 24th N.I., offic. jun. wing comdnt.
- Lieut. W. G. Sharp, 41st N.I., adjt.
- Lieut. T. W. Gilchrist, 50th N.I., qrmr.
- Lieut. S. E. Atkinson, 50th N.I., offic. doing duty officer, Europe, on m.c.
- 25th Regiment N.I.
- Lieut. col. C. P. Y. Triscott, 7th N.I., comdnt., Europe, m.c.
- Major (brev. lieut. col.) G. G. Peyton, 25th N.I., offic. comdnt.
- , senior wing comdnt.
- Capt. (brev. lieut. col.) C. P. Molony, 25th N.I., junior wing comdnt., offic. senior wing comdnt.
- Capt. C. J. Godfrey, 10th N.I., offic. junior wing comdnt.
- Lieut. S. Ludlow, 25th N.I., adjt., on other duty.
- Lieut. B. B. Faunce, 25th N.I., offic. adjt.
- Lieut. J. R. Brown, 25th N.I., qrmr.
- Lieut. B. B. Faunce, 25th N.I., doing duty officer.
- 26th Regiment N.I.
- Lieut. col. W. H. Welch, 26th N.I., comdnt.
- Lieut. col. D. G. Pollard, staff corps, senior wing comdnt.
- Capt. (brev. maj.) J. J. Jenkins, acting, 26th N.I., junior wing comdnt., Europe, m.c.
- Capt. R. Church, 47th N.I., offic. junior wing comdnt.
- Lieut. W. Coningham, 26th N.I., adjt.
- Lieut. C. C. Hewetson, 49th N.I., qrmr.
- Lieut. H. A. A. Prior, gen. list, offic. doing duty officer.
- 27th Regiment N.I.
- Lieut. col. G. G. Macdonell, 30th N.I., comdnt.
- Major L. M. Mackenzie, acting, 33rd N.I., sen. wing comdnt., Europe, m.c.
- Capt. (brev. major) C. D. W. S. Grant, acting, 50th N.I., jun. wing comdnt., offic. sen. wing comdnt.
- Capt. (brev. major) J. Orr, acting, 27th N.I., offic. jun. wing comdnt.
- Lieut. —, adjt.
- Lieut. J. Colquhoun, 27th N.I., offic. adjt.
- Lieut. J. Colquhoun, 27th N.I., qrmr.
- Lieut. F. J. Wroughton, 27th N.I., doing duty officer.
- 28th Regiment N.I.
- Lieut. col. J. P. Coode, acting, 27th gren., comdnt., Europe, m.c.
- Lieut. col. J. H. M. Babington, staff corps, sen. wing comdnt., offic. comdnt.
- Major H. T. Campbell, staff corps, jun. wing comdnt., offic. sen. wing comdnt.
- Major R. R. Ricketts, staff corps, offic. jun. wing comdnt.
- Lieut. E. A. Wood, staff corps, adjt.
- Lieut. (brev. capt.) G. C. Marsh, 28th N.I., qrmr.
- Lieut. G. P. Worster, 52nd N.I., do. duty officer, Europe, m.c.
- 29th Regiment N.I.
- Lieut. col. A. K. Gore, 29th N.I., comdnt.
- Major (brev. lieut. col.) F. C. Barber, acting, 29th N.I., sen. wing comdnt.
- Capt. T. Austin, 22nd N.I., jun. wing comdnt.
- , adjt.
- Lieut. (brev. capt.) A. R. F. Passingham, 29th N.I., offic. adjt.
- Lieut. (brev. capt.) R. Brown, 29th N.I., qrmr.
- Lieut. E. H. Thomas, 29th N.I., do. duty officer.
- 30th Regiment N.I.
- Lieut. col. E. A. H. Webb, staff corps, comdnt., Europe, m.c.
- Major (brev. lieut. col.) C. E. M. Walker, 36th N.I., sen. wing comdnt., offic. comdnt.
- Capt. (brev. major) A. H. Gordon, 52nd N.I., offic. sen. wing comdnt.
- Capt. (brev. major) G. T. Dick, acting, 3rd L.I., jun. wing comdnt., Europe, m.c.
- Capt. W. E. White, 30th N.I., offic. jun. wing comdnt.
- , adjt.
- Lieut. F. C. St. John, 30th N.I., offic. adjt.
- Lieut. G. W. Cole, 41st N.I., qrmr.
- Lieut. H. E. Cunningham, 45th N.I., doing duty officer.
- 31st Regiment N.I.
- Lieut. col. (brevet col.) J. W. Bayley, 31st N.I., comdnt.
- Major (brevet col.) E. Gage, 15th N.I., sen. wing comdnt., offic. comdnt. 15th N.I.
- Capt. (brevet major) J. G. C. Fraser, 1st M.F., jun. wing comdnt., offic. sen. wing comdnt.
- Capt. (brevet major) G. W. Whitehead, acting, 23rd L.I., offic. jun. wing comdnt.
- , adjt.
- Lieut. E. M. Stevenson, 31st N.I., offic. adjt.
- Lieut. W. S. Bailey, staff corps, qrmr.
- Lieut. (brevet capt.) J. W. Aitchison, 46th N.I., doing duty officer.
- 32nd Regiment N.I.
- Lieut. col. W. T. Williams, 32nd N.I., comdnt.
- Major A. Stevens, staff corps, sen. wing comdnt.
- Capt. (brevet major) E. H. Bloomfield, acting, 7th N.I., jun. wing comdnt.; Eur., m.c.
- Capt. (brevet major) L. Grant, acting, 32nd N.I., offic. jun. wing comdnt.
- Lieut. J. Macbougall, 41st N.I., adjt.
- Lieut. C. M. Smith, 32nd N.I., qrmr.
- Lieut. G. Harvey, 42nd N.I., offic. doing duty officer.
- 33rd Regiment N.I.
- Lieut. col. A. N. Rich, acting, 33rd N.I., comdnt.
- Major (brev. lieut. col.) E. W. Boudier, 51st N.I., senior wing comdnt., offic. comdnt., 38th N.I.
- Major F. Applegath, staff corps, offic. senior wing comdnt.
- Major E. H. Harrington, staff corps, junior wing comdnt.
- Lieut. W. N. Wroughton, 49th N.I., adjt.
- Lieut. (brev. capt.) G. W. Williams, staff corps, qrmr.
- Lieut. T. D. Chatterton, 33rd N.I., doing duty officer.
- 34th Regiment L.I.
- Lieut. col. F. F. Warden, 34th L.I., comdnt.
- Major H. D. Faulkner, acting, 42nd N.I., sen. wing comdnt.
- Capt. (brev. lieut. col.) M. T. Ffrench, 34th L.I., jun. wing comdnt. Europe, m.c.
- Capt. (brev. lieut. col.) A. Cooper, 46th N.I., offic. jun. comdnt.
- Lieut. D. J. Hatchell, 34th L.I., adjt.
- , qrmr.
- Lieut. G. E. H. Beamhamp, 45th N.I., doing duty officer.
- 35th Regiment N.I.
- Lieut. col. W. J. Tweedie, 35th N.I., comdnt., Eur., furl.
- Major (brev. lieut. col.) W. J. Doveton, 36th N.I., sen. wing comdnt., offic. comdnt.
- Capt. (brev. major) C. F. Gilbertson, acting, 3rd M.E.R., jun. wing comdnt., offic. sen. wing comdnt.
- Capt. W. H. White, acting, 49th N.I., offic. jun. wing comdnt.
- , adjt.
- Lieut. (brev. capt.) A. F. Cox, 25th N.I., offic. adjt.
- , qrmr.
- Lieut. J. Ewing, staff corps, doing duty officer.
- 36th Regiment N.I.
- Lieut. col. (brev. col.) M. Galwey, c.b., 36th N.I., comdnt.
- Major G. A. Fulton, 2nd Eur. L.I., senior wing comdnt., offic. comdnt. 41st N.I.
- Capt. (brev. maj.) H. F. Philips, 36th N.I., junior wing comdnt., offic. south wing comdnt.
- Capt. (brev. maj.) T. C. Bird, 36th N.I., offic. jun. wing comdnt.
- Lieut. T. T. McGoun, staff corps, adjt.
- Lieut. H. T. Harris, 36th N.I., qrmr.
- Lieut. J. B. Leggatt, 47th N.I., offic. doing duty officer.
- 37th Regiment Grenadiers.
- Major (brev. lieut. col.) W. G. Owen, 11th N.I., comdnt.
- Major C. Pulley, 50th N.I., senior wing comdnt., offic. comdnt. 13th N.I.
- Capt. (brev. lieut. col.) G. F. Luard, 37th gren., offic. senior wing comdnt.
- Capt. (brev. lieut. col.) W. S. Simpson, acting, 48th N.I., junior wing comdnt., Europe, m.c.
- Capt. (brev. major) H. J. T. Neilds, 2nd N.I., offic. junior wing comdnt.
- , adjutant.
- Lieut. J. T. Sherman, 37th gren., offic. adjt., on other duty.
- Lieut. E. A. Bruce, staff corps, qrmr.
- Lieut. (brev. capt.) C. G. Gunning, 37th gren., doing duty officer, Europe, m.c.
- 38th Regiment N.I.
- Lieut. col. W. T. Money, 31st L.I., comdnt., Europe, m.c.
- Major (brev. lieut. col.) E. W. Boudier, 51st N.I., offic. comdnt.
- Major W. R. Broome, acting, 49th N.I., senior wing comdnt.
- Capt. (brev. maj.) W. J. Jones, 4th N.I., junior wing comdnt., offic. senior wing comdnt., 4th N.I.
- Capt. (brev. maj.) F. R. Fulton, 46th N.I., offic. junior wing comdnt.
- Lieut. E. B. Eyre, staff corps, adjt.
- Lieut. J. H. Prendergast, 38th N.I., qrmr.
- , doing duty officer.
- 39th Regiment N.I.
- Lieut. col. R. S. Dobbie, 39th N.I., comdnt.
- , senior wing comdnt.
- Major H. H. O'Connell, staff corps, junior wing comdnt., offic. senior wing comdnt.
- Major E. F. Waterman, staff corps, offic. junior wing comdnt.

Lieut. H. O. Graham, staff corps, adjt., on other duty.

———, officg. adjt.
———, qmr.

Lieut. H. M. S. Magrath, 39th N.I., doing duty officer.

40th Regiment N.I.

Lieut. col. A. H. A. Hervey, 40th N.I., comdnt.
———, sen. wing comdnt.

Lieut. col. F. Young, staff corps, jun. wing comdnt, officg. sen. wing comdnt.

Major L. H. H. Holland, staff corps, officg. jun. wing comdnt.

Lieut. H. A. T. Nepean, 40th N.I., adjt.

Lieut. C. B. Smith, gen. list, qmr.

Lieut. W. Chisholm, 40th N.I., doing duty officer.

41st Regiment N.I.

Major (brevet lieut. col.) J. Wilson, 26th N.I., comdnt., Eur., furl.

Major G. A. Fulton, 2nd E.L.I., officg. comdnt.

Major (brevet lieut. col.) C. O. Lukin, 41st N.I., sen. wing comdnt.; Eur., m.c.

Capt. (brevet major) W. A. Deey, acting, 41st N.I., jun. wing comdnt., officg. sen. wing comdnt.

Capt. (brevet major) R. V. Handyside, 9th N.I., officg. jun. wing comdnt.

Lieut. M. A. Rowlandson, staff corps, adjt.

Lieut. R. S. Armstrong, staff corps, qmr., on other duty.

———, officg. qmr.

Lieut. F. Middlecoat, 7th N.I., officg. doing duty officer.

THE MADRAS ARMY.

The Gov. in Council has already performed the mournful task of notifying to the army that the "regular system," under which the Madras Army was raised, disciplined, and won all its distinctions, will cease to exist in that army from Nov. 1 next. H.E. has exerted his utmost influence to avert such a calamity befalling the glorious Madras Army, whose deeds of valour at all times, and praiseworthy stanchness during the trying period of the mutiny, are known wherever the English have planted a flag; but it is with deep regret and humiliation that H.E. is forced to confess that his efforts were futile, and that this radical and mischievous change is to be introduced into the Madras army in direct opposition to the opinions of himself and his learned colleagues in Council.

H.E. in Council, while regretting the State necessity which has compelled the introduction of the "New Organisation," feels it due to the officers of the Madras army to state here, that the system to be introduced must not be considered as a reflection on their military administrative abilities or loyalty (as placing the command of companies in the hands of the native officers would make it appear), but as the natural result of the impecuniosity of the Government. Rice is dear, and the exchequer of the nation is low; and the Government, not being able to afford to keep up a regular army with a sufficient complement of European officers, have been obliged to resort to a cheap sham, and this will be called, the "New Organisation." The army will be good enough to understand that it is purely on the grounds of cheapness, and not on that of improved efficiency, that the so-called irregular system has been introduced into what once was, but which no more will be, the fine and glorious Madras Army.

Those officers who have faithfully served this Government for a long period of years, and who will now be thrown out of employment, have the deepest sympathy of H.E., and it grieves him much that it is completely out of his power to alleviate their condition. H.E. would advise all unpassed officers to work at Hindoostanee and pass, as Sir C. Wood has decided that a European officer is not fit to command native troops unless he has previously qualified himself by construing the silly nonsense of the *Char dewesh*. Instructions will be issued to the Presidency Examining Committee not to be too hard on old officers. H.E. desires as a fitting mark of respect that officers wear the usual military mourning for a month from the 1st November, and thus testify their sorrow for the Regular system, which now has ceased to exist in the Indian army.

BIRTHS.

BARROW—At Madras, Oct. 20, the wife of Colonel Barrow, R.A., of a son.

BECK—At the Barea Staging Bungalow, twenty miles on the road to Chanda for Nagpore, Oct. 13, Mrs. J. J. Beck, of a daughter.

BOND—At Murree, Oct. 9, the wife of Captain E. Bond, Bengal Staff Corps, of a son.

BORTHWICK—At Malabar Hill, Bombay, Oct. 25, the wife of Mr. J. Borthwick, of Egutpoora, of a son.

BRADSHAW—At Madras, Oct. 14, the wife of Mr. J. Bradshaw, of a son.

CARNEY—At Kurrachee, Oct. 20, the wife of Major A. Carnegie, Bombay Staff Corps, and Assistant Adjutant-general, Scinde division, of twin sons.

DUPUIS—At Kurnal, Oct. 2, the wife of G. H. Dupuis, of a son.

ELGEE—At Agra, Oct. 13, the wife of Major C. Elgee, 23rd Royal Welch Fusiliers, of a son.

GIERTSEN—At Poona, Oct. 17, the wife of Mr. G. T. Giersen, Superintendent of Police, of a daughter.

GREATOREX—At Wellington, Oct. 6, the wife of Conductor Greatorex, Commissariat Department, of a son.

HALLUMS—At Bombay, Oct. 21, the wife of Mr. C. Hallums, superintendent of Police, A Division, of a daughter.

HEARSEY—At Allahabad, Oct. 3, the wife of Lieut. A. W. Hearsey, H.M.'s 107th Regiment, of a daughter.

HEBERLET—At Seetabuldee, Nagpore, Sept. 23, the wife of Mr. C. H. Heberlet, Superint. P.W. Secretariat, Central Provinces, of a son.

HALL—At Saharanpore, Oct. 6, the wife of Mr. C. B. Hall, Collector's Office, of a daughter.

KNIFE—At Bombay, Oct. 23, the wife of Mr. C. B. Knife, of a daughter.

LAZARUS—At Akolah, Oct. 18, the wife of Mr. T. Lazarus, Overseer Hyderabad D.P.W., of a son.

LAMBERT—At Murree, Oct. 9, the wife of Mr. P. Lambert, R.E., of a son.

MOIR—At Meerut, Oct. 15, the wife of Dr. Moir, Civil Surgeon, of a daughter.

MULLIGAN—At Saharanpore, Oct. 17, the wife of Mr. W. J. Mulligan, C.S., of a daughter.

MINCHIN—At Dera Ghazee Khan, Oct. 7, the wife of Capt. Minchin, O.D.C., of a son.

PENNOCK—At Prospect Lodge, Bandora Hill, Bombay, on Oct. 22, the wife of T. L. Pennock, Esq., G.I.P. Railway, of a son.

POND—At Sealkote, Punjab, Oct. 1, the wife of Major A. Pond, Brigade Major, of a daughter.

RANKEN—At Jubbulpore, Oct. 8, the wife of Major R. Ranken, Madras Staff Corps, of a son.

SHAW—At Kalugheer, on Oct. 18, the wife of Charles F. H. Shaw, Esq., of a daughter.

SHEA—At Bellasis Junction Road, Byculla, Bombay, on Oct. 14, the wife of Mr. John Shea, of the Bank of Bombay, of a daughter.

SMITH—At Upper Colaba, Bombay, on Oct. 24, the wife of J. Smith, Esq., Senior Pilot, of a son.

SOUNDY—At Middle Colaba, Bombay, on Oct. 24, the wife of A. F. Soundy, of a son.

TYTLER—At Almorah, Oct. 7, the wife of Major J. A. Tytler, v.c., Commanding 4th Ghorkhas, of a daughter.

WALKER—At Rawul Pindee, Oct. 1, the wife of Major Walker, R.A., of a son.

WALKER—At Kissengunge, Oct. 14, Mrs. W. G. A. Walker, of a son.

WRIGHT—At Poona, Oct. 14, the wife of Mr. Solomon Wright, of a son.

YOUNG—At Meerut, Oct. 8, the wife of Major C. M. Young, R.A., of a son.

YOUNGHUSBAND—At Nusseerabad, Oct. 11, the wife of Brigadier-General Younghusband, C.B., of a daughter.

MARRIAGES.

GRAHAM—GONDIE.—At Mirzapore, Oct. 10, Sergeant Edward Graham, 91st Highlanders, to Elizabeth Gondie, widow of the late Sergeant Gondie, formerly Messman of the same Corps.

O'CONNOR—CARTE.—At Christ's Church, Simla, Oct. 12, Edward T. O'Connor, head master, Simla [Government School, to Sophia Adeline, the daughter of Dr. W. E. Carte, M.D., Simla.

PIEAR—BOLTON.—At St. George's Cathedral, Madras, Oct. 16, the Hon. J. B. Phear, Senior Fellow of Clare College, Cambridge, and one of the Judges of the High Court of Judicature, Bengal, to Emily, daughter of John Bolton, Esq., Stockwell, Surrey.

DEATHS.

ANGELUCCI—On board the *Malta*, of heat apoplexy, Aug. 23, Henri Eugene Angelucci, late Vice-Consul of France at Bombay, aged 39, youngest son of the late Jacques Marie Angelucci, Consul-General at Havannah.

BYRNE—At Agra, Oct. 11, at the residence of Mr J. O'Connor, Mr. F. P. Byrne, of the Controller's Office, N.W.P., son of the late Conductor T. Byrne, of the Ordnance Department.

FIRTH—At St. Thomé, Oct. 18, Henry Richard, eldest son of Major H. H. Firth, Staff Corps.

FULLERTON—At Landour, Oct. 4, the Rev. Robert S. Fullerton, American Presbyterian Missionary, aged 43.

GLASS—At Indroghur, Cachar, Sept. 18, of typhoid fever, Frances Anne Grant, the wife of W. A. Glass, tea planter, aged 21 years, 3 months, and 26 days.

HARRISON—At 4, Park-street, Calcutta, Oct. 16, Herbert à Beckett, the son of H. L. Harrison, Esq., C. S., aged 4 months.

HARVEY—At Delhi, Oct. 9, Ellen, the wife of Bazaar Sergt. G. W. Harvey, aged 29.

HEBERLET—At Seetabuldee, Nagpore, on Sept. 29, of croup, Alice Edith, child of Mr. and Mrs. C. H. Heberlet, aged 2 years and 8 months.

HILLIER—At Mysore, Oct. 24, Edith, youngest daughter of Mr. Joe Hillier, aged 14 months.

JORDAN—At Burrisaul, on Oct. 23, Mrs. A. M. Jordan, relict of the late J. J. Jordan, principal Sudder Ameen of 24-Pergunnahs.

KNOX—At Jullundhur, Oct. 7, William Stuart Griffiths, youngest son of Lieut. James Knox, Adjt., 1st Batt. 19th Regt., aged 10 weeks.

LAW—At Madras, on Oct. 15, Henry Lauriston, son of Capt. G. V. Law, 14th M.N.I., aged 5 months.

LOWE—At Carwar, on Oct. 8, Charlotte Catherine, aged 32, the wife of Mr. J. Lowe.

McKIE—At Trichinopoly, on Oct. 15, Julia, wife of Serg. major W. McKie, C batt. 23rd brig. Royal Artillery.

NOBLE—At Masulipatam, on Oct. 17, of dysentery, the Rev. R. T. Noble, B.A., for twenty-five years missionary of the Church Missionary Society in Masulipatam, aged 55.

PARKER—At Mahoba, on 11th inst., of croup, Mary Ethel, daughter of W. H. Parker, Esq., Executive Engineer, Bundelcund Roads, aged 4 months.

PIERCE—At Sehore (Bhopal) Central India, on Oct. 9, Alfred Herbert, the infant son of Mr. and Mrs. R. W. Pierce, aged 15 days.

RAWES—At Saugor, Central India, on Aug. 1, the wife of Surgeon major W. W. Rawes, 4th Regiment Madras Light Cavalry, aged 25 years.

SAUNDERS—On Oct. 6, at Kusowlee, Alice Jane, the wife of Henry George Saunders, Esq., late 3rd European Regiment, aged 28 years.

SCULLY—At Bareilly, on Sept. 13, Mary Anne, the wife of Barrack Sergeant M. Scully.

SYMMS—At Murree, on Oct. 11, John Cavendish Symms, Deputy Commissary, late of the Public Works Department, attached to the Invalid Pension Establishment, aged 65 years.

WILLOUGHBY-OSBORNE—At Sehore, Central India, on Oct. 8, Charles William Stopford, the eldest child of Major Willoughby-Osborne, aged 2 years 7 months and 18 days.

WARD—At Ghusseera Mundy, in Lucknow, on Oct. 2, of cholera, Mr. W. H. Ward, late of the Chief Commissioner's Office.

WAR OFFICE.

CHANGES, PROMOTIONS, &c.,
IN H.M.'S REGIMENTS SERVING IN INDIA.
Nov. 21.

7th Drag. Guards.—Staff Surg. major J. Mure, M.D., to be surg., v. Surg. E. J. Franklyn, M.D., app. to the staff; Nov. 21.

7th Hussars.—Lieut. L. F. Jamieson, from 79th foot, to be lieut., v. L'E. H. Holmes, who exch.; Sept. 18.

20th Hussars.—Lieut. A. W. Brodhurst to be adjt., v. Lieut. Lockwood, prom.; Jan. 28.

Royal Artillery.—Lieut. col. and Brev. col. E. Wodehouse, C.B., to be col., v. Henderson, ret. on h.p.; Capt. and Brev. major R. K. Freeth, on the supernum. list, to be lieut. col.; Capt. and Brev. major F. M. M. Ommanney to be lieut. col., v. Brev. col. Wodehouse; 2nd Capt. F. N. Cromartie to be capt., v. Brev. major Ommanney; Lieut. the Hon. R. Hare to be 2nd capt., v. Cromartie; Nov. 1.

11th Foot.—Gent. cadet H. G. W. Ford, from the Royal Military College, to be ensign, without purch., v. G. N. Thomas, transf. to 28th foot; Nov. 21.

18th Foot.—Ensign B. G. Haines to be lieut., without purch., v. H. G. Heath, dec.; Oct. 23. Gent. cadet E. C. Milner, from the Royal Military College, to be ensign, without purch., v. Haines; Nov. 21.

19th Foot.—W. A. Curtis, gent., to be ensign, by purch., v. T. P. Palmer, who ret.; Nov. 21.

23rd Foot.—Lieut. A. Cary to be capt., without purch., v. W. M. Lees, transf. to the Bengal staff corps; Lieut. A. Y. Leslie, from Bengal gen. list, to be lieut., v. Cary; Nov. 21.

42nd Foot.—Ens. A. J. Colquhoun to be lieut., by purch., v. E. O. Van Haldane, who ret.; A. G. Wauchope, gent., to be ens., by purch., v. Colquhoun; the prom. of Lieut. G. A. Furse and of Ens. E. P. Hicks, in suc. to Capt. A. Ferguson, dec., bears date Sept. 12, 1865.

46th Foot.—Capt. and brev. maj. J. B. Lind, from the Bengal staff corps, to be capt., v. Brev. maj. J. J. H. Gordon, transf. to the Bengal staff corps.

51st Foot.—Lieut. Cobb has, with H.M.'s approval, assumed the surname of "Cartwright" instead of "Cobb."

56th Foot.—Ens. D. J. G. Stewart to be lieut., without purch., v. J. W. Huskisson, prom. to a half-pay company, without purch.

60th Foot.—Staff surg. A. G. Young to be surg., v. R. E. Fitz-Gibbon, who res.

79th Foot.—Lieut. A. L'E. H. Holmes, from the 7th huss., to be lieut., v. L. F. Jamieson, who exch.

82nd Foot.—Lieut. C. Spencer to be capt., without purch., v. J. F. Pilkington, dec.; Ens. H. W. Nicholson to be lieut., without purch., v. Spencer; Ens. A. E. S. Roberts, from the 24th foot, to be ens., v. Nicholson.

88th Foot.—Ens. Sir G. A. De Hochepied-Larpent, Bart., from the 22nd foot, to be ens., v. Howorth, prom.

91st Foot.—Ens. A. E. Parker to be lieut., without purch., v. A. P. Maurice, dec.; Ens. C. Lloyd, from the 28th foot, to be ens., v. Parker.

98th Foot.—Ens. C. F. Calland to be lieut., by purch., v. E. W. De Lousada, who ret.; M. Cust, gent., to be ens., by purch., v. Calland.

103rd Foot.—Gent. cadet R. C. Nicoletts, from the Royal Military College, to be ens., v. Spottiswoode, transf. to the 107th foot.

105th Foot.—Lieut. J. Wilkinson to be adjt., v. Lieut. K. D. Collin, who resigns the app.; Nov. 21.

107th Foot.—Ensign J. G. M. De L. Bean to be lieut., v. W. H. Hine, who resigns; Aug. 24. Ensign L. L. Spottiswoode, from 103rd foot, to be ensign, v. Bean; Nov. 21.

108th Foot.—Lieut. A. F. Taylor, from Bengal gen. list, to be lieut., v. A. Vallings, transf. to Bengal staff corps; Nov. 21.

BREVET.

Col. W. Henderson, on the retired full pay list, R.A., to be major gen., the rank being honorary only; Nov. 1.

Brev. col. F. Adams, lieut. col. on h.p., late 28th foot, with rank of brig. gen., to have the local rank of major gen. in India; Nov. 21.

Brev. col. D. Rainier, lieut. col. 28th foot, to have the local rank of major gen. in India; Nov. 21.

Brev. col. G. Campbell, c.b., h.p., late inspecting field officer of a recruiting dist., to have the temp. rank of brig. gen. while serving in the command of a brigade, Nov. 21.

Capt. the Hon. F. Le P. Trench, 40th foot, to be major, March 1.

Lieut. and Ridingmaster W. Boylin, h.p., R.A., to be capt., the rank being honorary only, Sept. 12.

The undermentioned alteration of rank and promotions to take place in H.M.'s Indian military forces, consequent on the deaths of Maj. gen. Sir S. Corbett, K.C.B., Bengal inf., Aug. 1; and Maj. gen. J. Scott, Bombay inf., Oct. 11.

Maj. gen. W. E. Baker, to take rank from Aug. 2.

Col. J. Liptrap, Bengal inf., to be major gen., Aug. 22.

Col. H. Marshall, Madras inf., to be major gen., Oct. 12.

The undermentioned officers, having completed the qualifying service in the rank of lieut. col. to be col., under the provisions of the Royal Warrant of Oct. 14, 1858:—

Lieut. col. W. T. L. Patterson, 91st foot, Nov. 12.

Lieut. col. W. F. Carter, 63rd foot, Nov. 16.

The undermentioned officers, who have ret. upon full pay, to have a step of honorary rank as follows:—

Maj. C. W. Nightingale, Bengal staff corps, to be lieut. col., Nov. 21.

Maj. J. H. Balmain, Bengal cav., to be lieut. col., Nov. 21.

The undermentioned capt. of the R.A. to have the local rank of maj. in India:—J. C. Hailes, June 13; R. A. Morse, D. G. Anderson, J. Shekleton, June 14.

MEMORANDUM.—First class schoolmaster J. Stewart, cav. depot, Canterbury, to be suptg. schoolmaster, under the provisions of the Royal Warrant of May 19, 1863, Nov. 21.

HOME.

MISCELLANEOUS.

EXPORT OF SPECIE.—The *Mongolia*, which left Southampton yesterday (Monday) with the Eastern mails, took out £429,350 in specie, of which £12,500 is in gold for Alexandria, and £40,000 in gold and £376,850 in silver for Bombay.

THE MATELLA COFFEE ESTATES COMPANY OF CEYLON (LIMITED).—It is announced that the share list of the Matella Coffee Company will close on Wednesday (to-morrow).

SHIPPING.

ARRIVALS.

Nov. 23. *Romulus*, Kurrachee; *Stirling Castle*, Calcutta; *Thomas Bell*, Calcutta; *Belvidera*, Madras; *Ealing Grove*, Colombo; *Lady Eglinton*, Point de Galle; *Europa*, Moulmein; *Camperdown*, Calcutta; *Castle Eden*, Akyab; *Lord Palmerston*, Madras.—26. *Pride of England*, Calcutta; *Lady Palmerston*, Madras; *Reigate*, Calcutta; *Staffordshire*, Calcutta; *Sarah Watson*, Madras; *Bianca*, Calcutta; *Albion*, Mauritius.—24. *Sir James's Family*, Calcutta.—26. *Ganges*, Calcutta; *Strougbow*, Bombay.

NAUTICAL INCIDENT.

SCILLY, Nov. 24.—On the morning of the 22nd November it blew a hurricane from W.S.W. The *Mary Ann*, brig, from Mauritius to Bristol, dragged her anchors, and had to cut away both masts to avoid going ashore.

DEPARTURES.

Nov. 23. *Mabel*, Bombay; *Himalaya*, Bombay; *Ganges*, Calcutta.

PASSENGERS DEPARTED.

Per Overland Route.

Per str. *Mongolia*, from Southampton, Nov. 27.—To Bombay.—Mr. W. Harbord, Capt. and Mrs. James and child, Capt. Garforth, Capt. S. and Mrs. Rimington, Mr. E. Roickel, Mrs. Sherck and child, Maj. Cuppage, Miss E. Rishworth, Mr. and Mrs. Collett, Capt. and Mrs. Craig, Mrs. C. O. Lord, Miss M. Griffith, Miss Curtis, Mr. C. F. Greene, Mr. A. J. Lawrence, Asst. surg. H. C. Kingston, Mr. G. Broadwood, Mr. Nystrom, Mr. J. H. Duffell. To ALEXANDRIA.—Mrs. J. Hamilton, Mrs. Roberts and two children, Mrs. Favorette and two children, Mr. C. M. Barker.

Per str. *Pomah*, from Marseilles.—To BOMBAY.—Mr. and Mrs. J. Preaves, Lieut. B. J. Bonner, Capt. and Mrs. Riddle and two children, Miss Osborn, Mr. C. R. Pyler, Mr. Locke, Capt. Hand, Mr. J. D. Cama, Maj. and Mrs. Bray, Rev. A. and Mrs. Brinchman, Maj. and Mrs. Miss Pogson, Miss J. Clover, Mr. W. W. Bailey, Maj. J. Miller, Lady Franklin, Miss Crockett, Mr. C. Gaudum, Mr. Campbell, Col. Anken, Dr. J. C. Campbell, Miss Campbell, Ens. Wilson, Mr. Hardie, Mr. Benn.

DOMESTIC.

BIRTHS.

BIRCH.—The wife of F. M. Birch, Esq., Bengal Staff Corps, of a son, at Leamington, Nov. 19.

DITMAS.—The wife of Major Fredk. Dittmas, of twins, boys, at Croydon, Nov. 19.

MARRIAGES.

GILL.—WOOD.—John Gill, of 18, Holles-street, Cavendish-square, to Mrs. Mary Wood, of Calcutta, Nov. 14.

WEST.—BADDELEY.—Captain Desaguliers West, of Waterhouse, near Bath, to Eliza H., widow of the late Clinton Baddeley, Esq., of the Bengal Army, at Bathwick Church, Bath, Nov. 18.

WINSON.—TANNER.—Philip Winsor, Esq., to Helen B., daughter of the late Edward Tanner, Esq., of Penang, at St. John's, North Brixton, Nov. 23.

DEATHS.

ANDERSON.—Jessie, the wife of Frank Anderson, Esq., M.D., Deputy Inspector of Hospitals H.M.'s Indian Army, at Tunbridge Wells, Nov. 19.

BUTLER.—Gordon A., son of the late Dr. J. H. Butler, Bengal Medical Service, at No. 10, Park-villas, Lower Norwood, aged 1 year 10 months, Nov. 21.

PEARSON.—Caroline, the wife of Captain G. F. Pearson, Madras Staff Corps, at Abergelle, North Wales, aged 21, Nov. 21.

ROBERTS.—Maria Louisa, the wife of Captain H. C. Roberts, Madras Staff Corps, and daughter of William Elliot, Esq., late Madras Civil Service, at Bayswater, aged 30, Nov. 21.

SEATON.—Mrs. Frances Seaton, daughter of the late Captain Daniel Ross, I.N., at Oakham, Rutland, Nov. 21.

SWEEDLAND.—Nelson Sidney Sweedland, Esq., late of Calcutta, at Stanley-villa, Finchley Common, Nov. 22.

WAGHORN.—James Waghorn, Esq., of the East India House, at Plymouth, aged 60, Nov. 13.

India Office,

November 27, 1866.

ARRIVALS REPORTED IN ENGLAND.

MILITARY.

Bengal Estab.—Lieut. P. H. Wynter, 32nd N.I.; Lieut. E. Lightfoot, Staff Corps.
Madras Estab.—Capt. E. G. Ingram, 24th N.I.; Lieut. col. G. Paxton, 44th N.I.

PERMITTED TO RESIGN.

ECCLESIASTICAL.

Madras Estab.—Rev. J. S. Smith, M.A., Junior Chaplain, permitted to resign from Nov. 21; Rev. K. C. Baily, B.A., Junior Chaplain, permitted to resign from Nov. 22.

INDIA EXCHANGES.

BANK AND COMMERCIAL BILLS.

	60 days' sight.	30 days' sight.		60 days' sight.	30 days' sight.
Calcutta	1s. 11½d.	2s. 0d.	Singapore	4s. 5½d.	4s. 6d.
Madras	2s. 0d.	2s. 0½d.	Hong Kong	4s. 5½d.	4s. 6d.
Bombay	2s. 0½d.	2s. 0½d.	Shanghai	—	—
Colombo	1s. 10½d.	1 0½pm.			

STOCKS AND SECURITIES.

Shares.		Paid.	Prices.
£.			
	India Stock, 1874.....		216 to 219
	India 5 per cent.		105½ to 106
	India 4 per cent.		96½
	India 4 per cent. 1868		105½ to 106
	India Enforced Paper 4 pr. ct.		89
	India 5 p. ct. Enfd. Paper, 1872		101 to 102
	India Stock, Enfd. Paper, 5½		
	per cent.		107½ to 108½
	India Stock Debentures, 1855		95½
	India Stock Debentures, 1859		1663
	" " " " " " " " " "		1664
	" " " " " " " " " "		1864 to 1866
	India Debentures, do., £1,000		Do. 4 per cent., 1866.....
	India 5 percent. for account...		India 5 per cent., 1870.....
	India 4 per cent., 1855.....		India 4 per cent., 1855.....
	India Loan Scrip 5 per cent.		India Bonds, 4 p. ct. (£1,000)
	India Bonds (£1,000)		Ditto (under £1,000)
	RAILWAYS.		
Stock	Bombay, Baroda, and Central India (guar. 5 per ct.)	100	102½ to 103½
20	Ditto F Shares	6	4 d. to ½ pm.
Stock	Calcutta & S. Eastern (lim.)	100	99 to 101
Stock	Eastern Bengal (gu. 5 p. ct.)	100	102 to 103
Stock	East Indian	100	104 to 105
20	Ditto J. Extension.....	all	½ to ¾ pm.
Stock	G. I. Peninsula (guar. 5 p. ct.)	100	104 to 105
20	Ditto (New ditto).....	14	½ to ¾ pm.
20	Ditto, New.....	4	½ to ¾ pm.
Stock	Great S. of India (Lim.) Scrip	100	101 to 102½
Stock	Ditto 4½ p. c.	2	
Stock	Madras (guar. 4½ per ct.) ..	100	88 to 90
Stock	Ditto 5 per cent.	100	101½ to 102½
Stock	Ditto (guar. 4½ percent	100	93 to 95
20	5th Extension.....	2	
Stock	Scinde (guar. 5 per cent.) ..	100	101½ to 102½
Stock	Ditto Indian Steam Flotilla	100	
	(guar. 5 per ct.).....	100	
Stock	Dellhi guar. 5 per cent.	100	101 to 102
Stock	Ditto Delhi guar. 5 p. c.....	all	100½ to 101½
20	Ditto	2	½ to ¾ d.
Stock	Punjab (5 per ct.)	100	101 to 102
	BANKS.		
50	Agra and Masterman's (L.)...	25	56 to 57
20	Asiatic Banking Corp., new issue, £15 pm., on which £7. 10s. has been paid	5	19 to 21 x d. pm.
20	Chart. of Ind., Aus., & China	all	2½ to 2¾
25	Chart. Merc. of India, Lond., and China	all	48 to 50
25	Commercial Bank of India*	all	30½ to 31½
100	Hindustan, China, & Japan...	25	18 to 20
20	Land Mortgage Bank of India	4	½ to ¾ pm.
25	Oriental Bank Corporation...	all	50 to 52
20	Scinde, Punjab, & Delhi (L.)	10	1½ to 3½ dis.
	MISCELLANEOUS.		
5	Bombay Gas (Lim.)	all	5½ to 6 pm.
5	Second issue	5	½ to 1 pm.
5	Third issue	3	½ to 1 pm.
20	Ceylon Company (Lim.)	7	3½ to 3¾ pm.
20	East India Irr. & Can.....	12	4 to 5 dis.
50	E.I. Financial (Lim.).....	7½	
20	Madras Irrig. and Canal.....	15	2 to 1 dis.
20	Do.	all	1½ to 1¾
20	Nerbudda Coal & Iron (Lim.)	5	3 to 1 dis.
20	Do. New	2	2 to 1 dis.
10	North Assam Tea (Lim.)	1½	1 d. to par
20	Do. B.	5	2 to 1 dis.
20	Oriental Commercial (Lim.)...	7½	
50	Oriental Financial	10	9 to 7 dis.
10	Oriental Land Steam A. (L)	all	1 to 2
50	P. and O. Steam Nav. Co.	all	72 to 74
50	Ditto New	35	16 to 18 pm.
10	Upper Assam Tea (Lim.)	4½	1½ to 2½ pm.
10	Ditto	all	13 to 15

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LONDON: Printed by RICHARD KINDER, Printer, at his Printing Office, Milford-lane, Strand, W.C., in the Parish of St. Clement-Danes; and published by JAMES PEARCE ALLEN, 13, Waterloo-place, S.W., both in the County of Middlesex.—November 28, 1865.

ALLEN'S INDIAN MAIL

AND OFFICIAL GAZETTE

FROM

BRITISH & FOREIGN INDIA, CHINA, & ALL PARTS OF THE EAST.

(WITH THIS PAPER "THE INDIAN NEWS" IS NOW INCORPORATED.)

VOL. XXIII.—No. 697.] LONDON, WEDNESDAY, DECEMBER 6, 1865. [PRICE 6d.

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DATES OF ADVICES.

Bengal.....	Nov. 7	Burmah (Rangoon)	Oct. 17
Madras	" 6	Bombay	Nov. 13
Agra.....	" 9	Ceylon	" 6
		China (Hong Kong)	Oct. 14.

SUMMARY AND REVIEW.

WE have received our usual files of papers from Bombay to the 13th of November, and Calcutta, via Bombay, to the 7th of that month.

In Bengal the heat and drought which caused so much apprehension had only just terminated, and although actual famine was considered to have been averted, the season was expected to prove severe. The reports of peace with Bhootan, which the telegraph has since told us is concluded, were beginning to assume an authoritative form. It was known that the Durm and Deb Rajahs have frequently made proposals of peace, and it was considered not improbable that, seeing the magnitude of our preparations, they were making these overtures with more sincerity than formerly. Two prisoners (a sepoy and a dhoby) had already been given up, and the restoration of the Bengali captives, which we have been demanding for the last ten years, was also guaranteed. It appears that the Tongsoo Penlow was still the obstacle, and he was said to be holding his position with great confidence. It was added that considerable pressure was being brought to bear upon him by the Government of which he is such a resolute and troublesome member. Preparations were making for conducting the campaign upon

two lines of operation, one toward Punnakha, and the other towards Tongsoo, in both of which places it was determined to enforce the signature of a treaty, and produce such an impression as to effectually prevent the recurrence of the insults of last year. Instructions had been issued by the Viceroy to protect the lives and property of the Bhootas, except where actual resistance was offered. Colonel Bruce was also to assure the Rajahs that the Government were not fighting for acquisition of territory,—an assurance which the experience of the past renders very necessary. The arrangements for the distribution of the force had been published, and in three weeks or a month active operations were expected to be commenced. In the event of peace, a larger allowance was to be granted to the Rajahs for the Doars, so that increased taxation, it was said, would be about the only result that the Indian Government would have to show for the loss of life and the expenditure of money already incurred.

The Viceroy left Simla on the 25th of October, paid a flying visit to Delhi, where no ceremonies were observed, and reached Calcutta on the 4th of November.

One of the chief topics of conversation in Calcutta was the formal disavowal, by Sir John Lawrence, of the mysterious Oude despatch. It is contained in a letter to Sir Charles Wood, which has been published in the official *Gazette* for general information. It is a great pity that Sir John did not take this course at an earlier period, instead of leaving speculation to exhaust itself upon the vague terms of Mr. Davies's denial. As it is, nobody will doubt the despatch being a forgery, and the only demand which remains to be made is the discovery of the forger, who appears, from all accounts, to hold some post in the Foreign Department.

Payment of the third and final instalment of the Delhi prize money, of twenty rupees per share, had been ordered by Government.

The native chief of Kattiawar had been detected in importing Enfield rifles into his territory. A large consignment had been placed under embargo, pending a re-

ference to the Political Agent. The story of the English girl being sold to this chief is confirmed; it seems that her father has died since concluding the bargain.

In the North-West the paper's notice, with great regret, the death of the Right Reverend Dr. Benedik, Catholic Bishop of Leuca, and Vicar Apostolic of Hindoostan. The funeral service was performed at the Catholic Cathedral, Agra, on the 3rd November, the Right Reverend Athanasius Hartman, D.D., Bishop of Derbe, and Vicar Apostolic of Patna, officiating.

At Madras the re-organisation of the local army was still causing dissatisfaction; but the Governor, whatever his opinion on the subject, was not, it seems, the author of the notification accompanying the new postings, which we published in our last. That document appears to have been a hoax on the part of the *Athenæum* and *Daily News*, whence we extracted the orders, of which to all appearance it formed a part. As such official records do not necessarily undergo examination before being reprinted, the joke was taken seriously; and it only occurred to us, on a brief glance at the opening, that Sir William Denison was having a little turn at independence after the style of Sir Charles Trevelyan on another occasion. We may here remind the *Athenæum* that to carry a joke into its official columns is carrying it too far, and that it would be better to put facetiousness into a separate place, duly ticketed, so that readers may know when to laugh.

The trial of Cornet Watkins, before the High Court of the Presidency, has been conducted with all solemnity. The jury found him guilty, but recommended him to mercy; and the Chief Justice accordingly reduced the sentence of imprisonment, which he could not avoid passing, to the nominal period of four days, but laying on, *en revanche*, a heavy fine; nothing less, in fact, than twelve hundred rupees, which sum the prisoner at once paid, the alternative being six months' confinement. The punishment is, perhaps, sufficient for the offence, though the prisoner's attack upon Mr. Shallard was worthy of the epithets "brutal and

cowardly," bestowed upon it by the magistrate. The fault, it is believed, lies more with his brother officers who urged him to the act, and who, it is added, laid him heavy bets that he would not perform it. If the latter statement be true, the prisoner may have paid the fine out of his winnings, in which case he has got off very cheaply indeed.

The cattle plague had broken out in the Madras Presidency.

In Bombay there was but little news, beyond a very alarming collision on the Great Indian Peninsular Railway, of which we publish an account elsewhere. At Kurrachee a little in the horsewhipping way had been done between Captain Bacon, H.M.'s 95th Regiment, and Captain Grant, the Judge of Shikarpore. The former officer was the aggressor. The quarrel arose out of a bet.

A Soldiers' Industrial Exhibition has been inaugurated at Poona by the Governor of Bombay.

Information from the Northern Frontier states that the tribes there are preparing for hostilities. The Lieutenant-governor and Brigadier-general Wylde have gone on a tour of inspection along the frontier.

At Calcutta there had been a slight relaxation in the money market, the anticipations of a large demand for Bombay and Madras not having been fully realised. The banks' rates remained unaltered, and those of the Bazaar were fully 1 per cent. lower. Owing to the trifling amount of produce procurable, the requirements of ordinary trade were below the average. For Government securities there had been considerable demand, at improved quotations. In the share market the most noticeable feature was a strong reaction in Salt Water Lake Company's, which had risen to 100 discount, and were still in great demand—an improvement to be attributed to the approach of the period when either the company must be wound up and the money returned, or the shares attain a premium, if, all arrangements being favourable, the company should commence its operations. There was also considerable demand for the shares of the Credit Mobilier, and an improvement in National Bank shares.

The next arrival from India will be the Calcutta Mail, due, in the ordinary course of things, on Tuesday next; but the *Mooltan* having been neaped in the Hoogley, and not leaving Calcutta until the 14th ult., five days delay is to be expected; so it is probable that letters will not be delivered until Monday week, the 18th inst.

We mentioned in our last number that some reductions in the strength of the British army in India were under consideration. We now learn that it is proposed to reduce each regiment of cavalry by fifty-six troopers, and each regiment of infantry by sixty rank and file.

We hear that a reduction of one regiment of British infantry has been made in the Madras Presidency. The 80th Regiment, now stationed in Bengal, is the first on the roster to return home, consequently

a regiment from Madras will proceed to the former Presidency.

It is rumoured that some changes are about to take place in the Accountant-General's Department of the India-office, consequent upon the early retirement of Mr. G. Friend, the Accountant-General, after a service of fifty years.

LATEST INTELLIGENCE.

(By Direct Overland Telegraph)

BOMBAY, Nov. 24 (1.7 P.M.).

Manchester goods steady. Cotton firm. Dhollerah, 420r. Export of the week, 36,000 bales.

Exchange on London, 2s. 1½d. Government Securities: Four per Cent., 88½; Five per Cents., 102½; Five-and-a-Half per Cents., 109.

The latest London date is Nov. 9.

CALCUTTA, Nov. 23.

Piece goods quiet. Exchange on London, 2s. 1½d. Freight, 42s. 6d.

CHINA.

(By Overland Telegraph from Galle.)

SHANGHAI, Oct. 25.

It is now asserted that Burgevine was murdered by the Mandarins, and not drowned, as stated in their official report.

The coast of Amoy is blockaded. [The rest of this telegram is unintelligible, being as follows:—"Question United States treaty tin lotms Pashiaky worse."]

CANTON, Nov. 1.

Grey shirtings and water twist higher. Exchange on London, 4s. 5½d.

SHANGHAI, Oct. 25.

Tea unchanged. Silk dull; export, 41,000 bales. Freight, 40s.

OUTWARD CALCUTTA, CHINA, AND AUSTRALIAN MAILS.

MALTA, Dec. 3.

The *Massilia*, from Marseilles 29th November, arrived here yesterday at 7 A.M., and left at 4 P.M. for Alexandria.

The *Tanjore*, from Southampton 20th November, arrived to-day at 6 A.M., and left at 11 A.M. for Alexandria.

OUTWARD BOMBAY MAIL.

GIBRALTAR, Dec. 2.

The *Mongolia*, from Southampton on 27th November, arrived here to-day at 8 A.M., and left at noon for Alexandria. She experienced bad weather in the Channel. All well.

Casualties by Death in the Armies of India reported since last Publication.

BENGAL.—Maj. H. C. Cattle, 19th Bengal Cav., at Meer Meer. Right Rev. Angelus Bedenk, D.D., Roman Catholic Bishop of Leuca, at Ag a, Oct. 30. Capt. H. R. Brownlow, R.A., Commissioner of Ordnance, at Allahabad, Nov. 4. Capt. T. Jones, of the Glendower, on board his own vessel, in Bengal. Lieut. S. M. Weston, H.M.S. Rattler, at sea, on board the P. and O. str. Bengal, on his return to England, Nov. 2½. MADRAS.—Dr. H. ndyside, 28th Madras N.I., at Kurnool, Oct. 31. Staff surg. S. J. Bayfield, on his voyage to Madras, on board the P. and O. str. Mooltan, aged 35, Oct. 22.

BOMBAY.—Dr. A. Pansay, at Kurrachee, Nov. 6. Lieut. H. Douglas, H.M.'s 1st L.N., at Uxbridge-gardens, Raywater, Nov. 21. Lieut. G. G. Morris, Bombay Army, on board the P. and O. str. Jeddo, on his way to England, aged 24, Oct. 5. Anthony Reale, Esq., H.F.C.S., and formerly Paym. gen. on the island of St. Helena, at St. Helena, River Plenty, near Melbourne, aged 75, Sept. 4. Serg. J. Padley, Supervisor P.W.D., on his way to join at Suez from Pailah, from heat apoplexy, Oct. 25.

Passengers by the present Mail.

For Marseilles.—From BOMBAY.—Col. W. Anderson, Capt. Frent, Mr. J. Todd, Capt. Staablenzie, Mr. Wanshare, Lieut. J. Fagan, Mr. E. Goldsmith. From ALEXANDRIA.—Mr. C. Gray.

Expected at Southampton.

Per str. *Savila*, Dec. 9.—From BOMBAY.—Mrs. Ritchie and child, Mrs. Hardy and two children, Col. and Mrs. Payne and child, Mrs. Dennis and two children, Lieut. Gregory, Mrs. Walters, Col. Roche, Maj. Vesey, Capt. Stewart, Lieut. Richards, Lieut. Hunt, Dr. Noot, Mr. Buckland, Mrs. Baikes and child. From ALEXANDRIA.—Mr. A. Gray, Mr. E. Atkinson.

To Correspondents.

All letters for insertion in *Allen's Indian Mail* should be accompanied with the real name and address of the writer, "not necessarily for publication, but as a guarantee of good faith."

Communications for the Editor, and Advertisements, should be sent under cover to Messrs. W.M. H. ALLEN & Co., 13, Waterloo place, S.W.

Should any delay or irregularity occur in supplying this Paper, communication of the fact to the Publisher will insure a remedy.

ALLEN'S INDIAN MAIL,

WEDNESDAY, December 6, 1865.

"LOOKING AT HOME."

THERE are certain liberal philosophers—largely represented in the press—who object to interference with other people's viciousness, on the ground that those who interfere are equally vicious themselves. Let any attempt be made to cure an evil out of doors, and these philosophers are sure to tell the promoters to "look at home," giving them no credit for charitable intentions, but probably casting against them some perversion of the Divine precept about "throwing the first stone." The result of "looking at home" usually is that we get no better ourselves, and let other people get as much worse as they please. Indeed, writers of the class in question seldom take the trouble to insist upon us setting our own houses in order. They are content, for the most part, to taunt us with our alleged failings, and, careful of nothing but consistency, come to the practical conclusion that things generally are very wrong, and it is nobody's business to set them right. Every reader knows the kind of writers to whom we allude. If a rich man attempts to improve the morality of the poor, they tell him his own order are the most immoral of the two, and that he had better hold his tongue. If the magistrates withdraw the licence from a disorderly public-house, they advise them to remember what goes on in their own clubs. If some benevolent men and women exert themselves to alleviate the "social evil," these friendly censors at once ridicule the idea, because some gentlemen do not lead pure lives and some ladies figure in the Divorce Court. And if a number of savage blacks rise and massacre a number of civilised whites, the first feeling of these philosophers is less of horror at the crime on the one side than of reproach at the provocation which they consider must have been given on the other. "Looking at home" may be a very consistent process in most of the above cases; but, without noticing the sophistry of this kind of reasoning, the practical fact is plain, that it is easier for the majority of men to reform others

than to reform themselves ; and we have ample evidence that those who are the most fastidious on the subject are not the most earnest as to the general result.

The "look at home" people have had a capital opportunity during the past week, in the story, already reprinted in these columns, of the sale of an English girl to an Indian Nawab. In India the event excited a general sentiment of disgust ; for curious as it may seem to some persons, our countrymen in the East still manage to maintain a moral superiority in their relations with the natives, and are considered by persons who are not philosophers the more respectable class of the two. But in England questions between Europeans and Asiatics are regarded from a more elevated point of view, and the "look at home" writers have, of course, not failed to point the inevitable moral. We are asked, where is the difference between the sale of an English girl, for the wife of an Indian Nawab, and the sale of an English girl for the wife of a hoary-headed old profligate of Belgravia ? The analogy is not quite fair, because Belgravian bachelors are not uniformly hoary-headed, nor old, nor profligate, while the Indian Nawab is open to objections which are inevitable in his case. To be sure, as one of the "look at home" critics remarks, "there are the little incidents of the Koran and polygamy ;" but apart from these, he considers the one transaction as respectable as the other.

It seems to us that these "little incidents" of the Koran and polygamy make all the difference between the two cases. If mercenary marriages—which satirical writers call sales—are made in Belgravia or elsewhere, they have very little in common with the transfer, for a direct pecuniary consideration, by a mother and father, unfit through their generally dissolute character, to be their daughters' guardians, of a girl of fourteen to an Indian Nawab of seventy, having already a harem full of women ; and the circumstances of the girl being made one of his wives render the matter rather worse, since the ceremony must be preceded by the girl's admission to the Mahomedan faith. The evil to which such an example may lead has already been pointed out by the *Standard*, in the temptation given to the unfortunately growing class of destitute and abandoned English in India—conventionally known as "loafers"—to dispose of their offspring in this way. In England such parents continually sell their children to a life of profligate misery. In India they have a chance of selling them to a life of profligate opulence. Is it to be supposed that they will be able to resist the double temptation ? The natives of India have long since overcome the delusion that we were a nation of Sahibs ; but

they have not yet arrived at the belief that infamy is our normal condition. And if English gentlemen have in former days acquired Indian girls for equally base purposes, there is still no reason why our laws should not be made to reach men and women who act the part of procurers and procuresses in respect to their own offspring. There is no analogy between these abandoned persons and "Belgravian mothers," who make mercenary matches for their daughters. In the latter case the daughters are at least not lost to their parents for ever ; they have legal rights which their parents can freely enforce ; their husbands, whatever may be gratuitously and unjustly assumed as to their general code of morals, do not at least keep hareems ; and the interesting victims, of whom Miss Ethel Newcome has been taken as a type, are at least not led to abandon the religion which may preserve them from falling into wilful degradation. Some of these considerations may appear unimportant to the "look-at-home" people ; but we can assure them that they will far better advance the principles they profess by allowing some kind of advantage to Christian influences and Western civilisation, when measured with Mussulman tenets and Eastern morals, than by classing what is the exception in Europe with what is the rule in Asia, and giving to the natives of the East caricatures of our failings, which will be accepted as daguerreotypes—all for the sake of a few sensation articles.

DISTRIBUTION OF TROOPS ON THE EASTERN FRONTIER.—Memorandum showing the probable distribution of the troops in the Eastern Frontier Command (including Darjeeling) after the reinforcements shall have reached their destinations. *Darjeeling.*—Head Quarters and Wing 58th Foot ; Outpost at "Runjeet," and 2 Companies 17th Bengal Infantry. *Julpesh.*—5th Bengal Cavalry ; and 16th Native Infantry. *Dalimkote.*—Detachment No. 6 Battery 25th Brigade Royal Artillery ; and Wing 31st Native Infantry. *Cooch Behar.*—14th Bengal Cavalry. *Bura.*—No. 7 Battery 22nd Brigade Royal Artillery, with 4 Mortars ; ½ No. 5 Battery 25th Brigade Royal Artillery, Armstrongs ; Head Quarters No. 6 Battery 25th Brigade Royal Artillery ; Nos. 2 and 6 Companies Bengal Sappers ; Sebundy Sappers and Miners ; Head Quarters and 8 Companies 80th Foot ; 1st Goorka Infantry ; 3rd ditto ; 6th Bengal Infantry ; 19th ditto ; Wing 31st ditto ; and 32nd ditto (Pioneers). *Gowhaty.*—43rd Native Infantry. *Rangach.*—17th Bengal Cavalry, and also to be held by such Detachments from either 12th or 44th Regiments Native Infantry as Lieutenant-Colonel Richardson may consider expedient. *Devan-giri and Koonreekhatta.*—½ No. 5 Battery 25th Brigade Royal Artillery, Armstrongs ; Eurasian Mountain Train Battery, with 4 Mortars ; Head Quarters and Wing 1-20th Foot ; Nos. 4 and 5 Companies Bengal Sappers, 9th Bengal Infantry ; 12th ditto ; 26th ditto ; and 44th ditto. *Tezpore.*—Wing 39th Bengal Infantry. *Debrooghur District.*—Assam Local Artillery ; and 42nd Light Infantry. *Cheerapoonjee.*—Head Quarters and Wing 39th Bengal Infantry. *Sylhet, Cachar and Jowala.*—5th Bengal Infantry.—*Hurkaru.*

BENGAL.

THE VICEROY'S LEGISLATIVE COUNCIL.

To those who, like ourselves, have consistently advocated the introduction of a freer order of things in this country, the example of New South Wales has been always held up as a warning and an example. There, we are told, we see the natural result of unrestricted freedom. With a vote accorded to every man who can scrawl his signature the suffrage is in the hands of an uneducated majority, who return delegates to carry out their own private interests, as distinct from those of the colony. At the present moment the phenomenon is presented in Victoria of an assembly elected by universal suffrage having deliberately accepted the principle of protection to native industry by the imposition of a prohibitory duty on certain exports from England and from the neighbouring settlements in Australia. Is this the sort of Government we should care to see introduced into India ?

Whilst we lament some of the results which have followed the introduction of constitutional government into Victoria, we must at the same time decline to admit that the case of Australia presents any analogy to that of India. It has always been a portion of the policy of ultra-conservatives to disgust sensible and moderate men with liberalism by riding the liberal hobby to extreme lengths. The existing liberal constitution of Victoria was a present to the colony from the short-lived Derby Cabinet of 1852. It was drawn up at a time when the public at large had but little faith in the professed liberalism of the Tory administration. Under such circumstances it has always been a maxim of pseudo-conservative policy to divert attention from home matters by an advanced liberalism in colonial administration. Such a course was followed on this occasion. Without taking into consideration the wishes and interests of the colonists, the better class of whom did not want universal suffrage, Sir John Pakington manufactured for them a constitution, the framework of which was sufficiently elastic to be pushed to the furthest limits of democracy. The natural consequences followed. It is not possible to place power within the reach of the masses and to tell them, with any chance of being listened to, not to grasp at it. The masses of Victoria soon felt the value of their position. One by one the swathing bands of the constitution were removed ; the suffrage was degraded until it embraced every male of full age in the colony ; and the reputation of the Assembly has now reached such a point that a seat in it is regarded in Melbourne, as in America, as an honour to be avoided by those who care to respect themselves.

Surely such a state of things offers neither warning nor example to Calcutta. Here there is no fear of an undue extension of liberal views, or of the prevalence of the ultra-democratic doctrines which have been fostered in Australia. We, on the contrary, have in the last few years gone backwards. The debates in the old Legislative Council have been but feebly replaced by the conversational remarks which are heard in the chamber of its successor. When we recall the good that was effected by the outspokenness of the first, and contrast it with the evil that has been permitted by the *insouciance* of the second, we have still greater cause to regret the change. We can never forget that to the speaking Council of India we owe the overthrow of a scheme which would have resuscitated in its worst forms that system of taxation which was the main cause of the French Revolution,—a system by which the masses were to be taxed, and the oligarchy were to be excluded from taxation ; that to the same Council we are indebted for the large and vigorous reforms of Mr. Wilson, and for their

business-like adaptation to the wants of the country by Mr. Laing; that it resisted the measure which would have placed European residents up country under the power of native magistrates; and that it dared to question the exercise of unconstitutional power by Sir Charles Wood. Had the Council existed now, it would have been impossible for our late Finance Minister to have read his budget speech to an impatient assembly; and even had he been permitted to do so, it is not difficult to believe that the scathing criticism of Sir Barnes Peacock would have induced the Council to reject those details, which subjected the Government to the unpleasant reprimand it received. That it passed those details without a single protest from its civilian members is one of the glories of the sitting Council. It is, in fact, a mere Council of registration—a Council to confirm and register the decrees of the Executive. It is true that Lord Canning endeavoured to impart some vitality to it by the appointment as its members of native gentlemen of high character and real ability. The presence in the Council of such men as Raja Deo Narain Singh and Dinkur Rao was a pledge at all events that native interests would receive due consideration. But the time has gone by when it is sought to fill up the places reserved for independent members either by the leaders of native thought or by the real representatives of the English community. An acquiescent assembly—a council that will give no trouble—appears to be regarded as the *summum bonum* of constitutional excellence, and the Governor-general may congratulate himself that, to the extent to which such an article is obtainable, he has obtained it—to what public or personal advantage the events of the past year fully testify.

One would think indeed that the escapade of last April would almost have satisfied the Governor-general that, in a Legislative Council, something more is required than a mere council of registration. It would surely be better that the measures of the Executive should be subjected to the critical acumen of a Sir Barnes Peacock, than that, after having been registered by the aid of civilian nutes, they should be rigorously disavowed by Sir Charles Wood. In the case of the last budget no one ever suspected that the export duties were the production of the mind of the Governor-general. We now know authoritatively that they were not so. If, then, his Excellency had had a Council which would have rejected that measure—as under similar circumstances the old Legislative Council rejected Mr. Harington's Bill,—he would have brought the Supreme Council into conformity with his views about the income-tax, and his own credit would have been saved. A mere council of registration is, in fact, not only contemptible from its organisation, but it is apt to become dangerous to the public liberties, inasmuch as it clothes with the sanction of its apparently independent authority measures which have been debated and agreed upon in a secret conclave of irresponsible councillors.

We know how difficult it is to teach worldly wisdom or worldly knowledge to men who have spent all their lives in this country. India has had bitter experience of the fact that an Indian civilian who has been hoisted up to the top of the ladder,—though he may be innocent of the elements of political economy, though the rudiments of constitutionalism may be unknown to him,—considers himself entirely beyond all teaching. Upon them, therefore, we will not waste our arguments. But there are three members of the Supreme Council who are not civilians, who, under the ordinary circumstances of a non-civilian Governor-general would constitute a majority of the Supreme Council. On these we rest our hope of reform. To these would we confidently

appeal. We would ask them whether the present state of the Legislative Council is such as the necessities of this country demand; whether the conversational tone, the absence of real discussion, the non-admission to it of the ablest members of the community, and the admission to it of those whom the natives at least would not have selected to represent them, are calculated to ensure for it respect and consideration. They know well that a Council to be respected must be something more than a mere outline. They know well that the measures of the Supreme Council, if well considered, would derive an inconceivable additional value from undergoing the ordeal of a passage through a Legislature as independent at least as that established by Lord Dalhousie. They know equally well that the present Legislative Council is a mere council of registration. To them, therefore, we look for a remedy to this state of things. We would urge them to look into the case as it stands, to examine and compare the working of the old Legislative Council and of the present, and above all to shut their ears to the insinuation that there can ever be any analogy between the political situation of British India and that of Australia.—*Friend of India*.

REPORT ON THE ADMINISTRATION OF THE NORTH-WEST PROVINCES.

We have on our table "The Report of the Administration of the North-West Provinces for the Year 1864-65." Under the head of Judicial Administration, we observe that there has been a considerable increase in civil litigation—the number of regular suits instituted exceeding that for any year since 1857, except the exceptional year of 1861. The miscellaneous files exhibit a still larger increase; and the total number of cases instituted during the year was 243,033, as compared with 196,390 in 1863. This increase of litigation is attributed partly to the operation of the Limitation Acts, and partly to the commercial advancement of the country, and the contemplated introduction of the permanent settlement. The average duration of cases shows an improvement, but, in the Judges' courts, where it is three months and twenty-six days, it ought to be still capable of considerable reduction. The state of the files of the Sudder Court is, the report justly observes, highly satisfactory, the regular appeals pending having been reduced from 360 to 49, and the special appeals from 2,060 to 474, as compared with the previous year. On turning to the section on Criminal Justice we are again met by the same ugly features which now so generally disfigure these reports throughout the country. There is a heavy increase of crime and offences against property, and petty offences have increased in a higher ratio than other crimes. This increase is attributed, and perhaps, in some measure, justly, to the high prices of the necessities of life; though, among a population who are principally producers, this cause should have less effect than in other countries. There is also an increase in petty litigation, rightly attributed to the exemption from stamp of all petitions of complaint in criminal cases—a subject on which we have already commented at length. The Police Returns, as we are almost prepared to see from the above, show an increase in all offences against life and property, except robbery by administration of poison. On the other hand, an improvement is noticed in the detection and prosecution of offences by the police, and complaints of corruption, ill-treatment, and extortion, are said to be now rarely brought against them. We cannot, however, forget that it depends a good deal on the chance of obtaining justice whether such complaints are brought or not, and that an increase in the power of the police to oppress tends rather to diminish the chance of complaint than otherwise. We are

inclined to think that, under the new system, the police are better protected by their superior officers than under the old, and the less, consequently, is the chance of the poor men successfully prosecuting charges against them.

Under the head of revenue, perhaps the most noticeable feature is the increase of cases under Acts X., of 1859, and XIV., of 1863, from 45,350 to 54,409. There is also an increase in transfers of land of all descriptions. The actual out-turn of cotton in the provinces is set down at 165,000 maunds; but it is remarked that, had the season been favourable, it would not have been much less than two millions of maunds. There is an improvement in the Customs collections of Rs. 7,28,089, including Rs. 2,63,460 from the Nagpore collectorship, which was only established in January last. Rs. 7,00,758 of this increase appears to be attributable to the salt duty alone. The amount of income-tax has decreased by about six lakhs of rupees; but only six per cent. of the tax-payers, we are informed, are assessed according to their own returns, while eighty-four per cent. have been surcharged, the amount of surcharge being nearly three hundred per cent. "It is to be feared," says the Report, "that the moral obligation to furnish trustworthy returns has been generally disregarded by the native community in these Provinces; but it is also to be feared that, in this indiscriminate surcharging, the innocent must, in a large number of cases, have been punished with the guilty. It is satisfactory, however, to contemplate the existence of even six per cent. of tax-payers in the North-West Provinces whose sense of moral obligation is so high as to lead them to furnish trustworthy returns. There is an increase of Rs. 1,08,974 in the receipts from Stamps, and of Rs. 3,44,851 in that from Excise. The remainder of this report we shall notice to-morrow.—*Englishman*, Nov. 1.

We resume our notice of the Report on the Administration of the North-West Provinces with the section on Education. The number of pupils on the rolls of the various public schools was 120,054, including 6,886 females; but the Report does not afford us the means of comparing this with the corresponding number for the previous year. The number of female schools has, however, we are informed, more than doubled, and that of the pupils attending them nearly trebled; and a number of private schools, receiving grants-in-aid from Government, have sprung up. The total number of private schools under Government inspection is 5,458, with 65,655 scholars. No less than three lakhs and seventy thousand volumes of books have, we are told, been printed for, or purchased by, the Department of Public Instruction during the year. Under the head of Public Works, we observe that the Presbyterian Church at Allahabad has been completed, at a cost of Rs. 53,000. The expenditure of the entire Department during the year was upwards of thirty lakhs of rupees. The income from the Ganges Canal was Rs. 9,86,410, against Rs. 7,73,390 of the previous year. There has been no change in the irrigation rates during the year, nor any perceptible increase in the supply of water kept up. The sum of Rs. 1,00,000, granted by the Government, was expended in preparations for the work of remodelling this great failure; and the estimated cost of the changes proposed is Rs. 52,68,063. The Roorkee workshops realised a profit equal to 6.19 per cent. on capital, and the monthly average of work turned out was Rs. 24,546, being much in excess of that of any previous year. The gross income of the Eastern Jumna Canal was Rs. 3,39,458, against Rs. 2,65,022 of last year. The average discharge per second was about one-tenth larger than last year; but there has been no increase of rates. The number of

students at the Thomason Civil Engineering College was 128, against 82 during last year; and the total cost of educating each student showed a reduction from Rs. 592 to Rs. 440.

Under the head of Railways, we notice very little with which the public are not already familiar.

The result of the working of the Government forests during the year under the system of strict Budget principles, now for the first time applied to it, is said to afford "promise of considerable revenue to the State, while, at the same time, the main object—the due preservation of its forests—will have been secured." The yield of the Government Tea Plantations in Kumaon and the Dehra Dhoon was 54,527 pounds of tea, and 2,848 maunds of seed. 77,308 pounds of tea was sold, at an aggregate price of Rs. 52,430, and 66 tons and 5 cwt. of seed was distributed gratis to applicants. Upwards of 1,00,000 lbs. of the tea sold was bought, the report tells us, by Cabul and Cashmere merchants, partly for consumption in the Punjab, and partly for exportation to Afghanistan and Cashmere. The plantation and factory of Bheem Tal were sold by public auction for Rs. 34,500. The report also records the almost total failure of the experiment with Cinchona, planted in Gurhwal, owing to the site being too high. The few plants that were saved were removed to the Dehra Dhoon, and additional plants had been sent for from Darjeeling, with a view to continuing the experiment.

Under the head of Hospitals and Dispensaries we see that the cost of a new hospital at Benares, for the treatment of destitute Europeans and Eurasians, has been most munificently defrayed by Baboo Gooroo Doss Mittra.

The only matters of importance recorded in the political section are connected with literature and the public press. There are eighteen vernacular newspapers, with the insignificant circulation of 5,366 copies; but one of these, the *Meerut Gazette*, started during the year, circulates 2,236 copies. As a rule, it is remarked, little ability is displayed in the newspaper articles. Of three hundred and forty-nine books known to have been published during the year only four were original, the remainder being either reprints or translations. Of these, seventy-eight were Hindoo, and thirty-six Mahomedan, works of religious nature. This, however, does not include the vernacular literature published under the superintendence of the Director of Public Instruction. Of such works, thirty-three editions were printed during the year, the total issue of volumes being no less than 268,500. The Government Press, we see, continued to work profitably during the year, the balance to credit being Rs. 64,139, notwithstanding large reductions in charges.

The general financial result of the year's administration was favourable, as compared with the Budget estimate—the actual net income being Rs. 3,65,61,354, instead of Rs. 3,51,99,698, as estimated.—*Ibid*, Nov. 2.

BHOOTAN.

We hear from the Bhootan frontier that the Bhootas in the hills are now badly off for food. The reason is, that last year Tongsoo Penlow seized many of them; and those who escaped from him hid themselves, and did not cultivate. There is great distress amongst them; they have no rice to eat, they are obliged to use unaccustomed food, and most of them are suffering from dysentery.—*Englishman*, Oct. 23.

As it is very desirable that the officers employed on the Bhootan frontier should speedily acquire a knowledge of the Bhoota language, the Government, we are informed, have made it generally known among the officers of the force on the frontier, and the civil officers, including those at Darjeeling, that Bhoota is one of the Hill languages, a competent know-

ledge of which is rewarded by Government with a donation of Rs. 1,000.—*Ibid*, Oct. 24.

A correspondent from the Bhootan frontier writes to say that the Viceroy has sent the following instructions to Colonel Bruce, to be acted upon when the British force advances upon Bhootan:—

1st. He should let it be known in Bhootan that villages and hamlets will not be molested, unless they are defended against the advance of the troops. 2nd. He should invite the inhabitants, by all means in his power, not to desert their dwellings. 3rd. He should adopt measures to ensure that all articles of food be paid for most rigidly by troops and followers; and he should request the General to take the most stringent measures in this respect, as well as to protect all houses and crops. 4th. He will invite the people to assist in the road-making, and see that they are paid daily wages for the same. 5th. It should be given out that we do not want Bhootan, but that, as the Government and the chiefs have not acceded to our terms, we are compelled to advance into the country to show that we cannot pardon the insults offered last year, without the settlement of a treaty which will prove satisfactory to us. The Deb and Dhurm Rajahs should be assured that neither Punakha nor Tassissudon will be injured, if they are not defended. If the Rajahs choose to remain in their residences they will not be made prisoners, provided they do not act in hostility towards our troops. In like manner, the Soubahs, Zoompoons, and all people should be warned that their houses will not be injured, nor themselves or their property molested, if resistance is not offered to the advance of the British troops, but that any place or house which is used for the purpose of defence will be destroyed. If the Deb or Dhurm Rajahs flee from their residences it is probable that they will depute some important persons to confer with the Governor-general's agent. For this reason neither Punakha nor Tassissudon should be injured because of the flight of the Government, unless they are defended.

In short, the Colonel has been instructed that he will cause the people to understand that our object is not conquest, and that it depends on themselves whether our advance into Bhootan is accompanied by loss of life and other ruin.—*Ibid*, Oct. 31.

The Bhootan durbar, alarmed by the evident earnestness of our preparations, has renewed its endeavours to pacify us, sending in some prisoners, with other equally valuable indications of its sincerity. It is believed by those who are judges that we shall grant terms, and that there will be no march to Poonakha. The dooars will be retained by us, and, as the Bhootas are to be well paid for them, they will enjoy their revenue without the trouble of collecting it—an office we shall undertake, after paying heavily for the privilege, in a country which is, during a great part of the year, absolutely untenable for Europeans or for natives of the plains, on account of the deadliness of its malaria. The Penlow of Tongso is, however, still holding out; so we shall probably be at the expense of fighting him, while, through our treaty with the durbar, we shall be precluded from the possibility of taking any advantage of victory, or obtaining any sort of satisfaction beyond the extinction of a refractory subject of a foreign potentate. We could hardly imagine anything more inglorious, more absurd, and more destructive of our prestige in India than this war.—*Englishman*.

MISCELLANEOUS.

BODY GUARDS OF NATIVE CHIEFS.—We are informed that orders have been issued by the Punjab Government that no native chiefs should be allowed to take a body guard of above fifty armed men through any walled city of the Punjab.

THE MYSTERIOUS OUDE DESPATCH.—Sir John Lawrence has at last put forth a statement upon this subject in an official letter to Sir Charles Wood, which is published in Calcutta for general information:—"From his Excellency the Right Hon. the Governor General of India in Council, to the Right Hon. Sir Charles Wood, Bart. G.C.B., her Majesty's Secretary of State for India.—Simla, the 20th September 1865:—We have the honour to forward for your information the copy of a circular order issued by the officiating chief commissioner of Oude in reference to an article which appeared in the *Press* newspaper, and which has been copied into the Indian prints. 2. The article professes to contain the extract, paras. three, four, and five, of a despatch addressed by the Government of India to the Financial Commissioner, communicating instructions for Mr. Davies's guidance. It is said to have been dated 15th September, 1864. 3. As shown by the chief commissioner, no such despatch was ever received by Mr. Davies, whose only instructions were communicated to him through Mr. Wingfield, the chief commissioner. 4. It is needless for us to add that no letter of the number and date quoted, nor any letter whatever of the purport quoted, was issued by the Government of India. No instructions were at any time given to Mr. Davies, but through the chief commissioner, Mr. Wingfield. The wishes of the Government in respect to the conduct of his duties by Mr. Davies are contained in the despatch of the Foreign Secretary, Colonel H. M. Durand, C.B., to the chief commissioner, No. 284, dated 30th September, 1864, as printed in the Blue-book upon Oude."

THE SIMLA UNITED SERVICE CLUB.—There is an advertisement in our columns announcing that the members of the Simla United Service Club have partially yielded to a very generally expressed opinion concerning the exclusive rule whereby they wished to keep their club so highly aristocratic, that none but the "heaven-born" could enter therein. A modification has been made of Rule VI., which confined membership to Members of the Supreme Council, the Civil Service, and Officers of H.M.'s Army and Navy, and excluded all such low people as barristers, merchants, and private gentlemen. The modification is, however, hardly a compliment to the excluded ones. Two new rules have been made, which state that:—"VIII. With the concurrence of the committee of management, any gentleman not eligible under Rule VI. may be proposed as a member of the Club, and be balloted for, and, if elected, will be an 'extra' member. IX.—No 'extra' members shall have a vote on any matter affecting the management or conduct of the Club." What is an "extra" member? We have heard of ordinary members and honorary members of clubs, but never of an "extra." Perhaps extraneous is the true meaning of this contraction. So terribly afraid are the promoters of this Club of admitting any one within the pale of their society who does not belong to the "suvvices," that, in bending to public opinion on the subject, they have resolved on branding the extraneous individual who ventures to intrude within the magic circle with a mark—a large E. Nothing can be in worse taste than the first proposition, except the method taken to modify it by the second.—*Englishman*.

THE WAHABEE CONSPIRACY.—The Viceroy, we observe, having perused the report on the Wahabee conspiracy, lately discovered at Patna, has directed the premises at Sadikpore, where the conspiracy was carried on, to be made over to the municipality, with a view to their being razed to the ground, and an open market built on the site; a portion of the sale proceeds of the escheated property of the traitors to be devoted to municipal purposes.

FORT WILLIAM.—Great changes have been ordered in the arrangement of quarters in Fort William, the principal object of which is to enable the Government to give up the Chowmalla, and thus effect a saving of Rs. 700 per month. All the public offices are to be removed from that building, and located in Fort William. At the quarters of the Plassey-gate will be the offices of the Quarter-master General of the Army, the Assistant Quarter-master-General of the Division, the Garrison Quarter-master, the Embarkation Officer, and the Barrack-master; at the Treasury-gate, the office of the Commander-in-Chief, the Adjutant-general of the Army, the Assistant Adjutant-general of the Division, and, temporarily, the Judge Advocate; at the St. George's-gate the Fort Adjutant, and the Judge Advocate, when the Officers' Hospital is removed, it being in contemplation to turn the Old Sudder Court-house into a General Military Hospital. The Brigadier-General commanding will retain the quarters at the Chowringhee-gate. The Garrison Engineer, those at the Calcutta-gate, and the Commissaries of Ordnance those at the Water-gate. The Major-general commanding the Division will not reside in Fort William.

GOSSIP FROM DELHI.—A letter from Delhi in the *Englishman* contains the following, dated October 29th:—In days gone by, before civilization had *kinkured* the roads ready for its vast strides, before the mark of intellect had overcome the acknowledged necessity for a slight display of Oriental pomp and vanity upon all state occasions in this land of our exile,—the arrival of a Governor-General of India at a station like this of the "Imperial city" was an event to look forward to. The authorities, civil and military, were all "agog," and kept on the *qui vive* for some days, and even weeks, previous to the arrival of the great man. Those were glorious days, and the natives looked upon the coming of the *Lat Sahib*, *Moolkee*, or *Jungee*, as the case might be, with a sort of satisfaction, and a feeling of admiration for the *Ungraiz*, and, as a nation, thought them not quite so devoid of love for *tamasha* as they appeared to be, and respected them accordingly. What a different scene presented itself last night, at 11 o'clock, at which hour the Viceroy and Governor-General of India came into Delhi, "by moonlight alone," from the hills. It is true that the roads were watered, as they generally are in the evening, and the appearance of a "naick and four" at the Hamilton Hotel this morning, with a sprinkling of scarlet liveried servants, led people to suppose that somebody above the common run of travellers had arrived. But there was no attempt at welcome, and, by order, no salute was fired. The court-martial on Captain Ingram duly assembled, and arranged for the trial of that officer; witnesses from all quarters had been summoned, and were in attendance—when lo! it was confided to the President that the prisoner had saved them the trouble of trying him, by making a hasty retreat—in what direction is best known to himself! As the accused had some three days' start, apparently before the court had assembled, it is not likely that he will be caught, and I do not think there is a very general wish that he should be. The inquiry would have been tedious, awkward, and unsatisfactory, and, as the missing coin has been refunded, the affair has perhaps ruled as profitably to Government as it would had the accused been tried, convicted, and punished with more than the loss of his commission and character. His Excellency the Commander-in-Chief is not coming to Delhi on his way down, but proceeds direct from Gazeabad to Agra. Why this change nobody seems to know, but it is to be regretted for many reasons.

THE COMMANDER-IN-CHIEF will visit Gwalior on his tour, and will reach Allahabad, it is expected, about 15th November.

APPREHENDED FAMINE IN BENGAL.—The period that has elapsed since our last despatch has been one of grave apprehensions. The close of what should have been our rainy season, and the commencement of what should be our winter, have been marked by similar weather to that which seems to have characterised the English autumn of this year. The heat and drought we have already referred to in our last two despatches has only just terminated; indeed, in some parts rain has not yet fallen, and the consequence has been great scarcity and very high prices throughout the whole of Behar and Orissa and the western half of Bengal. In one or two districts coarse rice has been selling as high as six and seven rupees per maund, and the greatest distress has prevailed, perhaps, in Nuddea and Cuttack. It was feared that we were on the eve of a very severe famine, but extreme apprehensions have now passed away, for it is known that the crop in Eastern Bengal is a heavy one, and will soon be pouring into the markets of the less favoured districts. We may, however, anticipate high prices throughout the season.—*Englishman*.

THE CATTLE PLAGUE IN BENGAL.—Whilst the public have been watching with interest the accounts of the *rinderpest*, or cattle plague, in Europe, Bengal has not been free from the same terrible visitation. As we said in a former issue, it appeared soon after the dispersion of the herds of cattle gathered together at Alipore in 1864. Since then it has raged in various parts of the Lieutenant-Governorship, especially in Backergunge. Here, however, the attention of the authorities has been drawn to its ravages, and measures have been taken by the Commissioner of Dacca to counteract its effects and prevent its spreading. Dr. Bensley has drawn up a set of instructions for the treatment of the disease, and it is contemplated to have these translated into Bengali, for circulation amongst the Zemindars of the district. Meanwhile, we would suggest that the Government should lose no time in publishing in the *Gazette* all the information in its hands on this subject.—*Bengal Hurkaru*.

CLOSING OF THE BAREE DOAB CANAL.—The heavy rain on the 15th Oct., which appears to have been very general, brought down a flood of unusual magnitude in the Ravee, and with it an astonishing quantity of timber. Logs were passing the head works of the canal in question for several hours, at the rate of about fifty per minute. Detailed reports of the damage have not yet been received, but it is known that the head was well nigh blocked up altogether with a deposit of shingle and boulders, and the piers injured very materially, by the timber settling against them for so many hours; some of them have almost disappeared. It was necessary to close the head at once, to repair injuries and clear out some of the silt; but the stoppage was only temporary.—*Englishman*.

MILITARY CHANGES.—The permanent appointment of Lieutenant-Colonel Hire as Assistant Adjutant-General of the Peshawur Division, and that of Captain Waring, 88th Foot, as Brigade Major, must lead to one of the following Officiating Majors of Brigade losing his post:—Captain Pearson, Delhi; Captain Morgan, Umballah; Lieutenant Bates, Gowhatty; Captain Fortescue, Mooltan; Captain Cowell, Dinapore. Col. Hire will continue to hold his present officiating appointment at Army Head-quarters until the return from England of Major Holmes, or until further orders. Major Holmes is on his way out, but rumour has it that he is likely to obtain a regimental command on arrival.—*Englishman*.

CHOLERA IN BENGAL.—We are sorry to learn that cholera has again made its appearance in the districts of Tumlook, Hidgelee, and part of Midnapore. A few cases have proved fatal.

MILITARY ITEMS.—The 10th Fusiliers at Jhansi had so many men in hospital that the regiment has gone into camp; they are to march some distance up the Cawnpore-road, and return by a different route. It is to be hoped the change will do the men good.—The right wing of H. M.'s 58th now stationed at Benares has been ordered to proceed to the Eastern frontier. The 17th Bengal Cavalry leaves Segowlie for Bhootan. Major-General C. Troup, C.B., commanding the division, is now absent from the station, but he will be back very shortly.—The troops at Gowhatty were suffering from cholera.—The 23rd Royal Welch Fusiliers are under orders for Jubbulpore. The right wing and head quarters of the Regiment, four Companies, under command of Colonel Wells, C.B., leave Agra by train on Wednesday evening, and are followed on Saturday by the remaining five companies under Major Elgee.—Four companies of the 88th Connaught Rangers from Cawnpore have arrived at Agra, to take the place temporarily at Agra of the 23rd until the arrival of the 91st or 41st. It seems yet uncertain which corps is to be posted to the Agra garrison.

ANOTHER BENGAL JUDICIAL OFFICER IN TROUBLE.—In September last an article appeared in the *Hindoo Patriot* in which Lord Ulick Brown, the officiating magistrate of Nuddea, is represented as having acted with great harshness towards a man who was in the last stage of illness, and who eventually died. The attention of the Viceroy has been drawn to the article in question, and has asked information from the Government of Bengal as to what extent the Lieutenant-Governor considers that Lord Ulick Brown was to blame, and what orders his Honour has thought it necessary to pass in the case.—*Englishman*.

A REMARKABLE CASE OF CHEATING is now pending before the magistrate of Benares. The ex-Minister of Dholepore, Deo Buns, now a prisoner in Benares, was induced to believe that if he paid down a heavy sum of money as a bribe he would be recalled from banishment. He, accordingly, through his relations in Dholepore, collected the sum of fifty thousand rupees, which was entrusted to one Kurram Singh, and is alleged to have been paid to Sirdar Mungul Singh, a cousin of the Maharajah of Puttiala, whose receipt, however, is not forthcoming to show that it was so paid.

QUIN PRO QUO.—We hear that the Mahomedan native chiefs have objected to fire salutes on the arrival of the British officers of rank in their territories on Fridays, but to do so on the following day, as the British Government have arranged for Sundays. The matter is now pending the consideration of the Viceroy.

MR. A. T. T. PETERSON, it is rumoured, is returning to India as the Chief Justice of the High Court of the North-West Provinces, to be established finally at Allahabad, but in the meantime at Agra, until the courts now erecting in the former station are completed.

CAPTAIN INGRAM.—This officer, whose disappearance from Delhi, to avoid the proceedings of a court-martial, is mentioned in a letter from that city, is said to have been since apprehended.

FIRE.—At a fire on Oct. 23 at Calcutta 500 thatched bungalows, several tiled huts, and some horses, the property of the ex-King of Oude, were destroyed.

THE VICEROY AND STAFF arrived in Calcutta on the 4th of November, and we are beginning to look forward to an active legislative season.

LIEUTENANT H. SHOWERS has been appointed (as a temporary measure) A.D.C. to Major-general Wachman, C.B., commanding the division.

SHIPPING.

ARRIVALS.

Oct. 22. Squando.—23. Scoresby.—24. British Sovereign, Humberston.—25. Fazel Carrim, Aphrodite, Middlesex.—28. str. Burnah, Floides, Research.—30. str. Clan Alpine, str. Orissa, St. Lawrence, Clamden, Roslin Castle, Aluwick Castle, Imperatrice.—31. Martaban, Canning, Glazepore, Teluk, Ruramany, Fonfrede.—Nov. 1. Solway, Atlanta.—2. str. Mooltan, Albert and Victor, Shaw Allum, Guy Mannerling, Assager.—3. Jaun Allum, Winchester, Dundee, Alcar.—4. str. In-tia.—5. str. Rangoon, str. Lightnug, Lydia William.—6. Maldon, Cossipore, Tubal Cain, Continental.

PASSENGERS ARRIVED.

Per str. Mooltan.—From SOUTHAMPTON.—Maj. and Mrs. Drew, Miss Wilson. Capt. and Mrs. Prendergast and two children, Mr. and Mrs. Tottenham, Mr. Gray, Mr. W. Hodgson, Mr. and Mrs. Powcock, Capt. Earle, Dr. Dalziel, Mr. and Mrs. Titton and infant, Rev. and Mrs. Robinson, Miss Robinson, Mr. E. Rule, Mr. E. Lockwood, Maj. and Mrs. Brown, Mr. C. Merrick, Lieut. Smith, Dr. and Mrs. Bailie, Capt. Willington, Mr. C. Wood, Mr. and Mrs. B. Wood, Col. and Mrs. Middleton and three children, Mrs. Poole and daughter, Miss Mackinson, Mr. Cooper, Mr. Wellborne, Mr. Taplin, Mr. Galbraith, Ensign Abbott, Cornet Lloyd, Messrs. Oliver, Winchester, Locke, H. B. Mullick, Phillips, Luard, Blumerhasset, H. Jefferson, Sutton, Callifor, Lieut. Cotton, Capt. Cadell, Mr. and Mrs. Macfarlane, Asst.-surg. Shorburn, Mr. D. A. Pinto, Mrs. Cunningham. From MARSEILLES.—Messrs. T. Tiell, D. Garlin, Shaw, Dove, Anderson, Whitney, Handson, Lord, Morrison, Taylor, E. Grege, Beevey, Torkinton, W. Butler, A. P. McDonnell, Patison, White, G. F. Marsh, Capt. and Mrs. Graham, Maj. Merrick, Lieut. Madhurst, Capt. Duncan, Lieut. Bisive, Miss Lake, Lieut. Davis, Capt. and Mrs. Peake, Lieut. and Mrs. Whitmore, Miss Jervis. From SEZ. —Mr. Beattie, Col. and Mrs. Goodwin, Mr. A. G. Cardin. From MELBOURNE.—Mr. and Mrs. Campbell, Serg. Horne. From KING GEORGE'S SOUND.—Mr. D. S. Corriell. From GALLE.—Maj. Hyde, Messrs. Capell, Prentice, Garber. From MADRAS.—Mr. C. Halford, Mr. D. Halford, Maj. and Mrs. Banbury, Dr. Stowell, Mr. Foster Halford, Col. Watson, Maj. Atkin, Capt. Reddie, Mr. Stewart, Lieut. Chatterton.

DEPARTURES.

Oct. 21. Str. Thunder, Gladstone, British Princess.—22. str. John Bright, Fornby, Paul Auguste.—23. str. Asia and Orissa; Anne Royden, Steir, Adrienne.—24. str. Bengal; Coleroun, Eastern Empire.—25. R. H. Tucker.—26. str. Catharine Apar; Gustave, Futty Allum.—27. Protector.—28. str. Pegu; Hermann and Emma.—29. Kearsage.—30. Stag, Diamond, Antelope, Leonide.—31. Futty Allum, Young Mechanic.—Nov. 1. Colgrain, Olive Mount, Colonel Fyche.—2. str. Coringa and Cashmere; Palmerston, N. Curvin.—3. Thalatta.—4. str. Meinam; Marietta.—5. Ellen Foster.—6. River Clyde, Madanada, Countess of Ripon, Maranus.

PASSENGERS DEPARTED.

Per str. Progress.—Mr. and Mrs. Haughton and four children, Mrs. and Miss Shuttleworth, Mrs. South, Mrs. Morton, Capt. Millock and Playfair, Lieut. Cantly, Messrs. T. E. Carter, G. Williamson, R. B. Pringle, W. F. Wise, W. Robinson, J. Cummins, H. R. Redly, J. F. Pearson, W. Huckleby, J. Brown.

Per str. Coringa.—For RANGOON.—D. Aridor, Esq., Capt. and Mrs. Williams and four children, Capt. and Mrs. Montgomery, Lieut. Barea, E. Hopper, Esq., Capt. Gordon, D. A. Robinson, Esq. For AKYAB.—Rev. Mr. Don and wife, R. A. D. Perreau, Esq. For MOULMEIN.—Lieut. Mathland.

Per str. Cashmere.—For GOPALPORE.—W. R. Green, Esq. For MADRAS.—T. C. Hill, Esq. For BOMBAY.—W. J. Etheridge, Esq.

COMMERCIAL.

Calcutta, Nov. 6, 1865.

GOVERNMENT SECURITIES.

Rate of Interest.	Stock.	Selling Price.
4 per Cent., Sa.	Sa. Rs. 90	88 8 to 88 12
Do. Transfer Stock.	Sa. Rs. 91	90 12 to 91 8
4 per Cent. Co.'s Rs.	Co.'s Rs. 91	89 4 to 89 8
5 per Cent. P.W.	Co.'s Rs. 101	102 4
5½ per Cent. Co.'s Rs.	Co.'s Rs. 111	109 12
5 per cent., 56-57.	Co.'s Rs. 104	113 12 to 104 2

EXCHANGE.

Local Bank Bills	On London.	Per Rupee.
at 6 months' sight	2 14	
First Class Credit	at 6 months' sight	2 13 16 to 2 14
Bills with Docs.	at 6 months' sight	2 11 to 2 17 16
Bank Post Bills.	at 1 months' sight	2 09 10 to 2 09

JOINT STOCK SHARES.

Stock.	Paid-up.	Quoted at.
	Rs. each.	Rs.
Agra and Masterman's Bank	600	1119
Assam Tea Company	200	595
Bank of Bengal	4000	1775
Bengal Tea Company	100	126
Bengal Credit Mobilier (Lim.)	100	13 to 20
Bonded Warehouse Association	445	680
Borokni Tea Company (Limited)	200	155
Cachar and Assam Tea Company	210	30 dis.
Do. (Contributory)	115	58 5
Cachar Tea Company	600	par to 5 pm
Do. (Contributory)	500	1310 to 1320
Calcutta Docking Company	700	480
Calcutta Steam Tug Association	600	480
Calcutta and South Eastern Railway	52	par
Central Assam Tea Company	100	95
Central Cachar Tea Company	200	240
Do. new shares	200	220
Dehra Doon Tea Company	100	86
Delhi Bank Corporation	500	700
E. B. Indigo Company	100	nom.
East India Railway Company	218	217
Do. (Contributory)	100	125
Eastern Bengal Tea Company	80	25 to 33 pm
Eastern Cachar Tea Company	50	65
Do. (Contributory)	100	105
Do. (Contributory)	85	5 dis to par

Eastern Bengal Railway Company	218	218
Eastern Steam Tug Company	1000	1000
Equitable Coal Company	250	200 to 205
Ganges Steam Navigation Company	500	Nominal
Great Eastern Hotel Company	250	210
Gola Ghaut Tea Company	250	267
Do. new shares	250	255
Hindustan, China, and Japan Bank	250	
Hughly Steam Tug Company	1000	850
Howrah Docking Company	500	535
India General Steam Navigation Co.	1000	800 to 810
National Bank of India (Limited)	250	265
New Fort Gloster Company	600	
North-West Indigo Company	100	71
North-West Screwing Company	50	nom.
Oriental Gas Company	£1	14
Peoples Bank of India	100	nom.
Port Canning Land Company	1000	285 pm.
Punjab Bank	100	115
Punjab Trading	75	5 to 10 pm.
Royal Bank of India		Nominal.
Screwing Company (Limited)	200	150
Simla Bank	500	625 to 650
South Cachar Tea Company	100	nom.
Strand Pressing Company (Limited)	624	250 to 252
Sylhet and Cachar Tea Company	200	123
Tirhoot Indigo	200	170
Union Steam Tug Company	250	6 to 4 dis
Upper Assam Tea Company	100	170

FREIGHTS.

	To London.	To Liverpool.
Saltpetre	20 15 0 to 1 0 0	1 5 0
Sugar	Nominal.	1 5 0
Rice	0 0 0 to 0 0 0	1 6 8 to 0 0 0
Seeds	0 15 0 to 0 0 0	2 0 0
Cute	2 10 0 to 2 12 6	2 2 6
Cotton	2 10 0 to 2 15 0	2 10 0

MADRAS.

CRIMINAL SESSIONS, MADRAS.—

Nov. 4.

(Before SIR COLLEY HARMEN SCOTLAND.)

CORNET WATKINS'S CASE.

James Watkins was indicted for house trespass, after preparations made for causing hurt, and criminal force.

The prisoner first pleaded guilty, but re-collecting himself, pleaded not guilty.

Mr. R. Branson, instructed by Mr. Gordon on the part of the prosecution, appeared with Crown Prosecutor for the prosecution; and Mr. Miller, instructed by Mr. McCance, appeared for the prisoner.

In opening the case Mr. O'Sullivan remarked that the prisoner was a cornet in the 18th Hussars, and the prosecutor the editor of the *Bangalore Herald*. A paragraph appeared in that paper which was the cause of all this force. On the day succeeding that on which the paragraph appeared, the prisoner went into the room of the editor, and asked him to give up the name of the writer of the paragraph. Mr. Shallard said he was the writer of it, whereupon he was called a "damned liar," by the prisoner, and then ensued the terrible onslaught with which the prisoner now stood charged. Even if the paragraph were much severer than it really was, it could afford no legal extenuation of the prisoner's conduct.

The evidence having been gone through, and Mr. Miller heard for the defence, the Chief Justice summed up, after which the jury retired to deliberate, and in thirty-five minutes returned with a verdict of guilty on all three counts, at the same time recommending the prisoner to the merciful consideration of the Court.

His Lordship, addressing Mr. Watkins, said that he had been found guilty of the three offences charged against him, and had subjected himself to very severe punishment. His lordship could not avoid passing a sentence of imprisonment upon him, but he would do it in such a way as to render it unnecessary that he should go to gaol. He would also inflict a fine, which, under the circumstances of the case, must be large; for though he had abstained when addressing the jury from giving any opinion of the assault, he now could not help saying that it was a very violent assault, more especially when the physical condition of both parties was considered. His lordship was satisfied that even Mr. Watkins himself now in his calmer moments deeply regretted what had taken place. He not only knocked down the prosecutor, but also did

what was most unbecoming in him as an officer and a gentleman—struck him while he was on the ground. The editor of the *Bangalore Herald* had most improperly and irregularly made the observation he did, and his lordship would warn him that if he persevered in pursuing a similar course he would undoubtedly come to grief. Still these observations, which were of such a thoroughly contemptible description, did not justify Mr. Watkins' conduct—he would have acted more becoming his position as an officer and gentleman if he had treated them with the unmitigated contempt they deserved. Taking into consideration that the imprisonment would produce the most serious results on Mr. Watkins—consequences and results far greater than his conduct merited—and believing that in acting as he had done he was influenced by bad advice, and had not relied on his own unbiased opinion, his lordship would sentence him to four days' simple imprisonment, commencing from the first day of the sessions, and to pay a fine of 1,200 rupees—in default of payment to six months' imprisonment. The result would be that if the fine was paid at once Mr. Watkins was free—otherwise, he would be imprisoned for six months. The fine was at once paid, and Mr. Watkins was accordingly discharged.—*Madras Athenæum*, Nov. 6.

MISCELLANEOUS.

DEATH OF LIEUT.-COL. DALE.—We regret to learn that Lieutenant-Colonel Dale, commanding the 28th Regiment M.N.I. at Kurnool, died on the evening of the 11th October. He had been suffering from liver complaint for some time, and was going away on sick leave, but the immediate cause of his death appears to have been simple exhaustion. He had been kept up entirely by stimulants for some days, which for some twelve hours before his death he was unable to swallow. He was to be buried with military honours at 6 p.m. on the 12th instant. Major Lateward, the next senior officer, takes command of the regiment.—*Madras Times*.

THE RAJAH OF MYSORE.—The *Bangalore Herald* says:—We mentioned some time since that the commissioner had gone on a visit to his Highness the Rajah of Mysore, and we then anticipated that it was in connection with the recent adoption. We have now reason to believe that the real object of the commissioner's visit was to inform his Highness that the Secretary of State definitely and positively refused to entertain his requests in favour of the young gentleman whom he had honoured by adopting. We trust that the Rajah will now see the folly of spending more money upon his European agents, who, some two or three weeks after he had received Sir Charles Wood's reply, seriously informed him that they were doing all in their power to prevent an unfavourable reply being sent to out to this country! Anything more scandalous it appears to us impossible to conceive. Some fifteen lakhs, it is said, have already been spent upon this unprofitable mission. His Highness will do well to consider whether he might not better save his money for the benefit of his adopted son than in spending it in champagne parties to young M.P.s at home.

THE COMMANDER-IN-CHIEF OF MADRAS ON ASSAULTS UPON NATIVES.—No little flutter and excitement was created the other day when it became known that the general commanding the division had ordered all the officers in garrison to assemble at the Hussar Mess House. There was no difficulty in surmising the cause of this assemblage. The only anxiety or doubt was as to how the Commander-in-Chief would comport himself under the circumstances. In fact Sir Gaspard le Marchant was being put upon his trial, and his metal tested. True, however, was the ring of the metal. The trumpet blew forth no uncertain sound in certain utterances, which from obvious motives of fair

play and consideration we at present refrain from noticing or commenting upon. The same objection does not apply to a certain portion of the Commander-in-Chief's strictures referring to assaults by officers upon natives, and his resolution to put a stop to the practice by stern and uncompromising measures.—*Bangalore Herald*, Oct. 28.

SHIPPING.

ARRIVALS.

Oct. 26. H. ro, Mordue, Penang.—27. str. India, Davis, Bombay; P. and O. str. Bengal, Woolcot, Calcutta; Shannon, Rickard, Aden; Jacques, Seaton, Martin, Mauritius.—28. P. and O. str. Mooltan, Dunn, Suva.—29. Clara, Barrow, Mauritius.—30. Casar, Wise, Moulmein.

PASSENGERS ARRIVED.

Per Hero.—Mrs. Mordue and two children, Mr. Hughes. Per str. India.—Rev. Mr. Stephenson, Mr. Donaghue, Master Ballard.

Per P. and O. str. Bengal.—Mr. Wyatt, Lieut. Inglis, Mr. Hall.

Per P. and O. str. Mooltan.—Lieut. Plunket, Mr. Le Fanu, Lady Pittsara, Mr. G. H. Palmer, Staff Asst. surg. Macaw, Maj. and Mrs. Brew, Miss Wilson, Capt. and Mrs. Prendergast and two children, Mr. and Mrs. Tottenham, Mr. Gay, Capt. E. L. Forde, Dr. Dalziel, Mr. and Mrs. Tilton, Rev. J. and Mrs. Robinson, Miss Robinson, Mr. Rule, Mr. E. L. Lockwood, Maj. and Mrs. Brown, Lieut. Smith, Capt. Wellington, Dr. and Mrs. Binnie, Mr. C. Wood, Mr. and Mrs. Wood, Lieut. Bavor, Messrs. D. Williams and Anderson, Rev. J. Hall, Mr. Puckle, Mr. and Mrs. Allan and infant, Miss Hall, Maj. Bohan.

DEPARTURES.

Oct. 27. Alexander Baring, Henderson, Moulmein.—28. str. Bengal, Woolcot, Suva; str. India, Davis, Calcutta; str. Arabia, Patterson, Bombay.—29. str. Mooltan, Dunn, Calcutta.—31. Jesse Isabel, Oclutree, London; Themis, Williams, London; Shannon, Rickard, London.

PASSENGERS DEPARTED.

Per P. and O. S. N. Co.'s str. Bengal.—For SOUTHAMPTON.—Col. Spotswood. For SINGAPORE.—Asst. surg. W. Leach.

Per str. India.—For MASULIPATAM.—Mr. and Mrs. Thornton. For ZAGAZATAM.—Maj. Boswall.

BOMBAY.

MISCELLANEOUS.

COLLISION ON THE GREAT INDIAN PENINSULAR RAILWAY.—A collision between two goods trains on the Great Indian Peninsular Railway, resulting in loss of life to two persons and in injuries to some of the survivors, took place about two o'clock on Thursday morning, near Tannah, a station twenty-five miles north-east of Bombay. Both trains were running in the same direction for Bombay, the one having started five hours before the other. The first train had suffered several unavoidable detentions on the way, and on nearing Callian the engine of the foremost train only succeeded, after a second trial, in taking the train over the incline, which is one in 150. In this attempt a coupling of the engine was broken, and on reaching the Tannah incline, the engine was unable to take the train over it, although the gradient there was only one in 100. The driver then detached the engine from the train and went on to Tannah to telegraph for another engine, having instructed the guard to protect his train with detonating signals and by exhibiting his red lamp from the other goods train, which could not be far behind. The sapient guard, instead of doing anything so very simple and rational, took it into his wise head to leave his train unprotected and follow the engine that had gone to Tannah, that he might telegraph to the last station they had passed (Callian) not to allow any trains to proceed beyond it. The returning engine met him on his way and picked him up, and the driver went back once more to Tannah to let the guard telegraph his message. While they were thus engaged the second train came up and dashed into the trucks of the first one, which had commenced by their own weight to run down the incline. The engine and front brake of the advancing train were completely smashed, and the rear brake of the first train suffered the same fate. A Hindoo

sheep driver was killed apparently instantaneously, and the second guard of the hindmost train—a Mussulman—was literally roasted slowly to death. For three hours he remained in a state of insensibility among the debris, and beyond all possible aid at the time, till he was at last slowly consumed by the burning fragments among which he was imbedded. Several other parties have been injured, one of them it is feared fatally. The guard was taken into custody by the second assistant manager, who was telegraphed for to Bombay, and an official investigation has been commenced before the magistrate of the district. The guard's statement is that the train had begun to run back before he knew what was wrong, and when he was on his way to the engine-driver to ascertain why it had stopped. He ran after it, but the train rushed on at an accelerated speed, and he could not overtake it. This scarcely tallies with the driver's statement; but the official investigation has not yet been concluded.

MOVEMENT OF TROOPS.—H.M.'s 72nd Highlanders will embark for England on the 17th November.—H.M.'s 96th Regiment is expected to arrive at Poona from the Cape of Good Hope at the end of next month.—H.M.'s 44th Regiment will proceed from Belgaum to England, a detachment will leave during the month, and the rest in December next.—H.M.'s 56th Regiment will proceed to England from Deesa, when relieved by H.M.'s 49th Regiment; a detachment of the latter has already left for Ahmedabad, and will commence their march on the 10th November to Deesa.—A Battery E Brigade Royal Horse Artillery will march from Nusserabad to Kirkee when relieved by the F-14 from Deesa.—The D Battery 14th Brigade Royal Artillery will march from Kirkee to Ahmedabad on the 1st December next.—The E Battery 14th Brigade will march from Ahmedabad to Deesa November 7th.—The F Battery 14th Brigade left Deesa for Nusserabad on the 2nd November.—The F Battery 18th Brigade will march from Kirkee to Neemuch on the 14th instant.—The D Battery 18th Brigade will arrive from Neemuch to Kirkee, when relieved by the F Battery. The 4th and 7th Batteries of the 21st Brigade will commence their march on the 20th inst.; the former from Kirkee to Aden, and the latter from Aden to Kirkee.—The 2nd Grenadier Regiment, Native Infantry, leaves Belgaum for Surat on the 15th inst., and will arrive at Poona, and from this they will proceed by rail to Surat.—The 11th Regiment, Native Infantry, will proceed from Deesa to Nusserabad, when relieved by a detachment of the 20th Regiment Native Infantry.—The 12th Regiment will proceed from Surat to Belgaum when relieved by the 2nd Grenadiers.—The 17th Regiment Native Infantry will proceed from Nusserabad to Ahmedabad when relieved by the 11th Regiment, N.I.—A detachment of the 20th Regiment, Native Infantry, left Ahmedabad for Deesa on the 2nd inst.—*Poona Observer*, Nov. 7.

THE SALE OF THE ENGLISH GIRL.—The following letter upon this subject has been addressed to the editor of the *Bombay Gazette*:—“Sir,—In your issue of the 27th instant is extracted a paragraph from the *Delhi Gazette* of the 21st, regarding the sale, by European parents of the lower order, of their daughter, to a native chief in this province. The editor of the *Delhi Gazette* hesitates apparently to accept as true the narrative furnished by his correspondent, and, consequently, refrains to comment in unqualified terms on the conduct of the parties concerned in this vile and unheard-of outrage on the feelings of the European community generally, and of the community of Kattyawar in particular. Being fully conversant with the details of this horrible business, I can only say, that what has been communicated to the *Delhi Gazette* is in great part true; but I would draw a veil over this miser-

able affair, since the principal actor in it, the father of the unhappy girl, has since been summoned to answer for his deeds before a higher tribunal than any on earth. What I think may, however, be done, and to advantage, would be to remove the unfortunate child, Anna Maria Croucher, who was brought up in the Christian faith, from the *harem* of her licentious possessor, Kumalooddeen Khan Babee, and send her to an asylum where she may receive moral and religious training, and thus undo the mischief which her wicked parents had compelled her to do. The sum of 300 rupees a month from the revenues of her so-called husband, secured to her during her lifetime, in case she wished to separate, will, if judiciously applied, suffice to keep the girl in comfort, and help to defray all expenses that may be required for a decent education, and, as the girl, from the style she is treated, is said to be really unhappy, it would be a relief to her, I think, if the political agent were to adopt means to remove her from her bondage, and arrange for her removal to a Christian asylum.—J. Z. H., Rajcote, Oct. 30.

LOCAL IMPROVEMENTS AND THE MUNICIPALITY.

—The first act in our new municipal drama (says the *Bombay Gazette*) terminated in an unexpected manner. The Bench of Justices is empowered to revise the budget prepared by the Municipal Commissioner and alter it at pleasure, but instead of setting to the work of revision themselves, they simply indicated their unwillingness to incur any expenditure beyond the amount of the present annual revenue, and sent back the budget to the Commissioner that he might prepare a new one on that basis. The budget proposed the raising of two small loans for the extension of the water supply and the improvement of the markets,—both being indispensably necessary works. The Justices did not, either in express terms or by allusion, disapprove of the proposed loans, and notwithstanding their resolution to limit the expenditure of the municipality to the present amount of its income, they may be disposed to take up these specially. The resolution of the Justices will hamper considerably the progress of municipal improvement—and improvement is imperatively called for. Their position, moreover, does not indicate a liberal and patriotic spirit, as while the municipality has suffered long and grievous neglect, and the condition of the town is a byword among the inhabitants, they decline to put in force some of the powers of taxation conferred upon them by the new Act, that they may save the pockets of a class already enriched by the rise in the value of property, and the extraordinary increase in rents which has of late years been general over Bombay. With such a fact staring the Legislature in the face, any attempt they may make to induce the Government to impose a general system of octroi duties in the town is an insult to the Government that vested them but a few months ago with the still unused powers of taxation—and in short a deliberate farce.

COURT MARTIAL ON LIEUT. HUDDLESTON.

—The General Court Martial on Lieutenant Huddleston, late 18th M.N.I., assembled at Kamptee on Tuesday last, the 24th ult., and closed its proceedings early next day. The members were Colonel the Hon. C. D. Plunkett, Royal Regiment, President; Members—Colonels Halliday, 12th M.N.I., and Radcliffe, 3rd Cavalry; Majors Hope, Staff Corps, Pearse, Artillery; Captain Horne and Martin, Artillery; Ford and Watts, Royal Regiment, Parratt, 12th M.N.I., Lieutenants Shanley and Rooke, Royal Regiment, Spicer and Mears, 36th M.N.I.; Major Stanley, Staff Corps, prosecutor.

ANONYMOUS LETTERS TO MR. JUSTICE ANSTCY.

—In granting a protection order to one Antmaram Hybutrow at a recent sitting of the Insolvent Court, Mr. Justice Anstey remarked that he had received an anonymous

letter against the insolvent, that he was sorry he had not got it with him at the time, and that he would gladly make it over to the insolvent or his attorney, for the purpose of prosecuting the writer and getting him punished. His lordship characterised it as a base and cowardly proceeding, and observed that he had received several anonymous letters, reflecting upon himself, and containing menaces against his person. He had treated them with the contempt they deserved; but when an anonymous scribbler sought to bias his mind as a judge against an insolvent who was to appear before him, his lordship thought it necessary to break silence. The Asiatics who resorted to such base and cowardly expedients should, his lordship thought, make themselves acquainted with the ineffable contempt with which Europeans looked upon such proceedings.

SCANDAL AT KURRACHEE.—A letter from Kurrachee, dated the 23rd October, says:—The unfortunate military scandal which has just happened at Kurrachee will, it is feared, deprive a gallant young officer of his commission. The squabble took place regarding a bet between Captain Bacon, of H.M.'s 95th Regiment and Captain Grant, the Judge of Shikapore, who was assaulted with a whip, and abused *a la Billingsgate* by Captain Bacon. Both officers were sent home under arrest, and a Court of Inquiry has been held. Captain Grant has been released from arrest, but Captain Bacon has not been so fortunate, and it is feared that circumstances are against him, and that his commission is in jeopardy. We hope his Excellency the Commander-in-Chief will make a little allowance for hasty moments; the entire matter is now in his hands.

THE OVERLAND TELEGRAPH.—A letter has been addressed by the director of the Mekran Coast and Submarine Telegraph to the Bombay Government in reference to the unsatisfactory manner in which the telegraph service between India and England is being conducted. It states that the average length of time in the transmission of a message from England to India is twelve or thirteen days; but sometimes messages reach him in fifty hours, others in from three to five days, and these very correctly. It is time that some reform is wrought in the service, as some of the telegrams we receive anticipate the mail by a very few days only. The slowness in the transit, and the inaccuracies in the messages generally when received, go a great way to render nugatory the boon which telegraphic communication can confer. But India has grown tired of the reiteration of the unheeded telegraphic grievance.—*Bombay Gazette*.

ENFIELD RIFLES FOR A NATIVE CHIEF.—A correspondent of the *Times of India* says:—Permit me to call the attention of Major R. H. Keatinge, Political Agent, Kattywar, to the import of Enfield rifles into this province for the use of native chieftains and others. I hear on good authority that a military gentleman recently supplied some of these deadly weapons to the Nawab of Joonaghur. Government, it appears, refused to supply the Guicowar of Baroda with Enfields for the use of his army, on the ground that the British native regiments are not armed with such approved munitions. The influx of these arms at a time when the Wagheers and outlaws are troubling the province is most objectionable.

OPENING OF THE BOMBAY HOTEL.—Bombay appears to have at last woken up to the fact that it needs something more in the way of hotel accommodation than it has hitherto possessed, and has resolutely set itself to work to supply the deficiency. The Western India Hotel, when finished, will no doubt prove an immense boon; but unfortunately it will probably be a couple of years before the building is completed. In the meantime our wants are being partly met by enterprising individuals. It was only

the other day the Elphinstone, a very superior hotel, indeed, was opened at the Mount, Mazagon; and on the 1st November the Bombay Hotel was inaugurated by an opening dinner. This building, an immense one by the way, situated at the junction of the Belassis and Clare Roads, is particularly easy of access from all parts of the island. Some idea of the size of the house may be formed from the fact that the dining-hall is sufficiently large to seat with comfort over 1,000 persons. Nearly 100 gentlemen were present at the inaugural dinner on Wednesday night.

THE MAHARAJAH OF INDORE.—Consequent on the contemplated exchange of territory with the Maharajah Holkar, the negotiation for the capitalisation of his contributions to the Mehidpore contingent and the Malwa Bheel Corps have been satisfactorily completed, by which his present annual payment of £12,000 will be commuted for a payment of £238,152.

ACCIDENT TO LEUT. LINDSAY.—The *Oudh Gazette* says:—We are sorry to learn that Lieutenant A. F. Lindsay, 2nd squadron officer, of the 8th Bengal Cavalry, en route to Bhootan, has met with a very severe accident, which, judging from all we hear, places his life in great peril. The officer in question, it appears, was out pig-sticking, and had a fall from his horse by which his collar-bone was fractured, but he still retained hold of the bridle; he was then attacked by his horse in so determined a manner that the brute had to be speared to death ere he released his helpless victim.

THE NEW JUSTICES.—Very sincere and just sympathy is expressed for one or two gentlemen whose names are included amongst those omitted from the new list of Justices. Their omission is inexplicable to the public, for it cannot be owing to their difficulties or that of their firms, at least two Europeans and nearly a dozen natives being retained on the list who have either at some time failed or compounded with their creditors. It is obviously the blundering of some secretariat clerk. To add to the mystery of the new Commission, two foreigners are gazetted who cannot possibly take the oath of allegiance to Queen Victoria.—*Saturday Review*, Nov. 11.

MESSRS. FORBES AND CO.—The changes which have been advertised within the last two days, in connection with the house of Messrs. Forbes and Co., have taken many by surprise. The London firm of Forbes, Forbes, and Co. have transferred their business here to the new firm of Sir Charles Forbes and Co., the present partners of the Bombay firm of Forbes and Co. establishing themselves under the same designation in London.

ARRIVALS OF TROOPS.—The troopships *Cospatrik* and *Tyburnia*, with a large number of officers and men of various corps, have arrived at Bombay. The *Malabar* has arrived at Kurrachee with details of troops from England. Three births and two deaths occurred during the passage. Captain Murray, H.M.'s 94th Regiment, came in command, the following officers accompanying the draft:—Captain Wood, Captain Jedlie, Lieutenant Ogden, Ensign Douglas, Ensign Jamieson, Ensign McKechnie, Lieutenant Paul, Lieutenant Collum, Staff Assistant-surgeon Smith in medical charge. The *Malabar* made a quick passage, having left the Thames on the 24th of July.

Mr. ANGUS, the respected manager of the Commercial Bank, shortly returns to his post as general manager at the head office in London, his successor here being Mr. Beattie, who arrived by last mail. By their choice of a manager to succeed Mr. Angus, when that gentleman went home a few months ago, the bank lost much of the confidence formerly reposed in it; the present appointment, however, will no doubt speedily restore this confidence, and be the means of bringing increased support to the bank.

DR. POPE.—We are sure the stations of Kirkee and Poona will learn, with regret, that the climate of Guzerat has proved so unfavourable to the health of Dr. Pope as to compel him to seek a change of climate for recovery. Dr. Pope will leave with the best wishes of all who knew him, and we can only hope that a rapid recovery will hasten his return to India.—*Deccan Herald*, Nov. 6.

THE PRINCE OF WALES'S BIRTHDAY.—A dinner party on the occasion of the Prince of Wales's Birthday was given by the members of the "Western India Club" on Thursday, the 9th inst., at the Club House in the Civil Lines. The dinner passed off with great éclat; the cuisine and wines were excellent, and every thing did the greatest credit to all those who have been working so hard and well in starting the Club.—*Poona Observer*, Nov. 11.

STRANDING OF THE SHIP "PRINCE OF WALES."—A Marine Court of Inquiry assembled on the 6th inst., at the Fort Police-court, to investigate the circumstances attending the loss of the ship *Prince of Wales*, at Gogo. The inquiry was adjourned. The ship has since been got off, and has arrived at Bombay.

SHIPPING.

ARRIVALS.

Oct. 28. *Cospatrik*, Elmslie, London; Rowantree, Lewis, Liverpool; str. Cononin, Taunton, Kurrachee.—29. Oberon, Fowell, London; Jumna, Porter, Liverpool; Fiery Cross, Cowan, Calcutta.—30. Rock Light, Copper, K. George's Sound; Dunedeen, Robertson, Hong Kong; Tyburnia, Coote, Gravesend; str. Carnatic, Granger, Suez; Duleep Singh, Jennings, Liverpool.—31. Agamemnon, Marler, London; Romania, Cruickshank, London; Robert Seddon, Pennington, Liverpool; Naval Brigade, Smith, London; Peliant, Oliver, London.—Nov. 1. Astonomer, Thompson, London; Anna Helen, Morris, Liverpool; Susan Hinks, Atwood, Calcutta; Premabhoj Hemabhoj, Williams, Calcutta; Geary, Melhuus, Rangoon.—2. Chryseis, Hedley, Sunderland; Thorneclan, Seur, Sunderland; Edward Perry, Crennell, Calcutta; Dilbur, Parry, London; Marcus, Smith, Singapore; Retriever, Beaton, Melbourne.—3. Queen of the East, Ankers, Liverpool; Amershaw, Henry, Mauritius; Mohamadee, Bader, Mauritius; Galmeau, Cummins, Liverpool; Scwady Clulow, Bossa, Cardiff; Robert Kitson, Russell, Liverpool.—4. Enefactress, Tate, Liverpool; Sarcoti, Randall, Mouleim; City of Agra, Steigh, Liverpool; Hartfell, Courtney, Liverpool; Courier de Mars, Grimard, Singapore; Thomas Hamlin, Jack, Greenock; Queen of the Deep, La Pernelle, Newcastle; Wahiemo, Filian, Batavia; Bernadin de St. Pierre, Charles, Newcastle.—5. Banner, Lilion, Liverpool.—6. str. Oorun, Boko, Queenstown; str. Koma, Coburn, Suez; Prince of Wales, Winckler, Gogo.—10. str. Arabia, Patterson, Calcutta; Malabar, Pearce, Kurrachee.

PASSENGERS ARRIVED.

Per Duleep Singh.—Mr. and Mrs. G. Osborne, Mr. Douglas, Mr. Smith, Miss Jennings.
Per Naval Brigade.—Mr. and Mrs. Hodgkinson and children, Lieut. Jay.
Per Retriever.—Mr. Hunter, Mr. Johnston.
Per Dilbur.—Mrs. Pym, four Misses Pym, Surg. and Mrs. FitzPatrick, Lieut. Le Briton, R.A.
Per Koma.—Lieut. Vidal, Mr. W. Christina, Mr. M. S. Effendie.
Per P. and O. str. Carnatic.—From Southampton.—Mr. and Mrs. A. K. Blackall, Mrs. Adey, Capt. and Mrs. Sykes, Mrs. O. Morgan, Mr. and Mrs. Giles, Mr. and Mrs. Gasrett, Maj. and Mrs. Fanshawe, Dr. Style, Qmtr. and Mrs. Topp, Ens. Moorhouse, Miss Faithful, Mr. and Mrs. Greenwood, Mr. and Mrs. Wells, Mr. and Mrs. McGehee, Mrs. McNeil, Mrs. Janet Bell, Capt. and Mrs. Mathew, Rev. J. Wilson, Mr. P. M. Hocken, Capt. and Mrs. Wood, Mr. and Mrs. Murray, Lieut. Bailly, Mrs. Campbell, Lieut. H. C. Reynolds, Lieut. Blomfield, Mrs. Baird, Miss Leathes, Capt. Dunham, Mr. and Mrs. Otto, Paymr. serg. Clerk, Mrs. Wicheho, Dr. H. Cleghorn, Lieut. Col. Kennedy, Mrs. Roiger, Lieut. Smith, Asst. surg. Jacoe, Messrs. A. Keyser, Maridun, Deedes, L. Palm, D. McBeth, J. Roach, J. Ryland, J. Rudin, G. Wright, J. E. Pigott, J. C. Scott, A. Maxwell, Pendlebury, Cherry, Geo. Rainington, Piper, B. Dapout, Neilson, Smith, G. D. Porter, D. Stillwell, D. Webster, and Fautan. From Marseilles.—Mr. and Mrs. J. Shaw, Mrs. Leathes, Col. and Mrs. Veils, Mrs. Westropp, Col. Worgan, Capt. and Mrs. Berry, Mrs. Holloway, Mrs. Hanley, Mrs. Wilson, Mrs. C. J. Shaw, Lieut. Hutchinson, Mr. and Mrs. Lewis, Messrs. R. Evans, C. Ewing, W. Partridge, C. Erskine, C. E. Fox, C. J. Groom, K. Temple, R. B. Nixon, W. H. Havelock, Daniell, W. H. Oliver, E. J. Ardeale, J. Sison, Cameron, Waterson, Spence, J. Young, W. Ramsay, Hill, Condel, N. Gill, J. Melldrum, Horel, J. B. Leslie, and W. Hart. From Suva.—Mr. Macpherson, Mr. Bickersteth, Col. Hemming, Mr. C. W. de Visser, Mrs. G. Hunter, Mrs. D. Davidson. From Aden.—Lieut. McKenzie, Mr. Gelland.

Per P. and O. Co's str. Jeddo.—From Southampton.—Col. and Mrs. Sandwith, Miss Newton, Lieut. and Mrs. Grace, Mrs. Playfair and two children, Miss E. Dalton, Mr. and Mrs. Sainard and infant, Mr. and Mrs. Hopper and child, Mr. and Mrs. Kenzett and child, Col. and Mrs. Playfair, Miss Scott, Miss Harrison, Miss Ashburner, Lieut. Curtis, Miss Prendergast, Capt. Coote, Mr. and Mrs. Beattie and three children, Rev. Mr. and Mrs. Bently, Miss Brown, Miss Milner, Mrs. Green, Mrs. G. W. Booker, Surgeon and Mrs. Sinclair and Green, Mrs. Campbell, Miss L. E. Browne, Mrs. Muirhead infant, Messrs. Barnard, J. Hilton, Victor, De Souza, E. Candy, R. E. Candy, L. Cooper, T. D. Mackenzie, Middleton, Carey, Stewart, H. Slatt, S. Slatt, McDiarmid, B. Winton,

from offic. charge of the Upper Pegu and Arracan roads div., and placed under the orders of the exec. engr., Rangoon div. in public works dept. notification No. 281, dated Aug. 3, 1865, joined the latter div. on Aug. 6.

No. 368.—Mr. R. D. Hamilton is re-appointed to the accounts branch of the public works department, as tempy. accountant of 2nd grade, and posted to British Burmah.

No. 369.—Lieut. J. H. Bedford, R.E., executive engr., 4th grade, public works department, Rajpootana, is granted 1 mo. leave, in ext. of the 3 mo. special leave granted to him in public works department notification, No. 306, dated Aug. 24 last.

No. 370.—One mo. priv. leave is granted to Col. Lawford, R.E. (Madras), chief engr., Mysore, from such date as he may avail himself of the same.

Oct. 19.—No. 371.—Mr. L. H. Trotter, dep. controller, public works account, Bengal, is transf., as a tempy. arrangement, to the office of the accountant gen., public works department, for employment on special duty at Bombay.

Mr. D. A. Gantzer, accountant, 1st grade, Bengal, at present offic. as dep. controller, Hyderabad, will offic. as dep. controller of public works accounts, Bengal, during the absence of Mr. Trotter. This cancels notification No. 362 of 12th inst.

REVENUE—FORESTS.

Oct. 19.—No. 20.—Notification.—Erratum.—In public works department notification, No. 20, dated Sept. 12 last, published at page 1,005 of the *Gazette of India*, for "Mr. M. Elsner," read "Mr. F. U. Elaner."

Oct. 16.—No. 943.—Erratum.—In G.G.O. No. 660, granting superior pensions to certain non-commissioned officers of the late East Indian regt., for "Serg. J. Moreen," read "Serg. J. Noreen." Order books to be corrected accordingly.

No. 944.—The underment. officer has reported his return from England:—

Capt. W. Sheffield, Bengal staff corps, date of arrival at Fort William, Oct. 3.

No. 945.—The following proms. by brevet are made under the operation of G.G.O. No. 632 of Aug. 4, 1864, subject to H.M.'s approval:—

Brevet.—To be Majors.

Late 73rd N.I.—Capt. F. B. N. Fortescue, from Sept. 20.

Late 1st Eur. L.C.—Capt. F. C. J. Brownlow, from Oct. 1.

To be Captain.

Unatt. List.—Lieut. J. Hopkins, from Sept. 23.

No. 947.—The underment. officer having completed 12 yrs. service, four years of which were on permanent staff employ, to be capt. from the date specified opposite to his name, under the Royal Warrant of Jan. 16, 1861, subject to H.M.'s approval:—

Ben. Staff Corps.—Lieut. and brev. capt. J. T. Harris, Oct. 5.

No. 948.—The underment. officer is permitted to proceed to Eur. on leave on m.c.:—

Lieut. W. Campbell, late 71st regt. N.I., for 15 mo., under the new regs.

Oct. 17.—No. 949.—The following temporary arrangements are made in the Ordnance dept.:—

3rd Class Commissary of Ordnance.—2nd Capt. D. J. Welsh, R.A., to offic. as 2nd class commissary of ordnance from Sept. 25, during the absence on leave, on m.c., of Major J. C. Grilith, or till further orders.

2nd Capt. D. J. Welsh, R.A., offic. 2nd class comy. of ordnance, to act as personal assistant to the inspector gen. of ordnance and magazines, during the absence on leave, on m.c., of Major J. G. Hathorn, R.A., or till further orders.

Lieut. J. A. S. Colquhoun and A. Conolly, R.A., to offic. as 3rd class commissaries of ordnance, to complete the establishment. The nomination of the latter officer is without prejudice as to his permanent appt. with the Peshawur Mountain Train Battery.

No. 950.—With reference to the notification issued by the Govt., N.W.P., No. 973 of 11th inst., the services of the undermentioned medical officers are temp. placed at the disposal of H.E. the C. in C., for employment with troops serving in the Bhootan frontier:—

Assist. surg. C. O. Daniell, M.D., civil assist. surg. of Jounpore.

Dr. H. S. Smith, M.D., civil assist. surg. of Muttra.

Dr. A. H. Hildon, M.D., civil assist. surg. of Goruckpore.

No. 951.—Appts.:—

Lieut. col. S. J. Hire, of the Bengal staff corps, major of brig., offic. dep. asst. adjt. gen. at army head qrs., to be asst. adjt. gen. of division in suc-

cession to Lieut. col. T. Wright, whose tenure of appt. has expired.

Lieut. col. Hire will continue to offic. in the adjt. gen.'s dept. at head qrs., till return from m.c. to Europe of Major G. E. Holmes, or until further orders.

Capt. H. Waring, of H.M.'s 88th foot, offic. brig. major, to be a brig. major on the estab., v. Lieut. col. Hire.

Oct. 18.—No. 952.—The servs. of Maj. E. W. E. Howard, of the Bengal staff corps, are placed temp. at the disposal of the Govt. of Bengal.

No. 953.—Major W. C. R. Mylne, of the Bengal staff corps, dep. asst. comy. gen., is allowed leave of absence for 1 mo., to Presidency, prep. to m.c. to Europe.

REGIMENTAL CLOTHING.

No. 954.—H.E. the Gov. gen. in Council is pleased to lay down the following scale of articles of clothing to be supplied, in alternate years, to the Eurasian baty. of art:—

Eurasian Battery of Artillery.

1st Year.

- 1 Tunic.
- 1 Pair Cloth Trousers.
- 1 Serge Frock.
- 1 Pair Serge Trousers.
- 2 Pairs Ankle Boots.

2nd Year.

- 1 Serge Frock.
- 2 Pairs Serge Trousers.
- 2 Pairs Ankle Boots.

One great coat per man, which should last the prescribed period of service. Waterproof capes and caps in the proportion allowed to troops serving in the Cossyah hills, will be supplied to the Eurasian baty. as long as it may serve on the Eastern frontier.

Compensation will not be granted in lieu of any of the articles of clothing above-mentioned.

Oct. 19.—No. 955.—H.E. the Governor General is pleased to make the following prom. in the dept. of the adjt. gen.:—

Maj. G. L. Fraser, asst. adjt. gen., to offic. as 1st asst. adjt. gen., with effect from Sept. 1, v. Capt. C. H. S. Scott.

No. 956.—Capt. W. Sheffield, of the Bengal S.C., is allowed an exten. of leave from Aug. 14 to Oct. 3, the date on which he reported his return to Bengal from sick leave to Eur.

No. 962.—Erratum.—In G.G.O. No. 865, dated Sept. 18 last, admitting Lieut. Birch, 101st Royal Bengal fus., 3rd squad. officer, 15th Bengal cav., to the Bengal staff corps, for the Christian name "James" read "John." Order books to be corrected accordingly.

Oct. 20.—No. 963.—The services of Surg. A. V. Ward, of the Bombay estab., are placed temp. at the disposal of the foreign dept., with effect from 10th inst.

DELHI PRIZE MONEY.

No. 964.—H.E. the Gov. gen. in Council is pleased to authorise the payment of a third and final instalment of the Delhi prize money at Rs. 20 a share.

2. This payment will be carried out under the rules applied in the first and second distributions.

3. In order to obviate delay in the transmission of the rolls of claimants payable in England, officers commanding stations, regts., and batts., are hereby required to make known to all who are still in India, that their claims must be submitted without delay, and that two months after the date of this gen. order the names of all whose claims for payment in India have not been received will be included in the rolls of shares payable in England, and that no payment can be made in India to any one entered in such rolls, without a certificate from the authorities at Chelsea Hospital that payment has not and will not be made in England.

Oct. 21.—No. 2,084.—Dr. A. Young, offic. dep. comnr. of Durriabad, availed himself on the forenoon of 10th inst. of the prep. leave granted him in G.O. No. 1,858, dated 13th ult., making over charge of his office to Mr. H. G. Ross, asst. comnr. of Lucknow, who will offic. as dep. comnr. of Durriabad during the abs. of Dr. Young.

Oct. 23.—No. 2,103.—Lieut. J. J. Blair, asst. to the Gov. gen.'s agency for Rajpootana, received charge of the office of asst. supnt., thuggee and dacoity in Rajpootana, from Lieut. W. J. W. Muir on the afternoon of 28th ult.

Lieut. W. J. W. Muir, asst. to the Gov. gen.'s agent for Rajpootana, assumed charge of the office of political supnt., Sirohi, and mag. of Aboon, on 29th ult.

No. 2,107.—Capt. C. Cogan, of the Berar rev. survey, is allowed 2 mo. leave from Dec. 1, for the purpose of appearing before the committee of ex-

amination for the Mahratta language in Bombay. The leave granted to Capt. Cogan in G.O. No. 1,888, dated Sept. 16, is canc.

No. 2,109.—Lieut. R. F. St. A. St. John, app. in G.O. No. 1,855, dated 12th ult., to be an asst. comr., 3rd grade, in British Burmah, joined his appt. at Rangoon on the afternoon of the 30th Sept.

No. 2,111.—With reference to G.O., No. 2,006, dated 7th inst., Lieut. A. H. Eckford, asst. comr. of Sultanpore, has obtained a further ext. of the sick leave to Nov. 1 next, under the rules applicable to mily. officers in civil employ.

No. 2,113.—Capt. F. P. Luard, offic. 2nd in com. of the 1st corps, Central India horse, is app. to offic. as asst. for boundary settlements in Western Malwa. Capt. J. S. Irvine is appt. to act as 2nd in comd. of the 1st corps, Central India horse, as a temp. arrangement until the return of Capt. James from England.

No. 965.—The underment. officer is perm. to proceed to Eur. on leave of absence on m.c.:—

Lieut. A. D. C. Inglis, of the late 18th regt. N.I., adjt., 45th (Rattray's Sikhs) regt. N.I., for 15 mo., under new regs.

No. 966.—The underment. officer having completed the prescribed period of service, as major and Brev. Lieut. col. and as Lieut. col., to be col. in the army from the date specified opposite to his name, subject to the approval of H.M.:—

Brevet.—To be Colonel in the Army.

Lieut. col. R. Hamilton, Madras staff corps, from Jan. 11, 1864.

No. 967.—H.E. the Gov. Gen. in Council is pleased to make the foll. appt.:—

PUNJAB FRONTIER FORCE.

4th Sikh Infantry.

Surg. A. C. C. DeRenzy, B.A., to the med. charge on arrival of that regt. at Multan, in room of Asst. surg. R. Mantell, M.D., whose services are placed at the disposal of H.E. the C. in C. for nomination to another regt.

No. 970.—The services of Surg. J. E. Tuson, M.D., F.R.C.S., in med. charge of the 1st Punjab inf., are placed at the disposal of the C. in C. for employment under H.E., with effect from Jan. 1 next.

No. 971.—The foll. proms. are made, subject to H.M.'s approval:—

Med. Dept.—Asst. surg. N. J. Grant to be surg., from June 14, v. Surg. maj. C. F. Warneford, M.D., ret.

Med. Dept.—Asst. surg. M. W. Mott, M.D., to be surg., from July 25, v. Surg. maj. F. Douglas, M.D., ret.

Med. Dept.—Asst. surg. J. Ewart, M.D., to be surg., from July 27, v. Surg. maj. J. H. Littler, M.D., retired.

No. 972.—The following promotions and alterations of rank are made, subject to H.M.'s approval:—

PROMOTIONS.

Late 5th Eur. Lt. Cavalry.—Lieut. H. M. Buller to be capt., from July 18, v. Capt. H. C. Sitwell, transf. to the 88th foot.

Late 1st Eur. Lt. Cav.—Lieut. R. Morris to be capt., from Aug. 8, v. Capt. (brev. maj.) Sir J. Hill, Bart., 19th hussars, exchanged to 17th lancers.

Bengal Cav.—Superny. lieut. col. (maj. gen.) F. Wheeler, C.B., to be col., from Aug. 22, v. Colonel (lieut. gen.) H. F. Salter, C.B., dec.

Late 59th N.I.—Lieut. (brev. capt.) W. S. Young, to be capt., from Sept. 19, v. Capt. (maj. in the S.C.) R. G. Mayne, dec.

Late 43rd N.I.—Lieut. (capt. in the S.C.) C. W. Hawes, to be capt., from Sept. 20, v. Capt. (brev. maj.) T. E. B. Lees, S.C., dec.

Late 4th Eur. Lt. Cav.—Capt. (brev. maj.), E. A. M. Macgregor, to be maj., and Lieut. G. A. P. Arbuthnot, to be capt., from Sept. 23, v. Maj. J. H. Balmain, retired.

Alterations of Rank.

Late 5th Eur. L.C.—Capt. A. W. Capel, from April 25, v. Capt. Sir C. W. A. Oakeley, Bart., ret.; and H. A. Shakespear from July 11, v. Capt. S. Boulderson, transferred to 18th foot.

No. 973.—With reference to G. G. O. No. 165, of March 2, 1863, the name of the undermentioned officer who retired from the service under the annuity scheme of 1861 is removed from the list of regimental lieut.-cols. of infantry:—

Lieut. col. (lieut. gen. retired list) Sir R. J. H. Birch, K.C.B., by death of Col. (major gen.) St. G. D. Showers, C.B., Bengal inf.

No. 974.—The undermentioned officer is perm. to proceed to Europe on leave of abs., on m.c.:—

Capt. J. F. A. McNair, royal (Madras) art., exec. engr., 1st class, and superint. of convicts, Singapore, for 20 mos., under new regs.

PASSAGE MONEY.—VETERINARY SURGEONS.

No. 976.—Under instructions from the Right Hon. the Sec. of State for India, it is ruled that the grant of passage and passage money to veterinary surgeons of the Indian army returning to Europe on m.c. is to be regulated on the principle applicable to combatant officers, viz., when veterinary surgeons of the Indian forces are in receipt of allowances as lieutenants, they will be entitled to passage money when returning to Europe on m.c., but not when they are in receipt of the allowance of a higher rank than that of lieutenant.

If proceeding on duty, the passage allowance to veterinary surgeons of the Indian forces generally will be regulated according to their relative rank.

Oct. 24.—No. 977.—The leave of abs. on m.c., granted to Capt. W. W. Aubert, 2nd examiner, pay dept., in G.G.O., No. 360, of April 4 last, is extended to Dec. 1, 1865, on the same account.

No. 979.—That portion of G.G.O., No. 819, of Aug. 25 last, which appd. Asst. surg. H. Cayley to med. charge of 2nd Punjab cav., is cancelled, and Asst. surg. Cayley will remain in joint med. charge of Simla until relieved by his successor.

No. 980.—Surg. Major J. P. Walker, M.D., secy. to the sanitary commissioner for Bengal, is allowed leave from Nov. 1, 1865, to March 31, 1866, to remain at Simla.

No. 981.—The follg. proms. are made, subject to H.M.'s approval:—

Late 47th N.I.—Capt. (brev. lieut. col.) W. C. Watson to be major, and Lieut. (brev. capt.) H. R. B. Worsley to be capt., from Sept. 21, 1865, v. Major (lieut. col. in the staff corps) R. Campbell.

No. 982.—The follg. prom. by brevet is made under the operation of G.G.O. No. 632 of Aug. 4, 1864, subject to H.M.'s approval:—

To be Major, Bengal Staff Corps.—Capt. H. M. Boddam, from June 9, 1863.

No. 984.—The undermen. officers have reported their return from England:—

Surg. major C. L. Cox, A.N., F.R.C.S., of the med. dept.; Capt. A. Cory, late 16th regt. N.I., date of arrival at Fort William, Oct. 15, 1865.

Oct. 24.—No. 3,094.—The services of Mr. J. W. Tawney are placed at the disposal of the chief comr. of the Central Provs.

No. 3,127.—Rev. C. E. Hadow and Rev. T. A. C. Firminger, of the Bengal ecclesiastical estab., have each been granted by the Right Hon. the Sec. of State for India an ext. of leave for 6 mo., on m.c.

No. 3,128.—Under the rules applicable to milty. officers in civil employ, Capt. M. Proctor, district supt. of police, Sultanpore, Oude, has 1 mo. priv. leave from such date as he may avail himself of the same. This cancels notification No. 520, dated July 27 last.

Oct. 25.—No. 3,130.—Capt. H. G. Austen, topographical surveyor, has obtained leave of abs. on m.c. for 6 mo., from 15th inst.

No. 3,132.—The underment. covenanted civil servants have been granted, by the Right Hon. the Sec. of State for India, exts. of leave on m.c. for the periods specified:—

Covenanted.—Messrs. L. R. Tottenham, 4 mo.; H. W. Alexander, 3 mo.; O. Toogood, 6 mo.; and E. D. Lockwood, 4 mo.

The Sec. of State has also granted permission to the underment. covenanted civil servants to return to their duty on the dates specified, without prejudice to their appts.:—

Mr. A. Shakespear, Oct. 28, via Marseilles.

Mr. H. J. Reynolds, Sept. 4.

No. 3,172.—Mr. A. P. Howell, under sec. to the Govt. of India in the home dept., has obt'd. 3 mo. priv. leave, with effect from the 5th prox.

Oct. 20.—No. 372.—In supercession of notification No. 204 of May 1 last, leave of abs. on private affairs, and without pay, is granted to Serg. W. Scott, overseer, 1st grade, Oude, from April 20 to Aug. 8 last.

No. 373.—Capt. J. M. Williams, late 1st Madras Eur. fus., exec. engr., 2nd grade, public works dept., British Burmah, is prom. to the rank of exec. engr., 1st grade, and appd. to offic. as asst. to the chief engr. and offic. asst. sec. to the chief coms. of British Burmah, with the powers of a superint. of works.

No. 374.—Lieut. F. Firebrace, R.E., is appd. to the public works dept. as an asst. engr. of the 2nd grade, and posted to the N.W.P., with effect from May 15 last.

No. 375.—Serg. P. Conway, overseer, 1st grade, public works dept., Oude, is allowed leave of abs. on m.c., from Sept. 22 to Oct. 31 last, in ext. of the 6 mo. leave granted to him in public works dept. notification No. 156, dated May 6 last.

Oct. 21.—No. 376.—Mr. J. D'Souza, temp. overseer of the 3rd grade, is permanently appd. to the public works dept. in that grade for special service in the Straits Settlement.

Oct. 23.—No. 378.—Mr. W. Scott, C.E., asst. engr., 3rd grade, public works dept., Central Provs., is transf. from the Upper Godavery to the Southern road div.

Oct. 25.—No. 380.—H.E. the Gov. General in Council is pleased to make the following promotions in the pub. works dept. of the local administrations, with effect from Oct. 1:—

ENGINEER ESTABLISHMENT.

To be Executive Engineers, 1st Grade.

Falconett, Capt. G. P. de P., R.E., exec. engr., 2nd grade, Rajpootana.

Lang, Capt. A. M., R.E., exec. engr., 2nd grade, Oudh.

To be Executive Engineers, 2nd Grade.

O'Donnell, Mr. J. W., exec. engr., 3rd grade, Central Provinces.

Hills, Capt. J., R.E., exec. engr., 3rd grade, Rajpootana.

To be Executive Engineers, 3rd Grade.

Bennett, Mr. J., exec. engr., 4th grade, Straits Settlement.

Darrah, Capt. H. Z., S.C., exec. engr., 4th grade, British Burmah.

Faber, Capt. H. R., R.E., exec. engr., 4th grade, Central Provinces.

Francis, Capt. A., M.S.C., exec. engr., 4th grade, Rajpootana.

Puckle, Capt. H. G., M.S.C., exec. engr., 4th grade, Central Provinces.

To be Executive Engineers, 4th Grade.

Angelo, Lieut. R. F., late 41st N.I., asst. engr., 1st grade, Central Provinces.

James, Mr. J., asst. engr., 1st grade, British Burmah.

To be Assistant Engineers, 1st grade.

Clarke, Lieut. S. C., R.E., asst. engr., 2nd grade, Mysore.

Clarke, Lieut. H. C. W., R.E., asst. engr., 2nd grade, Central Provinces.

Clementson, Mr. E. W., asst. engr., 2nd grade, British Burmah.

Cumming, Lieut. W. G., R.E., asst. engr., 2nd grade, British Burmah.

Dobbs, Mr. R. S., asst. engr., 2nd grade, Mysore.

Engledue, Lieut. W. J., R.E., asst. engr., 2nd grade, Oude.

Fraser, Lieut. A. T., R.E., asst. engr., 2nd grade, Hyderabad.

Goldie, Lieut. B. J., R.E., asst. engr., 2nd grade, Central Provinces.

Gordon, Mr. R., C.E., asst. engr., 2nd grade, British Burmah.

Griffith, Capt. A. S., Bengal S.C., asst. engr., 2nd grade, Rajpootana.

Rhind, Mr. R. H., C.E., asst. engr., 2nd grade, Central Provinces.

Tomkins, Lieut. W. P., R.E., asst. engr., 2nd grade, British Burmah.

Upper Subordinate Establishment.

To be Supervisor, 1st Grade.

Mr. J. Kemp, supervisor, 2nd grade, Mysore.

To be Supervisor, 2nd Grade.

Sergeant J. Hurst, overseer, 1st grade, Rajpootana.

To be Overseer, 2nd Grade.

Mr. J. Redmund, overseer, 2nd grade, Central Provs.

Account Department.

To be Controller, 3rd Class, 1st Grade.

Major F. N. Smith, M.S.C., controller, 3rd class, 2nd grade, Mysore.

To be Accountant, 1st Grade.

Mr. W. Newman, accountant, 2nd grade, Acct. gen.'s office.

To be Accountant, 3rd Grade.

Mr. C. Ricks, accountant, 4th grade, Central Provs.

Oct. 26.—No. 382.—Major E. A. Saunders, M.S.C., exec. engr., 4th grade, Central Provs., is transf. to Hyderabad.

No. 384.—In continuation of notification No. 380 of the 24th inst., Mr. R. White, acct., 3rd grade, British Burmah, is prom. to acct., 2nd grade, with effect from Oct. 1.

No. 386.—Mr. H. Bolton is re-app. to the public works dept. as a supervisor of the 1st grade, and posted to Oudh.

No. 387.—With reference to public works dept. notification No. 92, dated March 17, Lieut. G. S. Hills, R.E., is permanently appd. to the public works dept. as an exec. engr. of the 4th grade, and posted to Bengal.

BY THE COMMANDER-IN-CHIEF.

STAFF SERVICE FOR PROMOTION.

Head qrs., Simla, Oct. 6.—Staff Corps.—The following extract (para. 4) of a military letter from the Right Hon. the Secretary of State for India, No. 199, dated June 24, 1864, is published for general information:—

"I desire that it may be understood that no officer of the staff corps, who may be removed from a staff appointment for inefficiency or misconduct, can be allowed to count as staff service for promotion the period passed subsequently to such removal in doing general duty or out of employment."

The C. in C. in India is pleased to make the following prom., until H.M.'s pleasure shall be known:—
33rd Foot.—Ens. F. J. Tidmarsh to be lieut., by purch., v. Lieut. R. L. Bird, who ret.; dated Oct. 2 last.

Capt. H. A. Prinsep, of the late 3rd Eur. regt., is appd. to do duty with the 41st N.I.

(This cancels his posting to the 19th N.I., notified in G.O.C.C. of the 21st ult., p. 447.)

Capt. J. R. Currie, late 4th N.I., is perm. to do duty at the convalescent depot, Landour, from the 2nd ult., and during the ensuing hot season.

(This cancels his posting to the 27th N.I., notified in G.O.C.C. of the 21st ult.)

The C. in C. in India accepts the resignation of his commission of Capt. W. L. Louis, 101st foot, subject to approval by her Majesty, dated Oct. 4, 1865.

2nd Capt. C. Hunter, roy. art., 3rd class coms. of ordnance, is posted to the Saugor magazine, and directed to proceed and join, under instructions from the inspec. gen. of ordnance.

Lieut. C. D. G. Newington, gen. list, inf., attached to 14th N.I., is permitted to proceed and do duty with the right column, Doar field force.

The undermentioned officers are app. to do duty with the corps specified, in cancellation of their posting to regiments notified in G.O. of 1st ult.:—

Capt. L. H. P. de H. Larpent, late 21st N.I., to do duty with 21st N.I. at Umballah.

Lieut. A. P. Samuels, gen. list, inf., attached to 7th fus., to do duty with 9th Bengal cav. at Peshawur.

Lieut. W. F. Tucker, gen. list, inf., attached to 23rd N.I., is permitted to do duty with 29th N.I., which he will join on the expiration of his leave.

Orders confirmed:—

Presidency div. order dated the 30th idem., appg. Lieut. H. C. Garden, late 57th N.I., and Lieut. D. H. Robertson, gen. list, inf., att. to the 54th foot, to proceed to Buxa for duty with the Doar field force.

Dated the 2nd inst., posting the undermen. med. officers recently arrived in India to corps and depots specified:—

Staff asst. surgs. W. E. Riordan, R.A., at Peshawur; G. B. West, 7th drag. gds.; E. P. Howard, 2nd batln. 12th foot; C. H. Browne, 1st batln. 20th foot; C. F. Hutchinson, 23rd foot; E. Ward, 46th foot; J. Bourke, M.B., and T. J. Peatfield, 54th foot; C. Backhouse, 55th foot; F. F. Dickenson, M.D., 82nd foot; J. H. Hughes, M.D., 94th foot; W. J. Blake, 3rd batln. rifle brig.; S. Doake, M.D., and E. Eustrace, Kidderpore depot hospital; and J. B. Ryan, Chinsurah depot hospital.

And directing Staff surg. A. G. Young, and Staff surg. T. J. Mulock, to assume med. charge, the former of the 54th foot, and the latter of the Kidderpore dept. hospital.

Dated 5th idem., directing Staff asst. surg. W. J. Blake, attached to 3rd batt. Rifle brigade, to proceed to Chinsurah for duty with the first detachment of troops proceeding up country.

Meerut division order, dated Aug. 22 last, appointing Lieut. A. Landon, gen. list, inf., to do gen. duty at Roorkee, until the time for joining the Thomson College shall arrive, as announced in G.O. of 7th idem.

(This cancels the posting of Lieut. Landon to the 37th N.I., notified in G.O.C.C. of 1st ult.)

Leave of absence:—

Brigade Staff.—Brig. gen. W. E. Mulcaster (comg. Mooltan brigade), from Sept. 15 to Nov. 1, to Simla, m.c.

Royal Art.—Lieut. J. H. Gleig (No. 5 baty. 17th brig.), from date of embarkation at Madras, to England on m.c.

6th Drags.—Maj. D. F. Chambers (paymr.), Cornets A. From and J. J. H. Cottle, from date of embarkation at Bombay, to England, overland, on m.c.

21st Hussars.—Capt. E. B. Wake, from date of embarkation, to England for 17 mo., doing duty with troops on the voyage.
7th Foot.—Capt. G. Wedderburne (1st bat.),

from date of embarkation, to England for 17 mo., doing duty with troops on the voyage.

11th Foot.—Lieut. A. F. Astley (1st batt.), from Oct. 1 to Oct. 15, in ext.

12th Foot.—Lieut. J. O. Johnson (offic. qrmr. 2nd batt.), from Sept. 14 to Oct. 15, in ext. Ens. T. Baker (2nd batt.), from Sept. 16 to Oct. 15, in ext.

19th Foot.—Lieut. C. V. Hiffner (1st batt.), from date of embarkation, to England for 17 mo., doing duty with troops on the voyage.

88th Foot.—Ensign J. D. C. Serrell, from date of embarkation, to England, via the Cape, on m.c.

42nd Foot.—Lieut. E. O. V. Haldane, from July 1 to Aug. 18, in ext., to remain in Calcutta, prep. to retiring from the service, and Capt. G. A. Furze, from date of embarkation, to England, for 17 mo., doing duty with troops on the voyage.

60th Rifles.—Capt. W. H. Ivimy (3rd batt.), from date of embarkation at Madras, to England, overland, on m.c.

77th Foot.—Capt. J. G. Skene, from date of embarkation, to England, for 17 mo., doing duty with troops on the voyage; and Qrmr. H. Blissett, from date of embarkation, to England, doing duty with troops on the voyage, prep. to retiring from the service.

80th Foot.—Ensigns J. H. Green, from Oct. 15 to Nov. 20, and B. H. S. Gower, from Oct. 15 to Dec. 1, in ext., to remain in Calcutta, for the purpose of studying the native languages.

94th Foot.—Capt. P. R. Anstruther, and Lieut. H. Jones, from date of embarkation, to England, for 17 mo., doing duty with troops on the voyage.

95th Foot.—Capt. E. D. Smith, from date of embarkation at Bombay, to England, overland, on m.c.

REGIMENTAL INSTITUTIONS.

The C. in C. has much pleasure in announcing to the army that the Right Hon. the Gov. gen. in Council has been pleased to sanction an annual workshop exhibition to be held in alternate years, at Allahabad and Meerut, the first to take place at the former station Feb. 28, 1866.

2. All British regts. of cav. and inf. and batteries of R.A. which shall be quartered Feb. 1 next in the Presidency, Oude, and Meerut divs., the Bareilly, Gwalior and Saugor dists. and the station of Delhi, will be perm. to contribute the produce of their workshops to the ensuing exhibition.

3. The Government of India have been graciously pleased to sanction State assistance to the following extent:—

I. Money prizes, amounting to Rs. 150 per regiment and Rs. 50 per battery, to such corps and batteries as may compete.

II. Free carriages of articles for exhibition and of such selected workmen as may be permitted to attend.

III. The whole outlay on the part of Government for the above objects, viz., both prizes and conveyance charges, is not to exceed Rs. 6,000.

4. The general arrangements for the ensuing exhibition will be conducted on the same principles as for that lately held at Meerut, the successful result of which his Excellency has already notified to the army.

5. Steps will be taken to ensure the prompt realisation and settlement of the value of articles sold, and to prevent a recurrence of the delay which has unfortunately arisen in this respect in connection with the late exhibition.

6. A central committee has been appointed at Allahabad, with whom will rest all details of the management.

7. In all corps intending to contribute a regimental committee will be assembled.

8. The regimental committees will correspond direct with the central committee on all matters of detail.

9. Should the amount or nature of the contributions from any corps be such as not to merit the full award as prizes of the amount granted by Government, the central committee are authorised to determine the proportion that should be given.

10. His Excellency requests that subscription lists may be circulated in all stations which are permitted to contribute to the Exhibition; and Sir William Mansfield hopes that the sums thus collected, together with the liberal aid afforded by Government, will amply suffice to ensure the success of an undertaking so calculated to promote the prosperity and afford a lucrative and healthy occupation for the leisure hours of the British soldier in India.

Col. W. Payn, C.B., comdg. the 72nd highlanders, is permitted to precede his regiment to England by the overland route.

The C. in C. in India is pleased to make the following appointments:—

76th Foot.—Capt. J. Geddes to be maj., by pur., v. Maj. C. L. De Winton, who rets., dated Oct. 6. Lieut. E. Harrison to be capt., by pur., v. Capt. J. Geddes, prom., dated Oct. 6. Ens. G. D. Sampson to be lieut., by pur., v. Lieut. E. Harrison, prom., dated Oct. 6.

88th Foot.—Lieut. T. Burke to be capt., without pur., v. Capt. G. S. Watson, dec., dated Aug. 13. Ens. F. A. S. D'Acosta to be lieut., without pur., v. Lieut. T. Burke, prom., dated Aug. 13. [This cancels his prom., v. Lieut. F. M. M. Mapleton, dec., in G.O.C.C., dated Sept. 4.] Ens. C. T. W. Penton to be lieut., without pur., v. Lieut. F. M. M. Mapleton, dec., dated Aug. 18.

The C. in C. in India is pleased to make the following appointments:—

31st N.I.—Major J. G. Sparke, wing officer 1st N.I., to be 2nd in com. and wing officer, v. Major T. E. B. Lees, dec., dated Oct. 4.

43rd N.I.—Major S. B. Cookson, staff corps, to be comdt., v. Major R. G. Mayne, dec., dated Oct. 6. Addenda.—To G. O. C. C. of 4th ult., app. Lieut. G. E. Macpherson, aide-de-camp to Maj. gen. Troup, C.B., comdg. Benares div.—add, with retrospective effect from date of joining.

Oct. 14.—The C. in C. in India is pleased to make the following appointments:—

To be Second Doing Duty Officers.

1st Bengal Cav.—Lieut. M. C. Smith, late 6th European regt., attached to 7th Bengal cav., dated Oct. 14.

3rd Bengal Cav.—Lieut. S. A. Swinley, gen. list, cav., attached to 3rd Bengal cav., dated Oct. 14.

4th Bengal Cav.—Lieut. H. H. P. Cowper, gen. list, cav., attached to 13th Bengal cav., dated Oct. 14.

5th Bengal Cav.—Lieut. H. W. Shoubridge, gen. list, inf., attached to 7th Bengal cav., dated Oct. 14.

6th Bengal Cav.—Lieut. G. T. Halliday, late 4th Eur. cav., doing duty at Roorkee, dated Oct. 14.

7th Bengal Cav.—Lieut. E. Hay, gen. list, cav., attached to the regt., dated Oct. 14.

8th Bengal Cav.—Lieut. G. MacCall, gen. list, inf., attached to the regt., dated Oct. 14.

9th Bengal Cav.—Capt. C. W. Hawes, staff corps, attached to the regt., dated Oct. 14.

10th Bengal Cav.—Lieut. D. M. Strong, gen. list, inf., attached to 3rd Bengal cav., dated Oct. 14.

11th Bengal Cav.—Cornet G. R. J. Shakespear, 20th hussars, attached to the regt., dated Oct. 14.

12th Bengal Cav.—Lieut. H. A. McNair, late 29th N.I., attached to the regt., dated Oct. 14.

13th Bengal Cav.—Capt. M. Macleod, 42nd highlanders, attached to the regt., dated Oct. 14.

14th Bengal Cav.—Lieut. E. Hughes, gen. list, inf., attached to the 3rd Bengal cav., dated Oct. 14.

15th Bengal Cav.—Lieut. H. Howell, gen. list, inf., attached to the regt., dated Oct. 14.

16th Bengal Cav.—Lieut. H. C. Fagan, staff corps, attached to the regt., dated Oct. 14.

17th Bengal Cav.—Lieut. C. E. Benthall, gen. list, cav., attached to the regt., dated Oct. 14.

18th Bengal Cav.—Lieut. R. C. Clifford, late 38th N.I., attached to the regt., dated Oct. 14.

19th Bengal Cav.—Lieut. J. R. Pearson, staff corps, doing duty at Barrackpore, dated Oct. 14.

1st N.I.—Lieut. E. W. Smyth, gen. list, inf., attached to the 19th N.I., dated Oct. 14.

2nd N.I.—Capt. T. N. Baker, late 31st N.I., attached to the regt., dated Oct. 14.

4th N.I.—Lieut. J. R. B. Atkinson, gen. list, inf., attached to the regt., dated Oct. 14.

6th N.I.—Lieut. M. O. Boyd, gen. list, infantry, doing duty with 55th foot, dated Oct. 14.

7th N.I.—Lieut. B. G. Vyvyan, gen. list, inf., att. to the regt., dated Oct. 14.

8th N.I.—Lieut. C. McD. Skene, gen. list, inf., att. to the regt., dated Oct. 14.

9th N.I.—Capt. T. E. Webster, late 63rd N.I., att. to the regt., dated Oct. 14.

10th N.I.—Capt. C. D. S. Clarke, late 73rd N.I., att. to the regt., dated Oct. 14.

12th N.I.—Capt. A. Bruce, late 28th N.I., att. to the regt., dated Oct. 14.

14th N.I.—Ensign J. G. M. DeL. Bean, 107th foot, att. to the regt., dated Oct. 14.

15th N.I.—Capt. A. H. B. Bruce, staff corps, att. to the regt., dated Oct. 14.

16th N.I.—Lieut. D. R. Clarke, late 55th N.I., att. to the regt., dated Oct. 14.

17th N.I.—Lieut. H. U. Smith, late 46th N.I., attached to the regt., dated Oct. 14.

19th N.I.—Lieut. E. Molloy, gen. list, inf., att. to the regt., dated Oct. 14.

21st N.I.—Brevet capt. J. H. Tyler, late 20th N.I., attached to the regt., dated Oct. 14.

22nd N.I.—Capt. G. T. Jones, late 35th N.I., do. duty at the Kussowlee depot, dated Oct. 14.

23rd N.I.—Lieut. R. H. Ward, gen. list, inf., att. to the regt., dated Oct. 14.

24th N.I.—Lieut. F. H. Goold, late 47th N.I., att. to the regt., dated Oct. 14.

25th N.I.—Capt. W. B. Peile, late 38th N.I., dated Oct. 14.

27th N.I.—Capt. R. D. Griffin, late 64th N.I., att. to the regt., dated Oct. 14.

28th N.I.—Ens. E. B. Bishop, 54th foot, attached to the regt., dated Oct. 14.

31st N.I.—Capt. H. L. C. Bernard, S.C., attached to the regt., dated Oct. 14.

32nd N.I.—Lieut. J. A. D. Gordon, gen. list, inf., attached to the 41st N.I., on probation, dated Oct. 14.

35th N.I.—Lieut. B. Wemyss, gen. list, inf., attached to the 41st N.I., on prob., dated Oct. 14.

37th N.I.—Lieut. A. Landon, gen. list, inf., attached to the regt., dated Oct. 14.

38th N.I.—Lieut. H. T. Larkins, gen. list, inf., attached to the regt., dated Oct. 14.

39th N.I.—Capt. W. E. D. Broughton, late 6th Eur. regt., attached to the regt., dated Oct. 14.

41st N.I.—Capt. H. A. Prinsep, late 3rd Eur. regt., attached to the corps, dated Oct. 14.

45th N.I.—Capt. J. E. D. Wilson, late 42nd N.I., attached to the regt., dated Oct. 14.

1st Goorkha Regt.—Lieut. C. Mercer, gen. list, inf., attached to the regt., dated Oct. 14.

3rd Goorkha Regt.—Lieut. C. S. Morrison, gen. list, inf., attached to the regt., dated Oct. 14.

4th Goorkha Regt.—Lieut. J. Hay, gen. list, inf., attached to the regt., dated Oct. 14.

MADRAS.

BY THE GOVERNOR IN COUNCIL.

Fort St. George, Oct. 31.—Appointments:—

Lieut. H. W. H. Cox, staff corps, asst. supt. of police, North Arcot, to be supt. of police, Kistna dist., but to continue to act as supt. of police in Cuddapah until further orders.

Lieut. F. Kilgour, 52nd regt. N.I., to be asst. supt. of police, 1st class, on probation in North Arcot, but to continue to do duty in Nellore dist.

Lieut. F. R. Trevor, 2nd regt. N.I., asst. supt. of police, 2nd class, in Cuddapah, to act as asst. supt. of police, 1st class, in Kurnool, during the absence of Lieut. Reid on leave.

This last appointment will take effect from date of joining.

Mr. J. S. Vernede to be lay trustee of the church at Cochin, v. Asst. surg. Furnell.

Mr. F. S. Child, civil and session judge of Tinnevely, assumed charge of the court on the 23rd inst. The priv. leave for 1 mo. granted to Mr. E. G. R. Fane, coll. and mag. of the Madras dist., in the Fort St. George Gazette of the 17th inst., is cancell., at his own request.

Mr. C. W. Reade, coll. and mag. of South Arcot, resumed charge of the dist. from Mr. G. Banbury on the 28th inst.

Mr. D. Williams, Madras C.S., reported his return to the Presidency, per steamer *Mooltan*, on the 28th inst.

Oct. 30.—The Chief Sec. to Govt. has granted Mr. J. W. Lyons, 3rd uncovenanted asst. in the public, &c., depts., leave for 6 mo. from this date.

Oct. 31.—No. 383.—H.E. the Gov. gen. in Council is pleased to make the following appt. and prom., the latter subject to H.M.'s app.:—

Capt. M. A. Worsop, of the staff corps, to be in charge of pensioners and holders of family certificates at Chicacole.

Asst. Surg. A. Sanderson, M.D., M.A. (having completed 12 years' service), to be surg., with effect from Oct. 20 last.

The undermentioned officer is perm. to proceed to Eur.:—

Asst. surg. A. Fitzgerald, of the Bengal medical dept., on m.c. for 20 mo., under the furl. regs. of 1854, and to embark from Madras.

The Board of Revenue have granted 1 mo. priv. leave to Mr. G. V. Agnew, sub coll. of Madura, to take effect from Nov. 16 next.

Oct. 30.—The princ. insp. general med. dept. has granted to Surg. major C. Barclay, med. store-keeper, Presidency, priv. leave for 60 days, from Nov. 1 last, or from date of departure. Asst. surg. Bidie will perform the duties on Dr. Barclay's responsibility.

Nov. 3.—The Hon. H. Frere is perm. to resign the office of judge of the High Court of Judicature, and the Madras C.S., from Jan. 30 next, and is admitted to an annuity from that date, under the

terms of the despatch from the Right Hon. the Sec. of State for India; dated Nov. 25, 1862, No. 78.

Leave of Absence:—

Mr. G. A. Harris, civil and session judge of the zillah of Coimbatore, special leave of absence for 2 weeks, from the 6th inst.

Appts.:—

Mr. W. T. Blair, offic. Inam comr., to act as civil and session judge of Coimbatore, during the absence on leave of Mr. G. A. Harris, or till further orders.

Mr. R. A. Dalryell, to act as sec. to the board of examiners, during the absence of Mr. Master on leave, or until further orders.

The Rev. J. W. Wynch, M.A., to act as joint chaplain of Black Town, until further orders.

Mr. J. W. Cherry, civil and session judge at Ootacamund, has reported his arrival at Bombay, on return from leave to England, on the 29th ult.

The following transfer is ordered:—Lieut. R. Thompson, R.E., asst. engr., 2nd grade, from the South Arcot to the South Canara dist.

Col. A. J. M. Boileau, R.E., superintg. engr. of the 4th div., resumed charge of his office from Capt. J. Goldard, in the forenoon of the 30th ult.

Mr. R. W. Barlow, acting sub coll. and joint mag. of North Arcot, is authorised to perform the duties and exercise the powers which, by the aforesaid Act, are assigned to and conferred on the mag. of that dist.

Nov. 1.—The Gov. in Council is pleased to appt. the undermen. gentlemen to be the municipal commissioners for the town of Madras:—

President—Lieut. col. J. Temple.

Paid Commissioners.

Members—Mr. B. Cardoza, native Surg. S. J. Pillay. Mr. J. G. Coleman, J. J. K. Bahadoor, C. P. Naidoogaru—Hony. comrs. for 3 years.

Nov. 3.—No. 386.—H.E. the Gov. in Council is pleased to make the following proms., subject to H.M.'s approval:—

33rd Regt. N.I.—Sen. Capt. F. Applegarth (maj. in the staff corps), to have the position of major, and Lieut. J. L. Benwell (capt. in the staff corps) to have the position of capt., v. Mackenzie retired; dated March 1.

2nd Eur. L.I.—Sen. Lieut. F. B. G. Glover (capt. in H.M.'s 105th foot), to have the position of capt., in succ. to Bell, staff corps (late 2nd Eur. L.I.), retired; dated July 15.

Capt. (brev. maj.) J. H. Doveton, 3rd regt. L.C., is permitted to proceed to Bombay, for 1 mo., from date of departure, for the purpose of appearing before a med. board.

R. Cole, Esq., principal insp. gen. med. dept., is granted leave of abs. for 1 day, in continuation of the priv. leave for 60 days, notified in G.O.G. Aug. 15. No. 289.

The following proms. and alterations of date of rank are made in the ordnance dept.:—

Acting dep. asst. comsy. T. Eagles, to be dep. asst. comsy., from Sept. 1, v. Kehoe, retired.

Conductor F. Dady, and Sub-conductor J. Wightman, to take rank from Sept. 1, v. Eagles, prom.

Acting conductor G. Ramsbottom, to be conductor, and Acting Sub-conductor J. Ford, to be sub-conductor, from Sept. 12, v. Wade, dec.

Acting conductor G. Bay will be considered acting in his present rank, from Sept. 12, v. Ramsbottom, prom.

Minute on the Distribution of Madras Officers.

In continuation of G.O.C.C. No. 132, of this date, the Commander-in-Chief publishes, for the information of the Madras army, the following minute, explanatory of the principle upon which the rolls for the distribution of officers in the new organisation were framed:—

1. In carrying into effect the instructions of the Government, and in preparing the accompanying "nominal distribution list of officers" for the "revised regiments" in this Presidency, I have treated the question of the reorganisation of the Madras army as "one comprehensive measure of reform"—that is to say, as a general change, involving the "simultaneous" creation of a "staff corps," together with the introduction of a "new regimental system;" and I have not recognised any justification for encroachment upon interests which had been guaranteed, from the circumstance of the one having been formed, for convenience, in anticipation of the other.

2. A principle which I conceive it essential to preserve, notwithstanding its operation may have been delayed.

3. I have therefore framed the first "distribution

roll" from the army generally, as it stood on its old organisation, according to substantive regimental seniority, assigning from that list, on the one hand, the officers for the "staff corps," and providing from it, on the other, for the appointments in the "revised regiments."

4. Thus avoiding any supersession on first transition by junior officers over senior in regimental commands, yet without withholding those advantages in pay and position, both contingent and prospective, originally held out to the officers electing to join the "staff corps."

Although, at the same time, not conceding to them that additional supersession over the general body of officers which they have subsequently aspired to, from the accidental circumstance of the "staff corps" having been formed "first," in place of "simultaneously" with the "revised regimental system," and their new rank having been conferred before the entire reorganisation of the army, as a whole, could be effected and brought into operation.

5. An excess of supersession, indeed, to which, in my opinion, the staff corps officers (knowing the guarantee given to the general body of officers, that their position was not to be infringed) could not in fairness have maintained any solid claim; and to have recognised which would have carried with it an immense injury to the interests of the other officers of the army.

6. In dealing with the commands, I have taken the general roll of "field officers" according to their former substantive seniority, but in the case of "junior officers" according to regimental seniority in "corps" and "cadres,"—a course corresponding to that which would have regulated their promotion to the rank of "field officers" on the previous system;—and I have distributed as little as possible the regimental officers now serving with corps.

7. In the case of "staff corps officers" available for regimental service I have disposed of them so as to avoid their new rank conflicting with the interests of their former regimental seniors.

And I propose (which will be easy) so to regulate the subsequent regimental distribution of these officers, until the old officers have been absorbed, and the whole service has been merged into one staff corps, that their new rank shall not come into irritating collision with former precedence.

8. Acting upon these principles, I trust that the "minimum" of supersession has been secured, that the interests of the "general body of officers" have been protected as impartially as so comprehensive a reform will permit, while the interests of the staff corps officers will have been fairly but not unduly promoted; and that I shall have been enabled to carry out the spirit of those views impressed upon me by Sir Charles Wood, "to use no hurry," but above all things to be careful to compromise as little as possible the individual interests of the officers of the Madras army.

9. A course for action, which has guided and supported the views which I now submit for effecting the new organisation, and which I sincerely trust may have enabled me to suggest such measures as will avoid occasioning to the officers of this army those feelings of mistrust, heart-burnings, and sense of injury which, too, unfortunately for the maintenance of discipline and the morale of the service, have in some instances been engendered.

10. It will be observed, that the appointments of "doing duty officers" generally have not yet been made; subalterns who have passed in Hindustanee will shortly be nominated to those situations, at the same time that the few vacancies in the regimental staff will also be filled up.

11. I have only to add, that having given the subject the most careful deliberation, and arrived at a conclusion in my judgment as equitable as compatible with the programme for my guidance, so I am quite prepared to assume the fullest responsibility for all the measures I have now the honour to submit.

J. GASPARD LEMARCHANT,

Commander-in-Chief, Madras Army.

Ootacamund, 30th Sept., 1865.

BOMBAY.

BY THE GOVERNOR IN COUNCIL.

Bombay Castle, Oct. 26.—No. 554.—The following officers are allowed furl. to Europe, on m.c.:—

Capt. G. J. Mellis, staff corps, exec. engr. Poona and Kirkee, for 20 mos.

Lieut. G. C. Hogg, cadre 2nd regt. L.C., adjt. Poona horse, for 20 mos.

Lieut. F. J. Wise, staff corps, adjt. Khandeish Bheel corps, and 2nd assist. superint. of police at Khandeish, for 20 mos.

Lieut. R. Westmacott, staff corps, assist. suptd. Guzerat Revenue Survey, for 20 mos.

Assist. surg. H. Taylor, for 18 mos.

Oct. 30.—No. 556.—Lieut. col. H. Stanley is granted 3 mos. leave of absence, on private affairs, from Nov. 5 next.

Oct. 31.—No. 557.—The leave of abs., on m.c., granted to Major H. Y. Beale, H.M.'s 12th regt. N.I., brigade major, Aden, by G.O. No. 563, dated Nov. 16 last, is extended to Oct. 31, 1866.

Nov. 1.—No. 560.—The following orders are confirmed:—

Dated Oct. 7.—By Col. Stewart, app. Capt. G. D. Eales to perform the duties of cantonment mag., Sholapore, as a temp. measure.

Dated Oct. 21.—By the Commander of the Forces, appg. Capt. Thorp, cadre 3rd Eur. regt., to perform the duties of cantonment mag., Sholapore, till the arrival of the permanent incumbent.

No. 563.—Lieut. col. J. Worgan, R.A., having returned to duty on Oct. 30, the unexpired portion of the furlough granted him by G.O. No. 210, dated April 8 last, is cancelled.

Oct. 28.—Capt. F. P. Bartholomew, to act as supt. of police at Ahmednuggur, till Maj. Thatcher's return from leave.

Nov. 1.—Messrs. R. B. Barton and J. P. Bickersteth respectively delivered over and received charge of the office of senior mag. of police, Bombay, on Oct. 30 last.

Mr. T. E. Kyte, hoozoor dep. coll. and mag. of Khandeish, is invested with the powers of mag., and with powers under Act 13 of 1859, in the Khandeish district.

Oct. 25.—Mr. J. Edwards to be hoozoor dep. coll. and mag. of Rutnagherry.

Mr. R. A. Dugle to be hoozoor dep. coll. and mag. of Belgaum.

Mr. R. Junardhan to be hoozoor dep. coll. and mag. of Ahmednuggur.

Oct. 26.—Mr. J. R. Morgan, coll. and mag. of Poona, has been allowed special leave of absence for 3 days, from 14th to 16th inst.

Oct. 30.—Lieut. J. L. Fagan, asst. supt. revenue survey, Southern Mahratta country, is allowed 1 mo. leave of absence to proceed to Bombay, prep. to obtaining a m.c. to Europe.

Nov. 1.—Mr. W. Draper, asst. educational insp., central div., is appt. to act as princ. of the Elphinstone High School, during Mr. Jeaffreson's abs. on leave to Eur.

Oct. 30.—The Ven. C. H. L. Lye, chaplain of Kirkee, has been granted 1 mo. priv. leave from Nov. 7 next.

Oct. 31.—The Rev. F. L. Sharpin, appd. by H.M.'s princ. Sec. of State for India a jun. chaplain on the Bombay estab., is admitted to the serv. from Oct. 30 last, the date of his arrival at Bombay.

Nov. 8.—The Hon. the Gov. in Council is pleased to invest each of the following officers with the powers of a mag. in the Ahmednuggur dist.:—

Capt. F. P. Bartholomew, acting superint. of police, Ahmednuggur.

Lieut. H. Daniell, asst. superint. of police, Ahmednuggur.

Capt. T. G. Coles, acting superint. of police at Tanna, is invested with the powers of a mag. in the Tanna dist.

Oct. 31.—Lieut. C. W. Godfrey, supernumerary asst. superint., rev. survey and assessment, Southern Maratha country, is prom. to the grade of asst., with effect from the 20th inst.

Nov. 1.—Capt. R. Wallace, 5th N.I., to be dep. superint. of the Southern Maratha country and Sattara rev. survey.

Nov. 2.—Capt. J. H. Drummond, staff corps, to be supernumerary asst. in the Southern Maratha country rev. survey.

Nov. 8.—The following officers have passed colloquial examinations in the Sindee language:—

Capt. E. L. Taverner, settlement officer left bank survey, Sind.

Mr. J. Dowman, asst. settlement officer left bank survey, Sind.

Mr. T. R. Fernandes, asst. settlement officer left bank survey, Sind.

Mr. C. Marsh, asst. settlement officer right bank survey, Sind.

Mr. J. Nash, asst. settlement officer right bank survey, Sind.

Nov. 3.—Mr. N. Daniell, C.S., returned to Bombay on the 30th ult. from furl. to Eur.

Nov. 6.—Surg. R. Haines is app. surg. of the Jamsetjee Jeejeebhoy Hospital, and Surg. maj. F. Broughton, Pres. surg. of the 3rd div.

The services of Capt. B. Mathew, R.E., are placed at the disposal of the suptg. engr., southern div., for special duty.

Nov. 8.—Capt. W. W. Goodfellow, R.E., acting exec. engr., Canara, has been allowed 2 mo. leave of absence on m.c.

Nov. 6.—Asst. surg. R. Haines, M.B., is confirmed in his appts. of principal and professor of chemistry and botany in the Grant med. college.

Nov. 7.—Rev. A. L. Onslow, chaplain of Ahmednuggur, has been granted 1 mo. priv. leave of abs., from the 20th inst.

Nov. 4.—No. 565.—Maj. gen. Green, C.B., having expressed his desire to resign his command, H.E. the Gov. gen. in Council is pleased to accept his resignation, which will have effect from the date on which he is relieved, under the orders of the commander of the forces.

Brig. gen. Tapp, C.B., A.D.C. to the Queen, is app. to the divl. staff, v. Maj. gen. Green, C.B.

Nov. 6.—No. 568.—Capt. J. H. Drummond, staff corps, att. to the 29th regt. N.I., or 2nd Belooch regt., has been app. supern. asst. in the Southern Maratha country revenue survey.

Nov. 7.—No. 569.—Capt. R. Wallace, 5th regt. N.I., has been app. dep. supt. of the Southern Maratha country and Sattara revenue survey.

Nov. 8.—No. 570.—Lieut. R. A. Sargeant, R.E., is entitled to increased pay, from Sept. 1, v. Main-guy, prom.

No. 571.—Staff Asst. surg. W. H. Jagoe is brought on the strength of H.M.'s British forces in this pres., from Oct. 30, the date of his arrival at Bombay.

BY THE COMMANDER IN CHIEF.

Adj. Gen's Office, Head Qrs., Poona, Oct. 11.—No. 1,049.—Leave of absence:—

Lieut. E. Brett, 3rd dragoon guards, to England by the overland route, for the purpose of appearing before a med. board.

Asst. surg. R. A. Elliott, 95th foot, to England by the overland route, for the purpose of appearing before a med. board.

These officers are not available for duty with troops, and will, on arrival, report themselves to the adjt. gen., Horse Guards.

Lieut. J. F. Hilton, 72nd foot, from Oct. 6 to Nov. 5, to Bombay, on m.c., prep. to obtaining a final certificate to Europe.

No. 1,057.—Returned to duty on Oct. 13:—

Lieut. col. C. Scott, roy. engrs.

Lieut. col. J. McK. Taylor, 2nd regt. L.C.

Capt. C. T. Haig, roy. engrs.

Surg. maj. F. Broughton, med. estab.

Oct. 18.—No. 1,058.—The foll. temp. arrangement is confirmed, with effect from Oct. 12:—

2nd Gren. Regt. N.I.—Capt. E. N. Marsh to offic. as 2nd in comd., and Lieut. G. Bannister as wing officer (in addition to his duties as adjt.), on the departure of Maj. F. Roome on m.c.

No. 1,059.—The foll. temp. arrangement is confirmed, with effect from Oct. 9:—

6th Regt. N.I.—Capt. J. J. Elder to officiate as qmrm., until the arrival of Lieut. Malden.

No. 1,060.—The foll. temp. arrangements are confirmed, with effect from Oct. 6:—

15th Regt. N.I.—Maj. W. C. Stileman to offic. as comdt., Capt. G. S. Morris as 2nd in comd., and Lieut. J. S. Fredell as wing officer (in addition to his own duties), until the arrival of Col. Malcolm, C.B.

No. 1,061.—Staff asst. surg. McConnell, attached to 33rd foot, is directed to proceed to Kurrachee, at the public expense, and report himself for duty with the 95th regt., v. Asst. surg. Elliot, returning to England on m.c.

No. 1,062.—Capt. J. Elliot, 4th foot, is confirmed in the appt. of staff officer, Ahmednuggur, with effect from July 7.

No. 1,063.—Lieut. F. H. Jackson, gen. list, offic. as doing duty officer, 16th regt. N.I., from Feb. 24 to March 28.

No. 1,066.—Leave of absence:—
Major J. Swinburne, 3rd drag. gds., from Aug. 30, 1865, to Feb. 28, 1866.

Lieut. H. Geary, 14th brig. royal art., from Aug. 30, 1865, to Feb. 28, 1866, on m.c.

Lieut. W. W. Bennett, 6th drags., from Sept. 8, 1865, to Jan. 8, 1866, on m.c.

Brev. Col. J. E. Collings, 33rd foot, from Sept. 8, 1865, to March 8, 1866, on m.c.

Lieut. S. D. Burges, 72nd foot, from Sept. 1, 1865, to March 1, 1866, on m.c.

Capt. G. Maunsell, 106th foot, from Sept. 14 to Dec. 14, on m.c.

Capt. W. W. Bassett, 56th foot, from Aug. 31 to the date of his retirement on half-pay.

Lieut. J. F. Hilton, 72nd foot, to England by the overland route, for the purpose of appearing before a medical board.

This officer is not available for duty with troops, and will, on arrival, report himself to the adjt. gen., Horse Guards.

Oct. 17.—No. 1,055.—Prom., until H.M.'s pleasure shall be known:—

33rd Foot.—Ens. F. J. Tidmarsh to be lieut., by purchase, v. Bird, who retires; Oct. 2.

No. 1,056.—Under instructions from Horse Gds., Capt. Kirkland, 106th foot, will proceed to England, at the public expense, to join the regt. depot.

This officer is available for duty with troops, if required.

Leave of absence:—

Staff Corps.—Major W. S. Hewett, asst. adjt. gen., M.D.A., from Oct. 10 to Nov. 8, to Bombay, on m.c.

103rd Foot.—Ens. E. G. P. Wood, from date of dep. for 30 days, to Bombay, on m.c.

5th Regiment N.I.—Lieut. and adjt. R. M. Chambers, from Oct. 16 to 22, in ext., to Vingorla, on m.c.

10th Regt. N.I.—Major F. Roome, 2nd in com. 2nd regt. N.I., from Oct. 12 to Nov. 10, to Vingorla, on m.c.

Oct. 19.—No. 1,067.—The following appointments are made:—

1st Regt. L.C.

Lieut. C. W. Gabb, gen. list, attached to 2nd L.C., to offic. as 3rd squadron officer, during the absence of Lieut. H. W. Harris.

Lieut. A. R. Heyland, H.M.'s 108th foot, to be second doing duty officer.

5th Regt. N.I.

Brev. maj. C. M. W. James, cadre 6th regt. N.I., to be 2nd in com., v. Edgeley.

21st Regt. N.I. or Marine Battalion.

Brev. maj. R. D. Ha-sard, cadre 2nd Eur. regt., to be wing officer, and to offic. as 2nd in com. during the absence of Lieut. col. S. Thacker.

1st Grenadier Regt. N.I.

Brev. capt. A. Utterson, cadre 2nd Eur. regt. L.I., to be 2nd doing duty officer, from Sept. 19th last.

No. 1,068.—With reference to G.O.C. No. 996, of Sept. 30, Lieut. and adjt. Pigott, 44th foot, will proceed overland by the last mail in Nov. next.

No. 1,069.—Lieut. G. A. Jacob, superint. of army schools, is permitted to proceed on his annual tour of inspection.

Oct. 20.—No. 1,070.—Maj. E. M. McGregor, late comdt. Southern Maratha horse, having reported the settlement of the accounts of that corps, will be good enough to discharge the office establishment kept up for that purpose.

Major McGregor is placed on gen. duty, Ahmednuggur, and Lieut. J. F. Willoughby will join the 3rd regt. L.C.

No. 1,071.—With the sanction of H.E. the C. in C. in India, Col. W. Payn, C.B., H.M.'s 72nd highlanders, is perm. to precede his regt. to England by the overland route.

Oct. 21.—No. 1,073.—The following transfer is made:—

Lieut. col. J. A. Wood, v.c., staff corps, from the 17th regt. N.I. to the 15th regt. N.I., to command.

Lieut. H. J. Stock, adjt. 6th regt. N.I., is app. to offic. as adjt. to the 21st regt. N.I., or marine batt., continuing to act as aide-de-camp to the comdr. of the forces of the C. in C.

Lieut. Malden, quartermr. 6th regt. N.I., to offic. as adjt. of that corps, and will proceed to join on being relieved by Lieut. Stock.

Lieut. F. W. Bean, staff corps, to offic. as quartermaster 6th regt. N.I., from the date of arrival of Lieut. Malden.

No. 1,074.—Dep. insp. gen. of hospitals D. Costelloe, M.D., is transf. from the northern to the Sind div.

No. 1,075.—The following arrangement is confirmed:—

Poona Horse.

Lieut. H. H. D. Owen, 3rd squad. officer, to offic. as adjt., in addition to his own duties, during the absence of Lieut. Hogg on m.c.

No. 1,076.—Capt. W. H. Blowers, staff corps, is appd. asst. superint. of bazaars, Poona, v. Fisher.

No. 1,077.—The following temp. arrangement is confirmed, with effect from Oct. 4:—

3rd Regt. N.I.—Capt. J. R. Strutt, staff corps, to offic. as qmrm., in the absence of a qualified subaltern.

No. 1,078.—The following orders are confirmed:—

Dated Sept. 29.—By the officer comdg. 103rd regt. of foot, appg. Ensign Stoddart asst. instructor of musketry to that regt.

Dated Oct. 3.—By the officer comdg. at Surat, appg. Lieut. C. Wodehouse, 12th regt. N.I., staff officer, v. Fortearth.

Dated Oct. 10.—By Major gen. Green, C.B., appg.

Major McGowan to act as asst. adjt. gen., Mhow div. of the army, as a temp. measure, during the absence of Major Hewett, on m.c.

Dated Oct. 11.—By the officer comdg. 56th foot, appg. Ensign Stewart asst. instructor of musketry to the regt., with effect from the 10th inst., v. Lieut. LeMottee, res.

Dated Oct. 8.—By Capt. Bowker, appg. Lieut. Simpson to act as staff officer to the detachment 109th foot, at Hyderabad.

No. 1,082.—Leave of absence:—

Second capt. T. Van Strauben-zee, 14th brig. R.A., for 15 mo. from date of embark. to England.

Capt. E. S. Beamish, 18th brig. R.A., from Oct. 12, 1865, to April 11, 1866, to the Himalaya hills, on m.c.

Cornet C. H. Collette, 3rd drag. gds., from Oct. 8 to Oct. 16, to remain at Poona, on m.c.

Lieut. W. J. Finch, E brig. R.H.A., from Oct. 15 to Nov. 14, to Bombay, on m.c., prep. to obtaining a final certificate to Europe.

Oct. 23.—No. 1,084.—Capt. G. S. Mignon, staff corps, returned to duty, by permission of the Secretary of State for India, on Oct. 13.

Oct. 21.—No. 1,086.—Capt. S. J. Thorp, cadre 3rd Eur. regt., is app. canton. mag. at Sholapore until the arrival of the officer who may be permanently appointed to that office.

No. 1,087.—Major G. Davison, chief inspector of musketry, is permitted to proceed on his annual tour of inspection.

Oct. 25.—No. 1,089.—Major J. Fairbrother, staff corps, is app. to officiate as wing officer 21st regt. N.I., or marine battalion, resigning his appointment in the 29th regt. N.I., or 2nd Belooch batt.

No. 1,090.—3rd Regt. N.I.—Lieut. W. H. Yates, doing duty officer 28th regt. N.I., to officiate as qmrm., v. Pridaux.

No. 1,091.—Leave of absence:—

Lieut. R. LeMessurier, E brigade, R.H.A., for 6 mo. from date of departure, to England.

Lieut. W. B. Trevelyan, staff corps, doing duty officer 15th N.I., from Oct. 20 to Nov. 19, to remain at Mhow, m.c., in ext.

Lieut. W. V. Gregory, 18th brig. R.A., from Oct. 23 to Nov. 13, to Bombay, m.c., prep. to m.c. to Europe.

Lieut. G. C. Hogg, cadre 2nd regt. L.C., adjt. Poona horse, from Oct. 16 to Nov. 16, to Bombay, m.c., prep. to m.c. to Europe.

Ensign W. A. D. Eden, 33rd foot, from Dec. 9 to Jan. 9, in ext.

Surg. major W. C. Seaman, 72nd highlanders, for 30 days from Oct. 17, to Bombay, m.c.

Surg. major J. C. Trestrail, for 30 days from date of departure, to Mandavie, m.c.

Oct. 28.—No. 1,098.—The following temp. arrangement is confirmed, with effect from Oct. 24:—

21st Regt. N.I. or Marine Battalion.

Capt. G. M. Lyons to perform the duties of wing officer (in addition to his own duties) until the arrival of Maj. Fairbrother.

No. 1,099.—Staff asst. surg. Murtagh, at present attached to the 45th foot, is directed to proceed to Poona, at the public expense, and receive med. charge of a detach. of the 1st batt. 4th foot, on the head quarters of that regt. leaving Bombay.

No. 2,000.—Surg. maj. F. Broughton is directed to proceed forthwith to Deesa to take med. charge of the 11th regt. N.I., during its march to Nusseerabad, or until further orders.

No. 2,002.—The undermtd. officers are reported to have passed the required exam. in the native languages as follows, on Oct. 10:—

HINDOOSTANEE.

By the 2nd Standard.

Lieut. G. T. D. Glasgow, gen. list, attached to 11th N.I.

Lieut. H. A. Hobson, gen. list, officg. qm master 22nd N.I.

Brev. maj. J. Miles, cadre 3rd Eur. regt.

Capt. A. Hawthorn, 9th N.I., attached to 21st N.I.

MARATHI.

Lieut. G. R. B. Drummond, gen. list, qm master 26th N.I.

Lieut. C. E. Fisher, staff corps.

SANSKRIT.

Lieut. G. A. Jacob, staff corps, supt. of army schools.

No. 2,005.—Leave of absence:—

Maj. J. M. Cuppage, 96th foot, from Aug. 25, to Dec. 31.

Lieut. W. J. Finch, E brig. R.H.A., to England by the overland route, on m.c.

Surg. maj. W. C. Seaman, 72nd foot, ditto.

Ens. E. G. P. Wood, 103rd foot, ditto.

These officers are not available for duty with

troops, and will, on arrival, report themselves to the adjt. gen., Horse Guards.

Leave of absence :—

Ens. W. Everett, 33rd foot, 1 mo. from date of departure, to Matheran, on m.c.

Oct. 30.—No. 2,007.—Under instructions from H.E. the C. in C. in India, Ensign D. W. Barr, 44th foot, is attached to 33rd foot, Poona.

Oct. 31.—No. 2,010.—With reference to G.O.C., No. 2,000 of Oct. 28, Surg. major F. Broughton, and Asst. surg. H. Atkins, 4th regt. N.I., are permitted to exchange duties, as a temp. measure, at their own request.

Surg. major Broughton will assume med. charge of the 4th regt. N.I. immediately.

Nov. 1.—No. 2,012.—The following temporary arrangement is confirmed, with effect from Oct. 2 :—
23rd Regt. N.I.

Lieut. J. Gatacre to offic. as wing officer, in addition to his own duties, during the absence of Major Waddington.

No. 2,013.—The undermentioned officer returned to duty by permission of the Secy. of State for India, on Sept. 3 :—

Surg. major H. Pitman, med. estab.

No. 2,014.—The leave granted to Lieut. R. Trevelyan, staff corps, in G.O.C., No. 1,094, Clause II., of Oct. 25, is cane.

No. 2,015.—Leave of absence :—

Capt. A. White, 3rd drag. guards, from Sept. 20 to March 20, 1866, on m.c.

Ensign A. H. S. Neill, 103rd foot, from Sept. 22 to Dec. 22, on m.c.

Capt. C. G. T. Rooke, 109th foot, from Oct. 12 to Dec. 12, on m.c.

Lieut. O. Schmidt, 109th foot, from Sept. 15 to March 15, 1866, on m.c.

Lieut. col. R. W. D. Leith, 106th foot, from Sept. 30 to Nov. 30, in ext., on m.c.

Lieut. G. R. B. Drummond, qrmr., 26th N.I., gen. list, from the termination of the leave granted in G.O.C., No. 745, to Oct. 31, for the purpose of appearing before the civil and military examination committee, and to enable him to rejoin.

Capt. and Brev. major R. Pittman, 21st brig. R.A., from Oct. 28 to Nov. 10, to proceed to the Ram Ghaut, on m.c.

Nov. 2.—No. 2,017.—Maj. F. S. Hewett, staff corps, is placed on gen. duty, Ahmednuggur.

No. 2,018.—Lieut. col. J. S. Kemball, staff corps, is transf. from gen. duty, Poona, to gen. duty, Baroda.

Lieut. C. A. Owen, gen. list, cav., is transf. from the Poona horse to the 3rd regt. L.C.

These officers will travel at the public expense.

No. 2,019.—Returned to duty on the dates specified opposite to their names :—

Lieut. R. J. Le P. Trench, gen. list, Oct. 13.

Capt. H. P. Sykes, 2nd regt. L.C., Oct. 29.

Capt. H. B. Mathew, R.E., Oct. 29.

Surg. maj. M. Style, med. estab., Oct. 30.

Dep. inspec. gen. of hospitals P. W. Hockin, med. estab., Oct. 30.

Lieut. J. G. E. Griffith, cadre 18th regt. N.I., Oct. 31.

Nov. 3.—No. 2,022.—The foll. gen. order by H.E. the C. in C. in India, dated head quarters, Simla, Oct. 2, is published for information :—

Ens. E. J. Lugard, 1st batt. 4th foot, is, with the sanction of Govt., appd. aide-de-camp to Maj. gen. T. Williams, c.b., comdg. the Oude div., with effect from March 21 last.

No. 2,023.—Returned to duty on Oct. 30 :—

Lieut. H. A. Lay, gen. list.

Nov. 4.—No. 2,025.—The following orders are confirmed :—

Dated Oct. 23.—By Major gen. Green, c.n., appg. Major McGowan to act as brig. major, Mhow, in add. to his other duties, until the arrival of Capt. Cornwell.

Dated Oct. 28.—By the Brig. gen. comdg. Belgaum brig., appg. Lieut. Seton, E. batty. 18th brig. royal arty., to act as interpreter to the 26th foot, until their arrival at Belgaum, Lieut. Seton to proceed to Vingorla at the public expense.

No. 2,027.—Leave of abs. as follows :—

Capt. T. E. A. Hall, 49th foot, from Aug. 14 to Dec. 31, to proceed to India by the overland route.

Cornet C. D. B. Creagh, 6th drags., from Sept. 26 to Nov. 26.

Capt. F. C. Hill, 56th foot, from Sept. 30 to Nov. 30.

Capt. J. Trent, 33rd foot, 6 mo. from date of departure, to England.

Nov. 6.—No. 2,028.—Staff asst. surg. Jagoe, recently arrived from England, is directed to proceed to Poona, at the public expense, for duty with the 33rd foot.

Staff surg. Humfrey is app. to the med. charge of the gen. depot, v. Davidson, about to proceed to England in med. charge 72nd foot.

Returned to duty :—

Capt. J. R. Maunsell, R.E.

Leave of absence :—

Surg. W. A. Davidson, staff corps, for 6 mo. from date of embarkation, to proceed to England. This officer is available for duty with the head quarters 72nd foot. On arrival Dr. Davidson will report himself to the adjt. gen., horse guards.

Nov. 7.—No. 2,033.—Adverting to G.G.O. No. 565 of the 4th inst., Major gen. Smith, c.b., is transf. to the Mhow div. of the army.

Brigadier gen. Tapp, c.b., aide de camp to the Queen, is posted to the northern div.

Brigadier gen. Sir C. W. B. Staveley, k.c.b., is transf. to the tempy com. of the Poona div.

Major gen. Smith will proceed to Mhow at his earliest convenience.

On intimation being received of Major gen. Green having been relieved of the com. of the Mhow div., Brigadier gen. Tapp will proceed to take up com. in the northern div.

On the departure of Major gen. Smith, c.n., from the Poona, Brigadier gen. Heath will assume com. of the div. until the arrival of Brigadier gen. Staveley.

No. 2,034.—The following appointments are made in the qrmr. gen.'s dept., to have effect from the date of departure for England of Capt. M. R. Eden, assist. qrmr. gen. of the army :—

Major W. V. Shewell to be assist. qrmr. gen. of the army, v. Eden.

Capt. R. Mallaby, dep. assist. qrmr. gen., Belgaum brigade, to be an assist. qrmr. gen. on the estab., v. Shewell.

Lieut. A. G. F. Hogg, acting dep. assist. qrmr. gen., is confirmed in that appt., v. Mallaby.

No. 2,035.—The following appts. are made :—

Poona Horse.—Lieut. J. Phillips, doing duty officer, to offic. as 3rd squadron officer, as a temp. measure.

3rd Regt. N.I.—Capt. J. R. Strutt, staff corps, to be 2nd doing duty officer.

9th Regt. N.I.—Capt. A. Hawthorn to be 2nd doing duty officer.

18th Regt. N.I.—Lieut. J. G. Griffith to be 2nd doing duty officer.

26th Regt. N.I.—Capt. C. M. Ducat, staff corps, to be 2nd doing duty officer.

29th Regt. N.I.—Capt. G. F. Hogg, wing officer, to be 2nd in com., v. Fairbrother.

No. 2,305.—The following medical arrangements are ordered :—

Assist. surg. G. C. Bell is transf. from 22nd regt. N.I. to 7th regt. N.I., v. Millar.

Surg. maj. M. Style to the med. charge of 22nd regt. N.I., v. Bell.

No. 2,037.—G. O. C. No. 2,028, of the 6th inst., is cane, and Staff Assist. surg. Jagoe is directed to proc. to Ahmedabad at the public expense, for duty with royal art.

BIRTHS.

AMESBURY.—At Nowgong, Bundelkund, Oct. 31, the wife of W. Raleigh Amesbury, Esq., Surgeon, 1st Bengal Cav., of a son.

BIDDULPH.—At Sirinuggur, Cashmere, Sept. 22, the wife of Lieut. col. and brev. col. M. A. S. Biddulph, Royal Art., of a daughter.

BUTLER.—At Shahjehanpore, Oct. 27, the wife of Major E. C. Butler, 36th Regt., local Lieut. col., of a daughter.

CRIPPS.—At Mussowrie, Oct. 19, the wife of Major J. M. Cripps, Staff Corps, of a son.

DAUBUZ.—At Lucknow, Nov. 4, the wife of Capt. J. T. Daubuz, Royal Artillery, of a daughter.

DAVIS.—At Allahabad, Oct. 25, the wife of Major William Davis, Bengal Staff Corps, of a son.

GILLESPIE.—At Nusseerabad, Oct. 30, the wife of Capt. R. R. Gillespie, 106th L.I., of a son, who only survived a few hours.

HEATH.—At Hazareebagh, Oct. 19, the wife of Major A. H. Heath, R.A., of a son.

HANCOCK.—At Surat, Oct. 28, the wife of Lieut. G. G. Hancock, Bombay Staff Corps, of a daughter.

HOBBS.—At Neemuch, Nov. 2, the wife of Capt. George Lamont Hobbs, H.M.'s 45th Regt., of a daughter.

HOWELL.—At Simla, Nov. 2, the wife of Arthur Howell, Esq., C.S., of a son.

MURRAY.—At Darjeeling, Oct. 31, the wife of Major Murray, Commandant 14th B.C. Lancers, of a daughter.

SCOTT.—At Poona, Oct. 30, the wife of Lieut. col. C. Scott, R.E., of a daughter.

STEWART.—At Malabar-hill, Oct. 28, the wife of Alexander Stewart, Esq., of a daughter.

TOTTENHAM.—At Bareilly, Oct. 29, the wife of Captain Tottenham, R.A., of a son.

RICKETTS.—At Allahabad, on the 22nd October, the wife of G. H. M. Ricketts, Esq., C.S., of twins, boy and girl.

MARRIAGES.

BALFOUR.—DE SA.—At the Fort Chapel, Bombay, Nov. 6, Mr. John Aylmer Balfour, son of Mr. John Alexander Balfour, C.E., of Edinburgh, to Miss Charlotte Catherine De Sa, of Lower Colaba.

EAGLE.—BOND.—At St. Luke's Church, Abottabad, Nov. 1, Francis Blake Eagle, 41st (the Welsh) Regiment, only son of the late Francis King Eagle, Esq., Judge of County Courts for Suffolk, to Emma Ellen, eldest daughter of the late Lieutenant-Colonel H. Bond, 15th Hussars.

HUMFREY.—MORTON.—At Jullundur, Nov. 2, John Campbell Taylor Humfrey, Esq., Lieut. H.M.'s 19th Regiment, to Phoebe, only daughter of the late T. H. Morton, Esq. No cards.

MCKENZIE.—ROSE.—At Christ's Church, Byculla, Oct. 31, by the Rev. W. K. Fletcher, Mr. Alexander McKenzie, Bombay Saw Mill, to Miss Georgina Rose.

REILLY.—HUNTER.—At Christ's Church, Mussoorie, Nov. 1, Clara, youngest surviving daughter of the late Lieutenant-Colonel Bradshaw Yorke Reilly, Bengal Engineers, to Patrick Hunter, Esq., Captain, 82nd Regiment.

DEATHS.

BEALE.—Anthony Beale, Esq., formerly of the H.E.I.C.'s Civil Service, St. Helena, at St. Helena, River Plenty, Melbourne, aged 75, Sept. 4.

BROWNLOW.—Capt. H. R. Brownlow, Royal Art., Commissioner of Ordnance at Allahabad, at Allahabad, Nov.

BAYFIELD.—Staff surg. Samuel J. Bayfield, on his voyage to Madras, on board the P. and O. steam ship *Moulton*, aged 35, Oct. 22.

CARLOW.—At Jubbulpore, on the 19th inst., Mr. Alexander Fitzallan Carlow, of the Delhi and London Bank (Limited).

CHISHOLM.—At Rajpore, on Oct. 30, Mrs. Jane Chisholm, relict of the late Mr. Alexander Chisholm, formerly of Allahabad, aged 71.

GREEN.—On Oct. 28, Georgianna Margaret, relict of the late J. P. Green, Esq.

HADDAN.—At Calcutta, on Oct. 30, E. G. Haddan, Esq.

LATOUR.—At Chandernagore, Oct. 27, Pierre Simon Latour, Esq., indigo planter, after a lingering illness, aged 62.

LUCAS.—Mary Charlotte, wife of Lieut. col. A. W. Lucas, Bombay staff corps, in the Red Sea on her passage from Bombay, aged 51, Sept. 25.

MALCOLM.—At Bushire, Persian Gulf, October 7, Shadrack Malcolm, Esq., aged 55 years.

MORRIS.—Lieut. George G., H.M.'s Bombay Army, on board the P. and O. Co.'s steamer *Jeddo*, on his way to England, aged 24, Oct. 5.

PIERSON.—William Staunton, son of Captain W. S. Pierson, Bengal Staff Corps, at Sealkote, Punjab, aged 2 years, Sept. 27.

RAINEY.—At Calcutta, on the 24th October, Barbara Sarah Jane, relict of the late William Henry Sneyd Rainey, Esq., of Khooldah, Jessore, and late of H.M.'s 3rd Regiment of Foot, or Buffs.

REDDIE.—At Shanghai, on the 12th August last, Robert Muirhead Reddie, Esq.

WILSON.—At 4, Old Court House-street, Calcutta, on the 2nd November, John Mutter Wilson, aged 28.

WORSLEY.—At Sewan, Oct. 25, Madeline Annie, daughter of C. F. Worsley, Esq., C.S., aged 10 months.

WEATHERALL.—At Purneah, Oct. 31, Gerald Conway, youngest son of H. M. Weatherall, Esq., District Superintendent of Police.

WESTON.—Lieut. Spencer, R.N., H.M.'s ship *Rattler*, at sea, on board the P. and O. Co.'s steamer *Bengal*, on his return to England, Nov. 2.

WARD.—The announcement copied from the Bengal obituary into *Allen's Indian Mail*, Nov. 28, of the death of Mr. "W. H. Ward" from cholera, is contradicted by a Lucknow correspondent of the *Delhi Gazette* on Nov. 1.

YOUNGHUSBAND.—At Nusseerabad, Ellen Blayds, the wife of Brigadier General Younghusband, c.b., aged 43 years.

WAR OFFICE.

CHANGES, PROMOTIONS, &c.,
IN H.M.'S REGIMENTS SERVING IN INDIA.

Dec. 1.

Royal Artillery.—Staff asst. surg. G. A. Davidge to be asst. surg., v. B. Burland, M.B., prom. on the staff; Asst. surg. R. J. Owen, M.D., has been permitted to resign his commission.

11th Foot.—Ensign G. V. Meredith to be lieutenant, without purch., v. M. Guard, dec.; Ensign T. A. Kemble to be lieutenant, by purch., v. Meredith, whose promotion by purch., on Oct. 10, 1865, has been cancelled; Gent. cadet J. H. Yule, from the Royal Military College, to be ensign, without purch., v. Kemble; Staff asst. surg. J. W. Purefoy, M.D., to be asst. surg., v. A. Macintyre, M.D., dec.

23rd Foot.—Lieut. H. E. Stanley to be captain, by purch., v. F. W. Hutton, who ret.; Ensign A. F. Ramsbottom to be lieutenant, by purch., v. Stanley; S. B. Blyth, gent., to be ensign, by purch., v. Ramsbottom; Staff asst. surg. F. H. Dunbar, M.D., to be asst. surg., v. R. W. Lawless, dec.

56th Foot.—A. R. Ford, gent., to be ensign, by purch., v. D. J. G. Stewart, prom.

60th Foot.—Lieut. R. F. Jennings to be captain, by purch., v. F. Austin, who ret.; Lieut. C. H. Borrer to be captain, by purch., v. P. Chaplain, who ret.; Ensign C. H. G. Powys-Keck to be lieutenant, by purch., v. Jennings; Ensign J. T. D. Crosbie to be lieutenant, by purch., v. Borrer; C. H. Smith, gent., to be ensign, by purch., v. W. R. Green, who ret.; H. S. Marsham, gent., to be ensign, by purch., v. T. A. Worswick, who ret.; T. S. Clarke, gent., to be ensign, by purch., v. Powys-Keck.

79th Foot.—Lieut. C. E. McMurdo to be captain, without purch., v. R. J. L. Crutchley, transf. to the Bengal Staff Corps.

82nd Foot.—Staff asst. surg. J. Barry, M.D., to be asst. surg., v. R. W. Carter, appointed to the staff.

90th Foot.—Staff asst. surg. A. Thomson, M.D., to be asst. surg., v. T. T. Gardner, appointed to the staff.

92nd Foot.—Ensign E. A. C. Campbell to be lieutenant, by purch., v. W. N. Leslie, who ret.; P. Stirling, gent., to be ensign, by purch., v. Campbell; Lieut. L. C. Singleton to be insp. of musketry, v. Lieut. Emmet, dec.

94th Foot.—Staff asst. surg. A. Turner, M.D., to be asst. surg., v. J. G. Leask, M.B., appointed to the staff.

98th Foot.—Ensign A. H. Hyslop to be lieutenant, by purch., v. S. W. Vardon, who ret.; W. J. A. Birch, gent., to be ensign, by purch., v. Hyslop.

101st Foot.—Lieut. R. H. A. Quinet to be instructor of musketry, v. Lieut. Butler, promoted on Jan. 16, 1865.

UNATTACHED.

Lieut. J. Bennett, Bombay establishment, to be capt.; Ensign G. Nolan, Bengal establishment, to be lieutenant.

BREVET.

The undermentioned officers having completed the qualifying service in the rank of lieutenant, col. to be cols., under the provisions of the Royal Warrant of Oct. 14, 1858:—

Lieut. col. C. E. P. Gordon, 75th foot.

Lieut. col. J. G. R. Aplin, 48th foot.

Lieut. col. C. Hood, 58th foot.

The following officers to have the local rank of lieutenant, col. in India:—

Major R. Richardson, 19th hussars.

Major F. S. Kempt, 103rd foot.

Capt., with the local rank of major, C. O'Donoghue, 76th foot.

The following officers to have the local rank of major in India:—

Capt. M. Fanning, 27th foot.

Capt. N. T. Parsons, 101st foot.

Capt. J. Bean, R.E.

Capt. F. T. Haig, R.E.

Capt. R. G. F. Hlenegan, R.A.

Capt. P. D. Horne, R.A.

Capt. J. R. Magrath, R.A.

Capt. J. M'K. Macintyre, R.A.

Capt. W. J. Bradford, R.A.

Capt. A. S. Moberly, R.E.

Capt. J. Blair, R.A.

Capt. G. C. Robinson, R.A.

Capt. F. Cobbe, R.A.

Capt. E. S. Daniell, 102nd foot.

Capt. E. Dunbar, 102nd foot.

Capt. H. S. G. S. Knight, 19th foot.

The following officers to have the local rank of capt. in India:—

Lieut. J. Bradish (now capt.) 105th foot.

Lieut. F. E. Medhurst (now capt.) 12th foot.

Lieut. R. Grey, 45th foot.

Lieut. J. C. Minto, 97th foot.

The undermentioned officers of the royal marine L.I., who have been granted ret. full pay, to have the honorary rank of col., in accordance with the provisions of H.M.'s Order in Council, Nov. 13, 1858:—

Lieut. col. R. S. Harrison.

Lieut. col. D. Blyth.

INDIA OFFICE, Nov. 28.

Her Majesty has been pleased to approve of the following promotions and alterations of rank amongst the officers of the Staff Corps and of her Majesty's Indian Military Forces:—

BREVET.

BENGAL ARMY.

To be Lieutenant-Colonel.

Major T. W. Seager, late 27th N.I.

To be Majors.

Capt. C. Armstrong, late 10th N.I.

Capt. J. Keer, late 60th N.I.

To be Captains.

Lieut. W. G. Cubitt, V.C., staff corps.

MADRAS ARMY.

To be Lieutenant-Colonels.

Major W. J. Doveton, 36th N.I.

Major T. C. Ansley, 9th N.I.

To be Captains.

Lieut. W. W. Pemberton, 37th N.I.

Lieut. J. F. T. Sherman, 35th N.I.

BOMBAY ARMY.

To be Majors.

Capt. T. Nuttall, staff corps.

Capt. J. F. Berthon, staff corps.

BENGAL STAFF CORPS.

To be Lieutenant-Colonels.

Major R. N. Tronson. | Major R. Ouseley.

To be Major.

Capt. W. J. P. Barlow.

BENGAL ARMY.

Cavalry.

Major G. Dumbleton, from late 4th cav., to be lieutenant, col., v. Craigie, 19th hussars, removed from the list of lieutenant colonels.

Late 1st Cavalry.

Capt. G. A. Galloway to be major; Lieut. J. S. Robinson to be captain, v. Hamilton (staff corps), removed from list of lieutenant colonels.

Late 2nd Cavalry.

Lieut. J. S. Irvine to be captain, in succession to Thomson, dec.

Late 4th Cavalry.

Capt. (Brev. major) O. Wilkinson to be major; Lieut. D. C. S. L. Carnegie to be captain, in succession to Craigie, 19th hussars, removed from list of lieutenant colonels.

Late 6th European Regiment.

Lieut. W. E. D. Broughton to be captain, v. Hamilton, dec.

Late 15th N.I.

Lieut. J. G. Campbell to be captain, v. Philpotts, dec.

Late 25th N.I.

Lieut. H. D. Metcalfe to be captain, v. Ireland, dec.

Medical Establishment.

Surg. J. T. C. Ross to be surg. major.

MADRAS STAFF CORPS.

To be Major.

Capt. J. M. Grant.

To be Captains.

Lieut. W. Hill.

BOMBAY STAFF CORPS.

To be Lieutenant-Colonel.

Major W. C. Anderson.

THE CAUSES OF THE INDIAN
MUTINY.

The following paper has been forwarded to us by a valued contributor, who proposes to make some remarks upon the subject, which he has already treated with great ability in these columns. The author is Shaik Hedayut Ali, subadar and sirdar bahadoor, Bengal Sikh Police Battalion, commanded by Captain T. Rattray, who translated the production from the original Oordoo:—

"I deem it my duty, as far as it lies in my power, to explain what has led to the disaffection lately so universally evinced both by the native army and many of the sirdars or chieftains throughout Hindostan.

"It is well known to the British Government, and to all the world, that the country of Hindostan in former times was almost solely inhabited by people of Hindoo persuasion, and that many years afterwards the Mahomedans conquered the country;

and it is also well known that the Hindoos are proverbially foolish on the score of religion, and deem no religion equal to their own.

"To the best of my belief and understanding, the first symptoms of disaffection to the British Government on the part of the Sepoys was shown in 1833, when an army from Hindostan was ordered to Cabul. When this army crossed the Indus to Attock the Sepoys became discontented, grumbling, and angry. They heard that when Rajah Maun Sing, Wuzer of one of the former Emperors of Delhi, crossed the Indus to wage war with the Affghans, he caused all the Brahmins to take off their janeo, or sacred thread worn by Brahmins and emblematic of their caste, and told all his men that the Hindoo religion extended no further than the Indus. Maun Sing built a temple on the other side the Indus, and in this temple the Brahmins were directed to suspend their janeo. This fact is well known to all Hindoos, whether literate or the reverse.

"One of the customs of the Hindoos is never to eat or cook their food until they have bathed and gone through other forms of their religion. When, in 1838-39, the army reached Affghanistan, the Hindoos left off bathing and the performance of other acts which their form of religion, demanded on account of the extreme cold, to which they were unaccustomed.

"Whatever they purchased in the bazaar for their daily food they were compelled to take from the hands of Mahomedans, because in the Cabul country all the Buncahs, with few exceptions, are of the Mahomedan faith. The Hindoos being obliged, as above stated, to abstain from certain acts of their religion (bathing, which to a Hindoo is almost as necessary as his daily food), and to receive their bread from the hands of Mahomedans, fancied they had lost their caste, and had been forced to become Mahomedans; they therefore became much dissatisfied and disgusted.

"When the winter set in at Cabul the Hindostaneo Sepoys suffered much from the snow and cold. The commanding officers, pitying their condition, gave to each man a posteen or jacket, made of sheepskin, the wool worn inwards. The Sepoys at the time pretended much to be pleased with the posteens, but really in their hearts were much displeased, because no Hindoo, except of the lowest caste, likes to touch the skin of a dead animal. Fearing to object, they consented to wear them. They thought and talked openly among themselves, 'We must not show our anger and discontent in this country, because if we do we shall never be able to return to Hindostan, and we cannot live in this country;' so they kept quiet, only to show their anger and discontent on a more opportune occasion. They, moreover, thought that even if they did mutiny in that country, and killed all the English, they would be no better off, because the Affghans would compel them to become Mahomedans. Many Sepoys of the 27th and 51st Native Infantry, who were wounded and taken prisoners, were converted to Mahomedanism. Don't let any English gentleman think that the above is not true, because they were not acquainted with it at the time. A native of Hindostan seldom opens his mind to his officer—he only says what he thinks would please his officer. The Sepoys reserve their real opinion until they return to their lines and to their comrades.

"When the English returned to Ferozepore in 1842 I was there with the light company of my regiment (the 8th Native Infantry), in which my father was a subadar. Eight light companies were formed into one regiment, and were under orders for Affghanistan, but were never sent. I was then a private. I visited nearly all the regiments that had returned from Cabul, having many friends and acquaintances in them. The Sepoys of all the regiments were displeased at having been sent to Cabul, and said of themselves that by going to Cabul they had become outcasts to their religion, by having been compelled to clothe themselves with the skins of animals, to abstain from bathing, and other acts demanded by their religion, in consequence of the country being so unfitted for Hindoos on account of the great cold, and the whole country being Mahomedans.

"The Mahomedans of the regiment were displeased because they said the British Government had forced them to fight against people of their own creed, which was forbidden in the Koran. For saying this a subadar of the 27th Native Infantry was shot to death by musketry. The Mahomedans always boasted among themselves how they had evaded the English order, by never taking aim when they fired.

"None of the Hindoos in Hindostan would eat with their comrades when sent to Afghanistan, nor would they even allow them to touch their cooking utensils; they looked upon them all as outcasts, and treated them accordingly. It was said that the Sepoys of the 27th Native Infantry who were shut up in Ghuznee were all compelled to become Mahomedans.

"At Ferozepore Zalim Sing, a subadar in the 71st Native Infantry, told the men of the 25th Light Infantry that they had lost their caste and become Mahomedans, and that consequently none of their comrades could eat or smoke with them. For this offence he was tried by general court martial and dismissed the service. When the Sepoys of other regiments heard how the Sepoys who went to Afghanistan were treated by their own comrades, and heard what hardships they had undergone in Afghanistan, they became exceedingly dissatisfied and displeased with the Government for having ordered them there, and determined on the first favourable opportunity to show their feelings.

"The first symptoms of mutiny broke out in the 64th Native Infantry, who were ordered to Scinde on their arrival at Sukhar, and I believe previous to their arrival there they mutinied about their pay. The 7th Light Cavalry and several other regiments showed a most mutinous spirit, but beyond hanging a few men in the 64th, and transporting and dismissing others, the Government took but little notice of the bad feeling evinced.

"Some years after this the British went to war with the Sikhs, and annexed the Punjab to their dominions. On the annexation the native army occupied the country, and the Sepoys received double batta as long as they remained in the Punjab, but the British Government never openly proclaimed how long batta would be granted. From avarice and love of money the Sepoys liked serving in the Punjab. When the regiments in the Punjab had served a certain time they were relieved by other regiments from Hindostan. The relieving regiments were not allowed double batta, but drew what they would have drawn in their own provinces.

"This was looked upon as a great grievance. For this reason the 66th at Umritsar mutinied and were disbanded, and in my humble opinion was very properly treated; for if an army is faithless to its salt, and can decide as to the proper amount of pay it is to receive, of what good is it? It is right for every one to receive according to his deserts. The 32nd and 22nd Native Infantry also showed symptoms of mutiny, but they were hushed up. The Government must be well aware that when a soldier has once or twice shown a disposition to mutiny he is useless as a soldier; one mutinous Sepoy infects his whole company, and gradually one man after another, either from fear or sympathy, joins the mutineers.

"It is very necessary, when any Sepoy or Sepoys mutiny, that the commanding officer of the regiment should report fully the whole circumstance to the Government: how otherwise can Government become aware of the fact, and make proper arrangements to prevent the mutinous feeling from spreading?

"Many commanding officers to my knowledge reported their regiments all right when they knew that there were discontent and bad feeling in the ranks, and, to my belief, for the sake of the name of their respective regiments, concealed the real state of their regiments until at length the Sepoys took to murdering their officers.

"I feel perfectly convinced that up to the present time the real cause of the mutiny, and the feeling of the country generally against the British rule, is not well known to the State. It is for this reason that I am now taking the liberty of expressing my views on the subject.

"I will now attempt to explain why the sirdars and higher classes of Hindostan became disaffected to the British Government.

"In 1849 or 1850 the authorities at Saharanpore caused a large hospital to be built for the sick of all creeds and persuasions. The principal authorities (I purposely abstain from giving names, although I could do so) issued a proclamation saying that all sick men or women, high or low, 'purdah nishheen' (those who never go out in public), or others, must resort to this hospital for treatment, and all native practitioners were forbidden to prescribe or attend sick people. When the meaning of this proclamation was explained to the chief people they collected many men together for the purpose of making a disturbance, for these people imagined in their ignorance that it was the intention of the British to take away the dignity and honour of all; on this

account they became angry and excited, and determined to offer opposition, but for want of arms they could do nothing. When the authorities saw the bad feeling the proclamation had produced they withdrew it, and the excitement for a time subsided.

"A year or two after this my regiment, the 8th Native Infantry, was cantoned at Shahjehanpore. I was in the habit of visiting the chief people of the city. In course of conversation these people said to me, 'If any of our brothers commit any offence against the State, according to the nature of the offence and by the laws of the land they get punished; this is all very right and proper, and we have nothing to say against it, but the law must be bad which by its infliction ruins our religion; for instance, when any one is sentenced to imprisonment immediately on his reaching the prison his beard and moustache are cut; this to us is a great insult. In gaol it is ordered that the prisoners should eat in messes, the Mahomedans by themselves, and the the Hindoos by themselves; this is no outrage to a Mahomedan, but it is a great one to the feelings and religion of a Hindoo. One Hindoo won't eat from the hand of another unless they happen to be brothers or cousins. The Government is also well aware that there are many kinds of Brahmins; for instance, there are Tewarees, Dhobies, Choubies, Paundes, Missers, Opadiahs, Sookhuls, Baghpais, Agunitries, &c.; none of these, though all Brahmins, will eat from each other's hands—that is, won't eat what the other cooks. I ask, what is the use of such men in any army? To give an instance, among the 50 Sikhs of the regiment lately besieged at Arrah there was a Hindostanee Brahmin; this man, for five or six days, neither ate nor drank anything; at the end of this time he was so reduced that he could scarcely stand. He was of no use in the garrison, even had he been trusted; the other men, European or Sikhs, came out as well as they went in. On account of these prison arrangements it was the general opinion that the Government wished to do away with all caste. When any Hindoo is released from prison he is always tabooed by his family, and looked upon as having lost caste. On this account both the prisoner and his relatives become disaffected towards the Government. The above strictness was carried out in many gaols, in consequence of which disturbances broke out in the Gyah, Arrah, Benares, and many other gaols.

"After these events the missionaries requested all the moulavies and pundits (Mahomedan and Hindoo priests) to assemble, and when assembled asked them why they shut up their women; that they ought to let them out like women of other countries; told them that they ought not to circumcise their children, or give them the janeo, or marry them until they were eighteen years of age; and that none of the above forms should be carried out without the permission of the magistrate of the district. These questions and remarks caused great fear in the minds of both the Mahomedans and the Hindoos. They said among themselves, 'If the Government insists upon our acting up to these orders, what next shall we not be compelled to do against our customs and religion?' To talk over this matter many persons of both religions assembled in Calcutta. The missionaries of the Mofussil also spoke to the same effect to the villagers, so that all, more or less, became alarmed for their religion and displeased with the Government, for they thought the missionaries dared not give such orders without the consent of the Government.

"The Government is well aware that the generality of the inhabitants of Hindostan are uneducated and extremely bigoted, and the more educated they are the more bigoted; they have no books or literature, and think what their fathers did before them must be the best; for instance, they wear the same clothes, of the same pattern as their ancestors did before them, and imagine that if they put on a coat or trousers of an English cut it indicates a Christian; they think anything new or anything they don't understand must be meant, in some way or other, to affect their religion.

"From this foolishness on their part all the late anarchy and ruin have come to pass."

[To be concluded in our next.]

ARRIVAL OF THE HEAVY CALCUTTA AND CHINA MAILS.—(SOUTHAMPTON, Dec. 2.)—The Peninsular and Oriental Company's steamship *Nyanza*, Captain Weeks, with the heavy portion of the above mails, arrived here this morning. She brings 64 passengers, specie, £792, and a general cargo, including 1,300 bales raw silk, value £95,000 sterling.

HOME.

MISCELLANEOUS.

WEDDING IN THE TEMPLE CHURCH.—Yesterday (Tuesday) morning, for the first time for nearly a hundred years, a marriage was solemnised at the Temple Church, Fleet-street, which was not originally licensed for the celebration of marriages. Mr. Arthur Hornby, late of the Bombay Civil Service, son of Mr. John Hornby, of The Hook, Hampshire, and brother of the Countess of Egmont, was married by special licence to Esther Dornfield, daughter of the Rev. Thomas Robinson, D.D., Master of the Temple, and Canon of Rochester, late Lord Almoner's Reader at Cambridge, and Archdeacon of Madras. From the Master's house in the Temple to the gates the path was covered with a canopy, and surrounded with beautiful evergreens and festoons of flowers and leaves along the garden. The bride was attended by Miss M. Robinson, Miss Duffy, and the Misses Hoare as bridesmaids, and arrived at the church shortly before twelve. She was given away by her venerable father, the service being performed by the Rev. C. E. R. Robinson (her brother), the incumbent of Holy Trinity, Gravesend, and honorary canon of Rochester, the Rev. J. G. Lonsdale, canon of Lichfield and Reader at the Temple, and the Rev. Mr. Buller. A breakfast was given afterwards at the Master's house—among the guests being the Countess of Egmont, Captain and Mrs. and Miss Hoare, Captain and Mrs. Bedford, the Rev. Canon Lonsdale, Captain and Mrs. Buller, Mr. and Mrs. O. Hornby, &c.

STRANGE IF TRUE.—Several London journals have noticed with considerable severity a case of which we take the following account from the *Pall Mall Gazette*:—"The last advices from Simla announce that on the 16th day of September, 1865, Gunner John Rochford, No. 251, of the 19th Brigade Royal Artillery, has been sentenced by a general court-martial, 'E. Kaye, Colonel, president,' to five years' penal servitude, 'for having, when a prisoner under the sentence of a district court-martial, disobeyed the lawful command of his superior officer, Provost-Sergeant T. O'Keefe, to scrub the boards of his cell.' To this sentence the court appended the further recommendation that, should the culprit survive the term of his servitude, he 'shall be discharged from her Majesty's service with ignominy.' Sir William Mansfield, Commander-in-Chief in India, has confirmed and approved this apparently excessive punishment for an act of 'insubordination' unaccompanied by violence. Possibly the condition in which Sir William has found the British army in India renders such severity necessary, and we are not inclined, in the complete ignorance in which we are as to the facts of the case, to call in question the justice and humanity of so distinguished and enlightened an officer. But if a private artilleryman is thus condemned to what, in a tropical climate, amounts to penal servitude for life, we await with anxiety, not unmixed with trepidation, the punishment which will be awarded to the three field officers of the 6th Dragoons who have been reported to his Excellency by Sir C. Van Straubenzee for writing insubordinate letters from Mhow to their superior officers. We shudder, also, for the probable fate of General Green, the officer in command of the Mhow division, who has been guilty of the peculiarly military crime of writing to the *Times* to accuse his superior officer—i.e. less a personage than Sir W. Mansfield himself—of deliberate falsehood."

BANDA AND KIRWA PRIZE-MONEY.—At the Admiralty Court, on the 28th ult., before Dr. Lushington, Dr. Deane, Q.C., applied on the part of Sir Hugh Rose that the evidence might be closed by the 8th December, and the case proceed, without any further delay, to the hearing on the 8th of January. The

Queen's Advocate had no objection to the motion, but only as to the copies of the evidence to be delivered. Mr. V. Lushington, Mr. C. Pollock, and other learned counsel for their respective claimants concurred in the proposal. Mr. Bayford, for General Wheeler, could not agree to the motion, as search was being made for a later, and additional evidence might be filed. He thought a supplemental bill, as in Chancery, might be filed if permitted by the court. His lordship approved of the suggestion of the learned counsel, Mr. Bayford, but after some discussion the evidence was directed to be closed by December 8th, and the case finally heard on the 8th of January.

PENINSULAR AND ORIENTAL COMPANY.—The twenty-fifth annual report of the Peninsular and Oriental Steam Navigation Company, presented at their annual meeting yesterday (Tuesday), shows that the company stood possessed on the 30th September last of £3,706,013. 14s. 5d. in ships, docks, and other property at home and abroad. The capital account of £3,248,336. 11s. 4d. presents a surplus of £458,651. 3s. 1d. The gross revenue was £2,136,076. 8s. 9d., leaving a net profit of £159,077. 7s. 3d. Out of this a dividend of 3½ per cent. was paid at the half-yearly meeting ending in March, and the same is recommended in the present report, carrying over a balance of £6,827. 7s. 3d. The directors deplore the loss of the *Corca*, a vessel of the value of £26,000, which is supposed to have foundered in a typhoon in the Chinese seas on the night of the 29th June. They have also to report damage by the cyclone at Calcutta to the extent of £17,075. 9s. 11d. Mr. A. Anderson, the chairman, on moving the adoption of the report, remarked with regret upon the more than ordinary mortality amongst the *employees* of the company, and took occasion to say that the distress of the survivors had been alleviated by the benefits accruing from insurance. On the subject of the Australian postage the chairman combated the complaints that had been publicly made, and he maintained that the delays were not longer than were rendered inevitable by the ordinary exigencies of the wind and weather. In the course of discussion it was recommended that the company should carry second-class passengers. Ultimately the report was adopted. There are 10,000 men afloat in the service of the company; the navigation in one year is about 1,500,000 miles.

CALCUTTA AND SOUTH-EASTERN RAILWAY.—The half-yearly meeting of the shareholders was held on the 30th ult., at 211, Gresham-house. Mr. Borradaile was in the chair, and in moving the adoption of the report, an abstract of which has already appeared in these columns, said that the principal matter of interest was still the operations of the Canning Company, who were making good progress in their arrangements for the wharfage for the shipping during the cold season. He had reason to believe that some of the coasting steamers that had left Calcutta would be ordered, on their return voyage in the present month, to proceed to the Muttah and take up their quarters there, and it depended on the facilities afforded by the company whether the latter would have a continuous line of steamers to the port. The report was then adopted. Mr. Marsham, in answer to a question from a shareholder, said that the question of the bridge across the Hooghly would no doubt, but for the accident to Sir C. Wood, have been settled by this time. The proposal was that such a bridge should be constructed for the purpose of connecting the East Indian line with that of the Calcutta and South-Eastern Company. It was not exactly determined in what manner that connection should be made, as it was rather a question of the purchase of land in Calcutta; but he thought it was the purpose of the East Indian Railway Company

and the Government that there should be a junction at some one point. It was expected that as soon as the bridge was completed the cargoes of vessels coming to Muttah would be sent direct, without any breakage, up the country through the East Indian Railway, which would be a matter of the greatest importance to both of the railway companies. The expenditure for the construction of the bridge would be large. He believed the expense would be borne by the East Indian Railway Company, and there was no doubt the work would be completed within four or five years.

SCINDE RAILWAY.—The acting agent writes, under date of 21th October:—"The traffic continues steadily to improve, and I am very confident that this current half-year will show very well indeed. The expenses will show a marked difference, but this will be still more apparent in the next half-year. Much praise has been bestowed by the military authorities on the officers of the Scinde Railway for the efficient manner in which they conveyed several regiments along the line. Great interest continues to be felt, both in Scinde and the Punjab in the extension of the Scinde Railway to Mooltan."

PUNJAB RAILWAY.—The acting agent reports on the 18th of October:—"I am glad to be able to say that the present month has brought additional traffic, and I am sanguine that this, the first cold season since the entire line was open, will show very hopeful results."

INDIAN TRAMWAY COMPANY (LIMITED).—The fourth ordinary meeting of the shareholders of this company was held on the 29th ult. at 62, Moorgate-street: Sir Macdonald Stephenson, chairman, in the chair. On the motion of the chairman the report, the substance of which has already appeared, was adopted unanimously. On the motion of Mr. Alderman Rose, seconded by Mr. Lowndes, J. F. Leith, Esq., Sir M. Stephenson, and G. Norton, Esq., directors, who retired by rotation, were re-elected. Mr. J. A. Franklin and Mr. G. Smith were re-elected auditors for the current year. Captain James Cundy moved—"That the directors be paid the usual remuneration for their services since the establishment of the company, and that they be requested to accept it in paid-up shares out of those remaining unallotted." Mr. H. Pratt seconded the resolution, which was carried. This terminated the business of the ordinary general meeting, which was then made special, when, on the motion of Mr. Hodgson Pratt, seconded by Mr. Alderman Rose, the following resolution was adopted—"That the directors be and are hereby authorised to arrange with the Right Honourable the Secretary of State for India in Council for the extension of the line from Conjeeveram to Pondicherry, upon such terms as the board may approve, subject to confirmation by the shareholders at a meeting to be convened for the purpose."

CHINA STEAM SHIP AND LABUAN COAL COMPANY.—The directors have issued a short report in which they state that, referring to their circular of the 7th July last, they take the occasion of the return of Mr. Price, the secretary of the company, from China and India, to lay before the shareholders some particulars of the affairs of the company, as also extracts from the correspondence of Mr. Pitman, the marine superintendent in the East. The steamers of the company are being actively employed, and the directors have now before them valuable suggestions for augmenting their fleet and securing additional openings for profitable employment of the vessels. Mr. Price was enabled to dispose of the steam ship *Elgin* in Japan upon favourable terms, and the board are in negotiation for replacing her at once with a vessel of larger carrying powers, more suitable for their present requirements. The only difficulty with which the company has now to contend, is that of shipping in regular and sufficient

quantities. It is the aim of the board to introduce a steady and permanent supply of labour as soon as possible. With this view they are in correspondence with the Secretary for the Colonies for a grant of land to enable the company to make free grants to married Chinese, by which means they become actual settlers in the colony.

THE MADRAS IRRIGATION AND CANAL COMPANY.—The thirteenth ordinary general meeting of the shareholders of this company was held on the 29th ult., at Great Queen-street-place, Southwark-bridge: James Thomson, Esq., in the chair. The Chairman, in moving that the report (the substance of which has already appeared) be received and adopted, entered minutely into every detail connected with the various works in progress, and stated that a sum of £6,000 had been sanctioned for the coating of the ancient, and the effect of the granite coating would be to raise it by one foot, without any damage likely to arise from the increased facilities of improving the main canal. Telegraphic communication was about being laid on between Sovakasala and Cuddapah, at a charge of £34 per mile, the distance being 170 miles. In looking at the financial position of the company, they had had many difficulties to contend against both from within and without, and there had been a want of sympathy on the part of the Government, seeing that the effect of the enterprise must be beneficial to the ryots. He had heard it stated that their works had proved a failure, but there had never been anything like a failure. The canal had cost more than was originally contemplated, but when completed it would confer the greatest benefits on the country. The hon. gentleman stated that in order to complete the first section of their work it would be necessary to appeal to the public for additional capital. The motion having been seconded by the Hon. P. P. Bouverie was carried unanimously after a desultory conversation. The retiring directors were re-elected, and a vote of thanks to the chairman and other officers was carried with acclamation.

EAST INDIA IRRIGATION AND CANAL COMPANY.—The ninth ordinary general meeting of the shareholders in the above company was held on the 30th ult., at Queen-street-place, Southwark-bridge; the chair was occupied by Mr. James Thomson, chairman of the company. The Chairman moved the adoption of the report, which he presumed would be taken as read, and was very sorry that the recent news had not quite borne out the anticipations expressed at the last meeting; but of course no human precautions could have guarded against the inundations which had so much retarded the works. They had had to pass through the whole period of the rainy season, but by the latest accounts active operations had been resumed. They had followed the plan of confining their operations to such portions of their undertaking as they thought would give a remunerative dividend on their existing capital, and their calculations under that head had been pretty fairly borne out. Having detailed the state of advancement which each portion of the works had attained, and which was highly satisfactory, he stated that for these canals the company anticipated a traffic of 100,000 tons annually, which of itself would yield a satisfactory return for the money expended. With respect to the irrigation project, he saw no reason for doubting that when completed it would yield a return of 22 per cent.—(hear, hear). The report was agreed to, as were also resolutions re-appointing the outgoing directors and auditors.

DESPATCH OF THE CALCUTTA AND CHINA MAILS.—SOUTHAMPTON, Dec. 4.—The Peninsular and Oriental Company's steamship *Pera*, Captain Jamieson, sailed hence this afternoon with the mails for Gibraltar, the Mediterranean, Egypt, Aden, Ceylon, India and China. She took out one hundred and ten

first and forty-five second-class passengers, and on freight specie value £34,890. 2s., for the following ports, viz.:—Galle, jewellery, £50; Madras, gold coin, £4,750. 10s.; silver coin, gold thread, &c., £798. 12s.; Calcutta, bar silver, £1,350; Singapore, dollars, £10,000, jewellery, &c., £648; Hong Kong, dollars, £15,110, watches, jewellery, &c., £2,033; and for Foochow, watches, £150.

ARRIVAL OF THE HEAVY BOMBAY MAILS.—(SOUTHAMPTON, Nov. 28.)—The Peninsular and Oriental Company's steamship *Delta*, Captain Kellock, with the Bombay and Mediterranean mails, arrived here to-day. She brings forty-two passengers, including Major Seaman, from Bombay, and General Castilla, from Gibraltar. The *Delta* brings on freight 19 packages specie, value £4,788; and pearls value 27,000 rupees.

MALTA AND ALEXANDRIA TELEGRAPH.—Intelligence has been received that the "fault" by which the traffic over the Malta and Alexandria telegraph line was suspended for eight days has been repaired. The short time that was occupied in completing the repairs and renewing telegraphic communication is ascribable to the circumstance of a vessel being stationed at Malta, provided with a stock of spare cable and an experienced staff.

EXPORT OF SPECIE.—The *Pera*, which left Southampton on the 4th instant, took out £31,211, of which £4,751 is in gold, and the rest in silver.

SHIPPING.

ARRIVALS.

Nov. 28. Oribe, Colombo.—Dec. 1. Sir Jamsetjee Family, Calcutta; Cuzana, Calcutta.—2. Monitor, Singapore; Westborne, Manila; Tempest, Moulemein.—4. King of Trumps, Madras; Lady Londborough, Mauritius.

DEPARTURES.

Nov. 30. Ambrose, Bombay; Calumet, Bombay; James Montgomery, Aden; Kenilworth Castle, Calcutta.—Dec. 1. Sir J. Lawrence, Calcutta; Kirkham, Calcutta; Queen of May, Singapore; Loyalty, Manila; Ganges, Calcutta.—2. John Eliot, Calcutta; Abdul Mejid, Colombo; Louisa, Bombay.—5. Bosphorus, Rangoon; Hecuba, Calcutta; Dane, Singapore; City of Canton, Calcutta.

PASSENGERS DEPARTED.

Per Overland Route.

Per str. *Pera*, from Southampton, Dec. 4.—To CALCUTTA.—Mr. J. McKee, Capt. and Mrs. Waterfield, Miss Waterfield, Col. C. Reid, &c., Mrs. and Miss Reid, Col. W. B. Marshall, Mrs. Ryvenhew, Mr. W. H. Cheetham, Mr. and Mrs. F. H. Huth, Miss Whitehouse, Mrs. F. A. Rundall and two daughters, Mr. Gilechrist, Lieut. Galloway, Mrs. Lee, Mr. Wallace, Mr. W. B. Balfour, Mr. J. Tower, Mr. and Mrs. Herbert, Capt. M. Murphy, Mr. McCintock, Miss Dunbar, Mrs. Col. Watson, Mr. C. A. Eglinton, Miss C. Shepherd, Mr. W. D'var, Mr. D. Shannon, Asst. surg. Fiolloft, Mr. and Mrs. Newton and infant, Miss Barlow, Col. Longden, Mr. P. Llewellyn, Mr. W. Llewellyn, Mr. R. Llewellyn, Mr. W. B. Jamieson, Maj. R. A. Napper, Mr. Duff, Mr. Prichard, Mr. Steers, Mr. A. Richardson, Capt. Farrington. To MADRAS.—Capt. and Mrs. H. Taylor, Miss E. M. Moore, Maj. and Mrs. Sage and child, Miss Gouson, Miss E. M. Rundall, Miss Dobbin, Miss Griffiths, Mr. and Mrs. Smith and child, Mr. R. Flower, Col. and Mrs. Lukin, Mr. C. Bullmore, Mr. H. Brady, Mr. L. Williams, Maj. G. A. Searle, Lieut. Russell, Mr. W. G. C. Johnstone. Per str. *Ripon*, from Marseilles.—To CALCUTTA.—Capt. and Mrs. A. Vivian, Mr. and Mrs. Kempson, Capt. and Mrs. Handley, Mr. A. S. Darley, Mr. F. L. Hawes, Mr. Passmore, Mr. H. de Smit, Mr. R. Lachlan, Mr. and Mrs. J. Clough, Mr. and Mrs. Murray and two children, Mr. A. D. Harrington, Rev. E. C. Stuart, Mr. P. D. Shaw, Mr. J. W. Lowe, Mr. H. W. Alexander, Rev. J. Dawson, Miss Bristowe, Mr. C. B. Clarke, Mr. and Mrs. Ceely. To MADRAS.—Capt. N. Farrer, Rev. F. C. and Mrs. Pratt, Capt. Cooch, Capt. and Mrs. Tennant, Mrs. W. G. L. Cotton, Mr. J. Ross, Mr. G. S. Forbes.

DOMESTIC.

BIRTHS.

PEMBERTON—The wife of Richard L. Pemberton, Esq., of a daughter, at the Harnes, Sunderland, Dec. 1.

SHAKESPEARE—The wife of the Rev. C. Shakespeare, of a son, at 17, Westmoreland-road, Bayswater, Dec. 1.

YOUNG—The wife of George Gordon Young, Esq., Bengal Staff Corps, of a daughter, at Torquay, Nov. 21.

MARRIAGES.

ARMSTRONG—WOODRUFFE—John S. Armstrong, Esq., of the Bengal C.S., to Fanny E. E., daughter of the late Daniel Woodruffe, Esq., at the British Embassy, Paris, Nov. 25.

DODS—GIBSON—Capt. Peter Dods, H.M.'s Bombay Staff Corps, to Agnes Allan, daughter of John Gibson, Esq., at Woolmet, near Edinburgh, Nov. 23.

FARLEY—BERTOLACCI—Henry W. Farley, Esq., H.M.'s late Indian Navy, to Clementina E., daughter of the late Clement Bertolacci, Esq., at All Saints, Wandsworth, Nov. 29.

LUCAS—EDGECOME—Frederick Lucas, Esq., R.N., to Emily, daughter of the late George Edgcome, Esq., surgeon, 5th Madras L.C., at Penwerris Church, Falmouth, Nov. 30.

LUMSDEN—LEITH—William James Lumsden, Esq., of Balmodie, Aberdeenshire, to Williamina S., daughter of the late Col. Forbes Leigh, at Whitehaugh, Aberdeenshire, Nov. 30.

RAMSDEN—DAWSON—Hildebrand Ramsden, Esq., of Bombay, to Margaret E., daughter of James Dawson, Esq., at Loughton Church, Essex, Nov. 28.

ROWLANDSON—TURNER—Walter Rowlandson, Esq., Lieut. 17th Madras N.I., son of Lieut.-col. M. J. Rowlandson, to Agnes Mary, daughter of the late Richard Turner, Esq., surgeon, of Tunbridge Wells, at Tunbridge Wells, Nov. 24.

WHEELER—GRIER—Charles Eyre Wheeler, Esq., 95th Regt., son of Major-General the late Sir Hugh Massy Wheeler, K.C.B., to Jane Emily, daughter of the Rev. John Grier, incumbent of Amblecote, at Amblecote Church, Nov. 29.

WROUGHTON—ARMSTRONG—Arthur, son of the late J. C. Wroughton, Esq., H.E.I.C.S., to Donna, daughter of the late N. Armstrong, Esq., 30th Regt., at Hove Church, Cliftonville, Brighton, Nov. 23.

DEATHS.

BEAUFORT—Miss Harriett Beaufort, sister of the late Admiral Sir Francis Beaufort, K.C.B., in Dublin, aged 89, Nov. 25.

DOUGLAS—Lieut. Henry Douglas, of H.M.'s late Indian Navy, at Uxbridge-gardens, Bayswater, Nov. 21.

GREENSTREET—Anna Maria, daughter of the late General J. Greenstreet, of Frenchay, at Clifton, aged 47, Nov. 26.

HAMERTON—Laetitia, relict of William Henry Hamerton, late of Calcutta, at Prince of Wales-road, Haverstock-hill, aged 80, Nov. 27.

LASCELLES—Harriet, the wife of the Rev. Herbert Lascelles, late Chaplain H.E.I.C.S., at Boulogne-sur-Mer, Nov. 21.

NICHOL—Robert, only son of the late William Nichol, Esq., late of Calcutta, at 9, Holford-square, aged 20, Nov. 29.

PRINCE—John Prince, Esq., formerly of the East India-house, at Heathfield, Greenheys, Manchester, Nov. 30.

RENNICK—Richard F., son of the late Major Alexander Rennick, H.E.I.C.S., of Derryargan, county Fermanagh, aged 48, Nov. 22.

SEATON—Eliza, widow of the late Capt. Francis L. Seaton, of the Bengal Army, at Oakham, aged 51, Nov. 21.

India Office,

December 6, 1865.

ARRIVALS REPORTED IN ENGLAND.

MILITARY.

Bengal Estab.—Lieut. H. E. Eliot, Inf.; Lieut. J. May, 72nd N.I.; Major R. F. Webster, 3rd Eur. Regt.; Lieut. A. D. Inglis, 18th N.I.

Madras Estab.—Lieut. H. C. Onslow, Staff Corps.

Bombay Estab.—Lieut. G. C. Hogg, 2 Cav.; Capt. H. F. Bolton, Staff Corps; Lieut. R. Westmacott, Staff Corps; Lieut. E. R. Goode, 16th N.I.

GRANTED EXTENSION OF LEAVE.

MILITARY.

Bengal Estab.—Surg. major J. Lee, Med. Estab., 6 mo.; Asst. surg. H. Thom, Med. Estab., 6 mo.

Madras Estab.—Lieut. L. C. Desborough, 51st N.I., 6 mo.; Major G. S. Simson, 5th L.C., 6 mo.

Bombay Estab.—Major A. G. Sinclair, 26th N.I., 6 mo.; Capt. J. C. Farquharson, 2 Cav., 6 mo.; Lieut. H. Gardiner, 8th N.I., 6 mo.

PERMITTED TO RETURN TO DUTY.

MILITARY.

Bengal Estab.—Major R. A. Napper, 55th N.I.; Lieut. col. J. W. Carter, 54th N.I.; Major G. R. Westmacott, Staff Corps; Capt. W. S. Smith, 56th N.I.; Lieut. A. Vivian, Staff Corps.

Madras Estab.—Major C. W. Dunn; Capt. W. Robertson, Staff Corps; Lieut. R. F. Chapman, Inf.; Capt. T. B. Tennant, Staff Corps; Major F. L. Maguire, Staff Corps.

PERMITTED TO RETIRE.

MILITARY.

Bengal Estab.—Surg. D. H. Small, Med. Estab.

Madras Estab.—Lieut. T. Taylor, Unatt.

PERMITTED TO RESIGN.

MILITARY.

Bengal Estab.—Capt. H. W. Chapman, 28th N.I.

Madras Estab.—Lieut. C. E. Shirreffs, 30th N.I.

INDIA EXCHANGES.

	60 days' sight.	30 days' sight.		60 days' sight.	30 days' sight.
Calcutta	1s. 11½d.	2s. 0d.	Singapore	4s. 5½d.	4s. 6d.
Madras	2s. 0d.	2s. 0½d.	Hong Kong	4s. 5½d.	4s. 6d.
Bombay	2s. 0½d.	2s. 0½d.	Shanghai	—	—
Colombo	1s. pm.	1 0½pm.			

Bar Silver, per oz., std.	...	5s. 1½d.
Mexican Dollars, per oz.	...	4s. 11½d.
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STOCKS AND SECURITIES.

Shares.		Paid.	Prices.
2.	India Stock, 1874		216 to 219
	India 5 per cent.		105½
	India 4 per cent.		96½
	India 4 per cent. 1849		105½
	India Enforced Paper 4 pr. ct.		89
	India 5 p. ct. Enfd. Paper, 1872		102
	India Stock, Enfd. Paper, 5 p. cent.		108 to 109
	India Stock Debentures, 1855		95½
	India Stock Debentures, 1859		98½
	" " " " 1864		99½
	" " " " 1864 or 1866		99½
	India Debentures, do., £1,000		98
	Do. 4 per cent., 1866		98
	India 5 per cent. for account		105½ to 5
	India 5 per cent., 1870		99½
	India 4 per cent., 1888		104½
	India Loan Scrip 5 per cent.		18s. pm.
	India Bonds, 4 p. ct. (£1,000)		1s. to 19s. pm.
	India Bonds (£1,000)		19s. to 24s. pm.
	Do (under £1,000)		
Stock	RAILWAYS.		
	Bombay, Baroda, and Central India (guar. 5 per cent.)	100	102½ to 103½
20	Do F Shares	6	4 d. to ½ pm.
Stock	Calcutta & S. Eastern (lim.)	100	99 to 101
Stock	Eastern Bengal (gu. 5 p. ct.)	100	102½ to 103½
Stock	East Indian	100	104 to 105
20	Do J. Extension	all	½ to 2 pm.
Stock	G. I. Peninsula (gu. 5 p. ct.)	100	104 to 105 x.n.
20	Do (New dist.)	16	½ to 2 pm.
Stock	Do, New	6	½ to 2 pm.
Stock	Great S. of India (Lim.) Scrip	100	101½ to 102½
Stock	Do 4½ p. c.	2	
Stock	Madras (guar. 4½ per cent.)	100	88 to 90
Stock	Do 5 per cent.	100	101½ to 102½
Stock	Do (guar. 4½ per cent.)	100	93 to 95
20	5th Extension	2	½ to 2 dis.
Stock	Scinde (guar. 5 per cent.)	100	101½ to 102½
Stock	Do Indus Steam Flotilla (guar. 5 per cent.)	100	
Stock	Delhi guar. 5 per cent.	100	101 to 102
Stock	Do Delhi gua. 5 p. c.	all	101½ to 102½
20	Do	2	½ to 2 d.
Stock	Punjab (5 per cent.)	100	101 to 103
	BANKS.		
50	Agra and Masterman's (L.)	25	56 to 57
20	Asiatic Banking Corp., new issue, £15 pm., on which £7. 10s. has been paid	5	18 to 20
20	Chart. of Ind., Aus., & China	all	24 to 25
25	Chart. Merc. of India, Lond., and China	all	18 to 50
25	Commercial Bank of India	all	30½ to 31½
100	Hindustan, China, & Japan	25	18 to 20
20	Land Mortgage Bank of India	4	½ to 2 pm.
25	Oriental Bank Corporation	all	51 to 53
20	Scinde, Punjab, & Delhi (L.)	10	4½ to 4½ dis.
	MISCELLANEOUS.		
5	Bombay Gas (Lim.)	all	5½ to 5½ pm.
5	Second issue	5	½ to 1 pm.
5	Third issue	8	½ to 2 pm.
20	Ceylon Company (Lim.)	7	3½ to 4½ pm.
20	East India Irr. & Can.	12	4 to 8 dis.
60	E. I. Financial (Lim.)	7½	
20	Madras Irrig. and Canal	15	2 to 1 dis.
20	Do	all	18½ to 19½
20	Nerbudda Coal & Iron (Lim.)	5	3 to 1 dis.
20	Do. New	2	2 to 1 dis.
10	North Assam Tea (Lim.)	1½	½ to 1
20	Do. B.	5	2 to 1 dis.
50	Oriental Commercial (Lim.)	7½	
10	Oriental Inland Steam A. (L.)	10	9 to 7 dis.
50	P. and O. Steam Nav. Co.	all	1 to 2
50	Do New	all	74 to 76
10	Upper Assam Tea (Lim.)	35	17 to 19 pm.
10	Do	4½	½ to 2½ pm.
	Do	all	18 to 15

ADVERTISEMENTS.

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We beg respectfully to inform Merchants and Shippers
for the India Market, that we have recently made such ar-
rangements with the Brewery as will enable us in future to
execute any orders for Bottled Stout with which they may
favour us, with promptness, and on the best terms.

SPARKS, MOLINE, & Co., Sole Consignees.
London November, 1863.

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54 Charing cross (Established Thirty-five Years), con-
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Detailed Price Lists sent by post on application.

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ESSENCE OF FLUID EXTRACT OF RED JAMAICA
SARSAPARILLA is appreciated for its Purity, and marked
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Attenuation of Body, as an Alterative Medicine at the
Changes of the Seasons, and for freeing the system from the
effects of Mercury.

In India and the Colonies it is extensively used to prevent
taking complaints incidental to Tropical Climates, and as a
renovator of the system after Sickness inviolable.

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"We are in every respect satisfied with it."—Lancet.

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Review.

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FRANPTON'S PILLS OF HEALTH. They unite the recom-
mendation of a mild operation with the most successful effect;
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Ball-Room Companion, emitting on pressure a jet of delicious
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is greatly superior to any tooth powder—gives the teeth a
pearl-like whiteness, protects the enamel from decay, and im-
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Perfected and Exhibited in the Great Exhibition of
1851, is allowed by upwards of 200 Medical Gentlemen to be
the most effective invention in the curative treatment of
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effects, is here avoided; a soft bandage being worn round the
body, while the requisite resting power is supplied by the
MOC-MAIN PAD and PATENT LEVER, fitting with so
much ease and closeness that it cannot be detected, and may
be worn during sleep. A descriptive circular may be had,
and the Truss (which cannot fail to fit) forwarded by post on
the circumference of the body two inches below the hips
being sent to the Manufacturer, Mr. WHITE, 228, Piccadilly,
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pressible, and the best invention for giving efficient and per-
manent support in all cases of weakness and swelling of the
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TEETH.—This inimitable remedy has preserved hundreds of
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child will refuse to let its gums be rubbed with it. When
infants are at the age of four months, the Syrup should be
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a child wakes in the night with pains in the gums, the Syrup
immediately gives ease, thereby preventing convulsions, fevers,
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five years has induced unprincipled persons to imitate it, under
the name of American Soothing Syrup, and copying parts of
Mrs. Johnson's Bills, &c. Parents will, therefore, be very par-
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SYRUP, and to notice that the names of BARCLAY and SONS,
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flammatory state of the blood, attended with bad digestion
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cure. These Pills act directly on the blood, which they purify
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put into a condition which enables it to stop the approach of
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LONDON: Printed by RICHARD KINDER, Printer, at his Printing Office, Milford Lane, Strand, W.C., in the Parish of St. Clement Dances; and published by JAMES FEARCE ALLEN, 13, Waterloo-place, S.W., both in the County of Middlesex.—December 6, 1865.

ALLEN'S INDIAN MAIL

AND OFFICIAL GAZETTE

FROM

BRITISH & FOREIGN INDIA, CHINA, & ALL PARTS OF THE EAST.

(WITH THIS PAPER "THE INDIAN NEWS" IS NOW INCORPORATED.)

VOL. XXIII.—No. 695.] LONDON, MONDAY, DECEMBER 18, 1865.

[PRICE 6d.]

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DATES OF ADVICES.

Bengal.....	Nov. 11	Burmah (Rangoon) Oct. 17
Madras.....	" 16	Bombay..... Nov. 13
Agra.....	" 9	Ceylon..... " 18
China (Hong Kong)	Nov. 1.	

MAILS TO INDIA.

The Mails to India, China, &c., are made up in London, in each month, as follows:—
On the 3rd, at 6 P.M., via Marseilles and Bombay, to all parts of India.
On the 4th, at 8 A.M., via Southampton, to Calcutta, Madras, Ceylon, and China.
On the 10th, at 6 P.M., via Marseilles, to Calcutta, Madras, Ceylon, and China.
On the 12th, at 8 A.M., via Southampton, to Bombay and N.W. Provinces (also for letters only, to Madras and Lower Provinces of Bengal).
On the 18th, at 6 P.M., via Marseilles and Bombay, to all parts of India.
On the 20th, at 8 A.M., via Southampton, to Calcutta, Madras, Ceylon, and China.
On the 26th, at 6 P.M., via Marseilles, to Calcutta, Madras, Ceylon, and China.
On the 27th, at 8 A.M., via Southampton, to Bombay, and N.W. Provinces (also for letters only, to Madras and Lower Provinces of Bengal).

* * When any of the above dates occur on Sunday, the Mails via Southampton are made up on the previous Evening, and those via Marseilles on the following Evening.

RATES OF POSTAGE.

LETTERS.

Via Marseilles, $\frac{1}{2}$ oz., 10d. ... 1 oz., 1s. 8d.
Every portion of an oz. afterwards an additional 1s. 8d.
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Every portion of an oz. afterwards an additional 1s.

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Each succeeding $\frac{1}{2}$ oz., 8d.

A French line of mail packets now leaves Marseilles on the 19th of every month for Alexandria. Postage for letters and papers to India and China the same as is charged by the English mail via Marseilles. Letters intended to be forwarded by these packets must be specially addressed "By French mail packet from Marseilles."

Books, Parcels, &c., may not exceed 3 lbs. in weight, or be of greater dimensions than 24 inches in length or 12 inches in width or depth.

IN ALL CASES PREPAYMENT IS COMPULSORY.

SUMMARY AND REVIEW.

WE have received our usual files of papers, from Calcutta to the 11th of November, Madras to the 16th, and Ceylon to the 18th of that month. The regular date from Calcutta would be the 8th, but the detention of the *Mooltan* enabled the papers to issue later supplements to the Overland Summaries already despatched.

An account of the state of things in the Hooghly, which led to the detention of the mails, will be found elsewhere.

The Viceroy arrived at Calcutta on the 4th, as announced in our last; but it was not expected that the Legislative Council would proceed to business until some time this month. The bracing air of the Hills is said to have had the happiest effect upon his Excellency, who looked unusually healthy and robust.

The affairs of Bhootan still furnished the most important topic of conversation at the Presidency. Peace had not been announced, though it could not have been very far off, for the telegram received in London on the 15th of November was dated the 14th of that month, and was supposed to have been despatched even earlier, for it seemed difficult to suppose—judging by ordinary rates of speed—that the communication could have been made in one day. It may be, however, that the authorities in India cause extra exertions to be made when they have anything pleasant to tell. Not, however, that the anticipations of a pacific settlement were very favourably received. The general feeling on the subject seems to be expressed in the following remarks, which we find in the *Hurkaru*:—"It is as well that we have the Viceroy in Calcutta again, as strange rumours come floating down from Bhootan, which he will be better able to deal with than if he were at Simla. The Deb Rajah is apparently alive now to the folly and madness of his late conduct, for he is very urgent in his solicitations for peace. He has despatched 'envoys' to the frontier officials, for the purpose of arranging the terms, and he has avowed his desire to surrender all Bengalee captives who may be in his country, restore the document which the Honourable Mr. Eden was compelled to sign, take back the dooars which we have annexed, paying to the Government the annual revenue at which they are assessed, and so forth. Fears are entertained that his entreaties will be complied with, and that the troops now on the

Frontier will, like those of the King of France, have to walk down again. We say 'fears,' as there are very few in India who are blind to the true character of these overtures. The experience of many years has taught us the melancholy lesson that Asiatic savages have no superior in the world in duplicity and fraud. When dangers threaten and the storm cloud lours, there is no people on earth who will fling themselves with such finished obsequiousness before their superiors, and consent to any and every condition with all conceivable promptitude; but the instant that the pressure is taken off, all the promises and stipulations which were conceded with such apparent readiness are whistled down the wind, and they only wait for a favourable moment to turn round and sting the hand that spared them." It appears that the Tounsoo Penlow having broken with the Bhootan Government, the latter had no hopes of making resistance, and their only chance was to cajole the British Government into making terms. According to a telegram dated Dewangiri, October 31st, Dewangiri had been re-occupied, but no Bhootas were to be seen, and the place was in ruins.

The absence of rain in Bengal was telling sadly against the prospects of the cold weather crops, which had been sown in anticipation of the usual showers. All over the country, we are told, the same despairing cry arises, and the approach of the long rainless season is apprehended with dread. In this emergency, however, the action of the committee of the Agricultural Exhibitions for the Burdwan and Nuddea divisions pointed to a relief agency ready to hand, and measures were being taken to carry it into effect. The question of stopping the exportation of rice, it was thought, would also have to be considered, and the Government were being urged to take the initiative in precautionary measures.

The "Mildew Committee" had made a report, of which we give the most essential part in another column.

The Government of Oude had followed suit to the Viceroy in reference to the repudiated despatch. A notification repeating Mr. Davies's denial of the reception of the document had been addressed to "all commissioners" in the province, but was principally intended for the information of the Talookdars. We reprint the document elsewhere.

The news from Madras has been for the most part anticipated by the last Bombay

mail. The papers were still discussing the re-organisation of the local army and the Bangalore assault case. A friend of Mr. Watkins's, by the way, who was present at the horsewhipping, but not at the trial, assures the cornet in a private letter that he did not hit the editor after he was down. Why did he not speak before?

Money in Calcutta was easy and abundant. No change had been made in the rates of interest and discount by the Bank directors. In Madras the position of the market had much improved. The Bank had reduced the rate of interest and discount 2 per cent. all round.

The next arrival from India will be the Bombay Mail, which may be expected in London on Friday or Saturday next.

LATEST INTELLIGENCE.

(By Direct Overland Telegraph)

BOMBAY, Dec. 1 (3.15 P.M.).

Shirtings, good inquiry. Cotton very firm: Dhollerah, 420r. Week's export, 3,900 (? 39,000) bales. Exchange on London, 2s. 1½d. Freights, 35s.

The latest London date is the 17th Nov.

CALCUTTA, Nov. 30.

Imports quiet. Indigo higher. Exchange on London, 2s. 1½d. Government Securities: Four per Cents., 89½; Five per Cents., 101¼; Five-and-a-Half per Cents., 109½. Freights, 42s. 6d.

A private telegram from Bombay (*rile Times City Article*, Saturday) is dated the 5th inst., and reports the cotton market quiet. Broach, 380rs.; Dhollerah, 400rs.

CHINA AND JAPAN.

(By Overland Telegraph from Galle.)

CANTON, Nov. 15.

The gunboats have successfully attacked the pirates in the neighbourhood of Amoy.

Advices from Japan state that the foreign Ministers had gone on an expedition to open Osseo livywn (? Ossaco)* to foreign trade.

The other murderers of Major Baldwin and Lieutenant Bird had been arrested at Jeddo. They confessed their crime, and were executed.

Grey shirtings and water twist higher. Tea advancing. Total export to date, 81,500,000 lbs. Exchange on London, 4s. 6½d.

* According to treaty, this port is to be opened in 1866.

THE BOMBAY MAIL.

ALEXANDRIA, Dec. 15.

The *Mongolia* left here at noon, and the *Poonah* at 4 P.M. yesterday (14th).

The former may be expected at Marseilles on the 20th (letters in London on the 22nd) and the latter at Southampton about the 27th instant.

CALCUTTA AND CHINA MAILS.

SUEZ, Saturday.

The *Nemesis*, with the above mails, arrived here at 3 P.M. to-day.

Casualties by Death in the Armies of India reported since last Publication.

MADRAS.—Lieut. A. C. Easton, 49th N.I., at Madras, Nov. 6. Dr. H. Indyside, 28th M.N.I., at Kurnool, Oct. 31.
BOMBAY.—Maj. C. S. Jessop, H.M.'s Bombay Army, at Clarence-lodge, Shirley, Bants, aged 40, Dec. 3.

Passengers by the present Mail.

FOR MARSEILLES.—From CALCUTTA.—Mr. J. O. B. Saunders, Mr. and Mrs. Eldridge and friend and two children. Lieut. Burton, Capt. Smith, Lieut. Beauchamp, Lieut. Spencer, Mr. Salt, Mr. and Mrs. Mylne and three children. From MADRAS.—Mr. C. H. Taylor, Capt. Bowden. From ALEXANDRIA.—Mr. Fletcher, Mr. Long.

Expected at Southampton.

Per str. *Massilia*, Dec. 22.—From CALCUTTA.—Col. Clarkson, Mrs. Gough and child, Mrs. Philpotts and three children, Mrs. Stratford and infant, Capt. Brown, Mrs. Johnson and child, Mr. C. Masters, Mrs. Colgan, Mrs. Kipper, Col. and Mrs. Haythorn, Mrs. Fisher and child, Lieut. Hims. Asst. Surg. Carlisle, Mrs. Rumsley. From MADRAS.—Capt. Johnstone, Mr. Macdonald.

To Correspondents.

All letters for insertion in *Allen's Indian Mail* should be accompanied with the real name and address of the writer, "not necessarily for publication, but as a guarantee of good faith."

Communications for the Editor, and Advertisements, should be sent under cover to Messrs. W.M. H. ALLEN & Co., 13, Waterloo-place, S.W.

* Should any delay or irregularity occur in supplying this Paper, communication of the fact to the Publisher will insure a remedy.

ALLEN'S INDIAN MAIL,

MONDAY, December 18, 1865.

THE MYSTERIOUS DESPATCH.

THE Government of India has at last pronounced upon the alleged secret despatch, in which Sir John Lawrence was made to declare official war against the talookdars of Oude, and decide upon the necessity for a revision of their sumuds. The official letter from the Governor-general in Council to the Secretary of State for India, published in our last number, declares as follows:—"As shown by the Chief Commissioner no such despatch was received by Mr. Davies, whose only instructions were communicated to him through Mr. Wingfield, the Chief Commissioner. It is needless for us to add that no letter of the number and date quoted, nor any letter whatever of the purport quoted, was issued by the Government of India. No instructions were at any time given to Mr. Davies but through the Chief Commissioner, Mr. Wingfield. The wishes of the Government in respect to the conduct of his duties by Mr. Davies are contained in the despatch of the Foreign Secretary, Colonel H. M. Durand, C.B., to the Chief Commissioner, No. 284, dated 30th September, 1864, as printed in the Blue-book upon Oude."

Sir John Lawrence is thus plainly absolved from official responsibility in the matter. Even were the despatch drafted in the Foreign Department—whence it is alleged to have been obtained—it was clearly never issued, and can therefore have no official existence. Its publication was therefore quite unwarrantable, and could have been effected only by surreptitious means. While supposing it to be the "forgery" which it is alleged to be—not by the Government, but by certain Government champions in the press—the offence clearly becomes one of far greater magnitude. It is not to be supposed, however, that, in the latter case, the delinquent would remain undetected, and the means taken for his discovery must determine the real origin of the document. In reference, too, to the avowed policy of Sir John Lawrence, so notably crippled by Sir Charles Wood's despatch of the 10th of

February last, the *Delhi Gazette* makes a suggestion which is worthy of notice. Our contemporary, while awaiting a solution of the mystery from London, thus refers to the alleged correspondence with Mr. Davies as Financial Commissioner in Oude:—

"The subject being uppermost in our mind, we turn to Act XVI. of 1865, and endeavour to fathom its depth. It is styled 'An Act to Remove Doubts as to the Jurisdiction of the Revenue Courts in the Province of Oude in Suits relating to Land, and to Enlarge the Period of Limitation in such Suits.' It appears to us this law was intended to enable the local authorities to carry out the policy and objects laid down in the letter to Mr. Davies. The Act received the assent of the Governor-General on the 7th of April, 1865, and the doubtful letter is dated the 15th of September, 1864. Admitting that the latter was never written, or, having been written, was subsequently recalled, the former, it appears to us, was intended either to supply its place or to supplement it, as the case may be. The influence of considerations of policy rather than of justice is apparent in certain provisions of it. It takes from the cognisance of the ordinary courts (S. 4), and transfers to the Revenue Court, all suits, of whatever description, respecting the title, succession to, or possession of land (S. 2). It constitutes the Financial Commissioner the Court of Appeal (S. 2). It abrogates, as regards suits relating to any under-tenure, the law of limitation, and under-tenure holders may sue in any cause of action which has arisen since February 13th, 1844. It is true these special provisions as respects the exclusive jurisdiction of the Revenue courts are confined to districts in which the settlement of the revenue is in progress, but, at the same time, that may be every district. Still it is a special and exclusive jurisdiction for the time; and after that time the ordinary courts are to resume their jurisdiction (S. 7).

"It appears to us the object and the policy cannot be mistaken. But for the intervention of an influence which cannot be disposed, the obnoxious measure would have been, in spite of all ideas of right and wrong, forced upon the land-owners of the province of Oude. In awakening attention to Act XVI. and in the studiously brief remarks we have to offer on it, we are actuated by but one motive,—to trace the policy to its fountain-head, and to prove, so far as we can, that our views were not erroneous, that our conclusions were just and well founded, and that we are more than justified in the course we have pursued in this important controversy."

We repeat that Sir John Lawrence, by his denial of the issue of the despatch, removes any doubts which may have been suggested by Mr. Davies' simple disavowal of its reception. It is plain that the document has never made the official communication, and that the correspondent upon whose information we have relied has been deceived in the main matter. It is plain that the despatch should not have been published, and put to the use which has been made of it, even if it were originally the production of authority—a point which unfortunately still remains doubtful. But in any case—supposing the Government of India to have been so far wronged as to have incurred the censures of the press—both in India and at home—for nothing more than a forgery, there is still this to be said for those who may have fallen into the error. The case against the Government seemed as clear as could be, and the Government allowed months to pass without making an explanation.

BUSHE v. STANLEY.

THE removal of Lieut.-col. Stanley from the command of the 15th Regiment Bombay

Native Infantry is being actively discussed by the Indian journals, and the real nature of the case is for the first time coming to light. It appears from the statement made on behalf of the Lieut.-colonel, that the evidence against that officer is by no means so conclusive as was alleged, and that it is by no means free from personal bias.

On the part of Lieut.-colonel Stanley it is declared that he was unaware either of having used abusive language to any officer, or ill-treated any man under his command, until many days after the alleged commission of the respective offences; and that in each case the charges were dictated entirely by personal animosity. Captain Bushe, it is maintained, could not have heard the language attributed to the Colonel, owing to his position on the parade ground, and that he relied upon the private reports of others, which private reports were not corroborated in the evidence given before the Court of Enquiry. Only one officer, Lieut. Goad, deposed to the language having been used, while another officer, Lieut. Armstrong, who was nearer to the Lieut.-colonel than Lieut. Goad was at the time, heard nothing more than *one* of the objectionable expletives alleged—applied to “somebody,” he could not say whom. Moreover, Capt. Bushe took no immediate notice of having received an insult, but associated on friendly terms with his commanding officer for five days afterwards, both at the mess and at the billiard-table. Thus Lieut.-colonel Stanley had no opportunity afforded him of making the *amende*, even had he been aware of having given offence. Another awkward point—according to the same authority—for Capt. Bushe, is that he offered at one time to withdraw the charge if Lieut.-colonel Stanley would promise not to bring a subsequent charge against him for making false statements; and so little, it is added, did he know the language of which he complained, that he declined to describe it before the Court, but chose to elicit it himself from the evidence.

With regard to the charge of wounding the sepoy, Lieut.-colonel Stanley complains of this also not being made at the time, but being in fact “trumped up” afterwards through personal animosity. And the circumstances, as alleged, look at least suspicious. The date of the alleged attack upon the sepoy was prior to that assigned to the abusive language, though the latter was made the subject of the first charge, and according to the Lieut.-colonel's friends the circumstances were these:—Upon the evening of the parade in question, a sepoy presented himself at the hospital to be treated for a wound which he said had been accidentally inflicted by the bayonet of a comrade. Upon the report

being brought to the regimental surgeon, Dr. Thorold, Lieutenant Berthon, who for some reason was at the hospital, suggested that perhaps the man had been wounded by the Lieut.-colonel's sword, as he had seen that officer strike one of the sepoy's muskets with that weapon. The doctor adopted the idea, and before the Court of Enquiry said that he had probably misunderstood his assistant, who, in reporting the case must have said sword instead of “sungeen”—though, if he used the English word “sword,” one would think that he would use the English word “bayonet,” the man understanding English and reporting in that language. The sepoy himself, though he had twice repeated his first account of the affair, also adopted the surgeon's view at the Court of Enquiry, though, it is said, in so confused and prevaricating a manner as to be unworthy of credit. And, as a proof that he bore no ill-will to the commanding officer, he brought a brother of his next day for enlistment in the regiment. Lieutenant Goad, according to the same authority, was the witness against the accused on this charge also. The fact is admitted that the Lieutenant-colonel, seeing one of the companies getting crowded, and going all wrong, rode up angrily, and with his sword struck the musket of one of the men who had neglected to bring it to his shoulder at the halt. But Mr. Goad, and Mr. Goad alone, deposed that he had seen him at the same time cut the man across the shoulder—where the man was not touched at all! Moreover, certain words alleged by Mr. Goad to have accompanied the cut were not heard by others who had far better opportunity of hearing—as in the former case. It is added as a significant fact, that Mr. Berthon, who admitted on cross-examination having originated the idea of the wound being inflicted by the colonel's sword, bore the commanding officer a grudge in consequence of having been displaced by him from the adjutancy of the regiment.

The statement from which we draw these assertions may be of a partisan character; but unless the direct allegations which it contains are deliberate falsehoods, they leave the conduct of the accused in such a light as to justify the decision of the court and the local Commander-in-Chief. It is to be supposed that the Governor-general knows more of the matter than is made apparent to the public, for he has seen fit to over-rule the military authority, and remove Lieut.-colonel Stanley from the command of the regiment. That Sir John Lawrence has good reason for taking this course, in fact, we are bound to presume. But there ought to be some actual assurance of the fact. Here we have the friends of the parties on either side pelting each other in the papers, each dealing probably in exaggerated representations, and there is no authorised report of the proceedings upon which reliance can be placed. In all important cases, involving an officer's position in the service, such reports should be published. We should then be certain—let us hope—of the justice of a decision instead of having to take it for granted.

BENGAL.

THE REPUDIATED DESPATCH.

We published the Governor-General's notification upon this subject in our last. The following has since been issued by the Government of Oude:—

[Copy.]

Circular No. 67-2889.

From the Secretary to the Chief Commissioner of Oude to all Commissioners in Oude.—Dated Lucknow, Sept. 9, 1865.

Sir,—The *Oude Gazette* of this instant (9th September) contains an article extracted from the *Press*—a newspaper published in London—from which the following passage is taken:—

“Colonel H. M. Durand, Secretary to the Government of India in the Foreign Department, addressed a despatch (No. 917, dated Simla, the 15th September, 1864) to Mr. R. H. Davies, informing that gentleman that the Governor-General in Council had appointed him Financial Commissioner for the province of Oude, and conveying to him instructions for his guidance in his new office. The third, fourth, and fifth paragraphs of that despatch are as follows:—

“3. His Excellency views with much displeasure the system which has sprung up in Oude since the mutinies of conferring upon talookdars the sole proprietary right in lands, to the exclusion of all tenants' rights, thus placing the sole power in the hands of an aristocracy who, until very recently, were our open and avowed enemies.

“4. This system, I am directed to remark, has been based upon a mistaken policy. While his Excellency is willing to concede to the aristocracy of Oude all the privileges to which they are by hereditary right entitled, he cannot consent to place in their hands irresponsible power, thereby subjecting the tenants to an evil nowhere else existing in India.

“5. A total revision of the sunnuds becomes necessary.”

2. I am directed by the officiating chief commissioner to request that you will take immediate measures to inform the principal talookdars of your division that the pretended despatch above referred to was never received by Mr. Davies. The only instructions relative to the sunnuds received by the financial commissioner were forwarded to him by the chief commissioner, and are contained in the following extract from Colonel Durand's letter, No. 284, dated 30th September, 1864:—“You will carefully impress upon the talookdars that, whilst his Excellency in Council has no desire or intention of infringing the terms of the sunnuds granted them so long as they abide by the conditions binding on themselves,” &c., &c.

3. I am to request that there may be no delay in executing the orders contained in this report, and that you will furnish an early report of the manner in which they have been carried out.—I have, &c.,
J. REID, Secretary.

REPORT OF THE COMMITTEE OF THE BENGAL CHAMBER OF COMMERCE APPOINTED TO CONSIDER THE QUESTION OF MILDEW DAMAGE IN PIECE GOODS AND YARN.

In submitting an abstract statement of the extent of mildew damage, compiled from returns furnished by commercial firms, the committee remark as follows:—In accordance with the resolution passed at the general meeting held on the 5th ult., they have endeavoured to ascertain the extent of the evil, the losses incurred by goods so damaged, and the many serious injuries with which its prevalence has been accompanied; but they have not in any way alluded to the cause or origin of mildew in English cotton fabrics, nor have they suggested a remedy.

2. Several large importers (who are well known to have experienced extensive damage of this nature) having declined to contribute their returns, it is to be regretted that fuller and consequently more valuable statistics cannot be furnished; the committee are however of opinion that the returns now published sufficiently serve to show the alarming extent to which this important branch of our trade has been affected.

3. Apart from the consideration of the pecuniary losses incurred by allowances and re-

sales, your committee desire to draw particular attention to the additional and perhaps more serious evils arising from the prevalence of mildew; they allude to the forfeiture of that confidence which native dealers formerly had in English-made cloth of known marks and numbers, the endless disputes which have proceeded from the settlement of allowances, and the many instances of litigation which have resulted from the buyers refusing to take delivery of or pay in full for damaged goods.

4. There are strong grounds for concluding that the prevalence of this evil has seriously interfered with the consumption of English manufactures in this country; their durability has undoubtedly deteriorated, and there has been an increased demand for country made fabrics; this aversion to purchase English cloth has been very general of late, and up-country dealers complain bitterly of the losses they have sustained by the purchase of goods, which, on arrival, have opened out damaged by mildew, or rotten and worthless; their agents here are inundated with claims and complaints, but no allowances are usually given by European houses when the bales have once left their godowns. In order more fully to illustrate the subject matter of these complaints, your committee think that the publication of extracts from native letters may prove of some weight; they have accordingly inserted copies of several placed at their disposal by a member of the Chamber.

5. An analysis of the returns show the following percentage of goods and yarn which have turned out damaged by mildew:—

White Mule Yarn	...	12	per cent.
Coloured ditto	...	63	"
Grey Shirtings and Long Cloths	21	"	
Grey Jaconets and Mulls	21	"	
Grey Madapollams and T. Cloths	17	"	
Coloured Goods	...	3	"
Bleached Goods	...	3	"

The damage is chiefly confined to grey cloth, the percentage on bleached and coloured being only 2½ per cent., while on grey it is as much as 21½ per cent. Your committee trust that the publication of these figures amongst those interested in the trade of this country, particularly manufacturers and shippers of fabrics suited for this market, will have a beneficial effect, and that this evil, which threatens to materially diminish the consumption of English made cloth, will speedily disappear.

NATIVE TITLES.

The question of native titles, their value and significance, is one which ever and anon comes to the surface in a manner which suggests the necessity for settling it once for all, in order to avoid future squabbles and small instances of unpleasantness. The other day only the Viceroy conferred upon Ooron, "the elect of the people" of Murriaow, in the Cossyah Hills, the title of rajah for life. Yet it would seem that this is not proper, and that it gives Ooron false notions of his consequence to receive a dignity which was a strange thing to his fathers. The Commissioner of Assam recommends that "rajah" be disused, and "seem" substituted in its place; so that we are threatened with an addition to the thousand and one appellations by which rank and chieftainship are acknowledged in India. Without going into detail, it may be said that the time has come to give the Empire a substantial proof of our supremacy and stability, by a revision of the grades of aristocracy throughout its length, and by the promulgation of degrees of rank depending upon the empire, and emanating through the Viceroy from the Sovereign. When the sons of the Nawab Nazim of Bengal went to England the Viceroy, as a matter of favour, allowed them to be addressed as "Mirza," but remarked that the favour was not to be extended to the other sons. This was felt at Moorshedabad to be a somewhat harsh ruling, and it accordingly led to a correspondence. The decision of the Viceroy, moreover,

induced a small complication. Neither of the young men who went to England was the son of the principal or *Shadee* wife of the Nawab, and was not, therefore, the heir. But, if the rule was regarded as final, these three young men would enjoy a designation which, apart from anything else, was a sign of rank and nobility, but which the heir to the Nawab Nazim would not enjoy. The Nawab having explained his views, the Bengal Government has submitted the correspondence to the Governor-General. The Lieutenant-Governor is evidently puzzled, and wishes to know whether the affix "Mirza" is to be acknowledged as part of the name of each of the Nawab's sons, and also whether the further designation of "Bahadur" is to be officially recognised. Mr. Beadon thus states the matter:—"It was probably not the intention of his Excellency in Council to oblige the Nawab Nazim to use the honorific title of Mirza before the names of his three sons who have gone to England, if he objects to it. But this is not the question. The question is whether with, or without the prefix "Mirza" or "Syud" the sons of the Nawab Nazim may be permitted to adopt the appellation of "Mirza" (as a cognomen or rather agnomen), together with the ordinary accompanying title of "Bahadur," which, in construction with Khan, has been held, in the case of public officers, to be equivalent of the English "Esquire." The question involved is, however, more than this. It is simply what are to be the titles of the sons and eldest sons of natives of rank, whether this be hereditary or for life only? Take the case of the sons of the Nawab Nazim, they have other titles than Mirza, just as the sons of the King of Oude have. At the time of the Alipore Exhibition they were invited to attend the levee at Belvedere by these titles, as well as "Mirza." The eldest son of the Nawab is named Hossun Ali, his full address is "Aalla Qudr Syud Hossun Ali Mirza, Khan Bahadur." To speak of him as Mirza Hossun Ali would be to deprive the title of all its significance, and to reduce the Mirza to a tribal designation as "Syud," with this exception, that "Syud" denotes the descendants of Ali, whilst "Mirza" is affected by the Moguls. Under any circumstances the word "Syud" would be retained, whilst "Mirza" used as an affix, would, at the present day, denote the claim of the father to princely rank. But whilst this question is on the tapis, why not settle it thoroughly, and decide it on some general principle which should dispose of "Qudr" as well, and be applicable to the whole body of nobles of British India?—*Hurkaru*.

EDUCATION IN THE PUNJAB.

The Report of the Director of Public Instruction in the Punjab is a very satisfactory one. Progress is apparent in every page of it; colleges, zillah schools, female schools, normal schools, girls' schools, and last, though by no means the least, the mission schools are all advancing steadily, yet not too swiftly. This state of things has roused the anxiety of Captain Fuller on the subject of finances, the present amount allowed by the State being in his opinion inadequate to the strain which is being brought to bear upon it. In 1863-64 four lacs were allotted for education, science, and art in the Punjab, of which, however, only a little more than three lacs found their way into the hands of the director, the balance having strayed away to the Botanical Gardens, Lahore Medical School, &c. To make the matter worse, Captain Fuller was prevented by want of sanction to details of expenditure from expending a little more than a couple of lacs of that balance. In the ensuing year the budget allotment was raised to five lacs; but, judging from the formidable rate of progress which is apparent on all sides, that officer is compelled to state his opinion that the sum allowed is not enough.

In reply to this, the Lieutenant-Governor of the Punjab points to the fact of the increased allowance as evidence of the willingness of the Government to contribute liberally to the cause of education, consents to share with the director the blame which arises from the unsatisfactory way in which fragments of last year's Budget were allowed to drop off, and concludes by administering a wiggling to the director for introducing comments on the actions and opinions of Government, and of discussions upon questions already decided, into the pages of an annual report, intended to be a record of progress. It will be more pleasant, however, to turn from the squabble, and chronicle briefly what has been done by the Government of the Punjab for the education of the people within its jurisdiction. The number of schools has increased by no less than two hundred, attended by an average number of upwards of seventy-six thousand pupils. The 684 female schools are attended by 15,266 girls; and in one district, that of Jullundur, the number of girls' schools is greater than those for boys. The great majority of the pupils attending these latter institutions are Mahomedans, 151, some of whom are learning English, and the rest Urdu, Persian, and Hindi, in the Nagri character. In consequence of the constant encouragement given by the Hon. the Lieutenant-governor, the movement in favour of female education is said to have greatly extended in popularity and influence among all classes of the native community. Captain Fuller tells us that one of the last acts of Sir Robert Montgomery was to confer rewards and certificates, with copies of Sir Charles Wood's despatch, commending the initiation of the movement on a large body of native gentlemen in almost every district, who had been foremost in the furtherance of female education. What a melancholy contrast does this picture of successful energy present to that which the Bengal Reports hold up of female education in this unfortunate province. In the former province there are 684 schools, with an average daily attendance of 15,266 girls, in the latter we have less than a hundred schools. As to the unfortunate Bethune school, we can scarcely be blamed if we say that it has proved to be, on the whole, a lamentable failure. The school has been nearly a score of years in existence, and we question much whether matters have much improved since Mr. Woodrow penned his gloomy report of its results in 1863-4:—"Only 24 girls out of the 64 in attendance were accustomed to attach any meaning to what they read. . . . The *bhodroluk* (the respectable), not the *dhonilok* (the rich), send their children to the Bethune school." There is a great deal more of unfavourable comment on the school, of which, at one time, such great hopes were formed, and in which all but the native portion of the community took so deep an interest. Passing, however, from this, we shall proceed to notice the further evidence of an increased appreciation by the Punjab of the value of education, which is afforded in the increased amount collected of school fees, which rose in Zillah schools from seven thousand to ten thousand rupees, whilst the contributions from private and local sources for educational objects in aided institutions ran up from fifty thousand to seventy thousand rupees. Here, again, the Punjab contrasts favourably with Bengal, in which place the natives expect the Government to do everything for them, and to do it at all times. As the Queen's Proclamation is supposed to sanction this, of course there is nothing more to be said. The cost of instruction, however, in the Government Colleges at Lahore and Delhi is certainly inordinately high, being not less than Rs. 1,445 per head per annum. But the Lieutenant-governor very properly points out that, unless the Government intends to check the impetus lately given to education in the Punjab, it is absolutely necessary that this

rate of expenditure be tolerated. "Our educational and administrative systems have hitherto tended to excite a strong desire for the study of English, and having excited this desire, it behoves us to provide the means of satisfying it in the best manner, however unequal the people may be to contribute adequately to the cost of it." There spoke out the Punjab Government; no higgling like a huckster, none of the miserable twaddle to which we are so accustomed in this province, which thwarts the noblest designs, by an absurd determination to bear only half the cost. The rule, *per se*, is invaluable, and when adhered to among such an avaricious, greedy and selfish race as the Bengalees, is often productive of good results, but the folly of applying it to every case, without any reference whatever to the importance of the ends to be achieved, is so obvious as to require no comment of ours. But, before closing this article, we desire to call attention to the educational durbars which are held from time to time in various parts of the Punjab, and to point to their exceeding value in imparting an impetus to education. One of these gatherings took place at Delhi, in March, at which the Lieutenant-governor and the Lord Bishop of Calcutta were present. Three thousand students were called in from the Delhi, Rhotuck, and Goorgaon districts; they were assembled on the esplanade, and were thence marched, with numerous flags and banners, with a band playing in front, to the durbar ground, where khilluts and sunnuds were distributed to those native gentlemen who had exerted themselves in the cause of education, and rewards were bestowed on teachers and pupils of zillah, mission, town, and village schools, the proceedings closing with a grand display of fireworks and an illumination. Another durbar of the same kind was held at Umballa, when the Loodianah, Umballa, and Kurnaul districts sent up their deserving scholars. On this occasion the commissioner, Colonel Taylor, delivered a most eloquent address in the vernacular, pointing out the great advantages resulting from a sound education. As Captain Fuller well observes, "such meetings have a most beneficial effect, and many people, who would never otherwise have done so, are thus induced to exert themselves in promoting the cause of education." Indeed, the importance of these gatherings can scarcely be over-estimated, and it is a great pity that the Government of Bengal does not break through its hum-drum system of doing things, and sanction the convention of such durbars both officially and personally. In conclusion, we may say that this report on Popular Education in the Punjab reflects the highest credit both on the Government of that province and on the Director of Public Instruction, with his able and energetic staff of inspectors and teachers.—*Hurkaru*.

DETENTION OF THE "MOOLTAN."—STATE OF THE RIVER.

A supplement to the *Overland Hurkaru*, dated Nov. 11, says:—

The detention of the mail, whilst it gives us an opportunity of adding to our summary of Wednesday last, is at the same time almost the only topic of news we can add to what we have already noticed. On Wednesday morning there was a rumour that something was wrong, either with the steamer or the river, and following hard upon the rumour came the intelligence that the inner Rangafullah Channel had silted up three feet in the course of one day. The rise of the tide at this particular spot is only fourteen feet, so that the news that the depth of water at low water had decreased to six feet instead of nine, the ordinary average depth of the channel, was a matter for the most serious alarm, as, if true, it entirely stopped the navigation of the river, for a time, at least, to all ships of first-class tonnage,

the mail steamers amongst them. The report stopped the *Golden Fleece* on her way to Port Blair with convicts, at Diamond Harbour, and led to the detention of the *Mooltan*, until it was known whether the channel was safe for so large a ship, or whether, according to a well-known law of the river, the channel known as the outer Rangafullah Channel had deepened. There were two causes put forward to explain this most unusual occurrence; for, although the Rangafullah Channels are seldom free from change for a month together, these changes are not of any very important character, until the middle of the dry season. The first cause assigned was the grounding of the ship *Continental*, which sailed from the Liverpool with salt on the 15th July last. She was obliged to fling overboard the greater portion of her cargo, and floated yesterday. It was thought that by taking the ground she had given occasion for the formation of a bar, which, with the usual suddenness of such things in the Hooghly, had shoaled the water to three feet in one day. The other cause was based upon a well-known peculiarity of the channel. The Rangafullah channels are narrow, and are divided from each other by a long spit of sand, dry at low water, and by a long spit of sand, dry at low water, and give admittance to Mud Point channel by two bars, on which the latest chart, dated September 16th last, gives a depth of 8-6 feet and 9 feet respectively. It occasionally happens that the head of the spot between the channels is sliced off by the action of the tide, and when this occurs a "lump" is formed in the channel, which travels its whole length, and is finally dispersed near the bars. Finding the *Continental* theory insufficient to entirely account for this blocking up of the channel, it was urged that one of these travelling masses of sand had lodged on the bar, that the inner channel was consequently closed, and that, judging from all experience, the outer channel would assuredly open. Meantime the Marine authorities despatched the river surveyor to the assistance of the deputy-surveyor on the spot, and all Calcutta waited in alarm and dread, mixed largely with doubt, for his report. The formation of a bar so early in the season, and of such a character, was altogether unprecedented. Banksall ransacked its archives in vain to find a precedent, whilst outsiders, knowing that the freshets were scarcely out of the river, looked forward to the dry season, when the volume of water is much less than at present, with a curious kind of speculative wonder as to the probable frequency of such a misfortune during the next six months. Singular, however, to relate, a ship drawing 19 feet of water passed over the very spot on Wednesday; and on Thursday the *Golden Fleece* plucked up heart, dared the passage, and got to sea without an accident. As the *Golden Fleece* steamed out of the river, she passed the *Simla* with the mails of 10th October, inward bound, and the presence of this vessel a few hours afterwards at Diamond Harbour began to make the fact of the formation of the bar assume a very problematical appearance. This doubt was confirmed yesterday morning by the circulation of the following memo. :—

CIRCULAR.

I am happy to say that there is not less than 8 feet 6 inches water in the Silver Tree Channel, and my belief is, that there has never been less; but through some mistake a report was made of there being only 6 feet. An inquiry is now being held.

JOHN G. REDDIE, Master Attendant.

Master Attendant's-office, Nov. 10, 1865.

Calcutta has thus been made the victim of one of the most culpable mistakes which ever inflicted loss and inconvenience on a community, for it has been hoaxed in a fashion of which it is hard to speak in sufficiently strong terms. The Marine authorities have instituted an inquiry, which we sincerely trust will clear up whatever mystery hangs about this affair. The only other piece of

news is that Dewangiri has been again occupied. It was found deserted, and although search was made, not the faintest trace of Bhootas could be discovered. Tounsoo Penlow will, no doubt, wait until the force be well within the hills before he tries the experiment which led to his defeat last cold season.

The Viceroy had fixed the 30th inst. for a levee and drawing-room; but it happened that the 30th is a great and high evening in Calcutta—an evening on which pious Scotchmen celebrate the mysteries of St. Andrew, and generally manage to get together the gathering of the year. This was pointed out to his Excellency, and so the Scotchmen were gratified by seeing in the next morning's papers a notification to the effect that the levee and drawing-room had been put off to the 1st of December.

MISCELLANEOUS.

ALLOWANCES TO UNCOVENANTED OFFICERS.—A question has lately arisen as to whether the period of suspension of an uncovenanted officer is to be counted towards pension. As the case which gave rise to the above-mentioned question occurred in a public office, under the immediate control of the Board of Revenue, the Government of Bengal requested the opinion of the Board on the subject. The Board decided that when an officer is acquitted of the charge for which he has been suspended from office he is entitled to his full pay and allowances, and the period of his suspension will be reckoned as service, and the salary of the officer appointed to officiate for him shall be paid by the State, but in case he is found guilty by a departmental inquiry, he must forfeit his pay and allowances, and the period of his suspension will not be counted towards pension if he is retained in service. The Government of India has approved of this decision, and made it applicable to all uncovenanted officers.

RETIRING ALLOWANCES.—We understand that on an appeal from Lieutenant P. Shuttleworth, of H.M.'s 46th Regiment of Foot, who has been permitted to resign the service from April last, the Government of India has sanctioned Indian pay and allowances to that officer up to the date of the acceptance of his resignation of his commission by her Majesty's Government. These allowances were objected to by the pay department on the ground that Indian pay and allowances are granted to retiring officers up to the date of the publication of the General Order in India. The Government of India has, however, ruled that officers retiring from, or resigning the service, are entitled to Indian allowances up to the date on which their resignation is accepted by the Home Government, and to that of the publication of the General Order from the Horse Guards in the *London Gazette*.—*Bengal Hurkaru*.

DEATH OF CAPT. BROWNLOW.—We regret to announce the death of Capt. H. R. Brownlow, R.A., Commissary of Ordnance at Allahabad. This officer, who for some time was in charge of the Arsenal of Agra, was obliged to proceed to England in 1862 on account of serious ill-health. The change, however, appears to have afforded him little relief, and he died at his post at Allahabad, much regretted by his friends and brother officers. This year has been remarkably fatal to the officers of the army.—*Delhi Gazette*, Nov. 7.

A LEGACY.—We hear from Almora, under date October 14, that Major T. E. B. Lees, of the Staff Corps, who lately died of cholera at Nynsee Tal, has bequeathed to a niece upwards of four lacs of rupees, which he had amassed from his tea plantations.—*Central India Times*.

CAPTAIN H. O. PRINSEP.—We understand that Captain H. O. Prinsep, late 3rd European Regiment, is likely to be appointed to act as Assistant Resident, Nepal.

WATERING THE PORTER!—A correspondent, writing from Secunderabad on canteens, relates the following:—"You would hardly believe me were I to tell you the disgusting practices resorted to by some sergeants in charge of canteens. I will mention one instance which occurred at this station. The men were kept out late at drill (the canteen sergeant along with the rest), and all came running in a fury to reach the canteen to quench their thirst; the sergeant outran them, and rushing in to his wife said, 'Norry, hasn't that bheestie come yet? here are all the men, and they are as thirsty as a steam-engine. I'll have to give them the porter as it is.' 'No, no,' says Norry, 'you can take this'—handing him the bath-tub containing the water from which she had just dragged the last of three children after their bath; in went the water, soap and all, into the porter, and the men of the regiment that evening, as on many others, verified the truth of the proverb, 'What the eye does not see, the heart does not grieve for.' This is not the worst case I know, and such things happen often in regimental canteens."

THE REMARRIAGE OF NATIVE CONVERTS.—The English in India are not the only persons who are waiting for the opening of the Legislative Council of the Governor-general with some anxiety. The natives are quite as much on the *qui vive*. They know that the Bill to legalise the remarriage of native converts will be one among the first to engage the attention of members; and it is not difficult to understand the grounds of their uneasiness. If the native press has been comparatively quiet on the subject, we are not disposed to attribute the fact to anything like indifference on the point. We rather believe that they are watching the controversy which has been raging among the clergy ever since the appearance of the Bill, and that they see sufficient grounds therein for hoping that if an enactment for the relief of native converts is passed at all it will not contain those provisions which disfigure the present Bill, and which have roused the hostility of the clergy of the Church of England. Mr. Maine's proposition finds favour only with the missionaries connected with Dissenting fraternities. These have seldom hesitated to sanction re-marriages of native converts, whose heathen wives are still living; but as this free-and-easy system has been arrested by the Marriage Act, the Legislative Council has been moved, by what we cannot help regarding as one-sided representations, to the present action. The views of those gentlemen are advocated by the *Calcutta Christian Observer*—a periodical which at one time commanded the respect of even those who did not subscribe to its strange theological views. The other party have a sober friend in the *Calcutta Christian Intelligence*, a publication which at one time appeared likely to suffer the fate which has overtaken the *Observer*, but from which it has been rescued by the able pens of the Bishop of Calcutta and the Rev. Dr. Kay, Principal of Bishop's College. These two papers have been engaged for the last year in a very warm discussion (conducted, we must say, with much Christian moderation and temper), in which the subject has been ripped up and dissected with considerable skill and patience; but, as usual, in all such cases, we don't believe that either party has been convinced by the logic of the other. Agreeing upon one point only, they differ on all the rest. The Bill, as it now stands, is not regarded with favour by either, yet each objects to the manner or extent to which the other would modify it. Both parties are prepared to assail Mr. Maine with memorials—that of the clergy of the Church of England bearing eighty-five, and that of the Dissenters one hundred and sixty-one signatures. The relative strength of the two parties is not, however, to be estimated by the number of signatures, because it is in

evidence that many missionaries who do not belong to the Church of England would have signed the petition put forth by those who do, were they not prevented from doing so by its title, which represents the document as emanating distinctly from the clergy of that church.

BANK OF BENGAL.—Statement of the affairs of the Bank of Bengal for the week ending 7th Nov., 1865:—

LIABILITIES.		
Proprietors' capital, paid up	Rs. 2,30,00,000	0 0
Reserve fund	17,70,936	14 11
General treasury balance at head-office	Rs. 1,06,91,666	6 8
Do. at branches	76,70,148	8 7
Other deposits at head-office and branches	1,62,61,748	15 3
Bank post bills, &c.	2,64,18,911	7 4
Bank notes outstanding	5,96,619	11 8
Sundries	2,16,495	0 0
	6,88,602	6 8
Total	Rs. 7,00,97,843	7 10
ASSETS.		
Government securities, investment		
No. 1.	50,59,337	13 0
Loans on Government securities at head-office and branches	1,18,95,880	0 0
Accounts of credit on do.	8,42,634	0 6
Mercantile bills discounted at do.	1,07,07,919	1 5
Dead stock, do.	4,19,180	6 6
Stamps, do.	10,848	9 0
Balances with other banks	3,20,785	4 7
Sundries	2,12,242	3 7
Total	Rs. 2,91,48,867	5 7
Treasury reserve in coin at head office	Rs. 36,91,600	6 8
Cash and currency notes at head-office	Rs. 2,37,34,751	3 8
Cash and currency notes, including treasury balance at branches	1,32,22,624	7 11
	3,69,57,375	11 7
Total	Rs. 7,00,97,843	7 10

OPIMUM SALE.—The following are results of the opium sale, held yesterday for the Government by Messrs. Mackenzie, Lyall, and Co.:—

	Chests.	Highest.	Lowest.	Proceeds.
Behar...	2,920	1,120	1,095	32,59,725
Benares...	2,455	1,100	1,080	26,38,300

Yesterday the sale of Benares opium was the same as at previous sales. The usual quantity of the Behar drug was also sold. At the October sale, it will be remembered, there was a falling off of 300 chests. The following table will show the prices realised since August:—

BENAR.				
	Highest.	Lowest.	Average.	Total.
August	1,070	1,025	1,047-3-74	30,57,960
September	1,195	1,150	1,160-15-54	33,99,075
October	1,135	1,055	1,091-13-94	28,60,675
November	1,120	1,095	1,109-7-11	32-39,725
BENARES.				
August	1,015	1,025	1,034-11-24	25,19,475
September	1,175	1,140	1,157-13-4	28,19,225
October	1,045	1,025	1,035-14-94	25,22,475
November	1,100	1,080	1,083-7-10	26,38,300

Where we see that the average at the sale yesterday was only exceeded by the average for the September sales. Comparing the sales in October and November we have the following results:—

	Rs.	15	less on the highest price.
Behar	55		more on the highest price.
Benares	40		more on the lowest price.
Behar	17 10 12		average price.
Benares	47 8 04		"
Behar	3,78,700		"
Benares	1,15,915		total realised.

The excess on the total for Behar is mainly attributable to the excess of 300 chests sold yesterday.—*Hurkaru*, Nov. 8.

THE HILLS.—During his visit to Mussoorie his Excellency the Commander-in-Chief closely examined both the site of the proposed sanitarium at Budraj and the depot at Landour. He has proposed that Landour be abandoned, as too small, that Budraj be immediately prepared as a first-class sanitarium, and that accommodation for a complete regiment be erected at Pokree.—*Delhi Gazette*.

THE RAILWAY TELEGRAPH line will be completed from Mirzapore to Jubbulpore by the end of the cold weather, and the construction of the railway terminus at Jubbulpore will commence as soon as sanction has been received to the plans.

RAILWAY PROGRESS IN INDIA.—The *Hurkaru* says:—"If we are to judge of the way in which railways are capable of being developed in India, we must turn to the extraordinary progress made by the Eastern Bengal Railway, rather than to the traffic returns of the immense length of line opened up by the East Indian Railway Company. The Eastern Bengal Railway has really tapped the traffic which formerly found its way to Calcutta through the intricate channels of the Soonderbuns, and its traffic, therefore, represents what may be done by a railway running through a poor district, but which intercepts the great stream of river-borne trade, at a point where it can enter into effective competition with the country-boats. Turning to a statement of the goods traffic of this railway for the quarters ending 30th April, 1864, and 30th April, 1865 respectively, we have the following results:—

	Weight.	Amount.
	Maunder, S.	Rs. As. P.
1864-65	0,46,586-38	2,15,441 10 64
1863-64	4,03,813-124	72,615 10 94
Increase	6,42,704-254	1,42,795 15 9
Less decrease on 2nd and 3rd class goods	41,029-394	9,867 7 74
Net increase	6,01,734-264	1,32,828 8 14

An increase of nearly cent. per cent. on the traffic of 1864. The year 1864 opened with a weekly traffic of 28,312 maunder 29 seers, producing Rs. 4,566-1-9. It fell, however, in Feb. to maunder 13,729-9. The highest weekly traffic was towards the end of April, 1864, when the traffic registered was maunder 30,170-34, and the receipts Rs. 5,333-1-84. The year 1865, however, opened with a goods traffic of maunder 44,145-204, yielding a revenue of Rs. 7,764-3-44, which a fortnight later fell to the lowest total for the whole quarter, maunder 36,386-36, with receipts amounting to Rs. 6,280-4-6. The greatest weekly traffic occurred about the middle of March, when we find recorded maunder 92,520-14, and Rs. 24,353-14-34. Taking these two quarters again into comparison, we find that the lowest weekly traffic of the first three months of 1865 considerably exceeded the largest weekly return for the corresponding period of 1864. Thus:—

	Mds. Srs.	Rs. As. P.
Lowest weekly traffic first three months 1865	36,386 36	6,280 4 6
Highest weekly traffic first three months 1864	30,170 34	5,333 1 84

Increase in 1865 ... 6,216 2 ... 917 2 94

RULE AS TO PAY AND ALLOWANCES.—We understand that on an appeal from Lieutenant P. Shuttleworth, of H.M.'s 46th Regiment of Foot, who has been permitted to resign the service from April last, the Government of India has sanctioned Indian pay and allowances to that officer up to the date of the acceptance of his resignation of his commission by her Majesty's Government. These allowances were objected to by the pay department, on the ground that Indian pay and allowances are granted to retiring officers up to the date of the publication of the general order in India. The Government of India has, however, ruled that officers retiring from, or resigning the service, are entitled to Indian allowances up to the date on which their resignation is accepted by the Home Government, and to that of the publication of the general order from the Horse Guards in the *London Gazette*.

COLLISION AT THE SAND HEADS.—On the morning of the 31st October, shortly before daylight, a collision occurred in the Eastern Channel, at the Sand Heads, between the *Atalanta* and *Ghazepore*. Both these vessels were inward bound; the former was beating up, whilst the latter was in tow of the steam tug *Alligator*. By some means the *Ghazepore* crossed the bows of the *Atalanta*, and a collision ensued. The damage done was principally to the masts and rigging of both vessels. An inquiry has been ordered to take place at Bankshall.—*Hurkaru*.

SIR WILLIAM MANSFIELD.—The Commander-in-Chief left Agra on the night of the 4th inst. for Gwalior, where he arrived on the following day. His Excellency's stay at Morar will not be prolonged beyond three or four days. It is expected he will return to Agra on the 9th, and will leave the same night for Muttra, whence he will again return to Agra on or about the 11th. From Agra Sir William Mansfield will take the rail to Cawnpore, after inspecting which station he will proceed on to Calcutta, inspecting the stations and regiments lying along the line of rail. His principal visit will be to Cawnpore, Allahabad, and Dinapore, his attention being especially directed to the selection of sites for barracks, their conservancy, &c. An official programme of his Excellency's further movements, we understand, will be published when he gets to Cawnpore.—*Pioneer*, Nov. 8.

CIVIL SERVICE CHANGES.—We (*Hurkaru*) are informed that Mr. R. N. Shore, the Commissioner of Cuttack, at present officiating as Commissioner of Nuddea, has applied to his Excellency the Viceroy for permission to retire from the Civil Service on the annuity of his rank. The following promotions are most likely to take place on Mr. Shaw's retirement:—Mr. J. W. Dalrymple, Civil and Sessions Judge of Bhaugulpore, at present officiating as Commissioner of Patna, in the room of Mr. G. F. Cockburn, to be Commissioner of Cuttack, *vice* Shore retired. Mr. T. L. Ravenshaw, Magistrate and Collector of the 1st grade at Beerbhoom, at present officiating as Commissioner of Cuttack, to be Civil and Sessions Judge of Bhaugulpore, *vice* Dalrymple promoted.

LUCKNOW, Oct. 18.—"All the public offices are closed on account of the Dewallee vacation. There is nothing of any importance stirring. This is, I believe, the last day for the examinations. I regret to mention that Colonel Barrow, our amiable Commissioner, met with a slight accident a few days ago. He is, I am glad to say, much better now. Lieutenant R. Stainforth, Assistant District Superintendent of Police, Durrabad, has obtained three months' leave of absence. It is not likely he will rejoin his appointment again in the Oude commission. He has unfortunately fallen a victim to paralysis, which has entirely incapacitated him from active work.

MEDICAL CHANGES.—The following changes in the Commissioned grades of the Bengal Medical Service, we are told, may shortly be expected to take place.—Surgeon Alexander Christison, M.D., Principal Assistant to the Opium Agent of Benares, to proceed to Europe on leave of absence, on medical certificate, for twenty months.—Assistant Surgeon C. I. Jackson, of the Civil Station of Saran, an extension of leave on account of ill-health for the period of six months.—Assistant Surgeon J. A. P. Colles, M.D., Officiating Professor of Anatomy and Zoology at the Calcutta Medical College, has been appointed House Surgeon of the Medical College Hospital, in addition to his own duties.

THE 23RD ROYAL WELCH FUSILIERS.—The right wing and head-quarters of the regiment, four companies, under command of Colonel Wells, C.B., leave this station (Agra) by train on Wednesday evening for Jubbulpore, and are followed on Saturday by the remaining five companies, under Major Elgee. Four companies of the 88th Connaught Rangers from Cawnpore have arrived here to take the place temporarily at Agra of the 23rd until the arrival of the 91st or 41st. It seems yet uncertain which corps is to be posted to the Agra garrison.—*Dalhi Gazette*.

THE PORT.—The local Government has forwarded to Sir Charles Wood, through the usual channels, a special narrative on the subject of the moorings, &c., of the port, and has requested the Home Government not to send out any more buoys with the next indent for screw pile moorings.

RAILWAY MISHAP.—Our letters and papers did not arrive yesterday (Nov. 7) until three or four hours after they were due. We attributed it at once to a break down of the engine on the railway, and we have since learnt that our surmise was the correct one. There was a break down, but it occurred to the engine of the special train which conveyed his Excellency the Viceroy from Delhi to Allahabad. The accident occurred at Jaleysur between Allyghur and the Toondla junction. The up-passenger train was stopped, the engine taken and put to the special train, and his Excellency went on to Allahabad. The up and down passenger trains were in consequence detained some hours after their usual time.—*Hurkaru*.

THE REV. W. G. COWIE, formerly domestic chaplain to the Bishop of Calcutta, has, we hear, been appointed to one of the chaplaincies of St. Paul's Cathedral, with the spiritual charge of the General Hospital, in succession to the Rev. J. Cave-Brown. The sum of Rs. 50 per mensem, to be met from the allowance awarded to the ordinary of the Calcutta Great Jail, on the departure of the Rev. Horatio Moule, will be drawn by Mr. Cowie for his duties at the hospital.—*Hurkaru*.

MR. A. C. FOSTER.—*On dit* states that Mr. A. C. Foster, one of the probationers sent out by the Secretary of State for the Financial Department, and who rendered very material assistance to Messrs. Foster and Whiffen, is to be appointed an assistant controller-general on a salary of Rs. 9,600 per annum, rising by an increase of Rs. 50 per month, after every year's approved service, until it reaches a maximum of Rs. 12,000 yearly.

OFFICER OF CONTROLLER OF ACCOUNTS.—On the transfer of the loan and interest branches of the office of the Controller-general of Accounts, Bengal, Mr. R. A. Fink, the Second Assistant Accountant-general to the Government of India, is to be appointed Deputy Accountant-general, Bengal, Mr. Mackenzie's services being retained by the Bank in the capacity of superintendent of the united departments.

THE LEGISLATIVE COUNCIL.—We believe that there is no immediate prospect of the opening of the Legislative Council of the Governor-general. The first sittings will probably take place about the beginning of next month.—*Hurkaru*.

CERTAIN BRITISH SUBJECTS have been detained and fined by the Jeypore Durbar. The matter has attracted the attention of Government, and the Rajah has been called upon to explain the cause.

MR. H. P. A. B. RIDDELL, the director-general of the postal department for all India, has it in contemplation to retire shortly from her Majesty's Civil Service on annuity.

THE REV. G. LOVELY having returned from privilege leave of absence, the Rev. S. D. C. Walters has obtained the Lord Bishop's consent to proceed on leave on the same account.

LORD H. ULICK BROWNE has been appointed Superintendent of Stamps and Stationery. He will, however, continue to officiate as magistrate and collector of Nuddea.

NEW DOCK AT KIDDERPORE.—A proposal has been made to Government for the construction of a new dock at Kidderpore Dockyard, at an estimated cost of Rs. 2,06,720.

A CHIEF, named Oron, having been elected Ruler of Murriow on the Cossyah Hills, the Viceroy has conferred upon him the title of Rajah.

A NEW INDIAN PHARMACOPEIA.—Materials are being collected for the preparation in England of a new Indian Pharmacopeia under instructions from the Indian Council.

MR. ARTHUR A. ROBERTS, C.B., the Judicial Commissioner of the Punjab, is said to be one of the candidates for an annuity of this season.

MR. J. H. BATHEN, the Commissioner of Agra, is one of the candidates for an annuity of this season.

MR. F. L. BEAUFORT, the civil and sessions judge of the 24-Pergunnahs, is said to have applied for permission to retire from the service on the annuity of his rank.

H.M.'s 54TH REGIMENT, now doing garrison duty at the fort, will probably leave India by the end of this month or the commencement of the next.

H.M.'s 54TH REGIMENT now doing garrison duty at the fort, will probably leave India by the end of November, or the commencement of December.

DR. R. F. HUTCHINSON, the Civil Surgeon of Patna, has applied for leave of absence to proceed to Europe, on account of ill-health.

SERIOUS DISTURBANCES have taken place at Banjore, in the Jeypore State, in which several lives have been lost.

SHIPPING.

ARRIVALS.

Nov. 7. Naples, Ridama, Maria Laure, and Godavery.—8. Cadabux.—9. str. Simit, Brighton, and Conqueror: Early Morn, Erie, Bushier, Merchoon, and Matilda Atheling.—10. Indomitable, and Le Beaumanoir.

PASSENGERS ARRIVED.

Per str. Simla.—Mrs. Brown and child, Rev. J. and Mrs. Poirie, Mr. and Mrs. Smeal and infant, Mrs. Grant, Miss Hay, Maj. and Mrs. Holmes, Miss Penny, Miss O'Callaghan, Miss Spry, Mrs. W. R. Hooper and infant, Mrs. J. Hart, Mrs. Post and infant, Mrs. Duncan and child, Mrs. G. Alexander, Mr. C. Harrison, Miss Bad, Miss E. Crauson, Mr. Paul, Mr. C. Farmer, Miss A. Rock, Miss Wood, Mr. Gidron, Miss Ingles, Col. Maxwell, Dr. Hockford, Mr. A. B. Struther, Mr. W. Thain, Mr. J. Shepherd, Miss Doe, Mr. A. Robinson, Mr. G. Low, Mr. F. Hobday, Miss Emon, Dr. J. Kelly, Mr. Freeman, Mr. Davis, Dr. L. D. Spencer, Miss Rosa Howe, Mr. and Mrs. Sladen, Mr. Graham and infant, Mr. and Mrs. Agor, Mr. and Mrs. Gousson, Mr. and Mrs. Medlicott, Miss Stewart, Capt. and Mrs. Grant, Mrs. Stewart, Mr. J. C. Sargies, Miss Stewart, Mr. A. Mackay, Mr. Fricks, Mr. Smith, Miss Bursten, Mr. W. J. Valetti, Mr. J. N. Wilson, Mr. W. F. Cavenish, Mr. and Mrs. Simpson. From Marseilles.—Mr. E. P. Griffiths, Miss Griffiths, Mr. and Mrs. Bax, Col. Hamilton, Mr. Thompson, two Misses Harris, Maj. and Mrs. Fitzgerald, Mr. J. Forsyth, Mr. and Mrs. Farrington, Mr. A. Scott, Mr. A. Payne, Miss Lynch, Mr. and Mrs. Palmer, Mr. Crosswell and brother, Mr. and Miss Cockburn, Mr. Duner, Mrs. Thomas, Mr. and Miss Goodvee, Mr. Bell, Mr. and Mrs. Probyn, Mrs. E. Macdonald and three infants. From Seck.—Mrs. Beaumont, Mr. W. E. Parry, Mr. Graham, Mr. McIlwain, Mrs. Schiller and friend, Mr. A. Walker, Lieut. A. H. Gaschen, Mrs. McDonald, Mr. W. Gray. From Aden.—Mr. E. C. Barlow, Mr. O. Meera. From Galle.—Mr. Hatch, Mr. Lydell. From Madras.—Hon. J. O. Phear and Mrs. Phear, Miss Rollen, Miss Trevor, Col. Munda, Dr. Dallas, Mrs. Morgan and two children, Mr. J. C. Leeds, Hon. Mr. Morgan, Mr. and Mrs. Cowell and child, Mr. and Mrs. Nicol, Mr. and Mrs. Taylor and two children, Hon. Mr. Norman, Mrs. Norman, Mrs. Meilor.

DEPARTURES.

Nov. 7. str. Orissa.—8. str. Burma, Coromandel.—9. Oranua, Nagpore, Marchioness of Londonderry.—10. str. Godea Fieco, City of Dublin, Hyderabad.

PASSENGERS DEPARTED.

Per str. Madras.—For Bombay.—Miss Vihart. For Alexandria, Col. Downing, Mr. Long. For Marseilles.—Major and Mrs. Myne and family, Lieut. Burton. For Southampton.—Mrs. Salt, Col. Clarkson, Mrs. Gough and child, Mrs. Phillips and family, Mrs. Stafford and infant, Capt. Brown, Mrs. Johnson and infant, Mrs. C. C. Masters, Mrs. Colgan, Mr. J. Rice, Mrs. Kipper. For Orissa.—For CHITTAGONG.—Mr. W. C. Malze, Mr. R. Pereria. For AKAB.—Mr. J. S. Hepburn, Mr. Connolly. For Asia.—For PENANG.—Mr. R. T. Latt. For str. Cashmere.—For Gopalpore.—Mr. W. R. Green. For Madras.—Mr. T. C. Hill. For Bombay.—Mr. W. J. Herdige. Per str. Coringa.—For Rangoon.—Mr. D. Aridior, Capt. and Mrs. Williams and four children, Capt. and Mrs. Montgomery, Lieut. Bares, Mr. E. Hooper, Capt. Gordon, Mr. D. A. Robinson. For AKAB.—The Rev. Mr. Don and wife, Mr. R. A. D. Perreau. For MOULMEIN.—Lieut. Matland. Per str. Burma.—For Rangoon.—Lieut. Boddy, Mrs. Kernan and three children, Col. and Mrs. Ross, Mr. McIlville, Mr. W. Prentice, Mr. G. H. Cappellet, Capt. W. Stanorson, Mrs. Manderson. For PENANG.—Mr. D. W. Reed. For SINGAPORE.—Mr. Thomas Jones, Mr. and Mrs. Maseyk and child.

COMMERCIAL.

Calcutta, Nov. 11, 1865.

GOVERNMENT SECURITIES.

Rate of Interest.	Stock.	Selling Price.
1 per Cent. S.A.	Sa. Rs. 100	89 1/2 to 89 3/4
Do. Transfer Stock	Sa. Rs. 100	91 ... 90 to 90 8
4 per Cent. S.A.	Co's Rs. 100	89 1/2 to 89 3/4
5 per Cent. P.W.	Co's Rs. 100	102 1/2 to 102 1/2
5 1/2 per Cent. S.A.	Co's Rs. 100	109 1/2 to 109 1/2
5 per cent., 56-57.	Co's Rs. 100	102 1/2 to 102 1/2

EXCHANGE.

	On London.	Per Rupee.
Local Bank Bills	at 6 months' sight	2 1/2
First Class Draft	at 6 months' sight	2 1/2 to 2 1/2
Bank with Drafts	at 6 months' sight	2 1/2 to 2 1/2
Bank Post Bills	at 1 month's sight	2 0/2 to 2 0/2

JOINT STOCK SHARES.

Stock.	Paid-up. Rs. each.	Quoted at Rs.
Azra and Masterman's Bank	500	1150 to 1190
Assam Tea Company	200	573 to 575
Bank of Bengal	1000	1768
Bengal Tea Company	100	126
Bengal Credit Mobilier (Lim.)	100	12 to 14
Bonded Warehouse Association	445	680
Borokai Tea Company (Limited)	25	par
Cachar and Assam Tea Company	200	155
Ditto (Contributory)	115	30 dis.
Cachar Tea Company	600	585
Ditto (contributory)	500	par to 5 pm
Calcutta Docking Company	700	1300 to 1310
Calcutta Steam Tug Association	600	500 to 505
Calcutta and South Eastern Railway	52	par
Central Assam Tea Company	100	95
Central Cachar Tea Company	200	240
Ditto, new shares	200	230
Delra Don Tea Company	100	86
Delhi Bank Corporation	500	700
E. B. Indigo Company	100	nom.
East India Railway Company	218	217
East India Tea Company	100	125
Ditto, contributory	50	2 to 33 pm
Eastern Bengal Tea Company	100	55
Eastern Cachar Tea Company	100	105
Ditto, contributory	85	5 dis to par
Eastern Bengal Railway Company	218	218
Eastern Steam Tug Company	1000	1000
Equitable Coal Company	250	200 to 205
Ganges Steam Navigation Company	500	Nominal
Great Eastern Hotel Company	250	210
Gola Ghaut Tea Company	250	267
Ditto new shares	250	255
Hindustan, China, and Japan Bank	250	250
Hughly Steam Tug Company	1000	850
Howrah Docking Company	500	535
India General Steam Navigation Co.	1000	800 to 810
National Bank of India (Limited)	210	265
New Fort Gloster Company	600	200
North-West Indigo Company	100	71
North-West Screwing Company	50	nom.
Orissa Gas Company	41	14
Peoples Bank of India	100	nom.
Port Combing Land Company	1000	1275 to 1285
Punjab Bank	100	115
Punjab Trading	75	5 to 10 pm.
Royal Bank of India	Nominal.	
Screwing Company (Limited)	200	180
Simla Bank	500	625 to 650
South Cachar Tea Company	100	nom.
Standard Pressing Company (Limited)	62 1/2	250 to 252
Sylhet and Cachar Tea Company	200	122
Tirhoot Indigo	200	160 to 170
Union Steam Tug Company	250	6 to 4 dis
Upper Assam Tea Company	100	170

FREIGHTS.

	To London.	To Liverpool.
Saltpetre	£0 15 0 to 1 0 0	1 5 0
Sugar	Nominal.	1 5 0
Rice	0 0 0 to 0 0 0	1 6 3 to 0 0 0
Seeds	0 15 0 to 0 0 0	2 0 0
Jute	2 10 0 to 2 12 6	2 2 6
Cotton	2 10 0 to 2 15 0	2 10 0

MADRAS.

MISCELLANEOUS.

THE COMMANDER-IN-CHIEF is expected to arrive at the Presidency on the 23rd instant, from which date army head quarters will be established in Madras.

OFFICIAL CHANGES.—Mr. George Banbury has been appointed to act as sub-secretary to the Board of Revenue, vice Mr. C. G. Master, proceeded on privilege leave to Ootacamund, and took his seat accordingly in the board's office yesterday.

A NEW RAILWAY TERMINUS.—We are informed that a committee, composed of Mr. T. Clarke, Mr. W. Huddleston, Major Shaw Steward, the agent and manager, chief engineer, and traffic manager of the Madras Railway, has been appointed by Government, under the orders of the Secretary of State, to consider and report upon the question of removing the present terminus of the Madras Railway from Royapooram to a more central situation. The Chamber of Commerce has also been requested to nominate three members of the commercial community as members of the committee.—*Athenaeum and Daily News*.

RAILWAY TO THE NEILGHERRIES.—A scheme for the construction of a line of railway from Mysore to the Neilgherries has been proposed by the Tramway Company, and is now before Government. They do not ask for a guarantee on the capital to be expended, but only for grants of land and other assistance. The commissioner is understood to be highly favourable to it, as will be doubtless his Highness the Rajah.

SCARCITY IN GANJAM.—The Trade Association and Chamber of Commerce have received from the local government the following copy of a telegram from the collector of Ganjam:—"No supplies of rice by sea yet. I have telegraphed to Calcutta, and through Chamber of Commerce to Rangoon and Arracan. If none arrives in meantime I would beg Government to send a month's supply for sale to all public establishments by mid-monthly steamer; regiment, police, jail, and civil, about 2,000 bags required. Particulars hereafter. Prices at Berhampore five Madras seers per rupee. If possible a large supply of cheaper grains should be sent for the general market, as the poorer classes are almost starving."

OBITUARY NOTICE.—We regret to announce the death of Lieut. A. C. Easton, of the late 44th Regiment N.I., at the Presidency, on Monday last. Lieut. Easton was sent down by train from Vellore on Sunday evening to the General Hospital, where he died on the following morning. His remains were interred in St. Mary's burial ground with military honours on Tuesday morning.

THE WEATHER.—We are sorry to say that we cannot report favourably of the weather, as the monsoon still holds off as regards this neighbourhood and most districts, but there has been a superabundance of rain on the Neilgherries, and a fair supply in some other directions. Public health here is in a satisfactory state.

SHIPPING.

ARRIVALS.

Nov. 2. Channel Light, Hays, Liverpool.—4. Adrienne, Harlois, Calcutta.—6. P. and O. str. Simla, Cattle, Suez; str. Cashmere, Baxter, Calcutta.—7. French str. Meinam, Ganvay, Calcutta.—8. Sophie, Radde, Cardiff; Chatham, Thurland, Mauritius.—9. Peeress, Stephens, Adelaide.—10. Edmundsbury, Butler, Moolmein.—11. H.M. str. Lynn, Parr, Trincomallee.—12. str. Punjab, Day, Bombay, via Madras Coast.—13. Coronand, Spence, Calcutta.

PASSENGERS ARRIVED.

Per P. and O. S. N. Co.'s str. Simla.—For MADRAS.—Capt. Gosling, Mrs. Revor, Capt. Hunter, the Rev. D. C. and Mrs. Clarke, Miss McPherson, Mr. H. Griffiths, Lieut. Hoddart, Lieut. Churchward, Mr. McPherson, Miss Goldfrey, Dr. and Mrs. Andrews, Miss Cox, Mr. Pearce, Capt. Prendergast. Per str. Cashmere.—Mr. J. C. Hill, Mr. W. M. Colles, Miss Helens, Lieut. and Mrs. Moberly and three children, Dr. Kennedy. Per French str. Meinam.—For MADRAS.—Mr. S. Barry. For GALLE.—Mr. Shuriff, Mr. Alexander. For MARSEILLES.—Capt. and Mrs. Aurnbury, Mr. Atkins, Mr. T. Meyers, Mr. Prescott, Col. Muncy, Dr. Macnamara, Mrs. Russell, Lieut. Craig, Mrs. Parker, Mr. Courjon, Capt. McKenzie. Per str. Punjab.—Col. Kennedy, Mr. E. Evans, Mr. Dalson. Per P. and O. S. N. Co.'s str. Mooltan.—From CALCUTTA. Mr. W. E. Darling, Capt. S. C. Rodgers, Mr. D. Marshall, the Rev. C. H. Dall, Mr. W. E. Cross, Mrs. Hainon, Capt. Capel, Mr. Pereira.

DEPARTURES.

Nov. 3. Busted, Knowles, Calcutta; Busheer, M'Corkindale, Rangoon.—6. P. and O. str. Simla, Cattle, Calcutta.—7. French str. Meinam, Galle.—8. str. Cashmere, Baxter, Bombay.—9. Sir Robert Sale, Lansdown, London; Geologist, Clarke, Liverpool; Ice, Jarvis, China.—16. Mail str. Mooltan, Suez.

PASSENGERS DEPARTED.

Per str. Busheer.—For MANULIPATAM.—S. G. Head, Esq., Mr. Maiden and two children. For VIZAGAPATAM.—Mr. Leonard and child. For BELLIPATAM.—Col. Walpole, Capt. Worsley. For RANGOON.—Mrs. McLagan, Quin, McLagan, H. B. Hunden, Esq., A. A. Black, Esq., Mrs. Gordon and two children, Mr. H. Aubrey, Mr. and Mrs. Dinger and four children, Serg. Harrison, Mr. Stephen, Mr. Mayes. Per Sir Robert Sale.—Mrs. Breshnahan and two children, Mr. and Mrs. McKenzie, Mr. Stewart. Per P. and O. S. N. Co.'s str. Mooltan.—For SOUTHAMPTON.—Mr. D. McFarlane, Mr. C. H. Taylor, Capt. Johnson. For MARSEILLES.—Capt. Bowden. For PENANG.—Major and Mrs. Doveton and three infants.

COMMERCIAL.

Madras, Nov. 18, 1865.

BANK OF MADRAS.

Interest on Loans on deposit of Govt. Securities	10 per ct.
On Cash Credits on deposit subject to commission of 1/2 per cent. on the sum granted on amount drawn	10 per ct.
Discount on Government Bills	9 per ct.
Ditto on Private Bills, at or within 3 months	14 per ct.
Loans on deposit of Government paper	9 per ct.

EXCHANGES.

Document Bills, at 6 months' sight	1 11 1/2
Credito 6 months	1 11 1/2

Agents' Bills on England, at 6 months	2 0 1/2
" " " at 3 months	2 0 1/2
" " " at sight	2 0

RATES OF ADVANCE.

On Govt. 5 1/2 percent. Promissory Notes	104 per ct.
Ditto 5 ditto ditto	98 per ct.
Ditto 4 1/2 ditto ditto	90 per ct.
Ditto 4 ditto Stock Receipts	80 per ct.
Ditto 4 ditto Promissory Notes Sicca	83 per ct.
Ditto 4 ditto ditto Company's	83 per ct.
Ditto 3 1/2 ditto ditto ditto	— per ct.
On Tanjore ditto ditto ditto	98 per ct.

GOVERNMENT SECURITIES

5 1/2 per cent. Loan	1859	10 1/2 pm
5 per cent. ditto	1856-57	3 1/2 to 3 3/4 pm
4 per cent. ditto	1832-33	
Ditto	1835-36	
Ditto	1842-43	10 1/2 to 10 dis.
Ditto	1854-55	
5 per cent. Transferable Book Debt		
Tanjore Bonds		1 per ct. dis.
Bank of Madras Shares		87 to 81 p.c. pm

PRICE OF BULLION.

Sovereigns	each Rs. 10-3-6
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FREIGHTS.

Cotton.—To London and Liverpool, £3 to £3. 5s.; Sugar, 17s. 6d.; Indigo and Hides, £3 to £3. 10s.; Rice, 17s. 6d.; Saltpetre, 17s. 6d.

BOMBAY.

MISCELLANEOUS.

TOWN TRAFFIC AND THE RAILWAY.—The much-discussed question of relieving the traffic of the native town, which is impeded by the Great Indian Peninsula Railway crossing the streets on a level, has assumed a new phase, and advanced a stage. The resolution of the justices disapproving of a level crossing was very dexterously framed, and avoided those difficulties (the one being the best plan to be adopted, and the other being the money aid to be given by the municipality towards the execution of the necessary works) which would have led to a difference of opinion among the justices. Government accordingly addressed to the justices the communication which appeared in our last Overland Summary, stating that "it would cost millions" to remove the line from its present site to another part of the island, and that Government could not contribute, and could not permit the railway company to contribute, to such removal. It further stated that the question of whether the proposed passenger terminus at Moody Bay was or was not the best, could not be reopened for further discussion, and that the raising of the line to a high level had been considered and set aside on account of its expense. The question was also pretty plainly put, what money aid the municipality was prepared to give to get rid of the present obstruction to the traffic. Another communication on the same subject has since been forwarded to the justices by the engineer of the Elphinstone Land and Press Reclamation Company, estimating that the railway could be raised upon arches for a sum of £170,000. The Bench, taking both documents into consideration, has requested that the subject be referred anew to the former committee with the addition of several new names, and the provision that, while they think the municipality should be called on to contribute last of all, they are willing to contribute a sum not exceeding £50,000. If the work can be constructed at anything like the estimated sum, and the Government, the Railway Company, and the Elphinstone Land and Press Reclamation Company are willing to contribute the balance of £120,000 between them, there is an end of a vexed question; but what these parties may be inclined to do remains yet to be seen.—*Bombay Gazette*.

MYSTERIOUS.—In our news-letter from Poona on Monday last reference was made to an attack led by a gallant cavalry officer on a small party in a travellers' bungalow. Rampore was misprinted for Maundpore, where the engagement really took place, but the fact stated was correct enough, and we could long since have given full details of the fight. That it was a fair fight can scarcely be said, seeing that the brunt of the attack, which the gallant

colonel supported by two other officers had ridden over from Mhow to deliver, had to be sustained by a lady. When we state that the brave officer's object was to badger the lady and her husband, his subordinate, into informing him of the names of visitors to their private house, it will not be wondered at that the colonel should be worsted. We may remark that the lady's victory was not less complete because the fight on her part was conducted with as much courtesy as tact. If needful, we may refer more at length to matters at Mhow, before the arrival of Sir R. Napier.—*Times of India*.

RUMOURS.—You should try to ascertain the ins and the outs of the extraordinary rumours which come from Mhow. It is said that the gallant Crawley, tired of worrying such small game as paymasters and lieutenants of dragoons, has taken our worthy Commander of the Forces, Sir C. Straubenzee, in hand, and, in forwarding angry round-robins to him from some of the officers of the famous regiment under his command, had administered a good wig to the officer who thought he commanded the Bombay Army! Sir Charles, however, with great want of sympathy for the gallant and truculent officer has forwarded the "wig" on to the Commander-in-Chief in India—who will, doubtless, be delighted to recognise his friend Colonel Crawley's fine Roman hand in a Mhow mess again. A ludicrous story is also prevalent of the gallant colonel's signal repulse in a sudden attack by him on a small but resolute force entrenched in the travellers' bungalow at Rampore. The story is funny, but I can't rely on the details, so won't repeat them at present.—*Times of India*.

CEYLON.

The *Colombo Observer* of the 18th Nov. contains the following:—

The weather during most part of the fortnight has been very unfavourable for preparation and shipment of produce.

The work of legislation has progressed rapidly, and the two long and important Bills for establishing municipalities and re-organising the police have passed through all but the final stages. The Police Bill was passed to-day, and the Municipalities Bill referred to the law officers of the Crown.

The Colonial Secretary moved the first reading of the Supply Bill for 1866. The estimated revenue of the current year was £848,260, and this amount has since been increased to £893,960, which will probably not be very largely exceeded. The actual revenue of 1864 was £867,728, and the revenue of the first eight months of the current year does not amount to more than £630,784, while including certain items of revenue, in respect of which the receipts in the remaining four months of the year will probably exhibit little or no increase. Under the head of Land Sales the actual receipts are below the estimate and the customs must realise in the last quarter £6,000 over the average monthly receipts of the first nine months to yield the estimated amount of £300,000. The estimated revenue of 1866 may, however, I think, be safely taken at £910,000. It is proposed to apply of this amount a sum of £537,717 to the contingent service of the year, to which a further sum of £10,000 will probably be added before the Bill has passed through the Council. The amount of the Supply Bill for 1865 is £570,718, but this includes a sum of £80,000 for railway liabilities, which does not appear in the present Bill, being already provided for by ordinance 7 of 1864. On the 1st of July, 1865, there was a balance in favour of the Ceylon Government of £316,372, liable to a charge of £31,314 for works and services, and to a further deduction of £38,777, being an amount of revenue debt outstanding which is considered irrecoverable.



Official Gazette.

BENGAL.

BY THE GOVERNOR-GENERAL.
FURLONGS.

Home Dept., Fort William, Nov. 1.—The following statement of the number of furloughs available in the season 1865-66 for the members of the Bengal Civil Service, is published for general information:—

Number of servants absent on furlough on this date ...	42
Deduct lapses by expiry...	6
	36
Furloughs available ...	20

Total (being 10 per cent. of the whole number of civil servants of the Bengal establishment) ... 56
Furloughs have been allotted to eight applicants as follows:—

1. Colin Lindsay, for 3 years.
2. Henry Anthony Harrison, for 3 years.
3. George Augustus Pepper, for 3 years.
4. William Henry Henderson, for 3 years.
5. Henry Bruce Simson, for 3 years.
6. Arthur Brandreth, for 2 years.
7. Wilmot Lane, for 2 years.
8. Frederick R. Hogg, for 1 year.

Twelve furloughs remain unassigned, and seven-teen more will lapse between this date and Oct. 31 next, as follows:—

1. Charles Edward Chapman, Dec. 24, 1865.
2. Wilton Oldham, March 4, 1866.
3. William John Rivett Carnac, March 11, 1866.
4. James Vans-Agnew, March 23, 1866.
5. Alexander Wood Russell, April 4, 1866.
6. Alfred Lisle March Phillipps, April 10, 1866.
7. George Lukis Lang, April 25, 1866.
8. Robert George Currie, April 25, 1866.
9. Henry Edmund Perkins, April 25, 1866.
10. Herbert Hankey, April 25, 1866.
11. John Berney Worgan, May 5, 1866.
12. Charles Alfred Elliot, May 14, 1866.
13. Henry Wodehouse Dashwood, June 4, 1866.
14. Reginald Eloyer Saunders, July 9, 1866.
15. John Petty Hamilton Ward, Aug. 24, 1866.
16. Henry Minchin Chase, Oct. 11, 1866.
17. Alexander Elliot Russell, Oct. 21, 1866.

The undermentioned probationary asst. engineers, under correspondence with the Secretary of State for India, are brought on the effective strength of the public works dept. as asst. engrs. 3rd grade, and posted as follows, with effect from the dates on which they may respectively join:—
J. Paterson, Bengal; J. Campbell, Bengal; J. A. Willmore, Oude; J. W. Alexander, Punjab.

BY THE LIEUT. GOVERNOR.

Oct. 14.—No. 5,918.—Lieut. L. J. H. Grey, asst. comsnr. of Mungledye, is vested with the powers of a magistrate in Durrang.

Oct. 16.—The following district superintendents of police are transferred:—

Lieut. W. E. Chambers, from Bancoorah to Jessore.

Mr. J. Cockburn, from Jessore to Purneah.

Mr. H. M. Weatherall, from Purneah to Bancoorah.

Mr. J. W. Taylor to officiate as uncov. asst. to the comsnr. of Cuttack during the absence on leave of Mr. C. W. Hawes, with effect from date on which he may have received charge under the commissioner's orders.

Oct. 17.—The following gentlemen to be asst. superintendents of police 3rd grade in the districts mentioned against their respective names:—

Mr. W. R. Greene, in Pooree.

Mr. K. G. Burne, in Nuddea.

Mr. R. H. Croft Ridsdale, in Cachar.

Mr. J. M. Blumhardt to be dep. registrar of assurances of the sub-district of Chupra, having its head quarters at the sudder station of the district of Sarun.

Oct. 18.—Mr. R. P. Jenkins to be mag. and coll. of Shahabad.

Mr. J. M. Lewis to be a mag. and coll. of the 2nd grade in Beerbhoom.

Lord H. Ulick Browne to be superint. of stamps and stationery, but to continue to officiate as mag. and coll. of Nuddea.

Mr. J. Beames to officiate as mag. and coll. of Purneah during the absence on deputation of Mr. E. Drummond.

Mr. N. S. Alexander to officiate as joint mag. and dep. coll. of Purneah.

Mr. R. D. Hime to be a joint mag. and dep. coll. 2nd grade in Purneah.

Oct. 19.—Mr. E. T. Partridge to be a municipal comsnt. of Darjeeling.

Oct. 18.—Lieut. R. C. Money, dep. comsnt. of Maunbhoom, has leave for 2 weeks, under sec. 6 of the covenanted service absentee rules, from 10th inst., or any other date on which he may avail himself of the leave, making over charge of his office to Mr. A. Weekes, asst. comsnt.

Hony. asst. surg. C. Hayes, house surgeon to the Calcutta Medical College Hospital, has leave for 6 mo., under paragraph 11 of the uncov. service absentee rules.

Oct. 17.—The Lord Bishop of Calcutta has granted a month's priv. leave to the Rev. G. G. Lovely, chaplain of the Old Church, Calcutta.

Capt. J. G. Reddie, master attendant, availed himself on 24th ult. of the leave granted to him under orders of 21st idem.

Oct. 18.—Mr. J. D. Ouseley, asst. mag. and coll., Rajshahye, having resumed his duties on 4th inst., the unexpired portion of the leave granted to him on Aug. 25 last is cancelled.

The services of Mr. J. W. Tawney, asst. to the mag. and coll. of Dinagopore, are placed at the disposal of the Government of India in the home department.

Oct. 19.—Mr. W. Scott, dep. mag. and dep. coll. of Rajshahye, is authorised to avail himself from Dec. 1 next of the month's privilege granted to him under orders of Aug. 24 last.

Oct. 18.—No. 349.—Mr. W. L. Granville, architect to this Govt., having returned from leave to Europe, resumed charge of his office on the 25th current.

Oct. 20.—No. 352.—Mr. H. Dewes, exec. engr., 3rd grade, Darjeeling div., assumed exec. charge of that div., temp., on 7th current.

No. 353.—Mr. W. B. Trenwith, probationary overseer, 2nd grade, attached to the Schilling div., resigned his appt., with the permission of Govt., on July 16.

Oct. 21.—No. 354.—Mr. T. J. Maenamara, exec. engr., 4th grade, is transf. from the Hidgelee to the Mahanuddy div. as offic. exec. engr.

Mr. J. C. Vertanness, exec. engr., 4th grade, is transf. from the Mahanuddy to the Hidgelee div. as offic. exec. engr.

No. 355.—Mr. E. S. B. Pereira, exec. engr., 4th grade, offic. exec. engr., Rajshahye div., has priv. leave for 1 mo.

No. 356.—Mr. J. Adam, exec. engr., 3rd grade, is transf. from British Burmah to Bengal, to offic. as exec. engr., Rajshahye div., during Mr. Pereira's absence on priv. leave.

Oct. 23.—No. 357.—Capt. R. de Bourbel, R.E., offic. superint. engr., Assam Circle, having returned from priv. leave, resumed charge of that circle on 20th current.

No. 358.—Mr. E. J. Meara, exec. engr., 4th grade, Jessore Road div., having returned from priv. leave, resumed charge of that div. on 14th current.

Oct. 24.—No. 360.—Mr. G. W. Vivian, exec. engr., 3rd grade, Nizamut dept., Moorsheebad, assumed charge of the Berhampore div. on 18th current.

No. 362.—Mr. G. R. Smith, sub overseer, 1st class, 3rd grade, attached to the Pres. div., having been convicted of a criminal offence before the Sessions Judge of the 24-Pergunnahs, on the 13th ult., and sentenced to rigorous imprisonment for one year, is removed from the lower subordinate establishment from that date.

Oct. 21.—No. 6,065.—Dr. R. Harvey to be a municipal comr. for the town of Arrah, under Act 3 (B. C.) of 1861.

Oct. 24.—Mr. W. M. Clay to be an asst. comr. in the Dooars of Bootan, and to exercise the powers of a subord. mag. of the 2nd class, described in sect. 22 of the Code of Criminal Procedure, and powers of a dep. coll. in those dooars.

Oct. 25.—Mr. J. M. E. Gouldsbury to be a dist. superint. of police of the 5th grade in Durrang, but to continue to offic. as dist. superint. of Rajshahye till further orders.

Capt. G. B. Fisher to be a dist. superint. of police of the 5th grade in Cuttack.

Lieut. G. M. Bowie to be dist. superint. of police of Sylhet, but to cont. to offic. till further orders, as dep. insp. gen., 3rd circle.

Lieut. W. B. Birch, now on leave, to be dist. superint. of police of Gawalparrah.

Lieut. H. B. Sanderson to be dist. superint. of police of Hooghly.

Capt. W. Howey to be dist. superint. of police of Dinagore.

Capt. W. Gordon to be dist. superint. of police of Howrah.

Mr. J. H. Thompson to be dist. superint. of police of Singhbhum.

Mr. R. S. O'Connor to be dist. superint. of police in the Eastern Doars of Bootan.

Mr. A. H. Giles to be assist. superint. of police in Howrah.

The following assist. superintendents of police are transferred, viz.:

Lieut. W. F. Trotter, from Shahabad to the Western Doars of Bootan.

Mr. H. L. Wroughton, from Patna to Gya.

Mr. H. Munro, from Kishnagur to Shahabad.

Mr. J. B. Good, from Kamroop to Sylhet.

Oct. 27.—Mr. J. C. Price to offic., until further orders, as joint mag. and dep. coll. of Chittagong.

Mr. J. Anderson to have charge of the sub div. of Comerciolly, and to exercise the powers of a mag. and dep. coll. in Pubna.

Mr. J. D. Maclean to have charge of the sub div. of Bettiah, and to exercise the powers of a subord. mag. of the 1st class, and the powers of a dep. coll. in Chumpanin.

Mr. C. E. C. Merington to have temp. charge of the sub div. of Sherghorty and Aurungabad, and to exercise the powers of a subord. mag. of the 1st class, and the powers of a dep. coll. in Gya.

Oct. 20.—Leave of absence:—

Mr. P. H. W. Brody, sub asst. revenue surveyor, 6th div., Lower Provinces, for 1 mo., under para. 16 of the Unconvenanted Service Absentee Rules.

Oct. 25.—Mr. P. A. Humphrey, offic. joint mag. and dep. coll. of Rajshahye, for 6 days.

Mr. F. H. Elphinstone, dep. mag. and dep. coll. of Khoolnah, for 3 mo., from Dec. 4 next.

Capt. W. Howey, dist. superint. of police, Dinagore, for 1 mo.

Mr. S. DaCosta, principal sudder ameen of Rungpore, for 3 mo., from 23rd inst.

The leave granted to Capt. B. W. D. Morton, dep. comr. of Gawalparrah, under orders of the 12th ult., is cane. at his own request.

The leave, for 3 mo., granted to Lieut. W. W. Hume, dist. superint. of police, of Luckimpore, under orders of June 28 last, is commuted to priv. leave for 2 mo.

Oct. 27.—No. 6,176.—Appts.:—

Mr. G. J. S. Hodgkinson to be an asst. to the mag. and coll. of Sarun, and to exercise the powers of a subordinate mag., 2nd class, in that district.

Oct. 29.—Mr. H. B. Simson to be supt. of stamps and stationery, Calcutta.

Lord H. U. Browne to be a mag. and coll. of the 2nd grade in Nuddea.

Mr. H. C. Richardson to be a mag. and coll. of Dinagore, but to continue to offic. as additional judge of Jessore until relieved by Mr. A. Abercrombie.

Oct. 31.—Mr. R. Porch to have charge of the sub div. of Kooshtea, and to exercise the powers of a mag. and dep. coll. in Nuddea. Mr. Porch will also act temporarily as supt. of labour transport in Kooshtea.

Mr. T. Norman to have charge of the sub div. of Meherpore, and to exercise the powers of a subordinate mag. of the 1st class, and the powers of a dep. coll. in Nuddea.

Mr. J. Cameron to be apothecary to the Calcutta med. college hospital.

Mr. R. E. Rafter to be house surg. of the midwifery ward in the Calcutta med. college hospital.

Nov. 3.—Mr. W. H. Verner to be an asst. to the mag. and coll. of Midnapore, and to exercise the powers of a subord. mag. of the 2nd class in that district.

Oct. 30.—Leave of absence:—

Mr. W. W. Hunter, asst. mag. of Cooshtea, for 2 mo., from the 1st prox.

Dr. C. O. Woodford, police surg., for 1 mo., from the date on which he may avail himself of the leave.

Oct. 31.—Dr. R. F. Hutchinson, civil surg. of Patna, for 2 mo.

Nov. 1.—Mr. H. J. Reynolds, supt. of survey, 3rd div., for ten days, to enable him to rejoin his appt. at Dacca.

Dr. C. J. Jackson, civil asst. surg. of Sarun, is allowed an extension of leave up to Jan. 15.

Mr. C. A. Kelly, offic. joint mag. and dep. coll. of Chittagong, for 11 days, from the date on which he may avail himself of the leave, m.c.

Oct. 27.—Mr. G. V. Thompson, sub asst. revenue surveyor, 2nd class, 5th div., lower provs., is perm. to resign from the date on which his services may be dispensed with.

Nov. 2.—The leave granted to Mr. A. Pigou, judge of Hooghly, under orders of Sept. 21 last, is cane. at his own request.

Nov. 4.—Mr. E. D. Lockwood, of the C.S., reported his return from leave per P. and O. Company's steamship *Moolten*, which arrived at the Sandheads on the 1st inst.

Rev. J. Robinson, Govt. Bengallee translator, having resumed charge of his office on the 3rd inst., the unexpired portion of his leave is cane.

Oct. 25.—No. 367.—Capt. W. R. Tucker, R.E., exec. engr., 2nd grade, assumed charge of the Pres. div. on 20th current afternoon.

Oct. 26.—No. 368.—Mr. T. J. Macnamara, exec. engr., 4th grade, assumed charge of the Mahanuddy div. on 14th current afternoon.

No. 369.—Mr. J. Culbert, overseer, 1st grade, attached to the Upper Assam div., resigned his appt., with the permission of Govt., on May 1.

Oct. 27.—No. 370.—Capt. G. N. Kelsall, R.E., exec. engr., 4th grade, for 3 mo., with effect from such date as he may avail himself of the same, to enable him to pass the prescribed exam. in the native languages.

Oct. 28.—No. 371.—The services of Mr. C. H. Ewan, local overseer, 1st grade, attached to the Chittagong div., were dispensed with on the 11th current.

Oct. 31.—No. 372.—Capt. C. J. Meade, S.C., exec. engr., 1st grade, 2nd div., Grand Trunk Road, is allowed priv. leave for 1 mo., with effect from such date as he may avail himself of the same.

Mr. E. Mansfield, asst. engr., 2nd grade, will offic. as exec. engr., 2nd div., Grand Trunk Road, during Capt. Meade's abs. on priv. leave.

No. 376.—Leave of absence.—Mr. T. Jones, asst., 1st grade, att. to the Central office of account, Bengal, is allowed priv. leave for 1 mo.

Nov. 2.—No. 378.—Posting.—Mr. T. H. Wickes, re-appl. as exec. engr., 4th grade, and att. to Bengal, is temp. posted to the Presidency div.

No. 379.—Mr. T. Martin, exec. engr., 2nd grade, Lower Assam div., reported his departure for Eur. on leave, m.c., on the 24th ult., from which date he will be borne on the list of the engr. estab. in Bengal as a supernumerary in his grade.

No. 380.—Mr. W. E. Parry, asst. engr. 2nd grade, has been allowed 3 mo. leave, on m.c., by the Sec. of State for India, in addition to that already granted to him.

No. 383.—Mr. J. C. Vertannes, exec. engr., 4th grade, joined the Hidgele div. on the 20th ult.

Nov. 4.—No. 384.—Posting.—The following asst. engr. of the 3rd grade, att. to Bengal, are posted to the divs. specified opposite to their names:—

Mr. J. Patterson, Bhaurpore div.

Mr. J. Campbell, Rangpur div.

Nov. 6.—No. 386.—Mr. F. Bond, exec. engr., 3rd grade, assumed charge of the Cuttack div. on the 31st ult.

No. 387.—Mr. J. Adam, exec. engr., 3rd grade, assumed charge of the Rajshahye div. on the 30th ultimo.

No. 388.—Mr. J. A. Windle, exec. engr., 4th grade, assumed charge of the Balasore div. on the 26th ult.

No. 389.—Mr. J. O'Flaherty, local asst. engr., 2nd grade, joined the Balasore div. on the 20th ult.

Nov. 7.—No. 390.—Mr. J. Campbell, asst. engr., 3rd grade, joined the Rangpur div. Sept. 29.

BY THE LIEUT.-GOVERNOR, N.W.P.

Oct. 19.—No. 997a.—Mr. W. T. Church, asst. coll. at Banda, is invested with the powers of a dep. coll. for the trial of suits.

Oct. 17.—No. 3,610a.—The undermentioned gentlemen are appointed comrs. for putting Act XXVI. of 1850 in force in the town of Fattepore Sikree, in the Agra div., and are hereby authorized to prepare rules for more effectually accomplishing the purposes for which they are appointed:—

The mag. of the dist., *ex-officio*.

Mr. J. Kennedy, asst. mag.

No. 3,616a.—One month's priv. leave of absence is granted to Mr. H. M. Rogers, asst. mag. and coll. of Shahjehanpore, with effect from 15th ult.

No. 3,619a.—Dr. White, R.A., was in civil med. charge at Jhansie from April 11 to June 4.

Oct. 18.—No. 3,630a.—The notification in the gen. dept. No. 361, dated 28th March last, by which Mr. E. Colvin was placed in charge of the Pillibheet

sub div. of the Bareilly dist., in addition to his other duties, is hereby cane.

Mr. Colvin will revert to his appt. as supt. of the Turai Pergunnahs.

No. 3,631a.—Mr. S. M. Moens, B.A., is declared to be in charge of the Pillibheet sub div. of the Bareilly dist., for the purposes of the Code of Criminal Procedure.

No. 3,637a.—The Hon. the Lieut. Gov. is pleased to make the following appts.:—

Mr. C. B. Thornhill to be jun. member of the Sudder board of revenue.

The Hon. R. A. J. Drummond to be comr. of the Allahabad div.

These appts. will have effect from the 27th April last.

The appt. of Mr. H. B. Henderson to be civil and sessions judge of Benares will take effect from the 27th April last.

Mr. H. Lushington to be civil and sessions judge of Shahjehanpore, with effect from the 6th July last.

Mr. Lushington will continue to offic. as judge of Ghazee-pore until further orders.

Mr. G. B. Pasley to be mag. and coll. of Cawn-pore, but to continue to offic. as mag. and coll. of Ghazee-pore, with effect from the 6th July last.

No. 3,643.—The services of Mr. E. S. Robertson, joint mag. and dep. coll., Azimgurh, are placed at the disposal of the Govt. of India, in the foreign dept., for employment in Oudh.

Oct. 19.—No. 3,653a.—Three mo. sick leave, under para. 11 of the new unconvenanted service absentee rules, is granted to Mr. E. Barron, professor of mathematics in the Agra College, from the date on which he may avail himself of it.

Oct. 20.—No. 3,676a.—Lieut. C. R. Matthews, asst. dist. supt. of police, is apptd. to offic. as an asst. comr. in the Jhansie div.

No. 3,598a.—Mr. C. Hicks, extra asst. comr., 4th class, Jhansie division, to be extra asst. comr., 3rd class, to fill an existing vacancy.

Dated Allahabad, Oct. 17.—No. 4,452.—With reference to notification No. 1,917a, dated 9th ult., Capt. W. Jackson made over charge of the 3rd div. Grand Trunk Road to Mr. Sheldon, asst. engr., on 4th inst., and took charge of the 1st Allahabad div. public works from Lieut. Maitland on 9th idem.

No. 4,473.—The 1 mo. priv. leave granted to Mr. H. F. White, in notification No. 4,148, dated 22nd ult., is cane. at his own request.

Oct. 21.—No. 4,532.—Major J. G. R. Forlong, suptg. engr., 3rd circle, N.W.P., having reported his return on 12th inst., and having taken over charge of the office from Lieut. col. Alexander on the same date, the unexpired portion of the leave granted in notification No. 1,762, dated Aug. 26 last, is accordingly cane.

Oct. 25.—No. 3,733a.—That portion of the notification in this department, No. 973, dated 11th inst., by which the servs. of C. O. Daniell, Esq., M.D., civil assist. surg. of Jounpore, were placed temp. at the disp. of the Govt. of India, in the military dept., for employment in Bhootan, is hereby cane.

No. 3,733b.—The servs. of Dr. C. E. Raddock, civil assist. surg. of Bijnour, are placed temp. at the disposal of the Govt. of India for employment in Bhootan.

No. 3,733j.—The usual leave of abs., on m.c., prep. to applying for leave of abs., is granted to C. O. Daniell, Esq., M.D., civil assist. surg. of Jounpore with effect from the date on which he may avail himself of the same.

Oct. 27.—No. 3,765a.—Mr. R. J. Crosthwaite, asst. mag. and coll. of Boolundshuhur, is app. a member of the dispensary committee at that station.

No. 3,771a.—Mr. W. Connor is app. an honorary dep. coll. and hon. dep. mag. of the district of Ally-gurh, and is invested with the powers of a subord. mag. of the 2nd class, as described in sect. 22 of Act 25 of 1861.

No. 3,781a.—Assist. surg. A. H. White, M.D., at Jhansie, is placed in charge of the jail at that station, and is invested with the powers of a mag. as described in section 22 of Act 25 of 1861, to be exercised within the precincts of the jail under his charge.

No. 3,790a.—In modification of Notification No. 3,278, of Sept. 4 last, Civil Assist. surg. J. Jones, M.D., Cawnpore, is app. to offic. as civil surg. and principal of the medical school at Agra, during the abs. on leave of Surg. maj. G. R. Playfair.

Oct. 30.—No. 3,803a.—Leave of abs., on m.c., from Oct. 23 to Nov. 30, is granted to Mr. A. Ross, judge of the Court of Sudder Dewanny and Nizamat Adawlut, under the orders of the Govt. of India, in the financial dept. No. 1,126, dated Feb. 28 last.

No. 3,806a.—The undermen. gentleman is app. a

municipal commissioner for the civil station of Cawnpore under Act 26 of 1856 :—

Mr. F. Halsey, agent of the Bank of Bengal.
No. 3,818a.—Rev. C. T. Toussaint, whose *servs.* have been placed at the disposal of this Govt., is app. to be chaplain of Muttra.

No. 3,821a.—In notification of the Notification in this dept., No. 3,163a, dated Aug. 29 last, the priv. leave of abs. thereby granted to Mr. S. J. Becher, civil and sess. judge of Saharunpore, will have effect from Sept. 2 to Sept. 16, and from Nov. 15 to Dec. 1.

Oct. 24.—No. 4,561.—With reference to notification No. 1,917a, dated Sept. 9 last, Mr. E. Battie, exec. engr., took over charge of the 3rd div. Grand Trunk Road, from Mr. J. Sheldon, assist. engr., on 12th inst.

Oct. 26.—No. 4,598.—Priv. leave for 2 mos. is granted to Capt. F. G. S. Parker, assist. engr., 1st grade, Roorkee and Dehra Road, with effect from 12th inst.

No. 2,362a.—Mr. C. P. Shanon, overseer, 1st grade, Agra div., public works, is reduced to overseer 2nd grade, with effect from Sept. 1.

Oct. 31.—No. 4,650.—Mr. F. Moore, head acct., office of the controller of public works accounts, N.W.P., is app. to offic. as dep. controller, during the abs. of Lieut. Beckett, on the leave granted to him by this Govt. in orders of Aug. 4, No. 3,696.

BY THE LIEUT. GOVERNOR, PUNJAB.

Oct. 24.—No. 1,489.—Capt. P. H. F. Harris, district superint. of police, Hoshiarpore, to proceed and take charge of the Umballa district, v. Capt. Q. D. Parsons, deputed on special duty.

No. 1,490.—Mr. R. C. Jones, assist. district superint. of police, to offic. as district superint. at Hoshiarpore.

Oct. 21.—No. 2,074.—Capt. F. J. Millar, assist. comr., Loodiana district, to offic. as dep. comr. of Kangra, as a temp. arrangement, from the date of Maj. N. W. Elphinstone giving over charge of that district.

Oct. 24.—No. 2,097.—Transfer.—Mr. F. Venning, assist. comr., from the Umritsur to the Ferozepore district.

No. 2,100.—Maj. H. W. H. Coxe, offic. comr., Mooltan division, has obtained 8 weeks' leave, under the military rules, preparatory to applying for leave to England on m.c., with effect from such date as he may avail himself of the same.

Oct. 19.—No. 2,533.—Leave.—Lieut. F. P. Spragge, R.E., assist. engr., Upper Sirhind division, is allowed leave from the 8th to the 23rd Nov., or from such subsequent date as he may avail himself of it, to proceed to the Presidency, preparatory to the grant of leave to Europe, on m.c.

Oct. 20.—No. 2,554.—Promotions.—The Hon. the Lieut. Governor has sanctioned the following promotions in the engineer establishment, public works dept., Punjab, from Oct. 1, 1865 :—

To be Executive Engineers, 1st grade.

Lieut. col. S. H. J. Davies, exec. engr., Lower Sirhind division.

Maj. J. Fulton, exec. engr., 2nd grade, and offic. superint. engr., Eastern Circle, irrigation dept.

Mr. J. D. Smith, exec. engr., Umritsur civil works division.

To be Executive Engineers, 2nd grade.

Capt. A. R. Bayly, exec. engr., 2nd division, Lahore and Peshawar Road.

Capt. C. M. Browne, exec. engr., Jullundur div.

Mr. P. O'Brien, exec. engr., Sutlej and Chenab Inundation Canals.

Maj. E. N. Saudilani, exec. engr., Salt Range div.

Mr. T. A. Wilson, exec. engr., 1st div., Lahore and Peshawar Road.

To be Executive Engineers, 3rd grade.

Mr. L. B. Bean, exec. engr., 3rd div., Lahore and Peshawar Road.

Lieut. W. B. Holmes, exec. engr., Ferozepore div.

Capt. R. Home, exec. engr., 1st div., Baree Doab Canal.

Mr. D. Kirwan, exec. engr., Indus Canals.

Mr. E. C. Palmer, exec. engr., 4th div., Baree Doab Canal.

Mr. H. Scott, exec. engr., Lahore div.

To be Executive Engineer, 4th grade.

Mr. R. G. Elwes, assist. engr., 1st grade, offic. exec. engr., Bridges and Branch Roads div.

No. 2,555.—With reference to Govt. of India Notification No. 355, dated Oct. 10, the undermentioned engr. apprentices are posted as follows :—

Mr. G. W. Dodsworth to the Bridges and Branch Roads div.

Mr. W. H. Johnson to the Ferozepore div.

Oct. 21.—No. 2,581.—Mr. W. H. Stanley, accountant, 4th grade, is transf. from the office of controller of public works' accounts to that of the exec. engr., Peshawar div.

Oct. 24.—No. 808.—Lieut. W. Broadfoot, R.E., assist. engr., 1st div., Baree Doab Canal, offic. as exec. engr. of the 4th div., from Sept. 11 to Oct. 10, during the absence of Mr. E. C. Palmer on priv. leave.

No. 263.—Appt. :—

The Abbottabad station order, dated Oct. 16, appg. Lieut. J. M. Sym to offic. as station staff officer, during the time Lieut. Codrington may offic. as staff officer, Punjab frontier force, is confirmed.

No. 264.—Leave :—

Capt. G. B. Crispin, 2nd squadron officer, 5th Punjab cav., has obtained leave for 2 mo., from Dec. 1, to visit Calcutta, prep. to submitting an application for leave to England for 6 mo.

BY THE COMMANDER-IN-CHIEF.

Head Quarters, Simla, Sept 28.—Under the provisions of G.O.C.C. of July 13 last, the following officers are perm. to join the surveying class of the Thomason College, Roorkee, and study there from Oct. 1 next to May 1, 1866 :—

Capt. H. Campbell, staff corps; Lieut. F. Richmond, No. 4 baty., 26th brig., R.A.; Lieut. T. F. Stillwell, 38th foot.

Capt. Campbell's appt. to do duty with the 4th N.I., in G.O. of the 21st inst., is cane.

Lieut. H. G. Saunders, late 3rd European regt., is apptd. to do duty with the 13th N.I., at Peshawar, and is directed to proceed and join on the expiration of his term of duty at the Kussowlie convalescent depot.

Lieut. H. W. Williams, adjt. of the 42nd N.I., is, at his own request, permitted to resign his appt.

Lieut. E. S. Mercer, of the 94th foot, passed the 1st standard in Hindoostanee agreeably to G.G.O. No. 734 of 1864, on the 4th inst.

Lieut. S. B. Home, gen. list, inf., attached to the 4th N.I., is permitted to do duty with the 6th N.I., and directed to join.

Official notification has been received of the undermen. officers of the 7th foot and rifle brig. having been posted to the batts. specified :—

Lieut. W. E. H. H. Graves, to the 1st batt. 7th ft.

Lieut. the Hon. B. T. Howard, to the 1st batt. rifle brig.

Lieut. J. McNair, doing duty inf., is permitted to remain at Dinapore and do duty with the 11th N.I. on its arrival at that station.

Surg. major G. Banister, attached to the F brig. royal horse art., is transf. to the med. charge of the 7th N.I., in the room of Asst. surg. J. H. White, proceeding on sick leave to Europe, and directed to join.

Staff surg. major W. H. Mackintosh, m.d., having been relieved from the med. charge of the 20th foot, will proceed to Benares and take med. charge of the 58th foot.

Staff assist. surg. J. Ambrose, m.d., doing duty with the 58th foot at Benares, will, on Surg. major Mackintosh's assuming med. charge of that regt., proceed to Azimgurh, and relieve Civil assist. surg. T. W. Sheppard of the med. charge of the detachment of the 58th foot at that station.

Dated 7th *idem*.—Directing Assist. surg. R. Harvey, lately arrived from England, to proceed to Arrah and relieve Civil Assist. surg. J. J. Durant, placed at disposal of the military dept.

The following orders are confirmed :—

Fetteighur station order, dated March 29 last, directing Assist. surg. R. E. Heath, m.d., of 88th foot, to afford medical aid to the station staff and detachments of native cavalry and infantry, in the room of Assist. surg. F. T. McCarthy, 1st batt. 23rd foot, proceeded to Agra with his regt.

Julpesh station order, dated 1st ult., appg. Capt. W. A. Garden, offic. 2nd in com. and wing officer of 19th N.I., to offic. as station staff, in addition to his other duties, in the room of Capt. H. R. Osborn, 2nd squadron officer, of 5th Bengal cav., proceeding on duty to Pudukowah.

By the officer comdg. 98th foot, dated 9th ult., directing Ensign H. Paterson to act as interpreter, there being no other qualified officer available.

Dum Dum station order, dated 23rd ult., appg. Lieut. and Adj. F. Barnston, of the 55th foot, station staff, in addition to his other duties, with effect from 19th *idem*, in room of Capt. C. E. Theobald, of 55th foot, proceeded on duty.

By the officer comdg. 1st batt. 19th foot, dated 26th ult., appg. Lieut. W. Bennett to offic. as instr. of musketry, with effect from June 22 last, in room of Lieut. R. G. Trail, proceeded to England on m.c.

By the officer comdg. 16th N.I., dated the 29th

ult., making the following appointments, in room of Capt. W. B. Girdlestone, 2nd in com. and wing officer, proceeded on leave :—

Capt. F. B. Foote, wing officer, to offic. as 2nd in com. and wing officer.

Capt. W. G. Cubitt, v.c., adjt., to offic. as wing officer, in add. to his other duties.

By the officer comdg. 27th foot, dated 1st inst., appg. Lieut. and adjt. A. Clay to act as interp. to the regiment.

By the officer comdg. 42nd foot, dated 1st inst., appg. Capt. the Hon. R. H. Stewart to act as interp. to the regiment.

By the officer comdg. 4th Goorkha regt., dated 3rd inst., appg. Lieut. J. Hay, gen. list, infantry, attached, to offic. as doing duty officer, in the room of Lieut. J. K. McCausland, dec.

By the officer comdg. 7th Bengal cav., dated 7th inst., directing Lieut. M. C. Smith, late 6th Eur. regt., attached, to offic. as doing duty officer, pending the arrival of Lieut. J. L. Ferris, late 12th N.I., from sick leave.

Leave of absence :—

19th Foot.—Capt. S. W. Bent, 1st batt., from July 14 to Oct. 14, to remain in England, on m.c.

46th Foot.—Capt. G. T. D. Radcliffe, from July 15 to Sept. 15, to remain in England.

Royal Artillery.—Lieut. L. F. Perry, C baty., 11th brig., from Sept. 1 to 30, to Calcutta, on m.c.; 2nd Capt. S. A. Bazalgette, adjt., 16th brig., from Oct. 1 to Nov. 15, in ext.; Lieut. T. Graham, C baty., 16th brig., from April 15 to Oct. 15, to Almorah; Asst. surg. G. N. Irvine, m.d., G baty., 19th brig., from date of embarkation to England, on m.c.; Lieut. F. B. Roberts, A baty., 18th brig., from date of embarkation at Bombay to England, on m.c.; Asst. surg. Y. H. Johnson, A baty., 22nd brig., from Aug. 22 to Oct. 15, in ext.

7th Drag. Guards.—Qmr. G. Gillam, from Oct. 2 to 15, in ext. of priv. leave, to remain at Mussoorie.

5th Lancers.—Cornet G. C. K. Baldwin, from Sept. 13 to Dec. 13, to Mussoorie, on m.c.

20th Foot.—Lieut. F. Mansel, 1st batt., from Aug. 14 to Oct. 1, in ext.

33rd Foot.—Capt. J. H. Campbell, from date of embarkation at Bombay, to England, overland, on m.c.

41st Foot.—Lieut. B. Eagle, from Nov. 15, to remain at Agra, awaiting the arrival of his regt. from England.

42nd Foot.—Lieut. E. P. Hicks, from Aug. 19 to Aug. 20, in ext., to enable him to rejoin; and Capt. M. Macleod, from Aug. 20 to Sept. 24, in ext., to remain in Calcutta for the purpose of studying the native languages.

44th Foot.—Lieut. G. C. Gooch, paymr., from Nov. 29 to date of arrival of his regt., in ext., to remain in England.

51st Foot.—Lients. W. Clements, adjt., W. P. L. Lewes, and J. V. Nugent, from April 15 to Oct. 15, to Murree and Cashmere.

58th Foot.—Lieut. R. E. Huxham, from Sept. 27 to Oct. 31, in ext., to remain at Nynee Tal, on m.c.; and Asst. surg. J. Carlaw, from Sept. 6 to Dec. 1, to Nynee Tal, on m.c.

72nd Foot.—Lieut. A. Tanner, from date of embarkation at Bombay, to England, for 6 mo.

77th Foot.—Capt. H. M. L. Colquhoun, dist. insp. of musketry, from Sept. 15 to Oct. 20, to Nynee Tal, on m.c.

109th Foot.—Paymr. J. Fitzgerald, from date of embarkation at Bombay, to England, on m.c.

Sept. 29.—The C. in C. in India is pleased to make the following appts. :—

8th N.I.—Lieut. C. J. Walter, doing duty officer, to offic. as qmr., v. Lieut. G. F. M. Phillips, who has proc. to England, on m.c., dated Sept. 28.

23rd N.I.—Lieut. A. D. Anderson, qmr. 41st N.I., to be adj., v. Lieut. H. St. G. Tucker, prom., dated Sept. 28.

35th N.I.—Lieut. H. F. Bunbury, qmr., to be adj., v. Lieut. H. D. Metcalfe, vacated on prom., dated Sept. 28; Lieut. and brev. capt. E. R. G. Wilcox, late 4th Eur. regt., to be qmr., v. Lieut. H. F. Bunbury, app. adj., dated Sept. 28. (This cancels Capt. Wilcox's posting to the 17th N.I., notified in G.O.C.C., 21st ult.)

36th N.I.—Lieut. R. F. C. A. Tytler, qmr., to be adj., v. Lieut. H. Holford, app. to another situation, dated Sept. 28; Lieut. T. Hardy, doing duty officer, to be qmr., v. Lieut. R. F. C. A. Tytler, app. adj., dated Sept. 28.

39th N.I.—Lieut. H. Holford, unattached, to be qmr., v. Lieut. W. E. D. Broughton, vacated on prom., dated Sept. 28.

41st N.I.—Lieut. A. I. Iles, late 40th N.I., to be

qmr., v. Lieut. A. D. Anderson, app. adj. to 23rd N.I., dated Sept. 28.

42nd N.I.—Lieut. J. F. F. G. Cogan, late 22nd N.I., to be adj., v. Lieut. H. W. Williams, who resigns that app't., dated Sept. 28.

44th N.I.—Brev. capt. W. Playfair, late 4th N.I., to offic. as wing officer, v. Lieut. E. Lightfoot, on leave to England, on m.c., dated Sept. 28.

Capt. T. G. Ross, late 21st N.I., is attached for duty to the 31st N.I. at Buxar, and directed to join forthwith.

Capt. W. M. Lees, of 23rd foot, app. a dep. judge advocate general on the establishment in G. G. O. No. 735, of July 28 last, is posted to the Oude div.

Capt. C. N. McMullin, late 73rd N.I., on leave to Mussoorie, is app. to do duty with the 28th N.I., and directed to join on expiry of his leave.

Under instructions from horse guards, Capt. G. G. Newton, 2nd batt. 12th foot, is directed to proceed at once to England, for duty with the depot of his regiment.

Lieut. W. I. Bax, general list, infantry, is perm. to do duty with 11th Bengal cav., and directed to proceed on the expiry of his leave to Umballah, and do duty at that station till the arrival of the regt. in course of the relief.

Lieut. H. Wylie, general list, infantry, attached to 10th Bengal cav., is permitted to do duty with 7th dragoon guards, for the purpose of being instructed in the duties of a cavalry officer.

Lieut. A. P. Van Homrigh, 36th foot, is perm., under the provisions of G.O.C.C. of July 13 last, to join the surveying class of Thomason College at Roorkee, and study there from Oct. 1 next to May 1, 1866.

The undermen. officers are appd. to do duty as specified:—

Ensign E. B. Bishop, of the 54th foot, doing duty 28th N.I., with the 45th N.I.

Lieut. W. E. Gowan, gen. list, inf., doing duty 34th N.I., with the 40th N.I., on expiration of his priv. leave.

Lieut. B. H. Russell, gen. list, inf., offic. instructor of musketry 104th foot, is perm., on expiration of his present leave, to proceed and do duty with the 19th hussars at Meerut, for the purpose of being instructed in the duties of a cav. officer.

Lieut. J. G. Moir of the 1st batn. 19th foot, passed the 1st standard in Hindoostanee July 10 last, agreeably to G.G.O. No. 734.

Ensign E. J. Lugard, of the 1st batn. 4th foot, is, with the sanction of Govt., appd. aide de camp to Major gen. T. Williams, C.D., comdg. the Oude div., with effect from March 21 last.

W. Henn, having passed the prescribed exam., is admitted into the subord. med. dept., as an hospital apprentice, with effect from April 15.

The foll. Benares div. orders are confirmed:—

Dated Aug. 31 last.—Transferring Lieut. E. C. S. Jackson, gen. list, inf., from the 15th to the 18th N.I., at Bhaugulpore.

Dated 8th ult.—Directing Civil Asst. surg. J. J. Durant, in med. charge of Shahabad, to proc. to Dalimkote for duty with the left wing of the 31st N.I.

The foll. orders are confirmed:—

By the officer comdg. the 30th N.I., dated July 31 last, appg. Lieut. C. J. Durand, offic. doing duty officer, to offic. as adjt., v. Lieut. H. A. Lewes, app. offic. wing officer.

Lucknow brig. order, dated 9th ult. directing Asst. surg. W. C. Smith, M.D., att. to the 33rd N.I., to assume med. charge of the 2nd N.I., in addition to his other duties, v. Surg. A. G. Crewe.

By the officer comdg. the 16th N.I., dated 9th inst., making the foll. appts. in the room of Lieut. col. R. C. Germon, comdt., proc. on court martial duty:—

Capt. F. B. Foote, offic. 2nd in com. and wing officer, to offic. as comdt.

Brev. capt. and adjt. W. G. Cubitt, v.c., wing officer, to offic. as 2nd in com. and wing officer, in add. to his other duties.

Lieut. A. B. Clare, offic. qmr., to offic. as wing officer, in add. to his other duties.

Pres. div. order, dated 11th ult., directing Staff asst. surg. J. Murray, M.D., recently arrived from England, to proc. and do duty with 58th foot at Benares.

By the officer comdg. 18th N.I., dated 11th ult., appg. Lieut. and adjt. A. R. Loughnan to offic. as wing officer, in add. to his other duties, with effect from 15th ult., v. Capt. F. Allen, staff corps, proc. leave.

Leave of absence:—

19th Hussars.—Major Sir J. Hill, Bart., from to Aug. 31, to remain in England.

20th Hussars.—Cornet D. C. Budd, from July 26 to Aug. 10, to remain in England.

38th Foot.—Capt. D. W. Martin, from July 28 to Oct. 26, to remain in England, on m.c.

55th Foot.—Major R. England, from July 12 to Feb. 8, 1866, to remain in England, on m.c.

80th Foot.—Col. S. T. Christie, C.B., from June 29 to Sept. 30, to remain in England.

Royal Horse Art.—Major A. Light, B batty., F. brig., from Sept. 1 to Nov. 30, to Murree, on m.c.

4th Foot.—Ensign C. M. Davidson, 1st batn., from date of embarkation at Bombay, to England, overland, m.c.

11th Foot.—Major J. Roe, 1st batn., from Sept. 30 to Oct. 15, in ext.

20th Foot.—Asst. surg. F. R. Wilson, M.D., 1st batn., from Sept. 25 to Nov. 30, to Nynee Tal, on m.c.

27th Foot.—Ensign J. R. Mechem, from Sept. 30 to Nov. 2, in ext.

51st Foot.—Asst. surg. G. S. Burnside, from Sept. 14 to Nov. 13, to Murree, on m.c.

91st Foot.—Lieut. A. P. Maurice, from Sept. 7 to Oct. 7, to Calcutta.

97th Foot.—Lieut. R. Smith, adjt., from date of embark. to England, for 17 mo., doing duty with troops on the voyage.

101st Foot.—Capt. N. H. Wallace, from date of embark., to England for 17 mo., doing duty with troops on the voyage.

108th Foot.—Capt. J. R. Gordon, from date of embark. at Madras, to England, overland, m.c.

109th Foot.—Lieut. F. C. Hudson, from date of leaving regt., to England, for 8 mo.

Rifle Brig.—Lieut. G. A. Hillyard, 3rd batt., from date of embark., to England for 15 mo., doing duty with troops on the voyage.

Staff Corps.—Maj. T. C. Darnell, 2nd in comd. and wing officer 24th N.I., from Nov. 1 to Dec. 31, to pres., prep. to retirement from the service.

Late 4th N.I.—Major G. D'Aguiar, 2nd in com. and wing officer 21st N.I., from date of availing himself of the leave, to Calcutta, for 1 mo., prep. to applying for furl. to Eur., on m.c.

Late 14th N.I.—Lieut. C. J. Durand, offic. qmr. 30th N.I., from Sept. 28 to Oct. 28, to Calcutta, prep. to applying for leave to Eur., on m.c.

Late 36th N.I.—Major E. Smalley, doing duty at Dinapore, from Aug. 25 to Oct. 20, in ext. of priv. leave, to remain at the Fres., on m.c.

Late 49th N.I.—Major R. Larkins, from Oct 1 to Sept. 31, 1866, in ext., to Rohilekund, N.W.P., and the Hills north of Dehra, m.c.

Gen. List. Inf.—Lieut. A. J. T. Welchman, 3rd squadron officer 14th Bengal cav., from Sept. 18 to Nov. 15, in ext. of priv. leave, to remain at Simla, on m.c.; G. M. D. Hill, attached to 17th N.I., from Sept. 9 to Dec. 9, in ext. of priv. leave, to remain in Calcutta, for the purpose of studying the native languages.

Medical Dept.—Asst. surg. J. C. Morice, 16th Bengal cav., from Oct. 1 to Nov. 1, in ext., to remain at Nynee Tal on m.c.

Medical Staff.—Staff Surg. W. W. Mills, att. to the 58th foot, from date of embarkation, to England, overland; and Staff Surg. W. J. Page, att. to the 98th foot, from date of embarkation, to England, by either route, m.c.

Oct. 12.—The retirement from the service, by the sale of his commission, of Major E. Hardinge, 80th foot, and the promotions in succession of Capt. J. L. W. Nunn, Lieut. F. FitzC. Goddard, and Ensign J. C. Robinson, announced in G.O. of Sept. 13, are cancelled; dated Oct. 7.

The C. in C. in India accepts the retirement from the service, by the sale of his commission, of Lieut. R. W. Ormerod, 3rd batt. rifle brig., subject to approval by her Majesty; dated Oct. 3.

The retirement from the service, by the sale of his commission, of Lieut. W. N. Manners, 3rd batt. 60th rifles, not having taken place, the G.O. by the C. in C. in India of March 28, 1863, announcing that retirement, is cancelled; dated Oct. 2.

Capt. E. Fortescue, 3rd batt. rifle brig., is app. to offic. as brig. major at Mooltan, v. Capt. A. Callander, proceeded on leave, and directed to join forthwith.

The undermentioned officers were declared by the Board of Examiners at Fort William to have passed the prescribed examinations in Hindoostanee on the 9th inst.:—

Lieut. H. W. Webster, late 45th N.I., P.H. test.

Ensign T. B. Michell, 80th foot, 2nd standard.

Leave of absence:—

Royal Horse Artillery.—Lieut. col. C. B. Fuller (E brig.), from date of embarkation at Bombay, to England, overland, on m.c.

7th Hussars.—Capt. E. Metcalfe (instructor of musketry), from Sept. 29 to Oct. 15, in extension of priv. leave, to remain at Cashmere.

11th Foot.—Lieut. E. H. Vaughton (1st batt.), from Oct. 1 to Oct. 31, to Calcutta, thence to England for 4 mo., from date of embarkation; Ensign C. W. C. K. Tynte (1st batt.), from Oct. 1 to Oct. 15, in ext.

51st Foot.—Qmr. W. Sibbald, from Sept. 25 to Nov. 24, to Murree, on m.c.

55th Foot.—Capt. S. W. F. M. Wilson, from date of embarkation to England, overland, on m.c.

82nd Foot.—Ensign W. F. F. Grant, from Sept. 13 to Sept. 17, in ext. of priv. leave, to enable him to rejoin.

104th Foot.—Lieut. col. W. Birch, from Oct. 7 to Oct. 15, in ext. of priv. leave, to remain at Simla.

Bengal Cav.—Lieut. col. C. H. Nichollets (doing duty at Meerut), from Oct. 25, 1865, to Feb. 25, 1866, to visit the Presidency, prep. to retiring from the service.

10th Madras N.I.—Capt. G. Rowlandson, from Oct. 15, 1865, to Feb. 15, 1866, in ext., to remain at Dhurmsala, on m.c.

Late 3rd Eur. Regt.—Lieut. A. D. Campbell (attached to 15th N.I.), from Sept. 2 to Sept. 22, in ext., to remain in Calcutta.

Late 4th Eur. Regt.—Capt. R. S. Simonds (attached to 7th N.I.), from Oct. 1, 1865, to March 31, 1866, to remain at Benares, and subsequently visit Calcutta, for the purpose of studying the native languages.

Late 22nd N.I.—Lieut. P. H. M. Wynter (qmr. 18th N.I.), from Sept. 30 to Oct. 30, to Calcutta, on m.c.

Gen. List. Cav.—Lieut. R. Bartholomew (doing duty officer 16th B.C.), from Oct. 4 to Oct. 15, in ext., to remain at Nynee Tal.

Gen. List. Inf.—Lieut. H. E. Eliot (offic. qmr. 1st N.I.), from Sept. 21 to Oct. 21, to Calcutta, on m.c.; F. E. Johnstone (attached to 8th N.I.), from Oct. 15, 1865, to April 15, 1866, to Calcutta, for the purpose of studying the native languages; and T. Nicholls (attached to 32nd N.I.), from Sept. 7 to Oct. 19, in ext. of priv. leave, to remain at Dhurmsala, on m.c.

Vet. Dept.—Vet. surg. I. Bicknell, from Sept. 21 to Nov. 21, to Meerut.

Head Quarters, Umballah, Oct. 17.—The C. in C. in India is pleased to make the following appointments:—

24th N.I.—Capt. B. N. Smith, offic. 2nd squadron officer in the 15th Bengal cav., to be wing officer, v. Capt. E. H. Scott, who vacates, dated Oct. 12.

30th N.I.—Capt. J. G. Campbell, late 15th N.I., attached to the regt., to be doing duty officer, dated Oct. 14.

36th N.I.—Capt. B. A. Nowell, staff corps, att. to the regt., to be doing duty officer, v. Lieut. T. Hardy.

43rd N.I.—Capt. G. G. Cunliffe, staff corps, to offic. as 2nd in command and wing officer, v. Maj. G. A. Williams, proceeded to England on m.c.

Under instructions from the Horse Guards, Lieut. A. R. Hutchinson, 1st batt. 23rd foot, will proceed to join the depot companies of his battalion.

The services of Lieut. Hutchinson will be retained for duty with invalids and time-expired men proceeding to England.

The undermentioned asst. surgs., appointed to the rifle brigade, are posted to the battalions specified:—

Asst. surg. R. J. B. Cunynghame, M.D., to 2nd batt. rifle brig.

Asst. surg. T. Barnwell, to 3rd batt. rifle brig.

The following orders are confirmed:—

Sirhind division order, dated 29th ult., appg. Asst. surg. A. P. M. Corbett, M.D., R.A., attached to the Kus-sowlie convalescent depot, to the med. charge of the division staff, with effect from Aug. 17 to the 15th inst.

Presidency div. order, dated the 7th inst., making the following temp. med. arrangements:—

Attaching Asst. surg. J. Cleghorn, M.D., recently arrived in India, to the 6th N.I.

Directing Asst. surg. J. Bennett, M.D., recently arrived in India, to proceed to Gowhaty, for duty with the Doar field force.

Dated the 9th idem, directing Col. C. Herbert, C.B., 54th foot, to assume com. of the div. in the room of Maj. gen. St. G. D. Showers, C.B., dec.

Allahabad brig. order, dated the 3rd inst., directing Lieut. col. R. Patton, 107th foot, to assume com. of the station in the room of Col. G. Bouchier, C.B., R.A.

Meer station order, dated the 2nd inst., directing Asst. surg. A. W. Beveridge, M.D., R.A., to assume med. charge of the staff, with effect from

the 1st idem, during the illness of Asst. surg. W. C. Robinson, 34th foot.

14th Bengal cav. regtl. order, dated the 2nd ult., directing Lieut. W. S. A. Lockhart, adj., to offic. as 2nd in com. and squadron officer, in addition to his other duties, with effect from April 16 to May 31 last, during the absence on court martial duty of Maj. R. Chalmers.

1st N.I. regtl. order, dated the 24th ult., directing Lieut. G. Atkins, doing duty officer, to offic. as qmrm. during the absence on leave of Lieut. J. P. Harris.

H.R.H. the Field Marshal commanding in chief has been pleased to grant leave of absence to the undermentioned officers:—

19th Hussars.—Capt. J. Duncan, from Aug. 10 to Oct. 10, to remain in England.

21st Hussars.—Capt. J. M. Biddle (2nd batt.), from Oct. 1 to Nov. 30, to remain in England.

7th Foot.—Major J. M. Clayhills (1st batt.) from Aug. 14 to Nov. 4, to remain in England; Capt. J. M. Scott (paymr. 1st batt.) from Aug. 9 to Aug. 9, 1866, to remain in England, on m.c.

23rd Foot.—Ensigns J. J. Mahon (1st batt.) from Aug. 16 to Feb. 16, 1866, and A. C. Jackson (1st batt.), from Aug. 18 to Nov. 18, to remain in England, on m.c.

34th Foot.—Capt. I. F. Kennedy, from Aug. 11 to May 11, 1866, to remain in England, on m.c.

42nd Foot.—Lieut. E. Whitehead, from Aug. 16 to Feb. 16, 1866, to remain in England, on m.c.

46th Foot.—Capt. G. T. D. Radcliffe, from Sept. 15 to Nov. 15, to remain in England.

54th Foot.—Major W. E. D. Deacon, from Aug. 11 to Feb. 11, 1866, to remain in England, on m.c.

90th Foot.—Asst. surg. T. T. Gardner, from Aug. 12 to Nov. 12, to remain in England.

91st Foot.—Capt. J. A. Kysh (paymr.), from Aug. 5 to Aug. 4, 1866, to remain in England, on m.c.

94th Foot.—Asst. surg. J. G. Leask, m.n., from Aug. 3 to Nov. 3, to remain in England, on m.c.

97th Foot.—Lieut. R. W. Barbor, from Aug. 23 to Feb. 23, 1866, to remain in England, on m.c.

107th Foot.—Lieuts. J. R. E. J. Royle, from Aug. 16 to Feb. 16, 1866, and C. Middlemass, adjt., from Aug. 23 to Aug. 23, 1866, to remain in England, on m.c.

Rifle Brigade.—Ens. W. F. Cavendish (2nd batt.), from Sept. 20 to Oct. 10, and Lieut. the Hon. T. C. Scott (3rd batt.), from Oct. 3 to Dec. 3 to remain in England, on m.c.

RECRUITING.

Oct. 18.—Under the authority of the Govt. of India, it is hereby notified that, for the future, the enlistment of Goorkhas into the native army is to be restricted to purely Goorkha corps, the corps of Guides alone excepted.

STAFF CORPS.

With reference to G.O. Nos. 933 and 934 of the 12th inst., commanding officers of brigades of royal artillery, and of British cavalry and infantry regiments, will have the goodness to recollect that they are bound to forward for the consideration of the several Commanders-in-Chief all applications from officers under their command to enter the staff corps.

2. It is open to them to state objections to the applications of such officers, but they cannot refuse to forward them.

3. Officers applying to become probationers for the staff corps should be required to forward at the same time the necessary certificates.

DRILL.

In directing that the new "Regulations for the Instruction, Formations, and Movements of Cavalry," and the "Instructions for Sword, Carbine, Pistol, and Lance Exercise, and Standing Gun Drill," dated Horse Guards, Jan. 1. 1865, may be adopted by H.M.'s British Regts. in India, the C. in C. is pleased to announce that Govt. have sanctioned the introduction of the former into corps of Bengal cav. also.

The instructions for sword and pistol exercise, &c., are not applicable to native cav.

With reference to G.O. No. 930, of the 11th inst., Col. H. F. Dunsford, c.n., reappointed to the brigade staff of the army temp., with the rank of Brig. gen., is posted to the Peshawar brig. and directed to join.

Maj. gen. J. Welchman, c.n., Bengal inf., app. to the div. staff of the army in G.O. No. 931, of the 11th inst., is posted to the presidency div.

The C. in C. in India is pleased to make following appointments:—

1st N.I.—Brev. capt. F. J. Craigie, adj., to be wing officer, v. Maj. J. G. Sparke, dated Oct. 14.

Lieut. G. Atkins, doing duty officer, to be adj., v. Brev. capt. F. J. Craigie, dated Oct. 14.

Lieut. H. E. Elliot, gen. list, inf., to be doing duty officer, v. Lieut. G. Atkins, dated Oct. 14.

The C. in C. in India has accepted the resignation of his commission of Riding master H. J. Fairlie, 18th hussars, subject to approval by H.M., dated Oct. 11.

Capt. C. MacFarlane, staff corps, is attached for duty to the 31st N.I., but he will do duty at Umballa on expiry of his leave till arrival of the regt. at that station in course of relief from the eastern frontier.

[This cancels his posting to the 20th N.I., notified in G.O.C.C. of 21st ult.]

The undermentioned officers are permitted to do duty with the convalescent depot, Landour, during the ensuing cold season:—

Capt. and Brev. maj. R. C. Lindsey, late 24th N.I.

Capt. A. H. B. Bruce, Bengal staff corps.

The following orders are confirmed:—

By the Commander of the Forces, dated the 15th ult., appg. Ensign M. R. Healey, 95th foot, paymr. of the Kurrachee depot, v. Lieut. J. J. Martin, 1st batt. 4th foot, resigned.

37th N.I. regimental order, dated July 27 last, making the following appointments with effect from June 30 last, in the room of Capt. D. S. Buist, 2nd in com. and wing officer, Capt. A. A. Bruce, wing officer, to offic. as 2nd in com. and wing officer.

Lieut. C. E. D. Branson, qmrm. and offic. adjt., to offic. as wing officer in addition to his other duties.

Dated the 30th idem, making the following appointments with effect from 19th idem, in room of Lieut. col. J. Nisbett, commandant, proceeded on leave:—

Capt. A. A. Bruce, wing officer, to offic. as comdt.

Lieut. C. E. D. Branson, offic. adjt., to offic. as 2nd in com. and wing officer.

Lieut. C. Ransford, offic. qmrm., to offic. as wing officer.

MADRAS.

BY THE GOVERNOR IN COUNCIL.

Fort St. George, Nov. 4.—Appointments:—

Mr. G. Banbury to act as sub-sec. to the board of revenue during the employment of Mr. Dalyell on other duty.

Mr. J. R. Cockerell to act as sub-coll. and joint mag. of the Madras dist. during the employment of Mr. Banbury on other duty.

Nov. 7.—Mr. G. McWatters to be assist. to coll. and mag. of Trichinopoly.

Mr. W. A. Happell to be assist. to coll. and mag. of Godavery.

Mr. T. VonD. Hardinge to be assist. to coll. and mag. of Bellary.

Mr. L. R. Burrows to be assist. to coll. and mag. of Madura.

Mr. E. N. Overbury to be assist. to coll. and mag. of Malabar.

Mr. F. E. Hall to be assist. to coll. and mag. of South Arcot.

Mr. M. Platel, sub-mag. of Cochin, Calicut dist., to be dep. registrar of assurances of that sub-dist.

Capt. C. J. Smith, royal engrs., assist. engr., 1st grade, and acting exec. engr., to be exec. engr., 4th grade, v. Lieut. col. C. P. Molony.

Mr. W. B. Leggatt, assist. engr., 2nd grade, to be assist. engr., 1st grade, v. Capt. Smith.

Lieut. R. E. Brockman, royal engrs., acting assist. engr., to be assist. engr., 2nd grade, v. Mr. Leggatt.

Mr. J. George, assist. engr., 1st class, to act as exec. engr. during the employment of Maj. Stoddard on other duty.

Mr. J. O'Shaughnessy, sub-engr., 3rd grade, to act as assist. engr., v. Mr. George.

Mr. W. A. Goodchap, acting sub-engr., to act as assist. engr. during the abs. of Lieut. Makgill.

Capt. J. N. Hunter, R.E., to act as executive engr., during the employment of Major H. N. D. Prendergast on other duty, and to be posted to the Kistnah district.

The following transfer is ordered as a temporary arrangement:—Mr. C. W. Maitland, sub engr., 1st grade, from Madras to Tanjore district.

Mr. W. J. H. Le Fann is admitted as a member of the Madras C.S. from the 28th ult., the date of his arrival at the presidency per str. *Mooltan*.

No. 390.—H.E. the G. in C. is pleased to make the following appointment:—Capt. G. A. Arbuthnot, cadre 8th regt. L.C., doing duty 18th hussars, to be a brigade major to complete the establishment,

v. Major J. M. Grant, staff corps, whose tour of staff service will expire Nov. 25, 1865.

Col. G. W. Y. Simpson, R.A., insp. gen. of ordnance, is granted priv. leave of absence for one day, in continuation of the 30 days' leave notified in G.O.G., Sept. 29 last, No. 347.

No. 392.—Madras Staff Corps.—Under the provisions of G.O.G., July 24 last, No. 721, the admission to the staff corps of Lieut. (Brevet Capt.) F. Gadsden, 5th regt. N.I., is to have effect from Feb. 18, 1861, and not from Oct. 26 following, as indicated in G.O.G., Dec. 9, 1864, No. 469, subject to the approval of H.M.'s Sec. of State for India.

The undermen. officers, having completed 12 years' service, 4 of which were on permanent staff employ, to be capt. from the dates specified against their names, under the royal warrant of Jan. 16, 1861, subject to H.M.'s approval:—

Lieut. (Brevet Capt.) F. Gadsden, from May 18, 1864.

Lieut. (Brevet Capt.) R. Griffith, from Nov. 4 last.

No. 393.—With reference to G.O.G., Feb. 10, 1863, No. 41, the name of the undermen. officer, who retired from the service under the annuity scheme, will be removed from the list of regt. lieut. cols. of infantry:—Lieut. col. (Major gen.) C. Pooley, died Sept. 29 last.

No. 4,654.—The Comy. gen. has granted priv. leave of absence to Capt. J. D. Sewell, sub asst. comy. gen., for 60 days, from Nov. 18, or date of departure.

The undermentioned police officer has passed the prescribed examination in the Vernacular:—

Lieut. W. H. Hodges, prob. asst. superint., Tamil, the revised police test; Oct. 9.

Nov. 10.—Mr. H. Wood is permitted to resign the Madras C.S., from Sept. 13 last, and is admitted to an annuity from that date, under the terms of the despatch from the Right Hon. the Sec. of State for India, dated Nov. 25, 1862, No. 78.

Nov. 6.—Appointments:—

Mr. J. W. Cherry to be civil and session judge of Ootacamund.

Nov. 10.—Mr. D. Williams to be asst. to the coll. and mag. of the Madras district.

Mr. J. D. B. Gribble to be asst. to the coll. and mag. of the Trichinopoly district.

Leave of absence:—

Rev. W. S. Trotman, B.A., joint chaplain of Kamptee and Seetabuldee, on m.c., to Dec. 31, in continuation of leave granted him in the *Gazette* of Sept. 5.

Mr. W. T. Blair, acting civil and session judge of Coimbatore, assumed charge of the Court from Mr. G. A. Harris on 6th inst.

Mr. J. W. Cherry, civil and session judge of Ootacamund, assumed charge of the Court from Mr. A. W. Phillips on 6th inst.

Mr. H. G. Smith, coll. and mag. of Cuddapah, resumed charge of the district from Mr. J. R. Cockerell.

Dr. H. Cleghorn, conservator of forests, resumed charge of his duties on 4th inst.

Mr. E. L. Pearce is admitted as a member of the Madras C.S., from 6th inst., the date of his arrival at the Presidency, per str. *Simla*.

No. 395.—Col. W. K. Worster, royal (Madras) art., barrackmaster at the presidency, is granted priv. of absence for 1 mo. from date of departure. Major G. Baldock, staff corps, staff officer and supt. of details, Fort St. George, will conduct Col. Worster's duties during the absence and on the responsibility of the latter.

The services of Capt. (Brevet Major) E. Matcalfe, cadre 48th regt. N.I., are placed at the disposal of the Govt. of the Strait's Settlements, for appt. as asst. resident councillor of Prince of Wales' Island.

Capt. H. L. Prendergast, R.E., has returned to duty, and arrived at Madras on Nov. 6 last.

Nov. 7.—The Board of Revenue have granted 1 mo. priv. leave to Mr. J. H. Garstin, acting sub collector.

Mr. H. S. Cuffley, manager suptg. engr.'s office, 5th div., Salem, has been granted leave of absence, on m.c., from Oct. 9 to 15 last.

Nov. 14.—Mr. T. E. Marshall, asst. superint. of marine, has priv. leave for 1 mo.

Appointments:—

Mr. J. H. Nelson is app. to act as head asst. to the coll. and mag. of Madura. This appt. is to take effect from the date on which Mr. Nelson was relieved by Mr. Pochin from the charge of the Court of Small Causes at Madura.

Mr. P. Walsh, sub engr., 2nd grade, to be sub engr., 1st grade.

Asst. comy. M. Howard, sub engr., 3rd grade, to be sub engr., 2nd grade.

Mr. J. H. Martin, sub engr., 3rd grade, to be sub engr., 2nd grade.

Mr. D. McNair, supervisor, 1st grade, to act as sub engr., 3rd grade, during the absence of Deputy asst. comy. W. Porter.

Mr. V. M. Fernandez, supervisor, 1st grade, to act as sub engr., 3rd grade, v. Conductor Bevan, prom.

Mr. S. Ottman, supervisor, 1st grade, to act as sub engr., 3rd grade, v. Mr. O'Shaughnessy, prom.

The appt. of Mr. J. D. B. Gribble to be asst. to the coll. and mag. of the Trichinopoly district, notified in the *Gazette* of 10th inst., is to take effect from Dec. 5.

Lieut. col. J. C. Anderson, R.E., consulting engr. for railways, resumed charge of his office from Maj. J. H. M. S. Stewart on 10th inst.

Nov. 11.—Mr. A. J. Stuart, acting senior asst. to the coll. and mag. and agent in Ganjam, is invested with the power to hear and dispose of appeals from the convictions of the subordinate magistrates of the 2nd class stationed within his charge.

No. 397.—H.E. the Gov. in Council is pleased to make the follg. appt. :—

Capt. D. G. B. St. J. Grant, staff corps, to be paymr. of family payments and pensions at Masulipatam.

Nov. 14.—No. 398.—The underment. officers are perm. to proc. to Eur. :—

Major gen. G. A. Baillie, of the Madras inf., on furl. to Eur., under the old furl. regs., and to embark from Madras.

Lieut. col. T. H. Campbell, of the royal (Madras) art., superint. gun carriage manufactory, on m.c. for 20 mo., under the furl. regs. of 1854, and to embark from Madras.

Returned to duty :—

Major J. Puckle, staff corps, dep. superint. 3rd class Mysore commission; arrived at Madras on Oct. 28 last.

Lieut. R. C. Hutchinson, inf. gen. list, 3rd squad, officer 1st Punjab cav.; arrived at Bombay on Oct. 29 last.

Capt. (brev. major) W. Ramsay, 10th regt. N.I., jun. wing comdnt. 10th regt. N.I.; arrived at Bombay on Oct. 30 last.

Insp. gen. of Hospitals J. Shaw, F.R.C.S., med. dept.; arrived at Calicut on Nov. 4 last.

Asst. surg. C. A. Andrews, med. dept., civil surg., Vizagapatam; arrived at Madras on Nov. 6 last.

Asst. surg. H. Griffith, med. dept.; arrived at Madras on Nov. 6 last.

Nov. 13.—No. 92.—Leave of absence has been granted to the underment. insp. of police, for 1 mo., under the revised unconv. absentee rules :—

Mr. S. Pierce, of Trichinopoly dist., under sections 16 and 20 of Rule 5.

Asst. surg. J. Murray, M.D., civil surg., Tranquebar, 10 days' priv. leave from Nov. 17, or from date of departure.

Nov. 11.—Head Surveyor Mr. S. Johnson, of No. 2 Kurnool Survey party, has been granted 3 mos. cumulative priv. leave from Oct. 1 instead of for 45 days from Sept. 25, as published in the *Fort St. George Gazette* of 27th ult., p. 639.

DOING-DUTY OFFICERS.

No. 138.—With reference to G.O.G. No. 934, dated Oct. 12, published in G.O.G. No. 380 of 27th idem, the underment. capt. of the staff corps and Indian forces, are, as a temp. measure, and as special cases, appt. doing-duty officers, under the organization ordered in G.O.G. 24th ult., No. 377 :—

1st Cav.—Capt. V. E. Law, gen. list; and Capt. W. Thompson, 7th cav.

2nd Cav.—Capt. R. J. Prendergast, 2nd cav., officg. jun. squad, officer, 2nd cav.; Capt. S. Hodgson, 2nd cav., and Capt. A. H. E. Campbell, officg., 2nd cav.

3rd Cav.—Capt. F. Horsley, 6th cav.; and Capt. P. D. Henderson, 2nd cav.

4th Cav.—Capt. C. Stewart, 4th cav.

1st Inf.—Capt. C. W. Cox, 1st regt., officg. jun. wing comdnt., 1st regt.

2nd Inf.—Capt. D. G. St. J. Grant, and G. De la P. Beresford, staff corps.

3rd Inf.—Capt. S. C. Montgomery, 3rd regt.

4th Inf.—Capt. O. F. Smithers, 3rd Eur. regt.

5th Inf.—Capt. W. H. Whitlock, 5th regt.

6th Inf.—Capt. G. Briggs, staff corps.

7th Inf.—Capt. E. Metcalfe, 48th regt., officg. jun. wing comdnt., 7th regt.

8th Inf.—Capt. C. M. Hailes, staff corps.

9th Inf.—Capt. F. T. Pollok, staff corps.

10th Inf.—Capt. A. Gabagan, 10th regt., officg.

junior wing comdnt., 10 regt.; and Capt. W. Rowlandson, 10th regt.

11th Inf.—Capt. (brev. maj.) C. D. Grant, 11th regt., officg. jun. wing comdnt., 11th regt.

12th Inf.—Capt. (brev. maj.) W. A. Riach, 12th regt., officg. jun. wing comdnt., 12th regt.; and Capt. (brev. maj.) A. B. Read, 12th regt.

13th Inf.—Capt. (brev. maj.) W. Boardman, 13th regt., officg. jun. wing comdnt., 13th regt.

14th Inf.—Capt. J. V. Morris, staff corps.

15th Inf.—Capt. C. H. Beddek and C. J. Jennings, staff corps.

16th Inf.—Capt. E. A. Mottet, 42nd regt.

19th Inf.—Capt. C. L. Pereira, staff corps, officg. jun. wing comdnt., 19th regt.; Capt. H. E. Ryves, 19th regt.; and Capt. T. L. Scott (officg.), 19th regt.

20th Inf.—Capt. G. C. Hodding, 20th regt.

21st Inf.—Capt. T. S. Hawks, staff corps.

22nd Inf.—Capt. R. A. Clementson, staff corps; and Capt. E. G. Campbell, 51st regt.

23rd Inf.—Capt. C. L. Combe, 23rd regt., officg. jun. wing comdnt., 23rd regt.

24th Inf.—Capt. J. R. S. Henderson, staff corps.

25th Inf.—Capt. C. J. Godfrey, 10th regt., officg. jun. wing comdnt., 25th regt.

26th Inf.—Capt. R. Church, 47th regt., officg. jun. wing comdnt., 26th regt.

30th Inf.—Capt. H. T. Stuart, staff corps.

31st Inf.—Capt. G. N. Stephens, 31st Regt.

32nd Inf.—Capt. S. F. M. T. Grant, 47th regt.

33rd Inf.—Capt. (brevet major) R. S. Couchman, 12th regt.

34th Inf.—Capt. (brevet lieut. col.) A. Cooper, 46th regt., officg. jun. wing comdnt., 34th regt.

35th Inf.—Capt. W. H. R. Godfrey, staff corps.

36th Inf.—Capt. (brevet major) T. C. Bird, 36th regt., officg. jun. wing comdnt., 36th regt.; and Capt. G. J. F. Begbie, staff corps.

38th Inf.—Capt. (brevet major) J. R. Fulton, 46th regt., officg. jun. wing comdnt., 38th regt.; and Capt. F. F. R. Bishop, 38th regt.

39th Inf.—Capt. P. A. Carnegie, 39th regt.

BOMBAY.

BY THE COMMANDER IN CHIEF.

Adj. Gen's Office, Head Qrs., Poona, Nov. 7.—No. 2,038.—Ensign Moorhouse, 106th foot, is att. for duty to the general depot till further orders.

No. 2,039.—Under instructions received from H.E. the C. in C. in India, Capt. Eden, 56th foot, who vacates his appt. of assist. qmr. gen. consequent on the return of his regt. to England, is allowed to precede his regt. overland, at the public expense.

ARTILLERY PRACTICE.

Nov. 8.—No. 2,041.—A scale of practice for the batteries of the harbour defences, Bombay, having been sanctioned by Government resolution No. 3,221, dated Bombay Castle, Oct. 19, 1865, Sir Charles Van Straubenzee is pleased to direct that the same be carried out during the present cold season with Nos. 2 and 6 batteries of the 21st brigade royal artillery, under the superintendence of Lieut. col. Murray, in charge ordnance harbour defences, Bombay.

No. 2 battery 21st brigade royal artillery being expected in Bombay from Aden about the 21st of December next will be detained there, and joined by the No. 6 battery 21st brigade from Kirkee.

No. 2,045.—Leave of absence :—

Lieut. E. M. Kemp, 1st batt. 4th foot, from April 14 to July 14, 1866, in ext., to remain in England.

Capt. (brev. lieut. col.) W. McDonald, 72nd foot, for 3 mo. from date of embarkation of regt., to remain in India, pending his exchange to another corps.

Lieut. W. R. Trevelyan, doing duty officer 15th regt. N.I., staff corps, from Nov. 2 to Dec. 1, to Bombay, on m.c.

Maj. W. S. Hewett, staff corps, from Nov. 9 to Nov. 30, in ext., on m.c.

Lieut. col. J. C. Graves, 3rd regt. L.C., from Nov. 10 to Nov. 25.

Col. T. T. Christie, 9th regt. N.I., from Nov. 8 to Nov. 30.

Capt. E. Coghlan, 106th foot, from Oct. 25 to Nov. 24, to Bombay, on m.c. [This cancels the leave granted in G.O.C. No. 1,026.]

Capt. S. Fellows, attached to 17th regt. N.I., cadre 5th regt. N.I., from Oct. 29 to Nov. 27, to Bombay, on m.c., prep. to obtaining a final certificate to Europe.

Asst. surg. J. J. Pope, attached to head quarters

14th brig. R.A., med. estab., from date of departure 1 mo., to Bombay, on m.c., prep. to obtaining a final certificate to Europe.

BIRTHS.

BAKER—At No. 2, Wellesley-place, Calcutta, Oct. 25, the wife of Mr. F. W. Baker, of a son.

BANNISTER—At Belgaum, Oct. 29, the wife of Lieut. G. Bannister, 16th Regt. Bombay N.I., of a son.

BARNETT—At Deesa, Oct. 27, the wife of Surgeon Barnett, 11th Regt. Bombay N.I., of a son.

BECK—At Nagpur, Oct. 13, the wife of Mr. J. J. Beck, of a daughter.

BEDDEK—At Mercara, Nov. 10, the wife of Capt. C. H. Beddek, Madras Staff Corps, of a son.

BERESFORD—At Madras, Nov. 3, the wife of Capt. G. de la Poer Beresford, Madras Staff Corps, of a son.

BLACKWELL—At Poona, Oct. 29, the wife of John Blackwell, Esq., Superintendent G.I.P.R. Co.'s Electric Telegraph, of a son.

BROWNE—At Colaba, Bombay, Oct. 28, the wife of Mr. J. B. Browne, B.M., H.M.'s 45th Regt., of a daughter.

BROCKMAN—At Madras, Nov. 8, the wife of H. J. Brockman, Esq., of a son.

BURNELL—At Puneah, Oct. 17, the wife of G. J. Burnell, Esq., of a daughter.

CABRAL—At Sattara, Oct. 20, the wife of Mr. G. Cabral, Head Accountant Executive Engineer's Office, of a son.

CONNELL—At the Apollo Bay Reclamation Works, Bombay, Nov. 6, the wife of Mr. G. L. F. Connell, General Contractor, of a son.

COOPER—At Umballah, Oct. 26, the wife of Apothecary G. J. Cooper, F. Brigade R.H.A., of a son.

CONROY—At Kukoobah, near Agra, Nov. 6, the wife of Mr. G. P. Conroy, Customs Department, Delhi Division, of a son.

CROCKER—At Aurangabad, Oct. 23, the wife of Assistant Surgeon H. Crocker, M.D., 4th Infantry, Hyderabad Contingent, of a daughter.

CROSS—At Kadambadi, Negapatam, Oct. 27, the wife of Maurice Cross, Esq., of a daughter.

DEVLIN—At Bombay, Nov. 8, the wife of the late Mr. N. Devlin, Station-master B.B. and C.I. Railway, Tardeo, of a son.

DWYER—At Grant-road, Bombay, Nov. 1, the wife of Mr. J. Dwyer, of a daughter.

DYMES—At Madras, Oct. 30, the wife of T. J. Dymes, Esq., of a son.

ELLIOT—At Raipore, Central Provinces, Oct. 10, the wife of Asst. surgeon W. C. Elliot, M.D., H.M.'s 7th M.N.I., of a son.

EVANS—At Peshawur, Oct. 23, the wife of Hospital Apprentice G. B. Evans, of a daughter.

EVANS—At Lucknow, Nov. 5, the wife of Mr. T. Evans, of a son.

FINLAYSON—At 27, Dalhousie-square, Calcutta, on the 1st inst., the wife of A. V. Finlayson, Esq., of a daughter.

GILDER—At Poona, Oct. 28, the wife of Mr. E. G. Gilder, S.P.G. Schoolmaster, of a daughter.

HANNAY—At Debrooghur, Upper Assam, on Oct. 13, the wife of H. E. S. Hannay, Esq., of a son.

JOHNSTONE—At Murree, Oct. 20, the wife of Major H. C. Johnstone, Survey Department, of a son.

KAVANAGH—At Fyzabad, Oct. 22, Mrs. T. H. Kavanagh, of a daughter.

KETCHEN—At Poona, Nov. 1, the wife of Lieut. J. Ketchen, 22nd Regt. N.I., of a daughter.

LIDBETTER—At Kurrachee, Nov. 1, the wife of T. Lidbetter, Esq., Lloyd's Agent, of a daughter.

MAUNSELL—In the troop ship *Aquammon*, Oct. 23, the wife of Capt. J. R. Maunsell, R.E., of a daughter.

McIVER—At Kousanie, near Almorah, Oct. 22, the wife of K. Mciver, Esq., of a daughter.

McKENZIE—At Clare-mount, Panchganny, the wife of Mr. W. A. L. McKenzie, of a daughter.

MIDDLETON—At Poona, Nov. 11, the wife of W. H. Middleton, of a daughter.

MOSLEY—At No. 17, Garden Reach, on Oct. 30, the wife of Mr. J. H. Mosley, of a daughter.

NEALE—At Sukkur, Scinde, Oct. 13, the wife of E. S. H. Neale, Esq., of a daughter.

NORMAN—At Ootacamund, on Nov. 3, the wife of Mr. Richard E. Norman, of a son.

OLDHAM—At Madras, on Oct. 29, the wife of Chas. A. E. Oldham, Esq., of a son.

OAKES—At Madras, on Oct. 26, the wife of Mr. J. Oakes, of a daughter.

PHILLIPS—At Silcoorie, Cachar, on Sept. 28, the wife of T. J. Phillips, of a daughter.

RUSSELL—At Calcutta, on Oct. 23, the wife of D. S. Russell, Esq., of a daughter.

SEXTON—At Poona, Nov. 3, the wife of Capt. J. M. Sexton, 95th Regt., of a daughter.
SHAND—At Elphinstone-bunder, Bombay, Nov. 4, the wife of J. E. Shand, Esq., Engineer, of a daughter.
SPRY—At Cawnpore, Nov. 3, the wife of Surgeon H. W. Spry, Officiating Civil Surgeon, of a son.
TAYLOR—At Bombay, Nov. 6, the wife of A. Taylor, Esq., of a daughter.
WALLIS—At Malligaum, Oct. 31, the wife of E. F. Wallis, Esq., Telegraph Department, of a son.
WATTS—At Agra, Oct. 27, the wife of E. R. Watts, of a daughter.
WHITTON—At Bangalore, on Nov. 9, the wife of Dr. Whitton, of a son.
WILSON—At Girgaum, Oct. 29, the wife of the Rev. J. Wilson, of a son.
WRAFTER—At Meerut, Oct. 25, the wife of Apothecary R. E. Wrafter, R.A., of a daughter.
YOUNG—At Fyzabad, Oct. 30, the wife of E. G. Young, Esq., Deputy Inspector of Customs, Oudh, of a daughter.

MARRIAGES.

CLARK—**McCANNAB**.—At St. Andrew's Kirk, Calcutta, on the 20th Oct., by the Rev. R. Henderson, James Aiken Clark, to Mary Emma McCannab.
ISENBERG—**GUNDERT**.—At the German Mission Chapel, Tellicherry, Nov. 10, the Rev. Charles W. K. Isenberg, C.M.S., Hyderabad, Secund, to Marie, only daughter of the Rev. H. Gundert, Calcutta, Wurtemberg.

DEATHS.

BEDENIK—At the Cathedral-house, Agra, Nov. 2, of abscess in the liver, the Right Rev. A. Bedenik, D.D., Bishop of Leuca and Vicar Apostolic of Hindostan, aged 58.
BRAZ-FERNANDES—At Bandora, Nov. 8, Braz-Fernandes, Esq., Vice-Consul for Portugal, aged 75 years.
CHANDLER—At Delhi, Oct. 22, at the house of A. Harcourt, Esq., Assistant Commissioner, Elizabeth Chandler, aged 40, a faithful and attached servant.
COCKBURN—At Murree, Oct. 14, Egerton Alexander, infant son of Capt. H. A. Cockburn, Paymaster and Superintendent of Native Pensioners, Lucknow.
COMBER—At Deobrooghur, Oct. 20, Isabella Amy, the infant daughter of Capt. A. K. Comber, Deputy Commissioner of Lucknow.
DALE—At Kurnool, Oct. 11, Lieut. colonel Dale, Commanding 28th Regt. N.I.
ENGLEBRIGHT—At Delhi, Oct. 25, Hannah Gittens, the only surviving daughter of J. Englebright, East India Railway, aged 10 months 19 days.
EASTON—At Madras, on Nov. 6, Lieut. A. C. Easton, 44th N.I.
FLEMING—At Allahabad, Oct. 24, F. W. P. Fleming, aged 2 months 16 days, son of J. P. Fleming.
HASSARD—At Julundur, Oct. 23, Mary Eliza, eldest child of Surgeon H. B. Hassard, 1st Batt. 19th Regt., aged 4 years.
HANDYSIDE—At Kurnool, on Oct. 31, Dr. H. R. Handyside, M.D., 28th Regt. Madras N.I.
JAMES—Alfred James, H.M.'s 25th regt., son of the late General J. P. James, H.M.'s Indian army, drowned at Colombo, aged 21, Oct. 14.
KELSO—On Nov. 8, of cholera, on board his ship *Conflict*, Captain Alexander Kelso.
LANGDALE—At Meerut, Nov. 2, of choleraic diarrhoea, the wife of Mr. W. Langdale, quartermaster H.M.'s 19th Hussars.
MCINTYRE—At Delhi, Oct. 19, William Charles James, infant child of Mr. and Mrs. N. McIntyre.
MICHELL—At sea, on his passage from Kurrachee, Oct. 27, William Mitchell, of Dundee, 2nd Engineer B.L.S.N. Co.'s s.s. *Comoria*, aged 26 years.
MORAY—At Mohidpore, Oct. 23, Willeoughby Edward, infant son of Capt. and Mrs. Moray.
MORRIS—On board the s.s. *Jeddo*, near Aden, Oct. 5, George Gordon Morris, Lieut. 23rd Regt. N.I., aged 24 years.
OWEN—At Indore, Central India, Oct. 22, George Edward, infant son of Herbert Owen.
PADLEY—On his way to join at Sirey from Pallah, Oct. 28, from heat apoplexy, Sergeant J. Padley, Supervisor P.W.D., much respected by all who knew him.
WALKER—At the J.J. Hospital, Ryeculla, Nov. 2, of chronic dysentery, Mr. William Walker, Madras, aged 77 years.
WINN—At Chunar, Oct. 22, Ina Clara, child of Mr. and Mrs. J. Winn.

WAR OFFICE.

CHANGES, PROMOTIONS, &c., IN H.M.'s REGIMENTS SERVING IN INDIA.

Dec. 8.
7th Drag. Guards.—Cornet W. R. Truman to be lieut., by purch., v. M. B. C. Yescombe, whose prom. by purch. on May 9 has been cancelled; Dec. 8.
Royal Artillery.—2nd Capt. G. F. Blair to be capt., v. G. C. Robinson, retired upon h.p.; Lieut. H. J. Thornton to be 2nd capt., v. Blair; Nov. 23. Surg. A. Smith, M.D., from 47th foot, to be surg., v. G. Pain, app. to 11th hussars; Dec. 8.
51st Foot.—Capt. C. K. Chatfield, from 20th foot, to be capt., v. Harcourt, who exch.; Dec. 8.
60th Foot.—A. St. Maur, gent., to be ensign, by purch., v. Crosbie, prom.; Dec. 8.
101st Foot.—Lieut. W. S. Jervis to be capt., v. W. L. Louis, who resigns; Ensign G. S. Sewell to be lieut., v. Jervis; Gent. cadet T. G. Thomson, from the Royal Military College, to be ensign, v. Sewell; Dec. 8.
Rifle Brigade.—Ensign F. A. Fane to be lieut., by purch., v. J. H. Allaire, who ret.; J. A. Fergusson, gent., to be ensign, by purch., v. Fane; Dec. 8.
Ceylon Rifle Regt.—Ensign H. W. Tombs, from 3rd West India regt., to be ensign, v. Cane, prom., by purch., in 78th foot; Dec. 8.
MEMORANDUM.—Ensign G. Edmonds should have been described in the *Gazette* of Nov. 10 as being prom. to a lieutenancy on the unattached list of the Bengal army, and not to a half-pay lieutenancy.

Dec. 12.

6th Drago.—Cornet W. J. Power to be lieut., by purch., v. W. V. King, who ret.; G. C. FitzRoy, gent., to be cornet, by purch., v. Power; Dec. 12.
Royal Artillery.—Staff Asst. surg. G. S. Davie, M.D., to be asst. surg., v. J. Michael, dec.; Dec. 12.
5th Foot.—E. Le M. Trafford, gent., to be ensign, by purch., v. Booth, prom.; Dec. 12.
38th Foot.—Ensign W. Sinclair to be lieut., by purch., v. D. R. Lofthouse, who ret.; Ensign F. C. Burton, from 56th foot, to be ensign, v. Sinclair; Dec. 12.
56th Foot.—Capt. H. Bradley, from 14th hussars, to be capt., v. A. N. Bolton, who exch.; J. R. Harriman, gent., to be ensign, by purch., v. Burton, transf. to 38th foot; Dec. 12.
60th Foot.—Lieut. A. F. Terry has been perm. to resign the adjutancy in consequence of his transfer from 3rd to 1st batt.; Nov. 18.
Rifle Brigade.—Lieut. H. S. Brownrigg to be instructor of musketry, v. F. Markham, app. provisional lieut. instructor at the School of Musketry, Fleetwood; Aug. 2.

MEDICAL DEPARTMENT.

Asst. surg. G. N. Irvine, M.D., from R.A., to be staff asst. surg., v. J. G. S. Mathison, dec.; Dec. 12.

Royal Artillery.

The following information has been promulgated in a general regimental order of the Royal Artillery, dated Horse Guards, 14th inst.:—

"Inconvenience to the service having been found to arise from the rule laid down in general regimental order of the 27th July, 1864, respecting the mode in which exchanges between officers of the old and new brigades might be carried out, his Royal Highness the Field Marshal Commanding-in-Chief has, with the concurrence of the Right Hon. the Secretary of State for India in Council, directed that the general regimental order referred to be cancelled, and that the following rule be substituted to guide all future exchanges, viz.:—When an officer of the late Indian Artillery, of whatever rank, is permitted to exchange with an officer of corresponding rank in the old Royal Artillery, it is to be distinctly understood that, on the promotion of either of such officers to a higher regimental grade, the exchange will be at an end, and the officer who remains in the rank in which he exchanged will at once revert to the battery and brigade to which he belonged at the time the exchange was sanctioned."

"By command of Field Marshal his Royal Highness the Duke of Cambridge, K.G., Colonel of the Royal Artillery.

"G. GAMBIER, Deputy Adjutant-General."

THE CAUSES OF THE INDIAN MUTINY.

[Concluded from our last.]

"In 1856 the British Government annexed the kingdom of Oude. At the time of annexation it was the talk of the whole of Hindostan that the British Government had promised the ruler of Oude (I believe

there was a treaty to the same effect) that the kingdom of Oude should never be taken by the English, because in former times the Kings of Oude had rendered valuable assistance to the British Government.

"When the Government of India issued the proclamation of the annexation throughout Oude, the King of Oude also issued a proclamation that on no account should any of his subjects resist the British authorities, and that when the British troops entered his territory all assistance in the shape of provisions should be afforded. The sirdars of Oude and the army of the King obeyed his order. The people of Hindostan likewise said, 'The country of Oude belongs to the King, and, whether he has done well or ill as regards his own Government, he has not injured or broken faith with the English in any way: if the British Government dethrones a king who has ever been so faithful to them, what independent Nawab or Rajah is safe?' For the above-mentioned reasons every sirdar who had anything to lose began to fear and suspect the British Government; but they felt that they were helpless, having no army with which to resist, and so they remained quiet, waiting for a favourable opportunity to rise.

"The feeling of the people of Oude became known to me in the following manner:—I was proceeding to join the Sikh regiment Captain Rattray was raising in the Punjab, and arrived at Cawnpore on the 14th March, 1856. On that day the Nawab of Oude also reached Cawnpore on the way to Calcutta. I remained at Cawnpore six days, and had frequent interviews with the King's vakeels, courtiers, and servants. No one but his own people ever saw the King. The principal people of Cawnpore, and many of the native officers and Sepoys from the regiment stationed at Cawnpore, had interviews with the vakeels and servants of the King. They were all of opinion that the Government had acted unjustly in annexing the country of Oude, and they all sympathised with the King and his sirdars.

"The vakeel, or minister, of the Bithoor chief (the Nana Sahib, who is so well known for his perty and cruelty) was present, and said how displeased and angry his master was with the British for annexing Oude.

"The serai in which I had taken up my temporary abode became so full with the King's people and their visitors that I was compelled to leave it. I went and lived with Shaik Raheem, a subadar in the 2nd company of the 1st Native Infantry. I learnt from this officer that the Sepoys of his regiment were all indignant at the King of Oude being dispossessed of his kingdom, and talked openly among themselves as to the little faith that could be placed in the English after their treatment of the King, who, himself and his progenitors, had been so faithful to them. A few days after this I proceeded and joined my new corps at Lahore, and returned with it to Bengal.

"On the march down I heard that the Native Infantry Regiments at Barrackpore were beginning to show symptoms of mutiny, so from time to time I learnt all I could of their proceedings, which I duly reported to the commanding officer of my regiment.

"I have no hesitation in asserting that the rebellion first commenced in Calcutta, when the King of Oude was either a prisoner or under surveillance.

"The reason for the mutiny breaking out at Cawnpore is this, as stated above. The King of Oude reached Cawnpore in December, 1856, and stayed there twelve or fifteen days, and the inhabitants of Cawnpore and the Sepoys had many opportunities of planning mutiny and rebellion. The annexation of Oude, in addition to their other imaginary grievances, caused a universal disaffection throughout the army, and from that time it determined upon mutinying.

"When the country of the Punjab was taken by the British a general order was issued that in every line regiment 200 Sikhs and Punjabee Mahomedans were to be entertained.

"Many commanding officers enlisted the required number, some 150, some 100. When the Sikhs and Mahomedans came for enlistment the commanding officer promised that they would never interfere with their hair and beards; on this stipulation the Punjabee Mahomedans in particular took service willingly. Some years afterwards a general order was issued by Gen. Anson, the late Commander-in-Chief, directing the Mahomedans to cut their beards after a prescribed fashion. On this order being understood the Punjabees petitioned their respective commanding officers, saying, 'When we enlisted we were promised that our beards should not be cut, and we cannot and will not cut them.'

"This was reported by the commanding officers to the Commander-in-Chief, but his Excellency would not listen to them, but directed that the order should be carried out, and that those who refused to submit were to be dismissed the service. Many Punjaub Sepoys, rather than have their beards touched, took their discharge and went to their homes. These men on the road bitterly complained how the commanding officers had broken faith with them, and said there was no dependence to be placed upon the English—they say one thing and do another. The Hindoostanee Sepoys were also much displeased with this beard-cutting order and with the way the Punjabees had been treated. Several good men, who took their discharge on account of this order, re-enlisted in this regiment, and I have often heard them talking about this order, and how they had lost so many years' service.

"In September, 1856, a general order was issued, to the effect that all recruits hereafter enlisted must swear that they would go wherever their services were required. When the old Sepoys heard of this order they were much frightened and displeased. 'Up to this day those men who went to Afghanistan have not been re-admitted to their caste; how are we to know where the English may not force us to go? They will be ordering us next to go to London.' As I have said above, any new order issued by Government is looked upon with much suspicion by the native army, and is much canvassed in every regiment.

"Lately the British Government desired to introduce the English rifle into the ranks of the native army, for this simple reason—the rifle can throw a ball with accuracy some nine hundred yards, and, consequently, is much superior to the musket. It was, of course, given by the Government, with a view to save the Sepoys' lives in action; but the natives of this country are such ignorant, bigoted fools that they never will believe anything is intended for their good. Three depots were appointed for the purpose of teaching the new rifle exercise; one was stationed at Dum-Dum, one at Umballa, and one at Sealkote; one Naik and four Sepoys, one European officer, one native officer, and one havildar, were to be sent to learn the use of the new rifle. Among the Sepoys sent there were many Brahmans. When these men were learning a Kallasie from Fort William went to the Sepoys who were on duty at the fort, and told them that the cartridges of the new rifle were made up with the fat of cows and pigs, and that if they bit these cartridges they would lose all caste. On hearing this great suspicion seized their hearts; the Brahmans especially objected to touch these cartridges, but were told that the Government would force them. When they saw the cartridges they said:—'If we touch these cartridges we shall lose caste; so how can we put our teeth in them?' About this time the men at Dum-Dum wrote letters to all the other regiments in the service. From reading these letters the whole army were induced to believe that the time was come when the Government intended to force them all to Christianity. All this was told me by the regiments at Dinapore.

"From this imperfect relation of facts the Government will perceive that for the last sixteen years the Sepoys have been becoming more and more mutinous. The different orders, as above described—viz., the messing together in gaol, the remarks and proclamations of missionaries, the annexation of Oude, the swearing in of recruits to go wherever they were ordered, and the arrival of the new rifle, set the whole country and army mad. The chieftains and sirdars kept constantly telling the Sepoys that it was better to die than to give up their religion. For this reason alone the 19th Native Infantry at Berhampore mutinied, and when this regiment was ordered down to Calcutta to be disbanded they gave out wherever they went that they were martyrs to their religion. They said—'We have lost our bread, but have held fast our religion. The Government wanted us to bite the cartridges, and thus lose our caste, but we would not do it.' This was nothing but lies on their part, because the Government never issued the new cartridges to them at all; the old blank cartridges that they had been in the habit of using were alone issued; no new rifles had been issued to any except to the depots, so why should the Government have issued cartridges? When the regiments at Meerut heard that the 19th had been disbanded, for, as they thought, objecting to touch the new cartridges, they came to the determination to mutiny. Then the commanding officers began to promise their men that they should never be forced to use the rifle; but the Sepoys would not believe them, but called them liars, firmly believing what their countrymen

and comrades told them. At this time the whole were alike in a state of mutiny.

"The force at Meerut having mutinied, and murdered as many officers as they could, went off to the King of Delhi and proclaimed him King. They told him that the whole army had thrown off their allegiance to the British, and were now at his disposal; 'So now,' said the native officers, 'you are our chosen and hereditary King. Give the order, and we will make arrangements to fight these Caffres of English.'

"The King of Delhi has had very little intercourse with the world, and still less with the native army, except latterly for treasonable purpose; but he readily believed what the troops told him, and at once proclaimed himself King, and preparations to fight were at once commenced. When the troops at Cawnpore heard what was going on at Delhi they mutinied, and were ready to march to Delhi, but the traitor Nana Sahib, having taken up arms, persuaded them to stay with him. The acts of cruelty performed by this fiend are now patent to the world. This wretch thought that by the change of Government he would become one of the magnates of the land. It was he who ordered the Sepoys to kill all the Europeans, their wives, and their little ones. I don't think the Sepoys would have killed their officers had the Nana Sahib not instigated them to do so; but in Hindostan one man acts as his fellow does.

"In due course of time the regiments at Dinapore mutinied, and put themselves under a Rajpoot sirdar, Koor Singh, of Jugdespore. With these three regiments Koor Singh thought himself strong enough to defy the English, and he proclaimed himself Rajah of Shahabad, which title he retained for about a week. At the time of this mutiny I was with the head-quarters of my corps at Patna, and I did all in my power to prevent the Sepoys from mutinying, but to no purpose; they looked always upon me as not one of their own brotherhood. When I knew the time had arrived for these regiments to mutiny I reported the circumstance to my commanding officer and the Commissioner of Patna, Mr. W. Tayler, and these gentlemen made their arrangements to prevent the city of Patna from rising. My early information enabled all the Europeans and their families to assemble at the Commissioner's house, and all I did to show my loyalty, both at Patna and Dinapore, are well known to the authorities at those places, and doubtless this has been reported to the Government, as I have been handsomely rewarded.

"It is perhaps needless for me to state that since the English came to Hindostan they have always been most particular in not interfering with the religion and the prejudices of the people, but in my humble opinion they have erred in only entertaining high caste people in their army. I really believe that had the inferior castes been entertained, as is the practice in the Bombay army, the rebellion never would have reached the height it has done. What can it signify, as long as a young man is of the requisite *physique*, whether he is of a high or low caste? I believe had the men of low caste been entertained, they would have done anything or gone anywhere the Government desired. A mixture of creeds is highly essential in the native army to prevent disturbances.

"Another reason (and, in my opinion, a very serious one) why the army become mutinous and disaffected is this:—Promotion all went by seniority, and not, as it ought, according to merit and proficiency. All the old men, from length of service worth nothing as commissioned or non-commissioned officers, received promotion, while younger men, in every way fit, languished in their lines, saying, 'What use is there in us exerting ourselves; we cannot get promotion until our turn comes, and that time can't come until our heads are grey and our mouths toothless.' For this reason the Sepoys for the most part drew their pay, and were careless with regard to their duty. The higher ranks of the native army, from old age alone, were quite incapacitated from doing their duty, even had they the will to do it. I state confidently that the generality of native officers were an encumbrance to the State; instead of commanding Sepoys the Sepoys commanded them, and instead of the commissioned and non-commissioned ranks preventing the men from mutinying, they rather persuaded them to do so.

"I will now endeavour to explain why the feelings and intentions of the Sepoys did not become known to their European officers. In former times the officers used to keep native women, and constantly had the native officers and Sepoys in their society, and did more to please them. These women exercised a good deal of influence in the

regiment. This was all in accordance with the feelings of the Sepoys. By acting in this way the officers did good service to the Government, because they became better acquainted with the character of their men, and with what was going on in the lines. In latter times this has not been the case. It appears to me, the officers who have been appointed to the service within the last twenty years are better educated than the officers of former times were. I think more books have been published lately. Now the officers marry English ladies, and there is less in common between the officers and Sepoys; of late years the Sepoys have not confided in their officers. The consequence of all this has been, that when the mutiny broke out the officers were misinformed as to its extent. I have ever been in the habit of keeping my commanding officer informed of all that occurs. If all native officers did likewise the army could not mutiny.

"I beg to state that in my opinion the natives of Hindostan are only fitted for militia or police, for this simple reason—that they are averse to serve in any other country than their own, for the Government must be well aware that no regiment has ever gone on board ship without showing more or less discontent.

"In my opinion the Santhals would make excellent material for soldiers. I have seen a great many kinds of men, but I have never before seen men like the Santhals, who are of opinion that everything the Almighty has been pleased to make must be good, and consequently eat everything; they have no prejudices of caste or religion to fight against; for this reason I conclude they would do anything and go anywhere the Government desires. It is true these men are savages, but they could be taught, even as other men are, for it is a well-known fact that 'civilisation begets civilisation.'

"I consider that I ought to know the feelings of the late native army. In 1763 my grandfather was in the service of the British, and in due course became and died a subadar. My father was born in the army, and accompanied it everywhere until he became a man. He entered the service in 1801, and died a subadar in 1853. I was accustomed to hear of former times from his own lips. From the time of my birth I accompanied my father wherever his regiment went, and in his regiment I was enlisted. Both my grandfather and father, as well as myself, were in the same corps. I rose to be havildar major of my regiment, and then, through the interest of Captain Rattray, had the good fortune to get transferred to the Bengal Police Battalion, where I have risen to the rank of subadar and sirdar bahadur. For the above reasons all the doings of the army and the customs thereof are well known to me. My home has ever been with my regiment, and I have never known any other, and I look upon the Sirkar Company as my guardian.

"Should the right hon. the Governor-general wish to ask me any questions I should consider myself only as too much honoured, and if I could be of any service to the Court of Directors in this moment of difficulty I should only be too glad to be sent to London and explain my opinion before any one, for I could say a great deal more than I have here written.

"I am well aware that whatever orders have been issued by the Government have been done with the view to the benefit of the sirdars and people of this country; but the people of Hindostan are so bigoted and obstinate that they will understand nothing but what their fathers did before them; and it must ever be recollected that the natives are liars, and have two tongues—one for their officers and one for the lines; so that when they went to their officers to learn anything, or to be told of anything new, by way of flattery, they said 'How very good! you English are very clever,' &c., but in their hearts were really afraid that it must be intended in some way to affect their religion, and on their return to their lines would talk it over with their comrades and say, 'Although I knew it was all a lie and very bad, yet by way of flattering the Sahib I said quite the contrary.'

"In conclusion, I trust that the Government will take what I have written in good part; I have written, as far as I know, the truth, without fear. If I have written anything improper I trust the Government will forgive me, for what I have written is intended for the good of the Government, and I have written the truth because I know from experience that the English love the truth.

"(Signed) SHAH HEDAYAT ALI,
Subadar and Sirdar Bahadur, Bengal
Sikh Police Battalion.

"True translation. "T. RATTRAY, Captain.
"Camp Arrah, Jan. 30, 1858."

HOME.

RUSSIA IN CENTRAL ASIA.

The *Invalide Russe* has made another communication upon Central Asian affairs, of which we had heard little or nothing since the reported massacre of the Russian garrison at Tashkend—which event, by the way, finds no mention in the official reports, the Russian troops being distinctly alluded to as alive, and still in occupation of the place.

The breach with Bokhara is now complete. It may be remembered that when the Russian force drove the Khokanese out of Tashkend they did so at the express solicitation of the principal inhabitants of the place, and the determination of the general to take this course was confirmed by the movements of the Emir of Bokhara, whose hostility by this time was becoming apparent. Alim Koul, the Kokan ruler, had been killed, and his successor, the Emir's nominee and relative, who had been at Tashkend in the spring, took flight to Bokhara. The latter then despatched a force to the city, where some Bokharian troops were already established, though they were the first to fly on the approach of the Russians, leaving their banners behind them. The Russians being established, the Emir made a formal demand for the surrender of the place, and compliance besides with all kinds of preposterous pretensions, failing which he threatened war with the Czar, not only on his own part, but on that of all the Mussulman population of Asia. Then came reprisals on the part of the Russians, who placed Bokharian commerce under a kind of land blockade, and the plunder of some Russian caravans by the other side soon set hostilities fairly on foot. In the meantime the Emir was crowning his success against Khokan, and a long series of punishments and cruelties signalled his victory; but he could not consolidate his triumph, for the news of an insurrection obliged him to return to Bokhara, leaving the khannat again to his relative Chondozer. The Russians not, of course, yielding Tashkend at his demand, the Emir tried to propitiate them with presents, and asked that General Tcherniaiew would at least not cross the Tchirtchik until the return of an embassy which he had sent to St. Petersburg. To recognise the occupation of the other bank of the river by the Emir would involve an admission of his pretensions; and, moreover, it was on the other side that lay the granary necessary for the subsistence of Tashkend. It was, therefore, imperative to dislodge the Bokharians from the position they had taken up, and a Russian force was despatched for the purpose. The enemy, however, gave no trouble, but fled very conveniently, and the Russians in two days occupied an advanced boundary about thirty versts from Tashkend. The position now occupied is considered secure and favourable to the consolidation of Russian power in Turkistan.

From that time Bokhara has given no particular trouble, at least as far as Russia is concerned. The Governor-General of Orenburg, in his despatch, alludes to rumours at Tashkend in September, having reference to new projects of the Emir, to the appearance of his detachments on the right bank of the Syr Daria, and to a general armament of his people. These reports, however, have been contradicted by merchants trading with Bokhara, who declare that the Emir has quite enough to do in quelling rebellion in his own territory, to which allusion has been already made. The Russians, thus left comparatively at peace, have been able to settle and consolidate affairs in Tashkend; and the manner in which they have effected this object is most creditable to their judgment and moderation. Without supposing for a moment that Russia very much regrets the necessity she is under of making advance after advance in Central Asia, we may still suppose her to be actuated by common

prudence, and desirous not to involve herself in responsibilities too great for her strength. For this reason we can easily conceive that the occupation of Tashkend was a matter of necessity rather than of choice, and that its prolongation may not endure after the occasion has ceased to exist. Most certainly the Russian authorities have done their spiriting very gently in dealing with the inhabitants of the city. There is no pretence of considering the place as Russian territory. On the contrary, the Governor of Orenburg, in his despatch, very frankly says:—"It is much more advantageous for us to have a neighbour an independent state, bound to us by the ties of friendship, and the interests of commerce, than to extend the frontiers of the empire, and to expend large sums in the maintenance of a Russian administration in a Mussulman city consisting of nearly 100,000 inhabitants. Nevertheless," he adds, "in order to give to this city the opportunity of developing itself it is indispensable, in the first place, to consolidate its independence, and to demonstrate once for all in a striking manner to the Asiatic sovereigns that the protection of Russia guarantees our friends, under all circumstances, against the attacks and the despotism of their neighbours." To this end, and for the maintenance of the independence of Tashkend, which the Emir of Bokhara refuses to acknowledge, the Russian troops are left provisionally in that place. In order, we are told, more forcibly to elucidate the question, General Kryjanovski caused to be brought before him the principal civil and ecclesiastical functionaries of Tashkend, and, after having announced to them that the Czar desired to restore to them the city which his troops had conquered, he invited them to express a preference for some particular form of administration. But the terror, it seems, inspired by recent experiences, had made so profound an impression upon them that they, as well as the principal inhabitants of the place, at once presented an address to the Governor-General declaring that they wished to remain subjects of Russia, and praying not to be left to the mercy of Bokhara and Khokan. They do not even comply with the Russian invitation to elect a chief from among themselves; but prefer that the administration, both spiritual and temporal, being left in its old state, the Russian general shall hold all confirmatory power, in return for the protection afforded by the troops, the department of taxation alone being under his more immediate control. Even in this respect, however, they make some stipulations; and they further pray that none of the inhabitants of the city be enrolled as troops, have troops quartered upon them, or pay the ancient death fees, and that they be relieved also from certain other grievances which they particularise.

It is in accordance with the wishes of the people thus expressed that the Russian protection is to be maintained; and in the interests of peace, order, commerce, and the welfare of the country generally no civilised nation can justly take exception to this step. With regard to certain political contingencies in connection with India, they are not only remote and improbable, but can have no weight in comparison with advantages which the maintenance of a strong rule in Central Asia cannot fail to secure. Should any general conspiracy among the Mussulman population ever be brought about, Russia would not only divide with, but would divert the current of fanaticism from ourselves; and in the last resort, while at peace with Russia in Europe, we could scarcely fail to find her an ally in the East. In the meantime our commerce must surely profit by the development which is already taking place in material prosperity. "Even at the present time," says the despatch already quoted, "notwithstanding the continual pillage and the impositions it has had to suffer during a long period of years from the Khans

of Khokan and the Emirs of Bokhara, Tashkend is one of the principal markets of Central Asia. Its bazaars and its caravansaries swarm with the representatives of entire Asia—one sees there even Hindoos from the environs of Madras. If we should succeed in preserving this city from political troubles, and in guaranteeing it against the ravages and the despotism of the Asiatic Khans, it may be affirmed almost with certainty that Tashkend will attract, even at an early future, the principal merchants of Bokhara and Khokan, and will become the principal mart of commerce of Central Asia, as well as the chief market for the manufacturing products of Russia." For this purpose the interests of the latter country clearly lie in avoiding the responsibility of actual rule, so long as the simpler process of protection will suffice, and even this may not be required, either in Tashkend or elsewhere, when civilisation shall have fertilised the barren barbarism of these wild wastes, and compelled them to peace and production.—*Standard*.

MISCELLANEOUS.

BILLS ON INDIA.—The biddings for 35,00,000 rupees in bills on India took place on Wednesday, the 6th inst., at the Bank of England. The proportions allotted were:—To Calcutta, 22,33,000 rupees; to Madras, 2,67,000 rupees; and to Bombay, 10,00,000 rupees. The minimum price was as before—1s. 11½d. on Calcutta and Madras, and 1s. 11½d. on Bombay. Tenders on Calcutta and Madras, at 1s. 11½d., will receive about 18 per cent. and on Bombay, at 2s. 0½d., about 8 per cent.; above these prices in full.

THE MARQUIS DE ST. MAURICE, who has been more than once before the magistrate at Westminster, asking for advice in reference to a claim against the India-office for an increase of pension, as a retired officer of the Indian service, made another application to Mr. Arnold on Wednesday week. The Marquis drew the magistrate's attention to his (the magistrate's) final words on the occasion of his applying for summonses against Major-General Pears and Mr. G. P. Cochrane, military secretaries to the Indian board, for *suppression veri*, on the 15th ult., which ran thus:—"I have given myself some pains to listen to your long application, hoping that, after having heard the whole of your claim, I might be able to render you some assistance; but you have not set forth any grounds upon which I could grant you a summons. I am very sorry to hear such a pitiable tale, but I cannot help you; and your only remedy, if remedy you have, which I much doubt, is by filing an application in the Court of Queen's Bench." The latter part of that sentence, the word "claim" instead of "application" preceding it, had induced the erroneous belief in the minds of his friends and the public—who sympathised with him—that the magistrate had conveyed the idea that his claim on the East India Company was not valid, and he could not assist him; instead of which he (the Marquis) had not the slightest doubt himself but that his worship only wished to inform him that he could not assist him in his application for summonses against the two gentlemen mentioned; and that the reference to redress in the Court of Queen's Bench was to a similar effect. He wished his worship to state more fully his grounds for refusing the summonses, that his friends might not be at all perplexed as to the grounds for refusal, or acknowledgment of the validity of the claim. Mr. Arnold observed: What he had said he had said, and was not going to re-open the question. When the Marquis applied first, he told him merely that he could not grant the summonses, and could give him no redress. He had advised neither for nor against the claim. The Marquis said that was the very explanation he applied for; and, after thanking his worship, withdrew.

BERRY V. DA COSTA.—This action, for breach of promise of marriage, was tried in the Court of Common Pleas on the 7th inst. The declaration alleged that the defendant promised to marry the plaintiff, but failed to do so; and also that he seduced her. The pleas were not guilty; that a reasonable time had not elapsed for performing the promise; and that the plaintiff was not ready and willing to marry the defendant. The plaintiff in this case was a young lady residing at Camden-hill, Kensington, the daughter of a widow, who carried on the business of a dealer in Honiton lace. The defendant, a young man about twenty-eight or twenty-nine, was the son of a merchant, and would succeed to very large property. An attempt was made to prove defendant's father's will; but it failed in consequence of the original will and probate being in Calcutta. The only document produced was an exemplification of the will from Doctors' Commons, and there was no seal or act of the Court upon it. The evidence on both sides having been heard, the jury, after considering for a few minutes, found a verdict for the plaintiff—damages, £2,500. The result was greeted with loud applause, which was, of course, stopped by the officers of the court. A good deal of excitement prevailed among the audience, and it having become known that the plaintiff (described as "of considerable personal attractions") was present, she was on leaving surrounded by an eager crowd, who escorted her through the great hall, and pressed round the cab into which she got, struggling to get a glimpse of her.

BOMBAY, BARODA, AND CENTRAL INDIA RAILWAY.—The half-yearly meeting was held at the London Tavern on Friday, Col. French in the chair. The report contains the following announcements:—The total receipts up to the 30th June on stock, shares and debentures were £5,397,406. 10s., of which the sum of £253,449. 10s. (less £600 bonds repaid) was received in the last half-year. The total amount of audited expenditure in England and India to the same period (including stores, materials, &c.) was £5,077,010. 3s. 6d. The expenditure brought to account during the last half-year amounted to £533,251. 4s. 1d., and was incurred principally in works, bridges, viaducts, permanent way, stations, and rolling stock. In addition to this there had been a further outlay in India to the same period, amounting to £114,980. 0s. 6d., which was awaiting the audit of the Bombay Government. The line has been kept in good order, and the measures proposed by the company and sanctioned by the Government, for the strengthening of the larger bridges, have been, and are being carried out with all possible despatch, including the doubling of the superstructure for the second line of rails. To meet the rapidly increasing demands of the traffic, ten new and powerful engines and 1,000 wagons were ordered some months since, and further provision will, no doubt, shortly have to be made. The receipts from passengers, parcels, &c., have increased from £15,683, in the June half-year of 1864, to £107,472, in the corresponding half-year of 1865, being an addition of £61,789. The receipts from the same sources per railway mile have increased, in the same period, from £246. 12s. to £351. 4s. 4d., being an addition of £104. 12s. 4d. over the whole line, although the mileage has been so recently and largely extended. The effect of the opening to Bombay has been materially to alter the relative percentage of the various classes of travellers, both as to numbers, and especially as to receipts. The latter is to some extent, no doubt, attributable to the increase in the first and second-class fares, which came into operation in February last, as referred to in the last report. The detailed revenue accounts of receipts and expenses for 1864, and the half-year ending June, 1865, have not yet been

received from India. The directors are unable, therefore, at present, to make the usual comparison with regard to working expenses, or net revenue. The chairman, in moving its adoption, expressed his gratification at the generally satisfactory position of the line. He had no fears of the ultimate success of the company. They started from a town with a population of 800,000, and at the terminus was another of 175,000; there were intermediate towns having a population of about 100,000, and plenty of smaller ones with populations of from 20,000 to 40,000. Their line ran through 185 miles of the richest country in the world, thickly populated, and the people rich to a degree, and above all imbued with a strong commercial spirit. Application had been made to the Government to sanction a more detailed survey between Baroda and Neemuch on the road to Delhi. The result of the last survey showed the country to be very favourable to the formation of a line. Mention had been made of an extension to Kattiawar, through a very rich country, every inch of which was under cultivation. The chiefs of the country were so favourably disposed towards the construction of a railway there, that they themselves were willing to subscribe £200,000, a most unprecedented thing in India. The report was adopted unanimously; and this being all the business of the meeting, the proceedings closed with a cordial vote of thanks to the chairman and directors.

THE INDIAN CARRYING COMPANY.—The report of the directors states that their anticipations at the half-yearly meeting in June had been borne out by the result of the year's working. The revenue account for the year showed a fair balance of profit, and as heavy deductions had been made from the earnings in Calcutta to cover the loss incurred in Bombay and Madras, and as a large sum had been written off against this year's account for bad debts of previous years, in addition to a proportion of the loss by fire at Madras, the directors considered that there were good grounds for more favourable anticipations for the future. The Bombay business for the year had been worked at a considerable loss; but the improvements which had been effected during that period in the management and conduct of the business had given renewed confidence to the public. The receipts for the months of July, August, and September last had been more than four times as much as those of the corresponding quarter of last year. In the Madras presidency the course of business during the last six months ending the 30th of June last showed a decided improvement; so that the net result of the operations for the whole year had proved more favourable than it was for the first six months. The Quartermaster-general, in recommending to the Government the renewal of certain contracts which were about to expire, had reported "that the transit arrangements had been satisfactorily carried out by the company." In the Calcutta presidency the receipts had kept up well during the twelve months, and had even exceeded the amount which might have been expected from the results of the first half of the year. The total gross receipts for the year in this presidency were £118,704, and on this the percentage of profit was larger than in the previous year. During the year 28 new agencies had been opened in Bengal, the North-west Provinces, and the Punjab, which had naturally swelled the expenses for the year, and diminished for the time the divisible profit. The sum to the credit of revenue account, including the balance from last year, was £3,696 (out of which a dividend for the half-year ending the 31st December, 1864, had been paid), and the reserve fund set aside out of revenue amounted to £1,500. The directors now proposed to pay a dividend, as before, at the rate of 6 per cent. per annum, free of income-tax, for the half-year ending the 30th of June last,

and to carry over the balance to the next account. The capital account showed that £50,000 had been received, and £32,862 expended, leaving a balance of £17,138.

CHARGE AGAINST THE AUTHORITIES OF HONG KONG.—The *Times* publishes a leading article strongly condemning the arrangements of the military authorities in China, more particularly as they affect the 2nd battalion of the 11th Regiment. "It appears that about the middle of September last the troopship *Adventure* arrived at Yokohama from Hong Kong, having on board some detachments from the 11th Regiment, including officers, men, women, and children, to the number of about 300. The condition in which these troops were landed is described as pitiable in the extreme. Some of the men were so prostrated that upon landing they lay down on the ground, and several others, who attempted to march up to their barracks, fell out from sheer exhaustion, while every man among them appeared in a more or less wasted condition. The women were, if possible, still more emaciated, and, burdened with their equally sick and helpless children, appeared wholly unable to reach their destination. Although the ship appears to have been in port for a day or two, and the condition of the troops might, therefore, have been communicated to the authorities on shore, no provision seems to have been made to assist them in reaching the barracks. Several of the women employed coolies to carry their children, and another was indebted to the kindness of a private person for a chair in which she and her four young children had to be carried up the hill. The neglect, however, of proper provision for these sick persons on their arrival in Japan is the least part of the alleged complaint. It is a more important question to inquire what was the occasion of such serious and widespread sickness among a body of troops, and for an explanation on this point we are referred to the treatment of the regiments at the port from which they had been despatched. They had arrived, as we have said, from Hong Kong, an unhealthy station at all times, but which during the last summer has suffered under an unusual amount of sickness and mortality. The military hospitals have been quite full, the men have had to occupy the verandahs, many have even been treated in the barrack-rooms, and it has also been necessary to hire additional buildings to supply increased hospital accommodation. During the prevalence of this deadly malaria the 11th Regiment, which appears to have suffered most severely, arrived at Hong Kong, and, so it is said, found that no arrangements had been made for its reception. At a moment when the healthiest situation and the greatest care in their encampment were vitally necessary, the troops were quartered on a piece of ground that had been a Chinese burial-place, the exhalations from which were most deadly. It was here that the sickness was contracted which brought them into the lamentable condition in which they arrived in Japan, and they may well have thought themselves doomed if, after being brought to the verge of destruction by the neglect of proper arrangements for their reception in one place, they found that no attempt had been made to provide some relief to their weakness on their arrival at the other. It is further alleged that, in the midst of all this sickness, the medical staff at Hong Kong is wholly insufficient to perform the duties entailed upon it. We are told that during the prevalence of this sickness at Hong Kong nearly all the heads of departments have been absent from their posts, and have been enjoying the more congenial climate of Yokohama. Not only, in fact, was the General Commanding-in-Chief then present in Japan, but he was accompanied by the two senior medical officers in the China command, one of them being the principal medical and sanitary officer of her Majesty's forces in China. Representations, it should be added, are made that

these officers were at Yokohama in the ordinary course of duty; but the fact does not appear to be denied that in a period of extraordinary sickness one medical officer has been left without any assistance in his charge, and has even been burdened with additional duties; nor does it seem to be disputed that, from whatever cause it may arise, some principal heads of departments were absent from Hong Kong during a season of emergency."

REDUCTIONS IN THE ARMY.—The *Army and Navy Gazette* refers as follows to certain announcements made in these columns:—"The Cabinet, we may presume, is still too busy in the work of self-construction to give its serious attention to our Naval and Military establishments for the ensuing year; and the estimates, which were intended to be all prepared by the 14th of January, will now be much later than usual. With regard to the army, rumours of reductions, although based only on conjecture and a study of probabilities, are not to be dispised. As we announced, some months ago, a cavalry regiment is to be taken off the Indian establishment, but whether this will involve the disbanding of the 21st Hussars, the acceleration of the return home of the Inniskillings, or the delay of the departure of the 11th Hussars, we know not. In the infantry, owing to a diminution of the Madras establishment, the 80th Regiment is under orders for England as well as the five battalions coming home in the ordinary course of relief. It is not improbable that the Bombay force may also be reduced by a battalion, in which case the first battalion of the 20th would also come home in 1866. It is also not unlikely that the strength of each of the battalions may be reduced in men, although the officers are not so likely to be touched."

EAST INDIA COMPANY.—At the general court of proprietors of the East India Company, held on Wednesday, the 13th inst., Colonel Sykes, M.P., in the chair, an announcement was made that the company's dividends would be ready for delivery at the bank on the 6th of January next. From an account read by the secretary it appeared that the capital of the security fund of the company on the 1st of December amounted to £777,178. 14s. 3d. Consols, and £5,391,286. 18s. 9d. Three per Cent. Reduced—together, £6,168,465. 13s.; costing, £5,634,880. 14s. 2d. The investments were—£10,422. 19s. 7d. Consols, cost £9,285; and £6,000 Exchequer Bills, cost £6,021. 2s. 8d.; total, £15,306. 2s. 8d. There was no notice of motion, and the court adjourned.

THE DIRECTORS OF THE CHARTERED MERCANTILE BANK OF INDIA, LONDON, AND CHINA have announced the declaration of a dividend of 5 per cent. (free of income-tax) for the half-year ending the 31st inst., making, together with the dividend of 8½ per cent. last July, 13½ per cent. per annum.

OFFICERS FOR INDIA.—Captain R. D. Barrett, attached to the depot of the first battalion 19th Regiment, and Captain F. L. Edridge, first battalion 20th Regiment, at Chatham garrison, have been ordered for Calcutta, to join the service companies of their respective regiments.

THE SUEZ CANAL.—(ALEXANDRIA, Dec. 9).—M. De Lesseps has arrived here. A steamer, drawing thirteen feet of water, has entered the maritime canal at Port Said. The company's contractors have offered to transport goods through the canal in May next at 35f. per ton.

APPOINTMENTS.—(India-office, Dec. 6).—The Queen has been pleased to appoint Augustus Brooke Warden, Esq., of the Bombay Civil Service, to be a Judge of the High Court of Judicature at Bombay. Dec. 8.—The Queen has been pleased to appoint James Gibbs, Esq., of the Bombay Civil Service, to be a Judge of the High Court of Judicature at Bombay.

ARRIVAL OF THE HEAVY BOMBAY MAILS.—(SOUTHAMPTON, Dec. 10).—The Peninsular and Oriental Company's steamship *Syria*, Captain Raskell, with the heavy Bombay and Mauritius mails, arrived here this morning. She brings forty-four passengers, six packages specie, value £1,512; also seventy-four packages general merchandise, and 1,469 bales raw silk, value £135,000 sterling.

DESPATCH OF THE BOMBAY MAILS.—(SOUTHAMPTON, Dec. 12).—The Peninsular and Oriental Company's steamship *Delta*, Captain Kellock, sailed hence this afternoon with the mails for Gibraltar, the Mediterranean, Egypt, Aden, Bombay, and Upper Bengal. She took out fifty-five first and twenty-seven second-class passengers, and on freight for Bombay 1,224 boxes specie, value £360,493; of this amount £15,000 is bar gold, £3,000 silver coin, bar silver, £341,770, and watches, &c., £723.

COLONEL ELPHINSTONE.—Letters have been received stating that Colonel N. W. Elphinstone had assumed charge of the agency of the Punjab and Delhi Railway on the 31st of October. Colonel Elphinstone had for many years held high office under the Government of the Punjab, and earned a distinguished reputation for his administrative ability and successful exertions in introducing education amongst the natives.

SHIPPING.

ARRIVALS.

Dec. 6. Addison, Bassett.—7. Cresswell, Colombo.—10. Thermutis, Bombay; Mistress of the Seas, Bombay.—11. Harry Puddens, Bombay; Eliza Brisbane, Akab; Star of England, Calcutta.—12. Mary Ann, Mauritius.—13. Hunkarn, Madras.—15. Prince Coloboo, Orient, Calcutta.—16. Egeria, Bombay; Preston, Kurrachee; Munirel, Mauritius; Marshall, Bassett (with jib-boom, &c., carried away by collision).

DEPARTURES.

Dec. 6. City of Brussels, Calcutta; Rinaldo, Bombay.—7. Sir R. Seppings, Madras.—8. Calhoun, Madras; Flora Nightingale, Calcutta.—10. Stork, Madras.—11. Marcham, Aden.—12. Heather Bell, Cochon; Jane Porter, Calcutta.—14. Anavoca, Kurrachee; Challenger, Yokohama.

CASUALTIES.

Liverpool, Dec. 8. — The Knight Companion, for Calcutta, off Waterford, put back with loss of mizzenmast, &c. Stornoway, Dec. 11.—The Surprise, of Carnarvon, from Port Dinovic for Ceylon, with slaves, in working out of the harbour on the 8th Dec. struck on a ledge of sunken rocks close to the lighthouse, and is likely to become a total wreck, but her cargo will be saved.

PASSENGERS DEPARTED.

Per Overland Route.

Per str. Delta, from Southampton, Dec. 12.—FOR BOMBAY.—Capt. and Mrs. Dods, Mrs. Faulkner, Mrs. Ward, Rev. L. E. W. Foote, Mrs. Richards, Mrs. E. Watland, Capt. A. C. Clarke, Miss Clarke, Staff Asst. surges. Wakefield, Waghorn, and Kemp, Capt. and Mrs. J. W. Smith, Esq. Nesbit, Miss Heggie, Mr. C. A. Langley. To ALEXANDRIA.—Mrs. and Miss West and niece, Dr. and Mrs. J. Patterson and two infants, Mr. D. M. Owen, Mr. Owen, Mr. G. G. Harrison, Mr. and Mrs. J. M. Blousson and three children, Mr. G. H. Haslewood and friend, Mr. D. Hoyle, Mrs. and Miss Kellock.

Per str. Tanjore, from Marseilles. — TO BOMBAY.—Mr. and Mrs. H. Herbert, Mr. and Mrs. Burgess, Mr. J. H. White and infant, Maj. Kerr, Maj. Bouns, Mr. and Mrs. Vix, Mr. C. Douglas, Mr. H. Simpson, Brig. gen. Adams, Miss Adams, Mr. Atken, Lieut. W. Curzon, Mr. and Mrs. J. Dods, Col. and Mrs. Slade, Mr. Pollexfen, Mr. H. Rogers, Mr. H. Jackson, Mr. A. Fernandes.

DOMESTIC.

BIRTHS.

COWIE.—The wife of John Cowie, Esq., M.A., of Calcutta, of a daughter, at Norwood, Dec. 6.
COXE.—The wife of the late Alfred Cox, Esq., of Hurdah, Bombay Presidency, of a son, at 15, Richmond-terrace, Clapham-road, S., Dec. 11.
MACNAGHTEN.—The wife of Capt. Arthur W. Macnaghten, Bombay Light Cavalry, of a daughter, at 3, Elizabeth-street, Eaton-square, Dec. 6.
MACNAGHTEN.—The wife of Edward Macnaghten, Esq., of a daughter, at 100, Eaton-place, Dec. 12.

MARRIAGES.

ATTHILL.—HOPKINS.—Samuel C. Atthill, Esq., son of the late Samuel Atthill, of the Bombay Engineers, to Isabella Mary, daughter of Henry Hopkins, Esq., of Codrington-place, Brighton, at St. Saviour's, Chelsea, Dec. 12.

BAIN.—JOHNSTON.—George Bain, Esq., Commander F. and O. Co.'s service, to Mary E. daughter of the Rev. Robert Johnston, and niece of Arthur Anderson, Esq., of the Grove, Norwood, Chairman of the Peninsular and Oriental Company, at the Congregational Church, Lower Norwood, Dec. 14.

BELL.—DUMBELL.—Henry Bell, Esq., of H.M.'s Bengal Civil Service, to Anne, daughter of G. W. Dumbell, Esq., of Belmont, Douglas, Isle of Man, at Kirk Braddon Church, Douglas, Isle of Man, Dec. 6.

CRUICKSHANK.—WRIGHT.—James H. R. Cruickshank, Bombay Engineers, eldest son of the late Major J. J. F. Cruickshank, Bombay Engineers, to Mary Emma, daughter of John Wright, Esq., of Rochester, and 11, Park-street, Westminster, at St. Nicholas, Rochester, Dec. 7.

GAVINS.—PLAISTER.—Thomas Gavins, Esq., of Calcutta, to Lucy Jane, daughter of Mr. Charles Plaister, of Brighton, at St. James's Church, Piccadilly, Dec. 2.

LOW.—FOULIS.—Irvine Low, Esq., Lieut. H.M.'s Bengal Cavalry, youngest son of Lieut.-general Sir John Low, of Clatto, to Janet Agnes H. L., only daughter of the late Sir William Liston Foulis, Bart., of Colinton, at Kinnessburn, St. Andrew's, Fifeshire, Nov. 29.

MACFARLAN.—MACNAIR.—John MacFarlan, Esq., H.M.'s Bombay Civil Service, to Anne, daughter of the late James Macnair, Esq., at Aucheneck, Stirlingshire, Dec. 12.

ROBERTS.—BAKER.—Thomas V. Roberts, son of the late Rev. T. G. Roberts, Rector of Llanrwst, to Julia, daughter of the late Captain W. W. Baker, Madras Army, at Wargrave, Berks, Dec. 18.

SEAMAN.—MORRIS.—J. Eglinton Seaman, Esq., M.D. (late H.E.I.C.S.), Natal, to Mary C., daughter of the late Charles Campbell Morris, Esq., of Loddington-hall, Leicestershire, at St. George's, Hanover-square, Dec. 9.

TROTTER.—HARE.—Robert Trotter, Esq., late of the Bengal Civil Service, to Ann Elizabeth, daughter of the late James Hare, Esq., of Lyon's-hall, Herefordshire, at Birmingham, December 12.

DEATHS.

CRAFTER.—Edward Crafter, Esq., Manager of the Assam Tea Company's Factory, Mazengah, Upper India, in London, Dec. 1.

EASTHOPE.—Sir John Easthope, Bart., at Firgrove Lodge, Weybridge, aged 81, Dec. 11.

FOWKE.—Francis Fowke, Captain Royal Engineers, at the Museum, South Kensington, aged 42, Dec. 4.

HITCHINS.—Mary, the wife of Major General B. K. Hitchins, Madras Army, at 8, the Lawn, St. Leonards-on-Sea, aged 66, Dec. 4.

JESSOP.—Major C. S. Jessop, of H.M.'s Bombay Army, only son of George Jessop, Esq., of Mount-house, Hythe, Hants, aged 40, at Clarence-lodge, Shirley, Hants, Dec. 3.

MONEY.—Putterie Money, née de Bourbel, widow of George Money, Esq., of Hill-house, Newbury, Berks, at Evening Side, Torquay, aged 68, Nov. 25.

MOXON.—Lætitia Bell, the wife of Captain Thomas Moxon, late Madras Army, at Charlton, near Woolwich, Nov. 24.

PEMBERTON.—Jane E., wife of Richard Lawrence Pemberton, Esq., at the Barnes, Sunderland, aged 33, Dec. 11.

RANKING.—Rosa, wife of John Ranking, Esq., of Wandsworth-common, aged 60, Dec. 5.

RITHERDON.—Elizabeth D., wife of Robert Ritherdon, Esq., formerly of the H.E.I.C.S., at 18, Wickham-terrace, Lewisham High-road, aged 65, Dec. 11.

SPINK.—Mr. John Spink, late of Calcutta, at St. John's Wood, aged 34, Dec. 2.

SULLIVAN.—Magdalene, daughter of H. E. Sullivan, Esq., of the Madras Civil Service, at 9, Park-crescent, Worthing, aged 4 years and a half, Dec. 5.

India Office,

December 6, 1865.

ARRIVALS REPORTED IN ENGLAND.

CIVIL.

Bombay Estab.—Mr. W. J. Jeaffreson (Uncov.).

GRANTED EXTENSION OF LEAVE.

CIVIL.

Bengal Estab.—Mr. F. Heavey, 6 mo.; Mr. P. Horn (Uncov.), 6 mo.

Madras Estab.—Mr. R. Ellis, c.b., 2 mo.; Dec. 7.

Bombay Estab.—Mr. A. D. Robertson, 5 mo.

ECCLESIASTICAL.

Bengal Estab.—Rev. E. M. Birch, Jun. Chaplain, 6 mo.; Dec. 11.

PERMITTED TO RETURN TO DUTY.

CIVIL.

Bengal Estab.—Messrs. H. W. Alexander, A. H. Harington, W. Young, W. H. Clarke (Uncov.).

PERMITTED TO RESIGN.

CIVIL.

Bengal Estab.—Mr. W. Stigant; Nov. 30.

INDIA EXCHANGES.

BANK AND COMMERCIAL BILLS.

	60 days' sight.	30 days' sight.		60 days' sight.	30 days' sight.
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Colombo	1s. 11½d.	1 0½pm.			

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		India 4 per cent.	98½	
		India 4 per cent. 1868	105½	
		India Enforced Paper 4 pr. ct.	99	
		India 5 pr. ct. Enforced Paper, 1872	102 to 101	
		India Stock, Enforced Paper, 5½	108½	
		per cent.	95½	
		India Stock Debentures, 1865	99½	
		India Stock Debentures, 1869	99½	
		" " " 1863	99½	
		" " " 1864	99½	
		" " " 1864 or 1866	98½	
		India Debentures, do., £1,000	98	
		Do. 4 per cent., 1866	102½ to 1	
		India 5 per cent. for account	99½	
		India 5 per cent., 1870	104½	
		India 4 per cent., 1888	18s. pm.	
		India Loan Scrip 5 per cent	15s. to 20s. pm.	
		India Bonds, 4 p. ct. (£1,000)	19s. to 24s. pm.	
		India Bonds (£1,000)		
		Ditto (under £1,000)		
		RAILWAYS.		
Stock		Bombay, Baroda, and Central India (guar. 5 per cent.)	100	102 to 103
90		Ditto F Shares	6	1 d. to 1 pm.
Stock		Calcutta & S. Eastern (lim.)	100	99 to 101
Stock		Eastern Bengal (gu. 5 p. ct.)	100	102 to 103
Stock		East Indian	100	104
90		Ditto J. Extension	all	par to 1 pm.
Stock		G. I. Peninsula (gu. 5 p. ct.)	100	102½ to 103½
90		Ditto (New ditto)	16	1 d. to 1 pm.
90		Ditto, New	6	1 d. to 1 pm.
Stock		Great S. of India (lim.) Scrip	100	101½ to 102½
Stock		Ditto 4½ p. ct.	2	
Stock		Madras (guar. 4½ per cent.)	100	80 to 91
Stock		Ditto 5 per cent.	100	101 to 102
Stock		Ditto (guar. 4½ per cent.)	100	93 to 95
90		5th Extension	2	
Stock		Scinde (guar. 5 per cent.)	100	101½ to 102½
Stock		Ditto Indus Steam Flotilla (guar. 5 per cent.)	100	
Stock		Delhi guar. 5 per cent.	100	101½ to 102½
Stock		Ditto Delhi guar. 5 p. ct.	all	101½ to 102½
90		Ditto	3	1 d. to 1 pm.
Stock		Punjab (5 per cent.)	100	101 to 102
		BANKS.		
50		Agarwal Masterman's (L.)	25	56 to 57
30		Asiatic Banking Corp., new issue, £15 pm., on which £7. 10s. has been paid	5	17 to 19
90		Chart. of Ind., Aus., & China	all	13½ to 24½
35		Chart. Merc. of India, Lond., and China	all	18
95		Commercial Bank of India	all	30
100		Hindustan, China, & Japan	25	17 to 19
30		Land Mortgage Bank of India	4	1 d. to 1 pm.
25		Oriental Bank Corporation	all	50 to 52
30		Scinde, Punjab, & Delhi (L.)	10	1½ to 4 dis.
		MISCELLANEOUS.		
5		Bombay Gas (Lim.)	all	5½ to 5½ pm.
5		Second issue	5	1 to 1 pm.
5		Third issue	8	1 to 1 pm.
30		Ceylon Company (Lim.)	7	4 pm.
90		East India Irr. & Can.	12	4 to 3 dis.
60		E.I. Financial (Lim.)	7½	
30		Madras Irrig. and Canal	15	2 to 1 dis.
90		Do.	all	18 to 19
30		Nerbudda Coal & Iron (Lim.)	5	3 to 1 dis.
90		Do. New	2	2 to 1 dis.
10		North Assam Tea (Lim.)	1½	1½ to 1½
		Do. B.	5	2 to 1½ dis.
90		Oriental Commercial (Lim.)	7½	
50		Oriental Financial	10	9 to 7 dis.
10		Oriental India Steam A. (L.)	all	1 to 2
50		P. and O. Steam Nav. Co.	all	73 to 74
5		Ditto New	35	17 pm.
10		Upper Assam Tea (Lim.)	4½	1½ to 2½ pm.
10		Ditto	all	13 to 15

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Earl Russell sent to the College of Physicians a communication received by him from Manila (where Cholera had been raging fearfully), to the effect, that, of all remedies tried, Chlorodyne was the most effective.—See Brit. Med. Jnl., Dec. 31, 1864.

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TO THE

POLITICAL EXTINCTION OF THE EAST
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FORMING A SEQUEL TO

THORNTON'S HISTORY OF INDIA.

BY

LIONEL JAMES TROTTER,

late of the 2nd Bengal Fusiliers.

THE PUBLISHERS' NOTICE.

Indian History since the recall of Lord Ellenborough has been so fruitful of great events and striking episodes, that we cannot but think the time has fully come for continuing Mr. Thornton's unfinished work. The two campaigns on the Sutlej, followed by the conquest of the Punjab, the second Burmese War, crowned by the annexation of Pegu, the splendid reign of Lord Dalhousie, illustrated by the establishment of railways, the swift growth of the electric telegraph, the gradual settlement of the Punjab, all these things, followed as they were by the annexation of Oude, and the mighty explosion of 1857, which annihilated the old Sepoy army of Bengal, nearly shattered to pieces the power founded by Clive and Hastings, and brought about the political death of the great East India Company, seem to furnish abundant matter for at least two interesting volumes, written with due conciseness and a careful regard to truth.

The history of a time so fraught with stirring incidents and momentous issues can hardly fail, with fair handling, to interest Englishmen of very diverse tastes. We have therefore arranged with a gentleman of some literary culture, Captain L. J. Trotter, late of the 2nd Bengal Fusiliers, for the production of two volumes, which shall bring the history of British India down to its natural halting-place, the death of Lord Canning.

As only a limited edition is being printed, we shall be obliged by an early intimation from such of our friends as wish to complete their copies of "Thornton's History."

LONDON: WM. H. ALLEN & CO., 13, Waterloo-place, S.W..
 Publishers to the India-office.

LONDON: Printed by RICHARD KINDER, Printer, at his Printing Office, Milford-lane, Strand, W.C., in the Parish of St. Clement-Danes; and published by JAMES PEARCE ALLEN, 13, Waterloo-place, S.W., both in the County of Middlesex.—December 18, 1865.

ALLEN'S INDIAN MAIL

AND OFFICIAL GAZETTE

FROM

BRITISH & FOREIGN INDIA, CHINA, & ALL PARTS OF THE EAST.

(WITH THIS PAPER "THE INDIAN NEWS" IS NOW INCORPORATED.)

VOL. XXIII.—No. 699.] LONDON, SATURDAY, DECEMBER 23, 1865.

[PRICE 6d.]

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DATES OF ADVICES.

Bengal.....	Nov. 23	Burmah (Rangoon) Oct. 17
Madras	" 20	Bombay..... Nov. 24
Agra.....	" 23	Ceylon
		China (Hong Kong)
		Nov. 1.

SUMMARY AND REVIEW.

WE have received our usual files of papers from Calcutta, *via* Bombay, to the 22nd of November, and from Bombay to the 28th of that month.

The peace with Bhootan had been at last announced, and in Calcutta and throughout the Presidency, had excited nothing but indignation and disgust—feelings which will probably be shared by our countrymen everywhere, as the state of the case becomes known. The Treaty was signed on the 11th of November, at a place some miles in advance of Buxa, by Colonel Bruce on the one side, and "two miserable envoys" from the Deb Rajah on the other, "Few of our officers," the *Friend of India* tells us, "would attend, to save themselves the pain of witnessing such humiliation." The envoys, it is declared, in general terms apologised for the insults heaped upon Mr. Eden and the members of the mission; and after some difficulty they restored the Eden treaty. "The Deb Rajah," it is added, "has agreed to cede to us for ever the eighteen Dooars, to deliver up all the captives, and should he fail to induce or coerce the Tongso Penlow into restoring the two Armstrongs abandoned in the Dewangiri rout, to ask us to help him to do so after a period of two months. There are the usual provisions for free trade and the rendition of criminals. In return for this we are not only to continue the permanent payment of £2,500 a year, but to increase it gradually until it is doubled. The first payment will be made the moment the guns are restored. These are the terms proposed

originally by the Bengal Government, and always dangled before the eyes of the Bhootas as a lure for their submission. The mission and the war have all along been Mr. Beadon's and Mr. Eden's, but no one dreamed that the former would be able to induce such a man as Sir John Lawrence to offer such terms in the *present* stage of the affair. The natives, when they do not chuckle over our defeat, are as loud in their denunciations of the humiliation of Government as the English. And these terms have been offered and accepted just at the beginning of the season, when our enormously expensive expedition was marching to the frontier. The evil is that we have no guarantee that Tongso Penlow will give up the guns, and that the two months' stipulation may be a ruse intended to put off our advance till the hot season is again upon us. Thus we have neither peace nor war, but the expense and mortality of the former, and the humiliation and disgrace of the latter." It should not be forgotten, too, that our own Government have been continually inviting the Bhootas to make overtures of peace, and have manifested so much consideration upon this score as to make it appear that they were themselves the most anxious of the two; and this, added to the fact that to bring about the arrangement they agree to increase the former annual payment, has naturally conveyed the impression upon the native mind that the Bhootas are the gainers, and the British the losers by the war, from the renewal of which they are glad to escape upon any terms they can get. A charming satisfaction this for the disasters and humiliation of the last campaign.

We give the comments of the principal Calcutta journals upon this subject elsewhere. The *Delhi Gazette*, and all the other provincial papers we have seen, are equally loud in their condemnation of the policy of the Government.

A private letter from Bhootan, written just before the peace, notices that since the recent death of the old Dhurmrajah, the throne of Poonakha has been vacant, but the infant Dhurmrajah is now set on the Guddee, and is at Tassisudon with the Deb Rajah. The infant Dhurmrajah, it was reported, would be installed in December.

The cold weather and the Government were fairly settled in Calcutta. The Legislative Council was to meet on the 1st of this month. Mr. Massey had made no sign, but was supposed to be prepared for all contingencies—the first, of course, being

the enormous war charges which have been incurred for the peace.

The death of Lord Palmerston, and the anticipated reconstruction of the Ministry, had given rise to renewed expectation of a change at the India Office, and several statesmen were named by political sportsmen as Sir Charles Wood's successor, the favourite being decidedly the Duke of Argyll.

A correspondence between the Governor-General in Council and the Governor of Bombay upon the subject of "service" telegrams is referred to in another column. It is generally considered that the former has made a mistake in the matter, though he may be considered, after a certain fashion, to have apologised to Sir Bartle Frere. Colonel Marriott, who cannot help himself, is of course treated with less consideration.

The people were still starving in the distressed districts of Bengal. No rain had yet fallen, and where there was no irrigation it was evident that nothing could save the autumn crops. It was expected, however, that the import of the new crop from the prosperous Eastern districts would prevent actual famine in Orissa and Behar. A letter from Patna makes the extraordinary statement that the people in that district are beginning to eat children for want of other food, and two women, it is declared, were caught roasting a child.

It is believed that the present year's cotton crop will be much below that of the previous three years.

A Central Committee had been formed in Calcutta for the transmission of specimens of art and manufactures to the Paris Universal Exhibition.

At Bombay the principal news was of a mournful kind, being the sudden death of the Advocate-General, while conducting a case in the High Court. The Governor was on a tour in the Southern Mahratta Country. Lord Edward Seymour, who arrived in Bombay by the previous mail, had joined his Excellency's camp.

Affairs in Central Asia were still unsettled. It is reported that Meer Khudayan Khan, to whom the Ameer of Bokhara had made over the Khanate of Khokund, unable to cope with the Russians, has sought the protection of Bokhara, and is endeavouring to engage the Affghans in a religious war against the Russians; also that the Emir of Bokhara had proposed an alliance with the Emir of Cabul against Russia and England.

It has been stated that the murderer of Lieutenant Ommaney had confessed that he had received a promise of two hundred

rupees from the Akhoond of Swat for every European he killed.

It was reported that the Lieutenant-Governor of the Punjab and his suite had been shot at while crossing a river.

The money market is described as dull in Calcutta, though there is still plenty of money, and at Bombay, we are told, the market is very stringent and the demand very active.

The next arrival from India will be the Calcutta mail, which may be expected in London *via* Marseilles on the 27th inst.

The Calcutta letter in to-day's *Times* contains the following in reference to the treaty with Bhootan:—"It has raised throughout India, and among all classes, a cry of annoyance at our humiliation, which resembles nothing so much as the indignation excited by the refusal of Lord Canning's advisers in 1857 to recognise the importance of the mutinies. . . . The scene which is said to have taken place at the signing of the treaty is significant. The envoys from the Deb Rajah are coarsely described by the correspondent of one paper as 'a pair of hangdog countenanced scoundrels, accompanied by about 200 rag-tag and bobtail, two yaks, some fine mountain racers, and half-a-dozen nondescript ponies.' Not till we sent out a native officer to coax them could they be induced to come nearer us than within seven miles. They remained a week with Colonel Bruce, C.B., our Political Officer, when the hitch seems to have been the 'fully' apologising for the insults offered to our mission, and giving up the treaty signed by Mr. Eden. What is the 'full' apology for disgrace such as no civilised Power has ever suffered in the person of its envoy no one yet knows. The officers in our camp were invited to be present at the conclusion of the treaty, but most of them preferred not to witness such humiliation. After it was all over the two Bhootan envoys received the usual *khillut* of musical boxes and bags of gold mohurs, and left next day for Poonakha."

The case of *Hill v. Finney*—an action brought by a captain in the Bombay cavalry against his solicitor for neglecting his case in the Divorce Court—has been before the Court of Queen's Bench every day during the past week. We postpone our notice of these extraordinary proceedings until their conclusion.

We notice that the first volume of the continuation of "Thornton's History of India," by Captain Trotter, has just been issued by Messrs. W. H. Allen and Co. We shall take an early opportunity of noting our impressions of this important work.

LATEST INTELLIGENCE.

(By Direct Overland Telegraph)

BOMBAY, Dec. 9 (1.25 P.M.).

Manchester goods held firmly. Cotton firm and advancing: Dhollerah, 430. Week's report, 54,000 bales. Exchange on London, 2s. 1½d. Government Securities: Four per Cent., 88½; Five per Cents., 102½; Five-and-a-Half per Cents., 108½. Freights, 35s.

The latest London date is the 29th Nov.

CALCUTTA, Dec. 8.
Manchester goods quiet. Indigo again higher. Exchange on London, 2s. 1d.

CHINA.

(By Overland Telegraph from Galle.)

CANTON, Nov. 28.

Grey shirtings and twist advancing. Exchange on London, 4s. 7d.

SHANGHAI, Nov. 22.

Tea dearer. Silk dull. Export to date, 43,500 bales. Exchange on London, 6s. 3d.

THE CALCUTTA AND CHINA MAILS.

MALTA, Dec. 22.

The *Pera* left here at noon to-day. She may be expected at Marseilles on the 25th. Letters in London on the 27th inst.

THE OUTWARD BOMBAY MAIL.

MALTA, Dec. 22.

The *Delta*, from Southampton on the 12th inst., arrived here to-day at 11 A.M., and will leave at 6 P.M. for Alexandria.

EXPORT OF BULLION.—*Low's Indian Circular* refers as follows to the exports of bullion from Marseilles to India per P. and O. steamers. Dec. 4th and Dec. 12th, per *Poona*, sailed Dec. 4 for Bombay, silver, £216,753. Per *Orissa*, sailed Dec. 12, for Madras. Gold, £800; silver, £80. By the *Messageries Impériales* to India, per *Said*, sailed 19th Dec.: Ceylon, silver, £22,000; Pondicherry, silver, £2,600; Madras, gold, £1,385; silver, £36,349; Calcutta, silver, £122,140; Singapore, silver, £36,600. Quotations, Bar Silver, per oz., std., 5s. 1½d.; Mexican Dollars, 4s. 11½d.

ARRIVAL OF THE HEAVY CALCUTTA AND CHINA MAILS.—(SOUTHAMPTON, Dec. 22.)—The Peninsular and Oriental Company's steamship *Massilia*, Captain Babot, with the heavy portion of the India, China, and Australian mails, arrived this morning. She brings 83 passengers, 14 packages of specie, value £3,228, and 703 packages of general cargo.

UNHEALTHINESS OF NEEMUCH.—To the Editor of the *Times of India*.—Sir,—It is astonishing that this place should not have been abandoned as a station for European troops before now. It is one of the most unhealthy in India; the mortality amongst Europeans from 1860 to 1864 averaging 41 in a thousand, whereas in most stations in this Presidency, during the same period, the average has been only about 9 in a thousand, while at Mhow, which is not more than 150 miles distant, the mortality is only at the rate of 12 per thousand. Thus, taking the least favourable view of the case, the stationing of the European force at Mhow, instead of at Neemuch, would effect an annual saving of the lives of 38 soldiers in every thousand. This calculation does not take into account this present year, in which one-fourth of the Europeans have been swept away by cholera alone.—EXPERIENTIA DUCET.—*Times of India*.

Casualties by Death in the Armies of India reported since last Publication.

BENGAL.—Lieut. J. J. Peter, 42nd Royal Highland Regt., at Attock, Nov. 9. Capt. T. Ray, Pension Establishment, at Meerut, Oct. 16. Capt. James McCreadie, late commander of the ship *Banner*, on the 30th Oct., at sea, in lat. 19 deg. 9 min. N., and long. 66 deg. 48 min. E.
MADRAS.—Capt. T. F. G. Russell, late 43rd Regt. Madras N.I., at Tamar-house, near Tavistock, aged 37, Dec. 17.
BOMBAY.—Hon. A. J. Lewis, Advocate-General, Bombay, suddenly, in the High Court, Bombay, Nov. 14.

Passengers by the present Mail.

FOR MARSEILLES.—From BOMBAY.—Mr. G. Finch and two children, Mrs. Sanderson, Mr. Jervoise, Lieut. Skinner, Mr. G. M. Stewart, Mr. Howard, Mr. Hayes, Capt. Davies, Mr. Bromley, Messrs. Pigott, J. T. Elmore, T. W. H. Tolbort, and Warwick. From ALEXANDRIA.—Mr. M. Nassif, Mr. Ward.

Expected at Southampton.

Per str. *Poonah*, Dec. 30.—From CALCUTTA.—Mrs. E. T. Lock and child, Miss E. Havelock, Capt. Fellows, Dr. T. W. Hamilton, Lieut. Trevelyan, Mr. A. Tim, Mr. H. H. Shields. From ALEXANDRIA.—Mrs. Spang, Miss Koge.

To Correspondents.

All letters for insertion in *Allen's Indian Mail* should be accompanied with the real name and address of the writer, "not necessarily for publication, but as a guarantee of good faith."

Communications for the Editor, and Advertisements, should be sent under cover to Messrs. W. H. ALLEN & Co., 13, Waterloo-place, S.W.

. Should any delay or irregularity occur in supplying this Paper, communication of the fact to the Publisher will insure a remedy.

ALLEN'S INDIAN MAIL,

SATURDAY, December 23, 1865.

A STORM IN AN OFFICIAL TEA-POT.

MONTHS ago—in the early summer—Major-general Wormald, who had then just retired from the service, addressed an inquiry to Lieut.-colonel Marriott, Military Secretary to the Government of Bombay, as to the mode in which he should draw his pension, as he was going to New South Wales. He urged particular reasons why a reply should be sent by telegraph, and Colonel Marriott returned him an answer through that channel. For so doing he was called to account by the Government of India, the telegraph being reserved, by order, for urgent messages upon public affairs, and was accused of nothing more nor less than a breach of trust. In a memorandum which he drew up for the information of the Bombay Government, he refers to the correspondence, and justifies his conduct by appealing to a few simple facts.

The message, says the Colonel, was on the public service, not on his own private affairs. He considered it his duty to reply to General Wormald's question, and could have franked a letter upon the subject with perfect propriety. In making use of the telegraph he was impressed with the belief that the case was an exceptional one, and warranted a slight departure from ordinary rule; and he conceived, moreover, that it was his duty to exercise a certain discretionary courtesy on behalf of Government, and that he was acting according to their wishes in the matter. The General had offered to remit the cost of the reply in postage-stamps; but as this course would have involved more trouble to himself and others—owing to the formalities attendant upon the transaction—than the cost of the message was worth, and be a waste of public time which could be far more profitably employed, he had not availed himself of that arrangement; conceiving, besides, that the order was made rather to prevent the too frequent use of the telegraph than to save expense. Under these circumstances he expressed his surprise at the reproof which he had received, couched as it was in no very courteous terms, and im-

putting to him a private and sordid motive in not paying for the telegram himself.

Colonel Marriott's memorandum is dated the 21st of June last. On the 12th of August Sir Bartle Frere follows on the subject, in a minute concurred in by the Hon. B. H. Ellis. The immediate object of the Governor's minute, however, is a charge of a similar kind made against his private secretary, Mr. Grey, the responsibility of which he takes upon himself, as Mr. Grey has since vacated his post. The head and front of his offending, as explained by Sir Bartle Frere himself, is as follows :—

"A young civil servant, under the Commissioner of Sind, applied to the private secretary to know if he could have leave to Europe, having just heard that his father had had an illness, which threatened a speedy termination of his life. The public interests involved depended whether the Commissioner could spare the services of the young man, who in his haste to apply for leave had forgotten to mention whether he had asked the Commissioner's consent.

"I believe in disposing of this part of Mr. Grey's daily work, I said, 'Tell Moore he can have his leave if Mansfield consents; you had better telegraph, otherwise it will not be in time; and tell him I am very sorry to hear of his father's illness.'

"With the exception of the last words, my own and Mr. Grey's concern with the matter was purely official, and I do not see that any of us could have been reasonably expected to pay for the telegram. Had it occurred to me to consider minutely the component sentences of the message, I should doubtless have remarked that my sympathy with the family of an old dying general officer was only incidentally connected with her Majesty's service. I do not think I should have told Mr. Grey to telegraph what was official, and to send by post what was more personal, nor to make two messages of it, and to pay for the one, and send the other on service; but had I thought of it, I should have been quite willing to pay for the whole; so, I am sure, would Mr. Grey, or the young man to whom it was addressed. The fact of it is, in disposing of a considerable amount of work, the whole of which was virtually official, and none of which would have come before us except officially, neither Mr. Grey nor I gave a thought to such nice distinctions. I cannot but think that had we done so we should have been guilty of a somewhat pedantic waste of highly paid public time; and I am quite certain that, as a financial question, it would not have paid the Government that we should have done so."

And he adds further on :—

"Let any one compute the price of any of these messages, and compare the total with the value of the highly paid time wasted by the Telegraphing Department in examining hundreds of innocent service messages, while searching for one of doubtful character by the Government of India and of Bombay by the Post-office, printing-office, &c., and the bad economy of this system will be at once apparent.

"Any incidental good effect in shape of greater carefulness impressed upon some officers is more than counterbalanced by the stimulus which any one experienced in human nature will at once see must be given by such a system to a wish, in all ill-regulated minds, to thwart such a system of vexatious supervision; while in better regulated minds there cannot but be produced an amount of irritation the reverse of what is conducive to a harmonious and zealous co-operation for the good of the Government service.

"But if it is worth while to hunt for these occasional abuses of official franking, I would submit that a much simpler and readier course might be found by imitating the system followed in the Post-office. Let telegraph officers in a certain position, say the superintendents of circles, have power to charge for messages improperly sent on the public service. The officer so surcharged would, if he could justify his frank, and if dissatisfied with the final decision of the Telegraph Department, appeal to the Government of India, who would then only intervene where there was *duplex vindice redus*."

In reference to the memorandum of Colonel Marriott, which he takes that

opportunity to annex, Sir Bartle Frere bears the most cordial testimony to the colonel's high character, and the impossibility of his having been actuated by the motives attributed to him; expressing, moreover, his confidence that the Viceroy in Council will direct the withdrawal of the slur cast upon that officer in the Secretary's letter.

The concluding paragraphs are still more bold :—

"And I would submit at the same time that there is a not unimportant want of formality in conveying such censures direct to a ministerial officer of this Government. If it is necessary to tell a Secretary of this Government that the Governor-General in Council considers him, even by implication and conditionally, guilty of a breach of trust, I submit that such opinion should be conveyed not personally to the officer so condemned, but through some other channel to the honourable Board, and that we should be left to deal with the offender, who must, if justly charged, be utterly unworthy of our continued confidence.

"After circulation, copies of these papers and of this minute should be submitted to the Government of India by the Chief Secretary."

The answer of the Supreme Government has just appeared in the *Gazette of India*.

In reference to Colonel Marriott's case, the Viceroy in Council tells that officer he is in error in supposing that he could with propriety have forwarded General Wormald an official answer to his inquiry by letter, the rules of the Post-office being analogous to those of the telegraph in reference to private communications, in which category it is held that the message question would be included. The use of the telegraph, Colonel Marriott is told, was still less justifiable; but the Viceroy in Council explains, in reference to the "slur" cast upon his character, that the charge of breach of trust was not intended to imply that the Colonel had a "private and sordid motive" for what he did, but that offences of the kind were "no doubt the consequence of mere thoughtlessness, and an inadequate appreciation of the nature of the Act; but this very want of consideration for public rights, and also, it must be added, for the orders of Government, makes it the more necessary to remind Government officers who so act, that to make use of the telegraph at the public expense on trivial occasions when its use is forbidden, much more for the transmission of messages which ought to be paid for by the persons in whose private interests they are sent, is in fact a breach of trust, however unintentionally committed."

In reference to that part of the minute which refers to Colonel Marriott's case, the Governor-general "thinks it only necessary to say that he regrets the spirit in which his Excellency has commented on the orders of the Government of India, and that he does not think the observations of his Excellency are fairly applicable to the occasion."

The concluding passage of this communication is as follows :—

"Adverting to the first five paragraphs of the minute of his Excellency the Governor, I am desired to point out that the objection meant to be taken to the message despatched to Mr. Moore by his Excellency's private secretary has been misapprehended by his Excellency. The objection to such a message is that, as the intimation of leave being granted is made by telegraph solely in the interests and for the convenience of the officer who has applied for leave, such a communication should not, under the rules and orders relating to the use of the telegraph, be made by telegraph unless its transmission by that means has been specially asked for by the officer applying for leave, and he has signified his readiness to pay for its transmission. Upon this question I am directed to beg his Excellency's attention to the last circular letter issued by the Government of India on the subject of the use of the telegraph by public officers, dated the 18th of June, 1864. At the same time I am to say that, if it had been known that the message in question had been despatched by his Excellency's express order, it would have been allowed to pass unnoticed."

In the above it will be seen that the Governor-General in Council does not take quite the same ground as in Colonel Marriott's case. It is not denied that the communication is of a service character, which it must be, considering that replies to applications for leave are forwarded officially through the post as a matter of course. The question is therefore narrowed to the urgency of the particular case warranting the employment of the telegraph; and this point might, without any dangerous laxity, we think, be left to the discretion of an authority so high as the Governor of a Presidency. Sir Bartle Frere is evidently of opinion that the reception by a General Officer of a pension which he has honourably earned, and a tribute of respect to another General Officer, who, in a dying state, desires to see his son, are not matters with which the public service is entirely unconcerned, and to be classed as having reference to private interests *à la*. On the contrary, he appears to think that a Government should be as solicitous to see that its servants have their dues—whether pecuniary or personal—as to exact that they shall not fail in the performance of their own duties. But this is evidently a mistake in the opinion of higher authority; and it may be supposed that Sir Bartle's expression of official sorrow at a family affliction tended to aggravate the offence. For the future, perhaps, the safest course for mere Governors of Presidencies, and other subordinate persons, would be that which suggested itself to the offender—to send the bare business message in one telegram at the public expense, and the courtesy with which they may desire to clothe it in another message, at their own cost. And where an officer holds a post in which politeness is really a State necessity—as in the Political Department, for instance—a certain monthly allowance might be made to him for the purpose, just as is done for forage and other expenses incidental to particular duties. Another question also

may be expected to arise out of this affair—whether the expression of courtesies in service letters conveyed by post may not also be considered a breach of trust, since they cost time if not money, and would certainly not be conveyed at the public expense alone. In the stiffest despatches there are such superfluities as “I have the honour to be your obedient servant,” and in demi-official communications there is often a great deal of personal matter introduced. Are all these to be cut off next, and Indian officials be made to pelt one another with epistles having no other object than to hit the mark?

We really think that Sir John Lawrence has been a little too stern in this matter, and has not made sufficient allowance for the human feelings which linger sometimes in the most hardened officials. We can quite understand that it is necessary to prevent exuberant authorities from exchanging friendly sentiments, gossip, or scandal, as the case may be, at a very limited number of words to the rupee, and paid for by the public. But governors and secretaries to Government should surely be allowed a little discretion in minor matters of courtesy, which are often more nearly connected with the public service than some people suppose. In Europe it is said, by those clever persons who know everything, that jewellery, gloves, and all kinds of agreeable articles *de luxe* frequently travel in ambassadors' bags, and that Royal messengers are continually scouring about from one country to another with despatches which form the least part of their commissions. No notice is taken of these little interchanges of attention in the West; but in the East, it seems, even a governor is not allowed to be obliging by electric telegraph.

FAMINE EXTRAORDINARY AT PATNA.—The following statement, dated Patna, November 6th, is extracted from the *Poona Observer*. There must be, we think, some mistake in the matter; at any rate we decline to believe so horrible and sickening a story without better evidence than that contained in the present paragraph:—“Such is the state of affairs in these districts, that people have commenced eating their own children. The people in question are not systematically cannibals; but what can they do? Provisions of all sorts are sold at exorbitant rates, or are not at all procurable. Hence they must eat something, if body and soul are to be kept together. The other day the police brought up two women before the magistrate, and said they were roasting a child one year old, to eat it. From inquiries made by the last named functionary, it appeared that the child had died, and that one of the females, the mother, was induced by the other, her friend, both in a state of starvation, not to consign its dead remains to the river, but to feast on it. The magistrate could not, under the circumstances, inflict any punishment on them.” Rice, the chief food of the people of Behar, is sold at the rate of 8 and 9 seers a rupee, and *dall*, the second article of consumption, at 7 and 7½ seers. Hence it is that they do not scruple to do anything.

BENGAL.

THE BHOOTAN BLUNDERS.

Mr. Beadon would seem to be Sir John Lawrence's evil genius. The Viceroy who, as an ordinary Chief Commissioner, saved India in 'Fifty-seven, has been charmed by the most skilful of charmers, into adopting as his own a policy more dishonouring to our name than any of the blunders which have marked the whole course of the Bhootan affair, and full of the seeds of political and financial embarrassment. The Bengal civilian who, when a secretary, led Lord Canning to the ruin of his reputation and the empire to the brink of destruction, and who as Lieutenant-governor gave Lord Elgin no rest till in spite of his better judgment he permitted a mission to be sent to Poonakha, has now induced Sir John Lawrence to adopt the same degrading policy, to sanction the same suicidal terms of peace, which, from the first, have led the Bhootas to treat us with alternate contempt and fear according to the season. Since the meeting of the Governor-general and the Lieutenant-governor at Bhaugulpore, Col. Bruce has been instructed to promise the Deb Rajah peace, to offer him twice our former payment of Rs. 25,000 if necessary, and to allow him two months in which to induce, or coerce, the refractory Tongso Penlow, to restore the two Armstrong guns which the cowardice of the Assam sepoys forced our officers to abandon in the Dewangiri rout. And in return for this privilege of paying annual tribute and waiting till the fighting season comes to an end, in reliance on a weak Bhoota's promises which have so often failed us, we are to have, what? Not honour, certainly; not revenge; not a just atonement for the past and undeniable guarantees for the future, but the pleasure of paying upwards of a million sterling for the expedition which has never set out, the promise that a small party may advance to Poonakha to guard Colonel Bruce from a repetition of the fate of Mr. Eden, the precious treaty that honourable gentleman signed,—which we would recommend Government to present to the new Imperial Museum with a copy of the bills of mortality and military charges appended,—and a slice of marshy territory with a few hill posts which we do not want.

We desire calmly to weigh the terms on which we offer peace to the Bhootas, but it is difficult to abstain from bitterness when we think of the past, and reason from that to the future. Every blunder—we might now correctly use the term disaster—has arisen from a conflict of authorities, and from the abdication of its better judgment and supreme power by the Government of India. The Secretary of State, the Governor-General, the Commander-in-Chief, the Lieutenant-Governor, and their civil and military agents on the spot, have from first to last misunderstood and opposed each other. We are of those who believe that the invasion of Bhootan was necessary, but why Lord Elgin should have treated its savages like a European Court, and have yielded to Mr. Eden's intense desire to distinguish himself as a diplomatist, we cannot conceive. The first blunder lay in sending an envoy instead of an army—a mistake against which the repeated experience of former missions, and declarations of former Governors-General, ought to have warned him. When that blunder resulted in the deepest disgrace a civilized power has suffered since certain men were told to tarry at Jericho till their beards had grown, the reason for war, immediate, sharp and decisive, were increased a thousand-fold. But diplomacy was again resorted to, promises were made to the chuckling durbar at Poonakha of the old tribute, if they would send back the treaty and the captives, and promise to behave better for the future. The Governor-General's letter to the Deb

Rajah of 9th June, 1864, was the second blunder. True, it was sent with Sir C. Wood's approval, and Sir John Lawrence wished rather to advance on Poonakha the first moment it was possible, but his Excellency does not seem to have urged his views with that persistency to which even Sir C. Wood would have yielded, after boasting in Parliament that he gave the Viceroy “undeviating support.” Then came the third blunder, and if loss of life alone be considered, the most serious. Our native troops took up positions on the crest of the hills last cold season. Badly led, and lulled into security by the hope of a speedy termination to the campaign, they were driven out of Dewangiri on the right, and the stockade in front of Buxa on the left. The authorities now over-estimated the valour of the Bhootas as much as the Bengal Government had before led them to undervalue it, and our troops, instead of being altogether withdrawn from the *terai* at a time when the Bhootas will not enter it, or, if they were to be kept, being posted on the top of the ridge where they would have enjoyed the climate of Kuraiong, were doomed to rot and die of miasma in the marshes, till in some cases there were regiments with hardly a European officer, and in others officers without men to command.

And now the fourth blunder has been committed by Sir John Lawrence himself. As if determined that there shall be no conflict of authorities for the future, his Excellency seems to have thrown himself into the hands of Mr. Beadon, of all men, just as he did last year in accepting the policy of Sir C. Wood. It would seem that it was better to be a Chief Commissioner ten years ago than a Viceroy now. Looked at in itself, the Bhootan difficulty was from the first much less serious than any one of the hundred expeditions which Sir John Lawrence and the Punjab Irregulars brought to a successful conclusion in the North-west hills. But after two years of blundering, which has resulted in terrible sepoy mortality, in the disorganisation of our finances, and, what is worse, in humiliating our name throughout Southern and Central Asia, we are about to retire defeated and overreached in the eyes of every Asiatic, with the prospect of a renewal of the war in a year or two. We are disposed to give every weight to the fact that we have gained a strip of marsh and hill territory, even though we do not particularly want it. Our new frontier is to strike in a zig-zag direction for 200 miles east of Darjeeling, so as to run up here and there into the hills, where we shall have healthy fortified posts, and thus to make the defence of the *terai* portion quite unnecessary. Darjeeling will be enriched and rendered safe by a considerable accession of fine hill country and the eastern slope of the valley of Teesta, while the rest of the Dooars will far more than pay their expenses. Our Bengalee captives will be restored, and we have a promise that in two months Tongso Penlow may condescend to send us back our guns.

But the two considerations cannot be overlooked, apart altogether from the cost of the affair, that the Rs. 50,000 will be regarded as tribute paid by us for peace, or for the guns and the Eden treaty, and that the promise to coerce Tongso Penlow may unavoidably fail, or be a *rous* and intended to fail. As to the stipend, it is said that the Bhootas will starve if deprived of the Dooars, or a money equivalent. It is even said that the Deb Rajah has applied for a little farm to supply his own wants. All our information shows that if the Bhootas choose to work instead of oppressing the Dooar cultivators as hitherto, they have a country sufficient to supply the wants of ten times the population. Take Mr. Edm's glowing description of the extensive plain of Paro; look at the pictures drawn of the valleys watered by so many streams. We do not speak of copper and tin, of iron

and lime, for to extract or quarry them might be too hard work; but tea, and cotton and saffron. The cultivation of the former has always been forbidden lest the trade from China and Thibet be injured. Captain Austen declares that the two latter might be grown with ease all round the capital. Yet, instead of driving these wretched lamas and officials to take advantage of the bounty of nature around them, we mean to pay them that they may eat the bread of idleness and resume the congenial duty of oppression. Fifty thousand rupees a year is after all a small sum, but it has in Asia a significance like that which is for ever associated with *Aceldama*. It is the price of the deepest disgrace we have yet suffered in Asia.

And the Deb Rajah is to coerce Tongso in two months, and send us back our guns? It may be so, but he cannot if he would, and as to persuading him, there is equal doubt. But, after our past experience, are we to believe a Bhoota? Two months?—just the time when it will be beginning to be too late for a force to march from Dewangiri the weary 200 miles of pathless rock and valley to Tongso castle. Is it not a trick to gain another year? And if it is not, if the guns are returned, and the price of dishonour is paid, is this such a termination of an expensive and deadly series of *quasi*-campaigns as is likely to prevent all necessity for the renewal of the war at no distant period? Truly, we have reason to congratulate ourselves on a war beginning with our envoy's disgrace and treaty, and ending with the doubling of our "tribute!" When we consider that such terms are accepted, and that by Sir John Lawrence, we must declare that the last end of the business is worse than the first.—*Friend of India*.

THE PEACE WITH BHOOTAN.

(*Hurkaru*.)

The great event of the day is the conclusion of hostilities with the Bhootahs and the signing of a treaty with that country on the 11th instant at Buxa. When we say that the following are the articles of the treaty, our readers will be at no loss to understand the feelings of indignation, shame, and sorrow with which it is regarded by all classes of the European community in this part of the British Empire:—

"Perpetual peace between the two nations.

"The eighteen Dooars ceded to the British for ever.

"All Bengalee and Assamese prisoners to be delivered up.

"The British Government to make an annual allowance to the Bhootan Government of Rs. 25,000, to be increased gradually to Rs. 50,000; the British to retain the right to stop payment of the whole or a portion of the allowance.

"Rendition of criminals. Free Trade. Disputes with Sikhim and Cooch Behar to be settled by British Government.

"The Bhootahs have made a full apology for the insults offered to the Hon. Mr. Eden.

"Government will not pay up the first instalment of Rs. 25,000 until the Deb Rajah makes Tongso give up the two guns lost at Dewangiri, and, if the Deb Rajah wishes it, the Government will render aid in compelling him to do so."

It is not too much to say that this miserable agreement has been greeted with an outburst of indignation by the press. An immense amount of money has been expended, the Empire has been ransacked from the Khyber to the extreme limit of Assam for the means and materials wherewith to push the war to a successful conclusion; we have suffered fearfully by the deadly climate of the Coors; the honour of the British flag was tarnished by the discreditable stampede at Dewangiri; the nation was insulted in the person of its envoy; the Bhootahs have laughed at our beards for twelve calendar months in the presence of astonished India; and now, after having been "wronged and insulted," we are deliberately "betrayed." Letters from the frontier tell of the strongest

excitement and disgust pervading all ranks of that army which was to have marched to Ponakha, and chastised Bhootah insolence in its stronghold, but which has now to march crest-fallen and humiliated (though through no misconduct of its own) back to its cantonments, with feelings more easily imagined than described. People in Calcutta stare at each other in blank amazement, and inquire "what will they say in England," whilst all are at a loss to conceal their shame and the "deep damnation" of this most disgraceful treaty. It is difficult, indeed, to speak of it without transgressing the limits of propriety. How it will be received by the Rajahs and Princes of India, who have long been taught to regard the dominant power as a sort of incarnation of all that is great, powerful, and wise, it is not difficult to imagine. The marvellous display of courage and hardihood which the Government made when struggling against and triumphing over all Upper India combined, raised the prestige of the nation to a height which it had never occupied, but the gross and almost incomprehensible blundering which has marked our every step in this unfortunate Bhootan business has now laid it in the dust, where it will remain till some more energetic hand is put forth to raise it aloft again. Sir John Lawrence, the Hon. Mr. Cecil Beadon, and the Hon. Ashley Eden are at present, in consequence of this discreditable *imbroglio*, the most unpopular personages in the country. To the vacillation, conceit, and want of moral courage of the last-named gentleman is to be attributed all the infamy which this treaty has cast upon the nation. Insulted and outraged at Ponakha by a set of savages whom he might have swept off the face of the earth by the handful of disciplined sepoy of whom his escort was composed, his presence of mind and resolution failed him at the very moment, when the honour of the country he represented required their most conspicuous exercise; and he signed a document, the prolific parent of discord and disgrace, at a time when his position as an envoy should have taught him that death at his post was preferable to such ignominy. To Mr. Beadon, whose administration of Bengal has been more strongly marked by weakness, inconsistency, and vacillation than that of any of his predecessors, is due the deep disgrace of having made the worse appear the better reason, when he persuaded the Viceroy to consent to a treaty with the Bhootahs, than which none more discreditable has been known to the world since the days of Cintra. But whilst the conduct of these gentlemen has been only in accordance with what has long been known of them in India, that of the Viceroy is simply incomprehensible. Men look in vain for the iron will, the indomitable resolution and the keen sagacity which made the Lieutenant-Governor of the Punjab one of the foremost "Men of the Times." That the man who never flinched when the storm of the mutiny roared around him, who faced the most trying dangers with unshaken nerve, and whom no artifices and intrigues could deceive, should have lost his balance so completely as he appears to have done, and have been betrayed into failure by so miserable a diplomatist as the present Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal, is, as we have said, simply incomprehensible. We have now to see what they will say in England.

(*Englishman*.)

The most important event of the fortnight is the termination of the war with Bhootan, by what our enemies will assuredly regard as the purchase of peace from that power. At the very time when our preparations for the march upon Ponakha were almost complete, when the Bhootahs had all to lose by the continuance of hostilities, and we ourselves nothing but disgrace to gain by their prema-

ture cessation, a treaty of our own making has been concluded, the terms of which are such as rather befitted a conquered people to ask, than a great and powerful one to offer. We are to pay the Bhootahs an annual allowance of twenty-five thousand rupees, to be increased to fifty thousand if they abstain from molesting us, retaining, as an equivalent, the Dooars, which it will probably cost us more than that to administer, and getting back the guns that were taken from us, and which we thus show that we prefer paying for to fighting for. As, however, the guns are still in possession of our only formidable opponent, the Penlow of Tongso, who is not a party to the treaty, and is practically independent of the authority of the Durbar, we have also obtained the permission of the Durbar to coerce him in case he refuses voluntarily to surrender them; so that there is still a possibility of a renewal of hostilities with the only individual who would have in any case been likely to oppose our progress. Free trade between the two nations is another condition of the treaty; but, though this may be considered as a concession on the part of the Bhootahs, it is one which, by passive resistance, they can always render abortive, without absolutely breaking faith with us. This humiliating treaty has caused a general cry of indignation throughout the country. It will do more injury to our prestige than any event of the last century; for the disgrace which it involves is one in which we have acquiesced, and which we therefore cannot avenge. Though we cannot now recede from the engagements so unfortunately entered into, it remains to be seen whether the Home Government has sufficient sense of our true position in this country to mark its unqualified disapproval of the transaction by the only course open in such a case—whether they will at once restore confidence to the European community in India, and that dignity to the Viceregal office which it has so sadly lost, and afford to our native subjects and neighbours an assurance that they cannot expect to oppose our power with impunity.

STATE OF THE HOOGLHY.

An unforeseen catastrophe, for such we may justly designate an occurrence which, even for a time, completely interrupts the commerce and communications of a great capital, has suddenly cut off Calcutta from all communication with the sea by means of the Hooghly. A channel in the river at Middle Point has silted up without warning, and not only is the mail steamer *Mooltan* prevented from going to sea, but no vessels of considerable draught can either come in or go out. The *Golden Fleece*, which left this morning, is detained from the same reason, and the in-coming mail steamer, along with other arrivals, will, of course, be unable to come up to town. Though there are hopes that the channel may be cleared by Saturday or Monday, it is not by any means certain how long we may be thus shut out from sea. As soon as we have better information of the real cause and nature of the impediment, we shall have more to say on this important subject. We believe the occurrence to be unprecedented, and whether it is indicative of progressive deterioration of the navigable qualities of the river, or is an accident that may happen only occasionally, we know now to what extremities of inconvenience we are liable by depending solely on the Hooghly for communication with the sea.—*Englishman*, Nov. 9.

We learn that, with the utmost promptitude, the agent of the Calcutta and South-Eastern Railway Company, on hearing of the obstruction of the Rangafulla Channel, offered to afford every facility at Port Canning for the accommodation of the *Simla*, in case it should be thought advisable to send her there after disembarking her mails in the Hooghly. The *Simla* only drawing 17 feet, this, in the pre-

sent case, has not been necessary; but the very fact of the mail steamer being liable to be delayed by the sudden silting up of the channels of Hooghly, points to the urgent necessity of the P. and O. Company making such arrangements at Port Canning as will enable them to take to the Mutlah without loss of time, whenever occasion requires. The advisability of making Port Canning the permanent station for the mail steamer must depend upon the extent to which further experience shows us to be liable to accidents like that which has just occurred. There are some points, however, which, in connection with the alleged cause of the present delay, we do not altogether understand. It appears from the *Telegraph Gazette* that the ship *Nagpore*, drawing nearly twenty-three feet, passed in safety only yesterday the spot which, we are told, it is probable the *Mooltan* will be unable to pass for some days. We can, moreover, hardly believe that there is no alternative channel in case of the Rangafullah silting up. We should like to know how old is the latest chart of the Hooghly, and when the last general examination of the river, from Calcutta to Saugor, took place. If the Bankshall authorities have to depend entirely upon the reports of the River Surveyor, who, having nothing at his command but an old brig, cannot possibly do his work in a satisfactory manner, we can only say that the public are made the victims of an amount of apathy which is almost incredible, and wholly inexcusable.—*Ibid*, Nov. 10.

The official papers, while they show that the report of there being only six feet of water in the Silver Tree Channel last week arose from a pure misunderstanding, at the same time afford sufficient evidence that the channel is in a very precarious condition, and cannot, in fact, be depended on for two days together. The matter is one of great public importance. Every possible information on the subject should be afforded daily, so long as the channel remains in its present unsatisfactory and dubious state. There should be no disposition in any quarter to make matters look better than they really are, and they certainly cannot be much less encouraging than they are at present.

From inquiries made on Saturday, we learn that a pilot has reported only seven feet four inches at low water in the Silver Tree Channel, showing that the water there is gradually decreasing; and we learn, further, that the River Surveyor has reported that, within a few feet of the buoy marking the boundary of the new channel or opening, there are only six feet. We hope this state of things will speedily mend, and we trust that, during this time of suspense, the Bankshall authorities will take steps to keep the public informed of the state of these intricate channels.—*Ibid*, Nov. 20.

MISCELLANEOUS.

OPERATIONS IN BHOTAN.—REOCCUPATION OF DEWANGIRI.—The following letter from the late seat of war appears in the *Delhi Gazette*:—"The 12th and 44th Regiments N.I., both corps not being able to muster between them 600 men, occupied the heights of Dewangiri on the 31st, without meeting with the least opposition. The march from Koomreekhatta was a very difficult one, and it took them nearly 14 hours to do it, though the distance is only 16 miles. A great part of the road is through the bed of a river, and the water was hip deep in places. Besides over 800 coolies, fatigue parties from both regiments are employed in clearing jungle, which they found so high as to completely cover the ruins of the buildings that were blown up by Toombs' force. It is said that there is a Bhooteah force at a place called Saleeka, three marches from Dewangiri, where there is a stockade and a magazine, and where the two guns they took from us are reported to be.

Colonel Richardson with his Staff, and Colonel Agnew, the Commissioner, are at Dewangiri. The 14th Bengal Cavalry have gone to Dutma, why, no one seems to know. The ground there, I believe, is quite impracticable for cavalry, being overgrown with grass and reed jungle twelve feet high, and broken up by jheels and watercourses. They lost a great many sowars and camp followers at Dutma last April and May, and it certainly does not seem to be a very wise proceeding sending the regiment back there. A portion of the Left Wing 39th N.I., from Cherrapoonjee has gone on to Tezpoore, and the remains of the 43rd return to Gowhatty from Rungea. The only troops here at present are the Eurasian battery of artillery (waiting here for mules to replace the elephants they at present use for carrying the guns), and about 150 sick left behind by the 12th and 44th N.I. The general impression is that there will be no fighting; the Bhooteahs are inclined to give in, and as a proof that they are in earnest this time, they have returned to us the prisoners they took last cold season. None of us, I fancy, will be sorry when it is all over, a march over the hills to Toungsoo with only 80 lbs. of luggage (including bedding) will not be a pleasant one. The arrangements for carriage do not seem to be particularly good; the pack bullocks that have been sent up are miserable looking beasts, and are certain to break down. Last cold weather campaign proved the worthlessness of bullocks as means of carrying stores, &c., and that was mostly in the plains. The troops for the advance ought to be coming up by this time, but there is no word of them yet. I believe the 6th N.I. are at Dhoo bree, but they have been there nearly a month. This is a dreadful place for earthquakes (we had three distinct shocks on different days in one week), but they don't do much harm. Weather very warm. I believe that this has been an unusually dry season for Assam in the whole of September. We had only a couple of showers, and those were not very heavy. In October we had hardly any."

DEPARTURE OF MR. SAUNDERS.—The *Hurkaru* says:—"The *Mooltan* has carried from our midst one to whom was justly conceded the title of the "Father of the Press" on this side of India. Mr. J. O'Brien Saunders, for so many years editor and managing proprietor of the *Englishman*, has at last laid by his weapons, and sought rest from the battle of life in his own land and amongst his own people. Mr. Saunders was a member, and not the least known member of a family that has done India good service, none the less efficient, and none the less valuable that it has been done in the front ranks of the interlopers, and among men who worked hard and fought hard in the cause they had taken up, because they had a stake in the country. One brother wrote the celebrated Cotton Report, another conducted one of the most influential journals in India, with a spirit and moderation, which have made its name and his own familiar in all Indian homes as Household words. Mr. Saunders was connected with the press for nearly thirty-five years, a period which carries us back to the days of Lord William Bentinck, and the very planting of all those influences which give a character and form to British rule in India at the present day. Mr. Saunders was a writer on Indian subjects when the question was, shall we educate the natives? And he has now laid aside his pen in days when we have a native civil servant, a native barrister, and numberless natives who have won their degrees from the Calcutta University.

COTTON.—We may, we believe, safely predict that the year 1866 will see even higher prices of cotton than have yet obtained. Pretty accurate estimates have now been formed of the out-turn of the American crop of 1865, which is sure not to exceed 400, and will probably be nearer 300,000 bales—a

quantity wholly insignificant in comparison with what was at one time confidently expected. In the meantime, the fall in the price of cotton, and the much exaggerated estimate at first formed in all quarters of the future prospects of American cultivation, have had so discouraging an effect upon production throughout the other cotton-producing countries, that, even including a fair portion of the four hundred thousand bales America is expected to produce, the deficiency will be as great as, if not greater than, in any former year. A fresh impulse will be given to cultivation here and elsewhere, but this will not tell till 1867, when a moderate crop may also be looked for from America. In 1866, then, we expect remarkably high prices, and in 1867 prices probably not inferior to those of the latter part of the present year. We have before us the Official Report on the Cotton Crop of the North-Western Provinces for 1865, from which it will be seen that the breadth of land has diminished much more largely than could reasonably have been expected. In May and June prices had fallen in some parts as low as eight and nine rupees per maund; and, though they immediately began to recover from this excessive depression, they had not topped fourteen to sixteen rupees up to the end of September. Since then, of course, there has been another great rise, and in the middle of October this staple was selling at Mirzapore at thirty rupees per maund. If the rise continues, or is sustained, of which there cannot be any longer much doubt, it is probable that three-fourths of the crop will find its way into the export market. The outturn, however, is likely to be insignificant, the area under cultivation has actually fallen below the limit of 1861. The estimated yield is only 8,24,540 maunds, from which we may make a liberal deduction for contingencies, against an actual crop of 16,59,917 maunds last year.—*Englishman*.

THE CASE OF THE "EAGLE SPEED."—The tragedy of the *Eagle Speed*, in Calcutta, apparently conveniently forgotten, is exciting in England indignation quite as strong as was at first displayed here. After commenting with just severity on the conduct of those concerned, the leading London journal concludes with the assurance that the weight of responsibility will be apportioned by judicial decision. To us, who know the actual result, this assurance, reasonable as it was, reads like bitter satire. How has the responsibility been apportioned? One man, perhaps the least to blame of all the responsible parties, has been made the scapegoat of the rest, because, he being a Government servant, it was no trouble to reach him. Those who were most to blame, but were fortunate enough not to serve the Government, have not even been brought to trial. An attempt was made to blind the public by a commission of inquiry, the object of which, if it was accomplished was nothing else. The public voice was certainly hushed; but if any other practical result was arrived at, it has been carefully concealed. We are not even aware what was the nature of the decision of the committee, if it ever came to any decision at all. The public have formed their own decision, and the public press have freely expressed it, that all concerned, from the protector of emigrants to the able-bodied seamen, shamefully neglected their duty. We presume that had the commission formed a different opinion they would, in justice to those concerned, have made it known.—*Englishman*, Nov. 16.—It must not be supposed that, by our article of yesterday, we intended to blame the commission for the result of the inquiry in the case of the loss of the *Eagle Speed*. They have, of course, done what they were appointed to do—made a report. That the inquiry has not got beyond that stage, and that of the report itself the public know nothing, is the fault, not of the commission, but of the Government.—*Ibid*, Nov. 17.

OUR POLICY TOWARDS RUSSIA.—The *Friend of India* gives publicity to a report which, had it referred to any other statesman than Earl Russell, we should have unhesitatingly pronounced a *canard*; as, however, it is quite impossible to say to what lengths of absurdity the "meddle and muddle" policy of the new Premier may lead him, we take the report, as the *Friend* gives it, *cum grano salis*, till shown to have no foundation. It is said, then, that Earl Russell has remonstrated with Russia regarding her policy of aggression in Central Asia. On what possible grounds England could assume the right of remonstrance respecting the policy of Russia, as far as it has yet been developed, we cannot conjecture. None of the Powers touched have any relations with England, upon which we could ground such a remonstrance; and much as Russophobists may dread the proximity of Russia to our Indian frontier, we cannot help thinking that, to lay claim to so wide a neutral ground between the two boundaries, would argue an excess of both timidity and presumption.—*Englishman*.

THE RANEE OF TIKAREE AND MR. WILLIAM TAYLER.—The application for a review of judgment in the cases between the Ranee of Tikaree and Mr. William Tayler, will, we understand, be heard almost immediately after the opening of the High Court. Mr. Tayler, we believe, will argue the case in person. The controversy cannot but be interesting to the public. The imputations cast upon Mr. Tayler by the two judges, Messrs. Norman and Loch, are of the gravest character, and such as those who know Mr. Tayler will not readily believe; while the charges brought against the judges themselves by Mr. Tayler are such as, if substantiated, must have very serious results.—*Englishman*.

CHARGE AGAINST AN OFFICER.—We regret to hear that the Government regards the proceedings of Major J. Williamson, commanding 26th R.N.I., with extreme displeasure. Major Williamson, it is said, continued to draw company command allowance instead of making it over to the wing officers. The pay department has received a rather severe "wig" for not having noticed the matter earlier. We believe, however, the real blame should rest on the office of the Controller of Military Accounts. The conduct of Major Williamson has been reported to the Commander-in-Chief.—*Hurkaru*.

A CRUEL JOKE.—The Competition-Wallah system has now been completed by the enlistment of the son of an undertaker in its ranks. In the intervals of his studies for the examination the youthful aspirant for the honours of a civil service career neglected no opportunities of keeping up the paternal profession, and stood "mute" on various occasions at the burial of dignitaries. The public will be now relieved of much anxiety as to the occasional want of decorum manifested at the interment of great men in the country. The new member will undertake to advise on all points of form. After young Mr. Calcraft has duly performed the "executive" department in the case of a high criminal, the funeral obsequies can be performed with the strictest regard to etiquette.

MASTER PILOT BEAN.—We find that the Marine Court, lately assembled for the purpose of trying Licensed Master Pilot Mr. J. S. Bean on a charge of drunkenness, found him guilty, and sentenced him to be dismissed the service. The jury recommended him to mercy, and solicited the Lieutenant-Governor to mitigate the sentence. His Honour, having perused the proceedings, was unable to overlook a charge of drunkenness, conclusively proved, and consequently confirmed the sentence of dismissal.

LIEUT. BOILEAU, of the 17th Cavalry, has been killed at Sonapore in a sky race, by his horse bolting into a top of trees.

OPENING OF THE NEW PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH AT ALLAHABAD.—A large congregation, including his Honour the Lieutenant-Governor, were present at the first opening for Divine service of the newly-erected Presbyterian Church, St. Andrew's, at this station. The services were conducted by the Rev J. Williamson, Presbyterian chaplain, after which a collection was made to meet the debt which we mentioned in a previous issue as having accrued. We are happy to state that the call was met in a most liberal manner, and Rs. 972 were placed at the disposal of the reverend gentleman to help to wipe off the debt.—*Pioneer*.

RAILWAY COMMUNICATION STOPPED FOR WANT OF FUEL.—The *Delhi Gazette* mentions that the trains on the East India Railway had been all stopped at Allahabad for want of wood! Alluding to the subject in a subsequent publication, the writer explains that the contractor did not fail in his engagement, but the railway authorities made the inexcusable mistake of not providing for the additional goods and special trains that run at this season of the year. The mail on one occasion was detained 14 hours; one or two passenger trains did not run at all, and many successive ones were very late.

BENARES, Nov. 10.—The 9th Regiment Native Infantry which quitted Fyzabad on the 25th ultimo, arrived here on the 5th instant en route for Bhootan. The 26th Punjab Infantry, also bound for the Eastern Frontier, has reached this. They proceeded by rail to Sahibgunge. Lieutenant J. Cook, of the 14th Native Infantry, has been appointed officiating Deputy-Assistant Quartermaster-general at Sahibgunge to superintend the crossing of the troops there. He left this on the 30th ultimo. The detachment of her Majesty's 58th, which was stationed at Azimgurh and Jounpore, have joined their head-quarters at this station. The Convalescent Depot at Parisnath has been broken up, and the men have been ordered down to Fort William.—*Delhi Gazette*, Nov. 14.

THE LIEUTENANT-GOVERNOR OF THE PUNJAB SHOT AT.—A report has just reached us that, whilst crossing some river—our informant does not say which, but we suppose the Jhelum, or the Ravee—the Lieutenant-Governor of the Punjab and his party were fired at by some fanatic or fanatics. Beyond this vague report, we have received no further particulars; but we shall certainly not neglect to lay before our readers any information we may receive on the point the moment it reaches us.—*Bombay Gazette*.

COLONEL BECHER.—The rumour gains strength that Colonel Becher, the Commissioner of Peshawur, is about to retire, and various are the conjectures as to who is to be his successor. The last announcement is that Major McNeile, the energetic Deputy Commissioner of Loodianah, and now Commissioner of Jhansi, is the coming man, to be succeeded in his post by Major Farrington, Deputy Commissioner of Unruitsur, who has, we observe, just arrived in Calcutta.—*Delhi Gazette*, Nov. 18.

JUNG BAHADOOR.—We learn, not without pleasure, that Sir Jung Bahadoor, as the Indian papers call him, is about to visit England again, accompanied by his sons and by two brothers. His Excellency the Viceroy has sanctioned his proceeding to England as "ambassador from the Court of Nepal." Mr. Nash, a captain in the Nepal service, is to come with the embassy.

H.M. 45TH REGIMENT.—In consequence of great mortality in her Majesty's 45th Regiment at Neemuch, the regiment has been ordered to Mhow, but a European garrison is to be maintained at the former place.

MR. PENNINGTON, the principal Sudder Ameen of Dacca, is about to retire from the service.

THE CHIEF COMMISSIONERSHIP OF OUDH, says the *Delhi Gazette*, will be offered to Colonel Lake on the retirement of Mr. Charles Wingfield. It is well known that the appointment of Financial Commissioner of Oudh was first offered to him but declined.

MR. H. A. P. B. RIDDELL, the Director-General of the Postal Department of India, is about to retire from the Civil Service.

SHIPPING.

ARRIVALS.

Nov. 7. Naples, Radama, Maria Laure, and Godavery.—8. Codabux.—9. str. Simla, Brighton, and Conqueror; Early Morn, Erie, Bushier Merchant, and Matilda Atheling.—10. Indomitable, Le Beaumanoir.—11. str. Arratoon Apar and Madras; Mooltan, St. Louis, Am-dee, and Arabistan.—12. Amiral Jurien de la Gravière.—13. str. Orissa; Madeline, Bengollyum, Africa, Kate Gregory, and Isa Craig.—14. Fut-tay Salaam, Morayshire, Nesutan, Dominion, St. Mungo, Siam, Berhampore, and Jehangzer.—15. Cr-mwell, Albert Cezard, and Cambay.—16. Proteus, Cicero, and Knight Commander.—17. Dorothy Ann, Richard Busted, Mirzapore, and Fatle Jawahard.—18. Caroline.—19. Splendido.—20. str. Coringa; Lady Palmerston.

PASSENGERS ARRIVED.

Per str. Simla.—From SOUTHAMPTON.—Mrs. Brown and child, Rev. J. and Mrs. Pourie, Mr. and Mrs. Sneed and infant, Mrs. Grant, Miss Hay, Maj. and Mrs. Holmes, Miss Penny, Miss O'Callaghan, Miss Spry, Mrs. W. R. Hooper and infant, Mrs. J. Hart, Mrs. Rat and infant, Mrs. Duncan and child, Mrs. G. Alexander, Mr. R. Harrison, Miss Ball, Miss E. Cran-son, Mr. Paul, Mr. C. Farmer, Miss A. Rock, Miss Wood, Mr. Gordon, Miss Ingles, Col. Maxwell, Dr. Heckford, Mr. A. B. Struther, Mr. W. Thain, Mr. J. Shepherd, Miss Doe, Mr. A. Robinson, Mr. G. Low, Mr. F. Hobday, Miss Emor, Dr. J. Kelly, Mr. Fremain, Mr. Davis, Dr. L. D. Spencer, Miss Rosa Howe, Mr. and Mrs. Shaden, Mr. Graham and infant, Mr. and Mrs. Apar, Mr. and Mrs. Goussen, Mr. and Mrs. Medlicott, Miss Stewart, Capt. and Mrs. Grant, Mrs. Stewart, Mr. J. C. Sarkies, Miss Stewart, Mr. A. Mackay, Mr. Fricks, Mr. Smith, Miss Bursten, Mr. W. J. Valetta, Mr. J. N. Wilson, Mr. W. F. Cavendish, Mr. and Mrs. Simpson. From MARSEILLES.—Mr. E. P. Griffiths, Miss Griffiths, Mr. and Mrs. Bax, Col. Hamilton, Mr. Thompson, two Misses Harris, Maj. and Mrs. Fitzgerald, Mr. J. Forsyth, Maj. and Mrs. Farrington, Mr. A. Scott, Mr. A. Payne, Miss Lynch, Mr. and Mrs. Palmer, Mr. Cresswell and brother, Mr. and Mrs. Cockburn, Mr. Dampier, Mrs. Thomas, Mr. and Mrs. Goodere, Mr. Bell, Mr. and Mrs. Probyn, Mrs. E. Macnaghton and three infants. From SEZ.—Mrs. Beaumont, Mr. W. E. Parry, Mr. Graham, Mr. Mathews, Mrs. Schiller and friend, Mr. A. Walker, Lieut. A. H. Gaschen, Mrs. McDonald, Mr. W. Gray. From ADE.—Mr. E. C. Barlow, Mr. O. Meara. From GALLE.—Mr. Hatch, Mr. Leyd-ness. From MADRAS.—Hon. J. O. Phear and Mrs. Phear, Miss Rolden, Miss Trevor, Col. Mundy, Dr. Dallas, Mrs. Morgan and two children, Mr. J. C. Leeds, Hon. Mr. Morgan, Mr. and Mrs. Cowell and child, Mr. and Mrs. Nicol, Mr. and Mrs. Taylor and two children, Hon. Mr. Norman, Mrs. Norman, Mrs. Mellor.

DEPARTURES.

Nov. 7. str. Orissa.—8. str. Burmah, Coromandel.—9. Orianna, Nagpore, Marchioness of Londonderry.—10. str. Golden Fleece, City of Dublin, Hyderabad.—11. Spirit of the Sea.—12. Channar.—13. str. Mooltan, Green Jacket, Black-wall.—14. Appelles, Great Britain.—15. str. Highflyer, Agra, Lesbia, Goulois, Challenger.—16. Seaforth, City of Calcutta.—17. str. Rangoon, str. India.—18. B. K., Otto and Antoine.—19. Lord John Russell, Innisfallen, West, Manila, York, City of Lahore, James Guthrie.—20. William Fairbairn.—21. Clan Alpine, Lightning, Genui, Lepanto, Hydaspes.—22. Mail str. Nemesis, Seuz.

PASSENGERS DEPARTED.

Per str. Burmah.—For RANGOON.—Lieut. Beddy, Mrs. Kiernander and three children, Col. and Mrs. Ross, Mr. Melville, Mr. W. Prentice, Mr. G. F. Cappelli, Capt. W. Munder-son, Mrs. Munderson. For PENANG.—Mr. D. W. Reid. For SINGAPORE.—Mr. Thomas Jones, Mr. and Mrs. Maseyk and child. Per str. Lucknow and Nul.—For ASSAM.—Capt. Hogg, Dr. Taphin, Messrs. Shaw, Dove, Beattie, Wellborne, Cooper, Gowan, Bative, Grant, Clark, Eason, Inglis. Per str. Nemesis.—For MADRAS.—Capt. Weston. For SEZ.—Mrs. Beasley, Capt. Kerr. For ALEXANDRIA.—The Hon. C. Steer. For MALTA.—Mr. and Mrs. Apar and family. For MARSEILLES.—Lieut. and Mrs. Soragge, Mrs. Adams, Mrs. Gen. Showers and family, Miss Showers, Mr. Durham, Maj. Darnill, Lieut. Coglian, Maj. and Mrs. Nation and family, Lieut. Lewis, Maj. Cox, Mr. Meade. For SOUTH-AMPTON.—Mr. E. H. G. Irvin, Mr. Bouquet, Mrs. Chalmers and family, Mr. W. H. Jones, Surg. and Mrs. Porter and infant, Mr. E. J. Neuville, Lieut. Hewley, Ensign Lloyd, Lieut. Thornton, Ensign Baker, Capt. Newton, Mr. Hobery.

COMMERCIAL.

Calcutta, Nov. 21, 1865.

GOVERNMENT SECURITIES.

Rate of Interest.	Stock.	Selling Price.
1 per Cent., Sa. Rs.	90 Rs. 88	0 to 88 4
Do. Transfer Stock....	Sa. Rs.	91 0 to 0
4 per Cent.	Co.'s Rs. 91	88 13 to 89 0
5 per Cent. P.W.	Co.'s Rs. 101	102 0
5 1/2 per Cent.	Co.'s Rs. 111	109 0
5 per cent., 56-57.....	Co.'s Rs. 104	103 0 to 103 13

EXCHANGE.

	On London.	Per Rupee
Local Bank Bills	at 6 months' sight	2 0 1/2
First Class Credit	at 6 months' sight	2 1/2 to 3-16
Bills with Docs.	at 6 months' sight	2 1/2
Bank Post Bills.....	at 1 months' sight	2 0 9/10 to 2 0

JOINT STOCK SHARES.

Stock.	Paid-up. Rs. each.	Quoted at Rs.
Agra and Masterman's Bank	500 ...	1180 to 1190
Assam Tea Company	200 ...	573 to 575
Bank of Bengal	1000 ...	1750 to 1752
Bengal Tea Company	100 ...	128
Bengal Credit Mobilier (Lim.)	100 ...	110
Bonded Warehouse Association	445 ...	600 to 625
Borokai Tea Company (Limited)	25 ...	par
Cachar and Assam Tea Company	200 ...	155
Ditto (Contributory)	115 ...	30 dis.
Cachar Tea Company	600 ...	550
Ditto (contributory)	500 ...	par to 5 pm
Calcutta Docking Company	700 ...	1350 to 1400
Calcutta Steam Tug Association	600 ...	500 to 505
Calcutta and South Eastern Railway	52 ...	53
Central Assam Tea Company	100 ...	95
Central Cachar Tea Company	200 ...	235 to 240
Ditto, new shares	200 ...	220
Dehra Doon Tea Company	100 ...	86
Delhi Bank Corporation	500 ...	700
E. B. Indigo Company	100 ...	nom.
East India Railway Company	218 ...	217
East India Tea Company	100 ...	100 to 105
Ditto, contributory	80 ...	25 to 33 pm
Eastern Bengal Tea Company	50 ...	55
Eastern Cachar Tea Company	100 ...	105
Ditto, contributory	85 ...	5 dis to par
Eastern Bengal Railway Company	218 ...	218
Eastern Steam Tug Company	1000 ...	1000
Equitable Coal Company	250 ...	200 to 205
Ganges Steam Navigation Company	500 ...	Nominal
Great Eastern Hotel Company	250 ...	210
Gola Ghaut Tea Company	250 ...	267
Ditto new shares	250 ...	255
Hindustan, China, and Japan Bank	250 ...	250
Hooghly Steam Tug Company	1000 ...	850
Howrah Docking Company	600 ...	535
India General Steam Navigation Co.	1000 ...	800 to 810
National Bank of India (Limited)	250 ...	263 to 264
New Fort Gloster Company	600 ...	600
North-West Indigo Company	100 ...	71
North-West Screwing Company	60 ...	nom.
Oriental Gas Company	21 ...	15 to 16
Peoples Bank of India	100 ...	nom.
Port Canning Land Company	1000 ...	1275 to 1285
Punjab Bank	100 ...	115
Punjab Trading	75 ...	5 to 10 pm
Royal Bank of India	Nominal.	
Screwing Company (Limited)	200 ...	150
Simla Bank	500 ...	625 to 650
South Cachar Tea Company	100 ...	nom.
Strand Pressing Company (Limited)	62½ ...	250 to 252
Sylhet and Cachar Tea Company	200 ...	100 to 105
Tirhoot Indigo	200 ...	165
Union Steam Tug Company	250 ...	5 to 4 dis
Upper Assam Tea Company	100 ...	170

FREIGHTS.

	To London.	To Liverpool.
Saltpetre	20 15 0 to 1 0 0	1 5 0
Sugar	Nominal.	1 5 0
Rice	0 0 0 to 0 0 0	1 6 3 to 0 0 0
Seeds	0 15 0 to 0 0 0	2 0 0
Jute	2 10 0 to 2 12 6	2 5 6
Cotton	2 10 0 to 2 15 0	2 10 0

MADRAS.

MISCELLANEOUS.

THE GOVERNMENT BALL on Thursday night, in honour of the Queen's Birthday [the Prince of Wales's is meant, we presume], was not so well attended as usual. His Excellency the Governor was present, but his Highness Prince Azim Jah did not attend, as he was informed that Sir William, owing to his recent accident, would be unable to descend the steps of the Banqueting Hall to receive him, and he feared that such an omission of formality might be made a precedent. The Hon. Mr. Pycroft, the Senior Member of Council, occupied the Governor's chair at supper, his Excellency being compelled to desist from attempting to mount the stairs.—*Madras Times*.

CASE OF SUTTEE IN MYSORE.—It has been a matter of congratulation that the barbarous and inhuman practice of self-sacrifice, yclept Sutte, is fast disappearing under the strong hand of the British raj. A case, however, has lately occurred in Mysore under the following circumstances:—Most of our readers are aware that irrigation in the Madras Presidency is carried out by means of tanks, that is, a natural valley which receives the discharge of the watershed of a certain tract, and is crossed by a bank or bund to retain the water within the smallest compass. This bund is composed of earth faced with stone, and if this be at all imperfect breaches very frequently occur. It seems this was the case at three different times with a tank in the vicinity of a village about 100 miles from Bangalore. The breach had been closed twice, and on the third occasion the inhabitants of the village were fully per-

sued that a human sacrifice was necessary for the success of the undertaking. Accordingly, it seems, they inveigled a boy to the site of the tank, and, after strangling him, threw him into the water, so that it might appear he had met his death by drowning. It would most probably have passed off so, but that a Roman Catholic priest chanced to see the body when it was taken out, and his suspicions were excited. Accordingly he brought the matter to the notice of the authorities. The case is still under investigation, and four men are in custody. It seems they were bribed by the Gowdahs (zemindars) of the village to commit the murder, and these being in some way connected with the Amildar, accounts for his taking as little cognizance of the matter as possible.

BRUNTON'S PATENT PRESS COMPANY.—The buildings of the company have been partially restored, and work resumed. On Wednesday, the 8th inst., one single press turned out two hundred bales of pressed cotton, the time occupied being under twelve hours, viz., from half-past seven A.M. to seven P.M.

SHIPPING.

ARRIVALS.

Nov. 16. P. and O. str. Mooltan, Dunn, Calcutta.—17. Darra, de Steiger, Shie'ds; Cornwallis, Vaile, Adelaide.—18. Meinam, Ganvain, Galle.—20. Harry Warren, Atwood, Boston; Great Britain, Merton, Calcutta.

PASSENGERS ARRIVED.

Per P. and O. S. N. Co's str. Mooltan.—From CALCUTTA. Mr. W. C. Darling, Capt. S. C. Rodgers, Mr. D. Marshall, the Rev. C. H. Dall, Mr. W. E. Cross, Mrs. Halton, Capt. Capell, Mr. Pereira.

Per French str. Meinam.—For MADRAS.—Mr. and Mrs. Roberts, Messrs. Jagg, Lampson, Simson, Playfair, Spence, Porter, Baff, Capt. Magrath. For CALCUTTA.—Mr. and Mrs. Cole, Mr. and Mrs. Holliday, Mr. and Mrs. Cheyne, Messrs. Lilley, Linstead, Knox, Priestley, Porter, Skinner, Wright, Haydock, Gray, Fortescue, Williams, Purser, Capt. and Mrs. Grave, Messrs. Oldham, Mornil, Twedie, Courthope, Duncan, Cooke, Cole, Benedict, Bleckley, J. Mackinson, P. Mackenzie, Malchus, Tillard, Leslie, Wesdon, Hull, Kinversley, Gordon, Saunders, Birbeck, Capt. Derusat, Messrs. Bulke, Richardson, Deneb, Bank, Prayner, Enselim, O'Mara, Shirriff, Mr. and Mrs. Pinot, Mr. De Kenu.

Per Harry Warren.—Mr. S. S. Weatherby, Mrs. R. Weatherby, Mr. F. Spencer, Mrs. A. Spencer, Mrs. Anna, Sherman, Mr. G. S. Berger, Mr. W. S. P. Morrison, Miss H. E. Morrison, Mr. J. Nodamie.

DEPARTURES.

Nov. 15. Tarquin, Lontet, Mauritius; Punjab, Day, Calcutta.—16. Mail str. Mooltan, Dunn, Suez; Missouri, Calhoun, Liverpool.—17. Racehorse, Seward, London.—18. Adrienne, Harolds, Mauritius; str. Meinam, Ganvain, Calcutta.

PASSENGERS DEPARTED.

Per str. Punjab.—For COCANADA.—Capt. and Mrs. Pereira. For VISAGAPATAM.—The Hon. H. S. O'Grady. For GOA.—Mr. E. B. Poord. For CALCUTTA.—Dr. Pemberton.

BOMBAY.

SUDDEN DEATH OF THE ADVOCATE-GENERAL IN COURT.

We regret to announce the sudden death, at noon, on the 14th Nov., in the High Court, of the Hon. Arthur James Lewis, Advocate-General at Bombay, and a Member of the Council of his Excellency the Governor for making Laws and Regulations. The learned gentleman attended in Mr. Justice Anstey's court on behalf of Government, in a suit brought by Wishwanath Atmaram against the Secretary of State for India in Council, the merits of which were discussed for about an hour; and, after addressing the Court for some time, he sat down in his chair. Suddenly, he was observed to faint, and a gurgling noise proceeded from his throat. He was removed in his chair into an adjoining room, where Dr. Hewlett, who happened to be in court, attended upon him. Dr. Haines also arrived shortly afterwards, and rendered prompt assistance; but the deceased gentleman did not rally, and died within a few minutes of the time when he was addressing the Court. His death arose from disease of the heart. Upon learning the sad intelligence Mr. Justice Anstey immediately adjourned his Court, and shortly afterwards the other Courts were also adjourned until Thursday morning.

Mr. Lewis was the son of General Lewis, of the Bombay army—an officer who, when a colonel, filled the position of Judge-Advocate-General of the Bombay presidency. He was born in Bombay in 1801, being a twin brother of the late Captain Robert Lewis. When a boy Mr. Lewis went to England, and after the usual course of preparation at Eton, he matriculated at Oxford, and graduated at that University in due course. Selecting the law as a profession, he entered himself a student of the Middle Temple, and was called to the bar on the 16th of May, 1828. His practice was chiefly confined to the Equity Bar, at which he held a distinguished position, and was frequently retained in causes in which the late East India Company was concerned. He was engaged, amongst others, in the memorable case of the Rajah of Sattara; and his efforts in connection with it brought him very prominently into public notice. The deceased gentleman also took a leading part in the debates in the Court of Proprietors of the East India Company, and thus attracted the notice of Colonel Sykes, who was chairman of this body at that time; and it is believed that in consequence of the favourable impression which Mr. Lewis produced on the colonel's mind, he was appointed to the position of Advocate-General of Bombay, when it became vacant by the resignation of Mr. Le Messurier in 1857. The appointment was conferred on Mr. Lewis in April or May of that year, and he returned to Bombay shortly afterwards, where he continued to reside until March last, when failing health induced him to visit England. The change, however, did not prove very beneficial, and against the advice of his friends he returned to Bombay about a month since and resumed his official duties.—*Times of India*.

MISCELLANEOUS.

CONSPIRACY AT CABOOL.—CABOOL, Oct. 18. —A conspiracy has been detected. Sirdur Wully Mohamed Khan, the Governor of Cabool, has been imprisoned by Sirdar Ibraheem Khan, a son of the Ameer. Sirdars Mohamed Ruffeek Khan and Surwur Khan, sons of the late Sirdar Sooltan Mohamed Khan, and Surfuraz Khan, son of Khoda Bukhah Khan, have fled towards Taizee. It is said that Wully Mohamed Khan, and the above-named Sirdars, together with Meer Hajee Sahib, had conspired and had drawn up a deed, to which the seals of the chiefs of the Jubber Khyle, Kuzzulbaush, Raika, Ahmed Zaie, and other tribes, were affixed. It was agreed upon that the moment Sirdar Ubdoolrahman Khan, the son of Uzzul Khan, with his troops, had arrived at Bamean, they (the conspirators) were to make Ibraheem Khan a prisoner. Shaikh Meer, who was also one of the conspirators, revealed the plot to Ibraheem Khan, who lost no time in securing Wully Mohamed Khan in the Balla Hissar. The house and other property of Ruffeek Khan have been confiscated, and Sirdar Futteh Mohammed Khan, with a body of troops, has been sent in pursuit of him. A letter received by the Bookhara Ambassador has been forwarded to the Ameer to Candahar to-day. It was as follows:—"The Russians have entered my territory and intend to make encroachments upon all the cities inhabited by Mussulmans, and the English are close to your frontier. Under these circumstances, is it right that enmity should exist between me and you? You keep your own brother Uzul Khan treacherously in prison. I advise you strongly to be as kind and considerate to your brothers and relatives as was the late Ameer Dost Mohamed Khan. I would recommend a treaty of alliance between the two Powers, that is, between Bookhara and Afghanistan."

THE EXTENSION OF THE GREAT INDIAN PENINSULA RAILWAY TO BURNHURST was opened on the 20th Nov., and it is expected that the line to Budnair will be opened about the middle of December.

THREATENING LETTERS.—On the 20th Nov. one of Messrs. Ritchie Stuart's peons, a mere lad, presented Mr. Justice Anstey, while on the Bench, with an anonymous letter of an intimidating and excessively obscene character. The boy was of course immediately taken into custody, when upon his person was found another letter addressed to Mr. Justice Couch, at that time presiding in the Insolvent Court, of even a worse description. The boy's story was that the letters were given to him by a Parsee, named Rustumjee, in the employment of the Asiatic Banking Corporation, but upon being taken out by the Sheriff's officer to discover Rustumjee, he failed to point him out. Mr. Justice Anstey, therefore, after some consultation with Mr. Justice Couch, sent the boy to the county jail for gross contempt of Court, until such time as he should purge his contempt by revealing the real perpetrators of this wicked and foolish outrage. These persons will not, we are assured, long enjoy the impunity of a vicarious punishment in the person of the miserable sepoy, their victim. There will be no difficulty in tracing them out; and nothing will give us greater pleasure than to see these cowardly assailants receive the full measure of the punishment which this eminently Oriental method of attack richly entitles them to. Some parties are, it appears, directing an organized system of intimidation of this sort against Mr. Justice Anstey, by letters couched in every form of obscene and foul malignity.

CHANGES IN THE COMMISSARIAT.—We understand that Captain F. P. Mignon, Assistant Commissary-general, Poona division of the army, proceeds to Mhow to assume charge of the commissariat department of that division, and Captain M. W. Willoughby, Assistant Commissary-general at Mhow, will take charge of the commissariat department at Poona. During Captain Mignon's tenor of office he has given every satisfaction both to Government and the troops in the performance of his public duties. Captain Willoughby was at the head of the office here during the height of the mutinies, and had charge of the cattle department, and it was through the exertions of this officer that there was no delay in moving troops to Central India and elsewhere on the shortest possible notice.

ANOTHER RAILWAY ACCIDENT ON THE GREAT INDIAN PENINSULA LINE.—Another accident happened on the Great Indian Peninsula Railway at half-past one o'clock on Sunday morning, the 12th Nov., between sixty-three and sixty-four mileage, near Khurdee, but which was fortunately unattended with any loss of, or injury to, human life. It appears that at the time in question No. 20 up goods train came into collision with a water buffalo which had strayed on to the line; the engine passed over the animal, but the whole of the trucks, twenty in number, were thrown off the line by the shock, and eleven of them fell down an embankment. Two of the trucks contained sheep and the rest seeds and grain. One of the sheep vans was completely smashed to pieces, and some sixty of the sheep killed, but strange to say, a shepherd who was lying amongst the poor animals escaped unhurt, but somewhat frightened. When assistance was rendered, he declared he was not hurt, but wished to know "what had become of his sheep," asking anxiously, "where they had all gone to." Strange to say, the buffalo over which the engine passed was not cut through, and the only mark of blood to be seen upon the carcass was near the tail. The jungle-wallahs carried away the whole of the dead sheep, but left the buffalo to the hyenas and vultures.

THE LAST OF THE EXHIBITION PROJECT.—At a meeting of the shareholders of the Bombay International Exhibition Company, held on the 22nd Nov., the resolution passed at a previous meeting for winding up was confirmed, and liquidators were appointed.

SHOCKING CATASTROPHE.—About half-past two o'clock in the morning of the 23rd the steamer *Bombay Castle*, commanded by Captain Wadge, was entering the harbour on her return voyage from China. She had signalled for and received a pilot on board, and all went well until just before reaching the Inner Light Vessel, when a country vessel was seen on her starboard bow, quite close to the steamer. The helm was immediately put hard a-starboard, the engines stopped, and then turned astern full speed; but all without avail, for the steamer struck the boat on the port bow, and on backing clear of her she immediately filled and went down. All the boats were at once lowered, and with the pilot-boat proceeded to the spot, for the purpose of saving the lives of those on board. Sad to relate, however, fifteen men, women, and children were drowned. The remainder, consisting of twenty passengers and ten of the crew, were taken on board the steamer and brought into harbour. This native boat, or cotta, left Boree Bunder on Wednesday night, with cargo and passengers, bound for Forebunder. It is, of course, premature to offer an opinion as to who is to blame in the matter. It was a hazy morning, with no moon, and the tide had commenced to ebb about an hour.

MILITARY ITEMS.—The Head Quarters of the 4th (King's Own) Regiment from Poona to Bombay, and H.M.'s 45th Regiment from Bombay to Poona, will take place by train in the course of this day.—H.M.'s 72nd Highlanders will embark for England on the 17th Nov.—H.M.'s 96th Regiment is expected to arrive at Poona from the Cape of Good Hope at the end of December.—H.M.'s 44th Regiment will proceed from Belgau to England; a detachment will leave during the month, and the rest in December.—H.M.'s 56th Regiment will proceed to England from Deesa when relieved by H.M.'s 49th Regiment. A detachment of the latter has already left for Ahmedabad, and will commence their march on the 10th November to Deesa.

DEATH OF MR. GROVE, OF THE COLDSTREAM GUARDS.—We regret to announce the death of W. Chafyn Grove, Esq., aged 22 years, of the Coldstream Guards, at the Royal Family Hotel, yesterday evening. This young officer, it appears, was suffering from consumption, and by the advice of his medical attendant he first proceeded from England to Australia, and from thence he arrived at Bombay and Poona. Dr. Hoffman accompanied the deceased as private medical attendant.—*Poonah Observer*, Nov. 14.

HOWARD V. MULL.—This long impending action, brought by the late Director of Public Instruction against the manager of the *Times of India*, has been commenced in the High Court. The proceedings have already occupied three days, and still stand adjourned.

ARRIVAL OF MR. MARKHAM.—Among the passengers who arrived in the *Carnatic* on Sunday night was Mr. Markham, of the India-office. We understand this gentleman has been deputed by the Government to visit the planters along the Western Coast of India and try to induce them to cultivate the cinchona tree, in order that a new source of the supply of quinine may be obtained.—*Bombay Gazette*, Nov. 28.

BRIGADIER-GENERAL HOLDICH is, it is said, to succeed Sir John Garcock in the Peshawur division.

SHIPPING.

ARRIVALS.

Nov. 15. Str. Australian, Hamilton, Hong Kong; Hoek van Holland, Bokker, Bushire.—16. Indian Merchant, Gibbs, Calcutta.—17. Benares, Nozoe, Calcutta.—20. H.M. str. Severn, Montreux, Trincomalee.—21. str. Cashmere, Baxter, Calcutta.—23. Peking, Duum, Bushire; str. Bombay Castle, Wadge, Hong Kong.—24. str. Eneue, Methuen, Hong Kong; str. Buima, Bonfellow, Suez.—25. Akbar Shaw, Gaskell, Mauritius; Raagoon, Thomas, Singapore.

PASSENGERS ARRIVED.

Per *Bombay Castle*.—Mr. Buckley.

DEPARTURES.

Nov. 13. Australian Messenger, Berriman, Kurrachee; Frederick, Flett, Rangoon.—14. str. Baroda, Haselwood, Aden and Suez; Hyderabad, Nacoda, Bushire.—15. str. Ottawa, Eastley, China; Die Vernon, Brown, Liverpool; str. Melbourne, Auld, Aden and Suez.—16. Havering, Parker, Kurrachee; Aden, Roper, Bussorah; Coudeuse, Cameron, Akrah.—17. Tweed, Stuart, London.—18. Sattara, Thomas, Pernambuco; Owen Glendower, Hill, Quebec; Coronet, Spoor, Liverpool; Argosy, Swift, Valparaiso.—20. str. Koina, Coburn, Aden and Suez.—21. Pecklorton Castle, Guthrie, Liverpool; Express, Nacoda, Mauritius.—23. Kate Kellock, Vincent, Liverpool; Queen of the Lake, Shannon, Liverpool; Marion, Moysse, Liverpool; Cameo, Bulford, Liverpool.—24. Euphrosyne, Holland, Andaman Islands; Dilharee, Bannatyne, Kurrachee; Countess of Minto, McGriffe, Liverpool; Ann Holzberg, McGuire, Rangoon.—25. Fiery Cross, Cowans, Calcutta; Rajpoot, Gillett, London; str. Coromandel, Carew, Aden.—27. Mail str. Carnatic, Parish, Suez.

PASSENGERS DEPARTED.

Per P. and O. Co.'s str. Baroda (additional).—For Suez.—Dr. Pope. For MARSEILLES.—Capt. Van Straubenzee, Mr. Wapshare, Lieut. Fogau. For SOUTHAMPTON.—Lieut. Hunt, Mr. F. Swine, Mr. J. Buckland, Mr. J. Jenkins, Mr. W. Gamble, Mrs. Walters, Mr. E. Goldsmith, Mr. H. Wade, Mr. R. Gowan, Mr. A. Drew, Mr. A. Teilmann. Per P. and O. Co.'s str. Carnatic.—For Suez.—Mr. Seagradi. For MARSEILLES.—Mrs. Sanderson, Mrs. Finch and two infants, Mr. Pigott, Mr. G. M. Stewart, Mr. Jervoise, Capt. Dames, Lieut. Skinner, R.E. For SOUTHAMPTON.—Mrs. E. Locke and child, Miss E. Havelock, Dr. Hoffman, Mr. W. Adams, Dr. Hamilton, R.N., Mr. J. Hume, Mr. Howard, Mr. A. Hayes, Capt. Fellowes, Mr. S. J. Butler, Mr. N. R. Trevelyan, Mr. H. Tattersall. Per Melbourne.—Mr. Tucker, Mr. Christison. Per str. Koina.—Mrs. MacPharlane and two children, Capt. Hamlin. Per Coromandel.—Capt. E. M. Smith, Staff Corps, Lieut. Ward, Bengal Sappers and Miners, Asst.-surg. Shaw, 4th Foot. Per Rajpoot.—Dr. and Mrs. Hunter and two children, Lieut. Drake. Per Ottawa.—For GALLE.—Mr. Barkhanson, Capt. Farquhar, Mrs. Rowden and two infants. For SINGAPORE.—Mr. J. Meldrum. For HONG KONG.—Mr. and Mrs. Anderson, Mr. J. Pope. For SHANGHAI.—Mrs. Muirhead, Mr. T. King, Mr. and Mrs. Brower. For CALCUTTA.—Mr. Childecott, Mrs. Playfair. For MELBOURNE.—Mr. A. Finlay, Mr. C. C. Finlay, Capt. Corrigan.

COMMERCIAL.

Bombay, Nov. 28, 1865.

EXCHANGES.

On London Banks.—at 6 months' sight, per rupee, 2s. 1d. 5-16
6 ditto ditto 2s. 1d. to 7-16 Cred. Bills.
6 ditto ditto 2s. 1d. to 4 Docts.

BANK AND OTHER SHARES

Agra Bank (Rs. 500)	110 pr. cent pm
Asiatic Bank	53
Bombay Bank (Rs. 1,000)	63½ do.
Bank of India (Rs. 25)	36 pm.
Central Bank (Rs. 250)	120 do.
Chartered Bank of India, Australia, & China (Rs. 200)	60 do.
Commercial Bank (Rs. 500)	24
Joint-Stock Bank (Rs. 20)	83 do.
Mercantile Bank (Rs. 250)	110 do.
Oriental Bank Corporation (Rs. 250)	110 pm.
Oriental Bank of India (Rs. 25)	28 do.
Royal Bank of India (Rs. 1,000)	83 do.
Madras Bank (Rs. 1,000)	par
Apollo Press Co. (Rs. 11,000)	Rs. 6,000 p. sh.
Colaba Press Co. (Rs. 2,700)	Rs. 14,500 p. sh.
Fort Press Co. (Rs. 3,667)	Rs. 14,500 p. sh.
Elphinstone Land and Press Co.:—	
(A) share (Rs. 6,000)	3600 Rs. 560 pm.
(B) share (Rs. 6,000)	2500 dis.
Frere Press Co. (Rs. 250)	25 pm.
Victoria Land and Press Co. (Rs. 4,000)	Rs. 2300 pm.
Bombay Press Co. (Rs. 1,200)	10 per cent. dis.
Great Indian Peninsula Railway Co. Consolidated Stock (Rs. 218-8-0)	Rs. 3,200 p. sh.
Hydraulic Press Co. (Rs. 4,000)	Rs. 500 prem.
Corla Spinning Co. (Rs. 5,000)	Rs. 500 prem.
Bombay United Spinning and Weaving Co. (Rs. 2,500)	Rs. 500 prem.
Colaba Land Co. (Rs. 10,000)	Rs. 90,000 p. sh.
Rond-d Warehouse Co. (Rs. 400)	Rs. par
Back Bay Reclamation Co., Rs. 5,000 paid-up	8,500 p. sh. pm.
Oriental Weaving and Spinning Company (Rs. 2,500)	Rs. 150 prem.
Royal Spinning and Weaving Co. (Rs. 1,500)	Rs. 100 prem.
Victoria Spinning Co. (Rs. 5,000)	Rs. 1,000 prem.
Ditto, New £20 Shares (Rs. 87-4-4)	Rs. 7 do. dis.
Bombay, Baroda, and Central India Railway Co. (Rs. 1,000)	par.
Bombay Spinning & Weaving Co. (Rs. 5,000)	Rs. 600 prem.
Great Eastern Spinning and Weaving Company (Rs. 1,100)	Rs. 100 prem.
Manockjee Pity's Spinning and Weaving Co. (Rs. 850)	Rs. 25 prem.
House and Land Investment Co. (Rs. 200)	Rs. 400
Bombay Shipping Co. (Rs. 1,500)	Rs. 3,000

GOVERNMENT SECURITIES.

Four per Cent. Sican Rs. Trans. Loan	Rs. 93
" " " Sican Rs. Loan 1832-33	" 93
" " " Co.'s Rs. Loan 1835-36	" 89½
" " " " " 1842-43	" 89½
" " " " " 1854-55	" 103½
Five per Cent. Co.'s Rs. Loan	" 103½
Five-and-a-Half per Cent.	" 104½

FREIGHTS.

To Liverpool—Cotton, 22. 2s. 6d.; Seeds, 5s. 0d.
To London—Cotton, £1. 10s.; Seeds, 10s.



Official Gazette.

BENGAL.

BY THE GOVERNOR-GENERAL.

Home Dept., Fort William, Nov. 7.—No. 4,158.—Mr. J. F. Stevens, app. by the Sec. of State for India, a member of H.M.'s C.S. on the Bengal estab., reported his arrival at the Sandheads on the 15th ult.

No. 4,154.—Dr. G. Y. Hunter, civil asst. surg. of Raepore, in the Central Provs., has obtained 1 mo. prep. leave from the 9th ult., to proceed to Bombay, with a view to obtaining leave on m.c. to England.

No. 4,155.—Lieut. F. Coddington, asst. revenue surveyor, in charge 3rd div., Oudh, has obtained leave, on m.c., to proceed to the presidency, prep. to applying for furl. to Eur.

No. 4,156.—Mr. R. F. Stack, solicitor to Govt., has reported his return from the leave granted to him on Sept. 18 last, and the resumption of the charge of his office on the 28th ult.

No. 4,157.—Mr. H. P. Owen, 1st asst. superint., telegraph dept., Indore circle, has been granted 1 mo. priv. leave, from the date on which he may avail himself of it.

Nov. 10.—No. 4,159.—The Gov. gen. in Council is pleased to permit Mr. W. H. Brodhurst to resign the C.S. from the 27th ult.

Nov. 7.—No. 2,135.—Mr. H. E. Wrottesley, asst. comsnnr. of Saugor, in the Central Provs., has obt'd. one mo. priv. leave, from such date as he may avail himself of the same.

No. 2,137.—Capt. C. J. Pearse, officg. dep. superint. of the Bangalore dist., availed himself, on the 4th ult., of the 2 mo. priv. leave granted him in G.O. No. 2,002 of the 7th idem.

No. 2,138.—Mr. J. G. Anderson, dep. comsnnr. of Baraich, in Oude, has obt'd. priv. leave for 1 mo. from the 16th ult.

Capt. H. S. V. Fisher, asst. comsnnr. of Hurdul, will offic. as dep. comsnnr. of Baraich during Mr. Anderson's abs., or until further orders.

Capt. Fisher assumed charge on the 16th ult.

No. 2,139.—Lieut. T. H. B. Brooke, asst. comsnnr., Chindwara, Central Provs., has obt'd. 1 mo. priv. leave from such date as he may avail himself of the same.

No. 2,140.—Capt. S. S. Boulderson, settlement officer, Mohumdee, and Capt. E. Clark, settlement officer, Baraich, assumed charge of their offices on the 11th and 18th ult. respectively.

No. 2,141.—Mr. T. L. Crawley, extra asst. comsnnr. of Jubbulpore, has obt'd. 1 mo. priv. leave from the 22nd inst., or from the date he may avail himself of it.

No. 2,143.—Lieut. D. W. Laughton, asst. comr., 3rd class, in the Hyderabad assigned districts, has passed the lower standard of examination in civil and criminal law.

No. 2,145.—Dr. G. N. Cheke, residency surg., Nipal, has obtained leave for 28 days from Jan. 1 next, prep. to applying for furl. to Europe.

No. 2,149.—Capt. C. C. Taylor, asst. to the resident at Nipal, has obtained 12 mo. leave on m.c., from the 10th inst., under the old regs.

No. 2,150.—H.E. the Gov. gen. in Council is pleased to appoint the superint. of police at Bangalore to be mag. of the Bangalore cantonment, and to invest him with the powers of a mag. as described in sec. 22 of the criminal procedure code.

No. 2,153.—Mr. W. H. Kerr, superint. of Coorg, assumed charge of his office and treasury from Capt. R. A. Cole on the afternoon of the 13th ult.

No. 2,163.—Capt. T. Cadell, v.c., dep. Bheel agent and political asst. at Maunpore, has obtained general leave from Sept. 8 to Oct. 13, inclusive, prep. to proceeding to Europe on m.c.

The priv. leave granted to Capt. Cadell in G.O. No. 1,845, dated Sept. 11 last, is hereby cancelled.

Lieut. G. F. Blowers, adj. of the Malwa Bheel corps, is app. to offic. as dep. Bheel agent and political asst. at Maunpore during Capt. Cadell's absence.

No. 2,167.—Mr. H. H. Butts, extra asst. comr., 3rd grade, in Oude, is app. an asst. settlement officer at Rs. 600 per mensem, v. Capt. Clark, prom.

Mr. A. G. Grote is app. extra asst. comr. of the 3rd grade, v. Mr. Butts.

CASH BALANCES.

Nov. 9.—No. 2,875.—In continuation of notification No. 2,700, dated Sept. 29 last, the following statement of cash balances, as reported up to this date in the Government Treasuries in India, at the close of the month of Aug. last, contrasted with that of the previous years, is published for general information:—

According to the present limits of the several Governments.	1863. Aug.	1864. Aug.	1865. Aug.
Govt. of India	Co.'s Rs. 3,74,46,056	Co.'s Rs. 3,32,32,641	Co.'s Rs. 2,01,53,659
" Bengal	1,90,35,626	1,46,12,132	1,32,94,055
" Brit. Burmah			92,18,576
" N. W. P. (in- cl'dg. Oude)	3,04,36,549	1,99,23,287	1,98,79,828
" Punjab	1,04,38,574	1,09,87,655	58,49,477
" Bombay	2,29,34,914	1,77,42,136	1,44,44,494
" Central Provs.	50,41,122	49,08,599	1,78,24,311
" Deccan	29,08,638	23,48,579	45,02,250
" Madras	2,88,81,357	2,57,05,720	23,04,975
Total	15,71,25,836	11,93,55,946	11,91,60,499

No. 2,876.—Capt. H. Hyde resumed charge of the offices of mint master and head comr. of the dept. of issue of Govt. paper currency, Calcutta, on 3rd inst.

In the afternoon of the same day Dr. J. F. Shekleton resumed charge of the office of assay master, Calcutta.

No. 2,882.—Mr. H. A. Moraes, who was offic. for Mr. J. Mackey as asst. in the 5th class in the office of the account. gen., Madras, is allowed priv. leave for 3 mo., from Oct. 25.

Nov. 7.—No. 393.—The underment officers have been appd. to offic. as superintng. engra. of the 2nd class, 2nd grade, in Bengal, temp., with effect from the dates they took charge of their respective circles:—

Capt. C. J. Mead, R.A., exec. engr., 1st grade, Bengal, pending the arrival of Capt. de Bourbel, R.E.

Mr. J. O'Flaherty, exec. engr., 2nd grade, Bengal, pending the arrival of Capt. Stanton, R.E.

No. 395.—Mr. J. M. Algie, asst. engr., 3rd grade, attached to the embankment div., British Burmah, has been granted one mo. priv. leave, with effect from 3rd ult.

Nov. 10.—No. 396.—Mr. J. M. Span, C.E., asst. engr., 1st grade, attached to the Kamptee div. pub. works, central provs., is appd. to offic. as asst. to chief engr. and asst. sec. to the chief coms. central provs., pub. works depart., with effect from Sept. 6.

Nov. 4.—No. 1,006.—The underment officer is permitted to proc. to Europe on leave on m.c.:—

Maj. W. C. R. Mylne, Bengal staff corps, dep. asst. comy. gen., for 20 mo.

No. 1,007.—Maj. N. W. Elphinstone, Bengal staff corps, is perm. to res. the service, on the pension of a capt., from the 1st inst.

Nov. 6.—No. 1,008.—The date of admission into the Bengal staff corps of Lieut. H. B. Hanna, adjt., 19th Bengal cav., announced in G.G.O. No. 572 of July 11, 1864, is hereby canc., and that officer's admission is to be held to have effect from Jan. 4, 1863.

No. 1,009.—With reference to para. 18 of G.G.O. No. 402 of April 13, 1860, it is hereby notified that in future the controller of military accounts, instead of the sec. to Govt. in the military dept., will furnish comdg. officers of regts., &c., with the declaration therein prescribed in respect to regtl. savings' banks accounts.

No. 1,010.—The services of Lieut. L. Wavell, Bengal staff corps, are placed at the disposal of the public works dept.

Nov. 7.—No. 1,011.—The underment officer is permitted to proceed to Europe on leave of abs. on m.c.

Capt. J. A. M. Patton, late 1st regt. Bengal Eur. L.C., for 20 mo., under the new regs.

Nov. 9.—No. 1,012.—The servs. of Capt. J. S. Irvine, late 2nd regt. Eur. L.C., are placed at the disposal of the foreign dept., with effect from the 23rd ult.

No. 1,013.—The servs. of Surj. mag. G. Saunders are placed temp. at the disposal of the Govt. of Bengal, with effect from the 25th ult.

No. 1,014.—The foll. order, issued by the Govt. of Fort St. George, is confirmed:—

Oct. 11.—No. 365.—Granting T. Cadell, v.c., Bengal staff corps, dep. Bheel agent and political asst. at Maunpore, for 15 mo., embarking from Madras.

No. 1,015.—The foll. order, issued by the Resident at Hyderabad, is confirmed:—

Oct. 17.—No. 152.—Granting F. A. Dobbs, paid doing duty officer, 3rd inf., Hyderabad contingent,

leave up to Nov. 15, in ext. of the leave allow'd him.

No. 1,016.—H.E. the Gov. gen. in Council has made the foll. appa.:—

PUNJAB FRONTIER FORCE.

Corps of Guides.

Lieut. W. J. Forlong, adj., to be 2nd squadron officer, v. Lieut. Ommannay, dec.

Lieut. W. Battye, wing officer, to be adj., v. Lieut. Forlong.

Lieut. A. G. Hammond, qrmr., to be wing officer, v. Lieut. Battye.

Lieut. A. J. Nicholson, doing duty officer, to be qrmr., v. Lieut. Hammond.

No. 1,017.—With reference to the notification issued by the Govt. of the N.W.P., No. 8,738a, dated the 25th ult., that portion of G.G.O. No. 950, dated the 17th ult., placing the services of Asst. surg. C. O. Daniell, m.d., civil asst. surg. of Jaunpore, temporarily at the disposal of H.E. the C. in C. for employment with the troops serving on the Bhootan frontier, is cancelled, and the services of Asst. surg. C. E. Raddock, civil asst. surg., Bijonore, are placed at H.E.'s disposal for that purpose.

No. 1,018.—The underment officers have rept. their return from England:—

Major R. T. Leigh, staff corps; Capt. W. Musgrave, staff corps, 2nd squad. officer, 15th Bengal cav.; Lieut. (brev. capt.) M. A. D. Orchard, late 3rd Eur. regt.; Lieut. E. D. H. Vibart, late 54th regt. N.I.; Lieut. R. A. Price, gen. list., inf., date of arrival at Fort William, Oct. 31.

No. 1,019.—The underment officer has reported his return from England:—

Capt. (brev. major) W. D. Hoste, Bengal staff corps, comdt. 6th Punjab inf., date of arrival at Bombay, Oct. 13.

No. 1,020.—The underment officer of the R.E., who has been placed under orders for duty in the Bengal Presidency, reported his arrival on the date specified opposite to his name:—

Lieut. G. A. L. A. Whitmore, date of arrival at Fort William, Nov. 2.

No. 1,023.—Lieut. col. S. H. Becher, Bengal staff corps, emplyd. on special duty in the account branch in military depart., is allowed leave for 15 days from the 20th inst. in exten. of priv. leave.

Oct. 10.—No. 1,024.—The foll. paras. of a military letter from the Right Hon. the Sec. of State for India, No. 284, dated Sept. 23, 1865, are published for general information:—

The underment officers and warrant officer have been perm. to return to their duty, viz.:—

Lieut. cols. R. C. Wroughton and J. H. Maxwell, per steamer, Oct. 4.

Majs. W. D. Hoste, G. E. Holmes, T. C. Merrick, W. C. Hamilton, via the Cape, and H. L. Pester.

Capt. R. Cadell, E. H. Paske, H. A. W. Waterfield, and M. M. Prendergast.

Lieuts. B. Cracroft, H. Rowband, D. J. Stewart, R. E. K. Money, per *Walmer Castle*, E. G. Newham, and E. E. Grigg.

Surg. majs. C. L. Cox and W. F. B. Dalzell.

Asst. comy. E. J. Gillis, via Bombay.

The underment officers have been granted extensions of leave for the periods specified, viz.:—

Lieut. cols. G. N. Oakes and J. C. Scott, 6 mo.

Majs. J. A. Steel, 4 mo.; and G. B. Mainwaring, 3 mo.

Capt. E. H. Scott, J. J. Russell, and P. G. Cornish; Lieuts. J. Colledge, R. C. W. Mitford, and J. P. Steel; Surg. R. Parker; Asst. surg. A. F. Richmond, and Vet. surg. R. W. Murray, 6 mo.

Lieut. E. A. Vine, whose case formed the subject of your despatch, No. 85, and who obtained permission to return to duty in Oct. last, met with an accident in France while on his way to India, which compelled him to return to this country. In consideration of the circumstances, and of the report of the medical board on the case, Lieut. Vine has been granted 6 mo. leave from Sept. 1.

Lieut. D. De la G. Birkett, late 3rd Eur. regt., has been placed on the retired list from June 16.

No. 1,025.—With reference to G.G.O. No. 975 of the 23rd ult., the following military letter, from the Right Hon. the Secretary of State for India, No. 285, dated Sept. 23, 1865, is published for general information:—

MILITARY.—No. 285.

To H.E. the Right Hon. the Gov. Gen. of India in Council.

India Office, London, Sept. 23.

Sir,—With reference to my despatch, No. 278, of Sept. 15, 1865, I have to acquaint you that Asst. surg. S. Duckering has been allowed to exchange with Asst. surg. E. B. Gardener, who had been allotted to the Bombay Presidency.—I have, &c.,
(Signed) C. Wood.

No. 1,025.—The foll. order, issued by the Resident at Hyderabad, is confirmed:—

Oct. 24.—No. 157.—Appg. Lieut. H. S. Stewart, paid doing duty officer, 3rd cav. Hyderabad contingent, to act as adjt. of the 4th cav., Hyderabad contingent, during the absence of Lieut. H. C. Onslow, on m.c. to Europe.

Appointing Lieut. R. Otley, offic. doing duty officer, 5th inf., Hyderabad contingent, to act as paid doing duty officer, 3rd cav., Hyderabad contingent, during the absence of Lieut. H. S. Stewart.

No. 1,027.—The undermentioned officer is permitted to proceed to Europe on leave on m.c.:—
Capt. A. Callander, Bengal staff corps, brig. maj., Mooltan, for 20 mo.

No. 1,028.—Lieut. R. H. Dyas, late 4th Eur. regt., is permitted to proceed to Madras and Burmah on m.c., and to be absent from Bengal on that account for 4 mo., under the new regs.

No. 1,029.—The undermentioned officers have reported their return from England:—

Maj. H. R. Drew, Bengal staff corps; Capt. M. M. Prendergast, late 4th Eur. L.C., 2nd in command and squadron officer, 4th Bengal cav.; Capt. E. H. Paaka, Bengal staff corps, dep. comr., Goojerat; and Asst. surg. N. B. Baillie, med. dept., date of arrival at Fort William, Nov. 2.

No. 1,030.—The undermen. officers have reported their departure on the dates specified opposite to their respective names:—

Lieut. H. C. Fagan, of the Bengal staff corps, on leave for 20 mo., G.G.O. No. 918, Oct. 6, 1865, *British Princess*; Oct. 21, 1865.

Lieut. H. E. Eliot, gen. list inf., on leave for 12 mo., G.G.O. No. 922 of Oct. 10 last; Lieut. C. J. Durand, late 14 regt. N.I., on leave for 20 mo., G.G.O. No. 924 of Oct. 10 last; Capt. (brevet major) G. D'Aguilar, late 4th regt. N.I., 2nd in comd. and wing officer 21st regt. (Punjab) N.I., on leave for 20 mo., G.G.O. No. 927 of Oct. 10 last, *Delhi*; Oct. 10, 1865.

Lieut. R. Atkins, late 48th N.I., doing duty officer 15th Bengal cav., on leave for 12 mo., G.G.O. No. 988 of Nov. 3 last; Nov. 4, 1865.

Surg. A. Young, med. dept., asst. comr., Oude, on leave for 20 mo., G.G.O. No. 988 of Nov. 3 last, Bengal; Oct. 24, 1865.

Nov. 9.—Notification.—Under clause 26 of the regulations appended to the Regimental Debts' Act of 1863, it is notified that reports of the deaths of the undermentioned officers and warrant officers on the dates specified were received in the military dept. during the month of September, 1865:—

Royal Art.—Capt. M. H. Fitzmaurice, Aug. 8, at Landour.

23rd Foot.—Asst. surg. R. W. Lawless, Aug. 18, at Parinanth.

51st Foot.—Capt. E. D. Oliver, Aug. 1, at Nundkote.

82nd Foot.—Capt. J. F. Pilkington, Aug. 28, at Calcutta.

88th Foot.—Lieut. F. M. M. Mapleton, Aug. 17, at Cawnpore.

2nd Batt. Rifle Brig.—Lieut. G. Rogers, Aug. 4, at Landour.

3rd Batt. Rifle Brig.—Capt. and Paymr. J. Gough, July 29, at Attock.

Staff Corps.—Capt. W. G. B. Tyler, Aug. 20, at Lullupore; and Capt. G. W. Manson, Aug. 16, at Mooltan.

Bengal Cav.—Lieut. col. W. A. A. Thomson, Aug. 8, at Calcutta.

Bengal Inf.—Maj. gen. Sir S. Corbett, K.C.B., Aug. 1, at Nynce Tal.

Gen. List, Inf.—Lieut. R. Shakespear, Aug. 12, at Calcutta.

Medical Dept.—Asst. sug. M. J. S. Perreau, Aug. 12, at Fort Daling, Bhootan.

Nov. 1.—No. 4,093.—Mr. R. 'C. A. Hamilton, dist. supt. of police in Oudh, reported, on the 15th ult., his return from the leave of absence granted to him on March 17.

No. 4,094.—Mr. C. R. Coles, polit. asst., Bundelcund, is invested with the powers of a mag. described, to be exercised within the limits of the territory assigned to the British Govt. by the States of Rewah, Myhere, Sohawal, and Nagode, for occupation by the railway.

Oct. 25.—No. 2,124.—Dr. J. McL. Pemberton, residency surgeon, Hyderabad, has been granted priv. leave for 3 mo., from 1st proximo.

Nov. 3.—No. 2,128.—The services of Mr. E. S. Robertson are replaced at the disposal of the Govt. N.W.P.

Nov. 2.—No. 388.—Mr. H. L. Monk, engr. apprentice, is transf. from the Central Provs. to the Punjab.

No. 389.—Mr. D. Turner, C.E., has been appd.

a 3rd grade asst. engr., and was posted to the 3rd Oude road div. Oct. 20.

No. 390.—The undermen. prob. asst. engr. under covenant with the Sec. of State for India in Council, are brought on the effective strength of the public works dept. as asst. engr., 3rd grade, and posted as follows, with effect from the dates on which they may respectively join the appts. assigned them by the local Govts. and Administrations:—

Messrs. J. Paterson, and J. Campbell, Bengal; J. A. Willmore, Oude; and J. W. Alexander, Punjab.

Nov. 3.—No. 391.—Lieut. G. R. Gibbs, asst. engr., 2nd grade, public works dept., Rajpootana, is posted to the 3rd div. Mhow and Nusseerabad road.

No. 392.—The prom. of Lieut. W. J. Engledue, R.E., to the rank of asst. engr., 1st grade, is ante-dated to May 19, the date of his joining the public works dept.

No. 21f.—Mr. F. H. C. Cox, offic. asst. conservator of forests in the Central Provs., has 1 mo. priv. leave from Nov. 18.

No. 987.—The underment. officer is permitted to proceed to Europe:—

Lieut. E. Z. Thornton, of the gen. list, inf., for 6 mo., without pay,

No. 988.—The underment. officers are perm. to proceed to Europe on leave, on m.c.:—

Lieut. R. Atkins, of the late 48th regt. N.I., doing duty officer, 15th Bengal cav., for 12 mo., under new regs.

Surg. A. Young, of the med. dept., asst. comr., Oude, for 20 mo., under new regs.

Lieut. col. J. P. Clarkson, Bengal inf., for 20 mo., under old regs.

Major (brev. lieut. col.) H. Dinning, late 71st regt. N.I., 2nd in com. and wing officer, 44th (the Sylhet) regt. N.I., for 2 mo., under new regs.

Lieut. W. V. F. Jacob, late 6th Eur. regt., doing duty officer, 38th (the Agra) regt. N.I., for 20 mo., under new regs.

Lieut. W. G. Craig, of the gen. list, cav., for 20 mo., under new regs.

Lieut. N. R. Burlton, of the Bengal staff corps, sub asst. comy. gen., for 20 mo.

No. 989.—The underment. officers reported their return from England:—

Lieut. F. P. Spragge, of the R.E., asst. engr., 2nd class, dept. of public works, date of arrival at Fort William, Feb. 12.

Lieut. E. G. Newnham, gen. list, inf., 3rd squad. officer, 17th Bengal cav., date of arrival at Fort William, Oct. 15.

No. 990.—The underment. officers of the R.E., who have been placed under orders for duty in the Bengal Pres., reported their arrival on the dates specified below:—

Lieut. W. G. Ross, date of arrival at Fort William, Oct. 15.

Lieuts. J. R. McCullagh and M. W. Rogers, date of arrival at Fort William, Oct. 20.

No. 991.—The leave of absence on m.c. to visit Cashmere and Simla for 6 mo., from Sept. 1, granted to Major J. C. Griffith, of the R.A., commissy. of ordnance, Peshawar, in G.G.O. No. 881 of the 25th idem, is to be held to have effect from the latter date, and for the purpose of visiting Murree and Simla.

The servs. of Lieut. F. W. Grant, asst. comr. Hyderabad assigned districts, are replaced at the disposal of H.E. the C. in C.

No. 996.—The foll. orders, issued by the Resident at Hyderabad, are confirmed:—

Oct. 2.—No. 143.—Granting 1 mo. leave to Lieut. H. C. Onslow, offic. adjt., 4th cav. Hyderabad contingent, to visit Bombay, in view to obtaining a furlough to Europe on m.c.

5th Inf. Hyderabad Contingent.

No. 144.—Directing Lieut. R. Otley to act as adjt. of the corps, without prejudice to his appt. as paid doing duty officer, consequent on the departure of Lieut. and adjt. A. L. Playfair to join his appt. in the 4th inf. Hyderabad contingent.

4th Inf. Hyderabad Contingent.

Directing Capt. C. Jameson, 2nd in com., to offic. as adjt., in addition to his own duties, consequent on the departure of Lieut. H. F. H. Sewell to join his appt. in the 5th inf. Hyderabad contingent.

No. 997.—The leave on m.c. granted to Major A. C. Bunbury, late 34th regt. N.I., in G.G.O. No. 826 of Nov. 1, 1864, is extended to Sept. 30, 1865, on the same account.

No. 998.—The undermen. officer having completed 26 years' service, 8 of which were on permanent staff employ, to be lieut. col., from the date specified opposite to his name, under the Royal warrant of Jan. 16, 1861, subject to H.M.'s approval:—

Bengal Staff Corps.

Major R. G. Simeon, Oct. 16.

No. 999.—The underment. officer having completed 20 years' service, 6 years of which were on permanent staff employ, to be major, from the date specified opposite to his name, under the royal warrant of Jan. 16, 1861, subject to H.M.'s approval:—
Bengal Staff Corps.

Capt. (brev. maj.) G. Hutchinson, from Sept. 25. No. 1,001.—The foll. order, issued by the Govt. of Bombay, is confirmed:—

Oct. 17.—No. 582.—Granting leave of absence to Europe, on m.c., to Asst. surg. J. Blake, of the med. dept., supt. of vaccination in the central prov., for 18 mo., under the new regs.

No. 1,003.—The services of Maj. R. M. S. Annesley, Bengal staff corps, are placed at the disposal of the foreign dept.

No. 1,004.—The underment. officer is perm. to proc. to Europe on leave on m.c.:—

Lieut. W. A. S. DeV. Beauclerk, gen. list, cav., adjt., 7th Bengal cav., for 20 mo., under the new regs.

Nov. 15.—No. 2,948.—Mr. L. C. Probyn has been perm. by the Right Hon. the Secy. of State for India, to return to India on Oct. 12, from Marseilles, without prejudice to his appointment.

Nov. 17.—No. 2,999.—Mr. R. P. Harrison, comptroller gen. of accounts, has been allowed priv. leave for 2 mo., commencing from the 9th proximo.

Mr. E. F. Harrison, acct. gen. N.W.P., (on special duty at the Presidency), to offic. as comptroller gen. of accounts, during Mr. R. P. Harrison's absence.

No. 3,004.—Mr. L. C. Probyn, acct. gen. of the Punjab, reported his return to India by steamship *Simla*, on the 9th inst.

Nov. 18.—No. 397.—Mr. H. Hutton, overseer, 2nd grade, is transf. from British Burmah to the Punjab, with effect from Aug. 8.

Nov. 16.—No. 899.—Mr. A. B. Gatherer, asst. engr., 3rd grade, Mysore, is prom. to the rank of asst. engr. 2nd grade, with effect from Oct. 4.

No. 400.—Mr. C. Nuttall, controller, 3rd class, 3rd grade, assumed charge of the pub. works central office of accounts, Hyderabad, on the forenoon of Nov. 1.

Nov. 17.—No. 402.—Mr. P. Magrath, sub engr., 2nd grade, British Burmah, was allowed 6 mo. leave on m.c., with effect from Oct. 14.

No. 403.—Mr. W. E. Parry, asst. engr., 2nd grade, is transf. from Bengal to the N.W.P.

No. 404.—With reference to notification No. 364 of Oct. 16, Major J. McL. Innes, v.c., received, and Major G. Chesney made over, charge of the office of accountant gen., public works dept., on Nov. 10.

Nov. 13.—No. 1,032.—Lieut. C. A. Bayley, R.A., appd. by G.G.O. No. 10 of Jan. 5 last to the Hazara Mountain train baty., Punjab frontier force, in order to qualify himself for admission to the staff corps, is transf. to the Peshawar Mountain train baty.

No. 1,033.—Major A. Elderton, of the Bengal staff corps, paymr., Meerut circle, is removed from that appt.

Nov. 14.—No. 1,037.—H.E. the Gov. gen. in Council is pleased to notify for general information the following appointments in the Oude volunteer rifle corps, in supersession of those announced in G.G.O. No. 778 of Aug. 10, which is hereby cancelled:—

Lieut. col. L. Barrow, C.B., Madras staff corps, comdnt.

Officers of companies:—
Senior or Lucknow Company.—Capt. M. R. Joyce, Lieut. T. Davis, Ensign D. Burgess.

Martiniere or Cadet Company.—Lieut. H. Stobart.

The nomination of the officers abovementioned to companies has been made subject to their passing an examination in drill before the inspecting officer.

H.M.'s 41st Foot.

No. 1,039.—The head quarters of H.M.'s 41st foot, arrived in the ship *Winchester*, is brought on the establishment of the Bengal Presidency from date of landing.

No. 1,040.—Consequent on Major W. C. R. Mylne, dep. asst. comy. gen. 2nd class, and act. dep. asst. comy. gen. 1st class, having proceeded on m.c. to Europe, Capt. J. Graham, dep. asst. comy. gen. 2nd class, who has returned from m.c. to Europe, is promoted to act as dep. asst. comy. gen. 1st class from date he rejoined the department (3rd inst.).

No. 1,041.—H.E. the Gov. gen. in Council is pleased to make the following arrangements in the department of the adjutant general, consequent on the departure for Europe of Col. E. Haythorne, and

his vacation of the appointment of adjutant general, with effect from 12th inst. :—

Col. D. M. Stewart, dep. adjt. gen., to officiate as adjt. gen.

Major G. L. Fraser, offic. 1st asst. adjt. gen., to officiate as dep. adjt. gen.

Major G. E. Holmes, asst. adjt. gen., to offic. as 1st asst. adjt. gen.

Lieut. col. S. J. Hire will continue to offic. as dep. asst. adjt. gen.

No. 1,042.—The underment. officers are perm. to proceed to Eur. on leave of absence on m.c. :—

Lieut. col. C. Mackenzie, of the Madras staff corps, for 20 mo.

Major J. L. Nation, of the Bengal staff corps, dist. supt. of police, 1st grade, Lohardugga, for 20 mo.

No. 15.—No. 1,044.—Capt. A. W. Capel, of the late 5th Eur. L.C., is perm. to proc. to the Neilgherry Hills on m.c., and to be absent from Bengal on that account for 3 mo., from 8th inst., under new regs.

No. 1,045.—The servs. of 2nd Capt. E. L. Earle, of the R.A., are placed at the disposal of the public works dept.

No. 1,046.—The servs. of Capt. H. A. Prinsep, of the late 3rd Eur. regt., are placed at the disposal of the foreign dept., with effect from 11th inst.

No. 16.—No. 1,047.—The underment. officers are admitted to the Bengal staff corps, with effect from the dates specified opposite to their respective names, subject to the confirmation of the Right Hon. the Sec. of State for India :—

Lieut. W. R. Bunbury, of H.M.'s 104th fus., paid doing duty officer, East Indian regt., doing duty officer, 2nd regt. N.L.I., from Nov. 23, 1863.

Lieut. E. W. Samuella, of the gen. list, inf., asst. revenue surveyor, Lower Provs., from June 5.

Lieut. J. Hay, of the gen. list, inf., 2nd doing duty officer, 4th Goorkha regt., from Oct. 14.

No. 1,048.—H.E. the Gov. gen. in Council is pleased to make the following temp. arrangement in the dept. of the qmr. gen. during the period Major Lumaden, dep. qmr. gen., and Capt. F. B. Norman, asst. qmr. gen., may be employed on special service in Bhootan :—

Capt. C. J. East, of H.M.'s 82nd foot, and Major J. Smith, of the Bengal staff corps, to offic. as dep. assts. qmr. gen.

No. 1,053.—The underment. officers and warrant officer have reported their return from England :—

Asst. comy. E. J. Gillis, 2nd class sub-engr., Rawul Pindee div., dept. of public works; date of arrival at Bombay, Oct. 29.

Surg. W. F. B. Dalzel, M.D., med. dept.; date of arrival at Fort William, Nov. 2.

Lieut. col. J. H. Maxwell, R.E., and Majs. O. J. McL. Farrington, staff corps, 1st class depy. comr., Umritsur dist., Punjab, G. E. Holmes, staff corps, asst. adjt. gen., and C. M. Fitzgerald, staff corps, depy. comy. gen.; Capt. J. A. Grant, late 6th Eur. regt., and Lieut. E. E. Grigg, gen. list, inf., asst. comr., Gawalparrah; date of arrival at Fort William, Nov. 9.

SALARY OF THE ADJUTANT-GENERAL.

No. 1,056.—Under the authority of the Right Hon. the Sec. of State for India, the consolidated salary of the Adjutant General in Bengal is fixed at Rs. 3,000 per mensem, instead of Rs. 2,500, as laid down in G.O. by the Gov. Gen., No. 156a, of Oct. 18.

This increase has effect from the 16th inst., the date of receipt of the despatch from the Sec. of State in which it is authorised.

STAFF OFFICERS' UNIFORMS.

No. 1,057.—Under the authority of the Right Hon. the Sec. of State for India, H.E. the Gov. Gen. in Council is pleased to direct that officers not of the staff corps, who hold appointments in departments for which no special uniform is laid down, shall, in common with staff corps officers, when it may be proper for them to appear as military officers, wear the uniform laid down in horse guards circular memorandum of March 10, 1862, published in G.G.O., No. 614, of June 10, 1862, with the exception that, where officers of the staff corps would wear the waist plate and button peculiar to that corps, officers not belonging to the staff corps will wear the plate and button laid down for the staff generally, as specified below :—

Buton, gilt, convex, of size and form prescribed for infantry, frosted, the edge encircled with burnished laurel.

Plate, gilt, having the letters "V. R." with the crown above, the motto "Dieu et mon droit" below, and an oak branch on each side, all in silver.

Nov. 17.—No. 1,058.—The foll. order, issued by the resident at Hyderabad is confirmed :—

Dated Oct. 27.—No. 159.—Transferring to the milly. dept. the services of Lieut. A. G. W. Hemans, Madras gen. list, cav., asst. comr., Hyderabad assigned districts, and appg. that officer to offic. as paid doing duty officer, 4th cav., Hyderabad contingent, during the abs. on leave to Eur. of Lieut. T. C. Briggs.

No. 1,062.—The serv. of Lieut. G. A. L. Whitmore, of the R.E., are placed at the disp. of the public works dept.

MADRAS.

BY THE GOVERNOR IN COUNCIL.

Fort St. George, Nov. 17.—Col. G. P. Eaton, comdg. 17th brig. R.A., and Lieut. col. W. C. F. Gosling, R.A., to be Lay Trustees of the Chaplaincy of Saint Thomas' Mount, v. Lieut. col. Selby and Major Prendergast.

The app. of Mr. P. M. Jones, as acting supt. of police, Godavery dist., notified in the *Gazette* of the 1st August last, is to take effect from the 1st July.

Nov. 15.—The services of Asst. surg. T. Croudece, zillah surg. of Rajahmundry, are placed at the disposal of H.E. the C. in C. for milly. duty.

Nov. 17.—Rev. D. G. Clarke, B.A., is admitted as a junior chaplain on the Madras estab. from the 6th inst., the date of his arrival at Madras, per steamer *Simla*.

Mr. J. G. Horsfall, asst. to the coll. and mag. of the Godavery dist., and Mr. A. Cruickshank, asst. to the coll. and mag. of Cuddapah, are respectively invested with the powers of a subord. mag. of the 1st class.

Mr. D. Williams, asst. to the coll. and mag. of the Madras dist., is invested with the full powers of a mag.

No. 400.—H.E. the Gov. in Council is pleased to make the foll. proms., subject to H.M.'s approval :—

Inf.—Lieut. cols. (Major gens.) D. Babington and W. R. A. Freeman, unattached, having completed 12 years' service in the rank of lieut. col., to be cols.; date of commissions, Nov. 15.

The services of Capt. G. Briggs, staff corps, doing duty 21st regt. N.L.I., are placed at the disposal of the comr. of Mysore, for employ. as acting town mag., subject to the confirmation of the Govt. of India.

Lieut. F. W. Sandes, of the staff corps, qmr. 12th regt. N.L.I., is perm. to proceed to Bombay on m.c. to appear before a final med. board.

No. 401.—Madras Staff Corps.—Lieut. E. R. C. Bradford, having completed 12 yrs.' service, 4 of which were on permanent staff employ, to be capt. from Nov. 13, under the Royal Warrant of Jan. 16, 1861, subject to H.M.'s approval.

No. 402.—The foll. extract from the *London Gazette* of Oct. 3, 1865, is republished :—

India Office, Nov. 3, 1865.—H.M. has been pleased to approve of the foll. promotions and alterations of rank amongst the officers of the staff corps and of H.M.'s Indian military forces :—

The underment. officer having completed 5 years' service as major and brevet lieut. col. and as regtl. lieut. col., to be col. in the army, under the operation of clauses 8 and 9 of the Royal warrant, dated Jan. 31, 1859 :—

Lieut. col. G. S. Montgomery, Bombay Inf., dated Dec. 20, 1864.

MADRAS ARMY.*

To be Lieutenant Colonels.

Major G. F. Luard, 37th N.L.I., dated Jan. 15, 1865.

Major J. Curtis, 8th N.L.I., dated Jan. 19, 1865.

Major E. Yates, 28th N.L.I., dated Jan. 24, 1865.

Major E. Gage, 15th N.L.I., dated March 2, 1865.

Major G. Paxton, late 44th N.L.I., dated March 10, 1865.

To be Majors.

Capt. W. Barber, 33rd N.L.I., dated Dec. 10, 1864.

Capt. F. M. Davis, late 44th N.L.I., dated Dec. 10, 1864.

Capt. A. Child, 8th N.L.I., dated Dec. 10, 1864.

Capt. W. Blount, 7th N.L.I., dated Dec. 29, 1864.

Capt. R. G. Lewis, 31st N.L.I., dated Dec. 29, 1864.

Capt. E. L. M. Evans, late 51st N.L.I., dated Jan. 8, 1865.

Capt. E. O. Leggatt, staff corps, dated Jan. 8, 1865.

Capt. G. A. Searle, 35th N.L.I., dated Jan. 12, 1865.

Capt. F. J. Wilson, late 51st N.L.I., dated Jan. 12, 1865.

* The list published in *Allen's Indian Mail* of October 10th, No. 689, was without the dates given herein.

Capt. W. Boardman, 13th N.L.I., dated Jan. 12, 1865.

Capt. W. Weldon, late 47th N.L.I., dated Jan. 18, 1865.

Capt. C. L. Combe, 23rd N.L.I., dated Jan. 18, 1865.

Capt. C. E. Bates, 16th N.L.I., dated Jan. 18, 1865.

Capt. H. J. T. Neild, 2nd N.L.I., dated Jan. 18, 1865.

Capt. G. W. Playfair, staff corps, dated Jan. 18, 1865.

Capt. T. Sweet, 21st N.L.I., dated Jan. 20, 1865.

Capt. W. A. Deey, 41st N.L.I., dated Jan. 20, 1865.

Capt. N. F. Bayley, 12th N.L.I., dated Jan. 20, 1865.

Capt. W. C. P. Haines, 35th N.L.I.; dated Feb. 11, 1865.

Capt. R. J. Baker, staff corps; dated Feb. 11, 1865.

Capt. W. Barclay, 25th N.L.I.; dated Feb. 11, 1865.

Capt. H. C. Z. Claridge, 37th N.L.I.; dated March 2, 1865.

To be Captains.

Lieut. H. G. Puckle, 28th N.L.I.; dated Dec. 9, 1864.

Lieut. A. T. Cox, 35th N.L.I.; dated Dec. 10, 1864.

Lieut. S. H. Williams, 2nd N.L.I.; dated Dec. 12, 1864.

Lieut. J. H. E. Johnson, 2nd Eur. inf.; dated Jan. 20, 1865.

Lieut. J. C. Hay, staff corps; dated Dec. 20, 1864.

Lieut. G. E. Fryer, 21st N.L.I.; dated Jan. 20, 1865.

Lieut. T. S. M. Robinson, 21st N.L.I.; dated Jan. 26, 1865.

Lieut. A. B. Irving, staff corps; dated Feb. 10, 1865.

Lieut. P. Burgess, 33rd N.L.I.; dated Feb. 20, 1865.

Lieut. G. C. Foord, 7th N.L.I.; dated Feb. 20, 1865.

MADRAS STAFF CORPS.—PROMOTIONS.

To be Lieut. Colonels.

Major W. Crewe; dated Dec. 12, 1864.

Major T. Peyton; dated Dec. 12, 1864.

Major (brev. col.) A. T. Wilde, c.s.; dated Dec. 12, 1864.

Major C. M. Shakespear; dated Dec. 12, 1864.

Major S. Mainwaring; dated Jan. 15, 1865.

Major (brev. lieut. col.) J. E. Mayne; dated Jan. 24, 1865.

Major (brev. lieut. col.) F. J. Goldsmid; dated Jan. 24, 1865.

To be Majors.

Capt. A. J. M. Rainey; dated Dec. 3, 1864.

Capt. J. Michael; dated Dec. 10, 1864.

Capt. C. S. Fagan; dated Dec. 10, 1864.

Capt. A. R. Clephane; dated Dec. 29, 1864.

Capt. (Brev. major) H. I. Bett; dated Jan. 5, 1865.

Capt. J. C. Macdonald; dated Jan. 11, 1865.

Capt. R. A. Moore; dated Jan. 18, 1865.

Capt. J. R. G. Magrath; dated Feb. 8, 1865.

Capt. W. FitzWilliam Read; dated Feb. 11, 1865.

Capt. (brevet major) R. H. Bolton, dated Feb. 20, 1865.

Capt. J. W. Rideout, dated March 2, 1865.

Capt. W. Rose, dated March 2, 1865.

To be Captains.

Lieut. J. Lidderdale, dated Dec. 9, 1864.

Lieut. J. Lampen, dated Dec. 20, 1864.

Lieut. G. Briggs, dated Jan. 20, 1865.

Lieut. T. G. Clarke, dated Jan. 26, 1865.

Lieut. H. G. Puckle, dated Feb. 19, 1865.

Lieut. W. Rawlins, dated March 4, 1865.

Lieut. A. A. Johnson, dated March 14, 1865.

MADRAS ARMY.

Promotions.—Cavalry.

Mr. C. R. Stainforth, from the 4th cav., to be lieut. col., v. Barrow (staff corps), removed from list of lieut. cols., dated Nov. 30, 1864.

2nd Light Cavalry.

Lieut. A. Farrer to be capt., dated July 16, 1864.

4th Light Cavalry.

Capt. E. M. Lawford to be major, in succ. to Barrow (staff corps), removed from list of lieut. cols., dated Nov. 30, 1864.

Late 5th Light Cavalry.

Lieut. T. H. T. Chalton to be capt., in succ. to Mayne (staff corps), removed from list of lieut. cols., dated Nov. 30, 1864.

Late 6th Light Cavalry.

Lieut. T. M. McDonnell to be capt., v. Wood, deceased, dated Nov. 30, 1864.

Late 8th Light Cavalry.

Capt. (brevet major) J. G. Cookson to be major;

Lieut. A. E. Arbutnot to be capt., v. Kelso, ret.; dated Nov. 30, 1864.

General List of Cavalry Officers.

Lieut. A. Kenny to be capt., in succ. to Barrow (staff corps), removed from list of lieut. cols., dated Nov. 30, 1865.

Infantry.

Maj. C. P. Y. Triscott, from the 43rd N.I., to be lieut. col., in succession to Babington, promoted to maj. gen.; dated Aug. 17, 1864.

Maj. (brev. lieut. col.) J. D. Dale, from the 40th N.I., to be lieut. col., in succession to Freeman, promoted to maj. gen.; dated Oct. 21, 1864.

10th Native Infantry.

Lieut. E. G. Dixon to be capt., v. Harness, ret.; dated March 20, 1864.

26th Native Infantry.

Lieut. F. D. Gordon (dec.) to be capt. v. Somerville, dec.; dated Sept. 29, 1863.

43rd Native Infantry.

Capt. (brev. maj.) A. W. Drayner to be major, in succ. to Babington, prom. to maj. gen., dated Aug. 17, 1864.

Late 44th Native Infantry.

Capt. (brev. maj.) G. Paxton to be major, Lieut. (brev. capt.) H. C. B. Barnett to be capt., v. Western, ret., dated July 3, 1863.

Alterations of Rank.

2nd Light Cavalry.

Capt. P. D. Henderson, to take rank from April 28, 1864, v. Carey, ret.

General List of Infantry Officers.

Lieut. E. S. Skinner, to take rank from July 28, 1862, in succ. to Jones, 51st N.I. (staff corps), res.

Medical Officers.

To be Surgeon major.

Surg. H. Carnegie (dec.), dated Jan. 19, 1862.

To be Surgeons.

Asst. surg. J. E. Dickinson, dated Oct. 7, 1864.

Asst. surg. C. Smith, dated Dec. 14, 1864.

Asst. surg. E. D'A. Eveyard, ditto.

Asst. surg. F. Day, ditto.

Asst. surg. H. B. Montgomery, ditto.

Asst. surg. J. M. Joseph, ditto.

Asst. surg. E. S. Cleveland, ditto.

Asst. surg. W. H. Harris, M.D., dated Feb. 18, 1865.

Her Majesty has been pleased to approve of the following appointments to H.M.'s Indian medical service:—

MADRAS.

To be Assistant surgeons.

A. Porter, M.D., dated March 31, 1865.

T. E. French, ditto.

S. B. Hunt, ditto.

W. S. Fox, ditto.

D. J. McCarthy, M.D., ditto.

W. S. Rawson, M.D., ditto.

J. A. W. Spence, ditto.

A. McDiarmid, M.D., ditto.

With reference to G.O.G. Aug. 29, No. 312, the prom. of Lieut. A. Kenney, Cav. Gen. List, and the alteration of rank of Lieut. E. S. Skinner, Inf. Gen. List, notified in the above extract, will be held in abeyance, pending further orders from H.M.'s Government.

Nov. 14.—Leave of absence:—

Capt. A. D. Clay, canton. mag. at Cannanore, priv. leave for 60 days, from the 20th prox.

Capt. T. W. Stansfeld, sub asst. coms. gen., will act for Capt. Clay during his abs.

Nov. 21.—Apts:—

Mr. H. Wigram, asst. to the coll. and mag. of the Madras dist., to act as dist. registrar of Assurances of the Chingleput dist., until further orders.

Asst. surg. C. A. Andrews, civil surg. at Vizagapatam, to be superint. of the dist. jail at that station.

Asst. surg. J. Dougall, Zillah surg. at Rajahmundry, to be superint. of the dist. jail at that station.

Lieut. F. G. Rideout, late 43rd regt. N.I., to act as asst. superint. of police of the 2nd class, in the Ganjam dist.

Mr. D. Williams, asst. to the coll. and mag. of the Madras dist., to act as sub coll. and joint mag. of the dist. of North Arcot, during the abs. of Mr. R. W. Barlow on leave.

Mr. T. G. Ward, 4th class dep. coll., acting 3rd class, to be 3rd class dep. coll., v. Teruvengadacharlu, dec.

Major H. N. D. Prendergast, v.c., R.E., to be dep. consulting engr. for railways, v. Capt. Lindsey, with effect from Sept. 1 last.

Capt. J. Flint, 28th regt. N.I., asst. engr., 1st grade, to be exec. engr., 4th grade, v. Major Prendergast.

Lieut. J. Pennycuik, R.E., asst. engr., 2nd grade, to be asst. engr., 1st grade, v. Capt. Flint.

Lieut. R. A. Livesay, R.E., acting asst. engr., to be asst. engr., 2nd grade, v. Lieut. Pennycuik.

Capt. C. F. Oakes, R.E., acting superint. engr., 1st class, to be superint. engr., 1st class, 2nd grade, v. Lieut. col. Moberly, to complete the establishment.

Capt. J. N. Hunter, R.E., acting exec. engr., to be exec. engr., 3rd grade, v. Capt. Oakes, to complete the establishment.

Capt. H. L. Prendergast, R.E., exec. engr., 1st grade, to act as superint. engr., 2nd class, during the employment of Lieut. col. Wilkieson on other duty, or until further orders, and to be posted to the 8th div., to join.

Lieut. H. Smalley, R.E., asst. engr., 1st grade, to act as exec. engr., v. Capt. Prendergast, or until further orders.

The Rev. J. T. D. Kidd, B.A., to be chaplain of Tranquebar.

The Rev. D. G. Clarke, B.A., to act as chaplain of Poonamallee, until further orders.

Nov. 12.—Mr. A. Tagg is admitted as a member of the Madras C.S. from the 18th inst., the date of his arrival at the Presidency, per French steamer *Meinam*.

Nov. 21.—Mr. G. A. Harris, civil and sessions judge of Coimbatore, resumed charge of the court from Mr. W. T. Blair, on the 18th inst.

Nov. 18.—No. 405.—The services of Lieut. T. O. Underwood, staff corps, doing duty with the sappers and miners, are placed at the disposal of the Govt. of India, for appt. to the 4th Punjab cav.

Nov. 21.—No. 406.—Appointments:—

Lieut. col. C. H. Hutchinson, of the royal (Madras) art., to act as supt. of the gun carriage manufactory, during the absence on m.c. of Lieut. col. T. H. Campbell, or until further orders.

Surg. maj. G. Mackay, M.D., L.R.C.P.E., acting examiner of med. accounts, to offic. as secy. to the principal insp. gen. of med. dept., without prejudice to his own appt., during the absence of Asst. surg. W. R. Cornish on other duty, or until further orders.

The services of Lieut. col. F. J. Moberly, of the royal engs., are placed at the disposal of H.E. the C. in C.

Surg. major H. F. C. Cleghorn, M.D., conservator of forests, who arrived at Mangalore Nov. 14, has returned to his duty by perm. of the home Gov., without prejudice to his rank, and is granted an ext. of leave from Oct. 29 to that date, the delay in his resumption of office having arisen from the detention of the mail steamer beyond contract time.

REGIMENTAL PAY.

Nov. 21.—No. 407.—The following decision of the Govt. of India, is published for general information:—

"When a comdg. officer of a brig. of R.A., or of a regt. of British cav. or inf., acts in command of a brig. on the half staff allowance, he shall receive his regimental pay and allowances in addition to the half salary of the acting appointment. The same rule may be applied in the case of an officer not of the staff corps, and not holding a regimental command, succeeding to the command of a brig. Whenever an acting officer comes upon the full staff salary, he will of course receive staff corps pay only, in addition to the staff allowance. It is to be distinctly understood that an offic. officer's claim to the higher allowances (as also those of regimental officers appt. by his tempy. removal from the corps) must depend on confirmation of his appt., until the appearance of which in gen. order no additional allowance should be made."

BOMBAY.

BY THE GOVERNOR IN COUNCIL.

Bombay Castle, Nov. 10.—No. 573.—The following officers are allowed furl. to Eur. on m.c.:—

Lieut. J. L. Fagan, staff corps, asst. superint. revenue survey Southern Mahratta country, for 20 months.

Lieut. H. W. Harris, cadre H.M.'s 10th regt. N.I., and 3rd squadron officer H.M.'s 1st regt. L.C., for 18 mo.

Asst. surg. G. Y. Hunter, for 18 mo., with permission to proceed via the Cape of Good Hope.

Nov. 14.—No. 574.—The following arrangements are ordered with reference to G.G.O. No. 565, dated Nov. 4:—

Brig. gen. Heath to be a brig. of the 1st class, and to command the garrison of Bombay.

Brig. gen. Malcolm, C.B., to be a brig. on the estab., v. Tapp.

Col. C. Birdwood to act on the brig. staff, v. Mal-

colm, during the time Brig. gen. Staveley may continue to command a div.

No. 575.—Maj. gen. E. Green, C.B., is perm. to return to England, agreeably to the regs.

No. 576.—The undermentioned med. officer, having completed 20 years' service, to be surg. maj. from the date specified, under the provisions of para. 7 of G.G.O. No. 825, dated July 13, 1864, subject to H.M.'s approval:—

Surg. J. McA. Hyslop, M.D., Nov. 3.

No. 577.—The following extracts from the *London Gazette*, Oct. 3, are published for general information:—

India-office, Oct. 3, 1865.

H.M. has been pleased to approve of the following proms. and alterations of rank amongst the officers of the staff corps and of H.M.'s Indian mil. forces:—

The undermentioned officer, having completed 5 years' service as maj. and brev. lieut. col., and as regtl. lieut. col., to be col. in the army, under the operation of clauses 8 and 9 of the Royal Warrant, dated Jan. 31, 1859:—

Lieut. col. G. S. Montgomery, dated Dec. 20, 1864.

BOMBAY ARMY.*

To be Lieutenant Colonel.

Maj. R. B. Moore, late 3rd cav.; dated Feb. 10, 1865.

To be Majors.

Capt. H. H. James, 10th N.I.; dated Dec. 10, 1864.

Capt. J. M. Holt, 20th N.I.; dated Dec. 26, 1864.

Capt. T. S. Warden, 4th N.I.; dated Jan. 3, 1865.

Capt. R. W. Richardes, 10th N.I.; dated Feb. 3, 1865.

Capt. J. Miles, staff corps; dated Feb. 3, 1865.

Capt. J. Miles, late 3rd Eur. regt.; dated Feb. 3, 1865.

Capt. J. T. Hill, 14th N.I.; dated Feb. 18, 1865.

To be Captains.

Lieut. J. C. D. S. Moray, 7th N.I.; dated Dec. 10, 1864.

Lieut. T. P. B. Walsh, late 1st N.I.; dated Jan. 20, 1865.

Lieut. G. M. Lyons, 24th N.I.; dated Jan. 20, 1865.

Lieut. F. P. Fortreath, 12th N.I.; dated Feb. 20, 1865.

Lieut. A. T. Spens, staff corps; dated March 20, 1865.

Bombay Staff Corps.—To be Lieutenant Colonels.

Major J. S. Kembell, dated Dec. 11, 1864.

Major (brevet lieut. col.) R. Phayre, dated Jan. 26, 1865.

Major (brevet lieut. colonel) E. C. Marston, dated Feb. 18, 1865.

To be Majors.

Capt. A. F. Battye, dated Dec. 10, 1864.

Capt. W. Y. H. Shortt, dated Dec. 10, 1864.

Capt. W. Wilson, dated Dec. 20, 1864.

Capt. S. C. Law, dated Dec. 28, 1864.

Capt. (brevet major) M. S. Green, C.B., dated Jan. 3, 1865.

Capt. F. L. Mackeson, dated Jan. 3, 1865.

Capt. G. E. Thomas, dated Feb. 3, 1865.

Capt. W. Creagh, dated Feb. 3, 1865.

Capt. (brevet lieut. col.) J. A. Wood, v.c., dated Feb. 12, 1865.

To be Captains.

Lieut. (brev. capt.) J. Fairbrother, dated Feb. 18, 1861.

Lieut. G. W. Hanson, dated Feb. 18, 1861.

Lieut. E. M. Smith, dated Dec. 20, 1864.

Lieut. (brev. capt.) W. H. Ross, dated Feb. 19, 1865.

BOMBAY ARMY.

Promotions.—1st Light Cavalry.

Lieut. F. Stephens, to be capt., v. Heath, transf. to 20th hussars, dated May 31, 1864.

3rd Cavalry.

Lieut. A. T. Moore, v.c., to be capt., v. Buckle retired, dated Nov. 24, 1864.

Infantry.

Major C. Hodgkinson, from 28th N.I., to be lieut. col., v. Coley, retired, dated Nov. 21, 1864.

18th Native Infantry.

Capt. (brev. lieut. col.) J. J. Combe, to be major, v. Taylor, retired, dated Jan. 30, 1865.

28th Native Infantry.

Capt. (brev. major) J. D. Williams, to be major, in succ. to Coley, retired, dated Nov. 21, 1864.

Alterations of Rank.—2nd Native Infantry.

Capt. C. B. Blair, to take rank from July 18, 1864, v. Newall, retired.

* The list published in *Allen's Indian Mail*, Oct. 10, No. 682, did not contain the dates given herein.

GENERAL LIST OF INFANTRY OFFICERS.

The undermentioned officers to take rank from the dates specified:—

- Lieut. H. S. Tandy, dated Aug. 12, 1862.
Lieut. R. Hennell, dated Aug. 23, 1862.
Lieut. J. E. Gordon, dated Sept. 30, 1862.
Lieut. W. S. Hore, dated Oct. 5, 1862.
Lieut. G. R. B. Drummond, dated Jan. 27, 1863.

H.M. has been pleased to approve of the following appointments to H.M.'s Indian medical service:—
To be Assistant Surgeons.

BOMBAY.

- H. Cook, M.D., dated March 31, 1865.
I. B. Lyon, dated March 31, 1865.
S. Duckering, dated March 31, 1865.
A. Brown, M.D., dated March 31, 1865.
J. T. Welsh, M.D., dated March 31, 1865.
J. Williams, M.D., dated March 31, 1865.
A. Barris, M.D., dated March 31, 1865.

Nov. 15.—No. 578.—The following promotion in the public works dept. is ordered:—
Asst. comy. E. Stapleton to be dep. comy., from Nov. 3, to complete the estab.

No. 579.—Surg. C. J. Sylvester, M.D., is allowed a furl. to Europe for 8 years, under the old furl. rules, to commence from the date of the departure from Bombay of the first mail steamer of February next.

Nov. 15.—H.E. the Gov. in Council has been pleased to recognise the appt. of Mahomed Nubbee Khan as acting consul gen. for Muscat at Bombay, during the absence of Mahomed Banker Khan in Europe.

Capt. C. M. Ducat, H.M.'s staff corps, assumed charge of the special duties of assistant political agent for the settlement of the boundary disputes in the Southern Muratha Country, on 4th inst.

Mr. S. H. Phillpotts, 8rd asst. to the coll. and mag. of Khandesh, has been app. asst. to the political agent in that province for the administration of the Ceded Districts of Wurrungum and Edulabad.

Asst. apothecary A. C. Pais has been app. to proceed on special duty with the political resident in the Persian Gulf.

Mr. W. H. Havelock, C.S., returned from the furl. granted to him under date March 3, 1864, on Oct. 30, and has been allowed casual leave for 7 days to rejoin his appt. at Kolhapoor.

Lieut. col. J. T. Barr and Mr. W. H. Havelock, C.S., respectively delivered over and received charge of the political agency in the Southern Muratha Country and Kolhapoor on 10th inst.

Mr. F. Thalwall, acting 1st asst. to the coll. and mag. of Canara, is invested with the powers of a mag. in the Canara district, and with powers under Act XIII. of 1859.

Lieut. H. Daniell acted as superint. of police at Sattara from July 26 to Oct. 10.

Nov. 18.—In supersession of G.O. dated Feb. 15, Mr. T. M. Mason is app. 2nd asst. coll. and mag. of Poona, with effect from Feb. 7 to April 26.

Nov. 11.—Messrs. R. Lambert, unemployed, and G. Berrie, 2nd class assistant settlement officer, Kurrachee Collectorate, have passed a departmental examination in the Sindhee language.

Nov. 13.—Surg. J. Lumsdaine, superint. of Matheran, performed the duties of civil surgeon, Poona, from Sept. 20 to 30, during the absence, on m.c., of Surg. R. G. Lord, M.D., and Surg. Millar, M.D., 7th regt. N.I., performed the same duties from Oct. 1 to 24, the date of his appt. as acting civil surg., Poona.

Nov. 20.—No. 583.—Lieut. R. H. Ward, royal Bengal sappers and miners, has furlough to Europe for 18 mo., m.c.

Nov. 21.—No. 584.—With reference to G.G.O. No. 166, dated March 28, 1863, the name of the undermentioned officer, who retired from the service under the annuity scheme of 1861, is removed from the list of regimental lieut. colonels of infantry:—
Lieut. col. (major gen., retired list) A. Shephard, C.B., by death of Col. (major gen.) J. Scott, on Oct. 11, 1865.

No. 585.—Her Majesty's 26th regt. of foot is brought on the establishment of this Presidency from Oct. 26, the date of arrival at Bombay of the head quarters of the regiment.

Her Majesty's 49th regt. of foot is brought on the establishment of this Presidency from Oct. 18, the date of arrival at Bombay of the head quarters of the regiment.

ARRIVAL OF ARTILLERY FROM CHINA.

No. 586.—G batty. 14th brigade royal art., which arrived from China July 28, is brought on the establishment of this Presidency from that date.

ABOLITION OF PAYMASTERSHIP.

Nov. 22.—No. 587.—The appointment of pension paymaster at Surat is abolished, and the stations comprised in the Surat Circle are transferred to the Poona Circle.

The staff pay of the paymaster of pensioners at Poona is raised to Rs. 250 per mensem, subject to confirmation by the Government of India.

All accounts, &c., hitherto furnished to the paymaster of pensioners at Surat should be rendered in future to the paymaster of pensioners at Poona.

These arrangements will have effect from 16th inst., and the controller of military accounts will give any needful subsidiary orders.

No. 589.—The services of J. C. Hobson, of the rev. survey, are placed tempy. at the disposal of the commander of the forces.

No. 590.—Lieut. C. A. McG. Skinner, royal Bombay engra., is allowed a furl. to Eur. for 6 mo., without pay, on private affairs, from the date of dep. of last mail of the current month.

No. 591.—The leave of absence granted to Capt. Napier, comy. of ordnance at Aden, by G.O. No. 541, dated Oct. 24, is extended up to Dec. 14, on m.c.

No. 22.—Mr. W. H. Havelock, polit. agent at Kolhapoor and in the Southern Maratha country, has been allowed leave for 4 days, viz., from Nov. 6, in supersession of the 7 days' leave granted to him under the Govt. notification of the 15th idem, published at page 1,157 of the *Government Gazette*.

Surg. maj. J. C. Trestrail, civil surg. at Bhooj, resumed charge of his duties on 15th inst.

Nov. 16.—Lieut. H. S. Daniell is app. to act as 1st asst. supt. of police, Khandesh.

Nov. 21.—Mr. J. R. Daniell is app. to act as asst. judge and session judge at Dharwar.

BIRTHS.

ANDERSON.—At Darjeeling, Nov. 9, the wife of Dr. Thomas Anderson, of a daughter.

BURN.—At Hingolee, Nov. 16, the wife of Dr. G. A. Burn, Hyderabad Contingent, of a daughter.

CAMA.—At Villa Byculia, Bombay, Nov. 23, the wife of K. R. Cama, Esq., of a daughter.

CRAWFORD.—At Malabar Hill, Bombay, Nov. 19, the wife of Arthur Travers Crawford, Esq., Civil Service, of a daughter.

COCKBURN.—At Cherrapoonjee, Nov. 3, the wife of F. J. Cockburn, Esq., Civil Service, of a son.

DAVIDSON.—At Rawul Pindee, Nov. 3, the wife of Lieutenant T. R. Davidson, 18th Bengal Cavalry, of a daughter.

DAVIS.—At Rawul Pindee, Nov. 7, Mrs. Davis, wife of Band Master C. Davis, of a daughter.

DUMBLETON.—At Dughale, Nov. 8, the wife of Lieut.-Colonel C. Dumbleton, of a son.

DE ROZARIO.—At Mount Cottage, Bombay, Nov. 9, Mrs. L. P. de Rozario, of a son.

FEAGAN.—At Poona, Nov. 9, the wife of C. J. Feagan, Overseer P. W. D., of a daughter.

FLETCHER.—At Moor Cottage, Parrell Road, Bombay, Nov. 22, the wife of Mr. Duncan Fletcher, of a daughter, still-born.

FREEMAN.—At Tannah, Nov. 27, the wife of James Freeman, of a daughter.

FOWLER.—At Mean Meer, on Nov. 9, the wife of H. D. Fowler, Esq., surgeon H.M.'s 82nd regt., of a son.

FRASER.—At Cherrapoonjee, on Oct. 26, the wife of Major G. W. Fraser, Bengal Staff Corps, comdt., 89th (the Allypore) regt. N.I., of a son.

JANSEEN.—At Calcutta, on Nov. 18, the wife of Mr. J. Janseen, of a daughter.

LOCH.—At Nagpore, on Nov. 6, the wife of Capt. J. L. Loch, of a son.

RANKING.—At Samulcottah, Nov. 17, the wife of Lieut. W. L. Ranking, 19th M.N.I., of a daughter.

STONE.—At Rajcote, Nov. 16, the wife of Capt. George Stone, R.A., of a son.

SQUIR.—At Jubbulpore, Sept. 29, the wife of Capt. William Squir, 91st Highlanders, of a son.

THOMPSON.—At Mountain's Hotel, Calcutta, Nov. 5, the wife of Surgeon-major John A. W. Thompson, Royal Horse Artillery, of a son.

WALKER.—At Bhaugulpore, Nov. 6, the wife of Capt. R. G. Walker, 17th Regt. N.I., of a daughter.

MARRIAGES.

BUNTING.—ROCK.—At St. John's Church; Calcutta, on Nov. 11, Joseph Albert Bunting, Esq., to Mary Alice, daughter of William Rock, Esq., Birmingham.

DIXON.—BROWNE.—At the Mission Church, Surat on Nov. 14, the Rev. William Dixon, A.M., to Sarah, only surviving daughter of Mr. D. Browne, Belfast.

EAGLE.—BOND.—At St. Luke's Church, Abbotsbad, Nov. 1, Francis Blake Eagle, 41st (the Welsh) Regiment, only son of the late Francis King Eagle, Esq., Judge of County Courts for Suffolk, to Emma Ellen, eldest daughter of the late Lieut.-Col. H. Bond, 15th Hussars.

FOSTER.—DORRETT.—At St. John's Church, Meerut, on the 10th inst., Mr. Richard Foster, Police Force, N.W.P., fourth son of the late Lieut. Jas. Foster, D. A. C., to Sarah Templeton, eldest daughter of the late J. R. Dorrett, Esq.

HALL.—MILNER.—On Nov. 14, at Barrackpore, A. Hall, Esq., Assistant Surgeon, 16th Brigade Royal Artillery, to Adelaide Elizabeth, eldest daughter of the late Capt. E. T. Milner.

LAWSON.—MOUNTAIN.—On Nov. 11, at the Old Church, Calcutta, A. Lawson, Esq., Revenue Department, to Charlotte, daughter of the late W. Mountain, Esq., of Glasgow.

LANDALE.—DOW.—At the Cathedral, Calcutta, on Nov. 16, Mr. George A. Landale, of Malda, to Agnes Edington Dow, eldest daughter of T. Dow, Esq., Solicitor, Dysart, Fife, N.B.

MOTTEY.—CAREY.—At Calcutta, Nov. 10, at St. Paul's Cathedral, Mr. J. P. Mottey, to Annie Eliza, daughter of W. H. Carey, Esq.

MAXWELL.—HAY.—At St. Paul's Cathedral, Calcutta, Nov. 20, Edward Herbert Maxwell, Col. comdg. 88th Regt. Connaught Rangers, son of the late Sir William Maxwell, Bart., of Monreith, Wigtownshire, Scotland, to Agnes Morgan, third daughter of the late Rear-Admiral James Hay, of Belton, East Lothian, Scotland.

MCCHESNEY.—BOWYER.—At Rosstrevor, Sept. 21, R. McChesney, Esq., of Calcutta, to Mary Jane, eldest daughter of the late C. Bowyer, of Macclesfield.

REBELLO.—BLUNT.—At the Catholic Cathedral, Agra, on Nov. 14, Mr. Walter Atkins Rebello, to Miss Anne Blunt.

SMITH.—PARKER.—At St. John's Church, Calcutta, on Nov. 16, William Miller Smith, Esq., Assistant Commissioner of Rajmehal, Sonthal Pergunnahs, to Ethel, daughter of the late Dr. Parker, of Pubna.

TOMKINS.—ENSOR.—At St. Paul's Cathedral, Calcutta, on Nov. 18, William Tomkins, Esq., to Helen, youngest daughter of the late Charles Ensor, Esq., of St. George's, Hanover Square, London.

UNDERWOOD.—D'SYLA.—In the Mission Chapel, Calcutta, on Nov. 6, Mr. Samuel Underwood, to Miss H. A. D'Syva.

VALLINGS.—COMON.—On Nov. 9, at St. Stephen's Church, Kidderpore, the Rev. F. R. Vallings, M.A., of Bishop's College, to Sarah Isabella, daughter of the late J. W. Comon, Esq., assistant surgeon, Bengal army.

WOOD.—MILNER.—At St. John's Church, Colaba, Bombay, Nov. 15, Wm. Martin Wood, Esq., to Lydia, daughter of Charles Milner, Esq., of the Edge, near Sheffield.

WAKEMAN.—BRANDIN.—At the Mission Church, Ghazepore, Nov. 8, Thos. Wakeman, Esq., of Calcutta, to Wilhelmina, widow of the Rev. L. Brandin.

WOOD.—WOOD.—At St. Peter's Church, Fort William, Calcutta, on Nov. 14, Staff asst. surg. John Wood, H.M.'s British forces, to Mary, eldest daughter of the late William Wood, Esq., of Cannock House, Staffordshire.

DEATHS.

AUBERT.—At Mirzapore, Nov. 12, Henry Alexander Aubert, Esq., of the firm of Messrs. Hamilton, Brown, and Co., aged 51.

ARMSTRONG.—At Alexandria, Nov. 26, Major William A. Armstrong, H.M.'s 109th Foot, aged 35.

D'SOUZA.—At Kolapore, Nov. 18, Isabella, the eldest daughter of Mr. Edward D'Souza, Assistant Government Telegraph Department, aged 6 years and 1 month.

D'AGUIAR.—At Calcutta, Nov. 4, Manuel d'Aguiar, of the firm of Thomas de Souza and Co., aged 50 years and 2 months.

D'MATTAS.—At Midnapore, Nov. 12, Mrs. E. D'Mattas, second daughter of the late Captain T. F. Robinson, and widow of the late J. D'Mattas, planter, aged 75.

FITZPATRICK.—On Nov. 20, at Byculia, Bombay, of pulmonary consumption, Letitia, the wife of Assistant Surgeon Fitzpatrick, M.D., King's Dragoon Guards.

HAZELLS—On Nov. 24, at Girgaum, Sophia A., daughter of Mr. H. Hazells, aged 3 years and 2 months.

KELSO—On Nov. 8, of cholera, on board his ship *Conflict*, Capt. Alexander Kelso.

LEWIS—On Nov. 14, suddenly, in the High Court, Bombay, the Hon. A. J. Lewis, Advocate General, Bombay.

MCCREADIE—Capt. James McCreadie, late commander of the ship *Banner*, Oct. 30, at sea.

MANUK—At Calcutta, on Oct. 30, the infant son of Mr. and Mrs. M. J. Manuk.

NICHOLL—At Ferozepore, on Nov. 5, Georgie, son of Capt. and Mrs. Nicholl, R.A., aged 8.

NICHTERLEIN—At Mudrock Factory, near Allyghur, on Nov. 10, John Nichterlein, Esq.

O'SULLIVAN—At Allahabad, on Nov. 5, Thomas Denis, the only child of Mr. and Mrs. Thomas W. O'Sullivan, aged 8 months.

PETER—At Attock, on Nov. 9, Lieut. J. J. Peter, 42nd Royal Highland Regt., "The Black Watch."

PATERSON—At Colaba, on Nov. 25, Stewart Paterson, aged 55.

RAY—At Meerut, on Oct. 16, of dysentery, Captain T. Ray, Pension Establishment, aged 68.

TILTON—On board the steamer *Mooltan*, at Suez, on Oct. 8, Harry Augustus, the youngest child of Fredk. A. and Mary E. Tilton.

TURNAGE—At sea, on board the ship *Winchester*, on the voyage to Calcutta, Henry Turnage, aged 28, Oct. 1.

WATSON—At Peshawur, on Nov. 5, Ada, second daughter of Major and Mrs. John Watson, 13th Bengal Lancers, aged 9 months.

YATES—On Nov. 9, at Agra, Grace Evelyn, the infant daughter of Mr. and Mrs. John Yates, aged 13½ months.

WAR OFFICE.

CHANGES, PROMOTIONS, &c., IN H.M.'s REGIMENTS SERVING IN INDIA. Dec. 19.

12th Foot.—The promotion of Ensign G. L. B. Thomas to be dated Sept. 20 and not Sept. 10, 1865, Lieut. Whipple having died Sept. 19, 1865.

42nd Foot.—Ensign W. Aitken to be lieut., by purch., v. W. James, who ret.; A. K. Macpherson, gent., to be ensign, by purch., v. Aitken; Dec. 19.

60th Foot.—Lieut. C. F. Borrer to be instructor of musketry, v. Lieut. W. G. Turle, who resigns that appointment; Dec. 7.

Rifle Brigade.—Ensign A. M. Egerton to be lieut., by purch., v. R. W. Ormerod, who ret.; the Hon. A. H. Grosvenor to be ensign, by purch., v. Egerton; Dec. 19.

BREVET.

Brev. col. G. J. Carey, c.b., major, 18th foot, to have the temporary rank of brigdr. gen. while in command of a brigade in the Australian Colonies; Dec. 19.

The undermentioned promotions and alteration of rank to take place in H.M.'s Indian military forces, consequent on the death of—

Lieut. gen. H. Sargent, Madras inf., on Nov. 19; and

Major gen. St. G. D. Showers, c.b., Bengal inf., on Oct. 9:—

Major gen. J. K. Luard, c.b., Madras inf., to be lieut. gen.; Nov. 20.

Major gen. H. Marshall, Madras inf., to take rank from Oct. 10, 1865.

Col. J. Liddell, c.b., Bombay inf., to be major gen.; Oct. 12.

Col. E. Darvall, Bengal inf., to be major gen.; Nov. 20.

The undermentioned officer, who has retired upon full pay, to have a step of honorary rank as follows:—

Deputy Inspector gen. of Hospitals W. Arbuckle, m.d., Bombay estab. to be inspector gen. of hospitals; Dec. 19.

MEMORANDUM.—Capt. and Brev. col. H. C. Wade, c.b., h.p. 1st drag. gds., has been permitted to retire from the service, by the sale of his commission, under the conditions of the Circular Memorandum, dated Horse Guards, Feb. 15, 1861; Dec. 19.

Dec. 22.

Royal Engineers.—Lieut. H. F. C. Lewin to be 2nd capt., v. R. Decie, resigned. The following lieutenants to have their temporary commissions made permanent, viz.:—R. G. Scott, R. T. Frere, V. F. Rowe, F. H. Fawkes, J. N. Manwaring, K. R. Todd, W. S. S. Bisset, W. H. Coaker, F. I. Edwards, H. H. Whatley.

HOME.

ROYAL MILITARY COLLEGE, SANDHURST.

The following are the names of the successful candidates for admission in the Royal Military College, Sandhurst, Dec. 1865:—

Order.		Marks.
1	Yorke, H. A. ...	6,622
2	Wright, A. ...	6,609
3	Waterfield, D. M. D. ...	5,830
4	Purdy, R. ...	5,783
5	Graham, L. F. ...	5,622
6	Smyth, W. F. Mease ...	5,255
7	Ferrier, G. H. ...	5,124
8	Essex, E. ...	5,011
9	Maclean, G. R. ...	4,991
10	Brander, A. J. ...	4,453
11	Shaw, P. P. M. ...	4,430
12	Egerton, C. C. ...	4,422
13	Keighly, C. M. ...	4,402
14	Irwin, J. J. F. ...	4,392
15	Martin, G. W. ...	4,347
16	Maitland, D. ...	4,271
17	Creagh, P. ...	4,270
18	Baugh, C. F. ...	4,227
19	Hope-Edwards, H. J. ...	4,090
20	Barton, E. ...	4,019
21	Moloney, C. A. ...	3,893
22	Vibart, N. ...	3,865
23	Harris, A. G. R. ...	3,837
24	Beaumont, L. B. ...	3,767
25	Dance, E. C. J. ...	3,733
26	Stewart, W. ...	3,674
27	Corbet, A. D. ...	3,657
28	Maitland, J. G. ...	3,561
29	Dalgetty, E. H. ...	3,553
30	Smyth, C. Thuillier ...	3,543
31	Keppel, E. G. ...	3,473
32	Hemans, C. W. ...	3,416
33	Morris, C. A. ...	3,280
34	Gordon, D. F. ...	3,244
35	Wood, W. G. ...	3,237
36	Chaytor, R. J. ...	3,235
37	Rose, H. M. ...	3,180
38	Byng, G. P. F. ...	3,080
39	Branson, C. L. S. ...	2,945
40	Greenaway, T. ...	2,937
41	Rudman, F. F. ...	2,822
42	Harrison, J. C. ...	2,747
43	Campbell, F. L. ...	2,738
44	Rower, J. W. N. ...	2,703
45	Jameson, J. F. ...	2,679
46	Gilbert, G. P. ...	2,640
47	Roberts, H. Robert ...	2,603
48	Stapleton, A. W. ...	2,545
49	Roberts, G. John ...	2,517
50	Balfour, F. M. ...	2,462
51	Dickinson, J. D. ...	2,450
52	Major, F. C. ...	2,433
53	Powell, T. P. ...	2,412
54	Woodland, A. L. ...	2,310
55	Vansittart, C. E. ...	2,277
56	Daubeny, G. A. ...	2,271
57	Skinner, J. ...	2,190
58	Goldsworthy, J. W. ...	2,149
59	Cuthbert, J. ...	2,113
60	Welch, F. G. T. ...	2,086
61	Robinson, W. M. ...	2,032
62	Elliott, G. H. ...	2,000
63	Allin, J. W. ...	1,974
64	Bayly, W. H. ...	1,971
65	Winthrop, R. ...	1,952
66	Welman, W. ...	1,942
67	Browne, J. T. ...	1,935
68	Waugh, G. W. R. M. ...	1,931
69	Stevenson, W. P. ...	1,904
70	Hesketh, T. G. ...	1,861
71	Shelton, W. A. D. ...	1,812
72	Norcott, C. H. B. ...	1,811
73	Briggs, A. ...	1,798
74	Oslear, W. O. ...	1,789
75	Bagot, A. G. ...	1,773
76	Laye, J. H. ...	1,752
77	Morrison, R. J. ...	1,715
78	Dampier, C. S. M. ...	1,703
79	Hewett, T. E. ...	1,671
80	Oakley, R. de C. ...	1,649
81	Pawcett, H. ...	1,619
82	Austen, A. F. W. ...	1,616
83	Buchanan, C. S. ...	1,534
84	Leaver, A. F. M. ...	1,506

QUEEN'S CADETS.

1	Macdonald, T. C. H. ...	8,333
2	Anderson, E. B. ...	8,305

CADETS NOMINATED BY THE SECRETARY OF STATE FOR INDIA.

1	Leslie, Sir C. H., Bart. ...	8,401
2	Nott, R. M'Intosh ...	2,828
8	Kitto, M. R. ...	1,588

MISCELLANEOUS.

BILLS ON INDIA.—The biddings for 35,00,000 rupees in bills on India took place on Wednesday, the 20th inst., at the Bank of England. The proportions allotted were:—To Calcutta, 22,58,000 rupees; to Madras, 2,42,000 rupees; and to Bombay, 10,00,000 rupees. The minimum price was as before—1s. 11½d. on Calcutta and Madras, and 1s. 11¼d. on Bombay. Tenders on Calcutta and Madras, at 1s. 11½d., will receive about 62 per cent.; and on Bombay, at 2s. 0¼d., about 13 per cent.; above these prices in full. These results show little change as compared with the last biddings.

DESPATCH OF THE CALCUTTA AND CHINA MAILS.—SOUTHAMPTON, Dec. 20.—The Peninsular and Oriental Company's steamship *Nyanza*, Captain Angone, sailed hence to-day with the mails for the Mediterranean, Egypt, Aden, Ceylon, India (except Bombay), China, Mauritius, Cape of Good Hope, Australia, and New Zealand. She took out ninety-five first and twenty-five second-class passengers, a general cargo on freight; also 236 boxes specie, value £110,060. 7s., for the following ports, viz.:—Madras, gold coin, £1,070. 10s.; silver coin, 12s.; gold thread, £1,294. 15s.; Calcutta, precious stones, jewellery, and watches, £1,522. 10s.; Hong Kong, dollars, £25,000, bar silver, £3,000, gold thread and pearls, £302; Foochow, dollars, £500; Shanghai, dollars, £25,000, watches, £150; Sydney, silver coin, £1,000, jewellery, &c., £120; Hobson's Bay, jewellery, £1,100; and, for Alexandria, sovereigns, £50,000.

CEYLON COMPANY (LIMITED).—At the half-yearly meeting of the Ceylon Company, held on Tuesday, Dec. 19, Mr. Ackland presiding, a report was submitted which stated that the estimated profits for the half-year ending Sept. 30, amounted to £13,551. 10s. 7d.; which sum, added to £3,905. 11s. 8d., brought forward from the former account, gives a total of £17,457. 2s. 3d., out of which the directors recommended that an interim dividend at the rate of 10 per cent. per annum, and a bonus of 2½ per cent. on capital represented by the old shares, amounting together to 10s. 6d. per share, be declared and made payable on the 21st instant. This will absorb £13,125, and leave £4,332. 2s. 3d. to be carried forward.

SHIPPING.

ARRIVALS.

Dec. 18. Blue Jacket, Singapore; Etna, Calcutta; Evelyn Wood, Colombo.—19. Astracan, Calcutta; Caranjah, Bombay.—20. Glen Rosa, Calcutta.—21. Ceylon, Calcutta; Octavia, Madras; Saladin, Calcutta; Calcutta, Calcutta; Lord Raglan, Singapore; Alice Hunter, Kurrachee; Thalata, Calcutta; Kennington, Calcutta; Duke of Athol, Calcutta; Barham, Madras; Royal Albert, Bombay; Ophelia, Bombay.

DEPARTURES.

Dec. 18. Star of Erin, Calcutta; Ann, Mauritius.—20. Ma-bel, Bombay.

PASSENGERS DEPARTED.

Per Overland Route.

Per str. *Nyanza*, Dec. 20.—To CALCUTTA.—Mrs. T. J. Walker and infant, Miss Hill, Mrs. C. F. Browne, Miss Nicholas, Mrs. Galbraith, Mrs. A. R. M'Mahon and two children, Lieut. Warner, Maj. and Mrs. Cochran, Miss M'Donald, Mrs. Stammers, Staff Asst. surgs. Duhay, J. F. Foster, J. McCreery, and G. White, Mrs. Smith and two children, Ens. Rimington, Mr. Kennedy, Capt. Pearson, Mr. and Mrs. Gavin Jones, Capt. Brown, Mr. Safford. For MADRAS.—Capt. and Mrs. Dyer, Maj. and Mrs. Buck, Mrs. H. Irvine, Maj. C. W. and Mrs. Dunn, Mrs. Pettley and child. For ALEXANDRIA.—Mr. J. Mitchell.

Per str. *Mongolia*, from Marseilles.—To CALCUTTA.—Capt. Pemberton, Mr. and Mrs. R. Saunders and child, Mr. E. Lawrence, Mrs. J. Harrison, Mr. P. D. Nichol, Mr. Lapsley, Capt. and Mrs. F. W. Stubbs, Lieut. col. and Mrs. Carter and child, Miss Turner, Rev. J. C. Marks, Maj. Bonamy, Mr. H. du Smidt, Miss Umbers, Lieut. Cowper. To MADRAS.—Capt. T. G. Clarke, Lieut. R. T. Chapman, Mr. R. J. Ellis, Mr. W. Robertson.

Per Messageries Impériales str. *Said*, Dec. 19.—To CALCUTTA.—Mr. and Mrs. Clark.

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ALLEN'S INDIAN MAIL

AND OFFICIAL GAZETTE

FROM

BRITISH & FOREIGN INDIA, CHINA, & ALL PARTS OF THE EAST.

(WITH THIS PAPER "THE INDIAN NEWS" IS NOW INCORPORATED.)

VOL. XXIII.—No. 700.] LONDON, WEDNESDAY, DECEMBER 27, 1865. [PRICE 6d.

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MAILS TO INDIA.

The Mails to India, China, &c., are made up in London, in each month, as follows:—

- On the 3rd, at 6 P.M., via Marseilles and Bombay, to all parts of India.
- On the 4th, at 8 A.M., via Southampton, to Calcutta, Madras, Ceylon, and China.
- On the 10th, at 6 P.M., via Marseilles, to Calcutta, Madras, Ceylon, and China.
- On the 12th, at 8 A.M., via Southampton, to Bombay and N.W. Provinces (also for letters only, to Madras and Lower Provinces of Bengal).
- On the 18th, at 6 P.M., via Marseilles and Bombay, to all parts of India.
- On the 20th, at 8 A.M., via Southampton, to Calcutta, Madras, Ceylon, and China.
- On the 26th, at 6 P.M., via Marseilles, to Calcutta, Madras, Ceylon, and China.
- On the 27th, at 8 A.M., via Southampton, to Bombay, and N.W. Provinces (also for letters only, to Madras and Lower Provinces of Bengal).

* * * When any of the above dates occur on Sunday, the Mails via Southampton are made up on the previous Evening, and those via Marseilles on the following Evening.

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- Via Marseilles, $\frac{1}{2}$ oz., 10d. ... 1 oz., 1s. 8d.
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A French line of mail packets now leaves Marseilles on the 19th of every month for Alexandria. Postage for letters and papers to India and China the same as is charged by the English mail via Marseilles. Letters intended to be forwarded by these packets must be specially addressed "By French mail packet from Marseilles."

Books, Parcels, &c., may not exceed 3 lbs. in weight, or be of greater dimensions than 24 inches in length or 12 inches in width or depth.

IN ALL CASES PREPAYMENT IS COMPULSORY.

SUMMARY AND REVIEW.

WE have received our usual files of papers by the Calcutta mail; but the only later dates are from Madras and Ceylon—being to the 27th and 30th of November respectively. As we have seldom, for some time past, received more than one day's later news from Calcutta by the direct mail, it is plain that this route is being practically superseded, as far as the mails are concerned. It is therefore most desirable that whatever change in this respect is intended be put in practice as soon as possible.

In reference to the feeling in India on the subject, we find these remarks in the *Pioneer*:—"Those of our subscribers who reside any distance from Calcutta, Madras, or Galle will do well to remember that the English mail by Galle for them is a perfect farce. As one instance out of many, we may mention that the papers and letters despatched from England on the 3rd Oct., and which went via Marseilles and Bombay, were delivered here twenty-four hours before the Galle mail, which left England seven days previously. And shortly it may be expected that via Jubbulpore even the Calcutta folks will receive letters via Bombay before those previously sent them per the mail which runs to Galle come to hand."

There is more news from Madras than usual; but little that appeals particularly to notice.

The re-organisation of the local army still excites discussion and discontent, and the officers who have suffered from the change have not been put into better temper by some particularly cool treatment which they have received from authority. When the order first came out they were invited to send in the particulars of their complaints, with a view to the provision of a remedy. They adopted this course with some punctuality, and now they are told it is too late—that nothing can be done for them.

The monsoon has set in at the Presidency, and relieved the people of much apprehension. Prospects are now much better than they were, and everything more cheerful.

A triple murder has been committed at Cannanore by a native gentleman of high rank. The delinquent is in custody.

From Ceylon we have the same curious mingling of news as usual. Coffee is always the first item, then the Governor, and he is followed by the Military Commission,

the Ceylon League, and the names of a great number of Bills which either have been passed, will be passed, or will not be passed, as the case may be, through the Legislative Council. The remainder of the paper (we here allude to the *Colombo Observer*) is usually given up to local quarrels. This time there is less than usual to notice, the most exciting item being an announcement that the Ceylon League are preparing something like an impeachment of Mr. Cardwell, and the most melancholy one, the termination of the search after oysters, with the information that none were to be found. There was a report, too, of the termination of the labours of the Military Commission, with a result mentioned elsewhere; but the statement is not made upon official authority.

The next arrival from India will be the Bombay mail, which has not yet been telegraphed from Suez, but, in the ordinary course of things, would be due in London on the 5th of January.

The *Times* of this day contains an article upon the Bhootan Treaty, of which it is disposed to make the best; but its tone is woefully apologetic. Here is an extract:—

"Such are the conditions of the Treaty now condemned. It is said that the Bhootas, instead of losing anything, are actually gainers of £2,500 a year in the shape of increased 'tribute,' that the Chief who had been foremost in insulting us, and who retains our guns, is no party to the Treaty and that if we are compelled to move against him ourselves, it will be when the two months of the year most favourable to military operations have gone by. In short, the Bhootas, after offering us the most scandalous offence, are left better off than before, while all India and Central Asia will naturally imagine that we have been discomfited in our attempt to coerce and chastise them. That the expedition would have been attended with the greatest difficulties, and could have resulted in no profit, is not disguised; but it is urged that much of the expense had been already incurred in the organisation of the invading force, and that the great, and to us invaluable, fruit of the war would have been the establishment of our prestige and the maintenance of our honour. This honour, it is said in India, we have now jeopardised to save ourselves the cost and trouble of a mountain campaign.

"It is not difficult to discover from the terms of the Treaty what its promoters really designed. We can state on good authority that the terms now accepted by the Bhootas are precisely those which would have been proposed had the first expedition penetrated to the capital of Bhootan and there dictated peace. They were the terms which had been framed and decided upon from the very beginning of the affair, nor have they been, except in the clause concerning the captured guns, either reduced or enhanced. The policy of the Indian Government was directed to security for the future, rather than revenge or punishment. These Bhootas are utterly uncivilised; they had little knowledge of the consideration due to an Envoy, and were scarcely, in a political sense, responsible people.

The object was to get the peace kept on our borders for the longest time and at the smallest cost, and the only effectual instrument in our hands was the rent which we paid them. This money was nothing to us; it was everything to them, and it has been made the machinery for working on their minds. The promise that the payment should not be stopped induced them, beyond doubt, to come to this agreement now; and the prospect of an increase, conditional on their good behaviour, is more likely than anything else to insure the conduct we desire. We are applying this machinery at the very outset, for the first instalment of the money is not to be paid until the Armstrong guns are given up. It is, we think, extremely probable that this policy is well calculated to secure its object, and that our territory on the Bhootan border will, at an expense not exceeding £5,000 a-year, be protected in future from the attacks which have hitherto disturbed us.

"The only question is, whether in these obvious considerations of prudence we may not have lost sight of what our position demands. We may have taken excellent measures for the preservation of peace on the Bhootan frontier; but if we have allowed the Bhootas to think themselves victorious, and other people to draw their inferences from the example, our loss may be greater than our gain. That is a point on which it would not be easy to pronounce an opinion, but it is also a point on which the Indian Government would be most competent to decide, and on which we need not suppose that Sir John Lawrence would be improperly biased."

The *Pall Mall Gazette* last night discussed the question in a similar spirit. The *Standard* and the *Morning Herald* take a very decided tone in condemnation of the settlement.

LATEST INTELLIGENCE.

(Private Telegrams.)

BOMBAY, Dec. 16.

Cotton advancing. Piece-goods firmer. Shirts—7lb., 8r. 4a.; 8lb. 4oz., 10r. 8a. 30's mule-twist, 20a. per lb.; 40's water-twist, 25a. per lb. Dhollerah and Compta, 410r. per candy, or 15-762d. per lb., free on board and freight; Broach, 420r. per candy, or 15-100d. per lb., free on board and freight; Oomrawuttee, 410r. per candy, or 14-769d. per lb., free on board and freight. Dhollerah, Broach, and Oomrawuttee (March delivery), 460r., or 16-425d.

Shipments of cotton during the past fortnight, 80,000 bales.

Freight to Liverpool, 35s., being 2s. 6d. per ton advance.

Exchange, 2s. 1½d. per rupee for six months' bank bills.

Dec. 19.

Dhollerah or Broach, 15½d. per lb.; Oomrawuttee, 14½d. per lb.

WHAT MR. COPE THINKS OF RUSSIAN INTRIGUE.—We have received the first number of the new weekly paper for the Punjab, the *North Indian Herald*, published at Unrisur. The writer of an article reviewing our present position in India says of our native subjects:—"Thirty years' residence in India, and a fair study of its population, entitle us to bear witness to the truth of the adage that it is impossible to change the skin of the leopard, and that no measures, however mild, can, until the pure light of Christianity shall pervade the whole continent." When talking on the state of their country to some stalwart Affghans lately, they asked the writer whether it was the intention of the British Government to assist the Ameer against his enemies—"Why should our Government interfere in your international squabbles?" "Well, if you won't the Roos will!"

Passengers by the present Mail.

For MARSEILLES.—From CALCUTTA.—Mrs. Showers and two Misses Showers, Master Atkinson, Lieut. and Mrs. Spragge, Mr. Durham, Lieut. Coghill, Maj. Cove, Lieut. Lewis, Mr. and Mrs. Broadhurst and two children, Dr. McClellan, Mr. and Mrs. Apear and two children. From MADRAS.—Miss Bain, Col. Campbell, Mrs. Fischer and infant. From ALEXANDRIA.—Mr. S. Lee, Mr. C. Lee, Mr. ndices.

To Correspondents.

All letters for insertion in *Allen's Indian Mail* should be accompanied with the real name and address of the writer, "not necessarily for publication, but as a guarantee of good faith."

Communications for the Editor, and Advertisements, should be sent under cover to Messrs. W. H. ALLEN & Co., 13, Waterloo-place, S.W.

•• Should any delay or irregularity occur in supplying this Paper, communication of the fact to the Publisher will insure a remedy.

ALLEN'S INDIAN MAIL,

WEDNESDAY, December 27, 1865.

THE TREATY WITH BHOOTAN.

It would be difficult to deny that there is a great deal of foundation for the indignation among our countrymen in India at the Treaty with Bhootan. In the first place, the ultimatum of the Government, conveyed in Sir John Lawrence's last letter to the Deb Rajah, distinctly declared that no peace would be made until the Durbar could give a substantial guarantee that the conditions would be carried out by the Penlows and the people. Considering the haughty tone of this despatch, and the threats by which it was freely accompanied, the sudden abandonment of the position is certainly inconsistent, and has all the appearance of weakness. Hitherto our rulers in India—whether in the right or in the wrong—have at least been distinguished from Orientals in saying no more than they meant, and refraining from any approach to braggadocio. They have trusted to acts rather than words, and though the lion's skin may have fallen short at times, they have never condescended to eke it out with the fox's. A little attempt of the kind was made, to be sure, in the early days of the mutinies, in the way of conciliatory overtures; but the policy was a dead failure. It only encouraged the enemy, and the mistake had to be atoned by the employment of superior physical force, by which alone the final victory was secured. But in the case of Bhootan there is now a precedent for a distinct expression of intentions which it is decided not to carry out; and the next expression of defiance which our Government has occasion to make will assuredly be measured by that example. There would be some consolation, however, and some credit, also, if the terms of the treaty were satisfactory in themselves; but unfortunately they are not. We submit to the cession of the Dooars, already formally annexed to our territory, and we consent to pay for them—just as if our old relations with the country had never been disturbed, and we had acquired the Dooars by an amicable arrangement. And not only do we make this concession—which will be understood

in India to mean paying tribute or black mail—but we make the return of the Armstrong guns part of the bargain, and lay ourselves open to the imputation of buying with money what we cannot obtain by arms. Nothing can be more unfounded than such accusations. We are strong enough to abolish Bhootan as an independent State during any given cold season. The recovery of the guns would be a mere matter of detail, supposing that we chose to fight. But this is the worst part of the affair. Our submission would be excusable if it were compulsory. But it is not to be justified when we have not only the resources for compulsion at our command, but have them all arrayed and equipped, at the cost of months of trouble, and something more than a million, it is said, of money. Moreover, if such a treaty was to be made, why not have made it earlier? It required no army to back it. The Deb Rajah always knew the nature of the terms that would be accepted, and was prepared to accede to them. The difficulty was as to the basis of negotiation—the concurrence of Tongso Penlow, which would include, of course, the return of the guns. If our Government were prepared to waive this vital condition, the thing might have been arranged at any time since the last campaign. The aggressive position has been so much waste of time and money.

It is true that the treaty made with Mr. Eden has been restored, and an apology extorted from the representatives of the Durbar. But the document, already repudiated, would not be a very valuable accession unless obtained from a Power with whom we might consider ourselves upon equal terms; and the apology is worth still less, since it does not come from the Tongso Penlow, who was the perpetrator of the insults. Nor are the minor conditions of much moment. Free-trade, for instance, is not a very useful privilege in connection with a country without commerce—as Bhootan may be almost literally considered, and which has at any rate so many opportunities for evasion. This, and the other subordinate provisions, indeed, could never be enforced unless we deputed a Resident at the Court—which would be rather a stretch of consideration, to say nothing of the trouble and outlay. That the Dooars will pay their expenses to the Government there is little reason to doubt; but even a commercial balance would be a very poor return for the loss of prestige by which the settlement has been accomplished. And not only loss of prestige but loss of an equally important kind—loss of heart by our own people, by the officers and men of the expeditionary force, and by the army generally. The latter is a very serious consideration, and one with which it is not safe to trifle.

We do not pretend to know whether the policy is that of the Home Government or of the Viceroy on the spot, acting upon his own opinions or those of the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal. It has been said, on rather good authority, that Sir John Lawrence himself is the responsible person, and that he has been actuated by a strong dread of the trouble of the intended campaign, and a regard for his exchequer which induced him to prefer a certain substantial advantage to the romantic idea of vindicating the honour of the country. But the author of the policy, whoever he may be, will soon find out his mistake. The Tongso Penlow is less likely to yield now than before; for he has a couple of months given him to consider his position, and a very little delay after that will bring the cold season to a close, and he is not likely to dread a renewed threat of hostilities a year hence after his experience of the result of the late preparations. In every way the arrangement is an unfortunate one; and so it is evidently considered in this country, where the most that has been said in its favour is merely in the way of apology. India wants peace. Any policy that can preserve it is entitled to respect and support. But the action of the Government in this matter is not likely to attain that end. It is declared in India that the Deb Rajah and the Tongso Penlow have been in accord all along, that the Rajah represents the accommodating friend and the Penlow the unconscionable dog of Sheridan's comedy; and that their object has been to delude the British into a treaty for the sake of getting over the cold weather and postponing a settlement for another year. If such were their intention they have most certainly succeeded, and our own Government have at any rate tied their own hands and made it appear that they prefer any terms to the necessity of fighting—which is the last character we can afford to incur in India, and one that we can never hope to sustain with impunity.

CORRESPONDENCE.

THE INDIAN ARMY.—No. 1.

THIRD SERIES.

TO THE EDITOR OF "ALLEN'S INDIAN MAIL."

SIR,—I commenced these letters with a view of showing that THE GREASED CARTRIDGES ALONE were the cause of the Sepoy revolt. Having brought the description of the termination of that war and the attendant rebellion to an end in the second series of these letters, it appears desirable to consider what were the true causes that affected not only the army, but the populations of the north-western provinces of Bengal and other parts of the Peninsular, not being military. The long and interesting letter of Shaik Hidayut Ali, published in your last two numbers (Nos. 697 and 698), afford, as I conceive, a

faithful description (from a faithful native officer, whose ancestors, as well as himself, had served in the native army of Bengal from the days of Clive to its self-dissolution in 1857), of the impression made on himself of the causes of the military revolt, and he has also offered a suggestion for the future composition of a new army more likely to be faithful and willing to perform all the duties required of it, whether at home or abroad, by land or by sea.

The author of the document to which I have alluded ascribes the first disaffection of the Bengal army to the result of the Affghan Campaign, in 1838-41; to the exposure and hardships endured in a climate like that of Afghanistan, where it is pretended the Hindoos lost caste by purchasing their food solely from Mahomedans, and from being compelled, through the severity of the weather, to clothe themselves with skins which did not even preserve their limbs from being frostbitten, and the sickness and death brought on by its inclemency. We have already shown, in p. 63, second series, that, out of 17,000 soldiers and followers, only one individual escaped death or imprisonment; and as the Hindoo tradition forbade them from crossing the boundary of the Indus, emphatically called the Attock, or barrier, those who eventually returned from captivity gave frightful representations of the sufferings to which their officers had led and exposed them. Their attachment to some and confidence in all was shaken; and the prestige of the European race, who had succumbed before the native Affghans, was at once dispelled.

From the period of the return of the Bengal army from the Affghan war that army was gradually affected with discontent, insubordination, and insolence towards their officers, which the latter found it difficult to control, reduced as they had been by the system that took away the best from among them. But there is a martial spirit latent in the military classes of India that always sustains them when called on to fight. So that the same troops that were insubordinate in time of peace were always ready to shed their blood in time of war—a spirit which did not even desert them in the defence of Delhi, nor in the attacks on Cawnpore and Lucknow.

But other causes existed. While they objected to cross the Indus they objected more seriously to embark on shipboard; and although the order which required recruits in future to swear to serve wherever they might be required, the men already in the army, not enlisted on the same terms, assumed it to be a cause of disaffection to them. It was in this state of the army that a new rifle musket was introduced in the place of a similar weapon which required the ball to be greased, the grease of which, applied by themselves, was made up of wax and oil. They pretended to believe the assertion of one of the men employed in the arsenal near Calcutta to make up the new rifle cartridges that the latter were greased with beef suet and hogs lard, both of which were equally an abomination in the eyes alike of Hindoos and Mahomedans. But in reality, as Hidayut Ali truly asserts, and has been sufficiently shown by

Kaye in his first volume of "The Sepoy War," no such greased cartridges were ever made. "H. D. A." also states with equal truth that the system of promotion among the Sepoys produced indifference and want of zeal in the men, who could only be advanced according to their standing in their company and the regiment without reference to their deserts—that ere a private reached the grade of a Native officer he was too old and inert to do his duty. He states also that, for a reason he assigns, there was less acquaintance and confidence between the men and the European officers than formerly existed, and he arrives at the conclusion that the predominant race composing the Bengal army of 1857 were wholly unfit for any army in which subordination was essential. Finally, he suggests as far better material, men of the same race as the Sonthals, one of those aboriginal tribes which are the faithful guardians of the palaces and the travelling escorts of the princesses of Central India, which formed the bodyguard of Hyder Ali, the foundation of the Madras army of Clive, of Lawrence, and Coote, and of the invincible sappers and miners who bear on their colours "Ubique," and who have accompanied the Indian army in all its battles and sieges for more than a hundred years, whether on the banks of the Yellow River of China, or the Red Sea, washing the shores of Africa and Arabia, or serving alike with the Bombay troops in Sind or the Bengal forces in Afghanistan and the Punjab. The same race too, which forms a valuable part of the army of Bombay, but whose very shadow the insolent Brahmin in the Bengal army pretended would pollute the food of his little circle within which he sat to prepare and eat his solitary meal. Is it to be believed that in the country in which these purists reside, especially under a Mahomedan rule like that of Oude, such practices would for a moment be tolerated by the population, especially since they are not suffered to operate in the armies of Bombay and Madras among the very same race, which are recruited from the same localities as the great bulk of the army of Bengal? The indulgences granted by Europeans on the banks of the Ganges are not suffered to exist in other parts of India—such as the refusal of a servant to touch the basin which his master has used to wash his mouth, but requiring a scavenger to be employed to throw away its contents. It has been this foolish cession to certain prejudices that eventually prepared the Bengal army to become the ready instrument of an attempt to subvert our Government in India, which for the period of twelve or fourteen years has been breaking through the legitimate rights of the people, great and small, and which rendered the Sepoy war a great political and religious revolt.

Of this Hidayut Ali affords abundant proof, in speaking of the disposal of the King of Oude, and the annexation of his country without any intelligible cause but that of might and the avidity of territorial dominion, with all its concomitant advantages to the white race, and the increase of revenue to the State. Hidayut Ali observes that but one common feeling

exists throughout the army and the country both in respect to the annexation of Oude and the refusal to recognise the usual right belonging to adoption in the case of Nana Govind Row. The whole country in the North-West Provinces was loud in its discontent, and but one sentiment prevailed, that, when the British Government had so changed its policy towards native princes, to effect their destruction and to deprive them of their legal rights, what security was there for the future? During the year 1856, on the introduction of the British rule into Oude, a course of inquiry was instituted to ascertain by what right the several chiefs, whose number, we have seen, amounted to 1,584, held their estates, some of them of longer standing than our own rule; and endeavours were made to introduce a system such as had been carried out in the neighbouring province of the Doab (the portion of Oude transferred to the British Government in 1803), to create an independent peasant population holding direct from the State, to the ruin of the Oude chiefs. This measure, connected with the fact of 40,000 of the Bengal army being raised in those provinces, carried the great body of their population with it, either to incite the Bengal army to revolt, or to sympathise with and encourage them to do so. A civilian servant of high standing, and of extensive experience in the adjustment of landed rights in the Punjab, wrote from Allahabad to the *Times* in London, in Sept., 1857, that, "had we treated the landholders in the Punjab as they have been treated here, the Sikhs would have risen to a man, Delhi could not have been besieged, and Havelock would probably at this moment, instead of defending Lucknow, be defending Calcutta." As it was, the revolt enabled those whose lands had been mortgaged by their tenants, and had been awarded to the mortgagees by the Civil Courts, to avail themselves of the moment to recover them, and to hold them till the end of the war, when they were compelled to abandon them. This sore still rankles in the breasts of that class of the landed interests in the North-West Provinces; nor are the peasantry similarly situated in the Bengal settled provinces better satisfied with their condition under the decision of Sir Barnes Peacock.

The judgment of Sir James Outram at the concluding part of the Oude war, and the wisdom of Lord Canning in adopting his advice by ensuring to the Oude talookdars their existent estates in the time of the late Government, brought about that submission to our arms without which the war would have been protracted, and more blood and more money expended, to no purpose.

J. B.

Oriental Club, Dec. 21, 1865.

FRENCH INFLUENCE IN INDIA.—It is stated by the French papers that General d'Orgoni has left by will 100,000fr., the yearly interest of which is to be given to extend French influence in India. The interest would be £200. Two hundred pounds a-year to extend French influence in the mighty British Empire in India! The so-called "general," an adventurer of a gasconading character, lately died in Burmah, where he had induced the King to give him one of the many trade monopolies.

BENGAL.

BISHOP BUGNION ON RUSSIA.

According to the *Neilgherry Excelsior* a certain Bishop Bugnion, when at Ootacamund, sought an interview with the Governor, in order to give him some information as to the designs of Russia. He firmly believes that the Russians will be in this country before long; he has seen an imperial missive to a Russian general authorising him to organize a force of 300,000 men, at the time when it was officially announced that the military strength of the empire would be reduced by the disbanding of two or three regiments. All this is rather shadowy. Who is "Bishop Bugnion," and where did he see the missive?

The *Madras Times* enables us to tell who he is. He is a Swedenborgian—a Swiss by birth and a naturalised Russian, whose doctrines were not so palatable to the Russian authorities that they would allow him to live at peace. He has established himself at Yercaud, in the Shevaroy hills in Salem district, where he hopes to establish the New Jerusalem, and whence he has issued a pastoral, which seems to be of an innocently silly and blasphemous character. He hopes to attract the Hindoos by such a miserable degradation of Christian truth as this:—

"If your legend gives *Bhowam* or *Paravata* for wife to Siva, it is because Woman in general represents the affections, and notably when it acts on the affections of the spirit, the good affections which destroy and exterminate the evil. It is thus that, when confining ourselves to the primitive revelation, having on one side allegorical superfetation which the ages have successively added, according to the tendency of human nature to seek after the marvellous which strikes the imagination, one easily sees that the difference between the Bible and your ancient scriptures is the difference that exists between Truth *absolute* and Truth *relative*, between divine dogmas disengaged from human traditions, and the same dogmas changed and amplified by these traditions."

Applying that pernicious symbolism which so deluded the undeniably great Emmanuel Swedenborg, and may prove anything, he says:—

"The first chapters of Genesis are purely symbolical, giving, under the emblem of the creation in six days, the history of regeneration; that is to say, the different states to which the new man is subject when created in us until all is peace and repose in him, a state which is called the seventh day, and of which the repose of the Sabbath was an emblem. This is not until the last incarnation of Vishnu, which your priests announced for 1866 or 1867, and does not coincide with the second advent of Christ; and as the second advent is accompanied by the revelation and understanding of the internal sense of the word, and as the Horse is the emblem of understanding, it was given to represent the horse *Kalki* as the last incarnation of Vishnu, as well as the internal sense is represented in the 19th chap. of Rev. under the figure of the Lord or the Word of God mounted upon a white Horse. In studying the Bible with its *true key*, the language of Symbols, you would be astonished at the profundity, at the depths, and at the harmony of the Holy Books, and struck by the infinity of the love of Para Brahma or Bhagavat, who speaks to us. You would exclaim, *There is Truth*—Yes, the 5,000 years are accomplished; Behold the Madeira who, at the end of this time, was to bring you a new law!"

Bishop Bugnion has made a mistake if he thinks that his new symbolical gospel of a Vishnu-Christ will attract Hindoos, Buddhists, or Mahomedans, and that the New Jerusalem will be founded by him in the Shevaroy hills. The Jesuits tried the same principle of compromise and failed. Even the worthy "Friends" who visited Calcutta were for a time deluded in the same way. Perhaps the name Salem has struck the Bishop's fancy, for he announces that he is to be followed by a large colony from Europe. After this we do not despair of seeing a Mormon settlement round the Nynce Tal Lake, and Jumpers on the Neilgherries, to the great scandal of true Christianity and bewilderment of the natives.—*Friend of India*.

MISCELLANEOUS.

OFFICIAL FESTIVITIES.—On Friday last the Lieutenant-Governor invited the elite of Calcutta to a ball at the Belvedere House, which was beautifully lit up and decorated on the occasion, and invited native gentlemen to it. The party went off with great *eclat*, and the guests, both European and native, came away well pleased with the reception. His Excellency the Viceroy honoured the occasion with his presence. The Viceroy's Levee and Drawing Room will be held on the 1st proximo, and it is worthy of remark that "Native chiefs and gentlemen" have been especially "invited to attend." There will, it is clear, be no invidious distinction made between native and European gentlemen in the Drawing Room. We are glad that his Excellency has graciously acknowledged native public opinion in the matter of court etiquette. We need hardly observe that our rulers lose nothing, but gain much, by a little conciliation and attention, which a people subjected to foreign domination know how to appreciate.—*Hindoo Patriot*, Nov. 13.

THE FIRST NATIVE BARRISTER.—The *Bengalee* says:—By the last steamer another member of the Tagore family of Calcutta has returned from England in a position hitherto beyond the reach of native gentlemen. Baboo Ganendro Mohun Tagore, the son of Baboo Prosunno Coomar Tagore, takes his place at once as a Barrister of the High Court. It is remarkable that the first native civilian should be a Tagore, as well as the first native Counsellor. They are nearly related, though one is a Brahmo and the other a Christian. Both are sincere, pious men, and ornaments to the nation. The career of Baboo Satendro Nath Tagore is, however, but just begun. Baboo Ganendro Mohun has already attained Indian and English celebrity. He left his home a grown-up man, with a thorough education, one of the first men amongst Bengalees. He returns to it still in the prime of life, having filled the honourable office of professor of Hindoo Law in the London University, and practised successfully as a Privy Council Advocate, occupying the ear of the Lords in a remarkable degree. It is undoubtedly a matter for congratulation that the highest positions in the country are no longer the exclusive rights of the dominant race. A native colleague of the Chief Justice, a native "learned friend" of the Advocate-General, a native covenanted magistrate—these are conditions and destinies overleaping the wildest dreams of the Bengalee of the days even of the liberal and the high-minded Bentinck. It behoves the native community to give a splendid reception to Baboo Ganendro Mohun. The virulence of caste and prejudice no longer prohibit rational and even social intercourse with a countryman, though he has defied orthodoxy, yea, embraced Christianity. We have fortunately dug the grave of all superstition which interferes with the worship of worth and intellect. It will redound to the honour of all concerned if an ovation were provided for the new barrister worthy of him and the occasion, which introduces the man of action to the men of thought, eager for future action.

FALL OF AN AEROLITE IN SHERGOTTY.—Towards the end of August the inhabitants of Umjhiawar, near Shergotty, were startled by the fall of an aerolite in one of the uplands of the village. As usual in cases of this kind, the "stranger" was at once handed over to the authorities, and by them to the Commissioner of Patna. From the Commissioner it passed on to the Bengal Government, which, in the cause of science, has handed it over to the Asiatic Society, with a request that as soon as full particulars have been received respecting its fall they should be communicated to the authorities of the British Museum by the Society.—*Bengal Hurkaru*.

JUNIOR CIVIL SERVANTS.—It appears that since the introduction of the competition system of examination of the civil servants, the salaries of the junior members of that service have been restricted to £500 per annum while holding the office of assistants to the magistrates or other officers of a higher grade, but after they have passed the prescribed examination in India they are promoted to higher offices and emoluments. A reference has lately been made to the Secretary of State by the Government of India, as to whether a junior civil servant holding the appointment of an assistant to a judicial commissioner in a non-regulation province is entitled to receive a higher pay than £500 a year. The circumstance which gave rise to this question appears to be, that the assistant to the judicial commissioner of the Punjab, drawing a salary of Rs. 750, besides a personal allowance of Rs. 100 per mensem, had presented his pay bill for audit, which was retrenched by the auditor of the province, on the ground that a junior civil servant is not entitled to a salary above £500 a year. The above-mentioned officer, however, has just made a representation to the Government of India to the effect that it would really be painful if the same indulgences were not extended to the junior members of the service, who have entered it by a competition examination, which were all along enjoyed by the ex-students of the Haileybury College, though the duties of both are equally responsible. Several Parliamentary Acts bearing on this important question were cited in support of the aforesaid representation. The Governor-general in Council, however, has referred the case to the Secretary of State, and has recommended it for his favourable consideration.—*Englishman*.

THE SURVEY DEPARTMENT.—To meet the requirements of the Survey Department in this country, the Government of India, at the instance of the Surveyor-General, has submitted a proposition to the Secretary of State to train up eight European gentlemen in England in the arts of photography, photo-lithography, electrotyping, &c., for service in India. On their arrival in this country those gentlemen will have to remain on probation in the Surveyor-General's office at Calcutta for a period not exceeding eight months, during which time a subsistence allowance of 200 rupees a month will be allowed to them. After the expiration of the period of probation they are to be posted to different places in India on a salary of 800 rupees each per mensem.

OPIMUM AND THE DROUGHT.—There is, we understand, every probability of the prolonged drought seriously affecting the area of opium cultivation; and the part of the country where the want of moisture is being most felt is also that which produces the most and the best opium. This will have a beneficial effect on the revenue of the present year by its tendency to sustain, if not to raise, prices. The opium-growing ryots, however, will feel it as a severe addition to the failure of their other crops, as the advances, which must now be curtailed, would have helped many to stave over the effects of a bad season.

LEGAL CHANGES.—It is not unlikely that some changes may take place on the bench of the Small Cause Court, but it would be premature to mention the rumours that have reached us on the subject. Should a High Court be inaugurated in the North-West in January next, as is now generally believed, there will probably be some transits both from and to the bench of the Calcutta High Court. The report seems to be gaining general credence, that Mr. Peterson is the Chief Justice elect of the High Court to be formed at Agra or Allahabad.—*Englishman*.

WRECKS.—CALCUTTA, Dec. 16.—The *Isabella Hercules Brenner*, from Liverpool to Madras, put into Beypoor on the 14th inst. disabled. The *Castor W.* has been abandoned off Arencompane; crew saved.

MURDER IN CALCUTTA.—A horrible murder has been committed in Calcutta by a native servant. Mrs. Rozario, wife of the crier of Messrs. Cook and Co., reproved a servant for insolence in her husband's absence, slapped him on the face, and ordered him down stairs. On her going to the kitchen to prepare her child's food, the man went to the bedroom and cut its throat with a knife. The grandmother and then the mother ran up, when he severely wounded both, jumped over the window and escaped. Mrs. Rozario is in a dangerous state. The police are on the murderer's track.

SILKWORKS FROM JAPAN.—We understand that the steamer *Emeu* has on board for Marseilles from Japan about 2,000 boxes of silk-worms' eggs, each box measuring about 3 feet by 1 foot 3 inches. They are lined with tin and perforated. All the boxes are placed on the main deck. Eight French gentlemen are in charge of the above, who are also taking with them two cases of mulberry trees. In order to make room for these on board the *Emeu*, half of the cargo of the P. and O. steamer *Aden*, from Shanghai, was obliged to be landed at Hong Kong.—*Straits Times*.

A MELANCHOLY AND FATAL ACCIDENT recently occurred at Mirzapore. Mr. Aubert, connected with a large indigo firm, was driving a four-in-hand, when, owing to carelessness on the part of the groom, the reins became entangled, and the horses, taking fright, broke away from all control. Mr. Aubert, a great favourite, was picked up in a state of insensibility, and died in the course of the day. But a few days before, at the neighbouring station of Chunar, Major Edward Osborn was thrown from his horse, and broke his leg.

BULLION ARRANGEMENTS.—The Government of India has sanctioned the adoption of the tola and its decimal divisions in all calculations concerning the receipt and conversion of bullion, in supersession of the system of carats and carat grains for gold and pennyweights and halfpennyweights for silver at present in use. The decimal form is universally employed by modern assayers, and as nearly all our imported silver is purchased in Europe, it is important to have a corresponding system here.

THE BISHOP OF CALCUTTA'S TOUR.—The Bishop of Calcutta has commenced his return tour from Murree, and is expected in Calcutta on 5th February next. He will visit, on his way, Peshawur and the frontier stations, Mooltan and Lahore, which he hopes to reach on 17th December. Passing down by Looliana, Sirsa, Hissar, and Rohtuck, he will be at Delhi on 7th January, at Agra a week after, and at Allahabad on 28th January.

THE QUEEN'S EVIDENCE IN THE WAHABEE CASE.—We are glad to see that Elahi Buksh, whose confession alone led to the conviction of the Patna Wahabee, Ahmedoolah, is to be conditionally pardoned. He will be released from prison, but will be under the surveillance of the police, and strictly confined within certain limits fixed by himself. He will be put in possession of his house at Patna and receive a donation of Rs. 500 out of the proceeds of his other property.

FAIR AT DARJEELING.—We observe that an annual fair is to be held at Darjeeling, and that the local exhibition, if attempted, will be made subordinate to the general objects of the fair. At least a year's notice is to be given, the time being fixed according to the present practice of the Tibetan and Nepalese traders in coming to Darjeeling. The site has been selected on the Lebong Spur, on which accommodation for traders has already been provided by the Darjeeling Municipality.

THE RAILWAY.—The Viceroy has nominated Mr. G. W. Kellner, Assistant Accountant General in the P. W. D., to proceed to Bombay and Madras, for the purpose of introducing the new system of railway appropriation into those presidencies.

COMMERCIAL.

Calcutta, Nov. 21, 1865.

GOVERNMENT SECURITIES.

Rate of Interest.	Stock.	Selling Price.
1 per Cent., Sa.	90 Rs.	88 0 to 88 4
Do. Transfer Stock	91	— 0 to — 0
4 per Cent.	Co's Rs. 91	88 13 to 89 0
5 per Cent. P.W.	Co's Rs. 101	102 0
5½ per Cent.	Co's Rs. 111	103 0
5 per cent., 56-57	Co's Rs. 104	103 0 to 103 13

EXCHANGE.

On London.	Per Rupee
Local Bank Bills	at 6 months' sight ... 2 04 ½
First Class Credit	at 6 months' sight ... 2 14 to 3 16
Bills with Docs.	at 6 months' sight ... 2 14
Bank Post Bills	at 1 months' sight ... 2 09 10 to 0

JOINT STOCK SHARES.

Stock.	Paid-up.	Quoted at
	Rs. each.	Rs.
Agra and Masterman's Bank	500	1175 to 1190
Assam Tea Company	200	— to —
Bank of Bengal	1000	1750 to 1762½
Bengal Tea Company	100	126 to 128
Bengal Credit Mobilier (Lm.)	100	110
Bonded Warehouse Association	445	600 to 625
Borokai Tea Company (Limited)	25	— par
Cachar and Assam Tea Company	115	155
Do. (Contributory)	600	30 dia.
Cachar Tea Company	600	550 to 555
Do. (Contributory)	500	— par to 5 pm
Calcutta Docking Company	700	1350 to 1400
Calcutta Steam Tug Association	600	540 to 505
Calcutta and South Eastern Railway	52	53
Central Assam Tea Company	100	55
Central Cachar Tea Company	200	235 to 240
Do. new shares	200	220
Dehra Doon Tea Company	100	85
Delhi Bank Corporation	500	700
E. B. Indigo Company	100	nom.
East India Railway Company	218	217 to 218
East India Tea Company	100	100 to 105
Do. contributory	80	2 to 33 pm
Eastern Bengal Tea Company	50	55
Eastern Cachar Tea Company	100	105
Do. contributory	85	6 ds to par
Eastern Bengal Railway Company	218	216 to 218
Eastern Steam Tug Company	1000	1000
Equitable Coal Company	250	210 to 205
Ganges Steam Navigation Company	500	Nominal
Great Eastern Hotel Company	250	210
Gola Ghaut Tea Company	250	267
Do. new shares	250	255
Hindustan, China, and Japan Bank	250	—
Hughly Steam Tug Company	1000	850
Howrah Docking Company	500	520 to 525
India General Steam Navigation Co.	1000	800 to 810
National Bank of India (Limited)	250	263 to 264
New Fort Gloster Company	600	—
North-West Indigo Company	100	71
North-West Sewing Company	50	10m.
Orissa Gas Company	41	15 to 16
Peoples Bank of India	100	nom.
Pat. Coasting Land Company	100	275
Punjab Bank	100	115
Punjab Trading	75	5 to 10 pm.
Royal Bank of India	—	Nominal.
Sewing Company (Limited)	200	110
Sinla Bank	500	625 to 650
South Cachar Tea Company	100	nom.
Strand Pressing Company (Limited)	62½	250 to 252
Sylhet and Cachar Tea Company	200	100 to 105
Tirhoor Indigo	200	165
Union Steam Tug Company	250	6 to 4 ds
Upper Assam Tea Company	100	170

FREIGHTS.

	To London.	To Liverpool.
Saltpetre	£0 15 0 to 1 0 0	1 5 0
Sugar	0 0 0 Nonnal.	1 5 0
Rice	0 0 0 to 0 0 0	1 6 3 to 0 0 0
Seeds	0 15 0 to 0 0 0	2 0 0
Jute	2 10 0 to 2 13 6	2 2 6
Cotton	2 10 0 to 2 15 0	2 10 0

MADRAS.

MISCELLANEOUS.

MURDER AT CANNANORE.—A triple murder was committed on the 14th of November in the town. A native murdered three females by cutting their throats. One of the victims was a young girl married about a month ago. The murderer was seized sword in hand. The females are relatives of the beef and bread contractors of the 102nd Regiment. He went to Tellicherry, and only returned home late last night. He had just gone upstairs, when the women were below taking their supper. Suddenly the man rushed in and murdered the unhappy creatures, and was rushing upstairs again, when the men in the house, hearing the noise, came down. The murderer attacked the first man he met, who turned out to be the contractor himself. He inflicted several wounds upon the poor man, when he was seized and secured. The murderer proves to be the son-in-law of the Rajah's sister. The contractor is a very wealthy man, and has, I believe, built a large three storied house,

which is an eyesore to many who know him. The weapon the murder was committed with is a Moplah knife, very unwieldy, and something like a cleaver. After murdering the three women, he went upstairs, where he was met by the contractor and his son-in-law, when a terrible struggle ensued. It lasted for about fifteen minutes, during the whole of which time the house was in a dreadful state of uproar and confusion. The bodies of the women lay on the ground weltering in blood, and the house in many parts was blood-besmeared. No assistance was rendered by the natives, but afterwards a policeman came in, and secured the man. The three women have since died, but the contractor is doing well in hospital. It has since transpired that the Arrakal Rajah of Cannanore has been arrested, and placed in close confinement within the walls of the fort at Cannanore, in reference to the recent murder of the three females at the palace, and that two members of the Madras bar have been engaged to proceed and defend the rajah's case. Fourteen thousand rupees is, we learn, the fee proffered. Mr. Ballard, the magistrate of Malabar, is engaged in the investigation of the case. Great excitement prevails at Cannanore.—*Athenæum*.

STEAM PLOUGHING IN MADRAS.—Last evening a large number of people had collected to witness the experiments in ploughing by steam. The steam-engine, "Lady Dennison," was posted on the Esplanade, opposite to Patcheapah's Hall, near the railing, and at three o'clock precisely commenced the process of getting up steam. The crowd gradually thickened from the north-west angle to the south-east angle of the Esplanade till the whole railing from one angle to the other presented a mass of heads that could not be numbered. With very few exceptions the spectators were natives; and after a good deal of puffing and spurring from the engine, the crowd were on the *qui vive* of expectation to see the steam-engine move off with wonderful speed across the Esplanade. But after waiting for more than half an hour, during the whole of which time the wonderful "fire-plough" and its grand achievements were the subject of talk, the plough was seen to move lazily along, kicking up the dust as it went. It continued to do so till it had reached the north-eastern angle of the Esplanade and came half back, when all of a sudden something seemed to get out of order, and the plough failed to work any more up to a quarter-past five. Nobody knew what was the cause of the disorder, till it was found on inquiry that the "anchor" had got fast in the soil, and much faster than had been anticipated. Then came the most amusing part of the business; manual labour was called in to aid mechanical force, and about a dozen coolies set to work to liberate the fast stuck anchor from the soil that surrounded it. Up to the time we withdrew from the scene, which was at a quarter-past five, their efforts were simply fruitless, and on surveying the work the steam plough had accomplished in an hour and three quarters, we found it to be about as much as two old women may have been expected to do with a pair of forks. *Madras Athenæum*, Nov. 14.

OFFICIAL PROMISES.—In the Commander-in-Chief's order which gave the death blow to the old Madras army, his Excellency in paragraph two observes as follows:—"In carrying into effect so comprehensive a measure as the new organisation of the army, probably, in the distribution of officers, notwithstanding the greatest care, some errors may have crept in; the Commander-in-Chief, therefore, directs that any officer who may conceive that his individual interests have been overlooked or compromised, will at once, in the usual way, refer his case (through the military secretary) for his Excellency's consideration, stating explicitly the specific appointment he anticipated to fill, or may have considered he was entitled to succeed to, with a view to affording, where

necessary, the requisite redress." Nothing could be more liberal than the above, and of course we are bound to believe that it was written in all sincerity; at all events, depending upon the promise, so magnanimously held out, we are aware that several officers, who have felt themselves aggrieved by the new appointments, have, in accordance with the chief's invitation, submitted their case for his consideration; but will it be believed that the stereotyped answer to all has been, "sorry to say nothing can now be done?" This, we fear, is but a sample of what is yet in store for the Madras army.—*Athenæum*.

THE PROPOSED NEW CENTRAL RAILWAY STATION.—A mixed committee of engineers, railway managers, and merchants, having been appointed by order of the Home Government to examine into the question of providing a more eligible terminus for the railway at Madras, perhaps a few remarks from an outsider may not be considered impertinent to the question. There can be no doubt that the stations of Royapooram and Perambore afford the minimum of facilities to the Madras public. Further extensive station accommodation being absolutely necessary, the Secretary of State has concurred with all whom it concerns, that "it would be a folly to perpetuate a blunder," and though some lacs of rupees must have been spent upon the line to Royapooram, including the extensive station buildings there, it has, nevertheless, been considered advisable to do away with the Royapooram station altogether, and to select some more eligible site. Without then disputing the fact of the unsuitableness of Royapooram for the grand railway terminus at Madras, it may nevertheless be fairly a question whether it would be so wise a plan to take up the rails and altogether to abandon Royapooram as a station, there being already extensive godowns and store sheds close to the sea beach, with a landing place, all suitable for landing and storing coals, rails, chairs, &c., and within a few hundred yards of the station, three of the largest cotton presses in Madras; besides the advantage of being within a short distance of the custom house, the government godowns, the new pier, and the timber beach at Casemode, and, in fact, not far from the centre of the greater part of the present trade of Madras. The question now put is, whether it would not be better to retain part of the present terminus at Royapooram as a beach terminus, just as Nine Elms and Blackwall are river termini to extensive lines of railway. It can be no disadvantage to a gigantic railway system like that of Madras to have as many inlets and outlets as practicable; independent of the value of such a terminus for its own accommodation only, it might be made valuable for the convenience of others without much trouble.—*Athenæum and Daily News*.

THE MONSOON.—Our monsoon set in with good will last week, and toward the close of it the rains were very heavy. Judging from appearances, we should say that they have likewise extended widely over the country, for the rivers in these parts have been in flood since Friday night. A great volume of water has come down the Cortelyaur, and raised the Ennore lake and Northern canal higher than for several seasons past. The Cooum also is full, and the bar by the Marine Villa was out yesterday, Madras being deluged as to its lower parts. We have been visited too with very boisterous winds, amounting, in fact, to a smart gale since Saturday morning, and the ships in the roads were warned off during the day. There must evidently have been very bad weather out in the bay. We have not seen so rough a sea for many years back. The wind lulled a good deal toward Saturday evening, but grew again more violent in the night, and continued exceedingly strong all Sunday, with occasional heavy squalls and great bursts of rain; and as the day wore on a severe gale set in from the north-east, which

lasted without intermission until Monday morning. The night of Sunday was most tempestuous, and we fully expect to hear of much damage among the buildings and trees in town, as abundance of rain accompanied the wind storm nearly the whole time of its continuance. It seems probable that we shall have further experience of the same kind of weather before a change takes place, which is a source of great rejoicing, for the failure of the monsoon hitherto had awakened the gravest anxiety regarding the prospects of the ensuing season. Our total rainfall from the 1st of January until last week was only 21.54 inches, being no less than 17.38 below the average of the previous twenty years. Upwards of nine inches fell on Saturday and Sunday. The prices of all the necessities of life had likewise run up to a great height, and much distress existed among the poorer classes, more especially those dependent on small fixed salaries drawn from Government or private employ. If, however, the rainfall has been as general as we are led to hope, and lasts a short time longer, it may be expected that the dealers will somewhat reduce their exorbitant rates, though they are sure to keep them as high as possible, for prices once raised to the famine mark never fall again to the previous level of abundant seasons. We are very glad to say that, notwithstanding the violence of the wind and sea for some days past, only a few boat accidents are recorded as having taken place, but, unhappily, two of them were attended with loss of life.—*Athenæum and Daily News*, Nov. 27.

WASTE PAPER IN MADRAS.—To such an extent is government in detail carried in Madras, that the Official Gazette notifies quarter by quarter the amount of waste paper saved in the public offices. For instance, the superintendent of stationery states that, last quarter, he had received 213 bags, 16 baskets, and 10,000 lbs. weight of waste paper, besides 425 unserviceable books from the General Hospital. This is a parallel in economies to the mistake which applied the order allowing only three pence a month to each Omlah to the judges and high officials, who were subsequently allowed fifty each after grave debate in council.

THE GUN CARRIAGE MANUFACTORY.—Lieutenant-colonel T. H. Campbell being about to proceed to Europe on sick certificate, we hear that Lieutenant-colonel A. M. Scott will be appointed to act in his stead, as Superintendent of the Gun Carriage Manufactory.

SCARCITY IN GANJAM.—In compliance with the requisition of the Collector of Ganjam, the local government has purchased 2,000 bags of rice, which will be forwarded to Cuttack by the first available opportunity.

SHIPPING.

ARRIVALS.

Nov. 20. Nelly Townsend, Milne, Liverpool.—22. str. India, Lewis, Calcutta; Akbar, Rizzie, Penang, Wellington, Diebhorn, Penang.

PASSENGERS ARRIVED.

Per str. India.—For MADRAS.—Maj. and Mrs. Harrington, Mr. and Mrs. Norfor, Mrs. Sharpe, Mrs. and Miss Crewe, Capt. Greene, Capt. Stephenson, Lieut. Dyas. For COLOMBO.—Major Ryall.

PASSENGERS DEPARTED.

Per P. and O. S. N. Co.'s str. Meaban.—For SOUTHAMPTON.—Capt. Johnson, Mr. D. McFarlane. For MARSEILLES.—Capt. Bowden, Mr. Dugand, Mr. C. H. Taylor. For SYDNEY.—Mr. Boydell, Mr. Kigour. For PENANG.—Major and Mrs. Doveton.

COMMERCIAL.

Madras, Nov. 27, 1865.

BANK OF MADRAS.

Interest on Loans and deposit of Govt. Securities...	10 per ct
On Cash Credit on deposit of subject to commission of ½ per cent. on the sum granted on amount drawn.....	10 per ct.
Discount on Government Bills	9 per ct.
Ditto on Private Bills, at or within 3 months.....	14 per ct.
Loans on deposit of Government paper.....	9 per ct.

EXCHANGES.

Document Bills, at 6 months' sight.....	1 11½
Credit to 6 months.....	2 0½
Agents' Bills on England, at 6 months.....	2 0½
" " at 3 months.....	2 0
" " at sight.....	2 0

RATES OF ADVANCE.

On Govt. 5½ per cent. Promissory Notes.....	104 per ct.
Do 5 ditto ditto.....	98 per ct.
Do 4½ ditto ditto.....	90 per ct.
Do 4 ditto Stock Receipts.....	80 per ct.
Do 4 ditto Promissory Notes Sierra.....	83 per ct.
Do 4 ditto ditto Company's.....	83 per ct.
Do 3½ ditto ditto ditto.....	— per ct.
On Tanjore ditto ditto ditto.....	98 per ct.

GOVERNMENT SECURITIES

5½ per cent. Loan.....	1859... 104 pm
5 per cent. ditto.....	1856-57... 3½ to 3¾ pm
4 per cent. ditto.....	1852-53... 10½ to 10 dis.
Do.....	1853-54... 10½ to 10 dis.
Do.....	1854-55... 10½ to 10 dis.
6 per cent. Transferable Book Debt.....	½ per ct. dis.
Tanjore Bonds.....	87 to 91 p.c. pm
Bank of Madras Shares.....	87 to 91 p.c. pm

PRICE OF BULLION.

Sovereigns each Rs. 10-3-6

FREIGHTS.

Cotton—To London and Liverpool. £3 to £3. 5s.; Sugar, 17s. 6d.; Indigo and Hides, £3 to £3. 10s.; Rice, 17s. 6d.; Saltpetre, 17s. 6d.

BOMBAY.

THE BENCH AND THE BAR.

Mr Justice Anstey was engaged during the whole of Friday, the 17th November, in the hearing of a suit brought by one Marianbaee against Raju Fukeera and others, in respect of certain landed property. Mr. Mayhew and Mr. Green appeared for the plaintiff, and Mr. Hayllar for the defendants. A certain passage in a will was one of the principal disputed points in the case; and Mr. Mayhew, in concluding his speech in reply, stated to the Court what he thought was the proper construction to be put upon the passage, viz., that the bequest was intended for the children and grandchildren of the testator; but remarked that he would leave it to his Lordship to put on the passage any construction he thought proper.

Mr. Justice Anstey observed that if Mr. Mayhew had made the remark in an ironical sense, it was a contempt of court; but if not so, then it was uncalled for. His Lordship said that the manner in which Mr. Mayhew addressed the court showed that he had not been in any of the courts of England.

Mr. Green, Mr. Mayhew's junior in the case, came into Court at this stage, when—

Mr. Justice Anstey: Mr. Green, your leader has not adduced any authorities to meet the arguments of Mr. Hayllar on the other side. Have you any authorities to cite?

Mr. Green was about to speak, when—

Mr. Mayhew (interrupting him): My Lord, I, as the leader, am in possession of the Court, and Mr. Green has no right to address the Court while I am speaking.

Mr. Justice Anstey: I have called upon Mr. Green to speak.

Mr. Mayhew remained standing, upon which—

Mr. Justice Anstey: Sit down, Sir!

Mr. Mayhew: May it please your Lordship! The counsel sat down, and the discussion dropped here.

MISCELLANEOUS.

STAFF CHANGES.—We regret very much indeed to learn that the son of one of the best friends India ever had (we allude to Colonel Sykes) is likely to have to resign his appointment on the Divisional Staff, and proceed to Europe on sick leave. All who know Captain Sykes will be as sorry as surprised to learn that he is so soon to leave us. We can, however, only hope that a change of air and the influence of a colder climate will soon restore him to health. We are really getting quite wearied with changes. One by one our best men drop off, or are transferred. Colonel

Sandwith only returned to be taken from us, and sent over the hills and far away! General Smith, one of the finest officers we ever had, is to be sent to look after the "Ravls" of Rajpootana. In fact, in a few weeks we shall recognise no old familiar faces. Our best wishes will accompany all, and if we are fortunate enough to welcome another year, we shall not forget to remember in its celebration "old friends, tho' far awa'."—*Deccan Herald*.

AFGHANISTAN.—The *Delhi Gazette's* Cabul news comes up to the 17th Oct. Sirdar Mahomed Wully Khan, Governor of Cabul, had written a letter to Abdulrahman Khan, advising him to march against Cabul at once. This was intercepted and brought to the Ameer, whose sepoys were deserting in bodies. The officers and chiefs of the Cabul troops now in Turkistan advised Abdulrahman Khan to march against Cabul at once, as the troops there were dissatisfied with the Ameer, and would join him the moment the troops reached Cabul. The Sirdar said he would do so as soon as his uncle, Azim Mahomed Khan, had joined him to relieve him of the government of Turkistan. Two Cabul Battalions stationed in Herat had mutinied, and "about 400" mutineers were killed by the Governor. All the Moolas of Candahar, on learning that the Ameer was in the habit of keeping the likenesses of his son and brother, the late Mahomed Alle Khan and Mahomed Ameen Khan, before him, after a great religious altercation declared that Ameer Shere Allee Khan had become idolatrous, and that a Jehad against him was lawful. The Ameer, hearing this, ordered the ringleaders to be imprisoned. Fifteen Moolas were taken; the others fled. The battalions of Mahomed Shereeff Khan have deserted and marched with their arms and magazine for Turkistan. Abdulrahman wrote to his mother instructing her to bribe the Cabul troops, especially the Kohistanes, as much as possible, and she was carrying out his injunctions. Now that the Moolas have seen it to be for their interest to declare against the Ameer, and the Khan of Bokara supplies his enemies so liberally, his cause is almost hopeless.

ALLEGED DEATH FROM A MAHARAJ'S BRUTALITY.—It was stated by the *Satya Dipaka*, and other vernacular journals, some days ago, that a Hindoo girl, of the age of twelve years, had died from the brutality of a Maharaj. A rumour has been circulated within the last few days that the above information was a canard. We learn from a reliable source that the girl is still alive, and that a false report of her death was intentionally propagated by the girl's relations, with the view that, should it be once published in the papers, and afterwards contradicted by them, they (the relations) would be in a position to throw discredit upon the original report that she had been made the victim of the Maharaj's lust. We have positive information that the latter statement is a fact, but that she still survives the effects of the brutality of the Maharaj. We are bound to inquire whether the police have made any investigation into a serious matter like this. The *Satya Dipaka*, which published the report of the girl's death in the first instance, ought to inquire more closely into the facts of the case.—*Rast Gofar*. The *Satya Dipaka*, in replying to the above, says:—"We extract this information on the responsibility of the *Rast Gofar*. We are unable to give any further particulars regarding this unfortunate occurrence, simply because the caste people, who lie prostrate at the feet of the Maharajs, instead of giving assistance in any object intended to benefit the public, resist the establishment of truth, and seek to protect crime (of the Maharajs) by every means in their power. What can persons of another caste or race do for the good of people like these? We would advise the *Rast Gofar* not to believe readily any of the rumours circulated by these people.

CHANGES IN THE P. AND O.—We hear that Captain Black, formerly Superintendent of the P. and O. Company in Bombay, and now one of the directors of the home board, comes out by the next mail. His visit to Bombay is for the purpose of entirely reorganising the running of the company's steamers. The China boats are intended to run direct between Hong Kong and Suez, and *vice versa* in future. By this means the troublesome task of transshipping silk and specie at Galle will be avoided. The steamers which now run from Bombay to China will go no further than Galle in that direction, and from thence proceed to Calcutta with the passengers and cargo brought from Suez. The *Carnatic*, *Rangoon*, *Mooltan* and *Golconda* are to be sent to England at an early date, and will be replaced by vessels of a very superior kind.

THE SALE OF THE EUROPEAN GIRL.—There can, unfortunately, be no doubt of the truth of the story which has been going the round of the up-country papers as to the "sale" of Anne Maria Croucher, a European girl, by her father, since dead, to Kumalooddeen Khan Babee, of Kattywar. Our political officers could only insist on something equivalent to marriage, so the poor Christian girl has been guaranteed an annuity of Rs. 300 a month should she wish to leave the Mussulman's harem. This is not a solitary instance. Indeed, the increase of Christian concubinage and prostitution since the mutiny in India is scandalous. There is a regular trade in women between the Levant, Egypt, and Bombay. Levantine, as well as French and Italian girls, are brought by the Austrian, Italian, French, and English steamers to Alexandria, nominally for *Cafes Chantants*. They are contracted to regular procurers, and after passing through the pollution of Alexandria, Cairo, and Suez, the few who survive come on in the steamers to Bombay. We write from personal inquiry.—*Friend of India*.

NO MORE GRAIN FOR ADEN.—We understand that orders have been issued by the Supreme Government to the effect that no more grain is to be sent to Aden; and the Viceroy observed that the cause of the distress at Aden was of an exceptional nature, and special arrangements were necessary to meet it. In an isolated position like that of Aden, many people might die of starvation before supplies, furnished on free-trade principles, could reach the spot.—*Englishman*.

CHINA & JAPAN.

We take the following summary of news from the *China Mail* of Nov. 15:—

"The *Salsette*, with the mails from Europe to the 26th September, has not yet arrived, although the steamer *Asia*, which left Singapore on the 2nd inst., arriving here on the 10th inst., reported the advent of the *Salsette* at that port on the 2nd inst., and her intended departure for Hong Kong on the following day.

"From the north of China we have nothing to report of the slightest importance. From Peking there is absolutely no news. Sir Rutherford Alcock is on his way to Taku in her Majesty's ship *Barrosa*, and will, we doubt not, push on at once for the capital, we hope unopposed. No signs of any intention on the part of the Chinese Government to keep him at a distance from the seat of Government have as yet been manifested. On his way through Hong Kong and Shanghai his Excellency's attention was called to some very important questions, which will, no doubt, afford him an opportunity immediately on his arrival of trying the temper of the Imperial cabinet. During the two days of his sojourn in this city a deputation from the local committee of the China Railways Company waited on him, to lay before his Excellency a statement of what they had already done towards the attainment of the immediate object in view

—the obtaining of the sanction of the Chinese authorities for the construction of a line of railway from Canton to Fatslan, and of the necessary powers as to purchase of land, &c. Repulsed in these attempts to influence the Viceroy of the Kwang Tung and Kwangsi provinces in their favour, and instructed by Mr. Robertson that nothing could be done without the immediate authority of the Emperor, they placed themselves in his Excellency's hands, and besought him in the interest of commerce and of civilisation to lend them the aid of his undoubted influence, personal and official, with the Cabinet of Peking. Sir Rutherford promised, but held out very slender hopes of any early success. He deprecated the selection that had been made of an experimental line, and suggested one somewhat nearer to the capital. At Shanghai his Excellency was met by the municipality of that settlement, who invoked his aid in the contemplated enlargement and reconstruction of the framework of the local government.

"We have to note a very successful raid by her Majesty's gun-boats, one of which came into harbour on Sunday last with a lorch in tow, supposed to be the one engaged in the attack on the *Henry Darling*. Such excursions and successes have a very decided effect in checking the growth of the piratical fleets, and of keeping their ravages within bounds, but nothing effectual can possibly be done until the Chinese authorities are compelled to take an active part in the labour of suppression; and there is only one way in which they can be spurred into activity. They must be made to pay for every vessel destroyed or plundered by the pirates the full value of the property lost or destroyed.

"From Swatow our advices inform us of a visit by the British consul at that port to the prefectural city of Chaochow, a few miles further up the river, and of which Swatow is the port. Of the object of this visit we know nothing as yet. We presume it was undertaken with a view to press for the opening of that city to Europeans in accordance with the provisions of the treaty of Tientsin.

"With the exception of a destructive fire, attended with loss of life, we have nothing to report from Canton. Everything is quiet there, and nothing has been heard of the rebels. From Pok-lo, and the Christian villages thereabout, we have nothing further to communicate.

"At Macao the coolie trade is still rampant, with all its abominations. The inquiries instituted, or said to have been instituted, by Governor Amaral, have ended in smoke. Day after day some additional iniquity comes to light in connection with this horrible traffic. Coolies kidnapped, imprisoned in barracoons, flogged to make them consent to sign the iniquitous contract that binds them to a life of slavery, marched with a strong guard to testify at the Government offices to their signature as given voluntarily and freely, half-starved, exposed to blindness and disease on board ship in transit to the place of their exile, tossed overboard or left on some barren isle to die, if loss of sight or sickness renders them useless to their masters. Such are the grand features of the Macao coolie trade, supported by the Governor in his official acts and in the semi-official paper he edits. Such are the horrors of a slave trade, worse than that of the poor African negro, which all nations ought to unite to put an end to."

The news from Japan is summarised in the paragraph given below from the *North China Herald and Market Report*:—

"YOKOHAMA.—Private advices inform us that on the 1st instant the following vessels started for the Inland Sea, for the purpose, it is said, of opening Hioga and Osaka to foreign trade:—Her Britannic Majesty's screw steamers *Princess Royal*, *Pelorus*, and *Leopard*; his Imperial Majesty's screw steamers *Guerriere*

and *Dupleix*, and the *Kienchang*, gun boat; his Netherlands Majesty's ship *Zoutman*. The British, French, and Netherlands ministers accompanied the expedition. From our files by the same opportunity, we learn that the second murderer of Major Balwin and Lieut. Bird was arrested in Yeddo, and confessed his crime. The name of the culprit was Mamlya Hajimei. He was executed on the 30th ultimo. On the 26th her Majesty's ship *Perseus* arrived from Shanghai via Nagasaki. On the 20th a French gentleman about to go on board the *Dupleix* was assaulted by a number of Japanese officials, and severely bruised. Strange to say, no swords were drawn, and the injuries sustained were merely the effect of blows of the fist. The matter is under investigation, but no sufficient cause has been assigned to justify the assault."

CEYLON.

We take the following from the summary of the *Colombo Observer* of November 30:—"The weather during a considerable portion of the fortnight has been unfavourable for the export of coffee, the sea having been very rough. The result is seen in a small export of our staple.

"The Municipalities Bill is now law. The municipal limits of the towns of Colombo and Kandy are thereby defined, with the divisions into districts: nine for Colombo and three for Kandy. The Bill contemplates nine elected councillors for Colombo, and three for Kandy.

"The Police Bill is also law, and the largely-augmented supplementary Supply Bill for 1865 has been passed. The Supply Bill for 1866 is under the consideration of a sub-committee, and it is rumoured that very serious differences of opinion have arisen between the Governor and the Colonial Secretary as to the amount to be apportioned to contingent services and works. The Governor wishes to have no surplus; but whether nature abhors a vacuum or not, it is certain that Mr. Gibson does, and that he looks on the Governor, the Auditor-general, and the editor of the *Observer*, as equally fast in matters of revenue and expenditure. Our ordinary sources of revenue are generally productive, but we regret to learn that there is no hope of any addition for years to come from the pearl fishery. The result of the recent inspection is given in words short, emphatic, decisive:—"No oysters of any kind were found." We hope Mr. Holdsworth will be able to throw some light on this mysterious disappearance of so many millions of precious 'natives.' There is consolation, however, to compensate for this drying up of a profitable though precarious source of revenue. We hear on good authority, what we scarcely hoped, that the Military Commissioners have sent in a unanimous Report, agreeing on £150,000 per annum as the maximum sum which the colony should be called on to pay for internal protection, for which 1,000 European troops and 100 natives are deemed amply sufficient. Of course it remains open to the Home Government to supplement this force by placing here, and retaining at their own expense, a body of troops ready for the general service of the empire, and this we think they will do. If we have been rightly informed on this matter, the colony may be congratulated on the satisfactory settlement of a question which, while it remained open, was ever liable to fester into a sore.

"The *Ceylon League* is about to publish a telling statement of the case of the Colony versus Cardwell; and Captain Byrd has made an original political move by canvassing for fair and unbiassed opinions, while sending his own opinion cut and dried to be signed; such opinion being that the Governor consulted his dignity in appointing unofficial members of Council, who, of course, possess the confidence of the community."



Official Gazette.

BENGAL.

BY THE LIEUT. GOVERNOR.

Calcutta, Nov. 6.—Rev. A. B. Spry, sen. chaplain of St. John's Church (Old Cathedral), Calcutta, has been app. by the bishop to act as his lordship's comy. in Calcutta during the absence of his lordship and the ven. the archdeacon from Calcutta.

Sept. 22.—Capt. W. C. S. Clarke, offic. deputy comr., received charge of the treasury of the Kosayah Hills on the 21st inst., and is authorised to draw bills on all public treasuries.

Oct. 25.—No. 6,376.—Appts.—Surg. major G. Saunders to offic. as civil surg. of Patna during the absence, on leave, of Dr. R. F. Hutchinson, or until further orders.

Dr. J. Sutherland to be president of the local committee of public instruction at Barrackpore.

Nov. 4.—Mr. A. F. Watson to be a municipal comr. for the town of Purneah.

Lieut. J. W. Stewart, revenue surveyor, 4th div., Lower Provinces, is vested with the powers of a dep. coll. under regs. IX. of 1833, in Tirhoot, Monghyr, Bhauulpore, Purneah, Maldah, Moorshedsabad, and Rajshahye.

Nov. 7.—Mr. A. T. Maclean to offic. as joint mag. and dep. coll. of Monghyr.

Nov. 8.—Mr. A. Hope to be civil and sessions judge of Sarun.

Mr. A. J. R. Bainbridge to be mag. and coll. of Gya, but to continue to offic. as mag. and coll. of the 24-pergunnabs.

Mr. H. A. R. Alexander to be a mag. and coll. of the 1st grade.

Mr. A. Smith to be a mag. and coll. of the 2nd grade in Chittagong.

The above appts. will have effect from the 27th ultimo.

Mr. A. B. Falcon to be joint mag. and dep. coll. of Midnapore, but to continue to offic. as mag. and coll. of Bogra.

Mr. H. J. Reynolds to be joint mag. and dep. coll. of Mymensing.

Mr. W. R. Larmine to be asst. to the mag. and coll. of Patna.

Mr. W. Macpherson to have temp. charge of the office of mag. and coll. of Dinagepore in addition to his other duties as offic. joint mag. and dep. coll. of the dist.

Nov. 10.—Mr. H. C. Sutherland to be joint mag. and dep. coll. of Hooghly, but to continue to offic. as mag. and coll. of Backergunge.

Mr. F. M. Halliday to be joint mag. and dep. coll. of Tirhoot.

Mr. W. V. G. Tayler to be joint mag. and dep. coll. of Burdwan, but to continue to offic. as mag. and coll. of that dist. until Mr. Hogg's return from leave, or until further orders.

Mr. A. G. Wilson to have charge of the sub div. of Burhee, and to exercise the powers of a mag. in Hazareebaugh.

Mr. R. R. Price to have charge of the sub. div. of Mudhoobanee, and to exercise the powers of a sub. mag. of the 1st class.

Rev. J. B. Archer to be sec. to the local committee of public instruction at Purneah.

Nov. 13.—Mr. W. P. Davis to be dist. superint. of police of the 24-pergunnabs.

Capt. Q. D. Parsons to be a dist. superint. of police of the 3rd grade in Moorshedsabad.

Nov. 14.—Mr. L. R. Tottenham to offic. tempy. as an extra joint mag. and dep. coll. of the 24-pergunnabs.

Nov. 7.—Mr. F. B. Peacock, joint mag. and dep. coll. of Monghyr, for 15 mo., from the 21st ult., under Section 11 of the Covenanted Service Absentee Rules.

Nov. 8.—Mr. C. A. Kelly, offic. joint mag. and dep. coll. of Chittagong, for 15 mo., under Section 11 of the Covenanted Service Absentee Rules.

Oct. 9.—Mr. E. D. Kilburn having proceeded to England, the Lieut. gov. has been pleased to accept his resignation of his appt. as a member of the Council of the Lieut. gov. of Bengal for making laws and regulations.

Nov. 8.—Mr. H. M. Weatherall, dist. superint. of police, Bancoorah, having returned to his duties

on the 7th inst., the unexpired portion of the leave granted to him under orders of Sept. 23 is cancelled.

Leave of absence:—

Nov. 7.—No. 392.—Mr. J. C. Vertannes, exec. engr., 4th grade, offic. exec. engr., Hidgellie div., priv. leave for 1 mo., with effect from such date as he may avail himself of the same.

The special leave for 3 mo. already granted to Mr. Vertannes is cancelled.

Nov. 9.—No. 394.—Mr. E. J. Neuville, accountant, 3rd grade, attached to the central office of account, Bengal, for 1 year, on m.c., to proc. to Europe.

Mr. Neuville is also allowed prep. leave for 14 days, with effect from such date as he may avail himself of the same.

Nov. 13.—No. 398.—Transfers:—

Mr. J. D. Beglar, asst. engr., 3rd grade, from the Chittagong to the Patna Branch Road div.

Mr. J. Cleghorn, local sub engr., 3rd grade, from the Jessore Road to the Burdwan Local Road div.

Mr. W. Girling, supervisor, 2nd grade, from the Tirhoot to the Schillong div.

Mr. D. McCarthy, overseer, 1st grade, from 2nd div., Grand Trunk Road, to the Lower Assam div.

Nov. 14.—No. 400.—In supersession of the orders granting 3 mo. special leave to Lieut. J. M. Heywood, R.E., exec. engr., 4th grade, offic. exec. engr., Sylhet div., that officer is allowed leave as follows:—

Two mo. priv. leave.

Three mo. special leave under standing order by the Govt. of India, public works dept., No. 70.

One-and-a-half mo. leave on private affairs.

No. 402.—Nov. 15.—Transfer.—Mr. F. Fitzjames, local asst. engr., 1st grade, from the Darjeeling to the Burdwan (local roads) div.

No. 404.—Mr. J. F. Galiffe, coll. of tolls and supervisor of the Calcutta Canals and Tolly's Nullah, availed himself of only fourteen days' priv. leave.

Nov. 17.—No. 405.—The Lieut. gov. has been pleased to make the following promotions in the engr. and upper subordinate establishments, with effect from Oct. 1:—

ENGINEER ESTABLISHMENT.

To be Executive Engineers, First Grade.

Mr. J. O'Flaherty, exec. engr., 2nd grade, Circular and Eastern Canals' div.

Capt. W. R. Tucker, R.E., exec. engr., 2nd grade, offic. exec. engr., Presidency div.

Capt. S. T. Trevor, R.E., exec. engr., 2nd grade, garrison engr., Fort William.

Brev. maj. A. Perkins, R.E., exec. engr., 2nd grade, Berhampore div., on special service in the Bootan Doars.

To be Executive Engineers, Second Grade.

Major A. F. Baird, S.C., exec. engr., 3rd grade, Ramghur div.

Capt. J. L. Watts, R.E., exec. engr., 3rd grade, Presidency div., on special service in the Bootan Doars.

Mr. G. W. Vivian, exec. engr., 3rd grade, Nizamut dept., and offic. exec. engr., Berhampore div.

Mr. F. Bond, exec. engr., 3rd grade, Cuttack div.

Lieut. H. W. Garnault, R.E., exec. engr., 3rd grade, Damoodah div., offic. asst. to chief engr. and offic. asst. secy. in this dept.

Mr. A. S. Stewart, exec. engr., 3rd grade, Dacca div.

Oct. 7.—No. 6,523.—The Rev. W. G. Cowie to be chaplain of Chinsurah.

Nov. 2.—In supersession of the orders published in the *Calcutta Gazette* of 15th inst., the Lieut. gov. has been pleased to appt. the following gentlemen to constitute the central committee of the Lower Provs. for the formation of a collection of works of art and industry to be transmitted to the Universal Exhibition which it is intended to hold at Paris in May, 1867, viz.:—

President—The Hon. W. Grey.

Members—The Hon. G. N. Taylor, the Hon. J. N. Bullen, the Hon. W. S. Seton-Karr, the Hon. G. Campbell, the Hon. J. B. Phear, Mons. J. Lombard, S. A. H. K. Bahodori, B. D. Mitter, A. Grote, Esq., J. Strachey, Esq., Col. J. E. T. Nicholls, R.E., J. A. Crawford, Esq., Major G. B. Malleon, Dr. F. N. Macnamara, Capt. H. Hyde, R.E., H. F. Blandford, Esq., B. R. G. Ghose.

Member and Secretary—A. M. Dowleas, Esq.

Nov. 11.—Mr. C. W. Hawes to be a dep. mag. under Act XV. of 1843, and a dep. coll. under reg. 9 of 1833, in the Burdwan div., to be stationed at Midnapore, and to exercise the powers of a sub. mag. of the 2nd class in any or all the dists. of that div.

The foll. officers are apptd. to the Howrah General Hospital, viz.:—

Dr. C. Palmer to be consulting physician.

Dr. J. Fayer to be consulting surgeon.

Nov. 13.—Rev. J. C. Browne to be chaplain of Kidderpore.

Rev. W. G. Cowie to offic. as chap. of St. Paul's Cathedral and of the General Hospital.

Nov. 14.—Lieut. F. H. Conolly to be a municipal comr. for the town of Kishnaghur.

Mr. G. Bellet to be vice-chairman of the municipal comrs. for the town of Dacca, and the foll. gentleman to be municipal comr. for the said town, viz.:—

Mr. F. T. Platts.

Nov. 15.—Mr. P. Cosserat to offic. as sub dep. opium agent of Cawnpore during the abs., on leave, of Mr. A. H. Turnbull.

Mr. M. B. Rochfort to offic. as dist. supt. of police of Cachar during the abs., on leave, of Mr. R. H. G. Irvine.

Nov. 16.—Mr. S. Wauchope, c.n., addl. judge of Hooghly, 24-Pergunnahs, and Burdwan, is vested with the powers of a sess. judge in the 24-Pergunnahs.

Mr. R. W. King, dist. supt. of police, Howrah, is transf. to Darjeeling, with effect from the date on which he joined the latter station.

Lieut. N. Lewis to offic. as cantonment mag. of Dinapore and a Judge of the Court of Small Causes in that cantonment, during the absence on leave of Major J. Emerson.

Mr. J. W. Taylor is app. to the 6th grade of the subord. exec. service and to be uncov. asst. to the comr. of Cuttack.

Nov. 17.—The Lieut. gov. has been pleased, with the sanction of H.E. the Gov. gen., to nominate the foll. gentlemen to be Members of the Council of the Lieut. gov. of Bengal for making laws and regulations, viz.:—

A. T. T. Peterson, Esq.

F. R. Cockerell, Esq.

F. A. Goodenough, Esq.

J. B. Knight, Esq.

Mr. J. R. Hallett, asst. to the mag. and coll. of Burdwan, is transf. to Bancoorah, and is vested with the powers of a subord. mag. of the 2nd class in that dist.

Nov. 18.—Mr. A. C. Mangles to be an asst. to the mag. and coll. of Tirhoot, and to exercise the powers of a mag. in that dist.

The foll. gentleman to be a member of the local committee of public instruction at Bancoorah, viz.: Mr. H. M. Weatherall.

Nov. 20.—Lieut. col. H. C. Adlam to offic., temp., as cantonment mag. of Dinapore and judge of the Small Cause Court in that cantonment until the arrival of Lieut. Lewis, or until further orders.

Nov. 8.—Leave of absence:—Lieut. C. V. Argles, Behar mounted rifles, for 12 mo., on m.c.

Nov. 15.—Mr. A. H. Turnbull, sub dep. opium agent of Cawnpore, for 3 mo., from the 5th prox., or any subsequent date on which he may avail himself of the leave.

Mr. R. H. G. Irvine, dist. supt. of police, Cachar, for 4 mo.

Nov. 16.—Mr. H. C. Bowser, med. officer of Dinapore, for 1 mo.

Nov. 18.—Mr. E. D. Lockwood, joint mag. and dep. coll. of Patna, having reported his arrival in India on the 4th inst., the unexpired portion of his leave is cancelled.

The servs. of Mr. W. E. Ward, of the C.S., are placed temp. at the disposal of the Govt. of India in the home dept., from the 15th inst.

ABOLITION OF DISTRICTS.

Nov. 17.—Under sec. VI. of Act XVI. of 1864, it is hereby notified that the Barrackpore and Dum-Dum sub dists. in the 24-Pergunnahs has been abolished, and the territorial jurisdiction of the dep. registrars of those sub dists. included in that of the dep. registrar of the Baraset sub dists.

Oct. 26.—Mr. H. Kean, covenanted dep. coll., has been placed in charge of the Gya treasury and authorised to draw bills on other treasuries from the 23rd inst.

Nov. 6.—Mr. J. D. White, dep. coll., has been put in charge of the Balasore treasury and authorised to draw bills on other treasuries from Nov. 2, 1865.

Sept. 22.—Capt. W. C. S. Clarke, offic. dep. comr., received charge of the treasury of the Cossyah Hills, and is authorised to draw bills on all public treasuries.

Nov. 4.—Mr. A. C. Campbell, asst. comr. and personal asst. to the agent Gov. gen., North-east Frontier, received charge of the Cossyah and Jyntea Hills treasury from the offic. dep. comr., Capt. W.

C. S. Clarke, on this date, and he has been authorised to draw bills on all public treasuries.

To be Executive Engineers, Third Grade.

Lieut. C. N. Judge, R.E., exec. engr., 4th grade, 24-Pergunnahs div., on special service in the Bootan doars.

Lieut. R. C. Daubuz, R.E., exec. engr., 4th grade, offic. exec. engr., Bhaugulpore and Purneah divs.

Lieut. R. G. Smyth, R.E., exec. engr., 4th grade, Tumlook div.

Major J. Dawson, S.C., exec. engr., 4th grade, Tirhoot div.

Major W. E. Marshall, S.C., exec. engr., 4th grade, Dinapore div.

Mr. C. Ducas, exec. engr., 4th grade, Burrakur div.

Mr. J. P. Doyle, exec. engr., 4th grade, Chittagong div.

Major F. J. Davies, late 58th N.I., exec. engr., 4th grade, Upper Assam div.

To be Executive Engineer, Fourth Grade.

Ens. G. Nolan (unatt.), asst. engr., 1st grade, offic. exec. engr., Pooree div.

To be Assistant Engineers, First Grade.

Mr. G. Potheary, asst. engr., 2nd grade, 2nd div., Grand Trunk road.

Mr. A. F. Watson, asst. engr., 2nd grade, Bhaugulpore and Purneah divs.

Mr. E. Mansfield, asst. engr., 2nd grade, offic. exec. engr., 2nd div., Grand Trunk road.

Upper Subordinate Establishment.

To be Supervisor, First Grade.

Serg. P. Macnamara, supervisor, 2nd grade, Upper Assam div.

To be Overseers, First Grade.

Mr. J. Donovan, overseer, 2nd grade, Hidgellie div.

Mr. H. Beck, overseer, 2nd grade, Damoodah div.

Nov. 18.—No. 406.—Mr. G. Potheary, asst. engr., 1st grade, attached to the 2nd div., Grand Trunk road, has been apptd. to offic. as exec. engr., Lower Assam div.

AMALGAMATION OF DIVISIONS.

No. 407.—The Lieut. gov. has been pleased to amalgamate permanently the Bhaugulpore and Purneah divs., and to appt. Lieut. R. C. Daubuz, R.E., exec. engr., 3rd grade, as exec. engr. of the united div.

Nov. 21.—No. 410.—Mr. J. Patterson, asst. engr., 3rd grade, joined the Bhaugulpore and Purneah divs. on Sept. 29 last.

BY THE LIEUT.-GOVERNOR. N.W.P.

Nov. 6.—No. 1,048a.—Mr. J. S. Porter, offic. asst. in the settlement dept. at Meerut, is apptd. to be an asst. settlement officer of the 3rd grade.

Oct. 31.—No. 3,873b.—Mr. R. Spankie, judge of Jounpore, to offic. as a judge of the Court of Sudder Dewanny and Nizamut Adawlut, N.W.P., during the abs. on leave of Mr. A. Ross, with effect from the 23rd inst.

No. 3,883a.—With the consent of the officer commanding, Dr. Spry, asst. surg., 30th P.N.I., is apptd. to charge of civil med. duties at Cawnpore, in addition to his other duties, during abs. on deputation of Dr. J. Jones.

No. 3,918a.—Mr. P. Armstrong, civil divl. engr. and municipal comr. for the civil station of Cawnpore, under Act XXVI. of 1850, is apptd. a member of the city municipal committee of that dist.

No. 3,928a.—Mr. C. W. Moore, joint mag. and dep. coll. of the 1st grade at Banda, is transf. in the same capacity to Etawah.

Mr. H. C. Barstow, offic. joint mag. and dep. coll. of the 2nd grade at Etawah, is transf. in the same capacity to the Banda dist. Mr. Barstow is also declared to be in magisterial charge of the sub div. of Kirwee, within the meaning of sections 68 and 308 of the criminal procedure code.

No. 3,933a.—The serv. of Mr. J. R. Reid, joint mag. and dep. coll. of the 2nd grade at Budaon, are placed at the disp. of the Govt. of India, in the foreign dept., for employment in Oude.

No. 3,934.—Mr. C. W. Mellor, offic. joint mag. and dep. coll. at Allypore, to be a joint mag. and dep. coll., 2nd grade, with effect from the date on which Mr. J. S. Porter was perm. transf. to the settlement dept.

Mr. Conolly Twigg, offic. joint mag. and dep. coll. at Etah, to be a joint mag. and dep. coll. of the 2nd grade, with effect from the date on which Mr. J. R. Reid reports his departure from Budaon to his appt. in Oude.

Mr. R. T. Hobart, asst. mag. and coll., is apptd. to offic. as a joint mag. and dep. coll., with effect from the 1st inst.

Oct. 31.—No. 4,665.—The undermen. gentleman

is app. a member of the Road and Ferry Fund Committee of the Butee district:—

Nov. 1.—No. 2,390a.—Mr. C. Hind is appd. a civil dist. engr., 2nd grade, and is app. to the dist. of Muttra.

Nov. 4.—No. 4,710.—Priv. leave for 15 days is granted to Lieut. col. F. Alexander, exec. engr., Meerut div. public works, with effect from the 10th inst., or from such date as he may avail himself of it.

Nov. 7.—No. 2,429a.—Mr. A. D. Campbell, asst. engr., on special duty under the orders of the comr., Meerut div., to the 3rd div. Grand Trunk road.

Mr. W. C. Hennessey, asst. engr., 1st class, from the Cawnpore div., public works, to the Bundelcund roads.

No. 3,956a.—One month's privilege leave of absence, under the New Unconvenanted Service Absentee Rules, is granted to Mr. F. Curwen, manager of the Kuntit and Burhur Estates, from Oct. 15 last.

Nov. 8.—No. 8,980a.—Fifteen mos.' leave to proceed to Europe, on m.c., is granted to Mr. C. E. R. Girdlestone, offic. jt. mag. and dep. coll. of Allahabad, together with thirteen days' prep. leave with effect from the date on which he avails himself of the same.

No. 3,981a.—The two mos.' priv. leave of abs. granted to Mr. Girdlestone in notification No. 3,597a, dated Oct. 11 last, is hereby cane.

Nov. 13.—No. 4,002a.—Sixteen days' priv. leave is granted to Mr. E. Macnaghten, offic. registrar gen. of assurances and comr. of stamps, N.W.P., with effect from date on which he may be relieved of his officiating appointment, or from the subsequent date on which he may avail himself of the same.

Nov. 7.—No. 4,744.—Lieut. J. B. Sparks, asst. engr., Gwalior div., public works, returned on the 25th ult. from the priv. leave granted to him in notification No. 1,389a, dated July 22.

No. 4,752.—With reference to notification No. 4,532, dated 21st ult., Lieut. col. F. Alexander, exec. engr., took over charge of the Meerut div., public works, from Major F. G. Stainforth, asst. engr., on 16th ult.

No. 4,769.—Major F. G. Stainforth, asst. engr. 1st grade, is transferred from 1st to 3rd circle, for employment in the Gwalior div., public works.

Nov. 8.—No. 4,786.—The following transfers, made by the supt. engr., 1st circle, are confirmed:—Dep. comisy. J. McArthur, supervisor, 2nd grade, from the 6th div., Grand Trunk Road, to the Meerut div. public works.

Mr. E. J. Lemaister, overseer, 3rd grade, from the Meerut to the Bareilly div. public works.

BY THE LIEUT. GOVERNOR, PUNJAB.

Nov. 1.—No. 1,518.—The services of Capt. Q. D. Parsons, dist. superint. of police, are placed at the disposal of the Govt. of Bengal, for employment under that Govt., with effect from Nov. 20.

Nov. 6.—No. 2,164.—Transfers.—Mr. J. E. Rowe, offic. extra asst. comr., from the Lahore to the Mooltan dist., as a temp. arrangement.

No. 2,165.—Mr. H. W. Mitnish, m.r.c.s., from the med. charge of Umballa to that of Jhung.

No. 2,170.—Mr. R. G. Melvill, asst. comr., from the Mooltan to the Mozuffurgurh dist., to offic. as dep. comr. during the absence on leave of Capt. Hlaves.

No. 2,173.—Capt. C. V. Jenkins, asst. comr., Dalhousie, has obtained 2 mo. priv. leave, from the date of his being relieved of his appt.

Nov. 8.—No. 2,185.—Capt. F. J. Millar, asst. comr., Umballa, was on priv. leave from July 25 to Aug. 4, and again from Sept. 22 to Oct. 4.

Nov. 2.—No. 2,818.—With reference to Punjab Gazette order No. 887, dated Dec. 27, 1864, and No. 597, dated May 20, 1865, the portion of the Hindustan and Tibet Road from Kalka to Narkunda is transf. from the Upper Sirhind to the Hill Roads div., with effect from Nov. 1. The establishment employed on this road is also transf. from the same date.

Oct. 30.—No. 1,503.—Mr. J. F. G. Hatchell, offic. asst. district superint., from the Rawul Pindee to the Goojrat district.

Nov. 1.—No. 1,510.—Mr. J. S. Christie, asst. district superint., from Amritsur to the Goordaspore district, as a temp. arrangement.

Oct. 30.—No. 2,121.—Erratum.—In Punjab Gazette Order No. 2,074, dated Oct. 21, for "Capt. F. J. Millar, asst. comr., Loodiana," read "Asst. comr., Amballa."

No. 2,122.—Mr. W. Ford, comr. and superint., Mooltan div., having reported his return to Bombay from Europe, Oct. 13, has the usual leave to enable him to rejoin his appt.

Oct. 31.—No. 2,126.—Mr. J. Andrews, a student of the Lahore Med. School, having passed the exam. for licentiate in medicine, on Aug. 1, is admitted into the service as a sub asst. surg. from that date.

No. 2,127.—Mr. J. Andrews, sub asst. surg., is appd. house surg. to the Lahore Medical School Hospital, with effect from Aug. 12.

No. 213.—The services of Capt. W. G. Waterfield, Judge of Small Cause Court, Umritsur, and Lieut. R. P. Nisbet, asst. comr., Kangra, are placed at the disposal of the comr. of settlements for employment in the settlement dept. in the Goojrat and Goojranwala dists.

No. 2,132.—Mr. E. W. Parker, offic. extra asst. comr., is appd. permanently, v. A. M. Khan, Khagwani.

No. 2,138.—In supersession of Punjab Gazette order No. 1,958, dated Oct. 9, Hony. asst. surg. G. E. Pool, is transf. from the med. charge of Goorgaon to that of the Goojrat dist.

No. 267.—The 5th Goorkha regtl. order, dated Oct. 16, making the following temp. appts., is confirmed:—

Lieut. J. M. Sym, adjt., to act as wing officer, v. Lieut. Coddington, app. to offic. as staff officer, Punjab frontier force; Lieut. and qmr. W. H. Unwin, to act as adjt.; Lieut. H. J. Lawrence, to act as qmr., in addition to his other duties; and Lieut. H. J. Lawrence and Ens. Hutchinson to take charge of the offices of adjt. qmr. respectively, during the absence of Lieut. Unwin on leave.

Nov. 11.—No. 1,556.—Mr. C. Aldridge, asst. dist. superint. of police, Ferozepore, has priv. leave for 1 mo. from Dec. 20, or such subsequent date he may avail himself of same.

Nov. 14.—No. 1,564.—Mr. W. H. Mercer, offic. asst. dist. superint. of police, is transferred from Lahore to Rawul Pindee.

Nov. 9.—No. 458.—Appt.—Mr. C. Pearson, m.a., to be insp. of schools, Rawul Pindee circle, from the 15th inst.

Nov. 11.—No. 464.—The Hon. the Lieut. gov. is pleased to direct that the supervision of the educational institutions in the Mozuffurgurh dist. be transf. from the insp. of schools, Lahore circle, to the insp. of schools, frontier circle.

The head qrs. of the frontier circle will, in future, be at Peshawur.

Nov. 9.—No. 2,188.—Transfers.—Mr. J. Frizelle, asst. comr., from Goorgaon to Montgomery dist.

No. 2,189.—Mr. D. C. M. Gordon, extra asst. comr., from Montgomery to Loodhiana dist.

Nov. 10.—No. 2,200.—Prom.—Major W. Paske, asst. comr., 3rd class, to be asst. comr. 1st class, with effect April 25, the date on which Mr. H. E. Perkins reported his departure on furl.

No. 2,201.—Transf.—Major W. Paske, asst. comr., from Simla to Goordaspore dist.

Nov. 11.—No. 2,207.—Lieut. J. Upperton, of the 19th Bengal cav., and Lieut. H. Jarrett, of the 4th Bengal cav., have passed an exam. in the Pushtoo language, according to the standard prescribed in Punjab Gazette order No. 2,084, dated Sept. 22, 1863.

Nov. 13.—No. 2,214.—The leave of abs. granted to Mr. W. H. Rattigan, extra asst. comr., Shah-poor, in Punjab Gazette order No. 1,197, dated June 5, is to have effect from Dec. 15.

No. 2,215.—Capt. J. W. H. Johnstone, asst. comr., Bunnoo, has obtained 2 mo. leave, from Jan. 1, 1866, or such date as he may avail himself thereof, to proceed to Bombay, prep. to applying for leave to Europe on m.c.

Nov. 14.—No. 2,223.—Capt. E. H. Paske, dep. comr., Goojrat, to offic. as dep. comr. of Jullundur.

No. 275.—The Dera Ismail Kan station order, dated 17th ult., appg. Lieut. G. N. Saunders, 3rd Punjab inf., as station staff officer, v. Capt. H. Tindall, proceeding with his regt., is confirmed.

No. 276.—The station order dated Nov. 1, by the officer comdg. at Abbottabad, appg. Lieut. H. J. Lawrence to offic. as station staff officer, during the abs. of Lieut. J. M. Sym, is confirmed.

No. 277.—Asst. surg. E. O. Tandy, 3rd Sikh inf., is app. to med. charge of the camp of the Hon. the Lieut. gov., with effect from the 15th inst.

No. 278.—Leave.—Asst. surg. R. Rouse, 3rd Punjab cav., is allowed 2 mo. leave, from Jan. 1, 1866, to visit Bombay, prep. to submitting an application for furl. to Eur.

Nov. 9.—No. 2,956.—Leave.—Mr. C. B. Leupolt, asst. engr., hill roads div., is allowed 1 mo. priv. leave, from such date as he may avail himself of the same.

No. 2,957.—Mr. G. W. V. Yule, asst. engr., Lower Sirhind div., is allowed 1 mo. priv. leave from such date as he may avail himself of the same.

Nov. 13.—No. 8,037.—Asst. comsy. E. J. Gillis,

sub engr., 2nd class, having reported his arrival at Bombay from furl. to Europe, is allowed the usual leave for resuming his appointment.

Nov. 14.—No. 3,072.—The underment. accountants of the 4th grade are prom. to accountants of the 3rd grade, to fill existing vacancies:—

Mr. F. Newman, att. to the office of controller of public works accounts.

Mr. W. H. Stanley, att. to the office of exec. engr., Peshawur.

The above proms. to have effect from Oct. 1 last.

BY THE COMMANDER-IN-CHIEF.

Oct. 18.—Dated July 30 last, making the following temp. appts., with effect from the 26th idem:—

Lieut. and Adj. F. A. Montrion, returned from leave, to offic. as 2nd in cmd. and wing officer.

Lieut. and Qmr. C. E. D. Branson, to offic. as wing officer.

Lieut. C. Ransford, doing duty officer, to offic. as adjt., and to take charge of the qmr.'s office, in addition to his other duties.

Dated Aug. 28 last, making the following appts., with effect from the 27th idem:—

Capt. D. S. Buist, 2nd in cmd. and wing officer, to offic. as comdnt.

Capt. A. A. Bruce, wing officer, to offic. as 2nd in cmd. and wing officer.

Lieut. F. A. Montrion, adjt., to offic. as wing officer.

Leave of absence:—

Royal Horse Art.—Col. J. W. FitzMayer, c.b. (comdg. A brig. and R.A., Meerut div.), to Oct. 29, in exten. of priv. leave, to remain at Simla; Lieut. col. H. LeG. Bruce (19th brig.), from date of embarkation to England, for 17 mo., doing duty with troops on the voyage; and 2nd Capt. M. Eliot (C battery, C brig.), from Oct. 15 to Oct. 22, in exten., to remain at Simla.

5th Lancers.—Maj. F. R. C. Grant, from Oct. 15, to Dec. 15, in exten., to remain at Simla, on m.c.

7th Hussars.—Lieut. W. L. Forsyth, from date of embarkation, to England, for 17 mo., doing duty with the troops on the voyage.

20th Hussars.—Maj. T. T. Boileau, from Sept. 30, to Nov. 30, in exten., to remain at Murree, on m.c.

12th Foot.—Lieut. J. W. Lloyd (2nd batt.), from date of leaving regt., to Calcutta, for 1 mo., on m.c.

42nd Foot.—Lieut. J. A. Drake, from Oct. 15, to Nov. 15, to Bombay, on m.c.

45th Foot.—Col. W. R. Preston, from date of embarkation, to England, overland, on m.c.

55th Foot.—Capt. O. S. D. Osborne, from Oct. 15, to Nov. 15, in exten., to remain at Mussoorie; and Capt. R. F. Dalton, from date of embarkation, to England, overland, on m.c.

90th Foot.—Lieut. F. B. Bleazby, from Oct. 10 to Nov. 10, to Calcutta, m.c.

93rd Foot.—Lieut. F. R. Macnamara, from Oct. 15 to Oct. 20, in ext., to enable him to rejoin.

109th Foot.—Lieut. O. Schmidt (adjt.), from date of embarkation at Bombay, to England, overland, m.c.

Staff Corps.—Lieut. A. C. Hennessy (2nd squadron officer, 14th B. cav.) from Oct. 12 to April 12, 1866, to Mussoorie, m.c.

Late 43rd N.I.—Lieut. R. H. Inglis (att. to the 6th N.I.) from Oct. 9 to Oct. 18, in ext. of priv. leave, to remain at Lahore, m.c.

Late 71st N.I.—Lieut. W. Campbell (att. to the 25th N.I.) from Sept. 30 to Oct. 29, to Calcutta, m.c.

Late 72nd N.I.—Lieut. R. W. Sartorius (att. to the 14th B. cav.) from Sept. 25 to Nov. 25, in ext. of priv. leave, to remain at the Presidency, m.c.

Med. Dept.—Asst. surg. E. J. Hoskins, m.d. (14th Bengal cav.) from Aug. 8 to Sept. 8, to Calcutta, m.c.

Med. Staff.—Staff asst. surg. H. H. Phillips, m.b., from date of embarkation to England, overland, m.c.

Ordnance Dept.—Sub conductor C. Rossiter, from Aug. 6 to Aug. 31, in ext., to remain at Ferozepore, m.c.

Head Qrs., Umballah, Oct. 19.—The C. in C. in India is pleased to make the following prom., until H.M.'s pleasure shall be known:—

42nd Foot.—Ens. R. C. Coveny to be lieut., by purch., v. Lieut. W. James, who retires; dated Oct. 10.

Lieut. col. S. J. Hire, staff corps, brig. major, Jullundur, appd. asst. adjt. gen., in G.O. No. 951 of the 7th inst., is posted to the Peshawur div.

Major O. Wilkinson, late 4th Eur. L.C., and recently employed in the stud dept., is perm. to do gen. duty at Umballa.

Capt. G. T. Jones, late 85th N.I., is perm. to do

duty with the convalescent dept. at Kussowlie, during the ensuing cold season.

Lieut. G. A. P. Arbutnot, late 4th Eur. Cav., is permitted to do duty with the convalescent depot at Kussowlie, pending his appt. to the forest dept.

This cancels his posting to the 10th Bengal cav., notified in G.O.C.C. 1st ult.

The undermentioned officers and soldier passed the first standard in Hindoostanee on the dates specified, agreeably to G.G.O. No. 690 :—

Lieut. C. H. Reilly and Asst. surg. J. B. Hamilton, M.D., R.A., 4th ult.

Lieut. E. Stedman, R.A., 2nd inst.

Lieuts. M. S. Bell and J. G. Hall, royal engineers, 2nd inst.

Ens. H. Boileau, 98th foot, Lieut. J. W. Ridgeway, gen. list, inf., and Private W. Moreland, 98th foot, 2nd inst.

Staff asst. surg. E. J. Hatchell, attached to the Kussowlie convalescent depot, will proceed to Peshawur and assume medical charge of the B battery, F brig., R.H.A.

Asst. surg. F. E. McFarland, D battery, C brig., R.H.A., attached to the Landour convalescent depot, will rejoin his battery at Morar, as soon as his services can be dispensed with at the depot.

Asst. surg. S. E. Maunsell, 97th foot, attached to the Nynee Tal convalescent depot, will proceed to rejoin and assume med. charge of his corps, v. Surg. J. H. Porter, invalided.

Asst. surg. C. E. Wikeley, of the 19th foot, will proceed to Peshawur, in med. charge of E batty. 19th brig., royal arty., v. Asst. surg. T. S. Barry, recommended for leave on m.c.

Capt. L. G. S. Matheson, late 2nd Eur. Bengal fus., is perm. to do duty with the 7th N.I.

(This cancels G.O.C.C. of Sept. 21 last, page 447, appg. Capt. Matheson to do duty with the 27th N.I.)

The following movements of medical officers are directed :—

Surg. S. W. Webb, M.D., of the 23rd fus., at present in med. charge of the detachment of 36th foot, at Moradabad, will join his regt. without delay.

Staff surg. major M. B. Galloway, on being relieved by Surg. Webb, to proceed to Benares for medical charge of the 58th foot.

Staff surg. major W. H. Mackintosh, M.D., from med. charge of the 58th foot, to med. charge of head qrs. 22nd brig. royal arty., and royal arty., Morar, v. Surg. W. W. Mills, invalided.

Asst. surg. R. J. B. Cunyngame, M.D., of the 2nd batt. rifle brig., attached to the 94th foot, will rejoin his corps.

Staff asst. surg. J. V. T. Malcolm, M.D., attached to the 19th hussars, to the 36th foot, at Shahjehanpore.

The following orders are confirmed :—

Sirhind div. order, dated the 5th ult., directing Vet. surg. J. G. Bushman, attached to the 21st hussars, to assume professional charge of the horses of the R.A. at Umballa, in addition to his other duties, with effect from July 8 to Aug. 8, in the room of Vet. surg. J. Ferris, on leave.

Meean Meer brig. order, dated the 17th ult., appg. Asst. surg. E. Wilkes, F battery 19th brig. R.A., to assume med. charge of the 19th Bengal cav., in addition to his other duties, v. Surg. maj. H. Cape, transf. to the 8th Bengal cav., and until return of Surg. G. H. Daly, M.D., from general leave.

Dated the 28th ult., directing Staff asst. surg. A. E. Hale, attached to the R.A., to do duty with the 82nd foot, at Meean Meer.

Gowhatti station order, dated the 31st Aug. last, directing Asst. surg. J. C. Shaw to relieve Asst. surg. J. H. Thornton (proceeding on leave), of the med. charge of the 44th N.I.

98th Foot regtl. order, dated Aug. 22, apptg. Lieut. C. F. Sharpe, asst. instructor of musketry, with effect from the 1st ult., in the room of Lieut. H. W. Roberts, resigned.

Leave of absence :—

Late 18th N.I.—Lieut. A. D. C. Inglis, adjt. 45th N.I., from Oct. 7 to Nov. 6, to Calcutta.

Late 20th N.I.—Lieut. H. A. Lewes, adjt. 30th P.N.I., from Nov. 10 to Nov. 30, to Calcutta, prep. to applying for furl. to Europe.

General List, Cav.—Lieut. C. T. M. Higginson, att. to 2nd Bengal cav., from Nov. 1 to May 1, 1866, to Calcutta, for the purpose of studying the native languages.

General List, Inf.—Lieut. W. I. Bax, from Oct. 15 to Nov. 15, in ext., to remain at Calcutta for the purpose of studying the native languages.

Medical Dept. H.M.'s B. Service.—Dep. Inspector gen. of Hospitals C. A. Gordon, in charge of insp. gen.'s office, &c., Calcutta, from date of availing himself of the leave, for 2 mos., to the Neilgherries, 92 m.c.

STAFF CORPS.—FURLOUGH RULES.

Head Qrs., Umballa, Oct. 20.—The C. in C. is pleased to direct the publication, for general information, of the following despatch from the Right Hon. the Secretary of State for India, received with military department No. 85, dated Oct. 6, 1865 :—

I have considered in Council your letter dated June 30, 1865, No. 260, requesting a decision on the following point, whether a line officer joining the staff corps has the option of electing either the old or new furlough regulations in regard to his service prior to admission to the staff corps.

You are inclined to agree with the Government of Madras that an officer of H.M.'s British service entering the staff corps must be considered as on the same footing as an officer of the Indian service, who, prior to joining the staff corps, has elected the new furlough regulations.

This view of the question is correct, and is in accordance with the rules laid down in para. 95 of your G.O. No. 332 of April 10, 1861, and fully explained in your reply to question 92 (unpublished), which reply was approved by me in a despatch No. 475, dated Dec. 16, 1861.

PAY.

The following extract of a Government letter to the address of the Controller of Military Accounts is published for general information and guidance :—

I am desired to acquaint you that it is not now considered necessary that a certificate should be furnished by medical officers or veterinary surgeons showing the number of chargers they have kept up.

Subject to the approval of H.R.H. the F.M. C. in C., the following appts., &c., are made :—

Capt. T. Lloyd, 35th foot, offic. district inspector of musketry, is confirmed in the appt. permanently, and posted temp. to the 1st div., v. Lieut. col. F. P. Cassidy.

Capt. J. J. S. O'Neill, 1st batt. 20th foot, district inspector of musketry, in temp. charge of 3rd div., is posted to 4th div., v. Major W. Croker, 27th foot.

Capt. J. Williamson, 1st batt. 23rd foot, is app. a district inspector, v. Major Croker, and posted to 3rd div.

Lieut. J. B. B. Dickson, gen. list, cav., is directed to do duty with 18th instead of 17th Bengal cav., as notified in G.O.C.C. of 1st ult.

The following orders are confirmed :—

Presidency division order, dated 12th inst., directing the following medical arrangements :—

Staff asst. surg. R. W. Troup, M.B., attached to the 54th foot, to proceed up country in medical charge of a detachment recently arrived from England, and, on completion of that service, to do duty with 42nd foot at Rawul Pindee.

Dated 19th instant, directing Staff asst. surg. E. Eustace, recently arrived from England, to proc. to Allahabad for duty with the standing camp to be formed there on the 1st prox.

Benares div. order, dated 19th ult., directing Staff asst. surg. J. Murray, M.B., doing duty 58th foot, to proc. to Dinapore for duty with the 1st batt. 20th foot.

Saugor district order, dated 18th ult., directing Staff asst. surg. A. Minty, M.B., attached to the 91st foot, to proc. and assume medical charge of detachment of 97th foot at Nowgong.

1st batt. 19th foot regimental order, dated 14th ult., appg. Lieut. and adjt. J. Knox to offic. as interpreter, in the room of Lieut. F. S. S. Brind, app. to a staff situation.

1st batt. 23rd foot regtl. order, dated the 18th ult., app. Lieut. W. H. Adams to be offic. instr. of musketry, in the room of Lieut. A. R. Hutchinson, proc. to do duty with the depot companies of his regt.

2nd batt. 12th foot regtl. order, dated 17th ult., app. Ensign H. J. Cooper to offic. as qrmr., with effect from 14th idem, in the room of Lieut. J. O. Johnson, proceeding on sick leave.

101st foot, regtl. order, dated Jan. 30 last, appg. Lieut. R. H. A. Quinet to be instr. of musketry, in room of Capt. T. A. Butler, v.c., subject to confirmation.

19th Bengal cav. regtl. order, dated the 1st ult., making the following appts. during the abs. on duty of Major W. Fane, comdt. :—

Lieut. J. Upperton, 2nd squadron officer, to offic. as comdt., in addition to his other duties.

Lieut. H. B. Hanna, adjt., to offic. as 2nd in com. and quadron officer, with effect from Aug. 22 last.

31st N.I. regtl. order, dated May 1 last, directing Capt. H. L. C. Bernard, offic. 2nd in com. and wing officer, to proceed and assume com. of the garrison of Dalimkote, and Capt. and Adj. W. Cabell to offic. as wing officer, in addition to his other duties.

H.R.H. the Field Marshal C. in C. has been pleased to grant leave of absence to the undermentioned officer :—

Royal Art.—Maj. gen. J. T. Lane, C.B., unatt., from Aug. 9 to Aug. 9, 1867, to remain in England on m.c.

Leave of absence :—

Royal Horse Art.—Lieut. R. LeMessurier, A batt. E brig., from date of embark. at Bombay, to England, for 6 mo.

Royal Art.—2nd Capt. T. Van Straubenzee, H batt. 14th brig., from the date of embark., to Eng., for 15 mo.

4th Foot.—Lieut. J. J. Martin, 1st batt., from date of embark., to England, on m.c.

55th Foot.—Asst. surg. W. J. Rendell, from Oct. 12 to Jan. 12, 1866, to Hills north of Deyrah, on m.c.

88th Foot.—Capt. W. Lambert, from April 15 to Oct. 14, to Mussoorie and Cashmere; and Lieut. T. H. Cuthbertson, acting qrmr., from April 15 to Oct. 14, to Nynee Tal.

90th Foot.—Surg. W. Boyd, from Sept. 1 to Oct. 31, in ext. of priv. leave, to remain at Murree on m.c.

Staff Corps.—Capt. W. Lees (dep. judge advocate gen., Oude div.), from Oct. 20 to Nov. 30, in ext., to remain in the hills north of Dehra, on m.c.; and C. Macfarlane, from Oct. 15 to Dec. 15, in ext., to remain at Simla, on m.c.

Late 5th Eur. L.C.—Major G. Ward, from Oct. 31 to May 1, 1866, in ext., to remain in the hills north of Dehra, on m.c.

Late 28th N.I.—Lieut. H. R. Wintle, from Oct. 15th to Jan. 15, 1866, in ext., to remain at Monghyr.

Gen. List, Inf.—Lieut. S. E. Becher (attached to 2nd Goorkha regt.) from Oct. 21 to Jan. 20, 1866, in ext., to remain at Calcutta to study the native languages.

Med. Dept.—Surg. major W. Craddock, M.D., F.R.C.S., and L.R.C.P. (1st Goorkha regt.), from Sept. 25 to Sept. 26, 1866, to Bhagsoo and hills north of Dehra, on m.c.; and Asst. surg. J. R. Purefoy, M.D. (24th N.I.), from Sept. 10 to Nov. 10, to Abbottabad and Cashmere, on m.c.

Oct. 24.—The C. in C. is pleased to appoint Lieut. P. Richards, 94th foot, to be A.D.C. to Major gen. W. O'G. Haly, C.B., comdg. Lahore div.

Major A. Irvine, late 24th N.I., doing gen. duty at Benares, is transf. to Shahjehanpore for the same purpose.

The undermentioned officers passed the 1st standard in Hindoostanee, agreeably to G.G.O. No. 690 of 1865, on the 2nd inst. :—

Ensign E. H. C. Braddon, 55th foot.

Lieut. S. B. Home and W. I. Bax, gen. list, inf.

With reference to G.G.O. of 23rd inst., Surg. J. E. Tuson, M.D., and F.R.C.S., is app. to the joint med. charge of Simla, with effect from Jan. 1 next, v. Asst. surg. H. Cayley, removed to another situation.

Lieut. H. Spalding, 104th foot, is app. provisional instructor of musketry to his regt., from the date he assumed the duties.

Leave of absence :—

Gen. List.—Cav. lieut. F. W. Macmullen, from Sept. 29 to Jan. 20, 1866, to remain in Calcutta, for the purpose of studying the native languages.

ERRATA.—In G.O.C.C. of the 2nd inst., apptg. Brev. capt. W. Playfair, late 4th N.I., to offic. as wing officer to the 44th N.I., for "brev. capt." read "capt." for "late 4th N.I." read "staff corps."

The foll. orders are confirmed :—

Presy. div. order, dated the 2nd inst., directing Staff asst. surg. G. Atkinson, M.B., att. to the 54th foot, on being relieved, to proc. and assume med. charge of the convalescent depot at Parisnath, in the room of Asst. surg. J. E. Clark, apptd. to the 38th foot.

Dated the 2nd idem, attg. Lieut. J. Johnstone, late 68th N.I., to the 31st N.I., at Dalimkote.

Dated the 5th idem, directing Lieut. E. Beddy, wing officer 29th N.I., to proc. and assume comd. of the coolie corps at Darjeeling.

Saugor dist. order, dated 7th ult., appg. Capt. C. J. Godfrey, of the 10th Madras N.I., to offic. as dep. judge adv. gen. at a general court martial to be held at Jubbulpore; the services of the dep. judge adv. gen., Saugor and Gwalior dists., not being available.

Cawnpore brig. order, dated Aug. 17 last, directing Capt. W. Playfair, staff corps., to offic. as major of brig., with effect from 13th idem, in room of Capt. K. J. W. Coghill, apptd. offic. asst. adjt. gen., Oude div.

Dated 10th ult., directing Col. E. H. Maxwell, 88th foot, to assume com. of the brig. during the abs. on leave of Brig. gen. P. Hill, C.B.

Peshawur brig. order, dated June 28 last, app.

Asst. surg. R. Mantell, M.B., att. to the 4th Sikh inf., to the med. charge of the staff, in the room of Asst. surg. F. G. Constatant, M.D., 23rd N.I., proc. to join the 2nd Sikh inf.

Meerut station order, dated 16th ult., directing Col. H. Palmer, Bengal inf., to assume comd. of the station, in the room of Major gen. F. Wheeler, C.B., proc. on other duty.

88th Foot regtl. order, dated 3rd inst., app. Lieut. F. A. S. D'Acosta interp. to the regt., with effect from 1st idem.

15th N.I. regtl. order, dated July 12 last, directing Lieut. E. Kitson, adjt., to assume comd. in the room of Capt. R. Barter, proc. on court martial duty.

Camp Meerut, Oct. 30.—Musketry.—The foll. letter from the Secy. to Govt. of India, Mily. Dept., to the Secy. to Govt., Mily. Dept., Madras, No. 303, dated July 14 last, is published for general information:—

"I am directed to acquaint you for the information and guidance of the Govt. of Madras, that, subject to the approval of H.M.'s Govt., the Govt. of India is pleased to rule that in cases where the wings of a regt. are detached for a probably lengthened period and at great distances (as in the case of the regt. divided between Thyetnyo and Tonghoo) the asst. instructor of musketry shall be attached to one of the wings, and receive the allowances of an asst. instructor for the time he is attached, that is, so long as the wings are separated. No additional asst. instructor is to be appointed to the corps, and no charge for travelling expenses for the instructor will be allowed in such cases; as the asst. instructor will be in fact the instructor of the wing, and as such mainly responsible under the orders of the C. in C. for its proficiency.

"The Right Hon. the Gov. gen. of India in Council confirms the orders passed by H.E. the Gov. in Council, as reported in your letter, No. 1,181, of March 25 last, in the case of Lieut. Kirby, asst. instructor to the right wing H.M.'s 2nd batt. 19th foot, at Tonghoo, viz., that the allowances of an asst. instructor should be passed to him so long as he might be attached to the wing in that capacity, the instructor of musketry being absent with the other wing."

TRAVELLING EXPENSES.

The C. in C. is pleased to direct the publication, for general information and guidance, of the following letter, No. 245, dated Oct. 11, from the mily. dept. to the adjt. gen.:—

"In reply to your letter No. 406c. of June 22 last, I am directed to state, for the information of H.E. the C. in C., that Govt. sanctions the payment at the usual rate of the travelling expenses incurred by an officer directed to proceed to another station for the purpose of passing the exam. for prom. if he proc. by the most expeditious mode of conveyance."

Staff Corps.—Under instructions from the Govt. of India, H.E. the C. in C. is pleased to notify that officers both of the British and Indian services can only become candidates for the staff corps, in virtue of having obtained nomination to an appt., civil or mily.

It should, however, be understood that candidates for civil and depl. staff employ need not of necessity have previously served with a native regt., as this portion of an officer's proby. service is only required of officers desirous of serving with the native army or the forces under the immediate control of Govt.

Major C. O'B. Palmer, late 1st Eur. fus., is, at his own request, transf. from Peshawur to Meerut, for gen. duty.

Major J. B. Y. Matheson, late 52nd N.I., offic. 2nd in comd. and squad. officer of the 4th Bengal cav., is perm. to do gen. duty at Delhi on the return from sick leave of Capt. M. M. Prendergast.

Appts., until H.M.'s pleasure shall be known:—

45th Foot.—Lieut. F. T. Goad to be lieut., v. Lieut. R. Garbett, who exchanges, dated Oct. 30.

72nd Foot.—Lieut. R. Garnett to be lieut., v. Lieut. F. T. Goad, who exchanges, dated Oct. 30.

Prom. until H.M.'s pleasure shall be known:—

23rd Foot.—Ens. C. Norman to be lieut., by purch., v. Lieut. G. Wildes, who retires, dated Oct. 27, 1865.

The C. in C. is pleased to sanction an exchange of appts. between Surg. D. Macdonald, M.D., 4th Bengal cav., and Surg. C. Lowdell, of the 23rd N.I.

The sick leave granted in G.O.C.C. of the 6th inst. (page 465), to Brig. gen. W. E. Mulcaster, comdg. Mooltan brig., is hereby cane.

Lieut. H. G. Saunders, late 3rd Eur. regt., is permitted to do duty with the 7th, instead of with the 13th N.I., as notified in G.O.C.C., of Sept. 28 last.

Lieut. R. S. Green, gen. list, inf., posted to the 40th N.I., in G.O.C.C. of Sept. 1 last, is permitted to remain with the 91st foot, until further orders.

The following orders are confirmed:—

Presidency div. order, dated the 17th inst., posting the undermentioned medical officers, recently arrived in India, to the corps and depot specified:—

Staff Asst. surgs. J. W. Jones, 51st foot; J. R. R. Coulter, M.B., 94th foot; and D. C. G. Bourns, Chinsurah depot.

Saugor dist. order, dated the 7th inst., directing Staff asst. surg. A. Minty, M.B., attached to a detachment of the 97th foot at Nowgong, on being relieved, to do duty with the head quarters of that regt. at Saugor.

Gowhaty station order, dated Aug. 11 last, appointing Lieut. F. H. Williams, adjt. 44th N.I., to be station staff, with effect from the 1st idem.

Dated 1st ult., directing Asst. surg. J. C. Shaw, 44th N.I., to afford med. aid to the staff at the station, in addition to his other duties.

Rungeeah station order, dated Aug. 11 last, directing Asst. surg. R. Brown, 43rd N.I., to afford temp. med. aid to 14th Bengal cav., in addition to his other duties, with effect from 8th idem, in the room of Asst. surg. E. J. Hoskins, M.D., proceeded on m.c.

Doaba outpost order, dated 2nd ult., directing Lieut. C. S. De F. Roche, 3rd squadron officer 9th Bengal cav., to assume com. of Fort Shubkudur, in addition to his other duties, in the room of Lieut. H. E. Ryves, 15th Bengal cav.

4th Gorkhas regimental order, dated 4th ult., making the following appointments, in the room of Lieut. G. E. Macpherson, offic. qrmr., transf. to another appointment:—

Lieut. J. Hay, offic. doing duty officer, to offic. as qrmr.

Lieut. G. E. Reade, gen. list, inf., attached, to offic. as doing duty officer.

14th Bengal cavalry regimental order, dated 20th ult., directing Lieut. R. E. Wilmot, doing duty officer, to offic. as 3rd squadron officer, in addition to his other duties, with effect from 18th idem, in the room of Lieut. A. J. T. Welchman, proc. on m.c.

41st N.I. regtl. order, dated Aug. 23 last, making the following appointments, in the room of Lieut. V. W. Tregear, adjt., proc. on leave:—

Lieut. A. D. Anderson, qrmr., to offic. as adjt.

Lieut. L. Macdonald, doing duty officer, to offic. as qrmr., in add. to his other duties, there being no other qualified officer available.

42nd N.I. regtl. order, dated 15th ult., directing Lieut. A. Harrison, general list, inf., to offic. as adjt., in the room of Lieut. H. W. Williams, res.

43rd N.I. regtl. order, dated 19th ult., making the following appointments, in the room of Major R. G. Mayne, comdt., dec.:—

Capt. R. Y. Chambers, officg. 2nd in com. and wing officer, to offic. as comdt.

Lieut. F. V. H. Sperling, officg. adjt., to offic. as 2nd in com. and wing officer, in add. to his other duties.

Lieut. C. St. J. B. Barnett, officg. qrmr., to offic. as wing officer, in add. to his other duties.

44th N.I. regtl. order, dated Aug. 30 last, making the following appts., with effect from 1st idem, during the absence on sick leave of Major H. Dinning, 2nd in com. and wing officer:—

Lieut. F. H. Williams, adjt. and officg. wing officer, to offic. as 2nd in com. and wing officer, in add. to his other duties.

Lieut. G. C. Udny, doing duty officer, to offic. as wing officer and qrmr.

Leave of absence:—

Brig. Staff.—Brig. gen. H. F. Dunsford, C.B., from Oct. 15 to Oct. 31, in ext., to enable him to join his appt. at Peshawur; and Capt. A. Callander (brig. maj., Mooltan), from Oct. 7 to Dec. 5, to Calcutta, m.c.

Roy. Art.—Col. W. J. Smythe (14th brig.), from date of embarkation, to England, overland, m.c.; Capt. C. Cameron (No. 1 batty., 17th brig.), from date of embarkation, to England, via the Cape, m.c.; Second capt. W. Gully (A batty., 19th brig.), from Sept. 15 to Nov. 10, in ext. of priv. leave, to remain at Nynee Tal, m.c.; and Second capt. W. Brown (No. 1 batty., 25th brig.), from date of embarkation, to England, overland, m.c.

20th Huss.—Col. H. J. Stannus, from Oct. 1 to Oct. 10, in ext., to enable him to rejoin.

7th Foot.—Lieut. W. L. Barr (1st batt.), from Oct. 14 to Nov. 13, to Calcutta, m.c.

18th Foot.—Lieut. W. E. Twynning (1st batt.), from date of embarkation, to England, overland, m.c.

19th Foot.—Lieut. J. F. Fraser (1st batt.), from Oct. 1 to Nov. 1, in ext., to remain at Dhurmsala, m.c.

86th Foot.—Capt. A. F. Kelsey, from Oct. 15 to Oct. 31, in ext., to proceed to Calcutta, m.c.

76th Foot.—Lieut. T. T. Hodges, from date of embarkation, to England, overland, on m.c.

82nd Foot.—Capt. P. Hunter, from Oct. 2 to Nov. 26, to remain at Landour, on m.c.

97th Foot.—Capt. O. B. Cannon, and Capt. G. A. Ferris, from date of leaving regt., to Calcutta, for 1 mo. m.c.; Lieut. col. J. P. Clarkson, from Oct. 15 to Dec. 15, to Calcutta, on m.c.; and Lieut. col. J. Gordon (comdt. 10th N.I.) from Oct. 15 to Dec. 1, in ext., to remain at Mussoorie, on m.c.

Staff Corps.—Capt. H. Campbell, from Oct. 15 to Nov. 1, in ext., to remain at Nynee Tal.

Late 2nd Eur. Regt.—Capt. J. G. S. Matheson, att. to 7th N.I., from Oct. 15 to April 15, 1866, in ext., to remain at Simla on m.c.

Late 39th N.I.—Lieut. W. G. Maitland, att. to 29th N.I., from Oct. 12 to Dec. 16, in ext. of priv. leave, to remain in Calcutta, on m.c.

Late 48th N.I.—Lieut. R. Atkins, doing duty officer, 15th Bengal cav., from Oct. 16 to Nov. 15, to Calcutta, on m.c.

General List, Cavalry.—Lieut. W. G. Craig, att. to 16th Bengal cav., from Oct. 15 to Nov. 15, in ext., m.c.

CLOTHING.

Nov. 8.—The following extract of a letter from the Rt. Hon. the Secretary of State for India, received with Military Department Letter, No. 228, of 11th ult., is published for general information:—

Para. 5. The following information should be communicated to the Clothing Department at your Presidency.

For the future, military labourers will wear the army hospital corps pattern, viz.:—

Frock, blue serge; staff sergeants, superior blue serge; other ranks of privates, serge (blue).

"M. L." on shoulder-straps of staff sergeants to be gold; privates and other ranks, scarlet cloth.

Chevrons of staff sergeants to be gold, and sergeants' to be scarlet worsted, half-inch lace; buttons, "V. R." pattern; staff sergeants, gilt; other ranks, brass.

MUSKETRY.

With the sanction of Government, the following Horse Guards' letter, dated Aug. 2 last, is published for general information:—

"It having been decided that the appointment of district inspector of musketry shall be tenable for five years only, I have received the commands of the Field Marshal Cg. in C. to notify the same to you, and to request that you will report from time to time to this department, for his Royal Highness's information, the names of the officers whom you may propose to fill situations of this nature as they may become vacant in India, together with the dates of appointment."

With reference to G.G.O. No. 967 of 23rd ult., Asst. surg. R. Mantell, M.B., is app. to medical charge of 27th N.I., and directed to join.

The C. in C. in India is pleased to make the following promotion until her Majesty's pleasure shall be known:—

33rd Foot.—Lieut. J. M. Shipton to be capt., by purch., v. Capt. F. G. Stapleton, who retires, dated Oct. 30.

The C. in C. in India is pleased to make the following appointment:—

41st N.I.—Lieut. B. Wemyss, gen. list, inf., 2nd doing duty officer, on prob., 35th N.I., to be 2nd doing duty officer, on probation, v. Capt. H. A. Prinsep, whose appointment is cane, dated Oct. 30.

The C. in C. in India is pleased to sanction the retirement from the service, by the sale of his commission, of Ens. W. J. Kennedy, of the 97th foot, subject to H.M.'s approval, dated Oct. 30.

The C. in C. in India is pleased to sanction the retirement from the service, by the sale of his commission, of Ens. A. M. Neave, of the 36th foot, subject to H.M.'s approval, dated Oct. 31.

Capt. G. J. Teevan, of the 94th foot, is appointed to offic. as dist. insp. of musketry, and directed to assume charge of the 1st div. during the time Capt. T. Lloyd retains that of the 5th div., or until further orders.

Asst. surg. H. Cayley, in joint med. charge at Simla, will also afford professional aid to the portion of army headqrs. estabs. remaining there, on the departure of H.E. the C. in C., with effect from 1st inst.

With reference to G.G.O. No. 997, G.O.C.C. of April 22 last, granting an ext. of leave to Major A. C. Bunbury, late 34th N.I., is cane.

Capt. A. Cory, late 16th N.I., recently returned

from leave to Europe, is appd. to do duty with the 9th N.I., proceeding towards the Eastern frontier, and directed to join.

Lieut. R. A. Price, gen. list, inf., recently returned from leave to Europe, is appd. to do duty with the 9th N.I., proceeding towards Bhootan, and is directed to join.

The foll. orders are, with the sanction of Govt., confirmed:—

Left Brig. Dooar Field Force order, dated March 24 last, app. Capt. H. D. Jackson, R.A., to be asst. field engr. to the left brig.

Dated April 22 last, app. Lieut. W. J. Heavyside, R.E., to be asst. field engr. to the left brigade, with effect from Feb. 28 last.

Pres. div. order, dated Aug. 5 last, directing Col. C. Herbert, C.B., of the 54th foot, to assume command of the garrison of Fort William, Alipore, and Dum-Dum, with effect from the 1st idem.

Peshawur div. order, dated 9th ult., directing Capt. E. M. Jones, 1st batt. 20th foot, to offic. as asst. adjt. gen., v. Lieut. col. T. Wright, appd. to the staff of the Bhootan field force.

Assam district order, dated Sept. 8 last, appg. Dr. O'Connor, with the concurrence of the civil authorities, to the med. charge of 42nd N.I., with effect from May 22 last.

Dated the 17th ult., directing Asst. surg. F. J. Pettingal, attached to the depot of medical stores, to assume med. charge of the depot hospital at Gowhatty, in addition to his other duties.

Ferozepore brigade order, dated 3rd ult., directing Lieut. col. H. R. Hibbert, commanding 1st batt. 7th foot, to assume command of the station.

Dated the 7th ult., directing Lieut. col. G. Caulfield, Bengal inf., to assume command of the station.

Umballah brigade order, dated the 11th ult., directing Asst. surg. J. Munday, attached to 21st hussars, to proceed with the detachment of 94th foot, marching on Phillour and Kangra on the 16th idem.

Eastern frontier brigade order, dated the 7th ult., directing Asst. surg. F. Powell, M.N., attached to the depot of medical stores, to proceed and assume med. charge of the depot hospital to be formed at Buxa Dooar, in addition to his other duties; and Asst. surg. Hatchell, attached to 31st N.I., to afford med. aid to the staff of the Bhootan field force, in addition to his other duties, with effect from the 22nd ult.

Mooltan garrison order, dated the 7th ult., appg. Capt. E. F. Browne, 35th foot, to offic. as major of brigade, in room of Capt. A. Callander, staff corps, proceeded on sick leave.

Sealkote station order, dated the 8th ult., directing Staff Asst. surg. G. Fearon, attached to 7th hussars, to proceed and assume med. charge of the convalescent depot at Dhurmalla, in room of Asst. surg. A. Taylor, proceeding with the 1st Goorkha regt. on the 10th idem.

Nowgong station order, dated 5th Sept., directing Surg. J. W. R. Amesbury, 1st Bengal cav., to afford med. aid to the detachment of 97th foot at Nowgong, in addition to his other duties, with effect from 6th idem, in room of Staff Asst. surg. W. J. Page, left the station.

27th foot regimental order, dated Sept. 30, appg. Lieut. F. Coffey to offic. as qmrr., with effect from 1st ult., in room of qmrr. J. Trenor, on leave.

97th foot regtl. order, dated 10th ult., nominating the undermentioned officers a committee of paymastership, with effect from 12th idem, in the room of Capt. H. L. de la Chaumette, proceeded on leave:—

Major F. A. Walter, president; Capt. H. S. Hill and W. M. Harnett, members.

And directing Major Walter to act as paymaster, on the responsibility of the committee.

13th Bengal cav. regtl. order, dated Aug. 26, directing Lieut. H. E. Ryves, 3rd squadron officer, to officiate as 2nd squadron officer, in addition to his other duties, in room of Lieut. E. Wells, proceeded on leave, m.c.

Leave of absence:—

Royal Horse Art.—2nd Capt. H. Murray, E. batty. C brigade, from Oct. 21 to Dec. 20, to Murree, Rawul Pindee, and thence to Delhi, m.c.; and Asst. surg. F. Ffolliott, C batty. F brigade, from Jan. 6 to Feb. 13, to remain at Secunderabad, m.c.

Royal Art.—2nd Capt. D. S. Pemberton, No. 4 batty. 24th brigade, from April 15 to Oct. 14, to Simla; and Lieut. H. L. Armstrong, No. 3 batty. 17th brigade, from date of embarkation at Bombay, to England, overland, m.c.

4th Foot.—Lieut. E. M. Kemp, 1st batt., from April 14, 1866, to July 14, 1866, in ext., to remain in England.

7th Foot.—Lieut. H. F. Oakes, 1st batt., from

date of embarkation, to England, for 17 mo., doing duty with troops on the voyage.

51st Foot.—Lieut. W. Clements (adjt.) from Oct. 16, in ext., to remain at Rawul Pindee, to await arrival of his regt.; and Ens. J. R. Lumley, from date of embarkation, to England for 17 mo., on private affairs, doing duty with troops on the voyage.

72nd Foot.—Lieut. col. W. McDonald, from date of embarkation of regt. at Bombay, for 3 mo., to remain in the country pending exchange to another regt.; and Lieut. J. F. Hilton, from date of embarkation, to England, m.c., preceding his regt.

79th Foot.—Col. R. M. Best, from Oct. 7 to Oct. 25, in ext., to remain at Murree; Capt. W. H. Mackesy, from date of availing himself of leave, to Calcutta for 6 mo., to study the native languages; and Lieut. W. D. S. Campbell, from date of embarkation, to England, for 17 mo., doing duty with troops on the voyage.

94th Foot.—Capt. W. W. J. Bruce, from April 15 to Oct. 14, to Kussowlie and hills north of Dehra, on private affairs; and Lieut. H. Jones, from April 15 to July 14, to Simla and hills north of Dehra, on private affairs.

Gen. List, Cav.—W. A. S. DeV. Beauclerk (adjt. 7th Bengal cav.), from Oct. 25 to Nov. 25, to Calcutta, m.c.

Bengal Inf.—Lieut. col. W. M. Cafe, V.C., from Nov. 1 to April 1, 1866, to remain in the hills north of Dehra, on m.c., and to Calcutta, m.c.

Late 31st N.I.—Major R. H. Price, 2nd in com. and wing officer, 12th N.I., from Oct. 22 to Jan. 22 next, to hills north of Dehra, on m.c.

Ordnance Dept.—Dep. Asst. Comy. R. Vaughan (att. to office of examiner of ordnance accs.), from Oct. 16 to Oct. 15, 1866, in ext., to remain in the hills north of Dehra, on m.c.; and Conductor H. Hobery (Peshawur magazine), from date of departure, to Calcutta, for 1 mo., on m.c.

Barrack Dept.—Dep. Asst. Comy. J. Matthews, barrackmaster, Jullundur, from Sept. 23 to Oct. 7, in ext., to remain at Jullundur on m.c., and to enable him to rejoin.

Nov. 4.—Appointments:—

2nd Bengal Cav.—Capt. H. G. Jenkins, late 4th Eur. L.C., att. to 7th Bengal cav., to offic. as 2nd in com. and squadron officer, v. Capt. H. Melville, app. to 19th Bengal cav., dated Nov. 3.

7th Bengal Cav.—Lieut. E. Hay, 2nd doing duty officer, to offic. as adjt., v. Lieut. W. A. S. DeV. Beauclerk, proc. on leave, on m.c., dated Nov. 3, 1865.

19th Bengal Cav.—Capt. H. Melville, late 2nd Eur. L.C., and offic. 2nd in com. and squadron officer, 2nd Bengal cav., to be 2nd in command and squadron officer, v. Maj. H. C. Cattley, dec.; dated Nov. 3, 1865.

The C. in C. is pleased to sanction an exchange of appts. between Lieut. R. E. Boyle, 3rd squadron officer, and Lieut. R. D. Osborn, adjt., 12th Bengal cav.

Lieut. E. D. H. Vibart, late 54th N.I., recently returned from leave to Europe, is app. to do duty with 16th N.I., proc. to Bhootan; to join.

Lieut. W. D. Macturk, late 64th N.I., attached to the 34th, is permitted to proc. and do duty with the 40th N.I. at Banda.

Lieut. G. E. J. Mailman, staff corps, is app. to do duty with 14th N.I. at Benares; to join.

In cont. of G.O.C.C. of Sept. 19 last (page 439), Dep. Insp. gen. of Hospitals J. Naismith, M.D., is directed to carry out the invaliding of the men of H.M.'s British forces in Bhootan.

The following orders are confirmed:—

Dated the 24th ult., directing Surg. major G. Saunders to proceed to Patna, in view to his assuming civil medical charge of that station.

Benares div. order, dated 16th ult., app. Asst. surg. A. H. Hilson, M.N., civil assist. surg., to assume med. charge of 26th N.I. at Goruckpore.

Dinapore brigade order, dated the 14th ult., making the following appointments, with effect from the 16th idem:—

Lieut. col. R. C. Germon, comdt. of 16th N.I., to assume com. of the brigade, in the room of Brigdr. gen. D. Pott, proc. on duty.

Capt. W. G. Cubitt, V.C., adjt. of 16th N.I., to offic. temp. as station staff, in the room of Capt. H. Cowell, brigade major, proc. with the brigdr. gen. on duty.

Ferozepore brigade order, dated the 14th ult., directing Asst. surg. J. A. Illingworth, of the A battery, 19th brigade, R.A., to afford med. aid to the left wing of the 3rd N.I., in addition to his other duties, with effect from the 11th idem.

Doaba outpost order, dated 6th ult., directing Capt. F. D. Ogilvie, wing officer of the 27th N.I.,

to assume temp. com. of Fort Shubbkudur, in add. to his other duties, in the room of Lieut. C. S. De F. Roche, 3rd squadron officer of the 9th Bengal cav., rejoined regtl. head quarters.

Dhurmalla station order, dated Sept. 25 last, directing Civil asst. surg. A. Taylor, with the concurrence of the civil authorities, to assume medical charge of the 1st Goorkha regt., in the room of Surg. maj. W. Craddock.

3rd batt. rifle brigade regimental order, dated 9th ult., appg. Lieut. A. D. Rickman to act as regtl. interpreter.

5th Bengal cav. regtl. order, dated 9th ult., making the following appts.:—

Lieut. A. C. Anderson, doing duty officer, to offic. as adjt., in add. to his other duties, with effect from May 15 last, in the room of Lieut. C. H. Cantor, proc. on sick leave.

Lieut. H. A. Shakespear, 3rd squadron officer, to offic. as adjt., in add. to his other duties, with effect from May 24 last, in the room of Lieut. Anderson, proc. to join another appt.

1st N.I. regtl. order, dated 15th ult., making the following appointments:—

Capt. F. J. Craigie, adjt., to offic. as wing officer, in the room of Major J. G. Sparke, transf. to the 31st N.I.

Lieut. G. Atkins, doing duty officer, to offic. as adjutant.

9th N.I. regtl. order, dated the 13th ult., directing Lieut. C. Case, of staff corps, att., to offic. as 1st doing duty officer in room of Lieut. F. W. Glasford, app. offic. qmrr.

27th N.I. regtl. order, dated 7th ult., making the following appointments with effect from Sept. 15 last, during the abs. on court-martial duty of Major J. Doran, comdt.:—

Major C. Irvine, 2nd in com. and wing officer, to offic. as comdt.

Capt. F. D. Ogilvie, wing officer, to offic. as 2nd in com. and wing officer.

Lieut. H. H. Birch, adjt., to offic. as wing officer.

Lieut. C. E. Hunter, doing duty officer, to offic. as adjt.

30th N.I. regtl. order, dated the 13th ult., directing Lieut. H. W. Webster, att., to offic. as adjt., in room of Lieut. C. J. Durand, proc. on m.c.

Leave of absence:—

Royal Horse Art.—Lieut. A. M. Rawlins (C battery, D brig.), from date of embarkation at Bombay, to England, overland, m.c.

Royal Art.—Lieut. col. H. J. B. Macleod (22nd brigade, com. roy. art. at Agra), from Oct. 15 to Dec. 31, in ext., to remain at Mussoorie, on m.c.; Capt. J. B. Swete (No. 7 battery 23rd brig.), from date of embarkation to England, overland, m.c.; 2nd Capt. W. Brown (No. 1 battery 25th brig.), from Oct. 1 to Nov. 1, to Calcutta, m.c.; Lieut. H. W. L. Hime (E battery 11th brig.), from date of embarkation, to England, overland, m.c.; and Asst. surg. T. S. Barry (E battery, 19th brig.), from Oct. 15 to Dec. 31, in ext. of priv. leave, to remain at Dhurmalla and neighbouring hills, on m.c.

3rd Drag. Grds.—Lieut. E. Brett (instructor of mu-ketry), from date of embarkation at Bombay, to England, overland, on m.c.

7th Drag. Grds.—Vet. surg. R. J. G. Hurford, from Nov. 1 to Dec. 31, in extension, to remain at Mussoorie, on m.c.

21st Hussars.—Capt. G. F. Smith, from Oct. 19 to Nov. 18, to Kussowlie and Simla, on m.c.

104th Foot.—Ens. B. Huddleston, from Oct. 15 to Dec. 1, in extension, to remain at Mussoorie on m.c.

Late 63rd N.I.—Capt. J. Reay, from Nov. 1 to Dec. 31, to the Presidency, prep. to applying for furl. to Europe. (This cancels the leave granted in G.O.C.C., July 31, page 344.)

MADRAS.

BY THE GOVERNOR IN COUNCIL.

Fort St. George, Nov. 24.—Rev. J. Griffith, M.A., chaplain of Cuddalore, has obtained leave of absence for 2 weeks.

Mr. A. C. Burnell, acting head asst. to coll. and mag. of Malabar, is invested with the power to hear and dispose of appeals from convictions of the subordinate mags., 1st class, stationed within his charge.

Fort William, Nov. 7.—Mr. W. H. Kerr, supt. of Coorg, assumed charge of his office and treasury from Capt. R. A. Cole on 13th ult.

Nov. 9.—Mr. H. A. Moraes, who was offic. for Mr. J. Mackey as asst., 5th class, in the office of the accountant gen., Madras, is allowed priv. leave for 3 mo. from Oct. 25 last.

Fort St. George, Nov. 24.—No. 408.—H.E. the

G. in C. is pleased to make the following prom., subject to H.M.'s approval:—Asst. surg. C. Cooper, M.D. (having completed 12 years' service), to be surg., with effect from Nov. 20.

The undermen. officers are permitted to proceed to Europe:—

Surg. major J. Brett, M.D., med. dept., in med. charge of 14th regt. N.I., on m.c. for 3 years, under old regs., and to embark from Madras.

Capt. (brev. major) L. R. de M. Hutchison, 20th regt. N.I., on furl. for 3 years, under old regs., and to embark from Madras.

The leave to Europe on m.c. for 20 mo., granted in G.O.G., March 14, 1864, No. 100, to Capt. J. Lampen, staff corps, is extended for 3 days, viz., from 15th to 17th inst. inclusive.

Returned to duty:—

Ridingmaster J. O'Connell, 3rd regt. L.C.; arrived at Bombay Oct. 29.

Lieut. C. H. Grace, staff corps, asst. comr., 1st class, Central Provinces; arrived at Bombay Nov. 9.

Capt. (brev. maj.) G. W. Playfair, staff corps; arrived at Madras Nov. 18.

The undermentioned gentlemen, who arrived at Madras on Nov. 18, are, from that date, admitted upon the establishment as assistant surgeons, in conformity with their appointments, as notified in G.O.G. Oct. 24, No. 376:—

Mr. A. Porter, M.D.

Mr. J. A. W. Spence.

No. 409.—In consequence of scarcity of provisions and water in the Ganjam district, that part of G.O.G. No. 311, dated Aug. 29, which directed the march of the 7th and 11th regts. N.I., is countermanded, and the following substituted:—

8th regt. N.I., from Bellary to Singapore.

34th regt. L.I., from Singapore to Bellary.

PRIZE MONEYS.

No. 410.—The Gov. in Council is pleased to publish the following G.O. by the Govt. of Bombay, authorising a second and final distribution of the Nurgood and Shorapore Prize, the issue of which will accordingly be proceeded with in this Presidency:—

Bombay Castle, Sept. 18.—No. 486.—H.E. the Gov. in Council is pleased to authorise the immediate distribution of the second and final payments of the following prize moneys:—

Nurgood Prize Money at Rs.	3	10	0	per share.
Shorapore do. do.	8	11	0	"
Sathpoora do. do.	16	13	0	"

Claims thereto should be accordingly preferred to the Examiner of Prize Accounts in the same manner and under the same conditions prescribed for the first payments under G.G.O. No. 415 of Aug. 8, 1863.

All documents for the second distribution to be headed with the words "2nd Distribution Shorapore or Nurgood Prize," as the case may require.

No. 2,143.—Lieut. D. W. Laughton, asst. comr. 3rd class, in the Hyderabad assigned districts, has passed the lower standard of examination in civil and criminal law.

76th Foot.—Capt. J. Geddes to be major, by purch., v. Major C. L. De Winton, who retires; dated Oct. 6.

Lieut. E. Harrison to be capt., by purch., v. Capt. J. Geddes, prom.; dated Oct. 6.

Ensign G. D. Sampson to be lieut., by purch., v. Lieut. E. Harrison, prom.; dated Oct. 6.

Assist. surg. C. Cooper, M.D., having completed 12 years' service, to be surg., with effect from Nov. 20.

Lieut. J. H. M. Barnett, 16th regt. N.I., is app. to offic. as qmrm. of that corps, v. Reid, on leave.

The appt. of Capt. (brev. maj.) Lynch, as offic. senior wing comdt. of 10th regt., notified in G.O.C.C. dated 25th ult., No. 132, is cane. at that officer's request.

Capt. A. H. E. Campbell, 2nd cav., to be doing duty officer of 4th cav.

Capt. T. L. Scott, 19th regt., to be doing duty officer of 27th regt.

Capt. F. Gadsden, staff corps, to be doing duty officer of 5th inf.

Capt. (brev. major) Aynley, 6th cav., is app. offic. jun. squad. officer (acting) of 4th cav.

Capt. E. M. Cherry, 1st cav., is app. offic. jun. squad. officer (acting) of 1st cav.

Major F. Applegath, staff corps, to be sen. wing comdt. of 33rd regt.

Lieut. C. T. P. Luxmore, late 1st Madras fus., to be qmrm. of 39th regt.

Lieut. K. F. Stevenson, late 43rd regt. N.I., to be qmrm. of 14th regt.

Leave of absence:—

C Battery 23rd Brig. R.A.—In anticipation of Asst. surg. J. R. Owen's application to be perm. to retire from the service being accepted, that med. officer is perm. to proceed from Trichinopoly to Madras.

Royal Artillery.—Capt. C. Johnson, D brig., to England on m.c.

Royal Artillery.—Lieut. J. H. Gleig (No. 5 batt. 17th brig.), from date of embarkation, to England on m.c.

60th Rifles.—Capt. W. H. Ivimy, 3rd batt., from date of embarkation to Madras, to England, overland, on m.c.

Late 8th Regt. L.C.—Major J. G. Cookson, acting senior squadron officer, 2nd regt. L.C., for 6 mo., from Nov. 15, 1865, or date of dep., to Neilgherries, Bangalore, and Madras.

35th Regt. N.I.—Capt. (brev. mai.) C. F. Gilbertson, for 6 mo., to Madras.

Postings:—

Staff asst. surg. K. Macaw, M.D., to Poona-mallee, as a temp. arrangement.

Staff asst. surg. R. W. Davies, to Ramandroog, v. Asst. surg. Land, M.D., 2nd batt. 21st fus., who on being relieved will rejoin his batt. at Bellary.

Staff asst. surg. Dooley, on dep. of 76th regt. from Madras, will be attached to 3rd batt. 60th rifles, for duty with detachment at Palaveram.

Surg. J. A. Cox, M.D., from 22nd regt. N.I., doing duty 30th N.I., to 31st regt. L.I.

Asst. surg. T. Croudace, to 28th regt. N.I.

BOMBAY.

BY THE GOVERNOR IN COUNCIL.

Nov. 22.—Mr. V. Purusharam, dist. dep. mag. in the Sholapoor sub collectorate, is invested with the powers of a mag. in the Poona dist.

The Hon. the Governor in Council is pleased to invest the following officers with the powers contemplated in Act. XIII. of 1859 in the Poona dist:—

Mr. W. M. Salmon, acting sub coll. and asst. to the mag. of Poona.

Mr. J. B. Richey, acting 1st asst. to the coll. and mag. of Poona.

Lieut. H. N. Reeves, acting railway mag.

Mr. E. T. Richardson, Hoozoor dep. coll. and mag. at Poona.

Mr. V. Purusharam, dist. dep. coll. and mag. in the Sholapoor sub collectorate.

Mr. W. H. Newnham held the appt. of sen. asst. judge and session judge of Rutnagerry from July 1 to Oct. 23, and Mr. C. B. Ison that of asst. judge at Tanna during the same period.

Nov. 14.—Mr. N. M. W. Daniell to be 3rd asst. to the coll. and mag. of Khandeish, and to act as 2nd asst. coll. and mag. of Khandeish.

Lieut. J. Rutherford, asst. superint. Mysore revenue survey, passed an examination in the Canarese language on the 6th inst.

Nov. 15.—Mr. M. J. M. S. Stewart, coll. and mag. of Canara, is allowed, under Section 3 and 9 of the Civil Service Absentee Rules, special leave of absence for 10 days from the 14th inst., to rejoin his appt. at Canara.

Nov. 17.—The services of Capt. J. C. Hobson, asst. superint. revenue survey and assessment, Tanna and Rutnagerry, are placed at the disposal of the comdr. of the forces.

Nov. 21.—Mr. C. Richardson to offic. as a sub asst. superint. revenue survey and assessment, Southern Maratha country, from Sept. 28.

Nov. 18.—Surg. F. S. Stedman performed the duties of surg. to the Jamsotjee Jejeebhoy Hospital, and Asst. surg. A. H. Hojel those of asst. surg. to the same hospital, from July 24 to Nov. 2, the date on which Surg. R. Haines received charge.

Nov. 22.—Surg. R. Haines, principal of the Grand Medical College, is confirmed in the appt. of chemical analyser to Govt.

Nov. 18.—Mr. J. P. Bickersteth resumed charge of the office of registrar of the diocese on the 29th ultimo.

Nov. 15.—Lieut. col. J. G. F. Fife, R.E., resumed charge of the office of the chief engr. in Sind, Nov. 3.

Nov. 14.—Rev. W. Jones is apptd. to the charge of the Upper Sind station; but when unable to travel in Upper Sind on account of the heat, he will reside at Kurrachee and render assistance there.

Rev. H. W. Bagnell, chaplain of Kurrachee, to act as chaplain in Upper Sind during the cold season ensuing. The Rev. S. Stead and the Rev. W. Jones, in Mr. Bagnell's absence, to act respectively as chaplain and joint chaplain at Kurrachee.

BY THE COMMANDER IN CHIEF.

Adj. Gen.'s Office, Head Qrs., Poona, Nov. 9.—No. 2,049.—The underment. officers and non-commissioned officer are reported to have passed in Hindoostani by the first standard:—

Capt. A. R. Macdonnell, R.E.

Lieut. E. S. Walcott, gen. list, att. to 10th N.I.

Schoolmaster E. Stewart, sappers and miners.

No. 2,050.—With reference to G.G.O. No. 562 of the 1st inst., G.O.C. No. 975, dated Sept. 26 last, is hereby cane.

Nov. 10.—No. 2,053.—Appointments, until H.M.'s pleasure shall be known:—

45th Foot.—Lieut. F. T. Goad to be lieut., v. Garnett, who exchs.

72nd Foot.—Lieut. R. Garnett to be lieut., v. Goad, who exchs.

No. 2,054.—Lieut. H. A. Laye, gen. list, is att. to the 4th regt. N.I., or rifle corps.

Nov. 11.—No. 2,055.—The following orders are confirmed:—

Dated Oct. 23, 1865, by the officer comdg. left wing 49th foot, apptg. Ens. Cockburn actg. adjt., and Capt. Young actg. paymr. and qmrm., to the wing, with effect from Oct. 18.

Dated Oct. 27, 1865, by Lieut. col. Gray, apptg. Lieut. H. S. Tandy staff officer at Rajcote, v. Blowers.

Dated Nov. 5, 1865, by Lieut. col. Lacy, 56th foot, apptg. Lieut. Sullivan to act as adjt., with effect from Nov. 6, v. Garsia, proceeded to England.

Dated Nov. 9, 1865, by the brig. gen. comdg. Bombay garrison, apptg. Surg. G. Nicholson, M.D., to the temp. med. charge of the 4th regt. N.I. (rifles), in addition to his present charge.

No. 2,056.—Lieut. J. G. Edwardes, 18th brig. R.A., has been apptd. by H.R.H. the F. M. C. in C. to do duty with the depot brig.

No. 2,057.—The undermen. officer, of the Royal Engineers, having arrived from England on Oct. 29, 1865, is attached to the corps of sappers and miners for duty:—

Lieut. H. C. Reynolds.

No. 2,058.—The undermen. officers returned today, by permission of the Sec. of State for India, on Nov. 9, 1865:—

Lieut. C. S. Sturt, cadre 6th regt. N.I.

Lieut. col. J. W. F. Sandwith, cadre 3rd Eur. regt.

Lieut. col. J. W. Playfair, R.E.

No. 2,059.—Leave of absence:—

Asst. surg. J. D'Altera, 14th brig. R.A., from Oct. 1 to Dec. 1, on m.c.

Lieut. C. S. Graham, 18th brig. R.A., from Oct. 4 to April 4, on m.c.

Lieut. F. B. Roberts, 18th brig. R.A., from Oct. 6, to April 4, on m.c.

Lieut. J. B. Walker, 18th brig. R.A., from Nov. 11 to Nov. 18, in ext.

Lieut. E. W. Buller, 21st brig. R.A., from Sept. 27, 1865, to March 27, 1866.

Capt. J. McCrea, 45th Foot, from Oct. 1 to Dec. 31, on relinquishing his appt. as dist. inspector of musketry at Aldershot.

Major J. Miller, 2nd drag. guards., from Sept. 30, to date of departure of the first packet for Bombay in Nov.

Leave of absence:—

Lieut. W. V. Gregory, 18th brig. R.A., to England on m.c.

Capt. J. J. Corrigan, 3rd drag. guards., from Nov. 4 to Dec. 3, to Bombay, on m.c.

Nov. 13.—No. 2,061.—The following appts. are made:—

4th Regt. N.I. or Rifle Corps.—Capt. J. H. Cas-tell, staff corps, to be 2nd doing duty officer.

6th Regt. N.I.—Capt. J. J. Elder, to be 2nd do. duty officer.

No. 2,062.—Capt. T. Van-Straubenzee, roy. art., offic. mil. sec., has permission to avail himself of the leave granted in G.O. No. 1,082, dated Poona, Oct. 21, and to proceed to England by the overland mail of the 14th inst.

Lieut. H. J. Stock, A.D.C., will offic. as mil. sec.

Capt. T. Van-Straubenzee offic. as A.D.C. to the comdr. of the forces, in add. to his other duties, during the underment. periods:—

From May 24 to June 30—both days inclusive.

From Aug. 1 to Nov. 13—both days inclusive.

No. 2,063.—Surg. J. Bain is directed to proceed to Nusseerabad, and assume med. charge of the 11th Regt. N.I.

Asst. surg. H. Atkins, on being relieved by Dr. Bain, will rejoin his regt. in Bombay.

No. 2,064.—The underment. officer returned to duty, by permission of the Sec. of State for India, on Nov. 9:—

Capt. C. W. Finch, royal engrs.

No. 2,065.—The underment. officer is reported to have passed in Hindoostanee by the first standard: Asst. surg. E. Sexton, 6th regt. N.I.

Nov. 14.—No. 2,068.—The services of Capt. J. Hobson, rev. survey, having been placed temply. at the disposal of the comdr. of the forces, that officer is appd. to act as dep. asst. qmr. gen. at the presy., subject to confirmation hereafter.

Capt. Hobson is requested to report himself to the dep. qmr. gen. at the presy. immediately.

No. 2,069.—Capt. H. B. Hayward, 45th foot, is appd. to the com. of Mount Aboo Sanitarium.

No. 2,070.—Capt. C. J. Turnbull, 23rd regt. N.I., is appd. 1st class station staff officer to the field force in Kattywar.

No. 2,071.—The following term. arrangement is confirmed, with effect from Nov. 4:—

17th Regt. N.I.—Major J. H. Reynolds to offic. as comdnt.; v. Lieut. col. Wood, Capt. H. Vaughan to offic. as 2nd in com., and Lieut. W. A. Salmon to offic. as wing officer (in add. to his own duties as adjt.)

Nov. 15.—No. 2,074.—With reference to G. O. No. 2,053 of the 10th inst., Lieut. R. Garnett, 72nd foot, will precede his regt. to England, by the overland route, at the public expense.

No. 2,076.—Leave of absence:—

Col. G. P. Sealy, 18th brig. R.A., from Sept. 20, 1865, to Sept. 20, 1866, on m.c.

Capt. A. N. Wilson, 1st batt. 4th foot, from Oct. 6, 1865, to June 6, 1866, on m.c.

BIRTHS.

CANTOR.—At Darjeeling, Nov. 11, the wife of Lieutenant C. H. Cantor, 5th Bengal Cavalry, of a daughter.

GIRLING.—Nov. 13, the wife of C. L. Girling, E. B. Railway, of a daughter.

LONGMORE.—At Lucknow, Nov. 12, the wife of Capt. C. M. Longmore, 26th regt. N.I., of a son.

LEGGETT.—At Kurrachee, Nov. 11, the wife of E. Leggett, Esq., of a son.

MATHIAS.—At Buxar, Nov. 16, the wife of Capt. Mathias, B.S.C., District Superint. of Police, Nimar, of a daughter.

MANUK.—At Calcutta, Oct. 30, Mrs. M. J. Manuk, of a son.

MCGREGOR.—At Hyderabad, Scinde, Nov. 10, the wife of Mr. William McGregor, First Asst. Superint., Government Telegraph, Scinde Circle, of a daughter.

MULLER.—At Calcutta, Nov. 19, the wife of Mr. H. A. Muller, of a son.

NOTT.—The wife of Capt. Nott, of the Royal Regt., of a son, since dead on board the *Delta*, off Gibraltar, on her homeward voyage, Nov. 23.

O'DEA.—At Rockwood, Simla, Nov. 7, the wife of M. O'Dea, Quartermaster general's Department, of a daughter.

OSTREHAN.—At Hyderabad, Scinde, Nov. 11, the wife of E. O'trehan, Esq., Staff Corps, of a daughter.

PELLEY.—At Neemuch, Nov. 1, the wife of Brigadier general H. J. Pelly, of a daughter.

PARK.—At Bhaugulpore, Nov. 14, the wife of Robt. Park, indigo planter, of a son.

ROBERTSON.—At No. 7, Lower Circular-road, Calcutta, Nov. 4, the wife of J. A. Robertson, Esq., of a daughter.

RENNY.—At Jessore, Oct. 27, the wife of H. G. Renny, Esq., Bengal Police, of a daughter.

SHERIFF.—At Calcutta, Nov. 17, the wife of J. Sheriff, Esq., Veterinary Surgeon, of a daughter.

THOMPSON.—Nov. 17, at Shahjehanpore, the wife of Fendall Thompson, Esq., of a daughter.

MARRIAGES.

MACKENZIE—PRENDERGAST.—At the Cathedral, Bombay, Nov. 15, Lieut. Kenneth J. L. Mackenzie, Assistant Commissioner, Berar, to Marian, youngest daughter of E. Prendergast, Esq., Ardfinnan Castle, co. Tipperary, Ireland.

McKELLAR—WHITE.—At St. Paul's Church, Umballa, Nov. 16, Edward McKellar, Esq., surgeon, 10th Bengal Cavalry (Lancers), to Eliza Mary Ann, daughter of the late Rev. Edward White, Chaplain on the Bengal Establishment.

DEATHS.

BONNAND.—At Calcutta, Nov. 16, Adele, the wife of the Rev. Robert L. Bonnand, S.P.G.

WILKINS.—At Jubbulpore, Oct. 19, Charles Harry Outram, younger child of Lieut. W. H. Wilkins, Revenue Survey.

HOME.

EXPORT OF SPECIE.

(From James Low's *Indian Circular*, Dec. 26, 1865.)

FROM GREAT BRITAIN FOR FIFTEEN YEARS.

	Gold.	Silver.
1851 ...	£102,280	£1,716,100
1852 ...	921,739	2,630,238
1853 ...	880,202	4,710,665
1854 ...	1,174,299	3,132,003
1855 ...	948,272	6,409,889
1856 ...	404,749	12,118,985
1857 ...	269,275	16,795,232
1858 ...	168,305	4,781,923
1859 ...	788,269	14,828,521
1860 ...	1,669,746	8,038,276
1861 ...	783,543	6,838,292
1862 ...	1,715,963	10,138,506
1863 ...	3,173,442	8,213,264
1864 ...	2,041,854	6,175,270
1865 ...	487,725	3,354,960
	£15,529,663	£109,922,124

FROM THE MEDITERRANEAN PORTS FOR THIRTEEN YEARS.

	Gold.	Silver.
1853 ...	£93,528	£848,362
1854 ...	48,456	1,451,014
1855 ...	213,239	1,524,240
1856 ...	74,039	1,989,916
1857 ...	259,986	3,350,689
1858 ...	165,230	911,043
1859 ...	142,144	1,521,970
1860 ...	765,138	2,764,054
1861 ...	644,934	2,021,060
*1862 ...	1,676,689	4,461,273
*1863 ...	4,849,521	6,923,269
*1864 ...	4,928,891	10,681,428
*1865 ...	3,113,348	5,069,090
	£17,005,143	£43,517,408

AMOUNT OF GOVERNMENT BILLS DRAWN DURING THE YEAR 1865.

Calcutta ...	£3,811,747	6	6
Bombay ...	2,007,981	15	5
Madras ...	392,384	17	11
Total ...	£6,212,113	19	10

* Includes Shipments per Steamers of the Messageries Impériales.

MISCELLANEOUS.

EAST INDIAN RAILWAY.—The report of the directors states that when the last meeting of the company was held the line had been opened throughout, with the exception of the great bridge over the Jumna, at Allahabad, from Calcutta to the left bank of that river opposite Delhi. After an exercise of the highest engineering skill during nearly eight years the Allahabad-Jumna bridge was completed and opened for traffic on the 15th of August last. The board most thoroughly concurred in the encomiums passed by the Government authorities upon the company's officers, namely, Mr. Sibley, engineer-in-chief; Messrs. Collet and Dunn, the district and assistant engineers; and the subordinate staff employed on the Jumna Bridge. This work, from its inception to its final completion, reflected the greatest credit upon all parties concerned. Mr. Sibley anticipated that the line from the left bank of the Jumna into the city of Delhi might be opened after the rains of 1866. The works on the Jubbulpore line were progressing. At the last meeting the board reported that the Government of India had proposed that a considerable portion of the main line should be doubled, and that after due consideration they had come to the conclusion that the object of doubling a certain portion of the line, at all events, would be better effected by the construction of the chord line from Barrackpur to Luckiesera. The correspondence which had taken place on the subject had been explained to the shareholders. The board had required that the capital for the chord line should be kept distinct from that of the main line during construction, and the Secretary of State for India had insisted that the line and the capital

should be considered "part and parcel" of the main line. The board, supported by the opinion of the meeting, lost no time in again urging their views upon the Secretary of State, but without effect. After much anxious deliberation they came to the unanimous conclusion—looking to the exigencies of the traffic, and the importance of an early economical supply of fuel—that it was for the interests of the shareholders that they should adopt the latter alternative. Since the last meeting the board had been invited by the Secretary of State to furnish him with their views upon the question of bridging the Hooghly, establishing a metropolitan terminus in Calcutta, and forming junctions with the Eastern Bengal and the Calcutta and South-Eastern Railways, and, after fully considering the subject in consultation with Mr. Rendel, had recorded, and had communicated to the Secretary of State, the following minute:—"That this board are prepared to recommend to the shareholders to undertake upon the terms of the existing contracts as to land, &c., and a guarantee of 5 percent. from the Secretary of State, the construction of the proposed bridge over the River Hooghly, and central terminus station in Calcutta, according to the plans referred to in Mr. Rendel's report, or such other plans as may be agreed upon; but, considering the magnitude and special character of these works, the fact that they will be undertaken upon metropolitan and imperial considerations as well as for the purposes of the company, and that it is not possible to define either the time which will be required for the completion of the works or the return which the expenditure may be expected to yield, the board are of opinion that the company is entitled to expect that the account of the expenditure so incurred be kept separate and distinct from the general capital account for a term of ten years, calculated from the completion of the works, unless in the meanwhile the works shall have yielded a net profit of more than 5 percent. on the cost of their construction, computed upon a basis to be agreed upon hereafter or determined by arbitration." The board did not consider that the condition which the Secretary of State insisted upon, and under which the chord line had been undertaken, was at all applicable to this work; and in the hope that the reasonable terms they had proposed would be agreed to they suggested that the shareholders should give their authority to conclude a contract upon the basis set out. The cost was estimated at from £1,250,000 to £1,500,000. The gross traffic receipts for the half-year ended the 30th of June last had been £821,676, against £652,147 in the corresponding half-year, showing an increase of £169,529, and the net receipts £474,083, as compared with £327,877 in the corresponding half-year, showing an increase of £146,206.

THE GRAND CHANDELIER AT THE AGRICULTURAL-HALL.—For a country like India, where large houses require a great deal of light, any development of the art of illumination has especial interest. For this reason we desire to draw attention to the Grand Chandelier of Messrs. Defries and Sons, of Whitechapel, which forms one of the chief ornaments of the Agricultural-hall, Islington, now devoted to the performance of the new entertainment called "The Field of the Cloth of Gold." The Chandelier is the largest ever made, and may be considered a new feature in the combination of light and decoration. It may truly be said of it, in the proverbial language of critics, that it should be in every rajah's palace.

EXPORT OF BULLION.—The Peninsular and Oriental steamer *Syria* takes out £281,000 to Alexandria and Bombay. Of this £3,000 is gold for Alexandria, and £65,000 gold and £213,000 silver for Bombay.

ARRIVAL OF TROOPS IN INDIA.—A telegram has been received from India announcing that

the *Hydaspes* arrived on the 10th of December, and that all were well on board. She took out the A, B, and C batteries, A brigade, Royal Horse Artillery.

SHIPPING.

ARRIVALS.

Dec. 25. Edinburgh Castle, Penang; Ocean, Colombo; Beatrice, Mauritius; Vigil, Singapore; Alicia Bland, Calcutta; Parana, Singapore; Rathfern, Bombay; Sea Point, Bombay; Darwar, Bombay.—26. Joseph, Bombay.—23. Shantan, Penang; Henry Reed, Calcutta; John Bellamy, Calcutta; Barham, Madras; Francis Burfield, Colombo; Asphodel, Mauritius; Unicorn, Singapore; Hindostan, Rangoon.—23. Prince Oscar, Calcutta; Ima, Bombay; Theresa, Madras.

DEPARTURES.

Dec. 25. Andromeda, Calcutta; Boyne, Colombo; Medusa, Calcutta; Belle, Mauritius; str. Mauritius, Calcutta; Stafford, Bombay; Isabella Hercules Brenner, Madras.—22. Montrose, Bombay.

DOMESTIC.

BIRTHS.

WRIGHT—On the 17th Nov., at Kamptee, the wife of Capt. Henry C. Wright, Madras Staff Corps, of a daughter.

MARRIAGES.

BUIST—FARNIE.—On the 20th inst., at Castle-mount, St. Andrew's, N.B., William F. Buist, Esq., Banda Oriental, son of the late George Buist, Esq., 10th Bengal Cavalry, and grandson of the Rev. George Buist, D.D., Professor of Ecclesiastical History in the University of St. Andrew's, deceased, to Harriette, daughter of the late James Farnie, Esq., Burntisland.

COOMBE—BROWNE.—Capt. W. Coombe to Clara, daughter of the late John Browne, Esq., of Calcutta, at St. Paul's Church, Islington, Dec. 21.

HAWKES—HAWKES.—Charles J. Hawkes, Esq., late Resident Engineer G.I.P. Railway, Nagpore, Bombay, to Mary, daughter of the late Samuel Hawkes, Esq., at the Parish Church, Willesden, Dec. 21.

SCHARLIER—BIRD.—William Mason Scharlier, of the Middle Temple and Madras, Barrister-at-Law, to Mary Ann D., daughter of W. C. Bird, Esq., The Hollies, Kersal-moor, Manchester, at St. Paul's, Kersal, Manchester, Dec. 19.

DEATHS.

FORD—On the 24th inst., at 1, The Grove, Clapham-common, Anne, the relict of the late John Ford, Esq., H.E.I.C.S., in the 72nd year of her age.

JOURDAN—On the 22nd inst., at 19, Westbourne-park, Mary, widow of the late Colonel H. G. Jourdan, of H.M.'s Madras Army.

PRICE—Elizabeth, relict of W. M. Price, Esq., H.E.I.C.S., at 4, Arnold-terrace, Bow-road, aged 92, Dec. 21.

A WATERSPOUT.—The Acting Collector of the Kistna district has reported to Government the occurrence of a waterspout at the village of Lellagaruvu, in the Bandar taluq, on the 14th October last. It would appear that on that date, at 10 o'clock A.M., a man near the Nishahamnaruvu Canal saw a cloud resembling an elephant's trunk, coming towards Lellagaruvu from the north-east. It descended into the water in the channel, and, with a great noise, appeared to be drawing up the water like a squirt. The noise is described as being like the firing of a cannon. The cloud proceeded some way along the surface, and passed the embankment, and over the villages of Mukollu and Kalapatum, moving along like a whirlwind. The man who saw the spout was exceedingly alarmed at its appearance, but no danger was occasioned by it to the inhabitants, their cattle or crops. This report, we understand, has been communicated to the Government Astronomer, and to the Madras Literary Branch of the Royal Asiatic Society, with the request that they will kindly favour the public with their views on it.

STAFF CORPS.—The Secretary of State has directed that an officer of her Majesty's British service entering the staff corps must be considered as on the same footing as an officer of the Indian service who, prior to joining the staff corps, has elected the new furlough regulations.

INDIA EXCHANGES.

BANK AND COMMERCIAL BILLS.

	60 days' sight.	30 days' sight.		60 days' sight.	30 days' sight.
Calcutta	1s. 11d.	2s. 0d.	Singapore	1s. 5 1/2d.	1s. 6d.
Madras	1s. 11 1/2d.	2s. 0 1/2d.	Hong Kong	4s. 5 1/2d.	4s. 6 1/2d.
Bombay	2s. 0d.	2s. 0 1/2d.	Shanghai	—	—
Colombo	1s. pm.	1 1/2 pm.			
Bar Silver, per oz., std.	...	...	5s. 1 1/2d.		
Mexican Dollars, per oz.	...	...	4s. 11 1/2d.		
Five Franc Pieces, per oz.	...	...	3s. 11 1/2d.		

STOCKS AND SECURITIES.

Shares.		Paid.	Prices.
India Stock, 1874	Shut.
India 5 per cent.	103 1/2
India 4 per cent.	96 1/2
India 4 per cent. 1858	103 1/2
India Encased Paper 4 p. ct.	9
India p. ct. Enfd. Paper, 1872	102 to 101
India Stock, Enfd. Paper, 5 1/2 per cent.	108 1/2
India Stock Debentures, 1858	95 1/2
India Stock Debentures, 1863	99 1/2
" " " 1864	99 1/2
" " " 1864 for 1866	95 1/2
India Debentures, do., £1,000	98
Do. 4 per cent., 1866
India 5 per cent. for account	102 1/2 to 102
India 5 per cent., 1870	99 1/2
India 4 per cent., 1858	104 1/2
India Loan Scrip 5 per cent.	11s. pm.
India Bonds, 4 p. ct. (£1,000)	15s. to 20s. pm.
India Bonds (£1,000)	19s. to 24s. pm.
Ditto (under £1,000)

RAILWAYS.

Stock	Bombay, Baroda, and Central India (guar. 5 per cent.)	100	102 to 103
20	Ditto F Shares	6	4 d. to 2 pm.
Stock	Calcutta & S. Eastern (lim.)	100	99 to 101
Stock	Eastern Bengal (gu. 5 p. ct.)	100	102 to 103
Stock	East Indian	100	104
20	Ditto J. Extension	all	par to 4 pm.
Stock	G. I. Peninsula (gu. 5 p. ct.)	100	103 to 104
20	Ditto (New ditto)	16	4 to 2 pm.
20	Ditto, New	6	4 to 2 pm.
Stock	Great S. of India (Lim.) Scrip	100	101 1/2 to 102 1/2
Stock	Ditto 4 1/2 p. c.	3	...
Stock	Madras (guar. 4 1/2 per cent.)	100	80 to 91
Stock	Ditto 5 per cent.	100	101 1/2 to 102 1/2
Stock	Ditto (guar. 4 1/2 per cent.)	100	23 to 95
20	5th Extension	2	...
Stock	Scinde (guar. 5 per cent.)	100	101 1/2 to 102 1/2
Stock	Ditto Indus Steam Flotilla (guar. 5 per cent.)	100	...
Stock	Ditto Delhi (guar. 5 per cent.)	100	101 1/2 to 102 1/2
20	Ditto Delhi (gu. 5 p. c.)	2	1 to 3 d.
Stock	Punjab (5 per cent.)	100	101 to 102

BANKS.

50	Agarwal Masterman's (L.)	25	57 to 58
20	Asiatic Banking Corp., new issue, £15 pm., on which £7. 10s. has been paid	5	16 to 18
20	Chart. of Ind., Aus., & China	all	24 to 25
25	Chart. Merc. of India, Lond., and China	all	18
25	Commercial Bank of India	all	30 to 31
100	Hindustan, China, & Japan	25	17 to 19
20	Land Mortgage Bank of India	4	par to 4 pm.
20	Oriental Bank Corporation	all	50 to 52
20	Scinde, Punjab, & Delhi (L.)	10	4 to 3 dis.

MISCELLANEOUS.

5	Bombay Gas (Lim.)	all	5 1/2 to 5 1/2 pm.
5	Second issue	5	4 to 1 pm.
5	Third issue	5 1/2	4 to 1 pm.
20	Ceylon Company (Lim.)	7	4 pm.
20	East India Irr. & Can.	12	4 to 3 dis.
50	E. I. Financial (Lim.)	7 1/2	2 to 1 dis.
20	Madras Irrig. and Canal	all	18 to 19
20	Do.	all	3 to 1 dis.
20	Norfolk Coal & Iron (Lim.)	3	2 to 1 dis.
10	Do. New	1 1/2	1 1/2 to 1 1/2
10	North Assam Tea (Lim.)	5	2 1/2 to 1 1/2 dis.
20	Oriental Commercial (Lim.)	7 1/2	...
50	Oriental Financial	10	9 to 7 dis.
10	Oriental Inland Steam A. (L.)	all	1 to 2
50	P. and O. Steam Nav. Co.	all	52 to 74
50	Ditto New	35	17 p.
10	Upper Assam Tea (Lim.)	4 1/2	1 1/2 to 2 1/2 pm.
10	Ditto	all	13 to 15

* Incorporated by Royal Charter, issued at 10 pm. (10 pm.)

THE NEW LAW OF ADULTERY.—Sir C. H. Scotland, the Chief Justice of Madras, is evidently no friend to the peculiar Adultery law of India. A case was tried at the last sessions, in which Veerasawmy was charged with enticing away another man's wife and committing adultery with her. The only witness was the woman, and her evidence was so contradictory that the jury freed the prisoner. The Judge pointed out the demoralising influence of placing a woman in such a position as a witness against her alleged paramour.

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